S. 2477

To end the use of solitary confinement and other forms of restrictive housing in all Federal agencies and entities with which Federal agencies contract.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 28, 2025

Mr. Markey (for himself, Ms. Warren, Mr. Sanders, Ms. Hirono, and Mr. Merkley) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To end the use of solitary confinement and other forms of restrictive housing in all Federal agencies and entities with which Federal agencies contract.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "End Solitary Confine-
- 5 ment Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds that—

- (1) the use of solitary confinement as a carceral practice causes devastating harm and constitutes a form of torture;
 - (2) solitary confinement of any length of time, measured in days or even hours, can cause self-mutilation, suicide, heart disease, anxiety, depression, psychosis, mental and physical deterioration, and a significantly heightened risk of death;
 - (3) over 120,000 people are estimated to be in solitary confinement on any given day in Federal, State, local, and immigration detention facilities;
 - (4) solitary confinement and other forms of restrictive housing and practices are disproportionately inflicted on Black, Latinx, Native, and other people of color, as well as transgender and gender nonconforming people, people with mental health needs, and young people;
 - (5) survivors of solitary confinement often carry significant trauma and other physical and psychological harm with them for the rest of their lives;
 - (6) solitary confinement has directly caused the deaths of far too many people and has increased violence and harm in prisons, detention facilities, and communities;

- 1 (7) solitary confinement derives from, and helps 2 perpetuate, a horrific and brutal incarceration sys-3 tem that is rooted in racism and focuses on extreme 4 punishment and abuse, rather than on providing op-5 portunities for growth, healing, redemption, and 6 transformation;
 - (8) the United States is an outlier among advanced democracies in the use of solitary confinement;
 - (9) evidence shows that out-of-cell, prosocial engagement and programming increase safety, well-being, and reentry outcomes;
 - (10) solitary confinement is expensive, and cost analyses at the Federal and State levels indicate that the elimination of solitary confinement would save taxpayers billions of dollars; and
 - (11) solitary confinement is costly to taxpayers, does not make communities safer, jeopardizes the safety of incarcerated people and correctional staff, constitutes inhumane and degrading treatment, and has no place in a civilized society.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

1	SEC. 3. ENDING SOLITARY CONFINEMENT AND ESTAB-
2	LISHING MINIMUM STANDARDS.
3	(a) In General.—Chapter 301 of title 18, United
4	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
5	lowing:
6	"§ 4015. Ending solitary confinement and establishing
7	minimum standards
8	"(a) Prohibition on the Use of Solitary Con-
9	FINEMENT AND ESTABLISHMENT OF MINIMUM STAND-
10	ARDS.—
11	"(1) In General.—Except in the cir-
12	cumstances described in paragraph (2)(B), a person
13	incarcerated in a Federal facility may not be placed
14	in solitary confinement.
15	"(2) Minimum standards for out-of-cell
16	TIME AND MEANINGFUL HUMAN ENGAGEMENT.—
17	"(A) Congregate interaction re-
18	QUIRED.—Except as provided in clauses (iii)
19	and (iv) of subparagraph (B), all persons incar-
20	cerated in a Federal facility, regardless of hous-
21	ing unit or detention status, shall have access
22	to not less than 14 hours per day of out-of-cell
23	congregate interaction in a shared space, with-
24	out physical barriers, that is conducive to mean-
2.5	ingful group interaction including access to—

1	"(i) not less than 7 hours per day of
2	structured out-of-cell, congregate program-
3	ming led by a staff member, incarcerated
4	person, or community member, including
5	access to educational, vocational, volunteer,
6	mental health, violence prevention, alcohol
7	and substance use treatment, financial, re-
8	ligious, and reentry programming;
9	"(ii) not less than 1 hour per day of
10	out-of-cell congregate recreation; and
11	"(iii) other unstructured out-of-cell
12	congregate activities, including time in a
13	day room or equivalent space, meals, li-
14	brary and law library, legal visits, social
15	and legal telephone calls, contact social vis-
16	itation without physical barriers, and per-
17	sonal property and commissary.
18	"(B) Prohibition on Solitary Confine-
19	MENT.—A person incarcerated in a Federal fa-
20	cility may not be placed in solitary confinement
21	unless such placement is necessary—
22	"(i) at night for count or sleep, not to
23	exceed 8 hours in any 24-hour period;
24	"(ii) during the day for count or re-
25	quired facility business that can only be

1	carried out while a person incarcerated in
2	a Federal facility is placed in a cell, not to
3	exceed 2 hours during any 24-hour period;
4	"(iii) subject to subparagraphs (C)
5	and (D), in an emergency situation as a
6	last resort, only if necessary to de-escalate
7	immediate circumstances that pose a spe-
8	cific and significant risk of imminent seri-
9	ous physical injury to the person, staff, or
10	other incarcerated persons, and for as
11	short a time as necessary to de-escalate
12	such circumstances, not to exceed—
13	"(I) 4 hours total immediately
14	following such emergency situation;
15	"(II) 4 hours total during any
16	24-hour period; or
17	"(III) 12 hours total during any
18	7-day period; or
19	"(iv) as part of a Federal agency-
20	wide, Federal facility-wide, or partial Fed-
21	eral facility-wide lockdown, and—
22	"(I) only if a head of a Federal
23	facility or Federal agency has deter-
24	mined the lockdown is necessary to
25	de-escalate an emergency that involves

1	several incarcerated persons and poses
2	a specific and significant risk of immi-
3	nent serious physical injury to the
4	staff or incarcerated persons;
5	"(II) only when there are no less
6	restrictive means to address an emer-
7	gency, as a last resort after exhaust-
8	ing less restrictive measures;
9	"(III) if the lockdown is confined
10	to as narrow an area as possible and
11	to as limited number of people as pos-
12	sible; and
13	"(IV) if the lockdown is reviewed
14	every hour by the head of the Federal
15	facility or Federal agency, with notifi-
16	cation provided to the Federal agency
17	regional or field office, or equivalent
18	office responsible for oversight of the
19	Federal facility, beginning at the time
20	the lockdown has lasted 2 hours, and
21	is lifted as quickly as possible, pro-
22	vided that such lockdown shall not ex-
23	ceed —

1	"(aa) 4 hours total from the
2	time at which the lockdown
3	starts;
4	"(bb) 4 hours total during
5	any 24-hour period; or
6	"(ce) 12 hours total during
7	any 7-day period.
8	"(C) DE-ESCALATION AND ENGAGE-
9	MENT.—
10	"(i) In General.—With respect to
11	any placement pursuant to subparagraph
12	(B)(iii), Federal facility staff shall meet
13	with the incarcerated person not less fre-
14	quently than once per hour to attempt de-
15	escalation, work toward the release of the
16	person from such confinement, and deter-
17	mine whether it is necessary to continue to
18	hold the person in such confinement, and
19	with respect to any placement pursuant to
20	clause (iii) or (iv) of subparagraph (B) or
21	any placement pursuant to subparagraph
22	(G), health care staff must conduct a thor-
23	ough medical, mental health, social, and
24	behavioral assessment upon admission to
25	such placement, conduct meaningful check-

1	ins every 15 minutes to engage with the
2	person in custody, evaluate and treat any
3	urgent health needs, and attempt de-esca-
4	lation.
5	"(ii) Relocation by health care
6	STAFF.—If health care staff determines an
7	incarcerated person should be removed
8	from solitary confinement for assessment
9	or treatment purposes, or because of a
10	negative impact of such confinement, the
11	person shall be relocated to an appropriate
12	setting as determined by health care staff.
13	"(iii) Assessment.—
14	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Health care
15	staff must conduct a thorough med-
16	ical, mental health, social, and behav-
17	ioral assessment of any person who
18	would have been placed in confine-
19	ment under subparagraph (B)(iii) but
20	who is prohibited from such placement
21	under subparagraph (D).
22	"(II) Treatment.—Health care
23	staff shall subsequently treat any
24	health needs identified in an assess-

ment conducted under subclause (I).

1	"(D) Prohibition on involuntary con-
2	FINEMENT.—No person may be involuntarily
3	confined in a cell under subparagraph (B)(iii)
4	who—
5	"(i) is 25 years of age or younger;
6	"(ii) is 55 years of age or older;
7	"(iii) has a disability, as defined in
8	section 3 of the Americans with Disabil-
9	ities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12102);
10	"(iv) has any diagnosed mental health
11	need;
12	"(v) is pregnant, in the first 12 weeks
13	of the postpartum recovery period after
14	giving birth, experiencing a miscarriage, or
15	terminating a pregnancy, or longer if medi-
16	cally necessary, or caring for a child in a
17	facility program; or
18	"(vi) has identified as, or is known or
19	perceived by any facility staff to be, les-
20	bian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex,
21	or gender nonconforming.
22	"(E) REQUIREMENTS FOR SEPARATION.—
23	"(i) IN GENERAL.—If a Federal facil-
24	ity determines that a person must be sepa-
25	rated from the general facility population,

1	including any placement in protective cus-
2	tody, for any reasons other than, or in a
3	manner other than as provided under
4	clauses (iii) and (iv) of subparagraph (B),
5	such separation in an alternative unit
6	must—
7	"(I) comply with—
8	"(aa) subparagraphs (A)
9	and (F); and
10	"(bb) paragraphs (3), (4),
11	and (5); and
12	"(II) provide appropriate, high
13	quality medical assessment and care
14	and provide access to out-of-cell, con-
15	gregate, trauma-informed, therapeutic
16	programming aimed at promoting per-
17	sonal development, addressing under-
18	lying causes of problematic behavior
19	resulting in the alternative unit place-
20	ment, and helping prepare for dis-
21	charge from the unit to the general
22	population and to the community.
23	"(ii) Assessment.—
24	"(I) IN GENERAL.—Immediately
25	upon placement in an alternative unit.

1	health care staff shall conduct a thor-
2	ough medical, mental health, social,
3	and behavioral assessment and subse-
4	quently treat any health needs that
5	result from such assessment.
6	"(II) Cognitive impairment
7	EVALUATION.—For a person who is
8	aged 55 or over, and for any other
9	person showing any signs of potential
10	cognitive impairment, such assessment
11	shall include an evaluation for cog-
12	nitive impairment.
13	"(F) Prohibition on Limitation of
14	SERVICES.—In all Federal facilities, the fol-
15	lowing may not be imposed as a form of punish-
16	ment, discipline, or for any other reason:
17	"(i) Limitation on services, program-
18	ming, treatment, contact visitation, phone
19	calls, email, mail, or basic needs such as
20	clothing, food, or bedding.
21	"(ii) Involuntary restricted diets or
22	any other involuntary change in diet.
23	"(iii) Confiscation of approved per-
24	sonal property.

1	"(G) SEPARATION FOR MEDICAL PUR-
2	POSE.—
3	"(i) In general.—
4	"(I) Requirement.—A person
5	may be separated from the general fa-
6	cility population into an alternative
7	unit for medical purposes, including
8	medical quarantine, medical isolation,
9	acute intoxication (while awaiting de-
10	toxification), and/or an acute psy-
11	chiatric crisis (such as acute psychosis
12	awaiting optimization of psychiatric
13	medication) but only if—
14	"(aa) necessary to address
15	immediate, specific, and signifi-
16	cant risk of medical contagion or
17	imminent serious physical injury
18	to a person, staff, or other incar-
19	cerated persons; and
20	"(bb) done in a medical unit
21	overseen by health care staff for
22	as limited a time as medically
23	necessary as determined by
24	health care staff.

1 "(II) Alternative unit re
2 Quirements.—An alternative uni
3 used under subclause (I) shall be re
4 quired to—
5 "(aa) be located in the leas
6 restrictive environment that i
7 medically appropriate;
8 "(bb) be in compliance with
9 subparagraphs (A), (E), and (F
of this paragraph and paragraph
1 (5) of this subsection; and
2 "(cc) provide comparable ac
3 cess granted to persons incarcer
4 ated in the general population t
5 phone calls, emails, contact visits
6 time outdoors, access to reading
7 materials, recreation, interaction
8 with other incarcerated people
9 out-of-cell time, and program
ming, all with medically appro
priate modifications determined
necessary by health care staff
such as maintaining physical dis
tance determined appropriate by

1	health care staff during infec-
2	tious outbreaks.
3	"(ii) General review for medical
4	NECESSITY.—
5	"(I) IN GENERAL.—The lead
6	health care professional at the Federal
7	facility shall immediately review any
8	such placement to determine whether
9	or not the placement is medically nec-
10	essary and shall provide written au-
11	thorization of the placement, if medi-
12	cally necessary.
13	"(II) Contents.—An authoriza-
14	tion under subclause (I) shall state—
15	"(aa) the length of time that
16	the lead health care provider be-
17	lieves the medical quarantine or
18	medical isolation shall last; and
19	"(bb) for persons placed in
20	medical isolation due to acute
21	psychiatric needs, the length of
22	time the lead health care provider
23	expects for the person to become
24	stabilized, including stabilized on
25	anti-psychotic medication.

1	"(iii) Review for placement of
2	MORE THAN 24 HOURS.—
3	"(I) IN GENERAL.—If any such
4	placement lasts more than 24 hours,
5	the lead health care professional of
6	the relevant Federal agency shall re-
7	view the placement to determine
8	whether or not the placement is medi-
9	cally necessary and shall provide writ-
10	ten authorization if the lead agency
11	health care professional determines
12	the placement to be medically nec-
13	essary.
14	"(II) Continuing review.—
15	The lead agency health care profes-
16	sional shall review the placement
17	every 24 hours after the review con-
18	ducted under subclause (I) to deter-
19	mine if the continued placement is
20	medically necessary and provide writ-
21	ten authorization every 24 hours after
22	the review conducted under subclause
23	(I) until the person is released from
24	such placement or until the lead agen-
25	cy or facility-level health care profes-

sional determines the placement is no longer necessary.

"(iv) Cessation of Medical Necessity.—If, at any time, the lead facility-level health care professional or the lead agency-level health care professional determines that such placement is no longer medically necessary to address immediate circumstances that pose an immediate, specific, and significant risk of medical contagion or imminent serious physical injury to a person, staff, or other incarcerated persons, the person shall be released from the placement.

"(v) DISCHARGE TO OUTSIDE COMMUNITY HOSPITALS.—If a Federal facility is unable to properly treat a person in quarantine or medical isolation, including medical isolation for a person experiencing an acute psychiatric crisis without resorting to the use of solitary confinement beyond uses allowed under clause (i), or (ii) of subparagraph (B) or without complying with the requirements of an alternative unit, then the Federal facility shall dis-

1	charge the person to an appropriate out-
2	side community hospital that can provide
3	the requisite care.
4	"(3) Due process requirements.—
5	"(A) Hearing regulations.—
6	"(i) In general.—The reasons and
7	procedures for placement in protective cus-
8	tody shall be subject to the regulations,
9	rules, standards, and procedures (or any
10	successors thereof) applicable to each Fed-
11	eral agency.
12	"(ii) Requirements.—All hearings
13	under regulations described in clause (i)
14	shall comply with paragraph (4), and the
15	conditions for all people in protective cus-
16	tody shall comply with—
17	"(I) subparagraphs (A), (E), and
18	(F) of paragraph (2); and
19	"(II) paragraph (5) .
20	"(B) REVIEW OF PLACEMENT.—
21	"(i) In general.—The placement of
22	an incarcerated person in an alternative
23	unit shall be meaningfully reviewed not
24	less than the first 15 days after placement
25	in the alternative unit, and not less fre-

quently than every 15 days thereafter, by a multidisciplinary team, including program and health care staff, to determine whether the release of the incarcerated person to the general facility population continues to present a specific and significant risk of imminent serious physical injury to the person, staff, or other incarcerated persons.

"(ii) Notice of Reasons for De-Termination.—If an incarcerated person is not discharged from an alternative unit at a review described under clause (i), the incarcerated person shall promptly receive in writing the reasons for the determination and the program, treatment, service, or corrective action required before discharge.

"(iii) Access to services; discharged from an alternative unit if the person so chooses and does not engage

in behavior that presents a specific and significant risk of imminent serious physical injury to the person, staff, or other incarcerated persons during the subsequent 15 days.

- "(iv) Duration.—Other than for purposes of protective custody, or upon written request by the person, no person may be held in an alternative unit for more than 60 days during any 6-month period.
- "(C) NO PLACEMENT BASED ON PREVIOUS INCIDENT.—No person may be placed in an alternative unit for an act or incident for which the person was previously placed in such unit. "(4) Placement hearings.—
- "(A) Placement in alternative Unit.—Other than separation of persons in protective custody or for purposes of confinement under clauses (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (2)(B) and paragraph (2)(G), no person incarcerated in a Federal facility may be placed in an alternative unit unless and until it is determined in writing following a placement hearing that clear and convincing evidence shows that the person committed 1 of the following acts at

1	the time placement is sought, and the specific
2	circumstances of the acts were so heinous or de-
3	structive that placement of the person in gen-
4	eral facility housing creates a specific and sig-
5	nificant risk of imminent serious physical injury
6	to staff or other incarcerated persons:
7	"(i) Causing or attempting to cause
8	serious physical injury or death to another
9	person.
10	"(ii) Compelling or attempting to
11	compel another person, by force or threat
12	of force, to engage in a sexual act.
13	"(iii) Leading, organizing, inciting, or
14	attempting to cause a riot, or other simi-
15	larly serious disturbance that results in the
16	taking of a hostage, major property dam-
17	age, or serious physical harm to another
18	person.
19	"(iv) Escaping, attempting to escape
20	or facilitating an escape from a Federal fa-
21	cility or escaping, attempting to escape, or
22	facilitating an escape while under super-
23	vision outside the Federal facility.

1	"(B) NEUTRAL DECISION MAKER RE-
2	QUIRED.—Each placement hearing shall be con-
3	ducted by a neutral decision maker.
4	"(C) Department of Justice.—For all
5	placement hearings involving placement in fa-
6	cilities operated by the Federal Bureau of Pris-
7	ons or facilities contracting with the Federal
8	Bureau of Prisons or United States Marshals
9	Service for incarcerating people in the care or
10	custody of those facilities or entities, the neu-
11	tral decision maker shall be—
12	"(i) appointed by the Assistant Attor-
13	ney General for Civil Rights;
14	"(ii) employed by the Department of
15	Justice; and
16	"(iii) independent of—
17	"(I) any division or unit within
18	the Department of Justice that has
19	people in its care or custody or en-
20	gages in any prosecuting activities;
21	"(II) any other Federal agency;
22	and
23	"(III) any prosecuting entity.
24	"(D) DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECU-
25	RITY.—For all placement hearings involving

1	placement in facilities operated by or con-
2	tracting with U.S. Immigration and Customs
3	Enforcement, the Department of Homeland Se-
4	curity, or U.S. Customs and Border Protection
5	for incarcerating people in the care or custody
6	of those facilities or entities, the neutral deci-
7	sion maker shall be—
8	"(i) appointed by the Officer for Civil
9	Rights and Civil Liberties;
10	"(ii) employed by the Department of
11	Homeland Security; and
12	"(iii) independent of—
13	"(I) the Office for Civil Rights
14	and Civil Liberties;
15	"(II) any division or unit within
16	the Department of Homeland Security
17	that has people in its care or custody
18	or engages in any prosecuting activi-
19	ties;
20	"(III) any other Federal agency;
21	and
22	"(IV) any prosecuting entity.
23	"(E) Department of Health and
24	HUMAN SERVICES.—For all placement hearings
25	involving placement in facilities operated by or

1	contracting with the Department of Health and
2	Human Services for incarcerating people in the
3	care or custody of those facilities or entities, the
4	neutral decision maker shall be—
5	"(i) appointed by the Director of the
6	Office for Civil Rights;
7	"(ii) employed by the Department of
8	Health and Human Services; and
9	"(iii) independent of—
10	"(I) the Office for Civil Rights;
11	"(II) any division or unit within
12	the Department of Health and
13	Human Services that has people in its
14	care or custody;
15	"(III) any other Federal agency;
16	"(IV) and any prosecuting entity.
17	"(F) EVIDENCE PRESENTED.—At any
18	placement hearing, the incarcerated person
19	shall be permitted to offer documentary and
20	testimonial evidence, cross-examine witnesses,
21	and present any mitigating evidence, justifica-
22	tion evidence, or other relevant evidence helpful
23	in aiding the defense of the incarcerated person.
24	"(G) Representation.—

1	"(i) In general.—At such a hearing,
2	the incarcerated person shall be permitted
3	to—
4	"(I) engage in self-representa-
5	tion; or
6	"(II) be represented by any at-
7	torney, law student permitted to prac-
8	tice law, paralegal, community advo-
9	cate, or other incarcerated person cho-
10	sen by the person being represented.
11	"(ii) Assistance for representa-
12	TION.—If a person does not have a rep-
13	resentative, the person shall be offered the
14	assistance of a representative as follows:
15	"(I) Department of Justice
16	PLACEMENT HEARINGS.—For all
17	placement hearings described in sub-
18	paragraph (C), if an incarcerated per-
19	son does not select a representative,
20	an appointed representative shall be—
21	"(aa) selected by the Assist-
22	ant Attorney General for Civil
23	Rights;
24	"(bb) employed by the De-
25	partment of Justice; and

1	"(cc) independent of—
2	"(AA) any division or
3	unit within the Department
4	of Justice that has people in
5	its care or custody or en-
6	gages in any prosecuting ac-
7	tivities;
8	"(BB) any other Fed-
9	eral agency; and
10	"(CC) any prosecuting
11	entity.
12	"(II) Department of home-
13	LAND SECURITY HEARINGS.—For all
14	placement hearings described in sub-
15	paragraph (D), if an incarcerated per-
16	son does not select a representative,
17	an appointed representative shall be—
18	"(aa) selected by the Officer
19	for Civil Rights and Civil Lib-
20	erties;
21	"(bb) employed by the De-
22	partment of Homeland Security;
23	and
24	"(cc) independent of—

1	"(AA) the Office for
2	Civil Rights and Civil Lib-
3	erties;
4	"(BB) any division or
5	unit within the Department
6	of Homeland Security that
7	has people in its care or cus-
8	tody or engages in any pros-
9	ecuting activities;
10	"(CC) any other Fed-
11	eral agency; and
12	"(DD) any prosecuting
13	entity.
14	"(III) Department of health
15	AND HUMAN SERVICES HEARINGS.—
16	For all placement hearings described
17	in subparagraph (E), if an incarcer-
18	ated person does not select a rep-
19	resentative, any appointed representa-
20	tive shall be—
21	"(aa) selected by the Direc-
22	tor of the Office for Civil Rights;
23	"(bb) employed by the De-
24	partment of Health and Human
25	Services; and

1	"(cc) independent of—
2	"(AA) the Office for
3	Civil Rights;
4	"(BB) any division or
5	unit within the Department
6	of Health and Human Serv-
7	ices that has people in its
8	care or custody;
9	"(CC) any other Fed-
10	eral agency; and
11	"(DD) any prosecuting
12	entity.
13	"(H) Notice.—
14	"(i) In general.—Not less than 2
15	days prior to any placement hearing under
16	this paragraph, both the incarcerated per-
17	son and the chosen representative of the
18	incarcerated person shall be provided de-
19	tailed written notice of the reason for pro-
20	posed placement in an alternative unit, in-
21	cluding all relevant evidence, during which
22	time the person may not, other than for
23	purposes of protective custody, be placed in
24	such alternative unit.

1	"(ii) Time to prepare.—The incar-
2	cerated person and the chosen representa-
3	tive shall be provided adequate time to pre-
4	pare for such hearings and afforded ad-
5	journments as appropriate.
6	"(iii) Refusal to attend.—Any re-
7	fusal by an incarcerated person to attend
8	such hearings shall be videotaped and
9	made part of the evidentiary record that
10	shall be maintained by the relevant Federal
11	agency.
12	"(iv) Failure to comply.—Failure
13	to provide the notice described in clause (i)
14	or to enter into the record videotaped evi-
15	dence of an alleged refusal to attend by an
16	incarcerated person shall constitute a basis
17	for resolving the hearing in the favor of
18	the incarcerated person.
19	"(I) Written determination.—
20	"(i) In general.—Not later than 5
21	business days after the conclusion of the
22	placement hearing, the neutral decision
23	maker shall issue a written determination.
24	"(ii) Clear and convincing evi-
25	DENCE.—Any finding that an incarcerated

1	person meets the criteria of placement in
2	an alternative unit under subparagraph
3	(A) shall be supported by clear and con-
4	vincing evidence.
5	"(iii) Contents.—The determination
6	shall specify the finding, a summary of the
7	testimony of each witness and an expla-
8	nation of whether the testimony was cred-
9	ited or rejected, the evidence relied upon in
10	reaching the finding, and the placement
11	imposed, if any.
12	"(iv) Notice of Determination.—
13	Not later than 24 hours after issuance of
14	the determination, a copy of the deter-
15	mination shall be provided to the incarcer-
16	ated person and the chosen representative
17	of the incarcerated person.
18	"(5) Use of restraints.—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
20	subparagraphs (B) through (E), no person in-
21	carcerated in a Federal facility shall be placed
22	in restraints.
23	"(B) Exceptions.—Subparagraph (A)
24	shall not apply if facility staff make an individ-
25	ualized determination at the time of, or imme-

diately following, an incident precipitating placement in restraints that such restraints are necessary to prevent a specific and significant risk of imminent serious physical injury to the person, other incarcerated persons, or staff based on concrete evidence of such risk.

"(C) LEAST RESTRICTIVE FORM.—If restraints are used pursuant to subsection (B), the least restrictive form of restraints shall be used for no longer than necessary to abate such specific and significant risk of imminent serious physical injury, and in no circumstances shall continue beyond 4 hours unless a supervisory medical provider determines that such restraints are necessary to prevent such risk.

"(D) PLACEMENT HEARING REQUIRED.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Restraints shall not be used on the same person on consecutive days unless a placement hearing with protections established under paragraphs (3) and (4) establishes such restraints are necessary to prevent a specific and significant risk of imminent serious physical injury to the incarcerated person, other incarcerated persons, or staff based

1	on concrete evidence of such risk, and sub-
2	ject to the same limitations each day as set
3	forth in this paragraph.
4	"(ii) Limitations.—Any repeated use
5	of restraints approved at such a due proc-
6	ess hearing shall be no longer than 3 days,
7	subject to the same limitations each day as
8	set forth in this paragraph, meaningfully
9	reviewed by a supervisory medical provider
10	at least daily, and discontinued once re-
11	straints are no longer necessary to prevent
12	a specific and significant risk of imminent
13	serious physical injury to the person, other
14	incarcerated persons, or staff.
15	"(E) Subsequent use of restraints.—
16	Once an approved use of restraints has been
17	discontinued, any subsequent use of restraints
18	on that person shall only be permitted to ad-
19	dress a new incident and upon the same re-
20	quirements under this paragraph.
21	"(6) Special administrative measures.—
22	No Federal facility may use special administrative
23	measures.

"(b) Report Required.—Not later than 15 days

25 after the end of each quarter of the fiscal year, each Fed-

- 1 eral agency shall report on the website of the Federal2 agency the following:
- 3 "(1) The total number of incidents at each fa-4 cility operated by the Federal agency during the pre-5 ceding quarter of self-harm, suicide attempts, and 6 suicide, disaggregated by race, age, gender identity, 7 documented mental health status, documented dis-8 ability, pregnancy or postpartum status, identifica-9 tion as lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, 10 or gender nonconforming, type of housing unit in-11 cluding confinement under clause (iii) or (iv) of subsection (a)(2)(B), any alternative units under sub-12 13 paragraph (E) or (G) of subsection (a)(2), and 14 length of time in such housing unit.
 - "(2) The total number of placements at each facility during the preceding quarter, separately listed, in confinement under clauses (iii) and (iv) of subsection (a)(2)(B), in protective custody under subsection (a)(2)(E), and in any alternative units under subparagraphs (E) and (G) of subsection (a)(2) during that quarter.
 - "(3) The total number of people at each facility on the last day of each quarter, separately listed, in confinement under clauses (iii) and (iv) of subsection (a)(2)(B), in protective custody under subsection

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

(a)(2)(E), in any other alternative unit under sub-section (a)(2)(E), and in any alternative unit under subsection (a)(2)(G), disaggregated by race, age, gender identity, documented mental health status, documented disability, pregnancy or postpartum sta-identification lesbian, tus. as bisexual, gay, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming, and reason for placement.

"(4) The total number of placements at each facility during the preceding quarter, separately listed, for which confinement under clauses (iii) and (iv) of subsection (a)(2)(B) lasted for less than 1 hour, between 1 and 2 hours, between 2 and 3 hours, between 3 and 4 hours, and for longer than 4 hours, with a listing of the length of time of each placement that exceeded 4 hours.

"(5) The total number of people at each facility who had reached a total period of time during the preceding quarter, separately listed, in protective custody under subsection (a)(2)(E), in any other alternative unit under subsection (a)(2)(E), and in any alternative unit under subsection (a)(2)(G) of less than 7 days, between 8 days and 15 days, between 16 days and 30 days, between 31 days and 45 days, between 46 days and 60 days, and for longer

than 60 days, with a listing of the length of time of each person who had reached a period of time during the preceding quarter that exceeded a total of 60 days in such confinement or housing.

"(c) Private Cause of Action.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—

"(A) CIVIL ACTION FOR INJURY.—Any person who is injured by a violation of subsection (a) may bring a civil action in the appropriate United States district court against any person, entity, or any other relevant party who violated such subsection for declaratory and injunctive relief, including directing the closure of the facility, building, or unit where the violation took place if that facility, building, or unit is in repeated and systemic noncompliance with this section, and for such money damages as the court determines appropriate, including for emotional pain and suffering.

"(B) Additional Awards.—In an action filed under subparagraph (A), the court may, in addition to any other relief awarded under that subparagraph, award reasonable attorney's fees and costs of the action to a prevailing plaintiff.

1	"(2) No liability for certain
2	LOCKDOWNS.—
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—No Federal agency
4	shall be liable for a Federal agency-wide, facil-
5	ity-wide, or partial facility-wide lockdown that
6	exceeded the 4-hour limit under subsection
7	(a)(2)(B)(iv) if the agency can demonstrate
8	that—
9	"(i) the lockdown, and the length of
10	the time of the lockdown, was necessary to
11	address unexpected, extraordinary cir-
12	cumstances involving the detonation of an
13	explosive device, an acute mass contamina-
14	tion or contagion situation, a violent riot,
15	revolt, or insurrection involving a large
16	number of people that resulted in the tak-
17	ing of a hostage, major property damage,
18	or serious physical harm to a person, or
19	other similar emergency of the same mag-
20	nitude involving a large group of people;
21	"(ii) the head of facility who author-
22	ized the lockdown complied with all notifi-
23	cation requirements, and received approval
24	from the agency regional or field office, or
25	equivalent office responsible for oversight

1	of the facility, at the time the lockdown
2	lasted longer than 4 hours;
3	"(iii) the head of the applicable Fed-
4	eral agency approved of the lockdown if
5	the lockdown exceeded 8 hours and the ap-
6	proval occurred at that time;
7	"(iv) the lockdown was ended as
8	quickly as possible, did not last longer than
9	necessary to address the unexpected, ex-
10	traordinary circumstances, and did not ex-
11	ceed 24 hours; and
12	"(v) the lockdown was not used as a
13	substitute for medical isolation or quar-
14	antine nor individual lock-ins pursuant to
15	subsections (a)(2)(B)(iii) and
16	(a)(2)(B)(iv), nor as a way to circumvent
17	the time limits or protections for people
18	held under those subsections.
19	"(B) CIVIL ACTION FOR CONSTITUTIONAL
20	VIOLATION.—
21	"(i) In general.—Any person who is
22	injured by a violation of the Constitution
23	of the United States by a Federal official
24	or person contracting with a Federal agen-
25	cy in a Federal facility may bring a civil

action in the appropriate United States district court against any person, entity, or relevant party who violated such constitutional provision for declaratory and injunctive relief, including directing the closure of the facility, building, or unit where the violation took place, and for such money damages as the court determines appropriate, including for emotional pain and suffering.

- "(ii) ADDITIONAL AWARDS.—In an action filed under subparagraph (A), the court may, in addition to any other relief awarded under that subparagraph, award reasonable attorney's fees and costs of the action to a prevailing plaintiff.".
- 17 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents 18 for chapter 301 of title 18, United States Code, is amend-19 ed by inserting after the item relating to section 4014 the 20 following:

"4015. Ending solitary confinement and establishing minimum standards.".

21 SEC. 4. OVERSIGHT.

1

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

- 22 (a) Community Monitoring Body.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 301 of title 18,
 United States Code, as amended by section 3 of this

- 1 Act, is further amended by adding at the end the
- 2 following:

3 **"§ 4016. Oversight**

- 4 "(a) Community Monitoring Body.—Not later
- 5 than 90 days after the date of enactment of this section,
- 6 the Attorney General, in consultation with the Assistant
- 7 Attorney General for Civil Rights of the Department of
- 8 Justice, Officer for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties of the
- 9 Department of Homeland Security, and Director of the
- 10 Office for Civil Rights of the Department of Health and
- 11 Human Services, shall establish a community monitoring
- 12 body that shall operate independently of the Attorney Gen-
- 13 eral and of any other unit or division within the Depart-
- 14 ment of Justice or any other Federal agency.
- 15 "(b) APPOINTMENT.—The Attorney General, in con-
- 16 sultation with the Assistant Attorney General for Civil
- 17 Rights of the Department of Justice, Officer for Civil
- 18 Rights and Civil Liberties of the Department of Homeland
- 19 Security, and Director of the Office for Civil Rights of
- 20 the Department of Health and Human Services, and after
- 21 obtaining input and recommendations from community or-
- 22 ganizations that provide educational services and legal
- 23 support to incarcerated persons or otherwise advocate for
- 24 the rights of incarcerated people and an end to solitary

1	confinement, shall appoint not less than 15 people to serve
2	as members of the community monitoring body.
3	"(c) Membership.—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each member of the com-
5	munity monitoring body shall be an individual
6	who—
7	"(A) has survived solitary confinement—
8	"(B) has had loved ones who have experi-
9	enced solitary confinement or lost loved ones
10	because of solitary confinement;
11	"(C) is a faith leader, medical or mental
12	health professional; or
13	"(D) is a civil rights or human rights ad-
14	vocate.
15	"(2) Prior experience.—Each member of the
16	community monitoring body shall have experience
17	engaging in advocacy, service provision, or program
18	operation aimed at enhancing the rights and treat-
19	ment of incarcerated persons.
20	"(3) Requirements relating to prior ex-
21	PERIENCES.—
22	"(A) In general.—The community moni-
23	toring body shall include members with the fol-
24	lowing experience:

1	"(i) Not less than ½ of the members
2	of the community monitoring body shall be
3	individuals who were incarcerated or have
4	had family members incarcerated.
5	"(ii) Not fewer than 2 members of the
6	community monitoring body shall have ex-
7	perience working with children from a
8	trauma-sensitive approach.
9	"(iii) Not fewer than 2 members of
10	the community monitoring body shall have
11	personal or professional experience with
12	immigration detention.
13	"(iv) Not fewer than 2 members of
14	the community monitoring body shall have
15	personal or professional experience with in-
16	carceration in adult prisons or jails.
17	"(B) Limitations on working with
18	CHILDREN.—Only members of the community
19	monitoring body with expertise in working with
20	children in a trauma-sensitive manner shall
21	interview children in the custody of the Office
22	of Refugee Resettlement.
23	"(d) Membership Term.—Each member of the
24	community monitoring body shall be appointed for a term

- 1 of 5 years, with the possibility of 1 reappointment by the
- 2 Attorney General for a total of 10 years.
- 3 "(e) Reimbursement.—Each member shall be reim-
- 4 bursed by the Department of Justice for any per diem ex-
- 5 penses of the member in connection with service on the
- 6 community monitoring body.
- 7 "(f) Assistance.—The community monitoring body
- 8 shall have the ability to designate any person to assist the
- 9 work of the community monitoring body.
- 10 "(g) Access.—Notwithstanding any other provision
- 11 of law, the community monitoring body and its designees
- 12 shall have the ability to make unannounced visits to Fed-
- 13 eral agencies and Federal facilities, and have access to
- 14 every area of every Federal facility and all nonclassified,
- 15 nonprivileged data from every Federal agency.
- 16 "(h) In-Person Interviews.—
- 17 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The community monitoring
- body and its designees shall have the ability to con-
- duct in-person interviews and correspond and com-
- 20 municate with incarcerated persons and Federal
- agency and Federal facility staff freely, privately,
- and confidentially, upon consent of the incarcerated
- person or staff, respectively.
- 24 "(2) Consent to interviews.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—All applicable laws, regulations, rules and other protections regarding a person providing free, voluntary, and informed consent, including for children, incarcerated persons, and more generally, and including protections related to the need for parental consent or consent of counsel, shall apply to consent to being interviewed by the community monitoring body.

"(B) Office of Refugee Resettlement, the custody of the Office of Refugee Resettlement, the community monitoring body shall only interview such a person if the person, the person's appointed child advocate, if the person has a child advocate, and the person's attorney, if the person has an attorney, consent to the interview.

"(C) APPLICATION.—Nothing in this paragraph shall be used by a Federal agency to impede the ability of the community monitoring body to conduct any interview with an incarcerated person who consents to such an interview.

"(3) Consultation relating to traumasensitive engagement.—

1	"(A) In general.—Members of the com-
2	munity monitoring body shall consult with com-
3	munity experts on trauma-sensitive engagement
4	with detained children and adults to develop
5	protocols for how the members of the commu-
6	nity monitoring body will conduct monitoring
7	activities in a manner that—
8	"(i) is trauma-sensitive;
9	"(ii) provides the greatest protection
10	possible for the safety and psychological
11	well-being of people in custody;
12	"(iii) offers options for people in cus-
13	tody coping with any distress or re-trau-
14	matization resulting from monitoring ac-
15	tivities;
16	"(iv) provides people in custody with a
17	sense of agency in the monitoring process;
18	and
19	"(v) accounts for related consider-
20	ations.
21	"(B) DEVELOPMENT AND REVIEW.—The
22	community monitoring body shall—
23	"(i) develop the protocols described in
24	subparagraph (A) based on the existing

1	body of literature relating to trauma-sen-
2	sitive engagement; and
3	"(ii) have experts and the general
4	public review and provide feedback on the
5	protocols described in subparagraph (A)
6	before the protocols are finalized.
7	"(4) Notes, recordings, and records.—
8	"(A) USE.—All notes, recordings, and
9	records of any interviews conducted by the com-
10	munity monitoring body shall be used solely for
11	the purposes of the community monitoring
12	body.
13	"(B) Prohibition.—No information con-
14	tained in notes, recordings, and records of any
15	interviews conducted by the community moni-
16	toring body identifying a specific person who
17	was interviewed by the community monitoring
18	body may ever be—
19	"(i) disclosed under any circumstance
20	without the free, voluntary, and informed
21	consent of that person for purposes of
22	seeking immediate relief for that person; or
23	"(ii) used in any form of proceeding
24	involving the immigration status of that
25	person, a credibility determination or

- criminal prosecution or appeal relating to
 that person, or any other related type of
 proceeding.
- 4 "(i) MEETINGS.—Administrators of each Federal 5 agency and Federal facility shall meet privately with the 6 community monitoring body or its designees upon request.

7 "(j) Communications.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—All persons incarcerated in Federal facilities shall have the right and access to confidentially communicate with the community monitoring body and its designees, including while the community monitoring body or its designees are at a Federal facility and through free phone calls, free mail correspondence, and free email correspondence.
 - "(2) Confidentiality.—Communications described in paragraph (1) shall be afforded the same levels of protection, confidentiality, and privilege as attorney-client correspondence.
 - "(3) Retaliation.—No person shall face any form of retaliation or adverse impact for having contact with, or being perceived to have had contact with, the community monitoring body or its designees.

1	"(4) Complaints.—An incarcerated person
2	shall not be required to raise a complaint with the
3	community monitoring body before seeking other
4	remedies in connection with that complaint.
5	"(k) Electronic Equipment.—The community
6	monitoring body and its designees shall have the right to
7	bring and use electronic equipment in any Federal facility,
8	including video cameras, photographic cameras, audio re-
9	cording devices, mobile telephones, computers, and tablets,
10	for the purposes of recording, documentation, administra-
11	tion of surveys, and other related purposes.
12	"(l) Access to Certain Information.—
13	"(1) In general.—The community monitoring
14	body and its designees shall have the right to re-
15	ceive, access, inspect, and copy all relevant non-clas-
16	sified, non-privileged information, records, and docu-
17	ments in the possession or control of any Federal fa-
18	cility, Federal agency, or employee of any Federal
19	facility or Federal agency.
20	"(2) Required Delivery Date.—
21	"(A) GENERAL DELIVERY DATE.—The
22	community monitoring body and its designees
23	shall receive any records requested under para-
24	graph (1) not later than 7 days after the date

of request to the head of a Federal facility or Federal agency.

"(B) EXPEDITED DELIVERY.—In a situation in which the records requested under paragraph (1) by the community monitoring body or its designees pertain to a death of an incarcerated person, threats of bodily harm including sexual or physical assaults, or the denial of necessary medical treatment, the records shall be provided not later than 48 hours after the date of the request unless members of the community monitoring body or their designees consent to an extension of the deadline.

"(m) RECOMMENDATIONS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The community monitoring body may make periodic recommendations to any Federal agency or Federal facility, as well as to the President, Attorney General, Secretary of Homeland Security, Secretary of Health and Human Services, Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives, Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives, Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and other Government entities.

1	"(2) Remedial action plans.—For any rec-
2	ommendations made by the community monitoring
3	body to each Federal agency or Federal facility, such
4	agency or facility shall—
5	"(A) report to the community monitoring
6	body not later than 90 days after receipt of the
7	recommendations as to whether the agency or
8	facility has designed and implemented a reme-
9	dial action plan to address the recommenda-
10	tions; and
11	"(B) transmit any such remedial action
12	plan to the community monitoring body.
13	"(3) Publication.—The community moni-
14	toring body may publish its findings and rec-
15	ommendations on its website that the community
16	monitoring body shall establish.
17	"(n) Access for Certain Persons.—Representa-
18	tives of the news media, public defenders, representatives
19	of the Legal Orientation Program of the Department of
20	Justice, elected Federal, State, and local representatives,
21	and their designees, shall have the ability to—
22	"(1) make unannounced visits to Federal agen-
23	cies and Federal facilities and access every area of
24	every Federal facility, except that—

1	"(A) access to enter the cell of a person in-
2	carcerated in the Federal facility shall only be
3	granted with the consent of the person housed
4	in that cell; and
5	"(B) access to enter a bathroom or shower
6	area shall only be allowed when such area is un-
7	occupied by persons incarcerated in the Federal
8	facility;
9	"(2) receive in a timely manner, pursuant to
10	section 552 of title 5, or any successor thereto, all
11	requested data from every Federal agency that has
12	persons in its care or custody; and
13	"(3) correspond with and interview, with the
14	ability to take notes and use electronic and other re-
15	cording devices, incarcerated persons freely, pri-
16	vately, and confidentially upon the consent of the in-
17	carcerated persons.
18	"(o) Inspectors General.—Nothing in this section
19	shall be construed to modify, supersede, or otherwise af-
20	fect the authority of any Inspector General to access all
21	records, reports, audits, reviews, documents, papers, rec-
22	ommendations, or other materials, as authorized by law.".
23	(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of con-
24	tents for chapter 301 of title 18, United States
25	Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating

1	to section 4015, as added by section 3 of this Act,
2	the following:
	"4016. Oversight.".
3	(b) Inspector General.—
4	(1) Advisory Body.—Section 413 of title 5,
5	United States Code, as amended by section 2 of the
6	Federal Prison Oversight Act (Pub. L. 118–71; 138
7	Stat. 1492), is amended by adding at the end the
8	following:
9	"(f) Advisory Body on Ending Solitary Con-
10	FINEMENT.—
11	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection, the
12	terms 'appropriate congressional committees' and
13	'Inspector General' have the meanings given those
14	terms in subsection (e).
15	"(2) Advisory Body.—
16	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Inspector General
17	shall—
18	"(i) establish an advisory body of
19	stakeholders focused on overseeing imple-
20	mentation of section 4015 of title 18; and
21	"(ii) consult the advisory body for
22	purposes of developing the inspection re-
23	gime for overseeing such implementation
24	and developing the recommendations in-

1	cluded in the annual report of the Inspec-
2	tor General required under paragraph (3).
3	"(B) Membership.—The advisory body
4	established under subparagraph (A) shall con-
5	sist solely of individuals who—
6	"(i) have survived solitary confine-
7	ment;
8	"(ii) have had loved ones in solitary
9	confinement or have lost loved ones due to
10	exposure to solitary confinement; or
11	"(iii) are faith leaders, medical or
12	mental healthcare professionals, or civil
13	rights or human rights advocates with ex-
14	perience engaging in advocacy or program
15	operation related to reducing or ending the
16	use of solitary confinement.
17	"(C) Consultation.—
18	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Inspector
19	General shall consult with the advisory
20	body established under subparagraph (A)
21	regarding all aspects of overseeing imple-
22	mentation of section 4015 of title 18.
23	"(ii) Mental Health Care.—For all
24	aspects of oversight of all provisions of sec-
25	tion 4015 of title 18 involving the provi-

sion of mental health care, the Inspector General shall consult with members of the advisory body who are mental healthcare professionals, as well as individuals who have survived solitary confinement or have had loved ones in solitary confinement or have lost loved ones due to exposure to solitary confinement.

- "(3) Annual report relating to section 4015 of title 18.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the End Solitary Confinement Act, and each year thereafter, the Inspector General shall submit to the Attorney General, the appropriate congressional committees, and the public an annual report in accordance with the requirements of clauses (i) and (ii) of subsection (e)(2)(D) assessing the implementation of all components of section 4015 of title 18.".
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the date on which appropriations are made available to the Inspector General of the Department of Justice and the Department of Justice for the specific purpose of carrying out the Fed-

- 1 eral Prison Oversight Act (Pub. L. 118–71; 138
- 2 Stat. 1492).
- 3 SEC. 5. CREATING STATE INCENTIVES TO END SOLITARY
- 4 CONFINEMENT.
- 5 (a) In General.—Chapter 301 of title 18, United
- 6 States Code, as amended by sections 3 and 4 of this Act,
- 7 is further amended by inserting after section 4016, as
- 8 added by section 4 of this Act, the following:
- 9 "§ 4017. Creating State incentives to end solitary con-
- 10 **finement**
- 11 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Each State or local entity that
- 12 receives any Federal funds under subpart 1 of part E of
- 13 title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act
- 14 of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10151 et seq.) (commonly known as
- 15 the 'Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant
- 16 Program') shall annually certify to the Attorney General
- 17 with comprehensive documentation that the State or local
- 18 entity has in effect (or shall have in effect, not later than
- 19 180 days after the date of enactment of this section) laws,
- 20 policies, and programs that substantially comply with sec-
- 21 tion 4015 to fully and meaningfully end solitary confine-
- 22 ment and ensure all people in the prisons, jails, and deten-
- 23 tion centers of the State or locality have access to not less
- 24 than 14 hours of out-of-cell congregate interaction in a

- 1 shared space, without physical barriers, that is conducive
- 2 to meaningful group interaction.
- 3 "(b) Penalty.—Beginning in the first fiscal year
- 4 that begins after the date of enactment of this section,
- 5 in the case of a State or local entity that is not in substan-
- 6 tial compliance with section 4015, or an amendment made
- 7 by the End Solitary Confinement Act, the Attorney Gen-
- 8 eral shall reduce by not less than 10 percent the total
- 9 amount that such State or unit of local government would
- 10 otherwise receive under subpart 1 of part E of title I of
- 11 the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968
- 12 (34 U.S.C. 10151 et seq.) (commonly known as the 'Ed-
- 13 ward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Pro-
- 14 gram'), except that funding for public defenders, commu-
- 15 nity-based mental health care, community-based drug
- 16 treatment, community-based violence interruption, and
- 17 other similar community-based non-carceral and non-po-
- 18 licing services shall be exempted from any reductions.".
- 19 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of contents
- 20 for chapter 301 of title 18, United States Code, as amend-
- 21 ed by sections 3 and 4 of this Act, is amended by inserting
- 22 after the item relating to section 4016, as added by section
- 23 4 of this Act, the following:

[&]quot;4017. Creating State incentives to end solitary confinement.".

SEC 6 DEFINITIONS

1	SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.
2	(a) In General.—Chapter 301 of title 18, United
3	States Code, as amended by sections 3, 4, and 5 of this
4	Act, is further amended by inserting after section 4017
5	as added by section 5 of this Act, the following:
6	"§ 4018. Certain definitions.
7	"In sections 4015, 4016, and 4017:
8	"(1) Acute Psychiatric Crisis.—The term
9	'acute psychiatric crisis' means a psychiatric emer-
10	gency that involves a sudden onset of psychotic
11	symptoms, such as hallucinations, delusions, suicidal
12	ideation, or extreme panic.
13	"(2) Alternative unit.—The term 'alter-
14	native unit' means any unit that is separate from
15	the general facility population or is in any way more
16	restrictive than the general facility population in
17	terms of access to programming, services, or other
18	aspects of daily life.
19	"(3) Attempting.—
20	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'attempting'
21	means having the intent to carry out a par-
22	ticular act and completing significant steps in
23	the advancement of the attempt.
24	"(B) WITHDRAWAL OR ABANDONMENT.—

Evidence of withdrawal or abandonment of a

1	plan to carry out a particular act shall negate
2	a finding of intent.
3	"(4) Community monitoring body.—The
4	term 'community monitoring body' means the com-
5	munity monitoring body established under section
6	4016(a).
7	"(5) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term 'Federal
8	agency' means—
9	"(A) the Federal Bureau of Prisons;
10	"(B) U.S. Immigration and Customs En-
11	forcement;
12	"(C) the Department of Homeland Secu-
13	rity;
14	"(D) U.S. Customs and Border Protection;
15	"(E) the Office of Refugee Resettlement;
16	"(F) the United States Marshals Service;
17	"(G) the Department of Health and
18	Human Services;
19	"(H) any other Federal agency that has
20	persons in its care or custody; and
21	"(I) any Federal, State, local, or private
22	entity that has contracted with any of the enti-
23	ties listed in subparagraphs (A) through (H) or
24	with any other Federal agency for holding or

1	providing services to people in their care or cus-
2	tody.
3	"(6) FEDERAL FACILITY.—The term 'Federal
4	facility' means—
5	"(A) a Federal Bureau of Prisons facility;
6	"(B) a U.S. Immigration and Customs En-
7	forcement facility;
8	"(C) a Department of Homeland Security
9	facility;
10	"(D) a U.S. Customs and Border Protec-
11	tion facility;
12	"(E) an Office of Refugee Resettlement fa-
13	cility;
14	"(F) a United States Marshals Service fa-
15	cility;
16	"(G) a Department of Health and Human
17	Services facility;
18	"(H) any other facility operated by a Fed-
19	eral agency that has persons in its care or cus-
20	tody; and
21	"(I) any Federal, State, local, or private
22	facility that has contracted with any Federal
23	agency for incarcerating people in their care or
24	custody or providing services to incarcerated
25	people in their care or custody.

1	"(7) HEALTH CARE STAFF.—The term 'health
2	care staff' means individuals who are employed, con-
3	tracted, or volunteer to provide medical, mental, and
4	behavioral health care services at a Federal facility.
5	"(8) Incarcerated.—The term 'incarcerated'
6	means being held in a Federal facility for any rea-
7	son.
8	"(9) Mental Health Need.—The term 'men-
9	tal health need' means having any current mental
10	health diagnosis by any medical or mental health
11	professional, or having had any such mental health
12	diagnosis during the previous 2 years.
13	"(10) Multidisciplinary team.—The term
14	'multidisciplinary team'—
15	"(A) means a group of staff or other peo-
16	ple working or operating in a Federal facility
17	who have different professional backgrounds
18	and roles in the facility; and
19	"(B) includes program and health care
20	staff.
21	"(11) Placement Hearing.—The term 'place-
22	ment hearing' means an administrative hearing to
23	determine whether a person may be placed in an al-
24	ternative unit in a Federal facility.

1	"(12) Protective custody.—The term 'pro-
2	tective custody' means any housing of a person for
3	their own protection.
4	"(13) Representative of the news
5	MEDIA.—The term 'representative of the news
6	media' means any individual or entity that—
7	"(A) gathers information of potential inter-
8	est to a segment of the public;
9	"(B) uses its editorial skills to turn the
10	raw materials into a distinct work; and
11	"(C) distributes that work to an audience.
12	"(14) Solitary confinement.—The term
13	'solitary confinement' means being confined in a cell
14	or other space without access to meaningful group
15	interaction in a shared space.
16	"(15) Special administrative measures.—
17	The term 'special administrative measures' means
18	the special administrative measures under section
19	501.3 of title 28, Code of Federal Regulations, or
20	any successor thereto.
21	"(16) Supervisory medical provider.—The
22	term 'supervisory medical provider' means a prac-
23	ticing doctor, nurse practitioner, or physician assist-
24	ant who has supervisory responsibilities over other
25	medical staff in a Federal facility.".

- 1 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
- 2 for chapter 301 of title 18, United States Code, as amend-
- 3 ed by sections 3, 4, and 5 of this Act, is amended by in-
- 4 serting after the item relating to section 4017, as added
- 5 by section 5 of this Act, the following:

"4018. Certain definitions.".

6 SEC. 7. REMOVAL OF LIMITATION ON RECOVERY ON CER-

- 7 TAIN SUITS BY INCARCERATED PEOPLE.
- 8 Section 7(e) of the Civil Rights of Institutionalized
- 9 Persons Act (42 U.S.C. 1997e(e)) is amended to read as
- 10 follows:
- 11 "(e) Limitation on Recovery.—No Federal civil
- 12 action may be brought by a prisoner confined in a jail,
- 13 prison, or other correctional facility, for mental or emo-
- 14 tional injury suffered while in custody without a prior
- 15 showing of physical injury, the commission of a sexual act
- 16 (as defined in section 2246 of title 18, United States
- 17 Code), or placement in solitary confinement or an alter-
- 18 native unit (as defined in section 4018 of title 18, United
- 19 States Code).".
- 20 SEC. 8. REVISIONS TO STANDARD OPERATING PROCE-
- 21 DURES AND STANDARDS.
- Each Federal agency, as defined in section 4018 of
- 23 title 18, United States Code, as added by this Act, shall—
- 24 (1) incorporate the requirements of this Act
- and the amendments made by this Act into the rel-

1	evant standards and procedures governing confine-
2	ment; and
3	(2) monitor compliance with the requirements
4	of this Act and the amendments made by this Act.
5	SEC. 9. APPROPRIATIONS AND PROHIBITION ON USE OF
6	FUNDS.
7	(a) In General.—Congress shall appropriate such
8	sums as may be necessary to implement the provisions of
9	this Act.
10	(b) Limitations.—No sums appropriated to carry
11	out the provisions of this Act may be used for any—
12	(1) buildings and facilities appropriations for
13	the Bureau of Prisons;
14	(2) procurement, construction, and improve-
15	ments appropriations for the Department of Home-
16	land Security, including Immigration and Customs
17	Enforcement and Customs and Border Protection;
18	(3) constructions appropriations for the United
19	States Marshals Service;
20	(4) buildings and facilities appropriations for
21	the Department of Health and Human Services, in-
22	cluding the Administration for Children and Fami-
23	lies and the Office of Refugee Resettlement;
24	(5) Federal agency to—

	00
1	(A) construct facilities where persons will
2	be incarcerated; or
3	(B) to construct or renovate buildings or
4	spaces within facilities where persons are or will
5	be incarcerated; or
6	(6) Federal agency to construct, install, or in-
7	troduce any weapons, any objects or devices or
8	mechanisms restricting the movement of a person or
9	persons in any way, or any other objects or mecha-
10	nisms that limit movement or create more restrictive
11	environments.
12	SEC. 10. SEVERABILITY.
13	If any provision of this Act, or an amendment made
14	by this Act, or the application thereof to any person or
15	circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of this Act,
16	and other amendments made by this Act, or the applica-
17	tion of that provision to persons or circumstances other
18	than those as to which it is held invalid, is not affected
19	thereby.
20	SEC. 11. EFFECTIVE DATE.
21	This Act and the amendments made by this Act shall
22	take effect not later than 60 days after the date of enact-

 \bigcirc

23 ment of this Act.