

119TH CONGRESS }
1st Session

COMMITTEE PRINT

{ No. 2

SERVICEMEMBER QUALITY OF
LIFE IMPROVEMENT AND
NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT
FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025

LEGISLATIVE TEXT
AND
JOINT EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

TO ACCOMPANY

H.R. 5009

PUBLIC LAW 118–159



JANUARY 2025

Printed for the use of the Committee on
Armed Services of the House of Representatives

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NOTE FROM THE DIRECTOR, LEGISLATIVE OPERATIONS

This committee print consists of the enrolled bill text and joint explanatory statement for the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (H.R. 5009; Public Law 118–159).

This Act and the material found in this committee print are the product of an agreement between the Chairman and Ranking Member of the House Committee on Armed Services and the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Senate Committee on Armed Services on H.R. 8070, the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, as passed by the House of Representatives on June 14, 2024, S. 4638, the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, as reported by the Senate Committee on Armed Services on July 8, 2024, and Senate Amendment 3290, a proposed Senate floor manager’s package submitted by Senator Jack Reed and Senator Roger Wicker on September 19, 2024. The Senate did not begin floor consideration of S. 4638 and therefore was unable to initiate a formal conference with the House.

In order to ensure the enactment of an annual defense bill by the end of the calendar year, the Chairman and Ranking Member of the House Committee on Armed Services and the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Senate Committee on Armed Services agreed to reconcile the provisions of H.R. 8070, S. 4638, and Senate Amendment 3290. The negotiated agreement was brought to the House floor in the form of a House amendment to the Senate amendment to H.R. 5009. On December 11, 2024, the House agreed to the House amendment to the Senate amendment to H.R. 5009 by the yeas and nays, 281–140 (Roll no. 500). On December 18, 2024, the Senate agreed to the House amendment to the Senate amendment to H.R. 5009 by a vote of 85–14 (Record Vote Number: 325). The President signed the legislation on December 23, 2024, and it became Public Law 118–159.

Because the agreed-upon language was brought to the House in the form of a House amendment to the Senate amendment to H.R. 5009, there is no conference report and no formal “joint explanatory statement of the conference committee” for H.R. 5009. Instead, Chairman Mike Rogers submitted a “Joint Explanatory Statement to Accompany H.R. 5009, the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025” in the *Congressional Record* on December 10, 2024 (pages H6596–H6795). The text of the joint explanatory statement is included in this committee print. Section 5 of H.R. 5009 specifies that this joint explanatory statement shall have the same effect with respect to the implementation of this legislation as if it were a joint explanatory statement of a committee of conference.

In this committee print, the provisions of H.R. 8070 are generally referred to as “the House bill.” The provisions of S. 4638 are generally referred to as “the Senate committee-reported bill”. The provisions in the Senate floor manager’s package are generally referred to as “a proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill.” The final form of the agreements reached during negotiations between the House and the Senate are referred to as “the agreement.”

The following pages are organized in the manner of a traditional conference report.

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SERVICEMEMBER QUALITY OF LIFE IMPROVEMENT AND
NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL
YEAR 2025

LEGISLATIVE TEXT

[Note from the Director, Legislative Operations: The following is the enrolled legislative text of H.R. 5009, the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate.]

AN ACT

To authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2025 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—This Act may be cited as the “Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025”.

(b) REFERENCE.—Any reference in this or any other Act to the “National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025” shall be deemed to be a reference to the “Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025”.

SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF ACT INTO DIVISIONS; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) DIVISIONS.—This Act is organized into 7 divisions as follows:

- (1) Division A—Department of Defense Authorizations.
- (2) Division B—Military Construction Authorizations.
- (3) Division C—Department of Energy National Security Authorizations and Other Authorizations.
- (4) Division D—Funding Tables.
- (5) Division E—Other Matters.
- (6) Division F—Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025.
- (7) Division G—Department of State Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025.

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Organization of Act into divisions; table of contents.
- Sec. 3. Definitions.
- Sec. 4. Budgetary effects of this Act.
- Sec. 5. Joint explanatory statement.

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- Sec. 122. Modification of requirement to incorporate advanced degaussing systems into Arleigh Burke class destroyers.
- Sec. 123. Extension of prohibition on availability of funds for Navy port waterborne security barriers.
- Sec. 124. Modification of annual report on cost targets for certain aircraft carriers.
- Sec. 125. Designation of official responsible for autonomous surface and underwater dual-modality vehicles.
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- Sec. 150. Prohibition on retirement of F-15E aircraft and requirement to conduct fighter aircraft capabilities and requirements study.
- Sec. 151. Notification of delays in delivery of MH-139 aircraft.
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SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

- (1) In divisions A through D, the term “this Act” refers to divisions A through D.
- (2) The term “congressional defense committees” has the meaning given that term in section 101(a)(16) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 4. BUDGETARY EFFECTS OF THIS ACT.

The budgetary effects of this Act, for the purposes of complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, shall be determined by reference to the latest statement titled “Budgetary Effects of PAYGO Legislation” for this Act, jointly submitted for printing in the Congressional Record by the Chairmen of the House and Senate Budget Committees, provided that such statement has been submitted prior to the vote on passage in the House acting first on the conference report or amendment between the Houses.

SEC. 5. JOINT EXPLANATORY STATEMENT.

The joint explanatory statement regarding this Act, printed in the House section of the Congressional Record on or about December 11, 2024, by the Chairman of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Chairman of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, shall have the same effect with respect to the implementation of this Act as if it were a joint explanatory statement of a committee of conference.

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- Sec. 125. Designation of official responsible for autonomous surface and underwater dual-modality vehicles.
- Sec. 126. Multiyear procurement authority for CH-53K aircraft and T408 engines.
- Sec. 127. Recapitalization of tactical fighter aircraft of the Navy Reserve.
- Sec. 128. Limitation on the construction of the Landing Ship Medium.
- Sec. 129. Limitation on availability of funds for Constellation-class frigate program pending certification on basic and functional design.
- Sec. 130. Limitation on structural improvements and electrical power upgrades for AH-1Z and UH-1Y helicopters.
- Sec. 131. Annual report on surface ship suppliers.

Subtitle D—Air Force Programs

- Sec. 141. Extension of limitations and minimum inventory requirement relating to RQ-4 aircraft.
- Sec. 142. Annual report on Air Force tactical fighter aircraft force structure.
- Sec. 143. Modifications to inventory requirements for certain aircraft.
- Sec. 144. Extension of prohibition on certain reductions to inventory of E-3 airborne warning and control system aircraft.
- Sec. 145. Extension of requirements relating to C-130 aircraft.
- Sec. 146. Management of temporary relocation of B-1 bomber aircraft and personnel.
- Sec. 147. Consolidation of authorities relating to Air Force landing gear.
- Sec. 148. Recapitalization of air refueling tanker aircraft of the reserve components of the Air Force.
- Sec. 149. Prohibition on reduction of KC-135 aircraft in PMAI of the reserve components.
- Sec. 150. Prohibition on retirement of F-15E aircraft and requirement to conduct fighter aircraft capabilities and requirements study.
- Sec. 151. Notification of delays in delivery of MH-139 aircraft.
- Sec. 152. Plan and requirements for fielding air base air defense sites at Air Force installations.
- Sec. 153. Plan for establishment and maintenance of F-16 simulators at Air National Guard training centers.
- Sec. 154. Plan for sustainment and recapitalization of Air National Guard fighter fleet.

Subtitle E—Defense-wide, Joint, and Multiservice Matters

- Sec. 161. Modification to Air Force and Navy use of commercial dual-use parts in certain aircraft and engines.
- Sec. 162. Measures to increase supply chain resiliency for small unmanned aerial systems.
- Sec. 163. Policy on qualifications of contractors for into-plane fuel deliveries for heavy-lift aircraft.
- Sec. 164. Prohibition on operation, procurement, and contracting related to foreign-made light detection and ranging technology.
- Sec. 165. Limitation on procurement of F-35 aircraft pending certification on improvements and correction of deficiencies.
- Sec. 166. Assessments of inventory requirements for air-to-air missiles.
- Sec. 167. Plan for signals intelligence capabilities of armed overwatch aircraft.

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 101. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 for procurement for the Army, the Navy and the Marine Corps, the Air Force and the Space Force, and Defense-wide activities, as specified in the funding table in section 4101.

Subtitle B—Army Programs

SEC. 111. CENTRALIZED SECURITY MONITORING PROGRAM FOR FACILITIES OF THE ARMY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Army, in coordination with the heads of relevant organizations of the Department of Defense and other departments and agencies of the Federal Government, shall develop a plan for the implementation of a Centralized Security Monitoring Program (referred to in this section as the “Program”) for installations and facilities of the Department of the Army within the United States.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) **PROPOSED SECURITY SOLUTION.**—A proposal for the development and implementation of a cost-effective, scalable solution to modernize and centralize security operations across Army facilities in the United States with full consideration given to minimizing operational impacts while maximizing technological advantages for enhanced security.

(2) **LOCATIONS.**—Identification of at least three military installations selected to host the Program. These locations shall—

(A) serve as the primary hubs for the continuous monitoring of installation security across all installations of the Department of the Army in the United States;

(B) represent a mix of large and extra-large facilities, as defined by the 2016 business case analysis conducted by the Provost Marshal General of the Army; and

(C) be chosen based on geographical diversity and their strategic importance to the Army’s overall security infrastructure.

(3) **COST.**—A comprehensive breakdown of the full costs of the Program, including—

(A) initial capital expenditure for system implementation;

(B) the cost of networking all installations and facilities across the Department of the Army within the United States;

(C) estimated operation and maintenance costs;

(D) a detailed funding schedule with expenditures projected across the period covered by the most recent future-years defense program submitted to Congress under sec-

tion 221 of title 10, United States Code (as of the date of the plan); and

(E) identification of potential cost-saving opportunities from the consolidation of current security monitoring systems.

(4) ANALYSIS OF VIABILITY.—An assessment of the viability of funding and sustaining the Program across the period covered by the most recent future-years defense program submitted to Congress under section 221 of title 10, United States Code (as of the date of the plan), considering—

(A) the financial impact relative to existing Army security infrastructure budgets;

(B) cost-benefit analysis of upgrading existing systems versus implementing new technologies at each selected location; and

(C) identification of technological challenges or barriers to implementing modern monitoring solutions.

(5) AUTHORITIES.—A list of any additional authorities, appropriations, or other resources necessary to ensure the success of the Program.

(c) SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS.—Not later than September 1, 2025, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a completed version of the plan developed under subsection (a).

(d) LIMITATION ON COMMENCEMENT.—The Secretary of the Army may not commence implementation of the Program until the date on which the Secretary certifies to the congressional defense committees that sufficient appropriations for military construction and operational costs have been programmed to fund the Program.

(e) DEADLINE FOR IMPLEMENTATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary of the Army shall implement the Program by not later than January 1, 2027.

(2) ALTERNATIVE IMPLEMENTATION DATE.—In the event the certification described in subsection (d) is not submitted on or before January 1, 2027, the Secretary of the Army shall implement the Program as soon as practicable after the date on which such certification is so submitted.

SEC. 112. PILOT PROGRAM ON THE USE OF ROBOTIC TARGETS TO ENHANCE THE LETHALITY OF THE RESERVE COMPONENTS OF THE ARMY.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of the Army shall carry out a pilot program under which the Secretary incorporates the use of moving robotic target systems into live fire training provided to select infantry units of the reserve and National Guard components of the Army.

(b) DESIGNATION.—The pilot program under subsection (a) shall be known as the “Lethality and Warfighting Enhancement Program”.

(c) LOCATIONS.—The Secretary of the Army shall select not fewer than three military installations at which to conduct the pilot program under subsection (a).

(d) OBJECTIVES.—The objectives of the pilot program under subsection (a) shall be—

- (1) to increase the lethality of the combined fighting force of the Army by providing reserve component and National Guard infantry units with the opportunity to conduct realistic live fire training on state-of-the-art moving robotic target systems; and
- (2) to demonstrate the effect of such training on small arms proficiency and lethality in ground combat operations.

(e) **SELECTION OF PARTICIPATING UNITS.**—The Secretary of the Army shall select infantry units of the reserve components of the Army to participate in the pilot program under subsection (a) taking into consideration—

- (1) the past performance of the unit;
- (2) the readiness status of the unit, with an emphasis on providing training to those units designated as preparing to deploy or at a similarly designated readiness status; and
- (3) the likelihood that a unit would be actively deployed or commanded to conduct decisive action.

(f) **COMMENCEMENT.**—The Secretary of the Army shall commence the pilot program under subsection (a) not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(g) **TERMINATION.**—The pilot program under subsection (a) shall terminate five years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(h) **BRIEFINGS.**—Not later than 90 days after concluding activities under the pilot program at a military installation selected under subsection (c), the Secretary of the Army shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing that includes a description of—

- (1) the manner in which the program was conducted at such installation; and
- (2) any results achieved under the program at such installation.

(i) **CONTRACT AUTHORITY.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Army is authorized to enter into one or more contracts for the procurement of moving robotic target systems for use in the pilot program under subsection (a).

(2) **REQUIRED CAPABILITIES.**—Robotic target systems procured under paragraph (1) shall be capable of—

- (A) conducting multiple realistic offensive and defensive scenarios in a single training session that are consistent with combat operations;
- (B) operating in an unpredictable, realistic, and reactionary fashion;
- (C) objectively scoring trainee performance;
- (D) maneuvering across diverse geographic landscapes, including snow, ice, soft soils, extreme heat, extreme cold, wooded terrain and offroad areas;
- (E) operating at distances greater than 100 yards from the range operator;
- (F) surviving live fire from 6.8 mm rounds and the Next Generation Squad Weapon of the Army; and
- (G) fully functioning in all reasonably expected weather conditions.

SEC. 113. PLAN FOR ADDITIONAL KINETIC EFFECTORS FOR LOW, SLOW, SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT INTEGRATED DEFEAT SYSTEM OF THE ARMY.

(a) **PLAN REQUIRED.**—The Secretary of the Army shall develop and implement a plan for the procurement and fielding of additional kinetic effectors for the low, slow, small unmanned aircraft integrated defeat system of the Army (FS-LIDS and M-LIDS).

(b) **BRIEFING.**—Not later than September 30, 2025, the Secretary of the Army shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the plan developed under subsection (a).

SEC. 114. REPORT ON PROCUREMENT OF ENERGETIC MATERIALS FROM SOURCES OUTSIDE OF THE UNITED STATES.

(a) **REPORT.**—Not later than September 30, 2025, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the procurement, by the Army from sources outside of the United States, of energetic materials that are otherwise available from Federal Government-owned production facilities.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) A list of all energetic materials that are in production at a Federal Government-owned production facility but that are nonetheless procured by the Army from a source outside of the United States.

(2) The authorities and production capacity the Army has available to ensure it procures energetic materials, to the maximum extent practicable, from domestic sources to meet the national security needs of the United States.

(3) An evaluation of the factors that the Army considers when procuring energetic materials from a source outside of the United States, including the production capacity for such materials at Federal Government-owned production facilities, the cost of materials, and the timelines associated with the production of end items.

(c) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) The term “end item” has the meaning given that term in section 4863(m) of title 10, United States Code.

(2) The term “energetic materials” means critical chemicals and formulations that—

(A) release large amounts of stored chemical energy; and

(B) are capable of being used as explosives, propellants, pyrotechnics, and reactive materials that create lethal effects in warheads in kinetic weapons components and systems.

Subtitle C—Navy Programs

SEC. 121. MODIFICATIONS TO PROCUREMENT AUTHORITIES FOR CERTAIN AMPHIBIOUS SHIPBUILDING PROGRAMS.

Section 129 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2448) is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)—

(A) in the subsection heading, by inserting “ACROSS PROGRAMS” after “ADVANCE PROCUREMENT”; and

- (B) by inserting “across programs” after “advance procurement”;
- (2) by redesignating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as subsections (e), (f), and (g), respectively; and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection:

“(d) **AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO ECONOMIC ORDER QUANTITY CONTRACTS.**—The Secretary of the Navy may use funds made available to carry out this section to enter into contracts known as ‘economic order quantity contracts’ with private shipyards and other commercial or government entities to achieve economic efficiencies based on production economies for major components or subsystems of covered ships. The authority under this subsection extends to the procurement of parts, components, and systems (including weapon systems) common with, and required for, covered ships under joint economic order quantity contracts.”.

SEC. 122. MODIFICATION OF REQUIREMENT TO INCORPORATE ADVANCED DEGAUSSING SYSTEMS INTO ARLEIGH BURKE CLASS DESTROYERS.

Section 124(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 1570) is amended by striking “fiscal year 2025” and inserting “fiscal year 2028”.

SEC. 123. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR NAVY PORT WATERBORNE SECURITY BARRIERS.

Section 130(a) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 1665), as most recently amended by section 122 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 169), is further amended by striking “through 2024” and inserting “through 2025”.

SEC. 124. MODIFICATION OF ANNUAL REPORT ON COST TARGETS FOR CERTAIN AIRCRAFT CARRIERS.

Section 126(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 130 Stat. 2035) is amended—

- (1) in the subsection heading, by striking “AND CVN–81”; and inserting “CVN–81, AND SUBSEQUENT CARRIERS”;
- (2) in paragraph (1) by striking “and the CVN–81” and inserting “the CVN–81, and each subsequent Ford-class aircraft carrier”;
- (3) in paragraph (2)—

- (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “and the CVN–81” and inserting “the CVN–81, and each subsequent Ford-class aircraft carrier”; and

- (B) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:

- “(H) A comparison of the ship cost baseline to the most recent budget estimate available as of the date of the report, set forth separately for costs related to—

- “(i) development;
- “(ii) procurement; and
- “(iii) operations and sustainment.

- “(I) For each contract that requires the production of a contract performance report, estimates from the contractor and program manager of—

“(i) the total cost of the ship at completion, taking into account any changes in costs known or anticipated as of the date of the report; and

“(ii) the schedule for completion of the ship, taking into account any variances to such schedule known or anticipated as of the date of the report.”; and

(4) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) COMMENCEMENT AND TERMINATION OF REPORTING.—The requirement to submit a report with respect to a Ford-class aircraft carrier under paragraph (1) shall—

“(A) begin in the year following the first fiscal year for which funds are appropriated for the procurement of the carrier; and

“(B) end on the date the carrier reaches its obligation work limiting date.”.

SEC. 125. DESIGNATION OF OFFICIAL RESPONSIBLE FOR AUTONOMOUS SURFACE AND UNDERWATER DUAL-MODALITY VEHICLES.

(a) DESIGNATION REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy shall designate an appropriate official within the Department of the Navy to have primary responsibility for the development and acquisition of surface and underwater dual-modality, advanced autonomous vehicles, consistent with warfighter requirements.

(b) PROGRAM ELEMENT.—The Secretary of the Navy shall ensure, within budget program elements for the Navy, that there is a dedicated program element for the development and acquisition of surface and underwater dual-modality, advanced autonomous vehicles.

SEC. 126. MULTIYEAR PROCUREMENT AUTHORITY FOR CH-53K AIRCRAFT AND T408 ENGINES.

(a) AUTHORITY FOR MULTIYEAR PROCUREMENT.—Subject to section 3501 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of the Navy may enter into one or more multiyear contracts, beginning with the fiscal year 2025 program year, for the procurement of the following:

(1) CH-53K aircraft.

(2) T408 engines for such aircraft.

(b) CONDITION FOR OUT-YEAR CONTRACT PAYMENTS.—A contract entered into under subsection (a) shall provide that any obligation of the United States to make a payment under the contract for a fiscal year after fiscal year 2025 is subject to the availability of appropriations or funds for that purpose for such later fiscal year.

(c) AUTHORITY FOR ADVANCE PROCUREMENT.—The Secretary of the Navy may enter into one or more contracts, beginning in fiscal year 2025, for advance procurement associated with the aircraft and engines for which authorization to enter into a multiyear procurement contract is provided under subsection (a), which may include procurement of economic order quantities of material and equipment for such aircraft or engines when cost savings are achievable.

SEC. 127. RECAPITALIZATION OF TACTICAL FIGHTER AIRCRAFT OF THE NAVY RESERVE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Navy shall ensure that all covered F-18 aircraft are—

(1) provided only to the Navy Reserve; and

(2) used to recapitalize and maintain, within the Navy Reserve, a threat representative adversary support capability that may be used in support of training activities of the Department of Defense.

(b) **PLAN REQUIRED.**—Not later than April 15, 2025, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for the potential establishment of a deployable tactical fighter squadron capability in the Naval Reserve using the covered F-18 aircraft. The plan shall include—

(1) a description of any funding and other resources needed to establish and maintain such capability; and

(2) a proposed timeline for the implementation of such capability.

(c) **COVERED F-18 AIRCRAFT DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “covered F-18 aircraft” means the eight F/A-18E/F Super Hornet aircraft procured using funds authorized and appropriated for the Navy during fiscal year 2023.

SEC. 128. LIMITATION ON THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE LANDING SHIP MEDIUM.

(a) **LIMITATION.**—The Secretary of the Navy may not enter into a contract or other agreement that includes a scope of work, including priced or unpriced options, for the construction, advance procurement, or long-lead material of the lead ship of the Landing Ship Medium program until the Secretary certifies to the congressional defense committees that basic and functional design with respect to such ship is complete.

(b) **EXEMPTION.**—

(1) **INAPPLICABILITY TO COMMERCIAL OR NONDEVELOPMENTAL ITEM.**—The limitation in subsection (a) does not apply to the lead ship of the Landing Ship Medium program if such a ship is a commercial or nondevelopmental item.

(2) **EXEMPTION FROM FULL AND OPEN COMPETITION.**—In a case in which the exemption under paragraph (1) applies, the service acquisition executive of the Navy may exempt a contract or other agreement for the lead ship of the Landing Ship Medium program from the requirements of full and open competition under section 3201 of title 10, United States Code.

(c) **DEFINITION.**—In this section, the term “basic and functional design” has the meaning given that term section 8669c of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 129. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR CONSTELLATION-CLASS FRIGATE PROGRAM PENDING CERTIFICATION ON BASIC AND FUNCTIONAL DESIGN.

(a) **LIMITATION.**—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the Navy may be obligated or expended for the construction of a Constellation-class frigate beyond the basic and functional design phase (as defined in section 8669c of title 10, United States Code) until the date on which the Secretary of Defense submits the certification required by subsection (b).

(b) **CERTIFICATION REQUIRED.**—Upon final approval of 95 percent of all basic and functional design drawings for the Constellation-class frigate program by the designated technical authority for the

program, the Secretary of Defense shall certify to the congressional defense committees that such drawings have been so approved.

(c) **ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION.**—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary of Defense submits the certification required by subsection (b), the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the congressional defense committees an assessment of—

(1) the Secretary's compliance with this section; and

(2) the completeness of the basic and functional design drawings described in such subsection.

(d) **AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.**—The Secretary of Defense shall provide the Comptroller General with timely access to any documents or other information the Comptroller General determines necessary to fulfill the requirements of subsection (c).

SEC. 130. LIMITATION ON STRUCTURAL IMPROVEMENTS AND ELECTRICAL POWER UPGRADES FOR AH-1Z AND UH-1Y HELICOPTERS.

(a) **LIMITATION.**—The Secretary of the Navy may not carry out covered upgrades to AH-1Z Viper and UH-1Y Venom helicopters at a location other than a facility owned by the original equipment manufacturer for such helicopters until the date on which the Secretary certifies to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives that the plan for carrying out covered upgrades at location other than a facility owned by the original equipment manufacturer is expected—

(1) to result in levels of performance, survivability, lethality, interoperability, mission execution, and overall safety of the helicopter platform that match or exceed the levels that would otherwise be achievable by completing such upgrades at a facility owned by the original equipment manufacturer for the model of helicopter involved;

(2) to provide improved onboard electrical power capacity and ensure adequate power margin for integrating future capabilities;

(3) to improve and expand future weapons interfaces; and

(4) to allow for improved ease of maintenance.

(b) **COVERED UPGRADES.**—In this section, the term “covered upgrades” means any structural improvements or electrical power upgrades for AH-1Z Viper or UH-1Y Venom helicopters.

SEC. 131. ANNUAL REPORT ON SURFACE SHIP SUPPLIERS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and once every fiscal year thereafter through September 30, 2029, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report analyzing suppliers of components for surface ships of the Navy.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—Each report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) An assessment of the status of each supplier of surface ship components using the same or a similar methodology to that used in the Navy's evaluation tool for suppliers of components for Columbia-class submarines.

(2) If the assessment described in paragraph (1) indicates that the supply base of any surface ship component is in an at-risk status, a plan for actions to stabilize that supply base.

Subtitle D—Air Force Programs

SEC. 141. EXTENSION OF LIMITATIONS AND MINIMUM INVENTORY REQUIREMENT RELATING TO RQ-4 AIRCRAFT.

Section 9062(m)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “September 30, 2028” and inserting “September 30, 2029”.

SEC. 142. ANNUAL REPORT ON AIR FORCE TACTICAL FIGHTER AIRCRAFT FORCE STRUCTURE.

Chapter 907 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 9062 the following new section:

“§ 9062a. Annual report on Air Force tactical fighter aircraft force structure.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than April 1, 2025, and annually thereafter through 2029, the Secretary of the Air Force, in consultation with the Director of the Air National Guard and the Commander of the Air Force Reserve Command, shall—

“(1) develop a 10-year tactical fighter aircraft force structure, recapitalization, training, and sustainment plan for the active and reserve components of the Air Force; and

“(2) submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the plan.

“(b) ELEMENTS OF REPORT.—The report required by subsection (a) shall address each of the following:

“(1) The appropriate mix of tactical fighter aircraft, and associated operational risk analyses, required for the Secretary of the Air Force to meet expected steady-state, global force management allocation plans and geographic combatant commander contingency operational plans tasked to the Air Force, using active and reserve component tactical fighter aircraft units.

“(2) The procurement, divestment, and unit activation, deactivation, or re-missioning plans or actions the Secretary plans to implement, fiscal year-by-fiscal year, unit-by-unit, for the 10-year period beginning on the date on which the report is submitted, for each active and reserve component tactical fighter aircraft unit existing as of such date of submittal, including the rationale and justification for any such plans or actions.

“(3) The actions the Secretary will take to ensure that required operational readiness rates are maintained during any planned recapitalization, modernization, or change of mission affecting tactical fighter aircraft units.

“(4) Any plans of the Secretary to augment or supplant existing piloted tactical fighter aircraft capability or capacity with collaborative combat aircraft increment 1 or increment 2 capability or capacity.

“(5) Any plans of the Secretary to augment or supplant existing piloted tactical fighter aircraft training events through the acquisition and fielding of common, joint, all-domain, high-fidelity synthetic simulation environments.

“(c) FORM OF REPORT.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form with accompanying graphs, tables, and charts, but may contain a classified annex.

“(d) FIGHTER AIRCRAFT DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘fighter aircraft’ has the meaning given that term in section 9062(i)(2) of this title.”.

SEC. 143. MODIFICATIONS TO INVENTORY REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN AIRCRAFT.

(a) TEMPORARY EXCEPTION TO MINIMUM PRIMARY MISSION AIRCRAFT INVENTORY.—Section 133 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 173) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking “1,112 aircraft” and inserting “1,101 aircraft”; and

(2) in subsection (c)(1), by striking “2024” and inserting “2025”.

(b) A-10 AIRCRAFT MINIMUM INVENTORY REQUIREMENT.—Section 134(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 130 Stat. 2038) is amended by striking “135 A–10 aircraft” and inserting “96 A–10 aircraft”.

SEC. 144. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN REDUCTIONS TO INVENTORY OF E-3 AIRBORNE WARNING AND CONTROL SYSTEM AIRCRAFT.

Section 142 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 176) is amended by inserting “or fiscal year 2025” after “fiscal year 2024”.

SEC. 145. EXTENSION OF REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO C-130 AIRCRAFT.

(a) EXTENSION OF MINIMUM INVENTORY REQUIREMENT.—Section 146(a)(3)(B) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2455), as amended by section 134(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 173), is amended by striking “2024” and inserting “2025”.

(b) EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON REDUCTION OF C-130 AIRCRAFT ASSIGNED TO NATIONAL GUARD.—Section 146(b)(1) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2455), as amended by section 134(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 173), is amended by striking “During fiscal years 2023 and 2024” and inserting “During the period of fiscal years 2023 through 2025”.

SEC. 146. MANAGEMENT OF TEMPORARY RELOCATION OF B-1 BOMBER AIRCRAFT AND PERSONNEL.

Section 133 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 1574), as most recently amended by section 136 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 174), is further amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):

“(c) TEMPORARY RELOCATION.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall, to the extent practicable, manage the temporary relocation of any B–1 bomber aircraft or personnel assigned to units responsible for the operation and maintenance of such aircraft resulting from planned military construction in a manner that—

- “(1) minimizes effects to combat readiness;
- “(2) mitigates the risk of concentrating a significant number of the total B–1 bomber fleet at one location;
- “(3) uses the construction period to maximize expeditionary actions such as through Bomber Task Force and Agile Combat Employment; and
- “(4) takes into consideration travel options and travel distance for families and dependents of such personnel.”.

SEC. 147. CONSOLIDATION OF AUTHORITIES RELATING TO AIR FORCE LANDING GEAR.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall transfer to the Air Force Sustainment Center supply chain management, item management, and delegated engineering authorities for landing gear systems of F–15EX, F–22, F–35, and T–7A aircraft.

(b) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Air Force shall develop and initiate an implementation plan for the transfers required under subsection (a).

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after completing the development of the implementation plan required under subsection (b), the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate a report that includes a description of—

- (1) the planned milestones for execution of the implementation plan;
- (2) any data, staff, and funding needed to effectively carry out such plan; and
- (3) the progress of the Secretary in meeting such milestones as of the date of the report.

SEC. 148. RECAPITALIZATION OF AIR REFUELING TANKER AIRCRAFT OF THE RESERVE COMPONENTS OF THE AIR FORCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall replace covered reserve KC–135 aircraft on a one-for-one basis with air refueling tanker aircraft that have capabilities equivalent to or exceeding the capabilities of the aircraft being replaced.

(b) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary of the Air Force—

- (1) may not take any action that would reduce the inventory of air refueling tanker aircraft assigned to a reserve component below the levels set forth in the budget of the President for fiscal year 2025 (as submitted to Congress under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code); and
- (2) shall ensure that, in the event a reserve component unit is assigned a greater number of KC–135 aircraft than are being replaced with a KC–46 or later-generation air refueling tanker aircraft, any KC–135 aircraft remaining after such replacement will remain within the reserve component for redistribution within that component.

(c) **WAIVER.**—The Secretary of the Air Force may waive the requirement to replace an air refueling tanker aircraft under subsection (a), on a case by case basis, if the Secretary determines that such replacement would degrade the readiness of the air refueling capability of the Air Force.

(d) **SUNSET.**—This section shall terminate on October 1, 2025.

(e) **COVERED RESERVE KC-135 AIRCRAFT DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “covered reserve KC-135 aircraft” means a KC-135 aircraft of the reserve components of the Air Force that the Secretary of the Air Force has identified to be replaced with a KC-46 or later-generation air refueling tanker aircraft.

SEC. 149. PROHIBITION ON REDUCTION OF KC-135 AIRCRAFT IN PMAI OF THE RESERVE COMPONENTS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the Air Force may be obligated or expended to reduce the number of KC-135 aircraft designated as primary mission aircraft inventory within the reserve components of the Air Force.

(b) **PRIMARY MISSION AIRCRAFT INVENTORY DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “primary mission aircraft inventory” has the meaning given that term in section 9062(i)(2)(B) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 150. PROHIBITION ON RETIREMENT OF F-15E AIRCRAFT AND REQUIREMENT TO CONDUCT FIGHTER AIRCRAFT CAPABILITIES AND REQUIREMENTS STUDY.

(a) **PROHIBITION ON RETIREMENT OF F-15E AIRCRAFT.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Air Force may not retire, prepare to retire, or place in storage or on backup aircraft inventory status any F-15E aircraft until September 30, 2027.

(2) **EXCEPTION.**—The prohibition under paragraph (1) of shall not apply to individual F-15E aircraft that the Secretary of the Air Force determines, on a case by case basis, to be no longer mission capable and uneconomical to repair because of aircraft accidents, mishaps, or excessive material degradation and non-airworthiness status of certain aircraft.

(3) **RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAW.**—The prohibition under paragraph (1) supercedes any provision of section 9062(l) of title 10, United States Code, that is inconsistent with such prohibition.

(b) **FIGHTER AIRCRAFT CAPABILITIES AND REQUIREMENTS STUDY.**—

(1) **STUDY.**—The Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into a contract or other agreement with a federally funded research and development center pursuant to which the center shall carry out—

(A) an analysis of the fighter aircraft procurement, fielding, and divestment plan of the Department of the Air Force, as submitted to Congress in accordance with section 148 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 178); and

(B) a fighter aircraft capability and requirements study that estimates the number of fighter aircraft needed by the Air Force to meet the requirements of combatant commanders.

(2) **REPORT TO SECRETARY.**—The federally funded research and development center that carries out the study and analysis under paragraph (1) shall submit to the Secretary of Defense a report on the results of such study and analysis.

(3) **REPORTS AND BRIEFING TO CONGRESS.**—Not later than March 15, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall—

(A) submit to the congressional defense committees an unaltered copy of the report received by the Secretary under paragraph (2);

(B) submit to such committees a separate report on the views of the Secretary with respect to the results of the study and analysis carried out under paragraph (1), which shall include—

(i) a detailed explanation of the strategy and methodology used to conduct the study and analysis, including any force sizing and shaping constructs, scenarios, and assumptions used as part of such study and analysis; and

(ii) assessed operational risk based on the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff risk management classifications set forth the most recent version of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Manual 3105.01A, titled “Joint Risk Analysis Methodology”; and

(C) provide a briefing to the committees on such results.

(c) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section, the term “fighter aircraft” means—

(1) F–15, F–16, F–22, and F–35 aircraft; and

(2) the Next Generation Air Dominance piloted combat aircraft.

SEC. 151. NOTIFICATION OF DELAYS IN DELIVERY OF MH-139 AIRCRAFT.

(a) **NOTICE REQUIRED.**—Not later than 30 days after becoming aware of an expected delay in the delivery date of an MH–139 aircraft, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives written notice of such delay together with an explanation of the reasons for such delay.

(b) **DELIVERY DATE DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “delivery date”, when used with respect to an MH–139 aircraft, means the date on which such aircraft is expected to be delivered to the Air Force under the most recent schedule for such delivery in effect as of the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 152. PLAN AND REQUIREMENTS FOR FIELDING AIR BASE AIR DEFENSE SITES AT AIR FORCE INSTALLATIONS.

(a) **PLAN REQUIRED.**—The Secretary of the Air Force, in consultation with the Commander of the United States Northern Command, the Commander of United States European Command, and the Commander of United States Indo-Pacific Command, shall develop and implement a plan to support the fielding of air base air defense sites at Air Force installations and other priority sites identified by the Secretary.

(b) **AIR BASE AIR DEFENSE SITE REQUIREMENTS.**—Each air base air defense site fielded under the plan required under subsection (a) shall have the following capabilities:

- (1) Expeditionary mobile protection for dispersed air bases.
- (2) Fixed protection for primary air bases.
- (3) Ground-based protection systems that incorporate kinetic and non-kinetic capabilities.
- (4) Counter-unmanned aircraft systems.
- (5) Counter-fixed and Counter-rotary wing aircraft capabilities.
- (6) Counter-cruise missile capabilities.
- (7) Interoperability with joint command and control networks.
- (8) 360-degree active and passive sensors.
- (9) Systems and software that enable reduced staffing.
- (c) **FIELDING REQUIREMENT.**—Pursuant to the plan developed under subsection (a), the Secretary shall—
 - (1) by not later than September 30, 2027, field a total of not fewer than four air base air defense sites, of which not fewer than two such sites shall be located in the United States; and
 - (2) in each of fiscal years 2028 through 2031, field at least four air base air defense sites per year, of which not fewer than two of the sites fielded each year shall be located in the United States.
- (d) **REPORT.**—Not later than March 1, 2025, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the plan required under subsection (a).

SEC. 153. PLAN FOR ESTABLISHMENT AND MAINTENANCE OF F-16 SIMULATORS AT AIR NATIONAL GUARD TRAINING CENTERS.

- (a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Air Force, in coordination with the Director of the Air National Guard, shall develop a plan to fully fund the establishment and maintenance of F-16 simulators at training centers of the Air National Guard as described in subsection (b).
- (b) **ELEMENTS.**—The plan under subsection (a) shall include—
 - (1) an estimate of the costs of maintaining F-16 simulators at Air National Guard training centers that have such simulators as of the date of the plan;
 - (2) an estimate of the costs of establishing F-16 simulators at all Air National Guard training centers that are required to, but do not, have such simulators as of the date of the plan, including training centers for Air National Guard units converting from the A-10 aircraft to the F-16 aircraft; and
 - (3) a plan for allocating funding to pay the costs described in paragraphs (1) and (2), including the proportion of such funding expected to be provided by the Air Force and the Air National Guard, respectively.
- (c) **REPORT.**—Not later than March 1, 2025, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes—
 - (1) the plan developed under subsection (a); and
 - (2) an assessment from the Secretary and the Chief of the National Guard Bureau evaluating how the readiness of Air National Guard Units requiring F-16 simulators may be affected if such simulators are not established and maintained at mission training centers as proposed under the plan.

SEC. 154. PLAN FOR SUSTAINMENT AND RECAPITALIZATION OF AIR NATIONAL GUARD FIGHTER FLEET.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Air Force, in consultation with the Director of the Air National Guard, shall develop a plan to sustain and recapitalize the fighter fleet of the Air National Guard.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The recapitalization plan required under subsection (a) shall—

(1) identify each of the 25 fighter aircraft squadrons of the Air National Guard in existence on the date of the enactment of this Act;

(2) provide a plan for recapitalization of all such squadrons at a similar rate as the fighter aircraft squadrons of the active components of the Armed Forces, with the same combination of legacy capability fighter aircraft and advanced capability fighter aircraft found in fighter aircraft squadrons of the active components of the Armed Forces;

(3) establish a timetable for a plan or actions for the recapitalization proposed under paragraph (2), disaggregated by fighter aircraft squadron and fiscal year, which shall identify funding required for each fiscal year;

(4) assess budgetary effects on the active components of the Armed Forces if the recapitalization plan proposed under paragraph (2) were implemented in accordance with the timeline established in paragraph (3); and

(5) assess the effects of such plan on the operational readiness and personnel readiness of the active and reserve components of the Armed Forces, including the effects of such plan on the ability of such components to meet steady state and contingency force presentation and mission requirements of combatant commanders.

(c) **REPORT.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than July 1, 2025, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes the sustainment and recapitalization plan required under subsection (a).

(2) **FORM.**—The report required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain a classified annex.

(d) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) The term “advanced capability fighter aircraft”—

(A) means the next-generation air dominance fighter aircraft or any other fighter aircraft referenced or designated as a sixth generation airframe; and

(B) does not include unmanned fighter aircraft.

(2) The term “fifth generation”, with respect to fighter aircraft, means an F-22 or F-35 aircraft.

(3) The term “fighter aircraft” has the meaning given that term in section 9062(i)(2) of title 10, United States Code.

(4) The term “legacy capability fighter aircraft” means pre-fifth generation fighter aircraft, including an F-16, both pre-block and post-block, F-15C/D, F-15E/EX, and A-10.

Subtitle E—Defense-wide, Joint, and Multiservice Matters

SEC. 161. MODIFICATION TO AIR FORCE AND NAVY USE OF COMMERCIAL DUAL-USE PARTS IN CERTAIN AIRCRAFT AND ENGINES.

Section 161 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 3453 note) is amended—

- (1) in the section heading, by striking “USED”;
- (2) in subsection (a)(1), by inserting “new,” before “used”; and
- (3) in subsection (b)(2), by inserting “, or from a certified production approval holder pursuant to part 21 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations” before the period at the end.

SEC. 162. MEASURES TO INCREASE SUPPLY CHAIN RESILIENCY FOR SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish and carry out an integrated set of measures—

- (1) to identify risks in the supply chain for small unmanned aerial systems (referred to in this section as “sUAS”); and
- (2) to increase the resiliency of such sUAS supply chain using parts supplied by domestic sources and from allies and partners of the United States.

(b) ELEMENTS.—The measures carried out under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) DISASSEMBLY AND ANALYSIS OF COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE FOREIGN DRONE AIRCRAFT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and not less frequently than once every three years thereafter until 2034, the Secretary of Defense shall fully disassemble a drone aircraft made by Da Jiang Innovations or a similar commercially available sUAS manufactured in a covered foreign country in order to—

- (A) create a taxonomy for each component that categorizes the component by function, level of risk, and such other criteria as the Secretary determines appropriate; and
- (B) help assess the risk of such components for the purposes of supply chain monitoring and visibility.

(2) SUPPLY CHAIN RISK FRAMEWORK.—Not later than 150 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and using the taxonomy developed under paragraph (1)(A), the Secretary of Defense shall develop a supply chain risk framework in order to—

- (A) assess the risk of each sUAS component to Department of Defense networks or operations;
- (B) for components that present a risk as determined under subparagraph (A), identify any manufacturers of such components are based in covered foreign countries and evaluate whether measures to mitigate the risk posed by such foreign-produced components are feasible or practical; and
- (C) determine if any of the foreign companies in the sUAS supply chain should be included on the list maintained by the Department of Defense in accordance with

section 1260H of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 113 note).

(3) **RESILIENT SUPPLY CHAIN STRATEGY.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and based on the analyses conducted under paragraphs (1) and (2), the Secretary of Defense shall develop a strategy to develop a secure and resilient domestic and allied supply chain of critical components for sUASs, which shall include—

(A) identification of sources of supply for sUAS components outside of a covered foreign country assessed to present a risk under paragraph (2)(A) and the total manufacturing capacity of such suppliers;

(B) an assessment of the total requirement for sUASs of the Department of Defense;

(C) a plan to increase the manufacturing capacity of alternative sources of supply that can meet the requirement specified in subparagraph (B), including estimated funding needs; and

(D) a description of how existing initiatives and programs of the Department of Defense may be used to create alternative sUAS sources of supply outside of a covered foreign country, including recommendations for—

(i) using authorities available to the Department of Defense, such as Defense Production Act authorities, the Industrial Base Analysis and Sustainment program, loan guarantees, or other programs; and

(ii) incentivizing private sector investment to grow or foster domestic or allied sourcing for components for sUASs.

(c) **REPORT.**—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report that includes—

(1) a list of each component identified under subsection (b)(1), including a description of any security vulnerabilities associated with such component;

(2) a description of the supply chain risk framework developed under subsection (b)(2);

(3) any recommendations for the inclusion of companies on the list described in subsection (b)(2)(C); and

(4) the full strategy developed under subsection (b)(3).

(d) **FORM.**—The report required under subsection (c) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(e) **COVERED FOREIGN COUNTRY DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “covered foreign country” has the meaning given that term in section 848(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 10 U.S.C. 4871 note).

SEC. 163. POLICY ON QUALIFICATIONS OF CONTRACTORS FOR INTO-PLANE FUEL DELIVERIES FOR HEAVY-LIFT AIRCRAFT.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT OF POLICY.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency shall develop and implement a policy pursuant to which acquisition planning shall be performed for any contract pro-

viding for the into-plane procurement for heavy-lift aircraft of an estimated 5,000,000 gallons or more of aviation fuel per year within the continental United States.

(b) **USE OF EVALUATION FACTORS.**—As part of the acquisition planning required under subsection (a), the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency shall determine whether to use evaluation factors to assess the qualifications of fixed-based operators bidding on contracts described in such subsection. In the event the Director determines it is appropriate to use such evaluation factors, the factors may include the following:

(1) Whether the fixed-base operator is able to maintain sufficient onsite fuel storage.

(2) Whether the fixed-base operator's total number of employees is sufficient to service military customers.

(3) Whether the fixed-based operator is capable of performing a sufficient range of cargo on-load, off-load, and handling operations, including for dangerous goods and cargo, for military aircraft of all sizes.

(4) Whether the fixed-based operator has acceptable past performance history on similar procurements.

(5) Any other factors the Director determines appropriate.

(c) **CONSULTATION.**—The Director of the Defense Logistics Agency shall, as appropriate, consult with appropriate personnel of the military departments in developing mission requirements at commercial airports for purposes of the acquisition planning required under subsection (a).

(d) **HEAVY-LIFT AIRCRAFT DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “heavy-lift aircraft” means an aircraft with a maximum gross take-off weight in excess of 107,000 pounds.

SEC. 164. PROHIBITION ON OPERATION, PROCUREMENT, AND CONTRACTING RELATED TO FOREIGN-MADE LIGHT DETECTION AND RANGING TECHNOLOGY.

(a) **PROHIBITION ON AGENCY OPERATION OR PROCUREMENT.**—The Secretary of Defense shall not operate or enter into or renew a contract for the procurement of—

(1) a covered light detection and ranging technology (referred to in this section as “LiDAR technology”) that—

(A) is manufactured in a covered foreign country or by an entity domiciled in a covered foreign country;

(B) uses operating software developed in a covered foreign country or by an entity domiciled in a covered foreign country; or

(C) uses network connectivity or data storage located in or administered by an entity domiciled in a covered foreign country; or

(2) a system or systems that incorporates, interfaces with, or otherwise uses LiDAR technology as described in paragraph (1).

(b) **EXEMPTION.**—The prohibition under subsection (a) shall not apply if the operation, procurement, or contracting action is for the purposes of intelligence, electronic warfare, and information warfare operations, testing, analysis, and training.

(c) **WAIVER.**—The Secretary of Defense may waive the prohibition under subsection (a) on a case-by-case basis if the Secretary cer-

tifies, in writing, to the congressional defense committees that the operation, procurement, or contracting action is required in the national interest of the United States.

(d) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The prohibition under section (a) shall take effect on June 30, 2026.

(e) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) The term “covered foreign country” means any of the following:

- (A) The People’s Republic of China.
- (B) The Islamic Republic of Iran.
- (C) The Democratic People’s Republic of North Korea.
- (D) The Russian Federation.

(2) The term “covered LiDAR company” means any of the following:

(A) Hesai Technology (or any subsidiary or affiliate of Hesai Technology).

(B) Any entity that produces or provides LiDAR and that is included on—

(i) the Consolidated Screening List maintained by the International Trade Administration of the Department of Commerce; or

(ii) the civil-military fusion list maintained under section 1260h of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 113 note).

(C) Any entity that produces or provides LiDAR and that—

(i) is domiciled in a covered foreign country; or

(ii) is subject to unmitigated foreign ownership, control or influence by a covered foreign country, as determined by the Secretary of Defense in accordance with the National Industrial Security Program or any successor to such program.

(3) The term “covered LiDAR technology” means LiDAR technology and any related services and equipment manufactured by a covered LiDAR company.

(4) The terms “light detection and ranging” and “LiDAR” mean a sensor that emits light, often in the form of a pulsed or modulated laser, and scans or flashes the environment to detect and measure the range of its surroundings.

SEC. 165. LIMITATION ON PROCUREMENT OF F-35 AIRCRAFT PENDING CERTIFICATION ON IMPROVEMENTS AND CORRECTION OF DEFICIENCIES.

(a) **LIMITATION.**—The Secretary of Defense may not accept or take delivery of covered F-35 aircraft in excess of the maximum quantities specified in subsection (c) until the date on which the Secretary certifies to the congressional defense committees that the Secretary is in compliance with each of the following requirements:

(1) The Secretary has submitted to Congress (in accordance with subsection (b)) and is implementing a plan, with appropriate actions and milestones, to develop and field F-35 aircraft and mission systems digital-twin models across the F-35 enterprise.

(2) The Secretary has submitted to Congress (in accordance with subsection (b)) and is implementing a plan, with appropriate actions and milestones, to procure at least one new cooperative avionics flying test bed aircraft for the F-35 enterprise.

(3) The Secretary has submitted to Congress (in accordance with subsection (b)) and is implementing a plan, with appropriate actions and milestones, to procure and construct a new F-35 mission software integration laboratory to enable concurrent testing of TR-2 and TR-3 mission system hardware, software, and any existing or new F-35 capabilities.

(4) The Secretary has submitted to Congress (in accordance with subsection (b)) and is implementing a plan of corrective actions and milestones to resolve all deficiencies and recommendations identified in the 2024 F-35 Initial Operational Testing and Evaluation report submitted to Congress by the Director of Operational Testing and Evaluation.

(5) The Secretary has submitted to Congress (in accordance with subsection (b)) and is implementing a plan of corrective actions and milestones to minimize F-35 new aircraft production interruptions and resolve all programmatic deficiencies associated with the new F-35 mission system radar hardware and software related to the development, testing, acceptance, certification, production, and fielding of the radar as identified by the Director of the F-35 Joint Program Office.

(6) The Secretary has submitted to Congress (in accordance with subsection (b)) and is implementing a plan of corrective actions and milestones to resolve all deficiencies and recommendations identified in the report of the F-35 software Independent Review Team commissioned by the Secretary of the Air Force and the Director of the F-35 Joint Program Office.

(7) The Secretary has submitted to Congress (in accordance with subsection (b)) and is implementing a corrective action plan with appropriate actions, milestones, necessary technical data and other resources, and metrics for measuring improvements, to address long-standing sustainment challenges and improve fleetwide mission capable and full mission capable rates for F-35 aircraft. At a minimum, such plan shall provide for—

(A) completing the set-up of military service depots and attaining the required production capacity;

(B) addressing and mitigating corrosion, particularly in all F-35 variants, including the necessary parts, equipment, technical data, and any necessary adjustments to squadron staffing to effectively conduct corrosion inspections and work;

(C) improving the visibility and availability of assets and parts that detract from mission capable rates; and

(D) developing mechanisms to surge supply support for the air vehicle and engine and ensure continuity of F-35 logistics and operations in contested environments.

(8) The Secretary has submitted all plans and corrective action plans described in paragraphs (1) through (7) to the con-

gressional defense committees as required under subsection (b).

(9) The Secretary has met the requirements of subsections (b)(5) and (c) of section 226 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 196) and has submitted all documentation required to be submitted to Congress pursuant to such subsections.

(b) SUBMITTAL OF PLANS TO CONGRESS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees all plans and corrective action plans described in paragraphs (1) through (7) of subsection (a).

(2) ELEMENTS.—Each plan submitted under paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) an estimate of the total amount of funds required to complete implementation of the plan;

(B) realistic, event-driven schedules to achieve the objectives of the plan; and

(C) a schedule risk assessment to a minimum of 80 percent confidence level.

(3) FORM.—Each plan described in paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain a classified annex.

(c) MAXIMUM QUANTITIES.—The maximum quantities of covered F–35 aircraft specified in this subsection are the following:

(1) Thirty F–35A aircraft.

(2) Nine F–35B aircraft.

(3) Nine F–35C aircraft.

(d) ANNUAL REPORTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than April 1, 2025, and on an annual basis thereafter for the following five years, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes a comprehensive update on all plans that—

(A) were developed pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (7) of subsection (a); and

(B) are being implemented by the Secretary as of the date of the report.

(2) FORM.—Each report under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classified annex.

(e) COVERED F–35 AIRCRAFT DEFINED.—In this section, the term “covered F–35” aircraft means new production F–35 aircraft—

(1) that are authorized to be procured using funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the Department of Defense; and

(2) the procurement of which is fully funded by the United States.

SEC. 166. ASSESSMENTS OF INVENTORY REQUIREMENTS FOR AIR-TO-AIR MISSILES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Air Force and the Secretary of the Navy, in coordination with the commanders of the combatant commands, shall jointly assess the sufficiency of established inventory requirements for air-to-air missiles.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary of the Air Force and the Secretary of the Navy shall jointly—

(1) assess planned deliveries of air-to-air missiles through 2029 and the total available missiles by type in each year through 2029;

(2) assess combined requirements for air-to-air missiles to support operational plans of the United States Central Command, the United States Indo-Pacific Command, the United States Northern Command, and the United States European Command, at low, medium, and high risk;

(3) consider emerging requirements for surface-to-air defense and collaborative combat aircraft and how those additional missions will affect inventory requirements for air-to-air missiles;

(4) consider the sufficiency of planned acquisition for air-to-air missiles through 2029 to meet operational requirements;

(5) consider whether continuing production of the advanced medium-range air-to-air missile program of record through 2029 would enhance available inventories of air-to-air missiles; and

(6) develop recommendations to adjust the planned mix of missiles, including an assessment of whether extending the range or capability of existing air-to-air missiles would better support combined combatant command requirements at medium risk.

(c) **REPORT.**—Following the completion of the assessment required under subsection (a), but not later than April 1, 2025, the Secretary of the Air Force and the Secretary of the Navy shall jointly submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the results of the assessment, which shall include a summary of the results of the assessment with respect to each element specified in subsection (b).

(d) **FORM OF REPORT.**—The report required under subsection (c) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 167. PLAN FOR SIGNALS INTELLIGENCE CAPABILITIES OF ARMED OVERWATCH AIRCRAFT.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict and the Commander of the United States Special Operations Command shall jointly submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for integrating signals intelligence capabilities on fielded armed overwatch aircraft.

(b) **PLAN REQUIREMENTS.**—At a minimum, the plan required by subsection (a) shall—

(1) define the signals intelligence requirements for armed overwatch aircraft, including the required signals intelligence capabilities and the number of aircraft to be equipped with such capabilities;

(2) articulate the resources necessary by fiscal year to fulfill the requirements described in paragraph (1); and

(3) include any other matters the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict and

the Commander of the United States Special Operations Command consider relevant.

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations.

Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations

- Sec. 211. Modification of certain requirements relating to the Joint Energetics Transition Office.
- Sec. 212. Modification to annual report on unfunded priorities of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.
- Sec. 213. Modification to defense laboratory education partnerships.
- Sec. 214. Extension of Global Research Watch Program.
- Sec. 215. Expansion of authority for technology protection features activities.
- Sec. 216. Modification to personnel management authority to attract experts in science, engineering, and certain other disciplines.
- Sec. 217. Codification of the Laboratory Quality Enhancement Program.
- Sec. 218. Modification to consortium on use of additive manufacturing for defense capability development.
- Sec. 219. Modification to continuous capability development and delivery program for F-35 aircraft.
- Sec. 220. Modifications to test program for engineering plant of DDG(X) destroyer vessels.
- Sec. 221. Improvements relating to defining, identifying, and planning the artificial intelligence workforce of the Department of Defense.
- Sec. 222. Modification to artificial intelligence education strategy.
- Sec. 223. Modification of CVN-73 to support fielding of MQ-25 unmanned aerial vehicle.
- Sec. 224. Modification to innovators information repository in the Department of Defense.
- Sec. 225. Duties of Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer Governing Council relating to artificial intelligence models and advanced artificial intelligence technologies.
- Sec. 226. Ensuring compliance with Department of Defense policy when awarding research grants.
- Sec. 227. Extension and modification of Directed Energy Working Group.
- Sec. 228. National Defense Economic Competition Research Council.
- Sec. 229. Agility Prime Transition Working Group.
- Sec. 230. Authority for temporary assignment of employees of the Office of Strategic Capital to certain private-sector organizations.
- Sec. 231. Quantum benchmarking initiative.
- Sec. 232. Expansion of participation in the Digital On-Demand Program.
- Sec. 233. Management and utilization of digital data to enhance maintenance activities.
- Sec. 234. Electromagnetic spectrum demonstration program.
- Sec. 235. Competitive demonstration of automated target recognition algorithms.
- Sec. 236. Pilot program on development of near-term use cases and demonstration of artificial intelligence toward biotechnology applications for national security.
- Sec. 237. Pilot program on use of artificial intelligence for certain workflow and operations tasks.
- Sec. 238. Limitation on availability of funds for fundamental research collaboration with certain academic institutions.

Subtitle C—Plans, Reports, and Other Matters

- Sec. 241. Incorporating human readiness levels into research, development, test, and evaluation activities.
- Sec. 242. Biotechnology roadmap.
- Sec. 243. Plan to advance interests of Department of Defense in matters relating to electromagnetic spectrum in international fora.

- Sec. 244. Strategic plan for quantum information science technologies within the Department of Defense.
- Sec. 245. Defense Science Board study on long-term operations and availability of Kwajalein Atoll as a Major Range and Test Facility Base.

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 for the use of the Department of Defense for research, development, test, and evaluation, as specified in the funding table in section 4201.

Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations

SEC. 211. MODIFICATION OF CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO THE JOINT ENERGETICS TRANSITION OFFICE.

Subsection (d) of section 148 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(d) BUDGETING AND FUNDING REQUIREMENTS.—

“(1) The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the Office is budgeted for and funded in a manner sufficient to ensure the Office has the staff and other resources necessary to effectively carry out the responsibilities specified in subsection (c).

“(2) In the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the Department of Defense budget for fiscal year 2027 and each fiscal year thereafter (as submitted with the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31), the Secretary of Defense shall include a dedicated budget line item for the implementation of subsection (a) and for the testing and evaluation of energetic materials and technologies by the Office.”.

SEC. 212. MODIFICATION TO ANNUAL REPORT ON UNFUNDED PRIORITIES OF THE UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR RESEARCH AND ENGINEERING.

The second section 222e of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking “the Secretary of Defense shall” and inserting “the Secretary of Defense, after coordinating with the Secretaries of the military departments, shall”; and

(2) in subsection (e)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) in the case of a military construction project, has reached 35 percent design.”.

SEC. 213. MODIFICATION TO DEFENSE LABORATORY EDUCATION PARTNERSHIPS.

Section 2194(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (6), by striking “and” at the end;
- (2) in paragraph (7), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
“(8) entering into new and separate contracts or cooperative agreements with, or making grants to, the institution to provide financial assistance for activities conducted under such partnership agreement.”.

SEC. 214. EXTENSION OF GLOBAL RESEARCH WATCH PROGRAM.

Section 4066(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “September 30, 2025” and inserting “September 30, 2035”.

SEC. 215. EXPANSION OF AUTHORITY FOR TECHNOLOGY PROTECTION FEATURES ACTIVITIES.

(a) **EXPANSION OF AUTHORITY.**—Subsection (a) of section 4067 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “during the research and development phase of such system” and inserting “to increase ally and partner military capability or improve coalition interoperability”.

(b) **COST-SHARING.**—Subsection (b) of such section is amended—

- (1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3);
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) Any contract for the design or development of an exportability feature of a system resulting from activities under subsection (a) for the purpose of enhancing or enabling the exportability of the system shall include a cost-sharing provision that requires the contractor to bear half of the cost of such activities, or such other portion of such cost as the Secretary considers appropriate upon showing of good cause.”; and

- (3) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated—
 - (A) by inserting “or (2)” after “paragraph (1)”;
 - (B) by inserting “or exportability feature” after “with respect to a designated system”; and
 - (C) in subparagraph (A), by inserting “in the case of a designated system,” before “the”.

SEC. 216. MODIFICATION TO PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY TO ATTRACT EXPERTS IN SCIENCE, ENGINEERING, AND CERTAIN OTHER DISCIPLINES.

Section 4092 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in the section heading, by striking “**science and engineering**” and inserting “**science, engineering, and certain other disciplines**”;

(2) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(11) **OFFICE OF STRATEGIC CAPITAL.**—The Director of the Office of Strategic Capital may carry out a program of personnel management authority provided in subsection (b) in order to facilitate recruitment of eminent experts in finance and investment for the Office.”; and

- (3) in subsection (b)—
 - (A) in paragraph (1)—
 - (i) in subparagraph (D), by striking “5 scientific and engineering positions in the Office” and inserting “20

scientific and engineering positions in the Office, of which not more than 5 such positions may be positions of administration or management of the Office”;

(ii) in subparagraph (E) by striking “5 scientific and engineering positions in the Unit” and inserting “35 scientific and engineering positions in the Unit, of which not more than 5 such positions may be positions of administration or management of the Unit”;

(iii) in subparagraph (H), by striking “15” and inserting “25”;

(iv) in subparagraph (I), by striking “and” at the end;

(v) in subparagraph (J), by adding “and” at the end; and

(vi) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(K) in the case of the Office of Strategic Capital, appoint individuals to a total of not more than 30 positions in the Office;” and

(B) in paragraph (2), by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:

“(A) in the case of employees appointed pursuant to subparagraphs (B), (D), (E), (H), and (K) of paragraph (1), at a rate to be determined by the head of the organization concerned up to 150 percent of the total annual compensation payable to the Vice President under section 104 of title 3;”.

SEC. 217. CODIFICATION OF THE LABORATORY QUALITY ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter III of chapter 303 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 4128. Laboratory Quality Enhancement Program

“(a) PROGRAM REQUIRED.—(1) The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, shall carry out a program under which the Secretary shall establish the panels described in subsection (b) and direct such panels—

“(A) to review and make recommendations to the Secretary with respect to—

“(i) existing policies and practices affecting the science and technology reinvention laboratories to improve the mission effectiveness of such laboratories;

“(ii) new initiatives proposed by the science and technology reinvention laboratories; and

“(iii) new interpretations of existing provisions of law that would enhance the ability of a director of a science and technology reinvention laboratory to manage the laboratory and discharge the mission of the laboratory;

“(B) to support implementation of current and future initiatives affecting the science and technology reinvention laboratories; and

“(C) to conduct assessments or data analysis on the effectiveness of the authorities granted to the science and technology reinvention laboratories and such other issues as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.

“(2) The program carried out pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be known as the ‘Laboratory Quality Enhancement Program’.

“(b) PANELS.—The panels described in this subsection are the following:

“(1) A panel on personnel, workforce development, and talent management.

“(2) A panel on facilities, equipment, and infrastructure.

“(3) A panel on research strategy, technology transfer, and industry and university partnerships.

“(4) A panel on governance and oversight processes.

“(c) COMPOSITION OF PANELS.—(1) Each panel described in paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (b) may be composed of subject matter and technical management experts from—

“(A) laboratories and research centers of the Army, Navy, and Air Force;

“(B) appropriate Defense Agencies;

“(C) the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering; and

“(D) such other entities as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.

“(2) The panel described in subsection (b)(4) shall be composed of—

“(A) at least one member from each of the science and technology reinvention laboratories; and

“(B) such other members as the Secretary determines to be appropriate.

“(d) GOVERNANCE OF PANELS.—(1) The chairperson of each panel established pursuant to subsection (a) shall be selected by the members of the respective panel.

“(2) Each panel, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, shall transmit to the Science and Technology Executive Committee of the Department of Defense such information or findings on topics requiring decision or approval as the panel considers appropriate.

“(e) INTERPRETATION OF PROVISIONS OF LAW.—(1) The Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, acting under the guidance of the Secretary, shall issue regulations regarding the meaning, scope, implementation, and applicability of any provision of a statute relating to a science and technology reinvention laboratory.

“(2) In interpreting or defining under paragraph (1), the Under Secretary shall, to the degree practicable, emphasize providing the maximum operational flexibility to the directors of the science and technology reinvention laboratories to discharge the missions of their laboratories.

“(3) In interpreting or defining under paragraph (1), the Under Secretary shall, to the extent practicable, consult and coordinate with the secretaries of the military departments and such other agencies or entities as the Under Secretary considers relevant on any proposed revision to regulations under paragraph (1).

“(4) In interpreting or defining under paragraph (1), the Under Secretary shall seek recommendations from the panel described in subsection (b)(4).

“(f) SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY REINVENTION LABORATORY DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘science and technology reinvention laboratory’ means a Department of Defense laboratory designated as a Department of Defense science and technology reinvention laboratory under section 4121 of this title.”.

(b) CONFORMING REPEAL.—Section 211 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4121) is repealed.

SEC. 218. MODIFICATION TO CONSORTIUM ON USE OF ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING FOR DEFENSE CAPABILITY DEVELOPMENT.

Section 223(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 4841 note) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (5), by striking “and” at the end;
- (2) in paragraph (6), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(7) develop a process to certify new materials and processes for fabricating flight critical parts and initiate planning for a rapidly deployable additive manufacturing system that is capable of fabricating replacement safety-critical parts for military aircraft and unmanned aerial vehicles in environments where access to traditionally manufactured replacement parts is severely restricted.”.

SEC. 219. MODIFICATION TO CONTINUOUS CAPABILITY DEVELOPMENT AND DELIVERY PROGRAM FOR F-35 AIRCRAFT.

Section 225(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 195) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1), by striking “designate two F–35A aircraft, two F–35B aircraft, and two F–35C aircraft” and inserting “designate a total of not fewer than nine F–35A, F–35B, or F–35C aircraft”; and
- (2) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking “Lot 19” and inserting “Lot 18”.

SEC. 220. MODIFICATIONS TO TEST PROGRAM FOR ENGINEERING PLANT OF DDG(X) DESTROYER VESSELS.

Section 221 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 1599) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following new sentence: “A minimum of two motor technologies with comparable efficiency, weight, and space characteristics that provide minimum of 40 megawatts of reserve power, in excess of propulsion and ship service at patrol speed, shall be tested in full scale to mitigate program risk and provide sufficient competition prior to down selecting to a class decision.”;
- (2) in subsection (c), by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following new paragraph (1):

“(1) Two electrical propulsion motor technologies.”; and

(3) in subsection (d)(1), by inserting “that incorporates two propulsion motor technology options” before the period at the end.

SEC. 221. IMPROVEMENTS RELATING TO DEFINING, IDENTIFYING, AND PLANNING THE ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE WORKFORCE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) **APPOINTMENT OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL.**—Section 230 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 501) is amended by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:

“(c) **RESPONSIBILITY.**—

“(1) **APPOINTMENT OF OFFICER.**—Not later than April 30, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall appoint a civilian official responsible for the development and implementation of the policy and implementation plan set forth in subsections (a) and (b), respectively. The official shall be known as the ‘Chief Digital Engineering Recruitment and Management Officer of the Department of Defense’.

“(2) **ADDITIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES.**—In addition to the responsibilities specified in paragraph (1), the Officer appointed under such paragraph shall—

“(A) fully define and identify the artificial intelligence workforce of the Department of Defense, including by—

“(i) clarifying the roles and responsibilities of the artificial intelligence workforce and the relationship between the artificial intelligence workforce and the overall Department of Defense innovation workforce and digital workforce;

“(ii) coding artificial intelligence workforce roles in workforce data systems; and

“(iii) developing a qualification program for artificial intelligence workforce roles; and

“(B) update the Department of Defense Human Capital Operating Plan to be consistent with the Strategic Management Plan of the Department and the Annual Performance Plan of the Department relating to artificial intelligence workforce issues, including—

“(i) addressing the human capital implementation actions planned to support the strategic goals and priorities identified in the Agency Strategic Plan and Annual Performance Plan; and

“(ii) ensuring the use of consistent artificial intelligence terminology.

“(3) **EXPIRATION OF APPOINTMENT.**—The appointment of the Officer under paragraph (1) shall expire on September 30, 2030.”

(b) **DIGITAL ENGINEERING IMPLEMENTATION PLAN UPDATE.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report that includes an update on any activities carried out in accordance with the implementation plan required under section 230(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 501).

(c) BRIEFING.—Not later than 240 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on—

(1) the positions included in the artificial intelligence workforce of the Department as of the date of the briefing;

(2) any positions not identified under paragraph (1) that should be included in the artificial intelligence workforce of the Department;

(3) which positions require Department of Defense personnel with artificial intelligence skills;

(4) the current state of the artificial intelligence workforce of the Department as of the date of the briefing; and

(5) planned or proposed future requirements for the artificial intelligence workforce of the Department.

SEC. 222. MODIFICATION TO ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE EDUCATION STRATEGY.

Section 256 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 133 Stat. 1290) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING EDUCATION PLATFORMS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, shall—

“(A) develop a set of distance education courses on—

“(i) the foundational concepts of artificial intelligence and machine learning; and

“(ii) the responsible and ethical design, development, acquisition and procurement, deployment, and use of artificial intelligence and machine learning applications; and

“(B) make such courses available to members of the Armed Forces.

“(2) REPORT.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the progress of the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer in implementing paragraph (1).”.

SEC. 223. MODIFICATION OF CVN-73 TO SUPPORT FIELDING OF MQ-25 UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE.

Section 219 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 1680) is amended by striking “shall” and all that follows and inserting “shall modify the compartments and infrastructure of the aircraft carrier designated CVN-73 to support the fielding of the MQ-25 unmanned aerial vehicle before the planned deployment date of such vehicle.”.

**SEC. 224. MODIFICATION TO INNOVATORS INFORMATION REPOSITORY
IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.**

Section 220 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. 4061 note prec.) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by inserting “Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Office, the Defense Innovation Unit, and the” before “Defense Technical Information Center”;

(2) in subsection (b), by inserting “in accordance with subsection (e)” before the period at the end;

(3) in subsection (c)—

(A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:

“(1) be coordinated across the Department of Defense to focus on small business concerns (as defined in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632), including—

“(A) participants in the Small Business Innovation Research Program or the Small Business Technology Transfer Program established under section 9 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638);

“(B) participants in the pilot program established under section 834 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 or the Rapid Defense Experimentation Reserve of the Department of Defense; and

“(C) small business concerns that are nontraditional defense contractors (as defined in section 3014 of title 10, United States Code) that work with research, innovation, and advanced project entities;” and

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) in subparagraph (C), by striking “and” at the end;

(ii) in subparagraph (D), by striking “and” at the end; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:

“(E) the date of the initial award to the participant from the Department of Defense; and

“(F) the dates of any additional awards made to the participant by the Department of Defense, including the dates of any contracts or other agreements entered into between the participant the Department of Defense; and”; and

(4) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) UPDATES REQUIRED.—Not less frequently than once each fiscal quarter and subject to the availability of appropriations, the head of the Defense Technical Information Center, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, shall update the innovators information repository established under this section.”.

**SEC. 225. DUTIES OF CHIEF DIGITAL AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
OFFICER GOVERNING COUNCIL RELATING TO ARTIFICIAL
INTELLIGENCE MODELS AND ADVANCED ARTIFICIAL IN-
TELLIGENCE TECHNOLOGIES.**

Section 238(d)(3)(E) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4061) is amended—

(1) by redesignating clause (x) as clause (xi); and

(2) by inserting after clause (ix) the following new clause (x):

“(x) With respect to artificial intelligence models and advanced artificial intelligence technologies—

“(I) to identify and assess artificial intelligence models and advanced artificial intelligence technologies that could pose a national security risk if accessed by an adversary of the United States;

“(II) to develop strategies to prevent unauthorized access and usage of potent artificial intelligence models by countries that are adversaries of the United States; and

“(III) to make recommendations to Congress and relevant Federal agencies for legislative or administrative action in the field of artificial intelligence.”.

SEC. 226. ENSURING COMPLIANCE WITH DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE POLICY WHEN AWARDING RESEARCH GRANTS.

Section 1286 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (d)(1)(B), by striking “subsection (g)” and inserting “subsection (h)”;

(2) by redesignating subsections (e) through (h) as subsections (f) through (i), respectively;

(3) by inserting after subsection (d) the following new subsection (e):

“(e) ANNUAL REVIEWS REQUIRED.—Not later than March 30, 2025, and not later than March 30 of each year thereafter—

“(1) each head of a Department of Defense component that awards grants for research shall carry out a review of a representative sample of the research grants awarded by the respective component in the previous fiscal year to ensure that the component is awarding grants in compliance with the applicable policies of the Department of Defense; and

“(2) the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering shall carry out a separate review of a representative sample of the research grants awarded by such components in the previous fiscal year.”; and

(4) in subsection (f), as redesignated by paragraph (1)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “and on the periodic reviews conducted pursuant to subsection (e)” after “by subsection (a)”; and

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) through (G) as clauses (i) through (vii), respectively, and indenting such clauses two ems to the right;

(ii) by inserting before clause (i), as redesignated by clause (i) of this subparagraph, the following new subparagraph (A):

“(A) With respect to the activities carried out under the initiative required by subsection (a), the following:”; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(B) With respect to the periodic reviews conducted pursuant to subsection (e), the following:

“(i) The total number of research grants awarded by the Department in the fiscal year covered by the reviews.

“(ii) The number of reviews carried out pursuant to subsection (e)(1).

“(iii) The number of reviews carried out pursuant to subsection (e)(2).

“(iv) A description of the processes by which the heads of the components described in paragraph (1) of subsection (e) and the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering conducted the reviews under such subsection.

“(v) An assessment of issues identified during the reviews carried out under subsection (e), including a list of grants that were identified as having not been awarded in compliance with applicable policies of the Department of Defense.”.

SEC. 227. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF DIRECTED ENERGY WORKING GROUP.

Section 219(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (6), by adding at the end the following: “Each such briefing shall include—

“(A) for each organization and element of the Department carrying out work related to directed energy capabilities, cost data and associated program elements for each fiscal year across the period covered by the most recent future-years defense program submitted to Congress under section 221 of title 10, United States Code (as of the time of the briefing); and

“(B) information on any enabling work that supports such capabilities, including—

“(i) vehicle or software integration and testing;

“(ii) command, control and targeting architectures;

“(iii) supporting infrastructure requirements; and

“(iv) workforce training.”; and

(2) in paragraph (7), by striking “4 years” and inserting “9 years”.

SEC. 228. NATIONAL DEFENSE ECONOMIC COMPETITION RESEARCH COUNCIL.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF COUNCIL.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a council to identify, evaluate, and coordinate existing research efforts, or propose new research topics, relating to economic competition activities, such as economic coercion, manipulation, or other uses of economic power to undermine the national defense strategy of the United States and the partners and allies of the United States.

(2) DESIGNATION.—The council established pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be known as the “National Defense Economic Competition Research Council” (referred to in this section as the “Council”).

(b) CHARTER AND MISSION.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue a charter for the Council with a mission that includes the following:

(1) Conducting analysis of ongoing or proposed government and academic research relating to economic competition.

(2) Making proposals for new areas of research to increase understanding of adversarial uses of economic tools in support of military objectives to improve understanding of threats, vulnerabilities, and defensive options to mitigate such threats and vulnerabilities.

(3) Informing the tools available to the Department of Defense to defend against such economic competition, coercion and manipulation activities, including the use of adversarial capital to acquire technology, real estate, or other infrastructure, or to preemptively deny access by the United States.

(4) Assessing current data needs or shortfalls impairing understanding of threats and vulnerabilities relating to economic competition.

(5) Convening groups, which may include academic institutions, nonprofit organizations, commercial entities, other departments and agencies of the Federal Government, and international partners, to better understand regional requirements or inform the understanding of regional partners on the threats and vulnerabilities relating to military objectives as a result of increasing economic competition.

(6) Carrying out such other activities relating to economic competition as the Secretary deems appropriate.

(c) PARTICIPANTS.—

(1) CO-CHAIRS.—The co-chairs of the Council shall be the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy, the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, and the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment.

(2) IN GENERAL.—The co-chairs of the Council shall ensure that the Council includes participation from each of the following:

(A) The Office of Commercial and Economic Assessment of the Air Force.

(B) The Office of Expanded Competition.

(C) The Office of Strategic Capital.

(D) The Defense Innovation Unit.

(E) The Strategic Capabilities Office.

(F) The Joint Warfighting Analysis Center (JWAC).

(G) The Office of Global Economic and Investment Security under the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy.

(H) The Office of Naval Research, including ONR-Global.

(I) The Army Research Office.

(J) The Air Force Office of Scientific Research.

(K) The Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency.

(L) The Office of Strategic Intelligence and Analysis under the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.

(M) The program office of the Minerva Research Initiative.

(N) Other relevant organizations as determined by the Secretary of Defense.

(d) INPUT FROM THE JOINT STAFF AND COMBATANT COMMANDS.—The Council shall regularly solicit input from the Joint Staff and combatant commands on needs, problem statements, or other topics relating to economic competition activities described in subsection (a)(1) affecting their areas of responsibility.

(e) TERMINATION.—The Council shall terminate on December 31, 2035.

SEC. 229. AGILITY PRIME TRANSITION WORKING GROUP.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering and the Director of the Defense Innovation Unit, shall establish a working group to be known as the “Agility Prime Transition Working Group” (referred to in this section as the “Working Group”).

(b) DUTIES.—The duties of the Working Group shall include the following:

(1) To develop and implement a strategy to transition capabilities developed under the Agility Prime program of the Air Force to program executive offices of the covered Armed Forces, as appropriate.

(2) To provide a forum for members of the Working Group to coordinate activities relating to hybrid and electric vertical takeoff and landing capabilities developed under the Agility Prime program, including—

(A) research, development, testing, and evaluation activities;

(B) demonstration activities; and

(C) activities to transition such capabilities from the research and development phase into operational use within the covered Armed Forces, as appropriate.

(3) To identify programs, projects, activities, and requirements of the covered Armed Forces that may be supported by technologies and capabilities developed under the Agility Prime program, including hybrid and electric vertical takeoff and landing aircraft, advanced air mobility platforms, autonomous flight capabilities, test and evaluation software, and related technologies.

(4) To identify requirements of the combatant commands and the covered Armed Forces that align with previous, ongoing, or planned efforts under the Agility Prime program.

(5) To assess whether previous, ongoing, or planned efforts under the Agility Prime program and other vertical take off and landing aircraft capability development efforts align with other current, planned, or future acquisition programs of the covered Armed Forces.

(6) Identify any changes to doctrine, organization, training, materiel, leadership, personnel, facilities, and policy (commonly known as “DOTMLPF-P”) required to successfully integrate

hybrid and electric vertical takeoff and landing aircraft platforms into future force design.

(7) To assist the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment in preparing the reports required under subsection (g).

(c) MEMBERSHIP.—The Working Group shall be composed of representatives from the following organizations:

(1) The Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment.

(2) The military departments.

(3) The Joint Chiefs of Staff.

(4) The Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.

(5) The Defense Innovation Unit.

(6) The Office of Strategic Capital.

(7) The United States Special Operations Command.

(8) The United States Transportation Command.

(9) Such other organizations and elements of the Department of Defense as the Chairperson of the Working Group determines appropriate.

(d) CHAIRPERSON.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, or the designee of the Under Secretary, shall serve as the Chairperson of the Working Group.

(e) MEETINGS.—The Working Group shall meet not less frequently than twice each year at the call of the Chairperson.

(f) TERMINATION.—The working group shall terminate on September 30, 2027.

(g) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Not later than September 30, 2025, and not later than September 30 of each year thereafter through 2027, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the efforts of the Working Group. Each report shall include, with respect to the year covered by the report, information on—

(1) any funding under the categories of research, development, test, and evaluation, procurement, or operation and maintenance that is expected to be used for further development or procurement of hybrid and electric vertical takeoff and landing capabilities in the fiscal year of the report and the in the following fiscal year;

(2) any planned transitions of hybrid and electric vertical takeoff and landing technologies to—

(A) acquisition programs of the covered Armed Forces; or

(B) research, development, test, and evaluation programs of the covered Armed Forces.

(3) any actions taken by the Working Group;

(4) any milestones achieved by the Working Group; and

(5) such other matters as the Under Secretary determines appropriate.

(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “Agility Prime program” means the program of the Air Force under which the Air Force is developing hybrid and electric vertical takeoff and landing capabilities in collaboration with partners in commercial industry and other sectors.

(2) The term “covered Armed Forces” means the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and Space Force.

SEC. 230. AUTHORITY FOR TEMPORARY ASSIGNMENT OF EMPLOYEES OF THE OFFICE OF STRATEGIC CAPITAL TO CERTAIN PRIVATE-SECTOR ORGANIZATIONS.

(a) **AUTHORIZATION.**—Using the authority provided under section 1599g of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Office of Strategic Capital, may carry out a program under which the Director arranges for the temporary assignment of an employee of the Office to a qualifying private-sector organization.

(b) **OBJECTIVES.**—The objectives of the program under subsection (a) shall be—

(1) to enable the Office of Strategic Capital to rapidly acquire industry-specific context and technical competence across high priority technology and industrial focus areas through immersion in highly relevant emerging technology and business ecosystems across the United States; and

(2) to enhance, among personnel of the Department—

(A) understanding of, connectivity with, and access to knowledge about critical and emerging defense industrial base capabilities; and

(B) understanding of the strategic role that venture capital and private equity operations have in shaping future sustainment and modernization requirements for the defense industrial base.

(c) **MATCHING AND TRACKING CAPABILITIES.**—In carrying out program under subsection (a), the Director of the Office of Strategic Capital shall—

(1) use digital automation and analysis capability to optimize the identification, assessment, and placement of participants within the program, which shall include the ability to match and track private-sector organizations with employees of the Office participating in the program in a manner that aligns the priorities, needs, and expertise of such employees, organizations, and the Office; and

(2) establish a database or other digital automation capability that—

(A) enables the Office to identify and track current and former participants in the program;

(B) documents the nature of the experience such participants had while in the program; and

(C) is suitable for potential development and expansion to other organizations of Department of Defense in the event the Secretary of Defense determines such expansion is appropriate.

(d) **QUALIFYING PRIVATE-SECTOR ORGANIZATION DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “qualifying private-sector organization” means a private-sector organization that has functions and expertise relevant to the responsibilities of the Office of Strategic Capital, which may include organization such as a venture capital firm, private equity firm, or other such organizations as determined appropriated by the Director of the Office.

SEC. 231. QUANTUM BENCHMARKING INITIATIVE.**(a) INITIATIVE REQUIRED.—**

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Director of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency shall establish and carry out an initiative to rapidly expand and support efforts to evaluate concepts, development plans, and prototypes, components, and subsystems needed to develop a utility-scale quantum computing capability available to the Department of Defense.

(2) **DESIGNATION.**—The initiative established pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be known as the “Quantum Benchmarking Initiative” (referred to in this section as the “Initiative”).

(b) ELEMENTS.—The Initiative shall include the following:

(1) Activities to broaden existing efforts of the Department of Defense to verify and validate commercial efforts to design and build utility-scale quantum computers, including through collaboration with key partners in the Air Force Research Laboratory, the Office of Strategic Capital, the Defense Innovation Unit, and such other partners and organizations of the Department of Defense as the Director of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency deems appropriate.

(2) Working with the Office of Strategic Capital to establish regular interactions with the venture capital and finance community to help accelerate commercial efforts to develop concepts, plans, prototypes, components, and subsystems needed to develop viable utility-scale quantum computers.

(3) Working with the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy to connect key performers in fault-tolerant utility-scale quantum computing with support for industrial bases analysis, manufacturing support, and other analysis support to help foster and grow the broader industrial base supporting fault-tolerant utility-scale quantum computing.

(4) Working with the military departments and other components of the Department of Defense to refine use cases for militarily relevant applications of utility-scale quantum computers.

(c) REPEAL OF REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Subsection (c) of section 229 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 1611; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note) is hereby repealed.

SEC. 232. EXPANSION OF PARTICIPATION IN THE DIGITAL ON-DEMAND PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall take such steps as may be necessary—

(1) to expand the availability of the Digital On-Demand Program to—

(A) all organizations and elements of the Department of Defense; and

(B) all members of the Armed Forces and civilian employees of the Department; and

(2) to actively promote the Program throughout the Department.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and on an annual basis thereafter through 2029, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed

Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the progress of the Secretary in expanding and promoting the Digital On-Demand Program as described in subsection (a).

(c) **DIGITAL ON DEMAND PROGRAM DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “Digital On-Demand Program” means the program overseen by the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer pursuant to which educational resources on artificial intelligence, emerging technologies, data literacy, and related topics are made available to personnel of the Department of Defense through a digital platform on an on-demand basis.

SEC. 233. MANAGEMENT AND UTILIZATION OF DIGITAL DATA TO ENHANCE MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES.

(a) **POLICIES REQUIRED.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in consultation with the Secretaries of the military departments and the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense, shall develop and implement policies to manage and utilize data derived from digital data systems for aircraft, ships, and ground vehicles to inform and support maintenance activities conducted with respect to such aircraft, ships, and vehicles.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The policies required by subsection (a) shall include investment in advanced and scalable data infrastructure to efficiently record, transmit, categorize, and otherwise process data generated by digital data systems described in such subsection. Such policies shall—

(1) require development of a strategy to invest in advanced technologies, including automated systems and artificial intelligence, to streamline the process of organizing, indexing, and categorizing data;

(2) require work with vendors to address and resolve limitations imposed by proprietary information and data, including through the adoption of open data and open mission systems approaches;

(3) address data transmission capabilities, such as—

(A) implementing high-speed data transfer technologies;

(B) optimizing network infrastructure; and

(C) developing secure and efficient methods for transmitting mission-critical data between bases;

(4) require central compilation of maintenance data and creation of user interfaces, prioritizing analysis of long-lead components;

(5) require the use of vendor-agnostic, government-owned tagging and interoperable systems, except in cases where there is a compelling reason not to use such systems;

(6) require review of classification policies relating to digital data to ensure that data is appropriately classified without unnecessarily restricting its usability; and

(7) establish protocols for detecting unauthorized access or intrusion into vehicle or platform systems.

(c) **BRIEFING.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on—

- (1) the policies developed under subsection (a); and
- (2) the status of the implementation of such policies.

SEC. 234. ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than November 30, 2025, the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering and the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation, shall complete a demonstration program to assess the viability of using wideband adaptive signal processing technology to support simultaneous transmit and receive signals on the same electromagnetic spectrum frequency band that—

- (1) does not produce harmful interference;
- (2) significantly reduces electromagnetic spectrum guard bands;
- (3) maintains signal quality with respect to latency and throughput; and
- (4) increases electromagnetic spectrum access within the frequency band.

(b) **LOCATION.**—The demonstration program required by subsection (a) shall be conducted at a test and training range of the Department of Defense.

(c) **CONSULTATION.**—In carrying out the demonstration program required by subsection (a), the Chief Information Officer, the Under Secretary, and the Director shall consult with, at a minimum, the following:

- (1) The Joint Staff.
- (2) The military departments and their associated research labs.
- (3) Other Department of Defense organizations and agencies.
- (4) The Federal Communications Commission.
- (5) The National Telecommunications and Information Administration.
- (6) Other Federal agencies.
- (7) Industry and nongovernmental entities.

(d) **AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO CONTRACTS.**—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Chief Information Officer may enter into such contracts or other agreements as the Chief Information Officer considers appropriate to conduct studies and demonstration projects under the demonstration program required by subsection (a).

(e) **BRIEFING ON PLANS FOR PROGRAM.**—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer, the Under Secretary, and the Director shall jointly provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the plans to carry out the demonstration program required by subsection (a).

(f) **PERIODIC ASSESSMENTS OF PROGRAM.**—The Chief Information Officer, the Under Secretary, and the Director shall, periodically, assess the demonstration program required by subsection (a) while the program is being carried out.

(g) **BRIEFING ON COMPLETED PROGRAM.**—Upon completion of the demonstration program required by subsection (a), the Chief Information Officer, the Under Secretary, and the Director shall jointly

provide the congressional defense committees a briefing on their findings with respect to the demonstration program.

SEC. 235. COMPETITIVE DEMONSTRATION OF AUTOMATED TARGET RECOGNITION ALGORITHMS.

(a) **VENUE, PROCESS, AND SCENARIOS.**—Not later than June 1, 2025, the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense, in coordination with appropriate counterparts in the military departments, shall develop a venue and processes, including a specified set of baseline scenarios, for comparative testing of automated target recognition algorithms to evaluate mission efficacy.

(b) **DEMONSTRATION.**—Not later than September 1, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall use the venue developed under subsection (a) to test the mission capability of at least two relevant programs included in the Replicator initiative.

(c) **BRIEFING.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the activities carried out under this section.

SEC. 236. PILOT PROGRAM ON DEVELOPMENT OF NEAR-TERM USE CASES AND DEMONSTRATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TOWARD BIOTECHNOLOGY APPLICATIONS FOR NATIONAL SECURITY.

(a) **PILOT PROGRAM REQUIRED.**—The Secretary of Defense shall carry out a pilot program to develop near-term use cases and demonstrations of artificial intelligence for national security-related biotechnology applications.

(b) **PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS.**—The Secretary of Defense shall carry out the pilot program required by subsection (a) through one or more public-private partnerships entered into for purposes of the pilot program.

(c) **LABORATORY SUPPORT AND INFRASTRUCTURE.**—In support of a public-private partnership entered into under subsection (b), the Secretary of Defense may, on a reimbursable basis, make available—

(1) the facilities and services of a Department of Defense laboratory to perform experimentation for biotechnology applications to aid in the validation of artificial intelligence models; and

(2) computing and data storage infrastructure and capabilities of the Department of Defense.

(d) **DURATION.**—The pilot program required by subsection (a) shall—

(1) commence not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act; and

(2) terminate five years after the date of the on which the program commences under paragraph (1).

(e) **ANNUAL REPORT.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not later than December 1 of every other year thereafter until the termination date specified in subsection (d)(2), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to

the congressional defense committees a report on the pilot program.

(2) CONTENTS.—Each report submitted under paragraph (1) shall include, for the period covered by the report, the following:

(A) An assessment of existing Department of Defense biotechnology-related data resources and how they may be used in the pilot program.

(B) An assessment of required cybersecurity measures for users under the pilot program.

(C) A description of any mechanisms developed for collaboration among different parties associated with projects under the pilot program, including intellectual property agreements, funding agreements, and material transfer agreements.

(D) An assessment of the role that artificial intelligence is playing in developing biotechnology applications for national security purposes, including identification of commercial or academic applications used in the pilot program.

(E) A description of near-term use cases developed under the pilot program for artificial intelligence-enabled biotechnology applications for national security.

(F) A description of planned, ongoing, and completed demonstrations or other pilot programs funded under the pilot program required by subsection (a) or otherwise funded by the Department of Defense.

(G) An assessment of the viability of transitioning technology developed under the pilot program into operational use within the Department, including assessment of—

(i) the resources needed for further development and scaling of such technology; and

(ii) the potential benefits of such technology.

(3) FORM.—Each report under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(f) TRANSITION PLAN.—Not later than one year before the date on which the pilot program terminates under subsection (d)(2), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan that outlines what steps the Department could take to turn the pilot program into an operational program if authorized and funded by Congress to do so. The plan shall include the following:

(1) A transition timeline.

(2) Associated projected annual cost of operating the program.

(3) Additional infrastructure that might be needed, including associated costs.

(4) A descriptive analysis of the relevant technical, engineering and commercial biotechnology ecosystem, including entities within the Department and external stakeholders.

(5) Examples of projects from the pilot phase of the program and their outcomes.

(6) The potential impact to Department capabilities of transitioning the program.

(7) Any other details deemed necessary to include by the Secretary.

SEC. 237. PILOT PROGRAM ON USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE FOR CERTAIN WORKFLOW AND OPERATIONS TASKS.

(a) **PILOT PROGRAM REQUIRED.**—Beginning not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall carry out a pilot program to assess the feasibility and advisability of using artificial intelligence-enabled software to optimize the workflow and operations for—

- (1) depots, shipyards, or other manufacturing facilities run by the Department of Defense; and
- (2) contract administration for the Department, including—
 - (A) the adjudication and review of contracts; and
 - (B) activities related to the Modernization and Analytics Initiative managed by the Defense Contract Management Agency.

(b) **METHOD OF IMPLEMENTATION.**—The Secretary of Defense may carry out subsection (a) through—

- (1) the establishment of a new pilot program; or
- (2) the designation of an existing initiative of the Department of Defense to serve as the pilot program required under such subsection.

(c) **SOFTWARE.**—In carrying out the pilot program required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall—

- (1) use best in breed software platforms;
- (2) consider industry best practices in the selection of software programs;
- (3) implement the program based on human centered design practices to best identify the business needs for improvement; and
- (4) demonstrate connection to enterprise platforms of record with authoritative data sources.

(d) **CONSULTATION.**—In carrying out the activities described in subsection (a)(1) under the pilot program, the Secretary of Defense shall consult with—

- (1) the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment;
- (2) the Secretary of the Army;
- (3) the Secretary of the Navy; and
- (4) the Secretary of the Air Force.

(e) **REPORT.**—Not later than one year after the date of the commencement of the pilot program under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report containing the following information:

- (1) An evaluation of each software platform used in the pilot program.
- (2) An analysis of how workflows and operations were modified as part of the pilot program.
- (3) A quantitative assessment of the impact the software had at each of the locations in which the pilot program was carried out.

SEC. 238. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH COLLABORATION WITH CERTAIN ACADEMIC INSTITUTIONS.

(a) **LIMITATION.**—Except as provided in subsection (b), none of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2025 may be obligated or expended to award a grant or contract to an institution of higher education for the specific purposes of conducting fundamental research in collaboration with a covered entity.

(b) **WAIVER.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Science and Technology may waive the limitation under subsection (a), on a case-by-case basis, with respect to an individual grant or contract for an institution of higher education if the Assistant Secretary determines that such a waiver is in the national security interests of the United States.

(2) **CONGRESSIONAL NOTICE.**—Not later than 30 days after the date on which an award is made by the Department of Defense involving an institution of higher education with respect to which a waiver is made under paragraph (1), the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Science and Technology shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives notice of such waiver.

(c) **REPORT ANNEX.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—On an annual basis, as a classified or controlled unclassified information annex to the annual report required by section 1286(f) of the John S McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note) (as so redesignated by section 226 of this title), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report annex on the compliance of the Department of Defense and institutions of higher education with the requirements of this section.

(2) **CONTENTS.**—Each report annex submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include, for each waiver issued under subsection (b) during the period covered by the report—

(A) a justification for the waiver; and

(B) a detailed description of the type and extent of any collaboration between an institution of higher education and a covered entity allowed pursuant to the waiver, including identification of the institution of higher education and the covered entities involved, the type of technology involved, the duration of the collaboration, and terms and conditions on intellectual property assignment, as applicable, under the collaboration agreement.

(d) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) The term “collaboration” means coordinated activity between an institution of higher education and a covered entity and includes—

(A) sharing of research facilities, resources, or data;

(B) sharing of technical know-how;

(C) any financial or in-kind contribution intended to produce a research product;

(D) sponsorship or facilitation of research fellowships, visas, or residence permits;

(E) joint ventures, partnerships, or other formalized agreements for the purpose of conducting research or sharing resources, data, or technology;

(F) inclusion of researchers as consultants, advisors, or members of advisory or review boards; and

(G) such other activities as may be determined by the Secretary of Defense.

(2) The term “covered entity”—

(A) means an academic institution that is included in the most recently updated list developed pursuant to 1286(c)(9) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note); and

(B) includes any individual employed by such an academic institution.

(3) The term “fundamental research” has the meaning given that term in National Security Decision Directive-189 (NSSD-189), National Policy on the Transfer of Scientific, Technical and Engineering Information, dated September 21, 1985, or any successor document.

(4) The term “institution of higher education” has the meaning given that term in section 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002) and includes—

(A) any department, program, project, faculty, researcher, or other individual, entity, or activity of such institution; and

(B) any branch of such institution within or outside the United States.

Subtitle C—Plans, Reports, and Other Matters

SEC. 241. INCORPORATING HUMAN READINESS LEVELS INTO RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION ACTIVITIES.

(a) **REVIEW.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, shall initiate a review of the ANSI/HFES Standard 400-2021 to determine whether any elements of such standard may be incorporated into relevant Department of Defense procedures and guidance material—

(1) to ensure the safety and effective implementation of technology by ensuring that human readiness levels are adequately aligned with technology readiness levels; and

(2) to reduce the likelihood that technology will be deployed before adequate human factors considerations are incorporated into such technology.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—In carrying out the review required by subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense—

- (1) shall conduct a review of ANSI/HFES Standard 400-2021;
 - (2) shall conduct a preliminary analysis of the human readiness levels of the Department of Defense based on ANSI/HFES Standard 400-2021 to determine whether and to what extent those readiness levels align with the current technology readiness levels of technology used in major research and development programs and major defense acquisition programs (as defined in section 4201 of title 10, United States Code);
 - (3) shall consult with personnel responsible for such programs regarding the effect of incorporating ANSI/HFES Standard 400-2021 with respect to the schedule, cost, and performance of such programs; and
 - (4) may consult with subject matter experts affiliated with the Human Factors and Ergonomics Society.
- (c) BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the progress of the review required by subsection (a).
- (d) DEFINITION.—In this section:
- (1) The term “ANSI/HFES Standard 400-2021” means American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and Human Factors and Ergonomics Society (HFES) Standard 400-2021 (pertaining to human readiness level scale in the system development process).
 - (2) The term “human readiness level” means a measurement system used to evaluate the suitability and usability of a technology for human use.
 - (3) The term “technology readiness level” means a measurement system used to assess the maturity level of a particular technology.

SEC. 242. BIOTECHNOLOGY ROADMAP.

- (a) ROADMAP REQUIRED.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, and the Secretaries of the military departments, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a biotechnology roadmap.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—In the roadmap required by subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall—
- (1) identify the strategic objectives of the Department of Defense relating to biotechnology;
 - (2) for each strategic objective, establish specific goals and milestones for the achievement of such objective, including timelines for meeting such goals and milestones;
 - (3) in the case of each updated version of the roadmap following submittal of the initial roadmap under subsection (a), include—
 - (A) a review of the goals and milestones established under paragraph (2) to ensure such goals and milestones continue to align with strategic objectives under paragraph (1); and

- (B) a description of any goals and milestones that changed as a result of such review;
- (4) identify the biotechnology development needs and priorities for national security applications based on the strategic objectives identified in paragraph (1);
- (5) assess the technology maturity of each priority identified pursuant to paragraph (4);
- (6) describe funding sources for each priority identified pursuant to paragraph (4), including both current sources and sources covered by the future-years defense program submitted to Congress under section 221 of title 10, United States Code;
- (7) provide a plan, timeline, and metrics for research, development, testing, and evaluation activities for the priorities identified pursuant to paragraph (4);
- (8) assess opportunities for rapid acquisition and fielding of biotechnology in support of the priorities identified pursuant to paragraph (4);
- (9) identify and describe the role of each organization of the Department with responsibilities relating to biotechnology under the strategy, including investment priorities for the Office of Strategic Capital and the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency;
- (10) assess the overall risk to the security of the United States of the biotechnology efforts covered by the strategy;
- (11) analyze any requirements of the Federal Government that hinder the ability of the Department to advance and use biotechnology;
- (12) provide for the development and support of the biotechnology workforce of the Department, including personnel with responsibilities relating directly to biotechnology and personnel who indirectly support the biotechnology efforts of the Department such as personnel involved program management, acquisition, investment, and legal matters;
- (13) with respect to the biotechnology workforce described in paragraph (12)—
 - (A) identify the total number of biotechnology positions required to support the objectives of the roadmap—
 - (i) as of the date of the roadmap; and
 - (ii) over the periods of five and 10 years following such date;
 - (B) indicate the number of such positions that have been filled as of the date of the roadmap;
 - (C) describe the positions included in the biotechnology workforce, including a description of—
 - (i) the role of each position in supporting the objectives under paragraph (1); and
 - (ii) the qualifications required for each position, including any qualifications relating to seniority level, education, training, and security clearances;
 - (D) identify any challenges affecting the ability of the Department to develop the biotechnology workforce and propose solutions to those challenges;
 - (E) assess whether the codes used to define positions and roles within the workforce of the Department ade-

quately cover the range of positions and personnel that comprise the biotechnology workforce, such as personnel in research, engineering, and testing;

(F) identify mechanisms to enable the Department to access outside expertise relating to biotechnology, including mechanisms to assemble a pool of outside experts who have been prequalified (including by obtaining any necessary security clearances) to provide advice and assistance to the Department on matters relating to biotechnology on an as-needed basis; and

(G) assess whether personnel occupying existing positions in the Department could be used to meet biotechnology workforce needs with additional training and, if so, the nature and scope of the training required; and

(14) address collaboration between the Department and international partners to advance research on biotechnology, which shall include—

(A) a description of any international partnerships under which the United States is collaborating with partners to conduct biotechnology research and development for defense purposes, including a description of any investment priorities for the Office of Strategic Capital and the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency relating to such partnerships;

(B) a description of any new international partnerships that may be entered into, or existing partnerships that may be modified, to provide for such collaboration; and

(C) identification of any challenges affecting the ability of the Department engage in such collaboration with international partners, including—

(i) any limitations on co-investments within international partnerships;

(ii) any United States export controls or other technology protections that hinder information sharing within such partnerships; and

(iii) any other challenges that may prevent the full utilization of such partnerships for such collaboration.

(c) BIENNIAL UPDATES.—Not less frequently than once every two years following the submittal of the initial roadmap under subsection (a) until the termination date specified in subsection (h), the Secretary shall—

(1) review and update the roadmap; and

(2) submit an updated version of the roadmap to the congressional defense committees.

(d) FORM.—Each version of the roadmap required to be submitted under this section may be submitted in classified form, but if so submitted, shall include an unclassified executive summary.

(e) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—On annual basis, the Secretary shall make an unclassified version of the most recent roadmap submitted under this section available on a publicly accessible website of the Department of Defense.

(f) GAO EVALUATION AND REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which the Secretary of Defense submits the initial

roadmap pursuant to subsection (a), the Comptroller General of the United States shall—

- (1) complete an evaluation of the roadmap; and
- (2) submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the findings of the Comptroller General with respect to such evaluation.

(g) **BIOTECHNOLOGY DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “biotechnology” means the application of science and technology to living organisms and to parts, products, and models of such organisms to alter living or non-living materials for the production of knowledge, goods, or services.

(h) **SUNSET.**—This section shall terminate on the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 243. PLAN TO ADVANCE INTERESTS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE IN MATTERS RELATING TO ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM IN INTERNATIONAL FORA.

(a) **PLAN REQUIRED.**—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, shall develop and commence implementation of a five-year plan for advancing United States defense policy interests at meetings of relevant international organizations and other international fora relating to electromagnetic spectrum, including all phases of the World Radiocommunication Conferences preparatory process.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—At a minimum, the plan developed under subsection (a) shall include the following:

- (1) Actions and resourcing required to ensure that the Department of Defense has the personnel and expertise required to engage meaningfully in the international activities described in subsection (a).
- (2) Processes to increase pre-coordination with relevant domestic partners and Federal agencies on matters relating to the international activities described in subsection (a), including the defense industrial base and industry.
- (3) Appropriate avenues to increase cooperation activities with friendly foreign partners relating to the international activities described in subsection (a).

(c) **BRIEFING.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Chief Information officer of the Department of Defense, shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the plan developed under subsection (a), which shall include information on relevant funded and unfunded resourcing requirements for current and future fiscal years.

SEC. 244. STRATEGIC PLAN FOR QUANTUM INFORMATION SCIENCE TECHNOLOGIES WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense shall develop a strategic plan to guide the research, development, test, and evaluation, procurement, and implementation of quantum information science (referred to in this section as “QIS”) technologies within the Department of Defense, including the covered Armed Forces, over the period of five years following the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The plan required under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) Identification of QIS technologies that have the potential to solve operational challenges faced by the Department of Defense.

(2) Plans to transition technologies identified under paragraph (1) from the research, development, and prototyping phases into operational use within the Department.

(3) Plans for the continuous evaluation, development, and implementation of QIS technology solutions within the Department.

(c) **REPORT.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes—

(1) the strategic plan developed under subsection (a); and

(2) an assessment of whether the budgets proposed for QIS-related activities of the Department of Defense and each of the covered Armed Forces appropriately balance the use of research, development, test, and evaluation funds designated as budget activity 1 (basic research), budget activity 2 (applied research), and budget activity 3 (advanced technology development) (as those budget activity classifications are set forth in volume 2B, chapter 5 of the Department of Defense Financial Management Regulation (DOD 7000.14–R)) to achieve the objectives of the strategic plan over near-, mid-, and long-term timeframes.

(d) **UPDATES.**—Following the submittal of the initial strategic plan pursuant to subsection (c)(1), the Secretary of Defense may periodically update the plan as the Secretary determines necessary.

(e) **COVERED ARMED FORCE DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “covered Armed Force” means the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Space Force.

SEC. 245. DEFENSE SCIENCE BOARD STUDY ON LONG-TERM OPERATIONS AND AVAILABILITY OF KWAJALEIN ATOLL AS A MAJOR RANGE AND TEST FACILITY BASE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering shall direct the Defense Science Board to conduct a study to assess the feasibility and advisability of designating the Ronald Reagan Ballistic Missile Defense Test Site (RTS) and the United States Army Garrison Kwajalein Atoll (USAG-KA) as facilities and resources comprising the Major Range and Test Facility Base, including with respect to the availability and mission capability of such test site and garrison.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The study conducted under subsection (a) shall cover the following:

(1) The history and rationale for the split funding of the United States facilities and capabilities on Kwajalein Atoll between an Army Garrison and a Major Range and Test Facility Base and whether those objectives have been achieved and, if not, an explanation of the reasons those objectives have not been achieved.

(2) The status of the garrison infrastructure and operations.

(3) The status of the test asset operability, usage, and maintainability.

(4) The interrelationship between garrison infrastructure and test asset operability.

(5) The status of the supported or supporting relationship between the United States Army Garrison Kwajalein Atoll, the Ronald Reagan Ballistic Missile Defense Test Site, and the Lincoln Laboratory of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and the long-term outlook for this partnership.

(6) The role of the Kwajalein Atoll in supporting current and future missions of the Department of Defense.

(7) Such other matters as the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering or the Defense Science Board consider appropriate.

(c) DEADLINE FOR COMPLETION.—The Defense Science Board shall complete the study required by subsection (a) by not later than May 15, 2025.

(d) REPORT.—Not later than 10 days after the completion of the study required by subsection (a), the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the findings of the Defense Science Board with respect to the study.

(e) DEFINITION OF MAJOR RANGE AND TEST FACILITY BASE.—In this section, the term “Major Range and Test Facility Base” has the meaning given such term in section 4173 of title 10, United States Code.

TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 301. Authorization of appropriations.

Subtitle B—Energy and Environment

Sec. 311. Modification of definition of antenna structure project under Military Aviation and Installation Assurance Clearinghouse for review of mission obstructions.

Sec. 312. Extension of period for cooperative agreements under Native American lands environmental mitigation program.

Sec. 313. Extension of requirement to establish a schedule of black start exercises to assess the energy resilience and energy security of military installations.

Sec. 314. Change in timeframe for report on ability of Department of Defense to meet requirements for energy resilience and energy security measures on military installations.

Sec. 315. Repeal of limitation on procurement of drop-in fuels; annual report.

Sec. 316. Extension of prohibition on required disclosure.

Sec. 317. Increase of transfer authority for funding of study and assessment on health implications of per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances contamination in drinking water by Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

Sec. 318. Initiative to control and combat the spread of coconut rhinoceros beetle in Hawaii.

Sec. 319. Prohibition on implementation of regulation relating to minimizing risk of climate change.

Sec. 320. Implementation of Inspector General recommendations relating to oversight of defense fuel support points.

Sec. 321. Provision by Secretary of the Air Force of meteorological data for Air Force and Army.

Subtitle C—Logistics and Sustainment

- Sec. 331. Joint Safety Council report and briefing requirements.
 Sec. 332. Modifications to Comptroller General annual reviews of F-35 sustainment efforts.
 Sec. 333. Plans regarding condition and maintenance of prepositioned stockpiles of Navy, Marine Corps, and Air Force.
 Sec. 334. Warehouse utilization organization alignment.
 Sec. 335. Authority for Government-owned, Government-operated facilities to access production base support funds.
 Sec. 336. Pre-positioned stocks of finished defense textile articles.

Subtitle D—Reports

- Sec. 341. Modification of readiness reports to include total number of combat readiness upgrades or downgrades.
 Sec. 342. Extension and expansion of incident reporting requirements for Department of Defense.
 Sec. 343. Annual briefing on operational readiness of 53rd Weather Reconnaissance Squadron prior to commencement of official hurricane season.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

- Sec. 351. Extension of authority for Secretary of Defense to use Department of Defense reimbursement rate for transportation services provided to certain non-Department of Defense entities.
 Sec. 352. Improvements to FireGuard Program of National Guard.
 Sec. 353. Counter unmanned aerial system threat library.
 Sec. 354. Limitation on availability of funds for travel expenses of Office of Secretary of Defense until submission of certain documents.
 Sec. 355. Anti-lock brake system and electronic stability control kit for certain Army vehicles.
 Sec. 356. Program for advanced manufacturing in the Indo-Pacific region.

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 301. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for operation and maintenance, as specified in the funding table in section 4301.

Subtitle B—Energy and Environment

SEC. 311. MODIFICATION OF DEFINITION OF ANTENNA STRUCTURE PROJECT UNDER MILITARY AVIATION AND INSTALLATION ASSURANCE CLEARINGHOUSE FOR REVIEW OF MIS-SION OBSTRUCTIONS.

Section 183a(h)(2)(A)(ii) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “under this title” and inserting “by law”.

SEC. 312. EXTENSION OF PERIOD FOR COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS UNDER NATIVE AMERICAN LANDS ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION PROGRAM.

Section 2713(c)(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “two calendar years” and inserting “five calendar years”.

SEC. 313. EXTENSION OF REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH A SCHEDULE OF BLACK START EXERCISES TO ASSESS THE ENERGY RESILIENCE AND ENERGY SECURITY OF MILITARY INSTALLATIONS.

Section 2920(d)(2)(C)(ii) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “2027” and inserting “2032”.

SEC. 314. CHANGE IN TIMEFRAME FOR REPORT ON ABILITY OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO MEET REQUIREMENTS FOR ENERGY RESILIENCE AND ENERGY SECURITY MEASURES ON MILITARY INSTALLATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2920(g) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “2029” and inserting “2027”.

(b) BRIEFING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than June 30, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the progress of the Secretary in meeting the requirements under section 2920(a) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 315. REPEAL OF LIMITATION ON PROCUREMENT OF DROP-IN FUELS; ANNUAL REPORT.

(a) REPEAL.—Section 2922h of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.

(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Subchapter II of chapter 173 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 2922j. Annual report on purchase of drop-in fuel

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Not less frequently than annually, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report that, for the year covered by the report—

“(1) identifies each instance in which the Secretary purchased drop-in fuel that was not cost-competitive with traditional fuel; and

“(2) for each instance identified under paragraph (1), states whether the purchase was based on a military requirement or not.

“(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘drop-in fuel’ means a neat or blended liquid hydrocarbon fuel designed as a direct replacement for a traditional fuel with comparable performance characteristics and compatible with existing infrastructure and equipment.

“(2) The term ‘traditional fuel’ means a liquid hydrocarbon fuel derived or refined from petroleum.”.

SEC. 316. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON REQUIRED DISCLOSURE.

Section 318(a)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) is amended by striking “one-year period” and inserting “three-year period”.

SEC. 317. INCREASE OF TRANSFER AUTHORITY FOR FUNDING OF STUDY AND ASSESSMENT ON HEALTH IMPLICATIONS OF PER- AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES CONTAMINATION IN DRINKING WATER BY AGENCY FOR TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND DISEASE REGISTRY.

Clause (iv) of section 316(a)(2)(B) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91; 131 Stat. 1350), as most recently amended by section 333 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31),

is further amended by striking “during fiscal year 2024” and inserting “a year during fiscal years 2024 through 2025”.

SEC. 318. INITIATIVE TO CONTROL AND COMBAT THE SPREAD OF COCONUT RHINOCEROS BEETLE IN HAWAII.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense shall enhance efforts to manage, control, and interdict the coconut rhinoceros beetle on military installations in Hawaii.

(b) **AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.**—The efforts required under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) Carrying out science-based management and control programs to reduce the effect of the coconut rhinoceros beetle on military installations and to prevent the introduction or spread of the coconut rhinoceros beetle to areas where such beetle has not yet been established.

(2) Providing support for interagency and intergovernmental response efforts to control, interdict, monitor, and eradicate the coconut rhinoceros beetle on military installations in Hawaii.

(3) Pursuing chemical, biological, and other control techniques, technology transfer, and best practices to support management, control, interdiction and, where possible, eradication of the coconut rhinoceros beetle from Hawaii.

(4) Establishing an early detection and rapid response mechanism to monitor and deploy coordinated efforts if the coconut rhinoceros beetle, or another newly detected invasive alien species, is detected at new sites on military installations in Hawaii.

(5) Carrying out such other activities as the Secretary determines appropriate to manage, control, and interdict the coconut rhinoceros beetle on military installations in Hawaii.

(c) **ANNUAL BRIEFINGS.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for each of the next three years, the Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Energy, Installations, and Environment shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate a briefing on the implementation of this section, which shall include detailed information about the efforts of the Secretary to manage, control, and interdict the coconut rhinoceros beetle on military installations in Hawaii.

SEC. 319. PROHIBITION ON IMPLEMENTATION OF REGULATION RELATING TO MINIMIZING RISK OF CLIMATE CHANGE.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2025 may be used to finalize or implement any rule based on the advanced notice of proposed rulemaking titled “Federal Acquisition Regulation: Minimizing the Risk of Climate Change in Federal Acquisitions” (October 15, 2021; 86 Fed. Reg. 57404).

SEC. 320. IMPLEMENTATION OF INSPECTOR GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS RELATING TO OVERSIGHT OF DEFENSE FUEL SUPPORT POINTS.

With respect to each recommendation of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense contained in the report published by the Inspector General on April 11, 2024, and titled “Audit of the Defense Logistics Agency Oversight of Defense Fuel Support

Points” (DODIG–2024–075), by not later than May 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall—

- (1) implement such recommendation; or
- (2) submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report containing an explanation of why the Secretary has not implemented the recommendation.

SEC. 321. PROVISION BY SECRETARY OF THE AIR FORCE OF METEOROLOGICAL DATA FOR AIR FORCE AND ARMY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Except as provided in subsection (b), the Secretary of the Air Force shall provide meteorological and environmental services for operations of the Department of the Air Force and shall provide meteorological services for the Department of the Army.

(b) **EXCEPTION FOR BALLISTICS DATA.**—The requirement under subsection (a) shall not apply to meteorological ballistics data for the Department of the Army.

Subtitle C—Logistics and Sustainment

SEC. 331. JOINT SAFETY COUNCIL REPORT AND BRIEFING REQUIREMENTS.

Section 185 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (k)—
 - (A) in paragraph (1)—
 - (i) by striking “Chair” and inserting “Chairperson”; and
 - (ii) by striking “semi-annual” and inserting “biannual”; and
 - (B) in paragraph (2)—
 - (i) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A)—
 - (I) by striking “March 31, 2023, and not later than”; and
 - (II) by striking “thereafter”; and
 - (III) by striking “a report” and inserting “an annual report”; and
 - (ii) in subparagraph (A), by striking “and” after the semicolon;
 - (iii) in subparagraph (B), by striking the period and inserting “; and”; and
 - (iv) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(C) for the year covered by the report—

 - “(i) releasable information regarding any mishap that occurred during such year; and
 - “(ii) an identification of any corrective or preventative action implemented pursuant to a recommendation made in a safety or legal investigation report of such a mishap.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(1) **BIENNIAL BRIEFINGS.**—Not later than March 31 and December 31 of each year, the Chairperson of the Council shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the contents

of the report required to be submitted under subsection (k)(1) that covers the six-month period preceding the date of the briefing.”.

SEC. 332. MODIFICATIONS TO COMPTROLLER GENERAL ANNUAL REVIEWS OF F-35 SUSTAINMENT EFFORTS.

Section 357 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “2022, 2023, 2024, and 2025” and inserting “2025, 2026, and 2027”;

(B) in paragraph (1)—

(i) by striking “(including” and inserting “, which may include”; and

(ii) by striking the closing parenthesis; and

(C) in paragraph (2), by striking “ as a result of such review”; and

(2) in subsection (b), by striking “of the following:” and all that follows through the period at the end of paragraph (4) and inserting “of matters regarding the sustainment or affordability of the F-35 Lightning II aircraft program that the Comptroller General, after consulting with staff from the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate, determines to be of critical importance to the long-term viability of such program.”.

SEC. 333. PLANS REGARDING CONDITION AND MAINTENANCE OF PREPOSITIONED STOCKPILES OF NAVY, MARINE CORPS, AND AIR FORCE.

(a) **PLAN REQUIRED.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force shall each develop a plan to improve the required inspection procedures for the prepositioned stockpiles of the Armed Force concerned, for the purpose of identifying deficiencies and conducting maintenance repairs at levels necessary to ensure such prepositioned stockpiles are mission capable.

(2) **ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR NAVY AND MARINE CORPS PLAN.**—The plan of the Secretary of the Navy required under paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) an analysis of the readiness of ships of the Navy and Marine Corps that hold or facilitate the off-loading of prepositioned stockpiles; and

(B) suggestions for improving inspection procedures of such ships.

(b) **IMPLEMENTATION.**—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary concerned completes the development of a plan under subsection (a), and not less frequently than twice each year thereafter for the three-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary concerned shall inspect the prepositioned stockpiles of the Armed Force concerned in accordance with the procedures under such plan.

(c) **BRIEFINGS.**—

(1) **BRIEFING ON PLAN.**—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, each Secretary concerned

shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the plan of the Secretary developed under subsection (a).

(2) BRIEFINGS ON STATUS OF PREPOSITIONED STOCKPILES.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter for the three-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, each Secretary concerned shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the status and condition of the prepositioned stockpiles of the Armed Force concerned.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “Armed Force concerned” means—

(A) the Navy and the Marine Corps, with respect to the Secretary of the Navy;

(B) the Air Force, with respect to the Secretary of the Air Force.

(2) The term “Secretary concerned” means—

(A) the Secretary of the Navy, with respect to matters concerning the Navy and the Marine Corps; and

(B) the Secretary of the Air Force, with respect to matters concerning the Air Force.

SEC. 334. WAREHOUSE UTILIZATION ORGANIZATION ALIGNMENT.

(a) BRIEFING.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, each Secretary of a military department and the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing that—

(1) identifies the designated organization or command that will serve as the global integrator of that military department or agency and assume responsibilities as the manager of the storage network of that military department or agency; and

(2) sets forth a comprehensive plan of the Secretary concerned or the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, as the case may be—

(A) to deploy storage space management tools, as authorized by the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Sustainment, across the network of that military department or agency; and

(B) to evaluate approaches for identifying improved supply chain processes, visibility, mission alignment, and cost savings and avoidances enabled through space consolidation.

(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for the following five years, each Secretary of a military department and the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing the following:

(1) Plans for reconstituting commercially-stored inventory of the Department of Defense into the warehouses of the Department on military installations.

(2) Information on barriers to reconstituting such inventory from commercial storage locations.

SEC. 335. AUTHORITY FOR GOVERNMENT-OWNED, GOVERNMENT-OPERATED FACILITIES TO ACCESS PRODUCTION BASE SUPPORT FUNDS.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regulations providing that Government-owned, Government-operated facilities are eligible to receive production base support funding from the Army.

SEC. 336. PRE-POSITIONED STOCKS OF FINISHED DEFENSE TEXTILE ARTICLES.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense may establish pre-positioned stocks of finished defense textile articles, such as uniforms and protective gear, to support the rapid mobilization and sustainment of members of the Armed Forces during a contingency operation.

(b) **PLAN TO REDUCE DELAYS.**—The Secretary shall develop a plan for phasing in and targeting policy changes relating to defense textile articles to reduce delinquencies and mitigate delays between policy decisions that may result in the miscalculation of stockpiling in order to ensure ample finished textiles are available to prevent a scenario in which the demand for certain articles is ramping down by the time the supply chain can ramp up to meet the need.

Subtitle D—Reports

SEC. 341. MODIFICATION OF READINESS REPORTS TO INCLUDE TOTAL NUMBER OF COMBAT READINESS UPGRADES OR DOWNGRADES.

Paragraph (5) of section 482(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(5) The total number of upgrades and the total number of downgrades of the combat readiness of a unit that were issued by the commander of the unit, disaggregated by armed force.”.

SEC. 342. EXTENSION AND EXPANSION OF INCIDENT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

Section 363 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 10 U.S.C. 2722 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “fiscal years 2022, 2023, and 2024” and inserting “fiscal years 2022 through 2029”; and

(2) in subsection (b), by striking “to the National Crime Information Center and local law enforcement.” and inserting “to—

“(1) the National Crime Information Center;

“(2) local law enforcement; and

“(3) the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives.”.

SEC. 343. ANNUAL BRIEFING ON OPERATIONAL READINESS OF 53RD WEATHER RECONNAISSANCE SQUADRON PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF OFFICIAL HURRICANE SEASON.

Not later than March 31, 2025, and annually thereafter for each of the subsequent two years, the commanding officer of the 22nd Air Force shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the operational readiness of the 53rd Weather Reconnaissance Squadron.

Each such briefing shall address spares, personnel, supporting infrastructure, and such other matters as the commanding officer determines appropriate.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 351. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY FOR SECRETARY OF DEFENSE TO USE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE REIMBURSEMENT RATE FOR TRANSPORTATION SERVICES PROVIDED TO CERTAIN NON-DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ENTITIES.

Section 2642(b) of title 10, United States Code is amended by striking “October 1, 2024” and inserting “October 1, 2026”.

SEC. 352. IMPROVEMENTS TO FIREGUARD PROGRAM OF NATIONAL GUARD.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 510 of title 32, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “The Secretary” and inserting “(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(b) **CONTRACTS AND AGREEMENTS.**—(1) The Secretary of Defense may enter into a contract or cooperative agreement with a qualified individual or entity for the performance of duties to supplement members of the National Guard in carrying out the FireGuard Program under subsection (a).

“(2) In association with a contract or cooperative agreement entered into under paragraph (1) with a qualified individual or entity, the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, in coordination with relevant State, local, and commercial entities, shall execute a memorandum of understanding with the qualified individual or entity, which shall clearly delineate the roles, responsibilities, functions, timelines, and end dates for the transition of the duties to be performed under the contract or cooperative agreement.

“(3) In this subsection, the term ‘qualified individual or entity’ means—

“(A) any individual who possesses a requisite security clearance for handling classified remote sensing data for the purpose of wildfire detection and monitoring; or

“(B) any corporation, firm, partnership, company, nonprofit, Federal agency or sub-agency, or State or local government, with contractors or employees who possess a requisite security clearance for handling such data.”.

(b) **REPORT.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture and any National Guard units affected by subsection (b) of section 510 of title 32, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall submit to Congress a report that includes an evaluation of the effectiveness of the FireGuard Program under such section and of opportunities to further engage civilian capacity within the program.

(2) **MATTERS INCLUDED.**—The report under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) An assessment of the efficacy of the FireGuard Program in detecting and monitoring wildfires, including the speed of detection.

(B) A plan to facilitate production and dissemination of unclassified remote sensing information for use by civilian organizations, including Federal, State, and local government organizations, in carrying out wildfire detection activities.

(C) An assessment of the sustainability of the Fireguard program, including the cost, the effects on readiness, and the effects on other required missions.

SEC. 353. COUNTER UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEM THREAT LIBRARY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army, through the Joint Counter-Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems Office, shall establish and maintain a threat library, or expand and maintain an existing threat library, to coordinate efforts across the Department of Defense to counter unmanned aircraft systems.

(b) INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED.—The threat library required under subsection (a) shall include—

(1) classified and unclassified information relating to known or suspected threats from unmanned aircraft systems;

(2) proposed solutions for countering such known threats; and

(3) a comprehensive listing of global incursions from unmanned aircraft systems at installations of the Department of Defense.

(c) DISSEMINATION.—The Secretary of the Army, through the Joint Counter-Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems Office, shall establish a framework to share the information contained in the threat library required under subsection (a) with the military departments, the combatant commands, other Federal agencies, and relevant industries, as determined by the Secretary of the Army, in order to maintain technological superiority in aerial defense.

SEC. 354. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR TRAVEL EXPENSES OF OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF DEFENSE UNTIL SUBMISSION OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTS.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for operation and maintenance, defense-wide, and available for the Office of the Secretary of Defense for travel expenses, not more than 75 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Secretary of Defense has submitted to the congressional defense committees all of the following documents:

(1) The implementation plan for the Joint Concept for Competing released on February 10, 2023, as required by section 1088 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 419; 10 U.S.C. 113 note).

(2) The Department of Defense Operations in the Information Environment Implementation Plan, as referenced in the Strategy for Operations in the Information Environment released in July 2023.

(3) The Special Operations Forces joint operating concept for competition and conflict, as required by section 1047(a) of the

National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 1905).

(4) Unredacted copies of documents requested by the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate during the period beginning on January 1, 2024, and ending on June 1, 2024.

SEC. 355. ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM AND ELECTRONIC STABILITY CONTROL KIT FOR CERTAIN ARMY VEHICLES.

(a) **REQUIREMENT.**—By not later than September 30, 2033, the Secretary of the Army shall ensure that all high-mobility multipurpose wheeled vehicles of the Army are equipped with an anti-lock brake system and electronic stability control kit.

(b) **PLAN.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan to carry out subsection (a). Such plan shall include each of the following:

(1) A description of the steps required to increase production of anti-lock brake systems and electronic stability control kits and retrofit high-mobility multipurpose wheeled vehicles at Red River Army Depot, Texas, and its associated flyaway teams.

(2) An identification of any challenges to meeting the requirement under subsection (a) and a list of steps required to address those challenges.

(3) An estimated monthly rate of retrofits needed to meet the requirement under subsection (a).

(4) A funding plan for carrying out the steps referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2).

(5) An identification of any authorities or funding required for any secondary destination transportation necessary to carry out the plan.

(c) **ANNUAL CERTIFICATION.**—Not later than each of March 1, 2025, March 1, 2026, and March 1, 2027, the Secretary of the Army shall certify to the congressional defense committees that the budget of the Army will enable the Army to meet the requirement under subsection (a).

SEC. 356. PROGRAM FOR ADVANCED MANUFACTURING IN THE INDO-PACIFIC REGION.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Secretary of the Navy and in consultation with the Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command, shall carry out a program under which the Secretary shall establish an advanced manufacturing facility on or near a military installation within the area of responsibility of the United States Indo-Pacific Command for the purpose of—

(1) meeting flexible manufacturing requirements to support the submarine, shipbuilding, and other defense activity industrial bases;

(2) fostering partnerships between industry, local universities, and workforce training programs to develop a local workforce in the vicinity of such facility capable of meeting advanced manufacturing demands;

(3) coordinating responses to requirements of the Submarine Industrial Base Task Force, the United States Indo-Pacific

Command, the Innovation Capability and Modernization Office of the Department of Defense, the Industrial Base Analysis and Sustainment program of the Department, and other relevant defense organizations;

(4) providing for the manufacturing of unmanned vehicles, including surface and underwater vehicles, and develops ship maintenance capabilities; and

(5) responding to needs across the uniformed services and the defense industrial base.

(b) ELEMENTS.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary shall—

(1) ensure that the advanced manufacturing facility under such subsection is capable of—

(A) applying advanced manufacturing to small and large metal and composite structures;

(B) manufacturing systems and components that—

(i) use appropriate advanced manufacturing methods including hybrid and additive (for example, additive manufacturing, powder bed fusion manufacturing, cold spray manufacturing, or other similar manufacturing capabilities); and

(ii) maintain a set of modern local machining systems with at least five-axis capability sufficient to support requirements;

(C) maintaining a production capability across critical materials of the Navy in order to respond to emerging repair and production requirements during conflict; and

(2) ensure broad workforce participation by establishing the facility either outside of a military installation (but very close to a military installation) or onboard a military installation with readily available access to a civilian trainee workforce.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than December 1 of the year after the year during which a facility is established under subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report summarizing the actions taken under the program established under such subsection, including information on how the program is supporting initiatives of the United States Indo-Pacific Command.

(d) ADVANCED MANUFACTURING DEFINED.—In this section, the term “advanced manufacturing” means a manufacturing process using the following techniques:

(1) Additive manufacturing.

(2) Wire-arc additive manufacturing.

(3) Powder bed fusion manufacturing.

(4) Other similar manufacturing capabilities.

TITLE IV—MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS

Subtitle A—Active Forces

Sec. 401. End strengths for active forces.

Sec. 402. Annual end strength authorization for the Space Force.

Sec. 403. Temporary exclusion of mental health care providers from authorized strengths of certain officers on active duty.

Subtitle B—Reserve Forces

Sec. 411. End strengths for Selected Reserve.

Sec. 412. End strengths for Reserves on active duty in support of the Reserves.

Sec. 413. End strengths for military technicians (dual status).

Sec. 414. Maximum number of reserve personnel authorized to be on active duty for operational support.

Subtitle C—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 421. Military personnel.

Subtitle D—Reports

Sec. 431. Annual defense manpower profile report: expansion of justifications for end strengths.

Subtitle A—Active Forces

SEC. 401. END STRENGTHS FOR ACTIVE FORCES.

The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for active duty personnel as of September 30, 2025, as follows:

- (1) The Army, 442,300.
- (2) The Navy, 332,300.
- (3) The Marine Corps, 172,300.
- (4) The Air Force, 320,000.
- (5) The Space Force, 9,800.

SEC. 402. ANNUAL END STRENGTH AUTHORIZATION FOR THE SPACE FORCE.

(a) END STRENGTH AUTHORIZATION BY LAW FOR SPACE FORCE TO BE A SINGLE NUMBER FOR MEMBERS IN SPACE FORCE ACTIVE STATUS.—

(1) REQUIREMENT.—Subsection (a) of section 115 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) The end strength for the Space Force for members in space force active status.”.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Such subsection is further amended—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking “AND SELECTED RESERVE” and inserting “, SELECTED RESERVE, AND SPACE FORCE”; and

(B) in paragraph (1), by striking “each of the armed forces (other than the Coast Guard)” and inserting “the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps”.

(b) CORRESPONDING LIMITATION ON APPROPRIATIONS.—Subsection (c) of such section is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking “; or” and inserting a semicolon;

(2) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:

“(3) the use of members of the Space Force in space force active status unless the end strength for the Space Force for that fiscal year for members in space force active status has been authorized by law; or”.

(c) **AUTHORITY FOR VARIANCES OF END STRENGTH.—**

(1) **SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.**—Subsection (f) of such section is amended—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking “AND SELECTED RESERVE” and inserting “, SELECTED RESERVE, AND SPACE FORCE”; and

(B) in paragraph (1), by striking “subsection (a)(1)(A)” and inserting “paragraph (1)(A) or (3) of subsection (a)”.

(2) **SECRETARY OF THE AIR FORCE.**—Subsection (g) of such section is amended—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking “AND SELECTED RESERVE” and inserting “, SELECTED RESERVE, AND SPACE FORCE”; and

(B) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking “subsection (a)(1)(A)” and inserting “paragraph (1)(A) or (3) of subsection (a)”.

(3) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendments made by paragraphs (1) and (2) shall take effect upon the date specified under paragraph (2) of section 1736(a) of the Space Force Personnel Management Act (title XVII of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 677) for the expiration of the authority provided by paragraph (1) of that section.

(4) **CONFORMING CROSS-REFERENCE AMENDMENTS TO SFPMA.**—Section 1736(a)(1) of the Space Force Personnel Management Act (title XVII of Public Law 118–31) is amended by striking “section 115(a)(1)(A)” both places it appears and inserting “section 115(a)(3)”.

SEC. 403. TEMPORARY EXCLUSION OF MENTAL HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS FROM AUTHORIZED STRENGTHS OF CERTAIN OFFICERS ON ACTIVE DUTY.

(a) **TEMPORARY EXCLUSION.**—During fiscal years 2025 through 2027, officers who are licensed mental health providers (including clinical psychologists, licensed clinical social workers, mental health nurse practitioners, and psychiatric physician assistants) shall be excluded in computing and determining authorized strengths under section 523 of title 10, United States Code.

(b) **PROPOSAL.**—Not later than September 30, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report containing recommendations of the Secretary regarding amendments to subsection (b) of such section that would eliminate permanent exclusions to computations and determinations under such section.

Subtitle B—Reserve Forces

SEC. 411. END STRENGTHS FOR SELECTED RESERVE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for Selected Reserve personnel of the reserve components as of September 30, 2025, as follows:

- (1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 325,000.
- (2) The Army Reserve, 175,800.
- (3) The Navy Reserve, 57,700.
- (4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 32,500.
- (5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 108,300.

- (6) The Air Force Reserve, 67,000.
- (7) The Coast Guard Reserve, 7,000.

(b) **END STRENGTH REDUCTIONS.**—The end strengths prescribed by subsection (a) for the Selected Reserve of any reserve component shall be proportionately reduced by—

- (1) the total authorized strength of units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component which are on active duty (other than for training) at the end of the fiscal year; and
- (2) the total number of individual members not in units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component who are on active duty (other than for training or for unsatisfactory participation in training) without their consent at the end of the fiscal year.

(c) **END STRENGTH INCREASES.**—Whenever units or individual members of the Selected Reserve for any reserve component are released from active duty during any fiscal year, the end strength prescribed for such fiscal year for the Selected Reserve of such reserve component shall be increased proportionately by the total authorized strengths of such units and by the total number of such individual members.

SEC. 412. END STRENGTHS FOR RESERVES ON ACTIVE DUTY IN SUPPORT OF THE RESERVES.

Within the end strengths prescribed in section 411(a), the reserve components of the Armed Forces are authorized, as of September 30, 2025, the following number of Reserves to be serving on full-time active duty or full-time duty, in the case of members of the National Guard, for the purpose of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the reserve components:

- (1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 30,845.
- (2) The Army Reserve, 16,511.
- (3) The Navy Reserve, 10,132.
- (4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 2,400.
- (5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 25,982.
- (6) The Air Force Reserve, 6,311.

SEC. 413. END STRENGTHS FOR MILITARY TECHNICIANS (DUAL STATUS).

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The minimum number of military technicians (dual status) as of the last day of fiscal year 2025 for the reserve components of the Army and the Air Force (notwithstanding section 129 of title 10, United States Code) shall be the following:

- (1) For the Army National Guard of the United States, 22,294.
- (2) For the Army Reserve, 6,492.
- (3) For the Air National Guard of the United States, 10,744.
- (4) For the Air Force Reserve, 6,697.

(b) **LIMITATION ON NUMBER OF TEMPORARY MILITARY TECHNICIANS (DUAL STATUS).**—The number of temporary military technicians (dual status) under subsection (a) may not exceed 25 percent of the total number authorized under such subsection.

(c) **PROHIBITION.**—A State may not coerce a military technician (dual status) to accept an offer of realignment or conversion to any other military status, including as a member on Active Guard and Reserve duty. No action may be taken against an individual, or the

position of such individual, who refuses such an offer solely on the basis of such refusal.

SEC. 414. MAXIMUM NUMBER OF RESERVE PERSONNEL AUTHORIZED TO BE ON ACTIVE DUTY FOR OPERATIONAL SUPPORT.

During fiscal year 2025, the maximum number of members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces who may be serving at any time on full-time operational support duty under section 115(b) of title 10, United States Code, is the following:

- (1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 17,000.
- (2) The Army Reserve, 13,000.
- (3) The Navy Reserve, 6,200.
- (4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 3,000.
- (5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 16,000.
- (6) The Air Force Reserve, 14,000.

Subtitle C—Authorization of Appropriations

SEC. 421. MILITARY PERSONNEL.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for military personnel, as specified in the funding table in section 4401.

(b) CONSTRUCTION OF AUTHORIZATION.—The authorization of appropriations in the subsection (a) supersedes any other authorization of appropriations (definite or indefinite) for such purpose for fiscal year 2025.

Subtitle D—Reports

SEC. 431. ANNUAL DEFENSE MANPOWER PROFILE REPORT: EXPANSION OF JUSTIFICATIONS FOR END STRENGTHS.

Section 115a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking “Congress” and inserting “the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, and furnish to any Member of Congress upon request,”; and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) by inserting “(1)” before “The Secretary”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) The justification and explanation required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

“(A) An explanation of how personnel end strength level requests address threats described in the national defense strategy under section 113(g) of this title.

“(B) The rationale for recommended increases or decreases in active, reserve, and civilian personnel for each component of the Department of Defense.

“(C) The actual end strength number for each armed force for the prior fiscal year, compared to authorized end strength levels.

“(D) The shortfall in recruiting by each armed force as a percentage, as the Secretary determines appropriate.”.

TITLE V—MILITARY PERSONNEL POLICY

Subtitle A—Officer Policy

- Sec. 501. Redistribution of general officers of the Marine Corps on active duty.
- Sec. 502. Authority to exclude additional positions from limitations on the number of general officers and flag officers on active duty.
- Sec. 503. Eligibility for consideration for promotion: time-in-grade and other requirements.
- Sec. 504. Temporary authority to increase the number of nurse officers recommended for promotion.
- Sec. 505. Talent management and personnel retention for members of the Armed Forces.
- Sec. 506. Consideration of merit by special selection review boards.
- Sec. 507. Effect of failure of selection for promotion: captains and majors of the Army, Air Force, Marine Corps, and Space Force and lieutenants and lieutenant commanders of the Navy.
- Sec. 508. Modification of authority to separate officers when in the best interest of the service.
- Sec. 509. Remote appearance before a board of inquiry.
- Sec. 509A. Marine Corps Deputy Commandants.
- Sec. 509B. Improvements relating to Medical Officer of the Marine Corps position.
- Sec. 509C. Vice Chief of Space Operations; vacancy in position of Chief of Space Operations.
- Sec. 509D. Repeal of active duty service requirement for warrant officer appointments in Air Force and Space Force.
- Sec. 509E. Removal of officers from a list of Space Force officers recommended for promotion.
- Sec. 509F. Pilot program on peer and subordinate assessments of certain officers.

Subtitle B—Reserve Component Management

- Sec. 511. Authority to extend military technicians until age 62.
- Sec. 512. Extension of time period for transfer or discharge of certain Army and Air Force reserve component general officers.
- Sec. 513. Expanded authority to continue reserve component officers in certain military specialties on the reserve active-status list.
- Sec. 514. Transfer to the Space Force of covered space functions of the Air National Guard of the United States.
- Sec. 515. Notice to Congress regarding reapportionment of National Guard force structure.

Subtitle C—General Service Authorities, Decorations and Awards, and Military Records

- Sec. 521. Technical and conforming amendments relating to members of the Space Force.
- Sec. 522. Modified authority to provide protection to senior leaders of the Department of Defense and other specified persons.
- Sec. 523. Improving military administrative review.
- Sec. 524. Determination of active duty service commitment for recipients of fellowships, grants, and scholarships.
- Sec. 525. Authority to designate certain separated members of the Air Force as honorary separated members of the Space Force.
- Sec. 526. Authorizations for certain awards.
- Sec. 527. Posthumous advancement of General John D. Lavelle, United States Air Force, on the retired list.

Subtitle D—Recruitment

- Sec. 531. Expansion of report on future servicemember preparatory course.
- Sec. 532. Promoting military, national, and public service.
- Sec. 533. Military recruiter physical access to campuses.

- Sec. 534. Military Entrance Processing Command: acceleration of review of medical records.
- Sec. 535. Medical Accession Records Pilot program: notice of termination.
- Sec. 536. Provision of information regarding Federal service to certain persons ineligible to enlist in certain Armed Forces.
- Sec. 537. Reimbursement of applicants to certain Armed Forces for certain medical costs incurred during military entrance processing.
- Sec. 538. Authority to modernize recruitment for the Army.
- Sec. 539. Program of military recruitment and education at the National September 11 Memorial and Museum.
- Sec. 539A. Maritime workforce promotion and recruitment.

Subtitle E—Training

- Sec. 541. Improvements to financial literacy training.
- Sec. 542. Extension of JROTC programs to the Job Corps.
- Sec. 543. Minimum number of participating students required to establish or maintain a unit of JROTC.
- Sec. 544. JROTC waiting list.
- Sec. 545. Number of Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps units.
- Sec. 546. Required constitutional law training.
- Sec. 547. Prohibition on Federal funds for the Department of Defense Countering Extremism Work Group.

Subtitle F—Member Education

- Sec. 551. Expansion of international engagement authorities for Service Academies.
- Sec. 552. Modification of authority to engage in funded and unfunded law education programs.
- Sec. 553. Additional admissions authority for the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences.
- Sec. 554. Professional military education: technical correction to definitions.
- Sec. 555. Distance education option for professional military education.
- Sec. 556. Authority to accept gifts of services for professional military education institutions.
- Sec. 557. Alternative service obligation for a cadet or midshipman who becomes a professional athlete.
- Sec. 558. Service Academies: Boards of Visitors.
- Sec. 559. Modernizing Marine Corps Platoon Leaders Class college tuition assistance program to account for inflation.
- Sec. 559A. Information on nominations and applications for military service academies.
- Sec. 559B. Ensuring access to certain higher education benefits.
- Sec. 559C. Service Academies: referral of applicants to the senior military colleges and units of the Senior Reserve Officer Training Corps.
- Sec. 559D. Pilot program to provide graduate education opportunities for enlisted members of the Army and Navy.
- Sec. 559E. Prohibition on use of Federal funds to endorse critical race theory.

Subtitle G—Military Justice and Other Legal Matters

- Sec. 561. Clarifying amendment to Article 2 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice.
- Sec. 562. Authority of special trial counsel with respect to certain offenses occurring before effective date of military justice reforms.
- Sec. 563. Detailing of appellate defense counsel.
- Sec. 564. Modification to offense of aiding the enemy under the Uniform Code of Military Justice.
- Sec. 565. Removal of marriage as a defense to article 120b offenses.
- Sec. 566. Consolidation of military justice reporting requirements for the military departments.
- Sec. 567. Term of office for judges of the Court of Military Commission Review.
- Sec. 568. Continuity of coverage under certain provisions of title 18, United States Code.
- Sec. 569. Correction of certain citations in title 18, United States Code, relating to sexual offenses.
- Sec. 569A. Modification of timeline for potential implementation of study on unanimous court-martial verdicts.
- Sec. 569B. Removal of personally identifying and other information of certain persons from the Department of Defense Central Index of Investigations.

- Sec. 569C. Expanded command notifications to victims of domestic violence.
- Sec. 569D. Extension of Defense Advisory Committee on Investigation, Prosecution, and Defense of Sexual Assault in the Armed Forces.
- Sec. 569E. Analysis on the advisability of revising Military Rule of Evidence 513.
- Sec. 569F. Analysis of prohibition on broadcast and distribution of digitally manipulated intimate images under the Uniform Code of Military Justice.

Subtitle H—Career Transition

- Sec. 571. Pathway for individualized counseling for members of the reserve components under TAP.
- Sec. 572. Extension of Troops-to-Teachers Program.
- Sec. 573. Extension and expansion of report on the Transition Assistance Program of the Department of Defense.
- Sec. 574. Military training and competency records.

Subtitle I—Family Programs and Child Care

- Sec. 581. Interstate compacts for portability of occupational licenses of military spouses: permanent authority.
- Sec. 582. Military Spouse Career Accelerator program.
- Sec. 583. Competitive pay for Department of Defense child care personnel.
- Sec. 584. Posting of national child abuse hotline at military child development centers.
- Sec. 585. Additional information in outreach campaign relating to waiting lists for military child development centers.
- Sec. 586. Expansion of annual briefing regarding waiting lists for military child development centers.
- Sec. 587. Improvements relating to portability of professional licenses of servicemembers and their spouses.
- Sec. 588. Child care services and youth program services for dependents.
- Sec. 589. Child care services and youth program services for dependents: period of services for a member with a spouse seeking employment.
- Sec. 589A. Child development program staffing and compensation model.
- Sec. 589B. Inclusive Playground Pilot Program.

Subtitle J—Dependent Education

- Sec. 591. Advisory committees for Department of Defense domestic dependents schools.
- Sec. 592. Eligibility of dependents of certain deceased members of the Armed Forces for enrollment in Department of Defense domestic dependent elementary and secondary schools.
- Sec. 593. Expansion of eligibility for virtual programs operated by Department of Defense Education Activity.
- Sec. 594. Authorization for school meal programs at Department of Defense dependent schools.
- Sec. 595. Eligibility of certain dependents for enrollment in domestic dependent elementary and secondary schools.
- Sec. 596. Staffing of Department of Defense Education Activity schools to maintain maximum student-to-teacher ratios.
- Sec. 597. Enrollment in defense dependents' education system of children of foreign military members assigned to United Nations Command.
- Sec. 598. Certain assistance to local educational agencies that benefit dependents of military and civilian personnel.
- Sec. 599. Training requirements teachers in 21st century schools of the Department of Defense Education Activity.
- Sec. 599A. Overseas transfer program for educators in schools operated by the Department of Defense Education Activity.
- Sec. 599B. Parental right to notice of student nonproficiency in reading or language arts.

Subtitle A—Officer Policy

SEC. 501. REDISTRIBUTION OF GENERAL OFFICERS OF THE MARINE CORPS ON ACTIVE DUTY.

Section 525(a)(4) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subparagraph (B), by striking “17” and inserting “18”; and
- (2) in subparagraph (C), by striking “22” and replacing with “21.”

SEC. 502. AUTHORITY TO EXCLUDE ADDITIONAL POSITIONS FROM LIMITATIONS ON THE NUMBER OF GENERAL OFFICERS AND FLAG OFFICERS ON ACTIVE DUTY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 526 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsections (g) through (j) as subsections (h) through (k), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting, after subsection (f), the following new subsection (g):

“(g) SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ADAPTIVE FORCE ACCOUNT.—The limitations in subsection (a) and in section 525(a) of this title do not apply to a general officer or flag officer assigned to the Secretary of Defense Adaptive Force Account as designated by the Secretary of Defense. The total number of positions designated as the Secretary of Defense Adaptive Force Account for purposes of this subsection shall not exceed 35.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 501(a)(3) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 525 note) is hereby repealed.

SEC. 503. ELIGIBILITY FOR CONSIDERATION FOR PROMOTION: TIME-IN-GRADE AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS.

(a) WARRANT OFFICERS.—Section 577 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting “or an approved retirement date” after “an established separation date that is within 90 days after the date on which the board is convened”.

(b) OFFICERS.—Section 619(c)(2)(C) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting “or an approved retirement date” after “an established separation date that is within 90 days after the date the board is convened”.

(c) RESERVE COMPONENTS.—Section 14301(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(f) NONCONSIDERATION OF OFFICERS SCHEDULED FOR REMOVAL FROM RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST.—The Secretary of the military department concerned may, by regulation, preclude from consideration by a selection board by which an officer would otherwise be eligible to be considered, an officer who has an established separation date that is within 90 days after the date the board is convened or an approved retirement date.”.

SEC. 504. TEMPORARY AUTHORITY TO INCREASE THE NUMBER OF NURSE OFFICERS RECOMMENDED FOR PROMOTION.

Section 616(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by striking “The number” and inserting “(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the number”; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) During the period beginning on January 1, 2025, and ending on December 31, 2030, the number of officers recommended for promotion by a selection board convened under section 611(a) of this title may not equal or exceed 100 percent of the number of officers included in the promotion zone established under section 623 of this title for consideration by the board, for nurse officers rec-

ommended for promotion to major or lieutenant commander, if the Secretary concerned determines that such greater number is necessary to maintain or improve medical readiness.”.

SEC. 505. TALENT MANAGEMENT AND PERSONNEL RETENTION FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) **AUTHORITY FOR OFFICERS TO OPT-OUT OF PROMOTION BOARD CONSIDERATION.**—

(1) **REGULAR OFFICERS.**—Section 619(e)(2)(A) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by inserting “training,” after “Department,”; and

(B) by striking “assignment or education” and inserting “assignment, education, or training”.

(2) **RESERVE OFFICERS.**—Section 14301(j)(2)(A) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by inserting “training,” after “Department,”; and

(B) by striking “assignment or education” and inserting “assignment, education, or training”.

(b) **EFFECT OF FAILURE OF SELECTION FOR PROMOTION FOR CERTAIN OFFICERS.**—

(1) **FIRST LIEUTENANTS AND LIEUTENANTS (JUNIOR GRADE).**—Section 631(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “the President approves the report of the board which considered him for the second time” and inserting “the Secretary concerned releases the promotion results of the board which considered the officer for the second time to the public”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking “the President approves the report of the board which considered him for the second time” and inserting “the Secretary concerned releases the promotion results of the board which considered the officer for the second time to the public”.

(2) **CAPTAINS AND MAJORS OF THE ARMY, AIR FORCE, AND MARINE CORPS AND LIEUTENANTS AND LIEUTENANT COMMANDERS OF THE NAVY.**—Section 632(a)(2) of such title is amended by striking “the President approves the report of the board which considered him for the second time” and inserting “the Secretary concerned releases the promotion results of the board which considered the officer for the second time to the public”.

(3) **REGULAR NAVY AND REGULAR MARINE CORPS OFFICERS DESIGNATED FOR LIMITED DUTY.**—Section 8372 of such title is amended—

(A) in subsection (b), by striking “the President approves the report of the selection board in which the officer is considered as having failed of selection for promotion to the grade of commander or lieutenant colonel for the second time” and inserting “the Secretary concerned releases the promotion results of the board which considered the officer for the second time to the public”;

(B) in subsection (d), by striking “the President approves the report of the selection board in which the officer is considered as having failed of selection for promotion to the grade of lieutenant commander or major for the second time” and inserting “the Secretary concerned releases the

promotion results of the board which considered the officer for the second time to the public"; and

(C) in subsection (e), by striking "the President approves the report of the selection board in which the officer is considered as having failed of selection for promotion to the grade of lieutenant or captain, respectively, for the second time" and inserting "the Secretary concerned releases the promotion results of the board which considered the officer for the second time to the public".

(4) RESERVE FIRST LIEUTENANTS OF THE ARMY, AIR FORCE, AND MARINE CORPS AND RESERVE LIEUTENANTS (JUNIOR GRADE) OF THE NAVY.—Section 14504 of such title is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by striking "the President approves the report of the board which considered the officer for the second time" and inserting "the Secretary concerned releases the promotion results of the board which considered the officer for the second time to the public"; and

(B) in subsection (b), by striking "President approves the report of the selection board which resulted in the second failure" and inserting "the Secretary concerned releases the promotion results of the board which considered the officer for the second time to the public".

(5) RESERVE CAPTAINS OF THE ARMY, AIR FORCE, AND MARINE CORPS AND RESERVE LIEUTENANTS OF THE NAVY.—Section 14505 of such title is amended by striking "the President approves the report of the board which considered the officer for the second time" and inserting "the Secretary concerned releases the promotion results of the board which considered the officer for the second time to the public".

(6) RESERVE MAJORS OF THE ARMY, AIR FORCE, AND MARINE CORPS AND RESERVE LIEUTENANT COMMANDERS OF THE NAVY.—Section 14506 of such title is amended by striking "the President approves the report of the board which considered the officer for the second time" and inserting "the Secretary concerned releases the promotion results of the board which considered the officer for the second time to the public".

SEC. 506. CONSIDERATION OF MERIT BY SPECIAL SELECTION REVIEW BOARDS.

(a) REGULAR COMPONENTS.—Section 628a(d)(4)(A) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting "ranks in the upper half of an order of merit created by the special selection review board or" before "ranks on an order of merit created by the special selection review board as better qualified".

(b) RESERVE COMPONENTS.—Section 14502a(d)(4)(A) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting "ranks in the upper half of an order of merit created by the special selection review board or" before "ranks on an order of merit created by the special selection review board as better qualified".

SEC. 507. EFFECT OF FAILURE OF SELECTION FOR PROMOTION: CAPTAINS AND MAJORS OF THE ARMY, AIR FORCE, MARINE CORPS, AND SPACE FORCE AND LIEUTENANTS AND LIEUTENANT COMMANDERS OF THE NAVY.

Section 632(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(c)(1) If an officer is subject to discharge under subsection (a)(1) and, as of the date on which the officer is to be discharged under that subsection, the officer has not completed the officer’s active duty service obligation, the officer shall be retained on active duty until completion of such active duty service obligation, and then be discharged under subsection (a)(1), unless sooner retired or discharged under another provision of law.

“(2) The Secretary concerned may waive the applicability of paragraph (1) to any officer if the Secretary determines that completion of the active duty service obligation of that officer is not in the best interest of the service.”.

SEC. 508. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO SEPARATE OFFICERS WHEN IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE SERVICE.

Section 1182(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:

“(1)(A) If a board of inquiry determines that an officer should be retained, the officer’s case is closed unless the board substantiated a basis for separation and, upon recommendation from the service chief, the Secretary of the military department determines that the board’s retention recommendation is clearly erroneous in light of the evidence considered by the board, a miscarriage of justice, and inconsistent with the best interest of the service. In such cases, the Secretary of the military department may separate the officer after providing a written justification of the decision to separate.

“(B) An officer considered for separation under this section must be notified and afforded the opportunity to present matters for the Secretary of the military department to consider when making the separation determination. The Secretary of the military department shall review the case to determine whether the retention recommendation of the board is clearly contrary to the substantial weight of the evidence in the record and whether the officer’s conduct discredits the Service, adversely affects good order and discipline, and adversely affects the officer’s performance of duty.

“(C) Exercise of authority to separate an officer under this section shall be reserved for unusual cases where such action is essential to the interests of justice, discipline, and proper administration of the service.”;

(2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively; and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

“(2) Authority to direct administrative separation after a board of inquiry’s recommendation to retain an officer may only be delegated to a civilian official within a military department appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The least favorable characterization in such cases will be general (under honorable conditions).”.

SEC. 509. REMOTE APPEARANCE BEFORE A BOARD OF INQUIRY.

(a) **REGULAR OFFICERS.**—Section 1185 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(3), by striking “shall be” and inserting “subject to subsection (c), shall be”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(c) The Secretary concerned may determine that, in exceptional circumstances, the appearance of an officer before the proceedings of a board of inquiry may be via means other than in person.”.

(b) RESERVE OFFICERS.—Section 14904 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(3), by striking “shall be” and inserting “subject to subsection (c), shall be”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(c) REMOTE APPEARANCE.—The Secretary concerned may determine that, in exceptional circumstances, the appearance of an officer before the proceedings of a board of inquiry may be via means other than in person.”.

SEC. 509A. MARINE CORPS DEPUTY COMMANDANTS.

Section 8045 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “not more than seven Deputy Commandants” and inserting “not more than eight Deputy Commandants”.

SEC. 509B. IMPROVEMENTS RELATING TO MEDICAL OFFICER OF THE MARINE CORPS POSITION.

(a) MEDICAL OFFICER OF THE MARINE CORPS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 806 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 8048. Medical Officer of the Marine Corps

“(a) There is a Medical Officer of the Marine Corps who shall be appointed from among flag officers of the Navy.

“(b) The Medical Officer of the Marine Corps, while so serving, shall hold the grade of rear admiral (lower half).”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 806 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 8047 the following new item:

“8048. Medical Officer of the Marine Corps.”.

(b) EXCLUSION FROM CERTAIN DISTRIBUTION LIMITATIONS.—Section 525 of such title is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (g) as subsection (h); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (f) the following new subsection:

“(g) A naval officer while serving as the Medical Officer of the Marine Corps is in addition to the number that would otherwise be permitted for the Navy for officers serving on active duty in the grade of rear admiral (lower half) under subsection (a).”.

(c) EXCLUSION FROM ACTIVE DUTY STRENGTH LIMITATIONS.—Section 526 of such title, as amended by section 502, is further amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (g) through (k) as subsections (h) through (l), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (f) the following new subsection:

“(g) EXCLUSION OF MEDICAL OFFICER OF MARINE CORPS.—The limitations of this section do not apply to the flag officer who is serving as the Medical Officer of the Marine Corps.”.

SEC. 509C. VICE CHIEF OF SPACE OPERATIONS; VACANCY IN POSITION OF CHIEF OF SPACE OPERATIONS.

(a) VICE CHIEF OF SPACE OPERATIONS.—Chapter 908 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating sections 9083, 9084, 9085, and 9086 as sections 9084, 9085, 9086, and 9087, respectively; and

(2) by inserting after section 9082 the following new section 9083:

“§ 9083. Vice Chief of Space Operations

“(a) APPOINTMENT.—There is a Vice Chief of Space Operations, appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from the general officers of the Space Force.

“(b) GRADE.—The Vice Chief of Space Operations, while so serving, has the grade of general without vacating the permanent grade of the officer.

“(c) DUTIES.—The Vice Chief of Space Operations shall have such authorities and duties with respect to the Space Force as the Chief of Space Operations, with the approval of the Secretary of the Air Force, may delegate to or prescribe for the Vice Chief of Space Operations. Orders issued by the Vice Chief of Space Operations in performing such duties have the same effect as orders issued by the Chief of Space Operations.”.

(b) VACANCY IN POSITION OF CHIEF OF SPACE OPERATIONS.—Section 9082 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(f) VACANCY IN POSITION OF CHIEF OF SPACE OPERATIONS.—When there is a vacancy in the position of Chief of Space Operations or during the absence or disability of the Chief of Space Operations—

“(1) the Vice Chief of Space Operations shall perform the duties of the Chief of Space Operations until a successor is appointed or the absence or disability ceases; or

“(2) if there is a vacancy in the position of the Vice Chief of Space Operations or the Vice Chief of Space Operations is absent or disabled, unless the President directs otherwise, the most senior officer of the Space Force in the Space Staff who is not absent or disabled and who is not restricted in performance of duty shall perform the duties of the Chief of Space Operations until the earliest of—

“(A) the appointment of a successor to the Chief of Space Operations or the Vice Chief of Space Operations; or

“(B) the cessation of the absence or disability of the Chief of Space Operations or Vice Chief of Space Operations.”.

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by striking the items relating to sections 9083, 9084, 9085, and 9086 and inserting the following new items:

“9083. Vice Chief of Space Operations.

“9084. Office of the Chief of Space Operations: function; composition.

“9085. Office of the Chief of Space Operations: general duties.

“9086. Regular Space Force: composition.

“9087. Space Development Agency.”.

SEC. 509D. REPEAL OF ACTIVE DUTY SERVICE REQUIREMENT FOR WARRANT OFFICER APPOINTMENTS IN AIR FORCE AND SPACE FORCE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 9160 of title 10, United States Code, is hereby repealed.

(b) **CLERICAL AMENDMENT.**—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 915 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 9160.

SEC. 509E. REMOVAL OF OFFICERS FROM A LIST OF SPACE FORCE OFFICERS RECOMMENDED FOR PROMOTION.

Section 20241(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “section 14310” and inserting “section 629 or 14310”.

SEC. 509F. PILOT PROGRAM ON PEER AND SUBORDINATE ASSESSMENTS OF CERTAIN OFFICERS.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary concerned shall implement, in a covered Armed Force, a five-year pilot program, pursuant to which—

(1) an officer described in subsection (b) shall be assessed by peers and subordinates; and

(2) the results of such assessments may be available to a command selection or command qualification board concerned; and

(3) the command selection or command qualification board may consider such results in determining whether to recommend such officer for such selection or qualification.

(b) **COVERED OFFICERS.**—An officer described in this subsection is a regular officer—

(1) eligible for consideration for command;

(2) in grade O-5 or O-6; and

(3) in a career field—

(A) specified in subsection (c); or

(B) determined by the Secretary concerned.

(c) **COVERED CAREER FIELDS.**—The career fields specified in this subsection are the following:

(1) In the Navy, surface warfare, submarine warfare, special warfare, or explosive ordnance disposal.

(2) In the Marine Corps, infantry, logistics, or field artillery.

(3) In the Air Force, operations or logistics.

(4) In the Space Force, space operations.

(d) **SELECTION OF ASSESSORS.**—The Secretary concerned may select an individual to assess an officer under the pilot program if the Secretary determines such individual has worked with the officer closely enough to have an informed opinion regarding the officer’s leadership abilities. An officer may not have any input regarding the selection of an individual who shall assess such officer.

(e) **REPORT.**—Not later than three months after the termination of a pilot program, a Secretary concerned shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and Senate a report regarding the pilot program. Elements of each such report shall include the following:

(1) The determination of the Secretary concerned whether the pilot program improved the command selection or command qualification process of the covered Armed Force.

(2) The rationale and findings of the Secretary concerned in determining whether to use such assessments in the command selection or command qualification process of such covered Armed Force.

(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “covered Armed Force” means the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, or Space Force.

(2) The terms “regular” and “Secretary concerned” have the meanings given such term in section 101 of title 10, United States Code.

Subtitle B—Reserve Component Management

SEC. 511. AUTHORITY TO EXTEND MILITARY TECHNICIANS UNTIL AGE 62.

(a) MILITARY TECHNICIAN.—Section 10216(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “60” and inserting “62.”

(b) RETENTION ON RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST.—Section 14702(b) of such title is amended by striking “60” and inserting “62”.

SEC. 512. EXTENSION OF TIME PERIOD FOR TRANSFER OR DISCHARGE OF CERTAIN ARMY AND AIR FORCE RESERVE COMPONENT GENERAL OFFICERS.

Section 14314 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4) as subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D), respectively;

(B) by striking “Within” and inserting “(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), within”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) For any general officer covered by paragraph (1) who is released from a joint duty assignment or other non-joint active-duty assignment, the Secretary concerned shall complete the transfer or discharge required by paragraph (1) not later than 60 days after the officer’s release.”; and

(2) in subsection (c), by striking “subsection (a)(3)” and inserting “subsection (a)(1)(C)”.

SEC. 513. EXPANDED AUTHORITY TO CONTINUE RESERVE COMPONENT OFFICERS IN CERTAIN MILITARY SPECIALTIES ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST.

(a) AUTHORITY FOR CONTINUATION ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST.—Chapter 1409 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 14701 the following new section:

“§ 14701a. Continuation on reserve active-status list: officers in certain military specialties and career tracks

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the military department concerned may authorize a reserve commissioned officer in a grade above O-2 to remain on the reserve active-status list after the date otherwise provided for the separation or retirement of the officer under section 14505, 14506, or 14507 of this title, as applicable, if

the officer has a military occupational specialty, rating, or specialty code in a military specialty designated pursuant to subsection (b).

“(b) **MILITARY SPECIALTIES.**—The Secretary of a military department shall designate the military specialties in which a military occupational specialty, rating, or specialty code, as applicable, assigned to members of the armed forces under the jurisdiction of such Secretary authorizes the members to be eligible for continuation on the reserve active-status list as provided in subsection (a).

“(c) **DURATION OF CONTINUATION.**—An officer continued on the reserve active-status list pursuant to this section shall, if not earlier retired, transferred to the Retired Reserve, or discharged, be separated in accordance with section 14513 or 14514 of this title, as applicable, on the first day of the month after the month in which the officer completes 40 years of commissioned service.

“(d) **REGULATIONS.**—The Secretaries of the military departments shall carry out this section in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense. The regulations shall specify the criteria to be used by the Secretaries of the military departments in designating military specialties for purposes of subsection (b).”.

(b) **CLERICAL AMENDMENT.**—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 1409 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 14701 the following new item:

“14701a. Continuation on reserve active-status list: officers in certain military specialties and career tracks.”.

(c) **CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.**—Title 10, United States Code, is further amended—

(1) in section 1558(b)(2)(A), by inserting “14701a,” after “14701,”;

(2) in section 14505, by inserting “or 14701a” after “14701”;

(3) in section 14506, by inserting “14701a,” after “14701,”; and

(4) in section 14507, by inserting “, 14701a,” after “14701” both places it appears.

SEC. 514. TRANSFER TO THE SPACE FORCE OF COVERED SPACE FUNCTIONS OF THE AIR NATIONAL GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES.

(a) **TRANSFER OF COVERED SPACE FUNCTIONS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—During the transition period, the Secretary of the Air Force shall transfer to the Space Force the covered space functions of the Air National Guard of the United States. The transfer shall occur without regard to section 104 of title 32, United States Code, or section 18238 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) **PERSONNEL BILLETS LIMITATIONS.**—With regard to personnel billets, the statutory waiver under paragraph (1) is limited to 578 personnel billets of the Air National Guard, as follows:

- (A) 33 personnel from the State of Alaska.
- (B) 126 personnel from the State of California.
- (C) 119 personnel from the State of Colorado.
- (D) 75 personnel from the State of Florida.
- (E) 130 personnel from the State of Hawaii.

(F) 69 personnel from the State of Ohio.

(G) 26 personnel assigned to Headquarters, Air National Guard.

(b) TRANSFER OF UNITS.—Upon the transfer to the Space Force of a covered space function of the Air National Guard of the United States, the Secretary of the Air Force may—

(1) change the status of a unit related to such covered space function of the Air National Guard of the United States from a unit of the Air National Guard of the United States to a unit of the Space Force;

(2) deactivate the covered space function of the Air National Guard of the United States; or

(3) assign the covered space function of the Air National Guard of the United States a new Federal mission.

(c) TRANSFER OF COVERED MEMBERS.—

(1) OFFICERS.—During the transition period, the Secretary of Defense may, with the consent of the covered officer, transfer a covered officer of the Air National Guard of the United States to, and appoint the covered officer in, the Space Force.

(2) ENLISTED MEMBERS.—During the transition period, the Secretary of the Air Force may, with the consent of the covered enlisted member, transfer a covered enlisted member of the Air National Guard of the United States to the Space Force. Upon such a transfer, the covered enlisted member shall cease to be a member of the Air National Guard of the United States and be discharged from enlistment as a Reserve of the Air Force.

(3) EFFECTIVE DATE OF TRANSFERS.—A transfer under this subsection shall be effective on the date specified by the Secretary of Defense, in the case of an officer, or the Secretary of the Air Force, in the case of an enlisted member. No date so specified may be after the last day of the transition period.

(4) LIMITATIONS.—A covered officer or covered enlisted member transferred under paragraph (1) or (2)—

(A) may consent to a transfer under this subsection during the period, beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, that is the longer of one year, or a period determined by the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of the Air Force, as applicable; and

(B) to the maximum extent practicable, shall not be subject to a permanent change of duty station during the period of three years beginning on the day that the covered officer or covered enlisted member consents to such transfer.

(d) REGULATIONS.—A transfer under subsection (c) shall be carried out under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense. In the case of a covered officer, applicable regulations shall include those prescribed pursuant to section 716 of title 10, United States Code.

(e) TERM OF INITIAL ENLISTMENT IN THE SPACE FORCE.—In the case of a covered enlisted member who is transferred to the Space Force under subsection (c), the Secretary of the Air Force may accept the initial enlistment of the covered enlisted member in the Space Force for a period of less than two years if such period is not shorter than the period remaining, as of the date of the transfer,

in the term of enlistment in a reserve component of the Air Force of such covered enlisted member.

(f) END STRENGTH ADJUSTMENTS UPON TRANSFERS FROM THE AIR NATIONAL GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES.—Upon the transfer to the Space Force of a covered space function of the Air National Guard of the United States during the transition period, the end strength authorized for the Space Force pursuant to section 115(a)(1)(A) of title 10, United States Code, for the fiscal year during which the transfer occurs, shall be increased by the number of billets associated with such transfer.

(g) ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.—For purposes of the transfer of covered members of the Air National Guard of the United States under subsection (c)—

(1) the Air National Guard of the United States and the Space Force shall be considered to be components of the same Armed Force; and

(2) the Space Force officer list shall be considered to be an active-duty list of such Armed Force.

(h) RETRAINING AND REASSIGNMENT FOR MEMBERS NOT TRANSFERRING.—If a covered member of the Air National Guard of the United States does not consent to a transfer under subsection (c), the Secretary of the Air Force shall provide to the covered member retraining and reassignment, in a reserve component of the Air Force, that the Secretary determines appropriate for such covered member.

(i) PROTECTION OF RANK AND PAY.—A covered member of the Air National Guard who transfers to the Space Force under subsection (c) shall not lose rank or pay solely as a result of such transfer.

(j) SPACE FORCE UNITS IN AFFECTED STATES.—In order to reduce the cost of transferring to the Space Force a covered space function of the Air National Guard of the United States, and to reduce the impact of such a transfer on an affected State, the following provisions apply:

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Space Force shall continue to perform the mission of a covered space function of the Air National Guard of the United States within the affected State during a period not shorter than 10 years following the date of such transfer.

(2) Except when the Secretary of the Air Force determines that it would not be in the best interests of the United States, the Secretary may not, during the 10-year period following such a transfer, move a covered space function of the Air National Guard of the United States out of an affected State until 120 days after the congressional defense committees receive, from the Secretary of the Air Force, notice of such move, including—

(A) details of such move; and

(B) an explanation regarding why the move is necessary to support the National Defense Strategy.

(3) Unless the Secretary of the Air Force determines that it would not be in the best interests of the United States, the Secretary shall seek to enter into an agreement with the Governor of an affected State under which the Space Force may be a tenant on an installation—

- (A) of the National Guard of the affected State; and
- (B) that was the home station of a covered space function of the Air National Guard of the United States.

(k) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) The term “active-duty list” has the meaning given such term in section 101 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) The term “affected State” means Alaska, California, Colorado, Florida, Hawaii, or Ohio.

(3) The term “covered”, with respect to a member of the Air National Guard of the United States, has the meaning given such term in section 1733 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 676).

(4) The term “covered space function of the Air National Guard of the United States” means any of the following units of the Air National Guard of the United States associated with the performance of a space-related function, including personnel, equipment, and resources:

(A) 213th Space Warning Squadron, Alaska Air National Guard.

(B) 148th Space Operations Squadron, California Air National Guard.

(C) 216th Electromagnetic Warfare Squadron, California Air National Guard.

(D) 137th Space Warning Squadron, Colorado Air National Guard.

(E) 138th Electromagnetic Warfare Squadron, Colorado Air National Guard.

(F) 114th Electromagnetic Warfare Squadron, Florida Air National Guard.

(G) 150th Electromagnetic Warfare Squadron, Hawaii Air National Guard.

(H) 109th Electromagnetic Warfare Squadron, Hawaii Air National Guard.

(I) 126th Intelligence Squadron, Ohio Air National Guard.

(5) The term “Space Force officer list” means the list maintained under section 20235 of title 10, United States Code.

(6) The term “transition period” means the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on the last day of the eighth fiscal year beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 515. NOTICE TO CONGRESS REGARDING REAPPORTIONMENT OF NATIONAL GUARD FORCE STRUCTURE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 60 days before reapportioning the force structure of the National Guard of a State, including by converting a position into a military technician (dual status), the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, in consultation with the Secretary of the military department concerned, shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a notice of such reapportionment.

(b) **FORM; ELEMENTS.**—A notice under subsection (a)—

(1) may be submitted in unclassified form with a classified annex; and

(2) shall include the following elements:

(A) A description of such reapportionment, including the number of such conversions and any changes to the number of personnel.

(B) A description of the projected operational effect of such reapportionment on the mission of the National Guard of such State.

(C) A description of any end strength requirements that justify such reapportionment.

(D) Recommendations for any change to statutory end strengths that may be necessary to offset such requirements.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “military technician (dual status)” has the meaning given such term in section 10216 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) The term “State” has the meaning given such term in section 901 of title 32, United States Code.

Subtitle C—General Service Authorities, Decorations and Awards, and Military Records

SEC. 521. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS RELATING TO MEMBERS OF THE SPACE FORCE.

(a) APPOINTMENT OF CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF; GRADE AND RANK.—Section 152(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “general, in the case of the Navy, admiral, or, in the case of an officer of the Space Force, the equivalent grade” and inserting “general or, in the case of the Navy, admiral”.

(b) JOINT REQUIREMENTS OVERSIGHT COUNCIL.—Section 181(c)(1)(F) of such title is amended by striking “in the grade equivalent to the grade of general in the Army, Air Force, or Marine Corps, or admiral in the Navy” and inserting “in the grade of general”.

(c) ORIGINAL APPOINTMENTS OF COMMISSIONED OFFICERS.—

(1) APPOINTMENTS.—Section 531(a) of such title is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “and Regular Marine Corps in the grades of ensign, lieutenant (junior grade), and lieutenant in the Regular Navy, and in the equivalent grades in the Space Force” and inserting “Regular Marine Corps, and Space Force, and in the grades of ensign, lieutenant (junior grade), and lieutenant in the Regular Navy”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking “and Regular Marine Corps in the grades of lieutenant commander, commander, and captain in the Regular Navy, and in the equivalent grades in the Space Force” and inserting “Regular Marine Corps, and Space Force, and in the grades of lieutenant commander, commander, and captain in the Regular Navy”.

(2) SERVICE CREDIT UPON ORIGINAL APPOINTMENT AS A COMMISSIONED OFFICER.—Section 533(b)(2) of such title is amended by striking “or Marine Corps, captain in the Navy, or an equivalent grade in the Space Force” and inserting “Marine Corps, or Space Force, or captain in the Navy”.

(d) SELECTION BOARDS.—

(1) CONVENING OF SELECTION BOARDS.—Section 611(a) of such title is amended by striking “or Marine Corps” and inserting “Marine Corps, or Space Force”.

(2) JQO MEMBER REQUIRED FOR BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS WHO ARE JOINT QUALIFIED OFFICERS.—Section 612(c)(3)(A) of such title is amended by inserting “or the Space Force” after “of the Marine Corps”.

(e) PROMOTION ZONE DEFINITION.—Section 645(1)(A) of such title is amended by striking “and Marine Corps,” both places it appears and inserting “Marine Corps, and Space Force,”.

(f) RETIRED GRADE.—

(1) REGULAR COMMISSIONED OFFICERS.—Section 1370(g) of such title is amended by striking “or Marine Corps, rear admiral in the Navy, or an equivalent grade in the Space Force” and inserting “Marine Corps, or Space Force, or rear admiral in the Navy”.

(2) OFFICERS ENTITLED TO RETIRED PAY FOR NON-REGULAR SERVICE.—Section 1370a of such title is amended—

(A) in subsection (d)(1), by striking “or Marine Corps” both places it appears and inserting “Marine Corps, or Space Force”; and

(B) in subsection (h), by striking “or Marine Corps” and inserting “Marine Corps, or Space Force,”.

(g) TITLE OF CHIEF MASTER SERGEANT OF THE SPACE FORCE.—

(1) RETIRED BASE PAY.—Section 1406(i)(3)(B)(v) of such title is amended by striking “The senior enlisted advisor of the Space Force” and inserting “Chief Master Sergeant of the Space Force”.

(2) PAY OF SENIOR ENLISTED MEMBERS.—Section 210(c)(5) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking “The senior enlisted advisor of the Space Force” and inserting “The Chief Master Sergeant of the Space Force”.

(3) PERSONAL MONEY ALLOWANCE.—Section 414(b) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking “the senior enlisted advisor of the Space Force” and inserting “the Chief Master Sergeant of the Space Force”.

(4) BASIC PAY RATE.—Footnote 2 of the table titled “ENLISTED MEMBERS” in section 601(c) of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364; 37 U.S.C. 1009 note) is amended by striking “the senior enlisted advisor of the Space Force” and inserting “Chief Master Sergeant of the Space Force”.

(h) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM FOR SPECIALLY SELECTED MEMBERS.—Section 2107 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking “Marine Corps,, as the case may be” and inserting “Marine Corps, or Space Force”; and

(2) in subsection (d), by striking “lieutenant, ensign, or an equivalent grade in the Space Force,” and inserting “lieutenant or ensign,”.

(i) DESIGNATION OF SPACE SYSTEMS COMMAND AS A FIELD COMMAND OF THE UNITED STATES SPACE FORCE.—Section 9016(b)(6)(B)(iv)(II) of such title is amended by striking “Space and Missile Systems Center” and inserting “Space Systems Command”.

(j) CHIEF OF SPACE OPERATIONS.—Section 9082 of such title is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking “, flag, or equivalent” each place it appears; and

(2) in subsection (b), by striking “grade in the Space Force equivalent to the grade of general in the Army, Air Force, and Marine Corps, or admiral in the Navy” and inserting “grade of general”.

(k) AWARDS AND DECORATIONS.—

(1) DISTINGUISHED FLYING CROSS.—Section 9279(a) of such title is amended—

(A) by adding “or Space Force” after “Air Force”; and

(B) by adding “or space” after “aerial”.

(2) AIRMAN’S MEDAL.—Section 9280(a)(1) of such title is amended by adding “or Space Force” after “Air Force”.

(l) UNITED STATES AIR FORCE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY.—Section 9414b(a)(2)(B) of such title is amended by striking “or the equivalent grade in the Space Force”.

(m) ORDERS TO ACTIVE DUTY: WITHOUT CONSENT OF MEMBER OF THE SPACE FORCE.—Section 20106(d) of such title is amended by striking “pertaining”.

(n) CONVENING OF SELECTION BOARDS OF THE SPACE FORCE.—Section 20211(b) of such title is amended by striking “20238(a)(4)(A)” and inserting “20239(c)(4)(A)”.

(o) COMPOSITION OF SELECTION BOARDS OF THE SPACE FORCE.—Section 20212(a)(1) of such title is amended by striking “Secretary of Air Force” and inserting “Secretary of the Air Force”.

(p) REPORTS OF SELECTION BOARDS OF THE SPACE FORCE.—Section 20216(c) of such title is amended by striking “20214(g)” and inserting “20215(g)”.

(q) ELIGIBILITY FOR CONSIDERATION FOR PROMOTION: GENERAL RULES OF THE SPACE FORCE.—Section 20231 of such title is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (4), by striking “20238(a)(4)” and inserting “20239(c)(4)”; and

(B) in paragraph (5), by striking “20232” and inserting “section 20232”; and

(2) in subsection (c)(2)(E), by striking “Secretary Air Force” and inserting “Secretary of the Air Force”.

(r) OPPORTUNITIES FOR CONSIDERATION FOR PROMOTION IN THE SPACE FORCE.—Section 20234(b) of such title is amended by striking “pursuant subsection (a)” and inserting “pursuant to subsection (a)”.

(s) PROMOTIONS IN THE SPACE FORCE: HOW MADE.—Section 20239 of such title is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)(2), by striking “subparagraph (A)” and inserting “paragraph (1)”; and

(2) in subsection (d)(2), by striking “subparagraph (C)(ii) of such section” and inserting “section 741(d)(4)(C)(ii) of this title”.

(t) GENERAL OFFICERS OF THE SPACE FORCE CEASING TO OCCUPY POSITIONS COMMENSURATE WITH GRADE.—Section 20243(a)(3) of such title is amended by striking “as a”.

(u) FAILURE OF SELECTION FOR PROMOTION IN THE SPACE FORCE.—Section 20251 of such title is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “14504 and section 631 and 632” and inserting “14504, 631, and 632”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking “section 14201 or 611” and inserting “section 14201 or section 611”; and

(2) in subsection (d)(1), by striking “14502(b)” and inserting “14501(b)”.

(v) SPECIAL SELECTION BOARDS OF THE SPACE FORCE; CORRECTION OF ERRORS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The second section 20251 of such title is amended—

(A) in subsection (b)—

(i) in paragraph (2)—

(I) by striking “((1)” and inserting “(1)”; and

(II) by striking “sch” and inserting “such”; and

(ii) in paragraph (4), by striking “a officer” and inserting “an officer”; and

(B) in subsection (f)(2), by striking “which of officer” and inserting “which an officer”.

(2) REDESIGNATION.—Such section is redesignated as section 20252 of such title (and the heading of such section and the table of sections at the beginning of subchapter IV of part I of chapter 2005 of such title are amended accordingly).

(w) APPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF LAW RELATED TO SEPARATION OF A MEMBER OF THE SPACE FORCE.—Section 20401(b) of such title is amended by inserting “, and” after “1174(b)”.

(x) RETENTION BOARDS OF THE SPACE FORCE.—Section 20502 of such title is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)—

(A) in the heading, by striking “THAN an Officer Has Failed to Establish That the Officer Should Be Retained” and inserting “THAT AN OFFICER HAS FAILED TO ESTABLISH THAT THE OFFICER SHOULD BE RETAINED”; and

(B) by moving paragraph (1) to appear in line with the subsection heading and adjusting the margins accordingly; and

(2) in subsection (d), in the heading, by striking “THAN” and inserting “THAT”.

(y) PROMOTION AUTHORITY FLEXIBILITY OF THE SPACE FORCE.—Section 1737(b)(3)(A) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 678) is amended by striking “20213” and inserting “20212”.

SEC. 522. MODIFIED AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE PROTECTION TO SENIOR LEADERS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND OTHER SPECIFIED PERSONS.

(a) **EXPANSION.**—Section 714 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by striking “**WITHIN THE UNITED STATES**”;

(2) in subsection (a), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “within the United States”; and

(3) in subsection (b)(1), in the matter preceding sub paragraph (A), by striking “within the United States”.

(b) **LIMITATION ON DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY.**—Such section is further amended, in subsection (b)(3), by inserting “or the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security” after “only to the Deputy Secretary of Defense”.

(c) **WRITTEN DETERMINATIONS INCLUDE DENIALS.**—Such section is further amended, in subsection (b)(4)—

(1) by inserting “whether” before “to provide”;

(2) by striking “the authorized” and inserting “any authorized”; and

(3) by striking “the arrangements for the” and inserting “any arrangements for such”.

(d) **REPORTING.**—Such section is further amended, in subsection (b)(6)(A)—

(1) by striking “each determination made under paragraph (4) to provide protection and security to an individual” and inserting “an initial determination made under paragraph (4), or a determination to deny the renewal of protection and security”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following: “In the case of determination to continue protection and security, the Secretary shall make such submission not less than twice each year.”

(e) **TEMPORARY PROTECTION.**—Such section is further amended, in subsection (b), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(7) **TEMPORARY PROTECTION.**—The Secretary of Defense may temporarily provide physical protection and personal security under this subsection to an individual—

“(A) pending the determination of the Secretary under paragraph (4) regarding such individual; and

“(B) for a period not to exceed 30 days.”.

SEC. 523. IMPROVING MILITARY ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 1552(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by amending paragraph (5) to read as follows:

“(5) Each final decision of the board under this subsection shall be made available to the public in electronic form on a centralized Internet website. The information provided shall include a summary of each decision, to be indexed by subject matter, except that the Secretary shall protect the privacy of claimants by redacting all personally identifiable information.”.

(b) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 2026.

SEC. 524. DETERMINATION OF ACTIVE DUTY SERVICE COMMITMENT FOR RECIPIENTS OF FELLOWSHIPS, GRANTS, AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

Section 2603(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “three times the length of the period of the education or training.” and inserting “determined by the Secretary concerned, which may not be less than twice the length of the period of the education or training. Notwithstanding section 2004(c) of this title, the service obligation required under this subsection may run concurrently with any service obligations incurred under chapter 101 of this title in accordance with regulations established by the Secretary concerned.”.

SEC. 525. AUTHORITY TO DESIGNATE CERTAIN SEPARATED MEMBERS OF THE AIR FORCE AS HONORARY SEPARATED MEMBERS OF THE SPACE FORCE.

Chapter 933 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 9254. Authority to designate certain separated members of the Air Force as honorary separated members of the Space Force

“(a) **AUTHORITY.**—The Secretary of the Air Force may prescribe regulations that authorize an eligible individual to be designated as an honorary separated member of the Space Force. An eligible individual so designated may be referred to as a ‘Legacy Guardian’.

“(b) **ELEMENTS.**—Regulations prescribed under this section may include the following elements:

“(1) Eligibility criteria, including applicable dates of service and constructive service credit, for designation under this section.

“(2) An application process through which an eligible individual, or a survivor of a deceased eligible individual, may apply for such designation of such eligible individual.

“(3) A certificate, approved device, or other insignia of such designation.

“(c) **RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.**—Designation of an eligible individual under this section shall not be construed to entitle such eligible individual to any benefit in addition to those established by this section or pursuant to regulations prescribed under this section.

“(d) **ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUAL DEFINED.**—In this section, the term ‘eligible individual’ means an individual—

“(1) whom the Secretary of the Air Force determines served in support of space operations as a member of the Air Force; and

“(2) who separates (or previously separated) from the armed forces as a member of the Air Force.”.

SEC. 526. AUTHORIZATIONS FOR CERTAIN AWARDS.

(a) **AUTHORIZATION FOR AWARD OF THE MEDAL OF HONOR TO RODERICK W. EDMONDS.**—Notwithstanding the time limitations specified in section 7274 of title 10, United States Code, or any other time limitation with respect to the awarding of certain medals to persons who served in the Armed Forces, the President may posthumously award the Medal of Honor, under section 7271 of

such title, to Roderick W. Edmonds for his actions as a master sergeant in the Army during the period of January 27 through March 30, 1945.

(b) **AUTHORIZATION FOR AWARD OF THE DISTINGUISHED SERVICE CROSS TO WILLIAM D. OWENS.**—Notwithstanding the time limitations specified in section 7274 of title 10, United States Code, or any other time limitation with respect to the awarding of certain medals to persons who served in the Armed Forces, the President may posthumously award the Distinguished Service Cross, under section 7272 of such title, to William D. Owens for his actions as a staff sergeant in the Army during the period of June 6 through June 8, 1944, at La Fiere Bridge, for which he was previously awarded the Bronze Star.

SEC. 527. POSTHUMOUS ADVANCEMENT OF GENERAL JOHN D. LAVELLE, UNITED STATES AIR FORCE, ON THE RETIRED LIST.

(a) **ADVANCEMENT.**—General John D. Lavelle, United States Air Force (retired), is entitled to hold the rank of lieutenant general while on the retired list of the Air Force.

(b) **ADDITIONAL BENEFITS NOT TO ACCRUE.**—The advancement of General John D. Lavelle on the retired list of the Air Force under subsection (a) shall not affect the retired pay or other benefits from the United States to which General John D. Lavelle would have been entitled based upon his military service or affect any benefits to which any other person may become entitled based on his military service.

(c) **RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.**—Nothing in this section shall be construed as authorizing the advancement of General John D. Lavelle to a rank higher than lieutenant general.

Subtitle D—Recruitment

SEC. 531. EXPANSION OF REPORT ON FUTURE SERVICEMEMBER PREPARATORY COURSE.

Section 546 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 520 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)—

(A) by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:

“(2) **GRADUATION REQUIREMENT.**—Prior to attending initial basic training, all enlisted persons attending the course established under this section must achieve a score on the Armed Forces Qualification Test that is—

“(A) at least 10 points higher than the individual’s most recent score taken prior to the individual’s date of enlistment; or

“(B) no longer subject to the restrictions of section 520 of title 10, United States Code.”; and

(B) in paragraph (3), by striking “course graduation requirements within 180 days of enlistment” and inserting “meaningful progress, as determined by the Secretary concerned, within 90 days of enlistment”; and

(2) in subsection (d)—

(A) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (6); and

(B) by inserting, after paragraph (3), the following new paragraphs:

“(4) The determination of the Secretary regarding the effectiveness of the preparatory course.

“(5) Recommendations of the Secretary regarding—

“(A) how to improve the preparatory course;

“(B) whether to expand the preparatory course.”.

SEC. 532. PROMOTING MILITARY, NATIONAL, AND PUBLIC SERVICE.

(a) SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM DATA SHARING AMENDMENTS.—Section 15(e) of the Military Selective Service Act (50 U.S.C. 3813(e)) is amended—

(1) by striking “the names and addresses” and inserting “the full names, email addresses (if available), dates of birth, phone numbers (if available), and mailing addresses”; and

(2) by striking “Names and addresses furnished” and inserting “Full names, email addresses, dates of birth, phone numbers, and mailing addresses furnished”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 533. MILITARY RECRUITER PHYSICAL ACCESS TO CAMPUSES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart 2 of Part F of title VIII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7901 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 8528 the following:

“SEC. 8528A. MILITARY RECRUITER ACCESS TO SECONDARY SCHOOL CAMPUSES.

“Each local educational agency receiving assistance under this Act shall provide military recruiters the same access to the campus of each secondary school served by the local educational agency for the purpose of recruiting students who are at least 17 years of age that is provided to any prospective employer, institution of higher education, or other recruiter.”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) COMPLIANCE MONITORING AND REPORTING.—On an annual basis, the Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) collect information from military recruiters regarding the compliance of local educational agencies with the requirements of section 8528A of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (as added by subsection (a)); and

(2) based on such information, prepare and submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report that—

(A) identifies each local educational agency that the Secretary determines to be in violation of such section; and

(B) explains the reasons for such determination.

SEC. 534. MILITARY ENTRANCE PROCESSING COMMAND: ACCELERATION OF REVIEW OF MEDICAL RECORDS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall implement a program to use health care providers, from any component of the

Armed Forces under the jurisdiction of such Secretary, to support United States Military Entrance Processing Command (in this section, referred to as “MEPCOM”) and accelerate the review of medical records, as determined necessary by the Secretary.

(b) BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing on actions taken to carry out subsection (a).

(c) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report regarding the program under subsection (a) that includes an explanation of any effect the program has had on recruitment, including the speed of medical waiver processing.

SEC. 535. MEDICAL ACCESSION RECORDS PILOT PROGRAM: NOTICE OF TERMINATION.

The Secretary of Defense shall notify the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives at least one year before terminating the Medical Accession Records Pilot program.

SEC. 536. PROVISION OF INFORMATION REGARDING FEDERAL SERVICE TO CERTAIN PERSONS INELIGIBLE TO ENLIST IN CERTAIN ARMED FORCES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regulations directing the Secretary of a military department to provide, to a person described in subsection (b), information regarding opportunities for Federal, or other public, service for which the person may be qualified.

(b) CERTAIN PERSONS NOT QUALIFIED TO ENLIST.—A person described in this subsection is a person ineligible to serve in a covered Armed Force.

(c) COVERED ARMED FORCE DEFINED.—In this section, the term “covered Armed Force” means the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, or Space Force.

SEC. 537. REIMBURSEMENT OF APPLICANTS TO CERTAIN ARMED FORCES FOR CERTAIN MEDICAL COSTS INCURRED DURING MILITARY ENTRANCE PROCESSING.

(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Defense may reimburse an individual who applies to join a covered Armed Force for costs incurred by such individual for a medical appointment required for military entrance processing.

(b) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The maximum amount an individual may be reimbursed under this section is \$100.

(c) BRIEFINGS.—Not later than 16 months after the date of the enactment of this Act and once each year thereafter for two years, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing on reimbursements under this section. Such a briefing shall include, with respect to the most recent one-year period after such date, the following elements:

- (1) The number of individuals reimbursed.
- (2) The total funds spent each on such reimbursements.

(3) The number of civilian employees hired by the Secretary to carry out this section.

(4) The effect, if any, of such reimbursements on—

(A) the time required to complete military entrance processing; and

(B) recruitment.

(5) Other information the Secretary determines appropriate.

(d) **SUNSET.**—The authority to reimburse under this section shall terminate on the day that is three years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(e) **COVERED ARMED FORCE DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “covered Armed Force” means the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, or Space Force.

SEC. 538. AUTHORITY TO MODERNIZE RECRUITMENT FOR THE ARMY.

(a) **AUTHORITY.**—During fiscal year 2025, the Secretary of the Army may modernize recruitment for the Army in order to attract and retain fit and ready individuals to serve as members of the Army. To carry out such modernization, the Secretary may take steps including the following:

(1) Establish a military occupational specialty for enlisted members who specialize in talent acquisition.

(2) Establish a professional recruiting force of warrant officers who specialize in talent acquisition, data analytics, and other human resource functions necessary to develop expertise in recruiting and military accessions.

(3) Routinely determine which areas of the United States yield greater-than-average numbers of recruits and, with regard to each such area—

(A) build relationships with sources of such recruits, including schools; and

(B) assign additional recruiting personnel.

(4) Consider using a commercially available, off-the-shelf, recruiting platform.

(b) **BRIEFINGS.**—Not later than the last day of each quarter of fiscal year 2025, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing on the use of the authority under this section. Each such briefing shall include the following:

(1) An up-to-date timeline, milestones, resources used, and resources needed for such use.

(2) The number of enlisted members, officers, and civilian employees of the Army required to use such authority.

(3) Policies altered or prescribed by the Secretary to use such authority and recruit a capable and ready all-volunteer force.

(4) Related legislative recommendations of the Secretary.

SEC. 539. PROGRAM OF MILITARY RECRUITMENT AND EDUCATION AT THE NATIONAL SEPTEMBER 11 MEMORIAL AND MUSEUM.

(a) **AUTHORITY.**—Not later than September 30, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into an agreement with the entity that operates the National September 11 Memorial and Museum (in this section referred to as “the Museum”) under which the Secretary and such entity shall carry out a program at the Museum to promote military recruitment and education.

(b) PROGRAM.—A program under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) Provision of informational materials to promote enlistment in the covered Armed Forces, by the Secretary to such entity, for distribution at the Museum.

(2) Education and exhibits, developed jointly by the Secretary and such entity, and provided to the public by employees of the Museum, to—

(A) enhance understanding of the military response to the attacks on September 11, 2001; and

(B) encourage enlistment and re-enlistment in the covered Armed Forces.

(c) COVERED ARMED FORCE DEFINED.—In this section, the term “covered Armed Force” means the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, or Space Force.

SEC. 539A. MARITIME WORKFORCE PROMOTION AND RECRUITMENT.

(a) CONTRACT FOR TARGETED CAMPAIGN.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy, in coordination with the heads of such other Federal agencies as the Secretary determines appropriate, shall seek to enter into a contract with an entity described in subsection (b), through a competitive bidding process, for the establishment a targeted campaign to educate and recruit potential workers regarding careers in the maritime sector, including by—

(1) promoting maritime workforce in the United States including careers in the maritime industry afloat, including in the United States Merchant Marine, sailing in the Military Sealift Command, and related positions in the maritime sector; and

(2) promoting the United States shipbuilding industry and highlighting the critical need to attract skilled workers in the shipbuilding and related maritime sectors.

(b) ENTITY DESCRIBED.—An entity described in this subsection is a reputable marketing, recruiting, and public relations firm with expertise in developing and deploying branding, content, advertising buys, and local and national engagement strategies.

(c) CAMPAIGN OBJECTIVES.—A contract entered into under subsection (a) shall provide that the campaign carried out pursuant to the contract shall—

(1) emphasize the importance of the maritime workforce for national security;

(2) showcase the numerous career opportunities available in the maritime domain;

(3) highlight the career opportunities in the maritime sector;

(4) promote the excitement, benefits, and appeal of a career in the maritime industry;

(5) inform potential workers of the points of entry available to join and receive training for such employment, including—

(A) the United States Merchant Marine Academy;

(B) State and regional maritime academies described in chapter 515 of title 46, United States Code;

(C) centers of excellence for domestic maritime workforce training and education designated under section 51706 of title 46, United States Code;

- (D) the Military to Mariners Act (46 U.S.C. 7302 note);
- (E) merchant mariner and shipbuilding labor union training facilities;
- (F) merchant mariner and shipbuilding apprenticeship programs approved by the Secretary of Labor;
- (G) shipbuilding industry training programs; and
- (H) any other potential resources as identified by the Secretary of the Navy;
- (6) inform potential workers of sources of financial assistance for training for individuals interested in joining such industry; and
- (7) attract workers to the United States merchant marine, shipbuilding, and related sectors.
- (d) TARGET AUDIENCE.—A contract entered into under subsection (a) shall provide that in carrying out the campaign carried out pursuant to the contract, the entity shall target a diverse audience, including—
 - (1) potential workers interested in maritime careers;
 - (2) educational institutions, including K-12 educational institutions and community colleges, and the students of such institutions considering vocational training in maritime fields;
 - (3) military veterans;
 - (4) individuals seeking career transitions; and
 - (5) the general public.
- (e) REPORTING AND ACCOUNTABILITY.—
 - (1) QUARTERLY REPORT.—A contract entered into under subsection (a) shall provide that, not later than 30 days after the end of each quarter of each fiscal year during which a campaign is carried out pursuant to the contract, the entity carrying out the campaign, in consultation with the Secretary of the Navy and the heads of such other Federal agencies as the Secretary determines appropriate, shall submit to the relevant congressional committees quarterly reports detailing the progress, outreach, and effect of the campaign, including the effectiveness of such campaigns in increasing applications for employment in the United States Merchant Marine and shipbuilding sectors.
 - (2) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the conclusion of a campaign carried out pursuant to a contract entered into under subsection (a), the entity carrying out the campaign, in consultation with the Secretary of the Navy and the heads of such other Federal agencies as the Secretary determines appropriate, shall submit to the relevant congressional committees a comprehensive final report on the campaign.
- (f) EXPIRATION OF AVAILABLE FUNDS.—No funds may be authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available to carry out this section after the date that is three years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (g) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “relevant congressional committees” means—
 - (1) the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives; and

(2) the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

Subtitle E—Training

SEC. 541. IMPROVEMENTS TO FINANCIAL LITERACY TRAINING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a)(2) of section 992 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (C), by striking “grade E–4” and inserting “grade E–6”;

(2) by striking subparagraph (D); and

(3) by redesignating subparagraphs (E) through (K) as subparagraphs (D) through (J), respectively.

(b) PROVISION OF RETIREMENT INFORMATION.—Such section is further amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as subsections (e) and (f), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection (d):

“(d) PROVISION OF RETIREMENT INFORMATION.—In each training under subsection (a) and in each meeting to provide counseling under subsection (b), a member of the armed forces shall be provided with—

“(1) all forms relating to retirement that are relevant to the member, including with respect to the Thrift Savings Plan; and

“(2) information with respect to how to find additional information.”.

SEC. 542. EXTENSION OF JROTC PROGRAMS TO THE JOB CORPS.

Section 2031 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1), by inserting “, including Job Corps centers as defined in section 147 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3197),” after “secondary educational institutions”; and

(2) in subsection (b)(1)(C), by inserting “, or is a Job Corps center as defined in section 147 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3197)” after “military department concerned”.

SEC. 543. MINIMUM NUMBER OF PARTICIPATING STUDENTS REQUIRED TO ESTABLISH OR MAINTAIN A UNIT OF JROTC.

Section 2031(b)(1)(A) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “not less than (i) 10 percent of the number of students enrolled in the institution who are in a grade above the 7th grade and physically co-located with the 9th grade participating unit, or (ii) 100, whichever is less;” and inserting an em dash; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new clauses:

“(i) in the case of an educational institution with fewer than 1,000 enrolled students, the lesser of—

“(I) 10 percent of the number of such students who are in a grade above the 7th grade and physically co-located with the 9th grade participating unit; and

“(II) 50; or
 “(ii) in the case of an educational institution with 1,000
 or more enrolled students—
 “(I) 50; or
 “(II) a number, determined by the Secretary of the
 military department concerned, that is higher than 50
 and not more than 100;”.

SEC. 544. JROTC WAITING LIST.

Section 2031(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;

(2) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) maintain a prioritized waiting list that includes all secondary educational institutions that have made a request for a unit under this section and have not yet been approved by the Secretary concerned, and prescribe regulations describing the factors to be considered in assigning priority, including the length of time an institution has been waiting for a unit.”.

SEC. 545. NUMBER OF JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICERS’ TRAINING CORPS UNITS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 2031 of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in the first subsection designated subsection (i), by striking “support not fewer than 3,400, and not more than 4,000, units” and inserting “support not fewer than 3,500, and not more than 4,100, units”.

(b) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on October 1, 2026.

SEC. 546. REQUIRED CONSTITUTIONAL LAW TRAINING.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Beginning not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that all newly commissioned officers of the Armed Forces receive training on the Constitution of the United States prior to reporting to their first operational assignment.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The training required under subsection (a) shall include—

(1) education on the centrality of the Constitution to the commitment officers make to serve in the Armed Forces;

(2) emphasis on the loyalty of officers to the Constitution; and

(3) instruction on the importance of, and basis for, civilian control over the military.

SEC. 547. PROHIBITION ON FEDERAL FUNDS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE COUNTERING EXTREMISM WORK GROUP.

No funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act may be used to fund the Department of Defense Countering Extremism Working Group established by the Secretary of Defense memorandum on April 9, 2021.

Subtitle F—Member Education

SEC. 551. EXPANSION OF INTERNATIONAL ENGAGEMENT AUTHORITIES FOR SERVICE ACADEMIES.

Section 347 of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in subsection (a)(1)(B), by striking “60” and inserting “80”.

SEC. 552. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO ENGAGE IN FUNDED AND UNFUNDED LAW EDUCATION PROGRAMS.

(a) PERMANENT EXPANSION OF LAW EDUCATION PROGRAMS.—Section 2004 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by inserting “(1)” before “The Secretary”;

(B) by striking the second sentence; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

“(2) Pursuant to regulations prescribed by the Secretary concerned, the Secretary of a military department may fund educational expenses for members of the armed forces detailed under paragraph (1). Not more than 25 officers and enlisted members from each military department may commence such training in any single fiscal year.

“(3) Pursuant to regulations prescribed by the Secretary concerned, the Secretary of a military department may also detail members under paragraph (1) without funding any educational expenses. A member detailed pursuant to this paragraph shall not count against the limitation in paragraph (2).”; and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively;

(ii) by inserting “(A) in the case of a member detailed pursuant to subsection (a)(1),” after “(1)”;

(iii) in clause (ii), as redesignated by clause (i) of this subparagraph, by adding “or” after the semicolon; and

(iv) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(B) in the case of a member detailed pursuant to subsection (a)(2), either—

“(i) have served on active duty for a period of not less than two years nor more than eight years and be an officer in the pay grade O-3 or below when the training is to begin; or

“(ii) have served on active duty for a period of not less than four years nor more than ten years and be an enlisted member in the pay grade of E-5, E-6, or E-7 when the training is to begin.”; and

(B) in paragraph (3)(C), by striking “period of two years” and inserting “period of—

“(i) two years for each year or part thereof of legal training under subsection (a)(1); or

“(ii) one year for each year or part thereof of legal training under subsection (a)(2).”.

(b) TEMPORARY EXPANSION.—During each of the three years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of a military department may fund educational expenses under section 2004(a) of such title, as amended by subsection (a), for 35 members of such military department.

(c) CLARIFICATION OF PAY AND ALLOWANCES WHILE DETAILED OR ASSIGNED AS A STUDENT FULL-TIME AT A CIVILIAN INSTITUTION.—Section 502(b) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: “Nothing in this subsection may be construed to deprive a member, detailed or assigned by the Secretary concerned as a full-time student at a civilian institution to pursue a program of education that is substantially the same as a program of education offered to civilians, of pay or allowances to which such member is entitled.”.

SEC. 553. ADDITIONAL ADMISSIONS AUTHORITY FOR THE UNIFORMED SERVICES UNIVERSITY OF THE HEALTH SCIENCES.

Chapter 104 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2114 the following new section:

“§ 2114a. Eligibility of members of foreign militaries to enroll in the University

“(a) AUTHORITY.—(1) The Secretary of Defense may permit an individual who is a member of the military of a foreign country—

“(A) to enroll (including as a full-time student) and receive instruction—

“(i) as a medical student of the University; or

“(ii) in a postdoctoral, postgraduate, or certificate program of the University; and

“(B) to participate in training exercises of the University.

“(2) Enrollment of an individual under this section—

“(A) shall be subject to—

“(i) the academic capacity of the University described in section 2112(b) of this title; and

“(ii) an international agreement or qualifying non-binding instrument (as such terms are defined in section 112b of title 1); and

“(B) may not decrease the number of members of the uniformed services enrolled in the University; and

“(C) may not be given priority over the enrollment of a member of the uniformed services.

“(3) The number of individuals simultaneously enrolled under this section may not exceed—

“(A) 10, in the case of medical students of the University; and

“(B) 40, with regards to all postdoctoral, postgraduate, and certificate programs of the University.

“(b) QUALIFICATIONS; SELECTION.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary may select an individual to enroll under this section—

“(1) who was nominated for such enrollment by the medical command of the military of a foreign country; and

“(2) pursuant to regulations prescribed by the Secretary regarding—

“(A) qualifications for such enrollment that are comparable to the qualifications required of a United States citizen; and

“(B) procedures for such selection.

“(c) REIMBURSEMENT.—(1) The Secretary shall require the foreign country of an individual enrolled under this section to reimburse the United States for the cost of providing instruction to such individual.

“(2) The Secretary shall prescribe rates for such reimbursement that equal or exceed the cost to the United States of providing such instruction to a member of the uniformed services.

“(3) The Secretary may waive, in whole or in part, reimbursement with regards to an individual enrolled under this section.

“(4) Amounts received by the Secretary under this subsection shall—

“(A) be used to defray the costs of providing instruction to an individual enrolled under this section;

“(B) be credited to appropriations available for the maintenance and operation of the University; and

“(C) remain available for until expended.

“(5) The source and the disposition of such amounts shall be specifically identified in records of the University.

“(d) APPLICABILITY OF REGULATIONS AND POLICIES.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) through (4), and to the determination of the Secretary, an individual enrolled under this section shall be subject to the same regulations and policies that apply to a member of the uniformed services enrolled in the University.

“(2) The Secretary may prescribe regulations regarding access to classified information by an individual enrolled under this section that differ from the regulations that apply to a member of the uniformed services enrolled in the University.

“(3) An individual enrolled under this section shall not be entitled to an appointment in a uniformed service by reason of completing of a program of the University.

“(4) Section 2114 of this title shall not apply to an individual enrolled under this section.”.

SEC. 554. PROFESSIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION: TECHNICAL CORRECTION TO DEFINITIONS.

Section 2151 of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in subsection (b)(3), by striking “National Defense Intelligence College” and inserting “National Intelligence University”.

SEC. 555. DISTANCE EDUCATION OPTION FOR PROFESSIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION.

Section 2154 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(c) DISTANCE EDUCATION.—(1) Any distance education program offered to satisfy Phase I or Phase II instruction under paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) shall include a pathway for a student who is a member of a reserve component to fully complete the course of instruction while physically separated from the course instructors and without any in-person attendance required to graduate from such program.

“(2) In this subsection, the term ‘distance education’ has the meaning given such term in section 103 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1003).”.

SEC. 556. AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT GIFTS OF SERVICES FOR PROFESSIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS.

Section 2601(a)(2)(A) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting “or a professional military education institution” after “museum program” each place it appears.

SEC. 557. ALTERNATIVE SERVICE OBLIGATION FOR A CADET OR MIDSHIPMAN WHO BECOMES A PROFESSIONAL ATHLETE.

(a) UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY.—Section 7448 of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) In the section heading, by striking “**agreement to serve as officer**” and inserting “**service obligation**”.

(2) In subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “The Secretary of the Army” and inserting “Subject to paragraph (4), the Secretary of the Army”; and

(B) by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following:

“(4) Each academic year, the Secretary of the Army may transfer not more than three cadets, who obtain employment in violation of paragraph (5) of subsection (a), to the Selected Reserve of the Army. Each cadet so transferred shall—

“(A) serve as a commissioned officer—

“(i) in an appropriate grade or rating, determined by the Secretary of the Army; and

“(ii) for a period, determined by the Secretary of the Army, not longer than 10 years; and

“(B) while so serving, participate in efforts to recruit and retain members of the armed forces.”.

(3) In subsection (c)(2)(A), by inserting “unless such cadet receives a transfer under paragraph (4) of subsection (b)” before the semicolon.

(4) In subsection (f), by striking “the alternative obligation” and inserting “an alternative obligation”.

(b) UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY.—Section 8459 of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) In the section heading, by striking “**agreement for length of service**” and inserting “**service obligation**”.

(2) In subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “The Secretary of the Navy” and inserting “Subject to paragraph (4), the Secretary of the Navy”; and

(B) by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following:

“(4) Each academic year, the Secretary of the Navy may transfer not more than three midshipmen, who obtain employment in violation of paragraph (5) of subsection (a), to the Selected Reserve of the Navy or the Selected Reserve of the Marine Corps. Each midshipman so transferred shall—

“(A) serve as a commissioned officer—

“(i) in an appropriate grade or rating, determined by the Secretary of the Navy; and

“(ii) for a period, determined by the Secretary of the Navy, not longer than 10 years; and

“(B) while so serving, participate in efforts to recruit and retain members of the armed forces.”.

(3) In subsection (c)(2)(A), by inserting “unless such midshipman receives a transfer under paragraph (4) of subsection (b)” before the semicolon.

(4) In subsection (f), by striking “the alternative obligation” and inserting “an alternative obligation”.

(c) UNITED STATES AIR FORCE ACADEMY.—Section 9448 of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) In the section heading, by striking “**agreement to serve as officer**” and inserting “**service obligation**”.

(2) In subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “The Secretary of the Air Force” and inserting “Subject to paragraph (4), the Secretary of the Air Force”; and

(B) by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following:

“(4) Each academic year, the Secretary of the Air Force may transfer not more than three cadets, who obtain employment in violation of paragraph (5) of subsection (a), to the Selected Reserve of the Air Force. Each cadet so transferred shall—

“(A) serve as a commissioned officer—

“(i) in an appropriate grade or rating, determined by the Secretary of the Air Force; and

“(ii) for a period, determined by the Secretary of the Air Force, not longer than 10 years; and

“(B) while so serving, participate in efforts to recruit and retain members of the armed forces.”.

(3) In subsection (c)(2)(A), by inserting “unless such cadet receives a transfer under paragraph (4) of subsection (b)” before the semicolon.

(4) In subsection (f), by striking “the alternative obligation” and inserting “an alternative obligation”.

SEC. 558. SERVICE ACADEMIES: BOARDS OF VISITORS.

(a) UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY.—Section 7455 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:

“(a) A Board of Visitors to the Academy is constituted annually of—

“(1) the chair of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, or the designee of such chair;

“(2) the ranking member of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, or the designee of the ranking member;

“(3) two other members of the Senate designated by the Majority Leader of the Senate, one of whom is a member of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;

“(4) two other members of the Senate designated by the Minority Leader of the Senate, one of whom is a member of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;

“(5) the chair of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives, or the designee of such chair;

“(6) the ranking member of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives, or the designee of the ranking member;

“(7) two other members of the House of Representatives designated by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, one of whom is a member of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives;

“(8) one other member of the House of Representatives designated by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives; and

“(9) six persons designated by the President.”; and

(2) in subsection (f), by inserting “and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives” after “the President” both places it appears.

(b) UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY.—Section 8468 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:

“(a) A Board of Visitors to the Academy is constituted annually of—

“(1) the chair of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, or the designee of such chair;

“(2) the ranking member of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, or the designee of the ranking member;

“(3) two other members of the Senate designated by the Majority Leader of the Senate, one of whom is a member of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;

“(4) two other members of the Senate designated by the Minority Leader of the Senate, one of whom is a member of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;

“(5) the chair of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives, or the designee of such chair;

“(6) the ranking member of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives, or the designee of the ranking member;

“(7) two other members of the House of Representatives designated by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, one of whom is a member of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives;

“(8) one other member of the House of Representatives designated by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives; and

“(9) six persons designated by the President.”; and

(2) in subsection (f), by inserting “and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives” after “the President” both places it appears.

(c) UNITED STATES AIR FORCE ACADEMY.—Section 9455 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:

“(a) A Board of Visitors to the Academy is constituted annually of—

“(1) the chair of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, or the designee of such chair;

“(2) the ranking member of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, or the designee of the ranking member;

“(3) two other members of the Senate designated by the Majority Leader of the Senate, one of whom is a member of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;

“(4) two other members of the Senate designated by the Minority Leader of the Senate, one of whom is a member of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;

“(5) the chair of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives, or the designee of such chair;

“(6) the ranking member of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives, or the designee of the ranking member;

“(7) two other members of the House of Representatives designated by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, one of whom is a member of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives;

“(8) one other member of the House of Representatives designated by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives; and

“(9) six persons designated by the President.”; and

(2) in subsection (f), by inserting “and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives” after “the President” both places it appears.

SEC. 559. MODERNIZING MARINE CORPS PLATOON LEADERS CLASS COLLEGE TUITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM TO ACCOUNT FOR INFLATION.

Section 16401 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (d), by striking “\$5,200” and inserting “\$13,800”; and

(2) in subsection (e)(2), by striking “1,200” and inserting “450”.

SEC. 559A. INFORMATION ON NOMINATIONS AND APPLICATIONS FOR MILITARY SERVICE ACADEMIES.

Section 575(a)(1) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 7442 note) is amended by striking “Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act” and inserting “Not later than December 31, 2026”.

SEC. 559B. ENSURING ACCESS TO CERTAIN HIGHER EDUCATION BENEFITS.

(a) **DATA MATCHING REQUIRED.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Education shall jointly complete a data matching process—

(1) to identify each individual who, while serving as a covered employee of the Department of Defense, made one or more student loan payments eligible to be counted for purposes of the Public Service Loan Forgiveness program under section 455(m) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1087e(m)); and

(2) without requiring further information or action from such individual—

(A) to certify the total period of such employment for purposes of such program; and

(B) to count the total number of qualifying payments made by the individual for purposes of such program during such period.

(b) **COVERED EMPLOYEE DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “covered employee” means an individual who, at any time beginning on or after October 1, 2007, was—

- (1) a member of the Armed Forces serving on active duty for a period of more than 30 consecutive days; or
- (2) a civilian employee of the Department of Defense.

SEC. 559C. SERVICE ACADEMIES: REFERRAL OF APPLICANTS TO THE SENIOR MILITARY COLLEGES AND UNITS OF THE SENIOR RESERVE OFFICER TRAINING CORPS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a system whereby a covered individual may elect to have the Secretary share information regarding such covered individual with a senior military college or a unit of the Senior Reserve Officer Training Corps.

(b) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

- (1) The term “covered individual” means an individual who applied for an appointment as a cadet or midshipman at a Service Academy.
- (2) The term “senior military college” means a school specified in section 2111a of title 10, United States Code.
- (3) The term “Service Academy” has the meaning given such term in section 347 of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 559D. PILOT PROGRAM TO PROVIDE GRADUATE EDUCATION OPPORTUNITIES FOR ENLISTED MEMBERS OF THE ARMY AND NAVY.

(a) **AUTHORITY.**—The Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Army may jointly conduct a pilot program (referred to in this section as the “Program”) under which certain enlisted personnel of the covered Armed Forces may enroll in a master’s degree program at the Naval Postgraduate School.

(b) **PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.**—The Secretaries concerned may carry out the Program—

- (1) in accordance with this section;
- (2) in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of Defense for purposes of the Program; and
- (3) in a manner consistent with the Graduate Education Program—Enlisted pilot program of the Marine Corps.

(c) **ELIGIBILITY OF PARTICIPANTS.**—The Secretaries concerned shall establish criteria for determining the eligibility of enlisted members of the covered Armed Forces for participation in the Program.

(d) **SELECTION OF PARTICIPANTS.**—Selection of a member for the Program shall be based on consideration of—

- (1) the eligibility criteria established under subsection (c);
- (2) professional performance;
- (3) promotion potential;
- (4) retention potential;
- (5) academic background, capabilities, and accomplishments;
- (6) the needs of the Navy and Army; and
- (7) input from the component within each covered Armed Force with primary responsibility for determining the duty assignments of enlisted members.

(e) POST-PARTICIPATION SERVICE.—Subject to such terms, conditions, and exceptions as the Secretaries concerned may establish, an enlisted member who receives a master's degree under the Program shall serve for a period of not less than two years in a duty assignment that is relevant to the degree obtained by the member under the Program.

(f) FRAMEWORK FOR FILLING BILLETS.—In conjunction with selecting enlisted members for participation in the Program as described in subsection (d), the Secretaries concerned shall establish a framework for assigning enlisted personnel who are not participating in the Program—

(1) to fill the billets of the members participating in the Program while such members are completing a course of study at the Naval Postgraduate School; and

(2) to fill the billets of members who received a master's degree under the Program while such members are engaged in post-participation service as described in subsection (e).

(g) IDENTIFICATION OF DEGREE PROGRAMS.—The Secretaries concerned shall coordinate with the President of the Naval Postgraduate School to identify specific master's degree programs offered by the School in which Program participants may enroll. In identifying such programs, the Secretaries shall consider—

(1) the needs of the Navy and Army;

(2) the capacity of the Naval Postgraduate School; and

(3) the extent to which enrollment in a specific program is expected to have a positive effect on the career trajectories of participants.

(h) INFORMATION DISSEMINATION.—The Secretaries concerned shall take such actions as are necessary to notify and inform enlisted members about the Program.

(i) REPORT.—Before the expiration of the six-year period described in subsection (j), the Secretaries concerned, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report that includes—

(1) an assessment of whether and to what extent the Program has met the needs of the covered Armed Forces and had positive effects on participating enlisted members, including with respect to—

(A) career trajectory, including potential pay increases;

(B) retention;

(C) recruitment;

(D) job performance;

(E) merit-based promotions and merit-based promotion reorder; and

(F) compatibility with the objectives outlined in the 2022 National Defense Strategy to modernize the Armed Services, spur innovation, and outpace and outthink adversaries of the United States;

(2) the recommendations of the Secretaries regarding whether the Program should be extended or made permanent;

(3) an assessment of the funding and capabilities that may be needed to make the Program permanent; and

- (4) any other matters the Secretaries determine to be relevant.
- (j) SUNSET.—The Program shall terminate six years after the date on which the Program commences under this section.
- (k) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
 - (1) The term “covered Armed Force” means the Army or Navy.
 - (2) The term “Secretary concerned” means—
 - (A) the Secretary of the Army, with respect to matters concerning the Army; and
 - (B) the Secretary of the Navy, with respect to matters concerning the Navy.

SEC. 559E. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FEDERAL FUNDS TO ENDORSE CRITICAL RACE THEORY.

- (a) PROHIBITION.—No funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act may be used to endorse critical race theory—
 - (1) at an academic institution operated by the Department of Defense;
 - (2) in training provided to a member of the Armed Forces;
 or
 - (3) in professional military education.
- (b) PROTECTION OF ACADEMIC FREEDOM.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede the institutional autonomy or academic freedom of instructors involved in the selection of textbooks, supplemental materials, or other classroom materials, or in the preparation or presentation of classroom instruction or lectures.
- (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the term “critical race theory” means the theory that individuals, by virtue of race, ethnicity, color, or national origin, bear collective guilt and are inherently responsible for actions committed in the past by other individuals of such race, ethnicity, color, or national origin.

Subtitle G—Military Justice and Other Legal Matters

SEC. 561. CLARIFYING AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE 2 OF THE UNIFORM CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE.

Section 802(a)(14) of title 10, United States Code (article 2(a)(14) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), is amended by inserting “20601 or” before “20603”.

SEC. 562. AUTHORITY OF SPECIAL TRIAL COUNSEL WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN OFFENSES OCCURRING BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE OF MILITARY JUSTICE REFORMS.

Section 824a(d) of title 10, United States Code, as added by section 531 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 258), is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking “section 920 (article 120),” and inserting “section 919a (article 119a), section 920 (article 120), section 920a (article 120a),”;
- (2) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3);
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

“(2) THE STANDALONE OFFENSE OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT.—After January 1, 2025, a special trial counsel may, at the sole and exclusive discretion of the special trial counsel, exercise authority over the following offenses:

“(A) The standalone offense of sexual harassment punishable under section 934 of this title (article 134) in each instance in which—

“(i) the offense occurs after January 26, 2022, and on or before January 1, 2025; and

“(ii) a formal complaint is substantiated in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary concerned.

“(B) A conspiracy to commit an offense specified in subparagraph (A) as punishable under section 881 of this title (article 81).

“(C) A solicitation to commit an offense specified in subparagraph (A) as punishable under section 882 of this title (article 82).

“(D) An attempt to commit an offense specified in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) as punishable under section 880 of this title (article 80).”; and

(4) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated—

(A) in subparagraph (A), by inserting “or (2)” after “paragraph (1)”; and

(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking “paragraph (1)” and inserting “subsection (c)(2)(A) or paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection”.

SEC. 563. DETAILING OF APPELLATE DEFENSE COUNSEL.

Subsection (b) of section 865 of title 10, United States Code (article 65 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking “the Judge Advocate General shall forward the record” and inserting the following: “the Judge Advocate General shall forward—

“(A) the record”; and

(B) in subparagraph (A), as designated by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, by striking the period and inserting “; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(B) a copy of the record of trial to an appellate defense counsel who shall be detailed to review the case and, upon request of the accused, to represent the accused before the Court of Criminal Appeals.”; and

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in subparagraph (A)—

(i) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking “shall” and inserting “shall, upon written request of the accused”; and

(ii) in clause (i), by striking “, upon request of the accused,”; and

(iii) in clause (ii), by striking “upon written request of the accused,”; and

(B) in subparagraph (B)—

- (i) by striking “accused” and all that follows through “waives” and inserting “accused waives”;
- (ii) by striking “; or” and inserting a period; and
- (iii) by striking clause (ii).

SEC. 564. MODIFICATION TO OFFENSE OF AIDING THE ENEMY UNDER THE UNIFORM CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE.

Section 903b(2) of title 10, United States Code (article 103b(2) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), is amended by inserting “provides military education, military training, or tactical advice to,” after “gives intelligence to,”.

SEC. 565. REMOVAL OF MARRIAGE AS A DEFENSE TO ARTICLE 120B OFFENSES.

Section 920b of title 10, United States Code (article 120b of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), is amended—

- (1) by striking subsection (f);
- (2) by redesignating subsections (g) and (h) as subsections (f) and (g), respectively; and
- (3) in subsection (f), as redesignated by paragraph (2), by striking “not legally married to the person committing the sexual act, lewd act, or use of force”.

SEC. 566. CONSOLIDATION OF MILITARY JUSTICE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENTS.

(a) **ANNUAL REPORTS.**—Section 946a(b) of title 10, United States Code (article 146a(b) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), is amended—

- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (5) as paragraphs (3) through (6), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (1), the following new paragraph:

“(2) Data on the number and status of completed cases, including—

 - “(A) information on race, ethnicity, rank, and sex demographic for the victim and the accused;
 - “(B) the enumerated offenses preferred and referred;
 - “(C) the types of court-martial; and
 - “(D) the results for each case, including cases that resulted in nonjudicial punishment or administrative separation.”.

(b) **REPEAL OF DUPLICATIVE MILITARY JUSTICE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.**—

- (1) **TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.**—Section 486 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.
- (2) **JOHN S. MCCAIN NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019.**—Section 547 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. 1561 note) is repealed.

SEC. 567. TERM OF OFFICE FOR JUDGES OF THE COURT OF MILITARY COMMISSION REVIEW.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT OF TERM OF OFFICE.**—Section 950f(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (6)—

(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, and indenting appropriately;

(B) by striking “The term of an appellate military judge assigned to the Court under paragraph (2) or appointed to the Court under paragraph (3)” and inserting the following: “(A) The term of an appellate military judge assigned or appointed to the Court under this subsection”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(B) The term of a civilian judge of the Court appointed under paragraph (3) shall expire on the date that is 10 years after the date on which the judge was appointed.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(7) Judges of the Court may be removed from office by the President (in the case of a judge appointed under paragraph (3)) or the Secretary of Defense (in the case of an appellate military judge assigned under paragraph (2)) upon notice and hearing, for—

“(A) neglect of duty;

“(B) misconduct; or

“(C) mental or physical disability.”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the date that is 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) APPLICABILITY TO EXISTING CIVILIAN JUDGES.—The term of any civilian judge of the United States Court of Military Commission Review who will have served as such a judge for a period of 10 or more years as of the effective date described in paragraph (1) shall expire on such effective date.

SEC. 568. CONTINUITY OF COVERAGE UNDER CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.

(a) SECTION 202.—Section 202(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the third sentence, by inserting “an officer of the Space Force not serving on sustained duty pursuant to section 20105 of title 10,” after “of the Armed Forces,”; and

(2) in the fourth and fifth sentences, by striking “A Reserve” and all that follows through “who is” and inserting “Such an officer who is”.

(b) SECTION 209.—Section 209(h) of such title is amended by inserting “, or a member of the Space Force,” after “a member of the reserve components of the armed forces”.

(c) CROSS-REFERENCE AMENDMENT.—Section 202(a) of such title, as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by striking “section 29(c) and (d) of the Act of August 10, 1956 (70A Stat. 632; 5 U.S.C. 30r(c) and (d))” and inserting “sections 502, 2105(d), and 5534 of title 5”.

SEC. 569. CORRECTION OF CERTAIN CITATIONS IN TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE, RELATING TO SEXUAL OFFENSES.

Part I of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in section 2241(c)—

- (A) in the second sentence, by inserting “or an offense under the Uniform Code of Military Justice” after “State offense”; and
- (B) by striking “either such provision” and inserting “any such provision”;
- (2) in section 2251(e), by striking “section 920 of title 10 (article 120 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), or under” each place it appears and inserting “the Uniform Code of Military Justice or”;
- (3) in section 2252(b)—
 - (A) in paragraph (1), by striking “section 920 of title 10 (article 120 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), or under” and inserting “the Uniform Code of Military Justice or”; and
 - (B) in paragraph (2), by striking “section 920 of title 10 (article 120 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), or under” and inserting “the Uniform Code of Military Justice or”;
- (4) in section 2252A(b)—
 - (A) in paragraph (1), by striking “section 920 of title 10 (article 120 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), or under” and inserting “the Uniform Code of Military Justice or”; and
 - (B) in paragraph (2), by striking “section 920 of title 10 (article 120 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), or under” and inserting “the Uniform Code of Military Justice or”;
- (5) in section 2426(b)(1)(B), by inserting “or the Uniform Code of Military Justice” after “State law”; and
- (6) in section 3559(e)(2)—
 - (A) in subparagraph (B)—
 - (i) by striking “State sex offense” and inserting “State or Military sex offense”; and
 - (ii) by inserting “or the Uniform Code of Military Justice” after “State law”; and
 - (B) in subparagraph (C), by inserting “or Military” after “State”.

SEC. 569A. MODIFICATION OF TIMELINE FOR POTENTIAL IMPLEMENTATION OF STUDY ON UNANIMOUS COURT-MARTIAL VERDICTS.

Section 536(c)(3) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 263) is amended by striking “2027” and inserting “2026”.

SEC. 569B. REMOVAL OF PERSONALLY IDENTIFYING AND OTHER INFORMATION OF CERTAIN PERSONS FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CENTRAL INDEX OF INVESTIGATIONS.

Section 545 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 1552 note) is amended—

- (1) in the section heading, by striking “INVESTIGATIVE REPORTS” and all that follows and inserting “THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CENTRAL INDEX OF INVESTIGATIONS”;
- (2) in subsection (a)—

- (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “October 1, 2021” and inserting “October 1, 2025”; and
- (B) by striking “removed from, the following:” and all that follows through the period at the end of paragraph (3) and inserting “removed from, an index item or entry in the Department of Defense Central Index of Investigations.”;
- (3) in subsection (b), by striking “or is maintained” and all that follows through the period at the end of paragraph (3) and inserting “or is maintained, as an item or entry in the Department of Defense Central Index of Investigations.”; and
- (4) in subsection (c)(1)—
 - (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “a report, item or entry, or record described in paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (a)” and inserting “an index item or entry in the Department of Defense Central Index of Investigations”; and
 - (B) in subparagraph (A), by striking “such report, item or entry, or record” and inserting “such item or entry”.

SEC. 569C. EXPANDED COMMAND NOTIFICATIONS TO VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.

Section 549 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 10 U.S.C. 806b note) is amended—

- (1) in the section heading, by striking “OFFENSE” and inserting “AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE-RELATED OFFENSES”;
- (2) in the first sentence—
 - (A) by inserting “, or a case of an alleged domestic violence-related offense (as defined by the Secretary),” after “of title 10, United States Code”; and
 - (B) by striking “periodically notify the victim” and inserting “ensure that the victim (or the victim’s legal counsel if so requested by the victim) is periodically notified”; and
- (3) in the last sentence, by striking “notify the victim” and inserting “ensure that the victim (or the victim’s legal counsel if so requested by the victim) is notified”.

SEC. 569D. EXTENSION OF DEFENSE ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATION, PROSECUTION, AND DEFENSE OF SEXUAL ASSAULT IN THE ARMED FORCES.

Section 546 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. “Buck” McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291; 10 U.S.C. 1561 note) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (f)(1), by striking “10 years after” and inserting “15 years after”; and
- (2) by redesignating the second subsection (f) as subsection (g).

SEC. 569E. ANALYSIS ON THE ADVISABILITY OF REVISING MILITARY RULE OF EVIDENCE 513.

(a) ANALYSIS REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall analyze the advisability of modifying rule 513 of the Military Rules of Evidence (as set forth in part III of the Manual for Courts-Martial) to include diagnoses of a patient and treatments prescribed to a patient as confidential communications subject to the psychotherapist-patient privilege. The Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of

Representatives a report that includes the considerations described in subsection (b).

(b) CONSIDERATIONS.—In the analysis directed under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall consider—

- (1) the advisability of modifying Military Rule of Evidence 513 to cover psychotherapy diagnoses and treatments; and
- (2) such other approaches to the modification of Military Rule of Evidence 513 as the Secretary considers appropriate to address victim privacy rights balanced against the rights of the accused and the best interests of justice.

SEC. 569F. ANALYSIS OF PROHIBITION ON BROADCAST AND DISTRIBUTION OF DIGITALLY MANIPULATED INTIMATE IMAGES UNDER THE UNIFORM CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE.

(a) ANALYSIS REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall—

- (1) analyze the feasibility and advisability of, and potential approaches to, modifying the offense of indecent viewing, visual recording, or broadcasting under section 920c of title 10, United States Code (article 120c of the Uniform Code of Military Justice) to clarify its applicability to the broadcasting and distribution of digitally manipulated intimate images; and
- (2) provide the results of such analysis to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

(b) CONSIDERATIONS.—In conducting the analysis required under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall consider—

- (1) the advisability of modifying section 920c of title 10, United States Code (article 120c of the Uniform Code of Military Justice)—
 - (A) to prohibit the broadcasting or distribution of an intimate digital depiction of another person that the offender knew or reasonably should have known was made without the other person’s consent and under circumstances in which that person has a reasonable expectation of privacy; and
 - (B) to define the term “intimate digital depiction” (as used in subparagraph (A)) as a digital depiction of an individual that has been created or altered using digital manipulation and that depicts—
 - (i) the private area of an identifiable individual; or
 - (ii) an identifiable individual engaging in sexually explicit conduct (as defined in section 917a(b) of title 10, United States Code (article 117a(b)(4) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice)); and
- (2) such other approaches to the modification of such section 920c (article 120c) as the Secretary considers appropriate to address digitally manipulated intimate images.

Subtitle H—Career Transition

SEC. 571. PATHWAY FOR INDIVIDUALIZED COUNSELING FOR MEMBERS OF THE RESERVE COMPONENTS UNDER TAP.

Section 1142(c)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by inserting “(including

one pathway for members of the reserve components)” after “military department concerned”.

SEC. 572. EXTENSION OF TROOPS-TO-TEACHERS PROGRAM.

Section 1154 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (e)(3)(C)—
 - (A) in clause (i), by striking “5,000” and inserting “3,000”; and
 - (B) by striking clause (iii) and redesignating clause (iv) as clause (iii); and
- (2) in subsection (k), by striking “2027” and inserting “2029”.

SEC. 573. EXTENSION AND EXPANSION OF REPORT ON THE TRANSITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

Section 552(b)(4) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232) is amended—

- (1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “4 years” and inserting “seven years”;
- (2) in subparagraph (B), by inserting “, disaggregated by whether such attendance was in person or remote” after “counseling”;
- (3) by redesignating subparagraphs (F) through (I) as subparagraphs (I) through (L), respectively; and
- (4) by inserting, after subparagraph (E), the following new subparagraphs:
 - “(F) The total number of members who did not attend Transition Assistance Program counseling due to operational requirements.
 - “(G) If the information described in subparagraph (F) is unavailable, processes the Secretary is implementing to collect such information.
 - “(H) An assessment of challenges to attending Transition Assistance Program counseling in person.”.

SEC. 574. MILITARY TRAINING AND COMPETENCY RECORDS.

(a) **COMPETENCY RECORDS.**—

- (1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of a military department shall provide, to each member of a covered Armed Force under the jurisdiction of such Secretary, a document that outlines the training and qualifications acquired by the member while serving in such covered Armed Force. Such document shall be known as a “competency record”.
- (2) **FORMAT AND CONTENTS.**—The Secretary of Defense shall develop a standardized format for competency records, which shall include, at a minimum, the following information:
 - (A) Relevant personal details about the member.
 - (B) Description of training courses, certifications, and qualifications obtained.
 - (C) Date and duration of each completed training.
 - (D) Authorized signatures and other necessary authentication.
- (3) **AVAILABILITY.**—A competency record shall be provided to a member upon the separation or retirement of such member from a covered Armed Force.

(b) **IMPLEMENTATION.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish the necessary regulations, procedures, and timelines for the implementation of this section.

(c) **REPORT.**—Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the implementation and usefulness of competency records and any recommendations of the Secretary for improving competency records. The report shall include feedback and recommendations from States and other employers regarding the usability and accuracy of the information in the competency records.

(d) **COVERED ARMED FORCE DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “covered Armed Force” means the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, or Space Force.

Subtitle I—Family Programs and Child Care

SEC. 581. INTERSTATE COMPACTS FOR PORTABILITY OF OCCUPATIONAL LICENSES OF MILITARY SPOUSES: PERMANENT AUTHORITY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 1784(h) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (5).

(b) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect as if enacted immediately following the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92), to which such amendment relates.

SEC. 582. MILITARY SPOUSE CAREER ACCELERATOR PROGRAM.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—Section 1784 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(i) **EMPLOYMENT FELLOWSHIP OPPORTUNITIES.**—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall carry out a program to provide spouses of members of the armed forces with paid fellowships (including in-person, remote, and hybrid fellowships) with employers in various industries. To carry out such program, the Secretary shall take the following steps:

“(A) Seek to enter into an agreement with an entity to conduct such program.

“(B) Determine the appropriate capacity for the program based on the availability of appropriations for such purpose.

“(C) Establish criteria to evaluate the effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of the program in supporting the employment of such spouses.

“(2) The authority to carry out the program under this subsection shall terminate on January 1, 2031.”.

(b) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—Subsection (i) of such section shall take effect on January 1, 2026.

(c) **CONFORMING AMENDMENT.**—The pilot program under section 564 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022

(Public Law 117–81; 10 U.S.C. 1784 note) shall terminate on January 1, 2026.

SEC. 583. COMPETITIVE PAY FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CHILD CARE PERSONNEL.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1792(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(c) COMPETITIVE RATES OF PAY.—(1) For the purpose of providing military child development centers with a qualified and stable civilian workforce, employees at a military installation who are directly involved in providing child care and who are paid from nonappropriated funds—

“(A) in the case of entry-level employees, shall be paid a rate of pay competitive with the rates of pay paid to other equivalent non-Federal positions within the metropolitan statistical area or non-metropolitan statistical area (as the case may be) in which such Department employee’s position is located; and

“(B) in the case of any employee not covered by subparagraph (A), shall be paid a rate of pay competitive with the rates of pay paid to other employees with similar training, seniority, and experience within the metropolitan statistical area or non-metropolitan statistical area (as the case may be) in which such Department employee’s position is located.

“(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), no employee shall receive a rate of pay under this subsection that is lower than the minimum hourly rate of pay applicable to civilian employees of the Department of Defense.

“(3) For purposes of determining the rates of pay under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall use the metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area occupational employment and wage estimates published monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.”.

(b) APPLICATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect not later than April 1, 2025.

(2) RATES OF PAY.—

(A) EMPLOYEE PAY RATE NOT REDUCED.—The rate of pay for any individual who is an employee covered by subsection (c) of section 1792 of title 10, United States Code, as amended by subsection (a) of this section, on the date of the enactment of this Act shall not be reduced by operation of such amendment.

(B) PAY BAND MINIMUM.—Any employee whose rate of pay is fixed under such subsection (c), as so amended, and who is within any pay band shall receive a rate of pay not less than the minimum rate of pay applicable to such pay band.

SEC. 584. POSTING OF NATIONAL CHILD ABUSE HOTLINE AT MILITARY CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTERS.

Section 1794(b)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking the period at the end and inserting “by means including—”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:

“(A) posting it in public areas of military child development centers; and

“(B) providing it to the parents and legal guardians of children who attend military child development centers.”.

SEC. 585. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION IN OUTREACH CAMPAIGN RELATING TO WAITING LISTS FOR MILITARY CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTERS.

Section 585(a)(2)(D) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 1791 note prec.) is amended by inserting “a provider eligible for financial assistance under section 1798 of title 10, United States Code, or” before “pilot programs”.

SEC. 586. EXPANSION OF ANNUAL BRIEFING REGARDING WAITING LISTS FOR MILITARY CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTERS.

Subsection (b) of section 585 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 1791 note prec.) is amended by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting the following:

“(1) with regards to the 20 military installations with the longest waiting lists for child care services at military child development centers—

“(A) the number of children on each waiting list;

“(B) the available total capacity for child care services at each such military child development center, disaggregated by infants, pre-toddlers, toddlers, and pre-school children;

“(C) an accounting of the total unduplicated and unmet need for child care within each metropolitan region represented by a military installation described in subparagraph (A); and

“(D) the determination of the Secretary of Defense whether insufficient staffing or issues relating to maintenance contribute to the length of such waiting lists; and

“(2) an accounting of the efforts of the Secretary of Defense to mitigate child care shortages in order to shorten waiting lists and address unmet needs for child care across the Department of Defense.”.

SEC. 587. IMPROVEMENTS RELATING TO PORTABILITY OF PROFESSIONAL LICENSES OF SERVICEMEMBERS AND THEIR SPOUSES.

Section 705A of the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act (50 U.S.C. 4025a) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 705A. PORTABILITY OF PROFESSIONAL LICENSES OF SERVICEMEMBERS AND THEIR SPOUSES.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—If a servicemember or the spouse of a servicemember has a covered license and relocates residence because such servicemember receives military orders for military service in a State other than the State of the licensing authority that issued the covered license, such covered license shall be considered valid for the scope of practice in the State of the new residence if such servicemember or spouse submits to the licensing authority of such State an application described in subsection (c).

“(b) TEMPORARY LICENSES.—If a licensing authority is required to consider a covered license valid under subsection (a) but cannot carry out such requirement during the 30 days after receiving an application described in subsection (c), the licensing authority may

issue to the applicant a temporary license that confers the same rights, privileges, and responsibilities as a permanent license.

“(c) APPLICATION.—An application described in this subsection includes the following:

“(1) Proof of military orders described in subsection (a).

“(2) If the applicant is the spouse of a servicemember, a copy of the marriage certificate.

“(3) A notarized affidavit affirming, under the penalty of law, that—

“(A) the applicant is the person described and identified in the application;

“(B) all statements made in the application are true and correct and complete;

“(C) the applicant has read and understands the requirements to receive a license, and the scope of practice, of the State of the licensing authority;

“(D) the applicant certifies that the applicant meets and shall comply with requirements described in subparagraph (C); and

“(E) the applicant is in good standing in all States in which the applicant holds or has held a license.

“(d) BACKGROUND CHECKS.—A licensing authority that receives an application described in subsection (b) may conduct a background check of the applicant before carrying out subsection (a) or (b).

“(e) INTERSTATE COMPACTS.—If a servicemember or spouse of a servicemember has a covered license to operate in multiple States pursuant to an interstate compact described in section 1784 of title 10, United States Code—

“(1) the servicemember or spouse of a servicemember shall be subject to the requirements of such compact or the applicable provisions of law of the applicable State; and

“(2) this section shall not apply to such servicemember or spouse of a servicemember.

“(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘covered license’ means a professional license that, with respect to a scope of practice—

“(A) is in good standing with the licensing authority that issued such license;

“(B) has not been revoked or had discipline imposed by any State;

“(C) does not have an investigation relating to unprofessional conduct pending in any State relating to it; and

“(D) has not been voluntarily surrendered while under investigation for unprofessional conduct in any State.

“(2) The term ‘license’ means any license, certificate, or other evidence of qualification that an individual is required to obtain before the individual may engage in, or represent himself or herself to be a member of, a particular profession.

“(3) The term ‘licensing authority’ means any State board, commission, department, or agency that—

“(A) is established in the State for the primary purpose of regulating the entry of persons into or the conduct of persons within, a particular profession; and

“(B) is authorized to issue licenses.

“(4) The term ‘military orders’ has the meaning given such term in section 305.

“(5) The term ‘scope of practice’ means the defined parameters of various duties or services that may be provided by an individual under a license.”.

SEC. 588. CHILD CARE SERVICES AND YOUTH PROGRAM SERVICES FOR DEPENDENTS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary of Defense shall fully fund requests under section 1798 of title 10, United States Code, for financial assistance to eligible civilian providers of child care services or youth program services, as such terms are used in such section.

(b) **RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.**—This section shall not be construed to limit the authority of the Secretary, under subsection (a) of such section, to determine whether to provide such financial assistance to an eligible provider for such services.

SEC. 589. CHILD CARE SERVICES AND YOUTH PROGRAM SERVICES FOR DEPENDENTS: PERIOD OF SERVICES FOR A MEMBER WITH A SPOUSE SEEKING EMPLOYMENT.

(a) **PERIOD.**—The Secretary of a military department may provide a covered member with covered services for a period of at least 180 days.

(b) **RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.**—Nothing in this section shall be construed to—

- (1) entitle a covered member to covered services; or
- (2) give priority to a covered member for purposes of a determination regarding who shall receive covered services.

(c) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) The term “covered member” means a member of the Armed Forces—

- (A) who has a dependent child; and
- (B) whose spouse is seeking employment.

(2) The term “covered services” means child care services or youth program services provided or paid for by the Secretary of Defense under subchapter II of chapter 88 of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 589A. CHILD DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM STAFFING AND COMPENSATION MODEL.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense, in collaboration with the Secretaries of the military departments, shall carry out a redesign of the Department of Defense child development program compensation model and modernization of the child development program staffing model.

(b) **REDESIGNED COMPENSATION MODEL.**—The Secretary of Defense, in collaboration with the Secretaries of the military departments, shall—

- (1) redesign child development program staff compensation for non-entry level, mid-to-senior level classroom staff by modernizing the duties and responsibilities captured in position descriptions to more accurately reflect performance and expectations of the positions;
- (2) adjust compensation for higher-level program management positions by modernizing the duties and responsibilities

captured in position descriptions to more accurately reflect performance and expectations of the positions;

(3) direct the Department's personnel office to make necessary adjustments to modernize the pay plan to accommodate any compensation and wage increases driven by the updated position descriptions for child development program staff; and

(4) begin implementation of the revised position descriptions and accompanying compensation adjustments no later than April 1, 2025, subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) MODERNIZE CHILD DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM STAFFING MODEL.—The Secretary of Defense, in collaboration with the Secretaries of the military departments, shall—

(1) add key positions to facilitate classroom operations and provide direct support to child development program staff;

(2) add key positions to coordinate support for the needs of children with special needs and provide direct support to the child development program staff working with these children; and

(3) develop and implement a 5-year phased plan to ensure responsible funding execution, successful implementation allowing for adjustments as necessary, and long-term sustainable impact.

(d) BRIEFINGS REQUIRED.—

(1) INITIAL BASELINE BRIEFING.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in collaboration with the Secretaries of the military departments, shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives an initial baseline briefing that describes progress, accomplishments, and the impact of the redesign of the Department of Defense child development program compensation model and the modernization of the child development program staffing model.

(B) ESTABLISHMENT OF DATA BASELINE.—The briefing required by subparagraph (A) shall be used to establish a data baseline.

(2) ANNUAL BRIEFINGS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after providing the briefing required by paragraph (1), and annually thereafter for four years, the Secretary, in collaboration with the Secretaries of the military departments, shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the progress made with respect to the redesign of the Department of Defense child development program compensation model and the modernization of the child development program staffing model.

(B) ELEMENTS.—Each briefing required by subparagraph (A) shall include the following:

(i) The percentage of child development program staff that are also military spouses.

(ii) The turnover or retention rate of child development program staff.

(iii) The utilization rate of child development program child care spaces.

(iv) The number of child development program employees who were hired during the year preceding the briefing.

(v) The percentage of such employees who resigned within their first six months of employment.

(vi) Information on the ability to staff newly constructed facilities.

(vii) An assessment of the impact of adding key positions to the child development program staffing model under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (c).

SEC. 589B. INCLUSIVE PLAYGROUND PILOT PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a plan for the implementation of a military families playground pilot program (in this section referred to as the “Inclusive Playground Pilot Program”) to design, develop, and construct playgrounds that directly support families enrolled in the Exceptional Family Member Program (hereinafter, “EFMP”) to increase the accessibility and inclusivity of access to playgrounds on military installations selected under subsection (c).

(b) ELEMENTS.—The plan under subsection (a) shall include the following elements:

(1) A definition of the term “inclusive playground”.

(2) A list of existing inclusive playgrounds on military installations.

(3) A list of military installations selected by the Secretary of Defense under subsection (c).

(4) An explanation of how the Secretary of Defense selected such locations, including—

(A) the numbers of military families enrolled in the EFMP at each such military installation; and

(B) the minimum number of such military families that justifies the construction of an inclusive playground on such military installation.

(5) The estimated costs to design, develop, and construct an inclusive playground (or upgrade an existing playground to meet such definition) on the military installations selected under subsection (c), including—

(A) an explanation of how the Secretary determined whether to construct a new inclusive playground or to upgrade an existing playground;

(B) the overall sustainment costs for an inclusive playground, and

(C) the type of funding required for such design, development, and construction.

(6) A list of additional authorities, appropriations, or other support the Secretary determines necessary to ensure the success of the Inclusive Playground Pilot Program.

(c) LOCATIONS.—In selecting military installations on which to implement the Inclusive Playground Pilot Program, the Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) select one military installation—

(A) of each military department; and

(B) that the Secretary determines has a large number of military families enrolled in the EFMP that would use an inclusive playground;

(2) take into consideration any existing inclusive playground of the Department of Defense.

(d) LIMITATION.—The Secretary of Defense may not implement the Inclusive Playground Pilot Program until—

(1) 180 days after the date on which the Secretary submits the plan under subsection (a); and

(2) funds are obligated for the design, development, and construction of inclusive playgrounds under the Inclusive Playground Pilot Program as minor military construction projects.

Subtitle J—Dependent Education

SEC. 591. ADVISORY COMMITTEES FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DOMESTIC DEPENDENTS SCHOOLS.

Section 2164(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(d) SCHOOL ADVISORY COMMITTEES.—(1) The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity, shall provide for the establishment of an advisory committee for each Department of Defense elementary or secondary school established at a military installation under this section.

“(2) An advisory committee established under paragraph (1) for a school at a military installation—

“(A) shall advise the principal or superintendent of the school with respect to the operation of the school;

“(B) may make recommendations with respect to curriculum and budget matters; and

“(C) except in the case of an advisory committee for a school on a military installation described in paragraph (4), shall advise the commander of the military installation with respect to problems concerning the education of dependents within the jurisdiction of the commander.

“(3)(A) The membership of each advisory committee established for a school described in paragraph (1)—

“(i) shall include an equal number of parents of students enrolled in the school and of employees working at the school; and

“(ii) when appropriate, may include a student enrolled in the school.

“(B) In addition to the members described in subparagraph (A), the membership of each advisory committee shall include one non-voting member designated by the organization recognized as the exclusive bargaining representative of the employees working at the school.

“(4) In the case of a military installation where there is more than one school in the Department of Defense elementary and secondary school system, the Secretary, acting through the Director, shall provide for the establishment of an advisory committee for the military installation to advise the commander of the military installation with respect to the education of dependents.

“(5)(A) Except in the case of a nonvoting member designated under paragraph (3)(B), members of an advisory committee established under this subsection shall be elected by individuals of voting age residing in the area to be served by the advisory committee.

“(B) The Secretary, acting through the Director, shall by regulation prescribe the qualifications for election to an advisory committee established under this subsection and procedures for conducting elections of members to such an advisory committee.

“(6) Members of an advisory committee established under this subsection shall serve without pay.”.

SEC. 592. ELIGIBILITY OF DEPENDENTS OF CERTAIN DECEASED MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES FOR ENROLLMENT IN DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DOMESTIC DEPENDENT ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

Section 2164(j) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), in the first sentence, by striking “an individual described in paragraph (2)” and inserting “a member of a foreign armed force residing on a military installation in the United States (including territories, commonwealths, and possessions of the United States)”; and

(2) by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:

“(2)(A) The Secretary may authorize the enrollment in a Department of Defense education program provided by the Secretary pursuant to subsection (a) of a dependent not otherwise eligible for such enrollment who is the dependent of a member of the armed forces who died in—

“(i) an international terrorist attack against the United States or a foreign country friendly to the United States, as determined by the Secretary;

“(ii) military operations while serving outside the United States (including the commonwealths, territories, and possessions of the United States) as part of a peacekeeping force; or

“(iii) the line of duty in a combat-related operation, as designated by the Secretary.

“(B)(i) Except as provided by clause (ii), enrollment of a dependent described in subparagraph (A) in a Department of Defense education program provided pursuant to subsection (a) shall be on a tuition-free, space available basis.

“(ii) In the case of a dependent described in subparagraph (A) residing on a military installation in the United States (including territories, commonwealths, and possessions of the United States), the Secretary may authorize enrollment of the dependent in a Department of Defense education program provided pursuant to subsection (a) on a tuition-free, space required basis.”.

SEC. 593. EXPANSION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR VIRTUAL PROGRAMS OPERATED BY DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE EDUCATION ACTIVITY.

Section 2164(l) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking “; and” and inserting “; or”; and

(B) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following new subparagraph (B):

“(B) is a home-schooled student.”; and

(2) by striking paragraphs (2) and (3) and inserting the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) In this subsection, the term ‘home-schooled student’ means a student in a grade equivalent to kindergarten or any of grades 1 through 12 who receives educational instruction at home or by other nontraditional means outside of a public or private school system, either all or most of the time.”.

SEC. 594. AUTHORIZATION FOR SCHOOL MEAL PROGRAMS AT DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DEPENDENT SCHOOLS.

(a) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DOMESTIC DEPENDENT SCHOOLS.—Section 2164 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(m) MEAL PROGRAMS.—(1) The Secretary of Defense may administer a meal program, consistent with Federal law and standards prescribed by the Secretary of Agriculture for that meal program, for students enrolled in a school established under this section.

“(2) In this subsection, the term ‘meal program’ means a program established under the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1771 et seq.) or the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.).”.

(b) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE OVERSEAS DEPENDENT SCHOOLS.—Section 1402 of the Defense Dependents’ Education Act of 1978 (20 U.S.C. 921) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) MEAL PROGRAMS.—In addition to carrying out the requirement under section 20 of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1769b) to administer lunch programs in certain dependents’ schools, the Secretary of Defense may administer a school breakfast program for students attending a school of the defense dependents’ education system.”.

SEC. 595. ELIGIBILITY OF CERTAIN DEPENDENTS FOR ENROLLMENT IN DOMESTIC DEPENDENT ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 108 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2164a the following new section:

“§ 2164b. Eligibility of certain dependents for enrollment in domestic dependent elementary and secondary schools

“(a) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—Beginning not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall carry out a program under which a dependent of a full-time, active-duty member of the armed forces may enroll in a covered DODEA school

at the military installation to which the member is assigned, on a space-available basis as described in subsection (b), without regard to whether the member resides on the installation as described in section 2164(a)(1) of this title.

“(b) ENROLLMENT ON SPACE-AVAILABLE BASIS.—A student participating in the program under subsection (a) may be enrolled in a covered DODEA school only if the school has the capacity to accept the student, as determined by the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity.

“(c) LOCATIONS.—The Secretary shall select military installations for participation in the program under subsection (a) based on—

“(1) the readiness needs of the Secretary of the military department concerned; and

“(2) the capacity of the covered DODEA schools located at the installation to accept additional students, as determined by the Director.

“(d) BRIEFINGS REQUIRED.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than April 1, 2025, and annually thereafter for four years, the Secretary shall brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives on the program under subsection (a).

“(2) ELEMENTS.—Each briefing required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

“(A) An identification of the military installations participating in the program under subsection (a).

“(B) The number of students enrolled in covered DODEA schools under the program.

“(e) NOTIFICATIONS OF PARTICIPATING INSTALLATIONS.—Not later than 90 days before officially announcing the participation of a new military installation in the program under subsection (a), the Secretary shall notify the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives with respect to the participation of the installation.

“(f) COVERED DODEA SCHOOL DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘covered DODEA school’ means a domestic dependent elementary or secondary school operated by the Department of Defense Education Activity that—

“(1) was established on or before the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025; and

“(2) is located in the continental United States.”.

(b) CONFORMING REPEAL.—Section 589C of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 2164 note) is repealed.

SEC. 596. STAFFING OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE EDUCATION ACTIVITY SCHOOLS TO MAINTAIN MAXIMUM STUDENT-TO-TEACHER RATIOS.

Section 589B(c) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 3659) is amended by striking “2023-2024 academic year” and inserting “2029-2030 academic year”.

SEC. 597. ENROLLMENT IN DEFENSE DEPENDENTS' EDUCATION SYSTEM OF CHILDREN OF FOREIGN MILITARY MEMBERS ASSIGNED TO UNITED NATIONS COMMAND.

Section 1404A of the Defense Dependents' Education Act of 1978 (20 U.S.C. 923a) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(2)—

(A) by striking “a foreign military member” and all that follows through “Supreme” and inserting the following: “foreign military members assigned to—

“(A) the Supreme”;

(B) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; or”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(B) the United Nations Command, but only in a school of the defense dependents' education system in South Korea or Japan.”; and

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking “ASSIGNED” and all that follows through “EUROPE”;

(B) in paragraph (1)—

(i) in the first sentence, by striking “in Mons” and all that follows through “subsection (a)” and inserting “described in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) to determine the number of children described in that paragraph”; and

(ii) in the second sentence, by striking “the commander” and all that follows through “Belgium” and inserting “the commanders of the geographic combatant commands with jurisdiction over the locations described in paragraph (2) of subsection (a)”;

(C) in paragraph (2), by striking “in Mons, Belgium,”.

SEC. 598. CERTAIN ASSISTANCE TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES THAT BENEFIT DEPENDENTS OF MILITARY AND CIVILIAN PERSONNEL.

(a) CONTINUATION OF AUTHORITY TO ASSIST LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES THAT BENEFIT DEPENDENTS OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES.—

(1) ASSISTANCE TO SCHOOLS WITH SIGNIFICANT NUMBERS OF MILITARY DEPENDENT STUDENTS.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 by section 301 and available for operation and maintenance for Defense-wide activities as specified in the funding table in section 4301, \$50,000,000 shall be available only for the purpose of providing assistance to local educational agencies under subsection (a) of section 572 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163; 20 U.S.C. 7703b).

(2) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term “local educational agency” has the meaning given that term in section 7013(9) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7713(9)).

(b) IMPACT AID FOR CHILDREN WITH SEVERE DISABILITIES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 pursuant to section 301 and available for operation and maintenance for Defense-wide activities

as specified in the funding table in section 4301, \$10,000,000 shall be available for payments under section 363 of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (as enacted into law by Public Law 106–398; 114 Stat. 1654A–77; 20 U.S.C. 7703a).

(2) **ADDITIONAL AMOUNT.**—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 pursuant to section 301 and available for operation and maintenance for Defense-wide activities as specified in the funding table in section 4301, \$10,000,000 shall be available for use by the Secretary of Defense to make payments to local educational agencies determined by the Secretary to have higher concentrations of military children with severe disabilities.

(3) **BRIEFING.**—Not later than March 31, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the Department of Defense’s evaluation of each local educational agency with higher concentrations of military children with severe disabilities and subsequent determination of the amounts of impact aid each such agency shall receive.

SEC. 599. TRAINING REQUIREMENTS TEACHERS IN 21ST CENTURY SCHOOLS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE EDUCATION ACTIVITY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity, shall require each teacher in a 21st century school to undergo training in accordance with this section.

(b) **CONTENT.**—The training required under subsection (a) shall consist of specialized instruction to provide teachers with the skills necessary to effectively teach in a 21st century school environment, including instruction in—

(1) understanding and using the physical space of a 21st century school classroom;

(2) building the relationships necessary to succeed, including relationships with students and other teachers;

(3) the curriculum and level of academic rigor necessary to increase student learning;

(4) other skills necessary to support the academic achievement and social and emotional well being of students; and

(5) such other topics as the Secretary and the Director determine appropriate.

(c) **FREQUENCY.**—The training required under subsection (a) shall be provided as follows:

(1) In the case of a teacher who has been assigned to a 21st century school, but has not commenced teaching in such school, the training shall be provided before the teacher commences teaching in such school.

(2) In the case of a teacher who previously taught in a 21st century school, but subsequently taught in a school that is not a 21st century school for one or more school years, such training shall be provided before the teacher resumes teaching in a 21st Century School.

(3) In the case of a teacher who is teaching in a 21st century school as of the date of the enactment of this Act, such training

shall be provided not later than 180 days after such date of enactment.

(4) In the case of a teacher who teaches in a 21st century school on an ongoing basis, and who previously received training under this subsection, such training shall be provided not less frequently than once every three years.

(d) 21ST CENTURY SCHOOL DEFINED.—In this section, the term “21st century school” means a school facility operated by the Department of Defense Education Activity that has been constructed or modernized pursuant to the 21st Century Schools Program of the Activity.

SEC. 599A. OVERSEAS TRANSFER PROGRAM FOR EDUCATORS IN SCHOOLS OPERATED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE EDUCATION ACTIVITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 31, 2025, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity, shall develop and implement a policy pursuant to which a teacher at an overseas DODEA school may transfer to a position at another overseas DODEA school, subject to such terms, conditions, and other requirements as the Secretary determines appropriate.

(b) OVERSEAS DODEA SCHOOL DEFINED.—In this section, the term “overseas DODEA school” means a school that is—

- (1) operated by the Department of Defense Education Activity; and
- (2) located outside the United States.

SEC. 599B. PARENTAL RIGHT TO NOTICE OF STUDENT NONPROFICIENCY IN READING OR LANGUAGE ARTS.

The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that each elementary school operated by the Department of Defense Education Activity notifies the parents of any student enrolled in such school when the student does not score as grade-level proficient in reading or language arts at the end of the third grade based on the reading or language arts assessments administered under section 1111(b)(2)(B)(v)(I)(aa) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311(b)(2)(B)(v)(I)(aa)) or another assessment administered to all third grade students by such school.

TITLE VI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER PERSONNEL BENEFITS

Subtitle A—Basic Pay, Retired Pay, and Leave

- Sec. 601. Reform of basic pay rates.
- Sec. 602. Policy on postpartum physical fitness tests and body composition assessments.
- Sec. 603. Extension of parental leave to members of the Coast Guard Reserve.
- Sec. 604. Elimination of cap on additional retired pay for extraordinary heroism for members of the Army and Air Force who served during the Vietnam Era.
- Sec. 605. Calculation of retired pay for certain officers who served in grade O–9 or O–10 and retired in grade O–8.

Subtitle B—Bonus and Incentive Pays

- Sec. 611. One-year extension of certain expiring bonus and special pay authorities.

- Sec. 612. Increase in accession bonus for health professions scholarship and financial assistance program.
- Sec. 613. Increase in maximum skill proficiency bonus amount.

Subtitle C—Allowances

- Sec. 621. Basic needs allowance for members on active service in the Armed Forces: expansion of eligibility; increase of amount.
- Sec. 622. Authority to pay basic allowance for housing to junior enlisted members on sea duty.
- Sec. 623. Reimbursement of expenses relating to travel for inactive-duty training and muster duty.
- Sec. 624. Expansion of travel and transportation allowance to move or store privately owned vehicles.
- Sec. 625. Extension of authority to pay one-time uniform allowance for officers who transfer to the Space Force.
- Sec. 626. Travel and transportation allowances: prohibition of requirement of zero-emission vehicle.
- Sec. 627. Evaluation of the rates of the basic allowance for subsistence.
- Sec. 628. Report regarding the calculation of cost-of-living allowances.

Subtitle D—Family and Survivor Benefits

- Sec. 631. Expansion of eligibility for certain benefits that arise from the death of a member of the Armed Forces.
- Sec. 632. Extension of time for minor survivors to file death gratuity claims.
- Sec. 633. Parent fees at military child development centers for child care employees.
- Sec. 634. Information regarding paternal engagement on website of Military OneSource.

Subtitle E—Defense Resale Matters

- Sec. 641. Prohibition on sale of garlic from the People's Republic of China at commissary stores.
- Sec. 642. Sale of certain supplies of the Navy and Marine Corps to certain former members of the Coast Guard.

Subtitle F—Other Benefits, Reports, and Briefings

- Sec. 651. Access to broadband internet access service for certain members of the Armed Forces.
- Sec. 652. Extension of exclusion of certain employees from Government lodging program.
- Sec. 653. Promotion of tax preparation assistance programs.
- Sec. 654. Pilot program to increase access to food on military installations of the Army.

Subtitle A—Basic Pay, Retired Pay, and Leave

SEC. 601. REFORM OF BASIC PAY RATES.

Effective April 1, 2025, the rates of monthly basic pay for members of the uniformed services within each pay grade (and with years of service as computed under section 205 of title 37, United States Code) are as follows:

Commissioned Officers

Pay Grade	2 Years or Less	Over 2 Years	Over 3 Years	Over 4 Years	Over 6 Years
O-8	\$13,380.00	\$13,818.90	\$14,109.30	\$14,190.30	\$14,553.60

Commissioned Officers—Continued

O-7	11,117.70	11,634.00	11,873.10	12,063.60	12,407.10
O-6	8,430.90	9,261.90	9,870.00	9,870.00	9,907.80
O-5	7,028.40	7,917.30	8,465.40	8,568.60	8,910.90
O-4	6,064.20	7,019.70	7,488.90	7,592.40	8,027.10
O-3	5,331.60	6,044.10	6,522.60	7,112.40	7,453.80
O-2	4,606.80	5,246.70	6,042.90	6,247.20	6,375.30
O-1	3,998.40	4,161.90	5,031.30	5,031.30	5,031.30
	Over 8 Years	Over 10 Years	Over 12 Years	Over 14 Years	Over 16 Years
O-8	\$15,159.30	\$15,300.60	\$15,876.30	\$16,042.20	\$16,538.10
O-7	12,747.30	13,140.00	13,531.50	13,925.10	15,159.30
O-6	10,332.30	10,388.70	10,388.70	10,979.10	12,022.80
O-5	9,114.90	9,564.90	9,895.80	10,322.70	10,974.30
O-4	8,493.60	9,075.00	9,526.20	9,840.60	10,020.90
O-3	7,827.90	8,069.10	8,466.60	8,674.50	8,674.50
O-2	6,375.30	6,375.30	6,375.30	6,375.30	6,375.30
O-1	5,031.30	5,031.30	5,031.30	5,031.30	5,031.30
	Over 18 Years	Over 20 Years	Over 22 Years	Over 24 Years	Over 26 Years
O-10	\$0.00	\$18,808.20	\$18,808.20	\$18,808.20	\$18,808.20
O-9	0.00	18,808.20	18,808.20	18,808.20	18,808.20
O-8	17,256.00	17,917.20	18,359.10	18,359.10	18,359.10
O-7	16,202.10	16,202.10	16,202.10	16,202.10	16,285.50
O-6	12,635.40	13,247.70	13,596.30	13,949.10	14,632.80
O-5	11,285.10	11,592.30	11,940.90	11,940.90	11,940.90
O-4	10,125.00	10,125.00	10,125.00	10,125.00	10,125.00
O-3	8,674.50	8,674.50	8,674.50	8,674.50	8,674.50
O-2	6,375.30	6,375.30	6,375.30	6,375.30	6,375.30

Commissioned Officers—Continued

O-1	5,031.30	5,031.30	5,031.30	5,031.30	5,031.30
	Over 28 Years	Over 30 Years	Over 32 Years	Over 34 Years	Over 36 Years
O-10	\$18,808.20	\$18,808.20	\$18,808.20	\$18,808.20	\$18,808.20
O-9	18,808.20	18,808.20	18,808.20	18,808.20	18,808.20
O-8	18,359.10	18,808.20	18,808.20	18,808.20	18,808.20
O-7	16,285.50	16,611.00	16,611.00	16,611.00	16,611.00
O-6	14,632.80	14,925.00	14,925.00	14,925.00	14,925.00
O-5	11,940.90	11,940.90	11,940.90	11,940.90	11,940.90
O-4	10,125.00	10,125.00	10,125.00	10,125.00	10,125.00
O-3	8,674.50	8,674.50	8,674.50	8,674.50	8,674.50
O-2	6,375.30	6,375.30	6,375.30	6,375.30	6,375.30
O-1	5,031.30	5,031.30	5,031.30	5,031.30	5,031.30
	Over 38 Years	Over 40 Years			
O-10	\$18,808.20	\$18,808.20			
O-9	18,808.20	18,808.20			
O-8	18,808.20	18,808.20			
O-7	16,611.00	16,611.00			
O-6	14,925.00	14,925.00			
O-5	11,940.90	11,940.90			
O-4	10,125.00	10,125.00			
O-3	8,674.50	8,674.50			
O-2	6,375.30	6,375.30			
O-1	5,031.30	5,031.30			

¹ Basic pay for officers in pay grades O-7 through O-10 may not exceed the rate of pay for level II of the Executive Schedule. This includes officers serving as Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, Chief of Staff of the Army, Chief of Naval Operations, Chief of Staff of the Air Force, Commandant of the Marine Corps, Chief of Space Operations, Commandant of the Coast Guard, Chief of the National Guard Bureau, or commander of a unified or specified combatant command (as defined in section 161(c) of title 10, United States Code).

² Basic pay for officers in pay grades O-6 and below may not exceed the rate of pay for level V of the Executive Schedule.

³ This table does not apply to commissioned officers in pay grade O-1, O-2, or O-3 who have been credited with over 4 years of active-duty service as an enlisted member or warrant officer.

**Commissioned Officers With Over 4 Years of Active Duty
Service as an Enlisted Member or Warrant Officer**

Pay Grade	2 Years or Less	Over 2 Years	Over 3 Years	Over 4 Years	Over 6 Years
O-3E	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$7,112.40	\$7,453.80
O-2E	0.00	0.00	0.00	6,247.20	6,375.30
O-1E	0.00	0.00	0.00	5,031.30	5,372.40
	Over 8 Years	Over 10 Years	Over 12 Years	Over 14 Years	Over 16 Years
O-3E	\$7,827.90	\$8,069.10	\$8,466.60	\$8,802.60	\$8,995.20
O-2E	6,578.10	6,920.70	7,185.90	7,383.00	7,383.00
O-1E	5,571.30	5,774.40	5,973.60	6,247.20	6,247.20
	Over 18 Years	Over 20 Years	Over 22 Years	Over 24 Years	Over 26 Years
O-3E	\$9,257.70	\$9,257.70	\$9,257.70	\$9,257.70	\$9,257.70
O-2E	7,383.00	7,383.00	7,383.00	7,383.00	7,383.00
O-1E	6,247.20	6,247.20	6,247.20	6,247.20	6,247.20
	Over 28 Years	Over 30 Years	Over 32 Years	Over 34 Years	Over 36 Years
O-3E	\$9,257.70	\$9,257.70	\$9,257.70	\$9,257.70	\$9,257.70
O-2E	7,383.00	7,383.00	7,383.00	7,383.00	7,383.00
O-1E	6,247.20	6,247.20	6,247.20	6,247.20	6,247.20
	Over 38 Years	Over 40 Years			
O-3E	\$9,257.70	\$9,257.70			
O-2E	7,383.00	7,383.00			
O-1E	6,247.20	6,247.20			

¹ This table applies to commissioned officers in the Reserve Component with more than 1,460 points as an enlisted member, a warrant officer, or a warrant officer and an enlisted member, which are creditable toward reserve retirement.

Warrant Officers

Pay Grade	2 Years or Less	Over 2 Years	Over 3 Years	Over 4 Years	Over 6 Years
W-4	\$5,510.40	\$5,926.80	\$6,096.90	\$6,264.30	\$6,552.90
W-3	5,032.20	5,241.30	5,457.00	5,526.90	5,752.20
W-2	4,452.60	4,873.80	5,003.10	5,092.50	5,380.80
W-1	3,908.10	4,329.30	4,442.10	4,681.20	4,963.50
	Over 8 Years	Over 10 Years	Over 12 Years	Over 14 Years	Over 16 Years
W-4	\$6,838.20	\$7,127.10	\$7,560.90	\$7,941.90	\$8,304.30
W-3	6,195.60	6,657.60	6,875.10	7,126.80	7,385.40
W-2	5,829.60	6,052.50	6,271.20	6,539.10	6,748.50
W-1	5,379.90	5,574.30	5,847.00	6,114.30	6,324.60
	Over 18 Years	Over 20 Years	Over 22 Years	Over 24 Years	Over 26 Years
W-5	\$0.00	\$9,797.40	\$10,294.50	\$10,665.00	\$11,074.20
W-4	8,601.60	8,891.10	9,315.60	9,664.80	10,062.90
W-3	7,851.90	8,166.30	8,354.40	8,554.50	8,827.20
W-2	6,937.80	7,164.60	7,313.70	7,431.90	7,431.90
W-1	6,518.40	6,753.60	6,753.60	6,753.60	6,753.60
	Over 28 Years	Over 30 Years	Over 32 Years	Over 34 Years	Over 36 Years
W-5	\$11,074.20	\$11,628.90	\$11,628.90	\$12,209.40	\$12,209.40
W-4	10,062.90	10,263.60	10,263.60	10,263.60	10,263.60
W-3	8,827.20	8,827.20	8,827.20	8,827.20	8,827.20
W-2	7,431.90	7,431.90	7,431.90	7,431.90	7,431.90
W-1	6,753.60	6,753.60	6,753.60	6,753.60	6,753.60
	Over 38 Years	Over 40 Years			
W-5	\$12,821.10	\$12,821.10			

Warrant Officers—Continued

W-4	10,263.60	10,263.60			
W-3	8,827.20	8,827.20			
W-2	7,431.90	7,431.90			
W-1	6,753.60	6,753.60			

¹ Basic pay for warrant officers may not exceed the rate of pay for level V of the Executive Schedule.

Enlisted Members

Pay Grade	2 Years or Less	Over 2 Years	Over 3 Years	Over 4 Years	Over 6 Years
E-7	\$3,788.10	\$4,134.30	\$4,293.00	\$4,502.10	\$4,666.50
E-6	3,276.60	3,606.00	3,765.00	3,919.80	4,080.60
E-5	3,220.50	3,466.50	3,637.50	3,802.20	3,959.40
E-4	3,027.30	3,182.10	3,354.90	3,524.70	3,675.60
E-3	2,733.00	2,904.60	3,081.00	3,081.00	3,081.00
E-2	2,599.20	2,599.20	2,599.20	2,599.20	2,599.20
E-1	2,319.00	2,319.00	2,319.00	2,319.00	2,319.00
	Over 8 Years	Over 10 Years	Over 12 Years	Over 14 Years	Over 16 Years
E-9	\$0.00	\$6,657.30	\$6,807.90	\$6,997.80	\$7,221.60
E-8	5,449.50	5,690.70	5,839.80	6,018.60	6,212.10
E-7	4,947.60	5,106.30	5,387.10	5,621.40	5,781.30
E-6	4,443.90	4,585.20	4,858.80	4,942.50	5,003.40
E-5	4,142.40	4,234.50	4,259.70	4,259.70	4,259.70
E-4	3,675.60	3,675.60	3,675.60	3,675.60	3,675.60
E-3	3,081.00	3,081.00	3,081.00	3,081.00	3,081.00
E-2	2,599.20	2,599.20	2,599.20	2,599.20	2,599.20
E-1	2,319.00	2,319.00	2,319.00	2,319.00	2,319.00
	Over 18 Years	Over 20 Years	Over 22 Years	Over 24 Years	Over 26 Years
E-9	\$7,447.80	\$7,808.40	\$8,114.70	\$8,436.00	\$8,928.60
E-8	6,561.90	6,739.20	7,040.70	7,207.80	7,619.40
E-7	5,951.10	6,017.10	6,238.20	6,356.70	6,808.80
E-6	5,074.80	5,074.80	5,074.80	5,074.80	5,074.80
E-5	4,259.70	4,259.70	4,259.70	4,259.70	4,259.70
E-4	3,675.60	3,675.60	3,675.60	3,675.60	3,675.60

Enlisted Members—Continued

E-3	3,081.00	3,081.00	3,081.00	3,081.00	3,081.00
E-2	2,599.20	2,599.20	2,599.20	2,599.20	2,599.20
E-1	2,319.00	2,319.00	2,319.00	2,319.00	2,319.00
	Over 28 Years	Over 30 Years	Over 32 Years	Over 34 Years	Over 36 Years
E-9	\$8,928.60	\$9,374.10	\$9,374.10	\$9,843.30	\$9,843.30
E-8	7,619.40	7,772.10	7,772.10	7,772.10	7,772.10
E-7	6,808.80	6,808.80	6,808.80	6,808.80	6,808.80
E-6	5,074.80	5,074.80	5,074.80	5,074.80	5,074.80
E-5	4,259.70	4,259.70	4,259.70	4,259.70	4,259.70
E-4	3,675.60	3,675.60	3,675.60	3,675.60	3,675.60
E-3	3,081.00	3,081.00	3,081.00	3,081.00	3,081.00
E-2	2,599.20	2,599.20	2,599.20	2,599.20	2,599.20
E-1	2,319.00	2,319.00	2,319.00	2,319.00	2,319.00
	Over 38 Years	Over 40 Years			
E-9	\$10,336.50	\$10,336.50			
E-8	7,772.10	7,772.10			
E-7	6,808.80	6,808.80			
E-6	5,074.80	5,074.80			
E-5	4,259.70	4,259.70			
E-4	3,675.60	3,675.60			
E-3	3,081.00	3,081.00			
E-2	2,599.20	2,599.20			
E-1	2,319.00	2,319.00			

¹ Basic pay for enlisted members may not exceed the rate of pay for level V of the Executive Schedule.

² Subject to the preceding footnote, the rate of basic pay for noncommissioned officers serving as Sergeant Major of the Army, Master Chief Petty Officer of the Navy or Coast Guard, Chief Master Sergeant of the Air Force, Sergeant Major of the Marine Corps, Chief Master Sergeant of the Space Force, Senior Enlisted Advisor to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, or Senior Enlisted Advisor to the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, basic pay for this grade is \$10,758.00 per month, regardless of cumulative years of service under section 205 of title 37, United States Code.

³ In the case of members in pay grade E-1 who have served fewer than 4 months on active duty, the rate of basic pay is \$2,144.10.

SEC. 602. POLICY ON POSTPARTUM PHYSICAL FITNESS TESTS AND BODY COMPOSITION ASSESSMENTS.

Section 701(k) of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in the matter preceding paragraph (1),

(1) by striking “gives birth while on active duty” and inserting “, while on active duty, gives birth, loses a pregnancy, or has a stillbirth,”; and

(2) by striking “such birth” and inserting “such birth, loss of pregnancy, or stillbirth”.

SEC. 603. EXTENSION OF PARENTAL LEAVE TO MEMBERS OF THE COAST GUARD RESERVE.

(a) EXTENSION.—Section 711 of chapter 40 of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in subsection (b), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “is a member of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, or Space Force who”.

(b) TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.—Such section—

(1) is further amended, in subsection (a)(2)—

(A) by striking “subparagraph (A)” each place it appears and inserting “paragraph (1)”; and

(B) in subparagraph (B)—

(i) by striking “clause (i)” and inserting “subparagraph (A)”; and

(ii) by striking “.” and inserting a period; and

(2) is redesignated as section 710a of such chapter of such title.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on October 1, 2025.

SEC. 604. ELIMINATION OF CAP ON ADDITIONAL RETIRED PAY FOR EXTRAORDINARY HEROISM FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMY AND AIR FORCE WHO SERVED DURING THE VIETNAM ERA.

Title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in section 1402(f)(2), by striking “The amount” and inserting “Except in the case of a member who served during the Vietnam Era (as that term is defined in section 12731 of this title), the amount”;

(2) in section 7361(a)(2), by inserting “(except in the case of a member who served during the Vietnam Era, as that term is defined in section 12731 of this title)” after “based”; and

(3) in section 9361(a)(2), by inserting “(except in the case of a member who served during the Vietnam Era, as that term is defined in section 12731 of this title)” after “based”.

SEC. 605. CALCULATION OF RETIRED PAY FOR CERTAIN OFFICERS WHO SERVED IN GRADE O-9 OR O-10 AND RETIRED IN GRADE O-8.

Section 1407(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) SPECIAL RULE FOR OFFICERS WHO SERVED IN GRADE O-9 OR O-10 AND RETIRED IN GRADE O-8.—In the case of an officer who served in the temporary grade of O-9 or O-10 and received a conditional or final retirement in the permanent grade of O-8 pursuant to section 1370 or 1370a of this title, the retired pay base or retainer pay shall be the lower of—

- “(A) the amount determined under subsection (c) or (d), as applicable; or
- “(B) the amount determined under section 1406 of this title, as if the officer first became a member of a uniformed service before September 8, 1980.”.

Subtitle B—Bonus and Incentive Pays

SEC. 611. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF CERTAIN EXPIRING BONUS AND SPECIAL PAY AUTHORITIES.

(a) **AUTHORITIES RELATING TO RESERVE FORCES.**—Section 910(g) of title 37, United States Code, relating to income replacement payments for reserve component members experiencing extended and frequent mobilization for active duty service, is amended by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2025”.

(b) **TITLE 10 AUTHORITIES RELATING TO HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS.**—The following sections of title 10, United States Code, are amended by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2025”:

(1) Section 2130a(a)(1), relating to nurse officer candidate accession program.

(2) Section 16302(d), relating to repayment of education loans for certain health professionals who serve in the Selected Reserve.

(c) **AUTHORITIES RELATING TO NUCLEAR OFFICERS.**—Section 333(i) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2025”.

(d) **AUTHORITIES RELATING TO TITLE 37 CONSOLIDATED SPECIAL PAY, INCENTIVE PAY, AND BONUS AUTHORITIES.**—The following sections of title 37, United States Code, are amended by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2025”:

(1) Section 331(h), relating to general bonus authority for enlisted members.

(2) Section 332(g), relating to general bonus authority for officers.

(3) Section 334(i), relating to special aviation incentive pay and bonus authorities for officers.

(4) Section 335(k), relating to special bonus and incentive pay authorities for officers in health professions.

(5) Section 336(g), relating to contracting bonus for cadets and midshipmen enrolled in the Senior Reserve Officers’ Training Corps.

(6) Section 351(h), relating to hazardous duty pay.

(7) Section 352(g), relating to assignment pay or special duty pay.

(8) Section 353(i), relating to skill incentive pay or proficiency bonus.

(9) Section 355(h), relating to retention incentives for members qualified in critical military skills or assigned to high priority units.

(e) **AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE TEMPORARY INCREASE IN RATES OF BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR HOUSING.**—Section 403(b) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (7)(E), relating to an area covered by a major disaster declaration or containing an installation experiencing an influx of military personnel, by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2025”; and

(2) in paragraph (8)(C), relating to an area where actual housing costs differ from current rates by more than 20 percent, by striking “September 30, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2025”.

SEC. 612. INCREASE IN ACCESSION BONUS FOR HEALTH PROFESSIONS SCHOLARSHIP AND FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

Section 2128(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “\$20,000” and inserting “\$100,000”.

SEC. 613. INCREASE IN MAXIMUM SKILL PROFICIENCY BONUS AMOUNT.

Section 353(c)(2) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking “\$12,000” and inserting “\$55,000”.

Subtitle C—Allowances

SEC. 621. BASIC NEEDS ALLOWANCE FOR MEMBERS ON ACTIVE SERVICE IN THE ARMED FORCES: EXPANSION OF ELIGIBILITY; INCREASE OF AMOUNT.

(a) **ELIGIBILITY.**—Section 402b of title 37, United States Code, is amended, in subsection (b)(2)—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) by striking “(A)”; and

(B) by striking “150 percent” and inserting “200 percent”; and

(C) by striking “; or” and inserting “; and”; and

(2) by striking subparagraph (B).

(b) **AMOUNT.**—Such section is further amended, in subsection (c)(1)(A), by striking “150 percent (or, in the case of a member described in subsection (b)(2)(B), 200 percent)” and inserting “200 percent”.

SEC. 622. AUTHORITY TO PAY BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR HOUSING TO JUNIOR ENLISTED MEMBERS ON SEA DUTY.

Section 403(f)(2) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking “subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D),” and inserting “subparagraphs (B) and (C),”; and

(2) in subparagraph (B)—

(A) in the first sentence, by striking “pay grade E–4 or E–5” and inserting “a pay grade below E–6”; and

(B) in the second sentence, by striking “for members serving in pay grades E–4 and E–5”; and

(3) by striking subparagraph (D).

SEC. 623. REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES RELATING TO TRAVEL FOR INACTIVE-DUTY TRAINING AND MUSTER DUTY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 452 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(j) **TRAVEL FOR INACTIVE-DUTY TRAINING AND MUSTER DUTY.**—

(1) If a member of the uniformed services travels more than 50 miles from the member’s permanent residence (as established under paragraph (2)) for training described in paragraph (9) of sub-

section (b) or duty described in paragraph (10) of that subsection, the member shall be provided, in the form of actual expenses, in-kind, or a combination thereof—

“(A) actual and necessary expenses of travel and transportation for, or in connection with, such travel; and

“(B) meals, incidentals, and expenses related to such travel, to the same extent specified in regulations prescribed under section 464 of this title for a member on official travel.

“(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the permanent residence of a member—

“(A) shall be established not later than 30 days after the date on which the permanent duty assignment of the member begins; and

“(B) may not be re-established until after the member receives subsequent orders for a permanent change of assignment.

“(3) In the case of a member whose permanent residence changes after the date described in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) and before the member receives orders described in subparagraph (B) of such paragraph, the Secretary concerned may provide the member expenses described in paragraph (1) or such other reimbursement as the Secretary determines appropriate if the member travels more than 50 miles from the new permanent residence of the member for training described in paragraph (9) of subsection (b) or duty described in paragraph (10) of such subsection.”.

(b) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall apply to travel on or after January 1, 2027.

(c) **REPORT.**—Not later than January 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing the following elements:

(1) The estimated marginal cost of the amendment made by subsection (a) to the Department of Defense, disaggregated by reserve component.

(2) The estimated total number of members of the Armed Forces who would be affected by such amendment.

(3) Any recommended change to such amendment in order to improve efficacy or implementation.

(4) Any other matter that the Secretary determines appropriate.

SEC. 624. EXPANSION OF TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCE TO MOVE OR STORE PRIVATELY OWNED VEHICLES.

Section 453 of title 37, United States Code, is amended, in subsection (c)—

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking “(but not to exceed one privately owned vehicle per member household)”; and

(2) in paragraph (4), by striking “a privately owned vehicle” and inserting “privately owned vehicles”.

SEC. 625. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO PAY ONE-TIME UNIFORM ALLOWANCE FOR OFFICERS WHO TRANSFER TO THE SPACE FORCE.

Subsection (d)(1) of section 606 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 37 U.S.C. 416 note) is amended by striking “ending on September 30, 2025” and inserting “ending on the last

day of the transition period as defined in section 1731 of the Space Force Personnel Management Act (title XVII of Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 20001 note)”.

SEC. 626. TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCES: PROHIBITION OF REQUIREMENT OF ZERO-EMISSION VEHICLE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Joint Travel Regulations for the Uniformed Services may not require that travel or transportation be in a zero-emission vehicle in order to be eligible a travel or transportation allowance.

(b) **RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.**—This section shall not be construed to prohibit the payment of such an allowance in the case of a member of the uniformed services who uses a zero-emission vehicle for travel or transportation that—

- (1) the member owns; or
- (2) is provided to such member by a rental company.

SEC. 627. EVALUATION OF THE RATES OF THE BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR SUBSISTENCE.

Not later than April 1, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report containing the evaluation of the Secretary of the rates of the basic allowance for subsistence under section 402 of title 37, United States Code. Elements of such report shall include the following:

- (1) The determination of the Secretary whether such rates are sufficient.
- (2) Other factors that could be used to determine such rates, including—
 - (A) the number of dependents a member of the uniformed services has;
 - (B) whether the member has access to fresh fruits, vegetables, dairy products, and meat;
 - (C) whether the member has access to healthy food; and
 - (D) the local costs of food, including at commissaries operated by the Secretary under chapter 147 of title 10, United States Code.
- (3) The recommendations of the Secretary whether, and how, such rates may be improved.

SEC. 628. REPORT REGARDING THE CALCULATION OF COST-OF-LIVING ALLOWANCES.

(a) **REPORT REQUIRED.**—Not later than April 1, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report regarding the CONUS COLA and OCONUS COLA. Such report shall include the following elements:

- (1) The factors used to calculate the CONUS COLA and OCONUS COLA.
- (2) An explanation of how the factors described in paragraph (1) are determined.
- (3) An explanation of how the CONUS COLA and OCONUS COLA may be adjusted, including—
 - (A) timelines for such an adjustment;
 - (B) bases for such an adjustment; and

- (C) the relationship between CONUS COLA and OCONUS COLA.
- (4) The evaluation of the Secretary whether the surveys used to collect data from members to calculate the CONUS COLA and OCONUS COLA are effective.
- (5) The evaluation of the Secretary whether the calculation of the CONUS COLA and OCONUS COLA is effective.
- (6) The assessment of the Secretary whether the calculation of the CONUS COLA or OCONUS COLA should include additional factors, including—
 - (A) the number of dependents a member has;
 - (B) vicinity and commissary costs;
 - (C) the reimbursement of expenses (including tolls and taxes) incurred by a member based on the duty station of such member;
 - (D) remoteness;
 - (E) hardship;
 - (F) loss of spousal income;
 - (G) the unavailability of goods or services in the vicinity of a duty station; and
 - (H) any other factor that the Secretary determines appropriate.
- (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
 - (1) The term “CONUS COLA” means the cost-of-living allowance paid to a member of the uniformed services under section 403b of title 37, United States Code.
 - (2) The term “OCONUS COLA” means a cost-of-living allowance paid to a member of the uniformed services on the basis that—
 - (A) the member is assigned to a permanent duty station located outside the continental United States; or
 - (B) the dependents of such member reside outside the continental United States but not in the vicinity of the permanent duty station of such member.

Subtitle D—Family and Survivor Benefits

SEC. 631. EXPANSION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR CERTAIN BENEFITS THAT ARISE FROM THE DEATH OF A MEMBER OF THE ARMED FORCES.

- (a) DEATH GRATUITY.—Section 1475(a)(4) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “for a period of more than 13 days”.
- (b) RECOVERY, CARE, AND DISPOSITION OF REMAINS.—Section 1481(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
 - “(11) Any person not otherwise covered by this section whose death entitles a survivor of such person to a death gratuity under section 1475 of this title.”.
- (c) ELIGIBILITY FOR ASSISTANCE FROM A CASUALTY ASSISTANCE OFFICER.—Section 633 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (Public Law 113–66; 10 U.S.C. 1475 note) is amended—
 - (1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;

(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(C) an individual not described in subparagraph (A) or (B) who is entitled to a death gratuity under section 1475 of title 10, United States Code.”;

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) by striking “spouses and dependents” each place it appears and inserting “survivors”; and

(ii) in subparagraph (A), by striking “spouses and other dependents of deceased members” and inserting “such survivors”; and

(2) in subsection (b)(2), by striking “the spouse and other dependents of a deceased member of the Armed Forces” and inserting “such a survivor”.

(d) **APPLICABILITY.**—The amendments made by this section shall apply to a death that occurs on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 632. EXTENSION OF TIME FOR MINOR SURVIVORS TO FILE DEATH GRATUITY CLAIMS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 1480 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) In the case of a claim for a death gratuity under this chapter by an individual who is younger than 21 years of age on the date of the death with respect to which the claim is made, the individual shall file the claim with the Secretary of Defense not later than the later of—

“(1) the date that is three years after the individual reaches 21 years of age; or

“(2) the date that is six years after the date of the death with respect to which the claim is made.”.

(b) **APPLICABILITY.**—The amendment made by subsection (a) applies to claims filed with respect to deaths occurring on or after on January 1, 2025.

SEC. 633. PARENT FEES AT MILITARY CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTERS FOR CHILD CARE EMPLOYEES.

Section 1793 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking subsection (d) and inserting the following new subsections:

“(d) **CHILD CARE EMPLOYEE DISCOUNT.**—In order to support recruitment and retention initiatives, the Secretary of Defense shall charge reduced fees for the attendance, at a military child development center, of the children of a child care employee as follows:

“(1) For the first child, no fee.

“(2) For each other child, a fee equal to or less than a fee discounted under subsection (c).

“(e) **PROHIBITION OF CONCURRENT DISCOUNTS.**—A family may not receive discounts under subsections (c) and (d) concurrently.”.

SEC. 634. INFORMATION REGARDING PATERNAL ENGAGEMENT ON WEBSITE OF MILITARY ONESOURCE.

Section 561 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 10 U.S.C. 1781 note) is amended, in subsection (b)—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (11) through (16) as paragraphs (12) through (17), respectively; and

(2) by inserting, after paragraph (10), the following new paragraph (11):

“(11) Programs that encourage paternal engagement with the family.”.

Subtitle E—Defense Resale Matters

SEC. 641. PROHIBITION ON SALE OF GARLIC FROM THE PEOPLE’S REPUBLIC OF CHINA AT COMMISSARY STORES.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 2484 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(1) **PROHIBITION ON SALE OF GARLIC FROM PEOPLE’S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.**—The Secretary of Defense shall prohibit the sale at any commissary store of fresh or chilled garlic—

“(1) classified under subheading 0703.20.00 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States; and

“(2) that originated from, or was processed in, the People’s Republic of China.”.

(b) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on January 1, 2026.

SEC. 642. SALE OF CERTAIN SUPPLIES OF THE NAVY AND MARINE CORPS TO CERTAIN FORMER MEMBERS OF THE COAST GUARD.

Section 8803 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “, or the Space Force” and inserting “, the Space Force, or the Coast Guard”.

Subtitle F—Other Benefits, Reports, and Briefings

SEC. 651. ACCESS TO BROADBAND INTERNET ACCESS SERVICE FOR CERTAIN MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Subchapter II of chapter 134 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 2265. Access to broadband internet access service for certain members of the armed forces

“The Secretary of a military department may provide, to a member of the armed forces who resides in military unaccompanied housing (as defined in section 2871 of this title) within the United States, broadband internet access service, at no cost to such member.”.

(b) **GUIDANCE.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue policy and

guidance for implementation of section 2265 of title 10, United States Code, as added by this section, that—

(1) meets or exceeds any speed benchmark established for broadband internet access service by the Federal Communications Commission under section 706 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (47 U.S.C. 1302);

(2) maximizes access to such service in individual rooms and spaces; and

(3) allows reasonable internet access, subject to appropriate restrictions applicable to other internet access provided by the Secretary to members of the Armed Forces.

SEC. 652. EXTENSION OF EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN EMPLOYEES FROM GOVERNMENT LODGING PROGRAM.

Section 914(b) of the Carl Levin and Howard P. “Buck” McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291; 5 U.S.C. 5911 note) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking “2023” and inserting “2029”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) BRIEFINGS REQUIRED.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than February 1, 2025, and annually thereafter through February 1, 2030, the Secretary shall brief the congressional defense committees on the exclusion under paragraph (1) from the requirements of a Government lodging program carried out under subsection (a).

“(B) ELEMENTS.—Each briefing required by subparagraph (A) shall include, for the year preceding the briefing, the following:

“(i) A description of the instances in which the exclusion under paragraph (1) was used.

“(ii) A description of the lodging used under that exclusion.

“(iii) A statement of the difference in cost between lodging used under that exclusion and lodging provided under a Government lodging program carried out under subsection (a) in each location where lodging under the exclusion was used.

“(iv) Such other matters as the Secretary considers relevant.”.

SEC. 653. PROMOTION OF TAX PREPARATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that each member of a covered Armed Force receives, not later than March 1 of each year, via email or other electronic means, a notice regarding the MilTax program and other tax preparation assistance programs furnished by the Secretary.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than six months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report regarding the rates of participation by members of the covered Armed Forces in the programs described in subsection (a).

(c) **COVERED ARMED FORCE DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “covered Armed Force” means the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, or Space Force.

SEC. 654. PILOT PROGRAM TO INCREASE ACCESS TO FOOD ON MILITARY INSTALLATIONS OF THE ARMY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army shall implement a pilot program to increase access to food on military installations of the Army for members of the Army who reside on such military installations.

(b) **ACCESS.**—Food made available under the program under this section shall be accessible with a common access card (or other means determined appropriate by the Secretary) at dining facilities, commissaries, exchanges, restaurants, and other locations where such members can obtain food.

(c) **TERMINATION.**—The pilot program under this section shall terminate five years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(d) **BRIEFING.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing on the implementation of the program under this section. Such briefing shall include the following elements:

(1) The milestones and timeline to complete such implementation.

(2) Resources, including software, hardware, and personnel, necessary for such implementation.

(3) A description of potential barriers to implementation of the program, particularly for remote or rural military installations, or installations located in geographic areas with limited access to food.

(4) Policies or regulations of the Department of the Army that the Secretary determines necessary for such implementation.

(5) Recommendations of the Secretary regarding legislation necessary for such implementation.

TITLE VII—HEALTH CARE PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—TRICARE and Other Health Benefits

Sec. 701. Access to specialty behavioral health care under TRICARE Prime.

Sec. 702. Reduction or waiver of cost-sharing amounts under TRICARE pharmacy benefits program for certain dependents enrolled in TRICARE Prime Remote program.

Sec. 703. TRICARE program: waiver of referral requirement under TRICARE Prime for certain care in a military medical treatment facility.

Sec. 704. Extension of effective date regarding certain improvements to the TRICARE dental program.

Sec. 705. Program to prevent perinatal mental health conditions in pregnant and postpartum members of the Armed Forces.

Sec. 706. Guidance on authority to provide travel and transportation allowances for specialty care under exceptional circumstances.

Sec. 707. Contraception coverage parity under the TRICARE program.

Sec. 708. Prohibition of coverage under TRICARE program of certain medical procedures for children that could result in sterilization.

Sec. 709. Demonstration program on cryopreservation and storage of gametes of certain members of the Armed Forces.

Subtitle B—Health Care Administration

- Sec. 711. Identification in patient medical records of affiliation of certain non-Department of Defense health care providers.
- Sec. 712. Extension of enhanced appointment and compensation authority for certain health care providers.
- Sec. 713. Licensure requirement for certain health care professionals providing certain examinations to members of the reserve components.
- Sec. 714. Health care licensure portability for TRICARE network providers providing mental health services to members of the Armed Forces and certain family members.
- Sec. 715. Expansion of recognition by the Defense Health Agency of certifying bodies for physicians.
- Sec. 716. Waiver with respect to experienced nurses at military medical treatment facilities.
- Sec. 717. Improved implementation of financial relief for civilians treated in military medical treatment facilities.
- Sec. 718. Retention of health care providers: surveys; briefing; reports.

Subtitle C—Matters Relating to Brain Health

- Sec. 721. Establishment of Defense Intrepid Network for Traumatic Brain Injury and Brain Health as program of record.
- Sec. 722. Brain health and trauma program.
- Sec. 723. Modifications to Brain Health Initiative of Department of Defense.
- Sec. 724. Blast overpressure and traumatic brain injury oversight strategy and action plan.
- Sec. 725. Establishment of requirements relating to blast overpressure exposure.

Subtitle D—Studies, Briefings, Reports, and Other Matters

- Sec. 731. Treatment of expert medical opinions with respect to medical malpractice claims by members of the uniformed services.
- Sec. 732. Annual reports on medical malpractice claims by members of the uniformed services.
- Sec. 733. Expansion of license reciprocity for veterinarians of Department of Defense.
- Sec. 734. Medical countermeasures for overseas personnel of the Department of Defense for acute radiation syndrome and thermal burns.
- Sec. 735. Establishment of Indo-Pacific Medical Readiness Program.
- Sec. 736. Reports on suicide among members of the Armed Forces and suicide prevention programs and activities of the Department of Defense.
- Sec. 737. Study of immune response and other effects on members of the Armed Forces regarding COVID-19 vaccines.
- Sec. 738. Annual report on recruitment delays relating to medical conditions.
- Sec. 739. Plan to improve access by members of the Armed Forces to safe, high-quality pharmaceuticals.
- Sec. 740. Pilot program on delegation of authority to approve reserve component recruits with certain medical conditions.

Subtitle A—TRICARE and Other Health Benefits

SEC. 701. ACCESS TO SPECIALTY BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CARE UNDER TRICARE PRIME.

Section 704 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 1073 note) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):

“(c) ACCESS TO SPECIALTY BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CARE.—

“(1) MONITORING.—The Secretary shall continuously monitor the ability of beneficiaries under TRICARE Prime to receive an appointment for specialty behavioral health care under

TRICARE Prime within the access standards established under subsection (b)(2)(B) for such health care.

“(2) EXPANSION OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ACCREDITATION STANDARDS.—

“(A) DETERMINATIONS.—The Secretary shall expand required behavioral health accreditation standards in a State if the Secretary makes the following determinations:

“(i) Access to specialty behavioral health care in that State fails to meet the access standards established under subsection (b)(2)(B) for more than 12 consecutive months.

“(ii) The expanded accreditation standards are adequate to ensure quality of care.

“(B) STATE CREDENTIALS.—The Secretary may include in expanded behavioral health accreditation standards under subparagraph (A) appropriate credentials issued by State-level organizations.

“(C) BRIEFINGS.—If the Secretary expands behavioral health accreditation standards under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on such expansion, including how such expansion affects access to specialty behavioral health care.

“(D) NOTIFICATIONS.—If the Secretary makes a determination under clause (i) of subparagraph (A), but does not make a determination under clause (ii) of such subparagraph, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a notice explaining both such determinations.

“(3) TERMINATION.—The authority of the Secretary under this subsection shall terminate on January 1, 2028.”.

SEC. 702. REDUCTION OR WAIVER OF COST-SHARING AMOUNTS UNDER TRICARE PHARMACY BENEFITS PROGRAM FOR CERTAIN DEPENDENTS ENROLLED IN TRICARE PRIME REMOTE PROGRAM.

Section 1074g(a)(6) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(D) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), the Secretary may selectively waive or reduce cost-sharing amounts under this subsection for a dependent of a member of the uniformed services described in section 1074(c)(3)(B) of this title if the dependent is enrolled in the TRICARE Prime Remote program and accompanies the member to the duty assignment of the member at the expense of the Federal Government.”.

SEC. 703. TRICARE PROGRAM: WAIVER OF REFERRAL REQUIREMENT UNDER TRICARE PRIME FOR CERTAIN CARE IN A MILITARY MEDICAL TREATMENT FACILITY.

Section 1095f(a)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(A)” before “The Secretary”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(B) The Secretary shall waive the referral requirement in paragraph (1) in the case of a member of the armed forces serving on active duty who seeks to obtain any of the following kinds of care in a military medical treatment facility:

- “(i) Physical therapy.
- “(ii) Nutritional.
- “(iii) Audiological.
- “(iv) Optometric.
- “(v) Podiatric.”.

SEC. 704. EXTENSION OF EFFECTIVE DATE REGARDING CERTAIN IMPROVEMENTS TO THE TRICARE DENTAL PROGRAM.

(a) **EXTENSION.**—Section 1076a of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “January 1, 2026” each place it appears and inserting “January 1, 2027”.

(b) **RULEMAKING; BRIEFING.**—Section 701 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 1076a note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “January 1, 2025” and inserting “January 1, 2026”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking “January 1, 2026” and inserting “January 1, 2027”; and

(2) in subsection (c), by striking “and 2026” and inserting “2026, and 2027”.

SEC. 705. PROGRAM TO PREVENT PERINATAL MENTAL HEALTH CONDITIONS IN PREGNANT AND POSTPARTUM MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) **REQUIREMENT.**—The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, shall carry out a program to improve clinical and nonclinical services targeting mental health conditions in pregnant and postpartum members of the Armed Forces and spouses of members during the perinatal period.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The Secretary shall ensure that the program under subsection (a) includes the following:

(1) Access to support resources during the perinatal period, including—

(A) identification of symptoms of perinatal mental health conditions, brief intervention by primary care providers, referral to care, and treatment;

(B) targeted nonmedical counseling services through the Department of Defense Military and Family Life Counseling Program of the Office of Military Family Readiness Policy under section 1781 of title 10, United States Code;

(C) existing parenting resiliency programs of the military departments;

(D) adherence to clinical practice guidelines in military medical treatment facilities in support of members of the uniformed services and dependents with a diagnosed mental health condition requiring clinical intervention, including through primary care services and women’s health clinics, in collaboration with behavioral health services; and

(E) prenatal and postnatal support programs at military medical treatment facilities that provide group counseling modeled after best clinical practices, such as the Centering Pregnancy program.

(2) A process for informing pregnant and postpartum members of the Armed Forces and spouses of members of nonmedical and clinical support services during the perinatal period.

(3) A communications strategy to increase awareness of the services available under the program.

(c) **REPORT.**—Not later than December 31, 2025, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the program under subsection (a) that includes the following:

(1) A description of the range of activities included in the program and data assessing the effectiveness or shortcomings of such activities.

(2) How resources are allocated for the purpose of establishing and maintaining perinatal support programs at military medical treatment facilities.

(3) Measurements for adherence to evidence-based protocols at military medical treatment facilities with respect to identifying potential mental health issues.

(4) Assessment of current training and credentials required for health care providers providing perinatal services and consideration for further certifications, such as the Perinatal Mental Health Certification.

(5) Feasibility and advisability of adding specialized perinatal mental health support services via a helpline through Military One Source.

(6) Recommendations for administrative or legislative changes to improve the effectiveness of the program.

(d) **PERINATAL PERIOD DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “perinatal period” means the period beginning with pregnancy through one year following childbirth.

SEC. 706. GUIDANCE ON AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION ALLOWANCES FOR SPECIALTY CARE UNDER EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES.

Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue guidance with respect to the authority of the Secretary under section 1074i(b) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 707. CONTRACEPTION COVERAGE PARITY UNDER THE TRICARE PROGRAM.

(a) **PHARMACY BENEFITS PROGRAM.**—Section 1074g(a)(6) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by section 702, is further amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(E) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), the cost-sharing amount under this subsection for any prescription contraceptive on the uniform formulary provided through a retail pharmacy described in paragraph (2)(E)(ii) or through the national mail-order pharmacy program is \$0.”.

(b) **TRICARE SELECT.**—Section 1075(f) of such title is amended—

(1) by striking the heading and inserting “OTHER EXCEPTIONS TO COST-SHARING REQUIREMENTS”;

(2) by inserting “(1)” before “A beneficiary enrolled”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the cost-sharing amount under this section for any beneficiary enrolled

in TRICARE Select for a service described in subparagraph (B) that is provided by a network provider is \$0.

“(B) A service described in this subparagraph is any contraceptive method approved, cleared, or authorized under section 505, 510(k), 513(f)(2), or 515 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355, 360(k), 360c(f)(2), 360e), any contraceptive care (including with respect to insertion, removal, and follow up), any sterilization procedure, or any patient education or counseling service provided in connection with any such contraceptive, care, or procedure.”.

(c) TRICARE PRIME.—Section 1075a of such title is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) PROHIBITION ON COST-SHARING FOR CERTAIN SERVICES.—(1)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the cost-sharing amount under this section for any beneficiary enrolled in TRICARE Prime for a service described in subparagraph (B) that is provided under TRICARE Prime is \$0.

“(B) A service described in this subparagraph is any contraceptive method approved, cleared, or authorized under section 505, 510(k), 513(f)(2), or 515 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355, 360(k), 360c(f)(2), 360e), any contraceptive care (including with respect to insertion, removal, and follow up), any sterilization procedure, or any patient education or counseling service provided in connection with any such contraceptive, care, or procedure.”.

(d) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) Paragraph (4) of section 1075(c) is—

(A) transferred to subsection (f), as amended by subsection (b) of this section;

(B) inserted after paragraph (2); and

(C) redesignated as paragraph (3).

(2) Paragraph (4) of section 1075a(a) is—

(A) transferred to subsection (d), as added by subsection (c) of this section;

(B) inserted after paragraph (1); and

(C) redesignated as paragraph (2).

SEC. 708. PROHIBITION OF COVERAGE UNDER TRICARE PROGRAM OF CERTAIN MEDICAL PROCEDURES FOR CHILDREN THAT COULD RESULT IN STERILIZATION.

Section 1079(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(20) Medical interventions for the treatment of gender dysphoria that could result in sterilization may not be provided to a child under the age of 18.”.

SEC. 709. DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM ON CRYOPRESERVATION AND STORAGE OF GAMETES OF CERTAIN MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall carry out a demonstration program to reimburse covered members for expenses incurred in the retrieval, testing, cryopreservation, shipping, and storage of gametes of such covered members in a private storage facility determined appropriate by the Secretary.

(b) ELEMENTS.—

(1) AMOUNT OF REIMBURSEMENT.—A covered member participating in the demonstration program shall receive not more than the following amounts per year:

(A) \$500 in the case of a member who preserves sperm.

(B) \$10,000 in the case of a member who preserves eggs.

(2) INFORMATION.—

(A) PROVIDERS.—The Secretary shall provide to a covered member participating in the demonstration program information regarding providers of services described in subsection (a) located near the covered member.

(B) PROMOTION.—The Secretary shall promote the demonstration program to covered members in the course of annual health examinations and pre-deployment screenings.

(3) USE OF MILITARY MEDICAL TREATMENT FACILITIES.—The Secretary shall encourage the use of military medical treatment facilities that offer services described in subsection (a) to provide services under the demonstration program.

(c) DURATION.—The Secretary shall—

(1) publish in the Federal Register the date on which the Secretary will commence carrying out the demonstration program; and

(2) carry out the demonstration program for a three-year period beginning on such date.

(d) NO LIABILITY OR CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION.—The United States shall not be—

(1) considered a party to any agreement between a covered member who participates in the demonstration program and a private gamete storage facility; or

(2) responsible for the management of gametes cryopreserved or stored for which a covered member receives reimbursement under such demonstration program.

(e) ADVANCED MEDICAL DIRECTIVE.—A covered member who participates in the demonstration program shall complete an advanced medical directive that specifies how gametes preserved under the demonstration program shall be handled upon the death of such covered member.

(f) REPORTS; BRIEFINGS.—

(1) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate a report containing a plan to implement the demonstration program.

(2) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the Secretary commences carrying out the demonstration program, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the demonstration program. Such report shall include the following:

(A) Usage by covered members.

(B) Demographics of participating covered members.

(C) Costs of services to participating covered members.

(D) The feasibility of expanding the demonstration program.

(E) The feasibility of making the demonstration program permanent.

(F) Other information determined appropriate by the Secretary.

(3) BRIEFINGS.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for the duration of the demonstration program, the Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on—

(A) the design, use, and costs of the demonstration project; and

(B) any other observations of the Secretary with respect to the demonstration project, such as the effects of the demonstration project on recruitment and retention.

(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “covered member” means a member of a covered Armed Force serving on active duty—

(A) who has received orders (including deployment orders) for duty for which the member may receive hazardous duty pay under section 351 of title 37, United States Code;

(B) whom the Secretary determines is likely to receive such orders in the next 120 days;

(C) who will, under orders, be geographically separated from a spouse, domestic partner, or dating partner for a period of not less than 180 days, including sea duty; or

(D) whose application to participate in the demonstration program is approved by the Secretary.

(2) The term “covered Armed Force” means the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, or Space Force.

(3) The term “deployment” has the meaning given such term in section 991(b) of title 10, United States Code.

Subtitle B—Health Care Administration

SEC. 711. IDENTIFICATION IN PATIENT MEDICAL RECORDS OF AFFILIATION OF CERTAIN NON-DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS.

Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1091 the following new section:

“§ 1091a. Identification in patient medical records of affiliation of certain non-Department of Defense health care providers

“(a) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that medical records of the Department of Defense include the organizational affiliation of any independent health care contractor identified in such medical records.

“(b) INDEPENDENT HEALTH CARE CONTRACTOR DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘independent health care contractor’ means a health care provider who meets the following criteria:

“(1) The health care provider is a nonpersonal services contractor, or an employee of such a contractor, pursuant to sub-

part 37.4 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, or other applicable regulation.

“(2) The health care provider provides health care services under this chapter in any military medical treatment facility (as defined in section 1073c(i) of this title) or other location under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Defense, including an operational clinic.”.

SEC. 712. EXTENSION OF ENHANCED APPOINTMENT AND COMPENSATION AUTHORITY FOR CERTAIN HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS.

Section 1599c(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “December 31, 2025” both places it appears and inserting “December 31, 2030”.

SEC. 713. LICENSURE REQUIREMENT FOR CERTAIN HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS PROVIDING CERTAIN EXAMINATIONS TO MEMBERS OF THE RESERVE COMPONENTS.

Section 1094(d)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting “an examination or assessment under section 10206 of this title or” after “not covered under section 1091 of this title who is providing”.

SEC. 714. HEALTH CARE LICENSURE PORTABILITY FOR TRICARE NETWORK PROVIDERS PROVIDING MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES TO MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND CERTAIN FAMILY MEMBERS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 1094(d) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by section 713, is further amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “paragraph (2) or (3)” and inserting “paragraph (2), (3), or (4)”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) To the extent provided in regulations prescribed by the Secretary for the purpose of assuring the availability of high-quality mental health care services to members of the armed forces and dependents entitled to health care under section 1076 of this title, a health care professional referred to in paragraph (1) as being described in this paragraph is a mental health provider providing care through a network under the TRICARE program who—

“(A) has a current license to practice as a mental health care professional;

“(B) is providing tele-mental health care services to members of the armed forces or such dependents; and

“(C) is providing such services under terms and conditions specified by the Secretary (which shall establish the scope of authorized Federal duties for purposes of paragraph (1)).”.

(b) **REGULATIONS.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue an interim final regulation to implement the amendments made by subsection (a).

SEC. 715. EXPANSION OF RECOGNITION BY THE DEFENSE HEALTH AGENCY OF CERTIFYING BODIES FOR PHYSICIANS.

(a) **EXPANSION.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Defense Health Agency shall revise the policy of the Defense Health Agency regarding the credentialing and privileging under the military health system to expand the recognition of certifying bodies for physicians under

such policy to a wide range of additional board certifications in medical specialties and subspecialties. Subject to subsection (b), the following certifying bodies shall be so recognized:

- (1) The member boards of the American Board of Medical Specialties.
 - (2) The Bureau of Osteopathic Specialists of the American Osteopathic Association.
 - (3) The American Board of Foot and Ankle Surgery.
 - (4) The American Board of Podiatric Medicine.
 - (5) The American Board of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery.
- (b) STANDARDS FOR RECOGNITION OF OTHER CERTIFYING BODIES.—To be recognized under subsection (a), a certifying body shall—

- (1) be an organization described in section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of that Code;
- (2) maintain a process to define, periodically review, enforce, and update specific standards regarding knowledge and skills of the specialty or subspecialty;
- (3) administer a psychometrically valid assessment to determine whether a physician meets standards for initial certification, recertification, or continuing certification;
- (4) establish and enforce a code of professional conduct;
- (5) require that, in order to be considered a board certified specialty physician, a physician must satisfy—
 - (A) the certifying body's applicable requirements for initial certification; and
 - (B) any applicable recertification or continuing certification requirements of the certifying body that granted the initial certification; and
- (6) meets such other requirements as the Secretary of Defense may establish for purposes of compliance with appropriate requirements of applicable State laws and the promotion of consistency in credentialing and privileging health care providers throughout military medical treatment facilities of the Defense Health Agency.

SEC. 716. WAIVER WITH RESPECT TO EXPERIENCED NURSES AT MILITARY MEDICAL TREATMENT FACILITIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The hiring manager of a military medical treatment facility or other health care facility of the Department of Defense may waive any General Schedule qualification standard related to work experience established by the Director of the Office of Personnel Management in the case of any applicant for a nursing or practical nurse position in a military medical treatment facility or other health care facility of the Department of Defense who—

- (1)(A) is a nurse or practical nurse in the Department of Defense; or
- (B) was a nurse or practical nurse in the Department of Defense for at least one year; and
- (2) after commencing work as a nurse or practical nurse in the Department of Defense, obtained a bachelor's degree or graduate degree from an accredited professional nursing educational program.

(b) **CERTIFICATION.**—If, in the case of any applicant described in subsection (a), a hiring manager waives a qualification standard in accordance with such subsection, such hiring manager shall submit to the Director of the Office of Personnel Management a certification that such applicant meets all remaining General Schedule qualification standards established by the Director of the Office of Personnel Management for the applicable position.

SEC. 717. IMPROVED IMPLEMENTATION OF FINANCIAL RELIEF FOR CIVILIANS TREATED IN MILITARY MEDICAL TREATMENT FACILITIES.

(a) **FINAL RULE REQUIRED.**—The Secretary of Defense shall issue a final rule (or interim final rule) to implement as soon as possible after the date of the enactment of this Act section 1079b of title 10, United States Code.

(b) **TREATMENT OF CLAIMS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall hold in abeyance any claims under section 1079b of title 10, United States Code, until the final rule (or interim final rule) required under subsection (a) is in effect.

(2) **EXCEPTION.**—Paragraph (1) does not apply to—

(A) claims to third-party payers; or

(B) administrative support provided to the Secretary by another Federal agency to assist the Secretary in the administration of section 1079b of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 718. RETENTION OF HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS: SURVEYS; BRIEFING; REPORTS.

(a) **SURVEYS.**—The Secretary of a military department shall conduct an annual survey of health care providers under the jurisdiction of such Secretary to determine why such providers remain on, or separate from, active duty in such military department.

(b) **BRIEFING.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of a military department shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing regarding the plan of such Secretary to carry out the survey under this section.

(c) **REPORTS.**—Not later than September 30 of each year, beginning in 2025, the Secretary of a military department shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report regarding the most recent survey under this section.

(1) **ELEMENTS.**—Each report shall include the following elements:

(A) Demographic data regarding the providers, disaggregated under paragraph (2).

(B) Reasons providers gave for remaining.

(C) Reasons providers gave for separating.

(D) The determination of the Secretary whether there is a trend regarding retention or such reasons.

(E) Efforts of the Secretary to reverse a negative trend or encourage a positive trend.

(F) Legislative recommendations of the Secretary regarding how to reverse a negative trend or encourage a positive trend.

(2) **DEMOGRAPHIC DATA.**—In each report, the Secretary of a military department shall disaggregate demographic data regarding providers who participated in the most recent survey on the bases of the following categories:

(A) Medical specialty.

(B) Rank.

(C) Gender.

(D) Years of service in such military department.

(E) Whether the provider became an officer on active duty in such military department—

(i) pursuant to the Armed Forces Health Professions Scholarship and Financial Assistance program under subchapter I of chapter 105 of title 10, United States Code;

(ii) after graduating from the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences established under section 2112 of such title; or

(iii) otherwise.

(d) **TERMINATION.**—This section shall cease to have effect on September 30, 2030.

Subtitle C—Matters Relating to Brain Health

SEC. 721. ESTABLISHMENT OF DEFENSE INTREPID NETWORK FOR TRAUMATIC BRAIN INJURY AND BRAIN HEALTH AS PROGRAM OF RECORD.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than January 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall establish the Defense Intrepid Network for Traumatic Brain Injury and Brain Health (in this section referred to as the “Network”) headquartered at the National Intrepid Center of Excellence as a program of record subject to milestone reviews and compliance with the requirements under this section.

(b) **DUTIES.**—The duties of the Network are as follows:

(1) To provide clinical care to prevent, diagnose, treat, and rehabilitate members of the Armed Forces with traumatic brain injury, post-traumatic stress disorder, symptoms from blast overpressure or blast exposure, and other mental health conditions.

(2) To promote standardization of care among the 10 Intrepid Spirit Centers throughout the continental United States, brain health clinics in Alaska and Germany, and other sites as designated by the Director of the Defense Health Agency as being a part of the long-term brain health strategy of the Department of Defense.

(3) To support and conduct research and education on traumatic brain injury, post-traumatic stress disorder, blast overpressure or blast exposure, and other mental health conditions.

(c) **ANNUAL BRIEFING.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for a period of five years, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representa-

tives a briefing that shall include, for the year covered by the briefing—

- (1) the number of individuals to whom the Network has provided services;
- (2) the number of individuals who return to active duty in the Armed Forces after receiving services from the Network, and the stage in their career at which they seek treatment at the Network;
- (3) the number of individuals whose families are able to participate in programs provided by the Network; and
- (4) the number of individuals on a waitlist for treatment at the Network and the average period those individuals are on the waitlist.

SEC. 722. BRAIN HEALTH AND TRAUMA PROGRAM.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—The Secretary of Defense shall establish an intensive comprehensive brain health and trauma program to—

- (1) provide multidisciplinary specialist evaluations, treatment initiation, and aftercare for members of the Armed Forces and dependents of members; and
- (2) make evidence-based improvements in such evaluations, treatment, and aftercare.

(b) **PROGRAM ELEMENTS.**—The Secretary shall ensure that the program under subsection (a) includes the following:

- (1) Initiatives of the Defense Health Agency that provide coordinated evaluations, treatment, and aftercare for traumatic brain injuries and related conditions, that incorporates specialized evaluations, innovative and evidence-based treatments, and comprehensive follow-up care.
- (2) Collaboration with private sector nonprofit health care organizations involved in innovative clinical activities in brain health and trauma care, including transitional and residential brain injury treatment programs.
- (3) One or more pilot programs for demonstrating the effectiveness of intensive outpatient multidisciplinary specialist treatment and care coordination.
- (4) Incorporation of evidence-based therapy with complementary and alternative medicine approaches.
- (5) Thorough evaluations of the effectiveness of innovative activities for diagnosis, treatment, and aftercare of brain trauma and promotion of brain health.

(c) **BRIEFING.**—Not later than December 31, 2025, the Secretary shall provide to the Armed Services Committees of the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing on the program under subsection (a). Such briefing shall include the following:

- (1) A description of the range of activities included in the program and data assessing the effectiveness or shortcomings of such activities.
- (2) The scope of each pilot program carried out under subsection (b)(3).
- (3) Recommendations for administrative or legislative changes to improve the effectiveness of the program.

SEC. 723. MODIFICATIONS TO BRAIN HEALTH INITIATIVE OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

Section 735 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 1071 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(1)—

(A) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following new subparagraph:

“(B) In accordance with subsection (c), the identification and dissemination of thresholds for blast exposure and overpressure safety and associated emerging scientific evidence that—

“(i) cover brain injury and impulse noise;

“(ii) measure impact over 24-hour, 72-hour to 96-hour, monthly, annual, and lifetime periods;

“(iii) are designed to prevent cognitive deficits after firing;

“(iv) account for the cumulative impact of firing multiple weapon systems during the same period;

“(v) include minimum safe distances and levels of exposure for observers and instructors; and

“(vi) address shoulder-fired heavy weapons.”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:

“(H) The establishment of a standardized treatment program based on interventions that have shown benefit to individuals with brain health issues after a brain injury and the provision of that treatment program to individuals with brain health issues after a brain injury resulting from a potential brain exposure described in subparagraph (A) or high-risk training or occupational activities described in subparagraph (D).

“(I) The establishment of policies to encourage members of the Armed Forces to seek medical treatment for brain health when needed, prevent retaliation against such members who seek such medical treatment, and address other barriers to seeking medical treatment for brain health due to the impact of blast exposure, blast overpressure, or traumatic brain injury.

“(J) The modification of existing weapons systems to reduce blast exposure of the individual using the weapon and those within the minimum safe distance.”;

(2) by striking subsections (c), (e), and (f);

(3) by redesignating subsection (g) as subsection (f);

(4) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection:

“(c) **THRESHOLDS FOR BLAST EXPOSURE AND OVERPRESSURE SAFETY.**—

“(1) **TIMING.**—

“(A) **INITIAL THRESHOLDS.**—Not later than January 1, 2027, the Secretary of Defense shall identify and disseminate the thresholds for blast exposure and overpressure safety under subsection (b)(1)(B).

“(B) PERIODIC UPDATES.—On a quinquennial basis, the Secretary shall review and, as necessary, update the thresholds for blast exposure and overpressure safety under subsection (b)(1)(B).

“(2) FORMAL TRAINING REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary shall ensure that training on the thresholds for blast exposure and overpressure safety is provided to members of the Armed Forces before training, deployment, or entering other high-risk environments where exposure to blast overpressure is likely.

“(3) CENTRAL REPOSITORY.—Not later than January 1, 2027, the Secretary shall establish a central repository of blast-related characteristics, such as pressure profiles and common blast loads associated with specific systems and the environments in which the systems are used.

“(4) WAIVERS.—

“(A) PROTOCOLS.—The Secretary may waive the thresholds for blast exposure and overpressure safety under subsection (b)(1)(B) for operational or training requirements that the Secretary determines are essential to national security. The Secretary shall include in each such waiver a justification for exceeding such thresholds.

“(B) TRACKING SYSTEM.—The Secretary shall establish a Department of Defense-wide tracking system for waivers issued under subparagraph (A) that includes data contributed by the Secretary of each military department.

“(C) REPORT ON WAIVERS.—Not later than one year after issuing a waiver under subparagraph (A) and annually thereafter for a period of five years, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on such waivers that includes—

“(i) the number of waivers issued, disaggregated by military department; and

“(ii) a description of actions taken by the Secretary concerned to track the health effects of exceeding thresholds for blast exposure and overpressure safety on members of the Armed Forces, document such effects in medical records, and provide care to such members.”;

(5) in subsection (d)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “or other remote measurement technology” after “wearable sensors”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) WEAPONS USE.—Monitoring activities under a pilot program conducted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be carried out for any member of the Armed Forces firing tier 1 weapons in training or combat, as identified by the Secretary of Defense.”; and

(6) by inserting after subsection (d) the following new subsection (e):

“(e) REPORTS ON WARFIGHTER BRAIN HEALTH INITIATIVE.—Not later than December 31, 2025, and not less frequently than annually thereafter for a period of five years, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate

and the House of Representatives a report that includes the following:

“(1) A description of the activities taken under the Initiative and resources expended under the Initiative during the prior fiscal year.

“(2) The number of members of the Armed Forces impacted by blast overpressure and blast exposure in the prior fiscal year, including—

“(A) the number of members who reported adverse health effects from blast overpressure or blast exposure;

“(B) the number of members exposed to blast overpressure or blast exposure;

“(C) the number of members who received treatment for injuries related to blast overpressure or blast exposure, including at facilities of the Department of Defense and at facilities in the private sector; and

“(D) the type of care that members receive from facilities of the Department of Defense and the type of care that members receive from facilities in the private sector.

“(3) A summary of the progress made during the prior fiscal year with respect to the objectives of the Initiative under subsection (b).

“(4) A description of the steps the Secretary is taking to ensure that activities under the Initiative are being implemented across the Department of Defense and the military departments.”.

SEC. 724. BLAST OVERPRESSURE AND TRAUMATIC BRAIN INJURY OVERSIGHT STRATEGY AND ACTION PLAN.

(a) **STRATEGY AND PLAN REQUIRED.**—The Secretary of Defense shall develop and implement a traumatic brain injury oversight strategy and action plan that includes, at a minimum, the following:

(1) Assigned roles and responsibilities for the components of the Office of the Secretary of Defense for the mitigation, identification, and treatment of traumatic brain injury and the monitoring and documentation of blast overpressure exposure.

(2) Standardized monitoring, treatment, and referral guidelines for traumatic brain injury programs across all covered Armed Forces.

(3) A review and update of the current brain injury diagnostic tools used by such programs.

(4) Standardized, 72-hour follow-up requirements for all traumatic brain injury patients, including protocols for the treatment and observation during such follow-up appointments.

(5) Oversight and documentation standards to aid in data collection.

(b) **IMPLEMENTATION.**—The Secretary shall implement the oversight strategy and action plan under subsection (a) not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) **SUBMISSION TO GAO.**—Upon development of the oversight strategy and action plan under subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit to the Comptroller General of the United States the oversight strategy and action plan.

(d) **COVERED ARMED FORCES DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “covered Armed Forces” means the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, and Space Force.

SEC. 725. ESTABLISHMENT OF REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO BLAST OVERPRESSURE EXPOSURE.

Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish—

(1) performance parameters to minimize exposure to blast overpressure when drafting requirements for new weapon systems for the Department of Defense, taking into account the thresholds for blast exposure and overpressure safety identified pursuant to section 735(b)(1) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 1071 note), as amended by section 723;

(2) with respect to contractual agreements entered into by any entity and the Department of Defense as part of the defense weapon acquisition process on or after the date on which such parameters are established, a requirement that the entity shall provide to the Secretary blast overpressure measurements and safety data for a weapon system procured under such agreement that produces blast overpressure that exceeds such thresholds; and

(3) a requirement that any test plan for a new weapon system shall incorporate testing for blast overpressure measurements and safety data.

Subtitle D—Studies, Briefings, Reports, and Other Matters

SEC. 731. TREATMENT OF EXPERT MEDICAL OPINIONS WITH RESPECT TO MEDICAL MALPRACTICE CLAIMS BY MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES.

Section 2733a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “subsection (g)” each place it appears and inserting “subsection (h)”;

(2) in subsection (f)(1), by inserting “, and information regarding the qualifications of each such expert who provided an expert medical opinion” before the semicolon;

(3) by redesignating subsections (g) through (j) as subsections (h) through (k), respectively; and

(4) by inserting after subsection (f) the following new subsection (g):

“(g) **EXPERT MEDICAL OPINIONS.**—In using an expert medical opinion to evaluate a claim under this section, the Secretary of Defense shall use the opinion of—

“(1) an individual who is board-certified in the medical specialty with respect to that claim; or

“(2) if the claim involves medical, dental, or related health care functions for which board certification does not apply, an individual who is a highly qualified expert regarding the relevant medical, dental, or related health care function.”.

SEC. 732. ANNUAL REPORTS ON MEDICAL MALPRACTICE CLAIMS BY MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES.

Subsection (j) of section 2733a of title 10, United States Code, as redesignated by section 731, is amended to read as follows:

“(j) **ANNUAL REPORTS.**—Not less frequently than annually until 2028, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on claims processed under this section that includes, with respect to the period covered by the report, the following:

“(1) The number of claims processed under this section.

“(2) The average timeline for resolving such claims.

“(3) The resolution of each such claim.

“(4) The number of claims that were denied based on the claim not meeting one or more requirement specified in subsection (b) (other than for not being substantiated pursuant to paragraph (6)), disaggregated by each such requirement.

“(5) Any other information that the Secretary determines may enhance the effectiveness of the claims process under this section.”.

SEC. 733. EXPANSION OF LICENSE RECIPROCITY FOR VETERINARIANS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

Section 1060c of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by striking “**in emergencies**”;

(2) in subsection (a), by striking “for the purposes described in subsection (c)”; and

(3) by striking subsection (c).

SEC. 734. MEDICAL COUNTERMEASURES FOR OVERSEAS PERSONNEL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FOR ACUTE RADIATION SYNDROME AND THERMAL BURNS.

(a) **PROGRAM REQUIRED.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a program to develop requirements for the procurement, prepositioning, and maintenance of medical countermeasures approved, cleared, licensed, or authorized by the Food and Drug Administration to diagnose, prevent, and treat acute radiation syndrome and thermal burns for use by covered personnel.

(b) **PROGRAM SPECIFICATIONS.**—In carrying out the program required by subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall consider, in coordination with the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the commanders of the combatant commands, the following:

(1) The number of covered personnel in areas in which the use of tactical nuclear weapons is a substantial threat.

(2) Peer-reviewed and published scientific studies regarding safety and efficacy of the potential countermeasures described in subsection (a).

(3) Operational requirements of the Department.

(4) Appropriate doctrine, training, and operational plans for effective use of such countermeasures.

(5) A feasible schedule for implementation of the program.

(c) **COVERED PERSONNEL DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “covered personnel” means—

(1) members of the Armed Forces deployed outside the United States; and

(2) civilian employees of the Department of Defense deployed outside the United States.

SEC. 735. ESTABLISHMENT OF INDO-PACIFIC MEDICAL READINESS PROGRAM.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than January 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a medical readiness program (referred to in this section as the “Program”) to partner with countries in the Indo-Pacific region to gain access to foreign medical facilities during peacetime and wartime operations and maintain military-wide strategies for medical readiness in the region.

(2) **OBJECTIVE.**—The objective of the Program shall be to promote the medical readiness of the Armed Forces and the military forces of partner countries for missions during peacetime and wartime operations by—

(A) reducing the movement and distance associated with patient care;

(B) increasing the medical capacity of the Department of Defense by expanding patient access to medical facilities across the Indo-Pacific region, where and when appropriate;

(C) enhancing medical evacuation capabilities needed in carrying out subparagraphs (A) and (B);

(D) accrediting foreign medical facilities, which will standardize medical procedures, patient care, and policies related to treating members of the Armed Forces and their dependents;

(E) enhancing interoperability and interchangeability through shared patient record management, medical equipment commonality, and coordination of medical care; and

(F) identifying any medical support and capability gaps relating to medical personnel and equipment.

(3) **ACTIVITIES.**—In carrying out the Program, the Secretary shall—

(A) assess and integrate current medical capabilities and capacities of the Department of Defense in the Indo-Pacific region into the Program;

(B) select an appropriate standard of accreditation to evaluate and accredit foreign medical facilities;

(C) coordinate with partner countries to identify and evaluate medical facilities for the Program;

(D) establish agreements with foreign medical facilities for potential use of the Program;

(E) establish policies and procedures—

(i) to reduce patient movement times in various countries in the Indo-Pacific region during peacetime and wartime operations;

(ii) to standardize medical procedures, patient care, and policies;

(iii) to securely share patient data with foreign countries, when appropriate, such as during a contingency;

- (iv) with respect to medical equipment commonality and interchangeability; and
- (v) with respect to the coordination of medical care; and

(F) integrate the Program into operational plans of the combatant commands.

(b) STRATEGY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than September 30, 2025, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a strategy for the implementation of the Program.

(2) ELEMENTS.—The strategy under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

- (A) A governance structure for the Program, including—
 - (i) the officials tasked to oversee the Program;
 - (ii) the functions and duties of such officials with respect to establishing and maintaining the Program; and
 - (iii) mechanisms for coordinating with partner countries selected to participate in the Program.

(B) With respect to the selection of partner countries initially selected to participate in the Program—

- (i) an identification of each such country;
- (ii) the rationale for selecting each such country; and
- (iii) any other information the Secretary considers appropriate.

(C) A campaign of objectives for the first three fiscal years after the date of the establishment of the Program, including—

- (i) a description of, and a rationale for selecting, such objectives;
- (ii) an identification of milestones toward achieving such objectives; and
- (iii) metrics for evaluating success in achieving such objectives.

(D) A description of opportunities and potential timelines for future Program expansion, as appropriate.

(E) A list of additional authorities, appropriations, or other congressional support necessary to ensure the success of the Program.

(F) Any other information the Secretary considers appropriate.

(3) FORM.—The strategy under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(c) REPORT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than October 1, 2026, and annually thereafter until October 1, 2035, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the Program.

(2) ELEMENTS.—Each report under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

- (A) A narrative summary of activities conducted as part of the Program during the preceding fiscal year.

(B) A campaign of objectives for the three fiscal years after the date of submission of the report, including—

- (i) a description of, and a rationale for selecting, such objectives;
- (ii) an identification of milestones toward achieving such objectives; and
- (iii) metrics for evaluating success in achieving such objectives.

(C) Except in the case of the initial report, an assessment of progress toward the objectives specified in subparagraph (C) that were included in the report for the preceding fiscal year, as evaluated using the metrics described in clause (iii) of such subparagraph.

(D) A description of opportunities and potential timelines for future Program expansion, as appropriate.

(E) Any other information the Secretary considers appropriate.

(3) FORM.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 736. REPORTS ON SUICIDE AMONG MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND SUICIDE PREVENTION PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

Section 741(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 133 Stat. 1467) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “January 31, 2021” and inserting “January 31, 2031”; and

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (F) through (J) as subparagraphs (I) through (M), respectively; and

(B) by inserting after subparagraph (E) the following new subparagraphs:

“(F) The number of suicides identified under subparagraph (A) disaggregated by the military occupational specialty (or other similar classification, rating, or specialty code) of the member, excluding such specialties that the Secretary determines would not provide statistically valid data.

“(G) A compilation of suicide data by military occupational specialty covered under subparagraph (F) to determine which military career fields have a higher per capita suicide rate compared to—

“(i) other military career fields for the same time period;

“(ii) the overall suicide rate for each Armed Force for the same time period;

“(iii) the overall suicide rate for the Department of Defense for the same time period; and

“(iv) the national suicide rate for the same time period.

“(H) The number of suicides identified under subparagraph (A) disaggregated by the age of the member.”.

SEC. 737. STUDY OF IMMUNE RESPONSE AND OTHER EFFECTS ON MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES REGARDING COVID-19 VACCINES.

(a) **STUDY REQUIRED.**—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study of immune response to the COVID-19 vaccines, immune response to COVID-19 infections, and other effects regarding COVID-19.

(b) **ASSESSMENTS.**—The study under subsection (a) shall consist of a review and analysis of existing valid scientific data to assess the following:

(1) Immune responses to the most prevalent COVID-19 vaccines.

(2) The efficacy of each such vaccine, including in comparison to infection-acquired immunity.

(3) Adverse events occurring in individuals in response to COVID-19 vaccines.

(c) **ADDITIONAL STUDY AUTHORIZED.**—After conducting the study under subsection (a), the Secretary may conduct a research study analyzing blood samples from research volunteers to collect and analyze additional data pertaining to the matters specified in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subsection (b) if the Secretary determines the following:

(1) The study fails to produce valid conclusions pertinent to the medical readiness of the members of the Armed Forces.

(2) Such research study is likely to produce meaningful additional data to improve the medical readiness of the members of the Armed Forces.

(d) **BRIEFING.**—Not later than 180 days after conducting the study under subsection (a), the Secretary shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing on such study and the conclusions of the study.

SEC. 738. ANNUAL REPORT ON RECRUITMENT DELAYS RELATING TO MEDICAL CONDITIONS.

(a) **REPORTS.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for three years, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the efforts of the Secretary to address recruitment delays associated with medical conditions of applicants for service in the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and Space Force.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—Each report under subsection (a) shall include, for the period covered by the report, the following:

(1) The average number of days between the date on which Military Entrance Processing Stations personnel accept the applicant prescreen and the date of the first recorded contact for such applicant, disaggregated by military department.

(2) The average number of days for medical waiver processing, disaggregated by military department.

(3) The number of medical waivers processed by each military department, including a breakdown of those that were approved and denied and the associated disqualifications requiring a medical waiver.

(4) An assessment of the efforts of the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of each military department to address the recruitment delays specified in subsection (a).

(5) An assessment of the plans of the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of each military department to further address those delays.

SEC. 739. PLAN TO IMPROVE ACCESS BY MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES TO SAFE, HIGH-QUALITY PHARMACEUTICALS.

(a) **REQUIREMENT.**—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Military Pharmaceutical and Medical Device Vulnerability Working Group established under section 716 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 304), shall develop a plan to improve access by members of the Armed Forces to safe, high-quality pharmaceutical products and eliminate or mitigate risks in the pharmacy supply chain of the Department of Defense.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The plan under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) Improvement of visibility and analytics of the country of origin and sources of supply of finished drugs, active pharmaceutical ingredients, key starting material, and other ingredients of pharmaceutical products.

(2) Engagement with suppliers of pharmaceutical products with unknown country of origin to determine the source of active pharmaceutical ingredients and key starting material.

(3) Elimination or reduction of reliance on pharmacy supply chain sources that are high risk or very-high risk.

(4) A plan for transition to available viable therapeutic active pharmaceutical ingredients and key starting material alternatives that are domestically sourced or compliant with requirements under the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 (19 U.S.C. 2501 et seq.).

(5) Validation of sources of supplies and production capacity from domestic pharmaceutical manufacturers or manufacturers in compliance with requirements under the Trade Agreements Act of 1979.

(6) Assessment of the feasibility and advisability of establishing a pharmaceutical manufacturing facility owned by the Department of Defense, including requirements for construction, equipment acquisition, other resource needs, and projected multi-year budget and time schedule requirements.

(7) Identification of any other legislative or administrative authorities necessary to determine the feasibility and advisability of establishing such a facility.

(8) Collaboration with Federal agencies determined appropriate by the Secretary of Defense on all elements of the plan.

(c) **BRIEFING REQUIRED.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the plan under subsection (a), including an assessment of the feasibility and advisability of implementing the plan.

SEC. 740. PILOT PROGRAM ON DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO APPROVE RESERVE COMPONENT RECRUITS WITH CERTAIN MEDICAL CONDITIONS.

(a) **PILOT PROGRAM.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall implement a pilot program to authorize each Secretary concerned (as defined in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code) to delegate authority to the Commander of the United States Military Entrance Processing Command to approve a service medical waiver for an individual to be enlisted or appointed in a reserve component for a medical condition the Secretary concerned identifies under subsection (c).

(b) **MEDICAL CONSULTATION PROCESS.**—If a Secretary concerned delegates authority to the Commander under the pilot program, the Secretary concerned shall establish a medical consultation process for the Commander to seek input from the Secretary concerned if a health care provider of the United States Military Entrance Processing Command determines that more specific medical guidance on fitness for duty is needed from the Secretary concerned before approving a service medical waiver for a medical condition described in subsection (c).

(c) **MEDICAL CONDITIONS IDENTIFIED.**—If a Secretary concerned delegates authority to the Commander under the pilot program, the Secretary concerned shall identify not more than three preexisting disqualifying conditions under Department of Defense Instruction 6130.03 that regularly or automatically receive medical waivers under the policies of the Secretary concerned as of the date of the enactment of this Act.

(d) **DURATION.**—The Secretary of Defense shall carry out the pilot program for a two-year period.

(e) **BRIEFING; REPORT.**—

(1) **BRIEFING.**—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the Secretary of Defense commences carrying out the pilot program, the Secretary shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing describing the implementation of the pilot program, including a list of the medical conditions identified under subsection (c).

(2) **REPORT.**—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the Secretary concludes the pilot program, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the results of the pilot program, including—

(A) the number of service medical waivers issued, disaggregated by medical condition identified under subsection (c);

(B) a risk assessment of implementation of the pilot program;

(C) a comparison of the average number of days to review and adjudicate medical waivers before and during the pilot program; and

(D) a recommendation on whether to make the authority under the pilot program permanent.

TITLE VIII—ACQUISITION POLICY, AC- QUISITION MANAGEMENT, AND RE- LATED MATTERS

Subtitle A—Acquisition Policy and Management

- Sec. 801. Modifications to guidelines and collection method for acquisition of cost data.
- Sec. 802. Limitation on certain options for cost contracts.
- Sec. 803. Treatment of unilateral definitization of a contract as a final decision.
- Sec. 804. Middle tier of acquisition for rapid prototyping and rapid fielding.
- Sec. 805. Revision and codification of software acquisition pathways.
- Sec. 806. Streamlining of Milestone A requirements.
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- Sec. 809. Cost growth reports for major acquisition programs that are highly sensitive classified programs.

Subtitle B—Amendments to General Contracting Authorities, Procedures, and Limitations

- Sec. 811. Repeal of and modification to certain defense acquisition laws.
- Sec. 812. Modification to limitation on acquisition of excess supplies.
- Sec. 813. Modifications to Comptroller General assessment of acquisition programs.
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- Sec. 815. Application of recent price history to cost or pricing data requirements.
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- Sec. 817. Clarification of other transaction authority for follow on production.
- Sec. 818. Clarification of other transaction authority for facility repair.
- Sec. 819. Open interface standards for contracts of the Department of Defense.
- Sec. 820. Updates to earned value management system requirements.
- Sec. 821. Inclusion of Japan and the Republic of Korea in contested logistics demonstration and prototyping program.
- Sec. 822. Avoidance of use of lowest price technically acceptable source selection criteria for procurement of munitions response services.
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Subtitle C—Provisions Relating to Workforce Development

- Sec. 831. Modification to the term of appointment of the President of the Defense Acquisition University.
- Sec. 832. Updated acquisition and sustainment training.
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- Sec. 836. Prohibition on the transfer of certain data on employees of the Department of Defense to third parties.
- Sec. 837. Modifications to contractor employee protections from reprisal for disclosure of certain information.
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- Sec. 839. Employment transparency regarding individuals who perform work in, for, or are subject to the laws or control of the People's Republic of China.
- Sec. 840. Designation of program executive office for acquisition of open-source intelligence tools for Army.

Subtitle D—Provisions Relating to Supply Chains and Domestic Sourcing

- Sec. 841. Enhancing requirements for information relating to supply chain risk.
- Sec. 842. Domestic production of stainless steel flatware and dinnerware.

- Sec. 843. Clarification of exception to Berry Amendment requirements for procurement of vessels in foreign waters.
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- Sec. 845. Amendment to requirement to buy strategic materials critical to national security from American sources.
- Sec. 846. Modification to miscellaneous limitations on the procurement of goods other than United States goods.
- Sec. 847. Inclusion of recycled and reused minerals and metals in preference for sourcing of strategic and critical materials.
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- Sec. 849. Supply chain illumination incentives.
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Subtitle E—Prohibitions and Limitations on Procurement

- Sec. 851. Prohibition on contracting with covered entities that contract with lobbyists for Chinese military companies.
- Sec. 852. Notification of changes to certain transportation contracts.
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- Sec. 854. Prohibition on contracts for online tutoring services.
- Sec. 855. Limitation on availability of funds for covered contractors engaged in an anti-Israel boycott.
- Sec. 856. Procurement of cleaning products.
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- Sec. 858. Procurement of covered hearing protection devices.

Subtitle F—Industrial Base Matters

- Sec. 861. Codification and modification of pilot program to accelerate the procurement and fielding of innovative technologies.
- Sec. 862. Program for distribution support and services for contractors.
- Sec. 863. Extension of the pilot program for streamlining awards for innovative technology projects.
- Sec. 864. Use of capability-based analysis of price of goods or services offered by nontraditional defense contractors.
- Sec. 865. Qualification of industrial capabilities.
- Sec. 866. Solid rocket motor industrial base.
- Sec. 867. Promulgate guidance relating to certain Department of Defense contracts.

Subtitle G—Small Business Matters

- Sec. 871. Pilot program for the participation of military research and educational institutions in the STTR program.
- Sec. 872. Department of Defense pilot program for preliminary calculation estimates for certain programs.
- Sec. 873. Boots to Business Program.
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- Sec. 875. Accessibility and clarity in covered notices for small business concerns.
- Sec. 876. Small Business Bill of Rights.

Subtitle H—Other Matters

- Sec. 881. Clarification of waiver authority for organizational and consultant conflicts of interest.
- Sec. 882. Reverse engineering or re-engineering for production of items.
- Sec. 883. Procurement of Department of Defense batteries.
- Sec. 884. Advisory panel on the requirements process of the Department of Defense.
- Sec. 885. Proposal for payment of costs for certain Government Accountability Office bid protests.
- Sec. 886. Briefings, certification, and limitation on availability of funds related to fuel services financial management contracts.
- Sec. 887. Implementation of Comptroller General recommendations relating to certain spare parts for F-35 aircraft.
- Sec. 888. Tracking awards made through other transaction authority.

Subtitle A—Acquisition Policy and Management

SEC. 801. MODIFICATIONS TO GUIDELINES AND COLLECTION METHOD FOR ACQUISITION OF COST DATA.

Section 3227(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “\$100,000,000” and inserting “an amount described in section 3041(c)(1) of this title”.

SEC. 802. LIMITATION ON CERTAIN OPTIONS FOR COST CONTRACTS.

(a) AMENDMENTS.—Section 3322 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) LIMITATION ON CERTAIN OPTIONS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by paragraph (2), a covered contract shall limit the number of low-rate production lots for any production quantities procured using fixed-priced options under such covered contract to not more than one.

“(2) WAIVER.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The service acquisition executive of the military department concerned or, in the case of program that is a joint program, the Secretary of Defense may waive the limit required under paragraph (1) with respect to the number of low-rate production lots for a production quantity under a covered contract if such service acquisition executive or the Secretary of Defense, as applicable, determines that such waiver is in the best interest of the Department of Defense.

“(B) DELEGATION LIMIT.—Neither a service acquisition executive nor the Secretary of Defense may delegate the authority under subparagraph (A) to waive the limit required under paragraph (1) below the level of a service acquisition executive.

“(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

“(A) The term ‘covered contract’ means a cost reimbursement contract for the development of a major system.

“(B) The term ‘low-rate initial production’ has the same meaning as in section 4231 of this title.

“(C) The term ‘major system’ has the meaning given such term in section 3041 of this title.”.

(b) CONFORMING REGULATIONS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall revise the Department of Defense Supplement to the Federal Acquisition Regulation to implement subsection (d) of section 3322 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a) of this section.

SEC. 803. TREATMENT OF UNILATERAL DEFINITIZATION OF A CONTRACT AS A FINAL DECISION.

Section 3372(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (3) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively, and moving such subparagraphs, as so redesignated, 2 ems to the right;

(2) by striking “OFFICER.—With respect to” and inserting the following: “OFFICER.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) TREATMENT OF UNILATERAL DEFINITIZATION OF A CONTRACT AS A FINAL DECISION.—A unilateral definitization by a contracting officer shall be considered a final decision under chapter 71 of title 41, and a contractor may appeal this decision to the Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals or the United States Court of Federal Claims.”.

SEC. 804. MIDDLE TIER OF ACQUISITION FOR RAPID PROTOTYPING AND RAPID FIELDING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 253 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 3602. Middle tier of acquisition for rapid prototyping and rapid fielding

“(a) GUIDANCE REQUIRED.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in consultation with the Comptroller of the Department of Defense and the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, shall establish pathways as described under subsection (b) to establish a process for conducting middle tier acquisitions for programs or projects that are intended to be completed in a period of two to five years.

“(b) ACQUISITION PATHWAYS.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall establish the following two acquisition pathways:

“(1) RAPID PROTOTYPING.—The rapid prototyping pathway shall provide for the use of innovative technologies to rapidly develop fieldable prototypes to demonstrate new capabilities and meet emerging military needs. The objective of an acquisition program or project under this pathway shall be to field a prototype that can be demonstrated in an operational environment and provide for a residual operational capability within five years of the development of an approved requirement.

“(2) RAPID FIELDING.—The rapid fielding pathway shall provide for the use of proven technologies to field production quantities of new or upgraded systems with minimal development required. The objective of an acquisition program or project under this pathway shall be to begin production within six months and complete fielding within five years of the development of an approved requirement.

“(c) EXPEDITED PROCESS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Before using the authority under this section, the Under Secretary shall develop a streamlined and coordinated requirements, budget, and acquisition process that results in the development of an approved requirement for each acquisition program or project in a period of not more than six months from the time that the process is initiated. Programs or projects carried out under the authority of this section shall not be subject to the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System Manual and Department of Defense Directive 5000.01.

“(2) RAPID PROTOTYPING.—With respect to the rapid prototyping pathway, the process described in paragraph (1) shall include—

“(A) a merit-based process for the consideration of innovative technologies and new capabilities to meet needs communicated by the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the combatant commanders;

“(B) a process for developing and implementing acquisition and funding strategies for a program or project to be carried out under such pathway;

“(C) a process for demonstrating and evaluating the performance of fieldable prototypes developed pursuant to such program or project in an operational environment;

“(D) a process for transitioning successful prototypes to new or existing acquisition programs for production and fielding under the rapid fielding pathway or the major capability acquisition pathway (as defined under Department of Defense Instruction 5000.85 or successor instruction); and

“(E) a process for iterating prototyping and fielding within the rapid prototyping pathway that may use a process described in paragraph (4)(F).

“(3) RAPID FIELDING.—With respect to the rapid fielding pathway, the process described in paragraph (1) shall include—

“(A) a merit-based process for the consideration of existing products and proven technologies to meet needs communicated by the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the combatant commanders;

“(B) a process for demonstrating performance and evaluating for current operational purposes the proposed products and technologies;

“(C) a process for developing and implementing acquisition and funding strategies for a program or project to be carried out under such pathway;

“(D) a process for considering lifecycle costs and addressing issues of logistics support and system interoperability; and

“(E) a process for identifying and exploiting opportunities to use the rapid fielding pathway to reduce total ownership costs.

“(4) STREAMLINED PROCEDURES.—The process described in paragraph (1) may provide for any of the following streamlined procedures:

“(A) The service acquisition executive of the military department concerned may appoint a program manager for a program or project for which the authority under this section is used from among candidates from among civilian employees or members of the armed forces who have significant and relevant experience managing large and complex programs.

“(B) A program manager appointed under subparagraph (A) may be provided staff positions for a technical staff, including experts in business management, cost estimation, contracting, auditing, engineering, certification, testing, and logistics, to enable the program manager to manage the program without the technical assistance of another

element of the Department of Defense to the maximum extent practicable.

“(C) A program manager appointed under subparagraph (A) may, in coordination with the users of the good or service to be acquired under such a program or project and the test community, to make trade-offs among life-cycle costs, requirements, and schedules to meet the goals of the program or project.

“(D) Each service acquisition executive, acting in coordination with the defense acquisition executive, may serve as the decision authority for a program or project for which the authority under this section is used, or shall delegate such decision authority.

“(E) A program manager appointed under subparagraph (A) may seek an expedited waiver from any regulatory requirement, or in the case of a statutory requirement, a waiver from Congress, that the program manager determines adds cost, schedule, or performance delays with little or no value to the management of such program or project.

“(F) If an operational capability is fielded for a program or project for which the authority under this section is used, the appropriate service acquisition executive may permit continuous iterative prototyping and fielding under the same program or project for an unlimited number of subsequent periods, where each period is intended to be five years.”.

(b) REPEAL OF SUPERSEDED AUTHORITY.—Section 804 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 3201 note prec.) is repealed.

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) Section 3601 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking “section 804 rapid acquisition pathway” and inserting “rapid acquisition pathway”;

(ii) by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:

“(2) RAPID ACQUISITION PATHWAY DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘rapid acquisition pathway’ means the rapid prototyping or the rapid fielding acquisition pathway authorized under section 3602 of this title.”;

(B) in subsection (b)(4), by striking “the guidance developed under section 804(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 3201 note prec.)” and inserting “section 3602 of this title”; and

(C) in subsection (c), by striking “section 804 rapid acquisition pathway” each place it appears and inserting “rapid acquisition pathway”.

(2) Section 4201(b)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “section 804 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10

U.S.C. 3201 note prec.)” and inserting “section 3602 of this title”.

(3) Section 4324(d)(5)(B) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “section 804 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 2302 note)” and inserting “section 3602 of this title”.

(4) Section 4423(e) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “section 804 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 2302 note)” and inserting “section 3602 of this title”.

(5) Section 810 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 4067 note) is amended by striking “section 804 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 3201 note prec.)” and inserting “section 3602 of title 10, United States Code”.

(6) Section 1608 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 2271 note) is amended by striking “section 804 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 3201 note prec.)” and inserting “section 3602 of title 10, United States Code”.

(7) Section 807(e)(4) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 11–283; 10 U.S.C. 9081 note) is amended by striking “section 804 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 2302 note)” and inserting “section 3602 of title 10, United States Code”.

(8) Section 884(c)(2)(E) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 4291 note prec.) is amended by striking “section 804 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 2302 note)” and inserting “section 3602 of title 10, United States Code”.

SEC. 805. REVISION AND CODIFICATION OF SOFTWARE ACQUISITION PATHWAYS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 253 of title 10, United States Code, as amended by section 804, is further amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 3603. Software acquisition pathways

“(a) SOFTWARE ACQUISITION AND DEVELOPMENT PATHWAYS.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish pathways as described under subsection (b) to provide for the efficient and effective acquisition, development, integration, and timely delivery of software and covered hardware. Such a pathway shall include the following:

“(b) PATHWAYS.—The Secretary of Defense may establish as many pathways under this section as the Secretary determines appropriate and shall establish the following pathways:

“(1) APPLICATIONS.—The applications pathway shall provide for the use of rapid development and implementation of applications and other software or software improvements operated by the Department of Defense, which may include applications and associated procurement of covered hardware (including

modifications of a type not customarily available in the commercial marketplace to meet Department requirements), commercially available cloud computing platforms, and other non-developmental items.

“(2) EMBEDDED SYSTEMS.—The embedded systems pathway shall provide for the rapid development and insertion of upgrades and improvements for software and covered hardware embedded in weapon systems and other hardware systems unique to the Department of Defense.

“(c) REQUIREMENTS FOR PATHWAYS.—A pathway established under this section shall provide for the use of proven technologies and solutions to continuously engineer and deliver capabilities for software and covered hardware.

“(d) CONSIDERATIONS FOR USE OF AUTHORITY.—In using the authority under this section, the Secretary shall consider how such use will—

“(1) initiate the engineering of new software capabilities quickly and, if applicable, the integration of such capabilities into covered hardware;

“(2) demonstrate the viability and effectiveness of such capabilities for operational use not later than one year after the date on which funds are first obligated to acquire or develop software; and

“(3) allow for the continuous updating and delivery of new capabilities not less frequently than annually to iteratively meet a requirement.

“(e) TREATMENT NOT AS MAJOR DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROGRAM.—Software and covered hardware acquired or developed using the authority under this section shall not be treated as a major defense acquisition program for purposes of section 4201 of title 10, United States Code, or Department of Defense Directive 5000.01 without the specific designation of such software and covered hardware by the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment or a service acquisition executive.

“(f) RISK-BASED APPROACH.—The Secretary of Defense shall use a risk-based approach for the consideration of innovative technologies and new capabilities for software and covered hardware to be acquired or developed under this authority to meet needs communicated by the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the combatant commanders.

“(g) EXPEDITED PROCESS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—A pathway established under this section shall provide for—

“(A) a streamlined and coordinated requirements, budget, and acquisition process to support rapid fielding of software applications and of software upgrades to embedded systems for operational use in a period of not more than one year from the time that the process is initiated;

“(B) the collection of data on software and covered hardware fielded; and

“(C) continuous engagement with the users of software and covered hardware to support—

“(i) engineering activities of the Department of Defense; and

“(ii) delivery of software and covered hardware for operational use in periods of not more than one year.

“(2) EXPEDITED SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS PROCESS.—

“(A) INAPPLICABILITY OF JOINT CAPABILITIES INTEGRATION AND DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM MANUAL.—Software and covered hardware acquisition or development conducted under the authority of this section shall not be subject to the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System Manual, except pursuant to a modified process specifically provided for the acquisition or development of software by the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, in consultation with Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and each service acquisition executive.

“(B) INAPPLICABILITY OF DEFENSE ACQUISITION SYSTEM DIRECTIVE.—Software and covered hardware acquisition or development conducted under the authority of this section shall not be subject to Department of Defense Directive 5000.01, except when specifically provided for the acquisition or development of software by the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in consultation with the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and each service acquisition executive.

“(h) ELEMENTS.—In implementing a pathway established under the authority of this section, the Secretary shall tailor requirements relating to—

“(1) iterative development of requirements for software and covered hardware to be acquired or developed under the authority of this section through engagement with the user community and through user feedback, in order to continuously define and update priorities for such requirements;

“(2) early identification of the warfighter or user needs including the rationale for how software and covered hardware to be acquired or developed under the authority of this section will be tailored to address such needs;

“(3) initial contract requirements and format, including the use of summary-level lists of problems in existing software and desired features or capabilities of new or upgraded software;

“(4) continuous refinement and prioritization of contract requirements, informed by continuous engagement with users throughout the period of development and implementation of software and covered hardware to be acquired or developed under this section;

“(5) continuous consideration of issues related to lifecycle costs, technical data rights, and systems interoperability;

“(6) planning for support of capabilities of software to be acquired or developed under this section if the software developer stops supporting the software;

“(7) rapid contracting procedures, including expedited timeframes for making awards, selecting contract types, defining teaming arrangements, and defining options;

“(8) program execution processes, including supporting development and test infrastructure, automation and tools, digital engineering, data collection and sharing with Department of Defense stakeholders and with Congress, the role of develop-

mental and operational testing activities, key decision-making and oversight events, and supporting processes and activities (such as independent costing activity, operational demonstration, and performance metrics);

“(9) assurances that cybersecurity metrics of the software to be acquired or developed, such as metrics relating to the density of vulnerabilities within the code of such software, the time from vulnerability identification to patch availability, the existence of common weaknesses within such code, and other cybersecurity metrics based on widely-recognized standards and industry best practices, are generated and made available to the Department of Defense and the congressional defense committees;

“(10) administrative procedures, including procedures relating to who may initiate and approve an acquisition under this authority, the roles and responsibilities of persons implementing or supporting the use of authority under this section, team selection and staffing process, governance and oversight roles and responsibilities, and appropriate independent technology assessments, testing, and cost estimation (including relevant thresholds or designation criteria);

“(11) mechanisms and waivers designed to ensure flexibility in the implementation of a pathway under this section, including the use of other transaction authority, broad agency announcements, and other procedures; and

“(12) mechanisms the Secretary will use for appropriate reporting to Congress on the use of the authority under this section, including notice of initiation of the use of a pathway and data regarding individual programs or acquisition activities, how acquisition activities are reflected in budget justification materials or requests to reprogram appropriated funds, and compliance with other reporting requirements.

“(i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘covered hardware’ means hardware—

“(A) that is a commercial product (as defined in section 103 of title 41) or a nondevelopmental item; and

“(B) in which software acquired under this section is embedded.

“(2) The term ‘nondevelopmental item’ has the meaning given in section 110 of title 41.”

(b) GUIDANCE REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue or modify guidance to implement the requirements of this section.

(c) REPEAL OF SUPERSEDED AUTHORITY.—

(1) REPEAL.—Section 800 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note) is repealed.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 807(e)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 9081 note) is amended by striking “section 800 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 133 Stat. 1478; 10 U.S.C. 2223a note)” and inserting “section 3603 of title 10, United States Code”.

SEC. 806. STREAMLINING OF MILESTONE A REQUIREMENTS.

(a) STREAMLINING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 4251 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in the section heading, by striking “**DETERMINATION REQUIRED**” and inserting “**FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED**”;

(B) in subsection (a)(2)—

(i) by striking “the Secretary of the military department concerned and the Chief of the armed forces concerned concur in”; and

(ii) by inserting “do not overly constrain future trade space” after “with regard to the program”;

(C) by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

“(b) **FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED FOR MILESTONE A APPROVAL.**—A major defense acquisition program or subprogram may not receive Milestone A approval or otherwise be initiated prior to Milestone B approval until the milestone decision authority confirms that the following factors were considered in the decision to grant Milestone A approval:

“(1) The program or subprogram fulfills an approved requirements document.

“(2) The program or subprogram has conducted appropriate market research.

“(3) With respect to any identified areas of risk, there is a plan to reduce the risk.

“(4) Planning for sustainment has been addressed.

“(5) An analysis of alternatives has been performed consistent with study guidance developed by the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation, or in lieu of an analysis of alternatives, early experimentation with a combatant commander has been conducted.

“(6) A life cycle cost estimate for the program or subprogram has been submitted by the component and that the level of resources required to complete the technology maturation and risk reduction phase of the program is sufficient for successful program execution.

“(7) The program or subprogram meets any other considerations the milestone decision authority considers relevant.”;

(D) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively;

(E) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection:

“(c) **WRITTEN RECORD OF A MILESTONE DECISION.**—The milestone decision authority shall issue a written record of a milestone decision at the time that Milestone A approval is granted. The record shall confirm compliance with subsection (b) and specifically state that the milestone decision authority considered the factors described in such subsection prior to the decision to grant milestone approval. The milestone decision authority shall retain records of the basis for the milestone decision.”;

(F) in subsection (d), as redesignated by subparagraph (D)—

(i) in paragraph (1)—

(I) in the paragraph heading, by striking “BRIEF SUMMARY REPORT” and inserting “NOTIFICATION”; and

(II) by striking “a brief summary report that contains the following elements” and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting “a written record of the milestone decision.”; and

(ii) by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:

“(2) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.—At the request of any of the congressional defense committees or, in the case of intelligence or intelligence-related activities, the congressional intelligence committees, the milestone decision authority shall submit to the committee an explanation of the basis for the decision to grant Milestone A approval with respect to a major defense acquisition program or major subprogram, and make available all underlying documentation.”; and

(G) in subsection (e), as so redesignated—

(i) in paragraph (1), by striking “initial capabilities document” and inserting “requirements document”; and

(ii) by striking paragraphs (4), (6), and (7);

(iii) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (4); and

(iv) by redesignating paragraph (8) as paragraph (5).

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of subchapter III of chapter 322 of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in the item relating to section 4251, by striking “determination required” and inserting “factors to be considered”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) Section 4272 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “risk assessments—” and all that follows through “(2) before any decision” and inserting “risk assessments before any decision”.

(2) Section 3221(b)(6)(A)(i) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “4251 or”.

(3) Section 3222(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) by striking “a milestone phase” and inserting “the engineering and manufacturing development phase, or production and deployment phase,”; and

(B) by striking “authority that—” and all that follows through “(2) for the for the engineering and manufacturing development phase, or production and deployment phase, includes a cost estimate” and inserting “authority that includes a cost estimate”.

SEC. 807. STREAMLINING OF MILESTONE B REQUIREMENTS.

Section 4252 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by striking “**CERTIFICATION REQUIRED BEFORE**” and inserting “**FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED BEFORE**”;

(2) by striking subsections (d), (e), and (f);

(3) by redesignating subsections (a), (b), (c), and (g) as subsections (b), (d), (e), and (f), respectively;

(4) by inserting before subsection (b), as so redesignated, the following new subsection:

“(a) RESPONSIBILITIES.—Before granting Milestone B approval for a major defense acquisition program or major subprogram, the milestone decision authority for the program or subprogram shall ensure that—

“(1) information about the program or subprogram is sufficient to warrant entry of the program or subprogram into the engineering and manufacturing development phase;

“(2) appropriate trade-offs among cost, schedule, technical feasibility, and performance objectives have been made to ensure that the program or subprogram is affordable when considering the per-unit cost and the total life-cycle cost, and the Secretary of the military department concerned and the Chief of the armed force concerned concur with these trade-offs; and

“(3) there are sound plans for progression of the program or subprogram to the production phase.”;

(5) by amending subsection (b), as so redesignated, to read as follows:

“(b) FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED FOR MILESTONE B APPROVAL.—A major defense acquisition program or major subprogram may not receive Milestone B approval until the milestone decision authority confirms the following factors were considered in the decision to grant Milestone B approval:

“(1) The program or subprogram has received a preliminary design review and a formal post-preliminary design review or an equivalent assessment was conducted.

“(2) The technology in the program or subprogram has been demonstrated in a relevant environment.

“(3) The program or subprogram is affordable when considering the ability of the Department of Defense to accomplish the program’s or subprogram’s general mission using alternative systems.

“(4) Reasonable lifecycle cost and schedule estimates have been developed to execute, with the concurrence of the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation, the plan under the program or subprogram.

“(5) The estimated procurement unit cost for the program or subprogram and the estimated date for initial operational capability for the baseline description for the program or subprogram (under section 4214 of this title) have been established.

“(6) Funding is expected to be available to execute the product development and production plan for the program or subprogram, consistent with the estimates described in paragraph (4) for the program or subprogram.

“(7) Appropriate market research has been conducted prior to technology development, including market research of commercial products, commercial services, and nondevelopmental items (as defined in section 110 of title 41).

“(8) The Department of Defense has completed an analysis of alternatives with respect to the program or subprogram, or in lieu of an analysis of alternatives, early experimentation with a combatant commander has been conducted.

“(9) The Joint Requirements Oversight Council has accomplished its duties with respect to the program or subprogram pursuant to section 181(b) of this title, including an analysis of the operational requirements for the program or subprogram.

“(10) Life-cycle sustainment planning has identified and evaluated relevant sustainment cost elements, factors, risks, and gaps that are likely to drive readiness of the system as well as operating and supporting costs.

“(11) An estimate has been made of the requirements for core logistics capabilities and the associated sustaining workloads required to support such requirements.

“(12) The program or subprogram complies with all relevant policies, regulations, and directives of the Department of Defense.

“(13) Appropriate actions are planned for the acquisition of technical data required to support the program or subprogram.

“(14) The program or subprogram has an approved life cycle sustainment plan required under section 4324(b) of this title.

“(15) In the case of a naval vessel program or subprogram, such program or subprogram is in compliance with the requirements of section 8669b of this title.”;

(6) by inserting after subsection (b), as so redesignated, the following new subsection:

“(c) WRITTEN RECORD OF MILESTONE DECISION.—The milestone decision authority shall issue a written record of decision at the time that Milestone B approval is granted. The record shall confirm compliance with subsection (b) and specifically state that the milestone decision authority considered the factors described in subsection (b) prior to the decision to grant milestone approval. The milestone decision authority shall retain records of the basis for the milestone decision.”;

(7) in subsection (d), as so redesignated—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking “CERTIFICATIONS OR DETERMINATION” and inserting “BASIS FOR MILESTONE APPROVAL”;

(B) in paragraph (1)—

(i) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “certifications or a determination under subsection (a)” and inserting “a written record of the milestone decision under subsection (c)”;

(ii) in subparagraph (A)—

(I) by striking “certifications or determination of the milestone decision authority” and inserting “decision of the milestone decision authority”; and

(II) by striking “certifications or determination specified in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (a)” and inserting “decision specified in subsection (b)”;

(iii) in subparagraph (B), by striking “certifications or determination” and inserting “decision”; and

(C) in paragraph (2)—

(i) by striking “withdraw the certifications or determination concerned or”; and

- (ii) by striking “certifications, determination, or approval are” and inserting “approval is”;
- (8) by amending subsection (e), as so redesignated, to read as follows:

“(e) SUBMISSIONS TO CONGRESS ON MILESTONE B.—

“(1) NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 15 days after granting Milestone B approval for a major defense acquisition program or major subprogram, the milestone decision authority for the program or subprogram shall provide to the congressional defense committees and, in the case of intelligence or intelligence-related activities, the congressional intelligence committees a written record of the milestone decision.

“(2) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.—(A) At the request of any of the congressional defense committees or, in the case of intelligence or intelligence-related activities, the congressional intelligence committees, the milestone decision authority shall submit to the committee an explanation of the basis for the decision to grant Milestone B approval with respect to a major defense acquisition program or major subprogram, or further information or underlying documentation.

“(B) The explanation or additional information shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.”; and

(9) in subsection (f), as so redesignated—

(A) by striking paragraphs (4) and (5);

(B) by redesignating paragraph (6) as paragraph (4); and

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(5) The term ‘written record of milestone decision’, with respect to a major defense acquisition program or a major subprogram, means a document signed by the milestone decision authority that formalizes approved entry of the program or subprogram into the next phase of the acquisition process.”.

SEC. 808. NOTICE OF CONTRACT CANCELLATION OR TERMINATION RELATING TO REMOTE OR ISOLATED INSTALLATIONS.

Chapter 365 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 4705. Notice of contract cancellation or termination relating to remote or isolated installations

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by subsection (c), not later than 30 days before the date on which the Secretary of Defense or any other official of an element of the Department of Defense cancels or terminates a contract, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a notice of such cancellation or termination if such cancellation or termination involves a reduction in employment of not fewer than—

“(1) 50 remote or isolated installation contractor employees;

or

“(2) 100 employees of contractors, including remote or isolated installation contractor employees.

“(b) REQUIREMENTS.—A notice described in subsection (a) shall include an assessment of the effect of such cancellation or termination on members of the armed forces.

“(c) **WAIVER.**—(1) The Secretary of Defense may waive the requirements of subsection (a) with respect to the cancellation or termination of a contract if the Secretary determines that such waiver is in the interest of national security.

“(2) If the Secretary waives the requirements of subsection (a) with respect to the cancellation or termination of a contract, the Secretary shall submit the notice required by such subsection with respect to such cancellation or termination not later than one week after such cancellation or termination.

“(d) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘remote or isolated installation’ means a military installation (as defined in section 2801 of this title) that is a remote military installation, as determined by the Secretary pursuant to the policy required by section 565 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (10 U.S.C. 1781b note).

“(2) The term ‘remote or isolated installation contractor employee’ means an individual who—

“(A) is an employee of a contractor;

“(B) as such an employee, provides goods or services to a remote or isolated installation; and

“(C) resides in the same geographic area as such remote or isolated installation.”.

SEC. 809. COST GROWTH REPORTS FOR MAJOR ACQUISITION PROGRAMS THAT ARE HIGHLY SENSITIVE CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS.

(a) **GUIDANCE REQUIRED.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in consultation each Secretary of a military department, shall establish guidance requiring that each service acquisition executive (as defined in section 101 of title 10, United States Code) submit to the congressional defense committees a cost growth report for a covered program each time the estimated unit cost for such covered program has increased by a percentage equal to or greater than any of the significant cost growth thresholds or critical cost growth thresholds under section 4371 of title 10, United States Code.

(b) **ELEMENTS OF REPORT.**—A cost growth report required under this section shall include, with respect to a covered program, the following:

(1) The name of the covered program.

(2) The date of the preparation of the report.

(3) The program phase of the covered program.

(4) The unit cost estimates for the covered program in constant base-year dollars and in current dollars.

(5) A statement of the reasons for cost increases that resulted in the submission of a report under this section.

(6) A list of major program milestones, including the dates for each program milestone according to the original baseline, current baseline, and current estimate.

(7) Annualized funding for the program by appropriation account from the date on which the program commenced to the current estimated year of completion.

(8) Any actions taken or proposed to be taken to control future cost growth of the covered program.

(9) Any changes made in the performance or milestones of the covered program and the extent to which such changes have contributed to the cost increase.

(c) **CRITICAL BREACH.**—With respect to a covered program for which the cost growth meets the threshold for a critical cost growth threshold (as defined in section 4371 of title 10, United States Code), the applicable service acquisition executive shall—

(1) treat such covered program as if the unit cost of such a covered program has increased by a percentage equal to or greater than any of the critical cost growth thresholds for the covered program; and

(2) follow applicable procedures in sections 4376 and 4377 of title 10, United States Code.

(d) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) The term “covered program” means a Department of Defense program—

(A) that is a highly sensitive classified program (as determined by the Secretary of Defense);

(B) that would be a major defense acquisition program under section 4201 of title 10, United States Code, except for the exclusion from the applicability of that section of such a highly sensitive classified program; and

(C) that has entered the engineering and manufacturing design phase, or equivalent phase.

(2) The term “unit cost” means, with respect to a covered program, as applicable—

(A) the program acquisition unit cost (as defined in section 4351 of title 10, United States Code); or

(B) the procurement unit cost (as defined in such section).

Subtitle B—Amendments to General Contracting Authorities, Procedures, and Limitations

SEC. 811. REPEAL OF AND MODIFICATION TO CERTAIN DEFENSE ACQUISITION LAWS.

(a) **REPEALS.**—

(1) The following provisions of law are hereby repealed:

(A) Section 805 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004 (Public Law 108–136; 117 Stat. 1542).

(B) Sections 886 and 892 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 122 Stat. 266, 270).

(C) Section 127 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 111 Stat. 4161).

(D) Sections 828 and 1056 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 129 Stat. 910, 984).

(E) Sections 235 and 1692 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 130 Stat. 2064, 2636).

(2) Section 844 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (Public Law 112–81; 125 Stat. 1515) is amended—

(A) by striking subsections (a) and (b); and

(B) in subsection (c), by striking “(c) ANNUAL REPORT ON CONTRACTING IN IRAQ AND AFGHANISTAN.—Section” and inserting “Section”.

(b) MODIFICATION TO CERTAIN CONTRACTS RELATING TO VESSELS, AIRCRAFT, AND COMBAT VEHICLES.—Section 3671(b)(5) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking subparagraphs (B) and (C);

(2) in subparagraph (A), by striking the semicolon and inserting a period; and

(3) in that matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking the following: “subsection if—(A) funds” and inserting “subsection if funds”.

(c) MODIFICATION TO LIMITATION ON MILESTONE DECISION AUTHORITIES.—Section 4204 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking subsection (f).

SEC. 812. MODIFICATION TO LIMITATION ON ACQUISITION OF EXCESS SUPPLIES.

Section 3070 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by inserting “, or in the case of ship maintenance, overhaul, and repair, in excess of five years of operating stocks” after “in excess of two years of operating stocks”; and

(2) in subsection (b)(2), by inserting “, to protect against identified risk of supply chain disruptions,” before “or for other reasons of national security”.

SEC. 813. MODIFICATIONS TO COMPTROLLER GENERAL ASSESSMENT OF ACQUISITION PROGRAMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3072 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the heading, by striking “efforts” and inserting “**initiatives**”;

(2) by striking “efforts” each place it appears and inserting “initiatives”;

(3) in subsection (a), by striking “2026” and inserting “2029”; and

(4) in subsection (b)—

(A) by striking paragraph (2) and redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (2);

(B) in paragraph (2), as so redesignated, by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
“(3) other issues as determined appropriate by the Comptroller General.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 203 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 3072 and inserting the following:

“3072. Comptroller General assessment of acquisition programs and initiatives.”.

SEC. 814. MODIFICATIONS TO COMMERCIAL PRODUCT AND COMMERCIAL SERVICE DETERMINATIONS.

Section 3456(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following paragraph:

“(1) DETERMINATIONS.—A contract or subcontract for a product (including a product without a part number or a product with a prior part number that has the same functionality as the product had with the prior part number) or service acquired using commercial acquisition procedures under part 12 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation shall serve as a prior commercial product or commercial service determination with respect to such product or service for purposes of this chapter, including when subject to minor modifications, unless—

“(A) the prior determination was not issued or approved by a contracting officer of the Department of Defense; or

“(B) the senior procurement executive of the military department or the Department of Defense as designated for purposes of section 1702(c) of title 41 determines in writing that it is no longer appropriate to acquire the product or service using commercial acquisition procedures.”.

SEC. 815. APPLICATION OF RECENT PRICE HISTORY TO COST OR PRICING DATA REQUIREMENTS.

Section 3702(a)(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “An offeror” and inserting “(A) An offeror”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(B)(i) An offeror for a subcontract (at any tier) of a contract under this chapter that is required to submit cost or pricing data under subparagraph (A) with respect to such subcontract may submit prices paid for the covered goods and services of such offeror for such subcontract under this clause if—

“(I) such offeror is a nontraditional defense contractor (as defined in section 3014 of this title);

“(II) the prices to be submitted are prices that were paid for the same goods and services as such covered goods and services; and

“(III) the price of such subcontract is not expected to exceed \$5,000,000.

“(ii) The submission of prices paid under clause (i) by an offeror with respect to a subcontract shall be deemed to be the submission of cost or pricing data by such offeror with respect to such subcontract as required by subparagraph (A) if a contracting officer of the Department of Defense determines that the prices submitted under such clause are fair and reasonable based on supported cost or pricing data within the last 12 months.

“(iii) In this subparagraph, the term ‘covered goods and services’ means, with respect to an offeror for a sub-

contract (at any tier), the goods and services such offeror would provide under such subcontract.”.

SEC. 816. MODIFICATIONS TO AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN PROTOTYPE PROJECTS USING OTHER TRANSACTION AUTHORITY.

Section 4022(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking “senior procurement executive for the agency as designated for the purpose of section 1702(c) of title 41” and inserting “head of the contracting activity”; and

(B) in subparagraph (B)(i), by striking “Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering or the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment” and inserting “senior procurement executive for the agency as designated for the purpose of section 1702(c) of title 41, or, for the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, the Defense Innovation Unit, or the Missile Defense Agency, the director of the agency,”; and

(2) by amending paragraph (3) to read as follows:

“(3) The authority of the head of the contracting activity, director of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, director of the Defense Innovation Unit, director of the Missile Defense Agency, or the senior procurement executive, as applicable, under paragraph (2) may not be delegated.”.

SEC. 817. CLARIFICATION OF OTHER TRANSACTION AUTHORITY FOR FOLLOW ON PRODUCTION.

Section 4022 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (e), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(6) The term ‘follow-on production contract or transaction’ means a contract or transaction to produce, sustain, or otherwise implement the results of a successfully completed prototype project for continued or expanded use by the Department of Defense.”; and

(2) in subsection (f)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by adding at the end the following: “A follow-on production award may be provided for in a transaction entered into under this section for a prototype project, awarded with respect to such a transaction as one or more separate awards, or a combination thereof.”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting “, one or more separate awards of follow-on production contracts or transactions with respect to a transaction described in such paragraph, or a combination thereof,” after “paragraph (1)”.

SEC. 818. CLARIFICATION OF OTHER TRANSACTION AUTHORITY FOR FACILITY REPAIR.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 4022(i) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking “except for projects carried out for the purpose of repairing a facility,”;

(B) by inserting “(A)” before “In carrying out”;

(C) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively; and

(D) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(B) The requirements of this paragraph shall not apply to projects carried out for the purpose of repairing a facility.”; and

(2) in paragraph (4)(A), by striking “September 30, 2025” and inserting “September 30, 2030”.

(b) **APPLICABILITY.**—This section and the amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to a transaction for a prototype project under section 4022(i) of title 10, United States Code, entered into on or after the date of the enactment of this section.

SEC. 819. OPEN INTERFACE STANDARDS FOR CONTRACTS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

Section 4401 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the following:

“(b) **DISCLOSURE REQUIRED.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Secretary of Defense shall make publicly available any standards for implementation of the modular open system approaches for contracts, unless the service acquisition executive with respect to a specific contract submits to the Secretary a request to not disclose such standards and the Secretary approves such request.”.

SEC. 820. UPDATES TO EARNED VALUE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS.

Section 827(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4601) is amended—

(1) by striking “date of the enactment of this Act” and inserting “date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025”; and

(2) by striking paragraphs (2) and (3) and inserting the following:

“(2) increase the contract value threshold associated with earned value management system requirements for cost contracts or incentive contracts from \$20,000,000 to \$50,000,000; and

“(3) increase the contract value threshold associated requiring a defense contractor to use an approved earned value management system from \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000.”.

SEC. 821. INCLUSION OF JAPAN AND THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA IN CONTESTED LOGISTICS DEMONSTRATION AND PROTOTYPING PROGRAM.

Section 842(h)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (C), (D), and (E) as subparagraphs (D), (F), and (G), respectively;

(2) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following new subparagraph:

“(C) Japan;” and

(3) by inserting after subparagraph (D), as redesignated by paragraph (1), the following new subparagraph:

“(E) the Republic of Korea;”.

SEC. 822. AVOIDANCE OF USE OF LOWEST PRICE TECHNICALLY ACCEPTABLE SOURCE SELECTION CRITERIA FOR PROCUREMENT OF MUNITIONS RESPONSE SERVICES.

Section 880(c)(1) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (41 U.S.C. 3701 note) is amended by inserting “munitions response services,” after “telecommunications devices and services,”.

SEC. 823. USE OF FIXED-PRICE TYPE CONTRACTS FOR CERTAIN SHIPBUILDING PROGRAMS.

Section 818 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(g) CONDITIONS WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN SHIPBUILDING CONTRACTS.—

“(1) LIMITATION.—With respect to a fixed-price type contract for the procurement of shipbuilding associated with a major defense acquisition program, the number of ships to be procured under such contract, including all options, may not be more than two if the scope of the work of such contract includes the detail design and the construction of items for such a major defense acquisition program.

“(2) WAIVER.—The Secretary concerned may waive the limitation in paragraph (1) if such Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees, not later than 30 days after issuance of such waiver, a written notification of such waiver that includes a certification that the basic and functional design of any ship to be procured under a contract described in paragraph (1) are complete.

“(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

“(A) The term ‘basic and functional design’ has the meaning given in section 8669c of title 10, United States Code.

“(B) The term ‘construction’ means steel cutting and module fabrication, assembly, and outfitting, keel laying, and module erection supporting the launch and eventual delivery of a completed ship.

“(C) The term ‘detail design’ means design using computer-aided modeling to enable the generation of work instructions for construction of the ship, where such work instructions show detailed system information and support construction, including guidance for subcontractors and suppliers, installation drawings, schedules, material lists, and lists of prefabricated materials and parts.”.

SEC. 824. EXTENSION OF TEMPORARY AUTHORITY TO MODIFY CERTAIN CONTRACTS AND OPTIONS BASED ON THE EFFECTS OF INFLATION.

Subsection (e) of the first section of Public Law 85–804 (50 U.S.C. 1431(e)) is amended by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2025”.

Subtitle C—Provisions Relating to Workforce Development

SEC. 831. MODIFICATION TO THE TERM OF APPOINTMENT OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE DEFENSE ACQUISITION UNIVERSITY.

Section 1746(e)(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking the second sentence and inserting the following: “The preceding sentence does not apply to the President of the Defense Acquisition University serving on January 1, 2025, who shall serve a maximum term of three years beginning on the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 without an option for extension of such term.”.

SEC. 832. UPDATED ACQUISITION AND SUSTAINMENT TRAINING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter IV of chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 1749. Field training for acquisition and sustainment

“(a) TRAINING PROGRAM.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Under Secretary for Acquisition and Sustainment shall establish a training program that supports cross-functional personnel and contractors of the Department of Defense involved in any phase of the acquisition and sustainment lifecycle in making important decisions with respect to acquisition or sustainment, including requirements validation, the development of an acquisition strategy, awarding contracts, and ongoing management of performance and governance.

“(b) ELEMENTS.—The training program established under subsection (a) shall—

“(1) create deployable training teams to coach the cross-functional personnel and contractors described in subsection (a) and facilitate such personnel and contractors successfully completing a phase of an acquisition or sustainment effort with the same training team to the maximum extent possible;

“(2) to the extent practicable, ensure that the same training team under paragraph (1) provides the support described under such paragraph with respect to a phase of an acquisition or sustainment effort until such phase is completed or otherwise ends;

“(3) provide to the cross-functional personnel and contractors described in subsection (a) short, intermittent lessons on innovative acquisition and fielding procedures, flexible contracting frameworks, and business negotiation skills that are timed to align the topics of the lessons to relevant activities under a phase of an acquisition or sustainment effort;

“(4) emphasizes—

“(A) the acquisition of commercial products, commercial services, and commercially available off-the-shelf items (as such terms are defined in sections 103, 103a, and 104, respectively, of title 41);

“(B) technology procured ‘as-a-service’ or as a consumption-based solution (as defined in section 834 of the Wil-

liam M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (10 U.S.C. 4571 note)); and

“(C) using the middle tier acquisition pathways under section 3602 of this title and the pathways under section 3603 of this title; and

“(5) include a process for collecting feedback on the training program and performance of the training teams to improve the training program.

“(c) TRAINING TEAM REQUIREMENTS.—Each training team created under the training program—

“(1) include at not less than one individual from the private sector or academia with expertise in conducting commercial transactions; and

“(2) has excellent facilitation skills and can coach the cross-functional personnel and contractors described in subsection (a) on applying the best practices to the formulation of acquisition and sustainment programs and contracts;

“(d) CERTIFICATION.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall ensure that each member of the acquisition workforce who participates in the training program established under subsection (a) can meet up to 80 hours of a continuous education requirement established under section 1723 of this title by participating in the training program.

“(e) PILOT PROGRAM.—During fiscal year 2025, the Secretary of each military department shall carry out not less than one pilot program—

“(1) under which the military department shall receive support under the training program established under subsection (a) with respect to acquisition and sustainment efforts of high importance or urgency to the military department; and

“(2) which the Under Secretary for Acquisition and Sustainment shall use to develop the training material and procedures for the training program.

“(f) FUNDING REQUIREMENTS.—The Under Secretary for Acquisition and Sustainment is authorized to use funds available for the Defense Acquisition University for civilian faculty members, contracts, and associated travel and expenses to carry out the training program established in (a) starting in fiscal year 2025, and for fiscal years 2027 through fiscal year 2031—

“(1) not less than 25 percent of civilian faculty members authorized under section 1746 of this title shall be detailed on a reimbursable basis to the training program established in (a) for a minimum of half of their time; and

“(2) not less than 25 percent of all contract or agreement obligations in support of Defense Acquisition University shall be reserved for the training program established in (a), including the training of civilian faculty members to facilitate programs under the training program.

“(g) REPORT.—Not later than November 1, 2026, the Under Secretary for Acquisition and Sustainment shall provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives on the training program required under subsection (a), including—

“(1) the number and qualifications of civilian faculty members detailed to the training program under subsection (f)(1), including any training requirements they receive to facilitate programs under the training program;

“(2) an identification of contractor or university support for the training program pursuant to subsection (f)(2);

“(3) a budget for the training program that meets the requirements of subsection (f);

“(4) the status and success of the pilot program; and

“(5) any additional information or recommendations with respect to the training program that the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment determines appropriate.”.

(b) **CLERICAL AMENDMENT.**—The table of sections for chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1748 the following new item:

“1749. Field training for acquisition and sustainment.”.

SEC. 833. EXTENSION OF DEMONSTRATION PROJECT RELATING TO CERTAIN ACQUISITION PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES.

Section 1762(g) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “December 31, 2026” and inserting “December 31, 2031”.

SEC. 834. PERFORMANCE INCENTIVES RELATED TO COMMERCIAL PRODUCT AND COMMERCIAL SERVICE DETERMINATIONS.

Section 3453(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (5), by striking “and” at the end;

(2) in paragraph (6), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding the following new paragraph:

“(7) establish criteria in performance evaluations for appropriate personnel to reward risk-informed decisions that maximize the acquisition of commercial products, commercial services, or nondevelopmental items other than commercial products.”.

SEC. 835. MODIFICATION TO EXTRAMURAL ACQUISITION INNOVATION AND RESEARCH ACTIVITIES.

Section 4142 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (c);

(2) by redesignating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as subsections (c), (d), and (e), respectively;

(3) in subsection (a), by striking “subsection (d)” and inserting “subsection (c)”; and

(4) in subsection (e), as so redesignated, by striking “Director” and inserting “Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment”.

SEC. 836. PROHIBITION ON THE TRANSFER OF CERTAIN DATA ON EMPLOYEES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO THIRD PARTIES.

Section 4662 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking “and that would be permissible pursuant to statute or guidance from the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.” and inserting a period; and

(B) by inserting at the end the following: “This provision does not apply in circumstances where the transfer of such data would otherwise be authorized by law.”;

(2) by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

“(b) **WAIVER.**—The Secretary of Defense may waive the requirements of subsection (a) with respect to the sale, licensing, or other transfer of covered individually identifiable Department employee data if the Secretary determines that such waiver—

“(1) appropriately considers the privacy risks to the employee of the Department of Defense to which such data relates; and

“(2) is necessary in the interest of national security.”;

(3) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d);

(4) by amending paragraph (1) of subsection (d), as so redesignated, to read as follows:

“(1) The term ‘covered individually identifiable Department employee data’ means individually identifiable Department employee data obtained by a contractor or subcontractor described in subsection (a).”; and

(5) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection:

“(c) **REPORT.**—Not later than January 15, 2026, and annually thereafter for four years, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the use of the waiver authority under subsection (b) for the fiscal year preceding the date of submission of the report. The report shall include, for each use of the waiver—

“(1) the specific justification for providing the waiver;

“(2) an identification of the contractor or subcontractor that is the subject of the waiver request; and

“(3) an identification of the purpose of the sale, licensing, or transfer of covered individually identifiable Department employee data that is the subject of the waiver request.”.

SEC. 837. MODIFICATIONS TO CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEE PROTECTIONS FROM REPRISAL FOR DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN INFORMATION.

Section 4701(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7) as paragraphs (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), and (8), respectively;

(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

“(2) Not later than 30 days after receiving an Inspector General report pursuant to subsection (b), the head of the agency concerned shall notify the complainant and the Inspector General, in writing, of either the actions ordered or the decision to deny relief. After such notification, if the head of the agency concerned changes the actions ordered or the decision to deny relief, the head of the agency concerned shall notify the complainant and the Inspector General, in writing, of the change not later than 30 days after the change occurs.”;

(3) in paragraph (3), as redesignated by paragraph (1) of this section, by striking “paragraph (b)(2)(B)” and inserting “paragraph (2)(B) of such subsection”; and

(4) in paragraph (4), as so redesignated, by striking “paragraph (2)” and inserting “paragraph (3)”.

SEC. 838. DETAIL AUTHORITY FOR DEFENSE ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY TO PROVIDE TECHNOLOGY TRANSITION SUPPORT.

Section 806 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 1701 note) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as subsections (e) and (f), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection:

“(d) DARPA DETAILEES AUTHORIZED.—

“(1) AUTHORITY.—The Director of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, upon a request from the Principal Technology Transition Advisor of a military department, may detail personnel of the Agency to such military department for a period not to exceed one year to provide technology transition support for technology of the Agency that is to be acquired by such military department.

“(2) EXTENSION.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering may extend a detail under paragraph (1) for a period of not more than 6 additional months.”.

SEC. 839. EMPLOYMENT TRANSPARENCY REGARDING INDIVIDUALS WHO PERFORM WORK IN, FOR, OR ARE SUBJECT TO THE LAWS OR CONTROL OF THE PEOPLE’S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

Section 855 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 10 U.S.C. 4651 note prec.) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “, for, or are subject to the laws or control of” after “perform work in”; and

(B) in paragraph (3)—

(i) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii) and moving such clauses, as so redesignated, two ems to the right;

(ii) by striking “If a covered entity” and inserting “(A) IN GENERAL.—If a covered company”;

(iii) by inserting “, for, or are subject to the laws or control of” after “any individual who will perform work in”;

(iv) in clause (i), as so redesignated, by striking “perform work in the People’s Republic of China” and inserting “perform such work”; and

(v) in clause (ii), as so redesignated—

(I) by inserting “and each other location” after “China”; and

(II) by striking “performed.” and inserting the following: “performed; and

“(iii) whether an agency or instrumentality of the People’s Republic of China or any other covered entity has requested access to data or otherwise acquired data from the covered entity required to make a disclosure under paragraph (1) or (2) pursuant to any law or regulation of the People’s Republic of China.

“(B) ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION AND ADDITIONAL MEASURES REGARDING CERTAIN ENTITIES.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—If a covered entity performing a covered contract for services dealing with commercial computer software or noncommercial computer software and is required to make a disclosure under paragraph (1) or (2), such covered entity shall—

“(I) describe the process for disclosing a cybersecurity vulnerability, if such covered entity is also required to disclose any cybersecurity vulnerability to the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology or any other agency or instrumentality of the People’s Republic of China; and

“(II) provide any information related to how a United States affiliate is notified of a vulnerability described in subclause (I).

“(ii) ISSUANCE OF REGULATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this subparagraph, the Secretary shall revise the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement to require—

“(I) a covered entity to require that an individual or entity performing work on a covered contract in the People’s Republic of China on behalf of the covered entity to notify the covered entity within 48 hours of such individual or entity reporting any software vulnerability related to such covered contract to the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology or any other agency or instrumentality of the People’s Republic of China; and

“(II) the covered entity to retain and furnish to the Department of Defense information regarding any cybersecurity vulnerability reported to the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology or any other agency or instrumentality of the People’s Republic of China with respect to which the covered entity received a notice pursuant to subclause (I).”; and

(2) in subsection (d)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “with a value in excess of \$5,000,000, excluding” and inserting “for, or including, any information and communications technology, including”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting “, for, or subject to the laws or control of” after “a covered contract in”.

SEC. 840. DESIGNATION OF PROGRAM EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR ACQUISITION OF OPEN-SOURCE INTELLIGENCE TOOLS FOR ARMY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Army may designate an existing program executive office within the Army to be responsible for the acquisition of open-source intelligence tools for the Army.

(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—If the Secretary of the Army designates an existing program office under subsection (a), that office shall be responsible for the selection, procurement, and evaluation of open-source intelligence tools for the Army.

(c) OPEN-SOURCE INTELLIGENCE TOOLS DEFINED.—In this section, the term “open-source intelligence tools” has the meaning given that term in section 430b(d) of title 10, United States Code.

Subtitle D—Provisions Relating to Supply Chains and Domestic Sourcing

SEC. 841. ENHANCING REQUIREMENTS FOR INFORMATION RELATING TO SUPPLY CHAIN RISK.

Section 3252 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:

“(1) consulting with procurement or other relevant officials of the covered agency;”;

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking “with the concurrence of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment;” and

(C) in paragraph (3)—

(i) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:

“(A) a summary of the risk assessment that serves as the basis for the written determination required by paragraph (2); and”;

(ii) by striking subparagraphs (B) and (C); and

(iii) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as subparagraph (B);

(2) by striking subsection (c); and

(3) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as subsections (c) and (d), respectively.

SEC. 842. DOMESTIC PRODUCTION OF STAINLESS STEEL FLATWARE AND DINNERWARE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 4862(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraphs:

“(3) Stainless steel flatware.

“(4) Dinnerware.”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 4862(b) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall take effect on January 1, 2026.

(c) SUNSET.—Paragraphs (3) and (4) of section 4862(b) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), are repealed effective January 1, 2029.

SEC. 843. CLARIFICATION OF EXCEPTION TO BERRY AMENDMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR PROCUREMENT OF VESSELS IN FOREIGN WATERS.

Section 4862(d)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting “, or for,” after “Procurements by”.

SEC. 844. TECHNICAL EDITS TO SOURCING REQUIREMENTS FOR STRATEGIC MATERIALS AND SENSITIVE MATERIALS.

(a) STRATEGIC MATERIALS.—Section 4863 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “at a reasonable price” after “when needed”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
 “(3) The authority in subsection (b)(1)—

“ (A) may be delegated to the head of contracting activity for the relevant component for an exception for a single acquisition program;

“ (B) may be delegated to the senior acquisition executive of a military department for an exception for multiple programs within such military department; and

“ (C) may be delegated to the Undersecretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment for an exception for more than one military department.”;

(2) in subsection (c)(1)—

(A) by striking “in support of combat operations or”; and

(B) by inserting “or for use outside of the United States” after “contingency operations”; and

(3) in subsection (k)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “or the Secretary of the military department concerned” after “Secretary of Defense”; and

(B) by amending subparagraph (2)(A) to read as follows:

“ (A) may be delegated—

“ (i) to the senior acquisition executive of the military department concerned for a waiver for one or more acquisition programs within the such military department; and

“ (ii) to the Deputy Secretary of Defense or the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment for a waiver applicable to more than one military department.”.

(b) SENSITIVE MATERIALS.—Section 4872 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by inserting “or (e)” after “subsection (c)”; and

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “or the Secretary of the military department concerned” after “Secretary of Defense”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting “in support of contingency operations or” before “for use outside”;

(3) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (f); and

(4) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsections:

“(d) DELEGATION.—The authorities in subsection (c)—

“ (1) may be delegated to the head of contracting activity for the relevant component for an exception for a single acquisition program;

“ (2) may be delegated to the senior acquisition executive of a military department for an exception for multiple programs within such military department; and

“ (3) may be delegated to the Undersecretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment for an exception for more than one military department.

“(e) NATIONAL SECURITY WAIVER.—

“ (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense of the Secretary or the Secretary of the mili-

tary department concerned, may accept the delivery of an end item containing covered material manufactured in a covered nation if the Secretary determines in writing that acceptance of such end item is necessary to the national security interests of the United States.

“(2) DELEGATION.—A written determination under paragraph (1)—

“(A) may be delegated—

“(i) to the senior acquisition executive of the military department concerned for a waiver for one or more acquisition programs within such military department; and

“(ii) to the Deputy Secretary of Defense or the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment for a waiver applicable to more than one military department;

“(B) shall specify the quantity of end items to which the waiver applies and the time period over which the waiver applies; and

“(C) shall be provided to the congressional defense committees prior to making such a determination (except that in the case of an urgent national security requirement, such certification may be provided to the defense committees up to 7 days after it is made).”.

SEC. 845. AMENDMENT TO REQUIREMENT TO BUY STRATEGIC MATERIALS CRITICAL TO NATIONAL SECURITY FROM AMERICAN SOURCES.

Section 4863 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (d)(1)(B), by inserting “qualifying” before “foreign”; and

(2) in subsection (m), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(11) The term ‘qualifying foreign government’ means the government of a country with which the United States has in effect a reciprocal defense procurement agreement or memorandum of understanding entered into pursuant to section 4851 of this title.”.

SEC. 846. MODIFICATION TO MISCELLANEOUS LIMITATIONS ON THE PROCUREMENT OF GOODS OTHER THAN UNITED STATES GOODS.

Section 4864(k) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking the second sentence;

(2) by inserting “(1)” before “Subsection (a)(3)”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘auxiliary ship’—

“(A) with respect to a contract entered into after December 20, 2019, does not include an icebreaker or a special mission ship; and

“(B) with respect to a contract entered into on or after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, includes an icebreaker or a special mission ship, unless the Secretary of the Navy certifies to Congress that the forecasted sales over a four-year period of large medium-speed diesel engines manufactured in the national

technology and industrial base will not fall below the minimum sustaining rate for plant operations of a diminishing manufacturing source.”.

SEC. 847. INCLUSION OF RECYCLED AND REUSED MINERALS AND METALS IN PREFERENCE FOR SOURCING OF STRATEGIC AND CRITICAL MATERIALS.

Section 848(b) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 3769; 10 U.S.C. 4811 note) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by inserting “, including processing of strategic and critical materials derived from recycled or reused minerals or metals,” after “United States”; and

(B) in subparagraph (C), by inserting “, including such materials derived from recycled or reused minerals or metals,” after “materials”; and

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in subparagraph (C), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;

(B) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as subparagraph (E); and

(C) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the following new subparagraph (D):

“(D) the development of cost-effective sources of supply of strategic and critical materials derived from recycled or reused minerals or metals; and”.

SEC. 848. DOMESTIC NONAVAILABILITY DETERMINATIONS LIST.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall develop and maintain a list of all domestic nonavailability determinations.

(b) **SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.**—Not later than 30 days after the Under Secretary for Acquisition and Sustainment develops the list required under subsection (a), and annually thereafter, the Under Secretary for Acquisition and Sustainment shall submit to Congress a list of all domestic nonavailability determinations made during the one year period ending on the date on which the Under Secretary for Acquisition and Sustainment submits such list.

(c) **PLAN FOR INFORMING INDUSTRY.**—Not later than 30 days after the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment develops the list required under subsection (a), the Under Secretary for Acquisition and Sustainment shall develop a plan for sharing such list with industry partners.

(d) **DOMESTIC NONAVAILABILITY DETERMINATION DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “domestic nonavailability determination” means a determination made for purposes of providing an availability exception pursuant to section 4862(c) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 849. SUPPLY CHAIN ILLUMINATION INCENTIVES.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than April 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall develop and implement policies, procedures, and tools to incentivize each contractor of the Department of Defense to as-

sess and monitor the entire supply chain of goods and services provided to the Department by such contractor to identify potential vulnerabilities and noncompliance risks with respect to such goods and services.

(b) BRIEFING.—Not later than September 30, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing on the development and implementation of the policies, procedures, and tools under subsection (a), including information on obstacles to developing and implementing such policies, if any, and additional authorities or resources required to develop and implement such policies.

SEC. 850. REPORT AND UPDATED GUIDANCE ON CONTINUED RISK MANAGEMENT FOR PHARMACEUTICAL SUPPLY CHAINS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall—

(1) submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on—

(A) existing information streams within the Federal Government, if any, for excipients and key starting materials for final drug products that may be used to assess the reliance by the Department of Defense on high-risk foreign suppliers analyzed in the report required under section 860(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2734; 10 U.S.C. 3241 note prec.);

(B) active pharmaceutical ingredients, final drug products, and respective excipients and key starting materials analyzed in such report that are manufactured in a high-risk foreign country, as determined by the Secretary of Defense;

(C) any limitations on the ability of the Secretary to—

(i) obtain or analyze the information identified under subparagraphs (A) and (B);

(ii) monitor the temperature of active pharmaceutical ingredients, final drug products, and respective excipients and key starting materials throughout the supply chain of the Department; and

(iii) use data analytics to monitor vulnerabilities in the pharmaceutical supply chain of the Department;

(D) how the Secretary plans to address the limitations identified under subparagraph (C); and

(E) any recommendations of the Secretary to address those limitations; and

(2) update risk management guidance developed by the Under Secretary under section 860(a)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 3241 note prec.) to include any relevant findings identified in paragraph (1).

(b) FDA DETERMINATIONS.—For the purposes of this section, the excipients and key starting materials for final drug products shall be such excipients and key starting materials as determined by the

Food and Drug Administration or under regulations issued by the Food and Drug Administration.

Subtitle E—Prohibitions and Limitations on Procurement

SEC. 851. PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTING WITH COVERED ENTITIES THAT CONTRACT WITH LOBBYISTS FOR CHINESE MILITARY COMPANIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 363 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 4663. Prohibition on contracting with covered entities that contract with lobbyists for Chinese military companies

“(a) PROHIBITION ON ENTERING INTO CONTRACTS WITH COVERED ENTITIES.—Except as provided in subsection (c), the Secretary of Defense may not enter into a contract with an entity, a parent company of such entity, or a subsidiary of such entity is a party to a contract with a covered lobbyist.

“(b) EXCEPTION.—The prohibition in subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to an entity that made reasonable inquiries regarding the lobbying activities of another entity and determined such entity was not a covered lobbyist.

“(c) WAIVER.—Upon notification to Congress, the Secretary of Defense may waive the requirements of this section.

“(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘covered lobbyist’ means an entity that engages in lobbying activities for any entity determined to be a Chinese military company listed in accordance with section 1260H of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (10 U.S.C. 113 note).

“(2) The term ‘lobbying activities’ has the meaning given in section 1045(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (10 U.S.C. 971 note prec.).”

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section and the amendments made by this section shall take effect on June 30, 2026.

SEC. 852. NOTIFICATION OF CHANGES TO CERTAIN TRANSPORTATION CONTRACTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall provide a written notification and briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than 90 days before the date on which the Secretary will implement any rule, regulation, or policy change which would—

(1) waive, exempt, or reduce any requirement, including any security clearance requirements, regarding transportation protective services for any transportation service provider; or

(2) allow the award of a contract or order to a transportation service provider for any shipment that requires any transportation protective service if such transportation service provider is not authorized by the Department of Defense to transport cargo regarding such a transportation protective service.

(b) **TRANSPORTATION PROTECTIVE SERVICE; TRANSPORTATION SERVICE PROVIDER DEFINED.**—In this section, the terms “transportation protective service” and “transportation service provider” have the meanings given such terms, respectively, in the publication of the Military Surface Deployment and Distribution Command of the Department of Defense issued September 12, 2022, and titled “MILITARY FREIGHT TRAFFIC UNIFIED RULES PUBLICATION-1 (MFTURP-1)”, or any successor thereto.

SEC. 853. PROHIBITION ON PROCUREMENT OF COVERED SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS AND SERVICES FROM COMPANIES PROVIDING COVERED SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS AND SERVICES TO HUAWEI.

(a) **PROHIBITION.**—Beginning on the date that is 270 days after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall not enter into or renew a contract for the procurement of any covered semiconductor products and services for the Department of Defense with any entity that knowingly provides covered semiconductor products and services to Huawei.

(b) **CERTIFICATION PROCESS.**—The Secretary of Defense shall, not later than the date on which the prohibition in subsection (a) takes effect, develop and implement a process requiring each entity seeking to provide covered semiconductor products and services to the Department of Defense to certify to the Department that such entity is not an entity covered by such prohibition.

(c) **WAIVER.**—The Secretary of Defense may waive the prohibition under subsection (a) on a case-by-case basis as may be necessary in the interest of national security, if the Secretary determines that the covered semiconductor products and services to be acquired are—

- (1) only available from an entity otherwise covered by such prohibition; and
- (2) are required for national security systems or priority missions of the Department of Defense.

(d) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) The term “covered semiconductor products and services” means—

- (A) semiconductors;
- (B) equipment for manufacturing semiconductors; and
- (C) tools for designing semiconductors.

(2) The term “Huawei” means—

- (A) Huawei Technologies Company;
- (B) any entity that is a subsidiary, owner, beneficial owner, affiliate, or successor of Huawei Technologies Company; and
- (C) any entity that is directly or indirectly controlled by Huawei Technologies Company.

SEC. 854. PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTS FOR ONLINE TUTORING SERVICES.

The Secretary of Defense may not enter into a contract for online tutoring services which could result in personal data of citizens of the United States being transferred to the control of the People’s Republic of China.

SEC. 855. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR COVERED CONTRACTORS ENGAGED IN AN ANTI-ISRAEL BOYCOTT.

(a) **LIMITATION.**—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the Department of Defense may be obligated or expended to knowingly enter into a contract for goods or services for the Defense Commissary Agency on or after the date of the enactment of this Act with a covered contractor that has engaged in, or engages in, a boycott of the State of Israel.

(b) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) The term “boycott of the State of Israel” means engaging in a boycott action targeting—

(A) the State of Israel;

(B) companies or individuals doing business in, or with, the State of Israel; or

(C) companies authorized by, licensed by, or organized, under the laws of the State of Israel, to do business.

(2) The term “company” means an entity on the Department of Commerce Antiboycott Compliance Requester List maintained under section 1773 of the Anti-Boycott Act of 2018 (part II of title XVII of Public Law 115–232; 50 U.S.C. 4842).

(3) The term “covered contractor” means a contractor that has provided or agreed to provide goods or services to the Defense Commissary Agency in a total amount greater than or equal to \$10,000,000 during the period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on September 30, 2025.

SEC. 856. PROCUREMENT OF CLEANING PRODUCTS.

The Secretary of Defense shall procure, to the maximum extent practicable, only those cleaning products that are identified—

(1) under the Safer Choice program; or

(2) by an independent third-party organization that provides certifications in a manner consistent with the Safer Choice program.

SEC. 857. PLAN FOR PRODUCTION OF COVERED MUNITIONS FOR PROCUREMENT BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) **PLAN.**—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall develop a plan for the production by private entities of covered munitions for procurement by the Department of Defense.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The plan required under subsection (a) shall include a detailed description of challenges related to the procurement of covered munitions, and proposed actions to remediate such challenges, in the following areas:

(1) Regulations for net explosive weight or other environmental and safety considerations for covered munitions.

(2) Intellectual property rights law and regulations applicable to the procurement of covered munitions.

(3) Methods to reimburse intellectual property holders and private entities for potential expenses incurred in the production of covered munitions.

(4) Manufacturing and testing equipment lead times.

(5) Considerations relating to technical data, personnel transparency, and the ability of individuals to move between

positions in the Federal Government and positions at entities that produce covered munitions.

(6) Workforce training.

(7) Any other challenges the Secretary determines necessary.

(c) **SELECTION OF COVERED MUNITIONS.**—Not later than June 1, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall designate a minimum of two and a maximum of four covered munitions from at least two military departments for inclusion in the plan required under subsection (a).

(d) **USE OF INNOVATIVE INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY STRATEGIES.**—The Secretary of Defense may consider the use of innovative intellectual property strategies pursuant to section 808 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 3791 note) in developing the plan required under subsection (a).

(e) **BRIEFING REQUIREMENT.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall brief the congressional defense committees on the status and progress of the development of the plan.

(f) **COVERED MUNITIONS DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “covered munitions” means licensed munitions, test platforms for munitions, or weapon systems, including—

(1) munitions, test platforms, or weapon systems that could—

(A) replace stocks of munitions, test platforms, or weapon systems, as applicable, to meet the Out-Year Unconstrained Total Munitions Requirement (as defined in section 222c of title 10, United States Code); or

(B) deliver similar effects as munitions, test platforms, or weapon systems in use by the Department of Defense on the date of the enactment of this Act; and

(2) munitions, test platforms, or weapon systems—

(A) selected for inclusion in the plan required under subsection (a); and

(B) for which an intellectual property holder or owner of such munitions, test platforms, or weapon systems agrees to such inclusion.

SEC. 858. PROCUREMENT OF COVERED HEARING PROTECTION DEVICES.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the head of the Hearing Center of Excellence, may enter into one or more contracts to procure covered hearing protection devices for members of the Armed Forces.

(b) **PRIORITIZATION.**—The Secretary shall prioritize the award of such a contract to a domestic offeror.

(c) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) The term “covered hearing protection device” means an active hearing protection device—

(A) that is a commercially available off-the-shelf item (as defined in section 104 of title 41, United States Code); and

(C) that has been identified, tested, and qualified by the Hearing Center of Excellence.

(2) The term “Hearing Center of Excellence” means the center of excellence for hearing loss and auditory system injury es-

established pursuant to section 721 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417).

Subtitle F—Industrial Base Matters

SEC. 861. CODIFICATION AND MODIFICATION OF PILOT PROGRAM TO ACCELERATE THE PROCUREMENT AND FIELDING OF INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 253 of title 10, United States Code, as amended by this title, is further amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 3604. Program to accelerate the procurement and fielding of innovative technologies

“(a) PROGRAM.—Subject to availability of appropriations, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a competitive, merit-based program to accelerate the procurement and fielding of innovative technologies by, with respect to such technologies—

“(1) reducing acquisition or life-cycle costs;

“(2) addressing technical risks;

“(3) improving the timeliness and thoroughness of test and evaluation outcomes; and

“(4) rapidly implementing such technologies to directly support defense missions.

“(b) GUIDELINES.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall issue guidelines for the operation of the program established under this section.

“(2) CONTENTS.—At a minimum, the guidelines for the operation of the program established under this section required under paragraph (1) shall provide for the following:

“(A) The issuance of one or more solicitations for proposals by the Department of Defense in support of the program, with a priority established for technologies developed by small business concerns (as defined under section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632)) or nontraditional defense contractors (as defined under section 3014 of this title).

“(B) The issuance of not more than two solicitations for proposals by the Department of Defense in support of the program each fiscal year for innovative technologies from entities that, during the one-year period preceding the issuance of the solicitation, have not performed on contracts and subcontracts for the Department under which the aggregate obligations of the Department to such entity for such period exceeds \$400,000,000.

“(C) A process for—

“(i) the review of proposals received in response to a solicitation issued under subparagraph (A) by the Secretary of Defense and by each Secretary of a military department;

“(ii) the merit-based selection of the most promising cost-effective proposals; and

“(iii) the procurement of goods or services offered by such a proposal through contracts, cooperative agreements, other transaction authority, or by another appropriate process.

“(c) **MAXIMUM AMOUNT.**—The total amount of funding provided for any proposal selected for an award under the program established under this section shall not exceed \$50,000,000, unless the Secretary (or designee of the Secretary) approves a greater amount of funding.

“(d) **DATA COLLECTION.**—

“(1) **PLAN REQUIRED BEFORE IMPLEMENTATION.**—The Secretary of Defense may not provide funding under this section until the date on which the Secretary—

“(A) completes a plan for carrying out the data collection required under paragraph (2); and

“(B) submits the plan to the congressional defense committees.

“(2) **DATA COLLECTION REQUIRED.**—The Secretary of Defense shall collect and analyze data on the program established under this section for the purposes of—

“(A) developing and sharing best practices for achieving the objectives of the program;

“(B) providing information on the implementation of the program and related policy issues; and

“(C) reporting to the congressional defense committees as required under subsection (e).

“(e) **BIANNUAL REPORT.**—Not later than March 1 and September 1 of each year beginning after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the program established under this section.

“(f) **CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.**—The Secretary of Defense shall notify the congressional defense committees within 30 days after funding has been provided for a proposal selected for an award under the program established under this section.”

(b) **REPEAL OF SUPERCEDED AUTHORITY.**—Section 834 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 10 U.S.C. 4061 note) is repealed.

SEC. 862. PROGRAM FOR DISTRIBUTION SUPPORT AND SERVICES FOR CONTRACTORS.

Section 883 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 4292 note prec.) is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by striking “**PILOT PROGRAM FOR DISTRIBUTION SUPPORT AND SERVICES FOR WEAPON SYSTEMS CONTRACTORS**” and inserting “**PROGRAM FOR DISTRIBUTION SUPPORT AND SERVICES FOR CONTRACTORS**”;

(2) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking “eight-year pilot”; and

(B) by striking “for the production, modification, maintenance, or repair of a weapon system that is”;

(3) by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

“(b) **SUPPORT CONTRACTS.**—Any storage and distribution services to be provided under the program under this section to a contractor

in support of the performance of a contract described in subsection (a) shall be provided under a separate contract that is entered into by the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency with that contractor. The requirements of section 2208(h) of title 10, United States Code, and the regulations prescribed pursuant to such section shall apply to any such separate support contract between the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency and the contractor.”;

(4) in subsection (c), by striking “contract described in subsection (a) are storage and distribution” and inserting “contract entered into by the Department include storage and distribution”;

(5) in subsection (d)—

(A) by striking the term “pilot” each place it appears;

(B) in paragraph (1)—

(i) by striking “A requirement for the solicitation of offers for a contract described in subsection (a), for which storage and distribution services are to be made available” and inserting “A requirement to notify a contractor or potential contractor for which storage and distribution services are to be made available”;

(ii) in subparagraph (A), by striking “to any contractor awarded the contract, but only”; and

(iii) in subparagraph (B), by striking “that are to be made available” and inserting “that are available”;

and

(C) in paragraph (6), by striking “include a clause to indemnify the Government against any failure by the contractor to perform the support contract, and to remain responsible” and inserting “include a requirement that any failure by the contractor to perform the primary contract is not excusable based on use of the support contract, and the contractor is to remain responsible”;

(6) in subsection (e), by striking “pilot”; and

(7) by striking subsections (f) and (g) and inserting the following:

“(f) BRIEFINGS.—Not later than April 1, 2025, and annually thereafter for five years, the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, in consultation with the Comptroller General, shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing and report describing—

“(1) the cost effectiveness for both the Government and industry of the program;

“(2) how support contracts under the program affected meeting the requirements of primary contracts; and

“(3) the number of and location of existing contracts.”.

SEC. 863. EXTENSION OF THE PILOT PROGRAM FOR STREAMLINING AWARDS FOR INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGY PROJECTS.

Section 873 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 3702 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(2), by inserting “, a multiyear contract (as defined in section 3501 of title 10, United States Code), a block buy or multi-ship buy authorized by Congress, or the” after “Small Business Innovation Research Program”; and

(2) in subsection (f), by striking “October 1, 2024” and inserting “October 1, 2029”.

SEC. 864. USE OF CAPABILITY-BASED ANALYSIS OF PRICE OF GOODS OR SERVICES OFFERED BY NONTRADITIONAL DEFENSE CONTRACTORS.

(a) **PILOT PROGRAM.**—A contracting officer of the Department of Defense may use alternative capability-based analysis to determine whether the proposed price or fee for a commercial product or commercial service offered by a nontraditional defense contractor (as that term is defined in section 3014 of title 10, United States Code) is fair and reasonable.

(b) **REPORT.**—Not later than February 1, 2028, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report evaluating the use of the authority under subsection (a), including the following elements:

(1) A summary of activities conducted because of the inclusion of alternative capability-based analysis into the evaluation of proposals offered by nontraditional contractors, including specific examples.

(2) An analysis of the effectiveness of the authority under subsection (a) in increasing nontraditional defense contractor participation in the defense industrial base and in increasing access by the Department of Defense to new technologies or capabilities.

(3) Recommendations on—

(A) the continuation of the authority under subsection (a);

(B) changes to existing law; and

(C) the expansion of the program to include other contractors.

(c) **SUNSET.**—The authority under subsection (a) shall expire on September 30, 2029.

(d) **ALTERNATIVE CAPABILITY-BASED ANALYSIS DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “alternative capability-based analysis” means an analysis of the value to the Federal Government of a commercial product or commercial service that considers one or more of the following elements:

(1) The fitness of the product or service for the particular purpose such commercial product or commercial service is being procured.

(2) The unique nature of, technical expertise required to produce or provide, and the non-Federal resources expended to develop such commercial product or commercial service.

(3) The business model or financial projections of the nontraditional defense contractor, commensurate with the scale of the potential investment by the Secretary of Defense, which may include cost information, self-funded risk, financial projections, expenditure rates, estimates of total sales market, and other financial, technical, or management data.

(4) The estimated total cost avoidance or increased capacity afforded by such commercial product or commercial service in relation to current and future costs of programs and operations that provide the same or similar capabilities.

- (5) Input from the anticipated users of such commercial product or commercial service on the potential value added by the improved capabilities or production processes resulting from such commercial product or commercial service.

SEC. 865. QUALIFICATION OF INDUSTRIAL CAPABILITIES.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT OF PROCESS.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with each Secretary of a military department and the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, shall establish a process to rapidly qualify and approve alternate or additional sources of supply for industrial capabilities identified in subsection (b) for use in combat.

(b) **IDENTIFICATION.**—With respect to the process required by subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall seek to expand industrial capability and capacity to—

- (1) produce energetic materials, solid rocket motors, unmanned systems, space systems, or electrical components;
- (2) supply castings and forgings; and
- (3) use additive or other advanced manufacturing techniques.

(c) **APPLICATION.**—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that process required by subsection (a) is applied in a manner in which one or more documented supply chain deficiencies in the acquisition or sustainment of a weapon system of the Department of Defense is addressed.

(d) **ELEMENTS.**—In developing the process required by subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that—

(1) not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, policies implementing such process are established to encourage and support the delegation of material review board authorities, processes, and approvals to the contractor or subcontractor (at any tier) with respect to non-safety critical items for industrial capabilities covered in subsection (b);

(2) commercial processes and procedures for the evaluation and qualification of vendors, including manufacturers and distributors, that are part of the process required by subsection (a) are examined and implemented where feasible and advisable, including forms and templates such as Sources Approval Requests and Alternative Offers;

(3) the process required by subsection (a) includes processes that are implemented and, if necessary, military specifications or other similar requirements documents are developed to pre-qualify vendors to supply safety critical items or mission critical items for industrial capabilities based on—

(A) an assessment of the vendor's material and process controls to assure conformance to specification and contractual requirements; and

(B) audit and inspection requirements of the Department of Defense;

(4) test reports are reviewed and notice of an approval decision is provided to requesting member of the acquisition workforce (as defined in section 101 of title 10, United States Code) not later than 45 days after the date on which a test is completed;

(5) processes for qualification of safety critical or flight critical end items produced through advanced processes and technologies, such as additive manufacturing, are established;

(6) alternative material types that could be a viable replacement or an interchangeable source of material are considered for evaluation and qualification using streamlined requirements to streamline qualification requirements;

(7) processes are developed, where appropriate, for qualification of a system or subsystem by a designated approval authority within a military department to avoid the need for qualification of individual parts while ensuring the performance of parts and the interactions of the parts in the system or subsystem; and

(8) pathways are developed to streamline and consolidate the approval authority of the process established in subsection (a).

(e) EXPEDITED PROCESSES FOR MILITARY-UNIQUE SPECIFICATIONS AND TEST PROCEDURES.—To support successful implementation of the process required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall—

(1) to the maximum extent practicable, reduce the need for military-unique specification and test procedures;

(2) develop a process to streamline and expedite the drafting and approval of military specifications (including military performance specifications) and technical publications that—

(A) details the performance or functions required by the industrial capabilities described in subsection (b) or the weapon system described in subsection (c) and do not constrain implementation of such process;

(B) is completed, upon request by a member of the acquisition workforce—

(i) not later than 30 days after the date of such request, for unmanned items, non-safety critical items, or non-mission critical items; and

(ii) not later than 180 days after the date of such request, for safety critical items or mission critical items; and

(C) accounts for resource constraints by prioritizing requests for inclusion in the process established in subsection (a); and

(3) develop a process to develop, produce, and test parts described in subsection (b), and may test through failure, to create data to support the drafting of specifications and test procedures.

(f) EXEMPTIONS.—Industrial capabilities approved under the process required by subsection (a) that do not present a safety risk to human life—

(1) shall be exempt from Class A and Class B mishap investigations, as defined by the Secretary of Defense; and

(2) shall be subject to streamlined investigation procedures, as determined by the Secretary of Defense, with respect to a mishap.

(g) PROTECTIONS.—Approval authorities responsible for the process required by subsection (a) shall not be held liable by the Department of Defense for mishaps with respect to industrial capabilities approved pursuant to the process required by subsection (a)

without evidence of willful misconduct, gross negligence, or intentional fraud.

(h) **INTERIM BRIEFING.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with each Secretary of a military department and the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing with a detailed plan to implement the process required by subsection (a), including definitions and processes related to time limitations for drafting and approval of military specifications and technical publications in subsection (d)(1)(B).

(i) **INVESTMENT ROADMAP.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with each Secretary of a military department and the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, shall provide to the congressional defense committees a report on the resourcing and investment required to modernize the infrastructure and personnel for materials and process development, certification, and qualification.

(j) **REPORT.**—Not later than September 30, 2027, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with each Secretary of a military department and the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the progress, challenges, and lessons learned in carrying out the requirements of this section, including the viability of applying the process required by subsection (a) more broadly across additional industrial capabilities.

SEC. 866. SOLID ROCKET MOTOR INDUSTRIAL BASE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than March 1, 2025, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, acting through the Director of the Joint Production Accelerator Cell of the Department of Defense and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a strategy for ensuring that the defense industrial base of the United States can meet requirements for programs of record relating to solid rocket motors.

(b) **COORDINATION.**—In developing the strategy required under subsection (a), the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall coordinate with the following:

- (1) The Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Research, Development, and Acquisition.
- (2) The Assistant Secretary of the Army for Acquisition, Logistics, and Technology.
- (3) The Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics.
- (4) The Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration.
- (5) The Director of the Missile Defense Agency.

(c) **ELEMENTS.**—The strategy under subsection (a) shall include the following:

- (1) An assessment of emerging technologies or manufacturing processes that would support the modernization or evolution of the defense industrial base of the United States to

meet requirements for programs of record relating to solid rocket motors.

(2) A plan to prioritize government funding for the following:

(A) Government-owned, Government-operated energetic materials facilities.

(B) Government-owned, contractor-operated energetic materials facilities.

(C) Private energetic materials facilities.

(d) REVIEW AND REPORT.—

(1) REVIEW.—Not later than March 1, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into a contract with a federally funded research and development center to conduct a review of the of the defense industrial base of the United States for solid rocket motors that includes the following:

(A) An assessment of the capacity and capability of existing solid rocket motor industrial base, including the supply base and personnel of such manufacturers, to support the expansion of the solid rocket motor industrial base.

(B) The capability and capacity of potential new entrants to the solid rocket motor industrial base, including private entities funded by the Federal Government.

(C) An assessment of the process for qualifying new entrants, including new manufacturing processes, for solid rocket motors.

(D) An assessment of the capacity and capability of the solid rocket motor industrial base to support the demands of existing programs of record.

(E) An assessment of the capacity and capability of the solid rocket motor industrial base to support potential future demands of programs of record.

(F) A mapping of programs of record and potential future munitions programs to solid rocket motor manufacturer throughput.

(G) Identification of current and potential shortfalls in common precursors and chemicals.

(H) A broad assessment of commercial sector, civil sector, and Department of Defense pressures on the solid rocket motor industrial base.

(2) REPORT.—

(A) TO SECRETARY.—Not later than September 30, 2025, a federally funded research and development center that enters into contract under this subsection shall submit to the Secretary of Defense a report on the results of the review conducted under paragraph (1).

(B) TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 30 days after receipt of the report described in subparagraph (A), the Secretary of Defense shall submit such report, along with any comments of the Secretary, to the congressional defense committees.

(e) ENERGETIC MATERIALS DEFINED.—The term “energetic materials” has the meaning given in section 148 of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 867. PROMULGATE GUIDANCE RELATING TO CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CONTRACTS.

Not later than January 31, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall issue guidance on the governance and oversight of the contracts of the Department of Defense that support or enable sensitive activities.

Subtitle G—Small Business Matters

SEC. 871. PILOT PROGRAM FOR THE PARTICIPATION OF MILITARY RESEARCH AND EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS IN THE STTR PROGRAM.

Section 9 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(yy) PILOT PROGRAM FOR THE PARTICIPATION OF MILITARY RESEARCH AND EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS IN THE STTR PROGRAM.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a pilot program to enable any undergraduate, graduate, or postgraduate degree-granting military research or educational institution established under title 10, United States Code, to participate in the STTR program of the Department of Defense.

“(2) SUNSET.—The authority to carry out the pilot program under this subsection shall end on September 30, 2025.”.

SEC. 872. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PILOT PROGRAM FOR PRELIMINARY CALCULATION ESTIMATES FOR CERTAIN PROGRAMS.

Section 9 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 638), as amended by section 871, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(zz) BUDGET CALCULATION PILOT PROGRAM.—

“(1) PILOT.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—In order to more rapidly estimate allocations for the SBIR and STTR programs of the Department of Defense, the Secretary of Defense shall conduct a budget calculation pilot program that requires the calculation of total expenditures for the SBIR and STTR programs in the Department of Defense and determination of related allocations in accordance with subparagraphs (B) and (C), and paragraph (2), respectively.

“(B) SBIR PROGRAM.—Beginning in fiscal year 2025, the Department of Defense shall calculate required budget expenditures for its SBIR program as not less than 3.25 percent of the average of the total research, development, test, and evaluation extramural budget of the Department for the 2 most recent fully obligated fiscal year budgets.

“(C) STTR PROGRAM.—Beginning in fiscal year 2025, the Department of Defense shall calculate required budget expenditures for its STTR program as not less than 0.46 percent of the average of the total research, development, test, and evaluation extramural budget of the Department for the 2 most recent fully obligated fiscal year budgets.

“(2) ALLOCATIONS.—Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of an appropriations bill for the Department of Defense for a fiscal year, the Department shall determine and make adjustments for actual allocations related to the SBIR and STTR programs of the Department.

“(3) SUNSET.—The pilot program under this subsection shall terminate on September 30, 2025.”.

SEC. 873. BOOTS TO BUSINESS PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 32 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 657b) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(h) BOOTS TO BUSINESS PROGRAM.—

“(1) COVERED INDIVIDUAL DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term ‘covered individual’ means—

“(A) an individual who is participating in the Transition Assistance Program established under section 1144 of title 10, United States Code, subject to an availability determination by the Secretary of the military department concerned;

“(B) a servicemember in the National Guard or Reserves not on active duty.

“(C) an individual who—

“(i) served on active duty in any branch of the Armed Forces, including the National Guard or Reserves; and

“(ii) was discharged or released from such service under conditions other than dishonorable; or

“(D) a spouse or dependent of an individual described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C).

“(2) ESTABLISHMENT.—During the period beginning on the date of enactment of this subsection and ending on September 30, 2028, the Administrator shall carry out a program to be known as the ‘Boots to Business Program’ to provide entrepreneurship training to covered individuals.

“(3) GOALS.—The goals of the Boots to Business Program are to—

“(A) provide assistance and in-depth training to covered individuals interested in business ownership; and

“(B) provide covered individuals with the tools, skills, and knowledge necessary to identify a business opportunity, draft a business plan, identify sources of capital, connect with local resources for small business concerns, and start up a small business concern.

“(4) PROGRAM COMPONENTS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Boots to Business Program may include—

“(i) a presentation providing exposure to the considerations involved in self-employment and ownership of a small business concern;

“(ii) an online, self-study course focused on the basic skills of entrepreneurship, the language of business, and the considerations involved in self-employment and ownership of a small business concern;

“(iii) an in-person classroom instruction component providing an introduction to the foundations of self-

employment and ownership of a small business concern; and

“(iv) in-depth training delivered through online instruction, including an online course that leads to the creation of a business plan.

“(B) COLLABORATION.—The Administrator may—

“(i) collaborate with public and private entities to develop course curricula for the Boots to Business Program; and

“(ii) modify program components in coordination with entities participating in a Warriors in Transition program, as defined in section 738(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (10 U.S.C. 1071 note).

“(C) USE OF RESOURCE PARTNERS AND DISTRICT OFFICES.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall—

“(I) ensure that Veteran Business Outreach Centers regularly participate, on a nationwide basis, in the Boots to Business Program; and

“(II) to the maximum extent practicable, use district offices of the Administration and a variety of other resource partners and entities in administering the Boots to Business Program.

“(ii) GRANT AUTHORITY.—In carrying out clause (i), the Administrator may make grants, subject to the availability of appropriations in advance, to Veteran Business Outreach Centers, other resource partners, or other entities to carry out components of the Boots to Business Program.

“(D) AVAILABILITY TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.—The Administrator shall make available to the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Labor information regarding the Boots to Business Program, including all course materials and outreach materials related to the Boots to Business Program, for inclusion on the websites of the Department of Defense and the Department of Labor relating to the Transition Assistance Program, in the Transition Assistance Program manual, and in other relevant materials available for distribution from the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Labor.

“(E) AVAILABILITY TO DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS.—In consultation with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, the Administrator shall make available for distribution and display on the website of the Department of Veterans Affairs and at local facilities of the Department of Veterans Affairs outreach materials regarding the Boots to Business Program, which shall, at a minimum—

“(i) describe the Boots to Business Program and the services provided; and

“(ii) include eligibility requirements for participating in the Boots to Business Program.

“(F) AVAILABILITY TO OTHER PARTICIPATING AGENCIES.—The Administrator shall ensure information regarding the

Boots to Business Program, including all course materials and outreach materials related to the Boots to Business Program, is made available to other participating agencies in the Transition Assistance Program and upon request of other agencies.

“(5) COMPETITIVE BIDDING PROCEDURES.—The Administration shall use relevant competitive bidding procedures with respect to any contract or cooperative agreement executed by the Administration under the Boots to Business Program.

“(6) PUBLICATION OF NOTICE OF FUNDING OPPORTUNITY.—Not later than 30 days before the deadline for submitting applications for any funding opportunity under the Boots to Business Program, the Administration shall publish a notice of the funding opportunity.

“(7) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, and not less frequently than annually thereafter, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives a report on the performance and effectiveness of the Boots to Business Program, which—

“(A) may be included as part of another report submitted to such committees by the Administrator related to the Office of Veterans Business Development; and

“(B) shall summarize available information relating to—

“(i) grants awarded under paragraph (4)(C);

“(ii) the total cost of the Boots to Business Program;

“(iii) the number of program participants using each component of the Boots to Business Program;

“(iv) the completion rates for each component of the Boots to Business Program;

“(v) to the extent possible—

“(I) the demographics of program participants, to include gender, age, race, ethnicity, and relationship to military;

“(II) the number of program participants that connect with a district office of the Administration, a Veteran Business Outreach Center, or another resource partner of the Administration;

“(III) the number of program participants that start a small business concern;

“(IV) the results of the Boots to Business and Boots to Business Reboot course quality surveys conducted by the Office of Veterans Business Development before and after attending each of those courses, including a summary of any comments received from program participants;

“(V) the results of the Boots to Business Program outcome surveys conducted by the Office of Veterans Business Development, including a summary of any comments received from program participants; and

“(VI) the results of other germane participant satisfaction surveys;

“(C) an evaluation of the overall effectiveness of the Boots to Business Program based on each geographic region covered by the Administration during the most recent fiscal year;

“(D) an assessment of additional performance outcome measures for the Boots to Business Program, as identified by the Administrator;

“(E) any recommendations of the Administrator for improvement of the Boots to Business Program, which may include expansion of the types of individuals who are covered individuals;

“(F) an explanation of how the Boots to Business Program has been integrated with other transition programs and related resources of the Administration and other Federal agencies; and

“(G) any additional information the Administrator determines necessary.”.

(b) GRANTS, CONTRACTS, AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS WITH DISABLED VETERANS, VETERANS, AND MEMBERS OF A RESERVE COMPONENT OF THE ARMED FORCES.—Section 8(b)(17) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(b)(17)) is amended by striking “Forces.” and inserting “Forces, provided that—

“(A) the Administrator considers the needs of disabled veterans (as defined in section 4211(3) of title 38, United States Code), veterans, and members of a reserve component of the Armed Forces equally, as part of the criteria for funding a continuation award or during the competition process for any grant, contract, or cooperative agreement made or entered into under this paragraph, including assigning equal value to any factors based on a designation as a disabled veteran (as defined in section 4211(3) of title 38, United States Code), veteran, or member of a reserve component of the Armed Forces, and equally considering the ability of applicants to provide Boots to Business on military installations and the ability of applicants to provide Boots to Business Reboot training off military installations;

“(B) for purposes of subparagraph (A), the term ‘continuation award’ means a renewal or recompetete, awarded at the discretion of the Administrator, for another 5-year project period for a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this paragraph that is made up of a base project period of 12 months, with up to 4 option periods of 12 months, subject to continuing program authority, availability of funds, and satisfactory performance by the recipient organization;

“(C) the Administrator shall, not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of subparagraph (A), issue guidance on the criteria described in subparagraph (A) to existing recipients of any grant, contract, or cooperative agreement made or entered into under this paragraph;

“(D) the Administrator shall, for each budget period beginning after the date of the issuance of the guidance under subparagraph (C), incorporate the criteria described

in subparagraph (A) into the funding agreement, and existing recipients of any grant, contract, or cooperative made or entered into under this paragraph shall have 1 full budget period to comply;

“(E) if an existing recipient of any grant, contract, or cooperative agreement made or entered into under this paragraph does not meet the criteria included in the guidance issued under subparagraph (C) during the budget period described in subparagraph (D), the existing recipient shall have a period of 1 year, beginning after the budget period in which the existing recipient was assessed, to reach satisfactory performance and compliance with all terms and conditions of the award;

“(F) if the Administrator fails to give equal weight to the needs of the groups described in subparagraph (A) during the competition process for any grant, contract, or cooperative agreement made or entered into under this paragraph, the Administrator shall, not later than 60 days after the closing date of the grant, contract, or cooperative agreement, provide written justification to the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate and the Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives regarding why the grant, contract, or cooperative agreement was not made or entered into pursuant to subparagraph (A); and

“(G) the Administrator shall provide full and fair consideration to any entity that has applied for a grant, contract, or cooperative agreement under this paragraph before the date of enactment of subparagraph (A), if that entity applies for a future funding opportunity under this paragraph.”.

SEC. 874. ESTABLISHMENT OF PILOT PROGRAM FOR ACCESS TO SHARED CLASSIFIED COMMERCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE.

(a) **PILOT PROGRAM REQUIRED.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a pilot program on streamlining access for small business concerns and institutions of higher learning to shared classified commercial infrastructure—

(1) to expand access to secret or collateral accredited facilities and sensitive compartmented information facilities and special access program facilities to securely perform work under existing classified contracts;

(2) to reduce the cost and administrative requirements for a facility to receive and maintain accreditation and certification as an accredited facility;

(3) to increase opportunities for small business concerns and institutions of higher learning to have access to and compete for classified contracts; and

(4) to identify policy barriers that prevent components of the Department of Defense from more broadly using shared classified commercial infrastructure and prototyping proposed solutions.

(b) **DESIGNATION OF PRINCIPAL CIVILIAN OFFICIAL.**—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall designate an existing civilian official of the Department of Defense who shall be responsible for the administration of the pilot program established under subsection (a).

(2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The responsibilities of the civilian official designated under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) To seek to enter into a contact or other agreement with one or more private entities—

(i) for access for contractors and components of the Department of Defense to shared classified commercial infrastructure; and

(ii) to facilitate the use of such infrastructure by covered small business concerns and institutions of higher learning.

(B) In consultation with the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, to coordinate with the Director of the Defense Counterintelligence and Security Agency, the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency, and the Director of the Defense Information Systems Agency to update or prescribe policies and regulations governing the process and timelines pertaining to how shared commercial classified infrastructure may obtain relevant facility authorizations and access to secure information technology networks from the Department of Defense.

(C) To make recommendations to the Secretary of Defense regarding the modernization, streamlining, and acceleration of the approval process of the Department of Defense for contacts, subcontracts, and co-use or joint use agreements for shared classified commercial infrastructure.

(D) The development and maintenance of metrics tracking the outcomes of each request made under the pilot program for the accreditation of shared commercial classified infrastructure as an accredited facility.

(c) REQUIREMENTS.—

(1) POLICIES AND REGULATIONS.—As part of the pilot program established under subsection (a), the Director of the Defense Counterintelligence and Security Agency, the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency, and the Director of the Defense Information Systems Agency shall each update or prescribe policies and regulations governing the processes and timelines pertaining to how shared commercial classified infrastructure may obtain relevant facility sponsorship, associated authorizations and accreditation, and access to relevant secure information technology networks from the Department of Defense.

(2) MODERNIZATION, STREAMLINING, AND ACCELERATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the pilot program established under subsection (a) includes efforts to modernize, streamline, and accelerate the approval process of the Department of Defense for shared, co-use, and joint use agreements to facilitate the access of small business concerns and institu-

tions of higher learning performing under contracts or other agreements with the Department to classified environments.

(d) REPORTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees, Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, a report on the pilot program established under subsection (a)—

(A) after the establishment of such pilot program, but not later than two years after the establishment of such pilot program; and

(B) after the termination of such pilot program pursuant to subsection (e), but not later than 120 days after such termination.

(2) CONTENTS.—Each report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) A list of each request made under the pilot program for the accreditation of a facility as an accredited facility, including the date on which the request was made to the civilian official designated under subsection (b) and to the relevant facility accreditation agency.

(B) A list of the total number of personnel authorized to conduct inspections under the pilot program for the accreditation and certification of facilities as accredited facilities.

(C) Actions taken by the civilian official designated under subsection (b) to streamline the process of the Department of Defense for approval of co-use and joint use agreements to facilitate the access of small business concerns and institutions of higher learning performing under contracts or other agreements with the Department to classified environments, including any updated or new policies or guidance issued as a result of the pilot program.

(D) A list of all unutilized and currently accredited sensitive compartmented information facilities owned and operated by the Department of Defense that are located within 25 miles of a facility described in subsection (a)(1).

(E) A list of the metrics or other measures used by the Department of Defense to assess the benefits to the Department from the pilot program established under subsection (a), and any other metrics the Secretary of Defense deems appropriate.

(e) TERMINATION.—The authority to carry out the pilot program required by subsection (a) and the requirements of this section shall terminate on September 30, 2030.

(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “institution of higher learning” has the meaning given such term in section 3452(f) of title 38, United States Code.

(2) The term “shared commercial classified infrastructure” means fully managed, shared, classified infrastructure (including physical facilities), and associated services that are operated by a private third-party for the benefit of appropriately cleared government and contractor personnel who have limited

or constrained access to secret collateral and sensitive compartmented information facilities.

(3) The term “small business concern” has the meaning given such term under section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632).

SEC. 875. ACCESSIBILITY AND CLARITY IN COVERED NOTICES FOR SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Each covered notice shall be written in a manner—

(1) such that a small business concern can easily understand the intent of the covered notice; and

(2) that—

(A) is clear, concise, and well-organized; and

(B) to the maximum extent practicable, follows other best practices appropriate to the subject or field of the covered notice and the intended audience of the covered notice.

(b) **INCLUSION OF KEY WORDS IN COVERED NOTICES.**—Each covered notice shall, to the maximum extent practicable, include key words in the description of the covered notice such that a small business concern seeking contract opportunities using the single Government-wide point of entry described under section 1708 of title 41, United States Code, can easily identify and understand such covered notice.

(c) **RULEMAKING.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue rules to carry out this section.

(d) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) **COVERED NOTICE.**—The term “covered notice” means a notice that—

(A) the Secretary of Defense or a Secretary of a military department publishes on SAM.gov (or any successor website) marketing Federal contract opportunities; and

(B) pertains to small business concerns, such as a sources sought notice or a solicitation restricted to competition among small business concerns.

(2) **SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN.**—The term “small business concern” has the meaning given the term under section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632).

SEC. 876. SMALL BUSINESS BILL OF RIGHTS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Small Business Integration Group in the Department of Defense led by the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, shall develop a Small Business Bill of Rights for the Department of Defense and its components.

(b) **PURPOSE.**—The Small Business Integration Group in the Department of Defense shall design the Small Business Bill of Rights required under subsection (a) to ensure a healthy partnership between the Department of Defense and the defense industrial base and to encourage small businesses to contract with the Department by ensuring customer service issues and conflicts between the Department and small businesses related to acquisitions by the De-

partment are resolved in an expeditious manner and that small businesses are aware of their rights to assistance under Federal law in resolving such issues.

(c) CONTENT.—The Bill of Rights required under subsection (a) shall do the following:

(1) Authorize the Director of Small Business Programs of the Department to establish a resolution process to which all Department of Defense components, members of the small business professional workforce of the Department, and other relevant officials and organizations of the Department, must adhere.

(2) Authorize the Director of Small Business Programs of the Department, each Director of Small Business Programs of a military department, and members of the small business professional workforce of the Department of Defense to—

(A) request assistance from members of the acquisition workforce in their component of the Department with the customer service issues and conflicts described in subsection (b);

(B) require a timely responses from such members; and

(C) establish a framework for implementation by the components of the Department, members of the small business professional workforce, and other relevant officials and organizations of the Department providing for fair and reasonable resolution of complaints by small business for issues between small businesses and the Department.

(3) Ensure that small businesses are informed of—

(A) the rights of small businesses to assistance under the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act (5 U.S.C. 601 note), the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 631 et seq.), chapter 388 of title 10, United States Code, and any other applicable law;

(B) how to contact each task and delivery ombudsman designated under section 3406(g) of title 10, United States Code;

(C) how to contact the Office of Small Business Programs of the Department of Defense and the Office of Small Business Programs of each military department; and

(D) how to contact each advocate for competition in the Department of Defense designated pursuant to section 1705(a) of title 41, United States Code.

(4) Establish guidance—

(A) for the acquisition workforce of the Department of Defense on the rights of small businesses under Federal law and the regulations issued thereunder, including the Federal Acquisition Regulation and FAR and the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement;

(B) on the duties and authorities of the task and delivery ombudsmen designated under section 3406(g) of title 10, United States Code, and the advocates for competition in the Department of Defense designated pursuant to section 1705(a) of title 41, United States Code; and

(C) on a reasonable and practical timeline, as determined by the Undersecretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, for contracting officers of the Department to response to an inquiry from the Office of Small Business Programs of the Department of Defense or the Office of Small Business Programs of each military department.

(5) Coordinate assistance under the Bill of Rights with other regulatory compliance assistance to small business concerns, current and desired sets of authorities, roles, and responsibilities across the Offices of Small Business Programs of the Department of Defense, APEX Accelerators, members of the small business professional workforce of the Department of Defense, and other relevant officials or organizations of the Department.

(d) ANNUAL BRIEFINGS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Director of Small Business Programs of the Department shall provide to the Secretary of Defense and the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate a briefing on the annual metrics collected under paragraph (2) for the year covered by the report.

(2) COLLECTION OF ANNUAL METRICS.—

(A) The Office of Small Business Programs of the Department of Defense shall—

(i) develop annual metrics on the submission of complaints by contractors of the Department of Defense pursuant to the Small Business Bill of Rights required under subsection (a);

(ii) provide each component of the Department such annual metrics; and

(iii) collect and consolidate such annual metrics submitted to the Office under subparagraph (B).

(B) Each component of the Department of Defense shall collect and submit to the Office of Small Business Programs of the Department of Defense the annual metrics.

(e) IMPLEMENTATION BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate a briefing detailing the Small Business Bill of Rights required under subsection (a) and the plan to implement such Small Business Bill of Rights.

(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

(1) the term “Director of Small Business Programs of the Department” means the Director of Small Business Programs in the Department of Defense appointed under section 144 of title 10, United States Code;

(2) the term “Director of Small Business Programs of a military department” means—

(A) the Director of Small Business Programs in the Department of the Army appointed under section 7024 of title 10, United States Code;

- (B) the Director of Small Business Programs in the Department of the Navy appointed under section 8028 of such title; or
- (C) the Director of Small Business Programs in the Department of the Air Force appointed under section 9024 of such title; and
- (3) the term “military department” has the meaning given such term in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code.

Subtitle H—Other Matters

SEC. 881. CLARIFICATION OF WAIVER AUTHORITY FOR ORGANIZATIONAL AND CONSULTANT CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.

Section 9.503 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation shall be revised to require that—

- (1) a request for a waiver under such section include a written justification for such waiver; and
- (2) the head of a Federal agency may not delegate such waiver authority below the level of the deputy head of such agency.

SEC. 882. REVERSE ENGINEERING OR RE-ENGINEERING FOR PRODUCTION OF ITEMS.

(a) **REVERSE ENGINEERING OR RE-ENGINEERING PROCESS.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in coordination with each Secretary of a military department and the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, shall establish a process to—

- (1) identify items for which—
 - (A) technical data is not available; or
 - (B) rights in such technical data does not allow for manufacturing of the item; and
- (2) create streamlined procedures for production of a item identified under paragraph (1) through reverse engineering or re-engineering—
 - (A) if production of the item may be required for point of use manufacturing or for a contested logistics environment (as defined in section 2926 of title 10, United States Code);
 - (B) if the manufacturer of the item will not meet the schedule for delivery required by the contracting officer to maintain weapon system readiness or responsiveness in the event of mobilization; or
 - (C) with respect to a item for which a head of the contracting activity can only acquire by entering into a sole source contract, if such head submits to the service acquisition executive (as defined in section 101 of title 10, United States Code) a written determination that such reverse engineering or re-engineering is beneficial to sustain training or operations of the Department of Defense with respect to such item.

(b) **ANNUAL REPORT.**—

- (1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter until De-

ember 31, 2030, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in coordination with each Secretary of a military department and the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the use of reverse engineering or re-engineering carried out pursuant to the process required under subsection (a).

(2) CONTENTS.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) A list of items produced through reverse engineering or re-engineering, disaggregated by element of the Department of Defense described in section 111(b) of title 10, United States Code that used the process established under subsection (a).

(B) Representative case studies of items listed under subparagraph (A), including a description of the use case of each item, the efforts used to acquire the technical data or technical data rights needed to manufacture the item, and the estimated cost or time savings obtained, the estimated cost or time savings obtained over an estimated time horizon of ten years of acquisition requirements, including the identification of recurring and nonrecurring costs.

(C) Recommendations and lessons learned that may inform contracting guidance and procedures, especially regarding the creation of technical data packages and technical data rights through reverse engineering or re-engineering.

SEC. 883. PROCUREMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE BATTERIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) coordinate a Department of Defense-wide approach to establishing a battery strategy to further leverage the advancements of domestic and allied commercial industry with respect to batteries; and

(2) in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments and the other relevant elements of the Department of Defense, identify mechanisms for measuring and addressing risks to the defense supply chain, diminishing manufacturing capability, and material shortages for legacy system batteries by transitioning the Department to safer batteries with higher energy capabilities with supply chain growth.

(b) LEGACY BATTERY STRATEGY CONTENTS.—The strategy established pursuant to subsection (a)(1) strategy shall include the following:

(1) The establishment of a Department of Defense-wide accounting of advanced batteries for current and future applications, including obsolete batteries in existing systems, and improved mechanisms for aligning the battery procurement requirements across the Department.

(2) Requirements for the supply chain for batteries for the Department of Defense to enable to Department to leverage advancements by domestic industry and industry located in allies of the United States with respect to batteries.

(3) The application of the requirements described in paragraph (2) to the near-term, mid-term, and long-term horizons of the Department.

(4) Creating a Department of Defense-wide Science and Technology battery strategy, in coordination with the military services, to define an approach, technical targets, and link into procurement activities.

(5) Consideration of the existing battery strategies completed by the services.

(6) A determination of how the military services can standardize the battery systems across the existing and future programs of such Armed Service.

(7) Identify obstacles with respect to the raw materials required to achieve the goals of the strategy established pursuant to subsection (a)(1) and determine ways to overcome such obstacles, including through the Industrial Base Analysis and Sustainment program of the Department of Defense and the use of authorities under the Defense Production Act (50 U.S.C. 4501 et seq.).

(8) Processes and guidelines for rapid testing and certification to field batteries.

(9) A discussion of the workforce challenges, if any, that may inhibit the Department of Defense from achieving the goals of the strategy established pursuant to subsection (a)(1).

(c) BRIEFINGS AND FINAL REPORT.—

(1) INITIAL BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after enactment, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretaries of the military departments and the other relevant elements of the Department of Defense, shall brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives on the approach to establishing the strategy described in subsection (a)(1).

(2) UPDATE BRIEFINGS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the briefing under paragraph (1), and not less frequently than every 6 months thereafter until the strategy described in subsection (a)(1) is established, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretaries of the military departments and the other relevant elements of the Department of Defense, shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing on the status of the establishment of such strategy.

(3) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than September 30, 2026, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretaries of the military departments and the other relevant elements of the Department of Defense, shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a final report on the establishment of the strategy pursuant to subsection (a).

(d) MILITARY DEPARTMENT DEFINED.—In this section, the term “military department” has the meaning given such term in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 884. ADVISORY PANEL ON THE REQUIREMENTS PROCESS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish and maintain within the Department of Defense an advisory panel on streamlining the requirements process of the Department of Defense.

(b) **MEMBERSHIP.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The advisory panel shall consist of not more than 10 members to be appointed as follows:

(A) Four by the Secretary of Defense.

(B) Two by each Secretary of a military department.

(2) **REQUIREMENTS FOR APPOINTMENTS.**—

(A) **EXPERIENCE.**—Members appointed under paragraph

(1) shall have experience in matters relating to—

(i) requirements processes of the Department of Defense; or

(ii) innovative requirements processes and product development methods of the private sector.

(B) **DIVERSITY.**—In making appointments to the advisory panel established in subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense and each Secretary of a military department shall ensure that members they appoint reflect diverse experiences in the public and private sectors.

(c) **DUTIES.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The advisory panel shall advise the Secretary of Defense on the effectiveness of the requirements process and develop options for reform.

(2) **BASIS FOR PROVISION OF ADVICE.**—For purposes of providing advice to the Secretary pursuant to this subsection, the advisory panel shall—

(A) review, synthesize, and evaluate recommendations from literature and expert interviews on reform of the requirements processes of the Department of Defense.

(B) review, synthesize, and evaluate recommendations from literature and expert interviews on how innovative requirements processes and product development methods of the private sector are implemented;

(C) examine the Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System process and the degree to which it is effective in facilitating defense modernization;

(D) examine alternative requirements processes of the Department of Defense, including—

(i) the Joint Urgent Operational Needs Statement and Joint Emergent Operational Needs Statement associated with the Urgent Capability Acquisition Pathway (as defined by Department of Defense Instruction 5000.81, or a successor instruction);

(ii) an acquisition program or project that is carried out using the rapid fielding or rapid prototyping acquisition pathway under section 3602 of title 10, United States Code (as added by this Act); and

(iii) any user agreements and capability needs statements associated with a software acquisition pathway

established under section 3603 of title 10, United States Code (as added by this Act);

(E) consider potential alternatives to requirements processes and practices to maximize the ability of the Department of Defense to respond in a timely manner to current and future threats; and

(F) make legislative and policy recommendations to improve requirements processes and practices to field the operational capabilities necessary to outpace near-peer competitors, provide data and analytical insight, and support an integrated budget that is aligned with the most recent national defense strategy required under section 113(g) of title 10, United States Code.

(d) **ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS.**—The Secretary of Defense shall provide the advisory panel established pursuant to subsection (a) with timely access to appropriate information, data, resources, and analysis so that the advisory panel may conduct a thorough and independent assessment as required under such subsection.

(e) **ANNUAL REPORTS.**—Not later than September 30, 2025, and annually thereafter, the advisory panel shall submit to the Secretary of Defense and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report describing the results of the activities of the advisory panel during the preceding year.

(f) **TERMINATION.**—The advisory panel shall terminate on the date that is three years after the date of the establishment of the advisory panel pursuant to subsection (a).

SEC. 885. PROPOSAL FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS FOR CERTAIN GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE BID PROTESTS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the covered committees a proposal that includes the following:

(1) A process for enhanced pleading standards described in subsection (b).

(2) The benchmarks described in subsection (c).

(3) A process for payment by an unsuccessful party in a covered protest to the Government and the contractor awarded the contract that was the subject of the bid protest in accordance with the benchmarks described in subsection (c).

(b) **ENHANCED PLEA STANDARDS.**—The process for enhanced pleading standards described in this subsection is a process under which the Comptroller General shall apply enhanced pleading standards, as developed by the Comptroller General in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, to an interested party with respect to a covered protest submitted by such interested party for which such interested party is seeking access to administrative records of the Department of Defense, prior to making a determination with respect to such access.

(c) **BENCHMARKS.**—The benchmarks described in this subsection are as follows:

(1) A chart of the average costs to the Department of Defense and the Government Accountability Office of a covered protest

based on the value of the contract that is the subject of the covered protest.

(2) A chart of the costs of the lost profit rates of the contractor awarded a contract that was the subject of a covered protest after such award.

(d) **LOST PROFIT CALCULATION.**—With respect to contracts that are the subject of a covered protest, the lost profit rates under subsection (c)(2) shall be equal to the profit that the contractor awarded the contract would have earned if the contractor has performed under such contract during the period performance under such contract by such contractor was suspended under section 3553(d) of title 31, United States Code, pursuant to such covered protest.

(e) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) The term “covered committees” means the following:

(A) The congressional defense committees.

(B) The Committee on Oversight and Accountability of the House of Representatives.

(C) The Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate.

(2) The term “covered protest” means a protest submitted by an interested party to the Comptroller General under chapter 35 of title 31, United States Code, for a determination by the Comptroller General under such chapter.

(3) The terms “interested party” and “protest” have the meanings given such terms in section 3551 of title 31, United States Code.

(f) **DOLLAR THRESHOLD FOR TASK ORDER PROTESTS.**—Section 3406(f)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “\$25,000,000” and inserting “\$35,000,000”.

SEC. 886. BRIEFINGS, CERTIFICATION, AND LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS RELATED TO FUEL SERVICES FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS.

(a) **BRIEFING ON BID PROTEST.**—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on—

(1) the results of the bid protest published by the Comptroller General of the United States on August 28, 2024 (B-420857.8, B-420857.9, relating to Kropp Holdings, Inc.), including with regard to the element relating to consideration of the conflicts of interest mitigation plan; and

(2) the proposed next steps with respect to the acquisition of financial management services for Department of Defense fuel contracts.

(b) **BRIEFING ON CONFLICT OF INTEREST.**—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on how the Secretary will ensure that price sensitive information is not shared between fuel financial management entities and fuel provider entities.

(c) **CERTIFICATION.**—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a written certification that no conflict of interest exists

with respect to a contract for financial management services for fuel contracts of the Department of Defense.

(d) **LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.**—On and after June 1, 2025, the Secretary of Defense may not obligate or expend funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 on any contract for financial management services for fuel contracts of the Department of Defense in which the contractor is also a fuel provider until the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives receive the briefing described in subsection (b) and certification described in subsection (c).

SEC. 887. IMPLEMENTATION OF COMPTROLLER GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS RELATING TO CERTAIN SPARE PARTS FOR F-35 AIRCRAFT.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, shall implement the recommendations contained in the report of the Comptroller General of the United States published on May 23, 2023, and titled “F-35 Program: DOD Needs Better Accountability for Global Spare Parts and Reporting of Losses Worth Millions” (GAO-23-106098).

(b) **REPORT.**—Not later than December 31, 2025, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the progress of the implementing recommendations as required by subsection (a).

SEC. 888. TRACKING AWARDS MADE THROUGH OTHER TRANSACTION AUTHORITY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall establish a process to track the number and value of awards to small businesses and nontraditional defense contractors performing on transactions using other transaction authority, including transactions carried out through consortia.

(b) **DATA COLLECTION.**—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall, to the extent practicable—

(1) minimize the reporting requirements imposed on small businesses and nontraditional defense contractors by the process established under subsection (a); and

(2) maximize the use of existing data collection processes of the Department of Defense or the expertise of a consortia-manager under such process.

(c) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) **NONTRADITIONAL DEFENSE CONTRACTOR.**—The term “non-traditional defense contractor” has the meaning given such term in section 3014 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) **OTHER TRANSACTION AUTHORITY.**—The term “other transaction authority” means the authority provided under sections 4021 and 4022 of title 10, United States Code.

(3) **SMALL BUSINESS.**—The term “small business” has the meaning given the term “small business concern” under section 3(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(a)).

TITLE IX—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT

Subtitle A—Office of the Secretary of Defense and Related Matters

- Sec. 901. Requirement to notify Congress when Deputy Secretary of Defense is performing functions and duties of Secretary of Defense.
- Sec. 902. Establishment of Department of Defense Performance Improvement Officer.
- Sec. 903. Enhanced coordination on international cooperation activities.
- Sec. 904. Increase in authorized number of Deputy Assistant Secretaries of Defense.
- Sec. 905. Modifications to the Office of Strategic Capital.
- Sec. 906. Limitation on availability of funds until Department of Defense complies with certain legal requirements.
- Sec. 907. Matters relating to Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict.
- Sec. 908. Inclusion in defense planning guidance of guidance on size, structure, and posture of special operations forces.
- Sec. 909. Review of roles and responsibilities of the Chief Talent Management Officer and the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness.
- Sec. 910. Plan for adequate staffing of Office of Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy and Joint Production Accelerator Cell.

Subtitle B—Other Department of Defense Organization and Management Matters

- Sec. 921. Department of Defense Senior Intelligence Oversight Official.
- Sec. 922. Codification of the Joint Federated Assurance Center.
- Sec. 923. Codification of additional staff corps of the Navy.
- Sec. 924. Establishment of Office of Expanded Competition.
- Sec. 925. Counter unmanned aerial systems task force.
- Sec. 926. Affiliate relationships between Army special operations forces and combat-enabling units of general purpose forces.
- Sec. 927. Force sizing methodology.

Subtitle A—Office of the Secretary of Defense and Related Matters

SEC. 901. REQUIREMENT TO NOTIFY CONGRESS WHEN DEPUTY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE IS PERFORMING FUNCTIONS AND DUTIES OF SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.

Section 132(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by inserting “(1)” after “(b)”;
- (2) by striking “The Deputy Secretary shall act” and inserting the following:
 - “(2)(A) The Deputy Secretary shall act”; and
 - (3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
 - “(B) If the Secretary is unable to perform the functions and duties of the office as described in subparagraph (A), the Deputy Secretary, or any other individual performing such functions and duties in accordance with applicable law, shall, not later than 24 hours before any planned transfer of such functions and duties or 24 hours after any unplanned transfer of such functions and duties, notify the following of the transfer:
 - “(i) The Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the majority and minority leaders of the Senate.

“(ii) The Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, the Speaker, and the minority leader of the House of Representatives.”.

SEC. 902. ESTABLISHMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT OFFICER.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 4 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 132 the following new section:

“§ 132a. Performance improvement officer

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—

“(1) There is a Performance Improvement Officer of the Department of Defense, to be appointed by the Secretary of Defense from among the ranks of qualified individuals from the senior career civil service.

“(2) The Performance Improvement Officer shall be appointed from among persons described in paragraph (1) who have an extensive management or business background and experience with managing large or complex organizations, organizational change management, or business transformation activities.

“(b) DEPUTY.—The Performance Improvement Officer shall be supported by a Deputy who shall be appointed by the Secretary of Defense from among the ranks of qualified individuals from the senior career civil service. The Deputy shall be the first assistant to the Performance Improvement Officer and shall assist that Officer in the performance of the duties of that position and shall act for, and exercise the powers of, the Officer when that Officer dies, resigns, or is otherwise unable to perform the functions and duties of the office.

“(c) DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—Subject to the authority, direction, and control of the Secretary of Defense and the Deputy Secretary of Defense, the Performance Improvement Officer shall perform such duties, exercise such powers, and have such responsibilities as the Secretary or the Deputy Secretary may prescribe, including the following:

“(1) Responsibility for updating and implementing the Strategic Management Plan of the Department of Defense required by section 904(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act of Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 2201).

“(2) Responsibility for chairing the Defense Performance Improvement Council (or any successor organization).

“(3) Responsibility for the Defense Performance Improvement Framework, as established under section 125a of this title.

“(4) Responsibility for the execution of not fewer than two annual meetings of the Defense Management Action Group (or any successor organization) with agendas relating to the Strategic Management Plan described in paragraph (1).

“(5) Oversight of transformational business modernization and business process re-engineering of the Department of Defense.

“(6) Oversight and tracking the implementation of—

“(A) solutions to solve issues identified by the High Risk List maintained by the Government Accountability Office; and

“(B) other recommendations of such Office.

“(7) Serving as the lead official devoted to modernizing the business processes of the Department that serve as the baseline for all external acquisition and internal operations.

“(8) Oversight and management of the Defense Management Institute (as established pursuant to the memorandum of the Director of Administration and Management of the Department dated January 13, 2023), or any successor organization.

“(9) Serving as co-chair of the Defense Business Council in accordance with section 2222(f)(1) of this title.

“(10) Maintaining authority for convening meetings of personnel and organizations of the Department on matters relating to the duties and responsibilities described in this subsection.”.

(b) **ADDITION OF PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT OFFICER AS CO-CHAIR OF DEFENSE BUSINESS COUNCIL.**—Section 2222(f)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in the second sentence—

(1) by striking “chaired” and inserting “co-chaired”; and

(2) by inserting “and the Performance Improvement Officer” after “Officer”.

(c) **GUIDANCE REQUIRED.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue rules, regulations, policies, or other guidance (as appropriate)—

(1) to clearly delineate the authorities and responsibilities of the Performance Improvement Officer of the Department of Defense established under section 132a of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a); and

(2) setting forth a charter for the office (including personnel, facilities, and other infrastructure) supporting the position of the Performance Improvement Officer.

SEC. 903. ENHANCED COORDINATION ON INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ACTIVITIES.

(a) **UPDATE OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR ACQUISITION AND SUSTAINMENT.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 133b(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in paragraph (8), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in paragraph (9)(C), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(10) advising the Secretary on, establishing policies on, and supervising, the activities of the Department relating to international cooperation and agreements regarding industrial base collaboration and coordination, including cooperative development and co-production, reciprocal production, exportability considerations, supply chain integration, security of supply chain agreements, and acquisition and cross-service agreements.”.

(2) **GUIDANCE REQUIRED.**—Not later than July 1, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall update relevant policies and guidance related to the duties of the Under Secretary of Defense

for Acquisition and Sustainment prescribed in section 133b(b)(10) of title 10, United States Code, as added by paragraph (1).

(b) CROSS-FUNCTIONAL TEAMS.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than July 1, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall establish not fewer than two Cross-Functional Teams to coordinate and support international cooperation activities of the Department of Defense.

(2) PURPOSE.—Of the Cross-Functional Teams required under paragraph (1)—

(A) at least one shall be dedicated to a geographic area of interest, such as a specific country or subset of an area of responsibility for a geographic combatant command; and

(B) at least one shall be dedicated to a functional area of interest, such as munitions production, logistics, or additive manufacturing.

(3) PARTICIPATION.—The Cross-Functional Teams established under paragraph (1)—

(A) shall include representation from—

(i) the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy;

(ii) the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment; and

(iii) the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering; and

(B) may include such other participants from across the Department of Defense as the Secretary of Defense determines appropriate.

(4) CHAIRPERSON.—Each Cross-Functional Team shall have a Chairperson who shall be designated by the Secretary of Defense from among the representatives on the Team from the Offices specified in paragraph (3)(A).

(c) STUDY ON CAPACITY FOR EXPANDED INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ACTIVITIES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into a contract with a federally funded research and development center or a university-affiliated nonprofit organization to—

(A) conduct a study with respect to whether the organization, resourcing, manning, and training of the Department of Defense for international cooperation activities is sufficient to support expanded demand for security cooperation activities with countries that are allies and partners of the United States; and

(B) submit to the Secretary a report on the results of the study.

(2) ELEMENTS.—The study conducted under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) An assessment of the roles and responsibilities of the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy, the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for International and Industry Engagement, and any other officials the Secretary considers appropriate to include, to reduce overlap and increase cooperation between components of the Department

of Defense with respect to international cooperation activities.

(B) An identification and assessment of mechanisms for coordination with the Department of State with respect to such activities.

(C) An identification and assessment of existing tools in the Department of Defense to support international cooperation, including the Global Research Watch Program and the international research offices of the military departments.

(D) An identification of industry fora, training or wargaming opportunities, and exercise events that could be leveraged to support increased international cooperation activities.

(E) An assessment of the success, as of the date of the enactment of this Act, in integrating the defense industrial bases of the United States and countries that are allies and partners of the United States, including recommendations with respect to—

- (i) goals for the end-state of that integration; and
- (ii) how to integrate those goals into the strategic planning documents and guidance of the Department of Defense.

(F) An identification of additional opportunities for international defense industrial base cooperation and specific challenges to acting on those opportunities.

(G) Any other matter the Secretary of Defense determines relevant.

(3) **SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.**—Not later than September 1, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees—

(A) the report received by the Secretary under paragraph (1)(B); and

(B) any comments of the Secretary with respect to such report.

(4) **NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION DEFINED.**—In this subsection, the term “nonprofit organization” means an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of such Code.

SEC. 904. INCREASE IN AUTHORIZED NUMBER OF DEPUTY ASSISTANT SECRETARIES OF DEFENSE.

Section 138(e) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “60” and inserting “62”.

SEC. 905. MODIFICATIONS TO THE OFFICE OF STRATEGIC CAPITAL.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 149 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (f);
- (2) by inserting after subsection (d) the following new subsection:

“(e) **PILOT PROGRAM ON CAPITAL ASSISTANCE TO SUPPORT DEFENSE INVESTMENT IN THE INDUSTRIAL BASE.**—

“(1) To the extent and in such amounts as specifically provided in advance in appropriations Acts for the purposes de-

tailed in this subsection, the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director, may carry out a pilot program under this subsection to provide capital assistance to eligible entities for eligible investments to develop technologies that support the duties and elements of the Office and meet the needs of the Department of Defense.

“(2)(A) An eligible entity seeking capital assistance for an eligible investment under this subsection shall submit to the Director an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director may require.

“(B) The Director shall establish criteria for selecting among eligible investments for which applications are submitted under subparagraph (A). The criteria shall include—

“(i) the extent to which an investment supports the national security or economic interests of the United States;

“(ii) the likelihood that capital assistance provided for an investment would enable the investment to proceed sooner than the investment would otherwise be able to proceed; and

“(iii) the creditworthiness of an investment.

“(3)(A)(i) To the extent and in such amounts as specifically provided in advance in appropriations Acts for the purposes detailed in this subsection, the Director may provide loans or loan guarantees to finance or refinance the costs of an eligible investment selected pursuant to paragraph (2)(B).

“(ii)(I)(aa) Except as provided under item (bb), the interest rate on a loan provided under clause (i) shall be not less than the yield on marketable United States Treasury securities of a similar maturity to the maturity of the loan on the date of execution of the loan agreement.

“(bb) The Director may waive the requirement under item (aa) with respect to an investment if the investment is determined by the Secretary of Defense to be vital to the national security of the United States.

“(cc) The Director shall establish separate and distinct criteria for interest rates for loan guarantees with private sector lending institutions.

“(II) The final maturity date of a loan provided under clause (i) shall be not later than 50 years after the date on which the loan was provided.

“(III) A loan provided under clause (i) may be paid earlier than is provided for under the loan agreement without a penalty.

“(IV)(aa) A loan provided under clause (i) shall not be subordinated to the claims of any holder of investment obligations in the event of bankruptcy, insolvency, or liquidation of the obligor.

“(bb) The Director may waive the requirement under item (aa) with respect to the investment in order to mitigate risks to loan repayment.

“(V) The Director may sell to another entity or reoffer into the capital markets a loan provided under clause (i) if the Director determines that the sale or reoffering can be made on favorable terms.

“(VI) Any loan guarantee provided under clause (i) shall specify the percentage of the principal amount guaranteed. If the Secretary determines that the obligor of a loan guaranteed by the Department of Defense defaults on the loan, the Director shall pay the holder, or such other party, as specified in the loan guarantee agreement.

“(VII) The Director shall establish a credit rating system to ensure a reasonable assurance of repayment. The system may include use of existing credit rating agencies where appropriate.

“(VIII) Loans and loan guarantees provided under clause (i) shall be subject to such other terms and conditions and contain such other covenants, representations, warranties, and requirements (including requirements for audits) as the Secretary determines appropriate.

“(IX) Loans and loan guarantees provided under clause (i) shall be subject to the requirements of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661 et seq.).

“(B) Subject to appropriations Acts, the Director may provide technical assistance with respect to developing and financing investments to eligible entities seeking capital assistance for eligible investments and eligible entities receiving capital assistance under this subsection.

“(C)(i) To the extent and in such amounts as specifically provided in advance in appropriations Acts for the purposes detailed in this subsection, the Director shall provide to an eligible investment selected pursuant to paragraph (2)(B) the amount of capital assistance necessary to carry out the investment.

“(ii) All financial transactions conducted under this subsection shall be conducted in United States dollars.

“(4) The requirements of subsection (d) shall apply to eligible investments under this subsection.

“(5)(A)(i) There is established in the Treasury of the United States a Department of Defense Credit Program Account to make and guarantee loans under this subsection in accordance with section 502 of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a).

“(ii) The Credit Program Account shall consist of amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations.

“(B) To the extent and in such amounts as specifically provided in advance in appropriations Acts for the purposes detailed in this subsection, the Director is authorized to pay, from amounts in the Department of Defense Credit Program Account—

“(i) the cost, as defined in section 502 of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a), of loans and loan guarantees and other capital assistance;

“(ii) administrative expenses associated with activities under this subsection;

“(iii) project-specific transaction costs; and

“(iv) the cost of providing support authorized by this subsection.

“(6) The Secretary of Defense may prescribe such regulations as the Secretary determines to be appropriate to carry out this subsection.

“(7) Not later than the first Monday in February of a fiscal year, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees an annual report describing activities carried out pursuant to this subsection in the preceding fiscal year and the goals of the Department of Defense in accordance with this subsection for the next fiscal year.

“(8) The Secretary of Defense shall notify the congressional defense committees not later than 30 days after a use of loans, loan guarantees, or technical assistance under this subsection.

“(9)(A) The authority of the Director to make new loans and provide new loan guarantees under subparagraph (A)(i) of paragraph (3) shall expire on October 1, 2028. Any loans or loan guarantees provided under such subparagraph that are outstanding as of such date shall continue to be subject to the terms, conditions, and other requirements of this subsection.

“(B) The authority of the Director to provide technical assistance to eligible entities under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (3) shall expire on October 1, 2028.”; and

(3) in subsection (f), as so redesignated—

(A) in paragraph (2), by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:

“(FF) Strategic maritime infrastructure.

“(GG) Critical minerals and materials.”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(5) The term ‘obligor’ means a party that is primarily liable for payment of the principal or interest on a loan.”.

(b) **CONFORMING REPEAL.**—Section 903(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 4811 note) is repealed.

SEC. 906. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS UNTIL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE COMPLIES WITH CERTAIN LEGAL REQUIREMENTS.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Legislative Affairs, not more than 90 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Deputy Secretary of Defense certifies to the congressional defense committees that the Department of Defense has implemented section 1046 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 111 note).

SEC. 907. MATTERS RELATING TO ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR SPECIAL OPERATIONS AND LOW INTENSITY CONFLICT.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) using a systematic approach, identify and update relevant policies, processes, and policy guidance of the Department of Defense to fully implement and institutionalize the position of Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict (in this section referred to as the “Assistant Secretary”) to ensure that the Assistant Secretary

exercises authority, direction, and control of all special-operations peculiar administrative matters relating to the organization, training, and equipping of special operations forces as required under section 138(b)(2)(A)(i) of title 10, United States Code, including—

- (A) special operations budgeting and programming, legislative affairs, operations, personnel, and public affairs activities; and
 - (B) protocols for participation in decision-making fora of the Department involving special operations forces;
- (2) develop a long-term staffing plan for the Secretariat for Special Operations established under section 139b(a) of title 10, United States Code, that incorporates strategic workforce planning principles, including an articulation of the mission of the Secretariat, an identification of critical skill gaps, and a strategy to hire personnel to address such gaps;
- (3) produce written departmental guidance to clarify the respective administrative roles of the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy and the Assistant Secretary, including guidance to ensure adequate support for the Secretariat from Washington Headquarters Services, the Office of the Director of Administration and Management, Joint Service Provider, and other administrative offices of the Department;
- (4) establish a process for development, coordination, and issuance by the Assistant Secretary of special operations instructions and other Department-wide policies, instructions, directive-type memorandums, or other documents consistent with the responsibilities assigned to the Assistant Secretary;
- (5) establish a process for the Assistant Secretary and the Commander of the United States Special Operations Command to monitor the promotions of members of special operations forces and coordinate with the military departments regarding the assignment, retention, training, professional military education, and special and incentive pays of members of special operations forces consistent with the responsibilities assigned to the Assistant Secretary and the Commander; and
- (6) establish a Center for Special Operations Analysis to lead special operations-related analysis for the Department and ensure senior civilian and military leaders have adequate analytical support for decision making related to the organization, training, equipping, and employment of special operations forces.
- (b) **PLAN REQUIRED.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan, including appropriate milestones and timelines for completion, for achieving the requirements under subsection (a).

SEC. 908. INCLUSION IN DEFENSE PLANNING GUIDANCE OF GUIDANCE ON SIZE, STRUCTURE, AND POSTURE OF SPECIAL OPERATIONS FORCES.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—As part of the annual Defense Planning Guidance issued under section 113(g)(2)(A) of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall include guidance with respect

to the size, structure, posture, and other force development planning priorities specific to special operations forces.

(b) REPORT REQUIRED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1, 2025, and annually thereafter for five years, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report detailing how the Defense Planning Guidance issued under section 113(g)(2)(A) of title 10, United States Code, specifically accounts for the size, structure, posture, and other force development planning priorities specific to special operations forces necessary—

(A) to support the National Defense Strategy under section 113(g)(1) of that title; and

(B) to carry out the special operations activities specified in section 167(k) of that title.

(2) ELEMENTS.—The annual report required by paragraph (1) shall, at a minimum—

(A) describe specific actions taken by the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Air Force, and the Secretary of the Navy to coordinate requirements for the organization, training, and equipping of special operations forces with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict, consistent with responsibilities and authorities of the Assistant Secretary under section 138(b)(2)(A) of title 10, United States Code, in order to achieve the objectives of—

(i) the National Defense Strategy;

(ii) the Joint Warfighting Concept;

(iii) the Joint Concept for Competing; and

(iv) the Strategy for Operations in the Information Environment; and

(B) include specific recommendations developed by the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict, in coordination with the Commander of the United States Special Operations Command, for the size, organization, budget, training, and equipping of special operations forces to meet the objectives of the strategies and concepts specified in clauses (i) through (iv) of subparagraph (A).

SEC. 909. REVIEW OF ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE CHIEF TALENT MANAGEMENT OFFICER AND THE OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR PERSONNEL AND READINESS.

(a) REVIEW REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into a contract or other agreement with a qualified organization to conduct a review of—

(1) the roles and responsibilities of the Chief Talent Management Officer of the Department of Defense; and

(2) the structure, mission, and operation of the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense Personnel and Readiness.

(b) ELEMENTS.—In carrying out the review under subsection (a), the qualified organization concerned shall—

(1) develop a strategy for the implementation of the position of the Chief Talent Management Officer of the Department of

Defense pursuant to which the Officer shall be responsible for—

(A) serving as the principal staff assistant to the Secretary of Defense and Deputy Secretary of Defense on matters relating to total force talent management within the Department of Defense, including talent management for military personnel (including members of the active and reserve components of the Armed Forces) and civilian personnel of the Department;

(B) developing and implementing the overall talent strategy for military and civilian personnel in the Department of Defense, which shall include working across the military departments, Joint Staff, Office of the Secretary of Defense, and with interagency partners to lead the total force talent acquisition and management efforts of the Department;

(C) overseeing updates and reforms for remote and hybrid work, the use of enabling technology, practices for developing and tracking talent, and encouraging movement of talent across components, agencies, and non-governmental entities to help promote flexible career pathways and increase retention;

(D) matching talent to needs within the Department and integrate broad upskilling and reskilling programs to create the future national defense workforce;

(E) coordinating all talent programs within the Department, including by developing pathways for permeability between uniformed and non-uniformed service opportunities and opportunities in the private sector;

(F) maintaining, strengthening, and improving the Department's use of competitive service hiring authorities under title 5, United States Code, and the authorities available under section 129 of title 10, United States Code, to ensure the Department recruits and retains a strong and professional civilian workforce;

(G) studying and promoting best practices for workforce development from the government, nonprofit, academic, and private sectors;

(H) serving as the principal liaison between the Department and the national security talent industrial and innovation base;

(I) carrying out programs, projects, and other activities to strengthen the national security talent industrial and innovation base;

(J) identifying rules, regulations, policies, and guidance related to military and civilian talent management that require change for the purposes of achieving efficiencies and meeting the personnel needs of the Department;

(K) coordinating with the Joint Staff and the Commanders of the combatant commands to identify talent needs to meet operational challenges;

(L) developing an employer brand for the Department of Defense that positions the Department as a sought after employer;

(M) developing a capability to rapidly prototype workforce development and talent acquisition approaches with non-profit, academic, Government, and private sector agencies and organizations;

(N) seeking partnerships with multiple intermediary organizations, including academic institutions and other key stakeholders in the talent industrial and innovation base, to carry out activities to support the development of pools of qualified individuals with the skills and expertise necessary to meet critical personnel needs of the Department of Defense, which may include activities such as the identification, training, and vetting of critical talent for the Department, including individuals with expertise relating to artificial intelligence, biotechnology, cybersecurity, materials and manufacturing, business processes, venture capital, financial markets, and other critical areas; and

(O) carrying out such other duties relating to talent management as may be assigned by the Secretary of Defense;

(2) develop recommendations for any additional authorities or funding that may be required for the Chief Talent Management Officer to carry out the responsibilities specified in paragraph (1);

(3) review the structure of the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness and evaluate the ability of that Office to effectively address total force talent management, including military and civilian personnel; and

(4) develop recommendations for restructuring the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness to ensure the Office is able to effectively address total force talent management as described in paragraph (3) and support the Chief Talent Management Officer in carrying out the responsibilities described in paragraph (1).

(c) **REPORT.**—Not later than January 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the results of the review conducted under subsection (a). Such report shall include—

(1) the results of the review with respect to each element specified in subsection (b); and

(2) such other information as the Secretary determines appropriate.

(d) **QUALIFIED ORGANIZATION DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “qualified organization” means an independent organization with experience in the field of talent acquisition and management, as determined by the Secretary of Defense.

SEC. 910. PLAN FOR ADEQUATE STAFFING OF OFFICE OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR INDUSTRIAL BASE POLICY AND JOINT PRODUCTION ACCELERATOR CELL.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for adequately staffing the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy and the Joint Production Accelerator Cell to advise and gen-

erate options for the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment relating to the duties described in section 133b(b)(3) of title 10, United States Code, including—

- (1) identifying Chinese military companies, contracting restrictions, and transactions involving foreign entities;
- (2) outbound investment monitoring; and
- (3) supply chain analysis, supplier health analysis, production capacity analysis, and such other analyses as the Under Secretary may require.

(b) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include the following:

- (1) An estimate of—

- (A) the number of personnel necessary to fulfill the responsibilities of the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy and the Joint Production Accelerator Cell in supporting the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment relating to the duties described in section 133b(b)(3) of title 10, United States Code; and

- (B) associated funding across the period covered by the most recent future-years defense program under section 221 of that title.

- (2) A hiring plan, with milestones, for gradually increasing the number of personnel in the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy and the Joint Production Accelerator Cell to the number described in paragraph (1)(A).

- (3) A breakdown of the optimal mix of military, civilian, and contractor personnel in the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy and the Joint Production Accelerator Cell.

- (4) An identification of any anticipated funding shortfalls for personnel in the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy and the Joint Production Accelerator Cell across the period covered by the most recent future-years defense program.

- (5) Any other matters the Secretary of Defense determines relevant.

Subtitle B—Other Department of Defense Organization and Management Matters

SEC. 921. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SENIOR INTELLIGENCE OVERSIGHT OFFICIAL.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of chapter 21 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 430c. Senior intelligence oversight official

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Defense, or a designee of the Secretary determined by regulations prescribed by the Secretary, shall designate a civilian employee of the Department of Defense in the Senior Executive Service to serve as the Senior Intelligence Oversight Official.

“(b) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Senior Intelligence Oversight Official shall conduct independent oversight of all intelligence, counter-intelligence, and intelligence-related activities of the Department of Defense and shall have such other related responsibilities as may be determined by the Secretary.

“(c) ACCESS.—The Senior Intelligence Oversight Official shall have—

“(1) access to all information necessary to carry out the responsibilities and functions of the Senior Intelligence Oversight Official, as determined by the Secretary; and

“(2) direct access to the Secretary of Defense and the Deputy Secretary of Defense, as circumstances require in the determination of the Senior Intelligence Oversight Official.”.

(b) REVIEW OF REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Defense shall review and update, as appropriate, Department of Defense Directive 5148.13, and any associated or successor regulation or directive, to conform to section 430c of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a).

SEC. 922. CODIFICATION OF THE JOINT FEDERATED ASSURANCE CENTER.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter III of chapter 303 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 4128. Joint Federated Assurance Center

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering a Joint Federated Assurance Center (referred to in this section as the ‘Center’).

“(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Center shall be to serve as a joint, Department-wide federation of organizations and capabilities to support the assurance needs of the Department of Defense by ensuring, pursuant to policies related to hardware and software assurance and supply chain risk management, that the software and hardware developed, acquired, maintained, and used by the Department are free from intentional and unintentional vulnerability during the life-cycle of development and deployment of assured, trustworthy defense systems.

“(c) GOVERNANCE.—

“(1) The Center shall be governed by an Executive Steering Group. The Executive Steering Group shall continually evaluate the Center’s capabilities to support the hardware and software assurance needs of the Department.

“(2) The Executive Steering Group shall be composed of one or more representatives from each of the organizations that comprise the Center.

“(3) The Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering and the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall serve as co-Chairpersons of the Executive Steering Group.

“(d) DUTIES.—The duties of the Center are as follows:

“(1) Providing knowledge management capabilities for hardware and software assurance for the Department.

“(2) Providing Department-wide visibility on strategy, use cases, procurement, investment, and other relevant activities

to aggregate, to the extent practicable, assurance tool purchases by the Department.

“(3) Developing and standardizing policies, procedures, competencies, risk assessment methodologies, and independent validation and verification test capabilities—

“(A) to support timely and cost-effective fielding of current and future technologies to the Department;

“(B) to ensure sustainment of enduring capability needs across the life-cycle of Department of Defense programs and determine the sustainment factors related to the assurance of future hardware and software systems;

“(C) to increase efficiencies across Department of Defense programs through the use of emerging assurance technologies; and

“(D) to leverage economies of scale through coordinated acquisition and use of hardware and software assurance technologies.

“(4) Promoting assurance capabilities for hardware and software assurance—

“(A) to mature assessment criteria and enable scalable deployment of commercial best practices, such as through the fostering and maturation of evidence-based assurance of trusted defense microelectronics system needs, with emphasis on commercial security protocols that are transferable to defense applications;

“(B) to scale the Center for Department-wide access, through the resourcing of adequate personnel to address standardization and automation of data collection and analysis;

“(C) to utilize data from commercial assurance processes to support the development of Department hardware and software that meet standards, applications, and requirements, including through comparative analysis and data modeling;

“(D) to seek and apply commercial best practices, where practicable, through industry collaboration; and

“(E) to develop and align Department policy, investments, and activities with commercial best practices, to the extent practicable.

“(5) For contracts for application-specific integrated circuits designed by defense industrial base contractors, develop guidance for—

“(A) the consideration of evidence-based assurance processes and techniques that are included in the contract data requirements list, to the extent practicable;

“(B) the use of commercial best practices, as applicable, for confidentiality, integrity and availability; and

“(C) the development of a library of certified third-party intellectual property for reuse, including streamlining legal mechanisms for data collection and sharing, and enhanced use of automation technology to achieve efficiency.

“(6) The assessment, creation, prototyping, maturation, and maintenance of relevant assurance practices, including the validation and maturation of evidence based assurance methods,

for the development, procurement, and deployment of hardware and software assurance tools and processes, including—

“(A) development and assessment of validation methods for such processes and techniques, in coordination with the developmental and operational test and evaluation community, as the Executive Steering Group determines necessary;

“(B) development and assessment of threat models that comprehensively characterize the threat to microelectronics confidentiality, integrity, and availability across the entire supply chain, and the design, production, packaging, and deployment cycle to support risk management and risk mitigation; and

“(C) support development of guides to inform use and decision-making by program evaluators, program offices, and industry to meet software and hardware assurance requirements.

“(e) REVISED CHARTER.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary of Defense shall issue a revised charter for the Center. The charter shall set forth—

“(1) the role and authorities of the Center and the Executive Steering Group;

“(2) the requirement of the Center to establish guidelines for the development of improved software code vulnerability analysis and testing tools;

“(3) the requirement of the Center to establish guidelines for the development of improved hardware vulnerability testing and protection tools; and

“(4) the manner in which the Center will connect to the Department’s major governance and resourcing processes to ensure the continuation of Center duties.”.

(b) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than 240 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the status of—

(1) the establishment of the Joint Federated Assurance Center under section 4218 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a); and

(2) the revisions to the charter of the Center required under subsection (e) of such section 4128.

(c) CONFORMING REPEAL.—Section 937 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (Public Law 113–66; 10 U.S.C. 2224 note) is repealed.

SEC. 923. CODIFICATION OF ADDITIONAL STAFF CORPS OF THE NAVY.

(a) CODIFICATION.—Section 8090 of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in subsection (a)—

(1) in paragraph (4), by striking “and”;

(2) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (9); and

(3) by inserting, after paragraph (4), the following new paragraphs:

“(5) the Supply Corps;

“(6) the Civil Engineer Corps;

“(7) the Nurse Corps;

“(8) the Medical Service Corps; and”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Such section is further amended, in subsection (b)(1), by striking “Medical Corps, the Dental Corps, the Judge Advocate General’s Corps, and the Chaplain Corps” and inserting “staff corps specified in subsection (a)”.

SEC. 924. ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE OF EXPANDED COMPETITION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 903 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 9025. Office of Expanded Competition

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is in the Office of the Secretary of the Air Force an office to be known as the Office of Expanded Competition (in this section referred to as the ‘Office’).

“(b) DIRECTOR.—The head of the Office shall be the Director. The Director shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Air Force from among employees of the Department of Defense with requisite subject matter expertise who—

“(1) are in a Senior Executive Service position (as defined in section 3132 of title 5) at the time of appointment; or

“(2) are not in a Senior Executive Service position at the time of appointment, but meet the Executive Core Qualifications (ECQs) for such a position.

“(c) DUTIES.—The duties of the Office are as follows:

“(1) In consultation with other components of the Department of Defense and the Federal Government, conduct coordinated and integrated assessments of adversarial capital flows into industries or businesses of interest to the Department of Defense.

“(2) Identify and prioritize promising critical technologies and assets for the Joint Force in need of capital assistance, including critical technologies and assets available from foreign entities.

“(3) Fund investments in such technologies and assets, including supply chain technologies not always supported through direct investment.

“(4) Support the coordination and outreach efforts of technology scouting and acquisition elements within the Department of Defense to enable investment decision-making by those elements that counteract entities employing adversarial capital flows against industries or businesses described in paragraph (1), including the employment of relevant authorities vested in other components of the Department and the Federal Government.

“(5) Identify, accelerate, and sustain the establishment, research, development, construction, procurement, leasing, consolidation, alteration, improvement, modernization, and repair of tangible and intangible assets vital to the national security of the United States.

“(6) Help the Department of Defense provide capital assistance to entities, including foreign entities, engaged in investments that facilitate the efforts of the Department.

“(7) Experiment, prototype, test, or validate Government-developed or commercially developed analytical tools, processes, and tradecraft to improve the due diligence and investment analysis processes for the Department of Defense, including

the employment of relevant delegated authorities vested in other components of the Department and the Federal Government.

“(8) Assist the Secretary of Defense in developing access and placement using commercial means.

“(9) Otherwise engage with, coordinate, and collaborate with other components of the Department of Defense and the Federal Government to maximize efficiencies and promote whole-of-government solutions to protect the national security of the United States.

“(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘adversarial capital flow’ means an investment by—

“(A) the government of a country that is an adversary of the United States; or

“(B) an entity organized under the laws of, or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of, such a country.

“(2) The term ‘capital assistance’ means a loan, loan guarantee, or technical assistance.”.

(b) BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Air Force shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the status of the implementation of the Office of Expanded Competition as required under section 9025 of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)).

SEC. 925. COUNTER UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS TASK FORCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish, or designate from existing organizations and personnel of the Department of Defense, a counter unmanned aerial systems task force, to be known as the “C-UAS Task Force”.

(b) REVIEW OF MEMORANDA AND DIRECTIVES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, acting through the C-UAS Task Force, shall review and, if necessary, consolidate and update all Department of Defense memoranda and directives related to the countering of unmanned aircraft systems in United States airspace to provide clarity to and an expedited decision-making process for commanders with respect to effectively countering unmanned aircraft systems or unmanned aircraft incursions at military installations in the United States.

(2) INCLUDED MEMORANDA AND DIRECTIVES.—The memoranda and directives required to be reviewed and, if necessary, consolidated and updated under paragraph (1) include the following:

(A) The Counter-Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems Strategy of the Department of Defense, dated January 7, 2021.

(B) The Deputy Secretary of Defense Memorandum entitled “Risk-based Assessment in Support of Counter-Unmanned Aircraft Activities to Protect DOD Facilities and Assets” and dated May 7, 2020.

(C) Deputy Secretary of Defense Policy Memorandum 16-003, entitled “Interim Guidance for Countering Unmanned Aircraft” and dated August 18, 2016.

(D) Deputy Secretary of Defense Policy Memorandum 17-00X, entitled “Supplemental Guidance for Countering Unmanned Aircraft” and dated July 5, 2017.

(E) Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Notice 3124, entitled “Interim Guidance for Countering Unmanned Aircraft” and dated February 8, 2017.

(F) Other related general administrative notices of the Joint Staff.

(G) Any other associated memoranda or directives of the Department of Defense relating to unmanned aircraft systems, as the Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff determine necessary.

(c) ISSUANCE OF UPDATED GUIDANCE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue new memoranda, directives, and guidance related to authorities to counter unmanned aircraft systems.

(2) DISSEMINATION TO INSTALLATION COMMANDERS.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that memoranda, directives, and guidance issued under paragraph (1), and any subsequent memoranda, directives and guidance, are included in pre-briefings for any officers that assume command of a military installation in the United States on or after July 1, 2025.

(3) STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES FOR MILITARY INSTALLATIONS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the issuance of the memoranda, directives, and guidance required by paragraph (1), each commander of a military installation shall issue operating procedures specific to their military installation for countering unmanned aircraft systems at the installation.

(B) EXTENSION DURING CHANGES IN COMMAND.—If there is a change of command of a military installation during the 60-day period described in subparagraph (A), the incoming commander of the installation shall issue operating procedures specific to their military installation required by that subparagraph not later than 60 days after receiving the pre-briefing described in paragraph (2).

(d) REPORT ON EXISTING TRAINING EFFORTS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the counter-unmanned aircraft systems training efforts of the Department of Defense in effect as of the date of the enactment of this Act. The report shall include—

(1) a description of any training that is commonly provided to members of the Armed Forces on countering threats posed by unmanned aircraft systems; and

(2) a summary of the training curriculum that is provided for installation commanders and deployed forces to counter unmanned aircraft systems.

SEC. 926. AFFILIATE RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN ARMY SPECIAL OPERATIONS FORCES AND COMBAT-ENABLING UNITS OF GENERAL PURPOSE FORCES.

(a) **LIMITATION.**—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the Department of Defense may be obligated or expended to complete the special operations force structure reductions described in subsection (b) until the date on which the assessment required under subsection (c) is submitted to the congressional defense committees.

(b) **FORCE STRUCTURE REDUCTIONS DESCRIBED.**—The special operations force structure reductions described in this subsection are the proposed reductions to the end strengths of the special operations forces of the Army announced by the Army on February 27, 2024, as part of the Total Army Analysis process.

(c) **ASSESSMENT OF FEASIBILITY AND ADVISABILITY OF AFFILIATE RELATIONSHIPS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict shall jointly submit to the congressional defense committees a report assessing the feasibility and advisability of establishing affiliate relationships between units of the Army special operations forces and Army general purpose forces for the purpose of enhancing military readiness and effectiveness.

(2) **ELEMENTS.**—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include, at a minimum, the following:

(A) An assessment of the feasibility and advisability of establishing formal affiliate relationships between units of the Army special operations forces and combat-enabling units of the Army general purpose forces, including units that perform the following missions:

- (i) Logistics.
- (ii) Intelligence.
- (iii) Communications.
- (iv) Explosive ordnance disposal.
- (v) Electronic warfare.
- (vi) Rotary wing support.
- (vii) Combat medicine.
- (viii) Information operations.
- (ix) Civil affairs.

(x) Such other missions as the Secretary and the Assistant Secretary consider relevant.

(B) A summary of organic forces and assigned forces conducting the missions described in subparagraph (A) for Army special operations forces as of the date of the enactment of this Act.

(3) **CONSIDERATIONS.**—In developing the report required by paragraph (1), the Secretary and the Assistant Secretary shall take into account the following:

(A) The enabling requirements of both the Army special operations forces and the Army general purpose forces.

(B) The availability of high-demand, low-density enabling capabilities of the Army general purpose forces.

(C) Deployment-to-dwell standards.

(D) The ability of Army general purpose forces and Army special operations forces to fulfill current service specific and joint force requirements.

(d) **PLAN FOR ESTABLISHING AFFILIATE RELATIONSHIPS.**—If, in the report required by subsection (c)(1), the Secretary and the Assistant Secretary determine that it is feasible and advisable to establish formal affiliate relationships between units of the Army special operations forces and combat-enabling units of the Army general purpose forces, then, not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the Assistant Secretary shall jointly submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for establishing such relationships that includes, at a minimum, an identification of units to be affiliated and a timeline for doing so.

(e) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) The term “affiliate relationship” means a habitual relationship between a unit or units of the Army special operations forces and a combat-enabling unit or units of the Army general purpose forces pursuant to which the general and special operations forces units regularly train together, conduct exercises together, and when required, deploy together.

(2) The term “special operations forces” means the forces identified under section 167(j) of title 10, United States Code, or a member of the Armed Forces carrying out special operations activities.

(3) The term “special operations activities” means activities described in section 167(k) of title 10, United States Code, and includes any support services provided for the execution such activities, including logistics, communications, and intelligence activities.

SEC. 927. FORCE SIZING METHODOLOGY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall develop a methodology for analyzing United States military force sizing necessary to conduct activities below the threshold of traditional armed conflict in support of strategic competition, including the following:

- (1) Campaigning.
- (2) Building capacity of and security cooperation with partner countries.
- (3) Information operations.
- (4) Civil affairs.
- (5) Irregular warfare.
- (6) Operational preparation of the environment.

(b) **REPORT REQUIRED.**—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the methodology developed under subsection (a) that includes, at a minimum, the following:

- (1) An explanation of the methodology and how the methodology is intended to be applied to future force sizing analysis.
- (2) An articulation of the roles and responsibilities of relevant officials, branches of the Armed Forces, and commands in utilizing the methodology.
- (3) Such other matters as the Secretary considers relevant.

TITLE X—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Financial Matters

- Sec. 1001. General transfer authority.
- Sec. 1002. Repeal of audit incentive element in report requirement of Financial Improvement and Audit Remediation Plan.
- Sec. 1003. Authority to use Defense Modernization Account funds for time-sensitive equipment modernization.
- Sec. 1004. Extension of audit requirement for Department of Defense components.
- Sec. 1005. Revision of Department of Defense financial management regulation.
- Sec. 1006. Establishment of cross-functional team to oversee implementation of recommendations of Commission on Planning, Programming, Budgeting, and Execution Reform.
- Sec. 1007. Use of technology using artificial intelligence to facilitate audit of the financial statements of the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2025.

Subtitle B—Counterdrug Activities

- Sec. 1011. Support for counterdrug activities affecting flow of drugs into United States.
- Sec. 1012. Authority for detection and monitoring of illegal drugs regardless of destination.
- Sec. 1013. Review, assessment, and analysis of governance structure and strategy of Department of Defense counter-narcotics and counter-transnational organized crime activities.

Subtitle C—Naval Vessels and Shipyards

- Sec. 1021. Briefing required in the event of a proposed reduction in battle force ships as part of the annual naval vessel construction plan and certification.
- Sec. 1022. Modification of authority to purchase used vessels under the National Defense Sealift Fund.
- Sec. 1023. Modifications to ship repair authorities.
- Sec. 1024. Improving Navy assessments required prior to start of construction on first ship of a shipbuilding program.
- Sec. 1025. Prohibition on contracting with shipyards controlled by a foreign adversary country.
- Sec. 1026. Exception to prohibition of overhaul, repair, or maintenance of certain vessels in shipyards outside the United States or Guam.
- Sec. 1027. Strategy on development of naval rearm at sea capability.
- Sec. 1028. Authority to use incremental funding for the Virginia-class submarine program.
- Sec. 1029. Authority to use incremental funding to enter into a contract for the construction of an Arleigh Burke class destroyer.
- Sec. 1030. Pilot program on use of automated inspection technologies at shipyards.
- Sec. 1031. Requirements for the unmanned maritime autonomy architecture.
- Sec. 1032. Competitive demonstration of large and extra large unmanned underwater vehicles.
- Sec. 1033. Requirement for mature ship design.

Subtitle D—Counterterrorism

- Sec. 1041. Extension of prohibition on use of funds for transfer or release of individuals detained at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to the United States.
- Sec. 1042. Extension of prohibition on use of funds to construct or modify facilities in the United States to house detainees transferred from United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.
- Sec. 1043. Extension of prohibition on use of funds for transfer or release of individuals detained at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to certain countries.
- Sec. 1044. Extension of prohibition on use of funds to close or relinquish control of United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Subtitle E—Miscellaneous Authorities and Limitations

- Sec. 1051. Authority to contribute to innovation fund.

- Sec. 1052. Extension of authority for reimbursement of expenses for certain Navy mess operations.
- Sec. 1053. Assessments of casualties and fatalities during hostilities.
- Sec. 1054. Establishment of major mishap incident designation classification for Department of Defense incidents.
- Sec. 1055. Prohibition on use of funds for EcoHealth Alliance and the Wuhan Institute of Virology.
- Sec. 1056. Prohibition on Department of Defense transportation of currency to Taliban or Islamic Emirate of Afghanistan.
- Sec. 1057. Prohibition on use of funds for the Badr Organization and related organizations.
- Sec. 1058. Limitation on use of funds pending provision of briefing on reliance of People's Liberation Army on imported fossil fuels for energy.
- Sec. 1059. Prohibition on use of funds to support entertainment projects with ties to the Government of the People's Republic of China.

Subtitle F—Studies and Reports

- Sec. 1061. Chief of Navy Reserve annual report.
- Sec. 1062. Modification and extension of requirement for combatant command risk assessment for airborne intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance.
- Sec. 1063. Extension of briefing requirement regarding civil authorities at the Southwest border.
- Sec. 1064. Extension of annual report on civilian casualties in connection with United States military operations.
- Sec. 1065. Review of irregular warfare authorities.
- Sec. 1066. Reports on approval and deployment of lethal autonomous weapon systems.
- Sec. 1067. Congressional notice regarding execute orders issued at the direction of the President or the Secretary of Defense.
- Sec. 1068. Mobility capability requirements study.
- Sec. 1069. Biodefense posture reviews.
- Sec. 1070. Briefings on attempts by aliens and foreign actors to access military installations without authorization.
- Sec. 1071. Report on resourcing of Arctic Strategy.
- Sec. 1072. Analyses and reports on air superiority of the Joint Force.
- Sec. 1073. Exercise for countering unmanned aerial systems.
- Sec. 1074. Report on operational plans of the Department of Defense.
- Sec. 1075. Quarterly reports on funerals at Arlington National Cemetery on hold until caisson services resume.
- Sec. 1076. Plan for enhancement of special operations riverine capability.
- Sec. 1077. Annual reports on the Postsecondary Education Complaint System.
- Sec. 1078. Study and report on Department of Defense use of unmanned ground vehicle systems manufactured by certain foreign entities.

Subtitle G—Other Matters

- Sec. 1081. Introduction of entities in transactions critical to national security.
- Sec. 1082. Installation energy plans and assessment for reduction of reliance on Russian energy.
- Sec. 1083. Extension of the National Commission on the Future of the Navy.
- Sec. 1084. Modification of National Security Commission on Emerging Biotechnology.
- Sec. 1085. Modification of defense sensitive support notification requirement.
- Sec. 1086. Plan for additional skill identifiers for Army Mountain Warfare School.
- Sec. 1087. Establishment of Department of Defense working group on multilateral artificial intelligence coordination.
- Sec. 1088. Resumption of caisson services at funeral services at Arlington National Cemetery.
- Sec. 1089. Liaison with Counter Unmanned Aerial Systems Task Force.
- Sec. 1090. Responding to unmanned aircraft systems incursions.
- Sec. 1091. Prioritization of accreditation of sensitive compartmented information facilities supporting DX-rated programs.
- Sec. 1092. Establishment of national security capital forum.
- Sec. 1093. Implementation of Comptroller General recommendations relating to the food program of the Department of Defense.
- Sec. 1094. Pilot program to provide military aircraft support to air shows.

Subtitle A—Financial Matters

SEC. 1001. GENERAL TRANSFER AUTHORITY.

(a) AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER AUTHORIZATIONS.—

(1) **AUTHORITY.**—Upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary may transfer amounts of authorizations made available to the Department of Defense in this division for fiscal year 2025 between any such authorizations for that fiscal year (or any subdivisions thereof). Amounts of authorizations so transferred shall be merged with and be available for the same purposes as the authorization to which transferred.

(2) **LIMITATION.**—Except as provided in paragraph (3), the total amount of authorizations that the Secretary may transfer under the authority of this section may not exceed \$6,000,000,000.

(3) **EXCEPTION FOR TRANSFERS BETWEEN MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS.**—A transfer of funds between military personnel authorizations under title IV shall not be counted toward the dollar limitation in paragraph (2).

(b) LIMITATIONS.—The authority provided by subsection (a) to transfer authorizations—

(1) may only be used to provide authority for items that have a higher priority than the items from which authority is transferred; and

(2) may not be used to provide authority for an item that has been denied authorization by Congress.

(c) **EFFECT ON AUTHORIZATION AMOUNTS.**—A transfer made from one account to another under the authority of this section shall be deemed to increase the amount authorized for the account to which the amount is transferred by an amount equal to the amount transferred.

(d) **NOTICE TO CONGRESS.**—The Secretary shall promptly notify Congress of each transfer made under subsection (a).

SEC. 1002. REPEAL OF AUDIT INCENTIVE ELEMENT IN REPORT REQUIREMENT OF FINANCIAL IMPROVEMENT AND AUDIT REMEDIATION PLAN.

Section 240b(b)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking clause (ix).

SEC. 1003. AUTHORITY TO USE DEFENSE MODERNIZATION ACCOUNT FUNDS FOR TIME-SENSITIVE EQUIPMENT MODERNIZATION.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 3136(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

“(5) For procuring and integrating available commercial technologies and services to satisfy a joint urgent operational need, joint emergent operational need, or a validated service requirement.

“(6) For providing infrastructure to support Department goals of accelerating the fielding and adoption of new capabilities.”.

(b) **LIMITATION.**—Paragraphs (5) and (6) of subsection (d) of section 3136 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection

(a), shall apply only with respect to funds made available, and transferred to the Defense Modernization Account, on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1004. EXTENSION OF AUDIT REQUIREMENT FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE COMPONENTS.

Section 1004(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–81; 10 U.S.C. 240d note) is amended by striking “During fiscal year 2024, and during each of the nine fiscal years thereafter,” and inserting “During each of fiscal years 2024 through 2034.”.

SEC. 1005. REVISION OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT REGULATION.

(a) Not later than September 30, 2026, the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) shall revise the Department of Defense Financial Management Regulation 7000.14-R. The Under Secretary shall ensure that the revised regulation—

- (1) is consistent and clear throughout;
- (2) includes updated guidance with respect to legislative and regulatory requirements; and
- (3) does not include any outdated guidance or guidance subject to change annually in an annual appropriations Act.

(b) CONSIDERATIONS.—In revising the regulation under subsection (a), the Under Secretary shall—

- (1) prioritize clarity and accessibility in the language and direction provided, including improvements to the coordination and approval process for recommended changes;
- (2) review and adopt modern financial practices that better align to current development and production cycles;
- (3) consider information technology solutions to improve the accessibility and usability of the Financial Management Regulation; and
- (4) in consultation with the Cross-Functional Team established under section 1006 consider the recommendations of the Commission on Planning, Programming, Budgeting, and Execution Reform.

(c) BRIEFING.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and once every 180 days thereafter during the three-year period following such date of enactment, the Under Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the efforts to revise the Financial Management Regulation. Each such briefing shall include each of the following:

- (1) The progress made in revising the Financial Management Regulation.
- (2) The plan and timeline for completing revisions to the Financial Management Regulation.
- (3) Any barriers to the ability of the Department of Defense to revising the Financial Management Regulation as required under this section.
- (4) Any legislation required to complete revisions of the Financial Management Regulation.
- (5) Any other information determined relevant by the Secretary.

SEC. 1006. ESTABLISHMENT OF CROSS-FUNCTIONAL TEAM TO OVERSEE IMPLEMENTATION OF RECOMMENDATIONS OF COMMISSION ON PLANNING, PROGRAMMING, BUDGETING, AND EXECUTION REFORM.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, using the authority provided under section 911(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 111 note), the Secretary of Defense shall establish and appropriately resource a cross-functional team to plan and oversee, in coordination with the congressional defense committees, the implementation of the recommendations of the Commission on Planning, Programming, Budgeting, and Execution Reform established by section 1004 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 1884).

(b) **REPORTING.**—The head of the cross-functional team required by subsection (a) shall be the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) and such team shall report directly to the Deputy Secretary of Defense.

(c) **PERSONNEL.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The cross-functional team required by subsection (a) shall include dedicated, appropriate personnel with relevant expertise.

(2) **DIRECTOR.**—There shall be a Director of the cross-functional team who shall be responsible for leading the daily activities of the cross-functional team. The Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) shall select either a member of the Senior Executive Service or a senior military officer to serve as the Director.

(3) **HIRING AUTHORITIES.**—In establishing the cross-functional team, the Secretary may—

(A) hire personnel on a temporary or term basis to support the activities of the cross-functional team; and

(B) enter into contracts or other agreements with subject-matter experts with relevant expertise to support the cross-functional team.

(4) **COMPENSATION.**—Basic pay for personnel on the cross-functional team may be administratively determined and set in accordance with section 3161(d) of title 5, United States Code.

(5) **INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN LIMITATION.**—An individual hired or selected for service under this subsection who is not assigned to perform functions in, or employed by, the Office of the Secretary of Defense (including performance of direct support activities of that Office and the Washington Headquarters Services of the Department of Defense) as of the date of the enactment of this Act is not subject to the limitations under section 143 of title 10, United States Code.

(d) **CONSULTATIONS WITH CONGRESS.**—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) shall—

(1) provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the proposed leadership, composition, and charter of the cross-functional team required by subsection (a); and

(2) seek feedback from the congressional defense committees on the recommendations of the Commission on Planning, Programming, Budgeting, and Execution Reform.

(e) **REPORTS.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter until the date that is three years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the efforts of the Department of Defense to implement the recommendations of the Commission.

(f) **TERMINATION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Except as provided by paragraph (2), this section and the cross-functional team required by subsection (a) shall terminate on December 31, 2029.

(2) **EARLY DISESTABLISHMENT OF TEAM.**—The Secretary may, on or after December 31, 2027, and before the termination date specified in paragraph (1), disestablish the cross-functional team required by subsection (a) if—

(A) the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) determines that the cross-functional team is no longer required for the implementation of the recommendations of the Commission on Planning, Programming, Budgeting, and Execution Reform; and

(B) the Secretary—

(i) notifies the congressional defense committees not later than 30 days before disestablishing the cross-functional team; and

(ii) includes in the notification the justification of the Secretary for the disestablishment of the cross-functional team.

SEC. 1007. USE OF TECHNOLOGY USING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TO FACILITATE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025.

(a) **USE OF AI TECHNOLOGY FOR AUDITS.**—The Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of the Air Force shall encourage, to the greatest extent practicable, the use of technology that uses artificial intelligence or machine learning for the purpose of facilitating audits of the financial statements of the Department of Defense.

(b) **IMPLEMENTATION OF AI TECHNOLOGY FOR AUDITS.**—The Director of the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Office of the Department, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering and the Inspector General of the Department, shall oversee the adoption of artificial intelligence and machine learning technologies in support of financial management and enterprise business operations.

Subtitle B—Counterdrug Activities

SEC. 1011. SUPPORT FOR COUNTERDRUG ACTIVITIES AFFECTING FLOW OF DRUGS INTO UNITED STATES.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall prescribe Department-wide guidance that

establishes support for counterdrug activities and programs affecting the flow of drugs into the United States as the principal foreign counterdrug program priority of the Department.

SEC. 1012. AUTHORITY FOR DETECTION AND MONITORING OF ILLEGAL DRUGS REGARDLESS OF DESTINATION.

In conducting detection and monitoring of illegal drugs under section 124 of title 10, United States Code, the Joint Interagency Task Force South may conduct detection and monitoring of vessels or aircraft transiting illegal drugs in the air and maritime domains within the established joint operating area of such task force regardless of the destination of the illegal drugs.

SEC. 1013. REVIEW, ASSESSMENT, AND ANALYSIS OF GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE AND STRATEGY OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE COUNTER-NARCOTICS AND COUNTER-TRANSNATIONAL ORGANIZED CRIME ACTIVITIES.

(a) AGREEMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into an agreement with a federally funded research and development center for the conduct of an independent review, assessment, and analysis of the governance structure and strategy of the counter-narcotics and counter-transnational organized crime activities of the Department of Defense.

(b) REPORT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The agreement described in subsection (a) shall provide that not later than one year after the date on which the Secretary of Defense and the federally funded research and development center enter into the agreement, the center shall provide to the Secretary a report on the findings of the review, assessment, and analysis.

(2) SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 30 days after receiving the report described in paragraph (1), the Secretary of Defense shall submit the report to the congressional defense committees and the congressional research agencies.

(3) ELEMENTS.—The report described in paragraph (1) shall include the following elements:

(A) An assessment of the authorities of the Department of Defense for counter-narcotics and counter-transnational organized crime activities.

(B) A description of the context for Department of Defense authorities for counter-narcotics and counter-transnational organized crime activities, including a review of all Federal authorities, by Department and agency, for counter-narcotics and counter-transnational organized crime activities and how those authorities align with the authorities of the Department of Defense.

(C) A gap analysis of the authorities described in subparagraphs (A) and (B).

(D) A description of the funding for the counter-narcotics and counter-transnational organized crime activities of the Department of Defense.

(E) A description of the strategic objectives and strategies for the counter-narcotics and counter-transnational organized crime activities of the Department of Defense.

(F) An assessment of whether the current strategy of the Department of Defense includes—

(i) command arrangement agreements to address existing and emerging narcotic substances of concern, including detection and monitoring of fentanyl, illicit fentanyl precursors, and fentanyl analogues;

(ii) descriptions of the responsibilities of each combatant command in its operating area;

(iii) a plan for improved coordination between geographic combatant commands to ensure clear understanding of roles and responsibilities in overlapping areas of responsibility;

(iv) a plan to continue and improve coordination with foreign partners regarding intelligence sharing and interdiction activities;

(v) standardized operating procedures for command and control of counter-narcotics within the Department;

(vi) measurable outcomes to assess progress for each of the counter-narcotics strategic objectives of the Department;

(vii) a description of any capability upgrades that would better enable the support of the interdiction of narcotics, including fentanyl, illicit fentanyl precursors, and fentanyl analogues, throughout the Department; and

(viii) a description of interaction between the Department of Defense and the Department of State to coordinate counter-narcotics efforts with foreign governments.

(G) Recommendations for improving the governance structure of the counter-narcotics and counter-transnational organized crime activities of the Department of Defense, including with respect to designating a lead component or agency within the Department of Defense.

(4) FORM.—The report described in paragraph (1)—

(A) shall be submitted under paragraph (2) in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex; and

(B) may be made available to the public.

(c) CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH AGENCIES DEFINED.—In this section, the term “congressional research agencies” means the following:

(1) The Congressional Research Service.

(2) The Congressional Budget Office.

(3) The Government Accountability Office.

Subtitle C—Naval Vessels and Shipyards

SEC. 1021. BRIEFING REQUIRED IN THE EVENT OF A PROPOSED REDUCTION IN BATTLE FORCE SHIPS AS PART OF THE ANNUAL NAVAL VESSEL CONSTRUCTION PLAN AND CERTIFICATION.

Section 231 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (g) as subsection (h); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (f) the following new subsection:

“(g) **REDUCTION IN BATTLE FORCE SHIPS.**—If the plan and certification under subsection (a) for a fiscal year include a proposed reduction in the number of battle force ships proposed to be procured during that fiscal year or during the any of the subsequent nine fiscal years, as compared to the number of such ships proposed in the plan and certification for the preceding fiscal year for that fiscal year and the subsequent nine fiscal years, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees, by not later than 15 days after the date of the submission of the plan and certification under subsection (a), a briefing that includes each of the following:

“(1) An identification of each specific ship for which funds are not requested in the budget for that fiscal year and an identification of any funds that were allocated to each such ship, for any prior fiscal year including funds for—

“(A) research, development, test, and evaluation;

“(B) advance procurement;

“(C) advanced construction; and

“(D) economic order quantity.

“(2) If a shipyard is identified in relation to a ship identified under paragraph (1), the projected change in workload at the shipyard as a result of the reduction of the ship.

“(3) The projected change in the estimated value of any major subcontracted components or sequence critical material as a result of the reduction of the ship.”.

SEC. 1022. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO PURCHASE USED VESSELS UNDER THE NATIONAL DEFENSE SEALIFT FUND.

Section 2218 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (f)(3)—

(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking “subsection (c)(1)(E)” and inserting “subsection (c)(1)(D)”; and

(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking “nine” and inserting “10”; and

(2) in subsection (i), by striking “subsection (c)(1)(E)” and inserting “subsection (c)(1)(D)”.

SEC. 1023. MODIFICATIONS TO SHIP REPAIR AUTHORITIES.

(a) **DEFINITION OF SHORT-TERM WORK FOR PURPOSES OF NAVY CONSTRUCTION OF COMBATANT AND ESCORT VESSELS AND ASSIGNMENT OF VESSEL PROJECTS.**—Section 8669a(c)(4) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “10 months” and inserting “12 months”.

(b) **STUDY ON PRICE DIFFERENTIALS USED IN NAVY SHIP REPAIR SOLICITATIONS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary of the Navy shall seek to enter into an agreement with a federally funded research and development center to conduct a study to assess whether relevant price differentials used by the Navy in ship repair solicitations accurately reflect the true market value of the activity undertaken to complete the repair work involved in the absence of any such differential.

(2) **ELEMENTS.**—The study under paragraph (1) shall address all relevant price differentials used by the Navy in ship repair solicitations, including—

(A) the use of Government-owned and operated dry docks;

(B) the use of inter-port differentials; and

(C) the use of pier differentials.

(3) **REPORTS.**—

(A) **FFRDC REPORT.**—The federally funded research and development center that conducts the study under paragraph (1) shall submit to the Secretary of the Navy a report on the results of the study.

(B) **SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS.**—Not later than September 30, 2025, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the congressional defense committees an unaltered copy of the report received by the Secretary under subparagraph (A) together with a separate statement of the views of the Secretary on the results of the study conducted under paragraph (1).

(c) **REPORT ON NAVY POLICY FOR SOLICITING COASTWIDE BIDS FOR CERTAIN REPAIR AVAILABILITIES.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than March 30, 2025, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the policy of the Navy for soliciting coastwide bids for repair availabilities longer than 10 months.

(2) **ELEMENTS.**—The report under paragraph (1) shall include an explanation and assessment of each of the following:

(A) The intent of the policy described in paragraph (1).

(B) The data the Navy uses to assess the efficacy of such policy.

(C) How the Navy estimates the cost of moving vessels out of their home port to complete the availability and the actual cost of moving vessels out of their home port to complete the availability.

(D) How the Navy estimates the financial, labor force, member of the Armed Forces and family well-being, berthing, and related costs associated with moving a vessel out of its home port to complete a repair availability longer than 10 months.

SEC. 1024. IMPROVING NAVY ASSESSMENTS REQUIRED PRIOR TO START OF CONSTRUCTION ON FIRST SHIP OF A SHIP-BUILDING PROGRAM.

Section 8669c of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “30 days” and inserting “15 days”;

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking “commencement” and inserting “the start”; and

(C) in paragraph (3)—

(i) by inserting “at least 95 percent of all” before “the basic”; and

(ii) by striking “of the vessel is complete” and inserting “drawing packages for the ship have reached final approval”;

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “, at a minimum, an assessment of”; and

(B) by striking paragraphs (1) through (6) and inserting the following new paragraphs:

“(1) An identification of the degree to which detail design and production design drawings and related documents have been completed in accordance with the shipbuilding contract.

“(2) An assessment of the readiness of the shipyard facilities and workforce to begin construction.

“(3) The Navy’s estimated delivery date and a description of any risks that could affect such delivery date.

“(4) An assessment of the extent to which adequate processes and metrics are in place to measure and manage program risks.

“(5) With respect to the first ship, a description of the plans of the Navy to oversee and document the construction of the ship to ensure that the detail design supports the construction schedule for the ship.

“(6) A definition of the term ‘start of construction’ that—

“(A) is applicable to the first ship; and

“(B) does not mean a point in time—

“(i) after the completion of 5 percent of lightship displacement; or

“(ii) after the advance procurement or advance construction of the ship.

“(7) An identification of any fabrication of the hull and superstructure of the ship that will occur before the date on which the Secretary submits the certifications required under paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a).

“(8) An identification of the extent of to which vendor- and government-furnished information supports the overall maturity and stability of the ship’s design, including information regarding—

“(A) whether vendor selection is complete for major distributive systems and key equipment supporting operational requirements;

“(B) whether specifications are finalized for major distributive systems and key equipment; and

“(C) the status of factory acceptance testing, as applicable, to validate finalized specifications for major distributive systems and key equipment through manufacturing.”; and

(3) in subsection (c)—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by inserting “, and when used with respect to manned surface and undersea combatants, means design through the completion of three-dimensional computer aided modeling” after “computer aided models”;

(ii) in subparagraph (A), by striking “fixes” and inserting “supports”; and

(iii) in subparagraph (C), by striking “routes major portions of all distributive systems of the vessel” and

inserting “positions and routes all major distributive systems of the ship”; and
(B) by striking paragraph (5).

SEC. 1025. PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTING WITH SHIPYARDS CONTROLLED BY A FOREIGN ADVERSARY COUNTRY.

Chapter 863 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 8679 the following new section:

“§ 8679a. Contracting with shipyards controlled by a foreign adversary country: prohibition

“The Secretary of Defense may not enter into any contract or other agreement with a shipyard determined by the Secretary of Defense to be under the ownership, control, or influence of a foreign adversary country (as defined in section 4872(d)(2) of title 10, United States Code).”.

SEC. 1026. EXCEPTION TO PROHIBITION OF OVERHAUL, REPAIR, OR MAINTENANCE OF CERTAIN VESSELS IN SHIPYARDS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES OR GUAM.

Section 8680(a)(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively;
- (2) by inserting “(A)” before “Notwithstanding”;
- (3) by inserting “and subject to subparagraph (B)” after “paragraph (1)”;
- (4) in clause (i), as so redesignated, by striking “or” at the end;
- (5) in clause (ii), as so redesignated, by striking the period and inserting “; or”;
- (6) by inserting after clause (ii), the following new clause:
“ (iii) corrective and preventive maintenance of a deployed naval vessel planned to last not more than 21 days.”; and
- (7) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph:

“(B) During any fiscal year, the cumulative work carried out under this paragraph for ships at any particular homeport may not exceed two percent of the average annual total workload of that homeport over the preceding three-year period, as measured in shipyard labor hours.”.

SEC. 1027. STRATEGY ON DEVELOPMENT OF NAVAL REARM AT SEA CAPABILITY.

(a) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Navy shall submit to the congressional defense committees a strategy for delivering a rearm at sea capability to the surface fleet of the United States Navy. Such strategy shall include each of the following:

- (1) A plan to develop, by not later than three years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the capability to employ rearming equipment to load missile canisters into MK 41 vertical launch system cells on Navy destroyers while operating at sea, including an identification of the current and planned investments of the Navy in technology development to achieve such capability, including the anticipated cost and schedule for such investments.

(2) A plan for the key milestone events and associated dates in the development of such capability.

(3) A plan to coordinate with allies of the United States that use variants of the United States manufactured MK 41 vertical launch system to jointly procure rearm at sea capabilities.

(4) An identification of any courses of action the Secretary is considering other than the plans referred to in paragraphs (1) through (2) to address the gap between the rearm at sea capabilities of the United States and the capabilities of other countries, including the use of uncrewed technologies.

(5) Such other matters as the Secretary determines appropriate.

(b) BRIEFING.— Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy shall provide to the congressional defense committees a written briefing on the development of the strategy required under (a).

SEC. 1028. AUTHORITY TO USE INCREMENTAL FUNDING FOR THE VIRGINIA-CLASS SUBMARINE PROGRAM.

(a) AUTHORITY TO USE INCREMENTAL FUNDING TO ENTER INTO A CONTRACT FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A VIRGINIA-CLASS SUBMARINE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for the Navy for Shipbuilding and Conversion for fiscal year 2025 may be used by the Secretary of the Navy to enter into an incrementally funded contract for the construction of a Virginia-class submarine.

(2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—A contract entered into under paragraph (1) shall provide that any obligation of the United States to make a payment under the contract is subject to the availability of appropriations for that purpose, and that total liability to the Government for the termination of the contract shall be limited to the total amount of funding obligated at time of termination.

(3) CONDITION FOR OUT-YEAR CONTRACT PAYMENTS.—A contract entered into under paragraph (1) shall provide that any obligation of the United States to make a payment under the contract for any fiscal year is subject to the availability of appropriations for that purpose for such fiscal year.

(4) LIMITATION ON TERMINATION LIABILITY.—A contract for the construction of Virginia class submarines entered into under paragraph (1) shall provide that the total liability to the Federal government for the termination of the contract shall be limited to the total amount of funding obligated to the contract as of the date of the termination.

(b) AUTHORITY TO USE INCREMENTAL FUNDING FOR LIMITED EFFORTS RELATED TO VIRGINIA-CLASS SUBMARINE PROGRAM.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the limitation under paragraph (2), the Secretary of the Navy may modify existing contracts to provide for incremental funding of Virginia-class submarines authorized to be procured under section 122 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112–239; 126 Stat. 1655), section 124 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91; 131 Stat. 1311) (as amended by section 129 of the John S.

McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232; 132 Stat 1665)), section 123 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 137 Stat 169), or otherwise appropriated in fiscal year 2024.

(2) LIMITATION.—The authority under paragraph (1) may only be used to provide for an increase in wages for the shipbuilder workforce or an increase in non-executive level salaries.

(3) CONDITION FOR OUT-YEAR CONTRACT PAYMENT.—A contract entered into under section 122 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112-239; 126 Stat. 1655) or section 124 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91; 131 Stat. 1311) (as amended by section 129 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232; 132 Stat 1665)) or modified under paragraph (1) shall provide that any obligation of the United States to make a payment under the contract for any fiscal year is subject to the availability of appropriations for that purpose for such subsequent fiscal year.

(4) LIMITATION ON TERMINATION LIABILITY.—A contract for the construction of Virginia class submarines entered into under section 122 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112-239; 126 Stat. 1655) or section 124 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91; 131 Stat. 1311) (as amended by section 129 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232; 132 Stat 1665)) or modified under paragraph (1) shall provide that the total liability to the Federal government for the termination of the contract shall be limited to the total amount of funding obligated to the contract as of the date of the termination.

SEC. 1029. AUTHORITY TO USE INCREMENTAL FUNDING TO ENTER INTO A CONTRACT FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF AN ARLEIGH BURKE CLASS DESTROYER.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for the Navy for Shipbuilding and Conversion for fiscal year 2025 may be used by the Secretary of the Navy to enter into an incrementally funded contract for the construction of an Arleigh Burke class destroyer.

(b) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—A contract entered into under subsection (a) shall provide that any obligation of the United States to make a payment under the contract is subject to the availability of appropriations for that purpose, and that total liability to the Government for the termination of the contract shall be limited to the total amount of funding obligated at time of termination.

SEC. 1030. PILOT PROGRAM ON USE OF AUTOMATED INSPECTION TECHNOLOGIES AT SHIPYARDS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Beginning not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy shall carry out a pilot program on the use of automated inspection technologies at shipyards.

(b) **SELECTION OF LOCATION.**—The Secretary shall select one shipyard at which to carry out the pilot program required under subsection (a) and shall take such steps as may be necessary to minimize the disruption to the operations of the shipyard during the conduct of the pilot program.

(c) **ELEMENTS.**—In carrying out the pilot program required under subsection (a), the Secretary shall—

(1) select at least one surface ship as a test platform to collect a comprehensive set of inspection criteria used for defining maintenance requirements;

(2) define requirements for the upgrade or overhaul of the information technology infrastructure at the shipyard to ensure compatibility with new technologies implemented under the pilot program;

(3) provide for the training of personnel on the operation and maintenance of the automated inspection technologies selected for use during the pilot program;

(4) designate an individual who shall be responsible for implementing and overseeing each phase of the pilot program; and

(5) recommend a strategic sequencing plan of the pilot program to ensure the execution of necessary information technology upgrades prior to the deployment of robotic systems.

(d) **REPORT AND BRIEFINGS.**—

(1) **REPORT.**—Not later than 180 days after the termination of the pilot program under subsection (e), the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the results of the pilot program.

(2) **BRIEFINGS.**—Upon completion of the sequencing plan required under subsection (c)(5), the Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the plan.

(e) **TERMINATION.**—The authority to carry out a pilot program under this section shall terminate on the date that is three years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1031. REQUIREMENTS FOR THE UNMANNED MARITIME AUTONOMY ARCHITECTURE.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy shall—

(1) provide a forum and resources to facilitate industry participation in the creation and management of a vendor-agnostic and platform-agnostic modular open systems architecture and associated standards for maritime unmanned systems;

(2) adopt or join a governance model for the standards described in paragraph (1) that includes Government and industry participation;

(3) implement a frequent or continuous process for incorporating industry feedback into the standards described in paragraph (1) and conforming those standards with leading industry practices;

(4) for each relevant Navy program or contract, tailor the standards described in paragraph (1) to the minimum standards necessary to enable desired operational capabilities for the program or contract; and

- (5) label and distribute the standards described in paragraph (1) as open, publicly releasable information, to the greatest extent possible.

SEC. 1032. COMPETITIVE DEMONSTRATION OF LARGE AND EXTRA LARGE UNMANNED UNDERWATER VEHICLES.

(a) **COMPETITIVE DEMONSTRATION REQUIRED.**—Not later than June 1, 2025, the Secretary of the Navy, in coordination with the Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command and in consultation with the Director of the Defense Innovation Unit, shall carry out a competitive demonstration of large and extra large unmanned underwater vehicle capabilities, including non-developmental items from commercial or foreign partner sources that leverage commercial solutions openings.

(b) **CRITERIA.**—In developing and evaluating the competitive demonstration required by subsection (a), the Secretary of the Navy shall consider the following:

- (1) The ability of large and extra large unmanned underwater vehicles to integrate with mission autonomy planning capability and joint command and control systems.
- (2) The ability of such vehicles to execute high-value missions in a contested environment.
- (3) Vehicle performance with respect to navigation, endurance, and concepts of employment.
- (4) The technical maturity, reliability, and maintainability of such vehicles.
- (5) Feedback from military users, especially with respect to user interface, mission functionality, ease of use and deployment, and command and control.
- (6) Initial assessments of the total cost to procure, operate, and sustain a persistent large and extra large unmanned underwater vehicle presence in support of the operational requirements of the United States Indo-Pacific Command.

(c) **USE OF FUNDS.**—The Secretary of the Navy may obligate and expend amounts made available for the Navy in fiscal year 2025 for research, development, test, and evaluation, and operation and maintenance to carry out the competitive demonstration required by subsection (a).

(d) **ASSESSMENTS REQUIRED.**—

(1) **SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than September 1, 2025, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the congressional defense committees the unaltered assessment of the Secretary of the competitive demonstration required by subsection (a).

(B) **ELEMENTS.**—The assessment required by subparagraph (A) may include recommendations for updating the funding and acquisition plans for the large and extra large unmanned underwater vehicle program.

(2) **COMMANDER OF UNITED STATES INDO-PACIFIC COMMAND.**—Not later than September 1, 2025, the Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command shall submit to the congressional defense committees the unaltered assessment of the Commander of the continued validity of the large and extra

large unmanned underwater vehicle requirements and any proposed new requirements.

(e) **LARGE AND EXTRA LARGE UNMANNED UNDERWATER VEHICLES DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “large and extra large unmanned underwater vehicles” means systems that—

(1) are capable of—

(A) operating while completely submerged in the sea; and

(B) supporting one or more missions with a modular payload integration; and

(2) have a range of at least 1,000 nautical miles.

SEC. 1033. REQUIREMENT FOR MATURE SHIP DESIGN.

The Secretary of the Navy shall take such actions as are necessary for the Navy to adopt recommendations 1, 3, 4, and 6 in the report of the Government Accountability Office titled, “Navy Shipbuilding: Increased Use of Leading Design Practices Could Improve Timeliness of Deliveries”, and dated May 2, 2024 (GAO–24–105503).

Subtitle D—Counterterrorism

SEC. 1041. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR TRANSFER OR RELEASE OF INDIVIDUALS DETAINED AT UNITED STATES NAVAL STATION, GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA, TO THE UNITED STATES.

Section 1033 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 1953), as most recently amended by section 1031 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 386), is further amended by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2025”.

SEC. 1042. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO CONSTRUCT OR MODIFY FACILITIES IN THE UNITED STATES TO HOUSE DETAINEES TRANSFERRED FROM UNITED STATES NAVAL STATION, GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA.

Section 1034(a) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 1954), as most recently amended by section 1032 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 387), is further amended by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2025”.

SEC. 1043. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR TRANSFER OR RELEASE OF INDIVIDUALS DETAINED AT UNITED STATES NAVAL STATION, GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA, TO CERTAIN COUNTRIES.

Section 1035 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 1954), as most recently amended by section 1033 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 387), is further amended by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2025”.

SEC. 1044. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO CLOSE OR RELINQUISH CONTROL OF UNITED STATES NAVAL STATION, GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA.

Section 1036 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91; 131 Stat. 1551), as most recently amended by section 1034 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 387), is further amended by striking “2024” and inserting “2025”.

Subtitle E—Miscellaneous Authorities and Limitations

SEC. 1051. AUTHORITY TO CONTRIBUTE TO INNOVATION FUND.

Subchapter II of chapter 138 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 2350s. Authority to contribute to innovation fund

“(a) **AUTHORITY TO CONTRIBUTE TO NATO INNOVATION FUND.**—Within amounts authorized by law for such purpose during the five-year period following the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, the Secretary of Defense may contribute to the NATO Innovation Fund a total amount of no more than \$200,000,000.

“(b) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘NATO’ means the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

“(2) The term ‘NATO Innovation Fund’ means the multi-sovereign, investment venture capital fund of NATO that provides secure investment in dual-use, high-impact technology.”.

SEC. 1052. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY FOR REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES FOR CERTAIN NAVY MESS OPERATIONS.

Section 1014 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4585), as most recently amended by section 1028 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 3388), is further amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by striking “September 30, 2025” and inserting “September 30, 2030”; and

(2) by striking subsection (c).

SEC. 1053. ASSESSMENTS OF CASUALTIES AND FATALITIES DURING HOSTILITIES.

In making assessments of casualties and fatalities during hostilities, the Department of Defense may not cite as authoritative in public communications, fatality figures that are derived by United States-designated terrorist organizations, governmental entities controlled by United States-designated terrorist organizations, or any sources that rely on figures provided by United States-designated terrorist organizations.

SEC. 1054. ESTABLISHMENT OF MAJOR MISHAP INCIDENT DESIGNATION CLASSIFICATION FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE INCIDENTS.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a new mishap designation classification for the most serious inci-

dents, to be known as “major mishap incidents”, to describe any incident that—

(1) results in not less than \$500,000,000 in damage or loss; and

(2) is of such complexity or sensitivity, or would have such an effect on the national security of the United States, as to warrant designation by the Secretary of Defense as a major mishap incident pursuant to regulations prescribed by the Secretary and that include the consideration of—

(A) the number of members of the Armed Forces who were killed due to the incident;

(B) the geographic dispersion of the incident;

(C) the grade of individuals involved;

(D) the number of Armed Forces and Government entities involved;

(E) the effect of the incident on the local civilian population;

(F) the effect of the incident on any foreign government or foreign personnel;

(G) the anticipated complexity or difficulty of the investigation of the incident;

(H) the effect of the incident on the capability of any major operational command or component to continue to function effectively; and

(I) such other matters as the Secretary determines appropriate.

(b) INVESTIGATIONS.—

(1) GRADE OF INVESTIGATING OFFICER.—The convening authority for any investigation of a major mishap incident shall appoint an investigating officer from among officers who hold a rank not lower than Major General in the Army, Air Force, or Marine Corps or Rear Admiral in the Navy to investigate all major mishap incidents—

(A) including any related administrative, disciplinary, or legal investigations; and

(B) excluding any criminal investigations conducted by a military criminal investigative organization.

(2) TIMELINE FOR INVESTIGATIONS.—The Secretary of Defense shall amend Department of Defense Instruction 6055.07 to set the goal that a full investigation of each major mishap incident be completed, to the extent practicable, not later than one year after the date on which the investigation is initiated.

(3) BRIEFING REQUIREMENT.—In the case of any investigation of a major mishap incident that is not completed within the timeline provided under paragraph (2), the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing every 90 days until the date of the completion of the investigation. Each such briefing shall include—

(A) an explanation for why the investigation has not been completed; and

(B) the projected date of the completion of the investigation.

(c) **ACCOUNTABILITY ACTIONS.**—If an investigation into a major mishap incident includes a recommendation to hold an individual accountable, the separation authority or convening authority, as appropriate, shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the status of the proceeding for the accountability action every 120 days beginning on the date of the completion of the investigation of the incident and ending on the date on which the proceeding is complete.

(d) **BRIEFING REQUIREMENT.**—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services for the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing on—

(1) the status of the implementation of the establishment of a major mishap incident designation, as required under subsection (a);

(2) any updates to statutes or Department of Defense Instructions that are needed to implement this section; and

(3) the projected timeline for the implementation of this section.

(e) **DEADLINE FOR IMPLEMENTATION.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall finalize the implementation of this section, including by updating any Department of Defense guidance and policy as necessary to carry out the requirements of this section.

SEC. 1055. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR ECOHEALTH ALLIANCE AND THE WUHAN INSTITUTE OF VIROLOGY.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2025 may be made available, directly or indirectly, to—

(1) EcoHealth Alliance, Inc.;

(2) any subsidiary of EcoHealth Alliance, Inc.;

(3) any organization directly controlled by EcoHealth Alliance, Inc.;

(4) any individual or organization that is a subgrantee or subcontractor of EcoHealth Alliance Inc; or

(5) the Wuhan Institute of Virology for any purpose.

SEC. 1056. PROHIBITION ON DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TRANSPORTATION OF CURRENCY TO TALIBAN OR ISLAMIC EMIRATE OF AFGHANISTAN.

None of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense may be obligated or expended to operate any aircraft of the Department of Defense to transport currency or other items of value to the Taliban, the Islamic Emirate of Afghanistan, or any subsidiary, agent, or instrumentality of either the Taliban or the Islamic Emirate of Afghanistan.

SEC. 1057. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR THE BADR ORGANIZATION AND RELATED ORGANIZATIONS.

None of the amounts authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2025 may be made available, directly or indirectly, to the Badr Organization, Asa'ib Ahl al-Haq, Kata'ib Hezbollah, or any organization that the Secretary of Defense determines to be an offshoot of any such organization.

SEC. 1058. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS PENDING PROVISION OF BRIEFING ON RELIANCE OF PEOPLE'S LIBERATION ARMY ON IMPORTED FOSSIL FUELS FOR ENERGY.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2025 for operation and maintenance, defense-wide, and available for the Office of the Secretary of Defense for travel expenses, not more than 85 percent may be obligated or expended until the Secretary of Defense provides to the congressional defense committees the briefing regarding the reliance of the People's Liberation Army on imported fossil fuels for energy, as directed by the joint explanatory statement of the committee of conference accompanying the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

SEC. 1059. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO SUPPORT ENTERTAINMENT PROJECTS WITH TIES TO THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for the Department of Defense may be used to knowingly provide active and direct support to any film, television, or other entertainment project if the Secretary of Defense has demonstrable evidence that the project has complied or is likely to comply with a demand from the Government of the People's Republic of China or the Chinese Communist Party, or an entity under the direction of the People's Republic of China or the Chinese Communist Party, to censor the content of the project in a material manner to advance the national interest of the People's Republic of China.

(b) **WAIVER.**—The Secretary of Defense may waive the prohibition under subsection (a) if the Secretary submits to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a written certification that such a waiver is in the national interest of the United States.

Subtitle F—Studies and Reports

SEC. 1061. CHIEF OF NAVY RESERVE ANNUAL REPORT.

Section 8083 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) **ANNUAL REPORT.**—The Chief of Navy Reserve shall submit to the Secretary of Defense, through the Secretary of the Navy, an annual report on the state of the Navy Reserve and the ability of the Navy Reserve to meet its missions. The report shall be prepared in conjunction with the Chief of Naval Operations and may be submitted in classified and unclassified versions.”.

SEC. 1062. MODIFICATION AND EXTENSION OF REQUIREMENT FOR COMBATANT COMMAND RISK ASSESSMENT FOR AIRBORNE INTELLIGENCE, SURVEILLANCE, AND RECONNAISSANCE.

Section 1061 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by inserting “, cancel,” after “retire”; and

(B) by inserting “, cancellation,” after “retirement”; and

(2) in subsection (d), by striking “the date that is five years after the date of the enactment of this Act” and inserting “December 31, 2032”.

SEC. 1063. EXTENSION OF BRIEFING REQUIREMENT REGARDING CIVIL AUTHORITIES AT THE SOUTHWEST BORDER.

Section 1070 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2791) is amended by striking “through December 31, 2024” and inserting “through December 31, 2025”.

SEC. 1064. EXTENSION OF ANNUAL REPORT ON CIVILIAN CASUALTIES IN CONNECTION WITH UNITED STATES MILITARY OPERATIONS.

Section 1057(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended by striking “the date that is seven years after the date of the enactment of this Act” and inserting “December 31, 2030”.

SEC. 1065. REVIEW OF IRREGULAR WARFARE AUTHORITIES.

(a) **REVIEW REQUIRED.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall conduct a review of authorities relevant to the conduct of irregular warfare activities by the Department of Defense and provide the results of such review to the congressional defense committees.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—At a minimum, the review required by subsection (a) shall include—

(1) an accounting of all authorities available to the Secretary of Defense for the conduct of irregular warfare activities;

(2) an assessment of the adequacy of policy guidance associated with the authorities identified under paragraph (1);

(3) an explanation of the process for considering irregular warfare concepts of operation submitted by the combatant commands for approval;

(4) a description of the process for coordinating and deconflicting Department of Defense irregular warfare activities with the heads of other relevant departments and agencies;

(5) planned actions to address any policy or process deficiencies identified as part of the required review;

(6) legislative or resourcing recommendations to more effectively enable Department of Defense irregular warfare activities; and

(7) any other matter determined relevant by the Secretary.

(c) **IRREGULAR WARFARE DEFINED.**—For the purpose of this section, the term “irregular warfare” means a form of warfare where states and non-state actors campaign to assure or coerce states or other groups through indirect, non-attributable, or asymmetric activities.

SEC. 1066. REPORTS ON APPROVAL AND DEPLOYMENT OF LETHAL AUTONOMOUS WEAPON SYSTEMS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than December 31, 2025, and annually thereafter until the termination date specified in subsection (d), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a comprehensive report on the approval and de-

ployment of lethal autonomous weapon systems by the United States.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—Each report under subsection (a) shall include, with respect to the period covered by the report, the following:

(1) A comprehensive list of any lethal autonomous weapon systems that have been approved by senior defense officials for use by the United States military under Department of Defense Directive 3000.09, or any successor document, and the dates of such approvals.

(2) A comprehensive list of any lethal autonomous weapon systems that have received a waiver of the requirement for review by senior defense officials under such directive, or any successor document, and the dates such waivers were issued.

(3) A comprehensive list of any lethal autonomous weapon systems that are undergoing review under such directive, or any successor document.

(4) A comprehensive list of any lethal autonomous weapon systems not approved during review under such directive, or any successor document.

(c) **PERIOD COVERED BY REPORTS.**—

(1) **INITIAL REPORT.**—The period covered by the first report submitted under subsection (a) shall be all relevant time periods, as determined by the Secretary, preceding the date of the report.

(2) **SUBSEQUENT REPORTS.**—For each subsequent report submitted under subsection (a), the period covered by the report shall be the period that elapsed since the date of the immediately preceding report.

(d) **TERMINATION.**—The requirement to submit a report under this section shall terminate on December 31, 2029.

(e) **FORM.**—Each report under subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 1067. CONGRESSIONAL NOTICE REGARDING EXECUTE ORDERS ISSUED AT THE DIRECTION OF THE PRESIDENT OR THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.

(a) **BRIEFINGS REQUIRED.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees semiannual briefings on execute orders issued at the direction of the President or the Secretary of Defense and related activities conducted by the Department of Defense until the termination date under paragraph (2).

(2) **TERMINATION DATE.**—The requirement to provide briefings under this subsection shall terminate on the date that is five years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) **BRIEFING ELEMENTS.**—Each briefing under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) An overview of each extant execute order issued at the direction of the President or the Secretary of Defense.

(2) An update on activity within each combatant command that is conducted pursuant to an execute order issued at the direction of the President or the Secretary of Defense.

(3) A review of the legal issues, authorities, and governance mechanisms (including such legal issues, authorities, and gov-

ernance mechanisms concerning the use of force) that are associated with each execute order described in paragraph (1) and the activities described in paragraph (2).

(4) Any other matters the Secretary considers appropriate.

(c) DISCLOSURE AND NOTICE REQUIREMENTS.—

(1) INITIAL NOTICE.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees a copy of each extant execute order issued at the direction of the President or the Secretary of Defense.

(2) NOTICE OF ISSUANCE OR REVISION.—Not later than 15 days after the issuance or revision of any execute order issued at the direction of the President or the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees a copy of the new or revised execute order.

(3) NOTICE OF TERMINATIONS.—Not later than 15 days after the date on which any execute order that was issued at the direction of the President or the Secretary of Defense is terminated or rescinded, the Secretary of Defense shall notify the congressional defense committees in writing of the termination or rescission of the execute order.

SEC. 1068. MOBILITY CAPABILITY REQUIREMENTS STUDY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commander of the United States Transportation Command, in coordination with the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Secretaries of the military departments, and the commanders of the combatant commands, shall conduct a study of the end-to-end, full-spectrum mobility requirements to fulfill the national defense strategy required by section 113(g) of title 10, United States Code, for 2022.

(b) ELEMENTS OF STUDY.—The study required under subsection (a) shall include each of the following:

(1) An assessment of the ability of the programmed airlift aircraft, tanker aircraft, sealift ships, fuel tanker vessels, patient movement forces, and key mobility enablers to meet the integrated strategic and theater mobility requirements in expected strategic environments, as defined by the guidance in such national defense strategy.

(2) An identification, quantification, and description of the associated risk-to-mission (as defined by Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Manual 3105.01, Joint Risk Analysis) required to fulfill such strategy, including—

(A) an assessment of risk-to-mission associated with achieving strategic and operational objectives using the programmed airlift aircraft, tanker aircraft, sealift ships, fuel tanker vessels, patient movement forces, and key mobility enablers; and

(B) a description of the combinations of airlift aircraft, tanker aircraft, sealift ships, fuel tanker vessels, patient movement forces, and key mobility enabler requirements and capabilities that provide low, moderate, significant, and high levels of risk-to-mission to fulfill such strategy; and

- (C) an evaluation of non-mobilized mobility forces to sustain daily competition activities and achieve necessary readiness to fulfill the national defense strategy.
 - (3) An identification of any mobility capability gaps, shortfalls, overlaps, or excesses, including—
 - (A) an assessment of associated risks with respect to the ability to conduct operations; and
 - (B) recommended mitigation strategies where possible.
 - (4) The articulation of all key assumptions and decisions made and excursions examined in conducting the study with respect to—
 - (A) risk;
 - (B) programmed forces and infrastructure;
 - (C) the availability of commercial airlift and commercial United States sealift and fuel tanker vessel capabilities and resources, when applicable;
 - (D) aircraft usage rates, aircraft mission availability rates, aircraft mission capability rates, aircrew ratios, aircrew production, and aircrew readiness rates;
 - (E) readiness, crewing, and activation rates for sealift ships and fuel tanker vessels;
 - (F) prepositioning, forward stationing, seabasing, engineering, and infrastructure;
 - (G) demand signals used to represent missions described in the national defense strategy for 2022, in competition and wartime;
 - (H) concurrency and global integration of demand signals;
 - (I) integrated global presence and basing strategy;
 - (J) host nation or third-country support;
 - (K) adversary actions to degrade and disrupt United States mobility operations;
 - (L) adversary actions that threaten freedom of navigation on international waterways, including attacks on foreign ships and crews;
 - (M) aircraft being used for training or undergoing depot maintenance or modernization or ships undergoing depot maintenance;
 - (N) patient movement and mobility enabling forces availability, readiness, and use;
 - (O) logistics concept of operations, including any maneuver and sustainment support concepts, methods, combat support forces, and combat service support forces, that are required to enable the projection and enduring support to forces both deployed and in combat for each analytic scenario;
 - (P) anticipated attrition rates for the assessed force structure; and
 - (Q) such other matters as the Commander determines appropriate.
 - (5) Such other elements as the Commander determines appropriate.
- (c) REPORTS AND BRIEFINGS.—

(1) **INTERIM BRIEFING.**—Not later than six months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commander of the United States Transportation Command shall provide to the congressional defense committees an interim briefing on the study required under subsection (a).

(2) **FINAL REPORT AND BRIEFING.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commander of the United States Transportation Command, in coordination with the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Secretaries of the military departments, and the commanders of the combatant commands, shall—

(A) submit to the congressional defense committees a final report on the study required under subsection (a); and

(B) provide to such committees a briefing on the report.

(3) **FORM OF REPORTS.**—The report required under paragraph (2) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(d) **DEFINITION OF SEALIFT SHIP.**—In this section, the term “sea-lift ship” includes—

(1) theater and strategic platforms; and

(2) surge sealift vessels and non-governmental vessels incorporated as part of the maritime logistics enterprise.

SEC. 1069. BIODEFENSE POSTURE REVIEWS.

(a) **STRATEGY AND IMPLEMENTATION PLAN REQUIRED.**—Not later than December 31, 2026, and December 31, 2029, the Secretary of Defense shall conduct a comprehensive examination of the biodefense policies, practices, programs, and initiatives of the Department of Defense.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—Each review conducted under subsection (a) shall include each of the following:

(1) An inventory and assessment of all existing strategies, plans, policies, laws, and interagency agreements of the Department of Defense related to biodefense, including prevention, deterrence, preparedness, detection, response, attribution, recovery, and mitigation.

(2) An identification of relevant biological threats, including biological warfare, bioterrorism, naturally occurring infectious diseases, and accidental exposures.

(3) An identification of the current programs, efforts, or activities of the Department of Defense with respect to—

(A) preventing the acquisition, proliferation, and use of a biological weapon;

(B) preventing an accidental or naturally occurring biological outbreak; and

(C) mitigating the effects of a biological epidemic.

(4) An identification of the roles and responsibilities of the elements of the Department of Defense, including internal and external coordination procedures, in identifying and sharing information related to, warning of, and regarding protection against, acts of terrorism using biological agents and weapons and accidental or naturally occurring biological outbreaks.

(5) An identification of methods in use by the Department to address biological attacks with emerging artificial intelligence and cyber capabilities.

(6) An identification of related or required capabilities and activities required to support the national biodefense strategy.

(7) Recommendations for strengthening and improving the current biodefense capabilities, authorities, and command structures of the Department.

(8) Recommendations for improving and formalizing inter-agency coordination and support mechanisms with respect to providing a robust national biodefense.

(9) Any other matters the Secretary of Defense determines necessary.

(c) SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the completion of a review under subsection (a), the Secretary shall—

(A) provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the review; and

(B) submit to the congressional defense committees a copy of the review.

(2) FORM OF REVIEW.—Each review submitted under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 1070. BRIEFINGS ON ATTEMPTS BY ALIENS AND FOREIGN ACTORS TO ACCESS MILITARY INSTALLATIONS WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION.

(a) INITIAL BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing that includes, with respect to the five-year period preceding the date of the briefing, the following:

(1) The number of instances in which an alien or a foreign actor—

(A) attempted to enter a military installation or facility or real property of the Department of Defense located in the United States without authorization by proceeding, in the direction of the installation, facility, or real property, past the first point of the access control process, and other than as directed by security personnel as part of a controlled turnaround; or

(B) gained entry to such an installation, facility, or real property.

(2) For each instance identified under paragraph (1)—

(A) a summary of the entry or attempted entry of the installation, facility, or real property;

(B) an identification of the alien or foreign actor who entered or attempted to enter the installation, facility, or real property; and

(C) with respect to each individual identified under subparagraph (B)—

(i) the immigration status of the individual (if any);

(ii) the country of origin of the individual;

(iii) the method by which the individual entered the United States and the date of entry;

- (iv) the intent of the individual when entering or attempting to enter the installation, facility, or real property, including whether the individual was armed;
- (v) any criminal background of the individual; and
- (vi) such other information obtained during the Department of Defense investigation that the Secretary of Defense determines appropriate.

(b) **ANNUAL BRIEFINGS.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the briefing required under subsection (a), and annually thereafter until 2027, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing that includes, with respect to the one-year period preceding the date of the briefing, the information referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a).

(c) **DEFINITION OF ALIEN.**—In this section, the term “alien” has the meaning given that term in section 101(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(3)).

SEC. 1071. REPORT ON RESOURCING OF ARCTIC STRATEGY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—For each of fiscal years 2026 through 2028, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees and the congressional research agencies a report that includes cost data, for that fiscal year and the period covered by the future-years defense program under section 221 of title 10, United States Code, for the Arctic Strategy of the Department of Defense.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—Each report required by subsection (a) shall include, for the fiscal year covered by the report, an assessment of the resourcing and military construction requirements to implement the Arctic Strategy from funds requested for—

- (1) the Department of the Navy;
- (2) the Department of the Army;
- (3) the United States Northern Command;
- (4) the United States Special Operations Command; and
- (5) such other components of the Department of Defense that the Secretary determines are appropriate;

(c) **SUBMISSION.**—The Secretary shall submit the report required by subsection (a) to the congressional defense committees and the congressional research agencies—

- (1) for fiscal year 2026, not later than May 1, 2025; and
- (2) for fiscal year 2027 and fiscal year 2028, with the materials submitted to Congress by the Secretary of Defense in support of the budget of the President for that fiscal year (as submitted under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code).

(d) **FORM.**—Each report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in—

- (1) an unclassified form that may be made available to the public; and
- (2) an unclassified form that may include a classified annex.

(e) **LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH AGENCY DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “legislative research agency” includes the following:

- (1) The Congressional Research Service.
- (2) The Congressional Budget Office.
- (3) The Government Accountability Office.

SEC. 1072. ANALYSES AND REPORTS ON AIR SUPERIORITY OF THE JOINT FORCE.

(a) ANALYSES AND REPORTS REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall—

(1) each separately conduct an analysis to determine how air superiority will be secured for the Joint Force in the 2030s and the 2040s; and

(2) not later than October 15, 2025, each submit to the congressional defense committees a separate report containing the results of such analysis.

(b) REPORT ELEMENTS.—Each report required under subsection (a)(2) shall include the following:

(1) An analysis of the expected capabilities, limitations, operational dependencies, technical maturity, relevant timelines, susceptibility to countermeasures of adversaries, and costs of the following:

(A) FA–XX.

(B) The Penetrating Counter Air platform (PCA).

(C) The Collaborative Combat Aircraft (CCA).

(D) Planned fighter modernization efforts.

(E) Space-based capabilities.

(F) Ground-based capabilities.

(G) Any other capabilities the Secretary of Defense considers relevant to air superiority.

(2) A summary of tactical- and campaign-level modeling and analysis that determines the individual effectiveness and impacts of each of the capabilities described in subparagraphs (A) through (G) of paragraph (1) on the ability of the Joint Force to secure air superiority in the 2030s and the 2040s.

(3) An evaluation of the effectiveness and risks of different potential force structures for achieving air superiority in the 2030s and the 2040s, including an assessment of the impacts of stand-in and stand-off force ratios on campaign success.

(4) A description of the impact of the force structures evaluated under paragraph (3) on—

(A) deterrence; and

(B) annual sustainment and operations costs.

(5) The number of fighter aircraft required by the Department of Defense to fulfill the national defense strategy and the number of such aircraft expected to be required in the 2030s and the 2040s to meet the changing threat environment.

(6) The programmed fighter force structure from 2030 through 2045, including a breakdown of the quantity and average age of each type of fighter aircraft in each military service.

(7) The Secretary's and Chairman's estimate of fiscal and personnel resources required to meet air superiority requirements of the Joint Force.

(c) REQUIREMENTS FOR MODELING AND ANALYSIS.—Modeling and analysis conducted pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b) shall be based on projections of—

(1) the most-likely capabilities and force structure for friendly and adversary forces expected in the 2030s and the 2040s; and

(2) the most-challenging capabilities and force structure expected of such forces in such timeframe, which shall include consideration of fielding delays associated with friendly force capabilities beyond projected timelines, fielding of threat adversary capabilities sooner than projected timelines, and a highly contested electromagnetic spectrum.

(d) NONDELEGATION.—The Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff may not delegate responsibility for the analyses and reports under subsection (a) to any of the Armed Forces.

SEC. 1073. EXERCISE FOR COUNTERING UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 1, 2025, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Commander of the United States Northern Command, shall execute a large-scale exercise in the special use airspace of the Department of Defense to test the ability of the Department to respond to a variety of threats to installations of the Department from unmanned aerial systems.

(b) ELEMENTS.—The exercise required under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) The participation of not fewer than three commanders of installations of the Department.

(2) A mix of high-end non-emitting threats and low-end commercially available unmanned aerial systems.

(3) Installations with a range of capabilities and equipment relating to countering unmanned aerial systems.

(4) No-notice simulations.

(5) Rules of engagement that reflect the strategy of the Department for executing existing authorities for countering unmanned aerial systems.

(6) The participation of other relevant Federal agencies, as determined appropriate by the Secretary.

(c) BRIEFING.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the outcomes and lessons learned from the exercise required under subsection (a).

SEC. 1074. REPORT ON OPERATIONAL PLANS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) ASSESSMENTS AND REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than September 30, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) complete an assessment of the operational plans of the Department of Defense, including the doctrine, organization, training, materiel, leadership and education, personnel, facilities, and policy required to execute such plans;

(2) complete an assessment of the process of the Department for assessing and mitigating risk in the event of multiple concurrent contingencies or protracted conflicts; and

(3) submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes the results of such assessments.

(b) ELEMENTS.—The assessments and report required by paragraph (1) shall—

(1) incorporate the planning assumptions of simultaneous conflicts in three or more theaters;

- (2) incorporate the planning assumptions of protracted conflicts of six months, 12 months, and 24 months;
- (3) outline any gaps or shortfalls in the requirements to execute the assessed operational plans; and
- (4) contain recommendations on preventative actions that the Department of Defense could take to prepare for the execution of operational plans and to mitigate risk in associated scenarios.

SEC. 1075. QUARTERLY REPORTS ON FUNERALS AT ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY ON HOLD UNTIL CAISSON SERVICES RESUME.

(a) **REPORTS REQUIRED.**—Not later than 30 days after the last day of each fiscal quarter until the termination date specified in subsection (b), the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes—

- (1) the total the number of funerals—
 - (A) for which caisson services at Arlington National Cemetery were requested after the date on which such services were suspended; and
 - (B) that have been delayed until the resumption of such services; and
- (2) in the case of each report after the first report, the number of funerals for which such services were requested during the quarter covered by the report.

(b) **TERMINATION DATE.**—The termination date specified in this subsection is the earlier of the following dates:

- (1) The date on which caisson services resume at Arlington National Cemetery.
- (2) The date that is three years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1076. PLAN FOR ENHANCEMENT OF SPECIAL OPERATIONS RIVERINE CAPABILITY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low-Intensity Conflict and the Commander of the United States Special Operations Command shall jointly submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for the sustainment and enhancement of a special operations riverine capability within the United States Special Operations Command through fiscal year 2035.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The plan required under subsection (a) shall include each of the following:

- (1) An articulation of the potential value of special operations riverine capabilities to accomplishing the objectives of the national defense strategy, as required under section 113(g) of title 10, United States Code.
- (2) An identification of manpower requirements and sourcing.
- (3) A plan for the sustainment, recapitalization, and modernization of Special Operations Craft-Riverine maritime craft.
- (4) An assessment of the advisability and feasibility of developing a future riverine maritime craft.
- (5) An identification of infrastructure and training range requirements and opportunities for improvements.

(6) Any other matters the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low-Intensity Conflict and the Commander of United States Special Operations Command determine relevant.

SEC. 1077. ANNUAL REPORTS ON THE POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION COMPLAINT SYSTEM.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter through 2029, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the Postsecondary Education Complaint System (referred to in this section as the “System”).

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The annual reports required under subsection (a) shall include the following elements:

(1) A qualitative description of the status of the System in the year covered by the report.

(2) A qualitative description of the efforts made by the Department of Defense that year to increase awareness and usage of the System among those who are eligible to file complaints through the System.

(3) The total number of complaints filed through the System that year and the status of those complaints, such as closed or active.

(4) The number of complaints that year broken down by—

(A) the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and Space Force, respectively;

(B) issue; and

(C) educational institution sector, including private for-profit, private non-profit, and public.

(5) A ranking of the top five issues raised by students that year.

(6) The number of institutions with two or more complaints that year, the names of those institutions, the number of participants at each of those institutions, and the number of complaints for each of those institutions.

(7) The number of views and visitors of the System website that year.

(8) A discussion of how the elements described in paragraphs (1) through (7) for that year compare to the those elements in previous years.

SEC. 1078. STUDY AND REPORT ON DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE USE OF UNMANNED GROUND VEHICLE SYSTEMS MANUFACTURED BY CERTAIN FOREIGN ENTITIES.

(a) **STUDY ON DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE USE OF CERTAIN UNMANNED GROUND VEHICLE SYSTEMS.**—

(1) **STUDY.**—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study on the use by the Department of Defense of covered unmanned ground vehicle systems manufactured by covered foreign entities.

(2) **REPORT.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the study required under paragraph (1). Such report shall include each of the following:

- (A) An assessment of the extent to which covered unmanned ground vehicle systems manufactured by covered foreign entities are used by the Department, including a list of all such covered unmanned ground vehicle systems.
 - (B) An assessment of the national security threats associated with using covered unmanned ground vehicle systems in applications of the Department, including with respect to—
 - (i) cybersecurity;
 - (ii) technological maturity of the systems; and
 - (iii) technological vulnerabilities in the systems that may be exploited by foreign adversaries of the United States.
 - (C) A description of any actions taken by the Department to identify covered foreign entities that—
 - (i) develop or manufacture covered unmanned ground vehicle systems; and
 - (ii) have a military-civil nexus on the list maintained by the Department under section 1260H(b) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 113 note).
 - (D) An assessment of the feasibility and advisability of directing the Defense Innovation Unit, or another entity in the Department of Defense, to develop a list of United States manufacturers of covered unmanned ground vehicle systems.
 - (E) A recommendation on whether a prohibition on the procurement and operation of covered unmanned ground vehicle systems is in the best interest of the national security of the United States.
 - (F) The findings and recommendations of the Secretary with respect to the matters covered by the study and report.
- (b) PROHIBITION ON PROCUREMENT AND OPERATION BY DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (3), and except as provided in paragraph (2), beginning on the date that is one year after the date of the submission of the report required under subsection (a)(2), the Secretary of Defense may not procure or operate any covered unmanned ground vehicle system that is manufactured by a covered foreign entity.
 - (2) EXCEPTION FOR NATIONAL SECURITY.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to the procurement or operation of a covered unmanned ground vehicle system that is manufactured by a covered foreign entity if the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of a military department determines that the procurement or operation of such system is in the national interest of the United States.
 - (3) APPLICABILITY.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply unless the Secretary of Defense includes in the report required under paragraph (2) of subsection (a) a recommendation pursuant to subparagraph (E) of that paragraph that a prohibition on the procurement and operation of covered unmanned ground vehi-

cle systems is in the best interest of the national security of the United States.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “covered foreign country” means any of the following:

- (A) The People’s Republic of China.
- (B) The Russian Federation.
- (C) The Islamic Republic of Iran.
- (D) The Democratic People’s Republic of Korea.

(2) The term “covered foreign entity” means an entity that is domiciled in a covered foreign country or subject to influence or control by the government of a covered foreign country, as determined by the Secretary of Defense.

(3) The term “covered unmanned ground vehicle system”—

(A) means a mechanical device that—

(i) is capable of locomotion, navigation, or movement on the ground; and

(ii) operates at a distance from one or more operators or supervisors based on commands or in response to sensor data, or through any combination thereof; and

(B) includes—

(i) remote surveillance vehicles, autonomous patrol technologies, mobile robotics, and humanoid robots; and

(ii) the vehicle, its payload, and any external device used to control the vehicle.

Subtitle G—Other Matters

SEC. 1081. INTRODUCTION OF ENTITIES IN TRANSACTIONS CRITICAL TO NATIONAL SECURITY.

Section 1047 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended by striking “may facilitate the introduction” and inserting “shall facilitate the introduction”.

SEC. 1082. INSTALLATION ENERGY PLANS AND ASSESSMENT FOR REDUCTION OF RELIANCE ON RUSSIAN ENERGY.

Section 1086 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–283; 10 U.S.C. 2911 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (c), by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) SUBMITTAL OF PLANS.—

“(A) MAIN OPERATING BASES; FEASIBILITY ASSESSMENT.—

Not later than December 23, 2023, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees—

“(i) an installation energy plan for each main operating base on the list submitted under paragraph (1)(A); and

“(ii) an assessment of the feasibility of reaching the goal for the elimination of the use of Russian energy pursuant to subsection (b) on that base, including—

“(I) a description of the steps that would be required to meet such goal; and

“(II) an analysis of the effects such steps would have on the national security of the United States.

“(B) US EUROPEAN COMMAND OPERATING BASES.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees an installation energy plan for each operating base within the area of responsibility of the United States European Command.”;

(2) in subsection (d), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “a main” and inserting “an”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new subsections:

“(h) LIMITATION.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the Office of the Secretary of Defense for travel, not more than 75 percent may be obligated or expended until the submission of the installation energy plans and assessment required under subsection (c)(2)(A).

“(i) DEFINITION OF OPERATING BASE.—In this section, the term ‘operating base’ has the meaning of that term as used in the most recently submitted Global Defense Posture Report, as required to be submitted under section 113(g)(4)(A)(iii) of title 10, United States Code.”.

SEC. 1083. EXTENSION OF THE NATIONAL COMMISSION ON THE FUTURE OF THE NAVY.

Section 1092(a)(4) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2809) is amended by striking “Not later than July 1, 2024” and inserting “Not later than January 15, 2026”.

SEC. 1084. MODIFICATION OF NATIONAL SECURITY COMMISSION ON EMERGING BIOTECHNOLOGY.

Section 1091 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 1929) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by striking paragraph (3) and redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (3);

(2) in subsection (g)(1), by inserting “and 6 months” after “3 years”; and

(3) in subsection (r), by striking “18 months after the date on which it submits the final report required by subsection (g)” and inserting “on December 31, 2026”.

SEC. 1085. MODIFICATION OF DEFENSE SENSITIVE SUPPORT NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.

Section 1055 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “paragraph (3)” and inserting “paragraphs (3) and (4)”;

(B) by redesignating paragraphs (3) through (5) as paragraphs (4) through (6), respectively;

(C) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:

“(3) ROUTINE DEFENSE SENSITIVE SUPPORT.—In the event that the provision of defense sensitive support is routine defense sensitive support, the Secretary shall provide notification under paragraph (1) on a quarterly basis after providing the support.”; and

(D) in paragraph (5), as so redesignated, by striking “paragraphs (1) and (3)” and inserting “paragraphs (1), (3), and (4)”; and

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking “DEFENSE SENSITIVE SUPPORT DEFINED” and inserting “DEFINITIONS”;

(B) by striking “, the term ‘defense sensitive support’ means support provided by the Department of Defense to a non-Department of Defense Federal department or agency that requires special protection from disclosure.” and inserting a colon; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:

“(1) The term ‘defense sensitive support’ means support provided by the Department of Defense to a non-Department of Defense Federal department or agency that requires special protection from disclosure.

“(2) The term ‘routine defense sensitive support’ has the meaning given such term elsewhere in the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025.”.

SEC. 1086. PLAN FOR ADDITIONAL SKILL IDENTIFIERS FOR ARMY MOUNTAIN WARFARE SCHOOL.

(a) **PLAN REQUIRED.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army shall develop and implement a plan to establish, with regards to courses at the Army Mountain Warfare School, each of the following:

(1) Additional skill identifiers for—

(A) enlisted members who complete the—

(i) Advanced Military Mountaineer Course (Summer);

(ii) Advanced Military Mountaineer Course (Winter);

(iii) Rough Terrain Evacuation Course; or

(iv) Mountain Rifleman Course;

(B) warrant officers who complete the Basic Military Mountaineer Course; and

(C) enlisted members and warrant officers who complete the Mountain Planner Course.

(2) New skill identifiers for commissioned officers who complete the Basic Military Mountaineer Course or the Mountain Planner Course.

(b) **BRIEFING ON PLAN.**—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary completes the plan under subsection (a), the Secretary shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the plan and the implementation of the plan.

SEC. 1087. ESTABLISHMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE WORKING GROUP ON MULTILATERAL ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE COORDINATION.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a working group, or designated a working group of a similar nature, to develop and coordinate artificial intelligence initiatives among the allies and partners of the United States.

(b) **ORGANIZATION.**—

(1) **DESIGNATION OF HEAD.**—The Secretary shall designate a senior civilian officer of the Department of Defense or senior military officer with experience leading relevant efforts, as determined by the Secretary, to serve as the head of the working group.

(2) **PARTICIPATION BY OTHER MEMBER COUNTRIES.**—The Secretary shall establish a process to determine which allies and partners of the United States shall be asked to participate as member countries in the working group.

(c) **RESPONSIBILITIES.**—The responsibilities of the working group shall be to develop and coordinate efforts to implement an artificial intelligence initiative between the Department of Defense and allies and partners of the United States, including by—

(1) comparing tools and practices for artificial intelligence systems for covered operational uses by member countries;

(2) identifying (including by experimenting, testing, and evaluating) potential solutions to advance and accelerate the interoperability of artificial intelligence systems used for intelligence sharing, battlespace awareness, and other covered operational uses;

(3) developing a shared strategy for the research, development, test, evaluation, and employment of artificial intelligence systems for covered operational uses carried out jointly by the member countries;

(4) managing data for artificial intelligence systems, including multi-level security of training and operational data used by such systems;

(5) testing and evaluating the capabilities of the defense industrial base of the member countries to incorporate artificial intelligence systems into systems used for covered operational uses;

(6) expanding innovation efforts by the member countries and share among such countries best practices for the accelerated procurement and adoption of artificial intelligence technologies for covered operational uses;

(7) carrying out such other activities as the Secretary determines to be relevant to such responsibilities.

(d) **CONTROL OF KNOWLEDGE AND TECHNICAL DATA.**—The Secretary shall seek to ensure that any knowledge or technical data produced by a member country under any cooperative project carried out by the working group shall be controlled by that country under the export control laws and regulations of that country and shall not be subject to the jurisdiction or control of any other member country.

(e) **TERMINATION.**—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the working group shall terminate on September 30, 2028.

(2) AUTHORITY TO EXTEND.—The Secretary may extend the termination date under paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines such extension to be in the national security interests of the United States.

(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “battlespace awareness” has the meaning given that term in the Joint Publication 1–02 of the Department of Defense, titled “Department of Defense Dictionary of Military and Associated Terms”, or successor publication.

(2) The term “covered operational use” means use by a government for operations in a defense context.

(3) The term “member country” means a member country of the working group.

SEC. 1088. RESUMPTION OF CAISSON SERVICES AT FUNERAL SERVICES AT ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of the Army shall conduct at least 20 funeral services with caisson services each week at Arlington National Cemetery beginning on the date on which the Secretary of the Army determines that—

(1) the renovations of the historic stables in buildings 233 and 236 at Joint Base Meyer-Henderson Hall are complete; and

(2) the caisson herd is fully constituted, trained, and certified.

(b) OPTION FOR LIMITED SERVICES.—The Secretary of the Army may elect to resume limited caisson services at Arlington National Cemetery before the requirements of subsection (a) have been met if the Secretary—

(1) determines that the health of the caisson herd and the sustainability of caisson services can be maintained without disruption; and

(2) consults with the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives before resuming such limited services.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, with respect to the caisson herd:

(1) The term “fully constituted” means that such herd is comprised of at least—

(A) four caisson squads of eleven horses in each;

(B) 14 caparison horses; and

(C) four outreach horses.

(2) The term “trained” means that each caisson squad within such herd has completed the specialized training determined necessary by the Commander of the Military District of Washington to resume caisson support for funeral services.

(3) The term “certified” means that the Commander of the Military District of Washington, in consultation with equine and veterinary experts, has confirmed to the Secretary of the Army that each caisson squad within such herd has met the training, health, and fitness requirements determined appropriate by the Secretary.

SEC. 1089. LIAISON WITH COUNTER UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS TASK FORCE.

(a) **LIAISON REQUIRED.**—The Director of the All-Domain Anomaly Resolution Office of the Department of Defense shall designate one or more employees of the Office to act as a liaison with the Counter Unmanned Aerial Systems Task Force established under section 925 to improve coordination of efforts and support enabling capabilities of mutual benefit.

(b) **RESPONSIBILITIES.**—An individual designated as a liaison under subsection (a) shall have the following responsibilities:

(1) Conducting information sharing between the Office and the Task Force on identified or suspected Unmanned Aerial Systems events, including incident reporting, incident responses, and data on technical characterization of the known or suspected threats.

(2) Coordinating the development of technical capabilities for sensing and response to threats.

(3) Developing coordinated tactics, techniques, and procedures for incident response.

SEC. 1090. RESPONDING TO UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS INCURSIONS.

(a) **DEVELOPMENT OF STRATEGY OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FOR COUNTERING THREATS FROM UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY.**—The Secretary of Defense shall develop a strategy for countering unmanned aircraft systems (hereinafter in this section referred to as “UAS”) technology and the threats such technology poses to facilities, personnel, and assets of the Department of Defense in the United States.

(b) **ASSESSMENT OF COUNTER UAS TECHNOLOGY.**—

(1) **ASSESSMENT.**—The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Attorney General, the Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Director of National Intelligence, shall conduct an assessment of—

(A) countering UAS technology;

(B) the threats such technology poses to facilities, personnel, and assets of the Department of Defense in the United States; and

(C) the existing counter UAS enterprise of the Department.

(2) **REPORT.**—Not later than June 1, 2025, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the assessment conducted under paragraph (1). Such report shall include—

(A) the findings of the assessment;

(B) a compilation of any recommended changes to the countering UAS technology of the Department, including adjustments in the allocation of resources, in law, policy, or any other authorities;

(C) recommendations for requirements for the Department of Defense to pre-coordinate planned actions in response to anticipated types of UAS incursions with other relevant Federal departments and agencies; and

(D) such other matters as the Secretary determines appropriate.

(c) **APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(1) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 1091. PRIORITIZATION OF ACCREDITATION OF SENSITIVE COMPARTMENTED INFORMATION FACILITIES SUPPORTING DX-RATED PROGRAMS.

(a) **FRAMEWORK FOR PRIORITIZED REVIEW REQUIRED.**—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall develop a framework for prioritized review and accreditation and reaccreditations of sensitive compartmented information facilities and classified communications networks at facilities that are not located on a Department of Defense installation or facility.

(b) **SENSE OF CONGRESS.**—It is the sense of Congress that, in developing the framework under subsection (a), the Secretary should take into consideration the accreditation or reaccreditation of facilities and networks that would support programs that are rated “DX” pursuant to section 700.11 of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regulations.

(c) **SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS.**—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees the framework developed under subsection (a).

SEC. 1092. ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL SECURITY CAPITAL FORUM.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a forum to—

(1) convene domestic and international institutional financiers, capital providers, investors, entrepreneurs, innovators, business persons, representatives from across the private sector, relevant United States Government offices, and government and private entities of partner nations; and

(2) allow the exchange of information between the entities referred to in paragraph (1) and the Department of Defense relating to transactions or potential transactions, in accordance with applicable law, and to integrate efforts to achieve coordinated effects to support the national security interests of the United States.

(b) **CHAIR.**—The Chair of the forum established under subsection (a) shall be the Director of the Office of Strategic Capital.

(c) **DESIGNATION OF EXECUTIVE AGENT.**—The Secretary may designate the Director as the sole Executive Agent with respect to the authorities and responsibilities of the Secretary of Defense under section 1047 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 113 note).

(d) **GUIDANCE.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue guidance on the establishment and operation of the forum established under subsection (a), including regarding the vetting and selection of participants. Such guidance shall include each of the following:

(1) A process for due diligence vetting of investment fund participants to exclude funds with significant investments to or from countries of concern.

(2) The development of selection criteria for the consideration of a diverse range of investment fund participants, including by fund size, company-size, socio-economic status, and participating investment sectors.

(3) Reporting responsibilities for participants to avoid or mitigate potential or perceived conflicts of interest.

(4) The development of a process for the recusal or removal of participants.

SEC. 1093. IMPLEMENTATION OF COMPTROLLER GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS RELATING TO THE FOOD PROGRAM OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) implement the recommendations of the Comptroller General of the United States contained in the report published by the Comptroller General in June 2024 and titled “DOD Food Program: Additional Actions Needed to Implement, Oversee, and Evaluate Nutrition Efforts for Service Members” (GAO–24–106155); or

(2) if the Secretary does not implement any such recommendation, submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report explaining why the Secretary has not implemented those recommendations.

SEC. 1094. PILOT PROGRAM TO PROVIDE MILITARY AIRCRAFT SUPPORT TO AIR SHOWS.

(a) **BRIEFING.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of the Air Force, shall provide to Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a briefing on the provision of military aircraft support to air shows. Such briefing shall include each of the following:

(1) The total number of air shows for which military aircraft support was provided during the three-year period preceding the date of the briefing.

(2) For each such air show, the cost of providing the support, including the cost of training for and supporting the air show and any cost agreements associated with the provision of such support that were entered into between the Department of Defense and any non-Department entity.

(3) An identification of any military assets deployed for the purpose of providing military aircraft support to an air show during the three-year period preceding the date of the briefing.

(4) An analysis of the effect on military readiness of dedicating military assets for use at an air show.

(5) A description of the selection criteria and approval process used in determining the locations for air shows for which military aircraft support is provided, including an identification of any instance in which a request for the provision of support for an air show was denied.

(6) An analysis of the costs and benefits to the Department of Defense of providing military aircraft support to air shows, including air shows specifically in rural or small market areas.

(7) An identification of any measurable effect on recruiting as a result of providing military aircraft support to air shows.

(8) A recommendation with respect to the advisability and feasibility of establishing the pilot program required under subsection (b).

(b) PILOT PROGRAM.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of the Air Force, shall establish a one-year pilot program under which the Secretary shall provide military aircraft and aerial demonstration teams in support of not fewer than five air shows located in rural or small market areas across the country for the purpose of providing the public with positive exposure to the Armed Forces.

(c) REPORTS.—Not later than June 30, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Forces of the Senate and House of Representatives a report on the pilot program required under subsection (b). Such report shall include each of the following:

(1) The total number of air shows for which military aircraft support was provided during the pilot program.

(2) For each such air show, the cost of providing the support, including the cost of training for and supporting the air show and any cost agreements associated with the provision of such support that were entered into between the Department of Defense and any non-Department entity.

(3) The number of military assets deployed for the purpose of providing support to each such air show.

(4) An analysis of the effect on military readiness of dedicating military assets for use at an air show.

(5) A description of the selection criteria and approval process used in determining the locations for air shows for which military aircraft support was provided under the pilot program, including any instance in which a request for an air show was denied.

(6) An analysis of the costs and benefits to the Department of Defense of providing military aircraft support to air shows, including air shows specifically in rural or small market areas.

(7) An identification of any measurable effect on recruiting as a result of providing military aircraft support to air shows.

(8) An analysis of the costs and benefits of providing military aircraft support to air shows compared to other initiatives to encourage military recruitment, including an analysis of the costs and benefits of mandating that each of the Armed Forces provide military aircraft support to air shows each year.

TITLE XI—CIVILIAN PERSONNEL

- Sec. 1101. Pilot program for the temporary exchange of information technology personnel.
- Sec. 1102. Extension of authority for noncompetitive appointments of military spouses by Federal agencies.
- Sec. 1103. Extension of living quarters allowance to civilian DOD employees in positions with critical shortages stationed in Guam.
- Sec. 1104. One-year extension of authority to waive annual limitation on premium pay and aggregate limitation on pay for federal civilian employees working overseas.
- Sec. 1105. One-year extension of temporary authority to grant allowances, benefits, and gratuities to civilian personnel on official duty in a combat zone.
- Sec. 1106. Pilot program for overseas work-period for DOD competitive service positions.
- Sec. 1107. Employment and compensation of civilian faculty members at Inter-American Defense College.
- Sec. 1108. Treatment of veterans who did not register for the selective service.
- Sec. 1109. Increase in military leave accrual and accumulation for Federal employees.
- Sec. 1110. Sufficient firefighter personnel covered installations.
- Sec. 1111. Extension of direct hire authority for domestic industrial base facilities and Major Range and Test Facilities Base.
- Sec. 1112. Modifications to the John S. McCain Strategic Defense Fellows Program.
- Sec. 1113. Modification of pilot program on dynamic shaping of the workforce to improve the technical skills and expertise at certain Department of Defense laboratories.
- Sec. 1114. Continuity of coverage under certain provisions of title 5, United States Code.
- Sec. 1115. Limitation on establishment of new diversity, equity, and inclusion positions; hiring freeze.

SEC. 1101. PILOT PROGRAM FOR THE TEMPORARY EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY PERSONNEL.

Section 1110(a)(1)(A) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 5 U.S.C. 3702 note) is amended by inserting “or performs financial management and budgeting tasks for a private sector organization that primarily develops software or provides software services” before the semicolon at the end.

SEC. 1102. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY FOR NONCOMPETITIVE APPOINTMENTS OF MILITARY SPOUSES BY FEDERAL AGENCIES.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 573(e) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 5 U.S.C. 3330d note) is repealed.

(b) **EXTENSION AND REPORT.**—Section 1119 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) is amended—

(1) in subsection (d), by striking “December 31, 2028” and inserting “December 31, 2033”; and

(2) by adding after subsection (d) the following:

“(e) **REPORTS.**—

“(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later December 31, 2025, and each year thereafter until the sunset date in subsection (d), the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, shall—

“(A) submit a report, to the Committees on Armed Services of the House Representatives and the Senate, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Af-

fairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Oversight and Accountability of the House of Representatives, on the use of the hiring authority under section 3330d of title 5, United States Code; and

“(B) publish such report on the public website of the Department of Defense.

“(2) CONTENTS.—Each report under paragraph (1) shall include information on—

“(A) how often such authority is used by agencies;

“(B) what positions are filled using such authority, and the grade and locations of such positions;

“(C) the number of military spouse applicants seeking positions under such authority who were not selected and the grade and locations of such positions;

“(D) the number of military spouse applicants selected for a position they were subsequently determined to not be qualified for; and

“(E) how often Department of Defense components exercised exceptions to spouse preference procedures and the grade and locations of such positions.

“(3) FINAL REPORT.—The final report required under paragraph (1) shall, in addition to the contents required under paragraph (2), include—

“(A) an assessment of the effectiveness of such authority in placing military spouses into jobs for which they were highly qualified, including an analysis of their success, as determined by their tenure, promotion, and performance reviews, along with any other matters the Secretary considers appropriate; and

“(B) whether such authority should be made permanent.”.

(c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1119(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (2)—

(i) by striking “(2)” and all that follows through “the following:” and inserting the following:

“(2) in subsection (a)—

“(A) by redesignating paragraph (5), as added by section 1112(a)(1)(C) of this Act, as paragraph (6); and

“(B) by inserting after paragraph (4), as redesignated by section 1112(a)(1)(A) of this Act, the following:”; and

(ii) in the quoted material, by striking “(4) The term” and inserting “(5) The term”; and

(B) in paragraph (3)—

(i) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by inserting “, as amended by section 1112(a)(2) of this Act” after “in subsection (b)”;

(ii) in subparagraph (A), by striking “paragraph (1)” and inserting “paragraph (2)”;

(iii) in subparagraph (B), by striking “paragraph (2)” and inserting “paragraph (3)”; and

(iv) in subparagraph C), in the quoted material, by striking “(3) a spouse” and inserting “(4) a spouse”.

(2) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 1119 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

SEC. 1103. EXTENSION OF LIVING QUARTERS ALLOWANCE TO CIVILIAN DOD EMPLOYEES IN POSITIONS WITH CRITICAL SHORTAGES STATIONED IN GUAM.

Section 1102 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by striking “**DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES ASSIGNED TO PERMANENT DUTY IN GUAM FOR PERFORMING WORK, OR SUPPORTING WORK BEING PERFORMED, ABOARD OR DOCKSIDE, OF U.S. NAVAL VESSELS**” and inserting “**CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STATIONED IN GUAM**”;

(2) in subsection (a), by striking “Secretary of the Navy” and inserting “Secretary of Defense”; and

(3) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:

“(b) **COVERED EMPLOYEE DEFINED.**—In this section, the term ‘covered employee’ means any civilian employee of the Department of Defense whose permanent duty station is located in Guam and who has been deemed by the Secretary of Defense to be employed in a position with critical shortages.

“(c) **SUNSET.**—The authority under this section shall terminate on January 1, 2034.”.

SEC. 1104. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO WAIVE ANNUAL LIMITATION ON PREMIUM PAY AND AGGREGATE LIMITATION ON PAY FOR FEDERAL CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES WORKING OVERSEAS.

Subsection (a) of section 1101 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4615), as most recently amended by section 1102 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263), is further amended by striking “through 2024” and inserting “through 2025”.

SEC. 1105. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF TEMPORARY AUTHORITY TO GRANT ALLOWANCES, BENEFITS, AND GRATUITIES TO CIVILIAN PERSONNEL ON OFFICIAL DUTY IN A COMBAT ZONE.

Paragraph (2) of section 1603(a) of the Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act for Defense, the Global War on Terror, and Hurricane Recovery, 2006 (Public Law 109–234; 120 Stat. 443), as added by section 1102 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4616) and as most recently amended by section 1109 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31), is further amended by striking “2025” and inserting “2026”.

SEC. 1106. PILOT PROGRAM FOR OVERSEAS WORK-PERIOD FOR DOD COMPETITIVE SERVICE POSITIONS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The 5-year limitation on competitive service employment in a foreign area in Department of Defense Instruction

1400.25, titled “DoD Civilian Personnel Management System: Employment in Foreign Areas and Employee Return Rights” and issued on July 26, 2012 (or a successor instruction), may be extended by the first 0-6 in the employees chain of command for one additional 5 year term.

(b) **EXTENSION.**—An extension request under subsection (a) shall not require a business case, or similar, analysis to justify the additional foreign area extension.

(c) **REPORT.**—Not later than December 31, 2025, and yearly after that for the next 5 years, the Secretary of Defense shall submit a report to the congressional defense committees on the following:

(1) The impact of this section on recruiting and retaining civilian competitive service employees at the Department of Defense.

(2) The total number of—

(A) Department employees that were able to remain in positions as a result of this section; and

(B) Department positions that were not open for initial appointments as a result of this section.

(3) The grade and classification of Department positions affected by this section.

(4) Any other information the Secretary deems appropriate.

(d) **FOREIGN AREA DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “foreign area” means any location that is not within a nonforeign area (as that term is defined in section 591.205 of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor regulation).

(e) **SUNSET.**—The authority under this section shall expire on the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1107. EMPLOYMENT AND COMPENSATION OF CIVILIAN FACULTY MEMBERS AT INTER-AMERICAN DEFENSE COLLEGE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Subsection (c) of section 1595 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(9) The United States Element of the Inter-American Defense College.”.

(b) **CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.**—Such section is further amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking “institutions” and inserting “organizations”; and

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking “Institutions” and inserting “Organizations”; and

(B) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “institutions” and inserting “organizations”.

SEC. 1108. TREATMENT OF VETERANS WHO DID NOT REGISTER FOR THE SELECTIVE SERVICE.

Section 3328 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by—

(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking “(50 U.S.C. App. 453)” and inserting “(50 U.S.C. 3802)”;

(2) redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c);

(3) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection:

“(b) Subsection (a) shall not apply to an individual—

“(1) who is a veteran;

“(2) who provides evidence of active duty service to the Executive agency in which the individual seeks an appointment; and

“(3) for whom the requirement to register under section 3 of the Military Selective Service Act (50 U.S.C. 3802) has terminated or is now inapplicable due to age.”; and

(4) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) In this section, the terms ‘active duty’ and ‘veteran’ have the meaning given those terms in section 101 of title 38.”.

SEC. 1109. INCREASE IN MILITARY LEAVE ACCRUAL AND ACCUMULATION FOR FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.

Section 6323(a)(1) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking “15 days” each place it appears and inserting “20 days”.

SEC. 1110. SUFFICIENT FIREFIGHTER PERSONNEL COVERED INSTALLATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that—

(1) a sufficient number of firefighter personnel are on duty at each covered installation to maintain manning and service necessary to safeguard life and property at such covered installation; and

(2) a risk assessment may not be used to limit the number of firefighter personnel at a covered installation.

(b) COVERED INSTALLATION DEFINED.—In this section, the term “covered installation” means a military installation under the jurisdiction of the Chief of Space Operations of the United States Space Force with a space launch facility.

SEC. 1111. EXTENSION OF DIRECT HIRE AUTHORITY FOR DOMESTIC INDUSTRIAL BASE FACILITIES AND MAJOR RANGE AND TEST FACILITIES BASE.

(a) EXTENSION.—Section 1125(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (10 U.S.C. 1580 note prec.; Public Law 114–328) is amended by striking “through 2028” and inserting “through 2030”.

(b) BRIEFING.—Section 1102(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91), as amended by section 1107(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 133 Stat. 1597), is further amended—

(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “through 2025” and inserting “through 2030”; and

(2) in paragraph (1), by striking “(as amended by subsection (a))”.

SEC. 1112. MODIFICATIONS TO THE JOHN S. MCCAIN STRATEGIC DEFENSE FELLOWS PROGRAM.

(a) NONCOMPETITIVE APPOINTMENT AND CONVERSION AUTHORITY.—Section 932(f) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (10 U.S.C. 1580 note prec.; Public Law 115–232) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (4); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraphs:

“(2) NONCOMPETITIVE APPOINTMENT OR CONVERSION.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Upon a participant’s successful completion of the fellows program, the Secretary may, without regard to the provisions of subchapter I of chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, noncompetitively appoint or convert the participant into a vacant competitive or excepted service position in the Department, if the Secretary determines that such appointment or conversion will contribute to the development of highly qualified future senior leaders for the Department.

“(B) GRADE.—The Secretary may appoint or convert a participant under subparagraph (A) into a position at or below the level of GS–13 of the General Schedule or an equivalent position for which the participant is qualified without regard to any minimum time-in-grade requirements.

“(C) CONSENT.—Before converting an individual to the competitive service under this paragraph, the Secretary shall notify and receive written consent from the individual of the individual’s change in status.

“(3) APPOINTMENT OF FORMER PARTICIPANTS.—The Secretary may use the authority provided by paragraph (2) for a participant—

“(A) not later than one year after the date of the participant’s successful completion of the fellows program; or

“(B) in the case of a participant who entered the fellows program before the date of the enactment of this subparagraph, not later than one year after such date of enactment.”.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 932(e)(2) of such Act is amended by inserting before the period at the end of the last sentence the following: “and subsection (f)(2)”.

SEC. 1113. MODIFICATION OF PILOT PROGRAM ON DYNAMIC SHAPING OF THE WORKFORCE TO IMPROVE THE TECHNICAL SKILLS AND EXPERTISE AT CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE LABORATORIES.

Section 1109 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (10 U.S.C. 4091 note prec.; Public Law 114–92) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (3)—

(i) by inserting “or 8414” before “of title 5”; and

(ii) by striking “or 3522” and inserting “or 8414(b)(1)(B)”; and

(B) in paragraph (4), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “section 8414(b)(1)(B) of title 5, United States Code, without regard to clause (iv) or (v) of such section or section 3522 of such title” and inserting “section 3522 of title 5, United States Code”; and

(2) in subsection (c), by striking “section 4121(b)” and inserting “subsections (a) and (b) of section 4121”.

SEC. 1114. CONTINUITY OF COVERAGE UNDER CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE.

(a) MILITARY LEAVE FOR FEDERAL CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES.—Section 6323 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking “as a Reserve of the armed forces or member of the National Guard” and inserting “as a Reserve of the armed forces, a member of the National Guard, or a member of the Space Force in space force active status (as defined in section 101(e)(1) of title 10) and not on sustained duty under section 20105 of title 10”; and

(2) in subsection (b)(1), by inserting before the semicolon at the end the following: “or is a member of the Space Force in space force active status (as defined in section 101(e)(1) of title 10) and not on sustained duty under section 20105 of title 10”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) SECTION HEADING.—The heading of such section is amended to read as follows:

“§ 6323. Military leave: Reserves, National Guard members, and certain members of the Space Force”.

(2) TABLE OF SECTIONS.—The item relating to such section in the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 63 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“6323. Military leave: Reserves, National Guard members, and certain members of the Space Force.”.

SEC. 1115. LIMITATION ON ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW DIVERSITY, EQUITY, AND INCLUSION POSITIONS; HIRING FREEZE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—During the period described in subsection (b), the Secretary of Defense may not—

(1) establish any new positions within the Department of Defense with responsibility for matters relating to diversity, equity, and inclusion; or

(2) fill any vacancies in positions in the Department with responsibility for such matters.

(b) PERIOD DESCRIBED.—The period described in this subsection is the period—

(1) beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act; and

(2) ending on the earlier of—

(A) the date the Comptroller General submits to Congress the study required by section 529B(b)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31); or

(B) the date that is 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent the Secretary from reducing the number of positions relating to diversity, equity, and inclusion or from eliminating specific positions relating to diversity, equity, and inclusion.

TITLE XII—MATTERS RELATING TO FOREIGN NATIONS

Subtitle A—Assistance and Training

Sec. 1201. Modification of authority to build capacity of foreign security forces and modification of support for execution of bilateral agreements concerning illicit transnational maritime activity in Africa.

- Sec. 1202. Modification of authority for Naval Small Craft Instruction and Technical Training School.
- Sec. 1203. Assessment, monitoring, and evaluation of programs and activities.
- Sec. 1204. Quarterly briefings on counterterrorism operations, irregular warfare, and sensitive activities.
- Sec. 1205. Extension of modification to authority to provide support for conduct of operations.
- Sec. 1206. Extension of authorities.
- Sec. 1207. Extension and modification of defense operational resilience international cooperation pilot program.
- Sec. 1208. Acceptance and expenditure of contributions for multilateral security cooperation programs and activities.
- Sec. 1209. Temporary authority to provide training to military forces or national security forces of Costa Rica and Panama.
- Sec. 1210. Improvements to defense acquisition workforce for foreign military sales.

Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Israel

- Sec. 1211. Statement of policy ensuring Israel's defense.
- Sec. 1212. Modification of United States-Israel anti-tunnel cooperation.
- Sec. 1213. Requirement to conduct subterranean warfare military exercises.
- Sec. 1214. Strategic partnership on defense industrial priorities between the United States and Israel.
- Sec. 1215. Establishment of program between the United States and Israel for military trauma education and training.

Subtitle C—Matters Relating to the Near and Middle East

- Sec. 1221. Key partners for Middle East Regional Integration Military Subject Matter Expert Exchange Program.
- Sec. 1222. Extension and modification of annual report on military power of Iran.
- Sec. 1223. Modification of report on the military capabilities of Iran and related activities.
- Sec. 1224. Prohibition on providing funding to Iranian entities.
- Sec. 1225. Notification relating to arms trafficking by Iran.
- Sec. 1226. Assessment and plan with respect to equipment provided to Kurdish Peshmerga forces.
- Sec. 1227. Extension of authority for reimbursement of certain coalition nations for support provided to United States military operations.
- Sec. 1228. Extension and modification of security briefings on Afghanistan.
- Sec. 1229. Notifications regarding terrorist groups in Afghanistan.
- Sec. 1230. Extension of authority to support operations and activities of the office of security cooperation in Iraq.
- Sec. 1231. Extension and modification of authority to provide assistance to counter the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria.
- Sec. 1232. Extension of authority to provide assistance to vetted Syrian groups and individuals.
- Sec. 1233. Statement of policy on recognition of the Assad regime.

Subtitle A—Assistance and Training

SEC. 1201. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO BUILD CAPACITY OF FOREIGN SECURITY FORCES AND MODIFICATION OF SUPPORT FOR EXECUTION OF BILATERAL AGREEMENTS CONCERNING ILLICIT TRANSNATIONAL MARITIME ACTIVITY IN AFRICA.

(a) MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO BUILD CAPACITY OF FOREIGN SECURITY FORCES.—Paragraph (2) of section 333(g) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(2) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR PROGRAMS ACROSS FISCAL YEARS.—Amounts made available in fiscal year 2025 or any subsequent fiscal year to carry out the authority in subsection (a) may be used for programs under that authority that begin in such fiscal year and end not later than the end of the third fiscal year thereafter.”.

(b) MODIFICATION OF SUPPORT FOR EXECUTION OF BILATERAL AGREEMENTS CONCERNING ILLICIT TRANSNATIONAL MARITIME ACTIVITY IN AFRICA.—Section 1808 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (10 U.S.C. 331 note) is amended—

- (1) in the section heading, by striking “IN AFRICA”; and
- (2) in subsection (a), by striking “African”.

SEC. 1202. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY FOR NAVAL SMALL CRAFT INSTRUCTION AND TECHNICAL TRAINING SCHOOL.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 352(e) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(e) COSTS.—(1) The fixed costs of the School may be paid from amounts made available for the Navy as follows:

“(A) The costs of operating and maintaining the School may be paid from amounts made available to the Navy for operation and maintenance.

“(B) The costs of the equipment requirements of the School may be paid from amounts made available to the Navy for procurement.

“(C) The costs of the facilities construction requirements of the School may be paid from amounts made available to the Navy for military construction.

“(2) The food procurement and service costs of the School that may be paid from amounts made available to the Navy for operation and maintenance are as follows:

“(A) The costs of providing food services to personnel, visitors, and international students at the School.

“(B) The costs of operating, maintaining, and sustaining a dining facility or contracted food services at the School.”.

(b) UPDATES REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall update the Security Assistance Management Manual (DSCA 5105.38–M) and volume 15 of the Department of Defense Financial Management Regulation (DoD 7000.14–R) in accordance with the amendment made by this section.

SEC. 1203. ASSESSMENT, MONITORING, AND EVALUATION OF PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES.

Section 383(d)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting “, including a description of challenges in executing the program,” after “lessons learned”.

SEC. 1204. QUARTERLY BRIEFINGS ON COUNTERTERRORISM OPERATIONS, IRREGULAR WARFARE, AND SENSITIVE ACTIVITIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 485 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in the section heading, by striking “**Monthly counterterrorism operations briefings**” and inserting “**Quarterly briefings on counterterrorism operations, irregular warfare, and sensitive activities**”; and

- (2) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

“(a) BRIEFINGS REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees quarterly briefings on counterterrorism operations and related activities (including the use of military force under the notion of collective self-defense of

foreign partners), irregular warfare activities, and other sensitive activities conducted by the Department of Defense.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 23 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 485 and inserting the following:

“485. Quarterly briefings on counterterrorism operations, irregular warfare, and sensitive activities.”.

SEC. 1205. EXTENSION OF MODIFICATION TO AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE SUPPORT FOR CONDUCT OF OPERATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1205 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2830) is amended by striking “such section 331” and all that follows and inserting the following: “such section 331—

“(1) in each of fiscal years 2023 and 2024 may not exceed \$950,000,000; and

“(2) in each of fiscal years 2025 and 2026 may not exceed \$750,000,000.”.

(b) MODIFICATION TO ANNUAL REPORT.—Section 386(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) In paragraph (2)—

(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) through (H) as subparagraphs (B) through (I), respectively; and

(B) by inserting before subparagraph (B), as so redesignated, the following:

“(A) With respect to section 331 of this title, the value of all logistic support, supplies, and services for which notice is required by such section.”.

(2) In paragraph (3)—

(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) through (J) as subparagraphs (C) through (K), respectively; and

(B) by inserting after paragraph (A) the following:

“(B) The number of new programs carried out during the period of the report that required notice under section 331 of this title.”.

SEC. 1206. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITIES.

(a) SECURITY COOPERATION PROGRAMS WITH FOREIGN PARTNERS.—Section 1208 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2831; 10 U.S.C. 301 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “2025” and inserting “2027”; and

(2) in subsection (b), by striking “2025” and inserting “2027”.

(b) IMPLEMENTATION OF ACT.—Section 1210E(a) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended, in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “2025” and inserting “2027”.

SEC. 1207. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF DEFENSE OPERATIONAL RESILIENCE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION PILOT PROGRAM.

Section 1212 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (10 U.S.C. 311 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by striking “December 31, 2025” and inserting “December 31, 2027”;

(2) in subsection (d)—

(A) by striking “2025” and inserting “2027”;

(B) by striking “\$10,000,000” and inserting “\$15,000,000”; and

(C) by striking “, which shall be allocated in accordance with the priorities of the commanders of the geographic combatant commands”;

(3) by redesignating subsections (e) through (g) as subsections (f) through (h), respectively;

(4) by inserting after subsection (d) the following new subsection:

“(e) **PRIORITIZATION.**—In providing security cooperation for the purposes described in section (c)(1), the Secretary shall prioritize efforts based on—

“(1) the priorities of the commanders of the geographic combatant commands;

“(2) the operational relevance of the effort;

“(3) the need of the foreign partner; and

“(4) programs in less developed countries.”; and

(5) in subsection (g), as so redesignated, by striking “2025” and inserting “2027”.

SEC. 1208. ACCEPTANCE AND EXPENDITURE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR MULTILATERAL SECURITY COOPERATION PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES.

(a) **AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT AND EXPEND CONTRIBUTIONS.**—The Secretary of Defense, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, may accept, manage, and expend contributions, including funds and defense articles and defense services, from foreign governments for mutually agreed upon purposes to carry out security cooperation programs and activities of the Department of Defense authorized by—

(1) chapter 16 of title 10, United States Code;

(2) the Taiwan Security Cooperation Initiative authorized by section 1323; or

(3) section 1250 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 129 Stat. 1068).

(b) **ACCOUNT REQUIREMENTS.**—

(1) **FUNDS.**—Contributions of funds accepted under subsection (a) shall be placed in an account established for such purpose and shall remain available for the following 2 fiscal years for the mutually agreed upon purposes specified in subsection (a).

(2) **DEFENSE ARTICLES.**—Contributions of defense articles accepted under subsection (a) shall be placed in United States inventory.

(3) **SEPARATE COUNTRY ACCOUNTS.**—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a separate sub-account for each country under the account established under paragraph (1).

(4) **COMPLIANCE.**—Such expenditures and provision of defense articles and services shall comply with the prohibitions and limitations, notice, reporting, and other requirements specified in such authorities or applicable statute.

(c) PREVIOUSLY DENIED FUNDS.—Funds accepted or otherwise made available under subsection (a) may not be expended, in whole or in part, for any purpose for which Congress has previously denied funds.

(d) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.—Not later than 48 hours after receiving a contribution under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the appropriate committees of Congress a written notification that, at a minimum, includes an identification of the following:

(1) The foreign government making the contribution.

(2) The mutually agreed upon purpose for which the contribution is being made.

(3) The process and anticipated timeline for the use of such contribution under the authorities specified in subsection (a).

(4) Any other condition or limitation placed on the contribution by the foreign government making the contribution.

(e) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than March 1, 2026, and March 1 of each year thereafter through 2030, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on any funds accepted or expended under this section during the preceding calendar year, including the following:

(1) An identification of the foreign government or governments involved from which contributions were received.

(2) For each foreign government—

(A) the amount of funds, equipment, or type of services provided by the foreign government; and

(B) the amount of any remaining unobligated balance or accepted equipment remaining in United States inventory.

(3) A description of the purpose of such contributions were provided.

(4) A description of any written agreement entered into with a country under this section, including the date on which the agreement was signed.

(f) SUBMISSION OF INSTRUMENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the signature, conclusion, or other finalization of any non-binding instrument related to the implementation of this section, the President shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress the text of such agreement or instrument.

(2) NON-DUPPLICATION OF EFFORTS; RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—To the extent the text of a non-binding instrument is submitted to the appropriate committees of Congress pursuant to paragraph (1), such text shall not be required to be submitted to Congress pursuant to section 112b(a)(1)(A)(ii) of title 1, United States Code. Paragraph (1) may not be construed to relieve the executive branch of any other requirement of section 112b of title 1, United States Code, or any other provision of law.

(3) DEFINITIONS.—

(A) The term “text”, with respect to a non-binding instrument, includes—

(i) any annex, appendix, codicil, side agreement, side letter, or any document of similar purpose or function to the aforementioned, regardless of the title of the

document, that is entered into contemporaneously and in conjunction with the non-binding instrument; and

(ii) any implementing agreement or arrangement, or any document of similar purpose or function to the aforementioned, regardless of the title of the document, that is entered into contemporaneously and in conjunction with the non-binding instrument.

(B) The term “contemporaneously and in conjunction with”—

(i) shall be construed liberally; and

(ii) may not be interpreted to require any action to have occurred simultaneously or on the same day.

(g) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(1) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

(h) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed as circumventing the applicable requirements of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.).

(i) TERMINATION.—The authority provided by this section shall terminate on December 31, 2029.

SEC. 1209. TEMPORARY AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE TRAINING TO MILITARY FORCES OR NATIONAL SECURITY FORCES OF COSTA RICA AND PANAMA.

In conducting training with friendly foreign countries under section 321 of title 10, United States Code, notwithstanding subsection (a)(2) of that section, beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on December 31, 2030, the general purpose forces of the United States Armed Forces may train with the military forces or national security forces of the following countries:

(1) Costa Rica.

(2) Panama.

SEC. 1210. IMPROVEMENTS TO DEFENSE ACQUISITION WORKFORCE FOR FOREIGN MILITARY SALES.

(a) STUDY AND REPORT.—

(1) STUDY.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into a contract with a nonprofit organization or federally funded research and development center to study—

(A) the feasibility and advisability of establishing a contracting capacity that is specific to the execution of contracts for foreign military sales; and

(B) the feasibility and advisability of establishing a dedicated contracting capacity to directly support foreign military sales contracting activities.

(2) REPORT.—Not later than December 1, 2025, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that contains—

(A) the results of the study required by paragraph (1); and

(B) any comments of the Secretary with respect to the study.

(b) FOREIGN MILITARY SALES CONTINUOUS PROCESS IMPROVEMENT BOARD.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a Foreign Military Sales Continuous Process Improvement Board (in this section referred to as the “Board”) to serve as an enduring governance structure within the Department of Defense that reports to the Secretary on matters relating to the foreign military sales process so as to enhance accountability and continuous improvement within the Department, including the objectives of—

(A) improving the understanding, among officials of the Department, of ally and partner requirements;

(B) enabling efficient reviews for release of technology;

(C) providing ally and partner countries with relevant priority equipment;

(D) accelerating acquisition and contracting support;

(E) expanding the capacity of the defense industrial base;

(F) working with other departments and agencies to promote broad United States Government support; and

(G) any other matters determined by the Secretary to be relevant to the Board.

(2) MEMBERSHIP.—The Board shall be composed of not fewer than seven members, each of whom shall have expertise in security cooperation, security assistance, defense acquisition, business process reform, or any disciplines the Secretary determines to be important to the functioning of the Board.

(3) SUNSET.—This subsection shall terminate on December 31, 2030.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “defense acquisition workforce” means the Department of Defense acquisition workforce described in chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) The term “nonprofit organization” means an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of such Code.

(3) The term “security cooperation workforce” has the meaning given the term in section 384 of title 10, United States Code.

Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Israel

SEC. 1211. STATEMENT OF POLICY ENSURING ISRAEL’S DEFENSE.

It is the policy of the United States to work with Israel to ensure adequate stocks of interceptors and weapons system components to defend Israel against air and missile threats from Iran and Iranian military proxies, such as Hamas, Hezbollah, the Houthis, and the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, if the transfer of such interceptors and weapons system components are in the national security interests of the United States.

SEC. 1212. MODIFICATION OF UNITED STATES-ISRAEL ANTI-TUNNEL COOPERATION.

Subsection (a)(1) of section 1279 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (22 U.S.C. 8606 note) is amended, in the first sentence, by striking “detect, map, and neutralize underground tunnels” and inserting “detect, map, maneuver in, and neutralize underground tunnels”.

SEC. 1213. REQUIREMENT TO CONDUCT SUBTERRANEAN WARFARE MILITARY EXERCISES.

(a) **EXERCISES REQUIRED.**—Beginning on January 1 of the year that begins after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall require the United States Central Command or other relevant commands, units, or organizations of the United States military services, as the Secretary determines appropriate, to conduct military exercises that—

- (1) occur not fewer than once in a calendar year;
- (2) shall include invitations for the armed forces of Israel, provided that the Government of Israel consents to the participation of its forces in such exercises;
- (3) may include invitations for the armed forces of other allies and partners of the United States to take part in the exercises;
- (4) seek to enhance the interoperability and effectiveness of the United States military services, the armed forces of Israel, and the armed forces of other allies and partners of the United States in coalition operations; and
- (5) shall include, if available resources permit, the following activities—
 - (A) practicing or simulating locating subterranean tunnel entrances and exits;
 - (B) practicing infiltrating and mapping subterranean tunnels;
 - (C) practicing maneuvering within subterranean tunnels of varying sizes; and
 - (D) practicing neutralizing or demolishing subterranean tunnels.

(b) **SUNSET.**—The requirements in subsection (a) shall terminate on December 31 of the year described in subsection (a).

SEC. 1214. STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP ON DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL PRIORITIES BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND ISRAEL.

The Secretary of Defense shall seek to establish a partnership between the Defense Innovation Unit of the Department of Defense and appropriate counterparts of Israel in order to—

- (1) enhance market opportunities for United States-based and Israeli-based defense technology companies;
- (2) increase interoperability through dual-use and emerging technologies;
- (3) counter Iran and Iran-aligned adversarial proxy group development of dual-use defense technologies; and
- (4) in coordination with appropriate counterpart offices of the Israeli ministry of defense—
 - (A) enable coordination on defense industrial priorities;
 - (B) streamline emerging defense technology research and development;

(C) create more pathways to market for defense technology startups;

(D) collaborate on the development of dual-use defense capabilities through coordination; and

(E) leverage other private capital, equity or venture funding opportunities to augment government funds for technology deployment or scaling.

SEC. 1215. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND ISRAEL FOR MILITARY TRAUMA EDUCATION AND TRAINING.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, may establish a joint education and training program with appropriate personnel of the Medical Corps of the Israel Defense Forces.

(b) **EDUCATION AND TRAINING ACTIVITIES.**—The joint program authorized by subsection (a) may include the following activities between personnel of the United States military health system and the Medical Corps of the Israel Defense Forces:

(1) Dialogue on best practices for general trauma care, with a focus on amputation and amputee care, including the following elements of amputee care:

(A) Use of prosthetics.

(B) Wound care.

(C) Rehabilitative therapy.

(D) Family counseling.

(E) Mental health therapy.

(2) Training and support on trauma care, including amputation and amputee care.

(3) Conducting relevant joint conferences and exchanges of military medical professionals.

(4) Opportunities for personnel to attend classes offered on best practices for trauma and amputee rehabilitation.

(5) Any other relevant amputee care educational activity that the Secretary of Defense and appropriate officials from the Israel Defense Forces determine appropriate.

(c) **USE OF AUTHORITIES.**—In carrying out the joint program authorized under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense may use the authorities under chapter 16 of title 10, United States Code, and other applicable statutory authorities available to the Secretary.

Subtitle C—Matters Relating to the Near and Middle East

SEC. 1221. KEY PARTNERS FOR MIDDLE EAST REGIONAL INTEGRATION MILITARY SUBJECT MATTER EXPERT EXCHANGE PROGRAM.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense, using existing authorities, including section 311 of title 10, United States Code, as applicable, and in consultation with the Secretary of State and the head of any other Federal agency the Secretary of Defense determines appropriate, shall design and implement a foreign military officer subject matter expert exchange program to be known as the “Middle East Regional Integration Military Subject Matter Expert

Exchange Program” (referred to in this section as the “exchange program”).

(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the exchange program shall be to facilitate interaction, cultural exchange, and mutual learning of members of participating militaries in support of Middle East regional integration in order to deepen and expand such integration.

(c) MEMBERSHIP.—

(1) COMPOSITION.—The exchange program shall be composed of members of the armed forces of participating militaries in support of Middle East regional integration and members of the Armed Forces of the United States.

(2) SUBJECT MATTER.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall select exchange program participants with a wide range of experiences collectively covering the tactical, operational, and strategic levels.

(B) PARTICIPANT PAY GRADE LEVELS.—The Secretary of Defense shall include in the exchange program participants at each of the following military pay grades, or equivalent foreign military pay grades:

- (i) E-7 through E-9.
- (ii) CW-3 through CW-5.
- (iii) O-3 through O-9.
- (iv) Such other pay grade levels at the discretion of the Secretary of Defense.

(C) EXPERTISE.—Each participant in the exchange program shall have expertise in one or more of the following subject matter areas:

- (i) Strategic doctrine.
- (ii) Defense planning.
- (iii) Civilian and military relations.
- (iv) Military law.
- (v) Public affairs.
- (vi) Civil affairs.
- (vii) Military budgeting and acquisitions.
- (viii) Integrated air and missile defense.
- (ix) Integrated maritime domain awareness and interdiction.
- (x) Cyber resilience and defense.
- (xi) Counterterrorism.
- (xii) Defense information sharing.
- (xiii) Any other subject matter area that the Secretary of Defense determines to be appropriate.

(d) EXCHANGE PROGRAM CONTENT.—The exchange program—

(1) shall include learning modalities and methods, as determined by the Exchange Program Coordinator;

(2) may include separate agendas and experiences for participants in order to—

- (A) facilitate interaction on particular topics;
- (B) cater to participant backgrounds or rank levels; or
- (C) achieve other pedagogical ends as determined by the Exchange Program Coordinator; and

(3) may include discussion, comparison, and information regarding the development of—

- (A) defense doctrine;
 - (B) exercise development;
 - (C) budget planning;
 - (D) military law and law of armed conflict;
 - (E) military cooperation with civilian agencies;
 - (F) standard operating procedures;
 - (G) operational plans and the operational art;
 - (H) gaps and opportunities for improvement in existing procedures and plans;
 - (I) existing technical challenges;
 - (J) emerging technical challenges;
 - (K) the current and future threat environment;
 - (L) trust and capacity for multilateral sharing of information;
 - (M) additional mechanisms and ideas for integrated cooperation;
 - (N) ways to promote the meaningful participation of women in matters of peace and security; and
 - (O) other content, as appropriate, developed to advance integration and tactical, operational, and strategic proficiency.
- (e) MEETINGS.—Participants in the exchange program shall meet in person not less frequently than quarterly.
- (f) EXCHANGE PROGRAM COORDINATOR.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall designate an Exchange Program Coordinator, who shall be assigned to a Department of Defense School, to oversee the exchange program.
 - (2) DUTIES.—The Exchange Program Coordinator shall—
 - (A) design the exchange program;
 - (B) ensure that the exchange program complies with the requirements of this section;
 - (C) provide to the Secretary of Defense reports on developments, insights, and progress of the exchange program; and
 - (D) notify the Secretary of Defense of any failure of the exchange program to comply with the in-person requirements of subsection (e).
 - (3) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 15 days after receiving a notification under paragraph (2)(D), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report describing—
 - (A) the reasons an in-person meeting did not occur during such quarter; and
 - (B) any measures taken to ensure that an in-person meeting occurs during the following quarter.
- (g) REPORT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on

Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report that includes—

- (A) a summary of the activities of the exchange program during the prior year, including—
 - (i) the countries participating;
 - (ii) the subject matter covered;
 - (iii) developments, insights, and progress achieved through the program; and
 - (iv) any new topics added to the exchange as well as a justification for adding the new topic;
 - (B) an assessment of the effectiveness of the exchange program; and
 - (C) recommendations on further improvements to the exchange program.
- (2) FORM.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.
- (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SCHOOL.—The term “Department of Defense school” means any institution listed in section 1595(c) or section 2162(d) of title 10, United States Code.
 - (2) PARTICIPATING MILITARIES IN SUPPORT OF MIDDLE EAST REGIONAL INTEGRATION.—The term “participating militaries in support of Middle East regional integration” means military allies and partner forces of the United States working to advance regional integration in the Middle East.

SEC. 1222. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF ANNUAL REPORT ON MILITARY POWER OF IRAN.

(a) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—Subsection (b) of section 1245 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1)—
 - (A) in subparagraph (C), by striking “and” at the end and inserting a semicolon;
 - (B) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”;
 - (C) by redesignating subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D), as subparagraphs (C), (D), and (E), respectively; and
 - (D) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following subparagraph:
 - “(B) any adjustments to the use of proxy forces by Iran;”;
- (2) in paragraph (2)—
 - (A) in subparagraph (B), by striking “an analysis of”;
 - (B) in subparagraph (C), by inserting after “military doctrine” the following: “, including Iranian anti-access or area denial and other maritime harassment capabilities”;
- (3) in paragraph (3)—
 - (A) in subparagraph (A), by striking “Iranian Revolutionary Guard” and inserting “Islamic Revolutionary Guard”;
 - (B) in subparagraph (J), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”;
 - (C) by redesignating subparagraphs (E) through (J) as subparagraphs (F) through (K), respectively; and

- (D) by inserting after subparagraph (D) the following subparagraph:
- “(E) the role of Iran in supporting, facilitating, directing, or conducting attacks on United States forces in the region;”;
- (4) in paragraph (4)—
- (A) in subparagraph (B), by striking “and storage sites;” and inserting “, storage, and production sites;”;
- (B) in subparagraph (E), by inserting “an intermediate-range ballistic missile or” after “develop and field”; and
- (C) in subparagraph (F), by striking “; and” at the end and inserting “and the exportation of Iranian drones to the Middle East and Europe; and”;
- (5) in paragraph (12), by striking “(9)” and inserting “(12)”;
- (6) by redesignating paragraphs (9) through (12) as paragraphs (10) through (13), respectively;
- (7) by inserting after paragraph (8) the following:
- “(9) An assessment of the use of civilians by groups supported by Iran to shield military objectives from attack, including groups such as—
- “(A) Hezbollah, Hamas, and the Houthis; and
- “(B) the Special Groups in Iraq.”; and
- (8) by adding at the end the following:
- “(14) An assessment of the manner and extent to which the advances or improvements in the capabilities of Iran’s conventional and unconventional forces described in this section have affected Israel’s qualitative military edge during the preceding year.”.
- (b) DEFINITIONS.—Subsection (c) of such section is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (2)(B)(i), by striking “Iranian” and inserting “Islamic”;
- (2) in paragraph (2)(B)(ii)(bb), by inserting “or its regional interests” before the period at the end; and
- (3) in paragraph (4), by striking “capable of flights less than 500 kilometers.”.
- (c) TERMINATION.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended by striking “December 31, 2025” and inserting “December 31, 2026”.
- SEC. 1223. MODIFICATION OF REPORT ON THE MILITARY CAPABILITIES OF IRAN AND RELATED ACTIVITIES.**
- Section 1227 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81) is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A)—
- (I) by inserting “all branches of” before “the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps”; and
- (II) by inserting “including” before “the Quds Force”; and
- (ii) in subparagraph (B), by inserting “, and technologies as described in the Missile Technology Control Regime” before “, including”; and
- (B) in paragraph (2)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by adding at the end before the period the following: “, and on the proliferation,

procurement, and production networks of Iran's drone program";

(ii) in subparagraph (F), by adding at the end before the period the following: ", and the effect of its expiration on these Iranian proliferation activities";

(iii) in subparagraph (H)—

(I) in clause (ii), by inserting ", and any of their precursors," after "narcotics";

(II) in clause (iv), by inserting "and the Ministry of Intelligence and Security (MOIS)" after "IRGC"; and

(III) in clause (v), by adding at the end before the period the following: "and MOIS"; and

(iv) in subparagraph (I)—

(I) by inserting "and MOIS agents" after "operatives"; and

(II) by adding at the end before the period the following: ", including disinformation operations, recruitment of local assets, and targeting United States nationals and foreign dissidents"; and

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) by inserting "and annually thereafter for a period not to exceed 2 years" after "2024"; and

(B) by striking "in June 2022" inserting "on the day after the previous report was submitted".

SEC. 1224. PROHIBITION ON PROVIDING FUNDING TO IRANIAN ENTITIES.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense or otherwise made available by this Act may be made available, directly or indirectly, to—

(1) the Government of Iran;

(2) any person owned or controlled by the Government of Iran;

(3) any person that is on the List of Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury and the property and interests in property of which are blocked pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act; or

(4) any person owned or controlled by a person described in paragraph (3).

(b) **EXCEPTION FOR INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.**—The prohibition under subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to activities subject to the reporting requirements under title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) or any authorized intelligence activities of the United States.

SEC. 1225. NOTIFICATION RELATING TO ARMS TRAFFICKING BY IRAN.

(a) **CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 30 days after any identified transfer of weapons, ammunition, or component parts by the Islamic Republic of Iran to a terrorist proxy group or state actor outside the territory of Iran, the Secretary of Defense shall provide the congressional defense committees with the notification described in paragraph (2).

(2) NOTIFICATION DESCRIBED.—The notification described in this paragraph is a notification that includes the following:

(A) An identification of—

(i) the type and quantity of weapons, ammunition, or component parts transferred by the Islamic Republic of Iran to a terrorist proxy group or state actor outside the territory of Iran;

(ii) the intended destination and recipient of such transfer; and

(iii) the mode of transportation of such transfer.

(B) The status of such transfer at the time of the notification.

(C) A description of actions taken or planned to be taken by the United States Armed Forces or the military forces of partner countries to expose, deter, disrupt, or interdict such transfer, and the authorities under which such actions may be taken.

(b) WEAPONS, AMMUNITION, OR COMPONENT PARTS DEFINED.—The term “weapons, ammunition, or component parts” means—

(1) conventional arms, such as firearms, artillery, and armored vehicles;

(2) missiles, rockets, unmanned aerial systems, and other explosive ordnance;

(3) military aircraft;

(4) naval vessels and equipment related to such vessels;

(5) chemical, biological, radiological, and nuclear weapons and the delivery systems of such weapons; and

(6) the component parts of any item described in any of paragraphs (1) through (5).

(c) TERMINATION.—This section shall cease to have effect on the date that is three years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1226. ASSESSMENT AND PLAN WITH RESPECT TO EQUIPMENT PROVIDED TO KURDISH PESHMERGA FORCES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 120 days thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees—

(1) a report that assesses whether equipment provided under section 1236 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. “Buck” McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291; 128 Stat. 3558) and designated for Kurdish Peshmerga forces is being provided in a timely manner; and

(2) a plan for resolving any delay of such equipment intended for Kurdish Peshmerga forces.

(b) NOTIFICATION RELATING TO PLAN OF ACTION.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 120 days thereafter until the plan of action required by section 1266 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is developed and implemented, the Secretary of Defense shall notify the congressional defense committees of the reasons for the delay in developing and implementing the plan.

(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in the section may be construed as overturning or otherwise impeding United States policies toward Iraq.

(d) **TERMINATION.**—Subsection (a) shall cease to have effect beginning on the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1227. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY FOR REIMBURSEMENT OF CERTAIN COALITION NATIONS FOR SUPPORT PROVIDED TO UNITED STATES MILITARY OPERATIONS.

(a) **EXTENSION.**—Subsection (a) of section 1233 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 122 Stat. 393) is amended in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by striking “beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2024, for overseas contingency operations” and inserting “beginning on October 1, 2024, and ending on December 31, 2025”.

(b) **MODIFICATION TO LIMITATIONS.**—Subsection (d)(1) of such section is amended by striking “beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on December 31, 2024, may not exceed \$15,000,000” and inserting “beginning on October 1, 2024, and ending on December 31, 2025, may not exceed \$75,000,000”.

SEC. 1228. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF SECURITY BRIEFINGS ON AFGHANISTAN.

Section 1092 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 1934) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking “Not later than January 15, 2022, and every 90 days thereafter through December 31, 2025,” and inserting “Not later than January 15, 2025, and every 120 days thereafter through December 31, 2026,”; and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) by redesignating paragraph (11) as paragraph (12); and

(B) by inserting after paragraph (10) the following new paragraph:

“(11) The extent to which the Department of Defense is tracking and monitoring the equipment the Taliban recovered from the Afghan National Security Forces, an assessment of how such equipment being used by the Taliban, and the operational readiness of such equipment.”.

SEC. 1229. NOTIFICATIONS REGARDING TERRORIST GROUPS IN AFGHANISTAN.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 30 days after the Secretary of Defense identifies any new training facility in Afghanistan that is operated or staffed by al-Qaeda, ISIS Khorasan, or any other United States-designated terrorist organization, or at which members of any such terrorist organization receive training, the Secretary shall provide the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives with a notification that includes the following:

(1) A description of the location of the training facility.

(2) An identification of the one or more terrorist groups operating, staffing, or being trained at the facility.

(3) An assessment of the purpose of the facility.

(4) An assessment as to whether the Taliban has provided any support to the facility, or whether the Taliban is taking action to close the facility consistent with its obligations under the February 29, 2020, United States-Taliban agreement.

(5) An assessment as to whether there is a risk that the facility is being used to plan or train for a terrorist attack outside Afghanistan.

(b) **FORM.**—Each notification required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.

(c) **SUNSET.**—The notification requirement under subsection (a) shall terminate on the date that is two years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1230. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO SUPPORT OPERATIONS AND ACTIVITIES OF THE OFFICE OF SECURITY COOPERATION IN IRAQ.

(a) **LIMITATION ON AMOUNT.**—Subsection (c) of section 1215 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended by striking “fiscal year 2024” and inserting “fiscal year 2025”.

(b) **SOURCE OF FUNDS.**—Subsection (d) of such section is amended by striking “fiscal year 2024” and inserting “fiscal year 2025”.

SEC. 1231. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE TO COUNTER THE ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Subsection (a) of section 1236 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. “Buck” McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291; 128 Stat. 3559) is amended in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2025”.

(b) **FUNDING.**—Subsection (g) of such section is amended by striking “fiscal year 2024, there are authorized to be appropriated \$241,950,000” and inserting “fiscal year 2025, there are authorized to be appropriated \$380,758,349.”.

(c) **WAIVER AUTHORITY.**—Subsection (o)(6) of such section is amended by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2025”.

SEC. 1232. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE TO VETTED SYRIAN GROUPS AND INDIVIDUALS.

Section 1209 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. “Buck” McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291; 128 Stat. 3559) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2025”; and

(2) in subsection (l)(3)(E), by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2025”.

SEC. 1233. STATEMENT OF POLICY ON RECOGNITION OF THE ASSAD REGIME.

It is the policy of the United States not to recognize or normalize relations with any government of Syria that is led by Bashar al-Assad due to the Assad regime’s ongoing crimes against the Syrian people.

TITLE XIII—OTHER MATTERS RELATING TO FOREIGN NATIONS

Subtitle A—Matters Relating to Europe and Russia

- Sec. 1301. Modifications to North Atlantic Treaty Organization Special Operations Headquarters.
- Sec. 1302. Extension and modification of training for Eastern European national security forces in the course of multilateral exercises.
- Sec. 1303. Extension of prohibition on availability of funds relating to sovereignty of the Russian Federation over internationally recognized territory of Ukraine.
- Sec. 1304. Prohibition on New START Treaty information sharing.

Subtitle B—Matters Relating to the Indo-Pacific Region

- Sec. 1311. Sense of Congress on defense alliances and partnerships in the Indo-Pacific region.
- Sec. 1312. Modification of Indo-Pacific Maritime Security Initiative.
- Sec. 1313. Extension and modification of Pacific Deterrence Initiative.
- Sec. 1314. Indo-Pacific extended deterrence education pilot program.

Subtitle C—Matters Relating to Taiwan

- Sec. 1321. Modification of reporting requirement for transfer of defense articles and defense services to Taiwan.
- Sec. 1322. Establishment of program between the United States and Taiwan for military trauma care.
- Sec. 1323. Taiwan security cooperation initiative.
- Sec. 1324. Sense of Congress regarding invitation to Taiwan to Rim of the Pacific exercise.

Subtitle D—Coordinating AUKUS Engagement With Japan

- Sec. 1331. Definitions.
- Sec. 1332. Sense of Congress.
- Sec. 1333. Engagement with Japan on AUKUS Pillar Two Cooperation.
- Sec. 1334. Assessment of Potential for Cooperation with Japan on AUKUS Pillar Two.

Subtitle E—Matters Relating to East Asia

- Sec. 1341. Extension and modification of authority to transfer funds for Bien Hoa dioxin cleanup.
- Sec. 1342. Modification of cooperative program with Vietnam to account for Vietnamese personnel missing in action.
- Sec. 1343. Plan for establishment of a joint force headquarters in Japan.
- Sec. 1344. Plan for Department of Defense activities to strengthen United States extended deterrence commitments to the Republic of Korea.
- Sec. 1345. Plan and annual report relating to trilateral defense cooperation with Japan and the Republic of Korea.
- Sec. 1346. Modification of public reporting of Chinese military companies operating in the United States.
- Sec. 1347. Strategy to address malign activities by the People's Liberation Army.

Subtitle A—Matters Relating to Europe and Russia

SEC. 1301. MODIFICATIONS TO NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION SPECIAL OPERATIONS HEADQUARTERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2350r of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by striking “**Special Operations Headquarters**” and inserting “**Allied Special Operations Forces Command**”;

(2) in subsection (a), by striking “\$50,000,000” and inserting “\$55,000,000”; and

(3) in subsection (b), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “Special Operations Headquarters” and inserting “Allied Special Operations Forces Command”.

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Special Operations Headquarters or NATO Special Operations Headquarters in any law, regulation, map, document, record, or other paper of the United States shall be deemed to be a reference to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Allied Special Operations Forces Command.

SEC. 1302. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF TRAINING FOR EASTERN EUROPEAN NATIONAL SECURITY FORCES IN THE COURSE OF MULTILATERAL EXERCISES.

Section 1251 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (10 U.S.C. 333 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (c)(1), by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(D) The Republic of Cyprus.”; and

(2) in subsection (h), by striking “December 31, 2026” each place it appears and inserting “December 31, 2027”.

SEC. 1303. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS RELATING TO SOVEREIGNTY OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION OVER INTERNATIONALLY RECOGNIZED TERRITORY OF UKRAINE.

Section 1245(a) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–236; 136 Stat. 2847) is amended by striking “or 2024” and inserting “, 2024, or 2025”.

SEC. 1304. PROHIBITION ON NEW START TREATY INFORMATION SHARING.

(a) PROHIBITION.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the Department of Defense may be used to provide the Russian Federation with notifications, biannual data exchange, inspection activities, or telemetric activities as required by the New START Treaty.

(b) WAIVER.—The Secretary of Defense, with concurrence from the Secretary of State, may waive the prohibition in subsection (a) on a case-by-case basis if the Secretary of Defense certifies to the appropriate congressional committees in writing, that—

(1) it is in the national security interest of the United States to unilaterally provide notifications, biannual data exchange, inspection activities, or telemetric information to the Russian Federation; or

(2) the Russian Federation is providing similar information to the United States as required by the New START Treaty.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

(1) the term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and

(B) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and

(2) the term “New START Treaty” means the Treaty between the United States of America and the Russian Federation on Measures for the Further Reduction and Limitation of Strategic Offensive Arms, signed at Prague April 8, 2010, and entered into force February 5, 2011.

Subtitle B—Matters Relating to the Indo-Pacific Region

SEC. 1311. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON DEFENSE ALLIANCES AND PARTNERSHIPS IN THE INDO-PACIFIC REGION.

It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of Defense should continue efforts that strengthen United States defense alliances and partnerships in the Indo-Pacific region so as to further the comparative advantage of the United States in strategic competition with the People’s Republic of China, including by—

(1) enhancing cooperation with Japan, consistent with the Treaty of Mutual Cooperation and Security Between the United States of America and Japan, signed at Washington, January 19, 1960, including by developing advanced military capabilities, upgrading command and control relationships, fostering interoperability across all domains, and improving sharing of information and intelligence;

(2) reinforcing the United States alliance with the Republic of Korea, including by maintaining the presence of approximately 28,500 members of the United States Armed Forces deployed to the Republic of Korea, enhancing mutual defense base cooperation, and affirming the United States extended deterrence commitment using the full range of United States defense capabilities, consistent with the Mutual Defense Treaty Between the United States and the Republic of Korea, signed at Washington, October 1, 1953, in support of the shared objective of a peaceful and stable Korean Peninsula;

(3) fostering bilateral and multilateral cooperation with Australia, consistent with the Security Treaty Between Australia, New Zealand, and the United States of America, signed at San Francisco, September, 1951, and through the partnership among Australia, the United Kingdom, and United States (commonly known as “AUKUS”)—

(A) to advance shared security objectives;

(B) to accelerate the fielding of advanced military capabilities; and

(C) to build the capacity of emerging partners;

(4) advancing United States alliances with the Philippines and Thailand and United States partnerships with other partners in the Association of Southeast Asian Nations to enhance maritime domain awareness, promote sovereignty and territorial integrity, leverage technology and promote innovation, and support an open, inclusive, and rules-based regional architecture;

(5) broadening United States engagement with India, including through the Quadrilateral Security Dialogue—

(A) to advance the shared objective of a free and open Indo-Pacific region through bilateral and multilateral engagements and participation in military exercises, expanded defense trade, and collaboration on humanitarian aid and disaster response; and

(B) to enable greater cooperation on maritime security;

(6) strengthening the United States partnership with Taiwan, consistent with the Three Communiques, the Taiwan Relations Act (Public Law 96–8; 22 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.), and the Six Assurances, with the goal of improving Taiwan’s defensive capabilities and promoting peaceful cross-strait relations;

(7) reinforcing the status of the Republic of Singapore as a Major Security Cooperation Partner of the United States and continuing to strengthen defense and security cooperation between the military forces of the Republic of Singapore and the United States Armed Forces, including through participation in combined exercises and training;

(8) engaging with the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Republic of Palau, and other Pacific island countries, with the goal of strengthening regional security and addressing issues of mutual concern, including protecting fisheries from illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing;

(9) collaborating with Canada, the United Kingdom, France, and other members of the European Union and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization to build connectivity and advance a shared vision for the region that is principled, long-term, and anchored in democratic resilience; and

(10) investing in enhanced military posture and capabilities in the area of responsibility of the United States Indo-Pacific Command and strengthening cooperation in bilateral relationships, multilateral partnerships, and other international fora to uphold global security and shared principles, with the goal of ensuring the maintenance of a free and open Indo-Pacific region.

SEC. 1312. MODIFICATION OF INDO-PACIFIC MARITIME SECURITY INITIATIVE.

Section 1263 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (10 U.S.C. 333 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking subparagraphs (A) and (B) and inserting the following:

“(A) to provide assistance to—

“(i) the national military or other security forces of any such country that has among its functional responsibilities a maritime security mission; and

“(ii) any other national-level governmental organization of such a country that has among its functional responsibilities a maritime domain awareness mission, for purposes of helping to achieve the maritime domain awareness objectives of such country if such assistance directly contributes to the integration of a maritime domain awareness activity with the national military or other security forces described in clause (i); and

“(B) to provide training to—

“(i) ministry, agency, and headquarters-level organizations for such forces; or

“(ii) other national-level governmental organizations described in paragraph (A)(ii).”; and

(2) in subsection (h)(1)(A), by inserting “or national-level governmental organization” after “unit or units”.

SEC. 1313. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF PACIFIC DETERRENCE INITIATIVE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Subsection (c) of section 1251 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended—

(1) by striking “the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024” and inserting “the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025”; and

(2) by striking “fiscal year 2024” and inserting “fiscal year 2025”.

(b) **REPORT.**—Subsection (d)(1)(A) of such section is amended by striking “fiscal years 2025 and 2026” and inserting “fiscal years 2026 and 2027”.

(c) **PLAN REQUIRED.**—Subsection (e) of such section is amended by striking “fiscal years 2025 and 2026” and inserting “fiscal years 2026 and 2027”.

SEC. 1314. INDO-PACIFIC EXTENDED DETERRENCE EDUCATION PILOT PROGRAM.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—The Secretary of Defense, using the authorities provided in chapter 16 of title 10, United States Code, and other applicable statutory authorities available to the Secretary, may establish a pilot program, including an international defense personnel exchange program, to support the education of covered personnel in—

(1) matters relating to nuclear deterrence, nuclear strategy, and nuclear defense strategy; and

(2) any other matter the Secretary considers important to strengthening extended nuclear deterrence of—

(A) threats to United States allies posed by major-power competitors; and

(B) any other persistent nuclear threat identified in the 2022 National Defense Strategy published pursuant to section 113(g) of title 10, United States Code.

(b) **INSTITUTIONAL PARTNERSHIP.**—The Secretary may enter into an agreement with an existing university-affiliated research center or an institution of higher education with recognized subject matter expertise in nuclear deterrence and related matters, and demonstrated relevant experience, for the purpose of developing a curriculum to reinforce extended deterrence through education of covered personnel in deterrence, nuclear strategy, conventional-nuclear integration, command and control, and related matters.

(c) **TERMINATION DATE.**—The authority of the Secretary to carry out the pilot program under this section shall terminate on December 31, 2027.

(d) **COVERED PERSONNEL DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “covered personnel” means—

(1) an employee of the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade, the Department of Defence, or equivalent component of the Government of Australia;

(2) an employee of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Ministry of Defense, or equivalent component of the Government of Japan;

(3) an employee of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Ministry of National Defense, or equivalent component of the Government of the Republic of Korea;

(4) a member of the military forces of Australia, Japan, or the Republic of Korea; and

(5) any other official of the Government of Australia, the Government of Japan, or the Government of the Republic of Korea the Secretary considers important to the extended deterrence relationship with the United States.

Subtitle C—Matters Relating to Taiwan

SEC. 1321. MODIFICATION OF REPORTING REQUIREMENT FOR TRANSFER OF DEFENSE ARTICLES AND DEFENSE SERVICES TO TAIWAN.

Paragraph (3) of section 1259A(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91; 131 Stat. 11685; 22 U.S.C. 3302 note) is amended to read as follows:

“(3) FORM.—Each report required under paragraph (1) may be submitted in classified form.”.

SEC. 1322. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND TAIWAN FOR MILITARY TRAUMA CARE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, may establish a joint program on military trauma care with appropriate personnel of the military forces of Taiwan, consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act (22 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.).

(b) ACTIVITIES.—The program authorized by subsection (a) may consist of the following activities between personnel of the United States military health system and the medical personnel of Taiwan’s military forces related to general trauma care, amputation and amputee care, post-traumatic stress disorder, traumatic brain injuries, and any other mental health condition associated with post-traumatic stress disorder or traumatic brain injuries:

(1) Dialogue on best practices for general trauma care, with a focus on amputation and amputee care, including the following elements of amputee care:

- (A) Use of prosthetics.
- (B) Wound care.
- (C) Rehabilitative therapy.
- (D) Family counseling.
- (E) Mental health therapy.

(2) Training and support on trauma care, to include amputation and amputee care.

(3) The conduct of relevant joint conferences and exchanges with military medical professionals.

(4) Opportunities for personnel to attend classes on best practices for trauma and amputee rehabilitation.

(5) Any other relevant military trauma care educational activities that the Secretary of Defense and appropriate officials from Taiwan's military forces determine appropriate.

(c) **USE OF AUTHORITIES.**—In carrying out the joint program authorized by subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense may use the authorities under chapter 16 of title 10, United States Code, and other applicable statutory authorities available to the Secretary.

SEC. 1323. TAIWAN SECURITY COOPERATION INITIATIVE.

(a) **AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act (22 U.S.C. 3301 et. seq.), the Secretary of Defense, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, may provide, for the purpose described in paragraph (2), appropriate assistance as defined in subsection (b) to—

(A) the military, central government security forces, and central government security agencies of Taiwan; and

(B) civilian central government entities of Taiwan that have among their functional responsibilities the support of military and central government security forces.

(2) **PURPOSE.**—The purpose described in this paragraph is to enable Taiwan to maintain sufficient self-defense capabilities, including through one or more of the following:

(A) The capabilities of the military, central government security forces, and central government security agencies of Taiwan to defend against coercion and aggression.

(B) The ability of the civilian central governmental institutions of Taiwan to provide oversight and support, ensure accountability of, or manage, such forces.

(b) **APPROPRIATE ASSISTANCE DEFINED.**—

(1) For purposes of subparagraph (A) of subsection (a)(1), the term “appropriate assistance” includes the following:

(A) Modifications to equipment provided by the United States for exportability or technology security.

(B) Technology or services for effective end-use monitoring.

(C) Intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance capabilities or support.

(D) Anti-armor capabilities.

(E) Radars.

(F) Manned and unmanned aerial capabilities.

(G) Defensive cyber capabilities.

(H) Long-range precision fires.

(I) Integrated air and missile defense systems.

(J) Anti-ship missiles.

(K) Electronic warfare and counter-electronic warfare capabilities or support.

(L) Secure communications equipment and other electronic protection systems.

(M) Undersea warfare capabilities.

(N) Survivable swarming maritime assets.

(O) Integrated air and missile defense systems or capabilities.

(P) Mine and counter-mine capabilities.

(Q) Littoral-zone and coastal defense vessels.

- (R) Coastal defense capabilities.
- (S) Transportation capabilities.
- (T) Command and control capabilities.
- (U) Munitions.
- (V) Training for critical operations and as required to maintain or employ systems and capabilities specified in subparagraphs (B) through (U).
- (2) For purposes of subparagraph (B) of subsection (a)(1), the term “appropriate assistance” includes the following:
 - (A) Modifications to equipment provided by the United States for exportability or technology security.
 - (B) Technology or services for effective end-use monitoring.
 - (C) Intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance capabilities or support.
 - (D) Radars.
 - (E) Manned and unmanned aerial capabilities.
 - (F) Defensive cyber capabilities or support.
 - (G) Secure communications equipment and other electronic protection systems.
 - (H) Transportation capabilities.
 - (I) Command and control capabilities.
 - (J) Training for critical operations and as required to maintain or employ systems and capabilities specified in subparagraphs (B) through (I).
- (c) CONSTRUCTION OF AUTHORIZATION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to constitute a specific statutory authorization for the introduction of United States Armed Forces into hostilities or into situations wherein hostilities are clearly indicated by the circumstances.
- (d) FUNDING.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 for the Department of Defense, not more than \$300,000,000 may be made available for the purposes of subsection (a).
- (e) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY FOR USE OF UNITED STATES INVENTORY.—The Secretary of Defense, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, may, in such quantity as the Secretary of Defense determines appropriate to achieve the purposes of subsection (a)(2)—
 - (1) make available to the military, central government security forces, and central government security agencies of Taiwan defense articles from the United States inventory and defense services, and to recover or dispose of such defense articles; or
 - (2) make available to the foreign military and national security forces and ministries of defense (or security agencies serving a similar defense function) of foreign partners defense articles to replenish comparable stocks that such governments have provided to the military, central government security forces, and central government security agencies of Taiwan.
- (f) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 days before providing assistance or support under subsection (a)(1) or (e), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate committees of Con-

gress a notice containing a description of the defense articles or defense services that will be provided.

(2) ASSISTANCE OR SUPPORT PROVIDED UNDER SUBSECTION (a).—A report under paragraph (1) with respect to the provision of assistance or support under subsection (a)(1) shall include the following:

(A) An identification of the specific recipient of the defense articles or defense services.

(B) Objectives of providing the defense articles or defense services.

(C) The cost of providing the defense articles or defense services.

(D) The anticipated timeline for delivery of the defense articles or defense services.

(3) ASSISTANCE OR SUPPORT PROVIDED UNDER SUBSECTION (e).—A report under paragraph (1) with respect to the provision of assistance or support under subsection (e) shall include the following:

(A) An identification of the recipient foreign country.

(B) A detailed description of the articles to be provided, including the dollar value, origin, and capabilities associated with the articles.

(C) A detailed description of the articles provided to Taiwan to be replenished, including the dollar value, origin, and capabilities associated with the articles.

(D) The impact on United States inventory and readiness of transferring the articles.

(E) An assessment of any security, intellectual property, or end use monitoring issues associated with transferring the articles.

(4) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and

(B) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

(g) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed as circumventing the applicable requirements of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.).

(h) TERMINATION.—The authority provided by this section shall terminate on December 31, 2029.

SEC. 1324. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING INVITATION TO TAIWAN TO RIM OF THE PACIFIC EXERCISE.

It is the sense of Congress that the naval forces of Taiwan may be invited to participate in the Rim of the Pacific exercise, as appropriate, conducted in 2025.

Subtitle D—Coordinating AUKUS Engagement With Japan

SEC. 1331. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

(1) The term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate; and

(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

(2) The term “AUKUS official” means a government official with responsibilities related to the implementation of the AUKUS partnership.

(3) The term “AUKUS partnership” has the meaning given that term in section 1321 of the National Defense Authorization Act of Fiscal Year 2024 (22 U.S.C. 10401).

(4) The term “State AUKUS Coordinator” means the senior advisor at the Department of State designated under section 1331(a)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (22 U.S.C. 10411(a)(1)).

(5) The term “Defense AUKUS Coordinator” means the senior civilian official of the Department of Defense designated under section 1332(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (22 U.S.C. 10412(a)).

(6) The term “Pillar Two” has the meaning given that term in section 1321(2)(B) of the National Defense Authorization Act of Fiscal Year 2024 (22 U.S.C. 10401(2)(B)).

(7) The term “United States Munitions List” means the list set forth in part 121 of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations).

SEC. 1332. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the United States should continue to strengthen relationships and cooperation with allies in order to effectively counter the People’s Republic of China;

(2) the United States should capitalize on the technological advancements allies have made in order to deliver more advanced capabilities at speed and at scale to the United States military and the militaries of partner countries;

(3) the historic announcement of the AUKUS partnership laid out a vision for future defense cooperation in the Indo-Pacific among Australia, the United Kingdom, and the United States;

(4) Pillar Two of the AUKUS partnership envisions cooperation on advanced technologies, including hypersonic capabilities, electronic warfare capabilities, cyber capabilities, quantum technologies, undersea capabilities, and space capabilities;

(5) trusted partners of the United States, the United Kingdom, and Australia, such as Japan, could benefit from and offer significant contributions to a range of projects related to Pillar Two of the AUKUS partnership;

(6) Japan is a treaty ally of the United States and a technologically advanced country with the world's third-largest economy;

(7) in 2022, Australia signed a Reciprocal Access Agreement with Japan to facilitate reciprocal access and cooperation between the Self-Defense Forces of Japan and the Australian Defence Force;

(8) in 2023, the United Kingdom signed a Reciprocal Access Agreement with Japan to facilitate reciprocal access and cooperation between the Self-Defense Forces of Japan and the Armed Forces of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland;

(9) in 2014, Japan relaxed its post-war constraints on the export of non-lethal defense equipment, and in March 2024, Japan further refined that policy to allow for the export of weapons to countries with which it has an agreement in place on defense equipment and technology transfers;

(10) in 2013, Japan passed a secrecy law obligating government officials to protect diplomatic and defense information, and in February 2024, the Cabinet approved a bill creating a new security clearance system covering economic secrets; and

(11) in April 2024, the United States, Australia, and the United Kingdom announced they would consider cooperating with Japan on advanced capability projects under Pillar Two of the AUKUS partnership.

SEC. 1333. ENGAGEMENT WITH JAPAN ON AUKUS PILLAR TWO CO-OPERATION.

(a) ENGAGEMENT REQUIRED.—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the State AUKUS Coordinator and the Defense AUKUS Coordinator shall jointly engage directly, at a technical level, with the relevant stakeholders in the Government of Japan—

(A) to better understand the export control, technology security, and cyber security policies of Japan and the effects of the reforms the Government of Japan has made to those policies since 2014;

(B) to determine overlapping areas of interest and the potential for cooperation with Australia, the United Kingdom, and the United States on projects related to the AUKUS partnership and other projects; and

(C) to identify areas in which the Government of Japan might need to strengthen the export control, technology security, and cyber security systems of Japan in order to guard against export control violations, cyber espionage, technology theft, or other related issues in order to be a successful potential partner in Pillar Two of the AUKUS partnership.

(2) **CONSULTATION WITH AUKUS OFFICIALS.**—In carrying out the engagement required by paragraph (1), the State AUKUS Coordinator and the Defense AUKUS Coordinator shall consult with relevant AUKUS officials from the United Kingdom and Australia.

(b) **BRIEFING REQUIREMENT.**—Not later than 30 days after the date of the engagement required by subsection (a), the State AUKUS Coordinator and the Defense AUKUS Coordinator shall jointly brief the appropriate congressional committees on the following:

- (1) The findings of that engagement.
- (2) A strategy for follow-on engagement.

SEC. 1334. ASSESSMENT OF POTENTIAL FOR COOPERATION WITH JAPAN ON AUKUS PILLAR TWO.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, with the concurrence of the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report assessing the potential for cooperation with Japan on Pillar Two of the AUKUS partnership, detailing the following:

(1) Projects the Government of Japan is engaged in related to the development of advanced defense capabilities under Pillar Two of the AUKUS partnership.

(2) Areas of potential cooperation with Japan on advanced defense capabilities within and outside the scope of Pillar Two of the AUKUS partnership.

(3) The Secretaries' assessment of the current export control, technology security, and cyber security systems of Japan, including—

(A) the procedures under those systems for protecting classified and sensitive defense, technological, diplomatic, and economic information;

(B) the effectiveness of those systems in protecting such information; and

(C) such other matters as the Secretaries consider appropriate.

(4) Any reforms, regulations, and technical capabilities that the Secretary of State considers necessary for Japan to adopt before considering including Japan in the privileges provided under Pillar Two of the AUKUS partnership.

(5) Any recommendations regarding the scope and conditions of potential cooperation with Japan under Pillar Two of the AUKUS partnership.

(6) A strategy and forum for communicating the potential benefits of and requirements for engaging in projects related to Pillar Two of the AUKUS partnership with the Government of Japan.

(7) Any views provided by AUKUS officials from the United Kingdom and Australia on issues relevant to the report, and a plan for cooperation with such officials on future engagement with the Government of Japan related to Pillar Two of the AUKUS partnership.

Subtitle E—Matters Relating to East Asia

SEC. 1341. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER FUNDS FOR BIEN HOA DIOXIN CLEANUP.

Section 1253(b) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 3955) is amended—

- (1) by striking “\$15,000,000” and inserting “\$30,000,000”; and
- (2) by striking “fiscal year 2024” and inserting “fiscal year 2025”.

SEC. 1342. MODIFICATION OF COOPERATIVE PROGRAM WITH VIETNAM TO ACCOUNT FOR VIETNAMESE PERSONNEL MISSING IN ACTION.

Section 1245 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended—

- (1) by striking the section heading and inserting “**VIETNAM WARTIME ACCOUNTING INITIATIVE.**”;
- (2) in subsection (a), by striking “Vietnamese personnel missing in action” and inserting “killed or missing Vietnamese persons from the Vietnam War (referred to in this section as ‘missing persons from the Vietnam War’)”;
- (3) in subsection (b)—
 - (A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “verification,” after “digitization,”;
 - (B) in paragraph (2), by striking “conduct archival research, investigations, and excavations” and inserting “manage archival information and personal data”; and
 - (C) by amending paragraphs (3) and (4) to read as follows:
 - “(3) Supporting activities to build the capacity of Vietnam for locating, recovering, and conducting DNA analysis and identification of missing persons from the Vietnam War.
 - “(4) Increasing exchanges, training, and dialogue among veterans and families of missing persons from the Vietnam War.”;
- (4) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d);
- (5) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):

“(c) **DESIGNATION OF LEAD COORDINATING OFFICE.**—The Secretary shall designate an office within the Department of Defense to serve as the lead coordinating office for the program carried out under this section.”; and
- (6) in subsection (d), as redesignated, by striking “October 1, 2026” and inserting “October 1, 2031”.

SEC. 1343. PLAN FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF A JOINT FORCE HEADQUARTERS IN JAPAN.

(a) **PLAN REQUIRED.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan to reconstitute U.S. Forces Japan as a joint force headquarters consistent with the Joint Statement of the Security Consultative Committee released on July 28, 2024.

(b) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include a description of each of the following:

(1) The operational chain of command of the joint force headquarters as it relates to—

(A) United States Indo-Pacific Command and the component commands of United States Indo-Pacific Command;

(B) the standing joint force headquarters required by section 1087 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 161 note); and

(C) any United States military forces deployed to Japan on a permanent, rotational, or temporary basis.

(2) The manning and resourcing required for the establishment of such a joint force headquarters.

(3) The mission and operational authorities that will be delegated to the joint force headquarters during peacetime, crisis, and conflict.

(4) The relationship of the joint force headquarters with the Japan Self-Defense Forces Joint Operations Command, including coordination and decision-making mechanisms, necessary to enable seamless integration of operations and capabilities and allow for greater interoperability and planning between United States forces and Japanese forces in peacetime and during contingencies.

(5) The infrastructure required to support the joint force headquarters and milestones and timelines for the joint force headquarters to achieve initial operational capability and full operational capability.

(6) Such other matters as the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.

(c) ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than June 1, 2026, and annually thereafter until the joint force headquarters to be established reaches full operational capability, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report providing an update on progress toward achieving the milestones identified under subsection (b)(5) and any other matters the Secretary determines to be relevant.

SEC. 1344. PLAN FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ACTIVITIES TO STRENGTHEN UNITED STATES EXTENDED DETERRENCE COMMITMENTS TO THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA.

(a) PLAN.—Not later than March 1, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for Department of Defense activities to strengthen United States extended deterrence commitments to the Republic of Korea as identified in the December 16, 2023, Joint Press Statement on the United States-Republic of Korea Nuclear Consultative Group.

(b) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) A description of the resources, budget, and personnel needed to strengthen United States extended deterrence commitments to the Republic of Korea, including those related to—

(A) nuclear consultation processes between the United States and the Republic of Korea in crises and contingencies;

- (B) nuclear and strategic planning between the United States and the Republic of Korea;
 - (C) United States-Republic of Korea conventional and nuclear integration;
 - (D) security and information-sharing protocols;
 - (E) exercises, simulations, training, and other investment activities; and
 - (F) risk-reduction practices.
- (2) Any other matter the Secretary of Defense considers relevant.

SEC. 1345. PLAN AND ANNUAL REPORT RELATING TO TRILATERAL DEFENSE COOPERATION WITH JAPAN AND THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA.

(a) PLAN.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1, 2025, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a plan to advance trilateral defense cooperation among the United States, Japan, and the Republic of Korea.

(2) ELEMENTS.— The plan required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) A description of the resources necessary to advance trilateral defense cooperation among the United States, Japan, and the Republic of Korea, including with respect to activities relating to—

- (i) trilateral communication mechanisms, consultations, and senior leadership engagements;
- (ii) ballistic missile defense, including real-time information sharing;
- (iii) trilateral exercises and other activities under the multi-year trilateral exercise plan agreed to by the United States, Japan, and the Republic of Korea in August 2023;
- (iv) the Trilateral Maritime Security Cooperation Framework established by the United States, Japan, and the Republic of Korea in August 2023;
- (v) countering malicious cyber and disinformation activities; and
- (vi) disaster relief and humanitarian assistance activities.

(B) An identification of challenges to improving such trilateral defense cooperation with respect to the activities described in subparagraph (A).

(C) Any other matter the Secretary of Defense considers relevant.

(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than March 1, 2026 and annually thereafter through 2029, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on trilateral defense cooperation among the United States, Japan, and the Republic of Korea that includes, with respect to the activities described in subsection (a)(2)(A), a description of any such activities conducted during the preceding year.

(c) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(1) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 1346. MODIFICATION OF PUBLIC REPORTING OF CHINESE MILITARY COMPANIES OPERATING IN THE UNITED STATES.

Section 1260H of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 3965; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “an explanation of any entities deleted from such list with respect to a prior list” and inserting “a justification for adding any entities to the list and for deleting any entities from a prior list”;

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) by striking “Concurrent with” and inserting the following:

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Concurrent with”; and

(ii) by adding at the end the following:

“(B) INCLUSION.—The publication required by subparagraph (A) shall include, for each entity included in the unclassified portion of such list, the justification for inclusion in such list.”;

(C) in paragraph (3)—

(i) in the paragraph heading, by striking “ONGOING” and inserting “ANNUAL”; and

(ii) by striking “on an ongoing basis” and inserting “not less frequently than annually”; and

(D) by adding at the end the following:

“(4) LANGUAGE REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary shall prepare the list required by paragraph (1) in English and in Mandarin Chinese. If the name of a Chinese military company included on the list is referred to by the Government of China in a language other than English or Mandarin Chinese, the Secretary shall also include on the list the name of that company in that language.”;

(2) in subsection (d)—

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) as paragraphs (2), (3), and (5), respectively;

(B) by inserting before paragraph (2), as so redesignated, the following:

“(1) AFFILIATED WITH.—The term ‘affiliated with’ means in close formal or informal association.”;

(C) in paragraph (2), as so redesignated—

(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking “and” at the end;

(ii) in subparagraph (B)—

(I) in clause (i), by amending subclause (I) to read as follows:

“(I) directly or indirectly owned by, controlled by, or beneficially owned by, affiliated with, or in an official

or unofficial capacity acting as an agent of or on behalf of, the People's Liberation Army, Chinese military and paramilitary elements, security forces, police, law enforcement, border control, the People's Armed Police, the Ministry of State Security (MSS), or any other organization subordinate to the Central Military Commission of the Chinese Communist Party, the Chinese Ministry of Industry and Information Technology (MIIT), the State-Owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council (SASAC), or the State Administration of Science, Technology, and Industry for National Defense (SASTIND); or"; and

(II) in clause (ii), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following:

"(C) includes a wholly-owned or wholly-controlled subsidiary or wholly-owned or wholly-controlled affiliate of such an entity or any entity that owns in the aggregate, directly or indirectly, 50 percent or more of any entity or entities described in subparagraph (B).";

(D) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated—

(i) by amending subparagraphs (A) and (B) to read as follows:

"(A) Entities knowingly receiving assistance from the Government of China or the Chinese Communist Party through science, technology, research, and industrial efforts initiated, granted, or created by, or provided under, or related to, the Chinese military industrial planning apparatus, or in furtherance of Chinese military industrial planning objectives, including selection or designation as a 'Single Champion', 'Little Giant', or any other successor selection or designation as an enterprise associated with industrial planning or military-civil fusion efforts.

"(B) Entities managed, overseen, or supervised by, otherwise under the control of, or affiliated with (including by means of formal participation in research partnerships and projects)—

"(i) the Chinese Ministry of Industry and Information Technology (MIIT);

"(ii) the State-Owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council (SASAC);

"(iii) the State Administration of Science, Technology and Industry for National Defense (SASTIND);

"(iv) the Ministry of State Security (MSS); or

"(v) the People's Liberation Army."; and

(ii) in subparagraph (F), by striking "such as" and inserting "including";

(E) by inserting after paragraph (3), as so redesignated, the following:

"(4) OPERATING DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY IN THE UNITED STATES OR ANY OF ITS TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS.—With respect to an entity, the term 'operating directly or indirectly in

the United States or any of its territories and possessions' includes an entity selling goods in, or receiving goods or services from, the United States or any of its territories or possessions, regardless of whether the entity has a physical presence in the United States."; and

(F) in paragraph (5), as so redesignated—

- (i) by inserting "or intelligence" after "security"; and
- (ii) by adding at the end before the period the following; " , including other Chinese military and paramilitary elements, security forces, police, law enforcement, border control, and the Ministry of State Security";

(3) by redesignating subsection (d), as so amended, as subsection (g); and

(4) by inserting after subsection (c) the following:

"(d) DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE REPORT.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 31, 2026, and biennially thereafter through December 31, 2031, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the status of Department of Defense procurement restrictions on entities included in the list described in subsection (b)(1).

"(2) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

"(A) A list of each entity included in the list described in subsection (b)(1) that is likely present in the United States defense industrial base.

"(B) Available unclassified data on any such entity and its presence within the United States defense industrial base.

"(C) A description of any update to policies or procedures implemented to enforce procurement restrictions on entities included in the list described in subsection (b)(1).

"(e) PROCEDURES FOR IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish such reasonable procedures as are necessary to implement the provisions of this section, including for obtaining information from outside entities relevant to the list described in subsection (b)(1) and procedures for removal of entities from the list described in subsection (b)(1).

"(f) JUDICIAL REVIEW.— In any judicial review of a determination made under this section, if the determination was based on classified information (as defined in section 1(a) of the Classified Information Procedures Act) such information may be submitted to the reviewing court ex parte and in camera. This subsection does not confer or imply any right to judicial review."

SEC. 1347. STRATEGY TO ADDRESS MALIGN ACTIVITIES BY THE PEOPLE'S LIBERATION ARMY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a transregional, multi-functional, and multi-domain strategy to coordinate activities among combatant commands for identifying and, if necessary and appropriate, addressing malign activities by the People's Liberation Army of the People's Republic of China.

(b) COMBATANT COMMAND LIAISONS.—Concurrently with the submission of the strategy required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall designate, within each combatant command (other than the United States Indo-Pacific Command), an official liaison for coordinated transregional, multi-functional, and multi-domain efforts to address malign activities by the People’s Liberation Army.

TITLE XIV—OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

Subtitle A—Military Programs

- Sec. 1401. Working capital funds.
- Sec. 1402. Chemical agents and munitions destruction, defense.
- Sec. 1403. Drug interdiction and counter-drug activities, defense-wide.
- Sec. 1404. Defense Inspector General.
- Sec. 1405. Defense Health Program.

Subtitle B—National Defense Stockpile

- Sec. 1411. Restoring the National Defense Stockpile.
- Sec. 1412. Consultations with respect to environmental reviews of projects that will increase availability of strategic and critical materials for acquisition for National Defense Stockpile.

Subtitle C—Other Matters

- Sec. 1421. Extension of authorities for funding and management of Joint Department of Defense-Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facility Demonstration Fund for Captain James A. Lovell Health Care Center, Illinois.
- Sec. 1422. Eligibility of Space Force officers for membership on Armed Forces Retirement Home Advisory Council.
- Sec. 1423. Armed Forces Retirement Home: availability of licensed practitioners.
- Sec. 1424. Authorization of appropriations for Armed Forces Retirement Home.

Subtitle A—Military Programs

SEC. 1401. WORKING CAPITAL FUNDS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for providing capital for working capital and revolving funds, as specified in the funding table in section 4501.

SEC. 1402. CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MUNITIONS DESTRUCTION, DEFENSE.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2025 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for Chemical Agents and Munitions Destruction, Defense, as specified in the funding table in section 4501.

(b) USE.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a) are authorized for the destruction of lethal chemical agents and munitions in accordance with section 1412 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (50 U.S.C. 1521).

SEC. 1403. DRUG INTERDICTION AND COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES, DEFENSE-WIDE.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2025 for expenses, not otherwise

provided for, for Drug Interdiction and Counter-Drug Activities, Defense-wide, as specified in the funding table in section 4501.

SEC. 1404. DEFENSE INSPECTOR GENERAL.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2025 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense, as specified in the funding table in section 4501.

SEC. 1405. DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 for the Defense Health Program for use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for providing for the health of eligible beneficiaries, as specified in the funding table in section 4501.

Subtitle B—National Defense Stockpile

SEC. 1411. RESTORING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE.

(a) **PLAN TO FULLY FUND EXISTING NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE REQUIREMENTS.**—Not later than April 15, 2025, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan that includes the following:

(1) An identification of the strategic and critical materials for which there is a shortfall in the National Defense Stockpile, as determined by the Secretary, and the estimated cost of resolving such shortfalls.

(2) A plan for resolving the shortfalls identified under paragraph (1) and to avoid any future shortfall in the National Defense Stockpile—

(A) with respect to the military and industrial needs of the United States during a national emergency, not later than December 31, 2027; and

(B) with respect to the essential civilian needs of the United States during a national emergency, not later than December 31, 2029.

(3) A description of the additional funds that would be necessary to resolve the shortfalls identified under paragraph (1) if the National Defense Stockpile was required to meet the national defense needs of the United States for a period of—

(A) not less than two years during a national emergency; and

(B) not less than three years during a national emergency.

(b) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) The term “national emergency” has the meaning given such term under section 12 of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98h–3).

(2) The term “strategic and critical materials” means materials determined pursuant to section 3(a) of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98b(a)) to be strategic and critical materials.

SEC. 1412. CONSULTATIONS WITH RESPECT TO ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEWS OF PROJECTS THAT WILL INCREASE AVAILABILITY OF STRATEGIC AND CRITICAL MATERIALS FOR ACQUISITION FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense shall consult with the head of any agency responsible for the development of an environmental document for a project that will result in an increase in the availability of strategic and critical materials for acquisition for the Stockpile.

(b) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) **AGENCY.**—The term “agency” has the meaning given such term in section 551 of title 5, United States Code.

(2) **ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENT.**—The term “environmental document” has the meaning given that term in section 111 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4336e).

(3) **STOCKPILE.**—The term “Stockpile” means the National Defense Stockpile established under section 3 of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98b).

(4) **STRATEGIC AND CRITICAL MATERIALS.**—The term “strategic and critical materials” means materials, including rare earth elements, that are necessary to meet national defense and national security requirements, including requirements relating to supply chain resiliency, and for the economic security of the United States.

Subtitle C—Other Matters

SEC. 1421. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITIES FOR FUNDING AND MANAGEMENT OF JOINT DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE-DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS MEDICAL FACILITY DEMONSTRATION FUND FOR CAPTAIN JAMES A. LOVELL HEALTH CARE CENTER, ILLINOIS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 1704(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2573), as most recently amended by section 305 of division B of the Continuing Appropriations and Extensions Act, 2025 (Public Law 118–83, 138 Stat. 1539), is amended by striking “September 30, 2025” and inserting “September 30, 2026”.

(b) **AUTHORITY FOR TRANSFER OF FUNDS.**—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated for section 1405 and available for the Defense Health Program for operation and maintenance, \$162,500,000 may be transferred by the Secretary of Defense to the Joint Department of Defense–Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facility Demonstration Fund established by subsection (a)(1) of section 1704 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2571). For purposes of subsection (a)(2) of such section 1704, any funds so transferred shall be treated as amounts authorized and appropriated specifically for the purpose of such a transfer.

(c) **USE OF TRANSFERRED FUNDS.**—For the purposes of subsection (b) of such section 1704, facility operations for which funds transferred under subsection (b) of this section may be used are operations of the Captain James A. Lovell Federal Health Care Center, consisting of the North Chicago Veterans Affairs Medical Center,

the Navy Ambulatory Care Center, and supporting facilities designated as a combined Federal medical facility under an operational agreement covered by section 706 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4500).

SEC. 1422. ELIGIBILITY OF SPACE FORCE OFFICERS FOR MEMBERSHIP ON ARMED FORCES RETIREMENT HOME ADVISORY COUNCIL.

(a) SPACE FORCE CHIEF PERSONNEL OFFICER.—Section 1502(5) of the Armed Forces Retirement Home Act of 1991 (24 U.S.C. 401(5)) is amended—

- (1) in subparagraph (D), by striking “and” at the end;
- (2) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
“(F) the Deputy Chief of Space Operations for Human Capital of the Space Force.”.

(b) SPACE FORCE SENIOR NONCOMMISSIONED OFFICER.—Section 1502(6) of such Act (24 U.S.C. 401(6)) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(F) The Chief Master Sergeant of the Space Force.”.

SEC. 1423. ARMED FORCES RETIREMENT HOME: AVAILABILITY OF LICENSED PRACTITIONERS.

Subsection (c) of section 1513 of the Armed Forces Retirement Home Act of 1991 (24 U.S.C. 413) is amended to read as follows:

“(c) AVAILABILITY OF LICENSED PRACTITIONERS.—(1) In providing for the health care needs of residents at a facility of the Retirement Home under subsection (b), the Retirement Home shall have appropriate licensed practitioners, as determined under paragraph (2), available during the daily business hours of the facility and on an on-call basis at other times.

“(2) In accordance with accrediting organization standards pursuant to section 1511(g), the Chief Operating Officer, in consultation with the Medical Director, shall ensure that the skills, experience, and availability of the practitioners are suited to residents of the facility.”.

SEC. 1424. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR ARMED FORCES RETIREMENT HOME.

There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 from the Armed Forces Retirement Home Trust Fund the sum of \$100,520,000 for the operation of the Armed Forces Retirement Home.

TITLE XV—CYBERSPACE-RELATED MATTERS

Subtitle A—Cyber Operations

- Sec. 1501. Modification of prohibition on purchase of cyber data products or services other than through the program management office for Department of Defense-wide procurement of cyber data products and services.
- Sec. 1502. Department of Defense Information Network subordinate unified command.
- Sec. 1503. Establishment of the Department of Defense Hackathon program.

- Sec. 1504. Support for cyber threat tabletop exercise program with the defense industrial base.
- Sec. 1505. Accounting of cloud computing capabilities of the Department of Defense.

Subtitle B—Cybersecurity

- Sec. 1511. Termination of reporting requirement for cross domain incidents and exemptions to policies for information technology.
- Sec. 1512. Information technology programs of the National Background Investigation Service.
- Sec. 1513. Guidance for application of zero trust strategy to Internet of Things hardware used in military operations.
- Sec. 1514. Management and cybersecurity of multi-cloud environments.
- Sec. 1515. Protective measures for mobile devices within the Department of Defense.

Subtitle C—Information Technology and Data Management

- Sec. 1521. Usability of antiquated and proprietary data formats for modern operations.
- Sec. 1522. Modernization of the Department of Defense's Authorization to Operate processes.
- Sec. 1523. Update of biometric policy of Department of Defense.

Subtitle D—Artificial Intelligence

- Sec. 1531. Artificial Intelligence Human Factors Integration Initiative.
- Sec. 1532. Advanced computing infrastructure to enable advanced artificial intelligence capabilities.
- Sec. 1533. Cost budgeting for artificial intelligence data.
- Sec. 1534. Evaluation of Federated Artificial Intelligence-Enabled Weapon Systems Center of Excellence.

Subtitle E—Reports and Other Matters

- Sec. 1541. Oversight and reporting on the Mission Partner Environment and associated activities within the Department of Defense.
- Sec. 1542. Extension of certification requirement regarding contracting for military recruiting.
- Sec. 1543. Prohibition on disestablishment or merger of officer career paths within the Cyber Branch of the United States Army.
- Sec. 1544. Independent assessment of cyber organizational models.
- Sec. 1545. Limitation on availability of funds for the Joint Cyber Warfighting Architecture.
- Sec. 1546. Risk framework for foreign mobile applications of concern.
- Sec. 1547. Joint partner-sharing network capabilities for Middle East defense integration.

Subtitle A—Cyber Operations

SEC. 1501. MODIFICATION OF PROHIBITION ON PURCHASE OF CYBER DATA PRODUCTS OR SERVICES OTHER THAN THROUGH THE PROGRAM MANAGEMENT OFFICE FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE-WIDE PROCUREMENT OF CYBER DATA PRODUCTS AND SERVICES.

Section 1521(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 10 U.S.C. 2224 note) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1), by striking “; or” and inserting a semicolon;
- (2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; or”; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) such component submits to such office a justification for such component to independently procure such product or service that such component determines as demonstrating—

“(A) the compelling need for such product or service; and

“(B) either the urgency for such product or service or the need to ensure competition in the market for such product or service supports such independent procurement by such component.”.

SEC. 1502. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE INFORMATION NETWORK SUBORDINATE UNIFIED COMMAND.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall designate the Joint Force Headquarters-Department of Defense Information Network as a subordinate unified command under the United States Cyber Command.

(b) **DESIGNATION NOTICE.**—On the date on which the Secretary of Defense makes the designation required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall issue to the Secretary of each military department (as defined in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code), the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Under Secretaries of the Department of Defense, the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, the General Counsel of the Department of Defense, the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation, the Inspector General of the Department of Defense, the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation, the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Legislative Affairs, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict, the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense, the commander of each combatant command, and the head of each Defense Agency and Department of Defense Field Activity (as such terms are defined, respectively, in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code) a notice regarding—

(1) the designation of the Joint Force Headquarters-Department of Defense Information Network as a subordinate unified command under the United States Cyber Command; and

(2) the mission of the Joint Force Headquarters-Department of Defense Information Network as the lead organization for the network operations, security, and defense of the Department of Defense Information Network.

SEC. 1503. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE HACKATHON PROGRAM.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense, in coordination with the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, shall establish a program (to be known as the “Department of Defense Hackathon Program”) under which the commanders of combatant commands and the Secretaries of the military departments shall carry out not fewer than four Hackathons each year.

(b) **PROGRAM MANAGEMENT.**—The Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense shall develop and implement standards for carrying out Hackathons, provide sup-

porting technical infrastructure to the host of each Hackathon, and determine the hosts each year under subsection (c)(1).

(c) HOSTS.—

(1)(A) Each year, two commanders of combatant commands shall each carry out a Hackathon and two Secretaries of military departments shall each carry out a Hackathon, as determined by the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense in accordance with this subsection.

(B) The commanders of combatant commands and the Secretaries of military departments carrying out Hackathons pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall change each year.

(C) Each host of a Hackathon shall—

(i) provide to the participants invited to participate in such Hackathon a per diem allowance in accordance with section 5702 of title 5, United States Code, or section 452 of title 37, United States Code, as applicable; and

(ii) not later than 60 days after the completion of such Hackathon, make available to the Department of Defense a report on such Hackathon.

(2) Any commander of a combatant command or Secretary of a military department may carry out a Hackathon in addition to the Hackathons required under paragraph (1).

(d) HACKATHON OBJECTIVES.—

(1) The host of each Hackathon shall establish objectives for the Hackathon that address a critical, technical challenge of the combatant command or military department of the host, as applicable, through the use of individuals with specialized and relevant skills, including data scientists, developers, software engineers, and other specialists as determined appropriate by the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense or the host.

(2) In addition to the objectives established by the host of a Hackathon under paragraph (1), the objectives for each Hackathon shall include—

(A) fostering innovation across the Department of Defense, including in military departments and the combatant commands; and

(B) creating repeatable processes enabling the commanders of combatant commands and the Secretaries of the military departments to more rapidly identify and develop solutions to critical, technical challenges across the Department of Defense.

(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

(1) the term “Hackathon” means an event carried out under the Program at which employees across the Department of Defense meet to collaboratively attempt to develop functional software or hardware solutions during the event to solve a critical, technical challenge determined by the host;

(2) the term “host”, with respect to a Hackathon, means the commander of the combatant command or the Secretary of the military department carrying out the Hackathon;

(3) the term “military department” has the meaning given such term in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code; and

(4) the term “Program” means the program established under subsection (a).

SEC. 1504. SUPPORT FOR CYBER THREAT TABLETOP EXERCISE PROGRAM WITH THE DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE.

(a) DEVELOPMENT OF CYBER THREAT TABLETOP EXERCISE PROGRAM.—

(1) IN GENERAL.— Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy, shall establish a program (to be known as the “Cyber Threat Tabletop Exercise Program”) to prepare the Department of Defense and the defense industrial base for cyber attacks preceding or during times of conflict or wars through the use of tabletop exercises.

(2) PARTICIPATION.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the program, the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy, shall consult and coordinate with the following:

(i) The Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense.

(ii) The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment.

(iii) The Commander of the United States Cyber Command.

(iv) The Commander of the United States Northern Command.

(v) The Commander of the Army Interagency Training and Education Center.

(vi) The Director of the Defense Cyber Crime Center.

(vii) Such other individuals and entities as the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy determines appropriate.

(B) SOLICITATION.—The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy may solicit such individuals and entities in the Department of Defense and the defense industrial base as the Assistant Secretary determines appropriate to participate in the program.

(3) CYBER THREAT TABLETOP EXERCISE PROGRAM.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The program shall consist of the following:

(i) A series of tabletop exercises that simulate cyber attack scenarios affecting the defense industrial base, which the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy shall carry out on a biannual basis beginning not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act until December 30, 2030, and in which the Department of Defense and entities in the defense industrial base shall participate.

(ii) A series of tabletop exercises for use by individual entities or collections of entities in the defense industrial base that simulate cyber attack scenarios affecting the defense industrial base and which are de-

signed to test and improve the responses and plans of such entities to such scenarios.

(B) TABLETOP EXERCISE DEVELOPMENT.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy shall develop and update the tabletop exercises described in subparagraph (A).

(ii) REALISTIC ATTACKS.—The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy shall ensure that the cyber attacks simulated by the tabletop exercises described in subparagraph (A) are based on the cyber attack capabilities and activities of current and potential adversaries of the United States.

(4) PROCEDURES FOR IDENTIFICATION OF VULNERABILITIES AND LESSONS LEARNED.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy shall establish procedures to—

(A) identify vulnerabilities in the cybersecurity of the Department of Defense and the defense industrial base pursuant to the tabletop exercises carried out under the program; and

(B) identify other lessons learned that can improve national security or the quality of such tabletop exercises.

(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than September 30, 2025, and annually thereafter until the October 1, 2029, the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report describing the activities of the Department of Defense pursuant to this section during the preceding year.

(c) PROGRAM DEFINED.—In this section, the term “program” means the program established under subsection (a).

SEC. 1505. ACCOUNTING OF CLOUD COMPUTING CAPABILITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than October 15, 2025, and every six months thereafter, the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing each covered cloud contract of the Department of Defense.

(b) REPORT CONTENTS.—Each report under subsection (a) shall include—

(1) the covered cloud contracts submitted by the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the Secretaries of the military departments, the head of each Department of Defense Field Activity, and the commander of each combatant command under subsection (c);

(2) a list of the cloud capabilities and services acquired across the Department of Defense under contracts other than covered cloud contracts; and

(3) for each current or planned cloud contract of the Department of Defense, the information described in the memorandum described in subsection (f) to show where cloud environments under such contracts are being used and the costs incurred by the Department outside of contracts authorized by the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense for cloud capabilities.

(c) **COLLECTION OF CLOUD CONTRACTS.**—Upon the request of the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the Secretaries of the military departments, the head of each Department of Defense Field Activity, and the commander of each combatant command shall each submit to the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense the covered cloud contracts of such office, military department, Department of Defense Field Activity, or combatant command, respectively.

(d) **REPORT.**—The Secretary of Defense shall include the information required to be contained in the report under subsection (a) for the covered cloud contracts of the Department of Defense in the budget justification materials (as defined in section 3(b)(2) of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note)) submitted by the Department of Defense with respect to the budget of the President submitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, for fiscal year 2027, and for each fiscal year thereafter.

(e) **SUNSET.**—This section shall terminate on December 31, 2030.

(f) **COVERED CLOUD CONTRACT DEFINED.**—The term “covered cloud contract” means a contract entered into under the multiple award contract described in the memorandum of the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense titled “Department of Defense Joint Warfighting Cloud Capability and Next Steps to Rationalize Cloud Use Across the Department of Defense” and dated July 31, 2023.

Subtitle B—Cybersecurity

SEC. 1511. TERMINATION OF REPORTING REQUIREMENT FOR CROSS DOMAIN INCIDENTS AND EXEMPTIONS TO POLICIES FOR INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.

Section 1727 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 4117; 10 U.S.C. 2224 note) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(c) **TERMINATION DATE.**—The requirement of the Secretary of Defense to submit a monthly report under subsection (a) shall terminate on December 31, 2025.”.

SEC. 1512. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY PROGRAMS OF THE NATIONAL BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION SERVICE.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the authorizing official of the Defense Counterintelligence and Security Agency, in coordination with the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, shall—

(1) take such actions as may be necessary to ensure that the National Background Investigation Services are in compliance with the relevant standards and guidelines published by the National Institution of Standards and Technology in NIST Special Publication 800–53, Revision 5 (relating to security and privacy controls for information systems and organizations), or successor publication or revision thereto; and

(2) submit to Congress a notice either—

(A) certifying that such services are in compliance with such standards and guidelines; or

(B) explaining why the authorizing official of the Defense Counterintelligence and Security Agency is unable to certify that such services are in compliance with such standards and guidelines.

SEC. 1513. GUIDANCE FOR APPLICATION OF ZERO TRUST STRATEGY TO INTERNET OF THINGS HARDWARE USED IN MILITARY OPERATIONS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense shall develop guidance for how—

(1) the zero trust strategy of the Department of Defense developed under section 1528 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (10 U.S.C. 2224 note) applies to Internet of Things hardware, including human-wearable devices, sensors, and other smart technology used by the United States in military operations; and

(2) the role identity, credential, and access management technologies serve in enforcing such zero trust strategy.

(b) **INTERNET OF THINGS DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “Internet of Things” has the meaning given such term by the National Institution of Standards and Technology in NIST Special Publication 800-172 and any amendatory or superseding document relating thereto.

SEC. 1514. MANAGEMENT AND CYBERSECURITY OF MULTI-CLOUD ENVIRONMENTS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall, acting through the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, develop a strategy for the management and cybersecurity of the multi-cloud environments of the Department.

(b) **STRATEGY.**—The strategy required under subsection (a) shall—

(1) align with the zero trust strategy of the Department of Defense entitled “DoD Zero Trust Strategy” and dated October 21, 2022, or any successor thereto;

(2) provide the Department with network visibility and interoperability across the entirety of the multi-cloud environments of the Department;

(3) rationalize user identities across such multi-cloud environments, including through the implementation of identity, credential, and access management technologies;

(4) maintain the same means to secure endpoints across the Department;

(5) provide means for improving the identification and resolution of security concerns for each cloud environment prior to and during the adoption of such cloud environment by the Department;

(6) assess means to increase the adoption of artificial intelligence applications into the multi-cloud environments of the Department;

(7) increase the transparency of the reporting by the Department on the usage of such multi-cloud environments by the De-

partment to improve planning for capacity demand, budgeting, and predictability for users and the contractors of the Department providing such multi-cloud environments and the goods and services related to such multi-cloud environments;

(8) identify opportunities to improve the planning of the Department for data use and storage in such cloud environments, including policies and processes to enforce protection of data provided by the Government when such data is used to train artificial intelligence models or other commercially developed software systems;

(9) identify opportunities to streamline certification processes related to the provision of cloud services for cloud service providers; and

(10) include a plan for training the necessary personnel of the Department on how to—

(A) incorporate the use of multi-cloud environments into the performance of the functions of the Department; and

(B) effectively leverage cybersecurity capabilities in such multi-cloud environments.

(c) BRIEFING.—Not later than 240 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees the strategy developed pursuant to subsection (a) and, concurrent with such submission, provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on such strategy.

SEC. 1515. PROTECTIVE MEASURES FOR MOBILE DEVICES WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall carry out a detailed evaluation of the cybersecurity products and services for mobile devices to identify products and services that may improve the cybersecurity of mobile devices used by the Department of Defense, including mitigating the risk to the Department of Defense from cyber attacks against mobile devices.

(b) CYBERSECURITY TECHNOLOGIES.—In carrying out the evaluation required under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall evaluate each of the following technologies:

(1) Anonymizing-enabling technologies, including dynamic selector rotation, un-linkable payment structures, and anonymous onboarding.

(2) Network-enabled full content inspection.

(3) Mobile-device case hardware solutions.

(4) On-device virtual private networks.

(5) Protected Domain Name Server infrastructure.

(6) Extended coverage for mobile device endpoint detection.

(7) Smishing, phishing, and business text or email compromise protection leveraging generative artificial intelligence.

(8) Any other emerging or established technologies determined appropriate by the Secretary.

(c) ELEMENTS.—In carrying out the evaluation required under subsection (a), for each technology described in subsection (b), the Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) assess the efficacy and value of the cybersecurity provided by the technology for mobile devices;

(2) assess the feasibility of scaling the technology across the entirety or components of the Department of Defense, including the timeline for deploying the technology across the entirety or components of the Department of Defense; and

(3) evaluate the ability of the Department of Defense to integrate the technology with the existing cybersecurity architecture of the Department of Defense.

(d) **REPORT.**—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report of the findings of the evaluation carried out under subsection (a), including a determination whether the Department of Defense or any component thereof should procure or incorporate any of the technologies evaluated pursuant to subsection (b).

Subtitle C—Information Technology and Data Management

SEC. 1521. USABILITY OF ANTIQUATED AND PROPRIETARY DATA FORMATS FOR MODERN OPERATIONS.

(a) STRATEGY AND ROADMAP.—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, shall develop—

(A) a strategy for the Department of Defense, including each of the military departments, to identify, implement, and use modern data formats as the primary method of electronic communication for command and control activities and for weapon systems, including sensors associated with such weapon systems; and

(B) an associated five-year roadmap for the Department of Defense, including each of the military departments, to implement modern data formats under the strategy described in subparagraph (A).

(2) **ELEMENTS.**—The strategy and roadmap required under paragraph (1) shall include the following elements:

(A) The activities of the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense to increase and synchronize the use of modern data formats and modern data sharing standards across the Department of Defense.

(B) Development of standard definitions for modern and antiquated data formats, including a representative catalog of the types of data formats that fall under each category.

(C) The activities of the military departments to increase the use of modern data formats and modern data sharing standards for command and control systems, weapon systems, and sensors associated with such weapon systems.

(D) An identification of barriers to the use of modern data formats and modern data sharing standards within

weapon systems and sensors associated with such weapon systems across the Department of Defense.

(E) An identification of barriers to the use of modern data formats and modern data sharing standards within command and control systems across the Department of Defense.

(F) An identification of limitations on combined joint all-domain command and control capabilities resulting from the use of antiquated data formats.

(G) An identification of policy documents, instructions, or other guidance requiring an update pursuant to such strategy.

(H) The sources of funding for each military department with respect to implementation of such strategy.

(3) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—Upon completion of the strategy and roadmap required under this subsection, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives such strategy.

(4) MODERN DATA FORMATS.—For the purposes of this subsection, the term “modern data formats” includes—

(A) the JavaScript Object Notation data format;

(B) the Binary JavaScript Object Notation data format;

(C) the Protocol Buffers data format; and

(D) such other data formats that the Secretary of Defense determines would meet the requirements in this section.

(b) PILOT PROGRAMS.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 60 days after the completion of the strategy required by subsection (a)—

(A) the Secretary of Defense shall establish a pilot program under which the Department of Defense, other than the military departments, shall use modern data formats to improve the usability and functionality of information stored or produced in antiquated data formats, including by the automated conversion of such information to modern data formats; and

(B) each Secretary of a military department shall establish a pilot program under which such military department shall use modern data formats as described in subparagraph (A).

(2) BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after the completion of the strategy required by subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the military departments shall each submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the progress of the pilot program established by such Secretary under this subsection, including specific examples of the use of modern data formats under such pilot program to improve the usability and functionality of information stored or produced in antiquated data formats.

(3) SUNSET.—Each pilot program established under this subsection shall terminate on the date that is five years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) **MILITARY DEPARTMENT DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “military department” has the meaning given such term in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 1522. MODERNIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE’S AUTHORIZATION TO OPERATE PROCESSES.

(a) **ACTIVE DIRECTORY OF AUTHORIZING OFFICIALS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense and in coordination with the Chief Information Officers of the military departments, shall establish and regularly update a digital directory of all authorizing officials in the military departments.

(2) **CONTENTS.**—The directory established under paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) the most current contact information for such authorizing official; and

(B) a list of each training required to perform the duties and responsibilities of an authorizing official completed by such authorizing official.

(b) **PRESUMPTION OF RECIPROCAL SOFTWARE ACCREDITING STANDARDS.**—

(1) **POLICY REQUIRED.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, shall implement a policy that requires authorizing officials to adopt the security analysis and artifacts, as appropriate, of a cloud-hosted platform, service, or application that has already been authorized by another authorizing official in the Department of Defense in order to more rapidly adopt and use such cloud-hosted platforms, services, and applications, at the corresponding classification level and in accordance with the existing authorization conditions, without additional authorizations or reviews.

(2) **ELEMENTS.**—The Secretary shall ensure that the policy implemented under paragraph (1)—

(A) ensures the development of standardized and transparent documentation of the security, accreditation, performance, and operational capabilities of cloud-hosted platforms, services, and applications to enable decision making by mission owners of such cloud-hosted platforms, services, and applications;

(B) provides for an intuitive and digital workflow to document acknowledgments among mission owners and system owners of use of the operational capabilities of cloud-hosted platforms, services, and applications;

(C) directs a review by mission owners of existing authorization information, at the appropriate classification level, regarding the status of the operational capabilities of cloud-hosted platforms, services, and applications, including through management dashboards or other management analytic capabilities; and

(D) defines a process, including required timelines, to allow authorizing officials that disagree with the security

analysis of a cloud-hosted platform, service, or application that such official would be required to adopt under such policy to present such disagreement to the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, or such other individual or entity designated by the Chief Information Officer, for adjudication.

(3) **APPLICABILITY.**—The policy implemented pursuant to subsection (a) shall apply to—

(A) all authorizing officials in the Department of Defense, including in each military department, component, and agency of the Department; and

(B) all operational capabilities of cloud-hosted platforms, services, and applications, including capabilities on public cloud infrastructure, as authorized through the Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program established under section 3608 of title 44, United States Code, and the Defense Information Systems Agency, and capabilities on private cloud landing zones managed by the Department of Defense that are authorized by Department accrediting officials.

(c) **REPORT.**—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the status of the implementation of subsections (a) and (b).

(d) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section—

(1) the term “Authorization to Operate” has the meaning given such term in the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-130;

(2) the term “authorizing official” means an officer who is authorized to assume responsibility for operating an information system at an acceptable level of risk to organizational operations (including mission, functions, image, or reputation), organizational assets, individuals, other organizations, and the United States;

(3) the term “military departments” has the meaning given such term in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code;

(4) the term “mission owner” means the user of a cloud-based platform, service, or application; and

(5) the term “system owner” means the element of the Department of Defense responsible for acquiring a cloud-based platform, service, or application, but which is not a mission owner of such cloud-based platform, service, or application.

SEC. 1523. UPDATE OF BIOMETRIC POLICY OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security shall update the policy of the Department of Defense regarding the protection of biometric data.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The policy updates required by subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) Standards for encrypting and protecting data on biometric collection devices.

(2) A requirement to sanitize biometric data from collection devices and hard drives prior to disposal of the devices and hard drives.

(3) A requirement that components of the Department maintain records that they have sanitized all data from biometric collection devices when the devices are turned in for disposal.

Subtitle D—Artificial Intelligence

SEC. 1531. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE HUMAN FACTORS INTEGRATION INITIATIVE.

(a) INITIATIVE REQUIRED.—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense, shall establish an initiative—

(A) to improve the human usability of artificial intelligence systems and information derived from such systems through the application of cognitive ergonomics techniques; and

(B) to improve the human usability and cognitive effectiveness of artificial intelligence systems adopted by the Department of Defense by ensuring that design tools and metrics are available for artificial intelligence and machine learning programs that ensure human factors considerations are included for such systems.

(2) **DESIGNATION.**—The initiative established pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be known as the “Artificial Intelligence Human Factors Integration Initiative” (in this section the “Initiative”).

(b) **BRIEFING.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, and the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense shall jointly brief the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives on the following:

(1) Existing research and development work within the Department of Defense laboratories relating to human-machine teaming, human-centered design, cognitive load, cognitive ergonomics, and similar topics that are currently being used or could be used to inform or enhance Department personnel usability of artificial intelligence systems and artificial intelligence-derived information.

(2) Identification of gaps in research with respect to interactions of personnel of the Department with artificial intelligence systems in warfighting and nonwarfighting environments that may necessitate additional research within the Federal Government, industry, or academia.

(3) Identification of relevant tools, methodologies, testing processes or systems, and evaluation metrics that may be of use to the Department in improving the cognitive ergonomic

and human usability features of artificial intelligence systems for personnel of the Department.

(c) **PLAN.**—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the briefing required by subsection (b) is provided, the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, and the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense shall jointly develop and implement a plan to—

(1) work with the military departments (as defined in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code) and other components of the Department to ensure human factors and human systems integration elements are considered early in the development or evaluation process with respect to the procurement, adoption, or use of artificial intelligence systems or artificial intelligence-derived information;

(2) convene research meetings or other forums to coordinate cognitive ergonomics research or related research challenges with a broad community of academic, commercial, and international partners;

(3) work with the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense to review commercial toolsets to assess the level of human factors integration investment of such commercial toolsets; and

(4) develop guidance based on the research and development work identified pursuant to subsection (b)(1) regarding how to create a framework or taxonomy for characterizing the exercise of appropriate levels of human judgment within Department of Defense Directive 3000.09 (relating to Autonomy in Weapons Systems), or successor directive, for artificial intelligence programs in the Department.

(d) **RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.**—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit or otherwise limit the authority of the Secretary of Defense to research, develop, improve, or acquire any weapon system or other capability that is enabled, empowered, enhanced, or improved by artificial intelligence, machine learning, or a large language model.

SEC. 1532. ADVANCED COMPUTING INFRASTRUCTURE TO ENABLE ADVANCED ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE CAPABILITIES.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a program, or designate an existing program, to meet the testing and processing requirements for next generation advanced artificial intelligence capabilities.

(b) **DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF HIGH-PERFORMANCE COMPUTING INFRASTRUCTURE.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Under the program established or designated under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall expand the infrastructure of the Department of Defense for development and deployment of military applications of high-performance computing and artificial intelligence capabilities that are located at installations of the Department or accessible through commercial cloud or hybrid-cloud environments.

(2) **ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE APPLICATIONS.**—(A) The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that a portion of the infrastructure added pursuant to paragraph (1) is—

- (i) dedicated to providing access to modern artificial intelligence accelerators for training, fine-tuning, modifying, and deploying large artificial intelligence systems; and
- (ii) configured in accordance with industry best practices.

(B) In carrying out subparagraph (A), the Secretary of Defense shall ensure, to the extent practical, that the Department of Defense does not use the portion of the infrastructure described in such subparagraph for the development of new artificial intelligence systems to the extent that such infrastructure is duplicative of readily available commercial or open source products or services that meet or are reasonably capable of meeting the physical and data security standards of the Department.

(c) HIGH-PERFORMANCE COMPUTING ROADMAP.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Under the program established or designated under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall develop a roadmap that describes the high-performance computing infrastructure needed for the Department of Defense to research, test, develop, and evaluate advanced artificial intelligence applications projected over the period covered by the future-years defense program.

(2) ASSESSMENT.—The roadmap required by paragraph (1) shall include assessments of the following:

(A) The anticipated processing for advanced artificial intelligence applications of the Department of Defense during the period covered by the roadmap, including the computing needs associated with the development of such advanced artificial intelligence applications.

(B) The physical and data security standards required for the infrastructure for the research, development, testing, and evaluation of advanced artificial intelligence applications, including data handling requirements.

(C) The evaluation, milestones, and resourcing needs to maintain and expand the computing infrastructure necessary for the computing needs described in subparagraph (A).

(d) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Using the infrastructure added under the program established or designated under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall develop advanced artificial intelligence systems that have general-purpose military applications for multiple data formats, including text, audio, and graphical.

(2) TRAINING OF SYSTEMS.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that advanced artificial intelligence systems developed pursuant to paragraph (1) are trained using datasets curated by the Department of Defense using general, openly or commercially available sources of such data, or data owned by the Department, depending on the appropriate use case. Such systems may use openly or commercially available artificial intelligence systems, including those available through infrastructure located at installations of the Department or cloud or hybrid-cloud environments, for development or fine-tuning.

(e) **COORDINATION AND DUPLICATION.**—In establishing or designating the program under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall consult with the Secretary of Energy to ensure that none of the activities carried out under this section are duplicative of any activity of a research entity of the Department of Energy, including the following:

- (1) The National Laboratories.
- (2) The Advanced Scientific Computing Research program.
- (3) The Advanced Simulation and Computing program.

SEC. 1533. COST BUDGETING FOR ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE DATA.

(a) **PLAN REQUIRED.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense, in consultation with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, shall develop a plan to ensure that the budgeting process for programs containing artificial intelligence components or subcomponents, including artificial intelligence support systems, models, or analysis tools, includes estimates for the types of data required to train, maintain, or improve the artificial intelligence components or subcomponents contained within such programs and estimated costs for the acquisition and sustainment of such data.

(b) **ELEMENTS OF PLAN.**—The plan required under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) An assessment of the current programs of the Department of Defense containing artificial intelligence components or subcomponents, such as large language models, including the sources and costs for structured and unstructured training data for such artificial intelligence components.

(2) An estimate of the costs associated with the data required to train, maintain, or improve artificial intelligence models or systems for programs that are ongoing or proposed as of enactment of this Act and which are not otherwise currently accounted for in a program of record.

(3) An estimate of the costs associated with providing access to capabilities for data preparation, including tooling, indexing, and data tagging or labeling, including for the protection of data provided by the Government from unauthorized use during the algorithm training process and the ongoing control by the Government of such data during such process.

(4) Mapping of the acquisition lifecycle for the programs described in paragraph (1) to align budgeting milestones with critical design or decision points in the budgeting and execution processes of the Department of Defense.

(5) A framework for estimating the costs described in paragraph (2) and ensuring the costs associated with the data required to train, maintain, or improve artificial intelligence models or systems are appropriately incorporated into lifecycle sustainment estimates for future programs containing artificial intelligence components or subcomponents.

(c) **IMPLEMENTATION.**—The Secretary of Defense shall begin implementing the plan required by subsection (a) not later than 90 days after the date on which development of the plan required by subsection (a) is completed.

(d) BRIEFINGS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than once annually thereafter until 2027, the Secretary shall provide the congressional defense committees a briefing on the implementation of the plan developed pursuant to subsection (a).

SEC. 1534. EVALUATION OF FEDERATED ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE-ENABLED WEAPON SYSTEMS CENTER OF EXCELLENCE.

(a) EVALUATION OF CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE.—The Secretary of Defense shall determine the advisability and feasibility of establishing a center or centers of excellence to carry out the functions described in subsection (b) to support the development and maturation of artificial intelligence-enabled weapon systems by organizations within the Department of Defense that—

- (1) were in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act; and
- (2) have appropriate core competencies relating to the functions described in subsection (b).

(b) FUNCTIONS.—The functions described in this subsection are the following:

- (1) Capturing, analyzing, assessing, and sharing lessons learned across the Department of Defense regarding the latest advancements in artificial intelligence-enabled weapon systems, countermeasures, tactics, techniques and procedures, and training methodologies.
- (2) Facilitating collaboration among the Department of Defense and foreign partners, including Ukraine, to identify and promulgate best practices, safety guidelines, standards, and benchmarks.
- (3) Facilitating collaboration among the Department, industry, academia, and not-for-profit organizations in the United States, including industry with expertise in autonomous weapon systems and other nontraditional weapon systems that utilize artificial intelligence as determined by the Secretary of Defense.
- (4) Serving as a focal point for digital talent training and upskilling for the Department, and as the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate, providing enterprise-level tools and solutions based on these best practices, standards, and benchmarks.
- (5) Carrying out such other responsibilities as the Secretary of Defense determines appropriate.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall—

- (1) submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the determination of the Secretary required under subsection (a) and, if such determination is that establishing a center or centers of excellence described in such subsection is advisable and feasible, a plan for establishing such center or centers; and
- (2) if the Secretary submits a plan under paragraph (1), provide the congressional defense committees a briefing on such plan.

(d) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE-ENABLED WEAPON SYSTEM DEFINED.—In this section, the term “artificial intelligence-enabled

weapon system” includes autonomous weapon systems, as determined by the Secretary of Defense.

Subtitle E—Reports and Other Matters

SEC. 1541. OVERSIGHT AND REPORTING ON THE MISSION PARTNER ENVIRONMENT AND ASSOCIATED ACTIVITIES WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) **LIMITATION.**—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the Mission Partner Environment program, not more than 90 percent may be obligated or expended prior to the date on which the Secretary of Defense makes the certification required by subsection (b).

(b) **CERTIFICATION.**—The Secretary of Defense shall certify to the congressional defense committees that—

(1) the Secretary of the Air Force, in conjunction with the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, has developed an executable implementation plan for the Mission Partner Environment to meet the operational requirements of the Department for command and control information sharing networks, including a modernization plan that reduces non-standardized hardware solutions, sunsets legacy hardware, and fully integrates into the combined joint all-domain command and control initiative; and

(2) in coordination with the commander of each geographic combatant command, the Secretary of the Air Force is implementing defined and measurable actions to meet the operational planning, implementation, and ongoing operational Mission Partner Environment requirements for global and regional processing nodes to sustain existing information networks for the area of responsibility for each such combatant command.

(c) **ANNUAL BRIEFINGS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than October 1, 2025, and annually thereafter until October 1, 2030, the Deputy Secretary of Defense, the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, the head of the Information Security Risk Management Committee of the Department of Defense, the director of the Mission Partner Capability Office, the Executive Agent for the Mission Partner Environment, and a senior military service representative for each of the Armed Forces shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the Mission Partner Environment and related activities within the Department of Defense, including the modernization of the Mission Partner Environment.

(2) **COMBATANT COMMANDS.**—A senior representative from each unified combatant command shall attend and participate in each briefing required by paragraph (1).

(d) **ELEMENTS.**—Each briefing required by subsection (c) shall include the following:

(1) A description of all efforts of the Department of Defense for the Mission Partner Environment.

(2) A description of the overall progress on implementation and modernization of the Mission Partner Environment across the entirety of the Department of Defense as of the date of the briefing and, for each such briefing after the first such briefing, the progress made on such implementation and modernization since the preceding briefing under such subsection.

(3) An explanation of any changes in policy necessary to execute on the Mission Partner Environment, including changes made during the period covered by the briefing and changes that are planned as of the time of the briefing.

(4) An explanation of any changes to the governance of the Mission Partner Environment within the Department of Defense, including changes made during the period covered by the briefing and changes that are planned as of the time of the briefing.

(5) A detailed programmatic table of the funding for the combined Mission Partner Environment efforts of the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the military departments, and the combatant commands as set forth in the budget of the President most recently submitted to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code.

(e) MODIFICATION TO CJADC2 BRIEFING REQUIREMENT.—Section 1076 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 3866), as amended by section 1504 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 538), is further amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

“(a) BIENNIAL BRIEFINGS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—During the period beginning on October 1, 2021, and ending on October 1, 2028, the Deputy Secretary of Defense, the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense, the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, and a senior military service representative for each of the Armed Forces shall provide to the congressional defense committees biennial briefings on the progress of the Joint All Domain Command and Control (in this section referred to as ‘JADC2’) effort of the Department of Defense.

“(2) ANNUAL PARTICIPATION BY CERTAIN COMBATANT COMMANDS.—For each fiscal year during the period specified in paragraph (1), a senior representative from each of the United States Indo-Pacific Command, United States Central Command, and United States European Command shall participate in the provision of the first biennial briefing under such paragraph following the submission of the budget of the President to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, for that fiscal year.”.

(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

(1) the terms “Defense Agency” and “military departments” have the meanings given such terms, respectively, in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code;

(2) the term “Mission Partner Environment” means the operating framework enabling command and control, information

sharing, and the exchange of data between the Department of Defense and partners and allies of the United States participating in a military or other operation for the purposes of planning and executing such operation through the use of common standards governance and procedures, including activities the Office of the Secretary of Defense, military departments, unified combatant commands (as defined in section 161 of title 10, United States Code), and Defense Agencies relating to the operation, modernization, implementation, or oversight of, or resourcing of networks or applications designed for such framework; and

(3) the term “unified combatant command” has the meaning given such term in section 161 of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 1542. EXTENSION OF CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT REGARDING CONTRACTING FOR MILITARY RECRUITING.

Section 1555(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 581; 10 U.S.C. 503 note) is amended by striking “one year” and inserting “two years”.

SEC. 1543. PROHIBITION ON DISESTABLISHMENT OR MERGER OF OFFICER CAREER PATHS WITHIN THE CYBER BRANCH OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY.

(a) NOTICE REQUIRED.—The Secretary of the Army may not initiate a covered activity until the date that is 270 days after the date on which the Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees a notice described in subsection (b) with respect to such covered activity.

(b) NOTICE ELEMENTS.—The notice described in this subsection is a written notice of the intent of the Secretary of the Army to initiate a covered activity and includes—

- (1) an explanation of such covered activity;
- (2) an estimate of the costs associated with such covered activity;
- (3) an explanation of the effects associated with such covered activity, including any changes to personnel training; and
- (4) a timeline for the covered activity.

(c) COVERED ACTIVITY DEFINED.—In this section, the term “covered activity” means any actions to disestablish or merge the Cyber Warfare Officer and Cyber Electromagnetic Warfare Officer career paths within the Cyber Branch of the Army.

SEC. 1544. INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENT OF CYBER ORGANIZATIONAL MODELS.

(a) AGREEMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into an agreement with the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine (in this section referred to as the “National Academies”) for the National Academies to conduct an evaluation of alternative organizational models for the cyber forces of the Armed Forces.

(2) TIMING.—The Secretary shall seek to enter into the agreement described in paragraph (1) by the date that is not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) EVALUATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The evaluation of alternative organizational models conducted by the National Academies under an

agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (a) shall include—

- (A) refining and further evolving the current organizational approach for the cyber forces of the Armed Forces;
- (B) the feasibility and advisability of establishing a separate Armed Force in the Department of Defense dedicated to operations in the cyber domain;
- (C) consideration of adoption or adaptation of alternative organizational models for the cyber forces of the Armed Forces;
- (D) consideration of an organizational model combining the refinement and evolution described in subparagraph (A) and the establishment of a separate Armed Force described in subparagraph (B); and
- (E) any other organizational models for the cyber forces of the Armed Forces determined feasible and advisable by the National Academies.

(2) SCOPE.—In carrying out the evaluation described in paragraph (1), for each organizational model evaluated the National Academies shall consider—

(A) the effects of the organizational model on—

- (i) the ability of the Department of Defense to effectively conduct military cyber operations, including offensive, defensive and analytical missions;
- (ii) the ability of the Department to organize, train, and equip military cyber operations forces (including military, civilian and other enabling personnel);
- (iii) the recruitment, retention, and workforce development policies of the Department of Defense with respect to the personnel needed for military cyber operations;
- (iv) the division of responsibilities between a dedicated cyber force and the other Armed Forces with respect to network management, resourcing, policy, and operations;
- (v) the doctrine and use of the military cyber operations forces; and
- (vi) the costs to the Department resulting;

(B) such other effects of the organizational model on the operations of the Department; and

(C) the relevant authorities and policies of the Department of Defense.

(c) SUPPORT FROM FEDERALLY FUNDED RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER.—Upon a request from the National Academies, the Secretary shall seek to enter into an agreement with a federally funded research and development center under which such federally funded research and development center shall support the National Academies in conducting the evaluation of alternative organizational models under an agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (a).

(d) ACCESS TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PERSONNEL, INFORMATION, AND RESOURCES.—An agreement entered into between the Secretary of Defense and the National Academies pursuant to subsection (a) shall—

(1) require the Secretary to provide to the National Academies access to such personnel, information, and resources of the Department of Defense as jointly determined necessary by the National Academies and the Secretary for the National Academies to conduct the evaluation of alternative organizational models under such agreement; and

(2) if the Secretary refuses to provide the access described in paragraph (1) or any other major obstacle to such access occurs, require the National Academies to notify the congressional defense committees of such refusal or obstacle not later than seven days after the date of such refusal or on which the National Academies become aware of such obstacle, as applicable.

(e) REPORT.—

(1) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—An agreement entered into between the Secretary of Defense and the National Academies under subsection (a) shall—

(A) require the National Academies to submit to the congressional defense committees a consensus report containing the findings of the National Academies with respect to the evaluation of alternative organizational models conducted by the National Academies under an agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (a);

(B) require the National Academies to submit such report in an unclassified manner; and

(C) permit the National Academies to include in such report a classified annex.

(2) PROHIBITION AGAINST INTERFERENCE.—No officer or employee of the Federal Government may take or fail to take any action, or cause any action to be taken or not be taken, for the purpose of altering the findings of the National Academies in the report required pursuant to paragraph (1) prior to the submission of such report pursuant to such paragraph.

(3) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE VIEWS ON ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the National Academies submits to the congressional defense committees the report required pursuant to paragraph (1) with respect to the evaluation of alternative organizational models conducted by the National Academies under an agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the opinions of the Secretary with respect to such evaluation.

SEC. 1545. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR THE JOINT CYBER WARFIGHTING ARCHITECTURE.

(a) LIMITATION.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the Joint Cyber Warfighting Architecture, not more than 95 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Commander of United States Cyber Command provides to the congressional defense committees the plan required in subsection (b).

(b) PLAN.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commander of United States Cyber Command shall provide to the congressional defense committees a plan to transition the Department of Defense from the

Joint Cyber Warfighting Architecture to the successor to the Joint Cyber Warfighting Architecture.

(2) CONTENTS.—The plan required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) Details for ceasing or minimizing continued development on the current Joint Cyber Warfighting Architecture components, including a timeline for stabilizing the current architecture of the Joint Cyber Warfighting Architecture within 12 to 18 months of the date on which the Commander of United States Cyber Command submits such plan to the congressional defense and the resources available across the future-years defense plan as a result of such actions.

(B) Requirements and an initial plan for a successor to the Joint Cyber Warfighting Architecture, including timelines, coordination with the military departments, descriptions of proposed new capability sets, mapping of current Joint Cyber Warfighting Architecture capabilities to proposed new capabilities, and any additional authority or resource required to transition to such successor beyond those available under the rephrasing of the program.

(c) JOINT CYBER WARFIGHTING ARCHITECTURE DEFINED.—In this section, the term “Joint Cyber Warfighting Architecture” has the meaning given such term under section 1509 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263; 136 Stat. 2886; 10 U.S.C. 167b note).

SEC. 1546. RISK FRAMEWORK FOR FOREIGN MOBILE APPLICATIONS OF CONCERN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security, shall submit to Congress a report on—

(1) the feasibility and advisability of developing comprehensive guidance on personal mobile devices and mobile applications for personnel of the Department of Defense;

(2) the feasibility and advisability of developing categorical definitions of mobile applications of concern with respect to personnel or operations of the Department of Defense;

(3) the feasibility and advisability of creating, and updating not less than annually, a risk framework with respect to Department personnel or operations that assesses mobile applications or groupings thereof for potential risks to the personnel or operations of the Department, including—

(A) the collection, retention, sale, and potential misuse of data;

(B) exposure to misinformation and disinformation;

(C) software bill of materials; and

(D) ownership, origination, authorship, or other relationship of an application with the governments of the Russian Federation, the People’s Republic of China, the Islamic Republic of Iran, or the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea;

(4) a description of any statutory or policy restrictions affecting ability of the Department to provide guidance to personnel of the Department regarding personal mobile devices and applications, including any variations of such guidance based on location, status, visibility, or work role; and

(5) such other information as the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense determines appropriate.

(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter until December 31, 2027, the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security, shall provide to Congress a report describing—

(1) not fewer than 10 mobile applications or application groupings of particular concern to the Department of Defense, including a description of the problematic characteristics of such applications or application groupings;

(2) the current guidance of the Department related to personal mobile devices and mobile applications and, except for the first report submitted under this subsection, including a description of any changes to such guidance during the period since the previous report was submitted under this subsection;

(3) the current and planned workforce education efforts undertaken by components of the Department that provide best practices, guidance, requirements, or other relevant material to personnel of the Department regarding personal mobile device and mobile applications, and, except for the first report submitted under this subsection, a description of any changes in such efforts during the period since the previous report was submitted under this subsection; and

(4) any changes to the assessments of feasibility and advisability in the report required under subsection (a).

(c) UPDATE BRIEFING.—Not later than April 30, 2025, the Chief Information Officer of the Department of the Defense, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security, shall provide to Congress a briefing on the status of the report required under subsection (a).

(d) REPORT FORM.—The reports required under this section shall be in an unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 1547. JOINT PARTNER-SHARING NETWORK CAPABILITIES FOR MIDDLE EAST DEFENSE INTEGRATION.

(a) INITIATIVE REQUIRED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on how to improve cooperation between the Department of Defense and allies and partners of the United States located in the Middle East to improve the use of partner-sharing network capabilities to facilitate joint defense efforts among the United States and such allies and partners to protect the people, infrastructure, and territory of the United States and such allies and partners from state and non-state actors determined by the Secretary to undermine the national security interests of the United States.

(2) CONTENTS.—The report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) A summary of ongoing efforts by United States Central Command, or in which United States Central Command is participating, to implement a joint partner-sharing network capability integrated with the assets of allies and partners of the United States who are located in the Middle East.

(B) A summary of challenges to further facilitate the implementation of a joint partner-sharing network capability integrated with the assets of Middle Eastern allies and partners, including actions or decisions that need to be taken by other organizations.

(C) A recommendation of actions that can be taken to address the challenges summarized pursuant to subparagraph (B).

(D) An assessment of how the implementation of a joint partner-sharing network capability that would be available to integrate with allies and partners of the United States in the Middle East—

(i) could demonstrate new tools, techniques, or methodologies for data-driven decision making;

(ii) accelerate sharing of relevant data, data visualization, and data analysis implemented through cryptographic data access controls and enforcing existing data sharing restrictions across multiple security levels; and

(iii) leverage current activities in multi-cloud computing environments to reduce the reliance on solely hardware-based networking solutions.

(E) A recommendation of actions that can be taken to implement a joint partner-sharing network capability integrated with allies and partners of the United States in the Middle East, including identification of policy, resource, workforce, or other shortfalls.

(F) Such other matters as the Secretary of Defense considers relevant.

(3) METRICS.—The Secretary of Defense shall include in the report required by paragraph (1) recommended metrics for assessing progress towards improving the use of partner-sharing network capabilities to facilitate the joint defense efforts described in such paragraph.

(4) FORM.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(5) PROTECTION OF SENSITIVE INFORMATION.—No activity may be carried out under this section without an approved program protection plan and overarching classification guide to enforce technology and information protection protocols that protect sensitive information and the national security interests of the United States.

(b) ASSESSMENT OF THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A COMBATANT COMMAND WARFIGHTER FORUM FOR ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—

(1) ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Data and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense shall determine the policies and procedures required to establish a forum for warfighters in the combatant commands on artificial intelligence that would help promote coordination and interchange on issues relating to artificial intelligence tools, methodologies, training, exercises, and operational research within and among the combatant commands.

(2) PURPOSES FOR CONSIDERATION.—In developing the policies and procedures required by paragraph (1), the Chief Data and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense shall consider the following as primary purposes of the forum:

(A) Identification of use cases for the near-term application of artificial intelligence tools, including commercially available artificial intelligence tools, data, methodologies, or techniques.

(B) Categorization of risk for the use cases identified pursuant to subparagraph (A), and consideration of risk-management process or other procedural guidelines for enforcing current policy.

(C) Identification and prioritization of current artificial intelligence tools or emerging technologies applicable to the use-cases identified pursuant to subparagraph (A) that also meet policy guidelines and standards set by the Department.

(D) Identification of shortfalls in training or billets for artificial intelligence-related expertise or personnel within the combatant commands.

(E) Coordination on training and experimentation venues, including with regional partners and allies.

(F) Identification of opportunities for enhanced cooperation with regional partners and allies.

(G) Identification of opportunities for the combatant commands, working with other elements of the Department of Defense, such as the Defense Innovation Unit, to better procure commercial artificial intelligence capabilities, including from partner and allied industrial bases.

(3) REPORT.—(A) Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the assessment described in paragraph (1).

(B) The report submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall include the following:

(i) A summary of the policies and procedures needed pursuant to paragraph (1).

(ii) A summary of the efforts described in paragraph (1) to fulfill each of the purposes considered under paragraph (2).

TITLE XVI—SPACE ACTIVITIES, STRATEGIC PROGRAMS, AND INTELLIGENCE MATTERS

Subtitle A—Space Activities

- Sec. 1601. Modification of Air Force space contractor responsibility watch list.
- Sec. 1602. Establishment of Commercial Augmentation Space Reserve.
- Sec. 1603. Space Force satellite ground systems.
- Sec. 1604. Modification of notification of foreign interference of national security space.
- Sec. 1605. Modifications to National Security Space Launch program.
- Sec. 1606. Comptroller General review regarding Global Positioning System modernization and other positioning, navigation, and timing systems.
- Sec. 1607. Senior Advisor for Space Command, Control, and Integration.
- Sec. 1608. Pilot program to demonstrate hybrid satellite communication architecture.
- Sec. 1609. Middle East integrated space and satellite security assessment.
- Sec. 1610. Annual briefing on commercial space strategy of the Space Force.

Subtitle B—Defense Intelligence and Intelligence-Related Activities

- Sec. 1611. Extension and modification of authority to engage in certain commercial activities as security for intelligence collection activities.
- Sec. 1612. Cyber intelligence capability.
- Sec. 1613. Authority of Army counterintelligence agents.
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- Sec. 1615. Intelligence advice and Department of Defense support for Government of Israel in the defeat of Hamas.

Subtitle C—Nuclear Forces

- Sec. 1621. Establishment of Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear Deterrence, Chemical, and Biological Defense Policy and Programs; improvements to processes of the Office of the Secretary of Defense.
- Sec. 1622. Extension and modification of certifications regarding integrated tactical warning and attack assessment mission of the Department of the Air Force.
- Sec. 1623. Periodic updates on the modernization of the Strategic Automated Command and Control System.
- Sec. 1624. Modified requirements for report on the plan for the nuclear weapons stockpile, nuclear weapons complex, nuclear weapons delivery systems, and nuclear weapons command and control system.
- Sec. 1625. Matters relating to pilot program on development of reentry vehicles and related systems.
- Sec. 1626. Expansion of nuclear long range standoff capability.
- Sec. 1627. Matters relating to the nuclear-armed sea-launched cruise missile.
- Sec. 1628. Availability of Air Force procurement funds for heat shield material for Mark 21A reentry vehicle.
- Sec. 1629. Conditional requirements for Sentinel intercontinental ballistic missile program.
- Sec. 1630. Prohibition on reduction of intercontinental ballistic missiles of the United States.
- Sec. 1631. Limitation on use of funds for altering Air Force Global Strike Command.
- Sec. 1632. Limitations on use of funds to dismantle B83–1 nuclear gravity bomb.
- Sec. 1633. Limitation on availability of funds pending submission of plan for decreasing the time to upload additional warheads to the intercontinental ballistic missile fleet.
- Sec. 1634. Limitation on availability of funds pending submission of information on options for enhancing National Nuclear Security Administration access to the defense industrial base.
- Sec. 1635. Defense Industrial Base workforce development strategy.
- Sec. 1636. Long-term plan for strategic nuclear forces during delivery vehicle transition.

- Sec. 1637. Reports and briefings on recommendations of the Congressional Commission on the Strategic Posture of the United States.
- Sec. 1638. Sense of Congress with respect to use of artificial intelligence to support strategic deterrence.

Subtitle D—Missile Defense Programs

- Sec. 1641. Expansion of certain prohibitions relating to missile defense information and systems to apply to People's Republic of China.
- Sec. 1642. Additional missile defense site for protection of United States homeland.
- Sec. 1643. Advice and assistance regarding enhancement of Jordanian air and missile defense.
- Sec. 1644. Iron Dome short-range rocket defense system and Israeli cooperative missile defense program co-development and co-production.
- Sec. 1645. Limitation on availability of funds with respect to certain missile defense system governance documents, policies, and procedures.
- Sec. 1646. Congressional notification requirement with respect to incidents that affect availability of United States homeland missile defenses.
- Sec. 1647. Plan for comprehensive ballistic missile defense radar coverage of Guam.
- Sec. 1648. Annual briefing on missile defense of Guam.
- Sec. 1649. Organization and codification of provisions of law relating to missile defense.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

- Sec. 1651. Cooperative threat reduction funds.
- Sec. 1652. Temporary continuation of requirement for reports on activities and assistance under Department of Defense Cooperative Threat Reduction Program.
- Sec. 1653. Modification to annual assessment of budget with respect to electromagnetic spectrum operations capabilities.
- Sec. 1654. Modification of milestone decision authority for space-based ground and airborne moving target indication systems.
- Sec. 1655. Designation of a senior defense official responsible for establishment of national integrated air and missile defense architecture for the United States.

Subtitle A—Space Activities

SEC. 1601. MODIFICATION OF AIR FORCE SPACE CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY WATCH LIST.

(a) CLARIFICATION OF WATCH LIST REQUIREMENTS.—Chapter 135 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2271 the following:

“§ 2271a. Space Contractor Responsibility Watch List

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration, acting as the service acquisition executive for the Air Force for space systems and programs, shall maintain a list of contractors with a history of poor performance on space procurement contracts.

“(b) BASIS FOR INCLUSION ON WATCH LIST.—(1) The Assistant Secretary shall place a contractor, which may consist of the entire contracting entity or a specific division of the contracting entity, on the watch list based on a determination made under paragraph (2).

“(2)(A) In considering whether to place a contractor on the watch list, the Assistant Secretary shall determine whether there is evidence of any of the following:

“(i) Poor performance on one or more space procurement contracts, or award fee scores below 50 percent.

“(ii) Inadequate management, operational or financial controls, or resources.

“(iii) Inadequate security controls or resources, including unremediated vulnerabilities arising from foreign ownership, control, or influence.

“(iv) Any other failure of controls or performance of a nature so serious or compelling as to warrant placement of the contractor on the watch list.

“(B) If the Assistant Secretary determines, based on evidence described in any of clauses (i) through (iv) of subparagraph (A), that the ability of a contractor to responsibly perform is meaningfully impaired, the Assistant Secretary shall place the contractor on the watch list.

“(C) The Assistant Secretary shall establish written policies for the consideration of contractors for placement on the watch list, including policies that require that—

“(i) contractors proposed for placement on the watch list shall be provided with notice and an opportunity to respond;

“(ii) the basis for a final determination placing a contractor on the watch list shall be documented in writing; and

“(iii) at the request of a contractor, the contractor shall be removed from the watch list if the Assistant Secretary determines that there is evidence that the issue resulting in placement on the list has been satisfactorily remediated.

“(c) EFFECT OF LISTING.—(1) The Assistant Secretary may not solicit an offer from, award a contract to, consent to a subcontract with, execute a grant, cooperative agreement, or other transaction with, or exercise an option on any space procurement contract with, an entity included on the watch list unless the Assistant Secretary makes a written determination that there is a compelling reason to do so.

“(2) Not later than 10 days after the Assistant Secretary makes a determination under paragraph (1), the Assistant Secretary shall notify the congressional defense committees and the Interagency Committee on Debarment and Suspension constituted under sections 4 and 5 of Executive Order 12549 (51 Fed. Reg. 6370; relating to debarment and suspension) of the determination.

“(d) LIMITATION ON DELEGATION.—The Assistant Secretary may delegate the authority to make a determination under subsection (b)(2)(B) or subsection (c)(1) only if the following criteria are met:

“(1) The delegation is to the suspension and debarment official of the Air Force.

“(2) The delegation is made on a case-by-case basis.

“(3) Not later than seven days after the date on which such determination is made, the Assistant Secretary notifies the congressional defense committees of the delegation.

“(e) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing the suspension or debarment of a contractor, but inclusion on the watch list shall not be construed as a punitive measure or de facto suspension or debarment of a contractor.

“(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘contract’ includes a grant, cooperative agreement, or other transaction.

“(2) The term ‘contractor’ means any individual or entity that enters into a contract.

“(3) The term ‘watch list’ means the watch list maintained under subsection (a).”.

(b) CONFORMING REPEAL.—Section 1612 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91; 10 U.S.C. 2271 note) is repealed.

SEC. 1602. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMERCIAL AUGMENTATION SPACE RESERVE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 963 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting before section 9532 the following new section:

“§ 9531. Commercial Augmentation Space Reserve.

“(a) PROGRAM.—The Secretary may carry out a program to be known as the ‘Commercial Augmentation Space Reserve’ program. Under the program, the Secretary may include in a contract for the procurement of space products or services one or more provisions under which a qualified contractor agrees to provide additional space products or services to the Department of Defense on an as-needed basis under circumstances determined by the Secretary.

“(b) SECURITY MEASURES.—In carrying out the program under subsection (a), the Secretary—

“(1) shall ensure that each contract under, and qualified contractor participating in, the program complies with applicable security measures, including any security measures required under the National Industrial Security program (or any successor to such program); and

“(2) may establish and implement such additional security measures as the Secretary determines appropriate to protect the national security interests of the United States.

“(c) COMMITMENT OF SPACE PRODUCTS OR SERVICES AS A BUSINESS FACTOR.—In determining the quantity of business to be received under a space product or services contract pursuant to subsection (a), the Secretary may use as a factor the relative amount of space product or service committed to the program under subsection (a) by the qualified contractor involved.

“(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘citizen of the United States’ means—

“(A) an individual who is a citizen of the United States;

“(B) a partnership each of whose partners is an individual who is a citizen of the United States; or

“(C) a corporation or association organized under the laws of the United States or a State, the District of Columbia, or a territory or possession of the United States.

“(2) The term ‘qualified contractor’ means a contractor that is a citizen of the United States.

“(3) The term ‘Secretary’ means the Secretary of Defense.

“(4) The term ‘space products or services’ means commercial products and commercial services (as those terms are defined in section 2.101 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation) and noncommercial products and noncommercial services offered by commercial companies that operate to, through, or from space, including any required terrestrial ground, support, and network systems and associated services that can be used to support military functions and missions.”.

(b) STUDY AND REPORT.—

(1) STUDY.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of the Air Force, shall seek to enter into an agreement with a federally funded research and development center or university-affiliated research center to conduct a study on—

(A) the availability and adequacy of commercial insurance to protect the financial interests of contractors providing support services to space-related operations and activities of the Department of Defense, taking into account the risks that may be anticipated to arise from such support;

(B) the adequacy of any existing authorities under Federal law that would enable the Federal Government to protect such interests in the event commercial space insurance is not available or not available on reasonable terms; and

(C) potential options for Government-provided insurance similar to existing aviation and maritime insurance programs under titles 49 and 46 of the United States Code, respectively.

(2) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the results of the study conducted under paragraph (1).

SEC. 1603. SPACE FORCE SATELLITE GROUND SYSTEMS.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—Chapter 135 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2275b the following new section:

“§ 2275c. Space Force satellite ground systems

“(a) REQUIREMENT.—The Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisitions and Integration, acting as the service acquisition executive for the Air Force for space systems and programs, may not authorize a launch associated with a Space Force satellite acquisition program unless—

“(1) the associated ground systems and modifications are completed and ready for operation at the time of the launch; and

“(2) the applicable satellite capabilities may be used on completion of the launch.

“(b) WAIVER.—(1) The Secretary of the Air Force may waive the requirement under subsection (a) if the Secretary determines that such waiver is necessary for reasons of national security.

“(2) Not later than 10 days after making a waiver under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall notify the congressional defense committees of such waiver.”.

(b) CONFORMING REPEAL.—Such chapter is further amended by striking section 2275.

SEC. 1604. MODIFICATION OF NOTIFICATION OF FOREIGN INTERFERENCE OF NATIONAL SECURITY SPACE.

Section 2278 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

- (A) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively;
 - (B) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), as redesignated—
 - (i) by inserting “critical” before “national security space capability”; and
 - (ii) by striking “The Commander of the United States Space Command” and inserting “(1) Except as provided by paragraph (2), the Commander of the United States Space Command”; and
 - (C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph (2):
 - “(2) With respect to intentional attempts by a foreign actor to disrupt, degrade, or destroy a United States critical national security space capability that are continuous or repetitive in nature, the Commander shall—
 - “(A) provide the notice and notification regarding the first attempt by such foreign actor in accordance with paragraph (1); and
 - “(B) during the period in which such foreign actor continues or repeats such attempts, provide to the appropriate congressional committees a consolidated monthly notice and notification of such attempts by not later than the tenth day of each month following the month in which the first notice under paragraph (1) was provided.”; and
 - (2) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following new subsection:
- “(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- “(1) The term ‘appropriate congressional committees’ means the following:
 - “(A) The congressional defense committees.
 - “(B) With respect to a notice or notification relating to an attempt by a foreign actor to disrupt, degrade, or destroy a capability that is intelligence-related, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate.
 - “(2) The term ‘United States critical national security space capability’ means a national security space capability of the United States provided by an asset on the critical asset list established by the Commander of the United States Space Command pursuant to Department of Defense Directive 3020.40, Department of Defense Instruction 3020.45, Joint Publication 3-01 of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, or such other relevant requirements of the Department of Defense.”.

SEC. 1605. MODIFICATIONS TO NATIONAL SECURITY SPACE LAUNCH PROGRAM.

(a) EXTENSION OF POLICY ON CONTRACTS FOR LAUNCH SERVICES.—Section 1601 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 10 U.S.C. 2276 note) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (b), by striking “2024” and inserting “2029”; and

(2) in subsection (c), by striking “phase two contracts” and inserting “the National Security Space Launch program”.

(b) NOTIFICATION OF CHANGES IN PHASE THREE ACQUISITION STRATEGY.—Not later than seven days before implementing any modification to the final phase three acquisition strategy under the National Security Space Launch program, the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees notice of the proposed modification together with an explanation of the reasons for such modification.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(A) the congressional defense committees; and

(B) the congressional intelligence committees (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)).

(2) The term “final phase three acquisition strategy” means the acquisition strategy for phase three of the National Security Space Launch program, as approved by the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration on March 4, 2024.

(3) The term “phase three” has the meaning given that term in section 1601(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 118–71; 10 U.S.C. 2276 note).

SEC. 1606. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REVIEW REGARDING GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM MODERNIZATION AND OTHER POSITIONING, NAVIGATION, AND TIMING SYSTEMS.

Subsection (c) of section 1621 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 129 Stat. 1109; 10 U.S.C. 2281 note) is amended to read as follows:

“(c) COMPTROLLER GENERAL REVIEW AND ASSESSMENT; BRIEFING.—

“(1) REQUIREMENTS.—The Comptroller General shall—

“(A) review and assess the efforts of the Department of the Air Force with respect to Global Positioning System modernization and other positioning, navigation, and timing systems; and

“(B) provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on—

“(i) the progress made by the Space Force in fielding military code from the Global Positioning System (commonly known as ‘M-code’);

“(ii) the efforts the Department of the Air Force has planned or made to develop complementary or alternative solutions for M-code to obtain positioning, navigation, and timing information through new signals, systems, and subsystems; and

“(iii) the extent to which the military departments have developed and fielded user equipment with the ability to use M-code and complementary or alternative solutions.

“(2) TIMING.—The Comptroller General shall provide to the congressional defense committees—

“(A) not later than March 1, 2025, the briefing required by paragraph (1)(B);

“(B) a report on the matters described in that paragraph, to be submitted on a date agreed upon at such briefing; and

“(C) any subsequent briefing on the matters described in that paragraph, as the Comptroller General considers appropriate.”.

SEC. 1607. SENIOR ADVISOR FOR SPACE COMMAND, CONTROL, AND INTEGRATION.

(a) **DESIGNATION.**—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration, acting as the service acquisition executive for the Air Force for space systems and programs, shall designate from among qualified officers and employees of the Department of Defense a Senior Advisor for Space Command, Control, and Integration.

(b) **RESPONSIBILITIES.**—The Senior Advisor shall be responsible for conducting oversight of all acquisition efforts within the authority of the Assistant Secretary with respect to developing, upgrading, deploying, and sustaining space command, control, and integration to meet the space command, control, and integration requirements of the combatant commands, including by monitoring system-level integration of each of the following:

- (1) Space domain sensors.
- (2) Space catalog.
- (3) Target recognition.
- (4) Weapons system selection and control.
- (5) Battle damage assessment.
- (6) Associated communications among elements of the space control and command architecture of the Department of Defense.

(c) **NOTIFICATION.**—Not later than 10 days after the date on which a designation is made under subsection (a), the Assistant Secretary shall notify the congressional defense committees of such designation.

(d) **ANNUAL REVIEW.**—Not later than June 30 of each year, the Space Acquisition Council established by section 9021 of title 10, United States Code, shall review whether the requirements of the United States Space Command with respect to space command, control, and integration are being fulfilled.

(e) **ANNUAL BRIEFING.**—At the same time as the submission of each budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, through fiscal year 2029, the Assistant Secretary, in consultation with the Commander of the United States Space Command, shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the status of all space command, control, and integration activities to support the missions of the Armed Forces. The briefing shall include—

- (1) accomplishments achieved in the year prior to the submission of the respective budget; and
- (2) actions to meet the requirements of the United States Space Command with respect to space command, control, and integration that will be taken during the period covered by the

most recent future-years defense program submitted under section 221 of title 10, United States Code, as of the date of the briefing.

SEC. 1608. PILOT PROGRAM TO DEMONSTRATE HYBRID SATELLITE COMMUNICATION ARCHITECTURE.

(a) **PROGRAM REQUIRED.**—Beginning in fiscal year 2025, the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration shall carry out a pilot program to demonstrate a hybrid satellite communication architecture at the Space Systems Command of the Space Force.

(b) **REQUIREMENTS AND CONSIDERATIONS.**—In carrying out the pilot program under subsection (a), the Assistant Secretary shall include in the hybrid satellite communication architecture at least one military satellite communications system, such as the Wideband Global Satcom system or the Micro Geostationary Earth Orbit system.

(c) **BRIEFING.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing that includes—

(1) a description of the hybrid satellite communication architecture developed under the pilot program under subsection (a) and a summary of the results of the program as of the date of the briefing; and

(2) a plan for supporting the transition of the hybrid satellite communication architecture efforts to a program of record within the Space Force and the Space Systems Command.

(d) **HYBRID SATELLITE COMMUNICATION ARCHITECTURE.**—In this section, the term “hybrid satellite communication architecture” means the network of integrated United States Government, allied Government, and commercially owned and operated capabilities both for on-orbit communication constellations and ground systems.

SEC. 1609. MIDDLE EAST INTEGRATED SPACE AND SATELLITE SECURITY ASSESSMENT.

(a) **ASSESSMENT.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall conduct an assessment of space and satellite security for the purpose of identifying mechanisms, such as improved multilateral data-sharing agreements, that may be implemented to better protect ally and partner countries in the area of responsibility of the United States Central Command from hostile activities conducted by adversaries against space systems of the United States or such countries.

(2) **MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.**—The assessment required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) An assessment of the threats posed to the United States and ally or partner countries in the area of responsibility of the United States Central Command by adversaries, including Iran and its proxies, from conducting hostile activities—

(i) against space systems of the United States or such countries; and

(ii) using capabilities originating from the space domain.

(B) A description of progress made in—

- (i) advancing the integration of countries in the area of responsibility of the United States Central Command, including Israel, into existing multilateral space and satellite security partnerships; and
- (ii) establishing such partnerships with such countries.

(C) A description of efforts among ally and partner countries in the area of responsibility of the United States Central Command to coordinate intelligence, reconnaissance, and surveillance capabilities and indicators and warnings with respect to the threats described in subparagraph (A), and a description of factors limiting the effectiveness of such efforts.

(D) An assessment of current gaps in the ability of the Department of Defense to provide space situational awareness for allies and partners in the area of responsibility of the United States Central Command.

(E) A description of multilateral space situational awareness data-sharing agreements and an integrated space and satellite security architecture that would improve collective security in the area of responsibility of the United States Central Command.

(F) A description of current and planned efforts to engage ally and partner countries in the area of responsibility of the United States Central Command in establishing such a multilateral space situational awareness data-sharing agreement and an integrated space and satellite security architecture.

(G) A description of key challenges in achieving integrated space and satellite security described in paragraph (1) using the metrics identified in accordance with paragraph (3).

(H) Recommendations for development and the implementation of an integrated space and satellite security strategy based on such metrics.

(I) A cost estimate of establishing an integrated space and satellite security strategy, and an assessment of the resources that could be contributed by ally and partner countries of the United States to establish and strengthen such capabilities.

(J) Other matters the Secretary of Defense considers relevant.

(3) METRICS.—The Secretary of Defense shall identify and propose metrics to assess progress in the implementation of the assessment required by paragraph (1).

(b) REPORT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the results of the assessment conducted under subsection (a).

(2) FORM OF REPORT.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.

(c) **PROTECTION OF SENSITIVE INFORMATION.**—Any activity carried out under this section shall be conducted in a manner that appropriately protects sensitive information and the national security interests of the United States.

(d) **APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(1) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 1610. ANNUAL BRIEFING ON COMMERCIAL SPACE STRATEGY OF THE SPACE FORCE.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—Congress finds that the strategy of the Space Force titled “U.S. Space Force Commercial Space Strategy” published in April 2024, indicates that the Space Force intends to focus future efforts and resources on the following mission areas:

- (1) Satellite communications.
- (2) Space domain awareness.
- (3) Space access mobility and logistics.
- (4) Tactical surveillance, reconnaissance, and tracking.
- (5) Space-based environmental monitoring.
- (6) Cyberspace operations.
- (7) Command and control.
- (8) Positioning, navigation, and timing.

(b) **BRIEFING REQUIRED.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 10 days after the date on which the budget of the President for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2029 is submitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the Chief of Space Operations, in coordination with the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration, shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing that includes the information described in paragraph (2) with respect to each mission area specified in subsection (a).

(2) **ELEMENTS.**—Each briefing under paragraph (1) shall include, with respect to each mission area specified in subsection (a) for the fiscal year concerned, the following:

(A) Of the funds requested for the mission area, the percentage that are expected to be used to fulfill requirements through the provision of commercial solutions compared to the percentage that are expected to be used to fulfill such requirements through programs of record.

(B) A description of the requirements for each mission area and an explanation of whether and how the use of commercial solutions has been considered for fulfilling such requirements.

(C) A description of any training or wargaming exercises that are expected to integrate commercial solutions and include the participation of providers of such solutions.

(D) Any force designs of the Space Warfighting Analysis Center for which commercial solutions were considered as

part of a force design analysis from the previous fiscal year.

(E) An update on the status of any efforts to integrate commercial systems into respective Government architecture.

(F) With respect to the contracts entered into to support the mission area—

- (i) the number of such contracts;
- (ii) the types of contracts used;
- (iii) the length of time covered by such contracts;
- and
- (iv) the amount of funds committed under such contracts.

(c) **COMMERCIAL SOLUTIONS DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “commercial solutions” includes commercial products, commercial services, and providers of such products and services.

Subtitle B—Defense Intelligence and Intelligence-Related Activities

SEC. 1611. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO ENGAGE IN CERTAIN COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES AS SECURITY FOR INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION ACTIVITIES.

Section 431 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2028”; and

(2) in subsection (b), by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following new paragraph:

“(1)(A) be pre-coordinated with the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency using procedures mutually agreed upon by the Secretary of Defense and the Director; and

“(B) where appropriate, be supported by the Director; and”.

SEC. 1612. CYBER INTELLIGENCE CAPABILITY.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—Chapter 21 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 430c, as added by section 921, the following new section:

“§ 430d. Cyber intelligence capability

“(a) **REQUIREMENT.**—Not later than October 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence, shall ensure that the Department of Defense has a dedicated cyber intelligence capability in support of the military cyber operations requirements for the warfighting missions of the United States Cyber Command, the other combatant commands, the military departments, the Defense Agencies, the Joint Staff, and the Office of the Secretary of Defense with respect to foundational, scientific and technical, and all-source intelligence on cyber technology development, capabilities, concepts of operation, operations, and plans and intentions of cyber threat actors.

“(b) **NONDUPLICATION.**—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary may not unnecessarily duplicate intelligence activities of the Department of Defense.

“(c) RESOURCES.—(1) The Secretary shall ensure the defense budget materials submitted for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2027 include a request for funds necessary to carry out subsection (a).

“(2) The Secretary shall carry out subsection (a) using funds made available for the United States Cyber Command under the Military Intelligence Program.

“(3) The National Security Agency may not provide information technology services for the dedicated cyber intelligence capability under subsection (a) unless such services are provided under the Military Intelligence Program or the Information Systems Security Program.

“(d) DEFENSE BUDGET MATERIALS DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘defense budget materials’, with respect to a fiscal year, means the materials submitted to Congress by the Secretary of Defense in support of the budget for that fiscal year.”.

(b) REPORT AND BRIEFING.—

(1) REPORT.—Not later than January 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report containing an implementation plan for ensuring the dedicated cyber intelligence capability under section 430d of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a). The implementation plan shall include—

(A) an articulation of the requirements for such capability, including with respect to the number and type of intelligence analysts or other personnel required to fulfill those requirements;

(B) an assessment by the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation with respect to the estimated annual cost for developing and maintaining such capability, including the initial budget requirements for such capability for fiscal year 2027; and

(C) an initial staffing plan, including the development of specific career identifiers, a recruiting plan, and a career progression plan.

(2) BRIEFING.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the Secretary submits the report under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall provide to the appropriate congressional committees a briefing on the implementation plan contained in the report.

(3) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term “appropriate congressional committees” means the congressional defense committees and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 1613. AUTHORITY OF ARMY COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AGENTS.

(a) AUTHORITY TO EXECUTE WARRANTS AND MAKE ARRESTS.—Section 7377 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by striking “**Civilian**” and all that follows through the colon and inserting “**Certain civilian special agents:**”; and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) by inserting “(1)” before “Subsection (a) applies”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) In addition to paragraph (1), during the four-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, subsection (a) applies to any employee of the Department of the Army who is a special agent of the Army Counterintelligence Command (or a successor to that command) whose duties include conducting, supervising, or coordinating counterintelligence investigations in programs and operations of the Department of the Army.”.

(b) **ANNUAL REPORT AND BRIEFING.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act and not less frequently than annually thereafter through 2028, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees and the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and Senate an annual report, and shall provide to such committees an annual briefing, on the administration of section 7377 of title 10, United States Code, as amended by subsection (a).

SEC. 1614. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AND COUNTERINTELLIGENCE EXPENSE AUTHORITY.

(a) **CODIFICATION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 1057 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 133 Stat. 1593) is—

(A) transferred to subchapter I of chapter 21 of title 10, United States Code;

(B) inserted after section 429 of such title; and

(C) redesignated as section 429a.

(2) **SECTION HEADING TYPEFACE AND TYPESTYLE.**—Section 429a of title 10, as added by paragraph (1), is amended—

(A) in the enumerator, by striking “SEC.” and inserting “§”; and

(B) in the section heading—

(i) by striking the period at the end; and

(ii) by conforming the typeface and typestyle, including capitalization, to the typeface and typestyle as used in the section heading of section 430b of such title.

(b) **PERMANENT EXTENSION.**—Subsection (a) of section 429a, as added by subsection (a)(1) of this section, is amended by striking “for any of fiscal years 2020 through 2025”.

(c) **ANNUAL REPORTS.**—Subsection (d) of such section 429a is amended by striking “Not later than December 31 of each of 2020 through 2025” and inserting “Not later than December 31 of each year”.

(d) **LIMITATION ON DELEGATIONS.**—Subsection (e) of such section 429a is amended by striking “\$100,000” and inserting “\$200,000”.

(e) **EXCLUSIVE AUTHORITY.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Such section 429a is amended—

(A) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (g); and

(B) by inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsection (f):

“(f) **NONAPPLICATION OF SECTION 127.**—The authority provided by subsection (a) shall be the exclusive authority available to the Secretary of Defense to expend amounts made available for the

Military Intelligence Program for intelligence and counterintelligence objects of a confidential, extraordinary, or emergency nature.”.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 127(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: “The authority to expend amounts made available for the Military Intelligence Program for intelligence and counterintelligence objects of a confidential, extraordinary, or emergency nature is provided by section 429a of this title instead of this section.”.

SEC. 1615. INTELLIGENCE ADVICE AND DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SUPPORT FOR GOVERNMENT OF ISRAEL IN THE DEFEAT OF HAMAS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense and the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency are authorized to continue, as directed by the President of the United States, to jointly cooperate with the Government of Israel on defense intelligence, advice, and support, to the extent practicable and consistent with United States objectives, to support Israel’s pursuit of the lasting defeat of Hamas.

(b) BRIEFING.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than once every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate a briefing on the intelligence, advice, and support provided to assist the Government of Israel in achieving the objectives described in subsection (a).

(c) SUNSET.—The authority under subsection (a) shall terminate on the date that is two years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Subtitle C—Nuclear Forces

SEC. 1621. ESTABLISHMENT OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR NUCLEAR DETERRENCE, CHEMICAL, AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE POLICY AND PROGRAMS; IMPROVEMENTS TO PROCESSES OF THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 138(b)(4) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(4) One of the Assistant Secretaries is the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear Deterrence, Chemical, and Biological Defense Policy and Programs. The Assistant Secretary is the principal civilian adviser to the Secretary of Defense on nuclear deterrence policies, operations, and associated programs within the senior management of the Department of Defense. The principal duty of the Assistant Secretary shall be the overall supervision of nuclear deterrence policy, resources, and activities of the Department of Defense.

“(A) Subject to the authority, direction, and control of the Secretary of Defense, the Assistant Secretary shall—

“(i) advise and assist the Secretary of Defense, the Deputy Secretary of Defense, the Under Secretary of Defense

for Acquisition and Sustainment, and the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy in the development and supervision of policy, program planning and execution, and allocation and use of resources for the activities of the Department of Defense on all matters relating to the sustainment, operation, and modernization of United States nuclear forces as defined in section 499c(d) of this title;

“(ii) communicate views on issues within the responsibility of the Assistant Secretary directly to the Secretary of Defense and the Deputy Secretary of Defense without obtaining the approval or concurrence of any other official within the Department of Defense;

“(iii) serve as the Staff Director of the Nuclear Weapons Council established by section 179 of this title;

“(iv) serve as the principal Department of Defense civilian responsible for oversight of portfolio management for nuclear forces established by section 499c of this title;

“(v) serve as the principal interface with the Department of Energy on issues relating to nuclear fuels;

“(vi) in coordination with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment, advise the Secretary of Defense on nuclear energy matters; and

“(vii) advise and assist the Secretary of Defense, the Deputy Secretary of Defense, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, and the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy on all matters relating to the defense against chemical, biological, and other weapons of mass destruction.

“(B) Unless otherwise directed by the President or statute, no officer other than the Secretary of Defense, Deputy Secretary of Defense, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, and the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy may intervene to exercise authority, direction, or control over the Assistant Secretary in the discharge of responsibilities specified in subparagraph (A).”.

(b) MODIFICATION OF DUTIES FOR UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR ACQUISITION AND SUSTAINMENT.—Section 133b(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (5)—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon; and

(B) by adding after subparagraph (C), the following:

“(D) chairman of the Nuclear Weapons Council established by section 179 of this title; and

“(E) co-chairman of the Council on Oversight of the National Leadership Command, Control, and Communications System established by section 171a of this title;”; and

(2) by amending paragraph (6) to read as follows:

“(6) overseeing—

“(A) the sustainment and modernization of United States nuclear forces, including the nuclear command, control, and communications system; and

“(B) military department and Defense Agency programs to develop defenses against chemical and biological weap-

ons and capabilities to counter weapons of mass destruction;”.

(c) **MODIFICATION OF DUTIES FOR UNDER SECRETARY FOR DEFENSE FOR POLICY.**—Section 134(b)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (D), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;

(2) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end, the following new subparagraph (F):

“(F) the development of strategic policy guidance for the Department of Defense to enable the achievement of Presidential objectives outlined within the nuclear weapons employment guidance of the United States, as described in section 491 of this title.”.

(d) **CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.**—The following provisions of law are amended by striking “Nuclear, Chemical, and Biological Defense Programs” each place it appears and inserting “Nuclear Deterrence, Chemical, and Biological Defense Policy and Programs”:

(1) Section 179(c) of title 10, United States Code.

(2) Section 492b(b)(2) of such title.

(3) Section 2284(b)(3)(E) of such title.

(4) Section 1412(m) of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (50 U.S.C. 1521(m)).

(5) Section 1067(a)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (50 U.S.C. 1528(a)(1)).

SEC. 1622. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF CERTIFICATIONS REGARDING INTEGRATED TACTICAL WARNING AND ATTACK ASSESSMENT MISSION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE.

Section 1666 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 130 Stat. 2617) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), in the matter preceding paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking “2026” and inserting “2030”; and

(B) by striking “the Commander of the United States Strategic Command” and inserting “the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, the Commander of the United States Strategic Command;”;

(2) by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

“(b) **INABILITY TO CERTIFY.**—If the Commander of the United States Space Command does not make a certification under subsection (a) by March 31 of any year in which a certification is required under such subsection, the Secretary of the Air Force shall—

“(1) not later than June 30 of that year, consolidate all terrestrial and aerial components of the integrated tactical warning and attack assessment system of the Department of the Air Force that are survivable and endurable under the major command of the Department of the Air Force commanded by the single general officer that is responsible for all aspects of the Department of the Air Force nuclear mission, as described by Air Force Program Action Directive D16–01, dated August 2, 2016; and

“(2) not later than April 30 of that year, submit to the Secretary of Defense and the congressional defense committees a report describing a plan to achieve such certification, and the status of programs and plans to meet the requirements of Presidential directives and Department of Defense policies applicable to integrated tactical warning and attack assessment systems that are survivable and enduring.”;

(3) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(4) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):

“(c) **WAIVER AUTHORITY.**—The Secretary of Defense may waive the requirement of paragraph (1) of subsection (b), if the Secretary certifies to the congressional defense committees that—

“(1) the plan described in paragraph (2) of that subsection is sufficient to ensure that the Department of the Air Force is able to satisfy the criteria under subsection (a);

“(2) resourcing for executing such plan shall be addressed, to the maximum extent possible, within the current fiscal year; and

“(3) any additional resources necessary to execute such plan shall be included in future budgetary requests of the Department of Defense.”.

SEC. 1623. PERIODIC UPDATES ON THE MODERNIZATION OF THE STRATEGIC AUTOMATED COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM.

Section 1644 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 598) is amended by adding at the end the following subsection:

“(c) **PERIODIC UPDATES.**—Beginning not later than March 1, 2025, and not later than each of March 1 and September 1 annually thereafter, the Secretary of the Air Force shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the progress of the modernization effort described in subsection (a).”.

SEC. 1624. MODIFIED REQUIREMENTS FOR REPORT ON THE PLAN FOR THE NUCLEAR WEAPONS STOCKPILE, NUCLEAR WEAPONS COMPLEX, NUCLEAR WEAPONS DELIVERY SYSTEMS, AND NUCLEAR WEAPONS COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM.

Section 492a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the heading, by striking “**Annual**” and inserting “**Biennial**”;

(2) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting “the odd-numbered” after “for each of”; and

(B) in paragraph (2)(G), by striking “year” both places it appears and inserting “report”; and

(3) in subsection (b)—

(A) by striking paragraphs (2) and (3);

(B) by striking “**BUDGET OFFICE.**—” and all that follows through “Not later than July 1” and inserting “**BUDGET OFFICE.**—Not later than July 1”;

(C) by redesignating subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D) as paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4), respectively;

(D) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), as redesignated by subparagraph (C) of this paragraph, by striking

“covered odd-numbered fiscal year report” and inserting “report required under subsection (a)”;

(E) in paragraph (1), as so redesignated, by striking “covered odd-numbered fiscal year”; and

(F) in paragraph (2), as so redesignated, by striking “covered odd-numbered fiscal year”.

SEC. 1625. MATTERS RELATING TO PILOT PROGRAM ON DEVELOPMENT OF REENTRY VEHICLES AND RELATED SYSTEMS.

Section 1645 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 4421 note prec.) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking, “The Secretary of the Air Force” and inserting, “The Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of the Air Force, acting jointly or separately,”;

(B) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively;

(C) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) expand the availability of operationally qualifiable vendors within the defense industrial base,”; and

(D) by striking, “reentry vehicles” each place it appears and inserting “reentry vehicles and reentry systems”;

(2) in subsection (b)(1)—

(A) by striking “the Secretary” and inserting “each Secretary”; and

(B) by striking “and systems” and inserting “and reentry systems”;

(3) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:

“(c) COORDINATION.—If the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, or the Secretary of the Air Force, acting jointly or separately, carries out a pilot program under this section, such Secretary or Secretaries shall ensure that the activities under the pilot program are carried out in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering and the Director of the Missile Defense Agency.”;

(4) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e); and

(5) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection (d):

“(d) SEMIANNUAL BRIEFINGS.—Not later than March 1 and September 1 of each year in which the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, or the Secretary of the Air Force, acting jointly or separately, carries out a pilot program under this section, such Secretary or Secretaries shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the activities of the pilot program.”.

SEC. 1626. EXPANSION OF NUCLEAR LONG RANGE STANDOFF CAPABILITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Air Force may reconvert the B–52 bombers that had been modified to carry only conventional weapons to conform to the Treaty between the United States of America and the Russian Federation on Measures for the Further Reduction and Limitation of Strategic Offensive Arms signed on April 8, 2010, and entered into force on February 5, 2011 (com-

monly known as the “New START Treaty”), to be able to carry nuclear weapons.

(b) **CONVERSION OF B-52 BOMBERS.**—If the Secretary elects to exercise the authority under subsection (a), the Secretary shall—

(1) not later than 30 days after the expiration of the New Start Treaty, commence the process of making available for nuclear certification the B-52 bombers described in subsection (a); and

(2) ensure the reconversion of B-52 bombers described in such subsection is complete by not later than December 31, 2029.

(c) **FUNDING PROFILE FOR INCREASED PRODUCTION OF THE LONG RANGE STANDOFF WEAPON.**—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the funding profile necessary, by fiscal year, to expand by one-third the planned purchase of the Long Range Standoff Weapon.

SEC. 1627. MATTERS RELATING TO THE NUCLEAR-ARMED SEA-LAUNCHED CRUISE MISSILE.

(a) **JAMES M. INHOFE NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023.**—Section 1642 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2945) is amended by striking “W80–4 warhead” each place it appears and inserting “W80–4 ALT or an alternative warhead”.

(b) **NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024.**—Section 1640 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 595) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (3)—

(i) by striking “nuclear weapon project for” and inserting “nuclear weapon system project with”; and

(ii) by inserting “(or an alternative warhead in accordance subsection (e))” after “W80–4 ALT warhead”;

(B) in paragraph (4), by striking “W80–4 ALT”; and inserting “nuclear weapon system”; and

(C) in paragraph (5), by striking “W80–4 ALT nuclear weapon project” and inserting “nuclear weapon system”;

(2) in subsection (c), by striking “W80–4 ALT project” and inserting “nuclear weapon system project described in subsection (a)(3)”;

(3) by redesignating subsections (e) through (g) as subsections (f) through (h), respectively; and

(4) by inserting after subsection (d) the following new subsection (e):

“(e) **SELECTION OF A NUCLEAR WEAPON SYSTEM WITH AN ALTERNATIVE WARHEAD.**—

“(1) **BRIEFING, CERTIFICATION, AND WAITING PERIOD.**—For purposes of subsection (a)(3), the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of Energy, may carry out a nuclear weapons system project with an alternative warhead to the W80–4 ALT warhead, if—

“(A) the Secretaries jointly provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing that includes—

“(i) a description of the alternative warhead to be developed under the project;

“(ii) an estimate and description of the balance among the costs, schedule, and programmatic impacts for the research, development, and production of such alternative warhead;

“(iii) an explanation of the reasons the Secretaries intend to develop a nuclear weapon system with such alternative warhead instead of—

“(I) the W80–4 ALT warhead; or

“(II) any other warhead options that may have been considered;

“(iv) a written certification from the Secretaries that—

“(I) if selected as the preferred option, the nuclear weapon system with the alternative warhead is expected to more favorably balance military effectiveness, cost, schedule, and programmatic impacts than the nuclear weapons system with the W80–4 ALT warhead; and

“(II) any funds required for such alternative warhead will be included in the materials submitted by the Secretaries in support of the budget of the President (as submitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code) until the selected warhead achieves full operational capability, as determined by the Commander of United States Strategic Command; and

“(B) a period of 45 days has elapsed following the date on which such briefing was provided.

“(2) FORM OF BRIEFING.—The briefing under paragraph (1)(A) may be submitted in classified form.”.

(c) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM ELEMENT.—Beginning on the date of the submission of the budget of the President for fiscal year 2026 in accordance with section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary of the Navy shall—

(1) establish a separate, dedicated program element for the development of a nuclear-armed, sea-launched cruise missile within the budget program elements for Navy Strategic Systems Programs; and

(2) ensure that Navy activities in support of such development are executed within such program element.

(d) FUNDING LIMITATION.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act for fiscal year 2025 for operations and maintenance, Navy, and made available to the Secretary of the Navy for the travel of persons, not more than 90 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Secretary of the Navy submits to the congressional defense committees a certification that the Department of the Navy—

(1) has established and staffed a program office for the development of a nuclear-armed, sea-launched cruise missile required by section 1640 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024; and

(2) is taking the steps required to comply with the direction promulgated by Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment memorandum titled “Nuclear-Armed, Sea-Launched Cruise Missile Program Material Development Decision Acquisition Memorandum,” dated March 21, 2024.

SEC. 1628. AVAILABILITY OF AIR FORCE PROCUREMENT FUNDS FOR HEAT SHIELD MATERIAL FOR MARK 21A REENTRY VEHICLE.

The Secretary of the Air Force may enter into contracts for the life-of-program procurement of heat shield material and related processing activities for the Mark 21A reentry vehicle.

SEC. 1629. CONDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SENTINEL INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall ensure, to the maximum extent practicable that—

(1) the contract structure for the Sentinel intercontinental ballistic missile (previously referred to as the “ground-based strategic weapon”) program allows for maximum Federal Government oversight of—

- (A) the Aerospace Vehicle Segment program area;
- (B) the Launch Control Center program area; and
- (C) the Launch Control Facility program area;

(2) such Federal Government oversight includes Federal Government control of—

- (A) preliminary and critical design reviews entrance criteria, exit criteria; and
- (B) certification of completion at the subsystem level through total system architecture; and

(3) there are opportunities for competition throughout the lifecycle of the Sentinel intercontinental ballistic missile program, including competition across each of the program areas specified in paragraph (1).

(b) REPORT.—If the Under Secretary completes a revised Milestone B approval for such program, the Under Secretary shall, not later than 60 days after the date on which the Under Secretary completes such approval, submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes a description of how the Under Secretary intends to satisfy the requirements of subsection (a).

(c) MILESTONE B APPROVAL DEFINED.—In this section, the term “Milestone B approval” has the meaning given in section 4172 of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 1630. PROHIBITION ON REDUCTION OF INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES OF THE UNITED STATES.

(a) PROHIBITION.—Except as provided in subsection (b), none of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2025 for the Department of Defense may be obligated or expended for the following, and the Department may not otherwise take any action to do the following:

(1) Reduce, or prepare to reduce, the responsiveness or alert level of the intercontinental ballistic missiles of the United States.

(2) Reduce, or prepare to reduce, the quantity of deployed intercontinental ballistic missiles of the United States to a number less than 400.

(b) EXCEPTION.—The prohibition in subsection (a) shall not apply to any of the following activities:

(1) The maintenance or sustainment of intercontinental ballistic missiles.

(2) Ensuring the safety, security, or reliability of intercontinental ballistic missiles.

(3) Facilitating the transition from the LGM-30G Minuteman III intercontinental ballistic missile to the LGM-35A Sentinel intercontinental ballistic missile.

SEC. 1631. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR ALTERING AIR FORCE GLOBAL STRIKE COMMAND.

(a) LIMITATION.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act for fiscal year 2025 for the Department of the Air Force may be obligated or expended to alter or adjust the existing composition, roles, or responsibilities of Air Force Global Strike Command in the—

(1) development of military requirements relating to strategic deterrence; or

(2) execution of Joint Forces Air Component Command operational and planning support for United States Strategic Command.

(b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than April 30, 2025, the Secretary of the Air Force, in coordination with the Commander of United States Strategic Command, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report outlining a plan for ensuring that any future adjustments to the composition, roles, or responsibilities of Air Force Global Strike Command will not adversely affect the missions of the Air Force Global Strike Command in supporting the operational requirements of the United States Strategic Command or activities of the Department of Defense to achieve Presidential nuclear employment guidance objectives.

(c) TERMINATION.—The limitation under subsection (a) shall terminate 90 days after the date on which the Secretary of the Air Force submits the report required by subsection (b).

SEC. 1632. LIMITATIONS ON USE OF FUNDS TO DISMANTLE B83-1 NUCLEAR GRAVITY BOMB.

(a) LIMITATION ON TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for operation and maintenance, Defense-wide, and available for the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering for travel expenses, not more than 80 percent may be obligated or expended until the Secretary of Defense submits to the congressional defense committees the proposed strategy required by paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of section 1674 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263).

(b) LIMITATION ON USE TO DISMANTLE.—Except as provided in subsection (c), none of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the Department of Energy may be used to dismantle B83-1 nuclear gravity bombs.

(c) EXCEPTIONS.—The limitation on the use of funds under subsection (b) shall not apply—

(1) if the Commander of the United States Strategic Command submits to the congressional defense committees a certification that—

(A) the use of funds described in such subsection to dismantle B83–1 nuclear gravity bombs is in the best interest of the United States; and

(B) there are no gaps as of the date of the submission of such certification in the strategic deterrence posture of the United States; or

(2) with respect to the dismantlement of B83–1 nuclear gravity bombs for the purpose of supporting safety and surveillance, sustainment, life extension or modification programs for the B83–1 or other weapons currently in, or planned to become part of, the nuclear weapons stockpile of the United States.

SEC. 1633. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS PENDING SUBMISSION OF PLAN FOR DECREASING THE TIME TO UPLOAD ADDITIONAL WARHEADS TO THE INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE FLEET.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2025 for operation and maintenance, Air Force, and available for the Office of the Secretary of the Air Force for the travel of persons, not more than 80 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Secretary of the Air Force submits the plan required by section 1650 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 601).

SEC. 1634. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS PENDING SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION ON OPTIONS FOR ENHANCING NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION ACCESS TO THE DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2025 for operation and maintenance, Defense-wide, and available to the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy for the travel of persons, not more than 90 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Assistant Secretary provides the briefing on options for enhancing National Nuclear Security Administration access to the defense industrial base required by the report of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate accompanying S.2226 of the 118th Congress (Senate Report 118–58).

SEC. 1635. DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY.

(a) STRATEGY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Administrator for Nuclear Security and other individuals as the Secretary determines appropriate, shall commence the implementation of a strategy for promoting the development of a skilled manufacturing and high-demand vocational trade workforce to support the expansion of the national technology and industrial base and nuclear security enterprise.

(b) REPORT; BRIEFINGS.—

(1) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the development of the strategy under subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit

to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate a report that outlines the strategy and includes a detailed description of measures to implement the strategy, including planned schedules and progress milestones.

(2) BRIEFINGS.—Beginning in 2026, and on a biennial basis until 2032, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate a briefing on progress made in implementing the strategy under subsection (a).

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “national technology and industrial base” has the meaning given that term in section 4801 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) The term “nuclear security enterprise” has the meaning given that term in section 4002 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2501).

SEC. 1636. LONG-TERM PLAN FOR STRATEGIC NUCLEAR FORCES DURING DELIVERY VEHICLE TRANSITION.

(a) PLAN REQUIRED.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act and biennially thereafter through 2031, the Commander of the United States Strategic Command shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for deployed strategic nuclear warheads over the covered period, during which changes are expected to be made to strategic delivery systems.

(b) ELEMENTS.—Each plan under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) A baseline strategy for maintaining a minimum of 1,550 nuclear warheads deployed on land-based intercontinental ballistic missiles, submarine-launched intercontinental ballistic missiles, and counted for deployed heavy bombers (as defined under the New START Treaty) during the covered period.

(2) For each year of the covered period, an estimate of the number of available strategic delivery systems, by type, and the number of deployed warheads associated with such systems.

(3) A summary of operational considerations, including, as necessary, the identification of areas in which greater risk is being accepted.

(4) A description of contingency plans in the event of reduced strategic delivery system availability due to programmatic delays, aging, or other such factors.

(5) A review of the importance and impact of nuclear risk and reduction arms control.

(6) Any other matters the Commander of the United States Strategic Command determines appropriate for inclusion in the plan.

(c) COORDINATION.—In preparing each plan required under this section, the Commander of the United States Strategic Command shall coordinate with—

(1) the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment;

(2) the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy; and

(3) the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—

(1) The term “covered period” means the period beginning on January 1, 2028, and ending on January 1, 2036.

(2) The term “New START Treaty” means the Treaty between the United States of America and the Russian Federation on Measures for the Further Reduction and Limitation of Strategic Offensive Arms, signed on April 8, 2010, and entered into force on February 5, 2011.

(3) The term “strategic delivery system” means land-based intercontinental ballistic missiles, submarine-launched intercontinental ballistic missiles, long range air-launched cruise missiles, and nuclear-capable heavy bomber aircraft.

SEC. 1637. REPORTS AND BRIEFINGS ON RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE CONGRESSIONAL COMMISSION ON THE STRATEGIC POSTURE OF THE UNITED STATES.

(a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States that—

(1) the deterrence of strategic attacks, and in particular nuclear attacks, against the United States and its allies is the highest defense priority of the United States; and

(2) the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy are provided with all necessary authorities and resources required to ensure the maintenance of a modern, effective strategic deterrent to meet the emerging suite of unprecedented strategic threats against the United States.

(b) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 31 of each of years 2025 through 2030, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy, acting through the Chairman of the Nuclear Weapons Council, shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the progress of each such Secretary with respect to implementing the recommendations made by the Congressional Commission on the Strategic Posture of the United States established under section 1687 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81) in the document titled “America’s Strategic Posture: The Final Report of the Congressional Commission on the Strategic Posture of the United States” (and dated October 2023).

(c) ELEMENTS.—Each briefing required by subsection (b) shall include the following:

(1) An assessment of the extent to which the implementation of each recommendation may contribute to the deterrence of particular threats anticipated during the period covered by such document.

(2) A determination of whether each recommendation has been, or will be, implemented by the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of Energy.

(3) For each recommendation that has been, or will be, implemented—

(A) the plan for such implementation, or, if applicable, a description of how such recommendation was implemented;

(B) an estimate of the cost of implementation;

(C) the timeline for such implementation; and

(D) a description of any additional resources the Secretary concerned determines necessary for such implementation.

(4) In the case of a recommendation the Secretary concerned determines the relevant Department is already implementing through a separate effort, the analysis and justification of the Secretary for such determination.

(5) A description of any anticipated impacts to the Defense Industrial Base or the Nuclear Security Enterprise required to support a recommendation, and any projected net benefits to the economic competitiveness of the United States.

(6) A description of the impact, if any, of implementing a recommendation with respect to other activities of the Department of Defense or the Department of Energy.

(7) Such other information as the Chairman of the Nuclear Weapons Council determines relevant.

SEC. 1638. SENSE OF CONGRESS WITH RESPECT TO USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TO SUPPORT STRATEGIC DETERRENCE.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the considered use of artificial intelligence and machine learning tools presents opportunities to strengthen the security of critical strategic communications and early warning networks, improve the efficiency of planning processes to reduce the risk of collateral damage, and enhance U.S. capabilities for modeling weapons functionality in support of stockpile stewardship; and

(2) even with such applications, particular care must be taken to ensure that the incorporation of artificial intelligence and machine learning tools does not increase the risk that our Nation's most critical strategic assets can be compromised.

(b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States that the use of artificial intelligence efforts should not compromise the integrity of nuclear safeguards, whether through the functionality of weapons systems, the validation of communications from command authorities, or the principle of requiring positive human actions in execution of decisions by the President with respect to the employment of nuclear weapons.

Subtitle D—Missile Defense Programs

SEC. 1641. EXPANSION OF CERTAIN PROHIBITIONS RELATING TO MISSILE DEFENSE INFORMATION AND SYSTEMS TO APPLY TO PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

Section 5551 of title 10, United States Code, as added by section 1649, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by inserting “or the People’s Republic of China” after “the Russian Federation”;

(2) in subsection (b), by inserting “or the People’s Republic of China” after “the Russian Federation”; and

(3) in subsection (c), by inserting “or the People’s Republic of China” after “the Russian Federation”.

SEC. 1642. ADDITIONAL MISSILE DEFENSE SITE FOR PROTECTION OF UNITED STATES HOMELAND.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT OF ADDITIONAL INTERCEPTOR SITE.**—Subject to the availability of appropriations for such purpose, not later than December 31, 2030, the Director of the Missile Defense Agency shall establish a fully operational third continental United States interceptor site on the East Coast of the United States. The Director shall establish such site at a location optimized to support the defense of the homeland of the United States from emerging long-range missile threats.

(b) **COORDINATION.**—In establishing the interceptor site required under subsection (a), the Director shall coordinate with the commander of the relevant combatant command.

(c) **PLAN AND UPDATES.**—Concurrent with the submission of the budget of the President to Congress pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2031, the Director shall submit to the congressional defense committees—

- (1) a plan for establishing the interceptor site required under subsection (a); and
- (2) an update on the progress of the Director in establishing such site.

SEC. 1643. ADVICE AND ASSISTANCE REGARDING ENHANCEMENT OF JORDANIAN AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Commander of the United States Central Command, may seek to advise and assist the Kingdom of Jordan in enhancing capabilities for countering air and missile threats from Iran and groups linked to Iran, including the threat from unmanned aerial systems, that threaten the United States, Jordan, and other allies and partners of the United States.

(b) **PROTECTION OF SENSITIVE TECHNOLOGY AND INFORMATION.**—The Secretary shall ensure that any advice or assistance provided under this section appropriately protects sensitive technology and information and the national security interests of the United States and Jordan.

(c) **MIDDLE EAST INTEGRATED AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE.**—Pursuant to section 1658 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2951), the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall assess the feasibility of including Jordan in a multinational integrated air and missile defense architecture to protect the people, infrastructure, and territory of Jordan from cruise and ballistic missiles, manned and unmanned aerial systems, and rocket attacks from Iran and groups linked to Iran.

SEC. 1644. IRON DOME SHORT-RANGE ROCKET DEFENSE SYSTEM AND ISRAELI COOPERATIVE MISSILE DEFENSE PROGRAM CO-DEVELOPMENT AND CO-PRODUCTION.

(a) **IRON DOME SHORT-RANGE ROCKET DEFENSE SYSTEM.**—

- (1) **AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.**—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2025 for procurement, Defense-wide, and available for the Missile Defense Agency, not more than \$110,000,000 may be provided to the Government of Israel to procure components for the Iron Dome short-

range rocket defense system through co-production of such components in the United States by industry of the United States.

(2) CONDITIONS.—

(A) AGREEMENT.—Funds described in paragraph (1) for the Iron Dome short-range rocket defense program shall be available subject to the terms and conditions in the Agreement Between the Department of Defense of the United States of America and the Ministry of Defense of the State of Israel Concerning Iron Dome Defense System Procurement, signed on March 5, 2014, as amended to include co-production for Tamir interceptors.

(B) CERTIFICATION.—Not later than 30 days prior to the initial obligation of funds described in paragraph (1), the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees—

(i) a certification that the amended bilateral international agreement specified in subparagraph (A) is being implemented as provided in such agreement;

(ii) an assessment detailing any risks relating to the implementation of such agreement; and

(iii) for system improvements resulting in modified Iron Dome components and Tamir interceptor sub-components, a certification that the Government of Israel has demonstrated successful completion of Production Readiness Reviews, including the validation of production lines, the verification of component conformance, and the verification of performance to specification as defined in the Iron Dome Defense System Procurement Agreement, as further amended.

(b) ISRAELI COOPERATIVE MISSILE DEFENSE PROGRAM, DAVID'S SLING WEAPON SYSTEM CO-PRODUCTION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (3), of the funds authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 for procurement, Defense-wide, and available for the Missile Defense Agency not more than \$40,000,000 may be provided to the Government of Israel to procure the David's Sling Weapon System, including for co-production of parts and components in the United States by United States industry.

(2) AGREEMENT.—Provision of funds specified in paragraph (1) shall be subject to the terms and conditions in the bilateral co-production agreement, including—

(A) a one-for-one cash match is made by Israel or in another matching amount that otherwise meets best efforts (as mutually agreed to by the United States and Israel); and

(B) co-production of parts, components, and all-up rounds (if appropriate) in the United States by United States industry for the David's Sling Weapon System is not less than 50 percent.

(3) CERTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees—

(A) a certification that the Government of Israel has demonstrated the successful completion of the knowledge points, technical milestones, and Production Readiness Reviews required by the research, development, and technology agreement and the bilateral co-production agreement for the David's Sling Weapon System; and

(B) an assessment detailing any risks relating to the implementation of such agreement.

(c) ISRAELI COOPERATIVE MISSILE DEFENSE PROGRAM, ARROW 3 UPPER TIER INTERCEPTOR PROGRAM CO-PRODUCTION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), of the funds authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 for procurement, Defense-wide, and available for the Missile Defense Agency not more than \$50,000,000 may be provided to the Government of Israel for the Arrow 3 Upper Tier Interceptor Program, including for co-production of parts and components in the United States by United States industry.

(2) CERTIFICATION.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a certification that—

(A) the Government of Israel has demonstrated the successful completion of the knowledge points, technical milestones, and Production Readiness Reviews required by the research, development, and technology agreement for the Arrow 3 Upper Tier Interceptor Program;

(B) funds specified in paragraph (1) will be provided on the basis of a one-for-one cash match made by Israel or in another matching amount that otherwise meets best efforts (as mutually agreed to by the United States and Israel);

(C) the United States has entered into a bilateral international agreement with Israel that establishes, with respect to the use of such funds—

(i) in accordance with subparagraph (D), the terms of co-production of parts and components on the basis of the greatest practicable co-production of parts, components, and all-up rounds (if appropriate) by United States industry and minimizes nonrecurring engineering and facilitization expenses to the costs needed for co-production;

(ii) complete transparency on the requirement of Israel for the number of interceptors and batteries that will be procured, including with respect to the procurement plans, acquisition strategy, and funding profiles of Israel;

(iii) technical milestones for co-production of parts and components and procurement;

(iv) a joint affordability working group to consider cost reduction initiatives; and

(v) joint approval processes for third-party sales; and

(D) the level of co-production described in subparagraph (C)(i) for the Arrow 3 Upper Tier Interceptor Program is not less than 50 percent.

(d) **NUMBER.**—In carrying out paragraph (2) of subsection (b) and paragraph (2) of subsection (c), the Under Secretary may submit—

- (1) one certification covering both the David's Sling Weapon System and the Arrow 3 Upper Tier Interceptor Program; or
- (2) separate certifications for each respective system.

(e) **TIMING.**—The Under Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees the certification and assessment under subsection (b)(3) and the certification under subsection (c)(2) not later than 30 days before the funds specified in paragraph (1) of subsections (b) and (c) for the respective system covered by the certification are provided to the Government of Israel.

(f) **APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “appropriate congressional committees” means the following:

- (1) The congressional defense committees.
- (2) The Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
- (3) The Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 1645. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEM GOVERNANCE DOCUMENTS, POLICIES, AND PROCEDURES.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering for travel, not more than 90 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which such Under Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees a certification that a notification to repeal, replace, or supersede the Directive-type Memorandum 20–002 has been submitted—

- (1) in accordance with section 205(b) of title 10, United States Code; and
- (2) pursuant to section 1667 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 205 note).

SEC. 1646. CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT WITH RESPECT TO INCIDENTS THAT AFFECT AVAILABILITY OF UNITED STATES HOMELAND MISSILE DEFENSES.

(a) **REQUIREMENT.**—If the Secretary of Defense determines that an incident has affected the availability of the ground-based mid-course defense system, or has impeded the function of such system, in a manner that inhibits the capability of such system to adequately respond to the operational mission of such system as required by the Commander of the United States Northern Command, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate Members of Congress a notification of such incident by not later than 24 hours after the Secretary makes such determination.

(b) **APPROPRIATE MEMBERS OF CONGRESS DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “appropriate Members of Congress” means each chair and ranking member of the congressional defense committees.

SEC. 1647. PLAN FOR COMPREHENSIVE BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE RADAR COVERAGE OF GUAM.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command, in coordination with the Secretary of the Army, the Under Sec-

retary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, and the Director of the Missile Defense Agency, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan, including an implementation schedule, for—

- (1) providing simultaneous radar coverage of ballistic missile threats against Guam from the People’s Republic of China and the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea; and
- (2) enabling the effective engagement of Terminal High Altitude Area Defense interceptors against incoming ballistic missile attacks on Guam, as required.

SEC. 1648. ANNUAL BRIEFING ON MISSILE DEFENSE OF GUAM.

(a) **BRIEFINGS REQUIRED.**—Concurrent with the first submission to Congress of a budget pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, after the date of the enactment of this Act, and with each submission of a budget to Congress pursuant to such section until the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment determines that the missile defense system protecting Guam achieves full operational capability, the Under Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the missile defense of Guam.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—Each briefing under subsection (a) shall cover the following:

- (1) The current architecture of the missile defense system protecting Guam as compared to the prior year.
- (2) A consolidated list of funds estimated within the most recent future-years defense program under section 221 of title 10, United States Code, for the missile defense of Guam as compared to the prior fiscal year, including with respect to—
 - (A) missile defense systems;
 - (B) missile defense interceptors;
 - (C) network and communications systems;
 - (D) research, development, test, and evaluation;
 - (E) software development;
 - (F) military construction;
 - (G) operations and maintenance, including advanced planning and infrastructure sustainment, renovation, and maintenance funds;
 - (H) civilian and military personnel, including quality of life supporting functions; and
 - (I) such other matters as the Under Secretary considers appropriate.

(c) **MAJOR HIGHLIGHTS.**—Each briefing under subsection (a) shall include notable highlights and changes affecting the progress towards initial and full operational capability of the missile defense system protecting Guam.

SEC. 1649. ORGANIZATION AND CODIFICATION OF PROVISIONS OF LAW RELATING TO MISSILE DEFENSE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new part:

***“PART VI—ELEMENTS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND
OTHER MATTERS***

“Subpart A—Elements

“CHAPTER 551—MISSILE DEFENSE

“SUBCHAPTER I—ORGANIZATION

“5501. National missile defense policy.

“5502. Missile defense agency.

“SUBCHAPTER II—BUDGET AND ACQUISITION MATTERS

“5511. Ballistic missile defense programs: program elements.

“5512. Ballistic missile defense programs: display of amounts for research, development, test, and evaluation.

“5513. Unfunded priorities of the missile defense agency: annual report.

“5514. Acquisition accountability on the missile defense system.

“5515. Missile defense and defeat programs: major force program and budget assessment.

“SUBCHAPTER III—MISSILE DEFENSE CAPABILITIES

“5531. Technical authority for integrated air and missile defense activities and programs.

“5532. Hypersonic defense capability development.

“5533. Required testing of ground-based midcourse defense element of ballistic missile defense system.

“5534. Integration and interoperability of air and missile defense capabilities.

“5535. Development of requirements to support integrated air and missile defense capabilities.

“5536. Testing and assessment of missile defense systems prior to production and deployment.

“5537. Limitation on Missile Defense Agency production of satellites and ground systems associated with operation of such satellites.

“SUBCHAPTER IV—MISSILE DEFENSE INFORMATION

“5551. Prohibitions relating to missile defense information and systems.

“5552. Biannual briefing on missile defense and related activities.

“5553. Provision of information on flight testing of ground-based midcourse national missile defense system.

“SUBCHAPTER I—ORGANIZATION

“§ 5501. National missile defense policy

“It is the policy of the United States—

“(1) to research, develop, test, procure, deploy, and sustain, with funding subject to the annual authorization of appropriations for National Missile Defense, systems that provide effective, layered missile defense capabilities to defeat increasingly complex missile threats in all phases of flight; and

“(2) to rely on nuclear deterrence to address more sophisticated and larger quantity near-peer intercontinental missile threats to the homeland of the United States.

“§ 5502. Missile defense agency

“(a) **APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR.**—The Director of the Missile Defense Agency shall be a general or flag officer appointed for a six-year term.

“(b) **DEPUTY DIRECTOR.**—(1) There is a Deputy Director of the Missile Defense Agency, who shall be appointed by the Secretary of Defense from among the general officers on active duty in the

Army, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Space Force, or from among the flag officers on active duty in the Navy. In selecting an individual to serve as the Deputy Director, the Secretary of Defense shall select an individual who serves in a different armed force than the armed force in which the Director serves.

“(2) The Deputy Director shall be appointed for a term of not fewer than two, and not more than four years.

“(3) The Deputy Director shall be under the authority, direction, and control of the Director of the Missile Defense Agency.

“(4) The Deputy Director shall—

“(A) carry out such responsibilities as may be assigned by the Director; and

“(B) serve as acting director during periods of absence by the Director, or at such times as the office of the Director is vacant.

“(c) NOTIFICATION OF CHANGES TO NON-STANDARD ACQUISITION AND REQUIREMENTS PROCESSES AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—(1) The Secretary of Defense may not make any changes to the missile defense non-standard acquisition and requirements processes and responsibilities unless, with respect to those proposed changes—

“(A) the Secretary, without delegation, has taken each of the actions specified in paragraph (2); and

“(B) a period of 120 days has elapsed following the date on which the Secretary submits the report under subparagraph (C) of such paragraph.

“(2) If the Secretary proposes to make changes to the missile defense non-standard acquisition and requirements processes and responsibilities, the Secretary shall—

“(A) consult with the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy, the Secretaries of the military departments, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Commander of the United States Strategic Command, the Commander of the United States Northern Command, and the Director of the Missile Defense Agency, regarding the changes;

“(B) certify to the congressional defense committees that the Secretary has coordinated the changes with, and received the views of, the individuals referred to in subparagraph (A);

“(C) submit to the congressional defense committees a report that contains—

“(i) a description of the changes, the rationale for the changes, and the views of the individuals referred to in subparagraph (A) with respect to the changes;

“(ii) a certification that the changes will not impair the missile defense capabilities of the United States nor degrade the unique special acquisition authorities of the Missile Defense Agency; and

“(iii) with respect to any such changes to Department of Defense Directive 5134.09, or successor directive issued in accordance with this subsection, a final draft of the proposed modified directive, both in an electronic format and in a hard copy format; and

“(D) with respect to any such changes to Department of Defense Directive 5134.09, or successor directive issued in accordance with this subsection, provide to such committees a briefing on the proposed modified directive described in subparagraph (C)(iii).

“(3) In this subsection, the term ‘non-standard acquisition and requirements processes and responsibilities’ means the processes and responsibilities described in—

“(A) the memorandum of the Secretary of Defense titled ‘Missile Defense Program Direction’ signed on January 2, 2002, as in effect on the date of the enactment of this subsection or as modified in accordance with this subsection, or any successor memorandum issued in accordance with this subsection;

“(B) Department of Defense Directive 5134.09, as in effect on the date of the enactment of this subsection (without regard to any modifications described in Directive-type Memorandum 20–002 of the Deputy Secretary of Defense, or any amendments or extensions thereto made before the date of such enactment), or as modified in accordance with this subsection, or any successor directive issued in accordance with this subsection; and

“(C) United States Strategic Command Instruction 538–3 titled ‘MD Warfighter Involvement Process’, as in effect on the date of the enactment of this subsection or as modified in accordance with this subsection, or any successor instruction issued in accordance with this subsection.

“SUBCHAPTER II—BUDGET AND ACQUISITION MATTERS

“§ 5511. Ballistic missile defense programs: program elements

“(a) PROGRAM ELEMENTS SPECIFIED BY PRESIDENT.—In the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the Department of Defense budget for any fiscal year (as submitted with the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31), the amount requested for activities of the Missile Defense Agency shall be set forth in accordance with such program elements as the President may specify.

“(b) SEPARATE PROGRAM ELEMENTS FOR PROGRAMS ENTERING ENGINEERING AND MANUFACTURING DEVELOPMENT.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that each ballistic missile defense program that enters engineering and manufacturing development is assigned a separate, dedicated program element.

“(2) In this subsection, the term ‘engineering and manufacturing development’ means the period in the course of an acquisition program during which the primary objectives are to—

“(A) translate the most promising design approach into a stable, interoperable, producible, supportable, and cost-effective design;

“(B) validate the manufacturing or production process; and

“(C) demonstrate system capabilities through testing.

“(c) MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT.—The amount requested for a fiscal year for any program element specified for that fiscal year pursuant to subsection (a) shall include requests for the amounts

necessary for the management and support of the programs, projects, and activities contained in that program element.

“§ 5512. Ballistic missile defense programs: display of amounts for research, development, test, and evaluation

“(a) REQUIREMENT.—Any amount in the budget submitted to Congress under section 1105 of title 31 for any fiscal year for research, development, test, and evaluation for the integration of a ballistic missile defense element into the overall ballistic missile defense architecture shall be set forth under the account of the Department of Defense for Defense-wide research, development, test, and evaluation and, within that account, under the subaccount (or other budget activity level) for the Missile Defense Agency.

“(b) TRANSFER CRITERIA.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall establish criteria for the transfer of responsibility for a ballistic missile defense program from the Director of the Missile Defense Agency to the Secretary of a military department. The criteria established for such a transfer shall, at a minimum, address the following:

“(A) The technical maturity of the program.

“(B) The availability of facilities for production.

“(C) The commitment of the Secretary of the military department concerned to procurement funding for that program, as shown by funding through the future-years defense program and other defense planning documents.

“(2) The Secretary shall submit the criteria established, and any modifications to those criteria, to the congressional defense committees.

“(c) NOTIFICATION OF TRANSFER.—Before responsibility for a ballistic missile defense program is transferred from the Director of the Missile Defense Agency to the Secretary of a military department, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees notice in writing of the Secretary’s intent to make that transfer. The Secretary shall include with such notice a certification that the program has met the criteria established under subsection (b) for such a transfer. The transfer may then be carried out after the end of the 60-day period beginning on the date of such notice.

“(d) CONFORMING BUDGET AND PLANNING TRANSFERS.—When a ballistic missile defense program is transferred from the Missile Defense Agency to the Secretary of a military department in accordance with this section, the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that all appropriate conforming changes are made to proposed or projected funding allocations in the future-years defense program under section 221 of this title and other Department of Defense program, budget, and planning documents.

“(e) FOLLOW-ON RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that, before a ballistic missile defense program is transferred from the Director of the Missile Defense Agency to the Secretary of a military department, roles and responsibilities for research, development, test, and evaluation related to system improvements for that program are clearly delineated.

“§ 5513. Unfunded priorities of the missile defense agency: annual report

“(a) REPORTS.—Not later than 10 days after the date on which the budget of the President for a fiscal year is submitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, the Director of the Missile Defense Agency shall submit to the Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, and to the congressional defense committees, a report on the unfunded priorities of the Missile Defense Agency.

“(b) ELEMENTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Each report under subsection (a) shall specify, for each unfunded priority covered by such report, the following:

“(A) A summary description of such priority, including the objectives to be achieved if such priority is funded (whether in whole or in part).

“(B) The additional amount of funds recommended in connection with the objectives under subparagraph (A).

“(C) Account information with respect to such priority, including the following (as applicable):

“(i) Line Item Number (LIN) for applicable procurement accounts.

“(ii) Program Element (PE) number for applicable research, development, test, and evaluation accounts.

“(iii) Sub-activity group (SAG) for applicable operation and maintenance accounts.

“(2) PRIORITIZATION OF PRIORITIES.—Each report under subsection (a) shall present the unfunded priorities covered by such report in order of urgency of priority.

“(c) UNFUNDED PRIORITY DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘unfunded priority’, in the case of a fiscal year, means a program, activity, or mission requirement of the Missile Defense Agency that—

“(1) is not funded in the budget of the President for the fiscal year as submitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code;

“(2) is necessary to fulfill a requirement associated with an operational or contingency plan of a combatant command or other validated requirement; and

“(3) would have been recommended for funding through the budget referred to in paragraph (1) by the Director of the Missile Defense Agency in connection with the budget if additional resources had been available for the budget to fund the program, activity, or mission requirement.

“§ 5514. Acquisition accountability on the missile defense system

“(a) BASELINES REQUIRED.—(1) In accordance with paragraph (2), the Director of the Missile Defense Agency shall establish and maintain an acquisition baseline for—

“(A) each program element of the missile defense system, as specified in section 223 of this title; and

“(B) each designated major subprogram of such program elements.

“(2) The Director shall establish an acquisition baseline required by paragraph (1) before the date on which the program element or major subprogram enters—

“(A) engineering and manufacturing development (or its equivalent); and

“(B) production and deployment.

“(3) Except as provided by subsection (c), the Director may not adjust or revise an acquisition baseline established under this section.

“(b) ELEMENTS OF BASELINES.—Each acquisition baseline required by subsection (a) for a program element or major subprogram shall include the following:

“(1) A comprehensive schedule, including—

“(A) research and development milestones;

“(B) acquisition milestones, including design reviews and key decision points;

“(C) key test events, including ground, flight, and cyber-security tests and ballistic missile defense system tests;

“(D) delivery and fielding schedules;

“(E) quantities of assets planned for acquisition and delivery in total and by fiscal year; and

“(F) planned contract award dates.

“(2) A detailed technical description of—

“(A) the capability to be developed, including hardware and software;

“(B) system requirements, including performance requirements;

“(C) how the proposed capability satisfies a capability requirement or performance attribute identified through—

“(i) the missile defense warfighter involvement process, as governed by United States Strategic Command Instruction 538–03, or such successor document; or

“(ii) processes and products approved by the Joint Chiefs of Staff or Joint Requirements Oversight Council;

“(D) key knowledge points that must be achieved to permit continuation of the program and to inform production and deployment decisions; and

“(E) how the Director plans to improve the capability over time.

“(3) A cost estimate, including—

“(A) a life-cycle cost estimate that separately identifies the costs regarding research and development, procurement, military construction, operations and sustainment, and disposal;

“(B) program acquisition unit costs for the program element;

“(C) average procurement unit costs and program acquisition costs for the program element;

“(D) an identification of when the document regarding the program joint cost analysis requirements description is scheduled to be approved; and

“(E) an explanation for why a program joint cost analysis requirements description has not been prepared and

approved, and, if a program joint cost analysis requirements description is not applicable, the rationale for such inapplicability.

“(4) A test baseline summarizing the comprehensive test program for the program element or major subprogram outlined in the integrated master test plan.

“(c) EXCEPTION TO LIMITATION ON REVISION.—The Director may adjust or revise an acquisition baseline established under this section if the Director submits to the congressional defense committees notification of—

“(1) a justification for such adjustment or revision;

“(2) the specific adjustments or revisions made to the acquisition baseline, including to the elements described in subsection (b); and

“(3) the effective date of the adjusted or revised acquisition baseline.

“(d) OPERATIONS AND SUSTAINMENT COST ESTIMATES.—The Director shall ensure that each life-cycle cost estimate included in an acquisition baseline pursuant to subsection (b)(3)(A) includes—

“(1) all of the operations and sustainment costs for which the Director is responsible;

“(2) a description of the operations and sustainment functions and costs for which a military department is responsible;

“(3) the amount of operations and sustainment costs (dollar value and base year) for which the military department or other element of the Department of Defense is responsible; and

“(4)(A) a citation to the source (such as a joint cost estimate or one or more military department estimates) that captures the operations and sustainment costs for which a military department or other element of the Department of Defense is responsible;

“(B) the date the source was prepared; and

“(C) if and when the source was independently verified by the Office for Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation.

“§ 5515. Missile defense and defeat programs: major force program and budget assessment

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF MAJOR FORCE PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a unified major force program for missile defense and defeat programs pursuant to section 222(b) of this title to prioritize missile defense and defeat programs in accordance with the requirements of the Department of Defense and national security.

“(b) BUDGET ASSESSMENT.—(1) The Secretary shall include with the defense budget materials for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2030 a report on the budget for missile defense and defeat programs of the Department of Defense.

“(2) Each report on the budget for missile defense and defeat programs of the Department under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

“(A) An overview of the budget, including—

“(i) a comparison between that budget, the previous budget, the most recent and prior future-years defense program submitted to Congress under section 221 of this title

(such comparison shall exclude the responsibility for research and development of the continuing improvement of such missile defense and defeat program), and the amounts appropriated for such missile defense and defeat programs during the previous fiscal year; and

“(ii) the specific identification, as a budgetary line item, for the funding under such programs.

“(B) An assessment of the budget, including significant changes, priorities, challenges, and risks.

“(C) Any additional matters the Secretary determines appropriate.

“(3) Each report under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

“(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘budget’, with respect to a fiscal year, means the budget for that fiscal year that is submitted to Congress by the President under section 1105(a) of title 31.

“(2) The term ‘defense budget materials’, with respect to a fiscal year, means the materials submitted to Congress by the Secretary of Defense in support of the budget for that fiscal year.

“(3) The term ‘missile defense and defeat programs’ means active and passive ballistic missile defense programs, cruise missile defense programs for the homeland, and missile defeat programs.

“SUBCHAPTER III—MISSILE DEFENSE CAPABILITIES

“§ 5531. Technical authority for integrated air and missile defense activities and programs

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Missile Defense Agency is the technical authority of the Department of Defense for integrated air and missile defense activities and programs, including joint engineering and integration efforts for such activities and programs, including with respect to defining and controlling the interfaces of such activities and programs and the allocation of technical requirements for such activities and programs.

“(b) DETAILEES.—(1) In carrying out the technical authority under paragraph (1), the Director may seek to have staff detailed to the Missile Defense Agency from the Joint Functional Component Command for Integrated Missile Defense and the Joint Integrated Air and Missile Defense Organization in a number the Director determines necessary in accordance with subparagraph (B).

“(2) In detailing staff under subparagraph (A) to carry out the technical authority under paragraph (1), the total number of staff, including detailees, of the Missile Defense Agency who carry out such authority may not exceed the number that is twice the number of such staff carrying out such authority as of January 1, 2016.

“§ 5532. Hypersonic defense capability development

“(a) EXECUTIVE AGENT.—The Director of the Missile Defense Agency shall serve as the executive agent for the Department of Defense for the development of a capability by the United States to counter hypersonic boost-glide vehicle capabilities and conven-

tional prompt strike capabilities that may be employed against the United States, the allies of the United States, and the deployed forces of the United States.

“(b) DUTIES.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Director shall—

“(1) develop architectures for a hypersonic defense capability, from detecting threats to intercepting such threats, that—

“(A) involves systems of the military departments and the Defense Agencies; and

“(B) includes both kinetic and nonkinetic options for such interception; and

“(2) not later than September 30, 2017, establish a program of record to develop a hypersonic defense capability.

“§ 5533. Required testing of ground-based midcourse defense element of ballistic missile defense system

“(a) TESTING REQUIRED.—Except as provided in subsection (c), not less frequently than once each fiscal year, the Director of the Missile Defense Agency shall administer a flight test of the ground-based midcourse defense element of the ballistic missile defense system. Beginning not later than five years after the date on which the next generation interceptor achieves initial operational capability, the Director shall ensure that such flight tests include the next generation interceptor.

“(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The Director shall ensure that each test carried out under subsection (a) provides for one or more of the following:

“(1) The validation of technical improvements made to increase system performance and reliability.

“(2) The evaluation of the operational effectiveness of the ground-based midcourse defense element of the ballistic missile defense system.

“(3) The use of threat-representative targets and critical engagement conditions, including the use of threat-representative countermeasures.

“(4) The evaluation of new configurations of interceptors before they are fielded.

“(5) The satisfaction of the ‘fly before buy’ acquisition approach for new interceptor components or software.

“(6) The evaluation of the interoperability of the ground-based midcourse defense element with other elements of the ballistic missile defense systems.

“(c) EXCEPTIONS.—The Director may forgo a test under subsection (a) in a fiscal year under one or more of the following conditions:

“(1) Such a test would jeopardize national security.

“(2) Insufficient time considerations between post-test analysis and subsequent pre-test design.

“(3) Insufficient funding.

“(4) An interceptor is unavailable.

“(5) A target is unavailable or is insufficiently representative of threats.

“(6) The test range or necessary test assets are unavailable.

“(7) Inclement weather.

“(8) Any other condition the Director considers appropriate.

“(d) CERTIFICATION.—Not later than 45 days after forgoing a test for a condition or conditions under subsection (c)(8), the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering shall submit to the congressional defense committees a certification setting forth the condition or conditions that caused the test to be forgone under such subsection.

“(e) REPORT.—Not later than 45 days after forgoing a test for any condition specified in subsection (c), the Director shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report setting forth the rationale for forgoing the test and a plan to restore an intercept flight test in the Integrated Master Test Plan of the Missile Defense Agency. In the case of a test forgone for a condition or conditions under subsection (c)(8), the report required by this subsection is in addition to the certification required by subsection (d).

“§ 5534. Integration and interoperability of air and missile defense capabilities

“(a) INTEROPERABILITY OF MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEMS.—The Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the chairman of the Missile Defense Executive Board (pursuant to section 1681(c) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232), acting through the Missile Defense Executive Board, shall ensure the interoperability and integration of the covered air and missile defense capabilities of the United States, including by carrying out operational testing.

“(b) ANNUAL DEMONSTRATION.—(1) Except as provided by paragraph (2), the Director of the Missile Defense Agency and the Secretary of the Army shall jointly ensure that not less than one intercept or flight test is carried out each year that demonstrates interoperability and integration among the covered air and missile defense capabilities of the United States.

“(2) The Director and the Secretary may waive the requirement in paragraph (1) with respect to an intercept or flight test carried out during the year covered by the waiver if the chairman of the Missile Defense Executive Board—

“(A) determines that such waiver is necessary for such year; and

“(B) submits to the congressional defense committees notification of such waiver, including an explanation for how such waiver will not negatively affect demonstrating the interoperability and integration among the covered air and missile defense capabilities of the United States.

“(c) DEFINITION OF COVERED AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE CAPABILITIES.—In this section, the term ‘covered air and missile defense capabilities’ means Patriot air and missile defense batteries and associated interceptors and systems, Aegis ships and associated ballistic missile interceptors (including Aegis Ashore capability), AN/TPY–2 radars, or terminal high altitude area defense batteries and interceptors.

“§ 5535. Development of requirements to support integrated air and missile defense capabilities

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Consistent with the memorandum of the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff of January 27, 2014, regard-

ing joint integrated air and missile defense, the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall oversee the development of warfighter requirements for persistent and survivable capabilities to detect, identify, determine the status, track, and support engagement of strategically important mobile or relocatable assets in all phases of conflict in order to achieve the objective of preventing the effective employment of such assets, including through offensive actions against such assets prior to their use.

“(b) PURPOSE OF REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements developed pursuant to subsection (a) shall be used and updated, as appropriate, for the purpose of informing applicable acquisition programs and systems-of-systems architecture planning that are funded through the Military Intelligence Program, the National Intelligence Program, and non-intelligence programs.

“(c) SUPPORTING ACTIVITIES.—The Vice Chairman shall also oversee the development of the enabling framework for intelligence support for integrated air and missile defense, including concepts for the integrated operation of multiple systems, and, as appropriate, the development of requirements for capabilities to be acquired to achieve such integrated operations.

“§ 5536. Testing and assessment of missile defense systems prior to production and deployment

“(a) SUCCESSFUL TESTING REQUIRED PRIOR TO FINAL PRODUCTION OR OPERATIONAL DEPLOYMENT.—The Secretary of Defense may not make a final production decision for, or operationally deploy, a covered system unless—

“(1) the Secretary ensures that—

“(A) sufficient and operationally realistic testing of the covered system is conducted to assess the performance of the covered system in order to inform a final production decision or an operational deployment decision; and

“(B) the results of such testing have demonstrated a high probability that the covered system—

“(i) will work in an operationally effective manner; and

“(ii) has the ability to accomplish the intended mission of the covered system; and

“(2) the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation has carried out subsection (b) with respect to such covered system.

“(b) ASSESSMENT BY DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION.—The Director of Operational Test and Evaluation shall—

“(1) provide to the Secretary the assessment of the Director, based on the available test data, of the sufficiency, adequacy, and results of the testing of each covered system, including an assessment of whether the covered system will be sufficiently effective, suitable, and survivable when needed; and

“(2) submit to the congressional defense committees a written summary of such assessment.

“(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter, modify, or otherwise affect a determination of the Secretary with respect to the participation of the Missile Defense Agency in the Joint Capabilities Integration Development System or the acquisition reporting process under the Department

of Defense Directive 5000 series, or to diminish the authority of the Secretary of Defense to deploy a missile defense system at the date on which the Secretary determines appropriate.

“(d) COVERED SYSTEM.—In this section, the term ‘covered system’ means a new or substantially upgraded interceptor or weapon system of the ballistic missile defense system.

“§ 5537. Limitation on Missile Defense Agency production of satellites and ground systems associated with operation of such satellites

“(a) PRODUCTION OF SATELLITES AND GROUND SYSTEMS.—The Director of the Missile Defense Agency may not authorize or obligate funding for a program of record for the production of satellites or ground systems associated with the operation of such satellites.

“(b) PROTOTYPE SATELLITES.—(1) The Director, with the concurrence of the Space Acquisition Council established by section 9021 of this title, may authorize the production of one or more prototype satellites, consistent with the requirements of the Missile Defense Agency.

“(2) Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Space Acquisition Council concurs with the Director with respect to authorizing the production of a prototype satellite under paragraph (1), the chair of the Council shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report explaining the reasons for such concurrence.

“(3) The Director may not obligate funds for the production of a prototype satellite under paragraph (1) before the date on which the Space Acquisition Council submits the report for such prototype satellite under paragraph (2).

“SUBCHAPTER IV—MISSILE DEFENSE INFORMATION

“§ 5551. Prohibitions relating to missile defense information and systems

“(a) CERTAIN ‘HIT-TO-KILL’ TECHNOLOGY AND TELEMETRY DATA.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available for any fiscal year for the Department of Defense may be used to provide the Russian Federation with ‘hit-to-kill’ technology and telemetry data for missile defense interceptors or target vehicles.

“(b) OTHER SENSITIVE MISSILE DEFENSE INFORMATION.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available for any fiscal year for the Department of Defense may be used to provide the Russian Federation with—

“(1) information relating to velocity at burnout of missile defense interceptors or targets of the United States; or

“(2) classified or otherwise controlled missile defense information.

“(c) EXCEPTION.—The prohibitions in subsections (a) and (b) shall not apply to the United States providing to the Russian Federation information regarding ballistic missile early warning.

“(d) INTEGRATION.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available for any fiscal year for the Department of Defense may be obligated or expended to integrate a missile defense system of the Russian Federation or a missile de-

fense system of the People's Republic of China into any missile defense system of the United States.

“§ 5552. Biannual briefing on missile defense and related activities

“(a) IN GENERAL.—On or about June 1 and December 1 of each year, the officials specified in subsection (b) shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on matters relating to missile defense policies, operations, technology development, and other similar topics as requested by such committees.

“(b) OFFICIALS SPECIFIED.—The officials specified in this subsection are the following:

“(1) The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Acquisition.

“(2) The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Space Policy.

“(3) The Director of the Missile Defense Agency.

“(4) The Director for Strategy, Plans, and Policy of the Joint Staff.

“(c) DELEGATION.—An official specified in subsection (b) may delegate the authority to provide a briefing required by subsection (a) to a member of the Senior Executive Service who reports to the official.

“(d) TERMINATION.—The requirement to provide a briefing under subsection (a) shall terminate on January 1, 2028.

“§ 5553. Provision of information on flight testing of ground-based midcourse national missile defense system

“(a) INFORMATION TO BE FURNISHED TO CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The Director of the Missile Defense Agency shall provide to the congressional defense committees information on the results of each flight test of the ground-based midcourse national missile defense system.

“(b) CONTENT.—Information provided under subsection (a) on the results of a flight test shall include the following matters:

“(1) A thorough discussion of the content and objectives of the test.

“(2) For each such test objective, a statement regarding whether or not the objective was achieved.

“(3) For any such test objective not achieved—

“(A) a thorough discussion describing the reasons that the objective was not achieved; and

“(B) a discussion of any plans for future tests to achieve that objective.”.

(b) CONFORMING REPEALS.—The following provisions of law are repealed:

(1) Sections 130h, 205, 222b, 223, 224, 225, 239a, 487 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) Subsection (a) of section 1662 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 10 U.S.C. 4022 note).

(3) Subsection (a) of section 1681 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).

(4) Subsection (a) of section 1686 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).

(5) Section 1687 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).

(6) Section 1689 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).

(7) Section 1675 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).

(8) Section 1687 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).

(9) Section 1662 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. “Buck” McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).

(10) Section 224 of the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–314; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).

(c) FURTHER REPEALS.—The following provisions of law are repealed:

(1) Subsection (a) of section 1668 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).

(2) Subsection (a) of section 1680 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).

(3) Section 1681 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).

(4) Section 223 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).

(5) Section 223 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).

Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 1651. COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION FUNDS.

(a) FUNDING ALLOCATION.—Of the \$350,116,000 authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2025 in section 301 and made available by the funding table in division D for the Department of Defense Cooperative Threat Reduction Program established under section 1321 of the Department of Defense Cooperative Threat Reduction Act (50 U.S.C. 3711), the following amounts may be obligated for the purposes specified:

(1) For delivery system threat reduction, \$7,036,000.

(2) For chemical security and elimination, \$20,717,000.

(3) For global nuclear security, \$33,665,000.

(4) For biological threat reduction, \$209,858,000.

(5) For proliferation prevention, \$45,610,000.

(6) For activities designated as Other Assessments/Administration Costs, \$33,230,000.

(b) SPECIFICATION OF COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION FUNDS.—Funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 301 and made available by the funding table in division D for the Department of Defense Cooperative Threat Reduction Program shall be available for obligation for fiscal years 2025, 2026, and 2027.

SEC. 1652. TEMPORARY CONTINUATION OF REQUIREMENT FOR REPORTS ON ACTIVITIES AND ASSISTANCE UNDER DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION PROGRAM.

(a) CONTINUATION OF REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1080(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 111 note) does not apply to the report required to be submitted to Congress under section 1343(a) of the Department of Defense Cooperative Threat Reduction Act (50 U.S.C. 3743(a)).

(2) CONFORMING REPEAL.—Section 1061(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 111 note) is amended by striking paragraph (14).

(b) TERMINATION DATE.—Section 1343(a) of the Department of Defense Cooperative Threat Reduction Act (50 U.S.C. 3743(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) TERMINATION DATE.—The requirement to submit the report under subsection (a) shall terminate on January 1, 2030.”.

SEC. 1653. MODIFICATION TO ANNUAL ASSESSMENT OF BUDGET WITH RESPECT TO ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM OPERATIONS CAPABILITIES.

Section 500c of title 10, United States Code, as redesignated by section 1701, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) The development of a capability for modeling and simulating multi-domain joint electromagnetic spectrum operations to—

“(A) assess the ability of the joint force to conduct such operations in support of the operational plans of the combatant commands; and

“(B) inform improvements to such operations.”.

SEC. 1654. MODIFICATION OF MILESTONE DECISION AUTHORITY FOR SPACE-BASED GROUND AND AIRBORNE MOVING TARGET INDICATION SYSTEMS.

(a) MILESTONE DECISION AUTHORITY.—Subsection (b) of section 1684 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 2271 note) is amended—

(1) by inserting “the” after “shall be”;

(2) by striking “for Milestone A approval (as defined in section 4211 of such title)”;

(3) by striking “The Secretary of the Air Force” and inserting the following:

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Air Force”; and

(4) by adding at the end the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) APPOINTMENT OF PROGRAM EXECUTIVE OFFICER.—The service acquisition executive for the Air Force for space sys-

tems and programs shall appoint a program executive officer, and designate an office, for the acquisition of space-based air and moving target indication systems.”.

(b) INITIAL OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY.—Such section is further amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):

“(c) INITIAL OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY.—Not later than May 31, 2025, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall—

“(1) designate a date by which the space-based ground moving target indication system will achieve initial operational capability; and

“(2) notify the congressional defense committees of such date.”.

SEC. 1655. DESIGNATION OF A SENIOR DEFENSE OFFICIAL RESPONSIBLE FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL INTEGRATED AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE ARCHITECTURE FOR THE UNITED STATES.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall designate a senior official of the Department of Defense who shall be responsible, subject to appropriations, for the establishment of a national integrated air and missile defense architecture for the United States.

(b) DUTIES.—The duties of the official designated under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) Designing the national integrated air and missile defense architecture for the United States.

(2) Overseeing development of an integrated missile defense acquisition strategy for the United States.

(3) Evaluating the budget requests of each military department and Defense Agency to ensure such budget requests are sufficient to enable the development of such defense architecture.

(4) Siting the integrated missile defense systems comprising such defense architecture.

(5) Overseeing long-term acquisition and sustainment of such defense architecture.

(6) Such other duties as the Secretary determines appropriate.

(c) TERMINATION.—The authority of this section shall terminate on the date that is 90 days after the date on which the official designated under subsection (a) determines that the national integrated air and missile defense architecture for the United States has achieved initial operational capability.

TITLE XVII—OTHER DEFENSE MATTERS

Sec. 1701. Technical and conforming amendments.

Sec. 1702. Modification of humanitarian assistance authority.

Sec. 1703. Display of United States flag for patriotic and military observances.

Sec. 1704. Exclusion of oceanographic research vessels from certain sourcing requirements.

- Sec. 1705. Expanding cooperative research and development agreements to partnerships with United States territorial governments.
 Sec. 1706. Use of royalty gas at McAlester Army Ammunition Plant.
 Sec. 1707. Report on Iranian oil sales proceeds.
 Sec. 1708. Prohibition on use of funds for temporary pier in Gaza.
 Sec. 1709. Analysis of certain unmanned aircraft systems entities.

SEC. 1701. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

(a) TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE.—Title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

(1) In the subtitle analysis for subtitle A—

(A) by striking the item relating to chapter 19 and inserting the following new item:

“19. Cyber and Information Operations Matters 391”;

(B) by striking the item relating to chapter 25 and inserting the following new item:

“25. Electromagnetic Warfare 500”;

(C) by striking the item relating to chapter 326 and inserting the following new item:

“327. Weapon Systems Development and Related Matters 4401”;

(D) in part V, by striking the second item relating to subpart F, including the items relating to chapters 321 through 327 appearing under the second item relating to subpart F;

(E) by striking the item relating to chapter 363 and inserting the following new item:

“363. Prohibition and Penalties4651”; and

(F) by striking the item relating to chapter 367 and inserting the following new item:

“367. Other Administrative Matters 4751”.

(2) In section 130i(j)(3)(C)(ix), by striking “sections” and inserting “section”.

(3) In section 139a(h)—

(A) by striking “out by Director” and inserting “out by the Director”; and

(B) by striking “an any” and inserting “and any”.

(4) In section 167b—

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) in paragraph (1), by striking “referred to as the ‘cyber command’” and inserting “referred to as the ‘United States Cyber Command’”; and

(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking “Cyber Command” and inserting “United States Cyber Command”;

(B) in subsection (b), by striking “Cyber Command” each place it appears and inserting “United States Cyber Command”; and

(C) in subsections (c) and (d)—

(i) by striking “cyber command” each place it appears and inserting “United States Cyber Command”;

(ii) by striking “such command” each place it appears and inserting “such Command”; and

(iii) by striking “commander” each place it appears and inserting “Commander”.

(5) In section 222a(d), by striking “the” before “all of the reports”.

(6) In section 381(b), by striking “Defense—.” and inserting “Defense—”.

(7) In section 391b(e)(1)(B), by striking the colon and inserting a semicolon.

(8) In section 392a(b)(3)(B)(ix), by inserting “section” before “932(c)(3)”.

(9) In section 486, by redesignating subsection (e) as subsection (d).

(10) In chapter 25, by redesignating sections 501 through 506 as sections 500a through 500f, respectively.

(11) In section 510(h)(2)(B), by striking “subchapters I and II” and inserting “subchapters II and III”.

(12) In section 520(a)(2), by striking “armed forced” and inserting “armed force”.

(13) In section 578(g), by striking “is approved” and inserting “as approved”.

(14) In section 624(e), by striking “is approved” and inserting “as approved”.

(15) In section 628a—

(A) in subsection (e)(2), by striking “apply to report” and inserting “apply to the report”; and

(B) in subsection (f), by striking “section 20251” and inserting “section 20252”.

(16) In section 714(b)(1)(A), by striking “an serious” and inserting “a serious”.

(17) In section 937(a)(2)(B) (article 137(a)(2)(B) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), by inserting “the” before “Space Force”.

(18) In section 1073c—

(A) by redesignating subsection (i) as subsection (j); and

(B) by redesignating the second subsection (h) (relating to rule of construction regarding secretaries concerned and medical evaluation boards) as subsection (i).

(19) In section 1073d(b)(5)(C)(ii), by striking “fulfil” and inserting “fulfill”.

(20) In section 1370—

(A) in subsection (b)(1), by striking “or, Space Force” and inserting “or Space Force”; and

(B) in subsection (f)(6)—

(i) in subparagraph (A), by inserting a comma after “Air Force”; and

(ii) in subparagraph (B), by inserting a comma after “Navy”.

(21) In section 1465(e), by inserting “shall” before “provide”.

(22) In section 1448(d)(1), by striking “paragraph (2)(B)” and inserting “paragraph (2)”.

(23) In section 1558—

(A) by striking “,” each place it appears and inserting a comma; and

(B) in subsection (b)(2)(A), by striking “14507” and inserting “14705”.

- (24) In section 1559(c)(3), by striking “the the” and inserting “the”.
- (25) In section 2031—
- (A) in subsection (b)—
 - (i) in paragraph (1)(E), by striking “..” and inserting a period; and
 - (ii) in paragraph (2)(E)(vi), by striking “report under subsection (i)” and inserting “report under subsection (j)”;
 - (B) by redesignating the second subsection (i) as subsection (j).
- (26) In section 2200g(a), by striking “Under Secretary for Defense” and inserting “Under Secretary of Defense”.
- (27) In the section heading for section 2275b, by striking the period at the end.
- (28) In section 2285—
- (A) by redesignating subsections (d) through (f) as subsections (c) through (e), respectively; and
 - (B) by redesignating the second subsection (b) as subsection (f).
- (29) In section 2688(g)(4), by striking “installation energy”.
- (30) In the table of sections at the beginning of subchapter III of chapter 169, by striking the item relating to section 2856 and inserting the following:
- “2856. Military unaccompanied housing: standards.”.
- (31) In section 2856(a), by striking “.” and inserting a period.
- (32) In section 2911(c)(3), by striking “installation energy”.
- (33) In section 2922g(g)(1), by striking “2202” and inserting “2002”.
- (34) In the chapter analysis for part V of subtitle A—
- (A) by striking the item relating to chapter 207 and inserting the following new item:
- “207. Budgeting and Appropriations 3131”;**
- (B) by striking the item relating to chapter 225 and inserting the following new item:
- “225. [Reserved] 3271”;**
- (C) by striking the item relating to chapter 243 and inserting the following new item:
- “243. Other Matters Relating to Awarding of Contracts 3341”;**
- (D) by striking the item relating to chapter 272 and inserting the following new item:
- “272. [Reserved] 3721”;**
- (E) in the item relating to chapter 287, by striking “3961” and inserting “3901”;
 - (F) by inserting after the item relating to chapter 307 the following new items:
- “subpart f—major systems, major defense acquisition programs,
and weapon systems development
- “321. General Matters 4201**

“322. Major Systems and Major Defense Acquisition Programs Generally	4211
“323. Life-Cycle and Sustainment	4321
“324. Selected Acquisition Reports	4350
“325. Cost Growth-Unit Cost Reports (Nunn-McCurdy)	4371
“326. Weapon Systems Development And Related Matters	4401”;

(G) by striking the item relating to chapter 363 and inserting the following new item:

“363. Prohibition and Penalties	4651”;
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(H) by striking the item relating to chapter 367 and inserting the following new item:

“367. Other Administrative Matters	4751”;
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(I) by striking the item relating to chapter 383 and inserting the following new item:

“383. Development, Application, and Support of Dual-use Technologies	4831”.
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(35) In section 3221(b)(6)(A)—

(A) in clause (iii), by striking the semicolon and inserting “; and”;

(B) by striking clause (iv); and

(C) by redesignating clause (v) as clause (iv).

(36) In section 3225(3)(B), by striking “, or the next quarterly report pursuant to section 2445c of this title in the case of a major automated information system program”.

(37) In section 3601(a)(2), by inserting “note” before “prec.”.

(38) In section 4141(a)(2)—

(A) by striking “section 2304” and inserting “section 3204”; and

(B) by striking “subsection (c)(5)” and inserting “subsection (a)(5)”.

(39) In section 4211—

(A) by striking “, major automated information system,” each place it appears;

(B) in subsection (a), by striking “, each major automated information system,”; and

(C) in subsection (c)(2)(H), by striking “sections 3501 through 3511” and inserting “section 3501”.

(40) In section 4505(h)(6), by striking “(as that term is defined in section 4505(g)(5) of this title)”.

(41) In section 4816(b)(6), by striking “section 2430 of this title) or major automated information systems (as defined in section 2445a of this title)” and inserting “section 4201 of this title”.

(42) In section 4902—

(A) in subsection (e)—

(i) in paragraph (1)(A)(iii), by inserting “the” before “protege firm”; and

(ii) by redesignating paragraph (3) as subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1), and adjusting the margins accordingly; and

(B) in subsection (n)(5)(D), by inserting “of 1938” after “Act”.

(43) In section 4127, by striking the section heading and inserting the following:

“§ 4127. Defense Innovation Unit”.

(44) In section 4273(d), by striking “4736” and inserting “4376”.

(45) In section 8581(a), by striking “Provost and Academic Dean of the Postgraduate School” and inserting “Provost and Chief Academic Officer”.

(46) In section 15109, by striking “(a) **In general.**—”.

(47) In section 15110, by striking “the title” and inserting “this subtitle”.

(48) In the chapter analysis for part I of subtitle F, by striking the item relating to chapter 2013 and inserting the following new item:

“2013. Voluntary Retirement for Length of Service20601”.

(49) In the table of sections at the beginning of chapter 2009, by striking the item relating to the second section 20404 (relating to Force shaping authority) and inserting the following:

“20405. Force shaping authority.”.

(50) In section 20404, by striking “space force” both places it appears and inserting “Space Force”.

(b) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024.—Section 1608(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 2271 note) is amended—

(1) by striking “tranches of the of the” and inserting “tranches of the”; and

(2) by striking “Tranch” each place it appears and inserting “Tranche”.

(c) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023.—Paragraph (3) of section 862(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 4811 note) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (B), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;

(2) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period and inserting “; and”;

(3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(D) the Chief of Space Operations, with respect to matters concerning the Space Force.”.

(d) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018.—The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91) is amended—

(1) in section 886(a)(1) of by striking “the term ‘Procurement Administrative Lead Time’ or ‘PALT,’” and inserting “the term ‘procurement administrative lead time’ or ‘PALT,’”; and

(2) in section 913(b)(6) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91; 131 Stat. 1523) is amended by striking “of the Air Force,” and inserting “of the Air Force, the Chief of Space Operations,”.

(e) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2015.—Section 843 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. “Buck”

McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291; 10 U.S.C. 4871 note prec.) is amended by striking paragraph (4).

(f) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2011.—Section 863(b)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 124 Stat. 4293) is amended by striking “Air Force,” and inserting “Air Force, the Chief of Space Operations,”.

(g) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2006.—Section 806 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163; 119 Stat. 3373), is repealed.

(h) COORDINATION WITH OTHER AMENDMENTS MADE BY THIS ACT.—For purposes of applying amendments made by provisions of this Act other than this section, the amendments made by this section shall be treated as having been enacted immediately before any such amendments by other provisions of this Act.

SEC. 1702. MODIFICATION OF HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AUTHORITY.

Section 2561 of title 10, United States Code is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (c) through (f) as subsections (d) through (g), respectively;

(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):

“(c) NOTICE BEFORE PROVISION OF ASSISTANCE.—

“(1) If the Secretary of Defense uses the authority under subsection (a) to provide assistance for any program or activity in an amount in excess of \$5,000,000, the Secretary shall provide to the congressional committees specified in subsection (g) notice in writing of the use of such authority in accordance with paragraph (2). Notice under this subsection shall include an identification of each of the following:

“(A) The amount, type, and purpose of assistance to be provided and the recipient of the assistance.

“(B) The goals and objectives of the assistance.

“(C) The number and role of any members of the Armed Forces involved in the provision of the assistance.

“(D) Any other information the Secretary determines is relevant.

“(2) Notice required under paragraph (1) shall be provided—

“(A) before the provision of assistance under subsection (a) using funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for a fiscal year for humanitarian assistance; or

“(B) not later than 48 hours after the provision of such assistance, if the Secretary determines that extraordinary circumstances that affect the national security interests of the United States exist.”;

(4) in subsections (d) and (e), as so redesignated, by striking “subsection (f)” each place it appears and inserting “subsection (g)”; and

(5) in subsection (g) as so redesignated, by striking “subsections (c)(1) and (d)” and inserting “subsections (c)(1), (d)(1), and (e)”.

SEC. 1703. DISPLAY OF UNITED STATES FLAG FOR PATRIOTIC AND MILITARY OBSERVANCES.

(a) AMENDMENT TO FLAG CODE.—Section 8(c) of title 4, United States Code, is amended by inserting “, except as may be necessary in limited circumstances and done in a respectful manner as part of a military or patriotic observance” after “aloft and free”.

(b) MODIFICATION OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE POLICY.—The Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) rescind the February 10, 2023, Department of Defense memorandum entitled, “Clarification of Department of Defense Community Engagement Policy on Showing Proper Respect to the United States Flag”; and

(2) support military recruitment through public outreach events during patriotic and military observances, including the display of the United States flag regardless of size and position, including horizontally, provided that, in accordance with section 8(b) of title 4, United States Code, the flag never touch anything beneath it, such as the ground, the floor, water, or merchandise.

SEC. 1704. EXCLUSION OF OCEANOGRAPHIC RESEARCH VESSELS FROM CERTAIN SOURCING REQUIREMENTS.

Section 70912(5)(C) of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Public Law 117–58) is amended by inserting “(except vessels which are oceanographic research vessels operated by academic institutions)” after “facilities”.

SEC. 1705. EXPANDING COOPERATIVE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS TO PARTNERSHIPS WITH UNITED STATES TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENTS.

Section 12 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking “State or local government” and inserting “State, local, or territorial government”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(h) TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENTS.—For the purposes of this section, the government of a territory of the United States shall be considered a non-Federal party.”.

SEC. 1706. USE OF ROYALTY GAS AT MCALESTER ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT.

Section 342 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15902) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(j) MCALESTER ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT.—At the request of the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary shall—

“(1) take in-kind royalty gas from any lease on the McAlester Army Ammunition Plant in McAlester, Oklahoma; and

“(2) sell such royalty gas to the Department of Defense in accordance with subsection (h)(1), for use only at that plant, only for energy resilience purposes, and only to the extent necessary to meet the natural gas needs of that plant.”.

SEC. 1707. REPORT ON IRANIAN OIL SALES PROCEEDS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes each of the following:

(1) An assessment of how proceeds from illicit Iranian oil sales support Iran's military and security budget.

(2) An assessment of the extent to which the funds described in paragraph (1) have been used directly or indirectly by Iran's Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps, Hamas, Hizballah, or other Iranian proxies.

(3) An overview of efforts undertaken to enforce sanctions against Iran's energy sector, including interdictions of tankers.

(b) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 1708. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR TEMPORARY PIER IN GAZA.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the Department of Defense may be made available for the acquisition, construction, installation, maintenance, or restoration of a temporary pier located in Gaza or off the western coast of Gaza in the Mediterranean Sea, or for the deployment of any equipment to Gaza relating to such a pier.

SEC. 1709. ANALYSIS OF CERTAIN UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS ENTITIES.

(a) EVALUATION OF COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES AND EQUIPMENT TO COVERED LIST.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, an appropriate national security agency shall determine if any of the following communications or video surveillance equipment or services pose an unacceptable risk to the national security of the United States or the security and safety of United States persons:

(A) Communications or video surveillance equipment produced by Shenzhen Da-Jiang Innovations Sciences and Technologies Company Limited (commonly known as “DJI Technologies”).

(B) Communications or video surveillance equipment produced by Autel Robotics.

(C) With respect to an entity described in subparagraph (A) or (B) (referred to in this subparagraph as a “named entity”)—

(i) any subsidiary, affiliate, or partner of the named entity;

(ii) any entity in a joint venture with the named entity; or

(iii) any entity to which the named entity has a technology sharing or licensing agreement.

(D) Communications or video surveillance services, including software, provided by an entity described in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) or using equipment described in such subparagraphs.

(2) ADDITION TO COVERED LIST.—If the appropriate national security agency does not make a determination as required by paragraph (1) within one year after the enactment of this Act, the Commission shall add all communications equipment and services listed in paragraph (1) to the covered list.

(b) INCLUSION OF CERTAIN COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES AND EQUIPMENT TO COVERED LIST.—

(1) DETERMINATIONS.—Not later than 30 days after an appropriate national security agency determines that any of the communications equipment or services specified in subsection (a)(1) present an unacceptable risk to the national security of the United States or the security and safety of United States persons—

(A) the Commission shall place such communications equipment or services on the covered list; and

(B) the appropriate national security agency shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on their determination which shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classified annex.

(2) OTHER DETERMINATIONS.—Not later than 30 days after an appropriate national security agency determines that any of the communications equipment or services specified in subsection (a)(1) do not present an unacceptable risk to the national security of the United States or the security and safety of United States persons—

(A) that agency shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on their determinations, which shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classified annex; and

(B) within 180 days following the determination, all other appropriate national security agencies shall review the determination and shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on their determinations, which shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classified annex.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “appropriate national security agency” has the same meaning as the term in section 9 of the Secure and Trusted Communications Networks Act of 2019 (47 U.S.C. 1608)).

(2) The term “Commission” means the Federal Communications Commission.

(3) The term “covered list” means the list of covered communications equipment or services published by the Commission under section 2(a) of the Secure and Trusted Communications Networks Act.

(4) The term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(A) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, and the Select Committee on Intelligence in the Senate; and

(B) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Energy and Com-

merce, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence in the House of Representatives.

(5) The term “technology sharing agreement” means an agreement where a named entity licenses their technology to a company directly or through an intermediary manufacturer.

(d) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing herein shall be construed to override or affect the uses permitted by sections 1823 through 1832 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) and sections 936 and 1032 of the Federal Aviation Administration Reauthorization Act of 2024 (Public Law 118–63), including the duration thereof. If the Commission places communications equipment or services on the covered list pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(A) of this section, the appropriate national security agency shall provide the Commission with necessary information on whether enabling those uses is appropriate and how to enable those uses if necessary, and the Commission may promulgate implementing rules or policies accordingly.

DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 2001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the “Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025”.

SEC. 2002. EXPIRATION OF AUTHORIZATIONS AND AMOUNTS REQUIRED TO BE SPECIFIED BY LAW.

(a) EXPIRATION OF AUTHORIZATIONS AFTER THREE YEARS.—Except as provided in subsection (b), all authorizations contained in titles XXI through XXVII for military construction projects, land acquisition, family housing projects and facilities, and contributions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program (and authorizations of appropriations therefor) shall expire on the later of—

(1) October 1, 2027; or

(2) the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2028.

(b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to authorizations for military construction projects, land acquisition, family housing projects and facilities, and contributions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program (and authorizations of appropriations therefor), for which appropriated funds have been obligated before the later of—

(1) October 1, 2027; or

(2) the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for fiscal year 2028 for military construction projects, land acquisition, family housing projects and facilities, or contributions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program.

SEC. 2003. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Titles XXI through XXVII shall take effect on the later of—

(1) October 1, 2024; or

(2) the date of the enactment of this Act.

TITLE XXI—ARMY MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

- Sec. 2101. Authorized Army construction and land acquisition projects.
 Sec. 2102. Family housing.
 Sec. 2103. Authorization of appropriations, Army.
 Sec. 2104. Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2018 project at Kunsan Air Base, Korea.
 Sec. 2105. Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2019 project at Mihail Kogalniceanu forward operating site, Romania.
 Sec. 2106. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2020 projects.
 Sec. 2107. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2021 projects.
 Sec. 2108. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2022 projects.

SEC. 2101. AUTHORIZED ARMY CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

(a) **INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.**—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2103(a) and available for military construction projects inside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Army: Inside the United States

State	Installation	Amount
Alaska	Fort Wainwright	\$23,000,000
California	Fort Irwin	\$44,000,000
	Military Ocean Terminal Concord	\$68,000,000
Florida	Naval Air Station Key West	\$90,000,000
Guam	Joint Region Marianas	\$386,000,000
Hawaii	Pohakuloa Training Area	\$20,000,000
	Wheeler Army Airfield	\$231,000,000
Kentucky	Fort Campbell	\$11,800,000
Louisiana	Fort Johnson	\$105,000,000
Maryland	Fort Meade	\$46,000,000
Michigan	Detroit Arsenal	\$37,000,000
Missouri	Fort Leonard Wood	\$144,000,000
New York	Watervliet Arsenal	\$53,000,000
Oklahoma	McAlester Army Ammunition Plant.	\$74,000,000
Pennsylvania	Letterkenny Army Depot	\$346,000,000
Texas	Fort Cavazos	\$147,000,000
	Red River Army Depot	\$34,000,000
Virginia	Joint Base Myer-Henderson Hall	\$180,000,000
Washington	Joint Base Lewis-McChord	\$192,000,000

(b) **OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.**—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2103(a) and available for military construction projects outside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry out mili-

tary construction projects for the installations or locations outside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Army: Outside the United States

Country	Installation or Location	Amount
Belgium	SHAPE Headquarters	\$45,000,000
Germany	Hohenfels Training Area	\$61,000,000
	U.S. Army Garrison Ansbach	\$191,000,000
	U.S. Army Garrison Bavaria	\$12,856,000
	U.S. Army Garrison Wiesbaden ..	\$44,000,000

SEC. 2102. FAMILY HOUSING.

(a) CONSTRUCTION AND ACQUISITION.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2103(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Army may construct or acquire family housing units (including land acquisition and supporting facilities) at the installations or locations, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Army: Family Housing

Country	Installation or Location	Amount
Belgium	Chièvres Air Base	\$100,954,000
Germany	Army Garrison Rheinland-Pfalz ..	\$63,246,000

(b) IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, and using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2103(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Army may improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed \$81,114,000.

(2) CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT PRIOR YEAR IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS IMPROVEMENTS.—

(A) FISCAL YEAR 2019.—Notwithstanding section 2102 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (division B of Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 2242), subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, and using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2103(a) of such Act and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601 of that Act, the Secretary of the Army may improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed \$80,100,000.

(B) FISCAL YEAR 2020.—Notwithstanding section 2102 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (division B of Public Law 116–92; 133 Stat. 1864), subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, and using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2103(a) of such Act and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601 of that Act, the Secretary of the Army may improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed \$87,205,000.

(C) FISCAL YEAR 2023.—Notwithstanding section 2102 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (division B of Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2972), subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, and using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2103(a) of such Act and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601 of that Act, the Secretary of the Army may improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed \$26,500,000.

(c) PLANNING AND DESIGN.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2103(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Army may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design activities with respect to the construction or improvement of family housing units in an amount not to exceed \$31,333,000.

SEC. 2103. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, ARMY.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2024, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Army as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

(b) LIMITATION ON TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under sections 2101 and 2102 of this Act may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a), as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

SEC. 2104. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2018 PROJECT AT KUNSAN AIR BASE, KOREA.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (division B of Public Law 115–91; 131 Stat. 1817), the authorization set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2101(b) of that Act (131 Stat. 1819) and extended by section 2106(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (division B of Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2395) and amended by section 2105 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 712), shall remain

in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Army: Extension of 2018 Project Authorization

Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Korea	Kunsan Air Base ...	Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Hangar ..	\$53,000,000

SEC. 2105. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2019 PROJECT AT MIHAIL KOGALNICEANU FORWARD OPERATING SITE, ROMANIA.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (division B of Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 2240), the authorization set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2901 of that Act (132 Stat. 2286) and extended by section 2106(b)(1) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 713), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Army: Extension of 2019 Project Authorization

Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Romania ...	Mihail Kogalniceanu FOS	EDI: Explosives and Ammo Load/Unload Apron. ...	\$21,651,000

SEC. 2106. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2020 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (division B of Public Law 116–92; 133 Stat. 1862), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2101 of that Act (133 Stat. 1862), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Army: Extension of 2020 Project Authorizations

State/ Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Kwajalein	Kwajalein Atoll	Air Traffic Control Tower and Ter- minal	\$40,000,000
South Carolina	Fort Jackson	Reception Complex, Ph2	\$88,000,000

SEC. 2107. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2021 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (division B of Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 4294), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2101(a) of that Act (134 Stat. 4295) and extended by section 2107(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 713), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Army: Extension of 2021 Project Authorizations

State	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Arizona	Yuma Proving Ground	Ready Building	\$14,000,000
Georgia	Fort Gillem	Forensic Labora- tory	\$71,000,000

SEC. 2108. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2022 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (division B of Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 2161), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in sections 2101 and 2105 of that Act (135 Stat. 2163, 2165), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Army: Extension of 2022 Project Authorization

State	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Georgia	Fort Stewart	Barracks	\$105,000,000
Germany ..	Smith Barracks	Live Fire Exercise Shootouse	\$16,000,000
		Indoor Small Arms Range	\$17,500,000
Hawaii	West Loch Naval Magazine Annex.	Ammunition Storage	\$51,000,000
	Wheeler Army Airfield.	Aviation Unit OPS Building	\$84,000,000
Kansas	Fort Leavenworth	Child Development Center	\$37,000,000
Kentucky	Fort Knox	Child Development Center	\$30,000,000
Louisiana	Fort Johnson	Joint Operations Center	\$116,000,000
Maryland	Fort Detrick	Incinerator Facility	\$27,000,000
New Mexico	White Sands Missile Range.	Missile Assembly Support Building	\$29,000,000
Pennsylvania	Letterkenny Army Depot.	Fire Station	\$25,400,000
Texas	Fort Bliss	Defense Access Roads	\$20,000,000

TITLE XXII—NAVY MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2201. Authorized Navy construction and land acquisition projects.

Sec. 2202. Family housing.

Sec. 2203. Authorization of appropriations, Navy.

Sec. 2204. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2019 projects.

Sec. 2205. Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2020 project at Marine Corps Air Station Yuma, Arizona.

Sec. 2206. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2021 projects.

Sec. 2207. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2022 projects.

SEC. 2201. AUTHORIZED NAVY CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2203(a) and available for military construction projects inside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Navy may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Navy: Inside the United States

State	Installation or Location	Amount
Arizona	Marine Corps Air Station Yuma.	\$261,160,000
Florida	Cape Canaveral Space Force Station.	\$221,060,000
Georgia	Naval Submarine Base Kings Bay.	\$264,030,000
Guam	Andersen Air Force Base	\$561,730,000
	Joint Region Marinas	\$111,666,000
	Naval Base Guam	\$241,880,000
Hawaii	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam.	\$505,000,000
	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay.	\$297,770,000
Maryland	Naval Surface Warfare Center Indian Head.	\$106,000,000
Nevada	Naval Air Station Fallon	\$93,300,000
North Carolina	Marine Corps Air Station Cherry Point.	\$849,520,000
Virginia	Naval Weapons Station Yorktown.	\$151,850,000
	Norfolk Naval Shipyard	\$635,739,000
Washington	Naval Base Kitsap-Bangor	\$200,550,000
	Puget Sound Naval Shipyard ..	\$231,490,000

(b) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2203(a) and available for military construction projects outside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Navy may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations outside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Navy: Outside the United States

Country	Installation or Location	Amount
Australia	Royal Australian Air Force Base Darwin.	\$353,970,000
El Salvador	Cooperative Security Location Comalapa.	\$28,000,000
Federated States of Micronesia.	Yap International Airport	\$807,700,000
Palau	Koror, Port of Malakal	\$918,300,000

SEC. 2202. FAMILY HOUSING.

(a) CONSTRUCTION AND ACQUISITION.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2203(a) and available for military family housing functions as spec-

ified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Navy may construct or acquire family housing units (including land acquisition and supporting facilities) at the installations or locations, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Navy: Family Housing

Country or Territory	Installation	Amount
Guam	Andersen Air Force Base	\$488,186,000

(b) IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS.—Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, and using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2203(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Navy may improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed \$35,438,000.

(c) PLANNING AND DESIGN.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2203(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Navy may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design activities with respect to the construction or improvement of family housing units in an amount not to exceed \$13,329,000.

SEC. 2203. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, NAVY.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2024, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Navy, as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

(b) LIMITATION ON TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under sections 2201 and 2202 of this Act may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a), as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

SEC. 2204. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2019 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (division B of Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 2240) the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2201(b) and 2902 of that Act (132 Stat. 2244, 2286) and extended by section 2204 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 716), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Navy: Extension of 2019 Project Authorizations

Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Bahrain	SW Asia	Fleet Maintenance Facility and TOC	\$26,340,000
Greece	Naval Support Activity Souda Bay	EDI: Joint Mobility Processing Center	\$41,650,000

SEC. 2205. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2020 PROJECT AT MARINE CORPS AIR STATION YUMA, ARIZONA.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (division B of Public Law 116–92; 133 Stat. 1862) the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in sections 2201(a) and 2809 of that Act (133 Stat. 1865, 1887), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Navy: Extension of 2020 Project Authorizations

State	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Arizona	Marine Corps Air Station Yuma	Bachelor Enlisted Quarters	\$99,600,000

SEC. 2206. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2021 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (division B of Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 4294), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2201 of that Act (134 Stat. 4297) and extended by section 2205 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 718), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Navy: Extension of 2021 Project Authorizations

State/ Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Guam	Joint Region Mari- anas	Joint Communica- tions Upgrade	\$22,000,000
Maine	NCTAMS LANT Detachment Cut- ler	Perimeter Security Range Training Complex, Phase 1	\$26,100,000
Nevada	Fallon		\$29,040,000

SEC. 2207. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2022 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (division B of Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 2161), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in sections 2201 and 2202(a) of that Act (135 Stat. 2166, 2167), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Navy: Extension of 2022 Project Authorizations

State/ Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Arizona	Marine Corps Air Station Yuma.	Combat Training Tank Complex.	\$29,300,000
California	Marine Corps Air Station Miramar.	F–35 Centralized Engine Repair Facility.	\$31,400,000
	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton.	CLB MEU Com- plex.	\$83,900,000
	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton.	Warehouse Re- placement.	\$22,200,000
	Naval Base Ven- tura County.	MQ–25 Aircraft Maintenance Hangar.	\$125,291,000
District of Colum- bia.	Marine Barracks Washington.	Family Housing Improvements.	\$10,415,000
Florida	Marine Corps Sup- port Facility Blount Island.	Lighterage and Small Craft Fa- cility.	\$69,400,000
Hawaii	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe.	Electrical Distribu- tion Moderniza- tion.	\$64,500,000

Navy: Extension of 2022 Project Authorizations—Continued

State/ Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
South Carolina.	Marine Corps Air Station Beaufort.	Aircraft Maintenance Hangar.	\$122,600,000
Spain	Naval Station Rota	EDI: Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD) Mobile Unit Facilities.	\$85,600,000

TITLE XXIII—AIR FORCE MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2301. Authorized Air Force construction and land acquisition projects.

Sec. 2302. Family housing.

Sec. 2303. Authorization of appropriations, Air Force.

Sec. 2304. Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2017 project at Spangdahlem Air Base, Germany.

Sec. 2305. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2018 projects.

Sec. 2306. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2019 projects.

Sec. 2307. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2020 projects.

Sec. 2308. Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2021 project at Joint Base Langley-Eustis, Virginia.

Sec. 2309. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2022 projects.

SEC. 2301. AUTHORIZED AIR FORCE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2303(a) and available for military construction projects inside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Air Force: Inside the United States

State	Installation or Location	Amount
Alaska	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson.	\$355,000,000
Arkansas	Ebbing Air National Guard Base.	\$74,000,000
California	Beale Air Force Base	\$148,000,000
	Vandenberg Space Force Base	\$277,000,000
Colorado	Buckley Space Force Base	\$68,000,000
District of Columbia.	Joint Base Anacostia-Bolling ...	\$50,000,000
Florida	Eglin Air Force Base	\$23,900,000
	Tyndall Air Force Base	\$48,000,000

Air Force: Inside the United States—Continued

State	Installation or Location	Amount
Idaho	Mountain Home Air Force Base.	\$40,000,000
Louisiana	Barksdale Air Force Base	\$22,000,000
Massachusetts	Hanscom Air Force Base	\$315,000,000
Mississippi	Keesler Air Force Base	\$25,000,000
Montana	Malmstrom Air Force Base	\$20,000,000
North Carolina	SeymourJohnson Air Force Base.	\$41,000,000
Oregon	Mountain Home Air Force Base.	\$1,093,000,000
South Dakota	Ellsworth Air Force Base	\$177,000,000
Texas	Dyess Air Force Base	\$31,300,000
	Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland.	\$215,000,000
	Joint Base San Antonio-Sam Houston.	\$469,000,000
	Laughlin Air Force Base	\$56,000,000
Utah	Hill Air Force Base	\$258,000,000
Virginia	Joint Base Langley-Eustis	\$81,000,000
Wyoming	F.E. Warren Air Force Base	\$1,581,000,000

(b) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2303(a) and available for military construction projects outside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations outside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Air Force: Outside the United States

Country	Installation or Location	Amount
Denmark	Royal Danish Air Force Base Karup.	\$110,000,000
Federated States of Micronesia.	Yap International Airport ..	\$949,314,000
Germany	Ramstein Air Base	\$22,000,000
Spain	Naval Station Rota	\$15,200,000
United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Lakenheath.	\$185,000,000
	Royal Air Force Mildenhall	\$51,000,000

SEC. 2302. FAMILY HOUSING.

(a) CONSTRUCTION AND ACQUISITION.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2303(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Air

Force may construct or acquire family housing units (including land acquisition and supporting facilities) at the installations or locations and in the amounts set forth in the following table:

Air Force: Family Housing

Country	Installation	Amount
Germany	Ramstein Air Base	\$5,750,000

(b) IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS.—Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, and using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2303(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Air Force may improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed \$209,242,000.

(c) PLANNING AND DESIGN.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2303(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Air Force may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design activities with respect to the construction or improvement of family housing units in an amount not to exceed \$6,557,000.

SEC. 2303. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, AIR FORCE.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2024, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Air Force, as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

(b) LIMITATION ON TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under sections 2301 and 2302 of this Act may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a), as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

SEC. 2304. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2017 PROJECT AT SPANGDAHLEM AIR BASE, GERMANY.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (division B of Public Law 114–328; 130 Stat. 2688), the authorization set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2902 of that Act (130 Stat. 2743) and extended by section 2304 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (division B of Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 2169) and amended by section 2304(b) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 721), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Air Force: Extension of 2017 Project Authorization

Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Germany ..	Spangdahlem Air Base	ERI: F/A-22 Low Observable/Comp Repair Fac.	\$12,000,000

SEC. 2305. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2018 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (division B of Public Law 115–91; 131 Stat. 1817), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2903 of that Act (131 Stat. 1876) and extended by section 2304(b) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (division B of Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2980) and amended by section 2305(b) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 722), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Air Force: Extension of 2018 Project Authorizations

Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Hungary ...	Kecskemet Air Base	ERI: Airfield Upgrades	\$12,900,000
	Kecskemet Air Base	ERI: Construct Parallel Taxiway	\$30,000,000
	Kecskemet Air Base	ERI: Increase POL Storage Capacity	\$12,500,000
Slovakia ...	Malacky	ERI: Increase POL Storage Capacity	\$20,000,000

SEC. 2306. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2019 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (division B of Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 2240), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2903 of that Act (132 Stat. 2287) and extended by section 2306(b) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 724), shall remain in effect until

October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Air Force: Extension of 2019 Project Authorizations

Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Fairford	EDI: Construct DABS-FEV Storage	\$87,000,000
	Royal Air Force Fairford	EDI: Munitions Holding Area	\$19,000,000

SEC. 2307. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2020 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (division B of Public Law 116–92; 133 Stat. 1862), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in sections 2301(a) and 2912(a) of that Act (133 Stat. 1867, 1913), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Air Force: Extension of 2020 Project Authorizations

State	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Florida	Tyndall Air Force Base	Deployment Center/Flight Line Dining/AAFES ...	\$43,000,000
Georgia	Moody Air Force Base	41 RQS HH–60W Apron	\$12,500,000
New Mexico	Kirtland Air Force Base	Combat Rescue Helicopter Simulator (CRH) ADAL	\$15,500,000
Texas	Joint Base San Antonio	BMT Recruit Dormitory 8	\$110,000,000

Air Force: Extension of 2020 Project Authorizations—
Continued

State	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Wash- ington ...	Fairchild-White Bluff	Consolidated TFI Base Operations	\$31,000,000

SEC. 2308. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2021 PROJECT AT JOINT BASE LANGLEY-EUSTIS, VIRGINIA.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (division B of Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 4294), the authorization set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2301(a) of that Act (132 Stat. 2287) and extended by section 2307(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 725), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Air Force: Extension of 2021 Project Authorization

State	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Virginia	Joint Base Lang- ley-Eustis	Access Control Point Main Gate With Land Acq ..	\$19,500,000

SEC. 2309. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2022 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (division B of Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 2161), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2301 of that Act (135 Stat. 2168), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Air Force: Extension of 2022 Project Authorizations

State/ Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Australia ..	Royal Australian Air Force Base Darwin	Squadron Operations Facility	\$7,400,000
	Royal Australian Air Force Base Tindal	Aircraft Maintenance Support Facility	\$6,200,000
	Royal Australian Air Force Base Tindal	Squadron Operations Facility	\$8,200,000
Massachusetts	Hanscom Air Force Base	NC3 Acquisitions Management Facility	\$66,000,000
United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	F-35A Child Development Center ...	\$24,000,000
	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	F-35A Munition Inspection Facility	\$31,000,000
	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	F-35A Weapons Load Training Facility	\$49,000,000

TITLE XXIV—DEFENSE AGENCIES

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

- Sec. 2401. Authorized Defense Agencies construction and land acquisition projects.
- Sec. 2402. Authorized Energy Resilience and Conservation Investment program projects.
- Sec. 2403. Authorization of appropriations, Defense Agencies.
- Sec. 2404. Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2018 project at Iwakuni, Japan.
- Sec. 2405. Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2019 project at Iwakuni, Japan.
- Sec. 2406. Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2020 project at Fort Indiantown Gap, Pennsylvania.
- Sec. 2407. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2021 projects.
- Sec. 2408. Modification of authority to carry out fiscal year 2022 project at Joint Base Anacostia-Bolling, District of Columbia.
- Sec. 2409. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2022 projects.

SEC. 2401. AUTHORIZED DEFENSE AGENCIES CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

(a) **INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.**—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2403(a) and available for military construction projects inside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of Defense may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Defense Agencies: Inside the United States

State or Territory	Installation or Location	Amount
Alaska	Eielson Air Force Base	\$14,000,000
	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	\$55,000,000
Arizona	U.S. Army Garrison Yuma Proving Grounds	\$64,000,000
California	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton	\$106,176,000
	Marine Corps Mountain Warfare Training Center	\$19,300,000
Colorado	Fort Carson	\$61,359,000
Florida	Hurlburt Field	\$14,000,000
Georgia	Hunter Army Airfield	\$64,300,000
Guam	Joint Region Marianas	\$929,224,000
Missouri	Whiteman Air Force Base	\$19,500,000
North Carolina	Fort Liberty	\$47,000,000
	Marine Corps Base Camp Lejeune ...	\$84,500,000
South Carolina	Marine Corps Air Station Beaufort ..	\$31,500,000
	Marine Corps Recruit Depot Parris Island.	\$72,050,000
Texas	Naval Air Station Corpus Christi	\$79,300,000
Virginia	Joint Expeditionary Base Little Creek-Fort Story.	\$35,000,000
	Pentagon	\$36,800,000
Washington ...	Naval Air Station Whidbey Island ...	\$54,000,000

(b) **OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.**—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2403(a) and available for military construction projects outside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of Defense may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations outside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Defense Agencies: Outside the United States

Country	Installation or Location	Amount
Japan	Marine Corps Base Camp Smedley D. Butler	\$160,000,000

Defense Agencies: Outside the United States—Continued

Country	Installation or Location	Amount
Korea	Kunsan Air Base	\$64,942,000
United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	\$153,000,000

SEC. 2402. AUTHORIZED ENERGY RESILIENCE AND CONSERVATION INVESTMENT PROGRAM PROJECTS.

(a) **INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.**—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2403(a) and available for energy conservation projects as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of Defense may carry out energy conservation projects under chapter 173 of title 10, United States Code, for the installations or locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

ERCIP Projects: Inside the United States

State	Installation or Location	Amount
Alabama	Anniston Army Depot	\$56,450,000
Delaware	Major Joseph R. “Beau” Biden III National Guard/Reserve Center	\$22,050,000
Hawaii	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	\$16,300,000
Illinois	Rock Island Arsenal	\$73,470,000
Indiana	Camp Atterbury-Muscatatuck	\$39,180,000
Maine	Portsmouth Naval Shipyard ...	\$28,700,000
Maryland	Aberdeen Proving Ground	\$34,400,000
	Joint Base Andrews	\$17,920,000
New Jersey	Joint Base McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst	\$19,500,000
	National Guard Training Center Sea Girt	\$40,000,000
Ohio	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	\$53,000,000
Washington	Joint Base Lewis-McChord-Gray Army Airfield	\$40,000,000
	Naval Base Kitsap	\$77,270,000
	Naval Magazine Indian Island	\$39,490,000

(b) **OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.**—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2403(a) and available for energy conservation projects as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of Defense may carry out energy conservation projects under chapter 173 of title 10, United States Code, for the installations or locations outside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

ERCIP Projects: Outside the United States

Country	Installation or Location	Amount
Bahrain	Naval Support Activity Bahrain	\$15,330,000
Greece	Naval Support Activity Souda Bay	\$42,500,000
Italy	Naval Air Station Sigonella	\$13,470,000
Japan	Camp Fuji	\$45,870,000

(c) **IMPROVEMENT OF CONVEYED UTILITY SYSTEMS.**—In the case of a utility system that is conveyed under section 2688 of title 10, United States Code, and that only provides utility services to a military installation, notwithstanding subchapters I and III of chapter 169 and chapters 221 and 223 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of a military department may authorize a contract with the conveyee of the utility system to carry out the military construction projects set forth in the following table:

Improvement of Conveyed Utility Systems

State	Installation or Location	Project
Maryland	Aberdeen Proving Ground	Power Generation and Microgrid
Washington	Joint-Base Lewis-McChord Gray Army Airfield	Power Generation and Microgrid

SEC. 2403. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, DEFENSE AGENCIES.

(a) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2024, for military construction, land acquisition, and military family housing functions of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments), as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

(b) **LIMITATION ON TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.**—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under sections 2401 and 2402 of this Act may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a), as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

SEC. 2404. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2018 PROJECT AT IWAKUNI, JAPAN.

(a) **EXTENSION.**—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (division B of Public Law 115–91; 131 Stat. 1817), the authorization set forth in

the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2401(b) of that Act (131 Stat. 1829) and extended by section 2404 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (division B of Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat.2984) and amended by section 2404 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 728), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Defense Agencies: Extension of 2018 Project Authorization

Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Japan	Iwakuni	PDI: Construct Bulk Storage Tanks PH 1	\$30,800,000

SEC. 2405. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2019 PROJECT AT IWAKUNI, JAPAN.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (division B of Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 2240), the authorization set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2401(b) of that Act (132 Stat. 2250) and extended by section 2405(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 729), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Defense Agencies: Extension of 2019 Project Authorization

Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Japan	Iwakuni	Fuel Pier	\$33,200,000

SEC. 2406. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2020 PROJECT AT FORT INDIANTOWN GAP, PENNSYLVANIA.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (division B of Public Law 116–92; 133 Stat. 1862), the authorization set forth in the table in subsection (b), as authorized pursuant to section 2402 of such Act (133 Stat. 1872), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

ERCIP Project: Extension of 2020 Project Authorization

State/ Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Pennsyl- vania	Fort Indiantown Gap	Install Geothermal and 413 kW Solar Photo- voltaic (PV) Array	\$3,950,000

SEC. 2407. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2021 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (division B of Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 4294), the authorization set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in sections 2401(b) and 2402 of that Act (134 Stat. 4305, 4306) and extended by sections 2406 and 2407 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 730), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Defense Agencies and ERCIP Projects: Extension of 2021 Project Authorizations

State/ Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Arkansas ..	Ebbing Air Na- tional Guard Base	PV Arrays and Battery Storage	\$2,600,000
California	Marine Corps Air Ground Combat Center Twentynine Palms		
	Naval Support Ac- tivity Monterey ..	Install 10 Mw Bat- tery Energy Stor- age for Various Buildings	\$11,646,000
Italy	Naval Support Ac- tivity Naples	Cogeneration Plant at B236	\$10,540,000
Japan	Def Fuel Support Point Tsurumi ...	Smart Grid	\$3,490,000
		Fuel Wharf	\$49,500,000

SEC. 2408. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2022 PROJECT AT JOINT BASE ANACOSTIA-BOLLING, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

In the case of the authorization contained in the table in section 2402(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (division B of Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 2174) for Joint Base Anacostia-Bolling, District of Columbia, for construction of PV carports, the Secretary of Defense may install a 1.0-megawatt battery energy storage system for a total project amount of \$40,650,000.

SEC. 2409. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2022 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (division B of Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 2161), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in sections 2401 and 2402 of that Act (135 Stat. 2173, 2174), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Defense Agencies and ERCIP Projects: Extension of 2022 Project Authorizations

State/ Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Alabama ...	Fort Novosel	10 MW RICE Gen- erator Plant and Microgrid Con- trols	\$24,000,000
California	Marine Corps Air Station Miramar	Additional LFG Power Meter Station	\$4,054,000
	Naval Air Weapons Station China Lake-Ridgecrest	Solar Energy Stor- age System	\$9,120,000
Georgia	Fort Moore	4.8 MW Generation and Microgrid	\$17,593,000
	Fort Stewart	10 MW Generation Plant, with Microgrid Con- trol	\$22,000,000
Guam	Polaris Point Sub- marine Base	Inner Apra Harbor Resiliency Up- grades Ph 1.	\$38,300,000
Michigan ..	Camp Grayling	650 KW Gas-Fired Micro-Turbine Generation Sys- tem	\$5,700,000

**Defense Agencies and ERCIP Projects: Extension of 2022
Project Authorizations—Continued**

State/ Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Mississippi	Camp Shelby	10 MW Generation Plant an Feeder level Microgrid System	\$34,500,000
	Camp Shelby	Electrical Distribu- tion Infrastruc- ture Under- grounding Hard- ening Project	\$11,155,000
New York	Fort Drum	Wellfield Field Ex- pansion Project ..	\$27,000,000
North Carolina	Fort Liberty	10 MW Microgrid Utilizing Exist- ing and New Generators	\$19,464,000
	Fort Liberty	Emergency Water System	\$7,705,000
Ohio	Springfield-Beckley Municipal Air- port	Base-Wide Microgrid With Natural Gas Generator, Pho- tovoltaic and Battery Storage	\$4,700,000
Puerto Rico	Aguadilla	Microgrid Control System, 460 KW PV, 275 KW Generator, 660 Kwh Bess	\$10,120,000
	Fort Allen	Microgrid Control System, 690 KW PV, 275 KW Gen, 570 Kwh Bess	\$12,190,000
Tennessee	Memphis Inter- national Airport	PV Arrays and Battery Storage	\$4,780,000
United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	Hospital Replace- ment-Temporary Facilities	\$19,283,000

**Defense Agencies and ERCIP Projects: Extension of 2022
Project Authorizations—Continued**

State/ Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Virginia	National Geospatial-Intel- ligence Agency Campus East	Electrical System Redundancy	\$5,299,000

**TITLE XXV—INTERNATIONAL
PROGRAMS**

Subtitle A—North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program

Sec. 2501. Authorized NATO construction and land acquisition projects.

Sec. 2502. Authorization of appropriations, NATO.

Sec. 2503. Extension of use of authorized amounts for North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program.

Subtitle B—Host Country In-Kind Contributions

Sec. 2511. Republic of Korea funded construction projects.

Sec. 2512. Republic of Poland funded construction projects.

**Subtitle A—North Atlantic Treaty Organi-
zation Security Investment Program**

SEC. 2501. AUTHORIZED NATO CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

The Secretary of Defense may make contributions for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program as provided in section 2806 of title 10, United States Code, in an amount not to exceed the sum of the amount authorized to be appropriated for this purpose in section 2502 and the amount collected from the North Atlantic Treaty Organization as a result of construction previously financed by the United States.

SEC. 2502. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, NATO.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2024, for contributions by the Secretary of Defense under section 2806 of title 10, United States Code, for the share of the United States of the cost of projects for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program authorized by section 2501, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program

Location	Installation or Location	Amount
Worldwide Un-specified	NATO Security Investment Program.	\$463,864,000

SEC. 2503. EXTENSION OF USE OF AUTHORIZED AMOUNTS FOR NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM.

Section 2806(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “Funds” and inserting “(1) Funds”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) If any funds authorized for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment program for a fiscal year are available to be obligated or expended at the end of that fiscal year and no funds have been authorized for the following fiscal year, not more than 50 percent of the amount authorized for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment program for that fiscal year shall be deemed to be authorized by law for purposes of paragraph (1) for the following fiscal year.”.

Subtitle B—Host Country In-Kind Contributions

SEC. 2511. REPUBLIC OF KOREA FUNDED CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

Pursuant to agreement with the Republic of Korea for required in-kind contributions, the Secretary of Defense may accept military construction projects for the installations or locations in the Republic of Korea, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Republic of Korea Funded Construction Projects

Component	Installation or Location	Project	Amount
Army	Camp Carroll	MSC–K Paint Removal Booth	\$9,400,000
Army	Camp Carroll	Tactical Equipment Maintenance Facility (TEMF)	\$72,000,000
Army	Camp Walker	Elementary School	\$46,000,000
Army	USAG Humphreys	Embedded Behavioral Health Clinic	\$10,000,000
Army	USAG Humphreys	General Support Aviation Battalion Hangar	\$180,000,000
Navy	Chinhae	Upgrade Main Access Control Point	\$9,200,000

Republic of Korea Funded Construction Projects—Continued

Component	Installation or Location	Project	Amount
Air Force	Daegu AB	Upgrade Water Distribution System	\$9,600,000
Air Force	Kunsan AB	Combat Small Arms Range	\$31,000,000
Air Force	Kunsan AB	Fighter Squadron and Fighter Generation Squadron Operations Facility	\$46,000,000
Air Force	Osan AB	Distributed Mission Operations (DMO) Flight Simulator	\$15,000,000

SEC. 2512. REPUBLIC OF POLAND FUNDED CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

Pursuant to agreement with the Republic of Poland for required in-kind contributions, the Secretary of Defense may accept military construction projects for the installations or locations in the Republic of Poland, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Republic of Poland Funded Construction Projects

Component	Installation or Location	Project	Amount
Air Force	Lask AB	AT/FP Upgrades for PPI Mission	\$22,000,000
Air Force	Lask AB	Connecting Taxiways for RPA Mission	\$18,000,000
Air Force	Lask AB	Ground Comms and Data Support Area for RPA Mission	\$5,000,000
Air Force	Lask AB	Maintenance Hangar for PPI Mission	\$69,000,000
Air Force	Lask AB	RPA Parking Apron ...	\$18,000,000
Air Force	Wroclaw AB ...	AT/FP Upgrades for APOD Mission	\$46,000,000
Air Force	Wroclaw AB ...	Comms Infrastructure for APOD Mission ...	\$10,000,000

TITLE XXVI—GUARD AND RESERVE FORCES FACILITIES

Sec. 2601. Authorized Army National Guard construction and land acquisition projects.

Sec. 2602. Authorized Army Reserve construction and land acquisition projects.

Sec. 2603. Authorized Navy Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve construction and land acquisition projects.

Sec. 2604. Authorized Air National Guard construction and land acquisition projects.

- Sec. 2605. Authorized Air Force Reserve construction and land acquisition projects.
 Sec. 2606. Authorization of appropriations, National Guard and Reserve.
 Sec. 2607. Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2018 project at Hulman Regional Airport, Indiana.
 Sec. 2608. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2020 projects.
 Sec. 2609. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2021 projects.
 Sec. 2610. Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2022 projects.
 Sec. 2611. Modification of authority to carry out fiscal year 2022 project.

SEC. 2601. AUTHORIZED ARMY NATIONAL GUARD CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2606 and available for the National Guard and Reserve as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the Army National Guard locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Army National Guard

State or Territory	Installation or Location	Amount
Alaska	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	\$67,000,000
Iowa	Sioux City Armory	\$13,800,000
Kentucky	Fort Campbell	\$18,000,000
Louisiana	Lafayette Readiness Center	\$33,000,000
Mississippi ..	Southaven Readiness Center	\$33,000,000
Montana	Malta Readiness Center	\$14,800,000
Nevada	Hawthorne Army Depot	\$18,000,000
New Jersey ..	Vineland	\$23,000,000
Ohio	Lima	\$26,000,000
Oklahoma ...	Shawnee Readiness Center	\$29,000,000
Utah	Nephi Readiness Center	\$20,000,000
Washington ..	Camp Murray	\$40,000,000

SEC. 2602. AUTHORIZED ARMY RESERVE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2606 and available for the National Guard and Reserve as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the Army Reserve locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Army Reserve

State or Territory	Installation or Location	Amount
California ..	Camp Parks	\$42,000,000
Georgia	Dobbins Air Reserve Base	\$78,000,000
Kentucky	Fort Knox	\$138,000,000
Massachusetts.	Devens Reserve Forces Training Area ..	\$39,000,000

Army Reserve—Continued

State or Territory	Installation or Location	Amount
New Jersey	Joint Base McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst	\$16,000,000
Pennsylvania.	Wilkes-Barre	\$22,000,000
Puerto Rico	Fort Buchanan	\$39,000,000
Virginia	Richmond	\$23,000,000

SEC. 2603. AUTHORIZED NAVY RESERVE AND MARINE CORPS RESERVE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2606 and available for the National Guard and Reserve as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Navy may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the Navy Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve location inside the United States, and in the amount, set forth in the following table:

Navy Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve

State	Installation or Location	Amount
Texas	Naval Air Station Joint Reserve Base Fort Worth.	\$106,870,000
Washington	Joint Base Lewis-McChord	\$26,610,000

SEC. 2604. AUTHORIZED AIR NATIONAL GUARD CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2606 and available for the National Guard and Reserve as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the Air National Guard locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Air National Guard

State	Installation or Location	Amount
Alaska	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	\$19,300,000
California ...	Moffett Airfield	\$12,600,000
Florida	Jacksonville International Airport	\$26,200,000
Hawaii	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	\$36,600,000
Maine	Bangor International Airport	\$48,000,000
New Jersey	Atlantic City International Airport	\$18,000,000
New York ...	Francis S. Gabreski Airport	\$14,000,000
Texas	Fort Worth	\$13,100,000

SEC. 2605. AUTHORIZED AIR FORCE RESERVE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2606 and available for the National Guard and Reserve as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the Air Force Reserve locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

Air Force Reserve

State	Location	Amount
Delaware	Dover Air Force Base	\$42,000,000
Indiana	Grissom Air Reserve Base	\$21,000,000
Ohio	Youngstown Air Reserve Station	\$25,000,000
South Carolina.	Joint Base Charleston	\$33,000,000

SEC. 2606. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, NATIONAL GUARD AND RESERVE.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2024, for the costs of acquisition, architectural and engineering services, and construction of facilities for the Guard and Reserve Forces, and for contributions therefor, under chapter 1803 of title 10, United States Code (including the cost of acquisition of land for those facilities), as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

SEC. 2607. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2018 PROJECT AT HULMAN REGIONAL AIRPORT, INDIANA.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (division B of Public Law 115–91; 131 Stat. 1817), the authorization set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2604 of that Act (131 Stat. 1836) and extended by section 2608 of the Military Construction Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (division B of Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2989) and section 2607 of the Military Construction Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 737), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

National Guard and Reserve: Extension of 2018 Project Authorization

State	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Indiana	Hulman Regional Airport	Construct Small Arms Range	\$8,000,000

SEC. 2608. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2020 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (division B of Public Law 116–92; 133 Stat. 1862), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2601 of that Act (133 Stat. 1875), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

National Guard and Reserve: Extension of 2020 Project Authorizations

State/ Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
California ...	Camp Roberts	Automated Multipurpose Machine Gun (MPMG) Range	\$12,000,000
Pennsylvania	Moon Township	Combined Support Maintenance Shop	\$23,000,000

SEC. 2609. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2021 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Division B of Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 4294), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in sections 2601 and 2602 of that Act (134 Stat. 4312, 4313) and extended by section 2609 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 738), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

National Guard and Reserve: Extension of 2021 Project Authorizations

State/ Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Arkansas	Fort Chaffee	National Guard Readiness Center	\$15,000,000
California ...	Bakersfield	National Guard Vehicle Maintenance Shop	\$9,300,000

**National Guard and Reserve: Extension of 2021 Project
Authorizations—Continued**

State/ Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Massachu- setts	Devens Reserve Forces Training Area	Automated Mul- tipurpose Ma- chine Gun Range	\$8,700,000
North Caro- lina	Asheville	Army Reserve Center	\$24,000,000
Puerto Rico	Fort Allen	National Guard Readiness Center	\$37,000,000
South Caro- lina	Joint Base Charleston	National Guard Readiness Center	\$15,000,000
Texas	Fort Worth	Aircraft Mainte- nance Hangar Addition/Alt ..	\$6,000,000
Virgin Is- lands	St. Croix	Army Aviation Support Facil- ity (AASF)	\$28,000,000
	St. Croix	CST Ready Building	\$11,400,000

**SEC. 2610. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FIS-
CAL YEAR 2022 PROJECTS.**

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (division B of Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 2161), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in sections 2601, 2602, 2604, and 2605 of that Act (135 Stat. 2178, 2179), and as amended by section 2607(1) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (division B of Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2988) and this section, shall remain in effect until October 1, 2026, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

National Guard and Reserve: Extension of 2022 Project Authorizations

State	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Alabama	Huntsville Readiness Center	National Guard Readiness Center	\$17,000,000
Georgia	Fort Moore	Post-Initial Military Training Unaccompanied Housing	\$13,200,000
Indiana	Grissom Air Reserve Base	Logistics Readiness Complex	\$29,000,000
Massachusetts.	Barnes Air National Guard Base	Combined Engine/ASE/NDI Shop	\$12,200,000
Mississippi	Jackson International Airport	Fire Crash and Rescue Station	\$9,300,000
New York ...	Francis S. Gabreski Airport	Base Civil Engineer Complex	\$14,800,000
Ohio	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base ..	AR Center Training Building/ UHS	\$19,000,000
Texas	Kelly Field Annex	Aircraft Corrosion Control	\$9,500,000
Vermont	Bennington	National Guard Readiness Center	\$16,900,000
Wisconsin ...	Fort McCoy	Transient Training Officer Barracks	\$29,200,000
Wyoming	Cheyenne Municipal Airport	Combined Vehicle Maintenance and ASE Complex	\$13,400,000

SEC. 2611. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2022 PROJECT.

With respect to the authorization contained in the table in section 2601 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (division B of Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 2178), as amended by section 2610 of this Act, for Bennington, Vermont, for construction of a National Guard Readiness Center, the Secretary

of the Army may construct the National Guard Readiness Center in Lyndon, Vermont.

TITLE XXVII—BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE ACTIVITIES

Sec. 2701. Authorization of appropriations for base realignment and closure activities funded through Department of Defense base closure account.

SEC. 2701. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE ACTIVITIES FUNDED THROUGH DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE BASE CLOSURE ACCOUNT.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2024, for base realignment and closure activities, including real property acquisition and military construction projects, as authorized by the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101–510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) and funded through the Department of Defense Base Closure Account established by section 2906 of such Act (as amended by section 2711 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (division B of Public Law 112–239; 126 Stat. 2140)), as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

TITLE XXVIII—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Military Construction Programs

- Sec. 2801. Modification of definition of military installation for purposes of notifications related to basing decision-making process.
- Sec. 2802. Expansion of eligible grant recipients under the Defense Community Infrastructure Program.
- Sec. 2803. Process for strategic basing actions for the Department of the Air Force.
- Sec. 2804. Inclusion of land acquisition and demolitions projects in authorized unspecified minor military construction project; temporary expansion of authority for purchase of certain land.
- Sec. 2805. Amendments to defense laboratory modernization program.
- Sec. 2806. Annual five-year plans on improvement of Department of Defense innovation infrastructure.
- Sec. 2807. Modification of authority for Indo-Pacific posture unspecified minor military construction projects.
- Sec. 2808. Extension of prohibition on joint use of Homestead Air Reserve Base with civil aviation.
- Sec. 2809. Information on military construction projects and repair projects at joint bases.
- Sec. 2810. Notification to Congress of reprogramming involving military construction funds.
- Sec. 2811. Obligation and execution of design funds for military construction projects.
- Sec. 2812. Schedule of repairs at Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Florida.

Subtitle B—Military Housing Reforms

- Sec. 2821. Budget justification for certain Facilities Sustainment, Restoration, and Modernization projects.
- Sec. 2822. Strategy and assessment with respect to non-operational, underutilized, and other Department of Defense facilities: assessments of historic significance.

- Sec. 2823. Application of certain authorities and standards to historic military housing and associated historic properties of the Department of the Army.
- Sec. 2824. Extension of applicability for waivers of covered privacy and configuration standards for covered military unaccompanied housing.
- Sec. 2825. Additional requirements for database of complaints made regarding housing units of Department of Defense.
- Sec. 2826. Digital system for submission of maintenance work order requests for covered military unaccompanied housing required.
- Sec. 2827. Modification to definition of privatized military housing.
- Sec. 2828. Analysis of housing availability for critical civilian and contractor personnel near rural military installations.
- Sec. 2829. Digital facilities management systems for military departments.
- Sec. 2830. Strategy for use of existing leasing authorities to address shortages of covered military unaccompanied housing required.
- Sec. 2831. Independent assessment of estimated costs of certain strategies to address shortages of covered military unaccompanied housing.

Subtitle C—Real Property and Facilities Administration

- Sec. 2841. Minimum capital investment for facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization.
- Sec. 2842. Assistance for public infrastructure projects and services.
- Sec. 2843. Contracts for design and construction of facilities of Department of Defense.
- Sec. 2844. Industrial plant equipment and associated services as in-kind consideration under leases of non-excess property.
- Sec. 2845. Inclusion of tribal governments in intergovernmental support agreements for installation-support services.
- Sec. 2846. Temporary modification to authority to charge landing fees for the use by civil aircraft of military airfields.
- Sec. 2847. Stormwater management, shoreline erosion control, and water resilience projects for installations and defense access roads.
- Sec. 2848. Pilot program to optimize and consolidate Department of Defense facilities to improve health and resiliency in defense communities.
- Sec. 2849. Guidance regarding maintenance of aggregate square footage of facilities of Department of Defense.
- Sec. 2850. Expenditures on leased facilities and real property of the Department of Defense.

Subtitle D—Land Conveyances

- Sec. 2851. Extension of expanded authority to convey property at military installations.
- Sec. 2852. Technical correction to map reference in the Military Land Withdrawals Act of 2013.
- Sec. 2853. Land conveyance, Boyle Memorial Army Reserve Center, Paris, Texas.
- Sec. 2854. Land conveyance, Riverdale Park, Maryland.
- Sec. 2855. Transfer authority, Mare Island Naval Shipyard, Vallejo, California.
- Sec. 2856. Release of interests retained in Camp Joseph T. Robinson, Arkansas.
- Sec. 2857. Land conveyance, Fort Huachuca, Sierra Vista, Arizona.
- Sec. 2858. Removal of certain conditions regarding conveyance of former Army–Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs National Park, Hot Springs, Arkansas, to the State of Arkansas.
- Sec. 2859. Land conveyance and authorization for interim lease, Defense Fuel Support Point San Pedro, Los Angeles, California.
- Sec. 2860. Land conveyance, Fort Bliss, El Paso, Texas.
- Sec. 2861. Cleanup and transfer of certain property at former Army installation to East Bay Regional Park District.
- Sec. 2862. Coordination of repair and maintenance of Kolekole Pass, Hawaii.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

- Sec. 2871. Consideration of installation infrastructure and other supporting resources by Department of Defense Test Resource Management Center.
- Sec. 2872. Development and operation of the Naval Innovation Center at the Naval Postgraduate School.
- Sec. 2873. Extension of Department of the Army pilot program for development and use of online real estate inventory tool.

- Sec. 2874. Notification to Members of Congress for awards of contracts for military construction projects.
- Sec. 2875. Authorization of assistance to expedite certain military construction projects located in Guam.
- Sec. 2876. Report on munitions and explosives of concern and construction projects in Joint Region Marianas.
- Sec. 2877. Review of roles and responsibilities for construction projects of Department of Defense.
- Sec. 2878. Assessment of public schools on installations of Department of Defense.
- Sec. 2879. Updates to policies and guidance of the Department of the Navy for the replacement of certain dry docks and other projects.
- Sec. 2880. Designation of officials responsible for coordination of infrastructure projects to support additional members of the Armed Forces and their families in the Indo-Pacific region.
- Sec. 2881. Limitation on availability of funds until submission of interim guidance for Department of Defense-wide standards for access to military installations.

Subtitle A—Military Construction Programs

SEC. 2801. MODIFICATION OF DEFINITION OF MILITARY INSTALLATION FOR PURPOSES OF NOTIFICATIONS RELATED TO BASING DECISION-MAKING PROCESS.

Section 483(f)(4) of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in the first sentence, by striking “, which is located within any of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or Guam”.

SEC. 2802. EXPANSION OF ELIGIBLE GRANT RECIPIENTS UNDER THE DEFENSE COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAM.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Subsection (d) of section 2391 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking “State and local governments” and inserting “State governments, local governments, and not-for-profit, member-owned utility services”; and

(2) in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2), by striking “the State or local government agree” and inserting “the recipient of such assistance agrees”.

(b) **TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.**—Section 2391(d)(1)(B)(iii) of such title is amended by striking “section 101(e)(8) of this title” and inserting “section 101 of this title”.

SEC. 2803. PROCESS FOR STRATEGIC BASING ACTIONS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Chapter 141 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2391 the following new section:

“§ 2392. Process for strategic basing actions for the Department of the Air Force

“(a) **PROGRAMMATIC BASING DECISIONS PROHIBITED.**—The Secretary of the Air Force (or a designee) shall not make any basing decision during the resource allocation plan or program objective memorandum process.

“(b) **QUARTERLY BRIEFINGS.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this section, and quarterly thereafter, the

Secretary of the Air Force (or a designee) shall brief the congressional defense committees on the following:

“(1) Strategic basing actions approved by the strategic basing panel for review by the strategic basing executive steering group during the quarter covered by the briefing.

“(2) For each strategic basing action not covered by a previous briefing, a description of the criteria for selection of candidate location for each such strategic basing action and how each criterion will be applied to the candidate locations to determine preferred location.

“(3) Updates regarding candidate locations, preferred locations, and the final location selected for each strategic basing action covered by the briefing.

“(4) Any strategic basing actions with projected decision dates that will occur before the next scheduled briefing under this subsection.

“(c) ADDITIONAL BRIEFINGS.—Upon request by either the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives or of the Senate, the Secretary of the Air Force (or a designee) shall provide to such Committee a briefing on the information described in subsection (b).

“(d) POST-BRIEFING CHANGES.—The Secretary of the Air Force (or a designee) shall notify the congressional defense committees, not later than seven days after the effective date of a change, if such change is a change—

“(1) to the selection criteria or the application of selection criteria, that would result in a different decision than briefed under subsection (b) regarding the enterprise definition, identified candidate locations, or identified preferred location; or

“(2) to the governance process used to oversee a strategic basing action.

“(e) OVERSEAS STRATEGIC BASING ACTIONS.—With respect to a strategic basing action relating to a military installation located outside of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or Guam, a notification required under this section may be provided in a classified form.

“(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms ‘enterprise definition’, ‘program objective memorandum process’, ‘resource allocation plan’, ‘strategic basing action’, ‘strategic basing executive steering group’, and ‘strategic basing panel’ have the meanings given, respectively, under the Department of the Air Force Instruction 10–503 (issued June 12, 2023, as in effect on November 1, 2024).”.

(b) APPLICABILITY.—This section and the amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to strategic basing actions (as defined in section 2392 of title 10, United States Code, as added by this section) made by the Secretary of the Air Force on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 2804. INCLUSION OF LAND ACQUISITION AND DEMOLITIONS PROJECTS IN AUTHORIZED UNSPECIFIED MINOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECT; TEMPORARY EXPANSION OF AUTHORITY FOR PURCHASE OF CERTAIN LAND.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 2805(a)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “or a demolition project” and inserting “, land acquisition, or demolition project”.

(b) **ACQUISITION OF LOW-COST INTERESTS IN LAND.**—Section 2663(c) of such title is amended in paragraph (1) by striking the dollar amount and inserting “\$4,000,000”.

(c) **TEMPORARY EXPANSION.**—During the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this section and ending on February 1, 2026, the Secretary of the Army may use the authority under section 2805 of such title for the purchase of interests in land at not more than 200 percent of the applicable dollar threshold specified in such section to support the caisson requirements of the Department of the Army with respect to equine welfare.

SEC. 2805. AMENDMENTS TO DEFENSE LABORATORY MODERNIZATION PROGRAM.

Section 2805(g) of title 10, United States Code, is amended in paragraph (6)(B) by striking “\$1,000,000” and inserting “\$4,000,000”.

SEC. 2806. ANNUAL FIVE-YEAR PLANS ON IMPROVEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE INNOVATION INFRASTRUCTURE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 2810 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) **ANNUAL FIVE-YEAR PLANS ON IMPROVEMENT OF INNOVATION INFRASTRUCTURE.**—

“(1) **SUBMISSION.**—Along with the budget for each fiscal year submitted by the President pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, each Secretary of a military department and the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan that describes the objectives of that Secretary to improve innovation infrastructure during the five fiscal years following the fiscal year for which such budget is submitted.

“(2) **ELEMENTS.**—Each plan submitted by a Secretary of a military department under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

“(A) With respect to the five-year period covered by the plan, an identification of the major lines of effort, milestones, and investment goals of the Secretary over such period relating to the improvement of innovation infrastructure and a description of how such goals support such goals, including the use of—

“(i) military construction, facilities restoration and modernization funds;

“(ii) the defense lab modernization program under section 2805(d) of this title; and

“(iii) military construction projects for innovation, research, development, test, and evaluation under this section.

“(B) The estimated costs of necessary innovation infrastructure improvements and a description of how such costs would be addressed by the Department of Defense

budget request submitted during the same year as the plan and the applicable future-years defense program.

“(C) Information regarding the plan of the Secretary to initiate such environmental and engineering studies as may be necessary to carry out planned innovation infrastructure improvements.

“(D) Detailed information regarding how innovation infrastructure improvement projects will be paced and sequenced to ensure continuous operations.

“(3) INCORPORATION OF RESULTS-ORIENTED MANAGEMENT PRACTICES.—Each plan under subsection (a) shall incorporate the leading results-oriented management practices identified in the report of the Comptroller General of the United States titled ‘Actions Needed to Improve Poor Conditions of Facilities and Equipment that Affect Maintenance Timeliness and Efficiency’ (GAO–19–242), or any successor report, including—

“(A) analytically based goals;

“(B) results-oriented metrics;

“(C) the identification of required resources, risks, and stakeholders; and

“(D) regular reporting on progress to decision makers.

“(4) INNOVATIVE INFRASTRUCTURE DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term ‘innovation infrastructure’ includes laboratories, test and evaluation ranges, and any other infrastructure whose primary purpose is research, development, test, and evaluation.”.

(b) DEADLINE.—The first plan required under subsection (e) of such section (as amended by subsection (a)) shall be submitted as part of the annual budget submission of the President to Congress pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, for fiscal year 2027.

SEC. 2807. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY FOR INDO-PACIFIC POSTURE UNSPECIFIED MINOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

Section 2810 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking “\$15,000,000” and inserting “\$30,000,000”;

(2) in subsection (b), by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:

“(2) to the extent necessary, as either a stand-alone acquisition or as part of a minor military construction project, any acquisition of interests in land, or support or reimbursement for acquisition of interests in land, for establishment of a defense site or other area over which the Secretary of a military department or the Secretary of Defense will exercise operational control, without regard to the duration of the operational control.”;

(3) in subsection (c)—

(A) in paragraph (2), by striking “; or” and inserting a semicolon;

(B) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; or”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) acquiring interests in land, defense sites, or operational control over an area needed to support another project or projects under this section or to support a future military construction project.”;

(4) in subsection (d), by inserting “or planned military installation” after “military installation”; and

(5) in subsection (e)(2), by striking “section 2805(c) of title 10, United States Code” and inserting “subsection (c) of section 2805, United States Code, subject to adjustment upward to reflect a construction cost index published pursuant to subsection (f) of such section if such an index applies to the location of the project, except that the adjusted amount may not exceed the limit under subsection (a)”.

SEC. 2808. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON JOINT USE OF HOMESTEAD AIR RESERVE BASE WITH CIVIL AVIATION.

Section 2874 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (division B of Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 3014) is amended by striking “September 30, 2026” and inserting “September 30, 2028”.

SEC. 2809. INFORMATION ON MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS AND REPAIR PROJECTS AT JOINT BASES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—For each of fiscal years 2025 through 2030, each Secretary of a military department shall, for each joint base established pursuant to the report of the Secretary of Defense titled “Base Closure and Realignment Report, Volume I” (May 2005) and the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101–510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) and under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned, submit to the congressional defense committees the following:

(1) Along with the defense budget materials submitted to Congress in connection with the budget of the President submitted under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, for a fiscal year in which a military construction project contract is proposed to be awarded by the host organization for the joint base, a report that describes, for each request made by a host organization or by a tenant organization on the joint base—

(A) the location, title, cost, and Department of Defense Form 1391 for each military construction project requested that will be considered for that fiscal year;

(B) the location, title, and cost for each repair project requested that will be considered for that fiscal year;

(C) the location, title, cost, and Department of Defense Form 1391 for each military construction project requested for a year covered in the submission required by section 221 of title 10, United States Code; and

(D) the location, title, and cost for each repair project requested for the following two years after the fiscal year in which a military construction project contract is proposed to be awarded by the host organization for the joint base.

(2) The prioritized ranking by the host organization of all military construction projects requested at the joint base, whether or not such project was included in the budget described in paragraph (1).

(3) The rationale of the host organization for the inclusion of each military construction project in the defense budget materials described in paragraph (1) instead of projects that were requested but not included in such budget.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “host organization”, with respect to a joint base, means an entity described in section 111(b)(11) of title 10, United States Code, that is a part of the military department under the Secretary with jurisdiction over the joint base.

(2) The term “repair project” means a project for facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization.

(3) The term “requested by a tenant organization”, with respect to a military construction project, means a military construction project—

(A) located at a joint base on which a tenant organization is located; and

(B) proposed by such tenant organization, acting through the local commanding officer or local director of the tenant organization, to the host organization with jurisdiction over the joint base.

(4) The term “tenant organization”, with respect to a joint base, means an entity described in section 111(b)(11) of title 10, United States Code, and located on the joint base but does not include any host organization of the joint base.

SEC. 2810. NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS OF REPROGRAMMING INVOLVING MILITARY CONSTRUCTION FUNDS.

The Secretary of Defense shall notify the congressional defense committees of any reprogramming of funds made available for military construction not later than 14 days after the date of such reprogramming.

SEC. 2811. OBLIGATION AND EXECUTION OF DESIGN FUNDS FOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 150 days after amounts are appropriated for any fiscal year for the congressionally-directed design of a military construction project, the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the construction agent responsible for such project enters into a contract pursuant to section 2807 of title 10, United States Code, for the obligation and execution of such amounts.

(b) COMPLETION OF WORK.—If a military construction project designated pursuant to subsection (a) has an estimated construction cost of less than \$150,000,000, not less than 35 percent of the project design under a contract described in subsection (a) shall be completed not later than 240 days after the date of the award of such contract.

(c) NOTIFICATION.—If the Secretary determines that a construction agent who is responsible for a military construction project under subsection (a) fails to satisfy the requirements of subsection (a) or (b), the Secretary shall, not later than 30 days after the Secretary makes such determination and at the end of each ninety-day period thereafter until such military construction project reaches 35 percent design, submit to the congressional defense committees a notification that includes—

- (1) a statement of whether the construction agent has exceeded the duration to—
 - (A) enter into a contract under subsection (a); or
 - (B) complete 35 percent project design under subsection (b);
- (2) the reason for the delay in the satisfaction of such requirements; and
- (3) the projected dates such requirements will be satisfied.

SEC. 2812. SCHEDULE OF REPAIRS AT NAVAL AIR STATION, PENSACOLA, FLORIDA.

(a) **SCHEDULE.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary of the Navy shall develop a plan for repair or replacement of facilities at Naval Air Station Pensacola that the Secretary determines are damaged by Hurricane Sally.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The plan required under subsection (a) shall include the following:

- (1) An estimate of the cost and schedule for—
 - (A) the repair of Hangar 3260; and
 - (B) a military construction project (as defined in section 2801 of title 10, United States Code) to replace Hangar 3260 and other infrastructure at Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Florida, that the Secretary determines are damaged by Hurricane Sally.
- (2) An assessment that compares the estimated cost and schedule under subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) to the estimated cost and schedule under subparagraph (B) of such paragraph.
- (3) Any planned demolition projects necessary to support future military construction.
- (4) An assessment of how the repair and replacement schedules for facilities at Naval Air Station Pensacola that the Secretary determines are damaged by Hurricane Sally support current and future operational requirements at the naval air station.

(c) **REPORT REQUIRED.**—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary completes the plan required under subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit such plan to the congressional defense committees.

(d) **BRIEFING REQUIREMENT.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this section, and on a biannual basis thereafter during the five-year period beginning on such date, the Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the status of repair or replacement of facilities identified in the plan required by subsection (a).

(e) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section, the terms “facility” and “military construction project” have the meanings given such terms, respectively, in section 2801 of title 10, United States Code.

Subtitle B—Military Housing Reforms

SEC. 2821. BUDGET JUSTIFICATION FOR CERTAIN FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION, AND MODERNIZATION PROJECTS.

Chapter 9 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 226 the following new section:

“§ 227. Budget justification for covered military unaccompanied housing Facilities Sustainment, Restoration, and Modernization projects

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Along with the budget for each fiscal year submitted by the President pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, each Secretary of a military department shall include a consolidated budget justification display for the congressional defense committees that individually identifies—

“(1) for the fiscal year covered by the budget, the total requested expenditure for Facilities Sustainment, Restoration, and Modernization projects for covered military unaccompanied housing compared to the total expenditure required by such projects, disaggregated by military department; and

“(2) the total expenditure for Facilities Sustainment, Restoration, and Modernization projects made during the fiscal year beginning two years before the fiscal year covered by the budget, disaggregated by—

“(A) military installation;

“(B) the type of facility repaired or restored under such repair projects;

“(C) the number of such repair projects that were for sustainment or repair of a facility; and

“(D) the number of such repair projects that were for restoration or modernization of a facility.

“(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘covered military unaccompanied housing’ has the meaning given in section 2856 of this title.

“(2) The terms ‘facility’ and ‘military installation’ have the meanings given, respectively, in section 2801 of this title.

“(3) The term ‘repair project’ has the meaning given in section 2811 of this title.”.

SEC. 2822. STRATEGY AND ASSESSMENT WITH RESPECT TO NON-OPERATIONAL, UNDERUTILIZED, AND OTHER DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FACILITIES: ASSESSMENTS OF HISTORIC SIGNIFICANCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code (as amended by section 2843), is further amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 2819. Strategy and assessment with respect to non-operational, underutilized, and other Department of Defense facilities: assessments of historical significance

“(a) STRATEGY FOR DEMOLITION.—Each Secretary concerned shall develop a strategy to demolish facilities under the respective jurisdiction of each such Secretary that—

“(1) are in poor or failing condition under the uniform index developed under section 2838 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31);

“(2) are not in operational use; or

“(3) such Secretary determines are underutilized.

“(b) ASSESSMENT OF CERTAIN MAINTENANCE COSTS.—Each Secretary concerned shall conduct an assessment to determine the total cost to the United States to maintain facilities that—

“(1) are not in operational use; and

“(2) such Secretary determines are underutilized.

“(c) REQUIRED CONSIDERATION.—In determining whether a facility is underutilized pursuant to subsections (a) or (b), each Secretary concerned shall compare the occupancy of such facility to the total square footage of such facility.

“(d) ASSESSMENTS OF HISTORIC SIGNIFICANCE.—(1) Not later than December 1, 2025, and on an annual basis thereafter, each Secretary concerned shall conduct an assessment of each facility under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned that was constructed at least 25 years prior to the year covered by the assessment to determine whether the facility—

“(A) is historically significant; or

“(B) will be historically significant at the end of the 25-year period beginning on the date of the completion of such assessment.

“(2) For each facility described in paragraph (1) that a Secretary concerned determines is not, or will not be, historically significant pursuant to an assessment under such paragraph, the Secretary concerned shall—

“(A) conduct an assessment of the condition of such facility;

“(B) make an initial determination of whether such facility will be modernized or demolished during such 25-year period; and

“(C) submit to the digital facilities management system of the military department under the jurisdiction of such Secretary—

“(i) the results of the assessment under subparagraph

(A); and

“(ii) the initial determination required by subparagraph

(B).

“(3) If, during the course of any assessment of a facility described in paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned changes a determination with respect to the historic significance of the facility or plans of such Secretary to modernize or demolish the facility, such Secretary shall revise the information submitted to the applicable digital facilities management system pursuant to subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2).

“(e) ANNUAL BRIEFING.—(1) Along with the budget for fiscal year 2027 submitted by the President pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, and on an annual basis thereafter, each Secretary concerned shall provide to congressional defense committees a briefing on—

“(A) the strategy required by subsection (a); and

“(B) the results of the assessments required by subsections (b) and (d).

“(2) Each such briefing shall include—

“(A) a summary of the existing authorities of each Secretary concerned to demolish the facilities covered by such strategy;

“(B) a plan to implement such strategy; and

“(C) recommendations of each such Secretary with respect to reducing—

“(i) the inventory of facilities in poor or failing condition under the uniform index developed under section 2838 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31); and

“(ii) the total cost to the United States to maintain the facilities covered by the assessment required by subsection (b) of such section.”.

(b) TECHNICAL CORRECTION.—Section 2104 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263) is amended—

(1) in the heading, by striking “QUARTERS 4, 13, AND 15” and inserting “QUARTERS 13, 14, AND 15”; and

(2) by striking “Quarters 4, 13, and 15” and inserting “Quarters 13, 14, and 15”.

SEC. 2823. APPLICATION OF CERTAIN AUTHORITIES AND STANDARDS TO HISTORIC MILITARY HOUSING AND ASSOCIATED HISTORIC PROPERTIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 2839. Application of certain authorities and standards to historic military housing and associated historic properties of the Department of the Army

“(a) APPLICATION OF CERTAIN AUTHORITY TO CAPEHART AND WHERRY ERA ARMY MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING.—The Secretary of the Army, in satisfaction of requirements under division A of subtitle III of title 54 (commonly referred to as the ‘National Historic Preservation Act’), may apply the authority and standards contained in the document titled ‘Program Comment for Capehart and Wherry Era Army Family Housing and Associated Structures and Landscape Features (1949-1962)’ (published on June 7, 2002) (67 Fed. Reg. 39332) to all military housing (including privatized military housing under subchapter IV of this chapter) constructed during the period beginning on January 1, 1941, and ending on December 31, 1948, located on a military installation under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Army.

“(b) TEMPORARY APPLICATION OF CERTAIN AUTHORITY TO VIETNAM WAR ERA ARMY MILITARY HOUSING.—During the period beginning on the date of the enactment of the Military Construction Act for Fiscal Year 2025 and ending on December 31, 2045, the Secretary of the Army, in satisfaction of requirements under division A of subtitle III of title 54 (commonly referred to as the ‘National Historic Preservation Act’), may apply the authority and standards contained in the document titled ‘Program Comment for Vietnam War Era Historic Housing, Associated Buildings and Structures, and Landscape Features (1963-1975)’ (published on May 4, 2023) (88 Fed. Reg. 28573) to all military housing (including privatized

military housing under subchapter IV of this chapter) constructed after 1975 located on a military installation under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Army.

“(c) REPORT.—As part of each report of the Army required under section 3(c) of Executive Order 13287 (54 U.S.C. 306101 note), the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation a report on the implementation of this section.

“(d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to preclude or require the amendment of the documents of the Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Installations, Energy and Environment described in subsection (a) and (b) by the Secretary of the Army or the chair of the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation.”

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2838 the following new item:

“2839. Application of certain authorities and standards to historic military housing and associated historic properties of the Department of the Army.”

SEC. 2824. EXTENSION OF APPLICABILITY FOR WAIVERS OF COVERED PRIVACY AND CONFIGURATION STANDARDS FOR COVERED MILITARY UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING.

Paragraph (4) of section 2856a(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “9 months” and inserting “15 months”.

SEC. 2825. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR DATABASE OF COMPLAINTS MADE REGARDING HOUSING UNITS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2894a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a) by striking “regarding housing units” and inserting “by a tenant regarding covered dwelling units”;

(2) in subsections (c) and (d) by striking “housing unit” each place it appears and inserting “covered dwelling unit”; and

(3) by inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsection:

“(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘covered armed force’ means the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, or Space Force.

“(2) The term ‘covered dwelling unit’ means a unit of accompanied family housing, unaccompanied housing, or barracks—

“(A) that is acquired or constructed pursuant to subchapter IV of chapter 169 of this title;

“(B) in which a member of a covered armed force resides; and

“(C) that such member does not own.

“(3) The term ‘tenant’ means any of the following:

“(A) A member of a covered armed force who resides in a covered dwelling unit.

“(B) A dependent of a member described in subparagraph (A) who resides in a covered dwelling unit.”

(b) TEMPORARY ANNUAL REPORT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for three years, the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Housing shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the

House of Representatives and the Senate, and make available to each Secretary of a military department, an annual report that includes, with respect to the year covered by such report—

(A) a summary of the data collected using the database established under section 2894a(a) of title 10, United States Code (as amended by subsection (a));

(B) an aggregation of the complaints categorized by type, in accordance with paragraph (2), and military installation, if applicable; and

(C) the actions taken to remedy complaints received during the period covered by such report.

(2) **TYPE OF COMPLAINTS.**—In categorizing complaints by type pursuant to paragraph (1)(B), the Deputy Assistant Secretary shall aggregate complaints based on the following categories:

(A) Physiological hazards, including dampness and mold growth, lead-based paint, asbestos and manmade fibers, radiation, biocides, carbon monoxide, and volatile organic compounds.

(B) Psychological hazards, including ease of access by unlawful intruders, faulty locks or alarms, and lighting issues.

(C) Safety hazards.

(D) Maintenance timeliness.

(E) Maintenance quality.

SEC. 2826. DIGITAL SYSTEM FOR SUBMISSION OF MAINTENANCE WORK ORDER REQUESTS FOR COVERED MILITARY UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING REQUIRED.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Subsection (b) of section 2837 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 2851) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) a digital system through which residents of covered military unaccompanied housing may submit to individuals responsible for the management of such housing requests for maintenance work orders;”.

(b) **DEADLINE.**—The Secretary of Defense shall issue guidance with respect to the requirements of such subsection (as amended by subsection (a)) not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 2827. MODIFICATION TO DEFINITION OF PRIVATIZED MILITARY HOUSING.

Section 3001(a)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 10 U.S.C. 2821 note) is amended by striking “military housing provided” and inserting “military housing that is not Government-owned or Government-controlled that is provided”.

SEC. 2828. ANALYSIS OF HOUSING AVAILABILITY FOR CRITICAL CIVILIAN AND CONTRACTOR PERSONNEL NEAR RURAL MILITARY INSTALLATIONS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall revise the De-

partment of Defense Manual 4165.63–M titled “DoD Housing Management” issued October 28, 2010, to require an analysis of the availability of suitable housing located in close proximity to a military installation in a rural area for civilian personnel and defense contractors that provide critical functions for the operations of such military installation, as determined by the Secretary.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “military installation” has the meaning given such term in section 2801 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) The term “rural area” has the meaning given such term in section 2391 of such title.

SEC. 2829. DIGITAL FACILITIES MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS FOR MILITARY DEPARTMENTS.

(a) DIGITAL FACILITIES MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS FOR MILITARY DEPARTMENTS.—

(1) CRITERIA.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment, in coordination with each covered Assistant Secretary, shall develop criteria for a new or established digital facilities management system for each military department. Each such system shall have the capability to, with respect to each military installation—

(A) track conditions of individual facilities, applying the uniform index developed under section 2838 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31), for each military installation under the jurisdiction of each such covered Assistant Secretary;

(B) plan for maintenance actions for each facility; and

(C) generate reports that include data on—

(i) the type and function of each facility;

(ii) the overall condition of each facility;

(iii) planned maintenance for each facility during a five-year period following the date of submission of the criteria;

(iv) conditions that may lead to a failure to maintain minimum physical security or configuration standards for members of the Armed Forces during the 12-month period following the date of submission of the criteria; and

(v) the date on which the facility will have been in use for 40 years.

(2) BRIEFING.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment develops the criteria required under paragraph (1), the Assistant Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on such criteria.

(3) IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than one year after the date on which the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment develops the criteria required under paragraph (1), each covered Assistant Secretary shall implement a digital facilities management system for the military department under the jurisdiction of that covered Assistant Secretary that meets the criteria described in paragraph (1).

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “covered Assistant Secretary” means—

- (A) the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Installations, Energy, and Environment;
- (B) the Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Energy, Installations, and Environment; and
- (C) the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Installations, Environment, and Energy.

(2) The term “facility” has the meaning given in section 2801 of title 10, United States Code.

(3) The term “military department” has the meaning given in section 101 of such title.

(4) The term “military installation” has the meaning given in section 2801 of such title.

SEC. 2830. STRATEGY FOR USE OF EXISTING LEASING AUTHORITIES TO ADDRESS SHORTAGES OF COVERED MILITARY UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING REQUIRED.

(a) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Each Secretary of a military department shall develop a strategy to use the authorities of such Secretary, in effect as of such date, to lease, operate, maintain, or otherwise contract for real property to address shortages of covered military unaccompanied housing.

(2) ELEMENTS.—Each strategy required by paragraph (1) shall include, with respect to military installations under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the military department concerned—

(A) an identification of military installations with the largest shortages of covered military unaccompanied housing;

(B) an identification of military installations where existing facilities of covered military unaccompanied housing are in poor or failing condition under the uniform index for evaluating the condition of covered military unaccompanied housing required by section 2838 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 2851);

(C) plans of such Secretary in effect as of the date of the enactment of this Act to address shortages of covered military unaccompanied housing or the condition of facilities of covered military unaccompanied housing using—

- (i) military construction projects; or
- (ii) facilities sustainment, restoration, or modernization funds; and

(D) an assessment of whether the leasing authority under section 2661 of title 10, United States Code, long-term facilities contracting authority section 2809 of such title, lease-purchase authority under section 2812 of such title, or intergovernmental support agreements under section 2679 of such title would be suitable for use by such Secretary to address—

- (i) shortages of covered military unaccompanied housing; or
- (ii) the poor or failing condition of a facility of covered military unaccompanied housing.

(3) DEADLINE.—Each Secretary of a military department shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes the strategy required by subsection (a) not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “covered military unaccompanied housing” has the meaning given such term in section 2856 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) The terms “facility” and “military construction project” have the meanings given such terms, respectively, in section 2801 of such title.

SEC. 2831. INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENT OF ESTIMATED COSTS OF CERTAIN STRATEGIES TO ADDRESS SHORTAGES OF COVERED MILITARY UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING.

(a) AGREEMENT.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into an agreement with an FFRDC for an assessment that compares the estimated total cost to the United States during the 20-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act of—

(1) the construction and maintenance of facilities of covered military unaccompanied housing to address shortages in covered military unaccompanied housing; and

(2) the modification of policies of the Department of Defense and each military department to permit a greater number of members of the Armed Forces to reside in housing facilities other than covered military unaccompanied housing (including such policies relating to the payment of basic allowance for housing under section 403 of title 37, United States Code).

(b) REPORT ON ASSESSMENT.—An FFRDC that enters into an agreement under subsection (a) shall submit to the Secretary of Defense a report on such assessment. Such report shall include—

(1) a comprehensive review of—

(A) the total life-cycle costs, disaggregated by each military department, of the construction, sustainment, and modernization of facilities of covered military unaccompanied housing to meet—

(i) the needs for housing for members of the Armed Forces on and after the date of the enactment of this Act; and

(ii) the projected needs for such housing during the 20-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, as determined by each Secretary concerned;

(B) the applicable policies of each military department with respect to which members of the Armed Forces are required to reside in covered military unaccompanied housing; and

(C) for each military department, the expected expenditure for basic allowance for housing under section 403 of title 37, United States Code, during the 20-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act compared to such total life-cycle costs;

(2) a summary of the research and other activities carried out as part of such comprehensive review; and

(3) recommendations of the FFRDC with respect to requirements and policies of the Department of Defense and each military department for covered military unaccompanied housing.

(c) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary of Defense receives the report under subsection (b), the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate a report that includes—

(A) an unaltered copy of the report of the FFRDC submitted to the Secretary of Defense pursuant to subsection (b); and

(B) the written responses of the Secretary of the Defense and each Secretary of a military department with respect to the results of such report.

(2) FORM.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “covered military unaccompanied housing” has the meaning given such term in section 2856 of title 10, United States Code.

(2) The term “facility” has the meaning given such term in section 2801 of such title.

(3) The term “FFRDC” means a federally funded research and development center.

Subtitle C—Real Property and Facilities Administration

SEC. 2841. MINIMUM CAPITAL INVESTMENT FOR FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION, AND MODERNIZATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 159 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2679 the following new section:

“§ 2680. Minimum capital investment for facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization for military departments

“(a) MINIMUM INVESTMENT.—Beginning in fiscal year 2027, and each fiscal year thereafter, each Secretary of a military department shall—

“(1) calculate (in accordance with subsection (b)) the cumulative plant replacement value of the total inventory of facilities on each military installation under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned; and

“(2) invest in the budget for facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization of that military department, a total amount equal to not less than the percentage specified in subsection (c) of the cumulative plant replacement value described in paragraph (1).

“(b) EXCLUSION.—In making any calculation pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (a), each Secretary of a military department

shall exclude any facility under the jurisdiction of such Secretary that is scheduled for demolition during the two-year period beginning after the date of such calculation.

“(c) PERCENTAGE SPECIFIED.—The percentage of the specified in this subsection is—

- “(1) for fiscal year 2027, 1.75 percent;
- “(2) for fiscal year 2028, 2.5 percent;
- “(3) for fiscal year 2029, 3.25 percent; and
- “(4) for fiscal year 2030 and each subsequent fiscal year, 4 percent.

“(d) CERTIFICATION.—As part of the annual budget submission of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, each Secretary of each military department shall include—

“(1) a certification to the congressional defense committees that the military department is in compliance with this section; and

“(2) a list of facilities under the jurisdiction of that Secretary, disaggregated by military installation and location, that are scheduled for demolition during the two-year period beginning after the date of the submission of such budget, which shall include cost and schedule estimates.

“(e) PLANT REPLACEMENT VALUE DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘plant replacement value’ means, with respect to a facility, the cost to replace such facility using construction costs (including labor and materials) and standards (including methodologies and codes) in effect as of the date such cost is calculated.”.

(b) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on—

- (1) the plan of the Secretary of Defense to meet the requirements under section 2680 of title 10, United States Code, as added by this section;
- (2) the investments made by each Secretary of a military department under such section 2680 during the period covered by the briefing; and
- (3) the methodology of the Secretary of Defense for distributing amounts to provide funding for facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization projects pursuant to such section 2680.

SEC. 2842. ASSISTANCE FOR PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS AND SERVICES.

Section 2391(b)(5)(B) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in the matter preceding clause (i), by inserting “or local government” after “a State”;
- (2) in clause (ii), by striking “and” at the end;
- (3) in clause (iii), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and
- (4) by adding at the end the following new clause:
 - “(iv) to support public infrastructure projects and services that enhance the capabilities and resilience of the defense industrial base and the defense industrial base work-

ers, if the Secretary determines such support will improve operations of the Department of Defense.”.

SEC. 2843. CONTRACTS FOR DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION OF FACILITIES OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

Subchapter I of chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 2818. Contracts for design and construction of facilities of Department of Defense

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The head of an element of the Department of Defense (as defined in section 111(b) of this title) may award a contract to any other such element for the design and construction of facilities of the Department of Defense, including facility maintenance and repair projects and unspecified minor military construction projects under section 2805 of this title, on a reimbursable basis.

“(b) CONSIDERATION AS AN OBLIGATION.—A contract awarded under subsection (a) by such head shall be considered to be an obligation of such head in the same manner as a similar order or contract placed by such head with a private entity.

“(c) LIMITATION.—An awardee of a contract under subsection (a) may include an amount equal to not more than 10 percent of the proposed value of the contract for contingency expenses.”.

SEC. 2844. INDUSTRIAL PLANT EQUIPMENT AND ASSOCIATED SERVICES AS IN-KIND CONSIDERATION UNDER LEASES OF NON-EXCESS PROPERTY.

Section 2667(c)(1) of title 10, United States Code—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by inserting before the period at the end the following: “, whether or not needed for the functionality of the property or facility leased”;

(2) in subparagraph (F), by inserting before the period at the end the following: “, which may include industrial process optimization”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:

“(G) Refurbishment of existing industrial plant equipment on the leased property.

“(H) Removal and replacement of industrial plant equipment on the leased property that is at or near end-of-life.

“(I) Provision of new industrial plant equipment on the leased property (including new technology), installation of such equipment, and maintenance of such equipment, but only if the title to such equipment passes to the Federal Government.”.

SEC. 2845. INCLUSION OF TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS IN INTERGOVERNMENTAL SUPPORT AGREEMENTS FOR INSTALLATION-SUPPORT SERVICES.

Section 2679 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “State or local government” each place it appears and inserting “State, local, or tribal government”.

SEC. 2846. TEMPORARY MODIFICATION TO AUTHORITY TO CHARGE LANDING FEES FOR THE USE BY CIVIL AIRCRAFT OF MILITARY AIRFIELDS.

(a) TEMPORARY MODIFICATION.—Section 2697 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by striking “domestic”; and

(2) in subsection (a), by striking “domestic”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Effective October 1, 2027, such section 2697 is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by inserting “**domestic**” before “**military airfields**”; and

(2) in subsection (a), by inserting “domestic” before “military airfields”.

SEC. 2847. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT, SHORELINE EROSION CONTROL, AND WATER RESILIENCE PROJECTS FOR INSTALLATIONS AND DEFENSE ACCESS ROADS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2815a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by amending the section heading to read as follows:
“Stormwater management, shoreline erosion control, and water resilience projects for installations and defense access roads”;

(2) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

“(a) PROJECTS AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary concerned may carry out one or more of the following projects on or related to a military installation:

“(1) A stormwater management project for the purposes of—

“(A) improving military installation resilience or the resilience of a defense access road or other essential civilian infrastructure supporting a military installation; and

“(B) protecting nearby waterways and stormwater-stressed ecosystems.

“(2) A shoreline erosion control project for the purpose of improving, protecting, or repairing shoreline to protect the infrastructure of a military installation or a defense access road.

“(3) A project to provide water storage and filtration, flood mitigation, or otherwise support water resilience.”;

(3) in subsection (b)—

(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “stormwater management”;

(B) by redesignating paragraphs (5), (6), and (7) as paragraphs (6), (7), and (8), respectively; and

(C) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:

“(5) A military installation resilience project under section 2684a of this title.”;

(4) by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:

“(c) PROJECT PRIORITIES.—In selecting projects to be carried out under this section, the Secretary concerned shall give a priority to a project proposal that—

“(1) minimizes the runoff of untreated stormwater into freshwater systems or tidal systems;

“(2) protects military installations and defense access roads from stormwater runoff and water levels resulting from extreme weather conditions;

“(3) controls shoreline erosion control that involve the improvement, protection, or repair of shoreline subject to wave action or stormwater runoff and water levels resulting from extreme weather condition; or

“(4) supports water resilience at military installations.”;

(5) in subsection (d)—

- (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “stormwater management”;
 - (B) in paragraph (1), by striking “and retention measures” and inserting “, retention, or filtration measures to address storm water management”; and
 - (C) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:
 - “(4) The capture or storage of stormwater for use in supporting water resilience at a military installation.
 - “(5) The use of sheet piles, riprap, armor stone, sea walls, natural plantings, or any other technologies created to address shoreline erosion control.”;
 - (6) in subsection (e)—
 - (A) by striking “In the case of” and inserting “(1) In the case of”;
 - (B) by striking “stormwater management”;
 - (C) by striking “section 2391(d),” and inserting “section 2391, 2684,”; and
 - (D) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
 - “(2) The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment shall designate an official to be responsible for coordinating projects under this section among the military departments.”;
 - (7) in subsection (f)—
 - (A) by striking “stormwater management” each place it appears; and
 - (B) in paragraph (2)(B)—
 - (i) in clause (i), by striking “, and” and inserting a semicolon;
 - (ii) in clause (ii), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
 - (iii) by adding at the end the following new clauses:
 - “(iii) improve, protect, or repair shoreline to protect infrastructure of a military installation or a defense access road from shoreline erosion; or
 - “(iv) provide water storage and filtration, flood mitigation, or otherwise support water resilience.”; and
 - (8) in subsection (g), by adding at the end the following:
 - “(6) The term ‘water resilience’ means the capacity of a military installation to mitigate, respond, or adapt to changes in water availability due to manmade or natural phenomena.”.
 - (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 2815a(g)(4) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “section 101(e)(8)” and inserting “section 101”.
- SEC. 2848. PILOT PROGRAM TO OPTIMIZE AND CONSOLIDATE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FACILITIES TO IMPROVE HEALTH AND RESILIENCY IN DEFENSE COMMUNITIES.**
- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Using funds available for minor military construction, the Secretary of Defense may conduct a pilot program to—
 - (1) conduct a study to assess the feasibility and effectiveness of the implementation of a more comprehensive initiative to optimize the total square footage of facilities maintained by the Department of Defense; and

(2) subject to the requirements of subsection (b) carry out military construction projects, not otherwise authorized by law, to—

(A) optimize and consolidate facilities, including leased facilities, to ensure the scale and scope of the infrastructure footprint of such facilities aligns with the operational needs of the Department; and

(B) create more resilient and healthy communities located on military installations.

(b) MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS AUTHORIZED.—

(1) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary may carry out a military construction project under such pilot program if—

(A) the facilities subject to such a military construction project are occupied as of the date of the commencement of such military construction project;

(B) except as provided in paragraph (2), such facilities are demolished pursuant to such military construction project;

(C) in the case of a facility subject to such a military construction project that is leased by the Department, the Secretary terminates the lease for such facility, except as provided in paragraph (2); and

(D) the military construction project will result in new facilities that have at least 20 percent less square footage (or equivalent unit of measure) than the facilities subject to such military construction project;

(E) the Secretary conducts an economic analysis of the military construction project that accounts for anticipated cost requirements for the design, construction, sustainment, restoration, modernization, operation, and demolition of new and existing facilities subject to such military construction project; and

(F) the results of such economic analysis support a positive net present value over a 20-year period.

(2) EXCEPTION.—The requirements of subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (1) shall not apply to a facility that is subject to a military construction project under the pilot program if the Secretary determines that such facility will be an integral part of new facilities constructed pursuant to such military construction project.

(3) PROJECT COST.—A military construction project carried out under such pilot program may not exceed a total cost of \$25,000,000.

(4) LIMITATION.—Not more than five military construction projects may be carried out under the pilot program.

(c) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 14 days before awarding a contract for a military construction project under such pilot program, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees notice of such military construction project.

(2) ELEMENTS.—Such notice shall include, with respect to the military construction project covered by such notice—

(A) the justification and current cost estimate;

(B) the expected savings-to-investment ratio;

- (C) simple payback estimates;
- (D) the measurement and verification cost estimate; and
- (E) a description of how the project would improve the functions of the supported military department and the efficient management of real property of the Department of Defense.

(d) REPORT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on completed military construction projects carried out pursuant to the pilot program.

(2) ELEMENTS.—Such report shall include, for each military construction project covered by the report, the following:

(A) The title and location of the military construction project, a brief description of the scope of work, the original project cost estimate, and the completed total project cost.

(B) The original expected savings-to-investment ratio, simple payback estimates included in the notice required under subsection (c), annual recurring savings, 20-year net present value, annual return on investment, and measurement and verification cost estimate.

(C) The actual savings-to-investment ratio, and simple payback estimates, annual recurring savings, 20-year net present value, annual return on investment, and measurement and verification cost estimate.

(D) A brief description of the measurement and verification plan and planned funding source, to include the net change in the square footage (or other unit of measure) reduction accomplished by the military construction project.

(E) How the military construction project improved the functions of and the efficient management of real property by the supported military department or entity using the applicable facility.

(F) Such other information as the Secretary considers appropriate.

(e) SUNSET.—

(1) TERMINATION DATE.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the authority of the Secretary to carry out a military construction project under the pilot program shall terminate on the date that is three years after the date of the enactment of this section.

(2) EXCEPTION.—If the Secretary submits a congressional notification under subsection (d) before the date that is three years after the date of the enactment of this section, the covered project that is the subject of such notification may be carried out to completion.

(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms “facility” and “military construction project” have the meanings given such terms, respectively, in section 2801 of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 2849. GUIDANCE REGARDING MAINTENANCE OF AGGREGATE SQUARE FOOTAGE OF FACILITIES OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue guidance regarding the maintenance of the aggregate square footage of facilities of the Department of Defense, which shall be designated as “1 in 1 out guidance”, pursuant to the requirements of this section.

(b) **MAINTENANCE OF SQUARE FOOTAGE.**—Guidance required under subsection (a) shall ensure that every square footage of growth of a facility is offset with an equivalent reduction in square footage by—

- (1) a funded disposal action; or
- (2) identifying facilities to be entered into a contingency operational status.

(c) **DOCUMENTATION.**—Upon completion of the design phase of a project that results in the growth of a facility, the Secretary of Defense shall update the Department of Defense Form 1391 for such project to identify the reduction in square footage to accompany such increase.

(d) **SUBMISSION.**—Not later than 15 days after the date of submission of the defense budget materials for fiscal year 2026 (as submitted to Congress in support of the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code), and for each subsequent submission thereafter, each Secretary of a military department shall submit to the congressional defense committees—

- (1) a list of facilities scheduled for a disposal action described in subsection (b) for the fiscal year covered by the submission and the subsequent fiscal year; and
- (2) a list of facilities, disaggregated by military installation, for which a disposal action has been completed during the fiscal year preceding the date of the submission.

(e) **APPLICATION.**—This section and the requirements of this section shall apply to—

- (1) military construction or unspecified minor military construction (as defined under section 2805 of title 10, United States Code) funded in fiscal year 2027 or a subsequent fiscal year; and
- (2) other sources of growth on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(f) **EXCEPTIONS.**—This section and the requirements of this section do not apply to the following:

- (1) The Sentinel intercontinental ballistic missile weapon system program.
- (2) Public shipyards covered by the Shipyard Infrastructure Optimization Program.
- (3) MHPI housing (as defined under section 606 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. 2871 note)).

(g) **GROWTH OF A FACILITY DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “growth of a facility” means, with respect to a facility (as defined in section 2801 of title 10, United States Code), an increase in the square footage of such facility due to—

(1) carrying out a military construction project or an unspecified minor military construction project (pursuant to section 2805 of title 10, United States Code);

(2) acquisition of an existing facility on land owned by a military department;

(3) a gift of construction;

(4) construction of a facility carried out through the use of nonappropriated funds, private funds, or family housing funds, if the facility will be sustained with appropriated operation and maintenance funds; or

(5) the use of appropriated funds to sustain a facility that was previously sustained with nonappropriated funds, private funds, or family housing funds.

SEC. 2850. EXPENDITURES ON LEASED FACILITIES AND REAL PROPERTY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than five years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall reduce expenditures on facilities leased by the Department of Defense by 25 percent.

(b) **REAL PROPERTY MANAGEMENT.**—The Secretary of Defense shall—

(1) publish guidance with respect to—

(A) standards for maximum office space design for new construction, including space reconfigurations; and

(B) desired average occupancy standards for existing Department of Defense facilities;

(2) validate utilization rates for existing office space owned or leased by the Department prior to approving significant land acquisitions for the Department; and

(3) use building utilization rates to validate new construction requirements, including efforts of the Department with respect to reconfiguration.

(c) **ANNUAL BRIEFING.**—Not later than March 31, 2025, and annually thereafter until 2027, the Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on—

(1) the capacity of real property owned or leased by the Department of Defense;

(2) the average utilization rates for such real property;

(3) the size and cost of facilities leased by the Department; and

(4) the plan of the Secretary to satisfy the requirement under subsection (a).

Subtitle D—Land Conveyances

SEC. 2851. EXTENSION OF EXPANDED AUTHORITY TO CONVEY PROPERTY AT MILITARY INSTALLATIONS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 2869(a)(3)(C) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “five-year period” and inserting “eight-year period”.

(b) **TECHNICAL CORRECTION.**—Section 2869(a)(3)(A)(i) of such title is amended by striking “2679(e)” and inserting “section 2679(f)”.

SEC. 2852. TECHNICAL CORRECTION TO MAP REFERENCE IN THE MILITARY LAND WITHDRAWALS ACT OF 2013.

Subsection (a)(2) of section 2989 of the Military Land Withdrawals Act of 2013 (Public Law 113–66) is amended by striking “November 30, 2022” and inserting “May 22, 2024”.

SEC. 2853. LAND CONVEYANCE, BOYLE MEMORIAL ARMY RESERVE CENTER, PARIS, TEXAS.

(a) **CONVEYANCE AUTHORIZED.**—The Secretary of the Army may convey to Paris Junior College located in Paris, Texas (in this section referred to as the “College”), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property, including any improvements thereon, consisting of approximately 4 acres, known as the former Boyle Memorial Army Reserve Center and located in Paris, Texas.

(b) **CONSIDERATION.**—

(1) **CONSIDERATION REQUIRED.**—As consideration for the conveyance under subsection (a), the College shall pay to the Secretary of the Army an amount equal to not less than the fair market value of the property to be conveyed, as determined by the Secretary, which may consist of cash payment, in-kind consideration as described in paragraph (2), or a combination thereof.

(2) **IN-KIND CONSIDERATION.**—In-kind consideration provided by the College under paragraph (1) may include—

(A) the acquisition, construction, provision, improvement, maintenance, repair, or restoration (including environmental restoration), or a combination thereof, of any property, facilities, or infrastructure; or

(B) the delivery of services relating to the needs of the Department of the Army that the Secretary considers acceptable.

(3) **CONVEYANCE.**—Cash payments received under subsection (b) as consideration for the conveyance under subsection (a) shall be deposited in the special account in the Treasury established under section 572(b)(5) of title 40, United States Code.

(c) **PAYMENT OF COSTS OF CONVEYANCE.**—

(1) **PAYMENT REQUIRED.**—The Secretary of the Army shall require the College to cover costs to be incurred by the Secretary, or to reimburse the Secretary for such costs incurred by the Secretary, to carry out the conveyance under subsection (a), including survey costs, costs for environmental documentation related to the conveyance, and any other administrative costs related to the conveyance. If amounts are collected from the Township in advance of the Secretary incurring the actual costs, and the amount collected exceeds the costs actually incurred by the Secretary to carry out the conveyance, the Secretary shall refund the excess amount to the College.

(2) **TREATMENT OF AMOUNTS RECEIVED.**—Amounts received as reimbursement under paragraph (1) shall be credited to the fund or account that was used to cover the costs incurred by the Secretary in carrying out the land conveyance under subsection (a) or, if the period of availability of obligations for that appropriation has expired, to the appropriations of a fund that is currently available to the Secretary for the same purpose.

Amounts so credited shall be merged with amounts in such fund or account and shall be available for the same purposes, and subject to the same conditions and limitations, as amounts in such fund or account.

(d) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.—The exact acreage and legal description of the parcel of real property to be conveyed under subsection (a) shall be determined by surveys satisfactory to the Secretary of the Army.

(e) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Secretary of the Army may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance under subsection (a) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2854. LAND CONVEYANCE, RIVERDALE PARK, MARYLAND.

(a) CONVEYANCE AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of the Army may convey, without consideration, to the town of Riverdale Park, Maryland, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the real property described in subsection (b), for the purposes of—

- (1) creating a new municipal and community center; and
- (2) replacing impervious surfaces.

(b) PROPERTY.—The property to be conveyed under this section consists of approximately 6.63 acres of real property, including improvements on such real property, located at 6601 Baltimore Avenue, Riverdale Park, Maryland.

(c) REVERSIONARY INTEREST.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary determines at any time that the real property conveyed under subsection (a) is not being used in accordance with the purpose specified in such subsection, all right, title, and interest in and to the property shall revert, at the discretion of the Secretary, to the United States.

(2) DETERMINATION.—A determination by the Secretary under paragraph (1) shall be made on the record after an opportunity for a hearing.

SEC. 2855. TRANSFER AUTHORITY, MARE ISLAND NAVAL SHIPYARD, VALLEJO, CALIFORNIA.

(a) IN GENERAL.—With respect to a transfer of real property located at the former Mare Island Naval Shipyard, Vallejo, California to the City of Vallejo (referred to in this section as the “City”), made on or after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy (referred to in this section as the “Secretary”) may enter into an agreement with the City and the California State Lands Commission (referred to in this section as “SLC”) if such agreement includes the following terms:

(1) That the City, SLC, and the Governor of California agree to a deferral of the completion of all environmental remedial actions necessary to protect human health and the environment with respect to the real property until after the date of the transfer.

(2) That additional remedial action found to be necessary after the date of such transfer shall be conducted by the Secretary.

(3) That the Secretary shall have access to the property after the date of such transfer for the purpose of conducting such remedial actions.

(b) TRANSFER.—If the Secretary issues a determination that the real property described in subsection (a) is suitable for transfer to the City, such transfer may be accomplished, with the concurrence of the City, using a quitclaim deed or other legal instrument and upon terms and conditions mutually satisfactory to the Secretary and the City that include—

(1) the terms described in paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (a); and

(2) such additional terms and conditions as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States and that are agreed to by the City.

(c) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.—The exact acreage and legal description of the property to be transferred under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary of the Navy.

(d) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to modify any existing rights or obligations of the Secretary, the City, or any other party with respect to the real property described in subsection (a) unless specifically provided for in an agreement described in such subsection.

SEC. 2856. RELEASE OF INTERESTS RETAINED IN CAMP JOSEPH T. ROBINSON, ARKANSAS.

(a) RELEASE OF RETAINED INTERESTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to a parcel of real property at Camp Joseph T. Robinson, Arkansas, consisting of approximately 241.33 acres located in a part of section 2, township 2 north, range 12 west, in Pulaski County, Arkansas, and comprising a portion of the property conveyed by the United States to the State of Arkansas for training of the National Guard and for other military purposes pursuant to “An Act authorizing the transfer of part of Camp Joseph T. Robinson to the State of Arkansas”, enacted June 30, 1950 (Public Law 81-593), the Secretary of the Army may release the terms and conditions imposed, and reversionary interests retained, by the United States under section 2 of such Act, and the right to re-enter and use the property retained by the United States under section 3 of such Act.

(2) IMPACT ON OTHER RIGHTS OR INTERESTS.—The release of terms and conditions and retained interests under paragraph (1) with respect to the parcel described in such paragraph shall not be construed to alter the rights or interests retained by the United States with respect to the remainder of the real property conveyed to the State of Arkansas under the Act described in such paragraph.

(b) INSTRUMENT OF RELEASE OF RETAINED INTERESTS.—The Secretary of the Army may execute and file in the appropriate office a deed of release, amended deed, or other appropriate instrument reflecting the release of terms and conditions and retained interests under subsection (a).

(c) REIMBURSEMENT; PAYMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—

(1) PAYMENT REQUIRED.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Army may require the State of Arkansas to cover costs to be incurred by the Secretary, or to reimburse the Secretary for costs incurred by the Secretary, to carry out the release of terms and conditions and retained interests under subsection (a), including survey costs, costs related to environmental documentation, and other administrative costs related to the release.

(B) REFUND OF AMOUNTS.—If amounts paid to the Secretary of the Army by the State of Arkansas in advance under subparagraph (A) exceed the costs actually incurred by the Secretary to carry out the release, the Secretary shall refund the excess amount to the State.

(2) TREATMENT OF AMOUNTS RECEIVED.—Amounts received under paragraph (1) as reimbursement for costs incurred by the Secretary of the Army to carry out the release of terms and conditions and retained interests under subsection (a) shall be credited to the fund or account that was used to cover the costs incurred by the Secretary in carrying out the release. Amounts so credited shall be merged with amounts in such fund or account and shall be available for the same purposes, and subject to the same conditions and limitations, as amounts in such fund or account.

(d) LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.—The exact acreage and legal description of the property described in subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary of the Army.

SEC. 2857. LAND CONVEYANCE, FORT HUACHUCA, SIERRA VISTA, ARIZONA.

(a) CONVEYANCE AUTHORIZED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Army may convey, without consideration, to the City of Sierra Vista, Arizona (in this section referred to as the “City”), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property, including any improvements thereon, consisting of approximately 203 acres, comprising a portion of Fort Huachuca, Arizona, for the purpose of compatible development of the municipal airport located in the City.

(2) CONTINUATION OF EXISTING EASEMENTS, RESTRICTIONS, AND COVENANTS.—The conveyance of the property under paragraph (1) shall be subject to any easement, restriction, or covenant of record applicable to the property and in existence on the date of the enactment of this section.

(b) REVERSIONARY INTEREST.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary of the Army determines at any time that the real property conveyed under subsection (a) is not being used in accordance with the purpose of the conveyance specified in such subsection, all right, title, and interest in and to the property, including any improvements thereto, may, at the option of the Secretary, revert to and become the property of the United States, and the United States may have the right of immediate entry onto such property.

(2) DETERMINATION.—A determination by the Secretary of the Army under paragraph (1) shall be made on the record after an opportunity for a hearing.

(c) PAYMENT OF COSTS OF CONVEYANCE.—

(1) PAYMENT REQUIRED.—The Secretary of the Army shall require the City to cover all costs (except costs for environmental remediation of the property) to be incurred by the Secretary, or to reimburse the Secretary for costs incurred by the Secretary, to carry out the conveyance under subsection (a), including costs for environmental and real estate due diligence and any other administrative costs related to the conveyance.

(2) REFUND OF EXCESS AMOUNTS.—If amounts collected by the Secretary of the Army from the City under paragraph (1) in advance exceed the costs actually incurred by the Secretary to carry out the conveyance under subsection (a), the Secretary shall refund the excess amount to the City.

(d) LIMITATION ON SOURCE OF FUNDS.—The City may not use Federal funds to cover any portion of the costs required to be paid by the City under this section.

(e) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.—The exact acreage and legal description of the property to be conveyed under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary of the Army.

(f) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Secretary of the Army may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance under subsection (a) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2858. REMOVAL OF CERTAIN CONDITIONS REGARDING CONVEYANCE OF FORMER ARMY-NAVY GENERAL HOSPITAL, HOT SPRINGS NATIONAL PARK, HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS, TO THE STATE OF ARKANSAS.

(a) CONDITIONS ON REVERSION OF PROPERTY.—

(1) ELIMINATION OF REVERSION.—Notwithstanding section 3 of the Act of September 21, 1959 (Public Law 86-323), the Secretary of the Army shall, subject to subsection (b), extinguish by quitclaim deed any reversionary interest retained by the United States in the Covered Property if—

(A) not later than three years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Governor of the State of Arkansas submits to the Secretary of the Army a written request to extinguish any reversionary or other future interest held by the United States in the Covered Property pursuant to section 3 of the Act of September 21, 1959 (Public Law 86-323); and

(B) the Secretary of the Army, in consultation with the Administrator of the General Services Administration and the Secretary of the Interior, concurs in writing with that request.

(2) REVERSION.—If the Governor of the State of Arkansas does not submit the written request described in paragraph (1)(A) before the end of the period specified in that paragraph, any and all right, title, and interest held by the State of Arkansas in the Covered Property as evidenced by the Deed of Conveyance shall revert to the United States in accordance

with section 3 of the Act of September 21, 1959 (Public Law 86-323). Any reversion to the United States will be documented in a quit claim deed and recorded.

(3) REMOVAL OF USE CONDITIONS.—Section 3(a) of the Act of September 21, 1959 (Public Law 86-323) is amended by striking “as a vocational rehabilitation center or for other public health or educational purposes” and inserting “in a manner compatible with the purposes of Hot Springs National Park, as jointly determined by the Secretary of the Interior and the Governor of the State of Arkansas”.

(4) AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT CONVEYANCE.—The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to accept a conveyance, at no cost to the Department of the Interior, of the Covered Property from the State of Arkansas to the United States of America, and take custody and control thereof, for restoration to the Hot Springs National Park.

(b) LIMITATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Army may not—

(A) convey or extinguish under this section any interest reserved to the United States pursuant to section 2 of the Act of September 21, 1959 (Public Law 86-323) in—

(i) mineral rights, including gas and oil, together with necessary rights of ingress, egress, and surface use;

(ii) thermal and hot waters, together with necessary rights of ingress, egress, and surface use; or

(iii) the location, installation, and relocation of utility facilities; or

(B) modify the conditions set forth in paragraphs 2, 3, and 4 of the Deed of Conveyance.

(2) CONDITIONS OF EXTINGUISHMENT.—If the Secretary of the Army extinguishes the reversionary interest in the Covered Property as provided in subsection (a)(1), as a condition of the extinguishment, the Secretary shall include a reservation requiring—

(A) that the State of Arkansas offer to convey the Covered Property to the Secretary of the Interior, without consideration, in accordance with subsection (a)(4), prior to the State conveying the property to any other entity; and

(B) that any new use or development of the Covered Property be compatible with the purposes of Hot Springs National Park, as jointly determined by the Secretary of the Interior and the Governor of the State of Arkansas.

(3) ADMINISTRATIVE JURISDICTION.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—If title to the Covered Property reverts to the United States as provided in subsection (a)(2), the Secretary of the Army shall transfer administrative jurisdiction over the Covered Property, without consideration, to the Secretary of the Interior, and the property shall be included in, and administered as part of Hot Springs National Park.

(B) MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.—

(i) ALLOCATION OF COSTS.—As a condition of the transfer of administrative jurisdiction under subpara-

graph (A), the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Interior shall enter into a memorandum of understanding to determine an allocation of the costs of carrying out all responsibilities of the United States with respect to the Covered Property, including any costs of any response action with respect to any contamination present on the Covered Property.

(ii) TRANSFER.—If, after one year following the reversion of the Covered Property to the United States as provided in subsection (a)(2), the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Interior have not entered into a memorandum of understanding to permit the transfer of administrative jurisdiction over the Covered Property under subparagraph (A), the Secretary of the Army may transfer administrative jurisdiction under subparagraph (A).

(C) APPLICATION OF CERCLA.—Nothing in this paragraph may be construed to affect or limit the application of or obligation to comply with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.) and the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.).

(D) REPORT.—Not later than six months after the Covered Property reverts to the United States as provided in subsection (a)(2), the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Interior shall each submit a report to the Committees on Natural Resources and Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Energy and Natural Resources and Armed Services of the United States Senate on the status of entering into a memorandum of understanding under paragraph (3)(B).

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “Covered Property” means the real property conveyed by quitclaim deed dated March 10, 1960, between the United States of America and the State of Arkansas recorded in the land records of the County of Garland, State of Arkansas, at Book 480, Page 77.

(2) The term “Deed of Conveyance” means the quitclaim deed dated March 10, 1960, between the United States of America and the State of Arkansas recorded in the land records of the County of Garland, State of Arkansas, at Book 480, Page 77, used to convey the Covered Property.

SEC. 2859. LAND CONVEYANCE AND AUTHORIZATION FOR INTERIM LEASE, DEFENSE FUEL SUPPORT POINT SAN PEDRO, LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

(a) CONVEYANCE AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of the Navy (in this section referred to as the “Secretary”), may convey to the city of Los Angeles or the city of Lomita, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to parcels of real property, including any improvements therein and thereon, known as the ballfields and the firing range at Naval Weapons Station Seal Beach, Defense Fuel Support Point, San Pedro, California, as further described in subsection (b), for the purposes of permitting the city of Los Angeles or the city of Lomita (as appropriate) to use such con-

veyed parcel of real property for park and recreational activities or law enforcement affiliated purposes. A conveyance under this subsection is subject to valid existing rights.

(b) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.—The parcels of real property that may be conveyed under subsection (a) consists of the following:

(1) The City of Lomita Ballfield Parcel consisting of approximately 5.7 acres.

(2) The City of Los Angeles Ballfield Parcels consisting of approximately 15.3 acres.

(3) The firing range located at 2981 North Gaffey Street, San Pedro, California, consisting of approximately 3.2 acres.

(c) INTERIM LEASE.—Until such time as any parcel of real property described in subsection (b) is conveyed to the city of Los Angeles or the city of Lomita (as appropriate), the Secretary of the Navy may lease such parcel or a portion of such parcel to either the city of Los Angeles or the city of Lomita (as appropriate) at no cost for a term up to three years. If fee conveyance described in subsection (a) is not completed within the period of the lease term with respect to such parcel, the Secretary shall have no further obligation to make any part of such parcel available for use by the city of Los Angeles or the city of Lomita (as appropriate).

(d) CONSIDERATION.—

(1) CONSIDERATION REQUIRED.—As consideration for a conveyance under subsection (a), the city of Los Angeles or the city of Lomita (as appropriate) shall pay to the Secretary of the Navy an amount equal to the fair market value of the property conveyed, as determined by the Secretary, which may consist of cash payment, in-kind consideration as described under paragraph (2), or a combination thereof.

(2) IN-KIND CONSIDERATION.—In-kind consideration provided by the city of Los Angeles or the city of Lomita (as appropriate) under this subsection may include—

(A) the acquisition, construction, provision, improvement, maintenance, repair, or restoration (including environmental restoration), or combination thereof, of any property, facilities, or infrastructure with proximity to Naval Weapons Station Seal Beach, that the Secretary considers acceptable; or

(B) the delivery of services relating to the needs of Naval Weapons Station Seal Beach that the Secretary considers acceptable.

(3) TREATMENT OF AMOUNTS RECEIVED FOR CONVEYANCE.—Cash payments received under paragraph (1) as reimbursement for costs incurred by the Secretary to carry out a conveyance under subsection (a) shall be credited to the fund or account used to cover the costs incurred by the Secretary in carrying out the conveyance or to an appropriate fund or account currently available to the Secretary for the purposes for which the costs were paid. Amounts so credited shall be merged with amounts in such fund or account and shall be available for the same purposes, and to the same conditions and limitations, as amounts in such fund or account.

(4) PAYMENT OF COSTS OF CONVEYANCE.—The Secretary shall require the city of Los Angeles or the city of Lomita (as appro-

appropriate) to cover costs (except costs for environmental remediation of the property) to be incurred by the Secretary, or to reimburse the Secretary for such costs incurred by the Secretary, to carry out a conveyance under subsection (a), including costs for environmental and real estate due diligence and any other administrative costs related to the conveyance and lease execution.

(5) REFUND OF EXCESS AMOUNTS.—If amounts are collected from the city of Los Angeles or the city of Lomita under paragraph (4) in advance of the Secretary incurring the actual costs, and the amount collected exceeds the costs actually incurred by the Secretary to carry out a conveyance under subsection (a), the Secretary shall refund the excess amount to the city of Los Angeles or the city of Lomita (as appropriate).

(e) VALUATION.—The values of the property interests to be conveyed by the Secretary described in subsection (a) shall be determined by an independent appraiser selected by the Secretary and in accordance with the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice.

(f) CONDITION OF CONVEYANCE.—A conveyance under subsection (a) shall be subject to all existing easements, restrictions, and covenants of record and conditioned upon the following:

(1) The parcels of real property described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b) shall be used solely for park and recreational activities, which may include ancillary uses such as vending and restrooms.

(2) The parcel of real property described in subsection (b)(3) shall be used solely for law enforcement affiliated purposes.

(3) The city of Los Angeles or the city of Lomita (as appropriate) may not use Federal funds to cover any portion of the amounts required by subsection (d) to be paid.

(g) EXCLUSION OF REQUIREMENTS FOR PRIOR SCREENING.—Section 2696(b) of title 10, United States Code, and the requirements under title V of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (Public Law 101-645; 41 U.S.C. 11411) relating to prior screenings shall not apply to a conveyance under subsection (a) or the grant of interim lease authorized under subsection (c).

(h) REVERSIONARY INTEREST.—If the Secretary determines at any time that a parcel of real property conveyed under subsection (a) is not being used in accordance with the purpose of the conveyance specified in this section, all right, title, and interest in and to the land, including the improvements thereto, shall, at the option of the Secretary, revert to and become the property of the United States, and the United States shall have the right of immediate entry onto such real property. A determination by the Secretary under this subsection shall be made on the record after an opportunity for a hearing.

(i) CONVEYANCE AGREEMENT.—A conveyance of land under subsection (a) shall be accomplished using a quitclaim deed or other legal instrument and upon terms and conditions mutually satisfactory to the Secretary and the city of Los Angeles or the city of Lomita (as appropriate), including such additional terms and conditions as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2860. LAND CONVEYANCE, FORT BLISS, EL PASO, TEXAS.**(a) CONVEYANCE AUTHORIZED.—**

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Army (in this section referred to as the “Secretary”) may convey to El Paso Water of the Public Service Board in El Paso, Texas (in this section referred to as “El Paso Water”), all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of real property, including any improvements thereon, consisting of approximately 45.3 acres, known as the Kay Bailey Hutchison Desalination Plant, and an adjoining parcel of approximately 20 acres, located at Fort Bliss, Texas, for the purposes of stormwater flood control for Fort Bliss and the neighboring area.

(2) **CONTINUATION OF EXISTING EASEMENTS, RESTRICTIONS, AND COVENANTS.**—The conveyance of the property under paragraph (1) shall be subject to any existing easement, restriction, and covenant, including the easement numbered DACA63–2–09–0524 and titled “Easement for desalination plant, water pipeline and related support structures in support of a water supply agreement” (in this section referred to as the “existing easement”).

(b) PAYMENT OF FAIR MARKET VALUE.—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—As consideration for the conveyance under subsection (a), El Paso Water shall pay to the Secretary an amount equal to the fair market value of the property to be conveyed as determined by the Secretary, which may consist of cash payment, in-kind consideration as described in paragraph (2), or a combination thereof.

(2) **IN-KIND CONSIDERATION.**—In-kind consideration provided by El Paso Water under paragraph (1) may include one or more of the following:

(A) Discounted or stabilized water commodity rates in accordance with the terms and conditions of any water service or supply agreement in place on the date of the enactment of this Act and referenced in the existing easement.

(B) The delivery of services relating to the needs of Fort Bliss that the Secretary considers acceptable.

(c) REVERSIONARY INTEREST.—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—If the Secretary determines that the property conveyed under subsection (a) is not being used in accordance with the purpose of the conveyance specified in such subsection, all right, title, and interest in and to the property, including any improvements thereto, may, at the option of the Secretary, revert to and become the property of the United States, and the United States may have the right of immediate entry onto such property.

(2) **OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING.**—A determination by the Secretary under paragraph (1) may be made on the record after an opportunity for a hearing.

(d) PAYMENT OF COSTS OF CONVEYANCE.—

(1) **PAYMENT REQUIRED.**—The Secretary may require El Paso Water to cover all costs (except costs for environmental remediation of the property) to be incurred by the Secretary, or to reimburse the Secretary for such costs incurred by the Secretary,

to carry out the conveyance under subsection (a), including costs for appraisals, environmental and real estate due diligence, and any other administrative costs related to the conveyance.

(2) REFUND OF EXCESS AMOUNTS.—If amounts are collected from El Paso Water under paragraph (1) in advance of the Secretary incurring the actual costs, and the amount collected exceeds the costs actually incurred by the Secretary to carry out the conveyance under subsection (a), the Secretary shall refund the excess amount to El Paso Water.

(e) LIMITATION ON SOURCE OF FUNDS.—El Paso Water may not use Federal funds to cover any portion of the costs required to be paid by El Paso Water under this section.

(f) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.—The exact acreage and legal description of the property to be conveyed under subsection (a) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary.

(g) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Secretary may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with the conveyance under subsection (a) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

SEC. 2861. CLEANUP AND TRANSFER OF CERTAIN PROPERTY AT FORMER ARMY INSTALLATION TO EAST BAY REGIONAL PARK DISTRICT.

The Secretary of the Army, with respect to the approximately 15-acre upland portion of property at the shoreline of the former installation of the Army in Oakland, California, shall—

(1) in coordination with the California Department of Toxic Substances Control and the appropriate California Regional Water Quality Control Board—

(A) endeavor to complete a remedial investigation and feasibility study in compliance with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.) as soon as practicable; and

(B) not later than one year after the completion of such remedial investigation and feasibility study, submit to the relevant State and Federal regulatory agencies a draft decision document relating to such remedial investigation and feasibility study for review; and

(2) complete the final property transfer of that portion of the property to the East Bay Regional Park District as soon as all Federal and State environmental standards have been met.

SEC. 2862. COORDINATION OF REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE OF KOLEKOLE PASS, HAWAII.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Navy shall jointly coordinate the repair and maintenance, including any planning for such repair and maintenance, of the Kolekole Pass, which originates at Schofield Barracks of the Department of the Army in Oahu, Hawaii, and ends in Waianae, Hawaii.

(b) INVESTIGATION.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Navy shall coordinate with representatives of government entities of the State of Hawaii to investigate the scope of work and budget requirements to structurally reinforce and repair the Kolekole Pass so it may be used for

emergency egress and ingress by individuals in the event of an emergency.

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Navy shall jointly submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the investigation conducted under paragraph (1).

Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 2871. CONSIDERATION OF INSTALLATION INFRASTRUCTURE AND OTHER SUPPORTING RESOURCES BY DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TEST RESOURCE MANAGEMENT CENTER.

(a) CONSIDERATION OF INSTALLATION INFRASTRUCTURE AND OTHER SUPPORTING RESOURCES.—Section 4173(c)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(F) To the extent practicable, to consult with the Secretary of the Army on installation infrastructure, workforce requirements, information technology, and other resources that support the activities of the Major Range and Test Facility Base.”.

(b) TREATMENT OF INFRASTRUCTURE ON KWAJALEIN ATOLL.—Section 4173 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (i) as subsection (j); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (h) the following new subsection:

“(i) INFRASTRUCTURE ON KWAJALEIN ATOLL.—Beginning on the date of the enactment of this subsection and ending on October 1, 2030, for purposes of this section, any infrastructure located on Kwajalein Atoll that supports the operations of test and evaluation facilities of the Department of Defense shall be considered to be part of the Army Kwajalein Major Range and Test Facility Base and subject to the requirements of subsections (e) and (f).”.

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) TITLE 10.—Section 130i(j)(3)(C)(ix) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking “sections 4173(i)” and inserting “section 4173”.

(2) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2010.—Section 220(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 10 U.S.C. 221 note) is amended by striking “sections 4173(i)” and inserting “section 4173”.

(3) JAMES M. INHOFE NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023.—Section 236(g) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note) is amended by striking “section 4173(i)” and inserting “section 4173”.

SEC. 2872. DEVELOPMENT AND OPERATION OF THE NAVAL INNOVATION CENTER AT THE NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL.

Chapter 855 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 8551. Development and operation of the Naval Innovation Center at the Naval Postgraduate School

“(a) **AUTHORITY TO SUPPORT THE NAVAL INNOVATION CENTER.**—

(1) The Secretary of the Navy may enter into a contract or other agreement with one or more eligible nonprofit organizations for the design, construction, and maintenance of a multipurpose facility—

“(A) to be known as the ‘Naval Innovation Center’ (in this section referred to as the ‘NIC’); and

“(B) to be located at the United States Naval Postgraduate School.

“(2) The NIC shall be used—

“(A) to convene interested persons to develop and accelerate the adoption of new and innovative technologies and practices for the benefit of the Department of Defense; and

“(B) to support such education, training, research, and associated activities, as determined by the Secretary, in support of the Naval Postgraduate School and the Department of Defense.

“(b) **FUNDS.**—Under the contract or other agreement described in subsection (a), the Secretary may—

“(1) accept funds from a partner organization for any phase of development of the NIC; and

“(2) accept funds, personal property, or services from a covered entity that is not a partner organization for maintenance of the NIC.

“(c) **AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT GIFTS.**—(1) The Secretary of the Navy may accept, hold, administer, and spend any gift, device, or bequest of real property, personal property, services, or money on the condition that the gift, device, or bequest be used for the benefit, or in connection with, the establishment, operation, or maintenance of the NIC. Section 2601 of this title (other than subsections (b), (c), and (e) of such section) shall apply to gifts accepted under this subsection.

“(2) The Secretary may display at the NIC recognition for an individual or entity that contributes money to a partner organization or for a corporate partner that contributes money directly to the Navy for the benefit of the NIC, whether or not the contribution is subject to the condition that the recognition be provided. The Secretary shall prescribe regulations governing the circumstances under which contributor recognition may be provided, appropriate forms of recognition, and suitable display standards.

“(3) The Secretary may authorize the sale of donated property received under paragraph (1). A sale under this paragraph need not be conducted in accordance with disposal requirements that would otherwise apply, so long as the sale is conducted at arms-length and includes an auditable transaction record.

“(4) Any money received under paragraph (1) and any proceeds from the sale of property under paragraph (3) shall be deposited into a fund established in the Treasury to support the NIC.

“(d) **ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.**—The Secretary of the Navy may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with a contract or other agreement described in subsection (a) as the Secretary considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

“(e) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘covered entity’ means—

“(A) an entity incorporated or operating under the laws of any State; or

“(B) a nonprofit organization.

“(2) The term ‘eligible nonprofit organization’ means an organization that—

“(A) is described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and that is exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of such Code; and

“(B) has as its primary purpose the support and operation of the Naval Postgraduate School.

“(3) The term ‘partner organization’ means an eligible nonprofit organization with which the Secretary of the Navy enters into a contract or other agreement under subsection (a).”.

SEC. 2873. EXTENSION OF DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY PILOT PROGRAM FOR DEVELOPMENT AND USE OF ONLINE REAL ESTATE INVENTORY TOOL.

Section 2866(h) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (division B of Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 7771 note prec.) is amended by striking “September 30, 2025” and inserting “September 30, 2026”.

SEC. 2874. NOTIFICATION TO MEMBERS OF CONGRESS FOR AWARDS OF CONTRACTS FOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

(a) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.—Not later than 30 days after the date of award of a contract for a military construction project, the Secretary of the military department with jurisdiction over such project shall notify the following Members of Congress:

(1) Any Member representing the State in which such contract will be performed.

(2) Any Member representing the State in which the contractor awarded such contract is a constituent of such Member.

(b) ELEMENTS.—A notification under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) The proposed value of the contract.

(2) The contractor awarded the contract.

(3) A brief description of the project that is the subject of the contract, including the location in which the contract will be performed.

SEC. 2875. AUTHORIZATION OF ASSISTANCE TO EXPEDITE CERTAIN MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS LOCATED IN GUAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—To expedite military construction projects in Guam intended to improve the defense of Guam and the Indo-Pacific region, each Secretary of a military department may provide grants, enter into cooperative agreements, and supplement other Federal funds to regulatory agencies located in Guam that such Secretary determines appropriate, including—

(1) the Guam Environmental Protection Agency; and

(2) the United States Fish and Wildlife Service.

(b) ELEMENTS.—Each grant, cooperative agreement, or agreement to supplement other Federal funds described under subsection (a) may include—

(1) the provision of Department of Defense technical assistance to a regulatory agency responsible for the timely comple-

tion of a military construction project described in this section; and

(2) the use of Department of Defense personnel to perform activities relating to such military construction project for which the regulatory agency is responsible.

(c) **MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECT DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “military construction project” has the meaning given such term in section 2801 of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 2876. REPORT ON MUNITIONS AND EXPLOSIVES OF CONCERN AND CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS IN JOINT REGION MARIANAS.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for three years, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report that includes the following:

(1) A description of any policy or requirement of the Department of Defense related to munitions and explosives of concern in Joint Region Marianas.

(2) A description of the cost, schedule, and safety mitigation efforts related to any military construction project in Joint Region Marianas.

(3) Identification of each organization that holds waiver authority for any requirement related to munitions and explosives of concern in Joint Region Marianas.

(4) Information on the effectiveness of policy or guidance related to munitions of concern intended to expedite the military construction process in Joint Region Marianas.

SEC. 2877. REVIEW OF ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into a contract with a federally funded research and development center, or a team consisting of a federally funded research and development center with a private management consulting group, not sponsored by the Department of the Army or the Department of the Navy, to review the roles and responsibilities for executing construction projects for the Department of Defense, including military construction projects and facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization projects.

(b) **REPORT.**—Not later than February 1, 2026, the federally funded research and development center shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on such review.

(c) **ELEMENTS.**—The report required under subsection (b) shall include the following:

(1) An assessment of the design and construction delivery processes of the Army Corps of Engineers and the Naval Facilities Engineering Systems Command, which shall—

(A) include the composition of the design delivery and construction delivery team for each entity; and

(B) identify whether specialized engineering or technical authority is required for a defense construction agent to

recapitalize the public shipyards or specialized weapon systems, including a ground based strategic deterrent.

(2) An identification of the total number of members of the Armed Forces, civilian employees of the Federal Government, and contractors by specialty (such as job series or military occupation code) involved in executing construction projects for the Army Corps of Engineers and the Naval Facilities Engineering Systems Command, which shall—

(A) include individuals involved in the planing, design, award, and oversight of military construction projects and facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization projects for major repairs; and

(B) exclude all individuals serving in civil works positions unless those individuals directly support programs of the Department of Defense.

(3) An assessment of—

(A) whether the number of members of the Armed Forces, civilian employees of the Federal Government, and contractors identified pursuant to paragraph (2) is adequate to support the functions and requirements of the respective entities that employ members, employees, and contractors; and

(B) whether additional members of the Armed Forces, civilian employees of the Federal Government, and contractors would be needed to support such functions and requirements;

(C) whether the current workforce of such entities has the skills and expertise to execute the recommendations of such report, if applicable.

(4) If applicable, a discussion of the skills and expertise required to execute the recommendations included in such report that such current workforce lacks as of the date of the submission of such report.

(5) An assessment of the internal controls of the Army Corps of Engineers and the Naval Facilities Engineering Systems Command used to ensure funds associated with military construction projects and facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization projects, including overhead, supervision, and administration, are properly charged to the correct appropriation account (whether for military construction or defense) at all levels of each entity, which shall include an assessment of—

(A) an assessment of the similarities and differences with respect to the financial processes;

(B) an assessment of supervision and construction schedules; and

(C) the advantages and disadvantages to internal controls and cost and schedule adherence if a single construction agent for military construction were created.

(6) An assessment of the real estate functions performed by the Army Corps of Engineers and the Naval Facilities Engineering Systems Command, which shall include—

(A) an assessment of the similarities and differences between delivery methodologies and authorities;

- (B) an assessment of the costs and funding sources of providing real estate services; and
 - (C) an identification of the advantages and disadvantages to real estate services if a single construction agent for military construction were created.
- (7) An assessment of the global geographic regions that the Army Corps of Engineers, the Naval Facilities Engineering Systems Command, and any other construction agent of the Department of Defense cover, which shall include—
- (A) the geographic roles those entities support with respect to host-nation funded construction, non-military construction, and infrastructure support in connection with foreign military sales; and
 - (B) a recommendation for an optimal geographic regional layout if a single construction agent for military construction were created.
- (8) An assessment of the construction performance measures of the Army Corps of Engineers and the Naval Facilities Systems Command, which shall include—
- (A) an assessment of industry engagement and best practices;
 - (B) an assessment of decision-making authorities, processes, and timelines;
 - (C) an assessment of fund sources and their uses;
 - (D) an assessment of military construction performance of the Army Corps of Engineers and the Naval Facilities Systems Command, in comparison with global construction trends during fiscal years 2019 through 2024;
 - (E) an identification of business systems and processes that can be implemented jointly by the Army Corps of Engineers and the Naval Facilities Systems Command to improve military construction performance; and
 - (F) the advantages and disadvantages to construction performance if a single construction agent for military construction were created.
- (9) An assessment of the infrastructure requirement generation process and the cost estimation procedures used by the Army Corps of Engineers and Naval Facilities System Command and the efficacy of such procedures for providing an accurate cost estimate at the time such estimate is included in the submission to Congress of the budget of the President pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, for each fiscal year, which shall include an assessment of—
- (A) guidance provided to the proponent for the project on how to define infrastructure requirements;
 - (B) guidance provided to the proponent for the project with respect to best practices for accurate cost estimation;
 - (C) the process by which the applicable construction agent—
 - (i) assesses the validity of a cost estimate; and
 - (ii) communicates concerns about the validity of such cost estimate to maximize the accuracy of such cost estimate before such cost estimate is included in such budget; and

- (D) the degree to which the Army Corps of Engineers and the Naval Facilities Engineering Systems Command have common definitions and common practices for evaluating the validity of such cost estimates.
- (10) An assessment of the uses of the Army Corps of Engineers to provide capabilities not associated with the designation of such Corps as a Department of Defense design and construction agent, which shall include an assessment of—
- (A) the capabilities and expertise of the Army Corps of Engineers provided to military installations of the Department of the Army; and
 - (B) the extent to which a consolidation of construction agents would affect—
 - (i) the ability of the Army Corps of Engineers to provide such capabilities and expertise; and
 - (ii) other functions and statutory missions of the Army Corps of Engineers.
- (11) An assessment of the use by the Department of the Navy of the Naval Facilities Engineering Systems Command to perform other functions not associated with the designation of such Command as a Department of Defense design and construction agent, which shall include an assessment of—
- (A) the public works functions and services provided by the Naval Facilities Engineering Systems Command to military installations of the Department of the Navy, including the advantages and disadvantages to such functions and services if a single construction agent for military construction were created;
 - (B) all other authorities of and functions provided by Naval Facilities Engineering Systems Command, including the advantages and disadvantages to such functions and services if a single construction agent for military construction were created; and
 - (C) an assessment of the effect of removing certain Naval Facilities Engineering Systems Command functions from the Navy Working Capital Fund system.
- (12) An assessment of the policy, procedures, organizations, and systems used by the Department of the Army and the Department of the Air Force for the design and construction of facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization projects, including an assessment of any modifications required if a single construction agent for military construction were to be created.
- (13) An assessment of the data and software systems used by the Army Corps of Engineers, the Naval Facilities Engineering Systems Command, and any other entity of the Department of Defense for tracking the execution of planning, design, and construction of military construction projects and asset management of the completed project, including—
- (A) an assessment of interoperability between such data and software systems and similar systems used by other entities of the Department of Defense;

(B) an assessment of the differences, weaknesses, currency, and transparency of data provided to the sponsors of such projects within the Department of Defense; and

(C) the advantages, disadvantages, and benefits of consolidating or standardizing such systems if a single construction agent for military construction were created.

(14) Documentation of the current organizational alignment of authorities from title 10, United States Code, with the Office of the Secretary of Defense and the military departments and the alignment of those authorities with the construction authorities within the Army Corps of Engineers and the Naval Facilities Engineering Systems Command, including authorities relating to acquisition, technical authority, finances, and real estate.

(15) An identification of the potential cost savings and performance improvements to the Department of the Army and the Department of the Navy if a single construction agent for military construction were created.

(16) An identification of existing efficiencies and operational benefits that the Department of the Army and the Department of the Navy gain from the designation of the Army Corps of Engineers and the Naval Facilities Engineering Systems Command as Department of Defense design and construction agents.

(17) An identification of not less than two alternatives for how the authorities and organizations relating to construction for the Department of Defense could align if a single construction agent were to align under one principal staff assistant to the Secretary of Defense as a defense agency or field activity of the Department of Defense.

(18) An assessment of the costs of the Army Corps of Engineers and the Naval Facilities Engineering Systems Command carrying out the functions of such entities, including any redundant costs, the potential efficiencies of consolidation into a single construction agent, an estimate for the number of required personnel, and required specialties.

(d) BRIEFINGS REQUIRED.—

(1) INITIAL BRIEFING.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary of Defense enters into a contract pursuant to subsection (a), the federally funded research and development center shall provide to Congress a briefing on the review required under such contract. Such briefing shall include an estimated timeline for the completion of such review.

(2) QUARTERLY BRIEFINGS.—On a quarterly basis after the date on which the federally funded research and development center provides the briefing under paragraph (1), the federally funded research and development center shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the progress of such review.

SEC. 2878. ASSESSMENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS ON INSTALLATIONS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—

(1) UPDATE OF ASSESSMENT ON SCHOOL CAPACITY AND CONDITION.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment

of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees an updated assessment of the capacity and facility condition deficiencies of elementary and secondary public schools on military installations conducted by the Secretary in July 2011 under section 8109 of the Department of Defense and Full-Year Continuing Appropriations Act, 2011 (Public Law 112–10; 125 Stat. 82), as updated by the Secretary in July 2017 under section 2814 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 130 Stat. 2717).

(2) CONSIDERATION OF FACTORS.—In conducting the updated assessment required under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall take into consideration factors including—

(A) schools that have had changes in their condition or capacity since the updated assessment in July 2017; and

(B) the capacity and facility condition deficiencies of schools omitted from the updated assessment in July 2017.

(3) ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.—The Secretary shall include in the updated assessment required under paragraph (1) a report on the status of the funds already appropriated, and a schedule for the completion of projects already approved, under the programs funded under section 8127 of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018 (Public Law 115–141; 132 Stat. 492), section 8128 of the Department of Defense and Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education Appropriations Act, 2019 and Continuing Appropriations Act, 2019 (Public Law 115–245; 123 Stat. 3029), section 8121 of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2020 (Public Law 116–93; 133 Stat. 2365), section 8118 of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260; 134 Stat. 1332), and section 8109 of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022 (Public Law 117–103; 136 Stat. 201).

(b) UPDATING PROHIBITION ON USE OF CERTAIN ASSESSMENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS ON DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE INSTALLATIONS TO SUPERSEDE FUNDING OF CERTAIN PROJECTS.—Paragraph (3) of section 2814(a) of the of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114– 328; 130 Stat. 2717), as added by section 2818(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115– 91; 131 Stat. 1852) and amended by section 2824(a) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 2269), is further amended by striking “38 projects” and inserting “71 projects”.

(c) COMPTROLLER GENERAL EVALUATION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the submission of the updated assessment under subsection (a)(1), the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the congressional defense committees an evaluation of issues relating to the Public Schools on Military Installations program of the Office of Local Defense Community Cooperation of the Department of Defense, including—

(1) program operations and oversight;

(2) use of funding;

(3) criteria for selecting and prioritizing schools;

(4) any interaction between such program and the Impact Aid program of the Department of Education; and

(5) the extent to which such program is achieving the goals of such program.

SEC. 2879. UPDATES TO POLICIES AND GUIDANCE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY FOR THE REPLACEMENT OF CERTAIN DRY DOCKS AND OTHER PROJECTS.

(a) **POLICY AND GUIDANCE UPDATE.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of the Navy shall update relevant internal policy and guidance of the Department of the Navy with respect to the projects described in paragraph (2) to require the head of the Program Management Office of the Department to—

(A) update the relevant methodologies used to conduct cost sensitivity, risk, and uncertainty analyses throughout the project design process;

(B) document the use of different methods to validate high-value cost elements for projects under the Shipyard Infrastructure Optimization Program; and

(C) adhere to best practices for the development of construction schedules.

(2) **PROJECTS DESCRIBED.**—The projects described in this paragraph are—

(A) the replacement of dry dock 1 at Portsmouth Naval Shipyard;

(B) the replacement of dry dock 3 at Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard; and

(C) any other project of the Navy under the Shipyard Infrastructure Optimization Program.

(b) **PLANNING.**—The Secretary shall implement measures to ensure more extensive planning on military construction projects under the Shipyard Infrastructure Optimization Program for which the Secretary has obligated more than \$500,000,000 to more accurately identify operational mission need dates.

(c) **BRIEFINGS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this section, and quarterly thereafter until each project is completed, the Secretary shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the status of the construction projects for the replacement by the Navy of—

(A) dry dock 1 at Portsmouth Naval Shipyard; and

(B) dry dock 3 at Pearl Harbor Naval Shipyard.

(2) **ELEMENTS.**—Each briefing required under paragraph (1) shall include, at a minimum, the following:

(A) A summary of the steps the Secretary is taking to ensure the costs of the projects specified in such paragraph do not increase.

(B) An assessment by the Secretary as of the date of the briefing of the likelihood of future cost overruns for each such project.

(C) Any other details the Secretary determines relevant to support the oversight by Congress of each such project and other projects under the Shipyard Infrastructure Optimization Program.

SEC. 2880. DESIGNATION OF OFFICIALS RESPONSIBLE FOR COORDINATION OF INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS TO SUPPORT ADDITIONAL MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND THEIR FAMILIES IN THE INDO-PACIFIC REGION.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall designate two officials employed by the Department of Defense or a military department as of the date of the enactment of this Act as follows:

(1) One official shall be responsible for coordination of infrastructure projects to support additional members of the Armed Forces and their families in Hawaii.

(2) One official shall be responsible for coordination of infrastructure projects to support additional members of the Armed Forces and their families in Guam and the Northern Mariana Islands.

(b) **DUTIES.**—Each official described in subsection (a) shall, in coordination with appropriate officials from the military departments and the United States Indo-Pacific Command—

(1) coordinate Department of Defense-wide efforts relating to the infrastructure needs associated with the significant addition of members of the Armed Forces and their families to the region for which such official is the designated official pursuant to subsection (a) during the 10-year period following the date of the enactment of this Act;

(2) analyze the expected impact on State and local government services of—

(A) military infrastructure projects in the designated region of such official; and

(B) the significant addition of members of the Armed Forces and their families as described in paragraph (1); and

(3) ensure clear and consistent communication to State and local elected officials and the public in the designated region of such official regarding the infrastructure needs and priorities of the Department of Defense, including conveying any finding or conclusion regarding the expected impact described in paragraph (2)(B).

(c) **SELECTION.**—

(1) **HAWAII.**—For the designation under paragraph (1) subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense may appoint an individual with significant background and expertise in—

(A) the legal and technical aspects of city planning, State and local government services, and military infrastructure; and

(B) liaising with State and local elected officials and the public.

(2) **GUAM AND THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS.**—For the designation under paragraph (2) of subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall appoint the Under Secretary of the Navy.

(d) **NOTIFICATION.**—For the designations under paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) of subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall, not later than 30 days after the date of the designation, submit to the congressional defense committees and the Governor of Hawaii or the Governors of Guam and the Northern Mariana Islands, respec-

tively, a notification that includes the name and contact information of the individual so designated.

SEC. 2881. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS UNTIL SUBMISSION OF INTERIM GUIDANCE FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE-WIDE STANDARDS FOR ACCESS TO MILITARY INSTALLATIONS.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the Office of the Secretary of Defense for travel, not more than 95 percent may be obligated or expended until the submission of the interim guidance required by section 2851(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

**DIVISION C—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
NATIONAL SECURITY AUTHORIZATIONS AND OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS**

**TITLE XXXI—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY
NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS**

Subtitle A—National Security Programs and Authorizations

- Sec. 3101. National Nuclear Security Administration.
- Sec. 3102. Defense environmental cleanup.
- Sec. 3103. Other defense activities.
- Sec. 3104. Nuclear energy.

Subtitle B—Program Authorizations, Restrictions, and Limitations

- Sec. 3111. Improvements to National Nuclear Security Administration management and processes.
- Sec. 3112. Prohibition on admittance to national security laboratories and nuclear weapons production facilities.
- Sec. 3113. Authority for National Nuclear Security Administration to use passenger carriers for contractor commuting.
- Sec. 3114. Authorization for modification of B61-13 nuclear weapon.
- Sec. 3115. Limitation on availability of funds pending submission of information on streamlining National Nuclear Security Administration contracting.
- Sec. 3116. Limitation on use of funds for naval nuclear fuel systems based on low-enriched uranium.
- Sec. 3117. Prohibition on availability of funds to reconvert or retire W76–2 warheads.

Subtitle C—Reports and Other Matters

- Sec. 3121. Modification to and termination of certain reporting requirements under Atomic Energy Defense Act.
- Sec. 3122. Modification of reporting requirements relating to cost-benefit analyses for competition of management and operating contracts.
- Sec. 3123. Restoration of a domestic uranium enrichment capability.
- Sec. 3124. Report on activities from U.S.–U.K. Mutual Defense Agreement.
- Sec. 3125. Notification of certain regulations that impact the National Nuclear Security Administration.

Subtitle A—National Security Programs and Authorizations

SEC. 3101. NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION.

(a) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 2025 for the activities of the National Nuclear Security Administration in carrying out programs as specified in the funding table in section 4701.

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF NEW PLANT PROJECTS.**—From funds referred to in subsection (a) that are available for carrying out plant projects, the Secretary of Energy may carry out new plant projects for the National Nuclear Security Administration as follows:

(1) Project 25–D–511, PULSE New Access, Nevada National Security Site, Mercury, Nevada, \$25,000,000.

(2) Project 25–D–510, Plutonium Mission Safety and Quality Building, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico, \$48,500,000.

(3) Project 25–D–530, Naval Examination Acquisition Project, Naval Reactors Facility, Idaho Falls, Idaho: \$45,000,000.

SEC. 3102. DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 2025 for defense environmental cleanup activities in carrying out programs as specified in the funding table in section 4701.

SEC. 3103. OTHER DEFENSE ACTIVITIES.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 2025 for other defense activities in carrying out programs as specified in the funding table in section 4701.

SEC. 3104. NUCLEAR ENERGY.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 2025 for nuclear energy as specified in the funding table in section 4701.

Subtitle B—Program Authorizations, Restrictions, and Limitations

SEC. 3111. IMPROVEMENTS TO NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION MANAGEMENT AND PROCESSES.

(a) **MODIFICATIONS TO NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION ACT.**—The National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 3211—

(A) by striking paragraph (2) of subsection (b) and inserting the following:

“(2) To support the deterrence of strategic attacks against the United States by maintaining and enhancing the performance, reliability, security, and safety of the United States nuclear weapons stockpile, including the ability to design,

produce, and test nuclear weapons as necessary in order to meet national security requirements.”; and

(B) in subsection (c), by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (3) as paragraphs (2) through (4), respectively, and inserting the following new paragraph (1):

“(1) fulfilling, to the maximum extent possible, the requirements for nuclear weapons of the Department of Defense;”;

(2) in section 3213(a)(2), by inserting “infrastructure construction and maintenance,” after “nuclear weapons;”;

(3) by striking subsection (b)(1) of section 3214 and inserting the following:

“(1) Supporting the deterrence of strategic attacks by maintaining and enhancing the performance, reliability, and security of the United States nuclear weapons stockpile, including the ability to design, produce, and test as necessary to meet national security requirements.”; and

(4) in section 3264, by striking “for the use” and inserting “for the cost-reimbursable use”.

(b) MODIFICATIONS TO NONPROLIFERATION AND NATIONAL SECURITY SCHOLARSHIP AND FELLOWSHIP PROGRAMS.—Section 3113 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (50 U.S.C. 2444) is amended—

(1) by striking “Department of Energy” each place it appears and inserting “National Nuclear Security Administration”; and

(2) by striking “of the Department” each place it appears and inserting “of the Administration”.

(c) MODIFICATIONS TO CERTAIN NUCLEAR WEAPONS STOCKPILE MATTERS.—The Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2501 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 4201(b)—

(A) by striking paragraph (5);

(B) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (4) as paragraphs (2) through (5), respectively;

(C) by inserting after the matter preceding paragraph

(2), as so redesignated, the following new paragraph (1):

“(1) An increased level of effort for the construction of new facilities and the modernization of existing facilities with production and manufacturing capabilities that are necessary to support the deterrence of strategic attacks against the United States by maintaining and enhancing the performance, reliability, and security of the United States nuclear weapons stockpile, including—

“(A) the nuclear weapons production facilities; and

“(B) production and manufacturing capabilities resident in the national security laboratories.”.

(D) in paragraph (2), as so redesignated, by striking “An increased level of effort” and inserting “Support”;

(E) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated, by striking “An increased level of effort” and inserting “Support”; and

(F) by amending paragraph (4), as so redesignated, to read as follows:

“(4) Support for the modernization of facilities and projects that contribute to the experimental capabilities of the United States that support the sustainment and modernization of the

United States nuclear weapons stockpile and the capabilities required to assess nuclear weapons effects.”;

(2) in section 4204—

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) in the matter preceding paragraph (1)—

(I) by inserting “, modernization, and replacement, as required,” after “effective management”; and

(II) by striking “, including the extension of the effective life of such weapons”;

(ii) in paragraph (1), by striking “increase the reliability, safety, and security” and inserting “enhance the performance and reliability”;

(iii) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) as paragraphs (4), (5), and (6), respectively;

(iv) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph (3):

“(3) To maintain the safety and security of the nuclear weapons stockpile.”; and

(v) by amending paragraph (4), as so redesignated, to read as follows:

“(4) To optimize the future size of the nuclear weapons stockpile.”; and

(B) in subsection (b)—

(i) in paragraph (1)—

(I) by striking “made to achieve” and inserting “consistent with”; and

(II) by striking “, and” and inserting a semicolon;

(ii) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3);

(iii) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) any changes made to the stockpile consistent with the objectives identified in subsection (a) are carried out in a cost effective manner; and”; and

(iv) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated—

(I) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:

“(A) be well understood and certifiable without the need to resume underground nuclear weapons testing.”;

(II) by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (B) and inserting “, and”; and

(III) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(C) develop future generations of design, certification, and production expertise in the nuclear security enterprise to support the fulfillment of mission requirements of the future stockpile.”;

(3) in section 4209(a)(1), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “phase 1 or phase 6.1” and inserting “phase 2 or phase 6.2”;

(4) in section 4212—

(A) in subsection (a)(1), by striking, “as specified in the most recent Nuclear Posture Review”;

(B) in subsection (b)—

(i) in paragraph (1), by inserting “and high explosives manufacturing” after “weapons assembly”;

(ii) in paragraph (3), by striking “fissile materials components processing and fabrication” and inserting “processing”;

(iii) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (5); and

(iv) by inserting after paragraph (3), the following new paragraph (4):

“(4) The fissile material component processing and fabrication capabilities of the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility and the Los Alamos National Laboratory.”; and

(C) by striking subsection (c);

(5) by striking section 4216 (and conforming the table of contents at the beginning of such Act accordingly);

(6) in section 4405—

(A) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

“(a) ACCELERATED CLEANUP.—The Secretary of Energy shall accelerate the schedule for defense environmental cleanup activities and disposition projects for a site at a Department of Energy defense nuclear facility if the Secretary determines that such an accelerated schedule will accelerate the recapitalization, modernization, or replacement of National Nuclear Security Administration facilities supporting the nuclear weapons stockpile, achieve meaningful, long-term cost savings to the Federal Government, or could substantially accelerate the release of land for local reuse without undermining national security objectives.”; and

(B) in subsection (b)—

(i) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (4) as paragraphs (2) through (5), respectively; and

(ii) by inserting after the matter preceding paragraph (2), as so redesignated, the following new paragraph (1):

“(1) The extent to which accelerated cleanup schedules can contribute to a more rapid modernization of National Nuclear Security Administration facilities.”; and

(7) in section 4713—

(A) in the heading of subsection (a)(1), by inserting “AND NEW NUCLEAR WEAPON PROGRAM” after “EXTENSION”; and

(B) by inserting “or new nuclear weapon program” after “stockpile life extension” each place it appears.

SEC. 3112. PROHIBITION ON ADMITTANCE TO NATIONAL SECURITY LABORATORIES AND NUCLEAR WEAPONS PRODUCTION FACILITIES.

Section 4502 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2652) is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:

“(a) BACKGROUND REVIEW REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Energy and the Administrator may not admit to any facility described in paragraph (3) of subsection (c) other than areas accessible to the general public any individual who is a citizen or agent of a covered foreign nation or a nation on the current sensitive countries list un-

less the Secretary or Administrator first completes a background review with respect to that individual.”;

(2) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (e);

(3) by inserting after subsection (b), the following new subsections:

“(c) PROHIBITION ON ADMITTANCE.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to an individual who is a citizen or agent of a covered foreign nation, the Secretary and the Administrator may not, except as provided in paragraph (2), admit such individual to any areas not accessible to the general public within a facility described in paragraph (3).

“(2) WAIVER.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, may waive the prohibition under paragraph (1) with respect to an individual who is a citizen or agent of a covered foreign nation if, not later than 30 days prior to admitting such individual to a facility described in such paragraph, the Secretary certifies to Congress that—

“(A) the admittance of such individual to the facility is in the national security interests of the United States;

“(B) no classified or restricted data will be revealed to such individual in connection with the admittance of such individual to the facility;

“(C) the Secretary or Administrator has consulted with the heads of other relevant departments or agencies of the United States Government to mitigate risks associated with the admittance of such individual; and

“(D) the background review completed to subsection (a) with respect to such individual did not uncover any previously unreported affiliation with military or intelligence organizations associated with a covered foreign nation.

“(3) FACILITIES DESCRIBED.—A facility described in this paragraph is a facility, or any portion thereof, that directly supports the mission, functions, and operations of the Administration (as described in this Act) and is located on—

“(A) a national security laboratory;

“(B) a nuclear weapons production facility; or

“(C) a site that directly supports the protection, development, sustainment, or disposal of technologies or materials related to the provision of nuclear propulsion for United States naval vessels.

“(4) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The prohibition under paragraph (1) shall take effect on April 15, 2025.

“(d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or otherwise affect the authority of the Secretary or the Administrator to—

“(1) admit to a facility described in paragraph (3) of subsection (c)—

“(A) a citizen or lawful permanent resident of the United States;

“(B) an individual involved in an International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) inspection (as defined in the ‘Agreement between the United States and the IAEA for the Application of Safeguards in the U.S.’); or

- “(C) an individual involved in information exchanges in support of activities of the United States with respect to nonproliferation, counterproliferation, and counterterrorism, in accordance with international treaties or other legally-binding agreements or instruments to which the United States is a party; or
- “(2) admit any individual to a facility, or any portion thereof, that is not directly associated with or directly funded to perform the mission, functions, and operations of the Administration (as described in this Act).”; and
- (4) in subsection (e), as so redesignated—
 - (A) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3) ;
 - and
 - (B) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):
- “(2) The term ‘covered foreign nation’ means—
 - “(A) the People’s Republic of China;
 - “(B) the Russian Federation;
 - “(C) the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea; and
 - “(D) the Islamic Republic of Iran.”.

SEC. 3113. AUTHORITY FOR NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION TO USE PASSENGER CARRIERS FOR CONTRACTOR COMMUTING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle C of title XLVIII of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2811 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“SEC. 4834. AUTHORITY TO USE PASSENGER CARRIERS FOR CONTRACTOR COMMUTING.

“(a) AUTHORITY.—If and to the extent that the Administrator deems it appropriate to further mission activities under section 3211 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401), a passenger carrier may be used to provide transportation services to contractor employees between the covered facility of the contractor employee and a mass transit facility in accordance with any applicable transportation plan adopted by the Administrator pursuant to this section.

“(b) PLAN REQUESTS AND APPROVAL.—(1) The Administrator—

“(A) shall—

“(i) provide Management and Operating contractors at covered facilities the opportunity to, on a voluntary basis, submit, through the cognizant contracting officer of the applicable covered facility, a plan to provide transportation services described in subsection (a) for contractor employees at the covered facility; and

“(ii) review each such plan submitted in accordance with clause (i); and

“(B) may approve each such plan if the requirements described in clauses (i) through (iv) of paragraph (2)(B) are satisfied.

“(2) Each plan submitted pursuant to paragraph (1)(A)—

“(A) may include proposals for parking facilities, road improvements, real property acquisition, passenger carrier services, and commuting cost deferment payments to contractor employees; and

“(B) shall include—

“(i) a description of how the use of passenger carriers will facilitate the mission of the covered facility;

“(ii) a description of how the plan will be economical and advantageous to the Federal Government;

“(iii) a summary of the benefits that will be provided under the plan and how costs will be monitored; and

“(iv) a description of how the plan will alleviate traffic congestion, reduce commuting times, and improve recruitment and retention of contractor employees.

“(3) The Administrator may delegate to the Senior Procurement Executive of the Administration the approval of any plan submitted under this subsection.

“(c) REIMBURSEMENT.—The Administration may reimburse a contractor for the costs of transportation services incurred pursuant to a plan approved under subsection (b) using funds appropriated to the Administration.

“(d) IMPLEMENTATION.—In carrying out a plan approved under subsection (b), the Administrator, to the maximum extent practicable and consistent with sound budget policy, shall—

“(1) require the use alternative fuel vehicles to provide transportation services;

“(2) ensure funds spent for this plan further the mission activities of the Administration under section 3211 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401); and

“(3) ensure that the time during which a contractor employee uses transportation services shall not be included for purposes of calculating the hours of work for such contractor employee.

“(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘contractor employee’ means an employee of a Management and Operating contractor or subcontractor employee at any tier.

“(2) The term ‘covered facility’ means any facility of the Administration that directly supports the mission of the Administration under section 3211 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401).

“(3) The term ‘Management and Operating contractor’ means a management and operating contractor that manages a covered facility.

“(4) The term ‘passenger carrier’ means a passenger motor vehicle, aircraft, boat, ship, train, or other similar means of transportation that is owned, leased, or provided pursuant to contract or subcontract by the Federal Government or through a contractor of the Administration.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents at the beginning of the Atomic Energy Defense Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 4833 the following new item:

“Sec. 4834. Authority to use passenger carriers for contractor commuting.”.

SEC. 3114. AUTHORIZATION FOR MODIFICATION OF B61-13 NUCLEAR WEAPON.

The Secretary of Energy, acting through the Administrator for Nuclear Security, is authorized to carry out such efforts as required to modify or develop the B61-13 nuclear weapon.

SEC. 3115. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS PENDING SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION ON STREAMLINING NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION CONTRACTING.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2025 for Program Direction, NNSA Federal Salaries and Expenses, Headquarters, Travel, not more than 90 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Administrator for Nuclear Security submits the report on streamlining requirements of the National Nuclear Security Administration with respect to contracting, procurement, construction, and material acquisition required by the report of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate accompanying S.2226 of the 118th Congress (Senate Report 118–58).

SEC. 3116. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR NAVAL NUCLEAR FUEL SYSTEMS BASED ON LOW-ENRICHED URANIUM.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the National Nuclear Security Administration may be obligated or expended for the purposes of conducting research and development of an advanced naval nuclear fuel system based on low-enriched uranium until—

(1) the Secretary of Energy and the Secretary of Defense submit to the congressional defense committees a determination as to whether the determination made by the Secretary of Energy and the Secretary of Defense pursuant to section 3118(c)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 129 Stat. 1196) and submitted to the congressional defense committees on March 25, 2018, that the United States should not pursue such research and development, remains valid; and

(2) the Secretary of the Navy submits to the congressional defense committees a determination as to whether an advanced naval nuclear fuel system based on low-enriched uranium that would not reduce vessel capability, increase expense, or reduce operational availability as a result of refueling requirements can be produced.

SEC. 3117. PROHIBITION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS TO RECONVERT OR RETIRE W76–2 WARHEADS.

(a) PROHIBITION.—Except as provided in subsection (b), none of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the National Nuclear Security Administration may be obligated or expended to reconvert or retire a W76–2 warhead.

(b) WAIVER.—The Administrator for Nuclear Security may waive the prohibition under subsection (a) if the Administrator, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, certifies in writing to the congressional defense committees that—

(1) Russia and China do not possess naval capabilities similar to the W76–2 warhead in the active stockpiles of the respective countries; and

(2) the Department of Defense does not have a valid military requirement for the W76–2 warhead.

Subtitle C—Reports and Other Matters

SEC. 3121. MODIFICATION TO AND TERMINATION OF CERTAIN REPORTING REQUIREMENTS UNDER ATOMIC ENERGY DEFENSE ACT.

(a) **PLAN FOR CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF MOX FACILITY.**—Section 4306 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2566(a)(3)) is amended in subsection (a)(3)(A) by striking “for as long as the MOX facility is in use” and inserting “through 2024”.

(b) **PLANNED DISPOSITION PROGRAM.**—Such section is further amended in subsection (e) by striking “If on July 1 each year beginning in 2025 and continuing for as long as the MOX facility is in use, less than 34 metric tons of defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials have been processed by the MOX facility, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a plan for—” and inserting “If less than 34 metric tons of defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials have been processed by the MOX facility by October 1, 2026, the Secretary shall, not later than December 1, 2026, and on a biennial basis thereafter, submit to Congress a plan for—”.

SEC. 3122. MODIFICATION OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO COST-BENEFIT ANALYSES FOR COMPETITION OF MANAGEMENT AND OPERATING CONTRACTS.

Section 4807(e) of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2787(e)) is amended to read as follows:

“(e) **REVIEW OF REPORTS BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES.**—

“(1) **DETERMINATION.**—The Comptroller General of the United States shall determine, in consultation with the congressional defense committees, whether to conduct an initial review, a comprehensive review, or both, of a report required by subsection (b).

“(2) **INITIAL REVIEW.**—The Comptroller General shall provide any initial review of a report required by subsection (b) as a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than 180 days after that report is submitted to the congressional defense committees.

“(3) **COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW.**—

“(A) **SUBMISSION.**—The Comptroller General shall submit any comprehensive review of a report required by subsection (b) to the congressional defense committees not later than 3 years after that report is submitted to the congressional defense committees.

“(B) **ELEMENTS.**—A comprehensive review of a report required by subsection (b) shall include an assessment, based on the most current information available, of the following:

“(i) The actual cost savings achieved compared to cost savings estimated under subsection (c)(1), and any increased costs incurred under the contract that were unexpected or uncertain at the time the contract was awarded.

“(ii) Any disruptions or delays in mission activities or deliverables resulting from the competition for the

contract compared to the disruptions and delays estimated under subsection (c)(4).

“(iii) Whether expected benefits of the competition with respect to mission performance or operations have been achieved.

“(iv) Such other matters as the Comptroller General considers appropriate.”.

SEC. 3123. RESTORATION OF A DOMESTIC URANIUM ENRICHMENT CAPABILITY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy, acting through the Administrator for Nuclear Security, shall conduct an assessment to evaluate at least 2, but not more than 4, geographically disparate possible locations in the United States that would by 2035 be best suited to host a modular, scalable facility for the domestic enrichment of unencumbered uranium, including highly-enriched uranium suitable for defense applications.

(b) **REPORT REQUIRED.**—Not later than 150 days after commencing the assessment required by subsection (a), the Secretary of Energy, acting through the Administrator for Nuclear Security, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report describing the results of such assessment, including—

(1) an initial cost assessment and schedule for the construction of at least one facility beginning not later than January 1, 2027; and

(2) a statement declaring a preferred location or locations from among the locations evaluated pursuant to subsection (a).

SEC. 3124. REPORT ON ACTIVITIES FROM U.S.-U.K. MUTUAL DEFENSE AGREEMENT.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than March 31, 2025, and annually thereafter until March 31, 2030, the Administrator for Nuclear Security shall submit to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the activities taken under the Agreement Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland for Cooperation on the Uses of Atomic Energy for Mutual Defense Purposes, done at Washington July 3, 1958 (commonly known as the “U.S.-U.K. Mutual Defense Agreement”).

(b) **BRIEFING CONTENTS.**—A briefing under subsection (a) shall include for the preceding calendar year—

(1) a brief overview of major lines of effort, including specific activities of note;

(2) a list of any exchange, barter, or sale of nuclear and related materials;

(3) a description of the relationship, if any with AUKUS;

(4) a summary of key scientific exchanges and test events; and

(5) such other information as the Administrator considers necessary.

SEC. 3125. NOTIFICATION OF CERTAIN REGULATIONS THAT IMPACT THE NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—If a director of a national security laboratory of the National Nuclear Security Administration determines that a

Federal regulation could inhibit the ability of the Administrator for Nuclear Security to maintain the safety, security, or effectiveness of the nuclear weapons stockpile without engaging in explosive nuclear testing, such director, not later than 15 days after making such determination, shall submit to Congress a notification of such determination.

(b) FORM.—Each notification required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

TITLE XXXII—DEFENSE NUCLEAR FACILITIES SAFETY BOARD

Sec. 3201. Authorization.

SEC. 3201. AUTHORIZATION.

There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025, \$47,210,000 for the operation of the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board under chapter 21 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2286 et seq.).

TITLE XXXIV—NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES

Sec. 3401. Authorization of appropriations.

SEC. 3401. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) AMOUNT.—There are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Energy \$13,010,000 for fiscal year 2025 for the purpose of carrying out activities under chapter 869 of title 10, United States Code, relating to the naval petroleum reserves.

(b) PERIOD OF AVAILABILITY.—Funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in subsection (a) shall remain available until expended.

TITLE XXXV—MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

Subtitle A—Maritime Administration

Sec. 3501. Authorization of appropriations for Maritime Administration.

Sec. 3502. Reauthorization of Maritime Security Program.

Subtitle B—Maritime Infrastructure

Sec. 3511. Port infrastructure development program.

Sec. 3512. Assessment of United States sealift capability.

Subtitle C—Reports

Sec. 3521. Independent study and report on Shanghai Shipping Exchange.

Sec. 3522. Study on transportation of personal protective equipment.

Subtitle D—Other Matters

Sec. 3531. Extension of certain provisions relating to Tanker Security Fleet program.

Sec. 3532. Requirements for purchasing federally auctioned vessels.

Sec. 3533. Recapitalization of National Defense Reserve Fleet.

Sec. 3534. Armed Forces merchant mariner officer expedited preparation program.

- Sec. 3535. Technical clarifications.
- Sec. 3536. Buy America requirements for shipyard modernization and improvement program.
- Sec. 3537. Nomination of Merchant Marine cadets in event of death, resignation, or expulsion from office of Member of Congress otherwise authorized to nominate.
- Sec. 3538. Amended license applications for certain deepwater ports for natural gas.

Subtitle A—Maritime Administration

SEC. 3501. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR MARITIME ADMINISTRATION.

There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Transportation for fiscal year 2025, for programs associated with maintaining the United States Merchant Marine, the following amounts:

- (1) For expenses necessary to support the United States Merchant Marine Academy, \$194,000,000, of which—
 - (A) \$108,000,000 shall be for Academy operations;
 - (B) \$64,000,000 shall be for United States Merchant Marine Academy capital improvement projects;
 - (C) \$22,000,000 shall be for facilities maintenance and repair and equipment; and
 - (D) \$3,000,000 shall be for training, staffing, retention, recruiting, and contract management for United States Merchant Marine Academy capital improvement projects.
- (2) For expenses necessary to support the State maritime academies, \$64,900,000, of which—
 - (A) \$4,800,000 shall be for the Student Incentive Payment Program;
 - (B) \$6,000,000 shall be for direct payments for State maritime academies;
 - (C) \$17,600,000 shall be for training ship fuel assistance;
 - (D) \$6,000,000 shall be for offsetting the costs of training ship sharing; and
 - (E) \$30,500,000 shall be for maintenance and repair of State maritime academy training vessels.
- (3) For expenses necessary to support the National Security Multi-Mission Vessel program, including funds for construction and necessary expenses to construct shoreside infrastructure to support such vessels, \$75,000,000.
- (4) For expenses necessary to support Maritime Administration operations and programs, \$110,000,000, of which—
 - (A) \$15,000,000 shall be for the maritime environmental and technical assistance program under section 50307 of title 46, United States Code;
 - (B) \$15,000,000 shall be for the United States marine highways program, including to make grants authorized under section 55601 of title 46, United States Code; and
 - (C) \$78,000,000 shall be for headquarters operations expenses.
- (5) For expenses necessary for the disposal of obsolete vessels in the National Defense Reserve Fleet of the Maritime Administration, \$6,000,000.

(6) For expenses necessary to maintain and preserve a United States flag merchant marine to serve the national security needs of the United States under chapter 531 of title 46, United States Code, \$390,000,000.

(7) For expenses necessary for the loan guarantee program under chapter 537 of title 46, United States Code, \$33,700,000, of which—

(A) \$30,000,000 may be used for the cost (as such term is defined in section 502(5) of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5)) of loan guarantees under the program; and

(B) \$3,700,000 may be used for administrative expenses relating to loan guarantee commitments under such program.

(8) For expenses necessary to provide assistance to small shipyards and for maritime training programs authorized under section 54101 of title 46, United States Code, \$35,000,000.

(9) For expenses necessary to implement the port infrastructure development program, as authorized under section 54301 of title 46, United States Code, \$500,000,000, to remain available until expended, except that no such funds authorized under this title for this program may be used to provide a grant to purchase fully automated cargo handling equipment that is remotely operated or remotely monitored with or without the exercise of human intervention or control, if the Secretary of Transportation determines such equipment would result in a net loss of jobs within a port or port terminal. If such a determination is made, the data and analysis for such determination shall be reported to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives not later than 3 days after the date of the determination.

SEC. 3502. REAUTHORIZATION OF MARITIME SECURITY PROGRAM.

(a) **AWARD OF OPERATING AGREEMENTS.**—Section 53103 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking “2035” each place it appears and inserting “2040”.

(b) **EFFECTIVENESS OF OPERATING AGREEMENTS.**—Section 53104(a) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking “2035” and inserting “2040”.

(c) **ANNUAL PAYMENTS.**—Section 53106(a)(1) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (C), by striking “2024, and 2025” and inserting “, and 2024”;

(2) by redesignating subparagraphs (D) through (F) as subparagraphs (E) through (G), respectively;

(3) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the following new subparagraph (D):

“(D) \$6,500,000 for each of fiscal years 2025 and 2026;”;

(4) in subparagraph (E), as so redesignated—

(A) by striking “\$5,800,000” and inserting “\$6,675,500”; and

(B) by striking “2026, 2027,” and inserting “2027”;

- (5) in subparagraph (F), as so redesignated—
 - (A) by striking “\$6,300,000” and inserting “\$6,855,000”; and
 - (B) by striking “, 2030, and 2031; and” and inserting “and 2030;”;
- (6) in subparagraph (G), as so redesignated—
 - (A) by striking “\$6,800,000” and inserting “\$7,040,000”;
 - (B) by inserting “2031 and” before “2032”; and
 - (C) by striking “, 2033, 2034, and 2035.” and inserting a semicolon; and
 - (7) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:
 - “(H) \$7,230,000 for each of fiscal years 2033 and 2034;
 - “(I) \$7,426,000 for each of fiscal years 2035 and 2036;
 - “(J) \$7,626,000 for each of fiscal years 2037 and 2038; and
 - “(K) \$7,832,000 for each of fiscal years 2039 and 2040.”.
- (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 53111 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
 - (1) in paragraph (3), by striking “2024, and 2025” and inserting “and 2024”;
 - (2) by redesignating paragraphs (4) through (6) as paragraphs (5) through (7), respectively;
 - (3) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraph (4):
 - “(4) \$390,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2025 and 2026;”;
 - (4) in paragraph (5), as so redesignated—
 - (A) by striking “\$348,000,000” and inserting “\$400,500,000”; and
 - (B) by striking “2026, 2027,” and inserting “2027”;
 - (5) in paragraph (6), as so redesignated—
 - (A) by striking “\$378,000,000” and inserting “\$411,300,000”; and
 - (B) by striking “, 2030, and 2031; and” and inserting “and 2030;”;
 - (6) in paragraph (7), as so redesignated—
 - (A) by striking “\$408,000,000” and inserting “\$422,400,000”; and
 - (B) by striking “2032, 2033, 2034, and 2035” and inserting “2031 and 2032”; and
 - (7) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:
 - “(8) \$433,800,000 for each of fiscal years 2033 and 2034;
 - “(9) \$445,560,000 for each of fiscal years 2035 and 2036;
 - “(10) \$457,560,000 for each of fiscal years 2037 and 2038; and
 - “(11) \$469,920,000 for each of fiscal years 2039 and 2040.”.

Subtitle B—Maritime Infrastructure

SEC. 3511. PORT INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.

(a) PORT INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT GRANTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In making port infrastructure development grants under section 54301 of title 46, United States Code, for fiscal year 2025 using funds appropriated after the date of the

enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall treat a project described in paragraph (2) as—

(A) having met the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (6)(A)(i) of section 54301(a) of such title; and

(B) an eligible project under paragraph (3) of such section.

(2) PROJECT DESCRIBED.—A project described in this paragraph is a project to provide shore power at a port that services—

(A) passenger vessels described in section 3507(k) of title 46, United States Code; and

(B) vessels that move goods or freight.

(3) MODIFICATION TO PORT DEFINITION.—Section 54301(a)(12)(A)(ii) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking “inland waters” and inserting “inland waters (including the Great Lakes)”.

(b) CONSISTENCY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 505 of subtitle V of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 50505. Consistent approval of existing categorical exclusions

“In accordance with section 139 of title 23, the Maritime Administrator may approve any action qualifying as a categorical exclusion applicable to the Federal Highway Administration, the Federal Transit Administration, or the Federal Railroad Administration when the applicable requirements of that categorical exclusion have been met that are in compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), and any other applicable law. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to limit any existing authority of the Maritime Administration to approve, promulgate, or publish categorical exclusions consistent with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) or any other applicable law.”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 505 of such title is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 50504 the following new item:

“50505. Consistent approval of existing categorical exclusions.”.

(c) ESTABLISHING APPLICABLE CATEGORICAL EXCLUSIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, the Maritime Administrator shall issue a notice in the Federal Register including the categorical exclusions in use as of the date of enactment of this section by the Maritime Administration for actions or projects the Maritime Administration oversees. The Maritime Administrator may subsequently update such categorical exclusions. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to limit any existing authority of the Maritime Administration to approve, promulgate, or publish categorical exclusions consistent with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) or any other applicable law.

(2) SURVEY AND PROPOSED RULEMAKING.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, the Maritime Administrator shall—

(A) survey the use of categorical exclusions by the Maritime Administration with respect to projects initiated during or after 2015;

(B) publish on a public website the results of that survey, which shall include a description of the types of actions categorically excluded and any additional categorical exclusions that were legally available to the Maritime Administrator from other operating administrations and the Department of the Army but were or were not adopted; and

(C) publish a notice of proposed rulemaking to propose new Maritime Administration categorical exclusions for projects and a process by which the Maritime Administration will update the list of categorical exclusions to reflect lessons learned in grant administration and project construction.

(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

(A) CATEGORICAL EXCLUSIONS.—The term “categorical exclusion” has the meaning given the term in section 111 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4336e).

(B) PROJECT.—The term “project” means an eligible project as described in section 54301(a)(3) of title 46, United States Code.

(d) APPLICATION TIMELINES.—Section 54301(a)(5) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(C) DELAYED NOTICE OF FUNDING OPPORTUNITY.—If the Secretary amends a published solicitation for grant applications such that an applicant would need the information contained in the amendment to draft an application, other than an amendment of the amount of grant funding available, the Secretary shall extend the application deadline by the number of days between the initial solicitation and the amendment.”

(e) PROJECT BUDGET REVIEWS.—Section 54301(a)(9) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (B) by striking “and” at the end;

(2) in subparagraph (C) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(D) grant contracts are approved efficiently by the Secretary, minimizing delays for minor adjustments to project scopes and budgets, including due to inflationary effects on projects.”

(f) APPLICATION PROCESS.—Section 54301(a)(5)(A) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “To be eligible” and inserting the following:

“(i) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(ii) ENSURING CYBERSECURITY.—If a covered applicant for a grant under this subsection is applying to

use the grant to acquire digital infrastructure or a software component, such applicant shall—

“(I) certify the facility for which a covered applicant is applying for a grant has an approved facility security plan pursuant to section 70103(c) of this title that addresses the cybersecurity risks of such digital infrastructure or software component; or

“(II) if the approved facility security plan of a facility for which a covered applicant is applying for a grant does not address such cybersecurity risks, provide a brief description in the application of how such applicant will address the cybersecurity risks of such digital infrastructure or software component.

“(iii) UPDATE OF FACILITY SECURITY PLAN.—If the approved facility security plan required under section 70103(c) of this title of a facility for which a covered applicant is applying for a grant under this subsection does not address the cybersecurity risks of digital infrastructure or a software component to be acquired by such grant and such applicant provides a brief description to address such cybersecurity risks under clause (ii)(II), the covered applicant shall ensure that such security plan is updated to address the cybersecurity risks described in clause (ii)(II) in the next update required under paragraph (3)(G) of such section.

“(iv) COVERED APPLICANT DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term ‘covered applicant’ means an applicant under this subsection that is not otherwise eligible under subsection (b).”.

(g) STAFFING AND GRANT TIMELINES.—Not later than 365 days after the date of the enactment of this section, and for each of the next 5 years thereafter, the Secretary of Transportation shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the average length of grant obligation timelines for the Port Infrastructure Development Program under section 54301 of title 46, United States Code, and the nature of any staffing shortages relevant to administering such program.

SEC. 3512. ASSESSMENT OF UNITED STATES SEALIFT CAPABILITY.

(a) ASSESSMENT OF SEALIFT CAPABILITY.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the Secretary of the Department in which the Coast Guard is operating when not operating as a service in the Navy, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes each of the following:

(1) An assessment of the readiness and sufficiency of the United States maritime infrastructure, shipping industry, and shipbuilding industry, and United States-flagged, owned, and operated fleets to meet strategic sealift requirements during peace, crisis, and war and operate in a contested environment.

(2) An assessment of ocean-going trade opportunities and challenges with respect to the economy of the United States.

(3) An assessment of critical infrastructure in the United States maritime transportation system, including ports, shipyards, repair yards, inland waterways, and the domestic fleet, and foreign investment in maritime infrastructure.

(4) An evaluation of foreign investment, ownership, and control in maritime infrastructure, including ports, terminals, and other related infrastructure.

(5) Recommendations for—

(A) improving the critical shipbuilding infrastructure, workforce recruitment, development, and retention, and critical supply chains of the United States, including for critical repair parts; and

(B) addressing any risks identified in paragraphs (1) through (4) as necessary to protect and strengthen the United States maritime transportation system.

(b) **ASSESSMENT OF ARRANGEMENTS AND AGREEMENTS WITH TREATY ALLIES.**—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes each of the following:

(1) An assessment of existing arrangements and agreements with treaty allies for access to the global maritime transportation infrastructure such as ports, harbors, and waterways.

(2) An assessment of existing assurances, arrangements, and agreements with treaty allies to augment United States sealift capabilities and meet sealift requirements during peace, crisis, and war.

(3) Recommendations for updating such arrangements and agreements to reflect the global security environment.

(c) **REPORT ON POTENTIAL PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP OPPORTUNITIES.**—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary of Transportation shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on requirements to maintain, improve, or grow the Maritime Security Program, Tanker Security Program, and the Ready Reserve Force over the decade following the date of the enactment of this Act.

(d) **ALTERNATE STRATEGIC SEAPORTS ASSESSMENT AND REPORT.**—

(1) **ASSESSMENT.**—The Commander of the United States Transportation Command, in coordination with the Administrator of the Maritime Administration, shall conduct an assessment to identify—

(A) any additional operational criteria or infrastructure enhancements necessary to ensure that alternate seaport facilities meet strategic seaport facility standards; and

(B) any infrastructure enhancements to strategic seaport facilities to ensure such facilities continue to meet readiness requirements.

(2) **CONTENTS.**—In conducting the assessment under paragraph (1), the Administrator shall—

(A) identify any shoreside improvements at alternate seaport facilities that are necessary for such facilities to meet strategic seaport facility standards;

(B) identify any shoreside and in-water improvements at strategic seaport facilities that are necessary for such facilities to continue to meet strategic seaport facility standards, including with respect to the continued efficient movement of cargo; and

(C) provide recommendations and a plan for the implementation of the improvements identified under subparagraphs (A) and (B) to ensure that alternate seaport facilities are fully prepared for use as strategic seaport facilities if required.

(3) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the assessment required under paragraph (1).

(e) FORM OF REPORTS.—The reports required under subsections (a) and (b) may be submitted in a classified format.

(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(A) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate; and

(B) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives.

(2) The term “treaty allies” means nations with whom the United States has entered into mutual defense treaties.

Subtitle C—Reports

SEC. 3521. INDEPENDENT STUDY AND REPORT ON SHANGHAI SHIPPING EXCHANGE.

(a) STUDY.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall enter into an agreement with an appropriate independent entity to conduct a study and assessment of the business practices of the Shanghai Shipping Exchange, including—

(1) any anticompetitive advantages benefitting the Shanghai Shipping Exchange; and

(2) the ability of the Ministry of Transport of the People’s Republic of China and the Shanghai Shipping Exchange to manipulate container freight markets through the Shanghai Shipping Exchange.

(b) ELEMENTS.—In conducting the study and assessment under subsection (a), the appropriate independent entity that enters into an agreement under subsection (a) shall address the following:

(1) The influence of the government of the People’s Republic of China on the Shanghai Shipping Exchange.

(2) The effect of the business practices or influence of the Shanghai Shipping Exchange on United States consumers and businesses.

(3) Any other matters the Secretary or the appropriate independent entity that enters into an agreement under subsection (a) determines to be appropriate for the purposes of the study.

(c) REPORT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date on which the Secretary enters into an agreement under this section, the appropriate independent entity shall submit to the Secretary, the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate a report containing the results of the study conducted under subsection (a).

(2) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The Secretary shall publish the report required under paragraph (1) on a publicly accessible website of the Department of Transportation.

(d) APPROPRIATE INDEPENDENT ENTITY DEFINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate independent entity” means—

(1) a federally funded research and development center sponsored by a Federal agency;

(2) the Government Accountability Office; or

(3) an organization described in section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of such Code.

SEC. 3522. STUDY ON TRANSPORTATION OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.

(a) STUDY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this section, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study on—

(1) the extent to which the transportation of personal protective equipment for health care was expedited during the period beginning on January 1, 2020, and ending on December 31, 2022, as a response to the COVID–19 pandemic;

(2) how the transportation of such personal protective equipment was expedited during such period through vessels and ports onto trucks or rail;

(3) how relevant stakeholders, such as vessel operators, ports, marine terminal operators, rail carriers, and motor carriers, interacted during such period to transport personal protective equipment;

(4) what role the Department of Transportation and other relevant Federal agencies played to expedite the transportation of personal protective equipment during such period;

(5) what authorities currently exist which allow for the expedited transportation of personal protective equipment by relevant Federal agencies that do not reduce or impact safety;

(6) methodologies to improve the coordination among relevant Federal agencies to expedite the transportation of personal protective equipment; and

(7) the impact, if any, that any expedition of essential medical supplies had on the transportation of other goods.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this section, the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate

and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report containing the findings of the study conducted under subsection (a).

Subtitle D—Other Matters

SEC. 3531. EXTENSION OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS RELATING TO TANKER SECURITY FLEET PROGRAM.

(a) OPERATING AGREEMENTS.—Section 53404(a) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking “2035” and inserting “2040”.

(b) PAYMENTS.—Subsection (a) of section 53406 of title 46, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(a) ANNUAL PAYMENTS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of appropriations and the other provisions of this section, the Secretary shall pay to a program participant for an operating agreement under this chapter, for each vessel that is covered by the operating agreement, an amount equal to—

“(A) \$8,160,000 for each of fiscal years 2025 and 2026;

“(B) \$8,380,000 for each of fiscal years 2027 and 2028;

“(C) \$8,606,000 for each of fiscal years 2029 and 2030;

“(D) \$8,839,000 for each of fiscal years 2031 and 2032;

“(E) \$9,078,000 for each of fiscal years 2033 and 2034;

“(F) \$9,323,000 for each of fiscal years 2035 and 2036;

“(G) \$9,574,000 for each of fiscal years 2037 and 2038;

and

“(H) \$9,833,000 for each of fiscal years 2039 and 2040.

“(2) TIMING.—The amount payable to a program participant under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year shall be paid in 12 equal monthly installments at the end of each month during that fiscal year. The amount payable for any fiscal year may not be reduced except as provided by this section or section 51307(b).”.

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 53411 of such title is amended to read as follows:

“§ 53411. Authorization of appropriations

“There are authorized to be appropriated for payments under section 53406, amounts as follows, to remain available until expended:

“(1) \$122,400,000 for each of fiscal years 2025 and 2026.

“(2) \$167,600,000 for each of fiscal years 2027 and 2028.

“(3) \$172,120,000 for each of fiscal years 2029 and 2030.

“(4) \$176,780,000 for each of fiscal years 2031 and 2032.

“(5) \$181,560,000 for each of fiscal years 2033 and 2034.

“(6) \$186,460,000 for each of fiscal years 2035 and 2036.

“(7) \$191,480,000 for each of fiscal years 2037 and 2038.

“(8) \$196,660,000 for each of fiscal years 2039 and 2040.”.

SEC. 3532. REQUIREMENTS FOR PURCHASING FEDERALLY AUCTIONED VESSELS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 571 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 57112. Requirements for purchasing federally auctioned vessels

“(a) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible to purchase a covered vessel from the Federal Government, a person shall provide proof of—

“(1) liability insurance for the operator of such covered vessel;

“(2) financial resources sufficient to cover maintenance costs of such covered vessel; and

“(3) with respect to a covered vessel requiring documentation under chapter 121, an admiralty bond or stipulation.

“(b) COVERED VESSEL DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘covered vessel’ means—

“(1) a government owned vessel disposed of in accordance with this part and section 548 of title 40;

“(2) a vessel seized or forfeited pursuant to any law, and auctioned by the Federal Government, including a vessel seized or forfeited pursuant to section 7301 or 7302 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; or

“(3) a fishing vessel seized or forfeited pursuant to section 310 of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1860).”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 571 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“57112. Requirements for purchasing federally auctioned vessels.”.

SEC. 3533. RECAPITALIZATION OF NATIONAL DEFENSE RESERVE FLEET.

Section 3546 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 46 U.S.C. 57100 note) is amended—

(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following new subsection (a):

“(a) IN GENERAL.—

“(1) VESSEL CONSTRUCTION.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the Chief of Naval Operations and the Commandant of the Coast Guard, shall complete the design of a sealift vessel for the National Defense Reserve Fleet to allow for the construction of such vessel to begin in fiscal year 2025.

“(2) AGREEMENT WITH VESSEL CONSTRUCTION MANAGER.—Notwithstanding section 8679 of title 10, United States Code, and subject to the availability of appropriations made specifically available for reimbursements to the Ready Reserve Force, Maritime Administration account of the Department of Transportation for programs, projects, activities, and expenses related to the National Defense Reserve Fleet, the Secretary of the Transportation, in consultation with the Secretary of the Navy, shall seek to enter into an agreement with an appropriate vessel construction manager under which the vessel construction manager shall enter into a contract for the construction of not more than ten such vessels in accordance with this section.”; and

(2) in subsection (d), by striking “The Secretary of the Navy shall consult and coordinate with the Secretary of Transportation” and inserting “The Secretary of Transportation shall consult and coordinate with the Secretary of the Navy”.

SEC. 3534. ARMED FORCES MERCHANT MARINER OFFICER EXPEDITED PREPARATION PROGRAM.

Section 51506 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(2), by inserting before the semicolon the following: “, which shall include standards for a program described in subsection (c)”;

(2) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and

(3) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):

“(c) ARMED FORCES MERCHANT MARINER OFFICER EXPEDITED PREPARATION PROGRAM.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—A State maritime academy may offer a program under which an eligible individual may complete a merchant marine officer preparation program approved by the Secretary, and the requirements for the issuance of a license under section 7101 of this title, in less than 3 years, without a requirement to earn a baccalaureate or other degree from the State maritime academy.

“(2) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.—For purposes of this subsection, an eligible individual is an individual—

“(A) who is—

“(i) a person who served in the Armed Forces, and who was discharged or released therefrom under honorable conditions; or

“(ii) a member of the National Guard or Reserves who has performed at least six years of service therein; and

“(B) who has earned a baccalaureate degree from an institution of higher education (as defined in section 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002)).”.

SEC. 3535. TECHNICAL CLARIFICATIONS.

(a) PORT INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.—Section 54301(a) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (6)—

(A) in subparagraph (A)(ii) by striking “subparagraph (C)” and inserting “subparagraph (D)”;

(B) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by striking “subparagraph (C)” and inserting “subparagraph (D)”;

(C) by redesignating the second subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (D);

(2) in paragraph (10)—

(A) in subparagraph (B)(i) by striking “ans” and inserting “and”; and

(B) by striking subparagraph (C) and redesignating subparagraph (D) as subparagraph (C); and

(3) in paragraph (12)(E) by striking “and” before “commercial port”.

(b) ASSISTANCE FOR SMALL SHIPYARDS.—Section 54101 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking subsection (i).

(c) NATIONAL DEFENSE RESERVE FLEET.—Section 57100 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(1) by striking “section 902 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936 (46 App. U.S.C. 1242)” and inserting “chapter 563”; and

(2) in subsection (f)(2) by striking “the such use” and inserting “the use of such”.

(d) MARITIME WORKFORCE WORKING GROUP.—Section 3534(d)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) is amended by striking “section 3545(a)” and inserting “section 3542(a)”.

(e) ADMINISTRATION.—Section 15109 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(2) by striking “15102,” and inserting “15102”; and

(2) in subsection (k)(1) by inserting “or to which this chapter applies” after “under this chapter”.

(f) INVESTIGATIONS.—Section 41302(a) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking “conduct agreement” and inserting “conduct, agreement”.

(g) AWARD OF REPARATIONS.—Section 41305(c) of title 46 is amended by striking “section subsection” and inserting “subsection”.

(h) NATIONAL SHIPPER ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—Section 42502(c)(3) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking “(3) REPRESENTATION.—” and all that follows through “(A) Twelve members” and inserting the following:

“(3) REPRESENTATION.—Members of the Committee shall be appointed as follows:

“(A) Twelve members”.

(i) MONETARY PENALTIES OR REFUNDS.—The analysis for chapter 411 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 41107 and inserting the following:

“41107. Monetary penalties or refunds.”.

(j) ANNUAL REPORT AND PUBLIC DISCLOSURE.—

(1) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The heading for section 46106 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by inserting “**and public disclosure**” after “**report**”.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 461 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 46106 and inserting the following:

“46106. Annual report and public disclosure.”.

(k) DEEPWATER PORT ACT OF 1974.—The Deepwater Port Act of 1974 (33 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) is amended by repealing section 25.

(l) MARITIME ENVIRONMENTAL AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.—Paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of section 50307 of title 46 U.S. Code is amended to read as follows:

“(2) a public entity, including a Federal, State, regional, or local government entity, including a special district;”.

SEC. 3536. BUY AMERICA REQUIREMENTS FOR SHIPYARD MODERNIZATION AND IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM.

Section 53733 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(f) BUY AMERICA.—Part I of subtitle A of title IX of division G of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Public Law 117–58; 41 U.S.C. 8301 note) shall apply to any funds obligated by the Administrator under this section.”.

SEC. 3537. NOMINATION OF MERCHANT MARINE CADETS IN EVENT OF DEATH, RESIGNATION, OR EXPULSION FROM OFFICE OF MEMBER OF CONGRESS OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED TO NOMINATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 513 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 51302 the following new section:

“§ 51302a. Nomination in event of death, resignation, or expulsion from office of Senator otherwise authorized to nominate

“(a) SENATORS.—In the event a Senator does not submit nominations for cadets for an academic year in accordance with section 51302(b)(1) of this title due to death, resignation from office, or expulsion from office, and the date of the swearing-in of the Senator’s successor as Senator occurs after the date of the deadline for submittal of nominations for cadets for the academic year, the nominations for cadets otherwise authorized to be made by the Senator pursuant to such section shall be made instead by the other Senator from the State concerned.

“(b) CONSTRUCTION OF AUTHORITY.—Any nomination for cadets made by a Senator pursuant to this section is not a reallocation of a nomination. Such nominations are made in lieu of a Senator not submitting nominations for cadets for an academic year in accordance with section 51302 of this title due to death, resignation from office, or expulsion from office and the date of the swearing-in of the Senator’s successor occurs after the date of the deadline for submittal of nominations for cadets for the academic year.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 513 of such title is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 51302 the following new item:

“51302a. Nomination in event of death, resignation, or expulsion from office of Senator otherwise authorized to nominate.”.

SEC. 3538. AMENDED LICENSE APPLICATIONS FOR CERTAIN DEEP-WATER PORTS FOR NATURAL GAS.

Section 5(i) of the Deepwater Port Act of 1974 (33 U.S.C. 1504(i)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(5) DECISION ON AMENDED LICENSE APPLICATIONS.—

“(A) DEFINITION OF AMENDED LICENSE APPLICATION.—In this paragraph, the term ‘amended license application’ means a license application for a deepwater port for natural gas—

“(i) that was originally submitted to the Secretary prior to the issuance of the proclamation issued by the President on March 13, 2020, with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID–19) pandemic; and

“(ii) with respect to which the applicant, based on guidance offered by the Secretary, has made subsequent revisions since the submission of the initial license application and submitted such revised application.

“(B) EXPEDITED REVIEW AND APPROVAL.—The Secretary shall expedite the review and subsequent approval or denial of amended license applications submitted pursuant to this section that meet the eligibility criteria described in subparagraph (C).

“(C) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.—To be eligible for review under this paragraph, an amended license application shall meet the following criteria:

“(i) The amended license application is for a natural gas deepwater port facility.

“(ii) The Secretary had determined that the project as specified in the initial license application was not likely to have any significant adverse environmental impact on species and habitat, consistent with law including National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).

“(iii) The Secretary has determined that the results of the environmental review conducted for the initial license application is still applicable to the amended license application and an additional environmental review is not required.

“(iv) The Secretary had published an affirmative Record of Decision for the initial license application.

“(D) DEADLINE FOR DECISION.—The Secretary shall approve or deny an amended license application submitted pursuant to this paragraph by no later than 270 consecutive days after the date on which the Secretary determines that the amended license application is complete and meets the requirements under this section.”.

DIVISION D—FUNDING TABLES

SEC. 4001. AUTHORIZATION OF AMOUNTS IN FUNDING TABLES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Whenever a funding table in this division specifies a dollar amount authorized for a project, program, or activity, the obligation and expenditure of the specified dollar amount for the project, program, or activity is hereby authorized, subject to the availability of appropriations.

(b) MERIT-BASED DECISIONS.—A decision to commit, obligate, or expend funds with or to a specific entity on the basis of a dollar amount authorized pursuant to subsection (a) shall—

(1) be based on merit-based selection procedures in accordance with the requirements of sections 3201 and 4024 of title 10, United States Code, or on competitive procedures; and

(2) comply with other applicable provisions of law.

(c) RELATIONSHIP TO TRANSFER AND PROGRAMMING AUTHORITY.—An amount specified in the funding tables in this division may be transferred or reprogrammed under a transfer or reprogramming authority provided by another provision of this Act or by other law. The transfer or reprogramming of an amount specified in such funding tables shall not count against a ceiling on such transfers or reprogrammings under section 1001 of this Act or any other pro-

vision of law, unless such transfer or reprogramming would move funds between appropriation accounts.

(d) **APPLICABILITY TO CLASSIFIED ANNEX.**—This section applies to any classified annex that accompanies this Act.

(e) **ORAL OR WRITTEN COMMUNICATIONS.**—No oral or written communication concerning any amount specified in the funding tables in this division shall supersede the requirements of this section.

TITLE XLI—PROCUREMENT

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT.

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, ARMY			
FIXED WING			
002	FUTURE UAS FAMILY	149,059	149,059
003	SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS	69,573	69,573
ROTARY			
004	AH-64 APACHE BLOCK IIIA REMAN	570,655	570,655
006	UH-60 BLACKHAWK M MODEL (MYP)	709,054	709,054
007	UH-60 BLACKHAWK M MODEL (MYP) AP	58,170	58,170
009	CH-47 HELICOPTER	699,698	699,698
MODIFICATION OF AIRCRAFT			
012	MQ-1 PAYLOAD	14,086	14,086
013	GRAY EAGLE MODS2	23,865	23,865
015	AH-64 MODS	81,026	88,826
	AH-64E Apache Improved Tail Rotor Blade (ITRB) accelera- tion—Army UFR.		[7,800]
016	CH-47 CARGO HELICOPTER MODS (MYP)	15,825	15,825
017	UTILITY HELICOPTER MODS	34,565	44,565
	UH-72A Lakota lifecycle sustainment and modernization		[10,000]
018	NETWORK AND MISSION PLAN	49,862	49,862
019	COMMS, NAV SURVEILLANCE	61,362	61,362
020	DEGRADED VISUAL ENVIRONMENT	3,839	3,839
021	AVIATION ASSURED PNT	69,161	69,161
022	GATM ROLLUP	4,842	4,842
023	UAS MODS	2,265	2,265
GROUND SUPPORT AVIONICS			
024	AIRCRAFT SURVIVABILITY EQUIPMENT	139,331	139,331
026	CMWS	51,646	51,646
027	COMMON INFRARED COUNTERMEASURES (CIRCM)	257,854	257,854
OTHER SUPPORT			
028	COMMON GROUND EQUIPMENT	31,181	31,181
029	AIRCREW INTEGRATED SYSTEMS	14,478	14,478
030	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL	27,428	27,428
031	LAUNCHER, 2.75 ROCKET	3,815	3,815
032	LAUNCHER GUIDED MISSILE: LONGBOW HELLFIRE XM2 ..	21,543	21,543
	TOTAL AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, ARMY	3,164,183	3,181,983
MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY			
SURFACE-TO-AIR MISSILE SYSTEM			
001	LOWER TIER AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE (AMD) SEN	516,838	516,838
003	M-SHORAD—PROCUREMENT	69,091	69,091
004	MSE MISSILE	963,060	963,060
006	PRECISION STRIKE MISSILE (PRSM)	482,536	596,536
	F25 PrSM Inc 1 production increase (+70)—Army UFR		[114,000]
007	PRECISION STRIKE MISSILE (PRSM) AP	10,030	10,030
008	INDIRECT FIRE PROTECTION CAPABILITY INC 2-I	657,581	603,477
	IDDS-A integrated logistics support unjustified		[-54,104]
009	MID-RANGE CAPABILITY (MRC)	233,037	233,037

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
010	COUNTER SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEM INTERCEP Army UPL #1—cUAS	117,424	302,261 [184,837]
	AIR-TO-SURFACE MISSILE SYSTEM		
012	JOINT AIR-TO-GROUND MSLS (JAGM)	47,582	47,582
013	LONG-RANGE HYPERSONIC WEAPON	744,178	691,919
	Early to need: Support costs		[-52,259]
	ANTI-TANK/ASSAULT MISSILE SYS		
014	JAVELIN (AAWS-M) SYSTEM SUMMARY	326,120	274,037
	Forward funded in FY24 Supplemental		[-48,083]
	Initial Spares Cost Growth		[-4,000]
015	TOW 2 SYSTEM SUMMARY	121,448	105,295
	Unit cost increases		[-16,153]
016	GUIDED MLRS ROCKET (GMLRS)	1,168,264	1,168,264
017	GUIDED MLRS ROCKET (GMLRS) AP	51,511	51,511
018	MLRS REDUCED RANGE PRACTICE ROCKETS (RRPR)	30,230	30,230
019	HIGH MOBILITY ARTILLERY ROCKET SYSTEM (HIMARS)	79,387	79,387
020	ARMY TACTICAL MSL SYS (ATACMS)—SYS SUM	3,280	3,280
022	FAMILY OF LOW ALTITUDE UNMANNED SYSTEMS	120,599	120,599
	MODIFICATIONS		
023	PATRIOT MODS	171,958	338,958
	Additional Patriot launcher		[167,000]
024	STINGER MODS	75,146	166,146
	Stinger—Army UFR		[91,000]
025	AVENGER MODS	2,321	2,321
027	MLRS MODS	185,839	185,839
028	HIMARS MODIFICATIONS	49,581	49,581
	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		
029	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS	6,695	6,695
	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT & FACILITIES		
030	AIR DEFENSE TARGETS	12,034	12,034
	TOTAL MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY	6,245,770	6,628,008
	PROCUREMENT OF WEAPONS AND TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES, ARMY		
	TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES		
001	ARMORED MULTI PURPOSE VEHICLE (AMPV)	515,344	515,344
002	ASSAULT BREACHER VEHICLE (ABV)	5,681	5,681
003	M10 BOOKER	460,637	460,637
	MODIFICATION OF TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES		
004	STRYKER (MOD)	52,471	52,471
005	STRYKER UPGRADE	402,840	402,840
006	BRADLEY FIRE SUPPORT TEAM (BFIST) VEHICLE	7,255	7,255
007	BRADLEY PROGRAM (MOD)	106,937	106,937
008	M109 FOV MODIFICATIONS	42,574	42,574
009	PALADIN INTEGRATED MANAGEMENT (PIM)	417,741	419,741
	Paladin Integrated Management		[2,000]
010	IMPROVED RECOVERY VEHICLE (M88 HERCULES)	151,657	141,657
	Program delays		[-10,000]
011	JOINT ASSAULT BRIDGE	174,779	174,779
012	ABRAMS UPGRADE PROGRAM	773,745	848,745
	Abrams Upgrade		[75,000]
	WEAPONS & OTHER COMBAT VEHICLES		
014	PERSONAL DEFENSE WEAPON (ROLL)	4,869	4,869
015	M240 MEDIUM MACHINE GUN (7.62MM)	3	3
017	MACHINE GUN, CAL .50 M2 ROLL	3	3
018	MORTAR SYSTEMS	8,353	8,353
019	LOCATION & AZIMUTH DETERMINATION SYSTEM (LADS) ..	2,543	2,543
020	XM320 GRENADE LAUNCHER MODULE (GLM)	17,747	17,747
021	PRECISION SNIPER RIFLE	5,910	5,910
022	CARBINE	3	3
023	NEXT GENERATION SQUAD WEAPON	367,292	367,292
024	HANDGUN	34	34
	MOD OF WEAPONS AND OTHER COMBAT VEH		

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
025	MK-19 GRENADE MACHINE GUN MODS	5,531	5,531
026	M777 MODS	25,998	25,998
029	M119 MODIFICATIONS	12,823	12,823
	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT & FACILITIES		
031	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5.0M (WOCV-WTCV)	1,031	1,031
032	PRODUCTION BASE SUPPORT (WOCV-WTCV)	135,591	135,591
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF WEAPONS AND TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES, ARMY.	3,699,392	3,766,392
	PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, ARMY		
	SMALL/MEDIUM CAL AMMUNITION		
001	CTG, 5.56MM, ALL TYPES	84,090	84,090
002	CTG, 7.62MM, ALL TYPES	41,519	56,519
	Program increase		[15,000]
003	NEXT GENERATION SQUAD WEAPON AMMUNITION	205,889	205,889
004	CTG, HANDGUN, ALL TYPES	6,461	8,961
	Program increase		[2,500]
005	CTG, .50 CAL, ALL TYPES	50,002	60,002
	Program increase		[10,000]
006	CTG, 20MM, ALL TYPES	7,012	7,012
007	CTG, 25MM, ALL TYPES	24,246	24,246
008	CTG, 30MM, ALL TYPES	82,965	72,622
	Unjustified unit cost increases		[-10,343]
009	CTG, 40MM, ALL TYPES	150,540	150,540
010	CTG, 50MM, ALL TYPES	20,006	20,006
	MORTAR AMMUNITION		
011	60MM MORTAR, ALL TYPES	40,853	37,853
	Excessive unit cost growth		[-3,000]
012	81MM MORTAR, ALL TYPES	51,282	51,282
013	120MM MORTAR, ALL TYPES	109,370	109,370
	TANK AMMUNITION		
014	CARTRIDGES, TANK, 105MM AND 120MM, ALL TYPES	378,191	378,191
	ARTILLERY AMMUNITION		
015	ARTILLERY CARTRIDGES, 75MM & 105MM, ALL TYPES	22,957	22,957
016	ARTILLERY PROJECTILE, 155MM, ALL TYPES	171,657	171,657
017	PRECISION ARTILLERY MUNITIONS	71,426	71,426
018	ARTILLERY PROPELLANTS, FUZES AND PRIMERS, ALL	160,479	155,365
	Excess growth: Precision guidance kit		[-5,114]
	MINES		
019	MINES & CLEARING CHARGES, ALL TYPES	56,032	56,032
020	CLOSE TERRAIN SHAPING OBSTACLE	15,303	15,303
021	MINE, AT, VOLCANO, ALL TYPES	501	501
	ROCKETS		
022	SHOULDER LAUNCHED MUNITIONS, ALL TYPES	833	833
023	ROCKET, HYDRA 70, ALL TYPES	34,302	34,302
	OTHER AMMUNITION		
024	CAD/PAD, ALL TYPES	6,571	6,571
025	DEMOLITION MUNITIONS, ALL TYPES	21,682	21,682
026	GRENADES, ALL TYPES	32,623	32,623
027	SIGNALS, ALL TYPES	21,510	21,510
028	SIMULATORS, ALL TYPES	12,168	12,168
	MISCELLANEOUS		
030	AMMO COMPONENTS, ALL TYPES	4,085	4,085
032	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MILLION (AMMO)	16,074	16,074
033	AMMUNITION PECULIAR EQUIPMENT	3,283	3,283
034	FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION (AMMO)	18,677	18,677
035	CLOSEOUT LIABILITIES	102	102
	PRODUCTION BASE SUPPORT		
036	INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES	640,160	640,160
037	CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS DEMILITARIZATION	135,649	132,749
	Excessive Demil		[-2,900]
038	ARMS INITIATIVE	4,140	4,140
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, ARMY ..	2,702,640	2,708,783

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
OTHER PROCUREMENT, ARMY			
TACTICAL VEHICLES			
001	SEMITRAILERS, FLATBED:	26,132	26,132
002	SEMITRAILERS, TANKERS	59,602	59,602
003	HI MOB MULTI-PURP WHLD VEH (HMMWV)	5,265	5,265
004	GROUND MOBILITY VEHICLES (GMV)	34,407	46,607
	Infantry squad vehicles		[12,200]
006	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE FAMILY OF VEHICL	653,223	533,879
	Program decrease		[-119,344]
007	TRUCK, DUMP, 20T (CCE)	19,086	34,086
	Heavy Dump Truck		[15,000]
008	FAMILY OF MEDIUM TACTICAL VEH (FMTV)	133,924	133,924
009	FAMILY OF COLD WEATHER ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE (C)	72,760	72,760
010	FIRETRUCKS & ASSOCIATED FIREFIGHTING EQUIP	36,726	36,726
011	FAMILY OF HEAVY TACTICAL VEHICLES (FHTV)	98,906	98,906
012	PLS ESP	80,256	80,256
013	HVY EXPANDED MOBILE TACTICAL TRUCK EXT SERV	949	949
014	TACTICAL WHEELED VEHICLE PROTECTION KITS	2,747	2,747
015	MODIFICATION OF IN SVC EQUIP	169,726	219,726
	HMMWV ABS/ESC		[50,000]
NON-TACTICAL VEHICLES			
016	PASSENGER CARRYING VEHICLES	3,875	3,875
017	NONTACTICAL VEHICLES, OTHER	10,792	10,792
COMM—JOINT COMMUNICATIONS			
018	SIGNAL MODERNIZATION PROGRAM	127,479	127,479
019	TACTICAL NETWORK TECHNOLOGY MOD IN SVC	280,798	280,798
021	JCSE EQUIPMENT (USRDECOM)	5,504	5,504
COMM—SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS			
024	DEFENSE ENTERPRISE WIDEBAND SATCOM SYSTEMS	87,058	87,058
025	TRANSPORTABLE TACTICAL COMMAND COMMUNICA- TIONS.	34,939	34,939
026	SHF TERM	43,897	43,897
027	ASSURED POSITIONING, NAVIGATION AND TIMING	235,272	235,272
028	EHF SATELLITE COMMUNICATION	16,028	16,028
030	GLOBAL BRDCST SVC—GBS	534	534
COMM—C3 SYSTEM			
032	COE TACTICAL SERVER INFRASTRUCTURE (TSI)	61,772	61,772
COMM—COMBAT COMMUNICATIONS			
033	HANDHELD MANPACK SMALL FORM FIT (HMS)	704,118	684,618
	Program decrease		[-19,500]
034	ARMY LINK 16 SYSTEMS	104,320	104,320
036	UNIFIED COMMAND SUITE	20,445	20,445
037	COTS COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT	489,754	489,754
039	ARMY COMMUNICATIONS & ELECTRONICS	60,611	60,611
COMM—INTELLIGENCE COMM			
040	CI AUTOMATION ARCHITECTURE-INTEL	15,512	15,512
042	MULTI-DOMAIN INTELLIGENCE	163,077	163,077
INFORMATION SECURITY			
043	INFORMATION SYSTEM SECURITY PROGRAM-ISSP	337	337
044	COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY (COMSEC)	157,400	157,400
047	BIOMETRIC ENABLING CAPABILITY (BEC)	45	45
COMM—LONG HAUL COMMUNICATIONS			
049	BASE SUPPORT COMMUNICATIONS	26,446	26,446
COMM—BASE COMMUNICATIONS			
050	INFORMATION SYSTEMS	75,505	60,505
	Execution delays		[-15,000]
051	EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT MODERNIZATION PROGRAM	15,956	15,956
052	INSTALLATION INFO INFRASTRUCTURE MOD PROGRAM ...	150,779	150,779
ELECT EQUIP—TACT INT REL ACT (TIARA)			
056	JTT/CIBS-M	9,221	9,221
057	TERRESTRIAL LAYER SYSTEMS (TLS)	96,925	88,412
	Terrestrial Layer System Brigade Combat Team realignment		[-8,513]

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
059	DCGS-A-INTEL	4,122	4,122
061	TROJAN	39,344	39,344
062	MOD OF IN-SVC EQUIP (INTEL SPT)	6,541	13,541
	Prophet Enhanced Signals Processing kits		[7,000]
063	CI AND HUMINT INTELLIGENCE (HUMINT) CAPABILIT	3,899	3,899
064	BIOMETRIC TACTICAL COLLECTION DEVICES	2,089	2,089
	ELECT EQUIP—ELECTRONIC WARFARE (EW)		
065	EW PLANNING & MANAGEMENT TOOLS (EWPMT)	26,327	5,049
	Award cancellation		[-21,278]
066	AIR VIGILANCE (AV)	9,956	9,956
067	MULTI-FUNCTION ELECTRONIC WARFARE (MFEW) SYST ..	17,004	17,004
068	FAMILY OF PERSISTENT SURVEILLANCE CAP.	13,225	13,225
069	COUNTERINTELLIGENCE/SECURITY COUNTERMEASURES	20,951	20,951
070	CI MODERNIZATION	260	260
	ELECT EQUIP—TACTICAL SURV. (TAC SURV)		
071	SENTINEL MODS	180,253	180,253
072	NIGHT VISION DEVICES	377,443	367,443
	Integrated Visual Augmentation System		[-10,000]
073	SMALL TACTICAL OPTICAL RIFLE MOUNTED MLRF	10,864	10,864
074	INDIRECT FIRE PROTECTION FAMILY OF SYSTEMS	63,122	63,122
075	FAMILY OF WEAPON SIGHTS (FWS)	207,352	164,980
	Program termination: FWS-CS		[-42,372]
076	ENHANCED PORTABLE INDUCTIVE ARTILLERY FUZE SE ..	2,971	2,971
077	FORWARD LOOKING INFRARED (IFLIR)	68,504	68,504
078	COUNTER SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEM (C-SUAS) ..	280,086	280,086
079	JOINT BATTLE COMMAND—PLATFORM (JBC-P)	184,610	174,110
	Program decrease		[-10,500]
080	JOINT EFFECTS TARGETING SYSTEM (JETS)	9,345	9,345
081	COMPUTER BALLISTICS: LHMCB XM32	2,966	2,966
082	MORTAR FIRE CONTROL SYSTEM	4,660	4,660
083	MORTAR FIRE CONTROL SYSTEMS MODIFICATIONS	6,098	6,098
084	COUNTERFIRE RADARS	21,250	21,250
	ELECT EQUIP—TACTICAL C2 SYSTEMS		
085	ARMY COMMAND POST INTEGRATED INFRASTRUCTURE (20,039	15,039
	Carryover		[-5,000]
086	FIRE SUPPORT C2 FAMILY	16,240	16,240
087	AIR & MSL DEFENSE PLANNING & CONTROL SYS	80,011	80,011
088	IAMD BATTLE COMMAND SYSTEM	403,028	403,028
089	AIAMD FAMILY OF SYSTEMS (FOS) COMPONENTS	2,756	2,756
090	LIFE CYCLE SOFTWARE SUPPORT (LCSS)	5,360	5,360
091	NETWORK MANAGEMENT INITIALIZATION AND SERVICE	48,994	48,994
092	GLOBAL COMBAT SUPPORT SYSTEM-ARMY (GCSS-A)	4,103	4,103
093	INTEGRATED PERSONNEL AND PAY SYSTEM-ARMY (IPP) ...	6,512	6,512
094	MOD OF IN-SVC EQUIPMENT (ENFIRE)	5,017	5,017
	ELECT EQUIP—AUTOMATION		
095	ARMY TRAINING MODERNIZATION	10,065	10,065
096	AUTOMATED DATA PROCESSING EQUIP	78,613	78,613
097	ACCESSIONS INFORMATION ENVIRONMENT (AIE)	1,303	1,303
099	HIGH PERF COMPUTING MOD PGM (HPCMP)	76,327	76,327
100	CONTRACT WRITING SYSTEM	1,667	1,667
101	CSS COMMUNICATIONS	60,850	60,850
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		
102A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	1,817	1,817
	CHEMICAL DEFENSIVE EQUIPMENT		
104	BASE DEFENSE SYSTEMS (BDS)	32,879	32,879
105	CBRN DEFENSE	57,408	57,408
	BRIDGING EQUIPMENT		
107	TACTICAL BRIDGE, FLOAT-RIBBON	97,231	97,231
	ENGINEER (NON-CONSTRUCTION) EQUIPMENT		
111	ROBOTICS AND APPLIQUE SYSTEMS	62,469	66,469
	Silent Tactical Energy Enhanced Dismount (STEED)		[4,000]
112	RENDER SAFE SETS KITS OUTFITS	16,440	16,440
113	FAMILY OF BOATS AND MOTORS	1,922	1,922

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
COMBAT SERVICE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT			
114	HEATERS AND ECU'S	14,355	14,355
115	PERSONNEL RECOVERY SUPPORT SYSTEM (PRSS)	6,503	6,503
116	GROUND SOLDIER SYSTEM	141,613	141,613
117	MOBILE SOLDIER POWER	23,129	23,129
118	FORCE PROVIDER	9,569	9,569
119	CARGO AERIAL DEL & PERSONNEL PARACHUTE SYSTEM	46,312	46,312
120	FAMILY OF ENGR COMBAT AND CONSTRUCTION SETS	9,217	9,217
PETROLEUM EQUIPMENT			
122	QUALITY SURVEILLANCE EQUIPMENT	2,879	2,879
123	DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS, PETROLEUM & WATER	57,050	57,050
MEDICAL EQUIPMENT			
124	COMBAT SUPPORT MEDICAL	72,157	72,157
MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT			
125	MOBILE MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT SYSTEMS	26,271	26,271
CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT			
127	ALL TERRAIN CRANES	114	10,114
	Family of All Terrain Cranes Type I		[10,000]
128	HIGH MOBILITY ENGINEER EXCAVATOR (HME)	31,663	31,663
130	CONST EQUIP ESP	8,925	8,925
RAIL FLOAT CONTAINERIZATION EQUIPMENT			
131	ARMY WATERCRAFT ESP	55,459	55,459
132	MANEUVER SUPPORT VESSEL (MSV)	66,634	66,634
133	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5.0M (FLOAT/RAIL)	20,036	20,036
GENERATORS			
134	GENERATORS AND ASSOCIATED EQUIP	81,540	81,540
135	TACTICAL ELECTRIC POWER RECAPITALIZATION	12,051	12,051
MATERIAL HANDLING EQUIPMENT			
136	FAMILY OF FORKLIFTS	7,849	7,849
TRAINING EQUIPMENT			
137	COMBAT TRAINING CENTERS SUPPORT	40,686	40,686
138	TRAINING DEVICES, NONSYSTEM	174,890	174,890
139	SYNTHETIC TRAINING ENVIRONMENT (STE)	218,183	207,747
	Synthetic Training Environment		[-10,436]
140	GAMING TECHNOLOGY IN SUPPORT OF ARMY TRAINING ..	10,172	10,172
TEST MEASURE AND DIG EQUIPMENT (TMD)			
141	INTEGRATED FAMILY OF TEST EQUIPMENT (IFTE)	48,329	48,329
142	TEST EQUIPMENT MODERNIZATION (TEMOD)	46,128	46,128
OTHER SUPPORT EQUIPMENT			
143	PHYSICAL SECURITY SYSTEMS (OPA3)	138,459	138,459
144	BASE LEVEL COMMON EQUIPMENT	29,968	29,968
145	MODIFICATION OF IN-SVC EQUIPMENT (OPA-3)	42,487	42,487
146	BUILDING, PRE-FAB, RELOCATABLE	26,980	26,980
147	SPECIAL EQUIPMENT FOR TEST AND EVALUATION	90,705	90,705
OPA2			
149	INITIAL SPARES—C&E	9,810	9,810
	TOTAL OTHER PROCUREMENT, ARMY	8,616,524	8,452,781
AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, NAVY			
COMBAT AIRCRAFT			
001	F/A-18E/F (FIGHTER) HORNET	28,554	28,554
002	JOINT STRIKE FIGHTER CV	1,895,033	1,847,872
	Excess cost growth		[-47,161]
003	JOINT STRIKE FIGHTER CV AP	196,634	196,634
004	JSF STOVL	2,078,225	2,018,480
	Excess cost growth		[-59,745]
005	JSF STOVL AP	169,389	169,389
006	CH-53K (HEAVY LIFT)	2,068,657	2,068,657
007	CH-53K (HEAVY LIFT) AP	422,972	422,972
008	V-22 (MEDIUM LIFT)	60,175	60,175
009	H-1 UPGRADES (UH-1Y/AH-1Z)	8,701	8,701
010	P-8A POSEIDON	12,424	12,424
011	E-2D ADV HAWKEYE	197,669	102,522

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	Production line shutdown early to need		[-95,147]
	TRAINER AIRCRAFT		
012	MULTI-ENGINE TRAINING SYSTEM (METS)	301,303	301,303
	OTHER AIRCRAFT		
014	KC-130J	33,406	233,406
	USN Reserve KC-130J recapitalization program		[200,000]
016	MQ-4 TRITON	159,226	159,226
020	MQ-25	501,683	501,683
021	MQ-25 AP	51,344	51,344
022	MARINE GROUP 5 UAS	19,081	19,081
	MODIFICATION OF AIRCRAFT		
023	F-18 A-D UNIQUE	92,765	92,765
024	F-18E/F AND EA-18G MODERNIZATION AND SUSTAINM	566,727	566,727
025	MARINE GROUP 5 UAS SERIES	112,672	112,672
026	AEA SYSTEMS	17,460	17,460
027	AV-8 SERIES	3,584	3,584
028	INFRARED SEARCH AND TRACK (IRST)	146,876	146,876
029	ADVERSARY	49,724	49,724
030	F-18 SERIES	680,613	667,373
	Avionics obsolescence excess growth		[-7,882]
	HDVR 8-Kit unit cost growth		[-5,358]
031	H-53 SERIES	107,247	102,939
	Other support costs excess growth		[-4,308]
032	MH-60 SERIES	108,072	108,072
033	H-1 SERIES	153,006	153,006
035	E-2 SERIES	148,060	148,060
036	TRAINER A/C SERIES	12,415	12,415
037	C-130 SERIES	188,119	188,119
038	FEWSG	663	663
039	CARGO/TRANSPORT A/C SERIES	13,162	13,162
040	E-6 SERIES	142,368	142,368
041	EXECUTIVE HELICOPTERS SERIES	69,495	69,495
042	T-45 SERIES	158,800	158,800
043	POWER PLANT CHANGES	16,806	16,806
044	JPATS SERIES	24,157	24,157
045	AVIATION LIFE SUPPORT MODS	3,964	3,964
046	COMMON ECM EQUIPMENT	52,791	52,791
047	COMMON AVIONICS CHANGES	139,113	139,113
048	COMMON DEFENSIVE WEAPON SYSTEM	10,687	10,687
049	ID SYSTEMS	7,020	7,020
050	P-8 SERIES	307,202	307,202
051	MAGTF EW FOR AVIATION	25,597	25,597
053	V-22 (TILT/ROTOR ACFT) OSPREY	235,062	295,062
	Safety Enhancements		[60,000]
054	NEXT GENERATION JAMMER (NGJ)	453,226	453,226
055	F-35 STOVL SERIES	282,987	257,073
	Early to need		[-25,914]
056	F-35 CV SERIES	183,924	165,105
	Early to need		[-18,819]
057	QRC	26,957	26,957
058	MQ-4 SERIES	122,044	88,098
	Installation costs excess growth		[-33,946]
	AIRCRAFT SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		
063	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS	2,094,242	2,094,242
	AIRCRAFT SUPPORT EQUIP & FACILITIES		
064	COMMON GROUND EQUIPMENT	572,806	572,806
065	AIRCRAFT INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES	105,634	105,634
066	WAR CONSUMABLES	43,604	43,604
067	OTHER PRODUCTION CHARGES	73,307	73,307
068	SPECIAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	456,816	456,816
	TOTAL AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, NAVY	16,214,250	16,175,970

WEAPONS PROCUREMENT, NAVY

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	MODIFICATION OF MISSILES		
002	TRIDENT II MODS	1,793,867	1,793,867
	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT & FACILITIES		
003	MISSILE INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES	8,133	8,133
	STRATEGIC MISSILES		
004	TOMAHAWK	32,677	32,677
	TACTICAL MISSILES		
005	AMRAAM	279,626	279,626
006	SIDEWINDER	86,023	86,023
007	STANDARD MISSILE	627,386	627,386
008	STANDARD MISSILE AP	127,830	127,830
009	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB II	76,108	76,108
010	RAM	141,021	141,021
011	JOINT AIR GROUND MISSILE (JAGM)	76,838	76,838
013	AERIAL TARGETS	182,463	182,463
014	OTHER MISSILE SUPPORT	3,411	3,411
015	LRASM	326,435	326,435
016	NAVAL STRIKE MISSILE (NSM)	24,882	90,982
	NSM production increase (+21)		[66,100]
017	NAVAL STRIKE MISSILE (NSM) AP	4,412	4,412
	MODIFICATION OF MISSILES		
018	TOMAHAWK MODS	317,839	317,839
019	ESSM	652,391	634,391
	Program delay		[-18,000]
020	AARGM-ER	213,988	213,988
021	AARGM-ER AP	34,604	34,604
022	STANDARD MISSILES MODS	75,667	72,042
	Carryover		[-3,625]
	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT & FACILITIES		
023	WEAPONS INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES	1,490	1,490
	ORDNANCE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		
026	ORDNANCE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	351,488	351,488
	TORPEDOES AND RELATED EQUIP		
027	SSTD	4,317	4,317
028	MK-48 TORPEDO	333,147	333,147
029	ASW TARGETS	30,476	30,476
	MOD OF TORPEDOES AND RELATED EQUIP		
030	MK-54 TORPEDO MODS	106,249	156,249
	Mk54 production increase		[50,000]
031	MK-48 TORPEDO ADCAP MODS	17,363	17,363
032	MARITIME MINES	100,065	100,065
	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		
033	TORPEDO SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	151,809	151,809
034	ASW RANGE SUPPORT	4,039	4,039
	DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION		
035	FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION	5,669	5,669
	GUNS AND GUN MOUNTS		
036	SMALL ARMS AND WEAPONS	12,513	12,513
	MODIFICATION OF GUNS AND GUN MOUNTS		
037	CIWS MODS	4,266	4,266
038	COAST GUARD WEAPONS	54,794	54,794
039	GUN MOUNT MODS	82,246	82,246
040	LCS MODULE WEAPONS	2,463	2,463
041	AIRBORNE MINE NEUTRALIZATION SYSTEMS	11,635	11,635
	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		
043	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS	240,697	240,697
	TOTAL WEAPONS PROCUREMENT, NAVY	6,600,327	6,694,802
	PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, NAVY AND MARINE CORPS		
	NAVY AMMUNITION		
001	GENERAL PURPOSE BOMBS	33,161	33,161
002	JDAM	75,134	73,109

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	Excess to need		[-2,025]
003	AIRBORNE ROCKETS, ALL TYPES	58,197	58,197
004	MACHINE GUN AMMUNITION	12,501	12,501
005	PRACTICE BOMBS	56,745	52,237
	Q1300 LGTR unit cost growth		[-4,508]
006	CARTRIDGES & CART ACTUATED DEVICES	73,782	73,782
007	AIR EXPENDABLE COUNTERMEASURES	75,416	75,416
008	JATOS	7,407	7,407
009	5 INCH/54 GUN AMMUNITION	29,990	23,990
	Underexecution		[-6,000]
010	INTERMEDIATE CALIBER GUN AMMUNITION	40,089	40,089
011	OTHER SHIP GUN AMMUNITION	41,223	41,223
012	SMALL ARMS & LANDING PARTY AMMO	47,269	47,269
013	PYROTECHNIC AND DEMOLITION	9,703	9,703
015	AMMUNITION LESS THAN \$5 MILLION	1,703	1,703
016	EXPEDITIONARY LOITERING MUNITIONS	588,005	527,255
	Contract execution		[-60,750]
	MARINE CORPS AMMUNITION		
017	MORTARS	127,726	127,726
018	DIRECT SUPPORT MUNITIONS	43,769	41,889
	Excess to need		[-1,880]
019	INFANTRY WEAPONS AMMUNITION	266,277	266,277
020	COMBAT SUPPORT MUNITIONS	21,726	21,726
021	AMMO MODERNIZATION	18,211	18,211
022	ARTILLERY MUNITIONS	114,684	114,684
023	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MILLION	5,165	5,165
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, NAVY AND MARINE CORPS.	1,747,883	1,672,720
	SHIPBUILDING AND CONVERSION, NAVY		
	FLEET BALLISTIC MISSILE SHIPS		
001	COLUMBIA CLASS SUBMARINE	3,341,235	3,341,235
002	COLUMBIA CLASS SUBMARINE AP	6,215,939	6,215,939
	OTHER WARSHIPS		
003	CARRIER REPLACEMENT PROGRAM	1,186,873	1,123,124
	Rephasing of incremental funding		[-63,749]
004	CVN-81	721,045	721,045
005	VIRGINIA CLASS SUBMARINE	3,615,904	3,972,904
	Program increase: Submarine class material second ship set		[357,000]
006	VIRGINIA CLASS SUBMARINE AP	3,720,303	3,720,303
007	CVN REFUELING OVERHAULS	1,061,143	811,143
	CVN refueling complex overhaul reduction		[-250,000]
009	DDG 1000	61,100	61,100
010	DDG-51	4,725,819	5,425,819
	3rd DDG in FY25		[700,000]
010A	DDG-51	759,563	759,563
010A	DDG-51	923,808	923,808
011	DDG-51 AP	41,724	83,224
	3rd DDG Advance Procurement for FY26		[41,500]
013	FFG-FRIGATE	1,170,442	50,000
	Program delay		[-1,170,442]
	Small surface combatant shipyard infrastructure and work- force development.		[50,000]
	AMPHIBIOUS SHIPS		
014	LPD FLIGHT II	1,561,963	1,231,963
	LPD-33 program decrease		[-330,000]
015	LPD FLIGHT II AP		525,000
	LPD-34 AP		[250,000]
	LPD-35 AP		[275,000]
019	LHA REPLACEMENT AP	61,118	561,000
	LHA-10 AP		[499,882]
021	MEDIUM LANDING SHIP	268,068	253,068
	Medium Landing Ship lead ship reduction		[-238,000]

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	Nondevelopmental LSM		[223,000]
	AUXILIARIES, CRAFT AND PRIOR YR PROGRAM COST		
027	OUTFITTING	674,600	605,753
	Early to need		[-68,847]
029	SERVICE CRAFT	11,426	41,426
	Additional YRBM		[30,000]
030	AUXILIARY PERSONNEL LIGHTER	76,168	76,168
031	LCAC SLEP	45,087	45,087
032	AUXILIARY VESSELS (USED SEALIFT)	204,939	204,939
033	COMPLETION OF PY SHIPBUILDING PROGRAMS	1,930,024	1,990,024
	Program increase: T-ATS Navajo-class ships		[60,000]
	TOTAL SHIPBUILDING AND CONVERSION, NAVY ..	32,378,291	32,743,635
	OTHER PROCUREMENT, NAVY		
	SHIP PROPULSION EQUIPMENT		
001	SURFACE POWER EQUIPMENT	20,840	20,840
	GENERATORS		
002	SURFACE COMBATANT HM&E	82,937	82,937
	NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT		
003	OTHER NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT	102,288	102,288
	OTHER SHIPBOARD EQUIPMENT		
004	SUB PERISCOPE, IMAGING AND SUPT EQUIP PROG	294,625	294,625
005	DDG MOD	861,066	809,984
	Excessive cost growth		[-51,082]
006	FIREFIGHTING EQUIPMENT	38,521	38,521
007	COMMAND AND CONTROL SWITCHBOARD	2,402	2,402
008	LHA/LHD MIDLIFE	81,602	81,602
009	LCC 19/20 EXTENDED SERVICE LIFE PROGRAM	7,352	7,352
010	POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT	23,440	23,440
011	SUBMARINE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	293,766	293,766
012	VIRGINIA CLASS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	43,565	43,565
013	LCS CLASS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	7,318	7,318
014	SUBMARINE BATTERIES	30,470	30,470
015	LPD CLASS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	38,115	38,115
016	DDG 1000 CLASS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	407,468	365,872
	Excessive cost growth		[-41,596]
017	STRATEGIC PLATFORM SUPPORT EQUIP	53,931	53,931
018	DSSP EQUIPMENT	4,586	4,586
020	LCAC	11,013	11,013
021	UNDERWATER EOD EQUIPMENT	16,650	16,650
022	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MILLION	66,351	66,351
023	CHEMICAL WARFARE DETECTORS	3,254	3,254
	REACTOR PLANT EQUIPMENT		
024	SHIP MAINTENANCE, REPAIR AND MODERNIZATION	2,392,190	2,392,190
026	REACTOR COMPONENTS	445,974	445,974
	OCEAN ENGINEERING		
027	DIVING AND SALVAGE EQUIPMENT	17,499	17,499
	SMALL BOATS		
028	STANDARD BOATS	400,892	332,642
	Additional 40-foot patrol boats		[12,000]
	Insufficient justification		[-80,250]
	PRODUCTION FACILITIES EQUIPMENT		
029	OPERATING FORCES IPE	237,036	239,804
	Excessive cost growth		[-14,732]
	INDOPACOM Mission Network—INDOPACOM UPL		[17,500]
	OTHER SHIP SUPPORT		
030	LCS COMMON MISSION MODULES EQUIPMENT	56,105	56,105
031	LCS MCM MISSION MODULES	118,247	98,247
	Insufficient justification		[-20,000]
033	LCS SUW MISSION MODULES	11,101	11,101
034	LCS IN-SERVICE MODERNIZATION	205,571	188,254
	Insufficient justification		[-17,317]
035	SMALL & MEDIUM UUV	48,780	54,280

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	Accelerate Subsea and Seabed Warfare (SSW) ROV—Navy UFR.		[5,500]
	LOGISTIC SUPPORT		
036	LSO MIDLIFE & MODERNIZATION	56,667	56,667
	SHIP SONARS		
037	SPQ-9B RADAR	7,402	7,402
038	AN/SQQ-89 SURF ASW COMBAT SYSTEM	134,637	134,637
039	SSN ACOUSTIC EQUIPMENT	502,115	487,115
	Excessive cost growth		[-15,000]
040	UNDERSEA WARFARE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	16,731	16,731
	ASW ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT		
041	SUBMARINE ACOUSTIC WARFARE SYSTEM	55,484	55,484
042	SSTD	9,647	9,647
043	FIXED SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM	405,854	428,854
	Persistent Targeting for Undersea		[23,000]
044	SURTASS	45,975	45,975
	ELECTRONIC WARFARE EQUIPMENT		
045	AN/SLQ-32	184,349	184,349
	RECONNAISSANCE EQUIPMENT		
046	SHIPBOARD IW EXPLOIT	362,099	362,099
047	AUTOMATED IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (AIS)	4,680	4,680
	OTHER SHIP ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT		
048	COOPERATIVE ENGAGEMENT CAPABILITY	26,644	26,644
049	NAVAL TACTICAL COMMAND SUPPORT SYSTEM (NTCSS) ..	13,614	13,614
050	ATDLS	68,458	68,458
051	NAVY COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM (NCCS)	3,645	3,645
052	MINESWEEPING SYSTEM REPLACEMENT	16,812	16,812
053	NAVSTAR GPS RECEIVERS (SPACE)	41,458	41,458
054	AMERICAN FORCES RADIO AND TV SERVICE	3,803	3,803
	AVIATION ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT		
056	ASHORE ATC EQUIPMENT	90,586	90,586
057	AFLOAT ATC EQUIPMENT	75,508	75,508
058	ID SYSTEMS	59,602	59,602
059	JOINT PRECISION APPROACH AND LANDING SYSTEM (.....	7,287	7,287
060	NAVAL MISSION PLANNING SYSTEMS	46,106	42,326
	Excessive cost growth		[-3,780]
	OTHER SHORE ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT		
061	MARITIME INTEGRATED BROADCAST SYSTEM	7,809	7,809
062	TACTICAL/MOBILE C4I SYSTEMS	65,113	65,113
063	DCGS-N	16,946	16,946
064	CANES	440,207	440,207
065	RADIAC	38,688	38,688
066	CANES-INTELL	50,654	50,654
067	GPETE	32,005	32,005
068	MASF	24,361	24,361
069	INTEG COMBAT SYSTEM TEST FACILITY	6,709	6,709
070	EMI CONTROL INSTRUMENTATION	4,081	4,081
072	IN-SERVICE RADARS AND SENSORS	228,910	228,910
	SHIPBOARD COMMUNICATIONS		
073	BATTLE FORCE TACTICAL NETWORK	104,119	104,119
074	SHIPBOARD TACTICAL COMMUNICATIONS	24,602	24,602
075	SHIP COMMUNICATIONS AUTOMATION	103,546	103,546
076	COMMUNICATIONS ITEMS UNDER \$5M	9,209	9,209
	SUBMARINE COMMUNICATIONS		
077	SUBMARINE BROADCAST SUPPORT	136,846	129,467
	Excessive cost growth		[-7,379]
078	SUBMARINE COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT	68,334	68,334
	SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS		
079	SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS	59,745	59,745
080	NAVY MULTIBAND TERMINAL (NMT)	163,071	163,071
	SHORE COMMUNICATIONS		
081	JOINT COMMUNICATIONS SUPPORT ELEMENT (JCSE)	4,551	4,551
	CRYPTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT		

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
082	INFO SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM (ISSP)	162,008	162,008
083	MIO INTEL EXPLOITATION TEAM	1,100	1,100
	CRYPTOLOGIC EQUIPMENT		
084	CRYPTOLOGIC COMMUNICATIONS EQUIP	15,506	15,506
	OTHER ELECTRONIC SUPPORT		
095	COAST GUARD EQUIPMENT	58,213	58,213
	SONOBUOYS		
097	SONOBUOYS—ALL TYPES	323,441	348,441
	Additional Sonobouys		[25,000]
	AIRCRAFT SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		
098	MINOTAUR	5,431	5,431
099	WEAPONS RANGE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	138,062	138,062
100	AIRCRAFT SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	121,108	121,108
101	ADVANCED ARRESTING GEAR (AAG)	2,244	2,244
102	ELECTROMAGNETIC AIRCRAFT LAUNCH SYSTEM (EMALS	14,702	14,702
103	METEOROLOGICAL EQUIPMENT	17,982	17,982
104	AIRBORNE MCM	10,643	10,643
106	AVIATION SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	110,993	110,993
107	UMCS-UNMAN CARRIER AVIATION(UCA)MISSION CNTRL ...	130,050	130,050
	SHIP GUN SYSTEM EQUIPMENT		
109	SHIP GUN SYSTEMS EQUIPMENT	6,416	6,416
	SHIP MISSILE SYSTEMS EQUIPMENT		
110	HARPOON SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	226	226
111	SHIP MISSILE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	381,473	376,830
	Excessive cost growth		[−4,643]
112	TOMAHAWK SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	98,921	98,921
	FBM SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		
113	STRATEGIC MISSILE SYSTEMS EQUIP	325,236	325,236
	ASW SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		
114	SSN COMBAT CONTROL SYSTEMS	157,609	157,609
115	ASW SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	25,362	25,362
	OTHER ORDNANCE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		
116	EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DISPOSAL EQUIP	26,725	26,725
117	DIRECTED ENERGY SYSTEMS	3,817	3,817
118	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MILLION	3,193	3,193
	OTHER EXPENDABLE ORDNANCE		
119	ANTI-SHIP MISSILE DECOY SYSTEM	95,557	89,894
	Excessive cost growth		[−5,663]
120	SUBMARINE TRAINING DEVICE MODS	80,248	80,248
121	SURFACE TRAINING EQUIPMENT	179,974	179,974
	CIVIL ENGINEERING SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		
122	PASSENGER CARRYING VEHICLES	3,751	3,751
123	GENERAL PURPOSE TRUCKS	5,795	5,795
124	CONSTRUCTION & MAINTENANCE EQUIP	80,260	80,260
125	FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT	26,199	26,199
126	TACTICAL VEHICLES	50,878	50,878
127	AMPHIBIOUS EQUIPMENT	6,454	6,454
128	POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT	3,924	3,924
129	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MILLION	103,014	103,014
130	PHYSICAL SECURITY VEHICLES	1,301	1,301
	SUPPLY SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		
131	SUPPLY EQUIPMENT	56,585	56,585
132	FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION	5,863	5,863
133	SPECIAL PURPOSE SUPPLY SYSTEMS	954,467	892,335
	Classified adjustment		[−62,132]
	TRAINING DEVICES		
134	TRAINING SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	5,341	5,341
135	TRAINING AND EDUCATION EQUIPMENT	75,626	75,626
	COMMAND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		
136	COMMAND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	29,698	29,698
137	MEDICAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	10,122	10,122
139	NAVAL MIP SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	6,590	6,590
140	OPERATING FORCES SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	17,056	17,056

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
141	C4ISR EQUIPMENT	33,606	33,606
142	ENVIRONMENTAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	47,499	47,499
143	PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT	129,484	129,484
144	ENTERPRISE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	42,026	42,026
	OTHER		
149	NEXT GENERATION ENTERPRISE SERVICE	130,100	130,100
150	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	2,195	2,195
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		
151A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	16,134	16,134
	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		
152	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS	705,144	705,144
153	VIRGINIA CLASS (VACL) SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS	578,277	578,277
	TOTAL OTHER PROCUREMENT, NAVY	15,877,253	15,636,679
	PROCUREMENT, MARINE CORPS		
	TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES		
001	AAV7A1 PIP	2,773	2,773
002	AMPHIBIOUS COMBAT VEHICLE FAMILY OF VEHICLES	810,276	810,276
003	LAV PIP	761	761
	ARTILLERY AND OTHER WEAPONS		
004	155MM LIGHTWEIGHT TOWED HOWITZER	1,823	1,823
005	ARTILLERY WEAPONS SYSTEM	139,477	139,477
006	WEAPONS AND COMBAT VEHICLES UNDER \$5 MILLION	18,481	18,481
	GUIDED MISSILES		
007	TOMAHAWK	115,232	115,232
008	NAVAL STRIKE MISSILE (NSM)	144,682	144,682
009	NAVAL STRIKE MISSILE (NSM) AP	30,087	30,087
010	GROUND BASED AIR DEFENSE	369,296	364,296
	Excessive missile costs		[-5,000]
011	ANTI-ARMOR MISSILE-JAVELIN	61,563	60,665
	Guided missiles unit cost growth		[-898]
012	FAMILY ANTI-ARMOR WEAPON SYSTEMS (FOAAWS)	9,521	9,521
013	ANTI-ARMOR MISSILE-TOW	1,868	1,868
014	GUIDED MLRS ROCKET (GMLRS)	1,584	1,584
	COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEMS		
015	COMMON AVIATION COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM (C REPAIR AND TEST EQUIPMENT	84,764	84,764
016	REPAIR AND TEST EQUIPMENT	71,023	71,023
	OTHER SUPPORT (TEL)		
017	MODIFICATION KITS	1,559	1,559
	COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM (NON-TEL)		
018	ITEMS UNDER \$5 MILLION (COMM & ELEC)	221,212	221,212
019	AIR OPERATIONS C2 SYSTEMS	20,385	20,385
	RADAR + EQUIPMENT (NON-TEL)		
020	GROUND/AIR TASK ORIENTED RADAR (G/ATOR)	71,941	71,941
	INTELL/COMM EQUIPMENT (NON-TEL)		
021	ELECTRO MAGNETIC SPECTRUM OPERATIONS (EMSO)	182,465	0
	Marine Corps realignment		[-182,465]
022	GCSS-MC	3,282	3,282
023	FIRE SUPPORT SYSTEM	56,710	56,710
024	INTELLIGENCE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	128,804	106,919
	Excess Advanced Signals Processor		[-21,885]
026	UNMANNED AIR SYSTEMS (INTEL)	59,077	59,077
027	DCGS-MC	81,507	81,507
028	UAS PAYLOADS	17,232	17,232
	OTHER SUPPORT (NON-TEL)		
031	EXPEDITIONARY SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	15,042	15,042
032	MARINE CORPS ENTERPRISE NETWORK (MCEN)	283,983	268,583
	Expansion of secure 5G Open RAN		[5,000]
	Network Transport Excess Growth		[-20,400]
033	COMMON COMPUTER RESOURCES	25,793	21,598
	Prior year underexecution		[-4,195]
034	COMMAND POST SYSTEMS	59,113	59,113

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
035	RADIO SYSTEMS	258,818	245,320
	MCMP RIT Dismounted Radio contract award delay		[-13,498]
036	COMM SWITCHING & CONTROL SYSTEMS	39,390	39,390
037	COMM & ELEC INFRASTRUCTURE SUPPORT	21,015	21,015
038	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	19,245	19,245
040	UNMANNED EXPEDITIONARY SYSTEMS	16,305	16,305
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		
041A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	3,266	3,266
	ADMINISTRATIVE VEHICLES		
042	COMMERCIAL CARGO VEHICLES	26,800	26,800
	TACTICAL VEHICLES		
043	MOTOR TRANSPORT MODIFICATIONS	17,304	17,304
044	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE	340,542	324,058
	Contract savings		[-16,484]
045	TRAILERS	27,440	27,440
	ENGINEER AND OTHER EQUIPMENT		
046	TACTICAL FUEL SYSTEMS	29,252	25,114
	Unjustified request		[-4,138]
047	POWER EQUIPMENT ASSORTED	23,411	23,411
048	AMPHIBIOUS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	11,366	11,366
049	EOD SYSTEMS	30,166	30,166
	MATERIALS HANDLING EQUIPMENT		
050	PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT	56,749	48,657
	Prior year underexecution		[-8,092]
	GENERAL PROPERTY		
051	FIELD MEDICAL EQUIPMENT	23,651	23,651
052	TRAINING DEVICES	105,448	97,577
	FoFTS-Next MCTIS-V training system previously funded		[-7,871]
053	FAMILY OF CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT	29,168	29,168
054	ULTRA-LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE (ULTV)	17,954	17,954
	OTHER SUPPORT		
055	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MILLION	26,508	26,508
	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		
056	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS	28,749	28,749
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT, MARINE CORPS	4,243,863	3,963,937
	AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE		
	STRATEGIC OFFENSIVE		
001	B-21 RAIDER	1,956,668	1,956,668
002	B-21 RAIDER AP	721,600	721,600
	TACTICAL FORCES		
003	F-35	4,474,156	4,128,859
	Excess cost growth		[-345,297]
004	F-35 AP	482,584	482,584
005	F-15EX	1,808,472	2,408,472
	Procure 6 x F-15 EX Aircraft—NGB UFR		[600,000]
	TACTICAL AIRLIFT		
007	KC-46A MDAP	2,854,748	2,695,728
	Excessive cost growth		[-159,020]
	OTHER AIRLIFT		
008	C-130J	2,405	422,405
	2 additional aircraft		[220,000]
	Additional LC-130J		[200,000]
	UPT TRAINERS		
010	ADVANCED PILOT TRAINING T-7A	235,207	235,207
	HELICOPTERS		
011	MH-139A	294,095	294,095
012	COMBAT RESCUE HELICOPTER	162,685	147,685
	Program decrease		[-15,000]
	MISSION SUPPORT AIRCRAFT		
013	C-40 FLEET EXPANSION	328,689	210,000
	Two additional C-40B aircraft for the Air National Guard		[200,000]
	Unjustified request		[-318,689]

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
014	CIVIL AIR PATROL A/C	3,086	15,000
	Aircraft increase		[11,914]
	OTHER AIRCRAFT		
016	TARGET DRONES	37,581	37,581
017	ULTRA	35,274	35,274
021	RQ-20B PUMA	11,283	11,283
	STRATEGIC AIRCRAFT		
022	B-2A	63,932	63,932
023	B-1B	13,406	13,406
024	B-52	194,832	175,692
	B-52 modification to nuclear-capable		[4,500]
	B-52 radar modernization reduction		[-23,640]
025	LARGE AIRCRAFT INFRARED COUNTERMEASURES	52,117	52,117
	TACTICAL AIRCRAFT		
027	E-11 BACN/HAG	82,939	82,939
028	F-15	45,829	172,127
	Prevent retirement of F-15Es		[126,298]
029	F-16	217,235	217,235
030	F-22A	861,125	861,125
031	F-35 MODIFICATIONS	549,657	549,657
032	F-15 EPAW	271,970	254,915
	Installation excess to need		[-9,024]
	Reduce carryover		[-8,031]
033	KC-46A MDAP	24,954	24,954
	AIRLIFT AIRCRAFT		
034	C-5	45,445	45,445
035	C-17A	103,306	113,306
	Mobility connectivity		[10,000]
036	C-32A	6,422	6,422
037	C-37A	9,146	9,146
	TRAINER AIRCRAFT		
038	GLIDER MODS	2,679	2,679
039	T-6	130,281	130,281
040	T-1	2,205	2,205
041	T-38	115,486	115,486
	OTHER AIRCRAFT		
043	U-2 MODS	69,806	69,806
047	VC-25A MOD	11,388	11,388
048	C-40	7,114	7,114
049	C-130	102,519	102,519
050	C-130J MODS	206,904	206,904
051	C-135	146,564	141,093
	COMM2 crypto unjustified PSC OGC growth		[-1,177]
	MUOS radios unjustified support cost growth		[-4,294]
052	COMPASS CALL	94,654	94,654
054	RC-135	222,966	222,966
055	E-3	68,192	68,192
055A	E-7		400,000
	E-7 acceleration		[400,000]
056	E-4	28,728	28,728
057	H-1	2,097	2,097
058	MH-139A MOD	5,010	5,010
059	H-60	2,035	2,035
060	HH60W MODIFICATIONS	28,911	28,911
062	HC/MC-130 MODIFICATIONS	213,284	208,461
	Support costs excess growth		[-4,823]
063	OTHER AIRCRAFT	55,122	55,122
064	OTHER AIRCRAFT AP	5,216	5,216
065	MQ-9 MODS	12,351	12,351
066	SENIOR LEADER C3 SYSTEM—AIRCRAFT	25,001	25,001
067	CV-22 MODS	42,795	42,795
	AIRCRAFT SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		
068	INITIAL SPARES/REPAIR PARTS	936,212	1,103,531

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	C-40 Fleet Expansion reductions		[-10,000]
	Fighter Force Re-Optimization (+208 PMAI a/c)—AF UFR		[108,319]
	Program increase: F-100 ANG engines for F-16		[69,000]
	COMMON SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		
069	AIRCRAFT REPLACEMENT SUPPORT EQUIP	162,813	198,694
	Fighter Force Re-Optimization (+208 PMAI a/c)—AF UFR		[35,881]
	POST PRODUCTION SUPPORT		
070	OTHER PRODUCTION CHARGES	15,031	15,031
072	B-2A	1,885	1,885
073	B-2B	15,709	15,709
076	CV-22 POST PRODUCTION SUPPORT	12,025	12,025
079	F-16	11,501	11,501
080	F-16	867	867
082	HC/MC-130 MODIFICATIONS	18,604	18,604
	INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS		
085	INDUSTRIAL RESPONSIVENESS	20,004	20,004
	WAR CONSUMABLES		
086	WAR CONSUMABLES	25,908	25,908
	OTHER PRODUCTION CHARGES		
087	OTHER PRODUCTION CHARGES	1,006,272	1,504,872
	Classified adjustment		[498,600]
092	F-15EX	40,084	40,084
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		
092A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	16,359	16,359
	TOTAL AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE	19,835,430	21,420,947
	MISSILE PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE		
	MISSILE REPLACEMENT EQUIPMENT—BALLISTIC		
001	MISSILE REPLACEMENT EQ-BALLISTIC	37,333	37,333
	BALLISTIC MISSILES		
003	MK21A REENTRY VEHICLE	26,156	26,156
	STRATEGIC		
004	LONG RANGE STAND-OFF WEAPON	70,335	70,335
005	LONG RANGE STAND-OFF WEAPON AP	140,000	140,000
	TACTICAL		
006	REPLAC EQUIP & WAR CONSUMABLES	6,533	6,533
007	JOINT AIR-SURFACE STANDOFF MISSILE	825,051	825,051
009	JOINT STRIKE MISSILE	165,909	165,909
010	LRASMO	354,100	354,100
012	SIDEWINDER (AIM-9X)	107,101	107,101
013	AMRAAM	447,373	447,373
016	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB	42,257	42,257
017	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB II	328,382	324,910
	Unjustified growth		[-3,472]
018	STAND-IN ATTACK WEAPON (SIAW)	173,421	173,421
	INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES		
019	INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS/POL PREVENTION	913	913
	CLASS IV		
020	ICBM FUZE MOD	104,039	104,039
021	ICBM FUZE MOD AP	40,336	40,336
022	MM III MODIFICATIONS	24,212	24,212
023	AIR LAUNCH CRUISE MISSILE (ALCM)	34,019	34,019
	MISSILE SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		
024	MSL SPRS/REPAIR PARTS (INITIAL)	6,956	6,956
025	MSL SPRS/REPAIR PARTS (REPLEN)	103,543	103,543
	SPECIAL PROGRAMS		
028	SPECIAL UPDATE PROGRAMS	628,436	628,436
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		
028A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	707,204	658,204
	Classified adjustment		[-49,000]
	TOTAL MISSILE PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE	4,373,609	4,321,137
	PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, AIR FORCE		

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	CARTRIDGES		
002	CARTRIDGES	123,034	116,703
	Program reduction		[-6,331]
	BOMBS		
003	GENERAL PURPOSE BOMBS	144,725	134,725
	Program reduction		[-10,000]
004	MASSIVE ORDNANCE PENETRATOR (MOP)	8,566	8,566
005	JOINT DIRECT ATTACK MUNITION	125,268	125,268
007	B61-12 TRAINER	11,665	11,665
	OTHER ITEMS		
008	CAD/PAD	40,487	40,487
009	EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DISPOSAL (EOD)	7,076	7,076
010	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS	617	617
011	FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION	2,894	2,894
012	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5,000,000	5,399	5,399
	FLARES		
013	EXPENDABLE COUNTERMEASURES	99,769	95,241
	Unjustified growth		[-4,528]
	FUZES		
014	FUZES	114,664	114,664
	SMALL ARMS		
015	SMALL ARMS	25,311	25,311
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, AIR FORCE.	709,475	688,616
	PROCUREMENT, SPACE FORCE		
	SPACE PROCUREMENT, SF		
001	AF SATELLITE COMM SYSTEM	65,656	65,656
003	COUNTERSPACE SYSTEMS	4,277	4,277
004	FAMILY OF BEYOND LINE-OF-SIGHT TERMINALS	17,264	17,264
005	FABT FORCE ELEMENT TERMINAL	234,655	234,655
006	WIDEBAND GAFILLER SATELLITES(SPACE)	10,020	10,020
007	GENERAL INFORMATION TECH—SPACE	2,189	2,189
008	GPSIII FOLLOW ON	647,165	323,565
	Early to need		[-323,600]
009	GPS III SPACE SEGMENT	68,205	68,205
010	GLOBAL POSTIONING (SPACE)	835	835
014	SPACEBORNE EQUIP (COMSEC)	83,829	83,829
015	MILSATCOM	37,684	37,684
017	SPECIAL SPACE ACTIVITIES	658,007	658,007
018	MOBILE USER OBJECTIVE SYSTEM	51,601	51,601
019	NATIONAL SECURITY SPACE LAUNCH	1,847,486	1,702,428
	Acquisition strategy savings		[-13,500]
	NSSL program savings		[-131,558]
021	PTES HUB	56,148	56,148
023	SPACE DEVELOPMENT AGENCY LAUNCH	357,178	357,178
024	SPACE MODS	48,152	48,152
025	SPACELIFT RANGE SYSTEM SPACE	63,798	63,798
	SPARES		
026	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS	722	722
	PASSENGER CARRYING VEHICLES		
027	USSF REPLACEMENT VEHICLES	4,919	4,919
	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		
028	POWER CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT	3,189	3,189
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT, SPACE FORCE	4,262,979	3,794,321
	OTHER PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE		
	PASSENGER CARRYING VEHICLES		
001	PASSENGER CARRYING VEHICLES	6,802	6,802
	CARGO AND UTILITY VEHICLES		
002	MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLE	4,526	4,526
003	CAP VEHICLES	1,151	1,151
004	CARGO AND UTILITY VEHICLES	41,605	41,605

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	SPECIAL PURPOSE VEHICLES		
005	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE	69,546	69,546
006	SECURITY AND TACTICAL VEHICLES	438	438
007	SPECIAL PURPOSE VEHICLES	99,057	99,057
	FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT		
008	FIRE FIGHTING/CRASH RESCUE VEHICLES	57,234	57,234
	MATERIALS HANDLING EQUIPMENT		
009	MATERIALS HANDLING VEHICLES	22,949	22,949
	BASE MAINTENANCE SUPPORT		
010	RUNWAY SNOW REMOV AND CLEANING EQU	7,476	7,476
011	BASE MAINTENANCE SUPPORT VEHICLES	91,001	91,001
	COMM SECURITY EQUIPMENT(COMSEC)		
012	COMSEC EQUIPMENT	63,233	63,233
013	STRATEGIC MICROELECTRONIC SUPPLY SYSTEM	328,667	323,667
	Program decrease		[-5,000]
	INTELLIGENCE PROGRAMS		
014	INTERNATIONAL INTEL TECH & ARCHITECTURES	5,616	5,616
015	INTELLIGENCE TRAINING EQUIPMENT	5,146	5,146
016	INTELLIGENCE COMM EQUIPMENT	36,449	36,449
	ELECTRONICS PROGRAMS		
017	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL & LANDING SYS	45,820	45,820
018	NATIONAL AIRSPACE SYSTEM	13,443	13,443
019	BATTLE CONTROL SYSTEM—FIXED	22,764	22,764
020	THEATER AIR CONTROL SYS IMPROVEMEN	73,412	73,412
021	3D EXPEDITIONARY LONG-RANGE RADAR	96,022	96,022
022	WEATHER OBSERVATION FORECAST	31,056	31,056
023	STRATEGIC COMMAND AND CONTROL	49,991	49,991
024	CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN COMPLEX	8,897	8,897
025	MISSION PLANNING SYSTEMS	18,474	18,474
027	STRATEGIC MISSION PLANNING & EXECUTION SYSTEM ..	7,376	7,376
	SPCL COMM-ELECTRONICS PROJECTS		
028	GENERAL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	161,928	161,928
029	AF GLOBAL COMMAND & CONTROL SYS	1,946	1,946
030	BATTLEFIELD AIRBORNE CONTROL NODE (BACN)	5	5
031	MOBILITY COMMAND AND CONTROL	11,435	11,435
032	AIR FORCE PHYSICAL SECURITY SYSTEM	254,106	304,106
	Counter uncrewed systems for Africa Command		[50,000]
033	COMBAT TRAINING RANGES	290,877	298,377
	Infrastructure and communications upgrades		[7,500]
034	MINIMUM ESSENTIAL EMERGENCY COMM N	60,639	60,639
035	WIDE AREA SURVEILLANCE (WAS)	13,945	13,945
036	C3 COUNTERMEASURES	100,594	100,594
037	DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACCOUNTING & MGT SYS	1,236	1,236
039	THEATER BATTLE MGT C2 SYSTEM	433	433
040	AIR & SPACE OPERATIONS CENTER (AOC)	21,175	21,175
	AIR FORCE COMMUNICATIONS		
041	BASE INFORMATION TRANSP T INFRAST (BITI) WIRED	201,670	201,670
042	AFNET	69,807	69,807
043	JOINT COMMUNICATIONS SUPPORT ELEMENT (JCSE)	5,821	5,821
044	USCENTCOM	19,498	19,498
045	USSTRATCOM	4,797	4,797
046	USSPACECOM	79,783	79,783
	ORGANIZATION AND BASE		
047	TACTICAL C-E EQUIPMENT	139,153	139,153
048	COMBAT SURVIVOR EVADER LOCATER	2,222	2,222
049	RADIO EQUIPMENT	53,568	53,568
050	BASE COMM INFRASTRUCTURE	60,744	60,744
	MODIFICATIONS		
051	COMM ELECT MODS	73,147	73,147
	PERSONAL SAFETY & RESCUE EQUIP		
052	PERSONAL SAFETY AND RESCUE EQUIPMENT	109,562	109,562
	DEPOT PLANT+MTRLS HANDLING EQ		
053	POWER CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT	13,443	13,443

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
054	MECHANIZED MATERIAL HANDLING EQUIP	20,459	20,459
	BASE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		
055	BASE PROCURED EQUIPMENT	79,854	79,854
056	ENGINEERING AND EOD EQUIPMENT	203,531	203,531
057	MOBILITY EQUIPMENT	112,280	112,280
058	FUELS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT (FSE)	24,563	24,563
059	BASE MAINTENANCE AND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	54,455	58,205
	Fighter Force Re-Optimization (+208 PMAI a/c)—AF UFR		[3,750]
	SPECIAL SUPPORT PROJECTS		
061	DARP RC135	29,524	29,524
062	DCGS-AF	59,504	59,504
064	SPECIAL UPDATE PROGRAM	1,269,904	1,397,304
	Classified adjustment		[127,400]
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		
064A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	25,476,312	25,048,079
	Classified adjustment		[-428,233]
	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		
065	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS (CYBER)	1,056	1,056
066	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS	7,637	7,637
	TOTAL OTHER PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE	30,298,764	30,054,181
	PROCUREMENT, DEFENSE-WIDE		
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, OSD		
001	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DPAA	518	518
002	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, OSD	184,095	184,095
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, WHS		
007	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, WHS	374	374
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DISA		
008	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY	25,392	25,392
009	TELEPORT PROGRAM	27,451	25,848
	Teleport excess growth		[-1,603]
011	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MILLION	25,499	25,499
012	DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEM NETWORK	68,786	68,786
013	WHITE HOUSE COMMUNICATION AGENCY	116,320	116,320
014	SENIOR LEADERSHIP ENTERPRISE	54,278	54,278
015	JOINT REGIONAL SECURITY STACKS (JRSS)	17,213	14,710
	Program decrease		[-2,503]
016	JOINT SERVICE PROVIDER	50,462	61,462
	OSD requested transfer from RDTE,DW line 94		[11,000]
017	FOURTH ESTATE NETWORK OPTIMIZATION (4ENO)	24,482	24,482
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DLA		
024	MAJOR EQUIPMENT	53,777	53,777
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DCSA		
025	MAJOR EQUIPMENT	2,191	2,191
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, TJS		
026	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, TJS	16,345	16,345
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, MISSILE DEFENSE AGENCY		
027	THAAD	246,995	246,995
028	GROUND BASED MIDCOURSE	20,796	20,796
029	AEGIS BMD	85,000	335,000
	Restore SM-3 IB production		[250,000]
030	BMDS AN/TPY-2 RADARS	57,130	230,800
	AN/TPY-2 Antenna Equipment Unit (AEU)—MDA UFR		[176,100]
	Unjustified growth		[-2,430]
031	SM-3 IIA	406,370	471,370
	Expand SM-3 IIA production capacity to 36/yr		[65,000]
032	ARROW 3 UPPER TIER SYSTEMS	50,000	50,000
033	SHORT RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE (SRBMD)	40,000	40,000
034	DEFENSE OF GUAM PROCUREMENT	22,602	22,602
036	IRON DOME	110,000	110,000
037	AEGIS BMD HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE	32,040	32,040
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DHRA		
038	PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION	3,717	3,717

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DEFENSE THREAT REDUCTION AGENCY		
041	VEHICLES	2,754	2,754
042	OTHER MAJOR EQUIPMENT	8,783	8,783
043	DTRA CYBER ACTIVITIES	3,429	3,429
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DODEA		
044	AUTOMATION/EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT & LOGISTICS	1,360	1,360
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DMACT		
045	MAJOR EQUIPMENT	7,332	7,332
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, USCYBERCOM		
046	CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	69,066	69,066
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		
046A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	599,781	593,331
	Classified adjustment		[-6,450]
	AVIATION PROGRAMS		
047	ARMED OVERWATCH/TARGETING	335,487	315,487
	Program decrease – armed overwatch		[-20,000]
048	MANNED ISR	2,500	2,500
049	MC-12	400	400
050	ROTARY WING UPGRADES AND SUSTAINMENT	220,301	243,074
	MH-60M OCONUS aircraft loss mods and MEP—SOCOM UFR.		[22,773]
051	UNMANNED ISR	41,717	37,817
	Long endurance aircraft contract delay		[-3,900]
052	NON-STANDARD AVIATION	7,942	7,942
053	U-28	5,259	5,259
054	MH-47 CHINOOK	157,413	147,265
	MH-47 unjustified GFE cost growth		[-10,148]
055	CV-22 MODIFICATION	49,403	49,403
056	MQ-9 UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE	19,123	19,123
057	PRECISION STRIKE PACKAGE	69,917	69,917
058	AC/MC-130J	300,892	299,818
	Program decrease – SOF Common TFITA SKR		[-1,074]
	SHIPBUILDING		
060	UNDERWATER SYSTEMS	63,850	70,850
	Deep Submergence Collective Propulsion		[7,000]
	AMMUNITION PROGRAMS		
061	ORDNANCE ITEMS <\$5M	139,078	139,078
	OTHER PROCUREMENT PROGRAMS		
062	INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS	205,814	205,814
063	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS	3,918	3,918
064	OTHER ITEMS <\$5M	79,015	79,015
065	COMBATANT CRAFT SYSTEMS	66,455	73,455
	Combatant Craft Assault		[7,000]
066	SPECIAL PROGRAMS	20,822	20,822
067	TACTICAL VEHICLES	53,016	53,016
068	WARRIOR SYSTEMS <\$5M	358,257	420,107
	Blast Exposure Monitoring (BEMO) Systems Acceleration		[7,350]
	Counter Uncrewed Systems—SOCOM UFR		[44,500]
	On The Move Satellite Communication Terminals		[10,000]
069	COMBAT MISSION REQUIREMENTS	4,988	4,988
070	OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS INTELLIGENCE	23,715	23,715
071	OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS	317,092	327,837
	Loitering Munition Accelerated Fielding and Reliability Testing Acceleration—SOCOM UFR.		[10,745]
	CBDP		
072	CHEMICAL BIOLOGICAL SITUATIONAL AWARENESS	215,038	189,523
	Program decrease – execution risk		[-25,515]
073	CB PROTECTION & HAZARD MITIGATION	211,001	211,001
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT, DEFENSE-WIDE	5,406,751	5,944,596
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT	166,377,384	167,849,488

TITLE XLII—RESEARCH, DEVELOP- MENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION.

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, ARMY				
BASIC RESEARCH				
001	0601102A	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	310,191	311,191
		Modeling and simulation environments for weapons system innovation.		[1,000]
002	0601103A	UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	78,166	78,166
003	0601104A	UNIVERSITY AND INDUSTRY RESEARCH CEN- TERS.	109,726	110,726
		Biotechnology Advancements		[1,000]
004	0601121A	CYBER COLLABORATIVE RESEARCH ALLIANCE	5,525	5,525
005	0601601A	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING BASIC RESEARCH.	10,309	10,309
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	513,917	515,917
APPLIED RESEARCH				
006	0602002A	ARMY AGILE INNOVATION AND DEVELOP- MENT-APPLIED RESEARCH.	8,032	8,032
007	0602134A	COUNTER IMPROVISED-THREAT ADVANCED STUDIES.	6,163	6,163
008	0602141A	LETHALITY TECHNOLOGY	96,094	107,094
		Advanced materials and manufacturing for hypersonic systems.		[6,000]
		Advanced Materials and Manufacturing for Mod- ernization.		[2,500]
		Assured AI-based autonomous rescue missions		[2,500]
010	0602143A	SOLDIER LETHALITY TECHNOLOGY	102,236	114,736
		Advanced textiles for extreme environments		[3,000]
		Critical hybrid advanced materials processing		[2,000]
		Pathfinder Air Assault program		[2,500]
		Pathfinder Airborne program		[5,000]
011	0602144A	GROUND TECHNOLOGY	66,707	78,207
		Accelerated carbonization soil stabilization		[4,000]
		Engineered Roadway Repair Materials for Effective Maneuver of Military Assets.		[2,500]
		Isostatic Advanced Armor Production		[5,000]
012	0602145A	NEXT GENERATION COMBAT VEHICLE TECH- NOLOGY.	149,108	158,108
		Systems Engineering for Autonomous Ground Vehi- cles.		[9,000]
013	0602146A	NETWORK C3I TECHNOLOGY	84,576	86,576
		Man-portable doppler radar		[2,000]
014	0602147A	LONG RANGE PRECISION FIRES TECHNOLOGY	32,089	67,089
		Advanced Manufacturing of Energetic Materials		[8,500]
		Biosynthesizing critical chemicals		[12,500]
		Low-Cost Missile Systems Development		[10,000]
		Spectrum Dominance with Distributed Apertures		[4,000]
015	0602148A	FUTURE VERTICLE LIFT TECHNOLOGY	52,685	55,185
		High density eVTOL power source development		[2,500]
016	0602150A	AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY	39,188	41,188
		Counter-uncrewed aerial systems research		[2,000]
017	0602180A	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING TECHNOLOGIES.	20,319	20,319
018	0602181A	ALL DOMAIN CONVERGENCE APPLIED RE- SEARCH.	12,269	12,269
019	0602182A	C3I APPLIED RESEARCH	25,839	25,839

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
020	0602183A	AIR PLATFORM APPLIED RESEARCH	53,206	53,206
021	0602184A	SOLDIER APPLIED RESEARCH	21,069	21,069
022	0602213A	C3I APPLIED CYBER	28,656	28,656
023	0602386A	BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR MATERIALS—APPLIED RESEARCH.	11,780	11,780
025	0602785A	MANPOWER/PERSONNEL/TRAINING TECH- NOLOGY.	19,795	19,795
026	0602787A	MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY	68,481	68,481
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	35,766	35,766
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	934,058	1,019,558
ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT				
027	0603002A	MEDICAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	3,112	11,112
		Hearing protection communications		[8,000]
028	0603007A	MANPOWER, PERSONNEL AND TRAINING AD- VANCED TECHNOLOGY.	16,716	16,716
029	0603025A	ARMY AGILE INNOVATION AND DEMONSTRA- TION.	14,608	14,608
030	0603040A	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES.	18,263	28,263
		Distributed AI fusion for attritable uncrewed sys- tems.		[10,000]
031	0603041A	ALL DOMAIN CONVERGENCE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY.	23,722	23,722
032	0603042A	C3I ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	22,814	22,814
033	0603043A	AIR PLATFORM ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	17,076	17,076
034	0603044A	SOLDIER ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	10,133	10,133
035	0603116A	LETHALITY ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	33,969	36,469
		Hypersonics test range		[2,500]
037	0603118A	SOLDIER LETHALITY ADVANCED TECH- NOLOGY.	94,899	94,899
038	0603119A	GROUND ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	45,880	52,380
		Design and manufacturing of advanced composites ..		[2,000]
		Rapid entry and sustainment for the Arctic		[2,500]
		Renewable electric vehicle charging stations		[2,000]
039	0603134A	COUNTER IMPROVISED-THREAT SIMULATION	21,398	21,398
040	0603386A	BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR MATERIALS—AD- VANCED RESEARCH.	36,360	36,360
041	0603457A	C3I CYBER ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	19,616	19,616
042	0603461A	HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING MOD- ERNIZATION PROGRAM.	239,597	247,597
		High performance computing modernization program		[8,000]
043	0603462A	NEXT GENERATION COMBAT VEHICLE AD- VANCED TECHNOLOGY.	175,198	182,198
		Silent Watch HTPM Fuel Cell		[5,000]
		Silicone anode battery testing		[2,000]
044	0603463A	NETWORK C3I ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	94,424	94,424
045	0603464A	LONG RANGE PRECISION FIRES ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY.	164,943	169,943
		Low-Cost Rocket Propulsion for Affordable Mass on Tgt.		[2,000]
		Virtual Integrated Testbed and Lab for Trusted AI ..		[3,000]
046	0603465A	FUTURE VERTICAL LIFT ADVANCED TECH- NOLOGY.	140,578	140,578
047	0603466A	AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE ADVANCED TECH- NOLOGY.	28,333	41,333
		Counter drone munitions		[7,000]
		Distributed Gain 300-KW Laser Weapon System		[3,000]
		RAPID C-sUAS Missile		[3,000]
049	0603920A	HUMANITARIAN DEMINING	9,272	9,272
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	155,526	155,526
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DE- VELOPMENT.	1,386,437	1,446,437

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES				
051	0603305A	ARMY MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEMS INTEGRA- TION. Artificial Intelligence Decision Aids for All Domain Operations.	13,031	16,031 [3,000]
052	0603308A	ARMY SPACE SYSTEMS INTEGRATION	19,659	19,659
054	0603619A	LANDMINE WARFARE AND BARRIER—ADV DEV. Autonomous landmine detection	58,617	66,617 [8,000]
055	0603639A	TANK AND MEDIUM CALIBER AMMUNITION Assured Precision Weapons and Munitions	116,027	133,427 [14,900]
		Large caliber automated ammunition resupply		[2,500]
056	0603645A	ARMORED SYSTEM MODERNIZATION—ADV DEV. 360 Helmet Mounted Display for the Armored Multi- Purpose Vehicle.	23,235	28,235 [5,000]
057	0603747A	SOLDIER SUPPORT AND SURVIVABILITY	4,059	4,059
058	0603766A	TACTICAL ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE SYS- TEM—ADV DEV.	90,265	90,265
059	0603774A	NIGHT VISION SYSTEMS ADVANCED DEVELOP- MENT.	64,113	64,113
060	0603779A	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY TECHNOLOGY— DEM/VAL. Demonstration of high-pressure waterjet cut and capture system to demilitarize underwater muni- tions.	34,091	39,091 [5,000]
061	0603790A	NATO RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	4,184	4,184
062	0603801A	AVIATION—ADV DEV	6,591	6,591
063	0603804A	LOGISTICS AND ENGINEER EQUIPMENT—ADV DEV.	12,445	12,445
064	0603807A	MEDICAL SYSTEMS—ADV DEV	582	582
065	0603827A	SOLDIER SYSTEMS—ADVANCED DEVELOP- MENT.	24,284	24,284
066	0604017A	ROBOTICS DEVELOPMENT	3,039	3,039
067	0604019A	EXPANDED MISSION AREA MISSILE (EMAM) MDACS delayed new start	102,589	88,509 [–14,080]
068	0604020A	CROSS FUNCTIONAL TEAM (CFT) ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT & PROTOTYPING.	63,831	63,831
069	0604035A	LOW EARTH ORBIT (LEO) SATELLITE CAPA- BILITY.	21,935	21,935
070	0604036A	MULTI-DOMAIN SENSING SYSTEM (MDSS) ADV DEV.	239,135	239,135
071	0604037A	TACTICAL INTEL TARGETING ACCESS NODE (TITAN) ADV DEV.	4,317	4,317
072	0604100A	ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES	11,234	11,234
073	0604101A	SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE (SUAV) (6.4).	1,800	1,800
074	0604103A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE PLANNING AND MAN- AGEMENT TOOL (EWPMT).	2,004	2,004
075	0604113A	FUTURE TACTICAL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM (FTUAS).	127,870	127,870
076	0604114A	LOWER TIER AIR MISSILE DEFENSE (LTAMD) SENSOR. Unjustified request	149,463	127,428 [–22,035]
077	0604115A	TECHNOLOGY MATURATION INITIATIVES	252,000	252,000
078	0604117A	MANEUVER—SHORT RANGE AIR DEFENSE (M- SHORAD). Excessive Contractor Logistics Support Growth Inc 2 Systems Development Cost Growth Inc 3	315,772	284,542 [–15,230] [–16,000]
080	0604120A	ASSURED POSITIONING, NAVIGATION AND TIMING (PNT).	24,168	24,168

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
081	0604121A	SYNTHETIC TRAINING ENVIRONMENT RE- FINEMENT & PROTOTYPING.	136,029	134,029
		Program decrease		[-2,000]
082	0604134A	COUNTER IMPROVISED-THREAT DEMONSTRA- TION, PROTOTYPE DEVELOPMENT, AND TESTING.	17,341	17,341
085	0604386A	BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR MATERIALS—DEM/VAL	20,862	20,862
086	0604403A	FUTURE INTERCEPTOR	8,058	8,058
088	0604531A	COUNTER—SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT.	59,983	79,983
		NGCM R&D acceleration (+1yr)		[20,000]
090	0604541A	UNIFIED NETWORK TRANSPORT	31,837	31,837
091	0305251A	CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS FORCES AND FORCE SUPPORT.	2,270	2,270
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	277,181	277,181
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVEL- OPMENT AND PROTOTYPES.	2,343,901	2,332,956
SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRA- TION				
092	0604201A	AIRCRAFT AVIONICS	7,171	10,171
		Virtual Modification Work Order Digital Engineer- ing Tool.		[3,000]
093	0604270A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	35,942	35,942
094	0604601A	INFANTRY SUPPORT WEAPONS	52,586	52,586
095	0604604A	MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLES	15,088	3,565
		Unjustified request		[-11,523]
096	0604611A	JAVELIN	10,405	10,405
097	0604622A	FAMILY OF HEAVY TACTICAL VEHICLES	50,011	50,011
098	0604633A	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL	982	5,982
		Integrated Mission Planning and Airspace Control Tools (IMPACT).		[5,000]
099	0604641A	TACTICAL UNMANNED GROUND VEHICLE (TUGV).	92,540	92,540
100	0604642A	LIGHT TACTICAL WHEELED VEHICLES	100,257	89,983
		Electric Light Reconnaissance Vehicle reduction		[-10,274]
101	0604645A	ARMORED SYSTEMS MODERNIZATION (ASM)— ENG DEV.	48,097	48,097
102	0604710A	NIGHT VISION SYSTEMS—ENG DEV	89,259	89,259
103	0604713A	COMBAT FEEDING, CLOTHING, AND EQUIP- MENT.	3,286	3,286
104	0604715A	NON-SYSTEM TRAINING DEVICES—ENG DEV ...	28,427	28,427
105	0604741A	AIR DEFENSE COMMAND, CONTROL AND IN- TELLIGENCE—ENG DEV.	69,653	75,653
		Air and Missile Defense Common Operating Picture		[6,000]
106	0604742A	CONSTRUCTIVE SIMULATION SYSTEMS DE- VELOPMENT.	30,097	30,097
107	0604746A	AUTOMATIC TEST EQUIPMENT DEVELOPMENT	12,927	12,927
108	0604760A	DISTRIBUTIVE INTERACTIVE SIMULATIONS (DIS)—ENG DEV.	8,914	8,914
109	0604798A	BRIGADE ANALYSIS, INTEGRATION AND EVAL- UATION.	26,352	26,352
110	0604802A	WEAPONS AND MUNITIONS—ENG DEV	242,949	242,949
111	0604804A	LOGISTICS AND ENGINEER EQUIPMENT—ENG DEV.	41,829	41,829
112	0604805A	COMMAND, CONTROL, COMMUNICATIONS SYS- TEMS—ENG DEV.	92,300	92,300
113	0604807A	MEDICAL MATERIEL/MEDICAL BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE EQUIPMENT—ENG DEV.	7,143	7,143
114	0604808A	LANDMINE WARFARE/BARRIER—ENG DEV	19,134	28,634
		Joint All Domain Testing, Evaluation, and Training Center.		[9,500]

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
115	0604818A	ARMY TACTICAL COMMAND & CONTROL HARDWARE & SOFTWARE.	165,229	158,479
		EACP—Slow Expenditure		[−6,750]
116	0604820A	RADAR DEVELOPMENT	76,090	76,090
117	0604822A	GENERAL FUND ENTERPRISE BUSINESS SYS- TEM (GFEBs).	1,995	1,995
118	0604827A	SOLDIER SYSTEMS—WARRIOR DEM/VAL	29,132	29,132
119	0604852A	SUITE OF SURVIVABILITY ENHANCEMENT SYSTEMS—EMD.	77,864	77,864
120	0604854A	ARTILLERY SYSTEMS—EMD	50,495	50,495
121	0605013A	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT Program decrease	120,076	110,076 [−10,000]
122	0605018A	INTEGRATED PERSONNEL AND PAY SYSTEM- ARMY (IPPS-A).	126,354	126,354
123	0605030A	JOINT TACTICAL NETWORK CENTER (JTNC)	20,191	20,191
124	0605031A	JOINT TACTICAL NETWORK (JTN)	31,214	31,214
125	0605035A	COMMON INFRARED COUNTERMEASURES (CIRCM).	11,691	11,691
126	0605036A	COMBATING WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUC- TION (CWMD).	7,846	7,846
127	0605038A	NUCLEAR BIOLOGICAL CHEMICAL RECON- NAISSANCE VEHICLE (NBCRV) SENSOR SUITE.	7,886	7,886
128	0605041A	DEFENSIVE CYBER TOOL DEVELOPMENT	4,176	4,176
129	0605042A	TACTICAL NETWORK RADIO SYSTEMS (LOW- TIER).	4,288	4,288
130	0605047A	CONTRACT WRITING SYSTEM	9,276	9,276
132	0605051A	AIRCRAFT SURVIVABILITY DEVELOPMENT	38,225	38,225
133	0605052A	INDIRECT FIRE PROTECTION CAPABILITY INC 2—BLOCK 1.	167,912	150,912
		Carryover		[−17,000]
134	0605053A	GROUND ROBOTICS	28,378	28,378
135	0605054A	EMERGING TECHNOLOGY INITIATIVES	164,734	158,304
		Delayed Expenditure Rate		[−6,430]
137	0605144A	NEXT GENERATION LOAD DEVICE—MEDIUM ...	2,931	2,931
138	0605148A	TACTICAL INTEL TARGETING ACCESS NODE (TITAN) EMD.	157,036	157,036
140	0605205A	SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE (SUAV) (6.5).	37,876	37,876
141	0605206A	CI AND HUMINT EQUIPMENT PROGRAM-ARMY (CIHEP-A).	1,296	1,296
142	0605216A	JOINT TARGETING INTEGRATED COMMAND AND COORDINATION SUITE (JTIC2S).	28,553	28,553
143	0605224A	MULTI-DOMAIN INTELLIGENCE	18,913	27,913
		Multi-Domain Intelligence—NextGen Intel Mission Support.		[9,000]
144	0605231A	PRECISION STRIKE MISSILE (PRSM)	184,046	184,046
145	0605232A	HYPERSONICS EMD	538,017	538,017
146	0605233A	ACCESSIONS INFORMATION ENVIRONMENT (AIE).	32,265	32,265
147	0605235A	STRATEGIC MID-RANGE CAPABILITY	182,823	182,823
148	0605236A	INTEGRATED TACTICAL COMMUNICATIONS	23,363	23,363
149	0605241A	FUTURE LONG RANGE ASSAULT AIRCRAFT DE- VELOPMENT.	1,253,637	1,253,637
150	0605242A	THEATER SIGINT SYSTEM (TSIGS)	6,660	6,660
151	0605244A	JOINT REDUCED RANGE ROCKET (JR3)	13,565	13,565
152	0605247A	SPECTRUM SITUATIONAL AWARENESS SYS- TEM (S2AS).	9,330	9,330
153	0605450A	JOINT AIR-TO-GROUND MISSILE (JAGM)	3,030	3,030
154	0605457A	ARMY INTEGRATED AIR AND MISSILE DE- FENSE (AIAMD).	602,045	575,045
		Unjustified THAAD integration		[−27,000]

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
155	0605531A	COUNTER—SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS SYS DEV & DEMONSTRATION.	59,563	64,063
		Roadrunner-M—Army UFR		[4,500]
157	0605625A	MANNED GROUND VEHICLE	504,841	504,841
158	0605766A	NATIONAL CAPABILITIES INTEGRATION (MIP)	16,565	16,565
159	0605812A	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE (JLTV) ENGI- NEERING AND MANUFACTURING DEVELOP- MENT PHASE (EMD).	27,013	27,013
160	0605830A	AVIATION GROUND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	979	979
161	0303032A	TROJAN—RH12	3,930	3,930
163	0304270A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	131,096	131,096
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	83,136	83,136
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.	6,150,910	6,098,933
MANAGEMENT SUPPORT				
164	0604256A	THREAT SIMULATOR DEVELOPMENT	71,298	77,298
		Threat Counter-Artificial Intelligence (TCAI)		[6,000]
165	0604258A	TARGET SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	15,788	20,788
		Replacement of Foreign Engines for Aerial Targets ..		[5,000]
166	0604759A	MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT	78,613	78,613
167	0605103A	RAND ARROYO CENTER	38,122	38,122
168	0605301A	ARMY KWAJALEIN ATOLL	321,755	371,755
		USAG-Kwajalein Atoll Recap		[50,000]
169	0605326A	CONCEPTS EXPERIMENTATION PROGRAM	86,645	86,645
171	0605601A	ARMY TEST RANGES AND FACILITIES	461,085	461,085
172	0605602A	ARMY TECHNICAL TEST INSTRUMENTATION AND TARGETS.	75,591	75,591
173	0605604A	SURVIVABILITY/LETHALITY ANALYSIS	37,604	37,604
174	0605606A	AIRCRAFT CERTIFICATION	2,201	2,201
176	0605706A	MATERIEL SYSTEMS ANALYSIS	27,420	27,420
177	0605709A	EXPLOITATION OF FOREIGN ITEMS	6,245	6,245
178	0605712A	SUPPORT OF OPERATIONAL TESTING	76,088	76,088
179	0605716A	ARMY EVALUATION CENTER	73,220	73,220
180	0605718A	ARMY MODELING & SIM X-CMD COLLABORA- TION & INTEG.	11,257	11,257
181	0605801A	PROGRAMWIDE ACTIVITIES	91,895	91,895
182	0605803A	TECHNICAL INFORMATION ACTIVITIES	32,385	32,385
183	0605805A	MUNITIONS STANDARDIZATION, EFFECTIVE- NESS AND SAFETY.	50,766	50,766
184	0605857A	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY TECHNOLOGY MGMT SUPPORT.	1,659	1,659
185	0605898A	ARMY DIRECT REPORT HEADQUARTERS—R&D - MHA.	59,727	59,727
186	0606002A	RONALD REAGAN BALLISTIC MISSILE DE- FENSE TEST SITE.	73,400	73,400
187	0606003A	COUNTERINTEL AND HUMAN INTEL MOD- ERNIZATION.	4,574	4,574
188	0606942A	ASSESSMENTS AND EVALUATIONS CYBER VULNERABILITIES.	10,105	10,105
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	1,707,443	1,768,443
OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT				
190	0603778A	MLRS PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	14,188	14,188
191	0605024A	ANTI-TAMPER TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	7,489	7,489
192	0607101A	COMBATING WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUC- TION (CWMD) PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT.	271	271
193	0607131A	WEAPONS AND MUNITIONS PRODUCT IM- PROVEMENT PROGRAMS.	9,363	14,363
		Agile manufacturing for advanced armament sys- tems.		[5,000]
194	0607136A	BLACKHAWK PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PRO- GRAM.	25,000	25,000

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
195	0607137A	CHINOOK PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	4,816	4,816
196	0607139A	IMPROVED TURBINE ENGINE PROGRAM	67,029	97,029
		Program increase		[30,000]
198	0607143A	UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM UNIVERSAL PRODUCTS.	24,539	24,539
199	0607145A	APACHE FUTURE DEVELOPMENT	8,243	8,243
200	0607148A	AN/TPQ-53 COUNTERFIRE TARGET ACQUI- TION RADAR SYSTEM.	53,652	53,652
201	0607150A	INTEL CYBER DEVELOPMENT	9,753	9,753
203	0607313A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	5,559	5,559
204	0607315A	ENDURING TURBINE ENGINES AND POWER SYSTEMS.	2,620	2,620
206	0607665A	FAMILY OF BIOMETRICS	590	590
207	0607865A	PATRIOT PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT	168,458	168,458
208	0203728A	JOINT AUTOMATED DEEP OPERATION CO- ORDINATION SYSTEM (JADOCs).	27,582	27,582
209	0203735A	COMBAT VEHICLE IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS Stryker Modernization	272,926	295,926
210	0203743A	155MM SELF-PROPELLED HOWITZER IM- PROVEMENTS.	55,205	47,870
		Program rebaseline delay		[-7,335]
211	0203752A	AIRCRAFT ENGINE COMPONENT IMPROVE- MENT PROGRAM.	142	142
212	0203758A	DIGITIZATION	1,562	1,562
213	0203801A	MISSILE/AIR DEFENSE PRODUCT IMPROVE- MENT PROGRAM.	1,511	1,511
214	0203802A	OTHER MISSILE PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS.	23,708	28,708
		Containerized weapon system		[5,000]
215	0205412A	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY TECHNOLOGY— OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEV.	269	269
216	0205778A	GUIDED MULTIPLE-LAUNCH ROCKET SYSTEM (GMLRS).	20,590	20,590
221	0303140A	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	15,733	15,733
222	0303141A	GLOBAL COMBAT SUPPORT SYSTEM	2,566	2,566
223	0303142A	SATCOM GROUND ENVIRONMENT (SPACE)	26,643	26,643
226	0305179A	INTEGRATED BROADCAST SERVICE (IBS)	5,701	5,701
229	0305219A	MQ-1 GRAY EAGLE UAV	6,681	6,681
230	0708045A	END ITEM INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS AC- TIVITIES.	67,187	78,187
		Advanced isostatic pressure armor		[6,000]
		Development and qualification of ultra high molec- ular weight polyethylene fiber.		[5,000]
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	32,518	32,518
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVEL- OPMENT.	962,094	1,028,759
		SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS		
231	0608041A	DEFENSIVE CYBER—SOFTWARE PROTOTYPE DEVELOPMENT.	74,548	74,548
		SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECH- NOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS.	74,548	74,548
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, ARMY.	14,073,308	14,285,551
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, NAVY		
		BASIC RESEARCH		
001	0601103N	UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	94,259	99,259
		Digital radar system development		[5,000]
002	0601153N	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	483,914	487,914

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
		Hypersonic T&E workforce development		[4,000]
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	578,173	587,173
		APPLIED RESEARCH		
003	0602114N	POWER PROJECTION APPLIED RESEARCH	23,842	23,842
004	0602123N	FORCE PROTECTION APPLIED RESEARCH	120,716	130,716
		Intelligent Data Management for Distributed Naval Platforms.		[5,000]
		Unmanned maritime systems digital manufacturing factory of the future.		[5,000]
005	0602131M	MARINE CORPS LANDING FORCE TECH- NOLOGY.	53,758	58,758
		Next generation lithium ion batteries		[5,000]
006	0602235N	COMMON PICTURE APPLIED RESEARCH	51,202	53,702
		Embedded Systems Cyber for Critical Naval Infra- structure.		[2,500]
007	0602236N	WARFIGHTER SUSTAINMENT APPLIED RE- SEARCH.	76,379	77,379
		Research on foreign malign influence operations		[1,000]
008	0602271N	ELECTROMAGNETIC SYSTEMS APPLIED RE- SEARCH.	91,441	91,441
009	0602435N	OCEAN WARFIGHTING ENVIRONMENT AP- PLIED RESEARCH.	78,930	93,930
		Continuous distributed sensing systems		[10,000]
		Resilient autonomous sensing in the Arctic		[5,000]
010	0602651M	JOINT NON-LETHAL WEAPONS APPLIED RE- SEARCH.	7,719	7,719
011	0602747N	UNDERSEA WARFARE APPLIED RESEARCH	57,525	73,525
		Academic Partnerships for undersea vehicle research		[2,500]
		Geophysical sensing and characterization of the mine-hunting environment.		[1,000]
		Low-cost autonomous sensors for maritime domi- nance.		[10,000]
		Undersea Research Facilities Capability		[2,500]
012	0602750N	FUTURE NAVAL CAPABILITIES APPLIED RE- SEARCH.	163,673	163,673
013	0602782N	MINE AND EXPEDITIONARY WARFARE AP- PLIED RESEARCH.	31,460	32,460
		Precision strike loitering munitions		[1,000]
014	0602792N	INNOVATIVE NAVAL PROTOTYPES (INP) AP- PLIED RESEARCH.	127,363	127,363
015	0602861N	SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT— ONR FIELD ACTIVITIES.	90,939	90,939
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	974,947	1,025,447
		ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT		
016	0603123N	FORCE PROTECTION ADVANCED TECH- NOLOGY.	31,556	31,556
017	0603271N	ELECTROMAGNETIC SYSTEMS ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY.	8,537	8,537
018	0603273N	SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY FOR NUCLEAR RE- ENTRY SYSTEMS.	118,624	118,624
019	0603640M	USMC ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEMONSTRA- TION (ATD).	243,247	258,747
		Innovative design and manufacturing for uncrewed systems.		[2,500]
		Long-range maneuvering projectiles		[7,000]
		Marine Corps realignment—Autonomous Low Profile Vessel.		[6,000]
020	0603651M	JOINT NON-LETHAL WEAPONS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	16,188	16,188
021	0603673N	FUTURE NAVAL CAPABILITIES ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	262,869	265,869

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
		Integration of aligned Carbon Nanotube Technology onto mission-critical Navy systems.		[3,000]
022	0603680N	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	63,084	63,084
023	0603729N	WARFIGHTER PROTECTION ADVANCED TECH- NOLOGY.	5,105	5,105
024	0603758N	NAVY WARFIGHTING EXPERIMENTS AND DEM- ONSTRATIONS.	97,615	97,615
025	0603782N	MINE AND EXPEDITIONARY WARFARE AD- VANCED TECHNOLOGY.	2,050	2,050
026	0603801N	INNOVATIVE NAVAL PROTOTYPES (INP) AD- VANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	131,288	131,288
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DE- VELOPMENT.	980,163	998,663
		ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES		
027	0603128N	UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEM	99,940	99,940
028	0603178N	LARGE UNMANNED SURFACE VEHICLES (LUSV).	53,964	53,964
029	0603207N	AIR/OCEAN TACTICAL APPLICATIONS	41,765	50,765
		Autonomous surface and underwater dual-modality vehicles.		[9,000]
030	0603216N	AVIATION SURVIVABILITY	23,115	23,115
031	0603239N	NAVAL CONSTRUCTION FORCES	7,866	12,866
		Autonomy Kits for Port and Airfield damage Repair		[5,000]
032	0603254N	ASW SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	20,033	20,033
033	0603261N	TACTICAL AIRBORNE RECONNAISSANCE	3,358	3,358
034	0603382N	ADVANCED COMBAT SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY ..	2,051	2,051
035	0603502N	SURFACE AND SHALLOW WATER MINE COUN- TERMEASURES.	29,421	35,421
		Program increase		[6,000]
036	0603506N	SURFACE SHIP TORPEDO DEFENSE	4,790	4,790
037	0603512N	CARRIER SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	5,659	5,659
038	0603525N	PILOT FISH	1,007,324	982,324
		Classified adjustment		[-25,000]
040	0603536N	RETRACT JUNIPER	199,172	199,172
041	0603542N	RADIOLOGICAL CONTROL	801	801
042	0603553N	SURFACE ASW	1,194	1,194
043	0603561N	ADVANCED SUBMARINE SYSTEM DEVELOP- MENT.	96,694	106,694
		Advanced submarine hull coatings		[10,000]
044	0603562N	SUBMARINE TACTICAL WARFARE SYSTEMS	14,924	14,924
045	0603563N	SHIP CONCEPT ADVANCED DESIGN	110,800	110,800
046	0603564N	SHIP PRELIMINARY DESIGN & FEASIBILITY STUDIES.	52,586	52,586
047	0603570N	ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER SYSTEMS	368,002	327,002
		Project 2370 excess to need		[-41,000]
048	0603573N	ADVANCED SURFACE MACHINERY SYSTEMS ..	93,942	97,942
		Silicon Carbide Flexible Bus Node		[4,000]
049	0603576N	CHALK EAGLE	137,372	137,372
050	0603581N	LITTORAL COMBAT SHIP (LCS)	9,132	9,132
051	0603582N	COMBAT SYSTEM INTEGRATION	20,135	20,135
052	0603595N	OHIO REPLACEMENT	189,631	191,631
		Advanced Composites for Wet Submarine Applica- tions.		[2,000]
053	0603596N	LCS MISSION MODULES	28,801	28,801
054	0603597N	AUTOMATED TEST AND RE-TEST (ATRT)	10,805	10,805
055	0603599N	FRIGATE DEVELOPMENT	107,658	105,482
		Program decrease		[-2,176]
056	0603609N	CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS	8,950	8,950
057	0603635M	MARINE CORPS GROUND COMBAT/SUPPORT SYSTEM.	103,860	103,860

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
058	0603654N	JOINT SERVICE EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DEVELOPMENT.	47,339	47,339
059	0603713N	OCEAN ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	15,587	15,587
060	0603721N	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	23,258	23,258
061	0603724N	NAVY ENERGY PROGRAM	60,610	62,610
		Marine Energy Systems for Sensors and Microgrids		[2,000]
062	0603725N	FACILITIES IMPROVEMENT	9,067	9,067
063	0603734N	CHALK CORAL	459,791	859,791
		Non-traditional F2T2 Capability—INDOPACOM UPL.		[400,000]
064	0603739N	NAVY LOGISTIC PRODUCTIVITY	6,059	6,059
065	0603746N	RETRACT MAPLE	628,958	628,958
066	0603748N	LINK PLUMERIA	346,553	346,553
067	0603751N	RETRACT ELM	99,939	99,939
068	0603764M	LINK EVERGREEN	460,721	460,721
069	0603790N	NATO RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	5,151	5,151
070	0603795N	LAND ATTACK TECHNOLOGY	1,686	1,686
071	0603851M	JOINT NON-LETHAL WEAPONS TESTING	30,263	30,263
072	0603860N	JOINT PRECISION APPROACH AND LANDING SYSTEMS—DEM/VAL.	4,047	4,047
073	0603925N	DIRECTED ENERGY AND ELECTRIC WEAPON SYSTEMS.	9,877	9,877
074	0604014N	F/A –18 INFRARED SEARCH AND TRACK (IRST)	8,630	8,630
075	0604027N	DIGITAL WARFARE OFFICE	128,997	128,997
076	0604028N	SMALL AND MEDIUM UNMANNED UNDERSEA VEHICLES.	52,994	52,994
077	0604029N	UNMANNED UNDERSEA VEHICLE CORE TECHNOLOGIES.	68,152	68,152
078	0604030N	RAPID PROTOTYPING, EXPERIMENTATION AND DEMONSTRATION..	168,855	126,641
		Program decrease		[-42,214]
079	0604031N	LARGE UNMANNED UNDERSEA VEHICLES	6,874	6,874
080	0604112N	GERALD R. FORD CLASS NUCLEAR AIRCRAFT CARRIER (CVN 78—80).	96,670	96,670
082	0604127N	SURFACE MINE COUNTERMEASURES	15,271	15,271
083	0604272N	TACTICAL AIR DIRECTIONAL INFRARED COUNTERMEASURES (TADIRCM).	35,030	35,030
084	0604289M	NEXT GENERATION LOGISTICS	8,114	8,114
085	0604292N	FUTURE VERTICAL LIFT (MARITIME STRIKE) ...	4,796	4,796
086	0604295M	MARINE AVIATION DEMONSTRATION/VALIDATION.	62,317	62,317
087	0604320M	RAPID TECHNOLOGY CAPABILITY PROTOTYPE	120,392	120,392
088	0604454N	LX (R)	12,785	12,785
089	0604536N	ADVANCED UNDERSEA PROTOTYPING	21,466	21,466
090	0604636N	COUNTER UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS (C-UAS).	14,185	14,185
091	0604659N	PRECISION STRIKE WEAPONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.	5,667	257,667
		Nuclear-armed sea-launched cruise missile		[252,000]
092	0604707N	SPACE AND ELECTRONIC WARFARE (SEW) ARCHITECTURE/ENGINEERING SUPPORT.	8,896	8,896
093	0604786N	OFFENSIVE ANTI-SURFACE WARFARE WEAPON DEVELOPMENT.	341,907	341,907
094	0605512N	MEDIUM UNMANNED SURFACE VEHICLES (MUSVS)).	101,838	101,838
095	0605513N	UNMANNED SURFACE VEHICLE ENABLING CAPABILITIES.	92,868	92,868
096	0605514M	GROUND BASED ANTI-SHIP MISSILE	50,916	50,916
097	0605516M	LONG RANGE FIRES	30,092	30,092
098	0605518N	CONVENTIONAL PROMPT STRIKE (CPS)	903,927	903,927
099	0303354N	ASW SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT—MIP	7,253	7,253

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
100	0304240M	ADVANCED TACTICAL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM.	3,504	3,504
101	0304270N	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT—MIP	1,395	1,395
102	0304797N	UNDERSEA ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE / MACHINE LEARNING (AI/ML).	28,563	28,563
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES.	7,465,005	8,044,615
		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION		
103	0603208N	TRAINING SYSTEM AIRCRAFT	26,120	26,120
104	0604038N	MARITIME TARGETING CELL	43,301	43,301
107	0604214M	AV-8B AIRCRAFT—ENG DEV	5,320	5,320
108	0604215N	STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT	5,120	5,120
109	0604216N	MULTI-MISSION HELICOPTER UPGRADE DEVELOPMENT.	60,438	60,438
111	0604230N	WARFARE SUPPORT SYSTEM	108,432	108,432
112	0604231N	COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEMS	164,391	164,391
113	0604234N	ADVANCED HAWKEYE	301,384	301,384
114	0604245M	H-1 UPGRADES	39,023	39,023
115	0604261N	ACOUSTIC SEARCH SENSORS	53,591	53,591
116	0604262N	V-22A	109,431	109,431
117	0604264N	AIR CREW SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	29,330	29,330
118	0604269N	EA-18	223,266	223,266
119	0604270N	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	189,750	189,750
120	0604273M	EXECUTIVE HELO DEVELOPMENT	51,366	51,366
121	0604274N	NEXT GENERATION JAMMER (NGJ)	86,721	86,721
122	0604280N	JOINT TACTICAL RADIO SYSTEM—NAVY (JTRS-NAVY).	330,559	359,159
		Accelerate Fund NC3 Recapitalization and New Transmission Pathways—Navy UFR.		[28,600]
123	0604282N	NEXT GENERATION JAMMER (NGJ) INCREMENT II.	209,623	196,273
		Next Generation Jammer—Low Band		[–13,350]
124	0604307N	SURFACE COMBATANT COMBAT SYSTEM ENGINEERING.	528,234	528,234
125	0604329N	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB (SDB)	19,744	19,744
126	0604366N	STANDARD MISSILE IMPROVEMENTS	468,297	450,422
		EU development delays		[–10,000]
		Prior year underexecution		[–7,875]
127	0604373N	AIRBORNE MCM	11,066	11,066
128	0604378N	NAVAL INTEGRATED FIRE CONTROL—COUNTER AIR SYSTEMS ENGINEERING.	41,419	41,419
130	0604501N	ADVANCED ABOVE WATER SENSORS	112,231	112,231
131	0604503N	SSN-688 AND TRIDENT MODERNIZATION	97,953	97,953
132	0604504N	AIR CONTROL	84,458	84,458
133	0604512N	SHIPBOARD AVIATION SYSTEMS	10,742	10,742
134	0604518N	COMBAT INFORMATION CENTER CONVERSION	10,621	10,621
135	0604522N	AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE RADAR (AMDR) SYSTEM.	107,924	107,924
136	0604530N	ADVANCED ARRESTING GEAR (AAG)	9,142	9,142
137	0604558N	NEW DESIGN SSN	273,848	273,848
138	0604562N	SUBMARINE TACTICAL WARFARE SYSTEM	71,982	71,982
139	0604567N	SHIP CONTRACT DESIGN/ LIVE FIRE T&E	13,675	13,675
140	0604574N	NAVY TACTICAL COMPUTER RESOURCES	3,921	3,921
141	0604601N	MINE DEVELOPMENT	79,411	84,411
		Maritime mine development and fielding acceleration (HHEE Inc 1).		[5,000]
142	0604610N	LIGHTWEIGHT TORPEDO DEVELOPMENT	137,265	122,477
		Carryover		[–14,788]
143	0604654N	JOINT SERVICE EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DEVELOPMENT.	8,810	8,810

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
144	0604657M	USMC GROUND COMBAT/SUPPORTING ARMS SYSTEMS—ENG DEV.	33,880	33,880
145	0604703N	PERSONNEL, TRAINING, SIMULATION, AND HUMAN FACTORS.	10,011	10,011
146	0604727N	JOINT STANDOFF WEAPON SYSTEMS	1,516	1,516
147	0604755N	SHIP SELF DEFENSE (DETECT & CONTROL)	170,080	170,080
148	0604756N	SHIP SELF DEFENSE (ENGAGE: HARD KILL)	74,214	74,214
		ESSM Blk 2 software upgrades ahead of need		[–7,880]
		ESSMS system integration and test ahead of need ...		[–6,970]
		HVP 5–inch cUAS round		[22,480]
		NGLS excess to need		[–7,630]
149	0604757N	SHIP SELF DEFENSE (ENGAGE: SOFT KILL/EW)	165,599	165,599
150	0604761N	INTELLIGENCE ENGINEERING	23,810	23,810
151	0604771N	MEDICAL DEVELOPMENT	8,371	8,371
152	0604777N	NAVIGATION/ID SYSTEM	44,326	44,326
155	0604850N	SSN(X)	348,788	320,888
		Program delay		[–27,900]
156	0605013M	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	15,218	15,218
157	0605013N	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	325,004	327,504
		Program increase		[2,500]
158	0605024N	ANTI-TAMPER TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	3,317	3,317
159	0605180N	TACAMO MODERNIZATION	775,316	775,316
160	0605212M	CH–53K RDTE	86,093	86,093
161	0605215N	MISSION PLANNING	115,390	115,390
162	0605217N	COMMON AVIONICS	87,053	87,053
163	0605220N	SHIP TO SHORE CONNECTOR (SSC)	5,697	5,697
164	0605285N	NEXT GENERATION FIGHTER	453,828	453,828
166	0605414N	UNMANNED CARRIER AVIATION (UCA)	214,919	214,919
167	0605450M	JOINT AIR-TO-GROUND MISSILE (JAGM)	20,654	20,654
168	0605500N	MULTI-MISSION MARITIME AIRCRAFT (MMA) ...	39,096	39,096
169	0605504N	MULTI-MISSION MARITIME (MMA) INCREMENT III.	134,366	134,366
170	0605516N	LONG RANGE FIRES	120,728	120,728
171	0605611M	MARINE CORPS ASSAULT VEHICLES SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT & DEMONSTRATION.	60,181	55,181
		Slow expenditure rate		[–5,000]
172	0605813M	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE (JLTV) SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT & DEMONSTRATION.	10,748	10,748
173	0204202N	DDG–1000	243,042	243,042
174	0301377N	COUNTERING ADVANCED CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS (CACW).	19,517	19,517
175	0302315N	NON-KINETIC COUNTERMEASURE SUPPORT	8,324	8,324
179	0304785N	ISR & INFO OPERATIONS	188,392	188,392
180	0306250M	CYBER OPERATIONS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	7,581	7,581
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.	7,942,968	7,900,155
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT		
181	0604256N	THREAT SIMULATOR DEVELOPMENT	25,823	25,823
182	0604258N	TARGET SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	17,224	17,224
183	0604759N	MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT	65,672	65,672
184	0605152N	STUDIES AND ANALYSIS SUPPORT—NAVY	6,216	6,216
185	0605154N	CENTER FOR NAVAL ANALYSES	43,648	43,648
187	0605804N	TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICES	1,009	1,009
188	0605853N	MANAGEMENT, TECHNICAL & INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT.	137,521	137,521
189	0605856N	STRATEGIC TECHNICAL SUPPORT	3,536	3,536
190	0605863N	RDT&E SHIP AND AIRCRAFT SUPPORT	152,176	152,176
191	0605864N	TEST AND EVALUATION SUPPORT	477,823	477,823
192	0605865N	OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION CAPABILITY.	30,603	30,603

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Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
193	0605866N	NAVY SPACE AND ELECTRONIC WARFARE (SEW) SUPPORT.	23,668	23,668
194	0605867N	SEW SURVEILLANCE/RECONNAISSANCE SUPPORT.	6,390	6,390
195	0605873M	MARINE CORPS PROGRAM WIDE SUPPORT	32,700	32,700
196	0605898N	MANAGEMENT HQ—R&D	42,381	42,381
197	0606295M	MARINE AVIATION DEVELOPMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT.	5,000	5,000
198	0606355N	WARFARE INNOVATION MANAGEMENT	50,652	50,652
199	0305327N	INSIDER THREAT	2,920	2,920
200	0902498N	MANAGEMENT HEADQUARTERS (DEPARTMENTAL SUPPORT ACTIVITIES).	2,234	2,234
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	1,127,196	1,127,196
		OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT		
203	0604840M	F-35 C2D2	480,759	480,759
204	0604840M	F-35 C2D2	466,186	466,186
205	0605520M	MARINE CORPS AIR DEFENSE WEAPONS SYSTEMS.	74,119	88,519
206	0607658N	Counter UAS high powered microwave acceleration COOPERATIVE ENGAGEMENT CAPABILITY (CEC).	142,552	[14,400] 142,552
207	0101221N	STRATEGIC SUB & WEAPONS SYSTEM SUPPORT.	403,494	403,494
208	0101224N	SSBN SECURITY TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	61,012	61,012
209	0101226N	SUBMARINE ACOUSTIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT.	96,667	96,667
210	0101402N	NAVY STRATEGIC COMMUNICATIONS	29,743	29,743
211	0204136N	F/A-18 SQUADRONS	374,194	374,194
212	0204228N	SURFACE SUPPORT	8,420	8,420
213	0204229N	TOMAHAWK AND TOMAHAWK MISSION PLANNING CENTER (TMPC).	200,739	199,150
214	0204311N	Product development ahead of need		[-1,589]
215	0204313N	INTEGRATED SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM	72,473	72,473
216	0204413N	SHIP-TOWED ARRAY SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS AMPHIBIOUS TACTICAL SUPPORT UNITS (DISPLACEMENT CRAFT).	1,428	1,428
217	0204460M	GROUND/AIR TASK ORIENTED RADAR (G/ATOR) Slow expenditure rate	51,346	45,946 [-5,400]
218	0204571N	CONSOLIDATED TRAINING SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT.	159,648	159,648
219	0204575N	ELECTRONIC WARFARE (EW) READINESS SUPPORT.	139,164	139,164
220	0205601N	ANTI-RADIATION MISSILE IMPROVEMENT	28,682	28,682
221	0205620N	SURFACE ASW COMBAT SYSTEM INTEGRATION.	29,887	29,887
222	0205632N	MK-48 ADCAP	164,935	184,935
223	0205633N	NSWC INDIAN HEAD explosive fill		[20,000]
224	0205675N	AVIATION IMPROVEMENTS	136,276	136,276
225	0206313M	OPERATIONAL NUCLEAR POWER SYSTEMS	167,098	167,098
226	0206335M	MARINE CORPS COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS .. Marine Corps realignment—MEGFOS-M	145,343	151,343 [6,000]
227	0206623M	COMMON AVIATION COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM (CAC2S).	18,332	18,332
228	0206624M	MARINE CORPS GROUND COMBAT/SUPPORTING ARMS SYSTEMS.	77,377	75,377
229	0206625M	Slow expenditure rate		[-2,000]
230	0206625M	MARINE CORPS COMBAT SERVICES SUPPORT ..	33,641	33,641
231	0207161N	USMC INTELLIGENCE/ELECTRONIC WARFARE SYSTEMS (MIP).	37,372	37,372
232	0207163N	TACTICAL AIM MISSILES	31,359	31,359
		ADVANCED MEDIUM RANGE AIR-TO-AIR MISSILE (AMRAAM).	29,638	29,638

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
233	0208043N	PLANNING AND DECISION AID SYSTEM (PDAS)	3,559	3,559
237	0303138N	AFLOAT NETWORKS	56,915	69,215
		Accelerate Fund NC3 Recapitalization and New Transmission Pathways—Navy UFR.		[12,300]
238	0303140N	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	35,339	35,339
239	0305192N	MILITARY INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM (MIP) AC- TIVITIES.	7,239	7,239
242	0305208M	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS.	45,550	45,550
243	0305220N	MQ-4C TRITON	14,402	14,402
245	0305232M	RQ-11 UAV	2,016	2,016
247	0305241N	MULTI-INTELLIGENCE SENSOR DEVELOP- MENT.	40,267	40,267
248	0305242M	UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS (UAS) PAY- LOADS (MIP).	10,917	10,917
250	0305421N	MQ-4C TRITON MODERNIZATION	444,042	444,042
251	0307577N	INTELLIGENCE MISSION DATA (IMD)	793	793
252	0308601N	MODELING AND SIMULATION SUPPORT	10,927	10,927
253	0702207N	DEPOT MAINTENANCE (NON-IF)	28,799	28,799
254	0708730N	MARITIME TECHNOLOGY (MARITECH)	4,326	4,326
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	2,235,339	2,235,339
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVEL- OPMENT.	6,604,552	6,648,263
SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS				
255	0608013N	RISK MANAGEMENT INFORMATION—SOFT- WARE PILOT PROGRAM.	14,522	14,522
256	0608231N	MARITIME TACTICAL COMMAND AND CON- TROL (MTC2)—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM.	10,289	10,289
		SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECH- NOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS.	24,811	24,811
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, NAVY.	25,697,815	26,356,323
RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, AF				
BASIC RESEARCH				
001	0601102F	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	361,930	369,430
		Innovation of quantum materials		[7,500]
002	0601103F	UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	143,372	143,372
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	505,302	512,802
APPLIED RESEARCH				
003	0602020F	FUTURE AF CAPABILITIES APPLIED RE- SEARCH.	85,477	85,477
004	0602022F	UNIVERSITY AFFILIATED RESEARCH CENTER (UARC)—TACTICAL AUTONOMY.	8,225	8,225
005	0602102F	MATERIALS	142,336	152,336
		Advanced materials science for manufacturing re- search.		[10,000]
006	0602201F	AEROSPACE VEHICLE TECHNOLOGIES	5,235	5,235
007	0602202F	HUMAN EFFECTIVENESS APPLIED RESEARCH	138,204	138,204
008	0602203F	AEROSPACE PROPULSION	339,477	346,977
		High mach turbine engine		[2,500]
		High-hypersonic detonation propulsion research and technology.		[5,000]
009	0602204F	AEROSPACE SENSORS	193,029	193,029
011	0602298F	SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT— MAJOR HEADQUARTERS ACTIVITIES.	9,662	9,662
012	0602602F	CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS	138,497	138,497
013	0602605F	DIRECTED ENERGY TECHNOLOGY	114,962	117,462

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Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
014	0602788F	Program increase		[2,500]
		DOMINANT INFORMATION SCIENCES AND METHODS.	176,333	183,833
		Autonomy and AI research		[2,500]
		Future Flag Testbed		[5,000]
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	1,351,437	1,378,937
ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT				
015	0603032F	FUTURE AF INTEGRATED TECHNOLOGY DEMOS.	248,506	238,506
		Program decrease		[-10,000]
016	0603112F	ADVANCED MATERIALS FOR WEAPON SYS- TEMS.	29,661	29,661
017	0603199F	SUSTAINMENT SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (S&T).	12,558	10,478
		Excess growth		[-2,080]
018	0603203F	ADVANCED AEROSPACE SENSORS	37,935	37,935
019	0603211F	AEROSPACE TECHNOLOGY DEV/DEMO	102,529	86,219
		Reusable Hypersonic Rocket Engine Flight Demo		[2,500]
		Unjustified growth		[-18,810]
020	0603216F	AEROSPACE PROPULSION AND POWER TECH- NOLOGY.		5,000
		Medium-Scale CCA Propulsion		[5,000]
021	0603270F	ELECTRONIC COMBAT TECHNOLOGY	36,445	36,445
022	0603273F	SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY FOR NUCLEAR RE- ENTRY SYSTEMS.	91,885	91,885
024	0603456F	HUMAN EFFECTIVENESS ADVANCED TECH- NOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	19,568	19,568
025	0603601F	CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS TECHNOLOGY	125,460	125,460
026	0603605F	ADVANCED WEAPONS TECHNOLOGY	25,050	25,050
027	0603680F	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	34,730	37,730
		Affordable composites for hypersonic systems		[1,000]
		Classified additive manufacturing research		[2,000]
028	0603788F	BATTLESPACE KNOWLEDGE DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.	26,172	26,172
029	0604776F	DEPLOYMENT & DISTRIBUTION ENTERPRISE R&D.	27,762	25,002
		Unjustified growth		[-2,760]
030	0207412F	CONTROL AND REPORTING CENTER (CRC)	2,012	2,012
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DE- VELOPMENT.	820,273	797,123
ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES				
032	0603260F	INTELLIGENCE ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	3,820	3,820
033	0603742F	COMBAT IDENTIFICATION TECHNOLOGY	24,799	24,799
034	0603790F	NATO RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	4,498	4,498
035	0603851F	INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE— DEM/VAL.	119,197	111,197
		Insufficient Justification		[-8,000]
036	0604001F	NC3 ADVANCED CONCEPTS	10,148	5,548
		Unjustified growth		[-4,600]
037	0604003F	ADVANCED BATTLE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (ABMS).	743,842	642,060
		Unjustified growth		[-101,782]
038	0604004F	ADVANCED ENGINE DEVELOPMENT	562,337	30,000
		Air Force requested transfer to line 38A		[-532,337]
038A	0604004FA	NEXT GENERATION ADAPTIVE PROPULSION		532,337
		Air Force requested transfer from line 38		[532,337]
039	0604005F	NC3 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT & PROTO- TYPING.	68,124	68,124
041	0604007F	E-7	418,513	401,577
		E-7—Slow Expenditure		[-16,936]

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
042	0604009F	AFWERX PRIME	20,580	30,580
		Program increase		[10,000]
043	0604015F	LONG RANGE STRIKE—BOMBER	2,654,073	2,654,073
044	0604025F	RAPID DEFENSE EXPERIMENTATION RESERVE (RDER).	75,051	75,051
045	0604032F	DIRECTED ENERGY PROTOTYPING	3,712	3,712
047	0604183F	HYPERSONICS PROTOTYPING—HYPERSONIC ATTACK CRUISE MISSILE (HACM).	516,971	516,971
049	0604257F	ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY AND SENSORS	24,204	24,204
050	0604288F	SURVIVABLE AIRBORNE OPERATIONS CENTER (SAOC).	1,687,500	1,546,875
		Late contract award		[−140,625]
051	0604317F	TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER	3,485	3,485
052	0604327F	HARD AND DEEPLY BURIED TARGET DEFEAT SYSTEM (HDBTDS) PROGRAM.	154,417	144,417
		Program decrease		[−10,000]
053	0604414F	CYBER RESILIENCY OF WEAPON SYSTEMS-ACS	59,539	59,539
055	0604609F	REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS & CONCEPT MATURATION.	22,667	12,622
		Unjustified request		[−10,045]
056	0604668F	JOINT TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (JTMS).	174,723	108,094
		Excess to need		[−65,329]
		Projected underexecution		[−1,300]
057	0604776F	DEPLOYMENT & DISTRIBUTION ENTERPRISE R&D.	4,840	4,840
058	0604858F	TECH TRANSITION PROGRAM	234,342	287,342
		Accelerate experimentation and prototyping including for advanced low-cost weapons.		[50,000]
		Air Force Research Lab stratospheric balloon experimentation project.		[14,500]
		Funding carryover		[−11,500]
059	0604860F	OPERATIONAL ENERGY AND INSTALLATION RESILIENCE.	63,194	43,694
		Unjustified growth		[−19,500]
060	0605057F	NEXT GENERATION AIR-REFUELING SYSTEM ..	7,014	7,014
061	0605164F	AIR REFUELING CAPABILITY MODERNIZATION	13,661	13,661
062	0606005F	DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION OFFICE	9,800	14,600
		Software integration laboratory modernization		[4,800]
064	0207110F	NEXT GENERATION AIR DOMINANCE	3,306,355	3,275,435
		Program delay		[−30,920]
065	0207179F	AUTONOMOUS COLLABORATIVE PLATFORMS ..	51,666	51,666
066	0207420F	COMBAT IDENTIFICATION	1,914	1,914
067	0207431F	COMBAT AIR INTELLIGENCE SYSTEM ACTIVITIES.	18,733	0
		Air Force requested transfer to line 67A		[−18,733]
067A	0607431FA	AIR FORCE ISR DIGITAL INFRASTRUCTURE		18,733
		Air Force requested transfer from line 67		[18,733]
068	0207448F	C2ISR TACTICAL DATA LINK	42,371	42,371
069	0207455F	THREE DIMENSIONAL LONG-RANGE RADAR (3DELRR).	8,100	8,100
070	0207522F	AIRBASE AIR DEFENSE SYSTEMS (ABADS)	17,273	17,273
071	0207606F	JOINT SIMULATION ENVIRONMENT (JSE)	191,337	179,615
		JSE—XA ahead of need		[−11,722]
072	0208030F	WAR RESERVE MATERIEL—AMMUNITION	5,226	5,226
073	0305236F	COMMON DATA LINK EXECUTIVE AGENT (CDL EA).	33,349	33,349
074	0305601F	MISSION PARTNER ENVIRONMENTS	22,028	22,028
077	0708051F	RAPID SUSTAINMENT MODERNIZATION (RSM) CBM+	37,044	52,044
			[15,000]
078	0808736F	SPECIAL VICTIM ACCOUNTABILITY AND INVESTIGATION.	3,006	3,006
079	0808737F	INTEGRATED PRIMARY PREVENTION	5,364	5,364

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Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
080	0901410F	CONTRACTING INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM.	28,995	28,995
081	1206415F	U.S. SPACE COMMAND RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT.	28,392	28,392
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES.	11,486,204	11,148,245
		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION		
082	0604200F	FUTURE ADVANCED WEAPON ANALYSIS & PROGRAMS.	7,205	13,205
		RAACM		[6,000]
083	0604201F	PNT RESILIENCY, MODS, AND IMPROVEMENTS	217,662	217,662
084	0604222F	NUCLEAR WEAPONS SUPPORT	70,823	70,823
085	0604270F	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	19,264	19,264
086	0604281F	TACTICAL DATA NETWORKS ENTERPRISE	78,480	78,480
087	0604287F	PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT	10,569	10,569
088	0604336F	HARD AND DEEPLY BURIED TARGET DEFEAT SYSTEM (HDBTDS) PROTOTYPING.	39,079	39,079
089	0604602F	ARMAMENT/ORDNANCE DEVELOPMENT	7,157	7,157
090	0604604F	SUBMUNITIONS	3,427	3,427
091	0604617F	AGILE COMBAT SUPPORT	24,178	24,178
092	0604706F	LIFE SUPPORT SYSTEMS	25,502	25,502
093	0604735F	COMBAT TRAINING RANGES	224,783	209,138
		Excess growth—ARTS-V		[–15,645]
094	0604932F	LONG RANGE STANDOFF WEAPON	623,491	623,491
095	0604933F	ICBM FUZE MODERNIZATION	10,408	8,378
		Unjustified request		[–2,030]
098	0605056F	OPEN ARCHITECTURE MANAGEMENT	41,223	41,223
100	0605223F	ADVANCED PILOT TRAINING	83,985	83,985
102	0605238F	GROUND BASED STRATEGIC DETERRENT EMD	3,721,024	3,921,024
		Program increase: Sentinel industrial base risk reduction and prototyping.		[200,000]
104	0207279F	ISOLATED PERSONNEL SURVIVABILITY AND RECOVERY.	10,020	10,020
105	0207328F	STAND IN ATTACK WEAPON	375,528	375,528
106	0207701F	FULL COMBAT MISSION TRAINING	7,754	7,754
111	0305155F	THEATER NUCLEAR WEAPON STORAGE & SECURITY SYSTEM.	9,018	9,018
113	0401221F	KC–46A TANKER SQUADRONS	93,620	93,620
114	0401319F	VC–25B	433,943	325,457
		Program delay		[–108,486]
115	0701212F	AUTOMATED TEST SYSTEMS	26,640	26,640
116	0804772F	TRAINING DEVELOPMENTS	4,960	4,960
117	1203176F	COMBAT SURVIVOR EVADER LOCATOR	2,269	2,269
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.	6,172,012	6,251,851
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT		
118	0604256F	THREAT SIMULATOR DEVELOPMENT	19,927	19,927
119	0604759F	MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT	74,228	74,228
120	0605101F	RAND PROJECT AIR FORCE	39,720	39,720
122	0605712F	INITIAL OPERATIONAL TEST & EVALUATION ...	14,247	14,247
123	0605807F	TEST AND EVALUATION SUPPORT	936,913	940,013
		Digital Test Facility Models		[3,100]
124	0605827F	ACQ WORKFORCE- GLOBAL VIG & COMBAT SYS.	316,924	316,924
125	0605828F	ACQ WORKFORCE- GLOBAL REACH	496,740	496,740
126	0605829F	ACQ WORKFORCE- CYBER, NETWORK, & BUS SYS.	521,987	511,987
		Program decrease		[–10,000]
128	0605831F	ACQ WORKFORCE- CAPABILITY INTEGRATION	262,349	262,349

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
129	0605832F	ACQ WORKFORCE- ADVANCED PRGM TECH- NOLOGY.	69,319	69,319
130	0605833F	ACQ WORKFORCE- NUCLEAR SYSTEMS	343,180	343,180
131	0605898F	MANAGEMENT HQ—R&D	6,291	6,291
132	0605976F	FACILITIES RESTORATION AND MODERNIZA- TION—TEST AND EVALUATION SUPPORT.	94,828	94,828
133	0605978F	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT—TEST AND EVAL- UATION SUPPORT.	63,579	63,579
134	0606017F	REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS AND MATURATION Funding carryover	41,550	37,450 [–4,100]
135	0606398F	MANAGEMENT HQ—T&E	7,647	7,647
137	0303255F	COMMAND, CONTROL, COMMUNICATION, AND COMPUTERS (C4)—STRATCOM. NC3 Research Architecture and Collaboration Hub (REACH). NC3 STRATCOM	19,607	32,607 [3,000] [10,000]
138	0308602F	ENTEPRISE INFORMATION SERVICES (EIS)	104,133	104,133
139	0702806F	ACQUISITION AND MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	25,216	25,216
140	0804731F	GENERAL SKILL TRAINING	10	6,010
141	0804776F	Cyber workforce training ranges		[6,000]
143	1001004F	ADVANCED DISTRIBUTED LEARNING	1,652	1,652
		INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES	4,590	4,590
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	3,464,637	3,472,637
OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT				
144	0604233F	SPECIALIZED UNDERGRADUATE FLIGHT TRAINING.	39,667	39,667
145	0604281F	TACTICAL DATA NETWORKS ENTERPRISE	22	22
146	0604283F	BATTLE MGMT COM & CTRL SENSOR DEVEL- OPMENT.	100,183	100,183
147	0604445F	WIDE AREA SURVEILLANCE	21,443	21,443
150	0604840F	F–35 C2D2	1,124,207	1,124,207
151	0605018F	AF INTEGRATED PERSONNEL AND PAY SYS- TEM (AF-IPPS).	49,739	49,739
152	0605024F	ANTI-TAMPER TECHNOLOGY EXECUTIVE AGENCY.	65,792	65,792
153	0605117F	FOREIGN MATERIEL ACQUISITION AND EX- PLOITATION.	94,188	94,188
154	0605229F	HH–60W	52,314	52,314
155	0605278F	HC/MC–130 RECAP RDT&E	24,934	24,934
156	0606018F	NC3 INTEGRATION	21,864	21,864
157	0101113F	B–52 SQUADRONS	1,045,570	1,045,570
158	0101122F	AIR-LAUNCHED CRUISE MISSILE (ALCM)	542	542
159	0101126F	B–1B SQUADRONS	17,939	17,939
160	0101127F	B–2 SQUADRONS	41,212	41,212
161	0101213F	MINUTEMAN SQUADRONS	62,550	62,550
162	0101316F	WORLDWIDE JOINT STRATEGIC COMMUNICA- TIONS.	13,690	13,690
163	0101318F	SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—GLOBAL STRIKE.	7,330	7,330
165	0101328F	ICBM REENTRY VEHICLES	629,928	590,719
168	0102326F	Reduce carryover		[–39,209]
		REGION/SECTOR OPERATION CONTROL CEN- TER MODERNIZATION PROGRAM.	852	852
169	0102412F	NORTH WARNING SYSTEM (NWS)	103	103
170	0102417F	OVER-THE-HORIZON BACKSCATTER RADAR	383,575	383,575
171	0202834F	VEHICLES AND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT—GEN- ERAL.	6,097	6,097
172	0205219F	MQ–9 UAV	7,074	7,074
173	0205671F	JOINT COUNTER RCIED ELECTRONIC WAR- FARE.	3,372	3,372
176	0207133F	F–16 SQUADRONS	106,952	106,952
177	0207134F	F–15E SQUADRONS	178,603	178,603

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
178	0207136F	MANNED DESTRUCTIVE SUPPRESSION	16,182	16,182
179	0207138F	F-22A SQUADRONS	768,561	761,382
		Early to need		[-7,179]
180	0207142F	F-35 SQUADRONS	47,132	47,132
181	0207146F	F-15EX	56,228	56,228
182	0207161F	TACTICAL AIM MISSILES	34,932	34,932
183	0207163F	ADVANCED MEDIUM RANGE AIR-TO-AIR MIS- SILE (AMRAAM).	53,593	53,593
184	0207227F	COMBAT RESCUE—PARARESCUE	743	743
185	0207238F	E-11A	64,127	55,332
		E-11A—Slow Expenditure		[-8,795]
186	0207247F	AF TENCAP	50,263	50,263
187	0207249F	PRECISION ATTACK SYSTEMS PROCUREMENT	12,723	12,723
188	0207253F	COMPASS CALL	132,475	132,475
189	0207268F	AIRCRAFT ENGINE COMPONENT IMPROVE- MENT PROGRAM.	68,743	66,609
		Unjustified growth		[-2,134]
190	0207325F	JOINT AIR-TO-SURFACE STANDOFF MISSILE (JASSM).	183,532	183,532
191	0207327F	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB (SDB)	29,910	29,910
192	0207410F	AIR & SPACE OPERATIONS CENTER (AOC)	71,442	65,102
		Funding carryover		[-6,340]
193	0207412F	CONTROL AND REPORTING CENTER (CRC)	18,473	18,473
195	0207418F	AFSPECWAR—TACP	2,206	2,206
197	0207431F	COMBAT AIR INTELLIGENCE SYSTEM ACTIVI- TIES.	46,702	37,257
		Air Force requested transfer to line 197A		[-9,445]
197A	0207431F	AF JWICS ENTERPRISE		9,445
		Air Force requested transfer from 197		[9,445]
198	0207438F	THEATER BATTLE MANAGEMENT (TBM) C4I	4,873	4,873
199	0207439F	ELECTRONIC WARFARE INTEGRATED RE- PROGRAMMING (EWIR).	17,149	17,149
200	0207444F	TACTICAL AIR CONTROL PARTY-MOD	12,171	12,171
201	0207452F	DCAPES	8,431	8,431
202	0207521F	AIR FORCE CALIBRATION PROGRAMS	2,223	2,223
203	0207573F	NATIONAL TECHNICAL NUCLEAR FORENSICS	2,060	2,060
204	0207590F	SEEK EAGLE	34,985	34,985
207	0207697F	DISTRIBUTED TRAINING AND EXERCISES	4,847	4,847
208	0207701F	FULL COMBAT MISSION TRAINING	7,048	7,048
209	0208006F	MISSION PLANNING SYSTEMS	92,566	92,566
210	0208007F	TACTICAL DECEPTION	539	539
212	0208087F	DISTRIBUTED CYBER WARFARE OPERATIONS	29,996	29,996
213	0208088F	AF DEFENSIVE CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	113,218	113,218
219	0208288F	INTEL DATA APPLICATIONS	988	988
220	0301025F	GEOBASE	1,002	1,002
222	0301113F	CYBER SECURITY INTELLIGENCE SUPPORT	18,141	18,141
228	0301377F	COUNTERING ADVANCED CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS (CACW).	1,668	1,668
230	0301401F	AF MULTI-DOMAIN NON-TRADITIONAL ISR BATTLESPACE AWARENESS.	3,436	3,936
		United States Cyber Command cooperation with Jor- dan.		[500]
231	0302015F	E-4B NATIONAL AIRBORNE OPERATIONS CEN- TER (NAOC).	40,441	40,441
232	0302315F	NON-KINETIC COUNTERMEASURE SUPPORT	15,180	15,180
233	0303004F	EIT CONNECT	32,960	32,960
234	0303089F	CYBERSPACE AND DODIN OPERATIONS	9,776	9,776
235	0303131F	MINIMUM ESSENTIAL EMERGENCY COMMU- NICATIONS NETWORK (MEECN).	25,500	25,500
236	0303133F	HIGH FREQUENCY RADIO SYSTEMS	8,667	8,667
237	0303140F	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	94,424	94,424
238	0303248F	ALL DOMAIN COMMON PLATFORM	82,927	82,927
239	0303260F	JOINT MILITARY DECEPTION INITIATIVE	7,324	7,324

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
240	0304100F	STRATEGIC MISSION PLANNING & EXECUTION SYSTEM (SMPE).	69,441	69,441
243	0304260F	AIRBORNE SIGINT ENTERPRISE	85,284	85,284
244	0304310F	COMMERCIAL ECONOMIC ANALYSIS	4,719	4,719
247	0305015F	C2 AIR OPERATIONS SUITE—C2 INFO SERVICES.	13,524	13,524
248	0305020F	CCMD INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.	1,836	1,836
249	0305022F	ISR MODERNIZATION & AUTOMATION DVMT (IMAD).	22,909	22,909
250	0305099F	GLOBAL AIR TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT (GATM) ...	5,151	5,151
251	0305103F	CYBER SECURITY INITIATIVE	304	304
252	0305111F	WEATHER SERVICE	31,372	36,372
		Air Force commercial weather data acquisition		[5,000]
253	0305114F	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL, APPROACH, AND LANDING SYSTEM (ATCALS).	15,143	15,143
254	0305116F	AERIAL TARGETS	7,685	7,685
257	0305128F	SECURITY AND INVESTIGATIVE ACTIVITIES	481	481
258	0305146F	DEFENSE JOINT COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.	6,387	6,387
259	0305158F	TACTICAL TERMINAL	1,002	1,002
260	0305179F	INTEGRATED BROADCAST SERVICE (IBS)	16,006	16,006
262	0305206F	AIRBORNE RECONNAISSANCE SYSTEMS	84,363	106,663
		Long Endurance Airborne ISR—AFRICOM		[22,300]
263	0305207F	MANNED RECONNAISSANCE SYSTEMS	16,323	16,323
264	0305208F	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS.	86,476	86,476
265	0305220F	RQ-4 UAV	9,516	9,516
266	0305221F	NETWORK-CENTRIC COLLABORATIVE TARGETING.	8,952	8,952
267	0305238F	NATO AGS	865	865
268	0305240F	SUPPORT TO DCGS ENTERPRISE	30,932	30,932
269	0305600F	INTERNATIONAL INTELLIGENCE TECHNOLOGY AND ARCHITECTURES.	18,670	18,670
271	0305984F	PERSONNEL RECOVERY COMMAND & CTRL (PRC2).	2,831	2,831
272	0307577F	INTELLIGENCE MISSION DATA (IMD)	3,658	3,658
274	0401119F	C-5 AIRLIFT SQUADRONS (IF)	33,003	33,003
275	0401130F	C-17 AIRCRAFT (IF)	17,395	17,395
276	0401132F	C-130J PROGRAM	34,423	63,423
		Program increase: Non-recurring engineering for polar airlift aircraft.		[29,000]
277	0401134F	LARGE AIRCRAFT IR COUNTERMEASURES (LAIRCM).	7,768	7,768
278	0401218F	KC-135S	31,977	31,977
279	0401318F	CV-22	26,249	26,249
280	0408011F	SPECIAL TACTICS / COMBAT CONTROL	9,421	9,421
282	0708610F	LOGISTICS INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (LOGIT).	11,895	11,895
283	0801380F	AF LVC OPERATIONAL TRAINING (LVC-OT)	29,815	29,815
284	0804743F	OTHER FLIGHT TRAINING	2,319	2,319
285	0901202F	JOINT PERSONNEL RECOVERY AGENCY	2,320	2,320
286	0901218F	CIVILIAN COMPENSATION PROGRAM	4,267	4,267
287	0901220F	PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION	3,163	3,163
288	0901226F	AIR FORCE STUDIES AND ANALYSIS AGENCY ..	18,937	17,037
		Funding carryover		[-1,900]
289	0901538F	FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT.	5,634	5,634
290	0901554F	DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACNTNG AND MGT SYS (DEAMS).	57,689	57,689
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	18,038,552	17,900,019
		Classified adjustment		[-153,533]
		Classified adjustment A		[15,000]

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT.	25,308,906	25,161,616
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, AF.	49,108,771	48,723,211
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, SF		
		BASIC RESEARCH		
001	0601102SF	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	21,349	21,349
002	0601103SF	UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	14,731	14,731
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	36,080	36,080
		APPLIED RESEARCH		
004	1206601SF	SPACE TECHNOLOGY	244,964	249,964
		Space Modeling, Simulation, and Analysis Hub		[5,000]
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	244,964	249,964
		ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT		
005	1206310SF	SPACE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.	425,166	487,682
		Defense in Depth as Mission Assurance for Spacecraft Multilevel Security (DiDaMAS-MLS).		[20,000]
		TxDES—Space Force UFR		[42,516]
006	1206616SF	SPACE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT/DEMO.	138,270	138,270
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	563,436	625,952
		ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES		
007	0604002SF	SPACE FORCE WEATHER SERVICES RESEARCH	867	867
008	1203010SF	SPACE FORCE IT, DATA ANALYTICS, DIGITAL SOLUTIONS.	88,610	88,610
009	1203164SF	NAVSTAR GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM (USER EQUIPMENT) (SPACE).	300,025	300,025
010	1203622SF	SPACE WARFIGHTING ANALYSIS	121,409	121,409
011	1203710SF	EO/IR WEATHER SYSTEMS	76,391	76,391
012	1203955SF	SPACE ACCESS, MOBILITY & LOGISTICS (SAML).	20,000	20,000
013	1206410SF	SPACE TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPING.	1,701,685	1,701,685
015	1206427SF	SPACE SYSTEMS PROTOTYPE TRANSITIONS (SSPT).	133,739	115,852
		Underexecution		[–17,887]
016	1206438SF	SPACE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY	62,195	62,195
017	1206458SF	TECH TRANSITION (SPACE)	228,547	230,547
		Hybrid Space Architecture Pilot		[2,000]
018	1206730SF	SPACE SECURITY AND DEFENSE PROGRAM	53,199	53,199
019	1206760SF	PROTECTED TACTICAL ENTERPRISE SERVICE (PTES).	79,709	82,709
		Cloud-based beam forming technologies		[3,000]
020	1206761SF	PROTECTED TACTICAL SERVICE (PTS)	596,996	495,742
		PTS–R EMD delay		[–46,254]
		Space Force requested realignment to line 71 for OCX shortfalls.		[–55,000]
021	1206855SF	EVOLVED STRATEGIC SATCOM (ESS)	1,046,161	1,001,881
		ECO/Risk excess to need		[–6,700]
		ESS C2 terminal acquisition early to need		[–37,580]
022	1206857SF	SPACE RAPID CAPABILITIES OFFICE	11,361	80,392
		Space Force requested realignment from line 75		[69,031]
023	1206862SF	TACTICALLY RESPONSIVE SPACE	30,052	30,052

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES.	4,550,946	4,461,556
		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION		
024	1203269SF	GPS III FOLLOW-ON (GPS IIIF)	244,752	234,657
		Underexecution		[-10,095]
026	1206421SF	COUNTERSPACE SYSTEMS	37,078	37,078
027	1206422SF	WEATHER SYSTEM FOLLOW-ON	49,207	49,207
028	1206425SF	SPACE SITUATION AWARENESS SYSTEMS	483,605	483,605
029	1206431SF	ADVANCED EHF MILSATCOM (SPACE)	1,020	1,020
032	1206440SF	NEXT-GEN OPIR—GROUND	558,013	558,013
033	1206442SF	NEXT GENERATION OPIR	202,951	192,951
		Underexecution		[-10,000]
034	1206443SF	NEXT-GEN OPIR—GEO	510,806	510,806
035	1206444SF	NEXT-GEN OPIR—POLAR	828,878	815,179
		Launch support ahead of need		[-13,699]
036	1206445SF	COMMERCIAL SATCOM (COMSATCOM) INTEGRATION.	134,487	134,487
037	1206446SF	RESILIENT MISSILE WARNING MISSILE TRACKING—LOW EARTH ORBIT (LEO).	1,730,821	1,697,821
		Management reserve reduction		[-33,000]
038	1206447SF	RESILIENT MISSILE WARNING MISSILE TRACKING—MEDIUM EARTH ORBIT (MEO).	846,349	750,449
		Epoch 2 ops and integration early to need		[-10,000]
		Management services excess to need		[-10,700]
		MEO vendor termination		[-75,200]
040	1206853SF	NATIONAL SECURITY SPACE LAUNCH PROGRAM (SPACE)—EMD.	23,392	23,392
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.	5,651,359	5,488,665
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT		
046	1206392SF	ACQ WORKFORCE—SPACE & MISSILE SYSTEMS.	274,424	274,424
047	1206398SF	SPACE & MISSILE SYSTEMS CENTER—MHA	12,867	12,867
049	1206759SF	MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT—SPACE	229,665	229,665
050	1206860SF	ROCKET SYSTEMS LAUNCH PROGRAM (SPACE)	20,134	25,134
		Advanced modular solid rocket motor		[5,000]
052	1206864SF	SPACE TEST PROGRAM (STP)	30,279	30,279
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	567,369	572,369
		OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT		
055	1203001SF	FAMILY OF ADVANCED BLOS TERMINALS (FAB-T).	2,607	2,607
056	1203040SF	DCO-SPACE	104,088	104,088
057	1203109SF	NARROWBAND SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS	228,435	228,435
058	1203110SF	SATELLITE CONTROL NETWORK (SPACE)	98,572	93,572
		Underexecution		[-5,000]
059	1203154SF	LONG RANGE KILL CHAINS	244,121	244,121
061	1203173SF	SPACE AND MISSILE TEST AND EVALUATION CENTER.	20,844	20,844
062	1203174SF	SPACE INNOVATION, INTEGRATION AND RAPID TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	48,900	48,900
063	1203182SF	SPACELIFT RANGE SYSTEM (SPACE)	55,906	55,906
065	1203330SF	SPACE SUPERIORITY ISR	28,227	28,227
067	1203873SF	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE RADARS	12,024	17,024
		Modernization of the Perimeter Acquisition Radar Attack Characterization System.		[5,000]
068	1203906SF	NCMC—TW/AA SYSTEM	25,656	25,656
069	1203913SF	NUDET DETECTION SYSTEM (SPACE)	83,426	83,426
070	1203940SF	SPACE SITUATION AWARENESS OPERATIONS ..	120,160	125,160
		Unified Data Library		[5,000]

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
071	1206423SF	GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM III—OPER- ATIONAL CONTROL SEGMENT. Space Force requested realignment from line 20 for OCX shortfalls.	217,224	272,224 [55,000]
075	1206770SF	ENTERPRISE GROUND SERVICES	111,284	42,253
		Space Force requested realignment to line 22		[-69,031]
076	1208053SF	JOINT TACTICAL GROUND SYSTEM	6,937	6,937
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	5,520,323	5,380,523
		Program Reduction		[-139,800]
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVEL- OPMENT.	6,928,734	6,779,903
		SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS		
077	1208248SF	SPACE DOMAIN AWARENESS/PLANNING/ TASKING SW.	157,265	157,265
		SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECH- NOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS.	157,265	157,265
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, SF.	18,700,153	18,371,754
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, DW		
		BASIC RESEARCH		
001	0601000BR	DTRA BASIC RESEARCH	15,311	15,311
002	0601101E	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	303,830	298,830
		Program decrease		[-5,000]
003	0601108D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER RESEARCH INITIATIVES	16,518	16,518
004	0601110D8Z	BASIC RESEARCH INITIATIVES	77,132	97,132
		Defense Established Program to Stimulate Competi- tive Research.		[20,000]
005	0601117E	BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL RESEARCH SCIENCE.	99,048	89,143
		Unjustified request		[-9,905]
006	0601120D8Z	NATIONAL DEFENSE EDUCATION PROGRAM	169,986	174,986
		Program increase		[5,000]
007	0601228D8Z	HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNI- VERSITIES/MINORITY INSTITUTIONS.	99,792	102,292
		Program increase		[2,500]
008	0601384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PRO- GRAM.	37,812	37,812
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	819,429	832,024
		APPLIED RESEARCH		
009	0602000D8Z	JOINT MUNITIONS TECHNOLOGY	19,373	19,373
010	0602115E	BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY	169,198	162,601
		Unjustified request		[-6,597]
011	0602128D8Z	PROMOTION AND PROTECTION STRATEGIES ...	3,191	3,191
012	0602230D8Z	DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION	38,515	38,515
013	0602234D8Z	LINCOLN LABORATORY RESEARCH PROGRAM	47,528	47,528
014	0602251D8Z	APPLIED RESEARCH FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF S&T PRIORITIES.	51,555	51,555
015	0602303E	INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECH- NOLOGY.	397,266	398,188
		Unexplored Systems for Utility-Scale Quantum Com- puting.		[10,000]
		Unjustified request		[-9,078]
017	0602384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PRO- GRAM.	224,777	224,777
018	0602668D8Z	CYBER SECURITY RESEARCH	17,652	27,652
		Program increase		[5,000]
		University Consortium for Cybersecurity		[5,000]

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
020	0602675D8Z	SOCIAL SCIENCES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY.	5,456	5,456
021	0602702E	TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY	117,935	117,935
022	0602715E	MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY ...	337,772	337,772
023	0602716E	ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY	573,265	572,722
		Scaling technology for microelectronics		[5,000]
		Unjustified request		[-5,543]
024	0602718BR	COUNTER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION APPLIED RESEARCH.	174,955	165,615
		Program decrease		[-9,340]
025	0602751D8Z	SOFTWARE ENGINEERING INSTITUTE (SEI) AP- PLIED RESEARCH.	11,310	11,310
026	0602890D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER RESEARCH	48,640	48,640
027	0602891D8Z	FSRM MODELLING	1,897	1,897
028	1160401BB	SOF TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	50,183	50,183
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	2,290,468	2,284,910
ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT				
029	0603000D8Z	JOINT MUNITIONS ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY ..	41,072	41,072
030	0603021D8Z	NATIONAL SECURITY INNOVATION CAPITAL ...	14,983	19,983
		Enhanced payload and satellite bus development		[5,000]
031	0603121D8Z	SO/LIC ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	5,176	5,176
032	0603122D8Z	COMBATING TERRORISM TECHNOLOGY SUP- PORT.	76,639	154,139
		United States-Israel anti-tunnel cooperation		[30,000]
		United States-Israel defense collaboration on emerg- ing technologies.		[47,500]
033	0603133D8Z	FOREIGN COMPARATIVE TESTING	30,007	30,007
034	0603142D8Z	MISSION ENGINEERING & INTEGRATION (ME&I).	110,628	110,628
035	0603160BR	COUNTER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	418,044	418,044
037	0603176C	ADVANCED CONCEPTS AND PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT.	17,920	23,920
		Hypersonic Kill Vehicle Hardware-In-The-Loop		[3,000]
		Kinetic, Non-Kinetic Resource Optimization		[3,000]
038	0603180C	ADVANCED RESEARCH	19,354	52,854
		Disruptive Technologies versus Advanced Threats— MDA UFR.		[33,500]
039	0603183D8Z	JOINT HYPERSONIC TECHNOLOGY DEVELOP- MENT & TRANSITION.	51,941	51,941
040	0603225D8Z	JOINT DOD-DOE MUNITIONS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.	19,826	19,826
042	0603286E	ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS	269,700	252,018
		Program decrease—execution adjustment		[-17,682]
043	0603287E	SPACE PROGRAMS AND TECHNOLOGY	225,457	199,698
		Programmatic rebaseline: DRACO		[-16,094]
		Unjustified request		[-9,665]
044	0603288D8Z	ANALYTIC ASSESSMENTS	30,594	28,594
		Program decrease		[-2,000]
045	0603289D8Z	ADVANCED INNOVATIVE ANALYSIS AND CON- CEPTS.	56,390	56,390
046	0603330D8Z	QUANTUM APPLICATION	69,290	69,290
047	0603342D8Z	DEFENSE INNOVATION UNIT (DIU)	109,614	129,614
		DIU electric boats		[5,000]
		DIU NAPP		[5,000]
		OnRamp Hubs		[5,000]
		Research, design, testing, and evaluation to benefit foreign partners.		[5,000]
048	0603375D8Z	TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION	74,549	30,232
		Program decrease—unclear execution plans		[-44,317]
049	0603379D8Z	ADVANCED TECHNICAL INTEGRATION	26,053	26,053

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
050	0603384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PRO- GRAM—ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT.	230,051	230,051
052	0603618D8Z	JOINT ELECTRONIC ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY Program decrease—excess cost for studies	20,188	18,388 [–1,800]
053	0603662D8Z	NETWORKED COMMUNICATIONS CAPABILI- TIES.	5,234	5,234
055	0603680D8Z	DEFENSE-WIDE MANUFACTURING SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM.	190,557	190,557
056	0603680S	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	55,366	62,866 [5,000]
		Critical Materials Supply Chain Research		[2,500]
057	0603712S	Program increase: Steel performance initiative	18,543	18,543
		GENERIC LOGISTICS R&D TECHNOLOGY DEM- ONSTRATIONS.		
058	0603716D8Z	STRATEGIC ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH PRO- GRAM.	58,838	58,838
059	0603720S	MICROELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOP- MENT AND SUPPORT.	137,246	132,246
		Program decrease		[–5,000]
060	0603727D8Z	JOINT WARFIGHTING PROGRAM	2,684	2,684
061	0603739E	ADVANCED ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGIES	257,844	257,844
062	0603760E	COMMAND, CONTROL AND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS.	336,542	336,542
063	0603766E	NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY ..	886,511	886,511
064	0603767E	SENSOR TECHNOLOGY	267,961	267,961
066	0603781D8Z	SOFTWARE ENGINEERING INSTITUTE	16,982	16,982
067	0603838D8Z	DEFENSE INNOVATION ACCELERATION (DIA) ..	165,798	165,798
068	0603924D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER ADVANCED TECH- NOLOGY PROGRAM.	110,367	110,367
069	0603941D8Z	TEST & EVALUATION SCIENCE & TECH- NOLOGY.	268,722	278,722
		Program increase: MACH–TB		[10,000]
070	0603945D8Z	INTERNATIONAL INNOVATION INITIATIVES	125,680	105,680 [–20,000]
		Program decrease		
071	0603950D8Z	NATIONAL SECURITY INNOVATION NETWORK	21,322	21,322
072	0604055D8Z	OPERATIONAL ENERGY CAPABILITY IMPROVE- MENT.	167,279	167,279
074	1160402BB	SOF ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT HSVTOL	197,767	150,617 [–47,150]
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DE- VELOPMENT.	5,208,719	5,204,511
ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES				
075	0603161D8Z	NUCLEAR AND CONVENTIONAL PHYSICAL SE- CURITY EQUIPMENT RDT&E ADC&P.	63,162	63,162
076	0603600D8Z	WALKOFF	149,704	149,704
077	0603851D8Z	ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY TECHNICAL CER- TIFICATION PROGRAM.	136,513	142,513
		Environmental Security Technical Certification Pro- gram.		[6,000]
078	0603881C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TERMINAL DE- FENSE SEGMENT.	367,279	307,054
		Insufficient Justification		[–60,225]
079	0603882C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE MIDCOURSE DE- FENSE SEGMENT.	768,227	768,227
080	0603884BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PRO- GRAM—DEM/VAL.	304,374	298,287
		Program decrease—excess growth		[–6,087]
081	0603884C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SENSORS	209,002	224,502 [15,500]
		Sensors Modeling & Simulation—MDA UFR		
082	0603890C	BMD ENABLING PROGRAMS	609,406	609,406
083	0603891C	SPECIAL PROGRAMS—MDA	495,570	615,570 [28,000]
		Classified A Left to Right Integration—MDA UFR ...		

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
		Classified B Fire Control Sensor Netting—MDA UFR.		[46,000]
		Classified C Nonkinetic Prototype Demo—MDA UFR		[46,000]
084	0603892C	AEGIS BMD	649,255	738,455
		Guam Defense System—INDOPACOM UPL		[89,200]
085	0603896C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE COMMAND AND CONTROL, BATTLE MANAGEMENT AND COMMUNICATIONS (C2BMC).	569,662	583,162
		Infrastructure Modernization Initiative—MDA UFR		[13,500]
086	0603898C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE JOINT WARFIGHTER SUPPORT.	47,723	47,723
087	0603904C	MISSILE DEFENSE INTEGRATION & OPERATIONS CENTER (MDIOC).	54,525	54,525
088	0603906C	REGARDING TRENCH	27,900	27,900
089	0603907C	SEA BASED X-BAND RADAR (SBX)	197,339	197,339
090	0603913C	ISRAELI COOPERATIVE PROGRAMS	300,000	300,000
091	0603914C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TEST	367,491	357,167
		Program decrease—insufficient justification		[–4,740]
		Program decrease—previously funded		[–5,584]
092	0603915C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TARGETS	604,708	629,108
		Advanced reactive target simulation development		[10,000]
		Guam Defense System—INDOPACOM UPL		[14,400]
093	0603923D8Z	COALITION WARFARE	9,890	9,890
094	0604011D8Z	NEXT GENERATION INFORMATION COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (5G).	139,427	120,827
		5G for Department of Defense base operations		[10,000]
		OSD requested transfer from RDDW Line 94 to OMDW Line 4GT9 to properly align 5G resourcing.		[–8,500]
		OSD requested transfer from RDDW Line 94 to PDW Line 16 to properly align 5G resourcing.		[–11,000]
		OSD requested transfer from RDDW Line 94 to RDDW Line 211 to properly align 5G resourcing.		[–7,600]
		OSD requested transfer from RDDW Line 94 to RDDW Line 94A to properly align 5G resourcing.		[–1,500]
094A	0604011D8	5G CROSS FUNCTIONAL TEAM		1,500
		OSD requested transfer from RDDW Line 94 to RDDW Line 94A to properly align 5G resourcing.		[1,500]
095	0604016D8Z	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CORROSION PROGRAM.	2,637	7,137
		Department of Defense Corrosion Policy and Oversight Office.		[4,500]
096	0604102C	GUAM DEFENSE DEVELOPMENT	415,794	492,294
		Guam Defense System—INDOPACOM UPL		[76,500]
099	0604125D8Z	ADVANCED MANUFACTURING COMPONENTS AND PROTOTYPES.	16,776	16,776
100	0604181C	HYPERSONIC DEFENSE	182,283	575,283
		GPI development acceleration		[393,000]
101	0604250D8Z	ADVANCED INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES	994,226	1,005,426
		Pele		[16,200]
		Program decrease		[–5,000]
102	0604294D8Z	TRUSTED & ASSURED MICROELECTRONICS	593,609	573,609
		Program decrease		[–20,000]
103	0604331D8Z	RAPID PROTOTYPING PROGRAM	152,126	168,616
		Longshot—R&E UFR		[10,000]
		Multi-Domain Unmanned Secure Integrated Communications (MUSIC)—R&E UFR.		[6,490]
104	0604331J	RAPID PROTOTYPING PROGRAM	7,710	7,710
106	0604400D8Z	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE (DOD) UNMANNED SYSTEM COMMON DEVELOPMENT.	2,527	2,527
107	0604551BR	CATAPULT INFORMATION SYSTEM	7,475	7,475
108	0604555D8Z	OPERATIONAL ENERGY CAPABILITY IMPROVEMENT—NON S&T.	53,705	63,205
		High Energy Laser Power Beaming		[7,000]

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
		Program increase—interoperable field ready hybrid power systems.		[2,500]
110	0604682D8Z	WARGAMING AND SUPPORT FOR STRATEGIC ANALYSIS (SSA).	3,559	3,559
111	0604775D8Z	DEFENSE RAPID INNOVATION PROGRAM	10,020	10,020
112	0604790D8Z	RAPID DEFENSE EXPERIMENTATION RESERVE (RDER).	53,149	53,149
113	0604791D8Z	MULTI-DOMAIN JOINT OPERATIONS (MDJO)	11,383	11,383
114	0604826J	JOINT C5 CAPABILITY DEVELOPMENT, INTEGRATION AND INTEROPERABILITY ASSESSMENTS.	29,706	29,706
115	0604873C	LONG RANGE DISCRIMINATION RADAR (LRDR)	100,882	100,882
116	0604874C	IMPROVED HOMELAND DEFENSE INTERCEPTORS.	1,697,121	1,692,869
		Excess support costs		[-4,252]
117	0604876C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TERMINAL DEFENSE SEGMENT TEST.	25,673	25,673
118	0604878C	AEGIS BMD TEST	135,019	136,219
		Guam Defense System—INDOPACOM UPL		[1,200]
119	0604879C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SENSOR TEST	96,864	96,864
120	0604880C	LAND-BASED SM-3 (LBSM3)	22,220	22,220
121	0604887C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE MIDCOURSE SEGMENT TEST.	40,006	40,006
122	0604924D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT & PROTOTYPE.	2,931	2,931
123	0202057C	SAFETY PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	1,771	1,771
124	0208059JCY	CYBERCOM ACTIVITIES	35,700	35,700
126	0208086JCY	CYBER TRAINING ENVIRONMENT (CTE)	158,345	162,345
		Pacific Intelligence and Innovation Initiative		[4,000]
127	0300206R	ENTERPRISE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS.	2,162	2,162
128	0305103C	CYBER SECURITY INITIATIVE	1,831	1,831
129	0305245D8Z	INTELLIGENCE CAPABILITIES AND INNOVATION INVESTMENTS.	51,784	51,784
131	0306250JCY	CYBER OPERATIONS TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT ..	52,715	52,715
132	0901579D8Z	OFFICE OF STRATEGIC CAPITAL (OSC)	132,640	118,919
		Excess growth—critical technologies limited partner program.		[-8,721]
		Program decrease		[-5,000]
133	1206895C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEM SPACE PROGRAMS.	119,561	119,561
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES.	11,285,067	11,938,348
		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION		
134	0604123D8Z	CHIEF DIGITAL AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE OFFICER (CDAO)—DEM/VAL ACTIVITIES.	371,833	371,761
		Artificial intelligence pilot programs		[6,800]
		Program decrease		[-6,872]
135	0604133D8Z	ALPHA-1 DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES	53,307	53,307
136	0604161D8Z	NUCLEAR AND CONVENTIONAL PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT RDT&E SDD.	13,549	13,549
137	0604384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM—EMD.	270,265	270,265
138	0604771D8Z	JOINT TACTICAL INFORMATION DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (JTIDS).	12,893	12,893
139	0605000BR	COUNTER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT.	14,841	14,841
140	0605013BL	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	4,709	4,709
141	0605021SE	HOMELAND PERSONNEL SECURITY INITIATIVE.	9,526	9,526

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
142	0605022D8Z	DEFENSE EXPORTABILITY PROGRAM	15,779	15,779
143	0605027D8Z	OUS(D) IT DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES	7,564	7,564
144	0605080S	DEFENSE AGENCY INITIATIVES (DAI)—FINAN- CIAL SYSTEM.	31,916	31,916
145	0605141BR	MISSION ASSURANCE RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (MARMS).	9,440	9,440
146	0605210D8Z	DEFENSE-WIDE ELECTRONIC PROCUREMENT CAPABILITIES.	9,485	9,485
147	0605294D8Z	TRUSTED & ASSURED MICROELECTRONICS	150,436	150,436
148	0605649D8Z	ACQUISITION INTEGRATION AND INTEROPER- ABILITY (AI2).	12,804	12,804
149	0605755D8Z	RADIOLOGICAL AND NUCLEAR DEFENSE MOD- ERNIZATION SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.	3,575	3,575
150	0605772D8Z	NUCLEAR COMMAND, CONTROL, & COMMU- NICATIONS.	3,849	3,849
151	0305304D8Z	DOD ENTERPRISE ENERGY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT (EEIM).	7,152	7,152
152	0305310D8Z	COUNTERPROLIFERATION ADVANCED DEVEL- OPMENT.	13,151	13,151
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.	1,016,074	1,016,002
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT		
154	0603829J	JOINT CAPABILITY EXPERIMENTATION	12,385	12,385
155	0604122D8Z	JADC2 DEVELOPMENT AND EXPERIMEN- TATION ACTIVITIES.	222,945	222,945
156	0604774D8Z	DEFENSE READINESS REPORTING SYSTEM (DRRS).	11,415	11,415
157	0604875D8Z	JOINT SYSTEMS ARCHITECTURE DEVELOP- MENT.	9,690	9,690
158	0604940D8Z	CENTRAL TEST AND EVALUATION INVEST- MENT DEVELOPMENT (CTEIP).	782,643	765,143
		Program increase—execution risk		[–17,500]
159	0604942D8Z	ASSESSMENTS AND EVALUATIONS	1,503	1,503
160	0604944D8Z	ASSESSMENTS AND EVALUATIONS, DOD	4,253	4,253
161	0605001E	MISSION SUPPORT	113,007	113,007
162	0605100D8Z	JOINT MISSION ENVIRONMENT TEST CAPA- BILITY (JMETC).	209,008	209,008
163	0605126J	JOINT INTEGRATED AIR AND MISSILE DE- FENSE ORGANIZATION (JIAMDO).	72,005	72,005
165	0605142D8Z	SYSTEMS ENGINEERING	24,669	24,669
166	0605151D8Z	STUDIES AND ANALYSIS SUPPORT—OSD	6,289	6,289
167	0605161D8Z	NUCLEAR MATTERS-PHYSICAL SECURITY	19,871	19,871
168	0605170D8Z	SUPPORT TO NETWORKS AND INFORMATION INTEGRATION.	8,580	8,580
169	0605200D8Z	GENERAL SUPPORT TO OUSD(INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY).	3,155	3,155
170	0605384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PRO- GRAM.	79,263	79,263
177	0605711D8Z	CRITICAL TECHNOLOGY ANALYSIS	11,422	11,422
178	0605790D8Z	SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESEARCH (SBIR)/ SMALL BUSINESS TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER (STTR) ADMINISTRATION.	5,346	5,346
179	0605797D8Z	MAINTAINING TECHNOLOGY ADVANTAGE	31,629	31,629
180	0605798D8Z	DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY ANALYSIS	45,370	45,370
181	0605801KA	DEFENSE TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTER (DTIC).	66,247	66,247
182	0605803SE	R&D IN SUPPORT OF DOD ENLISTMENT, TEST- ING AND EVALUATION.	26,935	26,935
183	0605804D8Z	DEVELOPMENT TEST AND EVALUATION	37,233	37,233
184	0605898E	MANAGEMENT HQ—R&D	14,577	14,577

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
185	0605998KA	MANAGEMENT HQ—DEFENSE TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTER (DTIC).	3,505	3,505
186	0606005D8Z	SPECIAL ACTIVITIES	18,263	18,263
187	0606100D8Z	BUDGET AND PROGRAM ASSESSMENTS	14,272	14,272
188	0606114D8Z	ANALYSIS WORKING GROUP (AWG) SUPPORT ..	2,814	2,814
189	0606135D8Z	CHIEF DIGITAL AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE OFFICER (CDAO) ACTIVITIES.	9,262	9,262
190	0606225D8Z	ODNA TECHNOLOGY AND RESOURCE ANALYSIS.	3,403	3,403
191	0606300D8Z	DEFENSE SCIENCE BOARD	6,536	5,154
		Program decrease		[-1,382]
192	0606301D8Z	AVIATION SAFETY TECHNOLOGIES	1,885	1,885
193	0606771D8Z	CYBER RESILIENCY AND CYBERSECURITY POLICY.	40,401	40,401
194	0606774D8Z	DEFENSE CIVILIAN TRAINING CORPS	27,054	27,054
195	0606775D8Z	JOINT PRODUCTION ACCELERATOR CELL (JPAC).	5,010	2,000
		Program decrease—unjustified request		[-3,010]
196	0606853BR	MANAGEMENT, TECHNICAL & INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT.	12,115	12,115
197	0203345D8Z	DEFENSE OPERATIONS SECURITY INITIATIVE (DOSI).	3,151	3,151
198	0204571J	JOINT STAFF ANALYTICAL SUPPORT	7,433	7,433
199	0208045K	C4I INTEROPERABILITY	65,144	65,144
202	0305172K	COMBINED ADVANCED APPLICATIONS	23,311	23,311
204	0305208K	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS.	2,988	2,988
205	0305248J	JOINT STAFF OFFICE OF THE CHIEF DATA OFFICER (OCDO) ACTIVITIES.	12,700	12,700
206	0804768J	COCOM EXERCISE ENGAGEMENT AND TRAINING TRANSFORMATION (CE2T2)—NON-MHA.	166,021	166,021
207	0808709SE	DEFENSE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY MANAGEMENT INSTITUTE (DEOMI).	315	315
208	0808737SE	INTEGRATED PRIMARY PREVENTION	5,096	5,096
209	0901598C	MANAGEMENT HQ—MDA	29,033	29,033
210	0903235K	JOINT SERVICE PROVIDER (JSP)	2,244	2,244
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	37,738	37,738
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	2,319,134	2,297,242
OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT				
211	0604011D8Z	NEXT GENERATION INFORMATION COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (5G).	12,424	20,024
		OSD requested transfer from RDDW Line 94 to RDDW line 211 to properly align 5G resourcing.		[7,600]
213	0607162D8Z	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS ELIMINATION TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENT.	4,254	8,254
		Development of a fully integrated transportable high-pressure waterjet system for the demilitarization of chemical and biological weapons.		[4,000]
214	0607210D8Z	INDUSTRIAL BASE ANALYSIS AND SUSTAINMENT SUPPORT.	1,099,243	994,743
		Corrosion resistant coatings for aircraft parts		[3,000]
		Program decrease		[-116,000]
		Radar and Avionics Repair and Sustainment Facilities.		[6,000]
		Resilient Manufacturing Ecosystem—Program Increase.		[2,500]
215	0607310D8Z	COUNTERPROLIFERATION MODERNIZATION ...	11,309	11,309
216	0607327T	GLOBAL THEATER SECURITY COOPERATION MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS (G-TSCMIS).	8,654	8,654
217	0607384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (OPERATIONAL SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT).	84,098	79,893

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
		Program decrease—excess growth		[-4,205]
218	0607757D8Z	RADIOLOGICAL AND NUCLEAR DEFENSE MOD- ERNIZATION OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVEL- OPMENT.	1,668	1,668
219	0208085JCY	ROBUST INFRASTRUCTURE AND ACCESS	154,375	114,375
		Program decrease		[-40,000]
220	0208097JCY	CYBER COMMAND AND CONTROL (CYBER C2) ..	96,932	96,932
221	0208099JCY	DATA AND UNIFIED PLATFORM (D&UP)	106,053	106,053
225	0302019K	DEFENSE INFO INFRASTRUCTURE ENGINEER- ING AND INTEGRATION.	12,843	12,843
226	0302609V	COUNTERING THREATS AUTOMATED PLAT- FORM.	6,057	6,057
227	0303126K	LONG-HAUL COMMUNICATIONS—DCS	51,214	51,214
228	0303131K	MINIMUM ESSENTIAL EMERGENCY COMMU- NICATIONS NETWORK (MEECN).	4,985	4,985
230	0303140D8Z	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	31,127	31,127
232	0303140K	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	31,414	31,414
234	0303153K	DEFENSE SPECTRUM ORGANIZATION	24,991	24,991
235	0303171K	JOINT PLANNING AND EXECUTION SERVICES	3,304	3,304
236	0303228K	JOINT REGIONAL SECURITY STACKS (JRSS)	2,371	2,371
242	0305104D8Z	DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE (DIB) CYBER SE- CURITY INITIATIVE.	15,524	15,524
248	0305146V	DEFENSE JOINT COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AC- TIVITIES.	1,800	1,800
249	0305172D8Z	COMBINED ADVANCED APPLICATIONS	42,355	42,355
252	0305186D8Z	POLICY R&D PROGRAMS	6,220	6,220
253	0305199D8Z	NET CENTRICITY	20,620	20,620
255	0305208BB	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS.	5,854	5,854
263	0305387D8Z	HOMELAND DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY TRANS- FER PROGRAM.	1,867	1,867
270	0306250JCY	CYBER OPERATIONS TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT ..	479,672	464,672
		Program decrease—Joint Development Environment lack of credible execution plan.		[-15,000]
271	0307609V	NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL SECURITY SYSTEMS (NISS).	38,761	35,461
		Program decrease—underexecution		[-3,300]
275	0708012K	LOGISTICS SUPPORT ACTIVITIES	1,406	1,406
276	0708012S	PACIFIC DISASTER CENTERS	1,861	1,861
277	0708047S	DEFENSE PROPERTY ACCOUNTABILITY SYS- TEM.	3,004	3,004
279	1105219BB	MQ-9 UAV	34,851	34,851
281	1160403BB	AVIATION SYSTEMS	263,712	246,299
		AC/MC-130J Mission Systems and MC-130J Modifications.		[-1,713]
		FARA Cancellation		[-4,200]
		MC-130J Amphibious Capability		[-11,500]
282	1160405BB	INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	81,648	78,648
		MTUAS Slow Expenditure		[-3,000]
283	1160408BB	OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS	206,307	206,307
284	1160431BB	WARRIOR SYSTEMS	245,882	276,948
		Counter Uncrewed Systems—SOCOM UFR		[34,625]
		NGTC		[-3,559]
285	1160432BB	SPECIAL PROGRAMS	539	539
286	1160434BB	UNMANNED ISR	31,578	24,851
		Prior year carryover		[-6,727]
287	1160480BB	SOF TACTICAL VEHICLES	9,025	9,025
288	1160483BB	MARITIME SYSTEMS	210,787	210,787
289	1160490BB	OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS INTEL- LIGENCE.	17,233	17,233
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	8,686,427	8,658,419
		Program reduction		[-28,008]

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT.	12,154,249	11,974,762
		SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS		
292	0608648D8Z	ACQUISITION VISIBILITY—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM.	17,907	17,907
293	0303150K	GLOBAL COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM	31,619	31,619
294	0306250JCY	CYBER OPERATIONS TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT ..	85,168	85,168
		SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS.	134,694	134,694
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, DW.	35,227,834	35,682,493
		OPERATIONAL TEST & EVAL, DEFENSE MANAGEMENT SUPPORT		
001	0605118OTE	OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION	136,226	136,226
002	0605131OTE	LIVE FIRE TEST AND EVALUATION	109,561	109,561
003	0605814OTE	OPERATIONAL TEST ACTIVITIES AND ANALYSES.	102,922	102,922
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	348,709	348,709
		TOTAL OPERATIONAL TEST & EVAL, DEFENSE.	348,709	348,709
		TOTAL RDT&E	143,156,590	143,768,041

TITLE XLIII—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE.

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line		Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
		OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY OPERATING FORCES		
010		MANEUVER UNITS	3,536,069	3,503,069
		Commercial off the Shelf (COTS) Uncrewed Aerial System (sUAS)—Army UFR		[25,000]
		Unjustified growth		[−58,000]
020		MODULAR SUPPORT BRIGADES	216,575	202,575
		Unjustified growth		[−14,000]
030		ECHELONS ABOVE BRIGADE	829,985	829,985
040		THEATER LEVEL ASSETS	2,570,467	2,562,967
		Unjustified request		[−7,500]
050		LAND FORCES OPERATIONS SUPPORT	1,185,211	1,110,211
		Historical underexecution		[−75,000]
060		AVIATION ASSETS	1,955,482	1,935,482
		Historical underexecution		[−20,000]
070		FORCE READINESS OPERATIONS SUPPORT	7,150,264	7,105,264
		BUCKEYE support to AFRICOM		[15,000]
		Historical underexecution		[−100,000]
		Program increase: Ultra-lightweight camouflage net system increment 1		[40,000]
080		LAND FORCES SYSTEMS READINESS	533,892	508,892
		Historical underexecution		[−25,000]

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
090	LAND FORCES DEPOT MAINTENANCE	1,220,407	1,220,407
100	MEDICAL READINESS	931,137	931,137
110	BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT	10,482,544	10,420,044
	Program increase		[7,500]
	Unjustified growth		[-70,000]
120	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZA- TION	5,231,918	5,477,715
	Force Protection Equipment Sustainment—CENTCOM UFR		[75,000]
	Quality of Life Initiatives		[170,797]
130	MANAGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS	309,674	309,674
140	ADDITIONAL ACTIVITIES	303,660	303,660
150	RESET	319,873	319,873
160	US AFRICA COMMAND	430,724	430,724
170	US EUROPEAN COMMAND	326,399	326,399
180	US SOUTHERN COMMAND	255,639	275,529
	Joint Department of Defense Information Network Operations Center		[15,000]
	Mission Partner Environment (MPE)—SOUTHCOM		[4,890]
190	US FORCES KOREA	71,826	71,826
200	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	422,561	422,561
210	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSECURITY	597,021	597,021
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	38,881,328	38,865,015
MOBILIZATION			
230	STRATEGIC MOBILITY	567,351	567,351
240	ARMY PREPOSITIONED STOCKS	405,747	420,747
	Program Increase: Subic Bay		[15,000]
250	INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS	4,298	4,298
	SUBTOTAL MOBILIZATION	977,396	992,396
TRAINING AND RECRUITING			
260	OFFICER ACQUISITION	200,754	200,754
270	RECRUIT TRAINING	72,829	72,829
280	ONE STATION UNIT TRAINING	92,762	92,762
290	SENIOR RESERVE OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS	557,478	557,478
300	SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING	1,064,113	1,064,113
310	FLIGHT TRAINING	1,418,987	1,418,987
320	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	214,497	214,497
330	TRAINING SUPPORT	633,316	633,316
340	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	785,440	785,440
350	EXAMINING	205,072	205,072
360	OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION	245,880	245,880
370	CIVILIAN EDUCATION AND TRAINING	246,460	246,460
380	JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICER TRAINING CORPS	206,700	206,700
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	5,944,288	5,944,288
ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES			
400	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	785,233	785,233
410	CENTRAL SUPPLY ACTIVITIES	926,136	926,136
420	LOGISTIC SUPPORT ACTIVITIES	738,637	738,637
430	AMMUNITION MANAGEMENT	411,213	411,213
440	ADMINISTRATION	515,501	505,501
	Program decrease		[-10,000]
450	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	2,167,183	2,127,183
	Program decrease		[-40,000]
460	MANPOWER MANAGEMENT	375,963	375,963
470	OTHER PERSONNEL SUPPORT	943,764	893,764
	Historical underexecution		[-50,000]
480	OTHER SERVICE SUPPORT	2,402,405	2,352,405
	Historical underexecution		[-50,000]
490	ARMY CLAIMS ACTIVITIES	204,652	204,652
500	REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT	305,340	305,340
510	FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT AND AUDIT READINESS	487,742	487,742

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
520	DEF ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNT	41,068	41,068
530	INTERNATIONAL MILITARY HEADQUARTERS	633,982	633,982
540	MISC. SUPPORT OF OTHER NATIONS	34,429	34,429
590A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	2,376,219	2,406,010
	DOD High-Risk ISR—AFRICOM UFR		[29,791]
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE AC- TIVITIES	13,349,467	13,229,258
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
600	UNDISTRIBUTED		-11,320
	Unobligated balances		[-11,320]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		-11,320
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY	59,152,479	59,019,637
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY RESERVE		
	OPERATING FORCES		
010	MODULAR SUPPORT BRIGADES	14,098	14,098
020	ECHELONS ABOVE BRIGADE	655,868	655,868
030	THEATER LEVEL ASSETS	136,625	136,625
040	LAND FORCES OPERATIONS SUPPORT	696,146	670,346
	Unjustified request		[-25,800]
050	AVIATION ASSETS	129,581	129,581
060	FORCE READINESS OPERATIONS SUPPORT	404,585	404,585
070	LAND FORCES SYSTEMS READINESS	42,942	42,942
080	LAND FORCES DEPOT MAINTENANCE	49,973	49,973
090	BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT	578,327	578,327
100	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZA- TION	474,365	474,365
110	MANAGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS	26,680	26,680
120	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	2,241	2,241
130	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSECURITY	18,598	18,598
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	3,230,029	3,204,229
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES		
140	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	17,092	17,092
150	ADMINISTRATION	19,106	19,106
160	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	6,727	6,727
170	MANPOWER MANAGEMENT	7,477	7,477
180	OTHER PERSONNEL SUPPORT	80,346	80,346
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE AC- TIVITIES	130,748	130,748
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
210	UNDISTRIBUTED		-1,500
	Unobligated balances		[-1,500]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		-1,500
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY RE- SERVE	3,360,777	3,333,477
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY NATIONAL GUARD		
	OPERATING FORCES		
010	MANEUVER UNITS	886,229	891,229
	Training Exercise Support—Northern Strike		[5,000]
020	MODULAR SUPPORT BRIGADES	200,417	200,417
030	ECHELONS ABOVE BRIGADE	861,685	861,685
040	THEATER LEVEL ASSETS	86,356	86,356
050	LAND FORCES OPERATIONS SUPPORT	345,720	345,720
060	AVIATION ASSETS	1,150,777	1,150,777
070	FORCE READINESS OPERATIONS SUPPORT	737,884	737,884
080	LAND FORCES SYSTEMS READINESS	34,262	34,262
090	LAND FORCES DEPOT MAINTENANCE	221,401	221,401

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
100	BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT	1,247,797	1,247,797
110	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZA- TION	1,147,554	1,147,554
120	MANAGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS	1,322,621	1,322,621
130	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	5,287	5,287
140	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSECURITY	20,869	20,869
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	8,268,859	8,273,859
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES		
150	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	7,849	7,849
160	ADMINISTRATION	49,304	49,944
	Increase for 7 new State Partnership Program partners—NGB UFR		[640]
170	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	18,585	18,585
190	OTHER PERSONNEL SUPPORT	297,594	297,594
200	REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT	3,954	3,954
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE AC- TIVITIES	377,286	377,926
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
230	UNDISTRIBUTED		—43,000
	Unobligated balances		[—43,000]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		—43,000
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY NA- TIONAL GUARD	8,646,145	8,608,785
	COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP		
	COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)		
010	IRAQ	380,758	380,758
020	SYRIA	147,941	147,941
	SUBTOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)	528,699	528,699
	TOTAL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP	528,699	528,699
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY OPERATING FORCES		
010	MISSION AND OTHER FLIGHT OPERATIONS	6,876,414	6,776,414
	Historical underexecution		[—100,000]
020	FLEET AIR TRAINING	2,980,271	2,880,271
	Historical underexecution		[—100,000]
050	AIR SYSTEMS SUPPORT	1,444,564	1,444,564
060	AIRCRAFT DEPOT MAINTENANCE	1,747,475	1,747,475
080	AVIATION LOGISTICS	2,020,926	2,005,926
	Historical underexecution		[—15,000]
090	MISSION AND OTHER SHIP OPERATIONS	7,561,665	7,485,665
	Automated Inspections Technology Pilot Program		[5,000]
	Unjustified request		[—81,000]
100	SHIP OPERATIONS SUPPORT & TRAINING	1,576,167	1,576,167
110	SHIP DEPOT MAINTENANCE	12,121,320	12,186,320
	Prevent retirement of ESD		[65,000]
120	SHIP DEPOT OPERATIONS SUPPORT	2,722,849	2,722,849
130	COMBAT COMMUNICATIONS AND ELECTRONIC WARFARE	1,845,351	1,845,351
140	SPACE SYSTEMS AND SURVEILLANCE	429,851	429,851
150	WARFARE TACTICS	1,030,531	1,030,531
160	OPERATIONAL METEOROLOGY AND OCEANOGRAPHY	462,111	462,111
170	COMBAT SUPPORT FORCES	2,430,990	2,400,990
	Unjustified request		[—30,000]
180	EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND DEPOT OPERATIONS SUP- PORT	49,520	49,520

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
200	COMBATANT COMMANDERS CORE OPERATIONS	93,949	93,949
210	COMBATANT COMMANDERS DIRECT MISSION SUPPORT	395,278	621,778
	AI-Enabled Planning & Wargaming (STORMBREAKER)		[18,000]
	Campaigning—Special Operations Command Pacific (SOCPAC) ..		[53,000]
	INDOPACOM Mission Network—INDOPACOM UPL		[106,500]
	Joint Training Team—INDOPACOM UPL		[49,000]
220	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	577,882	577,882
230	FLEET BALLISTIC MISSILE	1,866,966	1,866,966
240	WEAPONS MAINTENANCE	1,596,682	1,607,982
	Accelerate Mk-48 Heavy Weight Torpedo (HWT) Procurement (+41)—Navy UFR		[9,200]
	Accelerate Subsea and Seabed Warfare (SSW) ROV—Navy UFR ..		[2,100]
250	OTHER WEAPON SYSTEMS SUPPORT	785,511	778,754
	Historical underexecution		[–6,757]
260	ENTERPRISE INFORMATION	1,824,127	1,814,127
	Program decrease		[–10,000]
270	SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION AND MODERNIZATION	4,654,449	5,396,949
	Guam Glass Breakwater		[600,000]
	Quality of Life Initiatives		[142,500]
280	BASE OPERATING SUPPORT	6,324,454	6,251,454
	Program increase		[9,000]
	Unjustified request		[–82,000]
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	63,419,303	64,053,846
MOBILIZATION			
290	SHIP PREPOSITIONING AND SURGE	463,722	463,722
300	READY RESERVE FORCE	780,558	780,558
310	SHIP ACTIVATIONS/INACTIVATIONS	1,030,030	1,030,030
320	EXPEDITIONARY HEALTH SERVICES SYSTEMS	173,200	173,200
330	COAST GUARD SUPPORT	21,800	21,800
	SUBTOTAL MOBILIZATION	2,469,310	2,469,310
TRAINING AND RECRUITING			
340	OFFICER ACQUISITION	206,282	206,282
350	RECRUIT TRAINING	18,748	23,048
	Sea Cadets		[4,300]
360	RESERVE OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS	169,044	169,044
370	SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING	1,236,735	1,216,735
	Unjustified request		[–20,000]
380	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	357,317	357,317
390	TRAINING SUPPORT	434,173	434,173
400	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	281,107	281,107
410	OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION	77,223	77,223
420	CIVILIAN EDUCATION AND TRAINING	73,510	73,510
430	JUNIOR ROTC	59,649	59,649
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	2,913,788	2,898,088
ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES			
440	ADMINISTRATION	1,453,465	1,370,965
	Program decrease		[–74,500]
	Unjustified request		[–8,000]
450	CIVILIAN MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT	252,723	252,723
460	MILITARY MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT	729,351	720,351
	Unjustified request		[–9,000]
470	MEDICAL ACTIVITIES	324,055	289,055
	Historical underexecution		[–35,000]
480	DEF ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNT	69,348	69,348
490	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	275,379	275,379
510	PLANNING, ENGINEERING, AND PROGRAM SUPPORT	609,648	609,648
520	ACQUISITION, LOGISTICS, AND OVERSIGHT	869,350	829,350
	Historical underexecution		[–40,000]
530	INVESTIGATIVE AND SECURITY SERVICES	980,857	980,857
810A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	656,005	656,005

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	6,220,181	6,053,681
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
820	UNDISTRIBUTED		-212,000
	Unobligated balances		[-212,000]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		-212,000
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	75,022,582	75,262,925
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS OPERATING FORCES		
010	OPERATIONAL FORCES	1,848,218	1,870,718
	Historical underexecution		[-30,000]
	INDOPACOM Campaigning		[47,000]
	Marine Corps realignment—high cut enhanced combat helmet		[5,500]
020	FIELD LOGISTICS	1,990,769	1,975,769
	Historical underexecution		[-15,000]
030	DEPOT MAINTENANCE	241,350	241,350
040	MARITIME PREPOSITIONING	176,356	176,356
060	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	271,819	271,819
070	SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	1,304,957	1,863,437
	Barracks 2030		[230,480]
	Quality of Life Initiatives		[35,000]
	USMC Enterprise-Wide Facilities Modernization		[293,000]
080	BASE OPERATING SUPPORT	3,035,867	3,123,867
	Barracks 2030		[119,000]
	Unjustified growth		[-31,000]
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	8,869,336	9,523,316
	TRAINING AND RECRUITING		
090	RECRUIT TRAINING	26,610	26,610
100	OFFICER ACQUISITION	1,418	1,418
110	SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING	128,502	128,502
120	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	63,208	63,208
130	TRAINING SUPPORT	553,166	553,166
140	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	237,077	309,927
	Advertising—USMC UFR		[72,850]
150	OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION	50,000	50,000
160	JUNIOR ROTC	30,276	30,276
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	1,090,257	1,163,107
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES		
180	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	96,528	96,528
190	ADMINISTRATION	442,037	438,037
	Program decrease		[-4,000]
310A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	64,646	64,646
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	603,211	599,211
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
320	UNDISTRIBUTED		-113,000
	Unobligated balances		[-113,000]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		-113,000
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS	10,562,804	11,172,634
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY RESERVE OPERATING FORCES		
010	MISSION AND OTHER FLIGHT OPERATIONS	708,701	708,701
030	AIR SYSTEMS SUPPORT	10,250	10,250
040	AIRCRAFT DEPOT MAINTENANCE	148,292	148,292

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
060	AVIATION LOGISTICS	33,200	33,200
070	COMBAT COMMUNICATIONS	21,211	21,211
080	COMBAT SUPPORT FORCES	199,551	199,551
090	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	291	291
100	ENTERPRISE INFORMATION	33,027	33,027
110	SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION AND MODERNIZATION	50,200	50,200
120	BASE OPERATING SUPPORT	119,124	119,124
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	1,323,847	1,323,847
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES		
130	ADMINISTRATION	2,067	2,067
140	MILITARY MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT	13,575	13,575
150	ACQUISITION AND PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	2,173	2,173
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE AC- TIVITIES	17,815	17,815
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
180	UNDISTRIBUTED		-2,900
	Unobligated balances		[-2,900]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		-2,900
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY RE- SERVE	1,341,662	1,338,762
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS RE- SERVE		
	OPERATING FORCES		
010	OPERATING FORCES	132,907	132,907
020	DEPOT MAINTENANCE	22,073	22,073
030	SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION AND MODERNIZATION	47,677	47,677
040	BASE OPERATING SUPPORT	122,734	122,734
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	325,391	325,391
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES		
050	ADMINISTRATION	12,689	12,689
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE AC- TIVITIES	12,689	12,689
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
060	UNDISTRIBUTED		-1,800
	Unobligated balances		[-1,800]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		-1,800
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS RESERVE	338,080	336,280
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE		
	OPERATING FORCES		
010	PRIMARY COMBAT FORCES	910,849	926,830
	Campaigning—Pacific Air Forces (PACAF) - INDOPACOM UFR		[48,000]
	Fighter Force Re-Optimization (+208 PMAI a/c)—AF UFR		[1,981]
	Unjustified request		[-34,000]
020	COMBAT ENHANCEMENT FORCES	2,631,887	2,619,887
	Campaigning—Pacific Air Forces (PACAF) - INDOPACOM UFR		[20,000]
	C-UAS Electronic Support—CENTCOM UFR		[36,000]
	Unjustified request		[-68,000]
030	AIR OPERATIONS TRAINING (OJT, MAINTAIN SKILLS)	1,526,855	1,481,855
	Historical underexecution		[-45,000]
040	DEPOT PURCHASE EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	4,862,731	4,762,731
	Historical underexecution		[-100,000]
050	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZA- TION	4,413,268	4,560,768
	Quality of Life Initiatives		[147,500]

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
060	CYBERSPACE SUSTAINMENT	245,330	245,330
070	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS SUPPORT AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	10,100,030	10,124,686
	Campaigning—Pacific Air Forces (PACAF) - INDOPACOM UFR		[21,500]
	Fighter Force Re-Optimization (+208 PMAI a/c)—AF UFR		[3,156]
080	FLYING HOUR PROGRAM	7,010,770	6,940,770
	Historical underexecution		[−70,000]
090	BASE SUPPORT	11,449,394	11,364,394
	Program increase		[10,000]
	Unjustified request		[−95,000]
100	GLOBAL C3I AND EARLY WARNING	1,294,815	1,294,815
110	OTHER COMBAT OPS SPT PROGRAMS	1,840,433	1,840,433
120	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	874,283	864,283
	Program decrease		[−10,000]
140	MEDICAL READINESS	567,561	567,561
160	US NORTHCOM/NORAD	212,311	212,311
170	US STRATCOM	524,159	524,159
190	US CENTCOM	333,250	333,250
200	US SOCOM	28,431	28,431
210	US TRANSCOM	681	681
220	CENTCOM CYBERSPACE SUSTAINMENT	1,466	1,466
230	USSPACECOM	418,153	418,153
240A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	1,848,981	1,848,981
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	51,095,638	50,961,775
MOBILIZATION			
250	AIRLIFT OPERATIONS	3,502,648	3,502,648
260	MOBILIZATION PREPAREDNESS	260,168	260,168
	SUBTOTAL MOBILIZATION	3,762,816	3,762,816
TRAINING AND RECRUITING			
270	OFFICER ACQUISITION	219,822	219,822
280	RECRUIT TRAINING	28,133	28,133
290	RESERVE OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS (ROTC)	129,859	129,859
300	SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING	624,525	624,525
310	FLIGHT TRAINING	882,998	877,998
	Historical underexecution		[−5,000]
320	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	322,278	322,278
330	TRAINING SUPPORT	192,028	192,028
340	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	216,939	216,939
350	EXAMINING	7,913	7,913
360	OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION	255,673	255,673
370	CIVILIAN EDUCATION AND TRAINING	361,897	361,897
380	JUNIOR ROTC	74,682	74,682
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	3,316,747	3,311,747
ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES			
390	LOGISTICS OPERATIONS	1,212,268	1,206,268
	Program decrease		[−6,000]
400	TECHNICAL SUPPORT ACTIVITIES	175,511	175,511
410	ADMINISTRATION	1,381,555	1,221,555
	Unjustified request		[−160,000]
420	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	34,913	34,913
430	OTHER SERVICEWIDE ACTIVITIES	1,933,264	1,913,264
	Unjustified growth		[−20,000]
440	CIVIL AIR PATROL	31,520	31,520
460	DEF ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNT	51,756	51,756
480	INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT	93,490	93,490
480A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	1,528,256	1,528,256
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE AC- TIVITIES	6,442,533	6,256,533
UNDISTRIBUTED			
490	UNDISTRIBUTED		−289,500

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	Unobligated balances		[-289,500]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		-289,500
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE	64,617,734	64,003,371
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, SPACE FORCE		
	OPERATING FORCES		
010	GLOBAL C3I & EARLY WARNING	694,469	648,469
	Unjustified growth		[-46,000]
020	SPACE LAUNCH OPERATIONS	373,584	373,584
030	SPACE OPERATIONS	936,956	896,956
	Unjustified request		[-40,000]
040	EDUCATION & TRAINING	235,459	235,459
060	DEPOT MAINTENANCE	80,571	80,571
070	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZA- TION	488,709	523,709
	Quality of Life Initiatives		[35,000]
080	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	1,346,611	1,346,611
090	SPACE OPERATIONS -BOS	238,717	238,717
100	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	139,983	139,983
100A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	537,908	537,908
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	5,072,967	5,021,967
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES		
110	LOGISTICS OPERATIONS	35,313	35,313
120	ADMINISTRATION	183,992	168,992
	Unjustified growth		[-15,000]
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE AC- TIVITIES	219,305	204,305
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
140	UNDISTRIBUTED		-9,000
	Unobligated balances		[-9,000]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		-9,000
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, SPACE FORCE	5,292,272	5,217,272
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE RESERVE		
	OPERATING FORCES		
010	PRIMARY COMBAT FORCES	1,958,968	1,958,968
020	MISSION SUPPORT OPERATIONS	177,080	177,080
030	DEPOT PURCHASE EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	597,172	597,172
040	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZA- TION	123,394	123,394
050	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS SUPPORT AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	601,302	601,302
060	BASE SUPPORT	585,943	585,943
070	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	2,331	2,331
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	4,046,190	4,046,190
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES		
080	ADMINISTRATION	92,732	92,732
090	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	10,855	10,855
100	MILITARY MANPOWER AND PERS MGMT (ARPC)	17,188	17,188
110	OTHER PERS SUPPORT (DISABILITY COMP)	6,304	6,304
120	AUDIOVISUAL	527	527
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE AC- TIVITIES	127,606	127,606
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
130	UNDISTRIBUTED		-62,000
	Unobligated balances		[-62,000]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		-62,000

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE RESERVE	4,173,796	4,111,796
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR NATIONAL GUARD OPERATING FORCES		
010	AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS	2,626,498	2,626,498
020	MISSION SUPPORT OPERATIONS	649,621	649,621
030	DEPOT PURCHASE EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	1,004,771	995,771
	Program decrease unaccounted for		[-9,000]
040	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZA- TION	458,917	458,917
050	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS SUPPORT AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	1,353,383	1,336,383
	Program decrease unaccounted for		[-17,000]
060	BASE SUPPORT	1,119,429	1,119,429
070	CYBERSPACE SUSTAINMENT	14,291	14,291
080	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	57,162	57,162
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	7,284,072	7,258,072
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES		
090	ADMINISTRATION	71,454	71,454
100	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	48,245	48,245
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE AC- TIVITIES	119,699	119,699
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
110	UNDISTRIBUTED		-62,000
	Unobligated balances		[-62,000]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		-62,000
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR NA- TIONAL GUARD	7,403,771	7,315,771
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, DEFENSE-WIDE OPERATING FORCES		
010	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF	461,772	457,772
	Unobligated balances		[-4,000]
020	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF—JTEEP	696,446	696,446
030	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF—CYBER	9,100	9,100
040	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE—MISO	253,176	253,176
050	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND COMBAT DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES	2,082,777	2,067,060
	Projected underexecution		[-15,717]
060	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND MAINTENANCE	1,197,289	1,196,289
	Counter Uncrewed Systems—SOCOM UFR		[1,000]
	Program decrease		[-2,000]
070	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND MANAGEMENT/OPER- ATIONAL HEADQUARTERS	203,622	193,558
	Projected underexecution		[-10,064]
080	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND THEATER FORCES	3,410,271	3,398,690
	Overestimation of flying hours		[-7,000]
	Preservation of the Force, Muscle Activation Technique (MAT Program)		[2,000]
	Projected underexecution		[-6,581]
090	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES ...	51,263	51,263
100	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND INTELLIGENCE	1,266,217	1,259,217
	Program decrease – long endurance aircraft		[-7,000]
110	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND OPERATIONAL SUPPORT	1,453,809	1,453,809
120	CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	1,361,360	1,371,360
	Department of Defense-Wide Internet Operations Management Capability		[10,000]
130	USCYBERCOM HEADQUARTERS	344,376	337,423
	Projected underexecution		[-6,953]

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	12,791,478	12,745,163
	TRAINING AND RECRUITING		
140	DEFENSE ACQUISITION UNIVERSITY	184,963	184,963
150	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF	132,101	132,101
160	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND/PROFESSIONAL DEVELOP- MENT EDUCATION	31,806	31,806
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	348,870	348,870
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES		
170	CIVIL MILITARY PROGRAMS	140,375	240,375
	National Guard Youth Challenge		[50,000]
	STARBASE		[50,000]
180	DEFENSE CONTRACT AUDIT AGENCY—CYBER	4,961	4,961
190	DEFENSE CONTRACT AUDIT AGENCY	673,621	667,921
	Unobligated balances		[-5,700]
200	DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY	1,543,134	1,512,271
	Program decrease		[-30,863]
210	DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY—CYBER	42,541	42,541
220	DEFENSE COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY AGENCY ..	952,464	922,464
	Program decrease		[-30,000]
240	DEFENSE COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY AGENCY— CYBER	9,794	9,794
250	DEFENSE HUMAN RESOURCES ACTIVITY—CYBER	39,781	39,781
260	DEFENSE HUMAN RESOURCES ACTIVITY	1,104,152	1,080,367
	Program decrease		[-28,785]
	Re-establishment of Troops-to-Teachers program		[5,000]
290	DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEMS AGENCY	2,614,041	2,587,541
	OSD requested transfer from RDDW Line 94 to OMDW Line 4GT9 to properly align 5G resourcing		[8,500]
	Program decrease		[-35,000]
300	DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEMS AGENCY—CYBER	504,896	504,896
310	DEFENSE LEGAL SERVICES AGENCY	207,918	176,730
	Program decrease		[-31,188]
320	DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY	412,257	391,644
	Program decrease		[-20,613]
330	DEFENSE MEDIA ACTIVITY	244,689	244,689
340	DEFENSE POW/MIA OFFICE	188,022	188,022
350	DEFENSE SECURITY COOPERATION AGENCY	2,889,957	2,674,957
	Irregular Warfare Center		[5,000]
	Program decrease – Indo-Pacific Security Assistance Initiative		[-200,000]
	Program decrease – section 1226 support		[-20,000]
360	DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY SECURITY ADMINISTRATION	42,380	42,380
370	DEFENSE THREAT REDUCTION AGENCY	858,476	808,476
	Program decrease		[-50,000]
390	DEFENSE THREAT REDUCTION AGENCY—CYBER	72,952	72,952
400	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE EDUCATION ACTIVITY	3,559,288	3,629,288
	Impact aid for children with severe disabilities		[20,000]
	Impact aid for schools with military dependent students		[50,000]
410	MISSILE DEFENSE AGENCY	605,766	605,766
420	OFFICE OF THE LOCAL DEFENSE COMMUNITY COOPERATION Program increase: Defense Community Infrastructure Program ...	117,081	177,081
			[60,000]
460	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE—CYBER	99,583	99,583
470	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE	2,980,715	2,792,319
	Bien Hoa dioxin cleanup		[15,000]
	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Nation-wide human health assessment		[5,000]
	Native American Lands Environmental Mitigation Program		[5,000]
	Program decrease		[-223,396]
	Readiness and Environmental Protection Initiative		[10,000]
480	WASHINGTON HEADQUARTERS SERVICES	496,512	435,416
	Program decrease		[-61,096]
480A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	20,630,146	20,507,204

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	Classified adjustment		[-111,060]
	Program reduction		[-11,882]
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE AC- TIVITIES	41,035,502	40,459,419
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
490	UNDISTRIBUTED		-1,096,584
	FY25 bulk fuel savings		[-1,096,584]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		-1,096,584
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, DEFENSE- WIDE	54,175,850	52,456,868
	UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ARMED FORCES		
	ADMINISTRATION AND ASSOCIATED ACTIVITIES		
010	US COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ARMED FORCES, DEFENSE ..	21,035	21,035
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND ASSOCIATED AC- TIVITIES	21,035	21,035
	TOTAL UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ARMED FORCES	21,035	21,035
	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT FUND		
	ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT		
010	ACQ WORKFORCE DEV FD	56,176	56,176
	SUBTOTAL ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT	56,176	56,176
	TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT FUND	56,176	56,176
	OVERSEAS HUMANITARIAN, DISASTER, AND CIVIC AID HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE		
010	OVERSEAS HUMANITARIAN, DISASTER AND CIVIC AID	115,335	115,335
	SUBTOTAL HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE	115,335	115,335
	TOTAL OVERSEAS HUMANITARIAN, DISASTER, AND CIVIC AID	115,335	115,335
	COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION ACCOUNT		
010	COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION	350,116	350,116
	SUBTOTAL COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION	350,116	350,116
	TOTAL COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION AC- COUNT	350,116	350,116
	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, ARMY DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY		
060	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, ARMY	268,069	298,069
	Increases to unfunded requirements for PFAS		[30,000]
	SUBTOTAL DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY	268,069	298,069
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, ARMY	268,069	298,069
	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, NAVY DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY		
080	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, NAVY	343,591	343,591
	SUBTOTAL DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY	343,591	343,591
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, NAVY	343,591	343,591
	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, AIR FORCE		

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE			
100	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, AIR FORCE	320,256	330,256
	Increases to unfunded requirements for PFAS		[10,000]
	SUBTOTAL DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE	320,256	330,256
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, AIR FORCE	320,256	330,256
ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE DEFENSE-WIDE			
120	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE	8,800	8,800
	SUBTOTAL DEFENSE-WIDE	8,800	8,800
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE ...	8,800	8,800
ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DE- FENSE SITES DEFENSE-WIDE			
140	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION FORMERLY USED SITES	234,475	234,475
	SUBTOTAL DEFENSE-WIDE	234,475	234,475
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES	234,475	234,475
	TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE	296,334,504	294,464,130

TITLE XLIV—MILITARY PERSONNEL

SEC. 4401. MILITARY PERSONNEL.

SEC. 4401. MILITARY PERSONNEL (In Thousands of Dollars)			
	Item	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	Military Personnel Appropriations	170,834,234	171,699,320
	Junior enlisted pay increase		[1,600,000]
	Air Force Reserve—diversity and inclusion programs reduction		[–75]
	Air National Guard—diversity and inclusion programs reduction		[–546]
	Air National Guard increase for 7 new State Partnership Program partners— NGB UFR		[1,350]
	Army National Guard—diversity and inclusion programs reduction		[–83]
	Army National Guard increase for 7 new State Partnership Program part- ners—NGB UFR		[1,800]
	Unobligated balances		[–737,360]
	Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund Contributions	11,046,305	11,046,305
	TOTAL, Military Personnel	181,880,539	182,745,625

TITLE XLV—OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 4501. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS.

SEC. 4501. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS (In Thousands of Dollars)		
Program Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, ARMY		
WORKING CAPITAL FUND	21,776	21,776
ARMY ARSENALS INITIATIVE		
SUPPLY MANAGEMENT—ARMY	1,828	1,828
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, ARMY	23,604	23,604
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, NAVY		
SUPPLY MANAGEMENT, NAVY		
NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTERS	30,000	30,000
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, NAVY	30,000	30,000
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, AIR FORCE		
TRANSPORTATION		
SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS	86,874	86,874
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, AIR FORCE	86,874	86,874
NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE TRANSACTION FUND		
DEFENSE STOCKPILE	7,629	7,629
TOTAL NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE TRANSACTION FUND	7,629	7,629
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE-WIDE		
DEFENSE AUTOMATION & PRODUCTION SERVICES	3	3
ENERGY MANAGEMENT—DEF	2,253	2,253
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE-WIDE	2,256	2,256
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE COMMISSARY AGENCY		
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DECA	1,570,187	1,570,187
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE COMMISSARY AGENCY	1,570,187	1,570,187
CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MUNITIONS DESTRUCTION, DEFENSE		
CHEM DEMILITARIZATION—O&M	20,745	20,745
CHEM DEMILITARIZATION—RDT&E	754,762	754,762
TOTAL CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MUNITIONS DESTRUCTION, DEFENSE	775,507	775,507
DRUG INTERDICTION AND COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES, DEFENSE		
COUNTER-NARCOTICS SUPPORT	339,292	345,292
Prioritizing counter-drug		[6,000]
CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	314,410	314,410
DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION PROGRAM	135,567	139,567
Young Marines		[4,000]
NATIONAL GUARD COUNTER-DRUG PROGRAM	106,043	106,043
NATIONAL GUARD COUNTER-DRUG SCHOOLS	6,167	6,167
TOTAL DRUG INTERDICTION AND COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES, DEFENSE	901,479	911,479
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL		
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL—O&M	542,107	542,107
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL—CYBER	1,988	1,988
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL—RDT&E	1,900	1,900
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL—PROCUREMENT	1,336	1,336
TOTAL OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL	547,331	547,331
DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM		
IN-HOUSE CARE	10,766,432	10,665,211
Insufficient justification		[–101,221]

SEC. 4501. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS (In Thousands of Dollars)		
Program Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
PRIVATE SECTOR CARE	20,599,128	20,199,128
Historical underexecution		[-400,000]
CONSOLIDATED HEALTH SUPPORT	2,048,030	2,041,042
Unjustified growth		[-6,988]
INFORMATION MANAGEMENT	2,469,204	2,439,822
Unjustified growth		[-29,382]
MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES	341,254	341,254
EDUCATION AND TRAINING	371,817	371,817
BASE OPERATIONS/COMMUNICATIONS	2,306,692	2,298,613
Unjustified request		[-8,079]
R&D RESEARCH	41,476	46,476
Next Generation Blood Products and Platelet Development and Platelet Hemostatic Products		[5,000]
R&D EXPLORATORY DEVELOPMENT	188,564	188,564
R&D ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	328,825	328,825
R&D DEMONSTRATION/VALIDATION	175,518	175,518
R&D ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT	130,931	130,931
R&D MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT	88,425	88,425
R&D CAPABILITIES ENHANCEMENT	18,697	18,697
PROC INITIAL OUTFITTING	23,449	23,449
PROC REPLACEMENT & MODERNIZATION	243,184	243,184
PROC JOINT OPERATIONAL MEDICINE INFORMATION SYSTEM	30,129	30,129
PROC MILITARY HEALTH SYSTEM—DESKTOP TO DATACENTER	75,536	75,536
PROC DOD HEALTHCARE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM MODERNIZATION ...	26,569	26,569
UNDISTRIBUTED		-185,900
Unobligated balances		[-185,900]
TOTAL DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM	40,273,860	39,547,290
TOTAL OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS	44,218,727	43,502,157

TITLE XLVI—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION.

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
MILITARY CONSTRUCTION				
ARMY				
Army	Alabama			
	Anniston Army Depot	GUIDED MISSILE MAINTENANCE BUILDING (DESIGN).	0	5,300
Army	Alaska			
	Fort Wainwright	AUTOMATED MULTIPURPOSE MACHINE GUN RANGE.	23,000	23,000
Army	Fort Wainwright	ENLISTED UNACCOMPANIED PERSONNEL HOUSING.	0	0
Army	Arizona			
	Fort Huachuca	FIRE & RESCUE STATION (DESIGN)	0	0
	Fort Huachuca	FLIGHT CONTROL TOWER (DESIGN)	0	0
	Yuma Proving Ground	IMPROVE RANGE ROAD (DESIGN)	0	0
Army	Belgium			
	SHAPE Headquarters	YOUTH CENTER	45,000	45,000
Army	California			
	Fort Irwin	TRAINING SUPPORT CENTER	44,000	44,000

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Army	Military Ocean Terminal Concord Florida	AMMUNITION HOLDING FACILITY ...	68,000	68,000
Army	Naval Air Station Key West	JOINT INTER-AGENCY TASK FORCE-SOUTH COMMAND AND CONTROL FACILITY.	0	90,000
Army	Georgia Fort Eisenhower	CYBER FACULTY OPERATIONS AND AUDITORIUM FACILITY (DESIGN).	0	0
Army	Fort Moore	DEXTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL (DESIGN).	0	0
Army	Fort Stewart	BARRACKS (DESIGN)	0	8,000
Army	Germany Hohenfels Training Area	BARRACKS	61,000	61,000
Army	Hohenfels Training Area	COST TO COMPLETE—SIMULATIONS CENTER.	35,000	35,000
Army	U.S. Army Garrison Ansbach	BARRACKS	100,000	100,000
Army	U.S. Army Garrison Ansbach	BARRACKS	91,000	91,000
Army	U.S. Army Garrison Bavaria	OPERATIONAL READINESS TRAINING COMPLEX (ORTC) UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC LINE.	0	12,856
Army	U.S. Army Garrison Wiesbaden	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	44,000	44,000
Army	Guam Joint Region Marianas	GDS BATTALION HEADQUARTERS ...	0	47,000
Army	Joint Region Marianas	GDS ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION	0	23,000
Army	Joint Region Marianas	GDS FORWARD OPERATING SITES ...	0	75,000
Army	Hawaii Pohakuloa Training Area	AIRFIELD OPERATIONS BUILDING ...	0	20,000
Army	Wheeler Army Airfield	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	231,000	36,000
Army	Illinois Rock Island Arsenal	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN).	0	0
Army	Kentucky Fort Campbell	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER (DESIGN).	0	0
Army	Fort Campbell	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR (DESIGN).	0	0
Army	Fort Campbell	AUTOMATED RECORD FIRE PLUS RANGE.	11,800	11,800
Army	Fort Campbell	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN).	0	0
Army	Fort Campbell	MODERNIZED HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	11,000
Army	Fort Knox	SOLDIER SERVICES CENTER (DESIGN).	0	0
Army	Louisiana Fort Johnson	BARRACKS	117,000	0
Army	Fort Johnson	ROTATIONAL UNIT BILLETING AREA.	0	50,000
Army	Maryland Fort Meade	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	46,000	46,000
Army	Michigan Detroit Arsenal	MANNED/UNMANNED TACTICAL VEHICLE LAB.	37,000	37,000

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Army	Missouri Fort Leonard Wood	ADVANCED INDIVIDUAL TRAINING BARRACKS COMPLEX, PHASE 2.	144,000	120,000
Army	New York Fort Drum	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR ADDITION, WASH RACK AND PAINT BOOTH (DESIGN).	0	9,800
Army	Fort Drum	ARMY COMBAT FITNESS TESTING FACILITY FIELD HOUSE (DESIGN).	0	0
Army	Fort Drum	AUTOMATED RECORD FIRE RANGE (DESIGN).	0	0
Army	Fort Drum	FIELD ARTILLERY VEHICLE STOR- AGE SHEDS (DESIGN).	0	830
Army	Fort Drum	ORTC PHASE II, ENLISTED TRAN- SIENT TRAINING BARRACKS (DE- SIGN).	0	6,100
Army	Watervliet Arse- nal	FIRE STATION	53,000	53,000
Army	Wheeler-Sack Army Airfield	FIRE STATION 3 (DESIGN)	0	2,900
Army	North Carolina Fort Liberty	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	39,000	0
Army	Oklahoma McAlester Army Ammunition Plant	AMMUNITION DEMOLITION FACIL- ITY.	0	74,000
Army	Pennsylvania Letterkenny Army Depot	COMPONENT REBUILD SHOP (INC 1)	90,000	45,000
Army	Letterkenny Army Depot	MISSILE/MUNITIONS DISTRIBUTION FACILITY.	62,000	62,000
Army	South Carolina Fort Jackson	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DE- SIGN).	0	0
Army	Texas Fort Bliss	COST TO COMPLETE—RAIL YARD	44,000	44,000
Army	Fort Cavazos	MOTOR POOL #70	0	69,000
Army	Fort Cavazos	MOTOR POOL #71	0	78,000
Army	Red River Army Depot	VEHICLE PAINT SHOP	34,000	34,000
Army	Virginia Joint Base Myer- Henderson Hall	BARRACKS	180,000	180,000
Army	Joint Base Myer- Henderson Hall	HORSE FARM LAND ACQUISITION ...	8,500	0
Army	Washington Joint Base Lewis- McChord	BARRACKS	161,000	37,000
Army	Joint Base Lewis- McChord	FIRE STATION (DESIGN)	0	4,940
Army	Joint Base Lewis- McChord	SUPPLY SUPPORT ACTIVITY	31,000	31,000
Army	Worldwide Unspec- ified Design—Milcon Barracks Plan- ning	DEFERRED MILCON & RM (DESIGN)	0	47,650
Army	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	DESIGN	273,727	273,727
Army	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	EDI: MINOR CONSTRUCTION	14,519	14,519

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	HOST NATION SUPPORT	25,000	25,000
Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	PDI: DESIGN	26,011	26,011
Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	PDI: INDOPACOM MINOR CONSTRUCTION PILOT.	66,600	66,600
Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	PDI: MINOR CONSTRUCTION	8,000	8,000
Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING (DESIGN).	0	50,000
Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION.	97,000	138,624
Subtotal Military Construction, Army			2,311,157	2,485,657
NAVY & MARINE CORPS				
Arizona				
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Air Station Yuma	IAP RUNWAY EXTENSION (DESIGN)	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Air Station Yuma	WATER TREATMENT PLANT	0	10,000
Australia				
Navy & Marine Corps	Royal Australian Air Force Base Darwin	PDI: AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR.	117,380	32,380
Navy & Marine Corps	Royal Australian Air Force Base Darwin	PDI: MAINTENANCE SUPPORT FACILITY.	62,320	62,320
El Salvador				
Navy & Marine Corps	Cooperative Security Location Comalapa	HANGAR AND RAMP EXTENSION	0	28,000
Federated States of Micronesia				
Navy & Marine Corps	Yap International Airport	PORT & HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS ...	0	50,000
Florida				
Navy & Marine Corps	Cape Canaveral Space Force Station	ENGINEERING TEST FACILITY	221,060	72,060
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Support Facility Blount Island Command	COMMUNICATIONS CENTER & INFRASTRUCTURE UPGRADES (DESIGN).	0	4,300
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Air Station Jacksonville	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN).	0	6,900
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Air Station Jacksonville	F35 AIRCRAFT ENGINE REPAIR FACILITY (DESIGN).	0	13,737
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Air Station Pensacola	HURRICANE RESTORATION CONSOLIDATED A SCHOOL DORM (DESIGN).	0	10,600
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Air Station Whiting Field	ADVANCED HELICOPTER TRAINING SYSTEM HANGAR (INC).	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Air Station Whiting Field	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN).	0	4,140
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Station Mayport	WATERFRONT EMERGENCY POWER (DESIGN).	0	13,700

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	Georgia			
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Submarine Base Kings Bay	TRIDENT REFIT FACILITY EXPANSION (INC).	115,000	115,000
	Guam			
Navy & Marine Corps	Andersen Air Force Base	HSC-25 HANGAR REPLACEMENT FACILITY 2641.	0	50,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Andersen Air Force Base	PDI: YOUTH CENTER	78,730	78,730
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Region Marianas	JOINT COMMUNICATION UPGRADE	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Region Marianas	JOINT CONSOLIDATED COMM CENTER.	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: EARTH COVERED MAGAZINES ..	107,439	42,439
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Region Marianas	SATELLITE COMM CENTER	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Base Guam	PDI: DEFENSE ACCESS ROADS III	0	100,000
	Hawaii			
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	DRY DOCK 3 REPLACEMENT (INC) ...	1,199,000	1,199,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	WATER TREATMENT PLANT	0	75,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	WATERFRONT PRODUCTION FACILITY (DESIGN).	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay	AIRCRAFT HANGAR & PARKING APRON.	203,520	33,520
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay	AIRCRAFT REFUEL PIT	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay	ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION MODERNIZATION.	0	15,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay	MAIN GATE ENTRY CONTROL FACILITY.	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Ammunition Depot West Loch	HIGH EXPLOSIVE MAGAZINES	0	0
	Maine			
Navy & Marine Corps	Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	MULTI-MISSION DRY DOCK #1 EXTENSION (INC).	400,578	400,578
	Maryland			
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Surface Warfare Center Indian Head	CONTAINED BURN FACILITY	0	10,000
	Nevada			
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Air Station Fallon	RANGE TRAINING COMPLEX IMPROVEMENTS.	0	45,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Air Station Fallon	TRAINING RANGE LAND ACQUISITION, PHASE 2.	48,300	48,300
	North Carolina			
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Air Station Cherry Point	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	213,520	53,520
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Air Station Cherry Point	COMPOSITE REPAIR FACILITY	114,020	20,020
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Air Station Cherry Point	F-35 AIRCRAFT SUSTAINMENT CENTER (INC).	50,000	50,000
	Palau			

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Navy & Marine Corps	Koror, Port of Malakal	HARBOR WHARF IMPROVEMENTS ...	0	50,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia Joint Expeditionary Base Little Creek-Fort Story	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN).	0	2,751
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Base Quantico	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN).	0	5,681
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Air Station Oceana	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN).	0	4,080
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Air Station Oceana	UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING (DESIGN).	0	16,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Station Norfolk	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN).	0	1,200
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Weapons Station Yorktown	CONTAINERIZED LONG WEAPONS STORAGE MAGAZINE.	52,610	52,610
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Weapons Station Yorktown	CONVENTIONAL PROMPT STRIKE TEST FACILITY.	47,130	47,130
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Weapons Station Yorktown	CONVENTIONAL PROMPT STRIKE WEAPONS MAINTENANCE, OPERATIONS & STORAGE FACILITY.	52,110	52,110
Navy & Marine Corps	Norfolk Naval Shipyard	DRY DOCK 3 MODERNIZATION (INC)	54,366	10,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Washington Naval Base Kitsap-Bangor	LAUNCHER EQUIPMENT PROCESSING BUILDING.	200,550	35,550
Navy & Marine Corps	Puget Sound Naval Shipyard	CVN 78 AIRCRAFT CARRIER ELECTRIC UPGRADES.	182,200	26,200
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	DESIGN	797,446	797,446
Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (BARRACKS)	0	61,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DPRI UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION.	21,302	31,302
Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING (DESIGN).	0	50,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION.	202,318	202,318
Subtotal Military Construction, Navy & Marine Corps			4,540,899	4,089,622
AIR FORCE				
Air Force	Alaska Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS COMPLEX (DESIGN).	0	16,000
Air Force	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	JOINT INTEGRATED TEST AND TRAINING CTR (INC).	126,000	126,000
Air Force	Arkansas Ebbing Air National Guard Base	ACADEMIC TRAINING CENTER, FOREIGN MILITARY TRAINING.	0	74,000
	California			

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Air Force	Beale Air Force Base	MULTI-DOMAIN OPERATIONS COMPLEX.	0	55,000
Air Force	Vandenberg Space Force Base	GBSD RE-ENTRY VEHICLE FACILITY	110,000	45,000
Air Force	Vandenberg Space Force Base	SENTINEL AETC FORMAL TRAINING UNIT.	167,000	90,000
Air Force	Colorado Buckley Space Force Base	POWER INDEPENDENCE	0	68,000
Air Force	United States Air Force Academy	AERONAUTICS LABORATORY (DESIGN).	0	0
Air Force	Denmark Royal Danish Air Force Base Karup	EDI: DABS-FEV STORAGE	110,000	25,000
Air Force	District of Columbia Joint Base Anacostia-Bolling	LARGE VEHICLE INSPECTION STATION.	0	50,000
Air Force	Federated States of Micronesia Yap International Airport	AIRFIELD PAVEMENT UPGRADES	0	50,000
Air Force	Yap International Airport	IAP RUNWAY EXTENSION	0	50,000
Air Force	Yap International Airport	PDI: RUNWAY EXTENSION (INC)	96,000	96,000
Air Force	Florida Cape Canaveral Space Force Station	INSTALL WASTEWATER MAIN, ICBM ROAD.	0	0
Air Force	Eglin Air Force Base	ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM OPERATIONS SUPERIORITY COMPLEX (DESIGN).	0	10,000
Air Force	Eglin Air Force Base	HYPERSONICS CENTER FOR BLAST, LETHALITY, AND COUPLE KINETICS FOCUSED RESEARCH AND ENGINEERING FACILITIES (DESIGN).	0	0
Air Force	Eglin Air Force Base	LRSO HARDWARE SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT TEST FACILITY.	8,400	8,400
Air Force	Eglin Air Force Base	WEAPONS TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION CENTER (DESIGN).	0	0
Air Force	Tyndall Air Force Base	FIRE/CRASH RESCUE STATION	0	48,000
Air Force	Georgia Robins Air Force Base	BATTLE MANAGEMENT COMBINED OPS COMPLEX (INC).	64,000	64,000
Air Force	Germany Ramstein Air Base	AEROMEDICAL EVACUATION COMPOUND.	0	22,000
Air Force	Idaho Mountain Home Air Force Base	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	40,000	40,000
Air Force	Japan Kadena Air Base	COMMUNICATIONS CENTER (DESIGN).	0	9,000
Air Force	Kadena Air Base	PDI: THEATER A/C CORROSION CONTROL CTR (INC 3).	132,700	57,700
Air Force	Louisiana Barksdale Air Force Base	ADAL CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER.	0	22,000
Air Force	Massachusetts Hanscom Air Force Base	MIT-LL/ENGINEERING AND PROTOTYPE FACILITY (INC).	76,000	76,000

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Air Force	Mississippi Keesler Air Force Base	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER	0	25,000
Air Force	Montana Malmstrom Air Force Base	GBSD COMMERCIAL ENTRANCE CONTROL FACILITY.	20,000	20,000
Air Force	Malmstrom Air Force Base	WEAPONS STORAGE & MAINTENANCE FACILITY (INC).	238,000	238,000
Air Force	Nebraska Offutt Air Force Base	CONSOLIDATED TRAINING COMPLEX/PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN).	0	6,000
Air Force	North Carolina Seymour Johnson Air Force Base	COMBAT ARMS TRAINING AND MAINTENANCE COMPLEX.	0	41,000
Air Force	North Dakota Grand Forks Air Force Base	RUNWAY (DESIGN)	0	1,900
Air Force	Norway Royal Norwegian Air Force Base Rygge	COST TO COMPLETE—DABS-FEV STORAGE.	0	8,000
Air Force	Royal Norwegian Air Force Base Rygge	COST TO COMPLETE—MUNITIONS STORAGE AREA.	0	8,000
Air Force	Ohio Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	ADVANCED MATERIALS RESEARCH LABORATORY—C2A (DESIGN).	0	9,200
Air Force	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	HUMAN PERFORMANCE CENTER LABORATORY.	0	0
Air Force	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	RUNWAY (DESIGN)	0	0
Air Force	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	SPACE FORCE INTELLIGENCE CENTER (DESIGN).	0	1,900
Air Force	Oregon Mountain Home Air Force Base	HOMELAND DEFENSE OVER-THE-HORIZON RADAR (INC).	198,000	198,000
Air Force	Palau Palau	COST TO COMPLETE—PDI: TACMOR UTILITIES AND INFRASTRUCTURE SUPPORT.	0	20,000
Air Force	South Dakota Ellsworth Air Force Base	B-21 ADAL SQUADRON OPERATIONS	44,000	44,000
Air Force	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B-21 EAST ALERT APRON ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SHELTERS.	79,000	79,000
Air Force	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B-21 NORTH ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SHELTERS (60 ROW).	54,000	54,000
Air Force	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B-21 WEAPONS GENERATION FACILITY (INC).	105,000	105,000
Air Force	Spain Morón Air Base	COST TO COMPLETE—EDI: MUNITIONS STORAGE AREA.	0	7,000
Air Force	Naval Station Rota	NATO STRATEGIC AIRLIFT HANGAR	15,200	15,200
Air Force	Tennessee Arnold Air Force Base	ADD/ALTERTEST CELL DELIVERY BAY, B880.	0	0
Air Force	Arnold Air Force Base	COOLING WATER EXPANSION (DESIGN).	0	0
Air Force	Texas Dyess Air Force Base	B-21 LRS FUELS ADMINISTRATIVE LABORATORY.	12,800	12,800

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Air Force	Dyess Air Force Base	B-21 REFUELER TRUCK YARD	18,500	18,500
Air Force	Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland	BMT-CLASSROOM/DINING FACILITY 4.	0	60,000
Air Force	Joint Base San Antonio-Sam Houston	METC-BARRACKS/SHIPS/DORMS #1 (INC).	77,000	77,000
Air Force	Laughlin Air Force Base	T-7A GROUND BASED TRAINING SYSTEM FACILITY.	38,000	38,000
Air Force	Laughlin Air Force Base	T-7A UNITY MAINTENANCE TRAINING FACILITY.	18,000	18,000
Air Force	United Kingdom Royal Air Force Fairford	COST TO COMPLETE—EDI RADR STORAGE FACILITY.	0	20,500
Air Force	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	COST TO COMPLETE—EDI RADR STORAGE FACILITY.	0	15,000
Air Force	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	SURETY: BARRIER SYSTEMS	185,000	5,000
Air Force	Royal Air Force Mildenhall	SOW CAMPUS INFRASTRUCTURE	51,000	51,000
Air Force	Unspecified	SAOC (DESIGN)	0	158,200
Air Force	Utah Hill Air Force Base	COST TO COMPLETE—F-35 T-7A EAST CAMPUS INFRASTRUCTURE.	0	28,000
Air Force	Hill Air Force Base	T-7A DEPOT MAINTENANCE COMPLEX (INC).	50,000	50,000
Air Force	Virginia Joint Base Langley-Eustis	DORMITORY	81,000	81,000
Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	DESIGN	439,926	439,926
Air Force	Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (INDOPACOM)	0	117,590
Air Force	Worldwide Locations	UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING (DESIGN).	0	50,000
Air Force	Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION.	129,600	129,600
Air Force	Wyoming F.E. Warren Air Force Base	GBSD CONSOLIDATED MAINTENANCE FACILITY.	194,000	50,000
Air Force	F.E. Warren Air Force Base	GBSD LAND ACQUISITION, PHASE 2	139,000	59,000
Air Force	F.E. Warren Air Force Base	GBSD UTILITY CORRIDOR (INC)	70,000	70,000
Subtotal Military Construction, Air Force			3,187,126	3,532,416
DEFENSE-WIDE				
Defense-Wide	Alabama Anniston Army Depot	GENERAL PURPOSE WAREHOUSE (DESIGN).	0	3,420
Defense-Wide	Anniston Army Depot	POWER GENERATION AND MICROGRID.	0	56,450
Defense-Wide	Anniston Army Depot	SMALL ARMS WAREHOUSE (DESIGN).	0	14,500

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized		
Defense-Wide	Redstone Arsenal	GROUND TEST FACILITY INFRA-STRUCTURE (INC).	80,000	40,000		
	Alaska					
Defense-Wide	Eielson Air Force Base	FUELS OPERATIONS & LAB FACILITY.	14,000	14,000		
Defense-Wide	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	FUEL FACILITIES	55,000	55,000		
	Arizona					
Defense-Wide	U.S. Army Garrison Yuma Proving Grounds	SOF MILITARY FREE FALL ADVANCED TRAIN COMPLEX.	62,000	64,000		
	Bahrain					
Defense-Wide	Naval Support Activity Bahrain	GROUND MOUNTED SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM.	0	15,330		
	California					
Defense-Wide	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton	AMBULATORY CARE CENTER ADD/ALT (AREA 53).	26,440	27,576		
Defense-Wide	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton	AMBULATORY CARE CENTER ADD/ALT (AREA 62).	24,930	30,509		
Defense-Wide	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton	AMBULATORY CARE CENTER REPLACEMENT (AREA 22).	45,040	48,091		
Defense-Wide	Marine Corps Mountain Warfare Training Center	FUEL FACILITIES	19,300	19,300		
Defense-Wide	Naval Base Coronado	SOF OPERATIONS SUPPORT FACILITY, PHASE 2.	51,000	0		
	Colorado					
Defense-Wide	Fort Carson	AMBULATORY CARE CENTER REPLACEMENT.	41,000	61,359		
	Cuba					
Defense-Wide	Naval Station Guantanamo Bay	AMBULATORY CARE CENTER REPLACEMENT (INC 2).	96,829	96,829		
	Delaware					
Defense-Wide	Major Joseph R. "Beau" Biden III National Guard/Reserve Center	MICROGRID AND BACKUP POWER ...	0	22,050		
	Florida					
Defense-Wide	Hurlburt Field	SOF AFSOC OPERATIONS FACILITY	14,000	14,000		
	Georgia					
Defense-Wide	Hunter Army Airfield	SOF CONSOLIDATED RIGGING FACILITY.	47,000	47,000		
Defense-Wide	Hunter Army Airfield	SOF MILITARY WORKING DOG KENNEL FACILITY.	16,800	17,300		
	Germany					
Defense-Wide	Spangdahlem Air Base	COST TO COMPLETE—SPANGDAHLEM ELEMENTARY SCHOOL REPLACEMENT.	6,500	6,500		
	Greece					
Defense-Wide	Naval Support Activity Souda Bay	ADVANCED MICROGRID	0	42,500		
	Guam					
Defense-Wide	Joint Region Marianas	GUAM HIGH SCHOOL TEMPORARY FACILITIES.	26,000	26,000		
Defense-Wide	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: GDS, COMMAND CENTER (INC)	187,212	147,212		

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Defense-Wide	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: GDS, EIAMD, PHASE 1 (INC)	278,267	238,267
Defense-Wide	Hawaii Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	FY20 500 KW PV COVERED PARKING EV CHARGING STATION.	0	16,300
Defense-Wide	Illinois Rock Island Arsenal	POWER GENERATION AND MICROGRID.	0	73,470
Defense-Wide	Indiana Camp Atterbury-Muscatatuck	POWER GENERATION AND MICROGRID.	0	39,180
Defense-Wide	Italy Naval Air Station Sigonella	MICROGRID CONTROL SYSTEMS	0	13,470
Defense-Wide	Japan Camp Fuji	MICROGRID AND BACKUP POWER ...	0	45,870
Defense-Wide	Fleet Activities Yokosuka	KINNICK HIGH SCHOOL (INC)	40,386	40,386
Defense-Wide	Marine Corps Air Station Iwakuni	MICROGRID AND BACKUP POWER, NATURAL GAS PLANT.	0	0
Defense-Wide	Marine Corps Air Station Iwakuni	MICROGRID AND BACKUP POWER, SOLAR PV AND BESS.	0	0
Defense-Wide	Marine Corps Base Camp Smedley D. Butler	MICROGRID AND BACKUP POWER ...	0	0
Defense-Wide	Marine Corps Base Camp Smedley D. Butler	KUBASAKI HIGH SCHOOL	160,000	30,000
Defense-Wide	Marine Corps Base Camp Smedley D. Butler	MICROGRID AND BACKUP POWER, CAMP COURTNEY.	0	0
Defense-Wide	Korea Kunsan Air Base	AMBULATORY CARE CENTER REPLACEMENT.	64,942	64,942
Defense-Wide	Maine Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	POWER PLANT RESILIENCY IMPROVEMENTS.	0	28,700
Defense-Wide	Maryland Aberdeen Proving Ground	POWER GENERATION AND MICROGRID.	0	34,400
Defense-Wide	Fort Meade	NSAW EAST CAMPUS BUILDING #5 (INC 2).	265,000	265,000
Defense-Wide	Joint Base Andrews	AMBULATORY CARE CENTER (INC) ..	15,040	21,982
Defense-Wide	Joint Base Andrews	MICROGRID WITH ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING INFRASTRUCTURE.	0	17,920
Defense-Wide	Walter Reed National Military Medical Center	MEDCEN ADDITION/ALTERATION (INC 8).	77,651	77,651
Defense-Wide	Mississippi Key Field	UPGRADED FUEL HYDRANT SYSTEM (DESIGN).	0	1,000
Defense-Wide	Missouri Whiteman Air Force Base	FLIGHTLINE FUELING FACILITIES ..	19,500	19,500
Defense-Wide	New Jersey Joint Base McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst	MICROGRID WITH ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING INFRASTRUCTURE.	0	19,500

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Defense-Wide	National Guard Training Center Sea Girt North Carolina	MICROGRID, BATTERY STORAGE AND UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL UTILITY.	0	40,000
Defense-Wide	Fort Liberty	SOF ARMS ROOM ADDITION	11,800	13,000
Defense-Wide	Fort Liberty	SOF CAMP MACKALL COMPANY OPERATIONS FACILITIES.	0	34,000
Defense-Wide	Marine Corps Base Camp Lejeune	SOF ARMORY	25,400	27,500
Defense-Wide	Marine Corps Base Camp Lejeune	SOF INFORMATION MANEUVER FACILITY.	0	57,000
Defense-Wide	Ohio Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	DISTRICT COOLING PLANT	0	53,000
Defense-Wide	Puerto Rico Fort Buchanan	POTABLE WATER PURIFICATION SYSTEM.	0	0
Defense-Wide	South Carolina Marine Corps Air Station Beaufort	FUEL PIER	31,500	31,500
Defense-Wide	Marine Corps Recruit Depot Parris Island	AMBULATORY CARE CLINIC REPLACEMENT (DENTAL).	72,050	72,050
Defense-Wide	Texas Naval Air Station Corpus Christi	GENERAL PURPOSE WAREHOUSE ...	79,300	79,300
Defense-Wide	NSA Texas	CRYPTOLOGIC CENTER (INC)	152,000	0
Defense-Wide	United Kingdom Royal Air Force Lakenheath	LAKENHEATH HIGH SCHOOL	153,000	8,000
Defense-Wide	Virginia Fort Belvoir	DEFENSE HEALTH HEADQUARTERS	225,000	0
Defense-Wide	Joint Expeditionary Base Little Creek-Fort Story	SOF HUMAN PERFORMANCE TRAINING CENTER.	32,000	35,000
Defense-Wide	Pentagon	METRO ENTRANCE PEDESTRIAN ACCESS CONTROL POINT.	36,800	36,800
Defense-Wide	Washington Joint Base Lewis-McChord—Gray Army Airfield	POWER GENERATION AND MICROGRID.	0	40,000
Defense-Wide	Naval Air Station Whidbey Island	HYDRANT FUELING SYSTEM	54,000	54,000
Defense-Wide	Naval Base Kitsap	MICROGRID	0	77,270
Defense-Wide	Naval Magazine Indian Island	BACKUP POWER AND MICROGRID ...	0	39,490
Defense-Wide	Naval Magazine Indian Island	MICROGRID AND BACKUP POWER ...	0	0
Defense-Wide	Naval Undersea Warfare Center Keyport	SOF COLDWATER TRAINING/AUSTERE ENVIRONMENT FACILITY.	35,000	0
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations	COST TO COMPLETE—ERCIP	0	103,100

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	DESIGN (DEFENSE-WIDE)	26,081	26,081
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	DESIGN (DHA)	46,751	46,751
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	DESIGN (DLA)	105,000	105,000
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	DESIGN (DODEA)	7,501	7,501
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	DESIGN (MDA)	4,745	4,745
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	DESIGN (NSA)	41,928	41,928
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	DESIGN (SOCOM)	35,495	35,495
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	DESIGN (TJS)	1,964	1,964
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	DESIGN (WHS)	1,508	1,508
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	ENERGY RESILIENCE AND CON- SERVATION INVESTMENT PRO- GRAM.	636,000	0
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	ERCIP DESIGN	96,238	96,238
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	EXERCISE RELATED MINOR CON- STRUCTION.	11,146	26,146
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUC- TION (DEFENSE-WIDE).	3,000	3,000
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUC- TION (DHA).	18,000	18,000
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUC- TION (DLA).	13,333	13,333
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUC- TION (DODEA).	7,400	7,400
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUC- TION (MDA).	5,277	5,277
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUC- TION (NSA).	6,000	6,000
Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUC- TION (SOCOM).	24,109	24,109
Subtotal Military Construction, Defense-Wide			3,733,163	3,187,950
ARMY NATIONAL GUARD				
Alaska				

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Army National Guard	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson Georgia	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER.	67,000	67,000
Army National Guard	Fort Eisenhower	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER (DESIGN).	0	0
Army National Guard	Iowa Sioux City Armory	NATIONAL GUARD VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP.	13,800	13,800
Army National Guard	Kentucky Fort Campbell	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER (DESIGN).	0	0
Army National Guard	Fort Campbell	READINESS CENTER	0	18,000
Army National Guard	Louisiana Abbeville	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER (DESIGN).	0	0
Army National Guard	Lafayette Readiness Center	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER.	33,000	33,000
Army National Guard	Maine Saco	SOUTHERN MAINE READINESS CENTER (DESIGN).	0	1,000
Army National Guard	Michigan Detroit Olympia	READINESS CENTER ADDITION/ALTERATION (DESIGN).	0	4,400
Army National Guard	Mississippi Southaven Readiness Center	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER.	33,000	33,000
Army National Guard	Montana Malta Readiness Center	NATIONAL GUARD VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP.	14,800	14,800
Army National Guard	Nevada Hawthorne Army Depot	AUTOMATED QUALIFICATION/TRAINING RANGE.	18,000	18,000
Army National Guard	New Jersey Vineland	NATIONAL GUARD VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP.	23,000	23,000
Army National Guard	North Carolina Salisbury	FLIGHT FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0
Army National Guard	Ohio Lima	READINESS CENTER	0	26,000
Army National Guard	Oklahoma Shawnee Readiness Center	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER.	29,000	29,000
Army National Guard	Pennsylvania Danville	VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP (DESIGN).	0	0
Army National Guard	Puerto Rico Gurabo Readiness Center	NATIONAL GUARD VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP.	0	0
Army National Guard	Rhode Island North Kingstown	COST TO COMPLETE: NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER.	0	16,000
Army National Guard	Quonset State Airport	COST TO COMPLETE: NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER.	0	11,000
Army National Guard	Utah Nephi Readiness Center	NATIONAL GUARD VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP.	20,000	20,000
Army National Guard	Washington Camp Murray	NATIONAL GUARD/RESERVE CENTER BUILDING.	40,000	40,000
	Wisconsin			

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Army National Guard	Rapids	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER (DESIGN).	0	3,800
Army National Guard	Worldwide Unspecified	DESIGN	25,529	40,529
Army National Guard	Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION.	45,000	65,000
Subtotal Military Construction, Army National Guard			362,129	477,329
ARMY RESERVE				
Army Reserve	California			
Army Reserve	Bell	ARMY RESERVE TRAINING CENTER	0	0
Army Reserve	Camp Parks	ADVANCED SKILLS TRAINING BARRACKS.	42,000	42,000
Army Reserve	Georgia			
Army Reserve	Dobbins Air Reserve Base	ARMY RESERVE CENTER	78,000	78,000
Army Reserve	Kentucky			
Army Reserve	Fort Knox	AVIATION SUPPORT FACILITY	0	57,000
Army Reserve	Massachusetts			
Army Reserve	Devens Reserve Forces Training Area	COLLECTIVE TRAINING ENLISTED BARRACKS.	0	39,000
Army Reserve	New Jersey			
Army Reserve	Joint Base McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst	VERTICAL SKILLS FACILITY	16,000	16,000
Army Reserve	Pennsylvania			
Army Reserve	Wilkes-Barre	AREA MAINTENANCE SUPPORT ACTIVITY EQUIPMENT.	22,000	22,000
Army Reserve	Puerto Rico			
Army Reserve	Fort Buchanan	ADVANCED SKILLS TRAINING BARRACKS.	39,000	39,000
Army Reserve	Virginia			
Army Reserve	Richmond	AREA MAINTENANCE SUPPORT ACTIVITY/VMS.	23,000	23,000
Army Reserve	Wisconsin			
Army Reserve	Andrew Miller Army Reserve Center	VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP (DESIGN).	0	0
Army Reserve	Worldwide Unspecified	DESIGN	31,508	31,508
Army Reserve	Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION.	3,524	3,524
Subtotal Military Construction, Army Reserve			255,032	351,032
NAVY RESERVE & MARINE CORPS RESERVE				
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Texas			
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Naval Air Station	WHOLE HANGAR REPAIR	0	10,000
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Joint Reserve Base Fort Worth			
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Washington			

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title			FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Re- serve	Joint Base Lewis- McChord	PARACHUTE	SURVIVAL	TRAINING	26,610	26,610
		FACILITY.				
	Worldwide Unspec- ified					
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Re- serve	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	MCNR DESIGN			663	663
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Re- serve	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UNSPECIFIED	MINOR	CONSTRUC- TION.	0	0
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Re- serve	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	USMCR DESIGN			2,556	2,556
Subtotal Military Construction, Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Re- serve.					29,829	39,829
AIR NATIONAL GUARD						
	Alaska					
Air National Guard	Joint Base Elmen- dorf-Richardson	BASE SUPPLY COMPLEX			0	0
Air National Guard	Joint Base Elmen- dorf-Richardson	COMBAT RESCUE HELICOPTER SIM- ULATOR.			19,300	19,300
	Arizona					
Air National Guard	Tucson Inter- national Airport	COST TO COMPLETE—BASE ENTRY COMPLEX.			0	7,000
	California					
Air National Guard	Moffett Airfield	COMBAT RESCUE HELICOPTER SIM- ULATOR.			12,600	12,600
	Colorado					
Air National Guard	Buckley Space Force Base	COST TO COMPLETE—CORROSION CONTROL FACILITY.			0	4,000
	Florida					
Air National Guard	Jacksonville International Airport	F-35 CONSOLIDATED WEAPONS TRAINING.			26,200	26,200
	Hawaii					
Air National Guard	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	SPACE CONTROL CENTER			36,600	36,600
	Kentucky					
Air National Guard	Louisville Mu- hammad Ali International Airport	RESPONSE FORCE WAREHOUSE (DESIGN).			0	0
	Maine					
Air National Guard	Bangor Inter- national Airport	FUEL CELL HANGAR			0	48,000
	Mississippi					
Air National Guard	Key Field	ADAL MAINTENANCE HANGAR & CONSTRUCT AMU COMPLEX (DE- SIGN).			0	5,600
Air National Guard	Key Field	BASE SUPPLY WAREHOUSE (DE- SIGN).			0	1,900
Air National Guard	Key Field	CORROSION CONTROL HANGAR (DE- SIGN).			0	6,700
	New Jersey					

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Air National Guard	Atlantic City International Airport New York	F-16 MISSION TRAINING CENTER	18,000	18,000
Air National Guard	Francis S. Gabreski Airport Ohio	COMBAT RESCUE HELICOPTER SIMULATOR.	14,000	14,000
Air National Guard	Rickenbacker International Airport	COST TO COMPLETE—SMALL ARMS RANGE.	0	6,000
Air National Guard	Portland International Airport Oregon	COST TO COMPLETE—SPECIAL TACTICS COMPLEX – 1.	0	7,000
Air National Guard	Portland International Airport	COST TO COMPLETE—SPECIAL TACTICS COMPLEX – 2.	0	5,000
Air National Guard	Portland International Airport	COST TO COMPLETE—SPECIAL TACTICS COMPLEX – 3.	0	5,000
Air National Guard	Pittsburgh International Airport Pennsylvania	ENTRY CONTROL FACILITY (DESIGN).	0	0
Air National Guard	Fort Worth Texas	C-130J ADAL FUEL CELL BUILDING 1674.	13,100	13,100
Air National Guard	Camp Murray Washington	NATIONAL GUARD/RESERVE CENTER (ANG COST SHARE): MINOR CONSTRUCTION.	0	5,700
Air National Guard	McLaughlin Air National Guard Base West Virginia	SQUADRON OPERATIONS FACILITY (DESIGN).	0	0
Air National Guard	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	10,792	10,792
Air National Guard	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION.	40,200	40,200
Air National Guard	Cheyenne Regional Airport Wyoming	COST TO COMPLETE—CONSTRUCT VM & AGE COMPLEX.	0	4,000
Subtotal Military Construction, Air National Guard			190,792	296,692
AIR FORCE RESERVE				
Air Force Reserve	Luke Air Force Base Arizona	ADMINISTRATIVE AND STORAGE BUILDING (DESIGN).	0	0
Air Force Reserve	Dover Air Force Base Delaware	512TH OPERATIONS GROUP FACILITY.	0	42,000
Air Force Reserve	Dobbins Air Reserve Base Georgia	SECURITY FORCES FACILITY	22,000	0
Air Force Reserve	Grissom Air Reserve Base Indiana	INDOOR SMALL ARMS RANGE	21,000	21,000
Air Force Reserve	Niagara Falls Air Reserve Station New York	TAXIWAY/RUNWAY (DESIGN)	0	6,600
	Ohio			

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Air Force Reserve	Youngstown Air Reserve Station	FIRE STATION	25,000	25,000
Air Force Reserve	South Carolina Joint Base Charleston	AEROMEDICAL EVACUATION FACILITY.	0	33,000
Air Force Reserve	Worldwide Unspecified	DESIGN	562	9,562
Air Force Reserve	Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION.	701	701
Subtotal Military Construction, Air Force Reserve			69,263	137,863
NATO SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM				
NATO	Worldwide Unspecified NATO Security Investment Program	NATO SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM.	433,864	463,864
Subtotal NATO Security Investment Program			433,864	463,864
INDOPACIFIC COMBATANT COMMAND				
MILCON, INDOPACOM	Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations	INDOPACOM MILCON PILOT	0	150,000
Subtotal INDOPACOM MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PILOT PROGRAM.			0	150,000
TOTAL MILITARY CONSTRUCTION			15,113,254	15,212,254
FAMILY HOUSING				
FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, ARMY				
Fam Hsg Con, Army	Belgium Chièvres Air Base	FAMILY HOUSING NEW CONSTRUCTION (84 UNITS).	100,954	82,954
Fam Hsg Con, Army	Georgia Fort Eisenhower	MHPI RESTRUCTURE—FORT EISENHOWER.	50,000	50,000
Fam Hsg Con, Army	Germany U.S. Army Garrison Rheinland-Pfalz	FAMILY HOUSING REPLACEMENT CONSTRUCTION (54 UNITS).	63,246	63,246
Fam Hsg Con, Army	Japan Sagamihara Family Housing Area	FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENTS CONSTRUCTION (35 UNITS).	31,114	31,114
Fam Hsg Con, Army	Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FAMILY HOUSING DESIGN	31,333	31,333
Subtotal Family Housing Construction, Army			276,647	258,647
FAMILY HOUSING O&M, ARMY				

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
	Worldwide Unspecified			
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS	18,065	18,065
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	LEASED HOUSING	129,703	129,703
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MAINTENANCE	127,097	127,097
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MANAGEMENT	62,060	62,060
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	HOUSING PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT	69,579	69,579
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MISCELLANEOUS	357	357
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	SERVICES	8,273	8,273
Fam Hsg O&M, Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UTILITIES	60,477	60,477
Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Army			475,611	475,611
FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, NAVY & MARINE CORPS				
	Guam			
Fam Hsg Con, Navy & Marine Corps	Andersen Air Force Base	REPLACE ANDERSEN HOUSING, PHASE 10 (42 UNITS).	93,112	12,112
Fam Hsg Con, Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Region Marianas	REPLACE ANDERSEN HOUSING, PHASE 9 (136 UNITS) (INC).	103,863	28,863
	Worldwide Unspecified			
Fam Hsg Con, Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	CONSTRUCTION IMPROVEMENTS (64 UNITS).	35,438	35,438
Fam Hsg Con, Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	13,329	13,329
Subtotal Family Housing Construction, Navy & Marine Corps			245,742	89,742
FAMILY HOUSING O&M, NAVY & MARINE CORPS				
	Worldwide Unspecified			
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS	16,839	16,839
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	HOUSING PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT	60,283	60,283
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	LEASING	67,412	67,412
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MAINTENANCE	109,504	109,504

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MANAGEMENT	61,240	61,240
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MISCELLANEOUS	427	427
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	SERVICES	17,332	17,332
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UTILITIES	44,180	44,180
Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Navy & Marine Corps.			377,217	377,217
FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE				
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Alaska Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	MHPI RESTRUCTURE—JBER PHASE III.	120,000	120,000
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Germany Ramstein Air Base	CONSTRUCT 2 GOQ UNITS	4,350	4,350
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Ramstein Air Base	KMC 02—CONSTRUCT TWO CAR GARAGES (5 UNITS).	1,400	1,400
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Japan Yokota Air Base	FAMILY HOUSE IMPROVEMENTS 8B WEST (19 UNITS).	26,242	26,242
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Yokota Air Base	FAMILY HOUSE IMPROVEMENTS 9, PHASE 2 (32 UNITS).	39,000	39,000
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Texas Lackland Air Force Base	MHPI RESTRUCTURE—LACKLAND ...	24,000	24,000
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	6,557	6,557
Subtotal Family Housing Construction, Air Force			221,549	221,549
FAMILY HOUSING O&M, AIR FORCE				
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS	24,230	24,230
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	HOUSING PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT	32,508	32,508
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	LEASING	6,278	6,278
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MAINTENANCE	127,023	127,023
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MANAGEMENT	71,384	71,384
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MISCELLANEOUS	2,426	2,426

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	SERVICES	12,446	12,446
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UTILITIES	49,955	49,955
Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Air Force			326,250	326,250
FAMILY HOUSING O&M, DEFENSE-WIDE				
	Worldwide Unspec- ified			
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	FURNISHINGS (DIA)	687	687
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	FURNISHINGS (NSA)	91	91
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	LEASING (DIA)	32,983	32,983
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	LEASING (NSA)	13,986	13,986
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	MAINTENANCE	36	36
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UTILITIES (DIA)	4,358	4,358
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UTILITIES (NSA)	15	15
Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Defense-Wide ..			52,156	52,156
FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENT FUND				
	Worldwide Unspec- ified			
Family Housing Improvement Fund	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES—FHIF	8,195	8,195
Subtotal Family Housing Improvement Fund			8,195	8,195
UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING IMPROVEMENT FUND				
	Worldwide Unspec- ified			
Unaccompanied Housing Im- provement Fund	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES—UHIF	497	497
Subtotal Unaccompanied Housing Improvement Fund			497	497
TOTAL FAMILY HOUSING			1,983,864	1,809,864
DEFENSE BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE				
BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE, ARMY				
	Worldwide Unspec- ified			
BRAC, Army	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	BASE REALIGNMENT & CLOSURE	212,556	237,556

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Subtotal Base Realignment and Closure—Army			212,556	237,556
BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE, NAVY				
	Worldwide Unspec- ified			
BRAC, Navy	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	BASE REALIGNMENT & CLOSURE	111,697	136,697
Subtotal Base Realignment and Closure—Navy			111,697	136,697
BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE, AIR FORCE				
	Worldwide Unspec- ified			
BRAC, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	BASE REALIGNMENT & CLOSURE	121,952	146,952
Subtotal Base Realignment and Closure—Air Force			121,952	146,952
BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE, DEFENSE-WIDE				
	Worldwide Unspec- ified			
BRAC, Defense- Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	INT-4: DLA ACTIVITIES	1,756	1,756
Subtotal Base Realignment and Closure—Defense-Wide			1,756	1,756
TOTAL DEFENSE BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE			447,961	522,961
TOTAL MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, FAMILY HOUSING, AND BRAC.			17,545,079	17,545,079

TITLE XLVII—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS.

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS (In Thousands of Dollars)		
Program	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Discretionary Summary by Appropriation		
Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies		
Appropriation Summary:		
Energy Programs		
Nuclear Energy	150,000	150,000
Atomic Energy Defense Activities		
National Nuclear Security Administration:		
Weapons Activities	19,848,644	19,981,044
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	2,465,108	2,451,108
Naval Reactors	2,118,773	1,968,773
Federal Salaries and Expenses	564,475	539,000
Total, National Nuclear Security Administration	24,997,000	24,939,925
Defense Environmental Cleanup	7,059,695	7,005,630
Defense Uranium Enrichment D&D	384,957	0
Other Defense Activities	1,140,023	1,140,023
Total, Atomic Energy Defense Activities	33,581,675	33,085,578
Total, Discretionary Funding	33,731,675	33,235,578
Nuclear Energy		
Safeguards and security	150,000	150,000
Total, Nuclear Energy	150,000	150,000
National Nuclear Security Administration		
Weapons Activities		
Stockpile management		
Stockpile major modernization		
B61-12 Life Extension Program	27,500	27,500
W88 Alteration program	78,700	78,700
W80-4 Life extension program	1,164,750	1,164,750
W80-X ALT SLCM	0	70,000
Program increase		[70,000]
W87-1 Modification Program	1,096,033	1,096,033
W93	455,776	455,776
B61-13	16,000	16,000
Subtotal, Stockpile major modernization	2,838,759	2,908,759
Stockpile sustainment	1,356,260	1,356,260
Weapons dismantlement and disposition	54,100	54,100
Production operations	816,567	816,567
Nuclear enterprise assurance	75,002	75,002
Total, Stockpile management	5,140,688	5,210,688
Production Modernization		
Primary Capability Modernization		
Plutonium Modernization		
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization		
Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	984,611	984,611

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS (In Thousands of Dollars)		
Program	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
21-D-512 Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL	470,000	470,000
15-D-302 TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL	39,475	39,475
Subtotal, Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	1,494,086	1,494,086
Savannah River Plutonium Modernization		
Savannah River Plutonium Operations	75,332	75,332
21-D-511 Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS	1,200,000	1,200,000
Subtotal, Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	1,275,332	1,275,332
Enterprise Plutonium Support	121,964	121,964
Total, Plutonium Modernization	2,891,382	2,891,382
High Explosives & Energetics		
High Explosives & Energetics	115,675	131,675
High Explosives Binder—NNSA UPL		[16,000]
21-D-510 HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX ..	0	20,000
Program increase		[20,000]
15-D-301 HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX	15,000	15,000
Subtotal, High Explosives & Energetics	130,675	166,675
Total, Primary Capability Modernization	3,022,057	3,058,057
Secondary Capability Modernization		
Secondary Capability Modernization	755,353	755,353
18-D-690 Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12	260,000	260,000
06-D-141 Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12	800,000	800,000
Total, Secondary Capability Modernization	1,815,353	1,815,353
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment		
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	661,738	661,738
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	0	0
Total, Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	661,738	661,738
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	141,300	141,300
22-D-513 Power Sources Capability, SNL	50,000	50,000
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	191,300	191,300
Capability Based Investments	153,244	153,244
Warhead Assembly Modernization	34,000	34,000
Total, Production Modernization	5,877,692	5,913,692
Stockpile research, technology, and engineering		
Assessment Science		
Assessment Science	834,250	834,250
14-D-640 U1a Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS	73,083	73,083
Total, Assessment Science	907,333	907,333
Engineering and integrated assessments	418,000	418,000
Inertial confinement fusion	682,830	682,830
Advanced simulation and computing	879,500	879,500
Weapons technology and manufacturing maturation	286,489	296,489
High Explosives Binder—NNSA UPL		[10,000]
Academic programs	128,188	113,188
Unjustified growth		[–15,000]
Total, Stockpile research, technology, and engineering	3,302,340	3,297,340
Infrastructure and operations		
Operating		
Operations of facilities	1,305,000	1,305,000
Safety and Environmental Operations	191,958	191,958
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	881,000	884,000
Program increase for Y-12 maintenance backlog		[3,000]
Recapitalization	778,408	778,408
Total, Operating	3,156,366	3,159,366
Mission enabling construction		
23-D-517 Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL	70,000	70,000
24-D-510 Analytic Gas Laboratory, PX	0	36,000
Program increase		[36,000]
25-D-510 Plutonium Mission Safety & Quality Building, LANL	48,500	48,500
25-D-511 PULSE New Access, NNSS	25,000	25,000
Total, Mission enabling construction	143,500	179,500

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS (In Thousands of Dollars)		
Program	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Total, Infrastructure and operations	3,299,866	3,338,866
Secure transportation asset		
Operations and equipment	236,160	236,160
Program direction	135,264	135,264
Total, Secure transportation asset	371,424	371,424
Defense nuclear security		
Operations and maintenance	1,126,000	1,126,000
Construction:		
17-D-710 West End Protected Area Reduction Project, Y-12	54,000	54,000
Subtotal, Construction	54,000	54,000
Total, Defense nuclear security	1,180,000	1,180,000
Information technology and cybersecurity	646,000	638,400
Unjustified growth		[-7,600]
Legacy contractor pensions	30,634	30,634
Total, Weapons Activities	19,848,644	19,981,044
Adjustments		
Use of prior year balances	0	0
Total, Adjustments	0	0
Total, Weapons Activities	19,848,644	19,981,044
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation		
Material Management and Minimization		
Reactor conversion and uranium supply	145,227	145,227
Nuclear material removal and elimination	38,825	38,825
Plutonium disposition	193,045	193,045
Total, Material Management and Minimization	377,097	377,097
Global Material Security		
International nuclear security	87,768	87,768
Radiological security	260,000	260,000
Nuclear smuggling detection and deterrence	196,096	182,096
Insufficient justification		[-14,000]
Total, Global Material Security	543,864	529,864
Nonproliferation and Arms Control	224,980	224,980
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D		
Proliferation detection	317,158	317,158
Nuclear fuels development	0	0
Nonproliferation stewardship program	124,875	124,875
Nuclear detonation detection	323,058	323,058
Forensics R&D	37,759	37,759
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	802,850	802,850
Nonproliferation Construction:		
18-D-150 Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project, SRS	40,000	40,000
Total, Nonproliferation Construction	40,000	40,000
Legacy contractor pensions	7,128	7,128
Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program		
Emergency Management	23,847	23,847
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	512,342	512,342
Total, Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program	536,189	536,189
Subtotal, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	2,532,108	2,518,108
Adjustments		
Use of prior year balances	-67,000	-67,000
Total, Adjustments	-67,000	-67,000
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	2,465,108	2,451,108
Naval Reactors		

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS (In Thousands of Dollars)		
Program	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Naval reactors development	868,380	868,380
Columbia-Class reactor systems development	45,610	45,610
Naval reactors operations and infrastructure	763,263	763,263
Program direction	62,848	62,848
Construction:		
14-D-901 Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project, NRF	292,002	142,002
Program reduction		[-150,000]
22-D-532 KL Security Upgrades	41,670	41,670
25-D-530 Naval Examination Acquisition Project	45,000	45,000
Total, Construction	378,672	228,672
Total, Naval Reactors	2,118,773	1,968,773
Federal Salaries and Expenses		
Program direction	564,475	539,000
Program decrease		[-475]
Insufficient justification		[-25,000]
Use of prior year balances	0	0
Total, Federal Salaries and Expenses	564,475	539,000
TOTAL, National Nuclear Security Administration	24,997,000	24,939,925
Defense Environmental Cleanup		
Closure sites administration	1,350	1,350
Richland		
River corridor and other cleanup operations	133,000	133,000
Central plateau remediation	773,030	773,030
Richland community and regulatory support	11,130	11,130
22-D-401 L-888 Eastern Plateau Fire Station	13,500	13,500
22-D-402 L-897 200 Area Water Treatment Facility	7,800	7,800
23-D-404 181D Export Water System Reconfiguration and Upgrade	18,886	18,886
23-D-405 181B Export Water System Reconfiguration and Upgrade	1,168	1,168
24-D-401 Environmental Restoration Disposal Facility Supercell 11 Expans Proj	25,000	25,000
Total, Richland	984,864	983,514
Office of River Protection:		
Waste Treatment Immobilization Plant Commissioning	466,000	450,000
Unjustified growth		[-16,000]
Rad liquid tank waste stabilization and disposition	832,065	832,065
Construction:		
23-D-403 Hanford 200 West Area Tank Farms Risk Manage- ment Project	37,500	37,500
15-D-409 Low Activity Waste Pretreatment System	37,500	37,500
01-D-16D High-Level Waste Facility	608,100	608,100
01-D-16E Pretreatment Facility	20,000	20,000
18-D-16 Waste Treatment & Immobilization Plant—LBL/Direct Feed LAW	0	0
Subtotal, Construction	703,100	703,100
Total, Office of River Protection	2,001,165	1,985,165
Idaho National Laboratory:		
Idaho cleanup and waste disposition	430,678	430,678
Idaho community and regulatory support	3,315	3,315
Construction:		
22-D-404 Addl ICDF Landfill Disposal Cell and Evaporation Ponds Project	25,250	25,250
23-D-402 Calcine Construction	0	0
Subtotal, Construction	25,250	25,250
Total, Idaho National Laboratory	459,243	459,243
NNSA sites and Nevada off-sites		
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	1,917	1,917

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS (In Thousands of Dollars)		
Program	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Separations Processing Research Unit	845	845
Nevada Test Site	63,377	63,377
Sandia National Laboratory	1,816	1,816
Los Alamos National Laboratory	273,610	273,610
Los Alamos Excess Facilities D&D	1,622	1,622
LLNL Excess Facilities D&D	0	0
Total, NNSA sites and Nevada off-sites	343,187	343,187
Oak Ridge Reservation:		
OR Nuclear Facility D&D	342,705	342,705
U233 Disposition Program	60,000	60,000
OR cleanup and waste disposition	72,000	72,000
Construction:		
14-D-403 Outfall 200 Mercury Treatment Facility	30,000	30,000
17-D-401 On-site Waste Disposal Facility	40,000	40,000
Subtotal, Construction	70,000	70,000
OR community & regulatory support	5,700	5,700
OR technology development and deployment	3,300	3,300
Total, Oak Ridge Reservation	553,705	553,705
Savannah River Site:		
Savannah River risk management operations	400,538	400,538
Savannah River community and regulatory support	5,198	5,198
Savannah River National Laboratory O&M	90,000	90,000
Construction:		
20-D-401 Saltstone Disposal Unit #10, 11, 12	82,500	82,500
19-D-701 SR Security Systems Replacement	6,000	6,000
Subtotal, Construction	88,500	88,500
Radioactive liquid tank waste stabilization and disposition	971,235	981,235
Program increase		[10,000]
Total, Savannah River Site	1,555,471	1,565,471
Waste Isolation Pilot Plant		
Waste Isolation Pilot Plant	413,874	413,874
Construction:		
15-D-411 Safety Significant Confinement Ventilation System, WIPP	10,346	10,346
15-D-412 Utility Shaft, WIPP	1,200	1,200
Total, Construction	11,546	11,546
Total, Waste Isolation Pilot Plant	425,420	425,420
Program direction—Defense Environmental Cleanup	334,958	326,893
Insufficient justification		[-8,065]
Program support—Defense Environmental Cleanup	105,885	65,885
Program decrease		[-40,000]
Safeguards and Security—Defense Environmental Cleanup	265,197	265,197
Technology development and deployment	30,600	30,600
Subtotal, Defense Environmental Cleanup	736,640	688,575
TOTAL, Defense Environmental Cleanup	7,059,695	7,005,630
Defense Uranium Enrichment D&D	384,957	0
Program reduction		[-384,957]
Other Defense Activities		
Environment, health, safety and security		
Environment, health, safety and security mission support	141,908	141,908
Program direction	90,555	90,555
Total, Environment, health, safety and security	232,463	232,463
Office of Enterprise Assessments		
Enterprise assessments	30,022	30,022
Program direction	64,132	64,132

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS (In Thousands of Dollars)		
Program	FY 2025 Request	Conference Authorized
Total, Office of Enterprise Assessments	94,154	94,154
Specialized security activities	390,000	390,000
Legacy Management		
Legacy Management Activities—Defense	181,289	181,289
Program Direction	23,969	23,969
Total, Legacy Management	205,258	205,258
Defense-Related Administrative Support	213,649	213,649
Office of Hearings and Appeals	4,499	4,499
Subtotal, Other Defense Activities	1,140,023	1,140,023
Use of prior year balances	0	0
Total, Other Defense Activities	1,140,023	1,140,023

DIVISION E—OTHER MATTERS

TITLE L—VETERANS AFFAIRS MATTERS

Sec. 5001. Grants for State, county, and tribal veterans' cemeteries that allow interment of certain persons eligible for interment in national cemeteries.

Sec. 5002. Telephone helpline for assistance for veterans and other eligible individuals.

Sec. 5003. Report on Airborne Hazards and Open Burn Pit Registry 2.0.

SEC. 5001. GRANTS FOR STATE, COUNTY, AND TRIBAL VETERANS' CEMETERIES THAT ALLOW INTERMENT OF CERTAIN PERSONS ELIGIBLE FOR INTERMENT IN NATIONAL CEMETERIES.

Section 2408 of title 38, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (k) as subsection (l); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (j) the following new subsection (k):

“(k)(1) The Secretary may not establish a condition for a grant under this section that restricts the ability of a State, county, or tribal organization receiving such a grant to allow the interment of any person described in paragraph (8) or (10) of section 2402(a) of this title in a veterans' cemetery owned by that State or county or on trust land owned by, or held in trust for, that tribal organization.

“(2) The Secretary may not deny an application for a grant under this section solely on the basis that the State, county, or tribal organization receiving such grant may use funds from such grant to expand, improve, operate, or maintain a veterans' cemetery in which interment of persons described in paragraph (8) or (10) of section 2402(a) of this title is allowed.

“(3)(A) When requested by a State, county, or tribal organization that is the recipient of a grant made under this section, the Secretary shall—

“(i) determine whether a person is eligible for burial in a national cemetery under paragraph (8) or (10) of section 2402(a) of this title; and

“(ii) advise the recipient of the determination.

“(B) A recipient described in subparagraph (A) may use a determination of the Secretary under such subparagraph as a determination of the eligibility of the person concerned for burial in the cemetery for which the grant was made.”.

SEC. 5002. TELEPHONE HELPLINE FOR ASSISTANCE FOR VETERANS AND OTHER ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 53 of title 38, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“§ 5321. Benefits helpline

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall maintain a toll-free telephone helpline that a covered individual may call in order to—

“(1) obtain information about any service or benefit provided under the laws administered by the Secretary; or

“(2) be directed to an appropriate office of the Department regarding such a service or benefit.

“(b) CONTRACT FOR DIRECTION OF CALLS AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary may enter into a contract with a third party to direct calls made to the helpline to an appropriate office under subsection (a)(2).

“(c) LIVE INDIVIDUAL REQUIRED.—The Secretary shall ensure that a covered individual who calls the helpline has the option to speak with a live individual.

“(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘covered individual’ means—

“(A) a veteran;

“(B) an individual acting on behalf of a veteran; or

“(C) an individual other than a veteran who is eligible to receive a benefit or service under a law administered by the Secretary.

“(2) The term ‘veteran’ has the meaning given such term in section 2002(b) of this title.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“5321. Benefits helpline.”.

SEC. 5003. REPORT ON AIRBORNE HAZARDS AND OPEN BURN PIT REGISTRY 2.0.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall submit to Congress a report on the redesigned Airborne Hazards and Open Burn Pit Registry 2.0.

(b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following elements:

(1) An analysis of how the redesigned Airborne Hazards and Open Burn Pit Registry 2.0 improves research and delivery of health care for veterans exposed to airborne hazards and open burn pits.

(2) A description of how the redesign has affected the accuracy of registry data, including data regarding causes of death.

- (3) The plans of the Secretary to ensure veterans, caregivers, and survivors are updated on research outcomes and informed regarding how to confirm the accuracy of registry data.

TITLE LI—FOREIGN AFFAIRS MATTERS

Subtitle A—United States Foundation for International Conservation Act of 2024

- Sec. 5101. Definitions.
 Sec. 5102. United States Foundation for International Conservation.
 Sec. 5103. Governance of the Foundation.
 Sec. 5104. Corporate powers and obligations of the Foundation.
 Sec. 5105. Safeguards and accountability.
 Sec. 5106. Projects and grants.
 Sec. 5107. Prohibition of support for certain governments.
 Sec. 5108. Annual report.
 Sec. 5109. Authorization of appropriations.

Subtitle B—Western Hemisphere Partnership Act

- Sec. 5111. Short title.
 Sec. 5112. United States policy in the Western Hemisphere.
 Sec. 5113. Promoting security and the rule of law in the Western Hemisphere.
 Sec. 5114. Promoting digitalization and cybersecurity in the Western Hemisphere.
 Sec. 5115. Promoting economic and commercial partnerships in the Western Hemisphere.
 Sec. 5116. Promoting transparency and democratic governance in the Western Hemisphere.
 Sec. 5117. Sense of Congress on prioritizing nomination and confirmation of qualified ambassadors.
 Sec. 5118. Western Hemisphere defined.
 Sec. 5119. Report on efforts to capture and detain United States citizens as hostages.

Subtitle C—Other Matters

- Sec. 5121. Improving multilateral cooperation to improve the security of Taiwan.
 Sec. 5122. Millennium Challenge Corporation candidate country reform.
 “Sec. 606. Candidate countries.
 Sec. 5123. Extension of sunset.
 Sec. 5124. Strategy and grant program to promote internet freedom in Iran.

Subtitle A—United States Foundation for International Conservation Act of 2024

SEC. 5101. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

- (1) The term “appropriate congressional committees” means—
 (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
 (B) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
 (C) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and
 (D) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
 (2) The term “Board” means the Board of Directors established pursuant to section 5103(b).
 (3) The term “eligible country” means any country described in section 5106(b).
 (4) The term “eligible project” means any project described in section 5106(a)(3).

(5) The term “Executive Director” means the Executive Director of the Foundation hired pursuant to section 5103.

(6) The term “Foundation” means the United States Foundation for International Conservation established pursuant to section 5102(a).

(7) The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of State.

SEC. 5102. UNITED STATES FOUNDATION FOR INTERNATIONAL CONSERVATION.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish the United States Foundation for International Conservation, which shall be operated as a charitable, nonprofit corporation.

(2) **INDEPENDENCE.**—The Foundation is not an agency or instrumentality of the United States Government.

(3) **TAX-EXEMPT STATUS.**—The Board shall take all necessary and appropriate steps to ensure that the Foundation is an organization described in subsection (c) of section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, which exempt the organization from taxation under subsection (a) of such section.

(4) **TERMINATION OF OPERATIONS.**—The Foundation shall terminate operations on the date that is 10 years after the date on which the Foundation becomes operational, in accordance with—

(A) a plan for winding down the activities of the Foundation that the Board shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees not later than 180 days before such termination date; and

(B) the bylaws established pursuant to section 5103(b)(13).

(b) **PURPOSES.**—The purposes of the Foundation are—

(1) to provide grants for the responsible management of designated priority primarily protected and conserved areas in eligible countries that have a high degree of biodiversity or species and ecosystems of significant ecological value;

(2) to promote responsible, long-term management of primarily protected and conserved areas and their contiguous buffer zones;

(3) to incentivize, leverage, accept, and effectively administer governmental and nongovernmental funds, including donations from the private sector, to increase the availability and predictability of financing for responsible, long-term management of primarily protected and conserved areas in eligible countries;

(4) to help close critical gaps in public international conservation efforts in eligible countries by—

(A) increasing private sector investment, including investments from philanthropic entities; and

(B) collaborating with partners providing bilateral and multilateral financing to support enhanced coordination, including public and private funders, partner governments, local protected areas authorities, and private and nongovernmental organization partners;

(5) to identify and financially support viable projects that—

(A) promote responsible, long-term management of primarily protected and conserved areas and their contiguous buffer zones in eligible countries, including support for the management of terrestrial, coastal, freshwater, and marine protected areas, parks, community conservancies, Indigenous reserves, conservation easements, and biological reserves; and

(B) provide effective area-based conservation measures, consistent with best practices and standards for environmental and social safeguards; and

(6) to coordinate with, consult, and otherwise support and assist, governments, private sector entities, local communities, Indigenous Peoples, and other stakeholders in eligible countries in undertaking biodiversity conservation activities—

(A) to achieve measurable and enduring biodiversity conservation outcomes; and

(B) to improve local security, governance, food security, and economic opportunities.

(c) **PLAN OF ACTION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 6 months after the establishment of the Foundation, the Executive Director shall submit for approval from the Board an initial 3-year Plan of Action to implement the purposes of this title, including—

(A) a description of the priority actions to be undertaken by the Foundation over the proceeding 3-year period, including a timeline for implementation of such priority actions;

(B) descriptions of the processes and criteria by which—

(i) eligible countries, in which eligible projects may be selected to receive assistance under this title, will be identified;

(ii) grant proposals for Foundation activities in eligible countries will be developed, evaluated, and selected; and

(iii) grant implementation will be monitored and evaluated;

(C) the projected staffing and budgetary requirements of the Foundation during the proceeding 3-year period; and

(D) a plan to maximize commitments from private sector entities to fund the Foundation.

(2) **SUBMISSION.**—The Executive Director shall submit the initial Plan of Action to the appropriate congressional committees not later than 5 days after the Plan of Action is approved by the Board.

(3) **UPDATES.**—The Executive Director shall annually update the Plan of Action and submit each such updated plan to the appropriate congressional committees not later than 5 days after the update plan is approved by the Board.

SEC. 5103. GOVERNANCE OF THE FOUNDATION.

(a) **EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.**—There shall be in the Foundation an Executive Director, who shall—

(1) manage the Foundation; and

(2) report to, and be under the direct authority, of the Board.

(b) **BOARD OF DIRECTORS.**—

(1) GOVERNANCE.—The Foundation shall be governed by a Board of Directors, which—

(A) shall perform the functions specified to be carried out by the Board under this title; and

(B) may prescribe, amend, and repeal bylaws, rules, regulations, and procedures governing the manner in which the business of the Foundation may be conducted and in which the powers granted to it by law may be exercised.

(2) MEMBERSHIP.—The Board shall be composed of—

(A) the Secretary, the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, the Secretary of the Interior, the Chief of the United States Forest Service, and the head of one other relevant Federal department or agency, as determined by the Secretary, or the Senate-confirmed designees of such officials; and

(B) 8 other individuals, who shall be appointed by the Secretary, in consultation with the members of the Board described in subparagraph (A), the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, and the President Pro Tempore and Minority Leader of the Senate, of whom—

(i) 4 members shall be private-sector donors making financial contributions to the Foundation; and

(ii) 4 members shall be independent experts who, in addition to meeting the qualification requirements described in paragraph (3), represent diverse points of view and diverse geographies, to the maximum extent practicable.

(3) QUALIFICATIONS.—Each member of the Board appointed pursuant to paragraph (2)(B) shall be knowledgeable and experienced in matters relating to—

(A) international development;

(B) protected area management and the conservation of global biodiversity, fish and wildlife, ecosystem restoration, adaptation, and resilience; and

(C) grantmaking in support of international conservation.

(4) POLITICAL AFFILIATION.—Not more than 5 of the members appointed to the Board pursuant to paragraph (2)(B) may be affiliated with the same political party.

(5) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—Any individual with business interests, financial holdings, or controlling interests in any entity that has sought support, or is receiving support, from the Foundation may not be appointed to the Board during the 5-year period immediately preceding such appointment.

(6) CHAIRPERSON.—The Board shall elect, from among its members, a Chairperson, who shall serve for a 2-year term.

(7) TERMS; VACANCIES.—

(A) TERMS.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The term of service of each member of the Board appointed pursuant to paragraph (2)(B) shall be not more than 5 years.

(ii) INITIAL APPOINTED DIRECTORS.—Of the initial members of the Board appointed pursuant to paragraph (2)(B)—

(I) 4 members, including at least 2 private-sector donors making financial contributions to the Foundation, shall serve for 4 years; and

(II) 4 members shall serve for 5 years, as determined by the Chairperson of the Board.

(B) VACANCIES.—Any vacancy in the Board—

(i) shall be filled in the manner in which the original appointment was made; and

(ii) shall not affect the power of the remaining appointed members of the Board to execute the duties of the Board.

(8) QUORUM.—A majority of the current membership of the Board, including the Secretary or the Secretary's designee, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of Foundation business.

(9) MEETINGS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall meet not less frequently than annually at the call of the Chairperson. Such meetings may be in person, virtual, or hybrid.

(B) INITIAL MEETING.—Not later than 60 days after the Board is established pursuant to section 5102(a), the Secretary of State shall convene a meeting of the ex-officio members of the Board and the appointed members of the Board to incorporate the Foundation.

(C) REMOVAL.—Any member of the Board appointed pursuant to paragraph (2)(B) who misses 3 consecutive regularly scheduled meetings may be removed by a majority vote of the Board.

(10) REIMBURSEMENT OF EXPENSES.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Members of the Board shall serve without pay, but may be reimbursed for the actual and necessary traveling and subsistence expenses incurred in the performance of the duties of the Foundation.

(B) LIMITATION.—Expenses incurred outside the United States may be reimbursed under this paragraph if at least 2 members of the Board concurrently incurred such expenses. Such reimbursements—

(i) shall be available exclusively for actual costs incurred by members of the Board up to the published daily per diem rate for lodging, meals, and incidentals; and

(ii) shall not include first-class, business-class, or travel in any class other than economy class or coach class.

(C) OTHER EXPENSES.—All other expenses, including salaries for officers and staff of the Foundation, shall be established by a majority vote of the Board, as proposed by the Executive Director on no less than an annual basis.

(11) NOT FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.—Appointment as a member of the Board and employment by the Foundation does not con-

stitute employment by, or the holding of an office of, the United States for purposes of any Federal law.

(12) DUTIES.—The Board shall—

- (A) establish bylaws for the Foundation in accordance with paragraph (13);
- (B) provide overall direction for the activities of the Foundation and establish priority activities;
- (C) carry out any other necessary activities of the Foundation;
- (D) evaluate the performance of the Executive Director;
- (E) take steps to limit the administrative expenses of the Foundation; and
- (F) not less frequently than annually, consult and coordinate with stakeholders qualified to provide advice, assistance, and information regarding effective protected and conserved area management.

(13) BYLAWS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The bylaws required to be established under paragraph (12)(A) shall include—

- (i) the specific duties of the Executive Director;
- (ii) policies and procedures for the selection of members of the Board and officers, employees, agents, and contractors of the Foundation;
- (iii) policies, including ethical standards, for—
 - (I) the acceptance, solicitation, and disposition of donations and grants to the Foundation; and
 - (II) the disposition of assets of the Foundation upon the dissolution of the Foundation;
- (iv) policies that subject all implementing partners, employees, fellows, trainees, and other agents of the Foundation (including ex-officio members of the Board and appointed members of the Board) to stringent ethical and conflict of interest standards;
- (v) removal and exclusion procedures for implementing partners, employees, fellows, trainees, and other agents of the Foundation (including ex-officio members of the Board and appointed members of the Board) who fail to uphold the ethical and conflict of interest standards established pursuant to clause (iii);
- (vi) policies for winding down the activities of the Foundation upon its dissolution, including a plan—
 - (I) to return unspent appropriations to the Treasury of the United States; and
 - (II) to donate unspent private and philanthropic contributions to projects that align with the goals and requirements described in section 5106;
- (vii) policies for vetting implementing partners and grantees to ensure the Foundation does not provide grants to for profit entities whose primary objective is activities other than conservation activities; and
- (viii) clawback policies and procedures to be incorporated into grant agreements to ensure compliance with the policies referred to in clause (vii).

(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The Board shall ensure that the bylaws of the Foundation and the activities carried out under such bylaws do not—

(i) reflect unfavorably on the ability of the Foundation to carry out activities in a fair and objective manner; or

(ii) compromise, or appear to compromise, the integrity of any governmental agency or program, or any officer or employee employed by, or involved in, a governmental agency or program.

(c) FOUNDATION STAFF.—Officers and employees of the Foundation—

(1) may not be employees of, or hold any office in, the United States Government;

(2) may not serve in the employ of any nongovernmental organization, project, or person related to or affiliated with any grantee of the Foundation while employed by the Foundation;

(3) may not receive compensation from any other source for work performed in carrying out the duties of the Foundation while employed by the Foundation; and

(4) should not receive a salary at a rate that is greater than the maximum rate of basic pay authorized for positions at level I of the Executive Schedule under section 5312 of title 5, United States Code.

(d) LIMITATION AND CONFLICTS OF INTERESTS.—

(1) POLITICAL PARTICIPATION.—The Foundation may not—

(A) lobby for political or policy issues; or

(B) participate or intervene in any political campaign in any country.

(2) FINANCIAL INTERESTS.—As determined by the Board and set forth in the bylaws established pursuant to subsection (b)(13), and consistent with best practices, any member of the Board or officer or employee of the Foundation shall be prohibited from participating, directly or indirectly, in the consideration or determination of any question before the Foundation affecting—

(A) the financial interests of such member of the Board, or officer or employee of the Foundation, not including such member's Foundation expenses and compensation; and

(B) the interests of any corporation, partnership, entity, or organization in which such member of the Board, officer, or employee has any fiduciary obligation or direct or indirect financial interest.

(3) RECUSALS.—Any member of the Board that has a business, financial, or familial interest in an organization or community seeking support from the Foundation shall recuse himself or herself from all deliberations, meetings, and decisions concerning the consideration and decision relating to such support.

(4) PROJECT INELIGIBILITY.—The Foundation may not provide support to individuals or entities with business, financial, or familial ties to—

(A) a current member of the Board; or

(B) a former member of the Board during the 5-year period immediately following the last day of the former member's term on the Board.

SEC. 5104. CORPORATE POWERS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE FOUNDATION.

(a) **GENERAL AUTHORITY.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Foundation—

(A) may conduct business in foreign countries;

(B) shall have its principal offices in the Washington, DC, metropolitan area; and

(C) shall continuously maintain a designated agent in Washington, DC, who is authorized to accept notice or service of process on behalf of the Foundation.

(2) **NOTICE AND SERVICE OF PROCESS.**—The serving of notice to, or service of process upon, the agent referred to in paragraph (1)(C), or mailed to the business address of such agent, shall be deemed as service upon, or notice to, the Foundation.

(3) **AUDITS.**—The Foundation shall be subject to the general audit authority of the Comptroller General of the United States under section 3523 of title 31, United States Code.

(b) **AUTHORITIES.**—In addition to powers explicitly authorized under this subtitle, the Foundation, in order to carry out the purposes described in section 5102(b), shall have the usual powers of a corporation headquartered in Washington, DC, including the authority—

(1) to accept, receive, solicit, hold, administer, and use any gift, devise, or bequest, either absolutely or in trust, or real or personal property or any income derived from such gift or property, or other interest in such gift or property located in the United States;

(2) to acquire by donation, gift, devise, purchase, or exchange any real or personal property or interest in such property located in the United States;

(3) unless otherwise required by the instrument of transfer, to sell, donate, lease, invest, reinvest, retain, or otherwise dispose of any property or income derived from such property located in the United States;

(4) to complain and defend itself in any court of competent jurisdiction (except that the members of the Board shall not be personally liable, except for gross negligence);

(5) to enter into contracts or other arrangements with public agencies, private organizations, and persons and to make such payments as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of such contracts or arrangements; and

(6) to award grants for eligible projects, in accordance with section 5106.

(c) **LIMITATION OF PUBLIC LIABILITY.**—The United States shall not be liable for any debts, defaults, acts, or omissions of the Foundation. The Federal Government shall be held harmless from any damages or awards ordered by a court against the Foundation.

SEC. 5105. SAFEGUARDS AND ACCOUNTABILITY.

(a) **SAFEGUARDS.**—The Foundation shall develop, and incorporate into any agreement for support provided by the Foundation, appro-

priate safeguards, policies, and guidelines, consistent with United States law and best practices and standards for environmental and social safeguards.

(b) **INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTABILITY MECHANISM.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary, or the Secretary’s designee, shall establish a transparent and independent accountability mechanism, consistent with best practices, which shall provide—

(A) a compliance review function that assesses whether Foundation-supported projects adhere to the requirements developed pursuant to subsection (a);

(B) a dispute resolution function for resolving and remedying concerns between complainants and project implementers regarding the impacts of specific Foundation-supported projects with respect to such standards; and

(C) an advisory function that reports to the Board on projects, policies, and practices.

(2) **DUTIES.**—The accountability mechanism shall—

(A) report annually to the Board and the appropriate congressional committees regarding the Foundation’s compliance with best practices and standards in accordance with paragraph (1)(A) and the nature and resolution of any complaint;

(B)(i) have permanent staff, led by an independent accountability official, to conduct compliance reviews and dispute resolutions and perform advisory functions; and

(ii) maintain a roster of experts to serve such roles, to the extent needed; and

(C) hold a public comment period lasting not fewer than 60 days regarding the initial design of the accountability mechanism.

(c) **INTERNAL ACCOUNTABILITY.**—The Foundation shall establish an ombudsman position at a senior level of executive staff as a confidential, neutral source of information and assistance to anyone affected by the activities of the Foundation.

(d) **ANNUAL REVIEW.**—The Secretary shall, periodically, but not less frequent than annually, review assistance provided by the Foundation for the purpose of implementing section 5102(b) to ensure consistency with the provisions under section 620M of Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2378d).

SEC. 5106. PROJECTS AND GRANTS.

(a) **PROJECT FUNDING REQUIREMENTS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Foundation shall—

(A) provide grants to support eligible projects described in paragraph (3) that advance its mission to enable effective management of primarily protected and conserved areas and their contiguous buffer zones in eligible countries;

(B) advance effective landscape or seascape approaches to conservation that include buffer zones, wildlife dispersal and corridor areas, and other effective area-based conservation measures; and

(C) not purchase, own, or lease land, including conservation easements, in eligible countries.

(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—Eligible entities shall include—

(A) not-for-profit organizations with demonstrated expertise in protected and conserved area management and economic development;

(B) governments of eligible partner countries, as determined by subsection (b), with the exception of governments and government entities that are prohibited from receiving grants from the Foundation pursuant to section 5107; and

(C) Indigenous and local communities in such eligible countries.

(3) ELIGIBLE PROJECTS.—Eligible projects shall include projects that—

(A) focus on supporting—

(i) transparent and effective long-term management of primarily protected or conserved areas and their contiguous buffer zones in countries described in subsection (b), including terrestrial, coastal, and marine protected or conserved areas, parks, community conservancies, Indigenous reserves, conservation easements, and biological reserves; and

(ii) other effective area-based conservation measures;

(B) are cost-matched at a ratio of not less than \$2 from sources other than the United States for every \$1 made available under this subtitle;

(C) are subject to long-term binding memoranda of understanding with the governments of eligible countries and local communities—

(i) to ensure that local populations have access, resource management responsibilities, and the ability to pursue permissible, sustainable economic activity on affected lands; and

(ii) that may be signed by governments in such eligible countries to ensure free, prior, and informed consent of affected communities;

(D) incorporate a set of key performance and impact indicators;

(E) demonstrate robust local community engagement, with the completion of appropriate environmental and social due diligence, including—

(i) free, prior, and informed consent of Indigenous Peoples and relevant local communities;

(ii) inclusive governance structures; and

(iii) effective grievance mechanisms;

(F) create economic opportunities for local communities, including through—

(i) equity and profit-sharing;

(ii) cooperative management of natural resources;

(iii) employment activities; and

(iv) other related economic growth activities;

(G) leverage stable baseline funding for the effective management of the primarily protected or conserved area project; and

(H) to the extent possible—

- (i) are viable and prepared for implementation; and
- (ii) demonstrate a plan to strengthen the capacity of, and transfer skills to, local institutions to manage the primarily protected or conserved area before or after grant funding is exhausted.

(b) ELIGIBLE COUNTRIES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to the Plan of Action required under section 5102(c), and before awarding any grants or entering into any project agreements for any fiscal year, the Board shall conduct a review to identify eligible countries in which the Foundation may fund projects. Such review shall consider countries that—

(A) are low-income, lower middle-income, or upper-middle-income economies (as defined by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the International Development Association);

(B) have—

- (i) a high degree of threatened or at-risk biological diversity; or
- (ii) species or ecosystems of significant importance, including threatened or endangered species or ecosystems at risk of degradation or destruction;

(C) have demonstrated a commitment to conservation through verifiable actions, such as protecting lands and waters through the gazettelement of national parks, community conservancies, marine reserves and protected areas, forest reserves, or other legally recognized forms of place-based conservation; and

(D) are not ineligible to receive United States foreign assistance pursuant to any other provision of law, including laws identified in section 5107.

(2) IDENTIFICATION OF ELIGIBLE COUNTRIES.—Not later than 5 days after the date on which the Board determines which countries are eligible to receive assistance under this title for a fiscal year, the Executive Director shall—

(A) submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees that includes—

(i) a list of all such eligible countries, as determined through the review process described in paragraph (1); and

(ii) a detailed justification for each such eligibility determination, including—

(I) an analysis of why the eligible country would be suitable for partnership;

(II) an evaluation of the eligible partner country's interest in and ability to participate meaningfully in proposed Foundation activities, including an evaluation of such eligible country's prospects to substantially benefit from Foundation assistance;

(III) an estimation of each such eligible partner country's commitment to conservation; and

(IV) an assessment of the capacity and willingness of the eligible country to enact or implement

reforms that might be necessary to maximize the impact and effectiveness of Foundation support; and

(B) publish the information contained in the report described in subparagraph (A) in the Federal Register.

(c) GRANTMAKING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In order to maximize program effectiveness, the Foundation shall—

(A) coordinate with other international public and private donors to the greatest extent practicable and appropriate;

(B) seek additional financial and nonfinancial contributions and commitments for its projects from governments in eligible countries;

(C) strive to generate a partnership mentality among all participants, including public and private funders, host governments, local protected areas authorities, and private and nongovernmental organization partners;

(D) prioritize investments in communities with low levels of economic development to the greatest extent practicable and appropriate; and

(E) consider the eligible partner country's planned and dedicated resources to the proposed project and the eligible entity's ability to successfully implement the project.

(2) GRANT CRITERIA.—Foundation grants—

(A) shall fund eligible projects that enhance the management of well-defined primarily protected or conserved areas and the systems of such conservation areas in eligible countries;

(B) should support adequate baseline funding for eligible projects in eligible countries to be sustained for not less than 10 years;

(C) should, during the grant period, demonstrate progress in achieving clearly defined key performance indicators (as defined in the grant agreement), which may include—

(i) the protection of biological diversity;

(ii) the protection of native flora and habitats, such as trees, forests, wetlands, grasslands, mangroves, coral reefs, and sea grass;

(iii) community-based economic growth indicators, such as improved land tenure, increases in beneficiaries participating in related economic growth activities, and sufficient income from conservation activities being directed to communities in project areas;

(iv) improved management of the primarily protected or conserved area covered by the project, as documented through the submission of strategic plans or annual reports to the Foundation; and

(v) the identification of additional revenue sources or sustainable financing mechanisms to meet the recurring costs of management of the primarily protected or conserved areas; and

(D) shall be terminated if the Board determines that the project is not—

- (i) meeting applicable requirements under this title;
- or
- (ii) making progress in achieving the key performance indicators defined in the grant agreement.

SEC. 5107. PROHIBITION OF SUPPORT FOR CERTAIN GOVERNMENTS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Foundation may not provide support for any government, or any entity owned or controlled by a government, if the Secretary has determined that such government—

(1) has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism, as determined under—

(A) section 1754(c)(1)(A)(i) of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (22 U.S.C. 4813(c)(1)(A)(i));

(B) section 620A(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371(a));

(C) section 40(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d)); or

(D) any other relevant provision of law;

(2) has been identified pursuant to section 116(a) or 502B(a)(2) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151n(a) and 2304(a)(2)) or any other relevant provision of law; or

(3) has failed the “control of corruption” indicator, as determined by the Millennium Challenge Corporation, within any of the preceding 3 years of the intended grant.

(b) **PROHIBITION OF SUPPORT FOR SANCTIONED PERSONS.**—The Foundation may not engage in any dealing prohibited under United States sanctions laws or regulations, including dealings with persons on the list of specially designated persons and blocked persons maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury, except to the extent otherwise authorized by the Secretary or by the Secretary of the Treasury.

(c) **PROHIBITION OF SUPPORT FOR ACTIVITIES SUBJECT TO SANCTIONS.**—The Foundation shall require any person receiving support to certify that such person, and any entity owned or controlled by such person, is in compliance with all United States sanctions laws and regulations.

SEC. 5108. ANNUAL REPORT.

Not later than 360 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter while the Foundation continues to operate, the Executive Director of the Foundation shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees that describes—

- (1) the goals of the Foundation;
- (2) the programs, projects, and activities supported by the Foundation;
- (3) private and governmental contributions to the Foundation; and
- (4) the standardized criteria utilized to determine the programs and activities supported by the Foundation, including baselines, targets, desired outcomes, measurable goals, and extent to which those goals are being achieved for each project.

SEC. 5109. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) **AUTHORIZATION.**—In addition to amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out international conservation and biodiversity programs under part I and chapter 4 of part II of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.), and subject to the limitations set forth in subsections (b) and (c), there is authorized to be appropriated to the Foundation to carry out the purposes of this title—

(1) \$1,000,000 for fiscal year 2025; and

(2) not more than \$100,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2026 through 2034.

(b) **COST MATCHING REQUIREMENT.**—Amounts appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) may only be made available to grantees to the extent the Foundation or such grantees secure funding for an eligible project from sources other than the United States Government in an amount that is not less than twice the amount received in grants for such project pursuant to section 5106.

(c) **ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.**—The administrative costs of the Foundation shall come from sources other than the United States Government.

(d) **PROHIBITION ON USE OF GRANT AMOUNTS FOR LOBBYING EXPENSES.**—Amounts provided as a grant by the Foundation pursuant to section 5106 may not be used for any activity intended to influence legislation pending before the Congress of the United States.

Subtitle B—Western Hemisphere Partnership Act

SEC. 5111. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the “Western Hemisphere Partnership Act”.

SEC. 5112. UNITED STATES POLICY IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE.

It is the policy of the United States to promote economic competitiveness, democratic governance, and security in the Western Hemisphere by—

(1) encouraging stronger economic relations, respect for property rights, the rule of law, and enforceable investment rules and labor and environmental standards;

(2) advancing the principles and practices expressed in the Charter of the Organization of American States, the American Declaration on the Rights and Duties of Man, and the Inter-American Democratic Charter; and

(3) enhancing the capacity and technical capabilities of democratic partner nation government institutions, including civilian law enforcement, the judiciary, attorneys general, and security forces.

SEC. 5113. PROMOTING SECURITY AND THE RULE OF LAW IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, should support the improvement of security conditions and the rule of law in the West-

ern Hemisphere through collaborative efforts with democratic partners that—

(1) enhance the institutional capacity and technical capabilities of defense and security institutions in democratic partner nations to conduct national or regional security missions, including through regular bilateral and multilateral engagements, foreign military sales and financing, international military education and training programs, expanding the National Guard State Partnership Programs, training on civil and political rights, and other means;

(2) provide technical assistance and material support (including, as appropriate, radars, vessels, and communications equipment) to relevant security forces to disrupt, degrade, and dismantle organizations involved in the illicit trafficking of narcotics and precursor chemicals, transnational criminal activities, illicit mining, and illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing, and other illicit activities, including in Haiti and countries included in the Caribbean Basin Security Initiative;

(3) enhance the institutional capacity, legitimacy, and technical capabilities of relevant civilian law enforcement, attorneys general, and judicial institutions to—

(A) strengthen the rule of law and transparent governance;

(B) combat corruption and kleptocracy in the region; and

(C) improve regional cooperation to disrupt, degrade, and dismantle transnational organized criminal networks and terrorist organizations, including through training, anticorruption initiatives, anti-money laundering programs, and strengthening cyber capabilities and resources;

(4) enhance port management and maritime security partnerships and airport management and aviation security partnerships to disrupt, degrade, and dismantle transnational criminal networks and facilitate the legitimate flow of people, goods, and services;

(5) strengthen cooperation to improve border security across the Western Hemisphere, dismantle human smuggling and trafficking networks, and increase cooperation to demonstrably strengthen migration management systems;

(6) counter the malign influence of state and non-state actors and disinformation campaigns;

(7) disrupt illicit domestic and transnational financial networks;

(8) foster mechanisms for cooperation on emergency preparedness and rapid recovery from natural disasters, including by—

(A) supporting regional preparedness, recovery, and emergency management centers to facilitate rapid response to survey and help maintain planning on regional disaster anticipated needs and possible resources;

(B) training disaster recovery officials on latest techniques and lessons learned from United States experiences;

(C) making available, preparing, and transferring on-hand nonlethal supplies, and providing training on the use

of such supplies, for humanitarian or health purposes to respond to unforeseen emergencies; and

(D) conducting medical support operations and medical humanitarian missions, such as hospital ship deployments and base-operating services, to the extent required by the operation;

(9) foster regional mechanisms for early warning and response to pandemics in the Western Hemisphere, including through—

(A) improved cooperation with and research by the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention through regional pandemic response centers;

(B) personnel exchanges for technology transfer and skills development; and

(C) surveying and mapping of health networks to build local health capacity;

(10) promote women's economic security and the meaningful participation of women across all political processes, including conflict prevention and conflict resolution and post-conflict relief and recovery efforts;

(11) promote the economic, social and political advancement of indigenous communities, afro-descendants, and other marginalized communities; and

(12) hold accountable actors that violate political and civil rights.

(b) LIMITATIONS ON USE OF TECHNOLOGIES.—Operational technologies transferred pursuant to subsection (a) to partner governments for intelligence, defense, or law enforcement purposes shall be used solely for the purposes for which the technology was intended. The United States shall take steps to ensure that the use of such operational technologies is consistent with United States law, including protections of freedom of expression, freedom of movement, and freedom of association.

(c) STRATEGY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a 5-year strategy to promote security and the rule of law in the Western Hemisphere in accordance to this section.

(2) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required under paragraph (1) shall include the following elements:

(A) A detailed assessment of the resources required to carry out such collaborative efforts.

(B) Annual benchmarks to track progress and obstacles in undertaking such collaborative efforts.

(C) A public diplomacy component to engage the people of the Western Hemisphere with the purpose of demonstrating that the security of their countries is enhanced to a greater extent through alignment with the United States and democratic values rather than with authori-

tarian countries such as the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, and the Islamic Republic of Iran.

(3) BRIEFING.—Not later than 1 year after submission of the strategy required under paragraph (1), and annually thereafter, the Secretary of State shall provide to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a briefing on the implementation of the strategy.

SEC. 5114. PROMOTING DIGITALIZATION AND CYBERSECURITY IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE.

The Secretary of State, in coordination with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, should promote digitalization and cybersecurity in the Western Hemisphere through collaborative efforts with democratic partners that—

(1) promote digital connectivity and facilitate e-commerce by expanding access to information and communications technology (ICT) supply chains that adhere to high-quality security and reliability standards, including—

(A) to open market access on a national treatment, non-discriminatory basis; and

(B) to strengthen the cybersecurity and cyber resilience of partner countries;

(2) advance the provision of digital government services (e-government) that, to the greatest extent possible, promote transparency, lower business costs, and expand citizens' access to public services and public information; and

(3) develop robust cybersecurity partnerships to—

(A) promote the inclusion of components and architectures in information and communications technology (ICT) supply chains from participants in initiatives that adhere to high-quality security and reliability standards;

(B) share best practices to mitigate cyber threats to critical infrastructure from ICT architectures from foreign countries of concern as defined in section 10612(a)(1) of the Research and Development, Competition, and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 19221(a)(1)), foreign entities of concern as defined in section 10612(a)(2) of the Research and Development, Competition, and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 19221(a)(2)), and by technology providers that supply equipment and services covered under section 2 of the Secure and Trusted Communications Networks Act of 2019 (47 U.S.C. 1601);

(C) effectively respond to cybersecurity threats, including state-sponsored threats; and

(D) to strengthen resilience against cyberattacks and cybercrime.

SEC. 5115. PROMOTING ECONOMIC AND COMMERCIAL PARTNERSHIPS IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE.

The Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, should support the improvement of economic conditions in the Western Hemisphere through collaborative efforts with democratic partners that—

(1) facilitate a more open, transparent, and competitive environment for United States businesses and promote robust and

comprehensive trade capacity-building and trade facilitation by—

- (A) reducing trade and nontariff barriers between the countries in the region, establishing a mechanism for pursuing Mutual Recognition Agreements and Formalized Regulatory Cooperation Agreements in priority sectors of the economy;
 - (B) building relationships and exchanges between relevant regulatory bodies in the United States and democratic partners in the Western Hemisphere to promote best practices and transparency in rulemaking, implementation, and enforcement, and provide training and assistance to help improve supply chain management in the Western Hemisphere;
 - (C) establishing regional fora for identifying, raising, and addressing supply chain management issues, including infrastructure needs and strengthening of investment rules and regulatory frameworks;
 - (D) establishing a dedicated program of trade missions and reverse trade missions to increase commercial contacts and ties between the United States and Western Hemisphere partner countries; and
 - (E) strengthening labor and environmental standards in the region;
- (2) establish frameworks or mechanisms to review and address the long-term financial sustainability and national security implications of foreign investments in strategic sectors or services;
 - (3) establish competitive and transparent infrastructure project selection and procurement processes that promote transparency, open competition, financial sustainability, and robust adherence to global standards and norms;
 - (4) advance robust and comprehensive energy production and integration, including through a more open, transparent, and competitive environment for United States companies competing in the Western Hemisphere; and
 - (5) explore opportunities to partner with the private sector and multilateral institutions, such as the World Bank and the Inter-American Development Bank, to promote universal access to reliable and affordable electricity in the Western Hemisphere.

SEC. 5116. PROMOTING TRANSPARENCY AND DEMOCRATIC GOVERNANCE IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE.

The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development and heads of other relevant Federal agencies, should support transparent, accountable, and democratic governance in the Western Hemisphere through collaborative efforts with democratic partners that—

- (1) strengthen the capacity of national electoral institutions to ensure free, fair, and transparent electoral processes, including through pre-election assessment missions, technical assistance, and independent local and international election monitoring and observation missions;

(2) enhance the capabilities of democratically elected national legislatures, parliamentary bodies, and autonomous regulatory institutions to conduct oversight;

(3) strengthen the capacity of subnational government institutions to govern in a transparent, accountable, and democratic manner, including through training and technical assistance;

(4) combat corruption at local and national levels, including through trainings, cooperation agreements, initiatives aimed at dismantling corrupt networks, and political support for bilateral or multilateral anticorruption mechanisms that strengthen attorneys general and prosecutors' offices;

(5) strengthen the capacity of civil society to conduct oversight of government institutions, build the capacity of independent professional journalism, facilitate substantive dialogue with government and the private sector to generate issue-based policies, and mobilize local resources to carry out such activities;

(6) promote the meaningful and significant participation of women in democratic processes, including in national and subnational government and civil society; and

(7) support the creation of procedures for the Organization of American States (OAS) to create an annual forum for democratically elected national legislatures from OAS member States to discuss issues of hemispheric importance, as expressed in section 4 of the Organization of American States Legislative Engagement Act of 2020 (Public Law 116–343).

SEC. 5117. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON PRIORITIZING NOMINATION AND CONFIRMATION OF QUALIFIED AMBASSADORS.

It is the sense of Congress that it is critically important that both the President and the Senate play their respective roles to nominate and confirm qualified ambassadors as quickly as possible.

SEC. 5118. WESTERN HEMISPHERE DEFINED.

In this subtitle, the term “Western Hemisphere” does not include Cuba, Nicaragua, or Venezuela.

SEC. 5119. REPORT ON EFFORTS TO CAPTURE AND DETAIN UNITED STATES CITIZENS AS HOSTAGES.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report on efforts by the Maduro regime of Venezuela to detain United States citizens and lawful permanent residents.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The report required by subsection (a) shall include, regarding the arrest, capture, detainment, and imprisonment of United States citizens and lawful permanent residents—

(1) the names, positions, and institutional affiliation of Venezuelan individuals, or those acting on their behalf, who have engaged in such activities;

(2) a description of any role played by transnational criminal organizations, and an identification of such organizations; and

(3) where relevant, an assessment of whether and how United States citizens and lawful permanent residents have been lured to Venezuela.

(c) FORM.—The report required under subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but shall include a classified annex, which shall include a list of the total number of United States citizens and lawful permanent residents detained or imprisoned in Venezuela as of the date on which the report is submitted.

Subtitle C—Other Matters

SEC. 5121. IMPROVING MULTILATERAL COOPERATION TO IMPROVE THE SECURITY OF TAIWAN.

(a) SHORT TITLES.—This section may be cited as the “Building Options for the Lasting Security of Taiwan through European Resolve Act” or the “BOLSTER Act”.

(b) CONSULTATIONS WITH EUROPEAN GOVERNMENTS REGARDING SANCTIONS AGAINST THE PRC UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES.—The head of the Office of Sanctions Coordination at the Department of State, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Foreign Assets Control at the Department of the Treasury, shall engage in regular consultations with the International Special Envoy for the Implementation of European Union Sanctions and appropriate government officials of European countries, including the United Kingdom, to develop coordinated plans and share information on independent plans to impose sanctions and other economic measures against the People’s Republic of China (PRC), as appropriate, if the PRC is found to be involved in—

- (1) overthrowing or dismantling the governing institutions in Taiwan;
- (2) occupying any territory controlled or administered by Taiwan as of the date of the enactment of this Act; or
- (3) taking significant action against Taiwan, including—
 - (A) creating a naval blockade or other quarantine of Taiwan;
 - (B) seizing the outer lying islands of Taiwan; or
 - (C) initiating a cyberattack that threatens civilian or military infrastructure in Taiwan.

(c) REPORT ON THE ECONOMIC IMPACTS OF PRC MILITARY ACTION AGAINST TAIWAN.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit a report to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives that contains an independent assessment of the expected economic impact of—

- (1) a 30-day blockade or quarantine of Taiwan by the People’s Liberation Army (PLA); and
- (2) a 180-day blockade or quarantine of Taiwan by the PLA.

(d) SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING CONSULTATIONS WITH THE EUROPEAN UNION AND EUROPEAN GOVERNMENTS REGARDING INCREASING POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC RELATIONS WITH TAIWAN.—It is the sense of Congress that—

- (1) the United States, Europe, and Taiwan are like-minded partners that—
 - (A) share common values, such as democracy, the rule of law and human rights; and
 - (B) enjoy a close trade and economic partnership;

(2) bolstering political, economic, and people-to-people relations with Taiwan would benefit the European Union, individual European countries, and the United States;

(3) the European Union can play an important role in helping Taiwan resist the economic coercion of the PRC by negotiating with Taiwan regarding new economic, commercial, and investment agreements;

(4) the United States and European countries should coordinate and increase diplomatic efforts to facilitate Taiwan's meaningful participation in international organizations;

(5) the United States and European countries should—

(A) publicly and repeatedly emphasize the differences between their respective “One China” policies and the PRC's “One China” principle;

(B) counter the PRC's propaganda and false narratives about United Nations General Assembly Resolution 2758 (XXVI), which claim the resolution recognizes PRC territorial claims to Taiwan;

(C) increase public statements of support for Taiwan's democracy and its meaningful participation in international organizations;

(D) facilitate unofficial diplomatic visits to and from Taiwan by high-ranking government officials and parliamentarians;

(E) establish parliamentary caucuses or groups that promote strong relations with Taiwan;

(F) strengthen subnational diplomacy, including cultural and trade-related visits to and from Taiwan by local government officials;

(G) strengthen coordination between United States and European business chambers, universities, think tanks, and other civil society groups with similar groups in Taiwan;

(H) promote direct flights to and from Taiwan;

(I) facilitate visits by civil society leaders to Taiwan; and

(J) increase economic engagement and trade relations;

and

(6) Taiwan's inclusion in the U.S.-EU Trade and Technology Council's Secure Supply Chain working group would bring valuable expertise and enhance transatlantic cooperation in the semiconductor sector.

(e) SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING CONSULTATIONS WITH EUROPEAN GOVERNMENTS ON SUPPORTING TAIWAN'S SELF-DEFENSE.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) preserving peace and security in the Taiwan Strait is a shared interest of the United States and Europe;

(2) European countries, particularly countries with experience combating Russian aggression and malign activities, can provide Taiwan with lessons learned from their “total defense” programs to mobilize the military and civilians in a time of crisis;

(3) the United States and Europe should increase coordination to strengthen Taiwan's cybersecurity, especially for critical infrastructure and network defense operations;

(4) the United States and Europe should work with Taiwan—

(A) to improve its energy resiliency;

(B) to strengthen its food security;

(C) to combat misinformation, disinformation, digital authoritarianism, offensive cyber operations, and foreign interference;

(D) to provide expertise on how to improve defense infrastructure;

(E) to encourage other nations to express support for Taiwan's security;

(F) to facilitate arms transfers or arms sales, particularly of weapons consistent with an asymmetric defense strategy;

(G) to facilitate transfers or sales of dual-use items and technology;

(H) to facilitate transfers or sales of critical nonmilitary supplies, such as food and medicine;

(I) to increase the military presence of such countries in the Indo-Pacific region; and

(J) to engage in joint training and military exercises that may be necessary for Taiwan to maintain credible defense, in accordance with the Taiwan Relations Act (22 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.);

(5) European naval powers, in coordination with the United States, should increase freedom of navigation transits through the Taiwan Strait; and

(6) European naval powers, the United States, and Taiwan should establish exchanges and partnerships among their coast guards to counter coercion by the PRC.

SEC. 5122. MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE CORPORATION CANDIDATE COUNTRY REFORM.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “Millennium Challenge Corporation Candidate Country Reform Act”.

(b) **MODIFICATIONS OF REQUIREMENTS TO BECOME A CANDIDATE COUNTRY.**—Section 606 of the Millennium Challenge Act of 2003 (22 U.S.C. 7705) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 606. CANDIDATE COUNTRIES.

“(a) **IN GENERAL.**—A country shall be a candidate country for purposes of eligibility to receive assistance under section 605 if—

“(1) the per capita income of the country in a fiscal year is equal to or less than the World Bank threshold for initiating the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development graduation process for the fiscal year; and

“(2) subject to subsection (b), the country is not ineligible to receive United States economic assistance under part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) by reason of the application of any provision of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 or any other provision of law.

“(b) **RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.**—For the purposes of determining whether a country is eligible, pursuant to subsection (a)(2), to receive assistance under section 605, the exercise by the President, the Secretary of State, or any other officer or employee of the

United States Government of any waiver or suspension of any provision of law referred to in subsection (a)(2), and notification to the appropriate congressional committees in accordance with such provision of law, shall be construed as satisfying the requirements under subsection (a).

“(c) DETERMINATION BY THE BOARD.—The Board shall determine whether a country is a candidate country for purposes of this section.”.

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) AMENDMENT TO REPORT IDENTIFYING CANDIDATE COUNTRIES.—Section 608(a)(1) of the Millennium Challenge Act of 2003 (22 U.S.C. 7707(a)(1)) is amended by striking “section 606(a)(1)(B)” and inserting “section 606(a)(2)”.

(2) AMENDMENT TO MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE COMPACT AUTHORITY.—Section 609(b)(2) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 7708(b)(2)) is amended—

(A) by amending the paragraph heading to read as follows: “COUNTRY CONTRIBUTIONS”; and

(B) by striking “with respect to a lower middle income country described in section 606(b),”.

(3) AMENDMENT TO AUTHORIZATION TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE FOR CANDIDATE COUNTRIES.—Section 616(b)(1) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 7715(b)(1)) is amended by striking “subsection (a) or (b) of section 606” and inserting “section 606(a)”.

(d) MODIFICATION TO FACTORS IN DETERMINING ELIGIBILITY.—Section 607(c)(2) of the Millennium Challenge Act of 2003 (22 U.S.C. 7706(c)(2)) is amended in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) by striking “consider” and inserting “prioritize need and impact by considering”.

(e) REPORTING ALIGNMENT.—Section 613(a) of the Millennium Challenge Act of 2003 (22 U.S.C. 7712(a)) is amended to read as follows:

“(a) REPORT.—Not later than the third Friday of December of each year, the Chief Executive Officer shall submit a report to Congress describing the assistance provided pursuant to section 605 during the most recently concluded fiscal year.”.

(f) REPORT ON EFFORTS TO UNDERMINE PROGRAMS OF THE MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE CORPORATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Executive Officer of the Millennium Challenge Corporation shall submit a report to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives that details any efforts targeted towards undermining Millennium Challenge Corporation programs, particularly efforts conducted by the People’s Republic of China.

(2) FORM.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in an unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 5123. EXTENSION OF SUNSET.

Section 7438 of the Caesar Syria Civilian Protection Act of 2019 (22 U.S.C. 8791 note) is amended by striking “the date that is 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act” and inserting “December 31, 2029”.

SEC. 5124. STRATEGY AND GRANT PROGRAM TO PROMOTE INTERNET FREEDOM IN IRAN.

(a) **STRATEGY.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of the this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall develop a strategy to support and enhance access to information by civil society in Iran.

(2) **ELEMENTS.**—The strategy required in subparagraph (A) shall include the following elements:

(A) An evaluation of the use of virtual private networks by civil society in Iran.

(B) An assessment of the level of internet access for Iranians who do not use virtual private networks, including levels of reliable connectivity, bandwidth, and coverage, as well as censorship, surveillance, and other limitations on internet access.

(C) A strategy to increase the accessibility of virtual private networks in Iran.

(D) An assessment of alternatives to virtual private networks that are capable of circumventing restrictions on open internet access imposed by the Government of Iran.

(E) An assessment of how companies providing Iranian civilians with technology and other tools to overcome technical and political obstacles are able to access the open internet.

(F) An assessment of the ability of the Government of Iran to cut off all access to the internet in Iran.

(G) A strategy to circumvent internet blackouts for Iranian civil society.

(3) **INITIAL UPDATE.**—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in consultation with the heads of other Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate an updated version of the strategy required in paragraph (1).

(4) **PERIODIC REVIEW AND UPDATES.**—The Secretary, in consultation with the heads of other Federal agencies, as appropriate, shall—

(A) not less frequently than twice each year, review the strategy required in paragraph (1); and

(B) if the results of such review indicate that modifications to such strategy are required to more effectively promote internet freedom and access to information for civil society in Iran, submit to the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate an updated version of such strategy.

(5) **FORM.**—Each strategy required to be submitted under this subsection shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(b) **GRANT PROGRAM AND CONTRACT AUTHORITY.**—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, in consultation with the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development and the President of the Open Technology Fund, as appropriate, may award grants and enter into contracts to private organizations to support and develop programs in Iran that promote or expand—

(A) an open, interoperable, reliable, and secure internet; and

(B) the online exercise of internationally recognized human rights and fundamental freedoms of civil society in Iran.

(2) PROGRAM GOALS.—The goal of each program developed with a grant funds awarded pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be to—

(A) support unrestricted access to the internet in Iran;

(B) increase the availability of internet freedom tools to overcome technical and political obstacles to internet access in Iran;

(C) increase the distribution of such technologies and tools throughout Iran;

(D) conduct research on repressive tactics that undermine internet freedom in Iran;

(E) ensure that information regarding digital safety is available to civil society in Iran; or

(F) engage private industry, including e-commerce firms and social networking companies, regarding the importance of preserving unrestricted internet access in Iran.

(3) GRANT AWARD REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall award grants authorized in paragraph (1) to recipients through an evidence-based process.

(4) SECURITY AUDITS.—The Secretary shall conduct a comprehensive security audit of each new technology developed using grant funds distributed pursuant to paragraph (1) to ensure that each such technology is secure and has not been compromised in a manner detrimental to—

(A) the interests of the United States; or

(B) an individual or organization benefitting from a program supported by such funding.

(5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated for the Open Technology Fund established under section 309A of the United States International Broadcasting Act of 1994 (22 U.S.C. 6208a) \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2025 and 2026 to carry out the grant program authorized under this subsection.

(B) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization in subparagraph (A) are authorized remain available until expended.

TITLE LII—JUDICIARY MATTERS

Subtitle A—Law Enforcement And Victim Support Act of 2024

Sec. 5201. Short title.

Sec. 5202. Project Safe Childhood Act.
 Sec. 5203. Administrative False Claims Act of 2023.

Subtitle B—Other Matters

Sec. 5211. Modernizing law enforcement notification.

Subtitle A—Law Enforcement And Victim Support Act of 2024

SEC. 5201. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the “Law Enforcement And Victim Support Act of 2024”.

SEC. 5202. PROJECT SAFE CHILDHOOD ACT.

Section 143 of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 (34 U.S.C. 20942) is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 143. PROJECT SAFE CHILDHOOD.

“(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE MATERIAL.—The term ‘child sexual abuse material’ has the meaning given the term ‘child pornography’ in section 2256 of title 18, United States Code.

“(2) CHILD SEXUAL EXPLOITATION OFFENSE.—The term ‘child sexual exploitation offense’ means—

“(A)(i) an offense involving a minor under section 1591 or chapter 117 of title 18, United States Code;

“(ii) an offense under subsection (a), (b), or (c) of section 2251 of title 18, United States Code;

“(iii) an offense under section 2251A or 2252A(g) of title 18, United States Code; or

“(iv) any attempt or conspiracy to commit an offense described in clause (i) or (ii); or

“(B) an offense involving a minor under a State or Tribal statute that is similar to a provision described in subparagraph (A).

“(3) CIRCLE OF TRUST OFFENDER.—The term ‘circle of trust offender’ means an offender who is related to, or in a position of trust, authority, or supervisory control with respect to, a child.

“(4) COMPUTER.—The term ‘computer’ has the meaning given the term in section 1030 of title 18, United States Code.

“(5) CONTACT SEXUAL OFFENSE.—The term ‘contact sexual offense’ means—

“(A) an offense involving a minor under chapter 109A of title 18, United States Code, or any attempt or conspiracy to commit such an offense; or

“(B) an offense involving a minor under a State or Tribal statute that is similar to a provision described in subparagraph (A).

“(6) DUAL OFFENDER.—The term ‘dual offender’ means—

“(A) a person who commits—

“(i) a technology-facilitated child sexual exploitation offense or an offense involving child sexual abuse material; and

“(ii) a contact sexual offense; and

“(B) without regard to whether the offenses described in clauses (i) and (ii) of subparagraph (A)—

“(i) are committed as part of the same course of conduct; or

“(ii) involve the same victim.

“(7) FACILITATOR.—The term ‘facilitator’ means an individual who facilitates the commission by another individual of—

“(A) a technology-facilitated child sexual exploitation offense or an offense involving child sexual abuse material; or

“(B) a contact sexual offense.

“(8) ICAC AFFILIATE PARTNER.—The term ‘ICAC affiliate partner’ means a law enforcement agency that has entered into a formal operating agreement with the ICAC Task Force Program.

“(9) ICAC TASK FORCE.—The term ‘ICAC task force’ means a task force that is part of the ICAC Task Force Program.

“(10) ICAC TASK FORCE PROGRAM.—The term ‘ICAC Task Force Program’ means the National Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force Program established under section 102 of the PROTECT Our Children Act of 2008 (34 U.S.C. 21112).

“(11) OFFENSE INVOLVING CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE MATERIAL.—The term ‘offense involving child sexual abuse material’ means—

“(A) an offense under section 2251(d), section 2252, or paragraphs (1) through (6) of section 2252A(a) of title 18, United States Code, or any attempt or conspiracy to commit such an offense; or

“(B) an offense under a State or Tribal statute that is similar to a provision described in subparagraph (A).

“(12) SERIOUS OFFENDER.—The term ‘serious offender’ means—

“(A) an offender who has committed a contact sexual offense or child sexual exploitation offense;

“(B) a dual offender, circle of trust offender, or facilitator; or

“(C) an offender with a prior conviction for a contact sexual offense, a child sexual exploitation offense, or an offense involving child sexual abuse material.

“(13) STATE.—The term ‘State’ means a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, and any commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States.

“(14) TECHNOLOGY-FACILITATED.—The term ‘technology-facilitated’, with respect to an offense, means an offense that is committed through the use of a computer, even if the use of a computer is not an element of the offense.

“(b) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Attorney General shall create and maintain a nationwide initiative to align Federal, State, and local entities to combat the growing epidemic of online child sexual exploitation and abuse, to be known as the ‘Project Safe Childhood program’, in accordance with this section.

“(c) BEST PRACTICES.—The Attorney General, in coordination with the Child Exploitation and Obscenity Section of the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice and the Office of Juvenile

Justice and Delinquency Prevention of the Department of Justice, and in consultation with training and technical assistance providers under the ICAC Task Force Program who are funded by the Attorney General and with appropriate nongovernmental organizations, shall—

“(1) develop best practices to adopt a balanced approach to the investigation of suspect leads involving contact sexual offenses, child sexual exploitation offenses, and offenses involving child sexual abuse material, and the prosecution of those offenses, prioritizing when feasible the identification of a child victim or a serious offender, which approach shall incorporate the use of—

“(A) proactively generated leads, including leads generated by current and emerging technology;

“(B) in-district investigative referrals; and

“(C) CyberTipline reports from the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children;

“(2) develop best practices to be used by each United States Attorney and ICAC task force to assess the likelihood that an individual could be a serious offender or that a child victim may be identified;

“(3) develop and implement a tracking and communication system for Federal, State, and local law enforcement agencies and prosecutor’s offices to report successful cases of victim identification and child rescue to the Department of Justice and the public; and

“(4) encourage the submission of all lawfully seized visual depictions to the Child Victim Identification Program of the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children.

“(d) IMPLEMENTATION.—Except as authorized under subsection (e), funds authorized under this section may only be used for the following 4 purposes:

“(1) Integrated Federal, State, and local efforts to investigate and prosecute contact sexual offenses, child sexual exploitation offenses, and offenses involving child sexual abuse material, including—

“(A) the partnership by each United States Attorney with each Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force within the district of such attorney;

“(B) training of Federal, State, and local law enforcement officers and prosecutors through—

“(i) programs facilitated by the ICAC Task Force Program;

“(ii) ICAC training programs supported by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention of the Department of Justice;

“(iii) programs facilitated by appropriate nongovernmental organizations with subject matter expertise, technical skill, or technological tools to assist in the identification of and response to serious offenders, contact sexual offenses, child sexual exploitation offenses, or offenses involving child sexual abuse material; and

“(iv) any other program that provides training—

“(I) on the investigation and identification of serious offenders or victims of contact sexual offenses, child sexual exploitation offenses, or offenses involving child sexual abuse material; or

“(II) that specifically addresses the use of existing and emerging technologies to commit or facilitate contact sexual offenses, child sexual exploitation offenses, or offenses involving child sexual abuse material;

“(C) the development by each United States Attorney of a district-specific strategic plan to coordinate with State and local law enforcement agencies and prosecutor’s offices, including ICAC task forces and their ICAC affiliate partners, on the investigation of suspect leads involving serious offenders, contact sexual offenses, child sexual exploitation offenses, and offenses involving child sexual abuse material, and the prosecution of those offenders and offenses, which plan—

“(i) shall include—

“(I) the use of the best practices developed under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (c);

“(II) the development of plans and protocols to target and rapidly investigate cases involving potential serious offenders or the identification and rescue of a victim of a contact sexual offense, a child sexual exploitation offense, or an offense involving child sexual abuse material;

“(III) the use of training and technical assistance programs to incorporate victim-centered, trauma-informed practices in cases involving victims of contact sexual offenses, child sexual exploitation offenses, and offenses involving child sexual abuse material, which may include the use of child protective services, children’s advocacy centers, victim support specialists, or other supportive services;

“(IV) the development of plans to track, report, and clearly communicate successful cases of victim identification and child rescue to the Department of Justice and the public;

“(V) an analysis of the investigative and forensic capacity of law enforcement agencies and prosecutor’s offices within the district, and goals for improving capacity and effectiveness;

“(VI) a written policy describing the criteria for referrals for prosecution from Federal, State, or local law enforcement agencies, particularly when the investigation may involve a potential serious offender or the identification or rescue of a child victim;

“(VII) plans and budgets for training of relevant personnel on contact sexual offenses, child sexual exploitation offenses, and offenses involving child sexual abuse material;

“(VIII) plans for coordination and cooperation with State, local, and Tribal law enforcement agencies and prosecutorial offices; and

“(IX) evidence-based programs that educate the public about and increase awareness of such offenses; and

“(ii) shall be developed in consultation, as appropriate, with—

“(I) the local ICAC task force;

“(II) the United States Marshals Service Sex Offender Targeting Center;

“(III) training and technical assistance providers under the ICAC Task Force Program who are funded by the Attorney General;

“(IV) nongovernmental organizations with subject matter expertise, technical skill, or technological tools to assist in the identification of and response to contact sexual offenses, child sexual exploitation offenses, or offenses involving child sexual abuse material;

“(V) any relevant component of Homeland Security Investigations;

“(VI) any relevant component of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

“(VII) the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention of the Department of Justice;

“(VIII) the Child Exploitation and Obscenity Section of the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice;

“(IX) the United States Postal Inspection Service;

“(X) the United States Secret Service; and

“(XI) each military criminal investigation organization of the Department of Defense; and

“(D) a quadrennial assessment by each United States Attorney of the investigations within the district of such attorney of contact sexual offenses, child sexual exploitation offenses, and offenses involving child sexual abuse material—

“(i) with consideration of—

“(I) the variety of sources for leads;

“(II) the proportion of work involving proactive or undercover law enforcement investigations;

“(III) the number of serious offenders identified and prosecuted; and

“(IV) the number of children identified or rescued; and

“(ii) information from which may be used by the United States Attorney, as appropriate, to revise the plan described in subparagraph (C).

“(2) Major case coordination by the Department of Justice (or other Federal agencies as appropriate), including specific cooperation, as appropriate, with—

“(A) the Child Exploitation and Obscenity Section of the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice;

“(B) any relevant component of Homeland Security Investigations;

“(C) any relevant component of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

“(D) the ICAC task forces and ICAC affiliate partners;

“(E) the United States Marshals Service, including the Sex Offender Targeting Center;

“(F) the United States Postal Inspection Service;

“(G) the United States Secret Service;

“(H) each Military Criminal Investigation Organization of the Department of Defense; and

“(I) any task forces established in connection with the Project Safe Childhood program set forth under subsection (b).

“(3) Increased Federal involvement in, and commitment to, the prevention and prosecution of technology-facilitated child sexual exploitation offenses or offenses involving child sexual abuse material by—

“(A) using technology to identify victims and serious offenders;

“(B) developing processes and tools to identify victims and offenders; and

“(C) taking measures to improve information sharing among Federal law enforcement agencies, including for the purposes of implementing the plans and protocols described in paragraph (1)(C)(i)(II) to identify and rescue—

“(i) victims of contact sexual offenses, child sexual exploitation offenses, and offenses involving child sexual abuse material; or

“(ii) victims of serious offenders.

“(4) The establishment, development, and implementation of a nationally coordinated ‘Safer Internet Day’ every year developed in collaboration with the Department of Education, national and local internet safety organizations, parent organizations, social media companies, and schools to provide—

“(A) national public awareness and evidence-based educational programs about the threats posed by circle of trust offenders and the threat of contact sexual offenses, child sexual exploitation offenses, or offenses involving child sexual abuse material, and the use of technology to facilitate those offenses;

“(B) information to parents and children about how to avoid or prevent technology-facilitated child sexual exploitation offenses; and

“(C) information about how to report possible technology-facilitated child sexual exploitation offenses or offenses involving child sexual abuse material through—

“(i) the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children;

“(ii) the ICAC Task Force Program; and

“(iii) any other program that—

“(I) raises national awareness about the threat of technology-facilitated child sexual exploitation offenses or offenses involving child sexual abuse material; and

“(II) provides information to parents and children seeking to report possible violations of technology-facilitated child sexual exploitation offenses or offenses involving child sexual abuse material.

“(e) EXPANSION OF PROJECT SAFE CHILDHOOD.—Notwithstanding subsection (d), funds authorized under this section may be also be used for the following purposes:

“(1) The addition of not less than 20 Assistant United States Attorneys at the Department of Justice, relative to the number of such positions as of the day before the date of enactment of the Law Enforcement and Victim Support Act of 2024, who shall be—

“(A) dedicated to the prosecution of cases in connection with the Project Safe Childhood program set forth under subsection (b); and

“(B) responsible for assisting and coordinating the plans and protocols of each district under subsection (d)(1)(C)(i)(II).

“(2) Such other additional and related purposes as the Attorney General determines appropriate.

“(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—For the purpose of carrying out this section, there are authorized to be appropriated—

“(A) for the activities described under paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subsection (d), \$28,550,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2028;

“(B) for the activities described under subsection (d)(4), \$4,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2028; and

“(C) for the activities described under subsection (e), \$29,100,000 for each of fiscal years 2023 through 2028.

“(2) SUPPLEMENT, NOT SUPPLANT.—Amounts made available to State and local agencies, programs, and services under this section shall supplement, and not supplant, other Federal, State, or local funds made available for those agencies, programs, and services.”.

SEC. 5203. ADMINISTRATIVE FALSE CLAIMS ACT OF 2023.

(a) CHANGE IN SHORT TITLE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle B of title VI of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1986 (Public Law 99–509; 100 Stat. 1934) is amended—

(A) in the subtitle heading, by striking “**Program Fraud Civil Remedies**” and inserting “**Administrative False Claims**”; and

(B) in section 6101 (31 U.S.C. 3801 note), by striking “Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986” and inserting “Administrative False Claims Act”.

(2) REFERENCES.—Any reference to the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986 in any provision of law, regulation, map, document, record, or other paper of the United States shall be deemed a reference to the Administrative False Claims Act.

(b) REVERSE FALSE CLAIMS.—Chapter 38 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in section 3801(a)(3), by amending subparagraph (C) to read as follows:

“(C) made to an authority which has the effect of concealing or improperly avoiding or decreasing an obligation to pay or transmit property, services, or money to the authority,”; and

(2) in section 3802(a)(3)—

(A) by striking “An assessment” and inserting “(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), an assessment”; and
(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(B) In the case of a claim described in section 3801(a)(3)(C), an assessment shall not be made under the second sentence of paragraph (1) in an amount that is more than double the value of the property, services, or money that was wrongfully withheld from the authority.”.

(c) INCREASING DOLLAR AMOUNT OF CLAIMS.—Section 3803(c) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “\$150,000” each place that term appears and inserting “\$1,000,000”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) ADJUSTMENT FOR INFLATION.—The maximum amount in paragraph (1) shall be adjusted for inflation in the same manner and to the same extent as civil monetary penalties under the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act (28 U.S.C. 2461 note).”.

(d) RECOVERY OF COSTS.—Section 3806(g)(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“(1)(A) Except as provided in paragraph (2)—

“(i) any amount collected under this chapter shall be credited first to reimburse the authority or other Federal entity that expended costs in support of the investigation or prosecution of the action, including any court or hearing costs; and

“(ii) amounts reimbursed under clause (i) shall—

“(I) be deposited in—

“(aa) the appropriations account of the authority or other Federal entity from which the costs described in subparagraph (A) were obligated;

“(bb) a similar appropriations account of the authority or other Federal entity; or

“(cc) if the authority or other Federal entity expended nonappropriated funds, another appropriate account; and

“(II) remain available until expended.

“(B) Any amount remaining after reimbursements described in subparagraph (A) shall be deposited as miscellaneous receipts in the Treasury of the United States.”.

(e) SEMIANNUAL REPORTING.—Section 405(c) of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in paragraph (4), by striking “and” at the end;

(2) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (6); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:

“(5) information relating to cases under chapter 38 of title 31, including—

“(A) the number of reports submitted by investigating officials to reviewing officials under section 3803(a)(1) of such title;

“(B) actions taken in response to reports described in subparagraph (A), which shall include statistical tables showing—

“(i) pending cases;

“(ii) resolved cases;

“(iii) the average length of time to resolve each case;

“(iv) the number of final agency decisions that were appealed to a district court of the United States or a higher court; and

“(v) if the total number of cases in a report is greater than 2—

“(I) the number of cases that were settled; and

“(II) the total penalty or assessment amount recovered in each case, including through a settlement or compromise; and

“(C) instances in which the reviewing official declined to proceed on a case reported by an investigating official; and”.

(f) INCREASING EFFICIENCY OF DOJ PROCESSING.—Section 3803(j) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by inserting “(1)” before “The reviewing”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) A reviewing official shall notify the Attorney General in writing not later than 30 days before entering into any agreement to compromise or settle allegations of liability under section 3802 and before the date on which the reviewing official is permitted to refer allegations of liability to a presiding officer under subsection (b).”.

(g) REVISION OF DEFINITION OF HEARING OFFICIALS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 38 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in section 3801(a)(7)—

(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking “or” at the end;

(ii) in subparagraph (B)(vii), by adding “or” at the end; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following:

“(C) a member of the board of contract appeals pursuant to section 7105 of title 41, if the authority does not employ an available presiding officer under subparagraph (A);”;

and

(B) in section 3803(d)(2)—

(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking “and” at the end;

(ii) in subparagraph (B)—

(I) by striking “the presiding” and inserting “(i) in the case of a referral to a presiding officer described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of section 3801(a)(7), the presiding”;

(II) in clause (i), as so designated, by striking the period at the end and inserting “; or”; and

(III) by adding at the end the following:

“(ii) in the case of a referral to a presiding officer described in subparagraph (C) of section 3801(a)(7)—

“(I) the reviewing official shall submit a copy of the notice required by under paragraph (1) and of the response of the person receiving such notice requesting a hearing—

“(aa) to the board of contract appeals that has jurisdiction over matters arising from the agency of the reviewing official pursuant to section 7105(e)(1) of title 41; or

“(bb) if the Chair of the board of contract appeals declines to accept the referral, to any other board of contract appeals; and

“(II) the reviewing official shall simultaneously mail, by registered or certified mail, or shall deliver, notice to the person alleged to be liable under section 3802 that the referral has been made to an agency board of contract appeals with an explanation as to where the person may obtain the relevant rules of procedure promulgated by the board; and”; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following:

“(C) in the case of a hearing conducted by a presiding officer described in subparagraph (C) of section 3801(a)(7)—

“(i) the presiding officer shall conduct the hearing according to the rules and procedures promulgated by the board of contract appeals; and

“(ii) the hearing shall not be subject to the provisions in subsection (g)(2), (h), or (i).”.

(2) AGENCY BOARDS.—Section 7105(e) of title 41, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by adding at the end the following:

“(E) ADMINISTRATIVE FALSE CLAIMS ACT.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—The boards described in subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) shall have jurisdiction to hear any case referred to a board of contract appeals under section 3803(d) of title 31.

“(ii) DECLINING REFERRAL.—If the Chair of a board described in subparagraph (B), (C), or (D) determines that accepting a case under clause (i) would prevent adequate consideration of other cases being handled by the board, the Chair may decline to accept the referral.”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting “or, in the event that a case is filed under chapter 38 of title 31, any relief that would be available to a litigant under that chapter” before the period at the end.

(3) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, each authority head, as defined in section 3801 of title 31, United States Code, and each board of contract appeals of a board described in subparagraph (B), (C), or (D) of section 7105(e) of title 41, United States Code, shall amend procedures regarding proceedings as necessary to implement the amendments made by this subsection.

(h) **REVISION OF LIMITATIONS.**—Section 3808 of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:

“(a) A notice to the person alleged to be liable with respect to a claim or statement shall be mailed or delivered in accordance with section 3803(d)(1) not later than the later of—

“(1) 6 years after the date on which the violation of section 3802 is committed; or

“(2) 3 years after the date on which facts material to the action are known or reasonably should have been known by the authority head, but in no event more than 10 years after the date on which the violation is committed.”

(i) **DEFINITIONS.**—Section 3801 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (8), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in paragraph (9), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(10) ‘material’ has the meaning given the term in section 3729(b) of this title; and

“(11) ‘obligation’ has the meaning given the term in section 3729(b) of this title.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(d) For purposes of subsection (a)(10), materiality shall be determined in the same manner as under section 3729 of this title.”

(j) **PROMULGATION OF REGULATIONS.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, each authority head, as defined in section 3801 of title 31, United States Code, shall—

(1) promulgate regulations and procedures to carry out this Act and the amendments made by this Act; and

(2) review and update existing regulations and procedures of the authority to ensure compliance with this Act and the amendments made by this Act.

Subtitle B—Other Matters

SEC. 5211. MODERNIZING LAW ENFORCEMENT NOTIFICATION.

(a) **VERIFIED ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATION DEFINED.**—Section 921(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(38) The term ‘verified electronic notification’, with respect to a communication to a chief law enforcement officer required under section 922(c)(2), means a digital communication—

“(A) sent to the electronic communication address that the chief law enforcement officer voluntarily designates for the purpose of receiving those communications; and

“(B) that includes a method for verifying—

“(i) the receipt of the communication; and

“(ii) the electronic communication address to which the communication is sent.”

(b) VERIFIED ELECTRONIC NOTIFICATION.—Section 922(c) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:

“(2) the transferor has—

“(A) prior to the shipment or delivery of the firearm, forwarded a copy of the sworn statement, together with a description of the firearm, in a form prescribed by the Attorney General, to the chief law enforcement officer of the transferee’s place of residence, by—

“(i) registered or certified mail (return receipt requested); or

“(ii) verified electronic notification; and

“(B)(i) with respect to a delivery method described in subparagraph (A)(i)—

“(I) received a return receipt evidencing delivery of the statement; or

“(II) had the statement returned due to the refusal of the named addressee to accept such letter in accordance with United States Post Office Department regulations; or

“(ii) with respect to a delivery method described in subparagraph (A)(ii), received a return receipt evidencing delivery of the statement; and”.

TITLE LIII—NATURAL RESOURCES MATTERS

Subtitle A—WILD Act

- Sec. 5301. Short title.
- Sec. 5302. Partners for Fish and Wildlife Act.
- Sec. 5303. African Elephant Conservation Act.
- Sec. 5304. Asian Elephant Conservation Act of 1997.
- Sec. 5305. Rhinoceros and Tiger Conservation Act of 1994.
- Sec. 5306. Great Ape Conservation Act of 2000.
- Sec. 5307. Marine Turtle Conservation Act of 2004.
- Sec. 5308. Reporting requirements.

Subtitle B—Other Matters

- Sec. 5311. Reauthorization of Upper Colorado and San Juan River Basins endangered fish and threatened fish recovery implementation programs.

Subtitle A—WILD Act

SEC. 5301. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the “Wildlife Innovation and Longevity Driver reauthorization Act” or the “WILD Act”.

SEC. 5302. PARTNERS FOR FISH AND WILDLIFE ACT.

Section 5 of the Partners for Fish and Wildlife Act (16 U.S.C. 3774) is amended by striking “2019 through 2023” and inserting “2025 through 2029”.

SEC. 5303. AFRICAN ELEPHANT CONSERVATION ACT.

(a) **PROVISION OF ASSISTANCE.**—Section 2101 of the African Elephant Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 4211) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(g) **MULTIYEAR GRANTS.**—

“(1) **AUTHORIZATION.**—The Secretary may award to a person who is otherwise eligible for a grant under this section a multiyear grant of up to 5 years to carry out a project that the person demonstrates is an effective, long-term conservation strategy for African elephants and the habitat of African elephants.

“(2) **EFFECT.**—Nothing in this subsection precludes the Secretary from awarding a grant on an annual basis.”.

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—Section 2306(a) of the African Elephant Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 4245(a)) is amended by striking “2019 through 2023” and inserting “2025 through 2029”.

SEC. 5304. ASIAN ELEPHANT CONSERVATION ACT OF 1997.

(a) **ASIAN ELEPHANT CONSERVATION ASSISTANCE.**—Section 5 of the Asian Elephant Conservation Act of 1997 (16 U.S.C. 4264) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(i) **MULTIYEAR GRANTS.**—

“(1) **AUTHORIZATION.**—The Secretary may award to a person who is otherwise eligible for a grant under this section a multiyear grant of up to 5 years to carry out a project that the person demonstrates is an effective, long-term conservation strategy for Asian elephants and the habitat of Asian elephants.

“(2) **EFFECT.**—Nothing in this subsection precludes the Secretary from awarding a grant on an annual basis.”.

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—Section 8(a) of the Asian Elephant Conservation Act of 1997 (16 U.S.C. 4266(a)) is amended by striking “2019 through 2023” and inserting “2025 through 2029”.

SEC. 5305. RHINOCEROS AND TIGER CONSERVATION ACT OF 1994.

(a) **RHINOCEROS AND TIGER CONSERVATION ASSISTANCE.**—Section 5 of the Rhinoceros and Tiger Conservation Act of 1994 (16 U.S.C. 5304) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(g) **MULTIYEAR GRANTS.**—

“(1) **AUTHORIZATION.**—The Secretary may award to a person who is otherwise eligible for a grant under this section a multiyear grant of up to 5 years to carry out a project that the person demonstrates is an effective, long-term conservation strategy for rhinoceroses or tigers and the habitat of rhinoceroses or tigers.

“(2) **EFFECT.**—Nothing in this subsection precludes the Secretary from awarding a grant on an annual basis.”.

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—Section 10(a) of the Rhinoceros and Tiger Conservation Act of 1994 (16 U.S.C. 5306(a)) is amended by striking “2019 through 2023” and inserting “2025 through 2029”.

SEC. 5306. GREAT APE CONSERVATION ACT OF 2000.

(a) **MULTIYEAR GRANTS.**—Section 4(j)(1) of the Great Ape Conservation Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 6303(j)(1)) is amended by inserting “of up to 5 years” after “multiyear grant”.

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—Section 6 of the Great Ape Conservation Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 6305) is amended by striking “2019 through 2023” and inserting “2025 through 2029”.

SEC. 5307. MARINE TURTLE CONSERVATION ACT OF 2004.

(a) **MULTIYEAR GRANTS.**—Section 4 of the Marine Turtle Conservation Act of 2004 (16 U.S.C. 6603) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(h) **MULTIYEAR GRANTS.**—

“(1) **AUTHORIZATION.**—The Secretary may award to a person who is otherwise eligible for a grant under this section a multiyear grant of up to 5 years to carry out a project that the person demonstrates is an effective, long-term conservation strategy for marine turtles, freshwater turtles, or tortoises and the habitat of marine turtles, freshwater turtles, or tortoises.

“(2) **EFFECT.**—Nothing in this subsection precludes the Secretary from awarding a grant on an annual basis.”.

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—Section 7(a) of the Marine Turtle Conservation Act of 2004 (16 U.S.C. 6606(a)) is amended by striking “2019 through 2023” and inserting “2025 through 2029”.

SEC. 5308. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

(a) **REPORTS TO CONGRESS.**—Annually, the Secretary of the Interior shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the implementation of—

(1) the African Elephant Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 4201 et seq.);

(2) the Asian Elephant Conservation Act of 1997 (16 U.S.C. 4261 et seq.);

(3) the Rhinoceros and Tiger Conservation Act of 1994 (16 U.S.C. 5301 et seq.);

(4) the Great Ape Conservation Act of 2000 (16 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.); and

(5) the Marine Turtle Conservation Act of 2004 (16 U.S.C. 6601 et seq.).

(b) **REQUIREMENTS.**—A report submitted under subsection (a) shall include—

(1) a list of all awards issued each year under the applicable Act;

(2) the total monetary amount issued to each award recipient;

(3) the name of each award recipient organization;

(4) the country where each award will be implemented; and

(5) a description of the projects to be completed and completed under each award.

Subtitle B—Other Matters

SEC. 5311. REAUTHORIZATION OF UPPER COLORADO AND SAN JUAN RIVER BASINS ENDANGERED FISH AND THREATENED FISH RECOVERY IMPLEMENTATION PROGRAMS.

(a) PURPOSE.—Section 1 of Public Law 106–392 (114 Stat. 1602) is amended by inserting “and threatened” after “endangered”.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—Section 2 of Public Law 106–392 (114 Stat. 1602; 116 Stat. 3113) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “to implement the Recovery Implementation Program for the Endangered Fish Species in the Upper Colorado River dated September 29, 1987, and extended by the Extension of the Cooperative Agreement dated December 6, 2001, and the 1992 Cooperative Agreement to implement the San Juan River Recovery Implementation Program dated October 21, 1992, and as they may be amended” and inserting “for the Recovery Implementation Program for Endangered Species in the Upper Colorado River Basin dated September 29, 1987, and the 1992 Cooperative Agreement for the San Juan River Basin Recovery Implementation Program dated October 21, 1992, as the agreements may be amended and extended”;

(2) in paragraph (6)—

(A) by inserting “or threatened” after “endangered”; and

(B) by striking “removal or translocation” and inserting “control”;

(3) in paragraph (7), by striking “long-term” each place it appears;

(4) in paragraph (8), in the second sentence, by striking “1988 Cooperative Agreement and the 1992 Cooperative Agreement” and inserting “Recovery Implementation Programs”;

(5) in paragraph (9)—

(A) by striking “leases and agreements” and inserting “acquisitions”;

(B) by inserting “or threatened” after “endangered”; and

(C) by inserting “, as approved under the Recovery Implementation Programs” after “nonnative fishes”; and

(6) in paragraph (10), by inserting “pursuant to the Recovery Implementation Program for Endangered Species in the Upper Colorado River Basin” after “Service”.

(c) AUTHORIZATION TO FUND RECOVERY PROGRAMS.—Section 3 of Public Law 106–392 (114 Stat. 1603; 116 Stat. 3113; 120 Stat. 290; 123 Stat 1310; 126 Stat. 2444; 133 Stat. 809; 136 Stat. 5572) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “(1) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary, \$88,000,000 to undertake capital projects to carry out the purposes of this Act. Such funds” and inserting the following:

“(1) AUTHORIZATION.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), there is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for use by the Bureau of Reclamation to undertake capital projects to

carry out the purposes of this Act \$50,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2024 through 2031.

“(B) ANNUAL ADJUSTMENT.—For each of fiscal years 2025 through 2031, the amount authorized to be appropriated under subparagraph (A) shall be annually adjusted to reflect widely available engineering cost indices applicable to relevant construction activities.

“(C) NONREIMBURSABLE FUNDS.—Amounts made available pursuant to subparagraph (A)”;

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking “Program for Endangered Fish Species in the Upper Colorado River Basin shall expire in fiscal year 2024” and inserting “Programs shall expire in fiscal year 2031”; and

(C) by striking paragraph (3);

(2) by striking subsections (b) and (c) and inserting the following:

“(b) NON-FEDERAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO CAPITAL PROJECTS.—The Secretary, acting through the Bureau of Reclamation, may accept contributed funds, interests in land and water, or other contributions from the Upper Division States, political subdivisions of the Upper Division States, or individuals, entities, or organizations within the Upper Division States, pursuant to agreements that provide for the contributions to be used for capital projects costs.”;

(3) by redesignating subsections (d) through (j) as subsections (c) through (i), respectively;

(4) in subsection (c) (as so redesignated)—

(A) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking “\$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2020 through 2024” and inserting “\$92,040,000 for the period of fiscal years 2024 through 2031”;

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) in the first sentence, by striking “\$4,000,000 per year” and inserting “\$61,100,000 for the period of fiscal years 2024 through 2031”;

(ii) in the second sentence—

(I) by inserting “Basin” after “San Juan River”; and

(II) by striking “\$2,000,000 per year” and inserting “\$30,940,000 for the period of fiscal years 2024 through 2031”; and

(iii) in the third sentence, by striking “in fiscal years commencing after the enactment of this Act” and inserting “for fiscal year 2024 and each fiscal year thereafter”; and

(C) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:

“(3) FEDERAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO ANNUAL BASE FUNDING.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—For each of fiscal years 2024 through 2031, the Secretary, acting through the Bureau of Reclamation, may accept funds from other Federal agencies, including power revenues collected pursuant to the Act of April 11, 1956 (commonly known as the “Colorado River Storage Project Act”) (43 U.S.C. 620 et seq.).

“(B) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Funds made available under subparagraph (A) shall be available for expenditure

by the Secretary, as determined by the contributing agency in consultation with the Secretary.

“(C) TREATMENT OF FUNDS.—Funds made available under subparagraph (A) shall be treated as nonreimbursable Federal expenditures.

“(D) TREATMENT OF POWER REVENUES.—Not more than \$499,000 in power revenues over the period of fiscal years 2024 through 2031 shall be accepted under subparagraph (A) and treated as having been repaid and returned to the general fund of the Treasury.

“(4) NON-FEDERAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO ANNUAL BASE FUNDING.—The Secretary, acting through the Bureau of Reclamation, may accept contributed funds from the Upper Division States, political subdivisions of the Upper Division States, or individuals, entities, or organizations within the Upper Division States, pursuant to agreements that provide for the contributions to be used for annual base funding.

“(5) REPLACEMENT POWER.—Contributions of funds made pursuant to this subsection shall not include the cost of replacement power purchased to offset modifications to the operation of the Colorado River Storage Project to benefit threatened or endangered fish species under the Recovery Implementation Programs.”;

(5) in subsection (f) (as so redesignated), in the first sentence, by inserting “or threatened” after “endangered”;

(6) in subsection (g) (as so redesignated), by striking “unless the time period for the respective Cooperative Agreement is extended to conform with this Act” and inserting “, as amended or extended”;

(7) in subsection (h) (as so redesignated), in the first sentence, by striking “Upper Colorado River Endangered Fish Recovery Program or the San Juan River Basin Recovery Implementation Program” and inserting “Recovery Implementation Programs”; and

(8) in subsection (i)(1) (as so redesignated)—

(A) by striking “2022” each place it appears and inserting “2030”;

(B) by striking “2024” each place it appears and inserting “2031”; and

(C) in subparagraph (C)(ii)(III), by striking “contributions by the States, power customers, Tribes, water users, and environmental organizations” and inserting “non-Federal contributions”.

TITLE LIV—TELECOMMUNICATIONS-RELATED MATTERS

Sec. 5401. Short title.

Sec. 5402. Definitions.

Sec. 5403. FCC auction of certain licenses.

Sec. 5404. Spectrum auction trust fund.

Sec. 5405. Increase in limitation on expenditure under secure and trusted communications networks reimbursement program.

SEC. 5401. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Spectrum and Secure Technology and Innovation Act of 2024”.

SEC. 5402. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) **COMMISSION.**—The term “Commission” means the Federal Communications Commission.

(2) **COVERED AUCTION.**—The term “covered auction” means a system of competitive bidding conducted under section 5403.

SEC. 5403. FCC AUCTION OF CERTAIN LICENSES.

(a) **FCC AUCTION OF CERTAIN LICENSES.**—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall initiate systems of competitive bidding under section 309(j) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 309(j)) to grant licenses for spectrum in the inventory of the Commission as of the date of enactment of this Act in the bands of frequencies referred to by the Commission as the “AWS–3 bands”, consistent with existing regulations to protect Federal Government operations.

(b) **COMPLETION OF AUCTIONS.**—The Commission shall complete the systems of competitive bidding described in subsection (a), including receiving payments, processing applications, and granting licenses, without regard to whether the authority of the Commission under paragraph (11) of section 309(j) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 309(j)) has expired.

SEC. 5404. SPECTRUM AUCTION TRUST FUND.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a fund to be known as the “Spectrum Auction Trust Fund” (referred to in this section as the “Fund”) for the purposes described in subsection (b).

(2) **AMOUNTS AVAILABLE UNTIL EXPENDED.**—Amounts deposited in the Fund shall remain available until expended.

(b) **DEPOSIT OF PROCEEDS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, except section 309(j)(8)(B) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 309(j)(8)(B)), the proceeds (including deposits and upfront payments from successful bidders) from any covered auction shall be deposited or available in accordance with this subsection.

(2) **TREASURY REIMBURSEMENT.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an aggregate total amount of \$3,300,000,000 of the proceeds of covered auctions shall be deposited in the Fund as follows:

(A) 50 percent of those amounts, but not more than \$3,080,000,000 cumulatively, shall be transferred to the general fund of the Treasury to reimburse the amount borrowed under subsection (c)(1).

(B) 50 percent of those amounts, but not more than \$220,000,000 cumulatively, shall be transferred to the general fund of the Treasury to reimburse the amount borrowed under subsection (d)(1).

(3) **DISTRIBUTION.**—If the maximum amount permitted under any subparagraph of paragraph (2) is reached, whether

through covered auction proceeds or appropriations to the program specified in that subparagraph, any remaining proceeds from the amount of proceeds of covered auctions described in that paragraph shall be deposited pro rata based on the original distribution to all subparagraphs of paragraph (2) for which the maximum amount permitted has not been met.

(4) EXTRA AMOUNTS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—After the amounts required to be made available by paragraphs (2) and (3) are so made available, any remaining amounts up to \$280,000,000 shall be made available to the Secretary of Commerce to carry out section 28 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3722a).

(B) LIMITATION.—The Secretary of Commerce may not use any funds made available under subparagraph (A) in a manner that may result in outlays on or after December 31, 2033.

(C) DEFICIT REDUCTION.—After the amounts required to be made available by subparagraph (A) are so made available, any remaining amounts shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury, where such amounts shall be dedicated for the sole purpose of deficit reduction.

(c) FCC BORROWING AUTHORITY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the limitation under paragraph (2), not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission may borrow from the Treasury of the United States an amount not to exceed \$3,080,000,000 to carry out the Secure and Trusted Communications Networks Act of 2019 (47 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.).

(2) LIMITATION.—The Commission may not use any funds borrowed under this subsection in a manner that may result in outlays on or after December 31, 2033.

(d) DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BORROWING AUTHORITY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the limitation under paragraph (2), not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce may borrow from the Treasury of the United States an amount not to exceed \$220,000,000 to carry out section 28 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3722a).

(2) LIMITATION.—The Secretary of Commerce may not use any funds borrowed under this subsection in a manner that may result in outlays on or after December 31, 2033.

(e) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter until funds are fully expended, the head of an agency that receives funds under subsection (b)(4)(A), (c)(1), or (d)(1) shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives a report on the uses of the amounts received by that agency head under the applicable subsection.

SEC. 5405. INCREASE IN LIMITATION ON EXPENDITURE UNDER SECURE AND TRUSTED COMMUNICATIONS NETWORKS REIMBURSEMENT PROGRAM.

Section 4(k) of the Secure and Trusted Communications Networks Act of 2019 (47 U.S.C. 1603(k)) is amended by striking “\$1,900,000,000” and inserting “\$4,980,000,000”.

TITLE LV—TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE MATTERS

Sec. 5501. GAO study and report on intentional disruption of the national airspace system.

Sec. 5502. Frank A. Lobiondo National Aerospace Safety and Security Campus.

SEC. 5501. GAO STUDY AND REPORT ON INTENTIONAL DISRUPTION OF THE NATIONAL AIRSPACE SYSTEM.

(a) **STUDY.**—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study on the vulnerability of the national airspace system to potential disruptive operations by any person, party, or entity (in this section referred to as “adversaries”) exploiting the electromagnetic spectrum and security vulnerabilities in the Aircraft Communications, Reporting and Addressing System and Controller Pilot Data Link Communications. Such study shall include an analysis of—

(1) the extent to which adversaries can engage in denial of service attacks and electromagnetic spectrum interference against—

(A) the national airspace system; and

(B) high-traffic international routes of economic and strategic importance to the United States;

(2) the Federal Government’s efforts, to date, to prevent and prepare for such denial of service attacks and spectrum disruptions;

(3) the feasibility of mitigating the vulnerabilities through cybersecurity and other upgrades to the Aircraft Communications, Reporting and Addressing System and Controller Pilot Data Link Communications;

(4) whether the Federal Aviation Administration is requiring sufficient cybersecurity and electromagnetic spectrum defenses to address denial of service attacks and other risks in new technologies it mandates be used on aircraft; and

(5) any other item determined appropriate by the Comptroller General.

(b) **REPORT.**—

(1) **TO CONGRESS.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives a report containing the results of the study conducted under subsection (a) together with recommendations for

such legislation and administrative action as the Comptroller General determines appropriate.

(B) UNCLASSIFIED FORM.—In preparing the report under subparagraph (A), the Comptroller General shall ensure that any classified information is only in an addendum to the report and not in the main body of the report.

(2) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The Comptroller General shall post the report submitted under paragraph (1) on the public internet website of the Government Accountability Office at the time of such submission but shall not include any classified addendum included with such report.

SEC. 5502. FRANK A. LOBIONDO NATIONAL AEROSPACE SAFETY AND SECURITY CAMPUS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The campus and grounds of the Federal Aviation Administration Technical Center located at the Atlantic City International Airport in Egg Harbor Township, New Jersey, shall be known and designated as the “Frank A. LoBiondo National Aerospace Safety and Security Campus”.

(b) REFERENCE.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the campus and grounds at the Federal Aviation Administration Technical Center referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the “Frank A. LoBiondo National Aerospace Safety and Security Campus”.

TITLE LVI—HOMELAND SECURITY-RELATED MATTERS

Subtitle A—Securing Adjacent Federal Property

Sec. 5601. Short title.

Sec. 5602. Definitions.

Sec. 5603. Government-wide study.

Subtitle B—Other Matters

Sec. 5611. Department of Homeland Security Northern Border Mission Center.

Sec. 5612. Comptroller General report on the Homeland Security Information Network.

Subtitle A—Securing Adjacent Federal Property

SEC. 5601. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the “Secure Adjacent Federal Property Act of 2023”.

SEC. 5602. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

(1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term “Administrator” means the Administrator of General Services.

(2) BENEFICIAL OWNER.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term “beneficial owner”, with respect to a covered entity, means each natural person who,

directly or indirectly, through any contract, arrangement, understanding, relationship, or otherwise—

(i) exercises substantial control over the covered entity; or

(ii) owns or controls not less than 25 percent of the ownership interests of, or receives substantial economic benefits from the assets of, the covered entity.

(B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term “beneficial owner”, with respect to a covered entity, does not include—

(i) a minor;

(ii) a person acting as a nominee, intermediary, custodian, or agent on behalf of another person;

(iii) a person acting solely as an employee of the covered entity and whose control over or economic benefits from the covered entity derives solely from the employment status of the person;

(iv) a person whose only interest in the covered entity is through a right of inheritance, unless the person also meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or

(v) a creditor of the covered entity, unless the creditor also meets the requirements of subparagraph (A).

(C) ANTI-ABUSE RULE.—The exclusions under subparagraph (B) shall not apply if, in the determination of the Administrator, an exclusion is used for the purpose of evading, circumventing, or abusing the requirements of this subtitle.

(3) CONTROL.—The term “control”, with respect to a covered entity, means—

(A) having the authority or ability to determine how the covered entity is utilized; or

(B) having some decisionmaking power for the use of the covered entity.

(4) COVERED ENTITY.—The term “covered entity” means—

(A) a person, corporation, company, business association, partnership, society, trust, or any other nongovernmental entity, organization, or group; or

(B) any governmental entity or instrumentality of a government.

(5) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term “Executive agency” has the meaning given the term in section 105 of title 5, United States Code.

(6) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term “Federal agency” means—

(A) an Executive agency; and

(B) any establishment in the legislative or judicial branch of the Federal Government.

(7) FEDERAL LESSEE.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term “Federal lessee” means—

(i) the Administrator;

(ii) the Architect of the Capitol; and

(iii) the head of any other Federal agency that has independent statutory leasing authority.

(B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term “Federal lessee” does not include—

- (i) the head of an element of the intelligence community; or
 - (ii) the Secretary of Defense.
- (8) FEDERAL TENANT.—
 - (A) IN GENERAL.—The term “Federal tenant” means a Federal agency that is occupying or will occupy a high-security leased space for which a lease agreement has been secured on behalf of the Federal agency.
 - (B) EXCLUSION.—The term “Federal tenant” does not include an element of the intelligence community.
- (9) FOREIGN ENTITY.—The term “foreign entity” means—
 - (A) a corporation, company, business association, partnership, society, trust, or any other nongovernmental entity, organization, or group that is headquartered in or organized under the laws of—
 - (i) a country that is not the United States; or
 - (ii) a State, unit of local government, or Indian Tribe that is not located within or a territory of the United States; or
 - (B) a government or governmental instrumentality that is not—
 - (i) the United States Government; or
 - (ii) a State, unit of local government, or Indian Tribe that is located within or a territory of the United States.
- (10) FOREIGN PERSON.—The term “foreign person” means an individual who is not a United States person.
- (11) HIGH-SECURITY LEASED ADJACENT SPACE.—The term “high-security leased adjacent space” means a building or office space that shares a boundary with or surrounds a high-security leased space.
- (12) HIGH-SECURITY LEASED SPACE.—The term “high-security leased space” means a space leased by a Federal lessee that—
 - (A) will be occupied by Federal employees for non-military activities; and
 - (B) has a facility security level of III, IV, or V, as determined by the Federal tenant in consultation with the Interagency Security Committee, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Administrator.
- (13) HIGHEST-LEVEL OWNER.—The term “highest-level owner” means an entity that owns or controls—
 - (A) an immediate owner of the offeror of a lease for a high-security leased adjacent space; or
 - (B) 1 or more entities that control an immediate owner of the offeror of a lease described in subparagraph (A).
- (14) IMMEDIATE OWNER.—The term “immediate owner” means an entity, other than the offeror of a lease for a high-security leased adjacent space, that has direct control of that offeror, including—
 - (A) ownership or interlocking management;
 - (B) identity of interests among family members;
 - (C) shared facilities and equipment; and
 - (D) the common use of employees.

(15) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The term “intelligence community” has the meaning given the term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).

(16) SUBSTANTIAL ECONOMIC BENEFITS.—The term “substantial economic benefits”, with respect to a natural person described in paragraph (2)(A)(ii), means having an entitlement to the funds or assets of a covered entity that, as a practical matter, enables the person, directly or indirectly, to control, manage, or direct the covered entity.

(17) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term “United States person” means an individual who—

(A) is a citizen of the United States; or

(B) is an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States.

SEC. 5603. GOVERNMENT-WIDE STUDY.

(a) COORDINATION STUDY.—The Administrator, in coordination with the Director of the Federal Protective Service, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, and any other relevant entities, as determined by the Administrator, shall carry out a Government-wide study examining options to assist agencies (as defined in section 551 of title 5, United States Code) to produce a security assessment process for high-security leased adjacent space before entering into a lease or novation agreement with a covered entity for the purposes of accommodating a Federal tenant located in a high-security leased space.

(b) CONTENTS.—The study required under subsection (a)—

(1) shall evaluate how to produce a security assessment process that includes a process for assessing the threat level of each occupancy of a high-security leased adjacent space, including through—

(A) site-visits;

(B) interviews; and

(C) any other relevant activities determined necessary by the Director of the Federal Protective Service; and

(2) may include a process for collecting and using information on each immediate owner, highest-level owner, or beneficial owner of a covered entity that seeks to enter into a lease with a Federal lessee for a high-security leased adjacent space, including—

(A) name;

(B) current residential or business street address; and

(C) an identifying number or document that verifies identity as a United States person, a foreign person, or a foreign entity.

(c) WORKING GROUP.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in coordination with the Director of Federal Protective Service, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, and any other relevant entities, as determined by the Administrator, shall establish a working group to assist in the carrying out of the study required under subsection (a).

(2) NO COMPENSATION.—A member of the working group established under paragraph (1) shall receive no compensation as a result of serving on the working group.

(3) SUNSET.—The working group established under paragraph (1) shall terminate on the date on which the report required under subsection (f) is submitted.

(d) PROTECTION OF INFORMATION.—The Administrator shall ensure that any information collected pursuant to the study required under subsection (a) shall not be made available to the public.

(e) LIMITATION.—Nothing in this section requires an entity located in the United States to provide information requested pursuant to the study required under subsection (a).

(f) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in coordination with the Director of Federal Protective Service, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, and any other relevant entities, as determined by the Administrator, shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report describing—

(1) the results of the study required under subsection (a); and

(2) how all applicable privacy laws and rights relating to the First and Fourth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States would be upheld and followed in—

(A) the security assessment process described in paragraph (1) of subsection (b); and

(B) the information collection process described in paragraph (2) of that subsection.

(g) LIMITATION.—Nothing in this section authorizes a Federal entity to mandate information gathering unless specifically authorized by law.

(h) PROHIBITION.—No information collected pursuant the security assessment process described in subsection (b)(1) may be used for law enforcement purposes.

(i) NO ADDITIONAL FUNDING.—No additional funds are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section.

Subtitle B—Other Matters

SEC. 5611. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY NORTHERN BORDER MISSION CENTER.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish the Department of Homeland Security Northern Border Mission Center.

(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Center shall be to serve as the Department's forward deployed centralized operations support center for domain awareness, information sharing, intelligence, training, and stakeholder engagement with Federal, State, tribal, local, and international government partners along the northern border of the United States.

(c) LOCATION.—The Center shall be placed along the northern border at a location that is collocated with an existing U.S. Border Patrol sector headquarters, an Air and Marine Operations branch,

and a United States Coast Guard air station, and other existing Department activities.

(d) COMPONENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Center shall collocate personnel and activities of—

- (A) U.S. Customs and Border Protection;
- (B) the United States Coast Guard;
- (C) U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement's Homeland Security Investigations; and

(D) other components and offices of the Department that the Secretary determines to be necessary, including to support the training, technology testing, and development described in subsection (e).

(2) ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL.—Additional Federal, State, tribal, local, and international government partners may be collocated as the Secretary determines to be necessary and appropriate to support the operations described in this section.

(e) FUNCTIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Center shall perform the functions described in this subsection in addition to any other functions assigned by the Secretary. In carrying out these functions, the Center shall support the Department's northern border security operations.

(2) NORTHERN BORDER STRATEGY.—The Center, in collaboration with relevant offices and components of the Department, shall—

(A) serve as a coordination mechanism for operational components for the implementation of the Department of Homeland Security Northern Border Strategy and any successor strategy and support appropriate offices of the Department in the evaluation and updating of the Department of Homeland Security Northern Border Strategy and any successor strategy; and

(B) support the development of best practices and policies for personnel at the northern border to support such implementation.

(3) TRAINING.—The Center shall serve as a training location to support the delivery of training or exercises for Department personnel and Federal, State, tribal, local, and international government partners.

(4) RESOURCE AND TECHNOLOGICAL NEEDS AND CHALLENGES.—The Center, in collaboration with relevant offices and components of the Department, shall—

(A) identify resource and technological needs or challenges affecting security along the northern border; and

(B) serve as a testing ground and demonstration location for the testing of border security technology, including determining such technology's suitability and performance in the northern border and maritime environments.

(5) AIR AND MARINE OPERATIONS.—

(A) QUICK REACTION CAPABILITIES.—In support of the Center, U.S. Customs and Border Protection's Air and Marine Operations shall establish and maintain capability that is collocated with the Center and available for quick

deployment in support of the northern border missions, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, and the Department, including missions in the Great Lakes region.

(B) NORTHERN BORDER DOMAIN AWARENESS.—In order to coordinate with the Center and support its operations, the Air and Marine Operations Center shall collocate personnel and resources with the Center to enhance the Department's capabilities to—

(i) support air and maritime domain awareness and information sharing efforts along the northern border;

(ii) provide dedicated monitoring of northern border systems; and

(iii) lead, in coordination with other U.S. Customs and Border Protection components, Federal, State, tribal, local, and international governments, and private sector partners, the Center's efforts to track and monitor legitimate cross-border traffic involving unmanned aircraft and unmanned aircraft systems.

(6) COUNTER-UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to policies established by the Secretary, consistent with section 210G of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 124n), the Center shall support counter-unmanned aircraft systems operations along the northern border to respond to the increased use of unmanned aircraft systems.

(B) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to provide additional authority related to detection, mitigation, research, development, or testing of unmanned aircraft systems or counter-unmanned aircraft systems.

(7) PRIVACY AND CIVIL RIGHTS.—The Center, in collaboration with the Chief Privacy Officer and the Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties of the Department, shall ensure that operations and practices of the Center comply with the privacy and civil rights policies of the Department and its components, and as necessary, ensure there are resources or personnel available to support the Center's mission onsite.

(8) NONCONTIGUOUS NORTHERN BORDER.—The Center, in collaboration with relevant offices and components of the Department, shall identify the specific challenges that exist along the noncontiguous international land border with Canada and the maritime border with Russia, including resource, technological challenges, and domain awareness.

(f) ANNUAL REPORTING.—Not later than 180 days after the establishment of the Center, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall submit a report, that may include a classified annex or a sensitive but unclassified annex, to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Rep-

representatives that describes the activities of the Center during the most recently concluded fiscal year, including—

- (1) personnel levels;
- (2) additional resources that are needed to support the operations of the Center and northern border operations of the Department; and
- (3) any additional assets or authorities that are needed to increase security and domain awareness along the northern border.

(g) TEMPORARY DUTY ASSIGNMENTS.—The Secretary shall submit a quarterly report to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives regarding temporary duty assignments of U.S. Border Patrol agents during the reporting period, including—

- (1) the number of agents on temporary duty assignment;
- (2) the duration of the temporary duty assignment;
- (3) the sectors from which the agents were assigned; and
- (4) the sectors to which the agents were assigned.

(h) REPORT ON LARGE UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS OPERATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit a report to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives on the Department's operation of large unmanned aircraft systems. The report shall include information on existing large unmanned aircraft systems, as well as recommendations on how to enable the operations of large unmanned aircraft systems based at the Center established pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

(i) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—

(1) AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH CENTER.—The Center established pursuant to subsection (a) shall be established separate and distinct from the Secretary's authorities under section 708 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 348).

(2) COMMANDANT AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect, impinge, or alter any authority of the Commandant of the Coast Guard under title 14 or title 46, United States Code, or limit the Commandant's discretion and ability to deploy Coast Guard assets and personnel.

(j) SUNSET.—This section shall cease to be effective beginning on October 1, 2027.

(k) NO ADDITIONAL FUNDS.—No additional funds are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of carrying out this section.

(l) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) CENTER.—The term “Center” means the Department of Homeland Security Northern Border Mission Center established pursuant to subsection (a).

(2) DEPARTMENT.—The term “Department” means the Department of Homeland Security.

(3) NORTHERN BORDER.—The term “northern border” means—

(A) the international border between the United States and Canada; and

(B) the maritime border between Alaska and the Russian Federation.

(4) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Homeland Security.

SEC. 5612. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT ON THE HOMELAND SECURITY INFORMATION NETWORK.

Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives a report that includes the following:

(1) An examination of how the Homeland Security Information Network is used to share information with the following:

(A) Federal, State, local, Tribal, and territorial law enforcement and governmental partners.

(B) Private sector partners and nonprofit partners from across a variety of sectors, communities, and geographic locations.

(2) A comparison of the use, by such law enforcement partners, on both desktops and mobile applications of the Homeland Security Information Network to the use of other tools, including JusticeConnect of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, which facilitate real-time exchanges of intelligence among such law enforcement partners.

(3) An assessment of the cost, effectiveness, and efficacy of the Homeland Security Information Network.

(4) An assessment of the current policies of the Homeland Security Information Network, and the efficacy of such policies in protecting the civil rights, civil liberties, and privacy of individuals.

(5) An analysis of any other information the Comptroller General determines appropriate.

TITLE LVII—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 5701. Treatment of payments from the railroad unemployment insurance account.

Sec. 5702. Extension of learning period for certain safety regulations relating to space flight participants.

Sec. 5703. Hello Girls Congressional Gold Medal.

Sec. 5704. Extension of competitive service status authority for employees of a Lead Inspector General for Overseas Contingency Operation.

Sec. 5705. Readmission requirements for servicemembers.

SEC. 5701. TREATMENT OF PAYMENTS FROM THE RAILROAD UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACCOUNT.

(a) AMENDMENTS.—Section 235 of the Continued Assistance to Rail Workers Act of 2020 (subchapter III of title II of division N of Public Law 116–260; 2 U.S.C. 906 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2); and

(B) by striking “subsection (a)—” and inserting “subsection (a) shall take effect 7 days after the date of enactment of the Continued Assistance to Rail Workers Act of 2020.”; and

(2) by striking subsection (c).

(b) **APPLICABILITY.**—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply as if enacted on the day before the date on which the national emergency concerning the novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) outbreak declared by the President on March 13, 2020, under the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) terminates.

(c) **OFFSET FROM TECHNOLOGY MODERNIZATION FUND.**—Of the unobligated balances of the amount made available under section 4011 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (135 Stat. 80), \$13,000,000 are rescinded.

SEC. 5702. EXTENSION OF LEARNING PERIOD FOR CERTAIN SAFETY REGULATIONS RELATING TO SPACE FLIGHT PARTICIPANTS.

Title 51, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in section 50905(c)(9), by striking “January 1, 2025” and inserting “January 1, 2028”;

(2) in section 50914—

(A) in subsection (a)(5), by striking “September 30, 2025” and inserting “September 30, 2028”; and

(B) in subsection (b)(1)(C), by striking “September 30, 2025” and inserting “September 30, 2028”; and

(3) in section 50915—

(A) in subsection (a)(3)(B), by striking “September 30, 2025” and inserting “September 30, 2028”; and

(B) in subsection (f), in the first sentence, by striking “September 30, 2025” and inserting “September 30, 2028”.

SEC. 5703. HELLO GIRLS CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—Congress finds the following:

(1) On April 6, 1917, the United States declared war against Germany. As a historically neutral nation, the United States was unprepared to fight a technologically modern conflict overseas. The United States called upon American Telephone and Telegraph (referred to in this section as “AT&T”) to provide equipment and trained personnel for the Army Signal Corps in France. AT&T executives in Army uniform served at home under the provisions of the Act entitled “An Act for making further and more effectual provision for the national defense, and for other purposes.”, approved June 3, 1916 (referred to in this section as the “National Defense Act of 1916”), which allowed for the induction of individuals with specialized skills into a reserve force.

(2) When General John Pershing sailed for Europe in May of 1917, as head of the American Expeditionary Forces (referred to in this section as the “AEF”), he took telephone operating equipment with him in recognition of the inadequacy of European circuitry and with the understanding that telephones would play a key role in battlefield communications for the first time in the history of war.

(3) From May to November of 1917, the AEF struggled to develop the telephone service necessary for the Army to function under battlefield conditions. Monolingual infantrymen from the United States were unable to connect calls rapidly or communicate effectively with their French counterparts to put calls through over toll lines that linked one region of the country with another. The Army found that the average male operator required 60 seconds to make a connection. That rate was unacceptably slow, especially for operational calls between command outposts and the front lines.

(4) During this time, in the United States, telephone operating was largely sex-segregated. Hired for their speed in connecting calls, women filled 85 percent of the telephone operating positions in the United States. It took the average female operator 10 seconds to make a connection.

(5) On November 8, 1917, General Pershing cabled the War Department and wrote, "On account of the great difficulty of obtaining properly qualified men, request organization and dispatch to France a force of women telephone operators all speaking French and English equally well." To begin, General Pershing requested 100 women under the command of a commissioned captain, writing that "All should have allowances of Army nurses and should be uniformed."

(6) The War Department sent press releases to newspapers across the United States to recruit women willing to serve for the duration of the war and face the hazards of submarine warfare and aerial bombardment. These articles emphasized that patriotic women would be "full-fledged soldier[s] under the articles of war" and would "do as much to help win the war as the men in khaki who go 'over the top.'" All women selected would take the Army oath.

(7) More than 7,600 women volunteered for the 100 positions described in paragraph (5) and the first recruits took the Army oath on January 15, 1918.

(8) Like nurses and doctors at the time, female Signal Corps members had relative rather than traditional ranks and were ranked as Operator, Supervisor, or Chief Operator. When promoted, the women were required to swear the Army oath again.

(9) Telephone operators were the first women to serve as soldiers in non-medical classifications and the job of the operators was to help win the war, not to mitigate the harms of the war. In popular parlance, they were known as the "Hello Girls".

(10) Signal Corps Operators wore Army uniforms and Army insignia always, as well as standard-issue identity disks in case of death, and were subject to court martial for infractions of the military code.

(11) Unbeknownst to the women operators and their immediate officers, the legal counsel of the Army ruled internally on March 20, 1918, that the women were not actually soldiers but contract employees, even though the women had not seen or signed any contracts. Military code allowed only for the induction of men and the code remained unchanged despite the orders of General Pershing. Nevertheless, legal counsel also rec-

ognized that the National Defense Act of 1916, which allowed for the induction of members of the telephone industry of the United States into the Armed Forces, imposed no gender restrictions.

(12) Four days later, on March 24, 1918, the first contingent of operators began their official duties in France. The operators arrived before most infantrymen of the Armed Forces in order to facilitate logistics and deployment and spent their first night in Paris under German bombardment.

(13) After the arrival of the operators, telephone service in France improved immediately, as calls tripled from 13,000 to 36,000 per day.

(14) The Army quickly recruited, trained, and deployed 5 additional contingents of female Signal Corps operators. With these personnel, calls increased to 150,000 per day.

(15) In addition to standard telephone operating, bilingual Signal Corps members provided simultaneous translation between officers from France and officers from the United States, who were communicating by telephone.

(16) The AEF fought their first major battles in the last 2 months of the war. By that point, the Signal Corps considered the contributions of women to be so essential that, in telephone exchanges closest to the front line, the Army exclusively used women, in rotating 12-hour shifts. In the rear, the Army established rotating 8-hour shifts and gave male soldiers the overnight shift when telephone traffic was slower.

(17) Seven bilingual operators—

(A) served at the Battles of St. Mihiel and Meuse-Argonne under the immediate command of General Pershing;

(B) staffed the Operations Boards through which orders to advance, fire, and retreat were delivered to soldiers in the trenches, to artillery units on alert, and to pilots awaiting orders at French airfields; and

(C) were awarded a "Defensive Sector Clasp" for the Meuse-Argonne operation.

(18) The Chief Operator supervising the Hello Girls, Grace Banker of Passaic, New Jersey, was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal. Out of 16,000 eligible Signal Corps officers, Banker was one of only 18 individuals so honored.

(19) Thirty additional operators received special commendations, many signed by General Pershing himself, for "exceptionally meritorious and conspicuous services" in "Advance Sections" of the conflict.

(20) The war ended on November 11, 1918. As of that date, 223 female operators served in France and had connected 26,000,000 calls for the AEF.

(21) The Chief Signal Officer of the Army Signal Corps wrote in his official report 2 days after the date on which the war ended that "a large part of the success of the communications of this Army is due to . . . a competent staff of women operators."

(22) After the war ended, some women were ordered to Coblenz in Germany for the occupation of that country and to Paris for the Paris Peace Treaty of 1919 to continue telephone

operations, sometimes in direct support of President Woodrow Wilson.

(23) Two operators, Corah Bartlett and Inez Crittenden, died in France in the service of the United States and were buried there in military cemeteries with military ceremonies. Those operators died of the same influenza pandemic that killed more soldiers of the Armed Forces than combat operations.

(24) Women of the Army Signal Corps were ineligible for discharge until formal release. Because of their role in logistics, those women were among the last soldiers to come home to the United States. The last Signal Corps operators returned from France in January of 1920.

(25) Upon arrival in the United States, the Army informed female veterans that they had performed as civilians, not soldiers, even though operators had served in Army uniform in a theater of war surrounded by men who were similarly engaged.

(26) Despite the objections of General George Squier, the top-ranking officer in the Signal Corps, the Army denied Signal Corps women the veterans' benefits granted to male soldiers and female nurses, such as—

- (A) hospitalization for disabilities incurred in the line of duty;
- (B) cash bonuses;
- (C) soldiers' pensions;
- (D) flags on their coffins; and
- (E) the Victory Medals promised them in France.

(27) For the next 60 years, female veterans, led by Merle Egan from Montana, petitioned Congress more than 50 times for their recognition. In 1977, under the sponsorship of Senator Barry Goldwater, Congress passed legislation to retroactively acknowledge the military service of the Women's Airforce Service Pilots (referred to in this section as "WASPs") of World War II and "the service of any person in any other similarly situated group the members of which rendered service to the Armed Forces of the United States in a capacity considered civilian employment or contractual service at the time such service was rendered".

(28) On November 23, 1977, President Jimmy Carter signed the legislation described in paragraph (27) into law as the GI Bill Improvement Act of 1977 (Public Law 95-202; 91 Stat. 1433).

(29) The Signal Corps telephone operators applied for, and were granted, status as veterans in 1979.

(30) Only 33 of the operators who had returned home after the war were still alive to receive their Victory Medals and official discharge papers, which were finally awarded in 1979.

(31) One of the women, Olive Shaw from Massachusetts, returned to the United States after the war, where she worked on the professional staff of Congresswoman Edith Nourse Rogers. Shaw lived to receive her honorable discharge and was the first burial when the Massachusetts National Cemetery opened on October 11, 1980. Shaw's uniform is on display at the National World War I Museum and Memorial in Kansas City, Missouri.

(32) Upon receipt of her honorable discharge at a ceremony in her home in Marine City, Michigan, “Hello Girl” Oleda Joure Christides raised the paper to her lips and kissed it. The only thing Christides ever wanted from the Federal Government was a flag on her coffin.

(33) On July 1, 2009, President Barack Obama signed into law Public Law 111–40 (123 Stat. 1958), which awarded the WASPs the Congressional Gold Medal for their service to the United States.

(34) For their role as pioneers who paved the way for all women in uniform, and for service that was essential to victory in World War I, the “Hello Girls” merit similar recognition.

(b) CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL.—

(1) AWARD AUTHORIZED.—The Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President pro tempore of the Senate shall make appropriate arrangements for the award, on behalf of Congress, of a single gold medal of appropriate design in honor of the female telephone operators of the Army Signal Corps (commonly known as the “Hello Girls”), in recognition of those operators—

- (A) pioneering military service;
- (B) devotion to duty; and
- (C) 60-year struggle for—
 - (i) recognition as soldiers; and
 - (ii) veterans’ benefits.

(2) DESIGN AND STRIKING.—For the purposes of the award described in paragraph (1), the Secretary of the Treasury (referred to in this Act as the “Secretary”) shall strike the gold medal with suitable emblems, devices, and inscriptions, to be determined by the Secretary.

(3) SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—After the award of the gold medal under paragraph (1), the medal shall be given to the Smithsonian Institution, where the medal shall be available for display, as appropriate, and made available for research.

(B) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Smithsonian Institution should make the gold medal received under subparagraph (A) available elsewhere, particularly at—

- (i) appropriate locations associated with—
 - (I) the Army Signal Corps;
 - (II) the Women in Military Service for America Memorial;
 - (III) the U.S. Army Women’s Museum; and
 - (IV) the National World War I Museum and Memorial; and
- (ii) any other location determined appropriate by the Smithsonian Institution.

(c) DUPLICATE MEDALS.—Under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary may strike and sell duplicates in bronze of the gold medal struck under subsection (b) at a price sufficient to cover the costs of the medals, including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses.

(d) NATIONAL MEDALS.—

(1) NATIONAL MEDALS.—Medals struck under this section are national medals for purposes of chapter 51 of title 31, United States Code.

(2) NUMISMATIC ITEMS.—For purposes of section 5134 of title 31, United States Code, all medals struck under this Act shall be considered to be numismatic items.

(e) AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS; PROCEEDS OF SALE.—

(1) AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS.—There is authorized to be charged against the United States Mint Public Enterprise Fund such amounts as may be necessary to pay for the costs of the medals struck under this Act.

(2) PROCEEDS OF SALE.—Amounts received from the sale of duplicate bronze medals authorized under subsection (c) shall be deposited into the United States Mint Public Enterprise Fund.

SEC. 5704. EXTENSION OF COMPETITIVE SERVICE STATUS AUTHORITY FOR EMPLOYEES OF A LEAD INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR OVERSEAS CONTINGENCY OPERATION.

Subparagraph (B) of section 419(d)(5) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking “5 years” and inserting “10 years”.

SEC. 5705. READMISSION REQUIREMENTS FOR SERVICEMEMBERS.

Subsection (a) of section 484C of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1091c(a)) is amended to read as follows:

“(a) DEFINITION OF SERVICE IN THE UNIFORMED SERVICES.—In this section, the term ‘service in the uniformed services’ means service (whether voluntary or involuntary) on active duty in the Armed Forces, including such service by a member of the National Guard or Reserve.”.

DIVISION F—INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025

SEC. 6001. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This division may be cited as the “Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025”.

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this division is as follows:

Sec. 6001. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 6002. Definitions.

Sec. 6003. Explanatory statement.

TITLE LXI—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

Sec. 6101. Authorization of appropriations.

Sec. 6102. Classified Schedule of Authorizations.

Sec. 6103. Intelligence Community Management Account.

Sec. 6104. Increase in employee compensation and benefits authorized by law.

Sec. 6105. Restriction on conduct of intelligence activities.

TITLE LXII—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM

Sec. 6201. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE LXIII—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY MATTERS

Subtitle A—Intelligence Community Generally

- Sec. 6301. Improvements relating to conflicts of interest in the Intelligence Innovation Board.
- Sec. 6302. National Threat Identification and Prioritization Assessment and National Counterintelligence Strategy.
- Sec. 6303. Prohibition on availability of funds for certain activities of the Overt Human Intelligence and Open Source Intelligence Collection Programs of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security.
- Sec. 6304. Improvements to advisory board of National Reconnaissance Office.
- Sec. 6305. National Intelligence University acceptance of grants.
- Sec. 6306. Expenditure of funds for certain intelligence and counterintelligence activities of the Coast Guard.
- Sec. 6307. Codification of the National Intelligence Management Council.
- Sec. 6308. Responsibilities and authorities of the Director of National Intelligence.
- Sec. 6309. Formalized counterintelligence training for Department of Energy personnel.

Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Central Intelligence Agency

- Sec. 6311. Requirements for the Special Victim Investigator.

Subtitle C—Reports and Other Matters

- Sec. 6321. Extension of requirement for annual report on strikes undertaken by the United States against terrorist targets outside areas of active hostilities.
- Sec. 6322. Budget transparency for open-source intelligence activities.
- Sec. 6323. Report on the mission effect of civilian harm.

TITLE LXIV—COUNTERING FOREIGN THREATS

Subtitle A—People's Republic of China

- Sec. 6401. Assessment of current status of biotechnology of People's Republic of China.
- Sec. 6402. Report on the economic outlook of China.
- Sec. 6403. Intelligence sharing with law enforcement agencies on synthetic opioid precursor chemicals originating in People's Republic of China.
- Sec. 6404. Report on efforts of the People's Republic of China to evade United States transparency and national security regulations.
- Sec. 6405. Assessment on recruitment of Mandarin speakers.

Subtitle B—The Russian Federation

- Sec. 6411. Report on Russian Federation sponsorship of acts of international terrorism.
- Sec. 6412. Assessment of likely course of war in Ukraine.
- Sec. 6413. Ukraine lessons learned working group.

Subtitle C—International Terrorism

- Sec. 6421. Assessment and report on the threat of ISIS-Khorasan to the United States.

Subtitle D—Other Foreign Threats

- Sec. 6431. Assessment of visa-free travel to and within Western Hemisphere by nationals of countries of concern.
- Sec. 6432. Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence review of visitors and assignees.
- Sec. 6433. Assessment of the lessons learned by the intelligence community with respect to the Israel-Hamas war.
- Sec. 6434. Central Intelligence Agency intelligence assessment on Tren de Aragua.
- Sec. 6435. Assessment of Maduro regime's economic and security relationships with state sponsors of terrorism and foreign terrorist organizations.
- Sec. 6436. Continued congressional oversight of Iranian expenditures supporting foreign military and terrorist activities.
- Sec. 6437. Analyses and impact statements regarding proposed investment into the United States.

TITLE LXV—EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES

- Sec. 6501. Intelligence strategy to counter foreign adversary efforts to utilize biotechnologies in ways that threaten United States national security.
- Sec. 6502. Improvements to the roles, missions, and objectives of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center.
- Sec. 6503. Enhancing capabilities to detect foreign adversary threats relating to biological data.
- Sec. 6504. Establishment of Artificial Intelligence Security Center.
- Sec. 6505. Sense of Congress encouraging intelligence community to increase private sector capital partnerships and partnership with Federal partners to secure enduring technological advantages.
- Sec. 6506. Enhancement of authority for intelligence community public-private talent exchanges.
- Sec. 6507. Sense of Congress on hostile foreign cyber actors.
- Sec. 6508. Deeming ransomware threats to critical infrastructure as national intelligence priority.
- Sec. 6509. Enhancing public-private sharing on manipulative adversary practices in critical mineral projects.

TITLE LXVI—SECURITY CLEARANCES AND INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY WORKFORCE IMPROVEMENTS

Subtitle A—Security Clearances and Controlled Access Program Improvements

- Sec. 6601. Security clearances held by certain former employees of intelligence community.
- Sec. 6602. Limitation on availability of funds for new controlled access programs.
- Sec. 6603. Limitation on transfers from controlled access programs.
- Sec. 6604. Data with respect to timeliness of polygraph examinations.

Subtitle B—Workforce Improvements

- Sec. 6611. Enabling intelligence community integration.
- Sec. 6612. Appointment of spouses of certain Federal employees.
- Sec. 6613. Plan for staffing the intelligence collection positions of the Central Intelligence Agency.
- Sec. 6614. Congressional notifications and summaries of misconduct regarding employees within the intelligence community.
- Sec. 6615. Modification to waiver for post-service employment restrictions.
- Sec. 6616. Intelligence community recruitment for certain security-cleared separating military members.
- Sec. 6617. Strategy to strengthen intelligence community recruitment efforts in the United States territories.
- Sec. 6618. Pilot program on establishing a geospatial workforce development program.

TITLE LXVII—WHISTLEBLOWERS

- Sec. 6701. Improvements to urgent concerns submitted to Inspectors General of the Intelligence Community.
- Sec. 6702. Protection for individuals making authorized disclosures to inspectors general of elements of the intelligence community.
- Sec. 6703. Clarification of authority of certain Inspectors General to receive protected disclosures.

TITLE LXVIII—UNIDENTIFIED ANOMALOUS PHENOMENA

- Sec. 6801. Comptroller General of the United States review of All-domain Anomaly Resolution Office.
- Sec. 6802. Sunset of requirements relating to audits of unidentified anomalous phenomena historical record report.

TITLE LXIX—OTHER MATTERS

- Sec. 6901. Modification and repeal of reporting requirements.
- Sec. 6902. Technical amendments.

SEC. 6002. DEFINITIONS.

In this division:

- (1) **CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES.**—The term “congressional intelligence committees” has the meaning given

such term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).

(2) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The term “intelligence community” has the meaning given such term in such section.

SEC. 6003. EXPLANATORY STATEMENT.

The explanatory statement regarding this division, printed in the House section of the Congressional Record by the Chairman of the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives and in the Senate section of the Congressional Record by the Chairman of the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate, shall have the same effect with respect to the implementation of this division as if it were a joint explanatory statement of a committee of conference.

TITLE LXI—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

SEC. 6101. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 for the conduct of the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the Federal Government.

SEC. 6102. CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS.

(a) SPECIFICATIONS OF AMOUNTS.—The amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 6101 for the conduct of the intelligence activities of the Federal Government are those specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations prepared to accompany this division.

(b) AVAILABILITY OF CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS.—

(1) AVAILABILITY.—The classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in subsection (a) shall be made available to the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, and to the President.

(2) DISTRIBUTION BY THE PRESIDENT.—Subject to paragraph (3), the President shall provide for suitable distribution of the classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in subsection (a), or of appropriate portions of such Schedule, within the executive branch of the Federal Government.

(3) LIMITS ON DISCLOSURE.—The President shall not publicly disclose the classified Schedule of Authorizations or any portion of such Schedule except—

(A) as provided in section 601(a) of the Implementing Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007 (50 U.S.C. 3306(a));

(B) to the extent necessary to implement the budget; or

(C) as otherwise required by law.

SEC. 6103. INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated for the Intelligence Community Management Account of the Director of National Intelligence for fiscal year 2025 the sum of \$666,173,000.

(b) **CLASSIFIED AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—In addition to amounts authorized to be appropriated for the Intelligence Community Management Account by subsection (a), there are authorized to be appropriated for the Intelligence Community Management Account for fiscal year 2025 such additional amounts as are specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in section 6102(a).

SEC. 6104. INCREASE IN EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS AUTHORIZED BY LAW.

Appropriations authorized by this division for salary, pay, retirement, and other benefits for Federal employees may be increased by such additional or supplemental amounts as may be necessary for increases in such compensation or benefits authorized by law.

SEC. 6105. RESTRICTION ON CONDUCT OF INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.

The authorization of appropriations by this division shall not be deemed to constitute authority for the conduct of any intelligence activity which is not otherwise authorized by the Constitution or the laws of the United States.

TITLE LXII—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM

SEC. 6201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated for the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability Fund \$514,000,000 for fiscal year 2025.

TITLE LXIII—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY MATTERS

Subtitle A—Intelligence Community Generally

SEC. 6301. IMPROVEMENTS RELATING TO CONFLICTS OF INTEREST IN THE INTELLIGENCE INNOVATION BOARD.

Section 7506(g) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)—

(A) in subparagraph (A), by inserting “active and” before “potential”;

(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking “the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community” and inserting “the designated agency ethics official”;

(C) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (D); and

(D) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following:

“(C) Authority for the designated agency ethics official to grant a waiver for a conflict of interest, except that—

“(i) no waiver may be granted for an active conflict of interest identified with respect to the Chair of the Board;

“(ii) every waiver for a potential conflict of interest requires review and approval by the Director of National Intelligence; and

“(iii) for every waiver granted, the designated agency ethics official shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees notice of the waiver.”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) DEFINITION OF DESIGNATED AGENCY ETHICS OFFICIAL.—In this subsection, the term ‘designated agency ethics official’ means the designated agency ethics official (as defined in section 13101 of title 5, United States Code) in the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.”.

SEC. 6302. NATIONAL THREAT IDENTIFICATION AND PRIORITIZATION ASSESSMENT AND NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE STRATEGY.

Section 904(f)(3) of the Counterintelligence Enhancement Act of 2002 (50 U.S.C. 3383(f)(3)) is amended by striking “National Counterintelligence Executive” and inserting “Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center”.

SEC. 6303. PROHIBITION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR CERTAIN ACTIVITIES OF THE OVERT HUMAN INTELLIGENCE AND OPEN SOURCE INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION PROGRAMS OF THE OFFICE OF INTELLIGENCE AND ANALYSIS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) COVERED ACTIVITY.—The term “covered activity” means—

(A) with respect to the Overt Human Intelligence Collection Program, an interview for intelligence collection purposes with any individual, including a United States person, who has been criminally charged, arraigned, or taken into the custody of a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, but whose guilt with respect to such criminal matters has not yet been adjudicated, unless the Office of Intelligence and Analysis has obtained the consent of the interviewee following consultation with counsel;

(B) with respect to either the Overt Human Intelligence Collection Program or the Open Source Intelligence Collection Program, any collection targeting journalists in the performance of their journalistic functions; and

(C) with respect to the Overt Human Intelligence Collection Program, an interview for intelligence collection purposes with a United States person where the Office of Intelligence and Analysis lacks a reasonable belief based on facts and circumstances that the United States person may possess significant foreign intelligence (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)).

(2) OVERT HUMAN INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION PROGRAM.—The term “Overt Human Intelligence Collection Program” means the program established by the Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Intelligence and Analysis pursuant to Policy In-

struction 907 of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis, issued on June 29, 2016, or any successor program.

(3) OPEN SOURCE INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION PROGRAM.—The term “Open Source Collection Intelligence Program” means the program established by the Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Intelligence and Analysis for the purpose of collecting intelligence and information for potential production and reporting in the form of Open Source Information Reports as reflected in Policy Instruction 900 of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis, issued on January 13, 2015, or any successor program.

(4) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term “United States person” means—

(A) a United States citizen;

(B) an alien known by the Office of Intelligence and Analysis to be a permanent resident alien;

(C) an unincorporated association substantially composed of United States citizens or permanent resident aliens; or

(D) a corporation incorporated in the United States, except for a corporation directed and controlled by a foreign government or governments.

(5) UNITED STATES PERSON INFORMATION (USPI).—The term “United States person information”—

(A) means information that is reasonably likely to identify 1 or more specific United States persons; and

(B) may be either a single item of information or information that, when combined with other available information, is reasonably likely to identify one or more specific United States persons.

(b) PROHIBITION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR COVERED ACTIVITIES OF OVERT HUMAN INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION PROGRAM AND OPEN SOURCE INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION PROGRAM.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this division may be made available to the Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security to conduct a covered activity.

(c) LIMITATION ON PERSONNEL.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this division may be used by the Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security to increase, above the staffing level in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division G of Public Law 118–31), the number of personnel assigned to the Open Source Intelligence Division who work exclusively or predominantly on domestic terrorism issues.

(d) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—

(1) EFFECT ON OTHER INTELLIGENCE OVERSIGHT.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting or superseding the authority of any official within the Department of Homeland Security to conduct legal, privacy, civil rights, or civil liberties oversight of the intelligence activities of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis.

(2) SHARING AND RECEIVING INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit, or to limit the authority of, personnel of the Office of Intelligence

and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security from sharing intelligence information with, or receiving information from—

- (A) foreign, State, local, Tribal, or territorial governments (or any agency or subdivision thereof);
- (B) the private sector; or
- (C) other elements of the Federal Government, including the components of the Department of Homeland Security.

SEC. 6304. IMPROVEMENTS TO ADVISORY BOARD OF NATIONAL RECONNAISSANCE OFFICE.

Section 106A(d) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3041a(d)) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (3)(A)—

- (A) in clause (i)—

- (i) by striking “five members appointed by the Director” and inserting “up to 8 members appointed by the Director”; and

- (ii) by inserting “, and who do not present any actual or potential conflict of interest” before the period at the end;

- (B) by redesignating clause (ii) as clause (iii); and

- (C) by inserting after clause (i) the following:

- “(ii) MEMBERSHIP STRUCTURE.—The Director shall ensure that no more than 2 concurrently serving members of the Board qualify for membership on the Board based predominantly on a single qualification set forth under clause (i).”;

- (2) by redesignating paragraphs (5) through (7) as paragraphs (6) through (8), respectively;

- (3) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:

- “(5) CHARTER.—The Director shall establish a charter for the Board that includes the following:

- “(A) Mandatory processes for identifying potential conflicts of interest, including the submission of initial and periodic financial disclosures by Board members.

- “(B) The vetting of potential conflicts of interest by the designated agency ethics official, except that no individual waiver may be granted for a conflict of interest identified with respect to the Chair of the Board.

- “(C) The establishment of a process and associated protections for any whistleblower alleging a violation of applicable conflict of interest law, Federal contracting law, or other provision of law.”; and

- (4) in paragraph (8), as redesignated by paragraph (2), by striking “September 30, 2024” and inserting “August 31, 2027”.

SEC. 6305. NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE UNIVERSITY ACCEPTANCE OF GRANTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of title X of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3227 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 1035. National Intelligence University acceptance of grants

“(a) **AUTHORITY.**—The Director of National Intelligence may authorize the President of the National Intelligence University to accept qualifying research grants.

“(b) **QUALIFYING GRANTS.**—A qualifying research grant under this section is a grant that is awarded on a competitive basis by an entity referred to in subsection (c) for a research project with a scientific, literary, or educational purpose.

“(c) **ENTITIES FROM WHICH GRANTS MAY BE ACCEPTED.**—A qualifying research grant may be accepted under this section only from a Federal agency or from a corporation, fund, foundation, educational institution, or similar entity that is organized and operated primarily for scientific, literary, or educational purposes.

“(d) **ADMINISTRATION OF GRANT FUNDS.**—

“(1) **ESTABLISHMENT OF ACCOUNT.**—The Director shall establish an account for administering funds received as qualifying research grants under this section.

“(2) **USE OF FUNDS.**—The President of the University shall use the funds in the account established pursuant to paragraph (1) in accordance with applicable provisions of the regulations and the terms and conditions of the grants received.

“(e) **RELATED EXPENSES.**—Subject to such limitations as may be provided in appropriations Acts, appropriations available for the National Intelligence University may be used to pay expenses incurred by the University in applying for, and otherwise pursuing, the award of qualifying research grants.

“(f) **REGULATIONS.**—The Director of National Intelligence shall prescribe regulations for the administration of this section.”.

(b) **CLERICAL AMENDMENT.**—The table of contents preceding section 2 of such Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1034 the following new item:

“Sec. 1035. National Intelligence University acceptance of grants.”.

SEC. 6306. EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR CERTAIN INTELLIGENCE AND COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES OF THE COAST GUARD.

The Commandant of the Coast Guard may use up to 1 percent of the amounts made available for the National Intelligence Program (as such term is defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)) for each fiscal year for intelligence and counterintelligence activities of the Coast Guard relating to objects of a confidential, extraordinary, or emergency nature, which amounts may be accounted for solely on the certification of the Commandant and each such certification shall be considered to be a sufficient voucher for the amount contained in the certification.

SEC. 6307. CODIFICATION OF THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE MANAGEMENT COUNCIL.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE MANAGEMENT COUNCIL.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 103L the following (and conforming the table of contents at the beginning of such Act accordingly):

“SEC. 103M. NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE MANAGEMENT COUNCIL.

“(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is within the Office of the Director of National Intelligence a National Intelligence Management Council.

“(b) COMPOSITION.—

“(1) The National Intelligence Management Council shall be composed of senior officials within the intelligence community and substantive experts from the public or private sector, who shall be appointed by, report to, and serve at the pleasure of, the Director of National Intelligence.

“(2) The Director shall prescribe appropriate security requirements for personnel appointed from the private sector as a condition of service on the National Intelligence Management Council, or as contractors of the Council or employees of such contractors, to ensure the protection of intelligence sources and methods while avoiding, wherever possible, unduly intrusive requirements which the Director considers to be unnecessary for this purpose.

“(c) DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—Members of the National Intelligence Management Council shall work with each other and with other elements of the intelligence community to ensure proper coordination and to minimize duplication of effort, in addition to the following duties and responsibilities:

“(1) Provide integrated mission input to support the processes and activities of the intelligence community, including with respect to intelligence planning, programming, budgeting, and evaluation processes.

“(2) Identify and pursue opportunities to integrate or coordinate collection and counterintelligence efforts.

“(3) In concert with the responsibilities of the National Intelligence Council, ensure the integration and coordination of analytic and collection efforts.

“(4) Develop and coordinate intelligence strategies in support of budget planning and programming activities.

“(5) Advise the Director of National Intelligence on the development of the National Intelligence Priorities Framework of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence (or any successor mechanism established for the prioritization of programs and activities).

“(6) In concert with the responsibilities of the National Intelligence Council, support the role of the Director of National Intelligence as principal advisor to the President on intelligence matters.

“(7) Inform the elements of the intelligence community of the activities and decisions related to missions assigned to the National Intelligence Management Council.

“(8) Maintain awareness, across various functions and disciplines, of the mission-related activities and budget planning of the intelligence community.

“(9) Evaluate, with respect to assigned mission objectives, requirements, and unmet requirements, the implementation of the budget of each element of the intelligence community.

“(10) Provide oversight on behalf of, and make recommendations to, the Director of National Intelligence on the extent to

which the activities, program recommendations, and budget proposals made by elements of the intelligence community sufficiently address mission objectives, intelligence gaps, and unmet requirements.

“(d) MISSION MANAGEMENT OF MEMBERS.—Members of the National Intelligence Management Council, under the direction of the Director of National Intelligence, shall serve as mission managers to ensure integration among the elements of the intelligence community and across intelligence functions, disciplines, and activities for the purpose of achieving unity of effort and effect, including through the following responsibilities:

- “(1) Planning and programming efforts.
- “(2) Budget and program execution oversight.
- “(3) Engagement with elements of the intelligence community and with policymakers in other agencies.
- “(4) Workforce competencies and training activities.
- “(5) Development of capability requirements.
- “(6) Development of governance fora, policies, and procedures.

“(e) STAFF; AVAILABILITY.—

“(1) STAFF.—The Director of National Intelligence shall make available to the National Intelligence Management Council such staff as may be necessary to assist the National Intelligence Management Council in carrying out the responsibilities described in this section.

“(2) AVAILABILITY.—Under the direction of the Director of National Intelligence, the National Intelligence Management Council shall make reasonable efforts to advise and consult with officers and employees of other departments or agencies, or components thereof, of the United States Government not otherwise associated with the intelligence community.

“(f) SUPPORT FROM ELEMENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The heads of the elements of the intelligence community shall provide appropriate support to the National Intelligence Management Council, including with respect to intelligence activities, as required by the Director of National Intelligence.”.

(2) OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—Section 103(c) of such Act (50 U.S.C. 3025) is amended—

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (5) through (14) as paragraphs (6) through (15), respectively; and

(B) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:

“(5) The National Intelligence Management Council.”.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS WITH RESPECT TO CHINA MISSION.—It is the sense of Congress that the Director of National Intelligence should create a role in the National Intelligence Management Council for a National Intelligence Manager dedicated to the People’s Republic of China.

(c) SENSE OF CONGRESS WITH RESPECT TO COUNTERNARCOTICS MISSION.—It is the sense of Congress that, consistent with section 7325 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (137 Stat. 1043), the Director of National Intelligence should create a role in the National Intelligence Management Council for a National Intelligence Manager dedicated to the counternarcotics mission of the United States.

SEC. 6308. RESPONSIBILITIES AND AUTHORITIES OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Section 102A(f)(10) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024(f)(10)) is amended by striking the period and inserting “, and upon receiving any such direction, the Director shall notify the congressional intelligence committees immediately in writing with a description of such other intelligence-related functions directed by the President.”.

SEC. 6309. FORMALIZED COUNTERINTELLIGENCE TRAINING FOR DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY PERSONNEL.

(a) TRAINING.—Section 215(d) of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7144b) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(3) The Director shall develop and implement—

“(A) a plan and cost assessment for delineated and standardized counterintelligence training for all personnel who interact with classified and sensitive military technology and dual-use commercial technology in the Department; and

“(B) a delineated and standardized training plan to train officers in the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence who have counterintelligence responsibilities on counterintelligence skills and practices.”.

(b) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence of the Department of Energy shall provide to the congressional intelligence committees a briefing on the plans developed under section 215(d)(3) of the Department of Energy Organization Act (as amended by subsection (a)), including with respect to—

- (1) the training content;
- (2) periodicity;
- (3) fulfillment rate;
- (4) internal controls; and
- (5) oversight.

Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Central Intelligence Agency

SEC. 6311. REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SPECIAL VICTIM INVESTIGATOR.

Section 32(a) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3533(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following: “No individual appointed as the Special Victim Investigator may, at the time of such appointment, be a current employee of the Central Intelligence Agency.”.

Subtitle C—Reports and Other Matters

SEC. 6321. EXTENSION OF REQUIREMENT FOR ANNUAL REPORT ON STRIKES UNDERTAKEN BY THE UNITED STATES AGAINST TERRORIST TARGETS OUTSIDE AREAS OF ACTIVE HOSTILITIES.

Section 1723 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 133 Stat. 1811) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking “until 2022” and inserting “until 2027”; and
- (2) in subsection (b)—
 - (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “The report” and inserting “Each report”; and
 - (B) in paragraph (1), by striking the semicolon and inserting “; and”; and
- (3) in subsection (d), by striking “The report” and inserting “Each report”.

SEC. 6322. BUDGET TRANSPARENCY FOR OPEN-SOURCE INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES.

(a) BUDGET SUMMARIES TO DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the head of each element of the intelligence community shall submit to the Director of National Intelligence a complete and comprehensive summary of all budget information with respect to the element’s open-source intelligence activities.

(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report compiling the information in the summaries submitted to the Director pursuant to subsection (a).

(c) OPEN-SOURCE INTELLIGENCE DEFINED.—In this section, the term “open-source intelligence” means intelligence derived exclusively from publicly or commercially available information that addresses specific intelligence priorities, requirements, or gaps.

SEC. 6323. REPORT ON THE MISSION EFFECT OF CIVILIAN HARM.

(a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—In this section, the term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

- (1) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (2) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Relations, and the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (3) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, acting through the National Intelligence Council and in coordination with the Secretary of Defense and the heads of the elements of the intelligence community determined appropriate by the Director, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report examining the extent to which civilian harm that occurs during counterterrorism operations informs analyses of the intelligence community on the mission success of campaigns to degrade, disrupt, or defeat foreign terrorist organizations.

(c) MATTERS.—The report under subsection (b) shall include the following:

- (1) The methodology of the intelligence community for measuring the effect of civilian harm.

(2) The extent to which analysts of the intelligence community apply such methodology when assessing the degree to which a terrorist group is degraded, disrupted, or defeated.

(3) A framework to enable analysts to assess, as objectively as possible, the effect that civilian harm has had on the mission of degrading, disrupting, or defeating a terrorist group, or an explanation of why such framework cannot be generated.

(4) A framework to enable analysts to assess, as objectively as possible, the effect that civilian harm has had on other United States foreign policy goals, programs, and activities in any country where counterterrorism operations take place.

(5) The extent to which dissenting opinions of analysts of the intelligence community are included or highlighted in final written products presented to senior policymakers of the United States.

(6) Recommendations to improve the quality of future intelligence community analyses by accounting for the effects of civilian harm on efforts to successfully degrade, disrupt, or defeat a foreign terrorist group.

(d) FORM.—The report under subsection (b) may be submitted in classified form, but if so submitted, the report shall include an unclassified summary of key findings that is consistent with the protection of intelligence sources and methods.

TITLE LXIV—COUNTERING FOREIGN THREATS

Subtitle A—People’s Republic of China

SEC. 6401. ASSESSMENT OF CURRENT STATUS OF BIOTECHNOLOGY OF PEOPLE’S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

(a) ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in consultation with such heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director of National Intelligence considers appropriate, conduct an assessment of the current status of the biotechnology capability of the People’s Republic of China, which shall include how the People’s Republic of China is supporting the biotechnology sector, such as foreign direct investment, subsidies, talent recruitment, or other efforts to gain superiority.

(b) REPORT.—

(1) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this subsection, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the congressional intelligence committees;

(B) the Committee on Finance, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(C) the Committee on Ways and Means, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Financial Services, the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Agriculture, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(2) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the Director of National Intelligence completes the assessment required by subsection (a), the Director shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the findings of the assessment.

(3) FORM.—The report submitted pursuant to paragraph (2) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 6402. REPORT ON THE ECONOMIC OUTLOOK OF CHINA.

(a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(1) the congressional intelligence committees;

(2) Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and the Committee on Finance of the Senate; and

(3) Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives.

(b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, acting through the National Intelligence Council and in coordination with the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury for Intelligence and Analysis and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the economic outlook of the People’s Republic of China, which shall include alternative analyses of the economic projections of the People’s Republic of China.

(c) ELEMENTS.—The report required under subsection (b) shall include the following:

(1) Assessments of the strengths and weaknesses of the economy of the People’s Republic of China, including the potential effects of debt, demographics, and China’s international relationships.

(2) Potential challenges for the People’s Republic of China to sustain economic growth and the potential for global effects as a result.

(3) The implications of the economic future of the People’s Republic of China on the country’s foreign and defense policy.

SEC. 6403. INTELLIGENCE SHARING WITH LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES ON SYNTHETIC OPIOID PRECURSOR CHEMICALS ORIGINATING IN PEOPLE’S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

(a) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—The Director of National Intelligence shall, in consultation with the Attorney General, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the heads of such other departments and agencies as the Director considers appropriate, develop a strategy to ensure robust intelligence sharing relating to the illicit trafficking and diversion of synthetic opioid chemicals, including precursor and pre-

precursor chemicals, from the People's Republic of China and other source countries.

(b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy developed pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) An assessment of existing intelligence sharing between the intelligence community, the Department of Justice, the Department of Homeland Security, any other relevant Federal agencies, including any mechanisms that allow appropriate Federal Government employees with and without security clearances to share and receive information and any gaps identified.

(2) A plan to ensure robust intelligence sharing, including by addressing gaps identified pursuant to paragraph (1) and identifying additional capabilities and resources needed;

(3) A detailed description of the measures used to ensure the protection of civil rights, civil liberties, and privacy rights in carrying out this strategy.

(c) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—

(1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this subsection, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the congressional intelligence committees;

(B) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Finance, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(C) the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Financial Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(2) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, with inputs from such other departments and agencies as the Director considers appropriate, provide the appropriate committees of Congress a briefing on the strategy under development pursuant to subsection (a).

SEC. 6404. REPORT ON EFFORTS OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA TO EVADE UNITED STATES TRANSPARENCY AND NATIONAL SECURITY REGULATIONS.

(a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(1) the congressional intelligence committees;

(2) the Committee on Finance, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(3) the Committee on Ways and Means, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Financial Services, the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(b) **REPORT REQUIRED.**—The Director of National Intelligence shall, in coordination with the heads of such elements of the intelligence community as the Director determines appropriate, submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on plans and intentions of the Government of the People’s Republic of China to evade the following:

(1) Identification under section 1260H of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 113 note).

(2) Restrictions or limitations imposed by any of the following:

(A) Section 805 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

(B) Section 889 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 41 U.S.C. 3901 note prec.).

(C) The list of specially designated nationals and blocked persons maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury (commonly known as the “SDN list”).

(D) The Entity List maintained by the Bureau of Industry and Security of the Department of Commerce and set forth in Supplement No. 4 to part 744 of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations.

(E) Commercial or dual-use export controls under the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4801 et seq.) and the Export Administration Regulations.

(F) Executive Order 14105 (88 Fed. Reg. 54867; relating to addressing United States investments in certain national security technologies and products in countries of concern), or successor order.

(G) Import restrictions on products made with forced labor implemented by U.S. Customs and Border Protection pursuant to Public Law 117–78 (22 U.S.C. 6901 note).

(c) **FORM.**—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form.

SEC. 6405. ASSESSMENT ON RECRUITMENT OF MANDARIN SPEAKERS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a comprehensive assessment on the recruitment and training of individuals who speak Mandarin Chinese for each element of the intelligence community.

(b) **APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.**—In this section, the term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(1) the congressional intelligence committees;

(2) the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(3) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

Subtitle B—The Russian Federation

SEC. 6411. REPORT ON RUSSIAN FEDERATION SPONSORSHIP OF ACTS OF INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

(1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(A) the congressional intelligence committees;

(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(C) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Financial Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(2) FOREIGN TERRORIST ORGANIZATION.—The term “foreign terrorist organization” means an organization that has been designated as a foreign terrorist organization by the Secretary of State, pursuant to section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189).

(3) SPECIALLY DESIGNATED GLOBAL TERRORIST ORGANIZATION.—The term “specially designated global terrorist organization” means an organization that has been designated as a specially designated global terrorist by the Secretary of State or the Secretary of the Treasury, pursuant to Executive Order 13224 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to blocking property and prohibiting transactions with persons who commit, threaten to commit, or support terrorism).

(4) STATE SPONSOR OF TERRORISM.—The term “state sponsor of terrorism” means a country the government of which the Secretary of State has determined has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism, for purposes of—

(A) section 1754(c)(1)(A)(i) of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4813(c)(1)(A)(i));

(B) section 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371); or

(C) section 40(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d)).

(b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Treasury, conduct and submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes the following:

(1) A summary of key instances in which the Russian Federation, or an official of the Russian Federation, has provided financial, material, technical, or lethal support to foreign terrorist organizations, specially designated global terrorist orga-

nizations (including the Russian Imperial Movement), state sponsors of terrorism, or for acts of international terrorism.

(2) A summary of key instances in which the Russian Federation, or an official of the Russian Federation, has willfully aided or abetted the international proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, their delivery systems, and related materials to foreign terrorist organizations, specially designated global terrorist organizations, or state sponsors of terrorism.

(3) An assessment of threats to the homeland based on the summaries provided pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2).

(c) FORM.—The report required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(d) BRIEFINGS.—Not later than 30 days after submittal of the report required by subsection (b), the Director of National Intelligence shall provide a classified briefing to the appropriate congressional committees on the findings of the report.

SEC. 6412. ASSESSMENT OF LIKELY COURSE OF WAR IN UKRAINE.

(a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(1) the congressional intelligence committees;

(2) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(3) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(b) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in collaboration with the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an assessment of the likely course of the war in Ukraine through December 31, 2025.

(c) ELEMENTS.—The assessment required by subsection (b) shall include an assessment of each of the following:

(1) The ability of the military of Ukraine to defend against Russian aggression if the United States continues or discontinues military and economic assistance to Ukraine and maintains or withdraws policy restrictions on the use of United States weapons during the period described in such subsection.

(2) The likely course of the war during such period based on the scenarios described in paragraph (1).

(3) The ability and willingness of other countries to continue or discontinue military and economic assistance to Ukraine based on the assessments required by paragraphs (1) and (2), including the ability of such countries to make up for any shortfall in United States assistance.

(4) The effects of a potential defeat of Ukraine by the Russian Federation on United States national security and foreign policy interests, including the potential for further aggression from the Russian Federation, the People’s Republic of China, the Islamic Republic of Iran, and the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea.

(d) **FORM.**—The assessment required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 6413. UKRAINE LESSONS LEARNED WORKING GROUP.

(a) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) **APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.**—The term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

- (A) the congressional intelligence committees; and
- (B) the congressional defense committees.

(2) **CONGRESSIONAL DEFENSE COMMITTEES.**—The term “congressional defense committees” has the meaning given that term in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code.

(3) **WORKING GROUP.**—The term “Working Group” means the working group described in subsection (b).

(b) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—The Director of National Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense shall jointly establish a working group to identify and share lessons that the United States intelligence community has learned from the Ukraine conflict.

(c) **MEMBERSHIP.**—The composition of the Working Group may include any officer or employee of a department or agency of the United States Government determined appropriate by the Director of National Intelligence or the Secretary of Defense.

(d) **CHAIR.**—The Working Group shall be jointly chaired by—

- (1) an officer or employee of the Department of Defense chosen by the Secretary of Defense; and
- (2) an officer or employee of an element of the intelligence community chosen by the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the head of the element concerned.

(e) **DUTIES.**—The sole duties of the Working Group shall be exclusively the following:

- (1) Identify tactical and operational intelligence lessons derived from the Ukraine conflict.
- (2) Develop a repeatable process for promulgating such lessons to elements of the Department of Defense responsible for the development of joint and service-specific doctrine, acquisitions decisions, and capability development.
- (3) Provide recommendations on intelligence collection priorities to support the elements of the Department of Defense described in paragraph (2) in implementing the lessons identified pursuant to paragraph (1).

(f) **MEETINGS.**—The Working Group shall meet not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(g) **TERMINATION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to paragraph (2), the Working Group shall terminate on the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) **EXTENSION.**—The Director of National Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense may extend the termination date under paragraph (1) to a date not later than 4 years after the date of the enactment of this Act if the Director of National Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense jointly—

- (A) determine that an extension is appropriate and agree to such extension; and

- (B) submit to the appropriate congressional committees a notification of the extension that includes a description of the justification for the extension.
- (h) CONGRESSIONAL BRIEFING AND SUMMARY.—
- (1) BRIEFING.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Working Group shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a briefing on the activities of the Working Group.
- (2) SUMMARY.—Not later than the date that is 30 days before the date on which the Working Group terminates pursuant to subsection (g), the Working Group shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a summary of Working Group activities and conclusions.

Subtitle C—International Terrorism

SEC. 6421. ASSESSMENT AND REPORT ON THE THREAT OF ISIS-KHORASAN TO THE UNITED STATES.

(a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

- (1) the congressional intelligence committees;
 - (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
 - (3) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with such elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers relevant, shall—
- (1) conduct an assessment of the threats to the United States and United States citizens posed by ISIS-Khorasan; and
 - (2) submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a written report on the findings of the assessment.
- (c) REPORT ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (b) shall include the following:
- (1) A description of the ideology, stated intentions, and capabilities of ISIS-Khorasan as related to the United States and the interests of the United States, including capabilities that threaten the homeland.
 - (2) A list of all terrorist attacks worldwide attributable to ISIS-Khorasan or for which ISIS-Khorasan claimed credit, beginning on January 1, 2015.
 - (3) The recruiting and training strategy of ISIS-Khorasan, including—
 - (A) the geographic regions in which ISIS-Khorasan is physically present;
 - (B) regions from which ISIS-Khorasan is recruiting; and

- (C) its ambitions for operationalizing recruited individuals worldwide and in the United States.
- (4) An assessment of any known travel of members of ISIS-Khorasan within the Western Hemisphere and specifically across any border of the United States.
- (d) FORM.—The report required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

Subtitle D—Other Foreign Threats

SEC. 6431. ASSESSMENT OF VISA-FREE TRAVEL TO AND WITHIN WESTERN HEMISPHERE BY NATIONALS OF COUNTRIES OF CONCERN.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

- (A) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (C) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(2) COUNTRIES OF CONCERN.—The term “countries of concern” means—

- (A) the Russian Federation;
- (B) the People’s Republic of China;
- (C) the Islamic Republic of Iran;
- (D) the Syrian Arab Republic;
- (E) the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea;
- (F) the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela; and
- (G) the Republic of Cuba.

(b) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a written assessment of the impacts to national security caused by travel without a visa to and within countries in the Western Hemisphere by nationals of countries of concern and nationals of any other country the Director determines it appropriate to consider.

(c) FORM.—The assessment required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 6432. OFFICE OF INTELLIGENCE AND COUNTERINTELLIGENCE REVIEW OF VISITORS AND ASSIGNEES.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

- (A) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (B) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee

on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(C) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(2) COUNTRY OF RISK.—The term “country of risk” means—

(A) the People’s Republic of China;

(B) the Russian Federation;

(C) the Islamic Republic of Iran; and

(D) the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea.

(3) COVERED ASSIGNEE; COVERED VISITOR.—The terms “covered assignee” and “covered visitor” mean a foreign national from a country of risk who—

(A) is not an employee of either the Department of Energy or the management and operations contractor operating a National Laboratory on behalf of the Department of Energy; and

(B) has requested access to the premises, information, or technology of a National Laboratory.

(4) DIRECTOR.—The term “Director” means the Director of the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence of the Department of Energy (or their designee).

(5) FOREIGN NATIONAL.—The term “foreign national” has the meaning given the term “alien” in section 101(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)).

(6) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—The term “National Laboratory” has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801).

(7) NONTRADITIONAL INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION.—The term “nontraditional intelligence collection” means a risk posed by an individual not employed by a foreign intelligence service, who is seeking access to information about a capability, research, or organizational dynamics of the United States to inform a foreign adversary or non-state actor.

(b) POLICY FOR REVIEW OF COVERED VISITOR AND COVERED ASSIGNEE ACCESS REQUESTS.—(1) The Director shall, in consultation with the applicable Under Secretary of the Department of Energy that oversees the National Laboratory, or their designee, promulgate a policy to assess the counterintelligence risk that covered visitors or covered assignees pose to the research or activities undertaken at a National Laboratory.

(2) Prior to being granted access to the premises, information, or technology of a National Laboratory, a covered visitor or covered assignee should be appropriately screened by the National Laboratory and the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence of the Department in accordance with the policy promulgated under paragraph (1).

(c) ADVICE WITH RESPECT TO COVERED VISITORS OR COVERED ASSIGNEES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall provide advice to a National Laboratory on covered visitors and covered assignees when 1 or more of the following conditions are present:

(A) The Director has reason to believe that a covered visitor or covered assignee poses a nontraditional intelligence collection risk.

(B) The Director is in receipt of information indicating that a covered visitor or covered assignee poses a counter-intelligence risk to a National Laboratory.

(2) **ADVICE DESCRIBED.**—Advice provided to a National Laboratory in accordance with paragraph (1) shall include a description of the assessed risk.

(3) **RISK MITIGATION.**—When appropriate, the Director shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, or the Secretary's designee, provide recommendations to mitigate the assessed risk as part of the advice provided in accordance with paragraph (1).

(d) **REPORTS TO CONGRESS.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and quarterly thereafter, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report, which shall include—

(1) the number of covered visitors or covered assignees permitted to access the premises, information, or technology of each National Laboratory during the previous quarter;

(2) the number of instances in which the Director provided advice to a National Laboratory in accordance with subsection (c) during the previous quarter; and

(3) the number of instances in which a National Laboratory took action inconsistent with advice provided by the Director in accordance with subsection (c) during the previous quarter.

(e) **FUNDING.**—The Secretary of Energy may expend such sums as are authorized to be appropriated for the purposes detailed in this section.

SEC. 6433. ASSESSMENT OF THE LESSONS LEARNED BY THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY WITH RESPECT TO THE ISRAEL-HAMAS WAR.

(a) **APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(1) the congressional intelligence committees;

(2) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(3) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(b) **ASSESSMENT SUBMITTED TO APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.**—

(1) **REQUIREMENT.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a written assessment of the lessons learned from the Israel-Hamas war.

(2) **ELEMENTS.**—The assessment required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) Lessons learned from advances in warfare, including the use by adversaries of a complex tunnel network.

(B) Lessons learned from attacks by adversaries against maritime shipping routes in the Red Sea.

(C) Lessons learned from the use by adversaries of rockets, missiles, and unmanned aerial systems, including attacks by Iran.

(D) Analysis of the impact of the Israel-Hamas war on the global security environment, including the war in Ukraine.

(3) FORM.—The assessment required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

(c) ASSESSMENT SUBMITTED TO THE CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES.—

(1) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a written assessment of the intelligence lessons learned from the Israel-Hamas war.

(2) ELEMENTS.—The assessment required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) Lessons learned from the timing and scope of the October 7, 2023 attack by Hamas against Israel, including lessons related to United States intelligence cooperation with Israel and other regional partners, both bilaterally and in facilitating regional intelligence sharing.

(B) An assessment of the state, strength, and limitations of intelligence relationships between Israel and regional partners, especially with respect to Hamas and Gaza.

(C) A review of any failures in national and regional intelligence analysis, collection, and sharing that occurred before the October 7, 2023 attack, and any lessons learned for future intelligence activities.

(3) FORM.—The assessment required by paragraph (1) may be submitted in classified form.

SEC. 6434. CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY INTELLIGENCE ASSESSMENT ON TREN DE ARAGUA.

(a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(1) the congressional intelligence committees;

(2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(3) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(b) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency,

in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an intelligence assessment on the transnational criminal organization known as “Tren de Aragua”.

(c) **ELEMENTS.**—The intelligence assessment required by subsection (b) shall include the following:

(1) A description of the key leaders, organizational structure, subgroups, and presence in countries in the Western Hemisphere of Tren de Aragua.

(2) A description of the illicit practices used by Tren de Aragua to generate revenue, including the sale of illicit drugs, kidnapping, and human trafficking, and an estimate of the annual revenue generated by those illicit practices.

(3) A description of the level at which Tren de Aragua receives support from the regime of Nicolás Maduro in Venezuela.

(4) A description of any known cooperation between Tren de Aragua and any other transnational criminal organizations in the Western Hemisphere.

(5) Any other information the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency considers relevant.

(d) **FORM.**—The intelligence assessment required by subsection (b) may be submitted in classified form.

SEC. 6435. ASSESSMENT OF MADURO REGIME'S ECONOMIC AND SECURITY RELATIONSHIPS WITH STATE SPONSORS OF TERRORISM AND FOREIGN TERRORIST ORGANIZATIONS.

(a) **DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.**—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(1) the congressional intelligence committees;

(2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(3) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Financial Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(b) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a written assessment of the economic and security relationships of the regime of Nicolás Maduro of Venezuela with foreign terrorist organizations and state sponsors of terrorism (as designated by the Department of State), including formal and informal support to and from such countries and organizations.

(c) **FORM.**—The assessment required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 6436. CONTINUED CONGRESSIONAL OVERSIGHT OF IRANIAN EXPENDITURES SUPPORTING FOREIGN MILITARY AND TERRORIST ACTIVITIES.

(a) **DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.**—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

- (1) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (3) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(b) **UPDATE REQUIRED.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an update to the report submitted under section 6705 of the Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (22 U.S.C. 9412) to reflect current occurrences, circumstances, and expenditures.

(c) **FORM.**—The update submitted pursuant to subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 6437. ANALYSES AND IMPACT STATEMENTS REGARDING PROPOSED INVESTMENT INTO THE UNITED STATES.

Section 102A(z) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024(z)) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (2)(A) by inserting “, including with respect to counterintelligence” before the semicolon; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:

“(3) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this subsection:

“(A) The term ‘a review or an investigation of any proposed investment into the United States for which the Director has prepared analytic materials’ includes a review, investigation, assessment, or analysis conducted by the Director pursuant to section 7 or 10(g) of Executive Order 13913 (85 Fed. Reg. 19643; relating to Establishing the Committee for the Assessment of Foreign Participation in the United States Telecommunications Services Sector), or successor order.

“(B) The term ‘investment’ includes any activity reviewed, investigated, assessed, or analyzed by the Director pursuant to section 7 or 10(g) of Executive Order 13913, or successor order.”.

TITLE LXV—EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES

SEC. 6501. INTELLIGENCE STRATEGY TO COUNTER FOREIGN ADVERSARY EFFORTS TO UTILIZE BIOTECHNOLOGIES IN WAYS THAT THREATEN UNITED STATES NATIONAL SECURITY.

(a) **DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.**—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

- (1) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(3) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that as biotechnologies become increasingly important with regard to the national security interests of the United States, and with the addition of biotechnologies to the biosecurity mission of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center, the intelligence community must articulate and implement an intelligence strategy to identify and assess threats relating to biotechnologies.

(c) INTELLIGENCE STRATEGY FOR BIOTECHNOLOGIES CRITICAL TO NATIONAL SECURITY.—

(1) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in coordination with the heads of such other elements of the intelligence community as the Director of National Intelligence considers appropriate, develop and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a strategy to address threats relating to biotechnologies.

(2) ELEMENTS.—The strategy developed and submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) Identification and assessment of threats associated with biotechnologies critical to the national security of the United States, including materials that involve a dependency on foreign adversary nations.

(B) A determination of how best to counter foreign adversary efforts to utilize biotechnologies that threaten the national security of the United States, including threats identified pursuant to paragraph (1).

(C) A plan to support efforts of other Federal departments and agencies to secure United States supply chains of the biotechnologies critical to the national security of the United States, by coordinating—

(i) across the intelligence community;

(ii) the support provided by the intelligence community to other relevant Federal departments and agencies and policymakers;

(iii) the engagement of the intelligence community with private sector entities, in coordination with other relevant Federal departments and agencies, as may be applicable; and

(iv) how the intelligence community, in coordination with other relevant Federal departments and agencies, supports and coordinates comparative assessments of United States competitiveness in biotechnologies critical to national and economic security.

(D) Proposals for such legislative or administrative action as the Director considers necessary to support the strategy.

SEC. 6502. IMPROVEMENTS TO THE ROLES, MISSIONS, AND OBJECTIVES OF THE NATIONAL COUNTERPROLIFERATION AND BIOSECURITY CENTER.

Section 119A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3057) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(4), by striking “biosecurity and” and inserting “counterproliferation, biosecurity, and”; and

(2) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) in subparagraph (A), by striking “analyzing and”;

(ii) in subparagraph (C), by striking “Establishing” and inserting “Coordinating the establishment of”;

(iii) in subparagraph (D), by striking “Disseminating” and inserting “Overseeing the dissemination of”;

(iv) in subparagraph (E), by inserting “and coordinating” after “Conducting”; and

(v) in subparagraph (G), by striking “Conducting” and inserting “Coordinating and advancing”; and

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) in subparagraph (B), by striking “and analysis”;

(ii) by redesignating subparagraphs (C) through (E) as subparagraphs (D) through (F), respectively;

(iii) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following:

“(C) Overseeing and coordinating the analysis of intelligence on biosecurity and foreign biological threats in support of the intelligence needs of Federal departments and agencies responsible for public health, including by providing analytic priorities to elements of the intelligence community and by coordinating net assessments.”;

(iv) in subparagraph (D), as redesignated by clause (ii), by inserting “on matters relating to biosecurity and foreign biological threats” after “public health”;

(v) in subparagraph (F), as redesignated by clause (ii), by inserting “and authorities” after “capabilities”; and

(vi) by adding at the end the following:

“(G) Enhancing coordination between elements of the intelligence community and private sector entities on information relevant to biosecurity, biotechnology, and foreign biological threats, and coordinating such information with relevant Federal departments and agencies, as applicable.”.

SEC. 6503. ENHANCING CAPABILITIES TO DETECT FOREIGN ADVERSARY THREATS RELATING TO BIOLOGICAL DATA.

(a) **DEFINITION OF BIOLOGICAL DATA.**—In this section, the term “biological data” means information, including associated descriptors, derived from the structure, function, or process of a biological system that is either measured, collected, or aggregated for analysis.

(b) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with relevant heads of Federal departments and agencies,

shall designate intelligence community experts to conduct a 90-day assessment to determine how best to standardize the intelligence community's use of biological data and the ability of the intelligence community to detect foreign adversary threats relating to biological data, under which the experts shall—

(1) examine how best to standardize the processes and procedures for the collection, analysis, and dissemination of information relating to foreign adversary use of biological data, particularly in ways that threaten or could threaten the national security of the United States;

(2) provide recommendations to implement paragraph (1) throughout the intelligence community, including with respect to the feasibility and advisability of—

(A) standardizing the data security practices for biological data maintained by the intelligence community, including security practices for the handling and processing of biological data, including with respect to protecting the civil rights, liberties, and privacy of United States persons;

(B) standardizing intelligence engagements with foreign allies and partners with respect to biological data; and

(C) standardizing the creation of metadata relating to biological data maintained by the intelligence community; and

(3) provide recommendations to ensure coordination with such Federal departments and agencies and entities in the private sector as the Director considers appropriate to understand how foreign adversaries are accessing and using biological data stored within the United States.

(c) **TIMELINES FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF RECOMMENDATIONS.**—The recommendations provided pursuant to paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (b) shall include timelines for implementation not later than 180 days after the date of the completion of the assessment required by such subsection.

(d) **BRIEFING REQUIREMENT.**—Not later than 30 days after the completion of the assessment required by subsection (b), the experts designated under that subsection shall brief the congressional intelligence committees on the assessment.

SEC. 6504. ESTABLISHMENT OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SECURITY CENTER.

(a) **DEFINITION OF COUNTER-ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.**—In this section, the term “counter-artificial intelligence” means techniques or procedures to extract information about the behavior or characteristics of an artificial intelligence system, or to learn how to manipulate an artificial intelligence system, in order to subvert the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of an artificial intelligence system or adjacent system.

(b) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the National Security Agency shall establish an Artificial Intelligence Security Center (referred to in this section as the “Center”) within the Cybersecurity Collaboration Center of the National Security Agency.

(c) **FUNCTIONS.**—The functions of the Artificial Intelligence Security Center shall be as follows:

(1) Developing guidance to prevent or mitigate counter-artificial intelligence techniques.

(2) Promoting secure artificial intelligence adoption practices for managers of national security systems (as defined in section 3552 of title 44, United States Code) and elements of the defense industrial base.

(3) Such other functions as the Director considers appropriate.

(d) **DISESTABLISHMENT.**—The Director of the National Security Agency may disestablish the Center established in subsection (b) not earlier than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act provided that the Director of the National Security Agency submits to the congressional intelligence committees a report documenting the rationale for disestablishment of the Center, including resource trades, effectiveness, priority, and any other pertinent considerations not later than 6 months prior to the disestablishment.

SEC. 6505. SENSE OF CONGRESS ENCOURAGING INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY TO INCREASE PRIVATE SECTOR CAPITAL PARTNERSHIPS AND PARTNERSHIP WITH FEDERAL PARTNERS TO SECURE ENDURING TECHNOLOGICAL ADVANTAGES.

It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) acquisition leaders in the intelligence community should further explore the strategic use of private capital partnerships to secure enduring technological advantages for the intelligence community, including through the identification, development, and transfer of promising technologies to full-scale programs capable of meeting intelligence community requirements; and

(2) the intelligence community should undertake consultation with Federal partners, including the Office of Strategic Capital of the Office of the Secretary of Defense and the Office of Domestic Finance of the Department of the Treasury, on best practices and lessons learned from their experiences integrating these resources so as to accelerate attainment of national security objectives.

SEC. 6506. ENHANCEMENT OF AUTHORITY FOR INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY PUBLIC-PRIVATE TALENT EXCHANGES.

(a) **FOCUS AREAS.**—Subsection (a) of section 5306 of the Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (50 U.S.C. 3334) is amended—

(1) by striking “Not later than” and inserting the following: “(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) **FOCUS AREAS.**—The Director shall ensure that the policies, processes, and procedures developed pursuant to paragraph (1) require exchanges under this section that relate to intelligence or counterintelligence with a focus on rotations described in such paragraph with private-sector organizations in the following fields:

“(A) Finance.

“(B) Acquisition.

“(C) Biotechnology.

“(D) Computing.

“(E) Artificial intelligence.

“(F) Business process innovation and entrepreneurship.

“(G) Cybersecurity.

“(H) Materials and manufacturing.

“(I) Any other technology or research field the Director determines relevant to meet evolving national security threats in technology sectors.”.

(b) DURATION OF TEMPORARY DETAILS.—Subsection (e) of section 5306 of the Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (50 U.S.C. 3334) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “3 years” and inserting “5 years”; and

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking “3 years” and inserting “5 years”.

(c) TREATMENT OF PRIVATE-SECTOR EMPLOYEES.—Subsection (g) of such section is amended—

(1) in paragraph (5), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;

(2) in paragraph (6), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(7) shall not have access to any trade secrets or proprietary information which is of commercial value or competitive advantage to the private-sector organization from which such employee is detailed.”.

(d) ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—Such section is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (i) as subsection (j); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (h) the following:

“(i) ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—A private-sector organization that temporarily details a member of its workforce to an element of the intelligence community or that accepts the temporary detail of a member of the intelligence community shall not be considered to have an organizational conflict of interest with the element of the intelligence community solely because of participation in the program established under this section.

“(2) IDENTIFICATION OF CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—If the identification of an organizational conflict of interest arises based on the particular facts surrounding an individual’s participation in the program established under this section and the nature of any contract, then the heads of intelligence community elements shall implement a system to avoid, neutralize, or mitigate any such organizational conflicts of interest.”.

(e) ANNUAL REPORTS.—

(1) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this subsection, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the congressional intelligence committees;

(B) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(C) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(2) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter for 2 more years, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an annual report on—

(A) the implementation of the policies, processes, and procedures developed pursuant to subsection (a) of such section 5306 (50 U.S.C. 3334) and the administration of such section;

(B) how the heads of the elements of the intelligence community are using or plan to use the authorities provided under such section; and

(C) recommendations for legislative or administrative action to increase use of the authorities provided under such section.

SEC. 6507. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON HOSTILE FOREIGN CYBER ACTORS.

It is the sense of Congress that foreign ransomware organizations, and foreign affiliates associated with them, constitute hostile foreign cyber actors, that covered nations abet and benefit from the activities of these actors, and that such actors should be treated as hostile foreign cyber actors by the United States. Such actors include the following:

- (1) DarkSide.
- (2) Conti.
- (3) REvil.
- (4) BlackCat, also known as “ALPHV”.
- (5) LockBit.
- (6) Rhysida, also known as “Vice Society”.
- (7) Royal.
- (8) Phobos, also known as “Eight” and also known as “Joanta”.
- (9) C10p.
- (10) Hackers associated with the SamSam ransomware campaigns.
- (11) Play.
- (12) BianLian.
- (13) Killnet.
- (14) Akira.
- (15) Ragnar Locker, also known as “Dark Angels”.
- (16) Blacksuit.
- (17) INC.
- (18) Black Basta.

SEC. 6508. DEEMING RANSOMWARE THREATS TO CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE AS NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE PRIORITY.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the congressional intelligence committees;

(B) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(C) the Committee on Energy and Commerce, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(2) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term “critical infrastructure” has the meaning given such term in subsection (e) of the Critical Infrastructures Protection Act of 2001 (42 U.S.C. 5195c(e)).

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS THAT RANSOMWARE THREATS TO CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE SHOULD BE A NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE PRIORITY.—It is the sense of Congress that the Director of National Intelligence should deem ransomware threats to critical infrastructure a national intelligence priority as part of the National Intelligence Priorities Framework.

(c) REPORT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in consultation with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the implications of the ransomware threat to United States national security.

(2) CONTENTS.—The report submitted under paragraph (1) shall address the following:

(A) Identification of individuals, groups, and entities who pose the most significant threat, including attribution to individual ransomware attacks whenever possible.

(B) Locations from which individuals, groups, and entities conduct ransomware attacks.

(C) The infrastructure, tactics, and techniques ransomware actors commonly use.

(D) Any relationships between the individuals, groups, and entities that conduct ransomware attacks and their governments or countries of origin that could impede the ability to counter ransomware threats.

(3) FORM.—The report submitted under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 6509. ENHANCING PUBLIC-PRIVATE SHARING ON MANIPULATIVE ADVERSARY PRACTICES IN CRITICAL MINERAL PROJECTS.

(a) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in consultation with the heads of such Federal agencies as the Director considers appropriate, develop a strategy to improve the sharing between the Federal Government and private entities of information and intelligence to mitigate the threat that foreign adversary illicit activities and tactics pose to United States persons in foreign jurisdictions on projects relating to energy generation and storage, including with respect to critical minerals inputs.

(b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall cover—

(1) how best to assemble and transmit information to United States persons—

(A) to protect against foreign adversary illicit tactics and activities relating to critical mineral projects abroad, including foreign adversary efforts to undermine such United States projects abroad;

(B) to mitigate the risk that foreign adversary government involvement in the ownership and control of entities engaging in deceptive or illicit activities targeting critical mineral supply chains pose to the interests of the United States; and

(C) to inform on economic espionage and other threats from foreign adversaries to the rights of owners of intellectual property, including owners of patents, trademarks, copyrights, and trade secrets, and other sensitive information, with respect to such property; and

(2) how best to receive information from United States persons on threats to United States interests in the critical mineral supply chains, resources, mines, and products, or other suspicious malicious activity.

(c) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN REQUIRED.—

(1) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this subsection, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the congressional intelligence committees;

(B) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(C) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(2) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Director completes developing the strategy pursuant to subsection (a), the Director shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress, or provide such committees a briefing on, a plan for implementing the strategy, which shall include a description of risks, benefits, opportunities, and drawbacks.

TITLE LXVI—SECURITY CLEARANCES AND INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY WORKFORCE IMPROVEMENTS

Subtitle A—Security Clearances and Controlled Access Program Improvements

SEC. 6601. SECURITY CLEARANCES HELD BY CERTAIN FORMER EMPLOYEES OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

(a) ISSUANCE OF GUIDELINES AND INSTRUCTIONS REQUIRED.—Section 803(c) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3162a(c)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3), by striking “; and” and inserting a semicolon;

(2) in paragraph (4), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(5) issue guidelines and instructions to the heads of Federal agencies to ensure that any individual who was appointed by the President to a position in an element of the intelligence community but is no longer employed by the Federal Government shall maintain a security clearance only in accordance with Executive Order 12968 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note; relating to access to classified information), or successor order.”.

(b) SUBMITTAL OF GUIDELINES AND INSTRUCTIONS TO CONGRESS REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, or such other officer of the United States acting as the Security Executive Agent pursuant to subsection (a) of section 803 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3162a), shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees and the congressional defense committees the guidelines and instructions required by subsection (c)(5) of such section, as added by subsection (a) of this section.

(c) ANNUAL REPORT REQUIRED.—

(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

(A) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

- (i) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (ii) the congressional defense committees;
- (iii) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
- (iv) the Committee on Oversight and Accountability of the House of Representatives.

(B) COVERED FORMER OFFICER.—The term “covered former officer” means an individual who meets the following criteria:

(i) The individual—

(I) has been appointed by the President to a position, including in an acting capacity, in the intelligence community that requires the advice and consent of the Senate; or

(II) has performed in an acting capacity the functions and duties of a head of an element of the intelligence community.

(ii) The individual is not employed in a position covered by any of sections 2104 through 2107 of title 5, United States Code.

(iii) The individual holds a security clearance.

(2) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than annually until December 31, 2029, the Director of National Intelligence, or such other officer of the United States acting as the Security Executive Agent pursuant to section 803(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3162a(a)), shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an annual report on covered former officers.

(3) CONTENTS.—Each report submitted pursuant to paragraph (2) shall include the following:

(A) A list of each individual who was a covered former officer at any time during the period covered by the report.

(B) For each individual listed in accordance with subparagraph (A)—

- (i) the position described in paragraph (1)(b)(i) with respect to the covered former officer;
- (ii) the dates of service in such position;
- (iii) a description of each subsequent employment position, other than any such position described in paragraph (1)(b)(ii), occupied by the covered former officer while the covered former officer held a security clearance; and
- (iv) the element of the United States Government that authorized and adjudicated the security clearance of the covered former officer.

SEC. 6602. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR NEW CONTROLLED ACCESS PROGRAMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 501A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091a) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:

“(c) LIMITATION ON SPENDING.—Funds authorized to be appropriated for the National Intelligence Program may not be obligated or expended for any controlled access program, or a compartment or subcompartment therein, until the head of the element of the intelligence community responsible for the establishment of such program, compartment, or subcompartment, submits the notification required by subsection (b).”.

(b) APPLICABILITY.—Subsection (c) of such section shall apply with respect to controlled access programs (as defined in such section), and compartments and subcompartments therein, that are established on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 6603. LIMITATION ON TRANSFERS FROM CONTROLLED ACCESS PROGRAMS.

Section 501A(b) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091a(b)) is amended—

(1) in the subsection heading, by striking “LIMITATION ON ESTABLISHMENT” and inserting “LIMITATIONS”;

(2) by striking “A head” and inserting the following:

“(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—A head”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) TRANSFERS.—

“(A) LIMITATION.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a head of an element of the intelligence community may not transfer a capability from a controlled access program, including from a compartment or subcompartment therein to a compartment or subcompartment of another controlled access program, to a special access program (as defined in section 1152(g) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (50 U.S.C. 3348(g))), or to anything else outside the controlled access program, until the head submits to the appropriate congressional committees and congressional leadership notice of the intent of the head to make such transfer.

“(B) EXCEPTION.—The head of an element of the intelligence community may make a transfer described in subparagraph (A) without prior congressional notification if the head determines that doing so—

“(i) is required to mitigate an urgent counterintelligence issue; or

“(ii) is necessary to maintain access in the event of an organizational restructuring.”.

SEC. 6604. DATA WITH RESPECT TO TIMELINESS OF POLYGRAPH EXAMINATIONS.

Section 7702 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (50 U.S.C. 3352h) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) DATA WITH RESPECT TO TIMELINESS OF POLYGRAPH EXAMINATIONS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to each report on compliance with timeliness standards for rendering determinations of trust for personnel vetting prepared pursuant to subsection (b), the Director of National Intelligence shall make available to the congressional intelligence committees as soon as practicable anonymized raw data with respect to the timeliness of polygraph examinations used to prepare each such report in machine-readable format for each element of the intelligence community that collects such data.

“(2) FORM AND CLASSIFICATION JUSTIFICATION.—The data provided to the congressional intelligence committees under paragraph (1) may be modified to remove any personally identifying information, shall be submitted in unclassified form to the greatest extent possible, and shall contain a justification for the classification of any such data provided.”.

Subtitle B—Workforce Improvements

SEC. 6611. ENABLING INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY INTEGRATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 113B the following new section:

“SEC. 113C. ENABLING INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY INTEGRATION.

“(a) PROVISION OF GOODS OR SERVICES.—Subject to and in accordance with any guidance and requirements developed by the Director of National Intelligence, the head of an element of the intelligence community may provide goods or services to another element of the intelligence community without reimbursement or transfer of funds for hoteling initiatives for intelligence community employees and affiliates defined in any such guidance and requirements issued by the Director of National Intelligence.

“(b) APPROVAL.—Prior to the provision of goods or services pursuant to subsection (a), the head of the element of the intelligence community providing such goods or services and the head of the element of the intelligence community receiving such goods or services shall approve such provision.

“(c) HOTELING DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘hoteling’ means an alternative work arrangement in which employees of one

element of the intelligence community are authorized flexible work arrangements to work part of the time at one or more alternative worksite locations, as appropriately authorized.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of the National Security Act of 1947 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 113B the following:

“Sec. 113C. Enabling intelligence community integration.”.

SEC. 6612. APPOINTMENT OF SPOUSES OF CERTAIN FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3330d of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by striking “**military and Department of Defense civilian spouses**” and inserting “**military and Department of Defense, Department of State, and intelligence community spouses**”;

(2) in subsection (a)—

(A) by redesignating the second paragraph (4) (relating to a spouse of an employee of the Department of Defense) as paragraph (7);

(B) by striking paragraph (5);

(C) by redesignating paragraph (4) (relating to the spouse of a disabled or deceased member of the Armed Forces) as paragraph (6);

(D) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:

“(3) The term ‘covered spouse’ means an individual who is married to an individual who—

“(A)(i) is an employee of the Department of State or an element of the intelligence community; or

“(ii) is a member of the Armed Forces who is assigned to an element of the intelligence community; and

“(B) is transferred in the interest of the Government from one official station within the applicable agency to another within the agency (that is outside of normal commuting distance) for permanent duty.

“(4) The term ‘intelligence community’ has the meaning given the term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).

“(5) The term ‘remote work’ refers to a work flexibility arrangement under which an employee—

“(A) is not expected to physically report to the location from which the employee would otherwise work, considering the position of the employee; and

“(B) performs the duties and responsibilities of such employee’s position, and other authorized activities, from an approved worksite—

“(i) other than the location from which the employee would otherwise work;

“(ii) that may be inside or outside the local commuting area of the location from which the employee would otherwise work; and

“(iii) that is typically the residence of the employee.”; and

(E) by adding at the end the following:

“(8) The term ‘telework’ has the meaning given the term in section 6501.”; and

(3) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (2), by striking “or” at the end;

(B) in the first paragraph (3) (relating to a spouse of a member of the Armed Forces on active duty), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon;

(C) by redesignating the second paragraph (3) (relating to a spouse of an employee of the Department of Defense) as paragraph (4);

(D) in paragraph (4), as so redesignated—

(i) by inserting “, including to a position in which the spouse will engage in remote work” after “Department of Defense”; and

(ii) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; or”; and

(E) by adding at the end the following:

“(5) a covered spouse to a position in which the covered spouse will engage in remote work.”.

(b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for subchapter I of chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 3330d and inserting the following:

“3330d. Appointment of military and Department of Defense, Department of State, and intelligence community civilian spouses.”.

(c) REPORT.—

(1) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—

In this subsection, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the congressional intelligence committees;

(B) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(C) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Oversight and Accountability, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(2) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Defense shall jointly submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report detailing the use of the authority provided pursuant to the amendments made by subsection (a) and the impacts on recruitment, retention, and job opportunities created by such amendments.

(d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section or an amendment made by this section shall be construed to revoke or diminish any right of an individual provided by title 5, United States Code.

(e) SUNSET AND SNAPBACK.—On the date that is 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act—

(1) section 3330d of title 5, United States Code, as amended by subsection (a), is amended to read as it read on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act; and

(2) the item for such section in the table of sections for subchapter I of chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, as amended by subsection (b), is amended to read as it read on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 6613. PLAN FOR STAFFING THE INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION POSITIONS OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a plan for ensuring that the Directorate of Operations of the Agency has staffed every civilian full-time equivalent position authorized for that Directorate under the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division G of Public Law 118–31).

(b) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) Specific benchmarks and timelines for accomplishing the goal described in such subsection by September 30, 2025.

(2) An assessment of the appropriate balance of staffing between the Directorate of Operations and the Directorate of Analysis consistent with the responsibilities of the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency under section 104A(d) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3036(d)).

SEC. 6614. CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATIONS AND SUMMARIES OF MISCONDUCT REGARDING EMPLOYEES WITHIN THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

(a) ANNUAL REPORTS FOR CALENDAR YEARS 2024, 2025, AND 2026.—Not later than 60 days after the end of calendar years 2024, 2025, and 2026, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report on civilian employees in the intelligence community placed on administrative leave pending possible adverse personnel action during that calendar year.

(b) ELEMENTS.—Each report under subsection (a) shall include, for the calendar year covered by the report, the following:

(1) The total number of employees who were placed on administrative leave pending possible adverse personnel action, disaggregated by intelligence community element and pay grade.

(2) The number of employees placed on paid administrative leave pending possible adverse personnel action.

(3) The number of employees placed on administrative leave pending possible adverse personnel action whose leave has exceeded 365 days, disaggregated by paid and unpaid status.

(c) NOTIFICATION OF REFERRAL TO DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.—If a referral is made to the Department of Justice from any element of the intelligence community regarding an allegation of misconduct against a civilian employee of the intelligence community, the head of the element of the intelligence community that employs the covered employee shall notify the congressional intelligence committees of the referral not later than 10 days after the date on which such referral is made.

SEC. 6615. MODIFICATION TO WAIVER FOR POST-SERVICE EMPLOYMENT RESTRICTIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 304(a)(2) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3073a(a)(2)) is amended—

(1) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:

“(A) AUTHORITY TO GRANT WAIVERS.—The applicable head of an intelligence community element may waive a restriction in paragraph (1) with respect to an employee or former employee who is subject to that restriction only after—

“(i) the employee or former employee submits to the applicable head of the intelligence community element a written application for such waiver in such form and manner as the applicable head of the intelligence community element determines appropriate; and

“(ii) the applicable head of the element of the intelligence community determines that granting such waiver will not harm the national security interests of the United States.”;

(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking “Director” and inserting “applicable head of the intelligence community element”;

(3) in subparagraph (C), by striking “Director” each place it appears and inserting “applicable head of the intelligence community element”; and

(4) by amending subparagraph (E) to read as follows:

“(E) REPORTING TO CONGRESS.—On a quarterly basis, the head of each element of the intelligence community shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees and the congressional defense committees for Department of Defense elements of the intelligence community, a written notification of each waiver or revocation that shall include the following:

“(i) With respect to a waiver issued to an employee or former employee—

“(I) the covered intelligence position held or formerly held by the employee or former employee; and

“(II) a brief description of the covered post-service employment, including the employer and the recipient of the representation, advice, or services.

“(ii) With respect to a revocation of a waiver issued to an employee or former employee—

“(I) the details of the waiver, including any renewals of such waiver, and the dates of such waiver and renewals; and

“(II) the specific reasons why the applicable head of the intelligence community element determined that such revocation is warranted.”.

(b) WRITTEN ADVISORY OPINIONS WITH RESPECT TO POST-SERVICE EMPLOYMENT RESTRICTIONS.—Section 304(d) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3073a(d)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4) WRITTEN ADVISORY OPINIONS.—Upon request from a current employee who occupies a covered intelligence position or

a former employee who previously occupied a covered intelligence position, the applicable head of the element of the intelligence community concerned may provide a written advisory opinion to such current or former employee regarding whether a proposed employment, representation, or provision of advice or services constitutes covered post-service employment as defined in subsection (g).”.

(c) **COVERED POST-SERVICE EMPLOYMENT.**—Section 304(g)(2) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3073a(g)(2)) is amended by striking “relating to national security, intelligence, the military, or internal security to, the government of a foreign country or any company, entity, or other person whose activities are directly or indirectly supervised, directed, controlled, financed, or subsidized, in whole or in major part, by any government of a foreign country” and inserting “to the government of a foreign country or any company, entity, or other person whose activities are directly or indirectly supervised, directed, controlled, financed, or subsidized, in whole or in major part, by any government of a foreign country if such employment, representation, or provision of advice or services relates to national security, intelligence, the military, or internal security”.

(d) **CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.**—Section 304(a)(1) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3073a(a)(1)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking “paragraph (2)(A)(i)” and inserting “paragraph (2)(A)”; and

(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking “paragraph (2)(A)(ii)” and inserting “paragraph (2)(A)”.

SEC. 6616. INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY RECRUITMENT FOR CERTAIN SECURITY-CLEARED SEPARATING MILITARY MEMBERS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Intelligence Community Chief Human Capital Officer shall, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, develop a human resources strategy for enhancing the recruitment into the intelligence community of covered military members.

(b) **CONTENTS.**—The strategy developed under subsection (a) shall address—

(1) a requirement for each intelligence community element to facilitate job applications for qualified covered military members on each element’s job application portal, on USA Jobs, or other appropriate hiring platform;

(2) additional authorities or policy waivers required to overcome identified barriers to enhancing the recruitment into the intelligence community of covered military members to include those military members with technical training and experience in lieu of a bachelor’s degree; and

(3) in consultation with the military departments, the development of best practices for matching job applications from among covered military members who have transferable qualifying backgrounds, skills, or expertise to relevant intelligence occupational specialties within the Federal civilian intelligence community workforce, including coordinating intelligence community recruiting events and hiring blitzes.

(c) **BRIEFING AND IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.**—Not later than 30 days after the development of the strategy under subsection (a), the

Intelligence Community Chief Human Capital Officer shall provide to the congressional intelligence committees a briefing regarding the strategy developed under subsection (a), including a plan for how each element of the intelligence community intends to implement such strategy.

(d) COVERED MILITARY MEMBER DEFINED.—In this section, the term “covered military member” means any member of the Armed Forces transitioning out of service in the Armed Forces who holds a current top-secret security clearance.

SEC. 6617. STRATEGY TO STRENGTHEN INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY RECRUITMENT EFFORTS IN THE UNITED STATES TERRITORIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of National Intelligence, acting through the Intelligence Community Chief Human Capital Officer, shall, in coordination with the human capital offices of such elements of the intelligence community as determined appropriate, develop an intelligence community-wide strategy to strengthen efforts to recruit qualified individuals residing in the United States territories.

(b) BRIEFING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, acting through the Intelligence Community Chief Human Capital Officer, shall provide to the congressional intelligence committees a briefing with respect to the strategy developed under subsection (a), including with respect to a plan for the implementation of such strategy.

(c) UNITED STATES TERRITORIES DEFINED.—In this section, the term “United States territories” means Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and American Samoa.

SEC. 6618. PILOT PROGRAM ON ESTABLISHING A GEOSPATIAL WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.

(a) PILOT PROGRAM REQUIRED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall carry out a pilot program to assess the feasibility and advisability of establishing a program to develop a skilled workforce in geospatial technologies, methodologies, and capabilities to support the defense intelligence requirements of the Department of Defense.

(2) DESIGNATION.—The pilot program carried out pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be known as the “Geospatial Workforce Pilot Program” (in this section referred to as the “Pilot Program”).

(b) GOALS.—In carrying out the Pilot Program, the Secretary shall seek—

(1) to assess the demand for geospatial technology skills in both military and civilian sectors in proximity to facilities of the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency in the United States;

(2) to expand, align, and accelerate the education, training, and certification of a geospatial workforce;

(3) to support a global research hub for geospatial science and technology;

(4) to foster partnerships with secondary and postsecondary educational institutions, industry leaders, and local governments to support the workforce development;

(5) to increase employment opportunities and economic growth in regions that are in proximity to National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency locations in the United States through enhanced geospatial capabilities; and

(6) to support Department of Defense operations and infrastructure with a skilled geospatial workforce.

(c) LOCATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In selecting a location for the pilot program required under subsection (a), the Secretary shall prioritize a location—

(A) where the Secretary can partner with an eligible institution of higher education that—

(i) conducts research;

(ii) is in close proximity to National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency facilities outside of the National Capital Region;

(iii) offers programs of education in geospatial or related matters; and

(iv) has a demonstrated ability to build the professional workforce, by impacting kindergarten through college learning and beyond, as demonstrated by an educational partnership agreement and a collaborative research and development agreement with the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency;

(B) that has a significant presence of Department of Defense installations or related activities; and

(C) that demonstrates a strong potential to recruit from a broad spectrum of academic candidates for growth in geospatial technology sectors;

(2) ELIGIBLE INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—For purposes of the Pilot Program, an eligible institution of higher education is an institution of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)) that—

(A) is an institution of higher education described in paragraph (1)(A);

(B) has a demonstrated capacity for research and development in geospatial technologies; and

(C) engages in partnerships with local schools and community organizations to promote geospatial education at all levels.

(d) IMPLEMENTATION.—In carrying out the Pilot Program, the Secretary shall—

(1) collaborate with local and regional educational institutions, including public research institutions, to develop curriculum and training modules tailored to geospatial technology skills;

(2) engage with industry partners to ensure the training meets current and future workforce demands;

(3) provide funding and resources for training facilities, instructors, and materials;

(4) monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the training programs and make necessary adjustments to improve outcomes; and

(5) ensure, in carrying out the pilot program under subsection (a), the Department's activities do not detract from, interfere with, or otherwise hinder the efforts carried out by Geomatics Emerging Scientist Consortium for Education, Research, and Capabilities Enhancement (GEO-ESCON), or any successor program.

(e) CITIZENSHIP REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary shall ensure that participation in the Pilot Program is limited to citizens of the United States.

(f) TERMINATION.—The requirement to carry out a pilot program under subsection (a) shall terminate on September 30, 2030.

(g) REPORTS.—

(1) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees and the congressional defense committees a report on the establishment of the Pilot Program.

(2) ANNUAL REPORT.—

(A) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than one year after the date of the commencement of the Pilot Program, and not less frequently than once each year thereafter through fiscal year 2030, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives an annual report on the Pilot Program.

(B) ELEMENTS.—Each report submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall include, for the period covered by the report, the following with respect to the goals described in subsection (b):

(i) An assessment of the demand for geospatial technology skills.

(ii) The progress in developing and implementing the Pilot Program.

(iii) Employment outcomes and economic impact.

(iv) Recommendations for expanding or modifying the Pilot Program.

TITLE LXVII—WHISTLEBLOWERS

SEC. 6701. IMPROVEMENTS TO URGENT CONCERNS SUBMITTED TO INSPECTORS GENERAL OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

(a) INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Section 103H(k)(5) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3033(k)(5)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) by inserting “(i)” before “An employee of”;

(B) by inserting “in writing” before “to the Inspector General”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(ii) The Inspector General shall—

“(I) provide reasonable support necessary to ensure that an employee can report a complaint or information under this subparagraph in writing; and

“(II) if such submission is not feasible, create a written record of the employee’s verbal complaint or information and treat such written record as a written submission.”;

(2) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:

“(B)(i) In accordance with clause (ii), the Inspector General shall determine whether a complaint or information reported under subparagraph (A) appears credible. Upon making such a determination, the Inspector General shall transmit to the Director a notice of that determination, together with the complaint or information.

“(ii) The Inspector General shall make the determination under clause (i) with respect to a complaint or information under subparagraph (A) by not later than the end of the 14-calendar-day period beginning on the date on which the employee who reported the complaint or information confirms to the Inspector General the intent of the employee to report to Congress that complaint or information.”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(J) In this paragraph, the term ‘employee’ includes a former employee, if the complaint or information reported under subparagraph (A) arises from or relates to the period during which the former employee was an employee.”.

(b) INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.—Section 17(d)(5) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3517(d)(5)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A)—

(A) by inserting “(i)” before “An employee of”;

(B) by inserting “in writing” before “to the Inspector General”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(ii) The Inspector General shall—

“(I) provide reasonable support necessary to ensure that an employee can report a complaint or information under this subparagraph in writing; and

“(II) if such submission is not feasible, create a written record of the employee’s verbal complaint or information and treat such written record as a written submission.”;

(2) in subparagraph (B)—

(A) by redesignating clause (ii) as clause (iii);

(B) by striking clause (i) and inserting the following:

“(i) In accordance with clause (ii), the Inspector General shall determine whether a complaint or information reported under subparagraph (A) appears credible. Upon making such a determination, the Inspector General shall transmit to the Director a notice of that determination, together with the complaint or information.

“(ii) The Inspector General shall make the determination under clause (i) with respect to a complaint or information under subparagraph (A) by not later than the end of the 14-calendar-day period beginning on the date on which the employee who reported the complaint or information confirms to the Inspector General the in-

tent of the employee to report to Congress that complaint or information.”; and

(C) in clause (iii), as so redesignated, by striking “paragraph (1)” and inserting “subparagraph (A)”; and

(3) in subparagraph (G)(i), by adding at the end the following:

“(III) The term ‘employee’ includes a former employee or former contractor, if the complaint or information reported under subparagraph (A) arises from or relates to the period during which the former employee or former contractor was an employee or contractor, as the case may be.”

(c) INSPECTORS GENERAL OF OTHER ELEMENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Section 416 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following:

“(3) EMPLOYEE.—The term ‘employee’ includes a former employee or former contractor, if the complaint or information reported pursuant to this section arises from or relates to the period during which the former employee or former contractor was an employee or contractor, as the case may be.”;

(2) in subsection (b)(1)—

(A) in the paragraph heading, by inserting “; SUPPORT FOR WRITTEN SUBMISSION”; after “MADE”;

(B) by inserting “in writing” after “may report the complaint or information” each place it appears;

(C) in subparagraph (B), by inserting “in writing” after “such complaint or information”; and

(D) by adding at the end the following:

“(E) SUPPORT FOR WRITTEN SUBMISSION.—The Inspector General shall—

“(i) provide reasonable support necessary to ensure that an employee can submit a complaint or information under this paragraph in writing; and

“(ii) if such submission is not feasible, shall create a written record of the employee’s verbal complaint or information and treat such written record as a written submission.”; and

(3) in subsection (c)—

(A) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and

(B) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:

“(1) CREDIBILITY.—In accordance with paragraph (2), the Inspector General shall determine whether a complaint or information reported under subsection (b) appears credible. Upon making such a determination, the Inspector General shall transmit to the head of the establishment notice of that determination, together with the complaint or information.

“(2) DEADLINE FOR COMPLIANCE.—The Inspector General shall make the determination under paragraph (1) with respect to a complaint or information reported under subsection (b) not later than the end of the 14-calendar-day period beginning on the date on which the employee who reported the complaint or information confirms to the Inspector General the intent of the employee to report to Congress that complaint or information.”.

SEC. 6702. PROTECTION FOR INDIVIDUALS MAKING AUTHORIZED DISCLOSURES TO INSPECTORS GENERAL OF ELEMENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

(a) INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Section 103H(g)(3) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3033(g)(3)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively;

(2) by striking “The Inspector General is authorized” and inserting “(A) The Inspector General is authorized”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(B)(i) An individual may disclose classified information to the Inspector General in accordance with the applicable security standards and procedures established under section 102A or 803 of this Act, chapter 12 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2161 et seq.), Executive Order 13526 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note; relating to Classified National Security Information), or any applicable provision of law.

“(ii) A disclosure under clause (i) of classified information made by an individual without appropriate clearance or authority to access such classified information at the time of the disclosure, but that is otherwise made in accordance with applicable security standards and procedures, shall be treated as an authorized disclosure that does not violate a covered provision.

“(iii) Nothing in clause (ii) may be construed to limit or modify the obligation of an individual to appropriately store, handle, or disseminate classified information in accordance with applicable security guidance and procedures, including with respect to the removal or retention of classified information.

“(iv) In this subparagraph, the term ‘covered provision’ means—

“(I) any otherwise applicable nondisclosure agreement;

“(II) any otherwise applicable regulation or order issued under the authority of chapter 18 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2271 et seq.) or Executive Order 13526;

“(III) section 798 of title 18, United States Code; or

“(IV) any other provision of law with respect to the unauthorized disclosure of national security information.”.

(b) INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.—Section 17(e)(3) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3517(e)(3)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively;

(2) by striking “The Inspector General is authorized” and inserting “(A) The Inspector General is authorized”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(B)(i) An individual may disclose classified information to the Inspector General in accordance with the applicable security standards and procedures established under section 102A or 803 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024, 3162a), chapter 12 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2161 et seq.), Executive Order 13526 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note; relating to Classified National Security Information), or any applicable provision of law.

“(ii) A disclosure under clause (i) of classified information made by an individual without appropriate clearance or authority to access such classified information at the time of the disclosure, but

that is otherwise made in accordance with applicable security standards and procedures, shall be treated as an authorized disclosure that does not violate a covered provision.

“(iii) Nothing in clause (ii) may be construed to limit or modify the obligation of an individual to appropriately store, handle, or disseminate classified information in accordance with applicable security guidance and procedures, including with respect to the removal or retention of classified information.

“(iv) In this subparagraph, the term ‘covered provision’ means—

“(I) any otherwise applicable nondisclosure agreement;

“(II) any otherwise applicable regulation or order issued under the authority of chapter 18 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2271 et seq.) or Executive Order 13526;

“(III) section 798 of title 18, United States Code; or

“(IV) any other provision of law with respect to the unauthorized disclosure of national security information.”

(c) OTHER INSPECTORS GENERAL OF ELEMENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Section 416 of title 5, United States Code, as amended by section 6701, is further amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following:

“(4) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The term ‘intelligence community’ has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(i) PROTECTION FOR INDIVIDUALS MAKING AUTHORIZED DISCLOSURES.—

“(1) DISCLOSURE.—An individual may disclose classified information to an Inspector General of an element of the intelligence community in accordance with the applicable security standards and procedures established under section 102A or 803 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024, 3162a), chapter 12 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2161 et seq.), Executive Order 13526 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note; relating to Classified National Security Information), or any applicable provision of law.

“(2) DISCLOSURE WITHOUT CLEARANCE OR AUTHORITY.—

“(A) TREATMENT.—A disclosure under paragraph (1) of classified information made by an individual without appropriate clearance or authority to access such classified information at the time of the disclosure, but that is otherwise made in accordance with applicable security standards and procedures, shall be treated as an authorized disclosure that does not violate a covered provision.

“(B) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in subparagraph (A) may be construed to limit or modify the obligation of an individual to appropriately store, handle, or disseminate classified information in accordance with applicable security guidance and procedures, including with respect to the removal or retention of classified information.

“(C) COVERED PROVISION DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term ‘covered provision’ means—

“(i) any otherwise applicable nondisclosure agreement;

“(ii) any otherwise applicable regulation or order issued under the authority of chapter 18 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2271 et seq.) or Executive Order 13526;

“(iii) section 798 of title 18; or

“(iv) any other provision of law with respect to the unauthorized disclosure of national security information.”.

SEC. 6703. CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY OF CERTAIN INSPECTORS GENERAL TO RECEIVE PROTECTED DISCLOSURES.

Section 1104 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3234) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(1), by inserting “or covered intelligence community element” after “the appropriate inspector general of the employing agency”; and

(2) in subsection (c)(1)(A), by inserting “or covered intelligence community element” after “the appropriate inspector general of the employing or contracting agency”.

TITLE LXVIII—UNIDENTIFIED ANOMALOUS PHENOMENA

SEC. 6801. COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES REVIEW OF ALL-DOMAIN ANOMALY RESOLUTION OFFICE.

(a) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section, the terms “congressional defense committees”, “congressional leadership”, and “unidentified anomalous phenomena” have the meanings given such terms in section 1683(n) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (50 U.S.C. 3373(n)).

(b) **REVIEW REQUIRED.**—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a review of the All-domain Anomaly Resolution Office (in this section referred to as the “Office”).

(c) **ELEMENTS.**—The review conducted pursuant to subsection (b) shall include the following:

(1) A review of the implementation by the Office of the duties and requirements of the Office under section 1683 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (50 U.S.C. 3373), such as the process for operational unidentified anomalous phenomena reporting and coordination with the Department of Defense, the intelligence community, and other departments and agencies of the Federal Government and non-Government entities.

(2) A review of such other matters relating to the activities of the Office that pertain to unidentified anomalous phenomena as the Comptroller General considers appropriate.

(d) **REPORT.**—Following the review required by subsection (b), in a timeframe mutually agreed upon by the congressional intelligence committees, the congressional defense committees, congressional leadership, and the Comptroller General, the Comptroller General shall submit to such committees and congressional leadership a report on the findings of the Comptroller General with respect to the review conducted under subsection (b).

SEC. 6802. SUNSET OF REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO AUDITS OF UN-IDENTIFIED ANOMALOUS PHENOMENA HISTORICAL RECORD REPORT.

Section 6803 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (50 U.S.C. 3373 note) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(2), by inserting “until the date that is 90 days after the delivery of the final volume of the Historical Record Report” after “quarterly basis”; and

(2) in subsection (c), by inserting “until the date that is 180 days after the delivery of the final volume of the Historical Record Report” after “semiannually thereafter”.

TITLE LXIX—OTHER MATTERS

SEC. 6901. MODIFICATION AND REPEAL OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

(a) BRIEFING ON IRANIAN EXPENDITURES SUPPORTING FOREIGN MILITARY AND TERRORIST ACTIVITIES.—Section 6705(a)(1) of the Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (22 U.S.C. 9412(a)(1)) is amended by striking “, and not less frequently than once each year thereafter provide a briefing to Congress,”.

(b) BRIEFING ON REVIEW OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY ANALYTIC PRODUCTION.—Section 1019(c) of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (50 U.S.C. 3364(c)) is amended by striking “December 1” and inserting “February 1”.

(c) REPEAL OF REPORT ON OVERSIGHT OF FOREIGN INFLUENCE IN ACADEMIA.—Section 5713 of the Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (50 U.S.C. 3369b) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) by striking “report” and inserting “briefing”; and

(B) by striking “submit” and inserting “provide”; and

(2) in subsection (c), by striking “report” and inserting “briefing”.

(d) REPEAL OF REPORT ON FOREIGN INVESTMENT RISKS.—Section 6716 of the Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (50 U.S.C. 3370a) is repealed.

(e) REPEAL OF REPORT ON INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY LOAN REPAYMENT PROGRAMS.—Section 6725(c) of the Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (50 U.S.C. 3334g(c)) is repealed.

(f) REPEAL OF REPORT ON DATA COLLECTION ON ATTRITION IN INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Section 306(c) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (50 U.S.C. 3334h(c)) is repealed.

SEC. 6902. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.

(a) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended as follows:

(1) in section 102A(f)(8), by striking “withing” and inserting “within”.

(2) In section 103H(k)(6), by striking “involves” and inserting “involve”.

(3) In section 1102A(c)(1)(B)(ii), by striking the period and inserting a semicolon.

(4) In section 1104—

(A) in subsection (b)(2)(A), by striking “subsections (a)(1), (d), and (g) of section 8H of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.)” and inserting “subsections (b)(1), (e), and (h) of section 416 of title 5, United States Code”; and

(B) in subsection (c)(1)—

(i) in subparagraph (A)(ii), by striking the period and inserting a semicolon; and

(ii) in subparagraph (B)(i), by striking “subsections (a)(1), (d), and (g) of section 8H of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.)” and inserting “subsections (b)(1), (e), and (h) of section 416 of title 5, United States Code”.

(5) In section 1114(a), by inserting “the” before “Office of the Director”.

(b) NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY ACT OF 1959.—Section 16(d)(3)(C) of the National Security Agency Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 3614(d)(3)(C)) is amended by striking “an program” and inserting “a program”.

(c) INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024.—The Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division G of Public Law 118–31) is amended—

(1) in section 7102(a), by striking “section 101” and inserting “section 7101”; and

(2) in section 7103(b), by striking “section 102(a)” and inserting “section 7102(a)”.

(d) REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO CONSTRUCTION OF FACILITIES TO BE USED PRIMARILY BY INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—Section 602(a) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (50 U.S.C. 3304(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking “\$6,000,000” and inserting “\$9,000,000”; and

(2) in paragraph (2)—

(A) by striking “\$2,000,000” each place it appears and inserting “\$4,000,000”; and

(B) by striking “\$6,000,000” and inserting “\$9,000,000”.

(e) COPYRIGHT PROTECTION FOR CIVILIAN FACULTY OF CERTAIN ACCREDITED INSTITUTIONS.—Section 105 of title 17, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“§ 105. Subject matter of copyright: United States Government works

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Copyright protection under this title is not available for any work of the United States Government, but the United States Government is not precluded from receiving and holding copyrights transferred to it by assignment, bequest, or otherwise.

“(b) COPYRIGHT PROTECTION OF CERTAIN WORKS.—Subject to subsection (c), the covered author of a covered work owns the copyright to that covered work.

“(c) USE BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.—

“(1) SECRETARY OF DEFENSE AUTHORITY.—With respect to a covered author who produces a covered work in the course of employment at a covered institution described in subparagraphs (A) through (K) of subsection (d)(2) and subparagraph (L) of such subsection when the Coast Guard is operating as a service in the Navy, the Secretary of Defense may direct the covered author to provide the Federal Government with an irrevocable, royalty-free, worldwide, nonexclusive license to reproduce, distribute, perform, or display such covered work for purposes of the United States Government.

“(2) SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT IN WHICH THE COAST GUARD IS OPERATING WHEN IT IS NOT OPERATING AS A SERVICE IN THE NAVY AUTHORITY.—With respect to a covered author who produces a covered work in the course of employment at the covered institution described in subsection (d)(2)(L), the Secretary of the Department in which the Coast Guard is operating when it is not operating as a service in the Navy may direct the covered author to provide the Federal Government with an irrevocable, royalty-free, worldwide, nonexclusive license to reproduce, distribute, perform, or display such covered work for purposes of the United States Government.

“(3) DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AUTHORITY.—With respect to a covered author who produces a covered work in the course of employment at the covered institution described in subsection (d)(2)(M), the Director of National Intelligence may direct the covered author to provide the Federal Government with an irrevocable, royalty-free, worldwide, nonexclusive license to reproduce, distribute, perform, or display such covered work for purposes of the United States Government.

“(4) SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY.—With respect to a covered author who produces a covered work in the course of employment at the covered institution described in subsection (d)(2)(N), the Secretary of Transportation may direct the covered author to provide the Federal Government with an irrevocable, royalty-free, worldwide, nonexclusive license to reproduce, distribute, perform, or display such covered work for purposes of the United States Government.

“(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) COVERED AUTHOR.—The term ‘covered author’ means a civilian member of the faculty of a covered institution.

“(2) COVERED INSTITUTION.—The term ‘covered institution’ means the following:

“(A) National Defense University.

“(B) United States Military Academy.

“(C) Army War College.

“(D) United States Army Command and General Staff College.

“(E) United States Naval Academy.

“(F) Naval War College.

“(G) Naval Postgraduate School.

“(H) Marine Corps University.

“(I) United States Air Force Academy.

“(J) Air University.

“(K) Defense Language Institute.

“(L) United States Coast Guard Academy.

“(M) National Intelligence University.

“(N) United States Merchant Marine Academy.

“(3) COVERED WORK.—The term ‘covered work’ means a literary work produced by a covered author in the course of employment at a covered institution for publication by a scholarly press or journal.”.

(f) COORDINATION WITH OTHER AMENDMENTS MADE BY THIS DIVISION.—For purposes of applying amendments made by provisions of this division other than this section, the amendments made by this section shall be treated as having been enacted immediately before any such amendments by other provisions of this division.

DIVISION G—DEPARTMENT OF STATE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025

SEC. 7001. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This division may be cited as the “Department of State Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025”.

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this division is as follows:

Sec. 7001. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 7002. Definitions.

TITLE LXXI—WORKFORCE MATTERS

Sec. 7101. Competitive local compensation plan.

Sec. 7102. Strategy for targeted recruitment of civil servants.

Sec. 7103. Electronic medical records.

Sec. 7104. Portability of professional licenses.

Sec. 7105. Expanding opportunities for Department-paid student internship program.

Sec. 7106. Career intermission program adjustment to enhance retention.

Sec. 7107. Assignment process modernization.

Sec. 7108. Report on modifying consular tour and first tours requirements.

Sec. 7109. Per diem allowance for newly hired members of the Foreign Service.

Sec. 7110. Termination of residential or motor vehicle leases and telephone service contracts for members of the Foreign Service.

Sec. 7111. Needs-based childcare subsidies enrollment period.

Sec. 7112. Comptroller General report on Department traveler experience.

Sec. 7113. Semiannual report on global footprint.

Sec. 7114. Report on former Federal employees advising foreign governments.

Sec. 7115. Authority to pay for or reimburse for certain security services.

TITLE LXXII—ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

Sec. 7201. State-of-the-art building facilities.

Sec. 7202. Presence of chiefs of mission at diplomatic posts.

Sec. 7203. Periodic Inspector General reviews of chiefs of mission.

Sec. 7204. Special Envoy for Sudan.

Sec. 7205. Special Envoy for Belarus.

Sec. 7206. National Museum of American Diplomacy.

Sec. 7207. Overseas buildings due diligence.

Sec. 7208. Restrictions on the use of funds for solar panels.

Sec. 7209. Responsiveness to Congressional Research Service inquiries and Congressional Budget Office inquiries.

Sec. 7210. Expedited opening of diplomatic missions.

Sec. 7211. Report on United States Consulate in Chengdu, People’s Republic of China.

Sec. 7212. Personnel reporting.

Sec. 7213. Support co-location with allied partner nations.

- Sec. 7214. Streamline qualification of construction contract bidders.
- Sec. 7215. Continuation of rest and recuperation and overseas operations leave.
- Sec. 7216. Overseas crisis response system and strategy.

TITLE LXXIII—INFORMATION SECURITY AND CYBER DIPLOMACY

- Sec. 7301. Realigning the Regional Technology Officer Program.
- Sec. 7302. Measures to protect Department devices from the proliferation and use of foreign commercial spyware.
- Sec. 7303. Report on cloud computing in Bureau of Consular Affairs.
- Sec. 7304. Information technology pilot projects.
- Sec. 7305. Leveraging approved technology for administrative efficiencies.

TITLE LXXIV—PUBLIC DIPLOMACY

- Sec. 7401. United States Agency for Global Media.
- Sec. 7402. Extension of authorizations to support United States participation in international fairs and expos.
- Sec. 7403. Research and scholar exchange partnerships.

TITLE LXXV—DIPLOMATIC SECURITY AND CONSULAR AFFAIRS

- Sec. 7501. Human trafficking authority.
- Sec. 7502. Congressional notification for Serious Security Incidents.
- Sec. 7503. Notifications regarding security decisions at diplomatic posts.
- Sec. 7504. Security clearance suspension pay flexibilities.
- Sec. 7505. Modification to notification requirement for security clearance suspensions and revocations.
- Sec. 7506. Passport automation modernization.
- Sec. 7507. Passport acceptance, courier services, and expiration dates.
- Sec. 7508. Passport system reform and backlog prevention.
- Sec. 7509. Sean and David Goldman International Child Abduction Prevention and Return Act of 2014 Act amendments.

TITLE LXXVI—UNITED STATES AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 7601. Personal service agreement authority for the United States Agency for International Development.
- Sec. 7602. Crisis operations and disaster surge staffing.
- Sec. 7603. Education allowance while on military leave.
- Sec. 7604. Inclusion in the pet transportation exception to the Fly America Act.

TITLE LXXVII—DETECTING AND PREVENTING UNLAWFUL OR WRONGFUL DETENTION

- Sec. 7701. Hostage recovery support.
- Sec. 7702. Options and strategies for reducing likelihood of United States nationals being unlawfully or wrongfully detained or taken hostage.
- Sec. 7703. Additional funding for sanctions implementation.
- Sec. 7704. Enhancing United States travel advisories.
- Sec. 7705. Coordination with transportation authorities and industry on travel advisories.
- Sec. 7706. Privacy Act waiver and passport renewals.
- Sec. 7707. Timeline for unlawful or wrongful detention determinations.
- Sec. 7708. Declarations of invalidity.

TITLE LXXVIII—OTHER MATTERS

- Sec. 7801. Authorization of appropriations to promote United States citizen employment at the United Nations and international organizations.
- Sec. 7802. Amendment to Rewards for Justice program.
- Sec. 7803. United States-Africa Leaders Summit and related matters.
- Sec. 7804. Summit of the Americas.
- Sec. 7805. Extension of certain payment in connection with the International Space Station.
- Sec. 7806. Inclusion of cost associated with producing reports.
- Sec. 7807. Fentanyl reporting and authorities.
- Sec. 7808. Strengthening tracking of Tranq.
- Sec. 7809. SIGAR sunset and transition.
- Sec. 7810. Coordinator for Afghan Relocation Efforts.

Sec. 7811. Feasibility study for reimbursement of certain expenses of persons evacuated from Afghanistan.

Sec. 7812. Extensions.

SEC. 7002. DEFINITIONS.

In this division:

(1) **ADMINISTRATOR.**—The term “Administrator” means the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development.

(2) **APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.**—The term “appropriate congressional committees” means the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

(3) **DEPARTMENT.**—The term “Department” means the Department of State.

(4) **SECRETARY.**—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of State.

(5) **USAID.**—The term “USAID” means the United States Agency for International Development.

TITLE LXXI—WORKFORCE MATTERS

SEC. 7101. COMPETITIVE LOCAL COMPENSATION PLAN.

It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) the effectiveness and stability of United States foreign missions are linked to the dedication and expertise of locally employed staff; and

(2) ensuring competitive compensation packages benchmarked against the local market is essential not only to retain valuable talent but also to reflect a commitment to employment practices abroad.

SEC. 7102. STRATEGY FOR TARGETED RECRUITMENT OF CIVIL SERVANTS.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a strategy for targeted and proactive recruitment to fill open civil service positions, focusing on recruiting from schools or organizations, and on platforms targeting those with relevant expertise related to such positions.

SEC. 7103. ELECTRONIC MEDICAL RECORDS.

(a) **SENSE OF CONGRESS.**—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) Foreign Service personnel at the Department serve with distinction in austere places and under challenging conditions around the world with limited healthcare availability;

(2) the use of paper medical records, which require Foreign Service personnel to carry files containing protected health information from post to post, limits the availability of their health information to Department medical personnel during critical health incidents;

(3) electronic medical records are necessary, particularly as the Department opens new embassies in the South Pacific, thousands of miles from the nearest Department medical offi-

cer, who may not have access to up-to-date personnel medical files;

(4) the lack of electronic medical records is even more important for mental health records, as the Department only has a small number of regional medical officer psychiatrists and relies heavily on telehealth for most Foreign Service personnel; and

(5) due to the critical need for electronic medical records, it is imperative that the Department address the situation quickly and focus on secure commercially available or other successful systems utilized by public and private sector organizations with a track record of successfully implementing large-scale projects of this type.

(b) **ELECTRONIC MEDICAL RECORDS REQUIREMENT.**—Not later than December 31, 2027, the Secretary shall have fully implemented an electronic medical records process or system for all Foreign Service personnel and their Eligible Family Members that eliminates reliance on paper medical records and includes appropriate safeguards to protect personal privacy.

(c) **REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the progress made towards meeting the requirement under subsection (b).

(2) **ELEMENTS.**—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following elements:

(A) An updated timeline for implementation.

(B) An estimated completion date.

(C) The amounts expended to date on the required electronic medical records system.

(D) The estimated amount needed to complete the system.

(3) **TERMINATION OF REQUIREMENT.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—The reporting requirement under paragraph (1) shall cease upon the earlier of—

(i) notification to the appropriate congressional committees that electronic medical records have been completely implemented for all Foreign Service personnel; and

(ii) the date that is 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(B) **REPORT REQUIRED IN CASE OF NON-IMPLEMENTATION.**—If the Department has not completely implemented electronic medical records within 5 years of the date of the enactment of this Act, the final report submitted under paragraph (1) shall include an explanation for the lack of completion and steps the Department will take to finalize the electronic medical records process.

SEC. 7104. PORTABILITY OF PROFESSIONAL LICENSES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 9 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4081 et seq.) is amended by adding after section 908 (22 U.S.C. 4088) the following new section:

“SEC. 909. PORTABILITY OF PROFESSIONAL LICENSES.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—In any case in which a member of the Foreign Service or the spouse of a member of the Foreign Service has a covered United States license and such member of the Foreign Service or spouse relocates his or her residency because of an assignment or detail to a location that is not in the jurisdiction of the licensing authority that issued the covered license, such covered license shall be considered valid at a similar scope of practice and in the discipline applied for in the jurisdiction of such new residency for the duration of such an assignment or detail if such member of the Foreign Service or spouse—

“(1) provides a copy of the member’s notification of assignment to the licensing authority in the jurisdiction in which the new residency is located;

“(2) remains in good standing with—

“(A) the licensing authority that issued the covered license; and

“(B) every other licensing authority that has issued to the member of the Foreign Service or spouse a license valid at a similar scope of practice and in the discipline applied in the jurisdiction of such licensing authority; and

“(3) submits to the authority of the licensing authority in the new jurisdiction for the purposes of standards of practice, discipline, and fulfillment of any continuing education requirements.

“(b) INTERSTATE LICENSURE COMPACTS.—If a member of the Foreign Service or spouse of a member of the Foreign Service is licensed and able to operate in multiple jurisdictions through an interstate licensure compact, with respect to services provided in the jurisdiction of the interstate licensure compact by a licensee covered by such compact, the member of the Foreign Service or spouse of a member of the Foreign Service shall be subject to the requirements of the compact or the applicable provisions of law of the applicable State and not this section.

“(c) COVERED LICENSE DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘covered license’ means a professional license or certificate—

“(1) that is in good standing with the licensing authority that issued such professional license or certificate;

“(2) that the member of the Foreign Service or spouse of a member of the Foreign Service has actively used during the two years immediately preceding the relocation described in subsection (a); and

“(3) that is not a license to practice law.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 2 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 908 the following new item:

“Sec. 909. Portability of professional licenses.”.

SEC. 7105. EXPANDING OPPORTUNITIES FOR DEPARTMENT-PAID STUDENT INTERNSHIP PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 9201 of the Department of State Authorization Act of 2022 (22 U.S. 2737) is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(2)(A), by inserting “or have graduated from such an institution within the six months preceding application to the Program” after “paragraph (1)”;

(2) in subsection (c), by inserting “and gives preference as appropriate to individuals who have not previously completed internships within the Department of State and the United States Agency for International Development” after “career in foreign affairs”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following subsections:

“(k) WORK HOURS FLEXIBILITY.—Students participating in the Program may work fewer than 40 hours per week and a minimum of 24 hours per week to accommodate their academic schedules, provided that the total duration of the internship remains consistent with program requirements.

“(l) MENTORSHIP PROGRAM.—The Secretary and Administrator are authorized to establish a mentoring and coaching program that pairs Foreign Service or Civil Service employees with interns who choose to participate throughout the duration of their internship.”.

SEC. 7106. CAREER INTERMISSION PROGRAM ADJUSTMENT TO ENHANCE RETENTION.

(a) AUTHORITY TO EXTEND FEDERAL EMPLOYEE HEALTH BENEFIT COVERAGE.—The Secretary and Administrator are authorized to offer employees the option of extending Federal Employee Health Benefit coverage during pre-approved leave without pay for up to 3 years.

(b) RESPONSIBILITY FOR PREMIUM PAYMENTS.—If an employee elects to continue coverage pursuant to subsection (a) for longer than 365 days, the employee shall be responsible for 100 percent of the premium (employee share and government share) during such longer period.

SEC. 7107. ASSIGNMENT PROCESS MODERNIZATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall modernize the Foreign Service bidding process, and should consider incorporating the following elements:

(1) A stable-pair matching, preference-ranking system for non-directed Foreign Service employees and hiring bureaus, allowing for a more strategic alignment of workforce and resources.

(2) Incorporation of lessons learned from the previous stable-pair matching bidding pilot framework referred to as “iMatch” but applied more expansively to include non-directed assignments up through FS-01 positions, taking advantage of efficiency benefits such as tandem assignment functionalities.

(3) Mechanisms to ensure transparency, efficiency, effectiveness, accountability, and flexibility in the assignment process, while maintaining equal opportunities for all employees in the Foreign Service.

(4) An independent auditing process to ensure adherence to established rules, effectiveness in meeting the Department’s

needs, and prevention of bias or manipulation, including through the use of protected categories in making assignment decisions.

(b) **CONSIDERATION OF CERTAIN PROMOTION ISSUES.**—In parallel with assignment process modernization efforts, the Secretary shall—

(1) assess whether any point systems tied to promotion incentives should consider service in hard-to-fill or critical positions; and

(2) assess whether the practice of dividing the assignment process into winter and summer cycles is necessary or efficient compared to stable matching processes.

(c) **REPORTING AND OVERSIGHT.**—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall provide the appropriate congressional committees a report on the implementation of the assignment process under this section, including—

(1) data on match rates, including in filling critical or priority positions, officer and hiring office satisfaction, and the impact on tandem placements;

(2) recommendations for further modifications to the bidding process;

(3) an overview of the strategy used to communicate any changes to the workforce; and

(4) results of analysis into additional transparency efforts, including those described in subsection (a)(3).

SEC. 7108. REPORT ON MODIFYING CONSULAR TOUR AND FIRST TOURS REQUIREMENTS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that evaluates—

(1) the feasibility of reducing, removing, or adding flexibility to the directed consular tours requirements for non-consular-coned generalist members of the Foreign Service;

(2) the projected impact on consular services if the current practice of directed consular tours are revised or removed, and projected additional resources or authorities that would be needed to address such impact; and

(3) the feasibility of requiring that first tours for members of the Foreign Service be assigned in the National Capital Region.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The report required under subsection (a) shall include a description of resources required to implement the changes described in such subsection, a timeline for implementation, and an assessment of the benefits and consequences of such changes, including any obstacles.

SEC. 7109. PER DIEM ALLOWANCE FOR NEWLY HIRED MEMBERS OF THE FOREIGN SERVICE.

(a) **PER DIEM ALLOWANCE.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Except as provided in paragraph (2), any newly hired Foreign Service employee who is in initial orientation training, or any other training expected to last less than 6 months in the Washington, D.C. area before transferring to the employee's first assignment overseas or domestically out-

side the Washington, D.C. area shall, for the duration of such training, receive a per diem allowance at the levels prescribed under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code.

(2) **LIMITATION ON LODGING EXPENSES.**—A newly hired Foreign Service employee may not receive any lodging expenses under the applicable per diem allowance pursuant to paragraph (1) if that employee—

(A) has a permanent residence in the Washington, D.C., area (not including government-supplied housing during such orientation training or other training); and

(B) does not vacate such residence during such orientation training or other training.

(b) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section—

(1) the term “per diem allowance” has the meaning given such term in section 5701 of title 5, United States Code; and

(2) the term “Washington, D.C., area” means the geographic area within a 50-mile radius of the Washington Monument.

SEC. 7110. TERMINATION OF RESIDENTIAL OR MOTOR VEHICLE LEASES AND TELEPHONE SERVICE CONTRACTS FOR MEMBERS OF THE FOREIGN SERVICE.

Section 907 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4087) is amended by striking “Service who are posted abroad at a Foreign Service post” and inserting “Foreign Service who are posted in the United States or posted abroad”.

SEC. 7111. NEEDS-BASED CHILDCARE SUBSIDIES ENROLLMENT PERIOD.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Department and USAID shall—

(1) issue and maintain guidance on how to apply for any program authorized under section 630 of the Treasury and General Government Appropriations Act, 2002 (Public Law 107–67; 115 Stat. 552); and

(2) consider using maximum flexibilities to accept applications throughout the year or in accordance with Qualifying Life Event changes (as defined by the Federal Employees Health Benefits Program (FEHB)).

SEC. 7112. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT ON DEPARTMENT TRAVELER EXPERIENCE.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a review and submit to the appropriate congressional, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the effect of section 40118 of title 49, United States Code (commonly referred to as the “Fly America Act”) on Department travelers.

(b) **ELEMENTS.**—The report required under subsection (a) shall include an analysis of the extent to which the Fly America Act—

(1) disproportionately impacts Department personnel;

(2) impacts travelers, including their ability to find suitable flights and the ability to complete their travel in a timely and effective manner;

(3) increases or decreases costs to the United States Government;

(4) produces overly burdensome restrictions in times of urgent travel such as Emergency Visitation Travel and Ordered/Authorized Departure; and

(5) a description of other relevant issues the Comptroller General determines appropriate.

SEC. 7113. SEMIANNUAL REPORT ON GLOBAL FOOTPRINT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the global footprint of the Department.

(b) ELEMENTS.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include, for each diplomatic post—

(1) the number and type of Department employees assigned to the post; and

(2) the number of allocated positions that remain unfilled.

(c) FORM.—The report required under subsection (a) shall be submitted in classified form.

SEC. 7114. REPORT ON FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES ADVISING FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 3 years, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees, the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Oversight and Accountability, and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report that identifies former United States Government senior officials who have been approved by the Secretary to advise foreign governments.

(b) FORM.—The report required under subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SEC. 7115. AUTHORITY TO PAY FOR OR REIMBURSE FOR CERTAIN SECURITY SERVICES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary and the Administrator are authorized to pay for or reimburse for appropriate security services to mitigate risks to certain employees or members of their households resulting from or related to the employee's official duties or affiliation with the Department or USAID. These security equipment or services may include security cameras and services to deprioritize or remove internet search results revealing personally identifiable information.

(b) REQUIRED POLICY.—Prior to paying for or reimbursing services pursuant to subsection (a), the Department shall establish a policy that—

(1) outlines the requirements for qualifying for the payment of or reimbursement of services;

(2) identifies the office responsible for vetting requests for paying for or reimbursing of services; and

(3) mandates expeditious consideration of such requests.

TITLE LXXII—ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

SEC. 7201. STATE-OF-THE-ART BUILDING FACILITIES.

The Secretary should use existing waiver authorities to expedite upgrades and critical maintenance for the Harry S. Truman Federal Building, with the goal of having at least 85 percent of construction and upgrades completed by December 31, 2027.

SEC. 7202. PRESENCE OF CHIEFS OF MISSION AT DIPLOMATIC POSTS.

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR ARRIVAL AT DIPLOMATIC POST WITHIN 60 DAYS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall require that to be eligible for payment of travel expenses for initial arrival at the assigned post, a chief of mission must arrive at the post not later than 60 days after the date on which the chief of mission was confirmed by the Senate.

(2) EXCEPTIONS.—The restriction under paragraph (1) shall not apply to a chief of mission who arrives later than 60 days after confirmation by the Senate if the delay was caused by one or more of the following:

(A) A flight delay that was outside of the control of the chief of mission or the Department.

(B) A natural disaster, global health emergency, or other naturally occurring event that prevented the chief of mission from entering the country of the assigned post.

(C) Delay or refusal by the government of the host country to accept diplomatic accreditation.

(D) Family or medical emergency.

(E) Extenuating circumstances beyond the control of the chief of mission.

(3) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive the requirement under paragraph (1) upon a determination that extenuating circumstances warrant such a waiver and upon submission of a brief description of the determination to the appropriate congressional committees.

(4) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and in each case that a chief of mission arrives at an assigned post more than 60 days after confirmation, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report identifying any chief of mission who arrived at the assigned post more than 60 days after confirmation by the Senate, and includes a description of the justification.

(b) NOTIFICATIONS ON DEPARTURES OF CHIEFS OF MISSION.—Beginning on April 1, 2025, for 5 years, the Secretary shall notify the appropriate congressional committees of any chief of mission who has permanently departed from the assigned post within 90 days of the departure.

SEC. 7203. PERIODIC INSPECTOR GENERAL REVIEWS OF CHIEFS OF MISSION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on April 1, 2025, and for a 3-year period thereafter, the Inspector General of the Department of State

shall conduct management reviews of chiefs of mission, charge d'affaires, and other principal officers assigned overseas during inspection visits, when those officers have been at post more than 180 days.

(b) **DISPOSITION.**—If there are serious management concerns raised and substantiated, a copy of the management review document shall be provided to the rating officer for formal discussion as part of the performance evaluation process. The management review shall remain in the employee's personnel file unless otherwise required by law. The subject of a review conducted pursuant to subsection (a) shall have the opportunity to respond to and comment on the review, and the response shall be included in the employee's file for promotion panel review.

(c) **NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT IN CASE OF SERIOUS MANAGEMENT CONCERNS.**—The Inspector General of the Department of State shall notify the Secretary, the Deputy Secretary, and the appropriate congressional committees within 30 days of any review in which a preponderance of evidence shows that a chief of mission, charge d'affaires, or other principal officer did not meet Department guidelines, and such behavior negatively impacted the ability to conduct operations at the mission, and which information is not otherwise submitted as part of the periodic inspection or report.

SEC. 7204. SPECIAL ENVOY FOR SUDAN.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—The President shall, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint a Special Envoy for Sudan at the Department (in this section referred to as the "Special Envoy"). The Special Envoy shall report directly to the Secretary and should not hold another position in the Department while holding the position of Special Envoy.

(b) **DUTIES.**—The Special Envoy shall—

(1) lead United States diplomatic efforts to support negotiations and humanitarian response efforts related to alleviating the crisis in Sudan;

(2) be responsible for coordinating policy development and execution related to ending the conflict and a future path to national recovery and democratic transition in Sudan across all bureaus in the Department and coordinating with interagency partners; and

(3) consult regularly with the appropriate congressional committees and keep such committees fully and currently informed on the status of diplomatic efforts and negotiations.

(c) **STAFFING.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary shall ensure that the Special Envoy is staffed with personnel approved by the envoy, including through reassignment of positions responsible for issues related to Sudan that currently exist within the Department, encouraging details or assignment of employees of the Department from regional and functional bureaus with expertise relevant to Sudan, or through request for interagency details of individuals with relevant experience from other United States Government departments or agencies, including the Department of Treasury.

(2) **BRIEFING REQUIREMENTS.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Department should

brief the appropriate congressional committees on the number of full-time equivalent positions supporting the Special Envoy and the relevant expertise and duties of any employees of the Department serving as detailees.

(d) SUNSET.—The position of the Special Envoy for Sudan shall terminate on the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 7205. SPECIAL ENVOY FOR BELARUS.

Section 6406(d) of the Department of State Authorization Act of 2023 (division F of Public Law 118–31; 22 U.S.C. 5811 note) is amended to read as follows:

“(d) ROLE.—The position of Special Envoy—

“(1) shall only exist while United States diplomatic operations in Belarus at the United States Embassy in Minsk, Belarus are suspended; and

“(2) shall oversee the operations and personnel of the Belarus Affairs Unit.”.

SEC. 7206. NATIONAL MUSEUM OF AMERICAN DIPLOMACY.

Title I of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 is amended by adding after section 64 (22 U.S.C. 2735a) the following:

“SEC. 65. NATIONAL MUSEUM OF AMERICAN DIPLOMACY.

“(a) ACTIVITIES.—

“(1) SUPPORT AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary is authorized to provide, by contract, grant, or otherwise, for the performance of appropriate museum visitor and educational outreach services and related events, including—

“(A) organizing programs and conference activities;

“(B) creating, designing, and installing exhibits; and

“(C) conducting museum shop services and food services in the public exhibition and related physical and virtual space utilized by the National Museum of American Diplomacy.

“(2) RECOVERY OF COSTS.—The Secretary of State is authorized to retain the proceeds obtained from customary and appropriate fees charged for the use of facilities, including venue rental for events consistent with the activities described in subsection (a)(1) and museum shop services and food services at the National Museum of American Diplomacy. Such proceeds shall be retained as a recovery of the costs of operating the Museum, credited to a designated Department account that exists for the purpose of funding the Museum and its programs and activities, and shall remain available until expended.

“(b) DISPOSITION OF DOCUMENTS, ARTIFACTS, AND OTHER ARTICLES.—

“(1) PROPERTY.—All historic documents, artifacts, or other articles acquired by the Department of State for the permanent museum collection and determined by the Secretary of State to be suitable for display by the National Museum of American Diplomacy shall be considered to be the property of the United States Government and shall be subject to disposition solely in accordance with this subsection.

“(2) SALE, TRADE, OR TRANSFER.—Whenever the Secretary of State makes a determination described in paragraph (3) with respect to a document, artifact, or other article described in paragraph (1), taking into account considerations such as the Museum’s collections management policy and best professional museum practice, the Secretary may sell at fair market value, trade, or transfer such document, artifact, or other article without regard to the requirements of subtitle I of title 40, United States Code. The proceeds of any such sale may be used solely for the advancement of the activities described in subsection (a)(1) of the National Museum of American Diplomacy and may not be used for any purpose other than the acquisition and direct care of the collections of the Museum.

“(3) DETERMINATIONS PRIOR TO SALE, TRADE, OR TRANSFER.—The determination described in this paragraph with respect to a document, artifact, or other article described in paragraph (1) is a determination that—

“(A) the document, artifact, or other article no longer serves to further the mission of the National Museum of American Diplomacy as set forth in the collections management policy of the Museum;

“(B) the sale at a fair market price based on an independent appraisal or trade or transfer of the document, artifact, or other article would serve to maintain or enhance the Museum collection; and

“(C) the sale, trade, or transfer of the document, artifact, or other article would be in the best interests of the United States.

“(4) LOANS.—In addition to the authorization under paragraph (2) relating to the sale, trade, or transfer of documents, artifacts, or other articles described in paragraph (1), the Secretary of State may—

“(A) loan the documents, artifacts, or other articles to other institutions, both foreign and domestic, for repair, study, or exhibition when not needed for use or display by the National Museum of American Diplomacy; and

“(B) borrow documents, artifacts, or other articles from other institutions or individuals, both foreign and domestic, for activities consistent with subsection (a)(1).”.

SEC. 7207. OVERSEAS BUILDINGS DUE DILIGENCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall take such steps as may be necessary to avoid or minimize purchasing or leasing for 180 days or longer a covered building to be used by United States Government personnel carrying out their official duties—

(1) in which a covered entity is known through reasonable due diligence to have performed covered construction;

(2) in which due diligence has indicated a covered entity has an ownership interest; or

(3) where a covered entity is expected to perform covered construction.

(b) NOTIFICATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If, after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary determines it is in the national security interest of the United States to acquire or lease a covered build-

ing, or enter into or renew a contract with a covered entity to perform covered construction with a covered building, then the Secretary shall notify the appropriate congressional committees and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives—

(A) not later than 7 days before entering into an acquisition, lease, or agreement with a covered building or covered entity doing covered construction; and

(B) not later than 21 days after becoming aware of an existing lease or agreement occurring with a covered building or covered entity doing covered construction.

(2) DETERMINATION OF NATIONAL SECURITY INTEREST.—The notification required under paragraph (1) shall also include, to the extent applicable—

(A) a determination of whether the inconsistent acquisition, lease, or agreement is in the national security interest of the United States;

(B) an identification of the interest advanced by such inconsistent action;

(C) a detailed explanation for such determination; and

(D) any action the Secretary has taken or intends to take to mitigate national security vulnerabilities that may be posed by such inconsistent action.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) COVERED BUILDING.—The term “covered building” means a building that is used or intended to be used by personnel of a consular or diplomatic post located outside of the United States for carrying out their official duties.

(2) COVERED CONSTRUCTION.—The term “covered construction”—

(A) means any construction, development, conversion, extension, alteration, repair, or maintenance performed with respect to a building; and

(B) includes the installation or maintenance of electrical, plumbing, heating, ventilation, air conditioning, communication, fire protection, and energy management systems with respect to such building.

(3) COVERED ENTITY.—The term “covered entity” means an entity with respect to which the Government of the People’s Republic of China, the Government of the Russian Federation, or an agent or instrumentality of the Government of the People’s Republic of China or the Government of the Russian Federation, directly or indirectly, including through any contract, arrangement, understanding, or relationship—

(A) owns or controls a significant percent of the ownership interest; or

(B) otherwise exercises substantial control.

SEC. 7208. RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF FUNDS FOR SOLAR PANELS.

The Department may not use Federal funds to procure any solar energy products that were manufactured in the Xinjiang Uyghur Autonomous Region of the People’s Republic of China or other regions in the country, which are known to be produced with forced labor.

SEC. 7209. RESPONSIVENESS TO CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE INQUIRIES AND CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE INQUIRIES.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—The Congressional Research Service and the Congressional Budget Office are charged with rendering effective and efficient service to Congress and responding expeditiously, effectively, and efficiently to the needs of Congress.

(b) **RESPONSES.**—The Secretary and Administrator shall ensure that for any inquiry or request from the Congressional Research Service or the Congressional Budget Office—

(1) an initial substantive response to the request is sent within 14 days of receipt of the inquiry;

(2) a complete answer responsive to the request is sent within 90 days of receipt of the inquiry, together with an explanation as to why the request was delayed; and

(3) Congressional Research Service and Congressional Budget Office staff shall be treated as congressional staff for any briefings or informal discussions.

(c) **REQUIREMENT TO DISCLOSE UNCLASSIFIED INFORMATION.**—The Secretary and the Administrator shall not refuse to provide information to the Congressional Research Service or the Congressional Budget Office on the basis that the Secretary or the Administrator deems such information to be sensitive but unclassified.

SEC. 7210. EXPEDITED OPENING OF DIPLOMATIC MISSIONS.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Increasing the United States' global diplomatic footprint is imperative to advance United States' national security interests, particularly in the face of a massive diplomatic expansion of our strategic competitors.

(2) Opening or re-opening diplomatic missions, often in small island nations where there is no United States Government presence, but one is needed to advance United States strategic objectives.

(3) Diplomatic missions should be resourced and equipped for success upon opening to allow diplomats to focus on advancing United States national interests in-country.

(4) The United States can and should move more swiftly to open new diplomatic missions and provide United States diplomats and locally employed staff with a workplace that meets locally appropriate quality, safety, and security standards.

(5) To do this, the Department must streamline and support the process of opening new posts to identify efficiencies and remove obstacles that are unduly complicating the opening of new diplomatic missions, particularly in small island states and similarly situated locations.

(b) **REPORT TO CONGRESS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on how the Department is creating a new framework to provide such diplomatic missions the needed resources and authorities to quickly and efficiently stand up and operate from the moment United

States personnel arrive, or even before the opening of a new mission, particularly in small island nations.

(2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) a list of authorities and processes related to the opening of new diplomatic missions;

(B) a list of authorities and processes related to the opening of new diplomatic missions that the Department can waive to expediently stand up new diplomatic missions;

(C) essential functions that each new diplomatic mission should be able to carry out independently upon opening;

(D) a description of functions that another post or support center will need to carry out to support the new mission;

(E) a list of essential equipment and access to facilities, including to support secure communications, that should be provided to each new diplomatic mission, the approval of which should be handled prior to or shortly after the opening of the new diplomatic mission, including arrangements for basic office equipment, vehicles, and housing;

(F) the number of recommended locally engaged staff and United States direct hires resident in-country;

(G) the number of non-resident support staff who are assigned to the new diplomatic mission, such as from another post or regional support center;

(H) a description of how medical and consular support services could be provided;

(I) procedures for requesting an expansion or renovation of the post's functions or physical platform after opening, should that be needed;

(J) any other authorities or processes that may be required to successfully and quickly stand up a new diplomatic mission, including any new authorities the Department may need;

(K) a list of incentives, in addition to pay differentials, being considered for such posts;

(L) a description of any specialized training, including for management and security personnel supporting the establishment of such new embassies that may be required; and

(M) a list of what steps the Department is taking to expedite embassy construction in Dublin, Ireland, consulate build-out in Nuuk, Greenland, and embassy renovations in Buenos Aires, Argentina, and projected new posts in the Caribbean and Pacific Islands.

(c) SENIOR OFFICIAL TO LEAD NEW EMBASSY EXPANSION.—

(1) DESIGNATION.—The Secretary shall designate an assistant secretary-level senior official to expedite and make recommendations for the reform of procedures for opening new diplomatic missions abroad, particularly in small island states.

(2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The senior official designated pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be responsible for proposing policy and procedural changes to the Secretary to—

(A) expediting the resourcing of new diplomatic missions by waiving or reducing when possible mandatory processes required to open new diplomatic missions, taking into account the threat environment and circumstances in the host country;

(B) when necessary, quickly adjudicating within the Department any decision points that arise during the planning and execution phases of the establishment of a new mission;

(C) ensuring new missions receive the management and operational support needed, including by designating such support be undertaken by another post, regional support center, or Department entities based in the United States; and

(D) ensuring that the authorities provided in the Secure Embassy Construction and Counterterrorism Act of 1999 (title VI of division A of appendix G of Public Law 106–113), as amended by the Secure Embassy Construction and Counterterrorism Act of 2022 (section 9301 of Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 3879), are fully utilized in the planning for all new diplomatic missions.

(d) **NEW DIPLOMATIC MISSION DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “new diplomatic mission” means any bilateral diplomatic mission opened since January 1, 2020, in a country where there had not been a bilateral diplomatic mission since the date that is 20 years before the date of the enactment of this Act.

(e) **SUNSET.**—The authorities and requirements of this section shall terminate 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 7211. REPORT ON UNITED STATES CONSULATE IN CHENGDU, PEOPLE’S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the effect of the suspension of operations at of the United States Consulate General in Chengdu, People’s Republic of China, on July 27, 2020, on diplomatic and consular activities of the United States in Southwestern China, including the provision of consular services to United States citizens, and on relations with the people of Southwestern China, including in areas designated by the Government of the People’s Republic of China as autonomous.

SEC. 7212. PERSONNEL REPORTING.

Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and at least every 120 days thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report—

(1) describing the on-board personnel levels, hiring, and attrition of the Civil Service, Foreign Service, eligible family members, locally employed staff, and contractor workforce of the Department, on an operating unit-by-operating unit basis; and

(2) including a status update on progress toward fiscal year hiring plans for Foreign Service and Civil Service.

SEC. 7213. SUPPORT CO-LOCATION WITH ALLIED PARTNER NATIONS.

The Secretary, following consultation which occurs a reasonable time in advance of the exercise of the authority and includes details on costs and purposes with the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives may alter, repair, and furnish United States Government-owned and leased space for use by the government of a foreign country to facilitate co-location of such government in such space, on such terms and conditions as the Secretary may determine, including with respect to reimbursement of all or part of the costs of such alteration, repair, or furnishing. Reimbursements or advances of funds pursuant to this section may be credited to the currently applicable appropriation and shall be available for the purposes for which such appropriation is authorized.

SEC. 7214. STREAMLINE QUALIFICATION OF CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT BIDDERS.

Section 402 of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism Act of 1986 (22 U.S.C. 4852) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by inserting “be awarded” after “joint venture persons may”;

(B) by striking “bid on” both places it appears; and

(C) in paragraph (1), by striking “\$10,000,000” and inserting “\$25,000,000”; and

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) in paragraph 1, by striking “two” and inserting “three”; and

(B) in paragraph (2)—

(i) in subparagraph (D), by striking “at a United States diplomatic or consular establishment abroad” and inserting “on a Federal contract abroad”;

(ii) by striking subparagraphs (E) and (G);

(iii) by redesignating subparagraph (F) as subparagraph (E); and

(iv) in subparagraph (E), as redesignated by clause (iii), by striking “80” both places it appears and inserting “65”.

SEC. 7215. CONTINUATION OF REST AND RECUPERATION AND OVERSEAS OPERATIONS LEAVE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 9 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4081 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 903 (22 U.S.C. 4083) the following new sections:

“SEC. 903a. REST AND RECUPERATION LEAVE.

“(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

“(1) the term ‘agency’ means an Executive agency (as that term is defined in section 105 of title 5, United States Code), but does not include the Government Accountability Office;

“(2) the term ‘combat zone’ means a geographic area designated by an Executive order of the President as an area in which the Armed Forces are engaging or have engaged in combat, an area designated by law to be treated as a combat zone, or a location the Department of Defense has certified for com-

bat zone tax benefits due to its direct support of military operations;

“(3) the term ‘employee’ means an officer or an individual who is—

“(A) appointed in the civil service, the Foreign Service, or any appointment authority other than the uniformed services (as that term is defined in section 101 of title 37, United States Code), by one of the following acting in an official capacity:

“(i) The President.

“(ii) A Member or Members of Congress, or Congress.

“(iii) An individual who is an employee under this section.

“(iv) The head of a Government-controlled corporation;

“(B) engaged in the performance of a Federal function under authority of law or an Executive act; and

“(C) subject to the supervision of an individual described in subparagraph (A) while engaged in the performance of the duties of his or her position;

“(4) the term ‘high risk, high threat post’ has the meaning given that term in section 104 of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism Act of 1986 (22 U.S.C. 4803); and

“(5) the term ‘leave year’ means the period beginning on the first day of the first complete pay period in a calendar year and ending on the day immediately before the first day of the first complete pay period in the following calendar year.

“(b) **LEAVE FOR REST AND RECUPERATION.**—The Secretary or other head of an agency may prescribe regulations to grant up to 20 days of paid leave, per leave year, for the purposes of rest and recuperation to an employee of the agency serving in a combat zone, any other high risk, high threat post, or any other location presenting significant security or operational challenges.

“(c) **DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OR OTHER AGENCY HEAD.**—Use of the authority under subsection (b) is at the sole and exclusive discretion of the head of the agency concerned.

“(d) **RECORDS.**—An agency shall record leave provided under this section separately from leave authorized under any other provision of law.

“SEC. 903b. OVERSEAS OPERATIONS LEAVE.

“(a) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section—

“(1) the term ‘agency’ means an Executive agency (as that term is defined in section 105 of title 5, United States Code), but does not include the Government Accountability Office.

“(2) the term ‘employee’ means an officer or an individual who is—

“(A) appointed in the civil service, the Foreign Service, or any appointment authority other than the uniformed services (as that term is defined in section 101 of title 37, United States Code), by one of the following acting in an official capacity:

“(i) The President.

“(ii) A Member or Members of Congress, or Congress.

“(iii) An individual who is an employee under this section.

“(iv) The head of a Government-controlled corporation;

“(B) engaged in the performance of a Federal function under authority of law or an Executive act; and

“(C) subject to the supervision of an individual described in subparagraph (A) while engaged in the performance of the duties of his or her position; and

“(3) the term ‘leave year’ means the period beginning with the first day of the first complete pay period in a calendar year and ending with the day immediately before the first day of the first complete pay period in the following calendar year.

“(b) LEAVE FOR OVERSEAS OPERATIONS.—The Secretary or other head of an agency may prescribe regulations to grant up to 10 days of paid leave, per leave year, to an employee of the agency serving abroad for the purpose of local holidays.

“(c) DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OR OTHER AGENCY HEAD.—Use of the authority under subsection (b) is at the sole and exclusive discretion of the head of the agency concerned.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 2 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (Public Law 96–465; 94 Stat. 2071) is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 903 the following new items:

“Sec. 903a. Rest and recuperation leave.

“Sec. 903b. Overseas operations leave.”.

SEC. 7216. OVERSEAS CRISIS RESPONSE SYSTEM AND STRATEGY.

(a) SENIOR FOCAL POINT ON CRISIS MANAGEMENT AND RESPONSE.—

(1) DESIGNATION.—The Secretary shall designate a senior official with significant experience in crisis management and response to support the Department’s response to and management of international crises as defined in subsection (e).

(2) DUTIES.—The Senior Focal Point for Crisis Management and Response shall facilitate the Department’s coordinated response to crisis management and response, in a manner consistent with roles and responsibilities of other senior Department and USAID personnel assigned to address and implement crisis management and response activities, and will carry out relevant activities to include the following:

(A) Coordinate the Department’s response to and management of international crises.

(B) Coordinate with regional and other relevant Department bureaus and USAID on such crises and other matters relevant to crisis management and response.

(C) Facilitate information necessary for the execution of after-action reviews after international crises.

(D) Maintain close liaison with the appropriate congressional committees regarding the Department’s response to and management of international crises.

(E) Undertake other duties, as determined by the Secretary in consultation with the Administrator, relevant to crisis management and response.

(3) REPORTING.—The Senior Focal Point for Crisis Management and Response shall report directly to the Secretary in the execution of the duties described under paragraph (2).

(b) TABLETOP EXERCISES AND SIMULATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than annually thereafter for 3 years, the Secretary shall direct the relevant offices of the Department to ensure a tabletop exercise or simulation on international crises is conducted by the Department. The tabletop exercise or simulation should be conducted in the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area.

(2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The Secretary shall ensure that such exercises or simulations address the Department's crisis response and evacuation requirements, and should include—

(A) the necessary and appropriate information to outline the crisis management roles and responsibilities of the Department's senior leadership;

(B) established Department crisis management structures for international crises;

(C) required processes, personnel, and resources for operational drawdown and evacuation operations in international crises; and

(D) all procedures relevant to the identification of, coordination with, and the provision of assistance to—

(i) private United States citizens;

(ii) United States Government employees and their dependents;

(iii) United States allies and partners;

(iv) local nationals who have assisted United States Government efforts; and

(v) third-country nationals.

(3) LEADERSHIP; PARTICIPATION.—The Secretary shall ensure that—

(A) the Department's Senior Focal Point on Crisis Management and Response, the Operation Center's Crisis Management and Strategy team, the Foreign Service Institute's Leadership and Management School's Crisis Management Training division, or other Department operating units, as determined to be appropriate by the Secretary, lead such exercises or simulations; and

(B) such exercises or simulations include the participation of the Department's relevant senior leadership and staff, including leadership and staff from regional and relevant functional bureaus.

(4) CONSULTATION.—Such exercises or simulations may be conducted in consultation with—

(A) the Department of Defense;

(B) other Federal agencies; and

(C) State and local government entities.

(5) PARTICIPATION.—The Secretary may, as consistent with the national security interests of the United States, invite to participate in such exercises or simulations—

(A) foreign allies and partners; and

(B) civil society and nongovernmental organizations, including those that have directly engaged in crisis response efforts in the past.

(6) BRIEFING.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (C), not later than 90 days after the completion of any tabletop exercise or simulation required under paragraph (1), the Department shall brief the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives on the organization of the tabletop exercise or simulation. The briefing, or particular elements therein, may be provided in a classified format.

(B) ELEMENTS.—The briefing required under subparagraph (A) should—

(i) provide a description of the tabletop exercise or simulation;

(ii) identify, as appropriate, key participants in the tabletop exercise or simulation;

(iii) include any deficiencies identified in prior tabletop exercise and plans to mitigate such deficiencies;

(iv) provide a summary of the supporting capabilities, including infrastructure, prepositioned equipment and supplies, personnel and other supporting logistics capabilities, required to respond to the simulated international crisis; and

(v) include such other information as determined necessary or appropriate by the Secretary.

(C) NOTIFICATION IN LIEU OF BRIEFING.—Beginning on the date that is 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall, not later than 90 days after the completion of any tabletop exercise or simulation required under paragraph (1), submit to the appropriate congressional committees a notice of such exercise or simulation which shall be in lieu of a briefing reviewing the tabletop exercise or simulation required under subparagraph (A).

(c) FOREIGN SERVICE INSTITUTE TRAINING.—The Secretary shall ensure existing crisis management curricula and courses offerings are reviewed for accuracy and tailored to relevant audiences. In addition, the Foreign Service Institute should ensure that the ambassadorial seminar and Deputy Chief of Mission course include curriculum on crisis management, including one or more of the following:

(1) The use of regular internal town halls and targeted messages from the Ambassador or Deputy Chief of Mission to support mission objectives during crisis periods.

(2) Established best practices for internal communications specific to high-threat posts.

(3) Diplomatic post-led drawdown and evacuation operations, military assisted departures, and noncombatant evacuation operations.

(4) Best practices for leading post efforts to communicate with and assist United States citizens.

(5) How to conduct or participate in the Department's domestic-led tabletop exercises and simulations, including those authorized in subsection (b).

(6) Communicating with and assessing the needs of locally employed staff during emergencies.

(d) DEPARTMENT OF STATE EMERGENCY RESPONSE LESSONS LEARNED CLEARINGHOUSE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall establish and maintain a clearinghouse of lessons learned and after-action reports relating to international crises, including evacuation operations of United States Government employees and their eligible family members or evacuation of private United States citizens or third-country nationals, to be known as the “Department of State Emergency Response Lessons Learned Clearinghouse” (in this section referred to as the “Clearinghouse”).

(2) REPOSITORY.—The Clearinghouse should be designed to provide—

(A) a central electronic repository of lessons learned and after-action reports to be made accessible to Department personnel to be used to improve crisis response and contingency planning;

(B) resources to inform and develop crisis response and contingency planning, including for the ambassadorial seminar and Deputy Chief of Mission course as provided in subsection (c); and

(C) publicly available documents and information, as appropriate, for civil society, nongovernmental organizations, academic institutions, and other stakeholders to assist with the Department's development of best practices.

(e) INTERNATIONAL CRISIS DEFINED.—In this section, the term “international crisis” means any situation overseas which requires the Department to change the operating status of United States diplomatic facilities, including a diplomatic post-led or military-assisted departure, ordered departure, or a noncombatant evacuation operation.

TITLE LXXIII—INFORMATION SECURITY AND CYBER DIPLOMACY

SEC. 7301. REALIGNING THE REGIONAL TECHNOLOGY OFFICER PROGRAM.

Section 9508(a)(1) of the Department of State Authorizations Act of 2022 (division I of Public Law 117–263; 22 U.S.C. 10305(a)(1)) is amended by inserting “, and shall be administered by the Bureau for Cyberspace and Digital Policy” before the period at the end.

SEC. 7302. MEASURES TO PROTECT DEPARTMENT DEVICES FROM THE PROLIFERATION AND USE OF FOREIGN COMMERCIAL SPYWARE.

(a) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) **APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.**—The term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate; and

(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

(2) **COVERED DEVICE.**—The term “covered device” means any electronic mobile device, including smartphones, tablet computing devices, or laptop computing device, that is issued by the Department for official use.

(3) **FOREIGN COMMERCIAL SPYWARE; SPYWARE.**—The terms “foreign commercial spyware” and “spyware” have the meanings given those terms in section 1102A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3232a).

(b) **PROTECTION OF COVERED DEVICES.**—

(1) **REQUIREMENT.**—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall, in consultation with the relevant agencies—

(A) issue standards, guidance, best practices, and policies for Department and USAID personnel to protect covered devices from being compromised by foreign commercial spyware;

(B) survey the processes used by the Department and USAID to identify and catalog instances where a covered device was compromised by foreign commercial spyware over the prior 2 years and it is reasonably expected to have resulted in an unauthorized disclosure of sensitive information; and

(C) submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the measures in place to identify and catalog instances of such compromises for covered devices by foreign commercial spyware, which may be submitted in classified form.

(2) **NOTIFICATIONS.**—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the Department becomes aware that a covered device was seriously compromised by foreign commercial spyware, the Secretary, in coordination with relevant agencies, shall notify the appropriate committees of Congress of the facts concerning such targeting or compromise, including—

(A) the location of the personnel whose covered device was compromised;

(B) the number of covered devices compromised;

(C) an assessment by the Secretary of the damage to the national security of the United States resulting from any loss of data or sensitive information; and

(D) an assessment by the Secretary of any foreign government or foreign organization or entity, and, to the ex-

tent possible, the foreign individuals, who directed and benefitted from any information acquired from the compromise.

(3) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary, in coordination with relevant agencies, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress, the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report regarding any covered device that was compromised by foreign commercial spyware, including the information described in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (2).

SEC. 7303. REPORT ON CLOUD COMPUTING IN BUREAU OF CONSULAR AFFAIRS.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the status of the Bureau of Consular Affairs adoption of cloud-based products and services as well as options to require enterprise-wide adoption of cloud computing, including for all consular operations.

SEC. 7304. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROJECTS.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer of the Department should consider, in consultation with the Assistant Secretary of the Bureau of Consular Affairs, piloting not fewer than 3 information technology systems and prioritizing information technology systems with high potential to accelerate the passport renewal processes, reduce processing times, and reduce dependency on legacy systems.

SEC. 7305. LEVERAGING APPROVED TECHNOLOGY FOR ADMINISTRATIVE EFFICIENCIES.

The Secretary and Administrator shall ensure appropriate and secure technological solutions are authorized and available for employee use, where feasible, to promote technological fluency in the workforce, including the integration of secure tools in the evaluation process to ensure performance management standards while maximizing efficiency.

TITLE LXXIV—PUBLIC DIPLOMACY

SEC. 7401. UNITED STATES AGENCY FOR GLOBAL MEDIA.

Section 306 of the United States International Broadcasting Act of 1994 (22 U.S.C. 6205) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (f) and (g) as subsection (g) and (h), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsection:

“(f) SUSPENSION AND DEBARMENT OF GRANTEEES.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), a grantee may not be debarred or suspended without consultation with the Chief Executive Officer and a three-fourths majority vote of the Advisory Board in support of such action.

“(2) SUSPENSION.—

“(A) CRITERIA FOR SUSPENSION.—A grantee may not be suspended unless the Advisory Board determines that the criteria described in section 513.405 of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations, have been met.

“(B) SUSPENDING OFFICIAL.—The Advisory Board shall collectively serve as the suspending official (as described in section 513.105 of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations).”

“(3) DEBARMENT.—

“(A) CRITERIA FOR DEBARMENT.—A grantee may not be debarred unless the Advisory Board determines that one or more of the causes described in section 513.305 of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations, has been established.

“(B) DEBARRING OFFICIAL.—The Advisory Board shall collectively serve as the debarring official (as described in section 513.105 of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations).”

SEC. 7402. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS TO SUPPORT UNITED STATES PARTICIPATION IN INTERNATIONAL FAIRS AND EXPOS.

Section 9601 of the Department of State Authorizations Act of 2022 (division I of Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 3909) is amended in subsection (b), by striking “fiscal years 2023 and 2024” and inserting “fiscal years 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, and 2027”.

SEC. 7403. RESEARCH AND SCHOLAR EXCHANGE PARTNERSHIPS.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(1) it is in the strategic interest of the United States to strengthen relations with Sub-Saharan African states to promote shared interests in the areas of—

- (A) democracy and good governance;
- (B) education and human capital;
- (C) trade and economic development;
- (D) science and technology;
- (E) biodiversity, food, and agriculture; and
- (F) the preservation and management of natural resources, including critical minerals; and

(2) historically Black colleges and universities (referred to in this section as “HBCUs”) have a long history of—

- (A) cultivating diaspora relations with Sub-Saharan African states; and
- (B) developing innovative solutions to some of the world’s most pressing challenges.

(b) STRENGTHENED PARTNERSHIPS.—The Secretary and the Administrator should seek to strengthen and expand partnerships and educational exchange opportunities, including by working with HBCUs, which build the capacity and expertise of students, scholars, and experts from Sub-Saharan Africa in key development sectors.

(c) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Administrator is authorized to—

(1) provide technical assistance to HBCUs to assist in fulfilling the goals of this section, including in developing contracts, operating agreements, legal documents, and related infrastructure; and

(2) upon request, provide feedback to HBCUs, to the maximum extent practicable, after a grant rejection from relevant

Federal programs in order to improve future grant applications, as appropriate.

TITLE LXXV—DIPLOMATIC SECURITY AND CONSULAR AFFAIRS

SEC. 7501. HUMAN TRAFFICKING AUTHORITY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary is authorized to investigate transnational violations of chapter 77 of title 18, United States Code, in which part of the offense conduct occurred outside the United States or involved one or more foreign nationals.

(b) **AUTHORITIES.**—Section 37(a)(1) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2709(a)(1)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (B), by striking “; or” and inserting a semicolon;

(2) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (D); and

(3) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following new subparagraph:

“(C) transnational violations of chapter 77 of title 18, United States Code, in which any part of the offense conduct occurred outside the United States or involved one or more foreign nationals; or”.

(c) **REPORT.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 3 years, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that includes each of the following:

(1) The number of relevant cases opened and investigated by the Diplomatic Security Service as a result of the additional authorities granted by the amendments made by this section.

(2) The percentage of the cases opened and investigated by the Diplomatic Security Service as a result of the additional authorities granted by the amendments made by this section that were referred for further action, including prosecution.

(3) An assessment of the efficacy of the authorities granted by the amendments made by this section and whether such authorities are sufficient to meaningfully contribute to Department and broader United States Government efforts to prosecute and prevent, where applicable, human trafficking and transnational violations of chapter 77 of title 18, United States Code.

(4) An assessment of whether the resources of the Diplomatic Security Service are sufficient to effectively carry out the objectives of this section.

(d) **SUNSET.**—This section and the amendments made by subsection (b) shall terminate on the date that is three years after the date of the enactment of this Act, and the provisions of law amended by such amendments shall be restored as if such amendments had not been enacted.

(e) **APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 7502. CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION FOR SERIOUS SECURITY INCIDENTS.

Section 301(a) of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism Act of 1986 (22 U.S.C. 4833(a)), is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively;

(2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:

“(2) INITIAL CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary shall notify the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, the majority and minority leaders of the Senate, and the Speaker and minority leader of the House of Representatives not later than 8 days after a possible Serious Security Incident has been identified by the Department. Such notification shall include a preliminary description of the incident, of an incident described in paragraph (1), including any known individuals involved, when and where the incident took place, and the next steps in the investigation.”; and

(3) in paragraph (4), as redesignated by paragraph (1) of this section, by striking “paragraph (2)” and inserting “paragraph (3)”.

SEC. 7503. NOTIFICATIONS REGARDING SECURITY DECISIONS AT DIPLOMATIC POSTS.

Section 103(c) of section 103 of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism Act of 1986 (22 U.S.C. 4802(c)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively;

(2) by striking “The Secretary” and inserting “(1) The Secretary”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) The Secretary of State shall notify the appropriate congressional committees within 10 days of any decision to retain authority over or approve decisions at an overseas post, including the movement of personnel.”.

SEC. 7504. SECURITY CLEARANCE SUSPENSION PAY FLEXIBILITIES.

Section 610(c)(6) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4010(c)(6)) is amended by striking “paragraph 1(B)” and inserting “this subsection”.

SEC. 7505. MODIFICATION TO NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT FOR SECURITY CLEARANCE SUSPENSIONS AND REVOCATIONS.

Section 6710(a) of the Department of State Authorization Act of 2023 (division F of Public Law 118–31; 22 U.S.C. 2651a note) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively, and moving such subparagraphs, as so redesignated, 2 ems to the right;

(2) by striking “IN GENERAL.—With respect” and inserting the following: “NOTIFICATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect”;

(3) in subparagraph (B), as redesignated by paragraph (1)—
 (A) by striking “revocation on” and all that follows through “or revocation” and inserting “revocation on—

“(A) the present employment status of the covered official and whether the job duties of the covered official have changed since such suspension or revocation;

“(B) the basis for such suspension or revocation, including a complete description;

“(C) the investigation of the covered official and the results of such investigation; and

“(D) any negative fallout or impacts for the Department of State, the United States Government, or national security of the United States as a result of the actions for which the security clearance was suspended or revoked.”; and

(4) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(2) SUBMISSION TO INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES.—To the extent the basis for any suspension or revocation of a security clearance is premised on the unauthorized release of intelligence (as defined by section 3(1) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(1)), the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives shall be an appropriate congressional committee for the purposes of this section.”.

SEC. 7506. PASSPORT AUTOMATION MODERNIZATION.

The Act entitled “An Act to regulate the issue and validity of passports, and for other purposes”, approved July 3, 1926 (44 Stat. 887, 22 U.S.C. 211a), is amended—

(1) by inserting “and through the use of Department of State electronic systems,” after “the insular possessions of the United States,”; and

(2) by striking “person” and inserting “entity”.

SEC. 7507. PASSPORT ACCEPTANCE, COURIER SERVICES, AND EXPIRATION DATES.

(a) AUTHORITY TO DESIGNATE ADDITIONAL PERSONS TO SERVE AS PASSPORT AGENTS.—Section 6109(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (22 U.S.C. 213a(b)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (6) as paragraph (7); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (5) the following new paragraph:

“(6) A United States citizen who, as determined by the Secretary, is employed by and provides services through a reputable, established company or institution and is commissioned or appointed as a notary or notary public or otherwise authorized to perform a notarization under the laws of a State, district, or territorial government.”.

(b) IMPROVEMENTS RELATED TO HAND-CARRY COURIER SERVICES FOR PASSPORT APPLICATIONS AND PASSPORTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall take such steps as may be necessary to—

(A) facilitate an increase in the number of companies certified to provide hand-carry courier services;

(B) increase the daily maximum number of applications for United States passports, by type, that such companies may submit to a passport agency of the Department (commonly referred to as “meeting slots”) as part of the hand-carry courier services of such company; and

(C) facilitate citizens’ awareness of the tools applicants may use to locate companies certified to provide hand-carry courier services, including adding contact information in the form of a weblink, phone number, or physical office address to the online list of registered courier companies.

(2) HAND-CARRY COURIER SERVICE DEFINED.—In this section, the term “hand-carry courier service” includes—

(A) the transport of applications for United States passports to a passport agency of the Department for processing; and

(B) the retrieval of newly issued United States passports for delivery, directly or indirectly, to the passport holder.

(c) REVISION TO DATE OF EXPIRATION OF UNITED STATES PASSPORTS.—The Secretary may take such actions as may be necessary to provide for the date of expiration of each United States passport issued or renewed on or after the date that is 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act to be the same date as the date of birth of the applicant or holder of the passport.

SEC. 7508. PASSPORT SYSTEM REFORM AND BACKLOG PREVENTION.

(a) STANDARDS FOR PASSPORT ISSUANCE PROCESS.—In administering and modernizing the passport issuance process, the Secretary shall evaluate the performance of such process against the following criteria:

(1) To maintain a service standard of processing a routine new or renewal adult passport application from document submission until mailing of final documents in an expeditious and reliable timeframe.

(2) To maintain low passport fees and surcharges.

(3) To ensure world-class technical, security, and cybersecurity standards for United States passports and the passport issuance process.

(4) To minimize typographical, clerical, or picture-based errors.

(5) To provide a streamlined customer experience for passport applicants.

(6) To provide reasonably convenient passport services to United States citizens and nationals living a significant distance from a passport agency, particularly residents in a significant population center more than a 5-hour drive from a passport agency.

(b) ENHANCED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SOLUTIONS TO IMPROVE THE PASSPORT ISSUANCE PROCESS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall seek to implement the information technology solutions described in paragraph (2) in accordance with the timelines described in such paragraph.

(2) ENHANCED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SOLUTIONS AND TIMELINES DESCRIBED.—The enhanced information technology solutions and timelines described in this paragraph are the following:

(A) Consistent with the Bureau's modernization plans and timelines, and subject to the availability of funds, the Secretary shall seek to enter into contracts or agreements as appropriate, for the establishment and maintenance of a mobile application to allow for applicant communication with the Department, including document submission, application status tracking, virtual appointments, access to the notification of application errors, and allowing for passport holders to receive messages from the Department and communicate emergencies to the Department.

(B) The Secretary may provide each passport applicant with the option of whether to use the mobile application described in subparagraph (A) or another service of the Department.

(C) As a condition for awarding any contracts described in subparagraph (A), any awardees shall demonstrate they can begin tests on the solution within one year of the award of the contract and complete implementation, including bug fixes, cybersecurity audits, and customer service testing, not later than 2 years after the award of the contract.

(D) Consistent with existing law, the Secretary shall seek to expand the online passport renewal system, including to accept electronic document submission for first-time adult applications as applicable, in addition to adult renewal applications, in sufficient volume to be able to accommodate most applications by the date that is 4 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(E) First-time applicants shall continue to verify their applications in-person subject to the requirements of section 1 of title IX of the Act of June 15, 1917 (22 U.S.C. 213).

(F) To meet the objectives described in subparagraphs (D) and (E), the Secretary may, to the maximum extent practicable, make use of commercially available technology solutions, including entering into contracts or agreements as appropriate for the expansion and maintenance of the online passport renewal system to accommodate the functionality described in such subparagraphs.

(G) In expanding the online passport renewal system pursuant to subparagraph (D), the following services should be included or otherwise accounted for:

(i) A user-friendly internet website or portal to facilitate internet-based submission of passport applications by adults.

(ii) To the extent possible, remote document verification tools and infrastructure to allow for a

passport transaction to be completed entirely remotely.

(iii) To the extent possible, information technology infrastructure not already maintained by the Department.

(H)(i) The Secretary shall take all reasonable steps to implement additional rules-based tools to adjudicate passport renewals while maintaining human passport authorizing officers involved in the adjudication and issuance processes and should strongly consider commercially available technology solutions,

(ii) The tools described in clause (i) shall be fully operational within 4 years of the date of the enactment of this Act.

(iii) The Chief Information Officer shall ensure that the use of the tools do not make passport adjudication more vulnerable to cyberattack.

(iv) The Secretary shall ensure that the tools described in clause (i) are implemented consistent with the maintenance of standards appropriate to ensuring the integrity of the United States passport.

(I) In carrying out the requirements of this subsection, the Secretary shall consult with the Chief Information Officer of the Bureau of Consular Affairs, or other technical officer of the Department as appropriate, to ensure technical feasibility and specifications, cybersecurity requirements, compatibility with existing Department information technology infrastructure, and the feasibility of timelines from a technical standpoint.

(J) The Secretary shall ensure the scalability and long-term viability and upgradability of any information technology systems developed or procured pursuant to this subsection.

(3) INTERIM ACTION PLAN.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary, in consultation with the Chief Information Officer, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an action plan on how the Bureau plans to complete the modernization described in this subsection in conjunction with other related, ongoing steps to modernize the passport issuance process.

(B) ELEMENTS.—The action plan required by subparagraph (A) shall include the following elements:

(i) Progress made on implementing the information technology solutions described in paragraph (2) within specified timelines, and additional steps planned.

(ii) The expected cost and timeline for implementation of the information technology solutions described in paragraph (2).

(iii) An evaluation of the information technology solutions described in paragraph (2) to determine whether the full implementation of such solutions will require additional funding or authorities, including

budget estimates and a description of such authorities, as appropriate.

(iv) Efforts to ensure world-class cybersecurity standards for protection of passport applicant data and the passport issuance process infrastructure, particularly such infrastructure involved in adjudication of passport applications.

(v) Other specific planned steps that the Bureau will take to achieve the criteria described in subsection (a).

(4) **FINAL REPORT.**—Not later than 4 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary, in consultation with the Chief Information Officer, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the following:

(A) Progress on each information technology solution described in paragraph (2).

(B) Additional information technology solutions the Bureau intends to adopt.

(C) Changes in the cost for implementation of the steps described in the action plan, if applicable.

(5) **FORM.**—The plans and report required by this subsection shall be submitted in an unclassified form and may include a classified annex, if necessary.

(c) **RULE OF CONSTRUCTION FOR PASSPORT ISSUANCE.**—Nothing in this section may be construed as an offer to procure a service or services or as a guarantee of a contract for such services.

SEC. 7509. SEAN AND DAVID GOLDMAN INTERNATIONAL CHILD ABDUCTION PREVENTION AND RETURN ACT OF 2014 ACT AMENDMENTS.

(a) **DEFINITIONS.**—Section 3 of the Sean and David Goldman International Child Abduction Prevention and Return Act of 2014 (22 U.S.C. 9101) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (3)—

(A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “‘abduction case’ means a” and inserting “abduction case means—

“(A) a”;

(B) by striking “(A) has been reported” and inserting the following:

“(i) has been reported”;

(C) in clause (i) (as so designated), by striking “and” at the end;

(D) by striking “(B) meets the criteria” and inserting the following:

“(ii) meets the criteria”;

(E) in clause (ii) (as so designated), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(F) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(B) includes any case reported involving an application filed with the Central Authority of the United States or directly with the foreign central authority by a parent seeking rights of access or return.”; and

(2) in paragraph (11), by striking “16” and inserting “18”.

(b) ACTION IN THE CASE OF ABDUCTED CHILDREN WHO REACH THE AGE OF 16.—Section 201 of the Sean and David Goldman International Child Abduction Prevention and Return Act of 2014 (22 U.S.C. 9121) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) ACTION IN THE CASE OF ABDUCTED CHILDREN WHO REACH THE AGE OF 16.—When an individual who is an abducted child attains 16 years of age, a consular officer from a United States diplomatic mission in the country in which such individual resides shall, until either the left-behind parent seeking assistance or the individual (after attaining 18 years of age) requests the officer to cease, annually attempt to contact such individual, through welfare and whereabouts visits and by engaging other agencies and foreign counterparts as necessary, to provide information, as relevant, on rights and privileges as a United States citizen, such as passports, and any eligible benefits from left-behind parent, such as G.I. educational and health benefits and to obtain a verified location of such individual.”.

(c) STUDY ON INTERNATIONAL PARENTAL CHILD ABDUCTION.—Section 202 of the Sean and David Goldman International Child Abduction Prevention and Return Act of 2014 (22 U.S.C. 9122) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(h) STUDY OF INTERNATIONAL PARENTAL CHILD ABDUCTION.—

“(1) STUDY REQUIRED.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Secretary of State, subject to the availability of funds, shall seek to enter into an agreement with an appropriate university, research institution, or nongovernmental organization to study and publish a report on the impact to abducted children and left-behind parents as a result of international parental child abduction.

“(2) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary of State shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees on the goals of the study and report required under paragraph (1).

“(3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated \$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2025 and 2026 to carry out the study required under paragraph (1).”.

TITLE LXXVI—UNITED STATES AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

SEC. 7601. PERSONAL SERVICE AGREEMENT AUTHORITY FOR THE UNITED STATES AGENCY FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT.

Section 636(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2396(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(17) employing individuals or organizations, by contract, for services abroad for purposes of this Act and title II of the Food for Peace Act, and individuals employed by contract to perform such services shall not by virtue of such employment be considered to be employees of the United States Government (except that the Administrator of the United States Agency for Inter-

national Development may determine the applicability to such individuals of section 5 of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1965 (22 U.S.C. 2672) regarding tort claims when such claims arise in foreign countries in connection with United States operations abroad, and of any other law administered by the Administrator concerning the employment of such individuals abroad), and such contracts are authorized to be negotiated, the terms of the contracts to be prescribed, and the work to be performed, where necessary, without regard to such statutory provisions as relate to the negotiation, making, and performance of contracts and performance of work in the United States.”.

SEC. 7602. CRISIS OPERATIONS AND DISASTER SURGE STAFFING.

Section 625 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2385) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(k) CRISIS OPERATIONS AND DISASTER SURGE STAFFING.—(1) The United States Agency for International Development is authorized to appoint personnel in the excepted service using funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available under the heading ‘Transition Initiatives’ in an Act making appropriations for the Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs and to carry out the provisions of part I and chapter 4 of part II of this Act of and section 509(b) of the Global Fragility Act of 2019 (title V of division J of Public Law 116–94) to prevent or respond to foreign crises.

“(2) Funds authorized to carry out such purposes may be made available for the operating expenses and administrative costs of such personnel and may remain attributed to any minimum funding requirement for which they were originally made available.

“(3) The Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development shall coordinate with the Office of Personnel Management on implementation of the appointment authority under paragraph (1).

“(4) Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 3 years, the Administrator shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on Oversight and Accountability of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report regarding the continued need for and utilization of the authority pursuant to this subsection.”.

SEC. 7603. EDUCATION ALLOWANCE WHILE ON MILITARY LEAVE.

Section 908 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4088) is amended by inserting “or United States Agency for International Development” after “A Department”.

SEC. 7604. INCLUSION IN THE PET TRANSPORTATION EXCEPTION TO THE FLY AMERICA ACT.

Section 6224(a)(1) of the Department of State Authorization Act of 2023 (division F of Public Law 118–31; 22 U.S.C. 4081a) is amended, in the matter preceding subparagraph (A)—

(1) by striking “the Department is” and inserting “the Department and the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), and other United States Government employees under chief of mission authority are”; and

(2) by striking “Department personnel” and inserting “Department and USAID personnel, and other United States Government employees under chief of mission authority”.

TITLE LXXVII—DETECTING AND PREVENTING UNLAWFUL OR WRONGFUL DETENTION

SEC. 7701. HOSTAGE RECOVERY SUPPORT.

Section 302(d) of the Robert Levinson Hostage Recovery and Hostage-Taking Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 1741(d)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2)(B)(ii)(II), by inserting “unless the Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs determines that circumstances warrant an additional night,” after “lodging,”; and

(2) in paragraph (4), by striking “of any amount spent above \$250,000 for any fiscal year to carry out paragraphs (2) and (3)” and inserting “not later than 14 days after such time that total expenditures to carry out paragraphs (2) and (3) in any fiscal year surpass \$250,000 for any fiscal year”.

SEC. 7702. OPTIONS AND STRATEGIES FOR REDUCING LIKELIHOOD OF UNITED STATES NATIONALS BEING UNLAWFULLY OR WRONGFULLY DETAINED OR TAKEN HOSTAGE.

The Robert Levinson Hostage Recovery and Hostage-Taking Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 1741 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 305 the following new section:

“SEC. 305A. REPORT ON STRATEGIES FOR REDUCING LIKELIHOOD OF UNITED STATES NATIONALS BEING UNLAWFULLY OR WRONGFULLY DETAINED OR TAKEN HOSTAGE.

“Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs, in coordination with the Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell, the Hostage Response Group, and relevant agencies, as appropriate, shall submit to the President and Congress a classified report that identifies and recommends options and strategies to reduce the likelihood of United States nationals being unlawfully or wrongfully detained abroad or taken hostage.”.

SEC. 7703. ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR SANCTIONS IMPLEMENTATION.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of State and the Secretary of the Treasury for fiscal year 2026 \$2,000,000 to implement the sanctions authorities, except for any authority or requirement to impose sanctions on the importation of goods, provided by section 306 of the Robert Levinson Hostage Recovery and Hostage-Taking Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 1741d) and Executive Order 14078 (22 U.S.C. 1741 note prec.; relating to bolstering efforts to bring hostages and wrongfully detained United States nationals home).

(b) **GOOD DEFINED.**—In this section, the term “good” means any article, natural or manmade substance, material, supply or manu-

factured product, including inspection and test equipment, and excluding technical data.

SEC. 7704. ENHANCING UNITED STATES TRAVEL ADVISORIES.

There is authorized to be appropriated \$2,000,000 for the Bureau of Consular Affairs to use on travel advisory advertisement campaigns regarding travel made by United States nationals to countries under Level 4 “Do Not Travel” advisories issued by the Department of State Travel Advisory System.

SEC. 7705. COORDINATION WITH TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITIES AND INDUSTRY ON TRAVEL ADVISORIES.

The Robert Levinson Hostage Recovery and Hostage-Taking Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 1741 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 305A, as added by section 7702 of this Act, the following new section:

“SEC. 305B. COORDINATION WITH TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITIES AND INDUSTRY ON DEPARTMENT OF STATE TRAVEL ADVISORIES.

“(a) COORDINATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State shall, in coordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security and representatives of any other Federal agency determined necessary, and in consultation with the Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs and the Assistant Secretary of State for Consular Affairs, develop messaging and informational guidance to be delivered at all United States international airports and on relevant United States Government websites warning United States nationals of the risks of wrongful or unlawful detention or hostage-taking in covered countries.

“(2) MESSAGING AND GUIDANCE.—The messaging and guidance described under paragraph (1) may include—

“(A) posters, brochures, and other informational materials;

“(B) web banners or other warnings to be displayed on relevant United States Government websites and webpages;

“(C) verbal warnings at United States international airports to United States nationals whose destinations, to the extent they are discernable, are covered countries; and

“(D) other methods deemed appropriate by the Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security and representatives of any other Federal agency determined necessary.

“(b) DEPARTMENT OF STATE COORDINATION WITH UNITED STATES AIRLINES.—The Secretary of State shall, in coordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security and representatives of any other Federal agency determined necessary, and in consultation with the Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs and Assistant Secretary of the Bureau of Consular Affairs, work with United States airlines to provide warnings about the risk of wrongful or unlawful detention and hostage-taking to United States nationals booking travel through their airlines to a covered country.

“(c) **REPORT.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall, in coordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security and representatives of any other Federal agency determined necessary, submit to Congress a report detailing—

“(1) the additional steps taken to warn United States nationals of the risks of wrongful or unlawful detention and hostage-taking abroad, including those described in this section;

“(2) efforts to improve the visibility and expand the reach of Department of State travel advisories concerning the risks to United States nationals of wrongful or unlawful detention and hostage-taking abroad; and

“(3) additional recommendations on steps the United States Government might take to improve the awareness of United States nationals of the risk of wrongful or unlawful detention and hostage-taking abroad.

“(d) **COVERED COUNTRY DEFINED.**—In this section, the term ‘covered country’ means a country for which a Department of State travel advisory contains either the ‘K—Kidnapping or Hostage Taking’ or ‘D—Wrongful Detention’ Risk Indicators.”.

SEC. 7706. PRIVACY ACT WAIVER AND PASSPORT RENEWALS.

(a) **REQUIREMENT TO INCLUDE TRAVEL ADVISORY INFORMATION ON UNITED STATES PASSPORTS.**—Section 6103 of the Department of State Authorization Act of 2023 (division F of Public Law 118–31; 22 U.S.C. 211a note) is amended, in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “should” and inserting “shall”.

(b) **INCLUSION OF PRIVACY ACT WRITTEN CONSENT FORM IN PASSPORT APPLICATION.**—Section 1 of title IX of the Act of June 15, 1917 (22 U.S.C. 213), is amended by adding at the end the following: “Each passport application made available to potential applicants (DS–11) and each passport renewal application made available to current passport holders (DS–82) shall include a form that, if completed, indicates the applicant’s consent to the disclosure of information otherwise protected under section 552a of title 5, United States Code (commonly known as the ‘Privacy Act of 1974’) in the event such applicant is determined to be wrongfully detained by a foreign government. Declining to complete such form shall not affect the issuance of a passport to a qualified applicant or diplomatic efforts to secure the release of a United States national from the custody of a foreign government or entity.”.

SEC. 7707. TIMELINE FOR UNLAWFUL OR WRONGFUL DETENTION DETERMINATIONS.

Section 302 of the Robert Levinson Hostage Recovery and Hostage-Taking Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 1741) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) **TIMELINE FOR UNLAWFUL OR WRONGFUL DETENTION DETERMINATIONS.**—

“(1) **CREDIBLE INFORMATION DETERMINATIONS.**—

“(A) **IN GENERAL.**—Not less frequently than every 180 days, the Assistant Secretary for the Bureau of Consular Affairs and the Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs shall review the cases where there is potential credible information that any United States national is being

detained wrongfully and which has been identified through official government channels to both bureaus.

“(B) REPORT OF FINDINGS.—Not later than 30 days after each review under subparagraph (A), the Assistant Secretary of State for Consular Affairs and the Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs shall jointly submit to Congress a classified report identifying the United States nationals identified as a result of the review in subparagraph (A) detained overseas who have not, as of the date of the report, been determined by the Secretary to be unlawfully or wrongfully detained.

“(C) NOTIFICATION TO FAMILY MEMBERS.—In the case of a United States national detained overseas identified in the report under subparagraph (B), the Assistant Secretary of State for Consular Affairs shall notify a family member (as that term is defined in subsection (d)(8)) or the legal representative of the United States national not later than 30 days after the transmittal of the report required by subparagraph (B).

“(2) STATUS DETERMINATIONS.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B) and to the extent practicable, not later than 180 days after the date on which the Secretary of State receives an assessment from the Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs or the head of any other relevant bureau of the Department of State that credible information exists that a United States national is being detained unlawfully or wrongfully, the Secretary shall determine whether the United States national is in fact being unlawfully or wrongfully detained.

“(B) WAIVER.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may waive the requirement under subparagraph (A) to make an unlawful or wrongful detention determination if the Secretary—

“(I) determines that making such a determination may jeopardize the safety or interests of the United States national being detained abroad or the national security interests of the United States; and

“(II) submits to Congress a classified report describing the reasons for the waiver.

“(ii) TIMING.—A waiver under clause (i) shall expire on the date that is 180 days after the date on which the Secretary submits the report on the waiver to Congress pursuant to clause (i)(II).

“(iii) RENEWAL.—The Secretary may renew a waiver granted pursuant to clause (i) in the manner provided under such clause.”.

SEC. 7708. DECLARATIONS OF INVALIDITY.

Section 302 of the Robert Levinson Hostage Recovery and Hostage-Taking Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 1741), as amended by section 7707 of this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(f) **DECLARATIONS OF INVALIDITY.**—Upon the release of a United States national determined to be unlawfully or wrongfully detained abroad and the return of that national, the President shall issue to that national a letter, to be known as a ‘declaration of invalidity’, that officially declares the detention abroad of the national as invalid for the purpose of completing any documentation that warrants a background investigation or review of prior offenses, such as a conviction.”.

TITLE LXXVIII—OTHER MATTERS

SEC. 7801. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS TO PROMOTE UNITED STATES CITIZEN EMPLOYMENT AT THE UNITED NATIONS AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The President should direct United States departments and agencies to, in coordination with the Secretary —

(1) fund and recruit Junior Professional Officers for positions at the United Nations and related specialized and technical organizations; and

(2) facilitate secondments, details, and transfers to agencies and specialized and technical bodies of the United Nations.

(b) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—There is authorized to be appropriated an additional \$20,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2025 through 2031 for the Secretary to support Junior Professional Officers, details, transfers, and interns that advance United States interests at multilateral institutions and international organizations, including to recruit, train, and host events related to such positions, and to promote United States citizen candidates for employment and leadership positions at multilateral institutions and international organizations.

(c) **AVAILABILITY.**—Amounts appropriated pursuant to subsection (a) shall remain available until expended.

(d) **CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.**—Not later than 15 days prior to the obligation of funds authorized to be appropriated under this section, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a notification outlining the amount and proposed use of such funds.

SEC. 7802. AMENDMENT TO REWARDS FOR JUSTICE PROGRAM.

Section 36(b) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2708(b)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (13), by striking “; or” and inserting a semicolon;

(2) in paragraph (14), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; or”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(15) the restraining, seizing, forfeiting, or repatriating of stolen assets linked to foreign government corruption and the proceeds of such corruption.”.

SEC. 7803. UNITED STATES-AFRICA LEADERS SUMMIT AND RELATED MATTERS.

(a) **UNITED STATES-AFRICA LEADERS SUMMIT.**—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and biennially thereafter, the President shall convene a United States-Africa Leaders Summit to strengthen ties and promote cooperation with African leaders, as well as civil society, business, diaspora, women, and youth leaders.

(2) PARTICIPATION.—Each summit convened pursuant to this subsection shall have participation, including in meetings with United States officials, from—

(A) leaders of civilian-led governments of African countries in good standing with the African Union, provided that such leaders—

(i) are not sanctioned by the United States; and

(ii) have not been found, by credible international observers or other international bodies, to have undermined democratic elections;

(B) heads of transitional governments that are implementing a roadmap to hold credible elections and who are unaffiliated with actions that were related to an unconstitutional change of administration; and

(C) civil society from each of the African countries represented at the Summit.

(3) NON-PAYMENT OF AU MEMBERSHIP FEES NOT BASIS FOR DISQUALIFICATION.—For the purposes of this subsection, non-payment of membership fees to the African Union shall not disqualify a country's leader.

(b) UNITED STATES-AFRICA CITY SUMMIT (“MINI SUMMIT”).—The Secretary should, not later than one year after each summit hosted under subsection (a) host a United States-Africa City Summit (“Mini Summit”) across cities in Africa or the United States to promote subregional cooperation and serve as a catalyst in fostering engagement with representatives of government, civil society, business, academia, youth, culture and the arts, the African diaspora community, and underrepresented groups.

(c) UNITED STATES-AFRICA LEADERS SUMMIT IMPLEMENTATION UNIT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish within the Bureau for African Affairs of the Department of State a United States-Africa Leaders Summit implementation unit responsible for coordinating, planning and implementing summits, which should include robust interagency consultation and may include, on a temporary basis, personnel seconded from USAID and other Federal agencies as appropriate, and which shall be led by an individual who has previously been appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate.

(2) DUTIES.—The duties of the implementation unit authorized by this subsection shall include—

(A) using lessons learned from the 2022 African Leaders Summit and subsequent summits to inform planning of future summits;

(B) leading interagency efforts to provide guidance to United States embassies in African countries related to planning each summit and engagement with governments and civil society in advance of each summit;

(C) tracking and ensuring implementation of commitments made during United States-Africa Leaders Summits;

(D) liaising with interagency partners and the National Security Council regarding implementation of summit commitments;

(E) facilitating meetings and engagement with African Diaspora communities and stakeholders; and

(F) reporting quarterly on a public website of the Department regarding progress to accomplish summit commitments and status of commitments across Federal departments and agencies.

(3) REQUIREMENT FOR CONSULTATION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter, the implementation unit shall consult with the appropriate congressional committees on summit planning and the fulfillment of commitments and any relevant follow on issues in the wake of each summit.

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated \$28,000,000 in fiscal year 2025 and \$14,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2029. Such sums shall remain available for three fiscal years.

SEC. 7804. SUMMIT OF THE AMERICAS.

(a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It shall be the policy of the United States to work with the Summit of the Americas Secretariat to support the organization of a Summit of the Americas every 4 years, or more frequently as appropriate, subject to the availability of funds, to strengthen ties and promote cooperation between the United States and countries in the Western Hemisphere, as well as civil society, business, diaspora, women, and youth leaders.

(b) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary is authorized to carry out the policy described in subsection (a).

(c) CITIES SUMMIT OF THE AMERICAS.—

(1) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(A) Subnational diplomacy strengthens democratic governance by enhancing the ability of local leader to tackle shared challenges and deepens United States ties with regional partners by localizing bilateral and multilateral partnerships and connections.

(B) The first-ever Cities Summit of the Americas in 2023 promoted a valuable exchange of best practices and lessons learned between city, State, municipal, and regional leaders and should be held as part of the Summit of the Americas process.

(2) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized to work with the Summit of the Americas Secretariat to support the organization of Cities Summit of the Americas, across cities in the Western Hemisphere, including the United States, to take place as a part of each Summit of the Americas described in subsection (a), to promote subnational cooperation and serve as a catalyst in fostering engagement with representatives of government, civil society, faith-based organizations, business, academia, youth, culture and the arts, Latin American and Caribbean diaspora communities, and underrepresented groups.

(d) **IMPLEMENTATION.**—The Secretary is authorized to designate an existing official to serve within the Department as senior-level coordinator to coordinate, in conjunction with other relevant agencies, matters related to the implementation of Summit of Americas commitments, including—

(1) tracking and ensuring implementation of commitments made during Summits of the Americas; and

(2) liaising with interagency partners and the National Security Council regarding implementation of summit commitments.

(e) **REPORT.**—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the implementation of this section, including the status of commitments of the United States and participating partners for the prior year and upcoming year.

SEC. 7805. EXTENSION OF CERTAIN PAYMENT IN CONNECTION WITH THE INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION.

Section 7(1) of Public Law 106–178 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note) is amended, in the undesignated matter following subparagraph (B), by striking “December 31, 2025” and inserting “December 31, 2030”.

SEC. 7806. INCLUSION OF COST ASSOCIATED WITH PRODUCING REPORTS.

(a) **ESTIMATED COST OF REPORTS.**—Beginning on October 1, 2026, and for the next three fiscal years, the Secretary shall require that any report produced for external distribution, including for distribution to Congress, include the total estimated cost of producing such report and the estimated number of personnel hours.

(b) **ANNUAL TOTAL COST OF REPORTS.**—Not later than 90 days after the end of each fiscal year, beginning with fiscal year 2025, and for the next three fiscal years, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives an annual report listing the reports issued for the prior fiscal year, the frequency of each report, the total estimated cost associated with producing such report, and the estimated number of personnel hours.

SEC. 7807. FENTANYL REPORTING AND AUTHORITIES.

(a) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) **APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.**—The term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;

(B) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate;

(C) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;

(D) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;

(E) the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate;

(F) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives;

(G) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives;

(H) the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives;

(I) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives; and

(J) the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

(2) BENEFICIARY COUNTRIES.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the term “beneficiary countries” means Colombia, Mexico, and Peru.

(B) UPDATES.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Attorney General and the Secretary of Defense, may add or remove one or more countries from the list of beneficiary countries under subparagraph (A) after providing written notification of such changes to the appropriate committees of Congress.

(3) LISTED CHEMICAL.—The term “listed chemical” has the meaning given such term in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802).

(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense and the Attorney General, may carry out the “Precursor Chemical Destruction Initiative” in beneficiary countries to achieve the purposes described in subsection (c).

(c) PURPOSES.—The purposes of this section are—

(1) to improve and increase rates of seizure and destruction of listed chemicals in beneficiary countries;

(2) to alleviate the backlog of seized listed chemicals and dispose of the hazardous waste generated by illicit drug trafficking in beneficiary countries in an environmentally safe and effective manner;

(3) to ensure that seized listed chemicals are not reintroduced into the illicit drug production stream within beneficiary countries;

(4) to free up storage space for future listed chemical seizures within beneficiary countries; and

(5) to reduce the negative environmental impact of listed chemicals.

(d) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in coordination with the Attorney General and the Secretary of Defense, shall submit an implementation plan to the appropriate committees of Congress that includes a timeline and stated objectives for actions to be taken in beneficiary countries in support of the Precursor Chemical Destruction Initiative.

(e) ELEMENTS.—The implementation plan required under subsection (d) shall include—

(1) a multi-year strategy with a timeline, overview of objectives, budgetary projections, and anticipated outcomes for the region and for each beneficiary country;

(2) specific, measurable benchmarks to track the progress of the Precursor Chemical Destruction Initiative towards accomplishing the outcomes referred to in paragraph (1);

(3) a plan for the delineation of the roles to be carried out by the Department of State, the Department of Justice, the De-

partment of Defense, and any other Federal department or agency in carrying out the Precursor Chemical Destruction Initiative; and

(4) a plan for addressing security and government corruption and providing updates to the appropriate committees of Congress on the results of such efforts.

(f) **ANNUAL PROGRESS UPDATE.**—Not later than one year after the submission of the implementation plan pursuant to subsection (d), and annually thereafter, the Secretary, in coordination with the Attorney General and the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a written description of the results achieved by the Precursor Chemical Destruction Initiative, including—

(1) the implementation of the strategy and plans described in subsections (d) and (e);

(2) compliance with, and progress related to, meeting the benchmarks referred to in subsection (e)(2); and

(3) the type and quantity of listed chemicals destroyed by each beneficiary country.

(g) **FUNDING.**—The Secretary shall use amounts otherwise appropriated for International Narcotics Control and Law Enforcement programs managed by the Department to carry out this section.

SEC. 7808. STRENGTHENING TRACKING OF TRANQ.

Section 489(a)(11) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2291h(a)(11)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by inserting “, xylazine,” after “illicit fentanyl”; and

(2) in subparagraph (D), by inserting “)” before the semicolon at the end.

SEC. 7809. SIGAR SUNSET AND TRANSITION.

(a) **SUNSET.**—Section 1229(o)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 5 U.S.C. 415 note) is amended by striking “terminate 180 days” and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting “terminate on January 31, 2026.”.

(b) **ELIGIBILITY FOR ICTAP.**—Any individual who is an employee of the Office of the Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction on the date of the enactment of this section shall be—

(1) given priority consideration for appointment under the Interagency Career Transition Assistance Program under subpart G of part 330 of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regulation), subject to the terms and conditions of such Program; and

(2) considered to be displaced and ICTAP-eligible as those terms are defined in section 330.702 of such subpart (or any successor regulation) for purposes of the Program; and

(3) considered to have established proof of eligibility under section 330.710 of such subpart (or any successor regulation) for the purposes of the Program.

(c) **APPOINTMENT TO THE COMPETITIVE SERVICE.**—Any individual described in subsection (b) who is found to be well qualified for a position may be appointed in the competitive service without competitive examination.

(d) **REGULATIONS.**—The Director of the Office of Personnel Management may prescribe regulations for the administration of this section.

(e) **USE OF UNOBLIGATED FUNDS.**—Any unobligated funds remaining available for the Office of the Special Inspector General for Afghanistan Reconstruction on February 1, 2026, may be used by the Office of Inspector General of the Department of State.

SEC. 7810. COORDINATOR FOR AFGHAN RELOCATION EFFORTS.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT OF COORDINATOR.**—The Secretary shall appoint a Coordinator for Afghan Relocation Efforts (in this section referred to as the “Coordinator”), who shall be responsible for—

(1) relocating and resettling eligible Afghan allies and facilitating the departure of United States citizens and lawful permanent residents who request United States assistance to leave Afghanistan; and

(2) working with other offices of the Department, as well as with appropriate counterparts at other Federal departments and agencies, to ensure integrated United States support for such relocation efforts.

(b) **AUTHORITIES.**—The Coordinator is authorized—

(1) to enter into personal services contracts for a period ending not later than the date described in subsection (e);

(2) to extend and maintain through such date personal services contracts entered into pursuant to the authority provided by section 2401 of the Afghanistan Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (Public Law 117–43);

(3) to hire temporary personnel who are United States citizens, except that to the extent possible the Coordinator should use Foreign Service limited appointments to fill such positions both in the United States and abroad in accordance with section 309 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3949); and

(4) subject to the availability of appropriations—

(A) to accept, in the form of reimbursement or transfer, amounts from other Federal departments or agencies as appropriate to carry out the duties described in subsection (a); and

(B) to reimburse such other departments or agencies as the Coordinator may determine appropriate to carry out such duties.

(c) **DETAILEES AND ASSIGNEES.**—Any Federal Government employee may be detailed or assigned to the Office of the Coordinator, with or without reimbursement, consistent with applicable laws and regulations regarding such employee, and such detail or assignment shall be without interruption or loss of status or privilege.

(d) **NOTIFICATION WITH RESPECT TO TRANSFERS OF FUNDS.**—The Coordinator shall notify the appropriate congressional committees and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives of each use of the transfer authority made available under subsection (b)(4)(A) not later than 15 days before the completion of such transfer.

(e) **SUNSET.**—This section and the authorities provided by this section shall terminate on the date that is 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 7811. FEASIBILITY STUDY FOR REIMBURSEMENT OF CERTAIN EXPENSES OF PERSONS EVACUATED FROM AFGHANISTAN.

(a) **FEASIBILITY STUDY.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a feasibility study on potential reimbursement for the expenses of personal funds by any covered United States person to evacuate American citizens, lawful permanent residents of the United States, or allies from Afghanistan during the period beginning on August 1, 2021, and ending on March 31, 2022.

(b) **CONSULTATION.**—In developing the feasibility study required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall consult with nongovernmental organizations, including veterans service organizations, with expertise in supporting the evacuation of United States citizens and Afghan allies from Afghanistan.

(c) **ELEMENTS.**—The feasibility study required by subsection (a) shall also include the following elements:

(1) A list of each nongovernmental organization consulted in accordance with subsection (b) during the development of the feasibility study.

(2) The process for filing a reimbursement claim.

(3) The supporting documentation required to file a reimbursement claim.

(4) An estimate of the time that would be associated with processing a reimbursement claim.

(5) Eligibility requirements for covered United States persons to file a reimbursement claim under the program described in the feasibility study.

(6) The criteria for reimbursement under the program, including a maximum reimbursement limit and a prohibition on the issuance of reimbursements for expenses described in subsection (a) for which a deduction was allowed under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

(7) The types of reimbursable claims and activities that would be considered for reimbursement, such as funding for safe houses, travel, food, and other life-saving provisions.

(8) The process for disbursing funds to United States persons once a reimbursement claim is verified and approved.

(9) An estimate of the costs that would be associated with implementing the reimbursement program described in the feasibility study, including whether sufficient funds have already been appropriated.

(10) A recommendation for the Federal entity best suited to carry out the reimbursement program described in the feasibility study, including whether sufficient statutory authority already exists for such Federal entity to provide such reimbursements.

(11) Additional recommendations, including assessment of feasibility, for options to pay back covered United States persons other than through reimbursements.

(d) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) **APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.**—The term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—

(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Oversight and Accountability, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(2) **ALLY FROM AFGHANISTAN.**—The term “ally from Afghanistan” means an individual who was eligible, upon evacuation during the period described in subsection (a), for—

(A) special immigrant status or processing under section 101(a)(27) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(27)), pursuant to section 602(b) of the Afghan Allies Protection Act of 2009 (Public Law 111–8; 8 U.S.C. 1101 note); or

(B) the U.S. Refugees Admissions Program through the Priority 1 or Priority 2 categories.

(3) **COVERED UNITED STATES PERSON.**—The term “covered United States person”—

(A) means an individual who is a citizen or national of the United States or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States; and

(B) does not include any private group, foundation, or other entity who received funds from private foundations, other private donors, or other sources of funds to conduct evacuation efforts in Afghanistan.

SEC. 7812. EXTENSIONS.

(a) **USAID CIVIL SERVICE ANNUITANT WAIVER.**—Section 625(j)(1)(B) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2385(j)(1)(B)) shall be applied by striking “October 1, 2010” and inserting “September 30, 2026”.

(b) **OVERSEAS PAY COMPARABILITY AND LIMITATION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The authority provided under section 1113 of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2009 (Public Law 111–32; 123 Stat. 1904) shall remain in effect through December 31, 2034.

(2) **LIMITATION.**—The authority described in paragraph (1) may not be used to pay an eligible member of the Foreign Service (as defined in section 1113(b) of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2009 (Public Law 111–32; 123 Stat. 1904)) a locality-based comparability payment (stated as a percentage) that exceeds two-thirds of the amount of the locality-based comparability payment (stated as a percentage) that would be payable to such member under section 5304 of title 5, United States Code, if such member’s official duty station were in the District of Columbia.

(c) **INSPECTOR GENERAL ANNUITANT WAIVER.**—The authorities provided under section 1015(b) of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2010 (Public Law 111–212; 124 Stat. 2332)—

(1) shall remain in effect through September 30, 2026; and

(2) may be used to facilitate the assignment of persons for oversight of programs in countries with a humanitarian disaster or complex emergency declaration.

(d) SECURITY REVIEW COMMITTEES.—The authority provided under section 301(a)(3) of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism Act of 1986 (22 U.S.C. 4831(a)(3)) shall remain in effect for facilities in Afghanistan and shall apply to facilities in Ukraine through September 30, 2026, except that the notification and reporting requirements contained in such section shall include the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(e) READ ACT REAUTHORIZATION.—Section 4(a) of the Reinforcing Education Accountability in Development Act (division A of Public Law 115–56; 22 U.S.C. 2151c note) is amended by striking “one year after the date of the enactment of this Act” and inserting “December 31, 2025”.

(f) RECIPROCAL ACCESS TO TIBET ACT OF 2018.—The Reciprocal Access to Tibet Act of 2018 (Public Law 115–330; 8 U.S.C. 1182 note) is amended—

(1) in section 4(a), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking “the following five years” and inserting “the following 10 years”; and

(2) in section 5(c), in the first sentence, by striking “the following five years” and inserting “the following 10 years”.

(g) HONG KONG HUMAN RIGHTS AND DEMOCRACY ACT OF 2019.—Section 7(h) of the Hong Kong Human Rights and Democracy Act of 2019 (Public Law 116–76; 22 U.S.C. 5701 note) is amended by striking “December 20, 2024” and inserting “the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act”.

(h) UYGHUR HUMAN RIGHTS POLICY ACT OF 2020.—Section 6(h) of the Uyghur Human Rights Policy Act of 2020 (Public Law 116–145; 22 U.S.C. 6901 note) is amended by striking “5 years” and inserting “10 years”.

JOINT EXPLANATORY STATEMENT TO ACCOMPANY THE
SERVICEMEMBER QUALITY OF LIFE IMPROVEMENT AND
NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL
YEAR 2025

[Note from the Director, Legislative Operations: The following is the Joint Explanatory Statement to Accompany the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, as printed in the Congressional Record on December 10, 2024, with one exception - the item title of “Sec. 5705” has been updated to reflect the change made to the legislative text in the enrollment correction resolution, S. Con. Res. 44.]

Overview

The following consists of the joint explanatory material to accompany the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025.

Section 5 of the Act specifies that this joint explanatory statement shall have the same effect with respect to the implementation of this legislation as if it were a joint explanatory statement of a committee of conference.

In this joint explanatory statement, the provisions of H.R. 8070, the House-passed version of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, are generally referred to as “the House bill”. The provisions of S. 4638, the Senate Committee on Armed Services committee-reported version of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, are generally referred to as “the Senate committee-reported bill”. The provisions in the Senate floor manager’s package are generally referred to as “a proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill”. The final form of the agreements reached during negotiations between the House and the Senate are referred to as “the agreement”.

Disclosure of earmarks and congressionally directed spending items

Although not required by the Rules of the House of Representatives, the joint explanatory statement includes a table that lists the congressional earmarks (as defined in paragraph (e) of clause 9 of rule XXI of the House of Representatives) that are contained in the bill or this joint explanatory statement at the request of a Member of the House of Representatives. The bill or this joint explanatory statement does not contain any congressional earmarks at the request of a Senator. Neither the bill nor the joint explanatory statement contains any limited tax benefits or limited tariff benefits as defined in paragraphs (f) or (g) of clause 9 of rule XXI of the House of Representatives.

Summary of discretionary authorizations and budget authority implication

The budget request for national defense discretionary programs within the jurisdiction of the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives for fiscal year 2025 was \$883.7 billion. Of this amount, \$849.5 billion was requested for Department of Defense programs, \$33.8 billion was requested for national security programs in the Department of Energy and the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board, and \$378 million for defense-related activities.

The agreement would authorize \$883.7 billion in fiscal year 2025, including \$849.9 billion for Department of Defense programs, \$33.3 billion for national security programs in the Department of Energy and the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board, and \$512.4 million for defense-related activities.

The two tables preceding the detailed program adjustments in division D of the accompanying joint explanatory statement summarize the discretionary authorizations in the agreement and the equivalent budget authority levels for fiscal year 2025 defense programs.

Sec. 4—Budgetary effects of this Act

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 4) that would state the budgetary effects of this Act for the purpose of complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–139).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

DIVISION A—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS

TITLE I—PROCUREMENT

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 101—Authorization of appropriations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 101) that would authorize appropriations for procurement at the levels identified in section 4101 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 101).

The agreement includes this provision.

Subtitle B—Army Programs

Sec. 111—Centralized Security Monitoring Program for facilities of the Army

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 111) that would require the Secretary of the Army to establish a centralized security monitoring program for installations and facilities of the Department of the Army. The provision would also require the Secretary of the Army to provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representa-

tives that outlines the plans of the Secretary to implement the centralized security monitoring program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of the Army to provide a plan to establish centralized security monitoring facilities that includes estimated costs to establish, operate, and maintain these facilities. Further, it would require commencement of the program not later than fiscal year 2027.

Sec. 112—Pilot program on the use of robotic targets to enhance the lethality of the reserve components of the Army

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 111) that would direct the Secretary of the Army to carry out a pilot program under which the Secretary incorporates the use of moving robotic target systems into live fire training provided to select infantry units of the reserve and National Guard components of the Army.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 113—Plan for additional kinetic effectors for low, slow, small unmanned aircraft integrated defeat system of the Army

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 113) that would require the Secretary of the Army to certify at least one additional interceptor and production manufacturer for the U.S. Army's low, slow, small-unmanned aircraft integrated defeat system.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of the Army to develop and implement a plan for the procurement and fielding of additional kinetic effectors for low, slow, small-unmanned aircraft integrated defeat system of the Army.

Sec. 114—Report on procurement of energetic materials from sources outside of the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 112) that would limit the Secretary of the Army from procuring certain end items containing energetic materials that are in production at a Federal Government-owned production facility until the Secretary provides a certification to the congressional defense committees.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would strike the funding limitation and require a report on the procurement of energetic materials from sources outside the United States.

We note that the Department of the Army has been unable to sustain the ammunition industrial base to any level of certainty. Previous munitions budgeting variability led to closures and consolidations of the ammunition industrial base including the Base Realignment and Closure of prominent ammunition production capabilities. Budgeting uncertainty continues today. For example, the

U.S. Army programmed to produce 34,380 rounds of 155mm ammunition production in 2014. Today, the U.S. Army is projecting a contractor and organic industrial base to produce a purported 1.2 million rounds of 155mm ammunition by early next year. We note that 1.2 million rounds is a laudable goal that greatly exceeds Army acquisition objectives and is being principally developed to support rearming our allies and partners.

Additionally, we note that the U.S. Army has used the Ukrainian supplemental appropriations to expand contractor operations by direct investment into contractor facilities. We believe that this contractor direct investment was necessary because of the aforementioned budgeting variability and the inability of industry to rely on any level of sustained U.S. Army ammunition investment. Finally, we believe that ammunition production levels may return to previous de minimis level that will cause the industrial base to again contract. We are disturbed that the U.S. Army is unable to articulate the maximum production capacity of the organic industrial base and believe that maximum organic industrial base capacity should be obtained before additional contractor sources are developed. We believe that the organic industrial base needs to be prioritized to ensure long-term capability is maintained. We support the retention of ammunition organic industrial base so that when the inevitable reduction of ammunition production is programmed, a core organic industrial base can be retained for future mobilization.

Subtitle C—Navy Programs

Sec. 121—Modifications to procurement authorities for certain amphibious shipbuilding programs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 132) that would provide flexibility for procurement authorities for certain amphibious shipbuilding programs.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 130A).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would clarify the authorization to enter into economic order quantity contracts provided in section 129 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263) and allow the Navy to use advance procurement authority across the two ship programs.

Sec. 122—Modification of requirement to incorporate advanced degaussing systems into Arleigh Burke class destroyers

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 127) that would delay the required implementation of an advanced degaussing system in the *Arleigh Burke*-class destroyer from fiscal year 2025 until fiscal year 2028 in order to have this design change match the beginning of the next destroyer multiyear contract.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

We also expect the Navy to exercise due diligence in resolving problems that have arisen in installing an advanced degaussing system on the *San Antonio*-class amphibious transport dock.

Sec. 123—Extension of prohibition on availability of funds for Navy port waterborne security barriers

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 121) that would amend section 130 (a) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232) by extending the prohibition on the use of funds for waterborne security barriers through fiscal year 2025.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 124—Modification of annual report on cost targets for certain aircraft carriers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 131) that would modify the annual report on cost targets for aircraft carriers to include additional cost data fidelity and subsequent *Ford*-class aircraft carriers.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 125—Designation of official responsible for autonomous surface and underwater dual-modality vehicles

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 135) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to designate an official who is responsible for autonomous surface and underwater dual-modality vehicles.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 126—Multiyear procurement authority for CH–53K aircraft and T408 engines

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 133) that would provide the Secretary of the Navy with multiyear procurement authority for CH–53K aircraft and T408 engines.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 126) that would authorize the Secretary of the Navy to enter into a block buy contract for CH–53K aircraft and multiyear procurement authority for T408 engines.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 127—Recapitalization of tactical fighter aircraft of the Navy Reserve

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 134) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to assign only to the Navy Reserve all F/A–18E/F Super Hornet aircraft procured using funds appropriated for the Navy for fiscal year 2022 or fiscal year 2023.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require that: (1) Eight F/A–18E/F Super Hornet aircraft from the fiscal year 2023 procurement go to U.S. Navy Reserve; (2) The Secretary of the Navy develop a cost estimate for establishing

any of the existing U.S. Navy Reserve fighter squadrons tactically deployable to meet geographical combatant commander operational requirements; and (3) Remove the mandate for establishing a tactically deployable U.S. Navy Reserve F/A-18E/F squadron until the cost estimate is submitted and assessed by Congress.

Sec. 128—Limitation on the construction of the Landing Ship Medium

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 136) that would prohibit the obligation or expenditure of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for the procurement of the Medium Landing Ship (LSM) until the Secretary of the Navy certifies that the LSM design is not based on more than 35 percent military specifications. It would also require the Secretary of the Navy to submit a report to the congressional defense committees detailing the differences in cost and construction schedules between a ship design based on military specifications and a design that uses commercial standards and elements.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 123) that would prohibit the Secretary of the Navy from awarding a contract for the LSM program, including construction of the lead ship, until basic and functional design are certified to be complete.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would provide that: (1) This design completion restriction would not apply to a commercial or non-developmental design for an LSM; and (2) The Navy Service Acquisition Executive could waive the requirements for full and open competition for the lead ship of the LSM program if the design of the LSM were commercial or non-developmental.

Sec. 129—Limitation on availability of funds for Constellation-class frigate program pending certification on basic and functional design

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 122) that would prohibit the Secretary of the Navy from obligating or expending any funds authorized for fiscal year 2025 for the construction of a *Constellation*-class frigate until the Secretary of Defense certifies that 95 percent of functional design drawings have been approved by the designated technical authority. The provision would also require the Comptroller General of the United States to assess the Secretary of Defense's compliance with the requirements and evaluate the completeness of functional design.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with minor technical amendments.

Sec. 130—Limitation on structural improvements and electrical power upgrades for AH-1Z and UH-1Y helicopters

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 137) that would require the Navy to conduct all structural improvement and electrical power upgrades for AH-1Z Viper and UH-1Y Venom helicopters at the original equipment manufacturer (OEM) until the Secretary of the Navy certifies that the plan for carrying out the upgrades else-

where would result in: (1) Greater performance; (2) Improved on-board electrical capacity; (3) Improved and expanded weapons interfaces; and (4) Improved ease of maintenance.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to require that the Secretary certify that an alternate source for the upgrades provide matching or improved performance compared to the OEM.

Sec. 131—Annual report on surface ship suppliers

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 125) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to submit an annual report to the congressional defense committees analyzing suppliers of surface ship components.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Subtitle D—Air Force Programs

Sec. 141—Extension of limitations and minimum inventory requirement relating to RQ-4 aircraft

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 137) that would extend the sunset date for section 9062 of title 10, United States Code, regarding RQ-4 aircraft by 1 year until the end of fiscal year 2029.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 142—Annual report on Air Force tactical fighter aircraft force structure

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 136) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to provide an annual report reflecting a 10-year plan for Air Force fighter aircraft force structure, recapitalization, training, and sustainment of the active and reserve components of the Air Force.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 143—Modifications to inventory requirements for certain aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 152) that would reduce the number of fighter aircraft that the Air Force would be required to maintain from 1,145 aircraft to a level of 1,106 aircraft. This reduction would account for the planned retirement of 39 primary mission aircraft inventory (PMAI) A-10 aircraft.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 138) that would authorize the Air Force to retire a portion of the current fighter aircraft inventory. The provision would approve the Air Force request to retire the following aircraft: (1) 56 total aircraft inventory (TAI) A-10s; (2) 65 TAI F-15C/Ds; and (3) 11 TAI F-16C/Ds. The provision would not allow the Air Force to divest 26 F-15E or 32 F-22 aircraft.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would include authority to reduce 36 PMAI F-15Cs, and 3 PMAI F-16s. Force structure for the F-15E fleet is addressed elsewhere in the Act.

Sec. 144—Extension of prohibition on certain reductions to inventory of E-3 airborne warning and control system aircraft

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 131) that would require the U.S. Air Force to maintain 16 E-3 Airborne Warning and Control System (AWACS) aircraft until the E-3 AWACS can be replaced by E-7 Wedgetail aircraft, or until the retirement of the E-3 AWACS would create no lapse in U.S. Air Force capabilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 145—Extension of requirements relating to C-130 aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 153) that would require the Air Force to maintain the C-130 total aircraft inventory at 271 aircraft, with a sunset date of October 1, 2025. It would also extend the prohibition on reducing the C-130 inventory in the Air National Guard through fiscal year 2025.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 146—Management of temporary relocation of B-1 bomber aircraft and personnel

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 132) that would amend section 133 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81), as amended by section 136 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31), to require the Secretary of the Air Force to actively manage the existing B-1 bomber force structure as the fleet transitions to the B-21 bomber.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 147—Consolidation of authorities relating to Air Force landing gear

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 157) that would require the U.S. Air Force to consolidate supply chain management, item management, and delegated engineering authorities of landing gear systems for certain aircraft under the Air Force Sustainment Center.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 148—Recapitalization of air refueling tanker aircraft of the reserve components of the Air Force

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 156) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to replace current Air National Guard and Air Force Reserve air refueling aircraft with an air re-

fueling aircraft that has capabilities equivalent to or exceeding the capabilities of the aircraft being replaced.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would: (1) Require the Secretary of the Air Force to replace reserve component KC-135 aircraft on a one-for-one basis; (2) Prevent the Secretary from moving KC-135 aircraft from another reserve component unit for the purposes of satisfying this one-for-one replacement requirement; (3) Prevent the Secretary from reducing the air refueling tanker inventory of the Air Reserve Components below the force structure level identified in the fiscal year 2025 budget request; and (4) In the event a reserve component unit is assigned a greater number of KC-135s than are to be replaced by KC-46 aircraft, require that any such aircraft remain within the reserve components for redistribution.

Sec. 149—Prohibition on reduction of KC-135 aircraft in PMAI of the reserve components

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 151) that would: (1) Raise the number of air refueling aircraft required to be maintained by the Air Force from 466 to 474; and (2) Prevent the Air Force from reducing the number of primary mission aircraft inventory KC-135 aircraft in the Air Force Guard and Reserve.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would exclude raising the required number of air refueling aircraft.

Sec. 150—Prohibition on retirement of F-15E aircraft and requirement to conduct fighter aircraft capabilities and requirements study

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 154) that would prohibit the retirement of any F-15E tactical fighter aircraft, with certain exceptions, until the Secretary of Defense submits a fighter aircraft capability and requirements study that estimates the number of Air Force fighter aircraft needed to meet the requirements of geographical combatant commanders.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would include a prohibition on retirement of F-15 aircraft through fiscal year 2027.

Sec. 151—Notification of delays in delivery of MH-139 aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 158) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to notify the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives of any delay in delivery of MH-139 aircraft within 30 days of becoming aware of such delay.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 152—Plan and requirements for fielding air base air defense sites at Air Force installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1055) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to develop a plan to support fielding of air base air defense sites at Air Force installations. This section would further require the Secretary to ensure that no fewer than four sites are fielded by September 30, 2027.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 135).

The agreement includes the House provision, amended to require: (1) The Secretary consult with U.S. Northern Command; and (2) That two of the four air base air defense locations be located in the United States.

Sec. 153—Plan for establishment and maintenance of F-16 simulators at Air National Guard training centers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 159) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force, in coordination with the Director of the Air National Guard, to develop and implement a plan to fully fund the establishment and maintenance of F-16 simulators at training centers of the Air National Guard.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would remove the mandate to implement the plan and require the Secretary and the Air National Guard to provide a cost estimate of a plan to establish F-16 simulators at various locations. We also expect the Secretary of the Air Force and the Director of the Air National Guard to promptly develop and implement a plan that determines the funding required to permanently install required aircraft arresting gear equipment to support operational requirements at the various basing locations transitioning to the F-16 tactical-fighter aircraft.

Sec. 154—Plan for sustainment and recapitalization of Air National Guard fighter fleet

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 134) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to develop a plan for modernizing all 25 fighter aircraft squadrons in the Air National Guard.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary to include: (1) The overall impact on operational considerations and budgets on the ability of the total force to field fighter forces; and (2) The timetable and estimated costs of implementing such a plan.

Subtitle E—Defense-Wide, Joint, and Multiservice Matters

Sec. 161—Modification to Air Force and Navy use of commercial dual-use parts in certain aircraft and engines

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 171) that would amend section 161 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) to expand coverage

to include new parts in the consideration of acquiring spares for use in commercial derivative aircraft and engines and aircraft based on commercially designed aircraft.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 162—Measures to increase supply chain resiliency for small unmanned aerial systems

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 223) that would require the Department of Defense to dismantle and identify the origin of components of a Da Jiang Innovations drone. It also contained a provision (sec. 178) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to conduct a study to identify sources of secure parts for unmanned aircraft systems.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 871) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, the Undersecretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, and the Secretaries of the military departments, to submit a strategy to develop a secure domestic and allied supply chain of critical components for small uncrewed aerial systems.

The agreement includes the House provision (sec. 223) that includes an amendment that would require the Department of Defense to develop an integrated set of measures to identify risks in the small uncrewed aerial systems (sUAS) supply chain and increase resiliency of such sUAS supply chain from domestic and allied sources. These measures would include a requirement for disassembly and analysis of commercially available foreign drone aircraft; development of supply chain framework (including a determination of whether any foreign companies should be added to the list pursuant to 1260H of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) as a result of this analysis); and development of a resilient supply chain strategy for sourcing of critical components.

Sec. 163—Policy on qualifications of contractors for into-plane fuel deliveries for heavy-lift aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 172) that would require the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency to develop and implement a policy that establishes factors for determining the qualifications of fixed-based operators bidding on contracts to provide into-plane fuel deliveries for heavy-lift aircraft at airports with sufficient weight-bearing capacity.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 164—Prohibition on operation, procurement, and contracting related to foreign-made light detection and ranging technology

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 173) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from purchasing or operating cov-

ered light detection and ranging technology that was manufactured by the People's Republic of China or another covered foreign entity.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 883) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from operating or entering into contracts for procurement of light detection and ranging technology from covered foreign countries.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 165—Limitation on procurement of F-35 aircraft pending certification on improvements and correction of deficiencies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 174) that would permit the Secretary of Defense to accept delivery of only 48 of 58 F-35 aircraft authorized for procurement during fiscal year 2025 until the Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees certain corrective action plans and acquisition strategies that will improve research, development, testing, evaluation, production and sustainment issues and deficiencies identified across multiple areas within the F-35 program enterprise. The provision would also require the Secretary of Defense to provide annual updates, for 5 consecutive years beginning on April 1, 2025, for all corrective actions and plans implemented by the Secretary.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 133) that would amend section 226 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) to require more information on the plans of the Department of Defense to upgrade the Joint Strike Fighter (JSF) propulsion and thermal management systems.

The agreement includes the House provision with minor technical changes.

We understand that the F-35 prime contractor has committed to investing \$350.0 million of its own resources to improve program execution and increase efficiencies with development, testing, and fielding of new hardware and software capabilities. This, in part, is to address shortages that the prime contractor faces within the program's enterprise. We encourage other major subcontractors participating in the program to also consider investing internal financial resources into the program to enable more efficiencies and greater productivity to accelerate the development, testing, and fielding of new and more advanced capabilities that are required to counter existing and future threats from adversaries.

Sec. 166—Assessments of inventory requirements for air-to-air missiles

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 175) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force and the Secretary of the Navy, in coordination with the commanders of certain geographical combatant commands, to jointly conduct an assessment of the sufficiency of established inventory requirements for air-to-air missiles within the Armed Forces under the jurisdiction of each service Secretary. This section would also require the Secretary of the Air Force to conduct a cost-benefit and technical risk assessment of developing and procuring an extended range AIM-120D missile to augment the existing inventories.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 143) that would require an assessment of inventories of air-to-air missile. It would require the Secretaries to develop recommendations to adjust the planned mix of missiles, including an assessment of whether extending the range or capability of existing air-to-air missiles would better support combined combatant command requirements at medium risk.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would add a requirement to submit an unclassified report, which may include a classified annex, to the congressional defense committees not later than April 1, 2025.

Sec. 167—Plan for signals intelligence capabilities of armed overwatch aircraft

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 142) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict and the Commander, U.S. Special Operations Command, to submit a plan for integrating signals intelligence capabilities on fielded armed overwatch aircraft.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Report on Black Hawk helicopter program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 113) that would direct the Secretary of the Army, not later than 30 days after the date on which the budget of the President for fiscal year 2026 is submitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on Modernization of the Black Hawk helicopter program of the Army.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct that, not later than 30 days after the date on which the budget of the President for fiscal year 2026 is submitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on Modernization of the Black Hawk helicopter program of the Army. The report shall include:

(1) Identification of the program elements and level of funding requested for the Black Hawk Modernization program for the period of fiscal years 2026 through 2030 set forth separately by fiscal year and appropriations account;

(2) Requirements for the program that are sufficient to ensure the Black Hawk helicopters of the Army are systematically modernized to address obsolescence, improve performance, and provide capabilities that ensure relevance in the joint all domain operational environment; and

(3) A program acquisition strategy for Black Hawk Modernization.

Plan for providing certain aircraft to the Army National Guard

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 114) that would require the Secretary of the Army to submit a plan for providing certain aircraft to the Army National Guard.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Army to submit a plan, not later than March 31, 2025, to congressional defense committees for providing the following aircraft to relevant aviation units of the Army National Guard in a manner that is consistent with provision of the same air frames with Active-Duty aviation units and operational requirements. The aircraft described in this subsection are the following:

- (1) AH-64E aircraft;
- (2) MQ-1C M25 aircraft;
- (3) CH-47 aircraft;
- (4) UH-60M aircraft; and
- (5) Future Long-Range Assault Aircraft.

Development of requirement for shipping container production facility at domestic Army installation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 115) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop a requirement for the establishment of a shipping container production facility within the United States at an Army installation found to meet feasibility and readiness goals.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the importance of having a secure source of supply for shipping containers in order to meet the deployment and sustainment requirements of the Department of Defense. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the feasibility and advisability of developing a requirement for the establishment of a shipping container production facility within the United States.

Sense of Congress on aircraft carrier procurement

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 138) that would recommend that the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of the Navy optimize aircraft carrier acquisition strategies to balance operational, taxpayer, and industrial interests, revise the Ford-class strategy to align with key analyses and national security goals, and ensure CVN-82 procurement by fiscal year 2028.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 130).

The agreement does not include either provision.

We agree that the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of the Navy should follow direction in the House and Senate bills.

Limitation on use of funds pending submission of report on plan for long-term Air Force fighter force structure

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 155) that would prohibit the obligation or expenditure of more than 75 percent of travel funds of the Secretary of the Air Force during fiscal year 2025 until the Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees the delinquent report required by section 148(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We are aware that the Air Force had completed the report required by section 148(c) earlier this year, but chose not to release the report in sufficient time to inform the congressional budget process. In order to ensure Congress can conduct thorough oversight of the Department of Defense, the Air Force must be more transparent with the congressional defense committees and must meet reporting deadlines as directed by existing law.

Funding for C-130 modular airborne firefighting system

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 160) that would provide an additional \$20.0 million for the Modular Airborne Firefighting System, offset by a similar reduction from the VC-25B system development and demonstration program.

The Senate bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

The specific authorization of appropriations amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Requirement for minimum number of air logistics complexes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 161) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to continuously operate not less than three air logistics complexes.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the three public Air Force logistics centers play a critical role in support of our national defense by ensuring the readiness and sustainability of the Air Force. The three public logistics centers provide comprehensive maintenance, repair, and overhaul services for a wide range of aircraft, munitions, and weapon systems, ensuring that these assets remain operational and effective. The strategic location and specialized expertise of each of the three public logistics centers enable the Air Force to respond to emerging threats, strengthen our national defense, and ensure that the Air Force maintains air superiority in an evolving global environment.

Modification to multiyear procurement authority for certain critical minerals

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 176) that would modify the multiyear procurement authority for certain critical minerals.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the existing authority of section 152 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) that provides the Department of Defense with the authority for multiyear procurement of domestically processed critical minerals. We continue to work with the Department of Defense on the utility and feasibility of rare earth recycling and note that the House report accompanying this Act included a briefing requirement on the export of end-of-life equipment containing rare earth elements outside the United States.

Sense of Congress on domestic procurement of defense articles for AUKUS partnership

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 177) that would express the sense of Congress regarding domestic procurement of defense articles for the Australia-United Kingdom-United States partnership.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Australia-United Kingdom-United States partnership, known as AUKUS, is critical for establishing a strong and integrated web of defense cooperation in the Indo-Pacific region. We recognize that researching, producing, and procuring defense articles for the AUKUS partnership from within the United States has the potential to enhance domestic defense production capabilities and make for stronger and more resilient allied supply chains. We encourage the Secretary of Defense to continue to promote and encourage domestic manufacturing, supply chains, and research for defense articles that are intended for use by members of the AUKUS partnership, and promote opportunities to integrate partner and domestic capabilities to the extent practicable.

Strategy for Army active protection systems

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 112) that would direct the Secretary of the Army to submit a strategy to the congressional defense committees, not later than September 30, 2025, for the testing, procurement, integration, and fielding of active protection systems on Army ground combat vehicles.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Army, not later than September 30, 2025, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the testing, procurement, integration, and fielding of vehicle protection systems on Army ground combat vehicles.

The report shall include:

(1) The status of all vehicle protection systems previously considered, tested, integrated, or procured by the Army;

(2) The status of any Army projects to develop its own vehicle protection system, including an explanation for the Army's decision to compete with commercial alternatives;

(3) The Army's plan to solicit bids for its modular vehicle base kit;

(4) A plan to conduct operational testing of all vehicle protection systems, including any system being developed by the Army, which shall assess:

- (a) a shot by each system under the same conditions;
- (b) multishot capability;
- (c) collateral damage;
- (d) damage to witness plates or vehicles;
- (e) ability to defeat threats of concern to the Army, including:
 - (i) full top attack threats;
 - (ii) kinetic energy rounds;
 - (iii) unmanned aerial systems, by class; and
 - (iv) fuzed missiles;
- (f) ability to upgrade each system to address future threats;
- (g) weight and power draw of each system; and
- (h) such other matters as the Secretary determines relevant.

(5) A strategy for the Army to integrate, test, and achieve a program of record for active vehicle protection systems on current and future combat vehicle fleets. In developing the strategy, the Secretary of the Army shall consider the following objectives and factors:

- (a) the risks incurred by the Army in its current active vehicle protection system posture of limited integration onto ground vehicle fleets;
- (b) lessons learned from active vehicle protection systems in ongoing armed conflicts;
- (c) the capabilities of active vehicle protection systems from foreign or domestic entities;
- (d) the acquisition and lifecycle costs of each active vehicle protection system identified in section (1) of the report; and
- (e) the Army's plan for modularity, including the ability to use the same active vehicle protection system across multiple platforms.

Authority for the procurement, leasing, or chartering of a medium-sized landing ship

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 124) that would authorize the Secretary of the Navy to enter into a contract or other agreement for the procurement, leasing, or chartering of a commercial or non-developmental ship that meets core U.S. Marine Corps requirements for operational sealift and landing troops, equipment, and supplies to a beach.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

BUDGET ITEMS

Stryker Family of Vehicles

We recognize that the Army's eight Stryker Brigade Combat Teams (SBCT) continue to demonstrate their indispensable value in helping the service meet its global commitments. Current Army platform modernization efforts invest in fielding cutting-edge capa-

bilities for combat vehicles in the Infantry and Armored Brigade Combat Teams but do not support platform modernization for SBCTs. We are interested in understanding the Army's long-term investment and modernization strategy as it relates to future SBCT force structure; Stryker vehicle upgrades; elimination of flat bottom hull variants and formations; and other capabilities that Stryker vehicles could host, such as Electromagnetic Warfare (EW), Short Range Air Defense (SHORAD)/Counter-Unmanned Aerial Systems (C-UAS), and mission command systems across the Army. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of the Army to provide a report on the Army's long-term Stryker investment plan to the congressional defense committees not later than March 31, 2025.

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 201—Authorization of appropriations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 201) that would authorize appropriations for research, development, test, and evaluation at the levels identified in section 4201 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 201).

The agreement includes this provision.

Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations

Sec. 211—Modification of certain requirements relating to the Joint Energetics Transition Office

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 211) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a budget line for the Joint Energetics Transition Office and establish a course of instruction for the development of energetic materials and ensuring the safety of explosives.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would clarify the budget and funding requirements of the Joint Energetics Transition Office.

Sec. 212—Modification to annual report on unfunded priorities of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 212) that would require the Secretary of Defense to coordinate with the Secretaries of the military departments on military construction projects to be submitted as unfunded priorities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would clarify projects must reach at least 35 percent design complete to be viable.

Sec. 213—Modification to defense laboratory education partnerships

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 213) that would amend section 2194(b) of title 10, United States Code, to permit defense

laboratories to provide direct financial assistance for educational partnership agreements.

The Senate committee-reported contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 214—Extension of Global Research Watch Program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 212) that would amend section 4066 of title 10, United States Code, to extend the Global Research Watch program from 2025 to 2035.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 215—Expansion of authority for technology protection features activities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 216) that would amend section 4067 of title 10, United States Code, to expand the authority of the Department of Defense to conduct exportability planning activities to strengthen ally and partner military capability, and improve coalition interoperability.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 216—Modification to personnel management authority to attract experts in science, engineering, and certain other disciplines

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 215) that would improve the ability of the Defense Innovation Unit, Strategic Capabilities Office, Office of Strategic Capital, and the Space Development Agency to attract and more rapidly hire new types of staff.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We note that the Department of Defense has several direct hire and other personnel management authorities which support the tailored needs of the Department in attracting and retaining personnel in specialized and highly skilled areas. We also understand the challenges of managing those authorities, and coordinating with the Office of Personnel Management to utilize the full range of existing authorities when possible.

Therefore, we direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2025, on the processes and challenges in managing these direct hiring authorities and coordinating with the Office of Personnel Management.

Sec. 217—Codification of the Laboratory Quality Enhancement Program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 217) that would amend subchapter III of chapter 303 of title 10, United States Code, to make permanent the authority for the Lab-

oratory Quality Enhancement Program that was established in section 211 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 218—Modification to consortium on use of additive manufacturing for defense capability development

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 216) that would amend section 223 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) and require the additive manufacturing consortium to develop systems to support certain capabilities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision. The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would clarify that the Department of Defense should utilize the consortium on additive manufacturing to develop a process for the certification of new advanced manufacturing materials and processes for flight critical parts.

Sec. 219—Modification to continuous capability development and delivery program for F-35 aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 217) that would amend section 225(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) to require the Secretary of Defense to procure at least nine new developmental testing aircraft from any production lot of aircraft beginning with Lot 18 or later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 5141).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 220—Modifications to test program for engineering plant of DDG(X) destroyer vessels

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 214) that would amend section 221 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81) by requiring the full-scale testing of a minimum of two electric propulsion motor technologies.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision, amended to include a requirement that the systems tested must demonstrated a minimum of 40 megawatts of reserve power.

We also direct the Secretary of the Navy to produce a comprehensive report identifying the sustainment and life cycle cost of the two electric propulsion motor technologies tested and submit said report to the congressional defense committees by March 1, 2025.

Sec. 221—Improvements relating to defining, identifying, and planning the artificial intelligence workforce of the Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 231) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than

180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to fully define and identify the Department of Defense artificial intelligence workforce, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer, and the Chief Information Officer.

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 248) that would require a report on artificial intelligence workforce of the Department of Defense not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 222—Modification to artificial intelligence education strategy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 247) that would amend section 256 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92) by adding an additional requirement to the artificial intelligence education program concerning education of the force on artificial intelligence (AI).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense to develop distance education courses on AI available to the force within 180 days of enactment of this Act.

Sec. 223—Modification of CVN–73 to support fielding of MQ–25 unmanned aerial vehicle

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 218) that would modify the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232) for the modification of CVN–73 to support fielding of the MQ–25.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 224—Modification to innovators information repository in the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 228) that would modify section 220 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232) by requiring the head of the Defense Technical Information Center to update the innovators information repository with some new data elements.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 225—Duties of Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer Governing Council relating to artificial intelligence models and advanced artificial intelligence technologies

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 242) that would expand the duties of the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer Governing Council.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 226—Ensuring compliance with Department of Defense policy when awarding research grants

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 211) that would amend section 1286 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232) to require Department of Defense (DOD) components to conduct periodic examinations of research awards made to institutions of higher education in order to ensure compliance with current DOD research security policy.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 227—Extension and modification of Directed Energy Working Group

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 246) that would amend section 219(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328) to extend the Directed Energy Working Group by 5 years.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment that would add additional program cost details to the reoccurring briefing requirement.

Sec. 228—National Defense Economic Competition Research Council

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 239) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish and charter a council to identify, evaluate, and coordinate research efforts relating to economic competition activities that undermine the defense strategy of the United States and its partners and allies, and require that the council regularly solicit input from the Joint Staff and combatant commands on needs, problem statements, or other topics relating to research on economic competition activities to support their respective areas of responsibility.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 229—Agility Prime Transition Working Group

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 219) that would establish a working group to assist in the transition of hybrid and electric vertical take-off and landing technologies developed under the Air Force's Agility Prime program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 230—Authority for temporary assignment of employees of the Office of Strategic Capital to certain private-sector organizations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 221) that would allow the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of Office of Strategic Capital, to carry out a program under which Director arranges for the temporary assignment of an employee of the Office to a qualifying private-sector organization.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 231—Quantum Benchmarking Initiative

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 243) that would require the Director of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency to establish a Quantum Scaling Initiative to rapidly expand and support the development of fault-tolerant utility-scale quantum computing capability available to the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 232—Expansion of participation in the Digital On-Demand Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 230) that would require the Secretary of Defense to take steps necessary to expand participation in the Digital On-Demand program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 233—Management and utilization of digital data to enhance maintenance activities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 245) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in consultation with the Secretaries of the military departments and the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense, to develop and implement policies to manage and utilize data derived from digital data systems for aircraft, ships, and ground vehicles in support of maintenance activity.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 234—Electromagnetic spectrum demonstration program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 235) that would require the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense to test wideband adaptive signal processing for simultaneous transmission and reception of signals on the same electromagnetic spectrum frequency band.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

We believe that Department of Defense access to the electromagnetic spectrum remains vital to national security and homeland defense; and that such interests should frame considerations regarding increasing demand for civilian access to electromagnetic spectrum bands reserved for national security.

We believe that wideband adaptive signal processing shows promise as part of a broader suite of dynamic spectrum sharing (DSS) technologies. We note that the National Spectrum Strategy (NSS) Implementation Plan promotes demonstration of advanced DSS technologies and techniques. We also note strong congressional support for such a demonstration: most recently in the House report accompanying H.R. 2760 (H. Rept. 118–125) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024. We believe that the rapid and thorough conduct of such a demonstration is essential, not just to show the feasibility of additional spectrum access for civilian spectrum users without compromising Department of Defense and intelligence community missions and capabilities, but also to demonstrate the Department of Defense’s good-faith and collaboration with industry, academia, and other Federal departments and agencies.

We emphasize the Department of Defense memorandum titled “Dynamic Spectrum Sharing Demonstration,” dated September 18, 2024, and support the rapid pace of directed activities. We are aware that the conduct of DSS demonstration requires sustained effort across fiscal years and Department of Defense organizations. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than March 1, 2025, to provide a briefing to the Armed Services Committees of the House of Representatives and the Senate on the plan required in the memorandum for developmental prototyping, experimentation, and testing activities related to a DSS demonstration, including anticipated funding requirements for fiscal year 2025 and the future years defense program.

Sec. 235—Competitive demonstration of automated target recognition algorithms

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 213) that would require the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer (CDAO) of the Department of Defense to incorporate into a global information dominance experiment a competitive demonstration of at least two different automated target recognition (ATR) algorithms to determine the most suitable source of development.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment that would require the development of a venue and processes, including a specified set of baseline scenarios, for comparative testing of automated target recognition algorithms to determine mission performance.

We direct the Deputy Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than February 1, 2025, on the share of resources contributed by relevant offices, including DIU, CDAO, and the military services, to implementation of this section.

Furthermore, we direct the CDAO to provide a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than December 20, 2025, on the development of ATR algorithms across the Department of Defense, including a review of implementation of this section and a status report on the development of approved information technology infrastructure to allow the sharing, training, and use of models.

Sec. 236—Pilot program on development of near-term use cases and demonstration of artificial intelligence toward biotechnology applications for national security

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 241) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, in coordination with the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer, to develop a plan for the establishment of a secure computing and data storage environment to facilitate the testing of artificial intelligence (AI) models trained on biological data and the development and testing of products generated by such models.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 236) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program focused on the development of near-term use cases and demonstrations of AI toward biotechnology applications for national security.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 237—Pilot program on use of artificial intelligence for certain workflow and operations tasks

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 241) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, the Secretary of the Army, Secretary of the Navy, and Secretary of the Air Force, not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to carry out a pilot program to assess the feasibility and advisability of using artificial intelligence-enabled software to optimize the workflow operations for (1) depots, shipyards, or other manufacturing facilities; and (2) contract administration for the Department, including the adjudication and review of contracts managed by the Defense Contract Management Agency.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 238—Limitation on availability of funds for fundamental research collaboration with certain academic institutions

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 225, 226, and 1316) that would prohibit institutions of higher education that conduct research funded by the Department of Defense (DOD) from entering into agreements with covered nations or foreign entities of concern; prohibit funds from being appropriated to any institution of higher education which conducts fundamental research with countries of concern; and require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on the feasibility and effects of implementing a prohibition

on DOD funds for any individual or institution located in a country of concern.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 218).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

SUBTITLE C—PLANS, REPORTS, AND OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 241—Incorporating human readiness levels into research, development, test, and evaluation activities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 244) that would require the Secretary of Defense to initiate a review of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and Human Factors and Ergonomics Society (HFES) Standard 400–2021 to determine whether any materials from this standard can and should be incorporated or referenced in Department of Defense (DOD) procedures and guidance material in order to enhance safety in relation to human factors. The provision would also require the Secretary to conduct preliminary mapping of the current human readiness levels of DOD, based on the ANSI and HFES Standard 400–2021, and how these levels align with the current technology readiness levels of major development and acquisition programs, as defined in section 4201 of title 10, United States Code.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 242—Biotechnology roadmap

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 243) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop a biotechnology roadmap to guide efforts of the Department of Defense relating to biotechnology.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 237).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 243—Plan to advance interests of Department of Defense in matters relating to electromagnetic spectrum in international fora

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 232) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop and implement a 5-year plan for advancing Department of Defense interests in matters relating to the electromagnetic spectrum in international engagements or fora.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 244—Strategic plan for quantum information science technologies within the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 220) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop a strategic plan to guide

the development and maturation of quantum information sciences (QIS) technologies within the Department of Defense and military services and require the Secretary to establish a center of excellence for quantum computing at an existing military service laboratory.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We are aware of QIS research and development underway across the military service research laboratories and believe this work will be critical to maintaining United States leadership in this emerging technology area. For example, ongoing QIS work taking place at Air Force Research Laboratory (AFRL) Rome is making strides in advancing the technology readiness level of QIS technologies and developing the requisite technical workforce needed for the United States to lead in QIS. We encourage AFRL and the other service research laboratories to continue these efforts.

Sec. 245—Defense Science Board study on long-term operations and availability of Kwajalein Atoll as a Major Range and Test Facility Base

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 240) that would require the Defense Science Board to assess the feasibility and advisability of designating the Ronald Reagan Ballistic Missile Defense Test Site and United States Army Garrison Kwajalein Atoll as facilities and resources comprising the Major Range and Test Facility Base.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with technical and conforming amendments.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Funding for National Defense Education Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 202) that would increase, by \$5.0 million, the funding for the National Defense Education Program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Authorization of specific funding amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Use of partnership intermediaries to promote defense research and education

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 214) that would clarify the authorities for defense laboratories to enter into partnership intermediary agreements.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Pilot program on establishment of a test and evaluation cell within the Defense Innovation Unit

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 222) that would establish a pilot program within the Defense Innovation Unit to conduct test and evaluation.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

The Defense Innovation Unit (DIU) has evolved greatly over the last decade, but we believe continued maturation of the organization requires a thoughtful approach for its long-term test and evaluation strategy. We recognize the potential challenges DIU may face in test and evaluation including access to range time, adequate data collection, and evaluation tools, as these challenges are pervasive across the test and evaluation community. Because of the nature of its mission to rapidly identify and field capabilities, there is also a challenge in balancing rapid fielding needs with the potential to integrate into the broader, traditional test and evaluation enterprise.

Therefore, we direct the Director of the DIU to submit a report to the congressional defense committees not later than June 1, 2025, detailing:

- (1) DIU's current test and evaluation strategy, to include planned efforts in coordination with the Director of the Test Resource Management Center, the Director for Developmental Test, Evaluation and Assessments, and the Director, Operational Test and Evaluation;
- (2) Any barriers or challenges to execution of these plans;
- (3) DIU's plans for future test and evaluation activities, including any anticipated spending and staffing estimates;
- (4) DIU's planned use of digital ranges or other test infrastructure for software or data systems;
- (5) Best practices for test and evaluation for commercial and non-traditional technologies;
- (6) Any plans to leverage software solutions to better maximize test data collection and post-test evaluation; and
- (7) Any other information the Director deems relevant.

Program on limited objective experimentation in support of Air Force operations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 224) that would require the Commander, Air Force Research Laboratory, to carry out limited objective experimentation (LOE) in coordination with a partnership intermediary.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We are aware of successful LOE activities ongoing at the Air Force Research Laboratory, including through the Northeast Multi-Domain Operations Alliance. We understand this alliance has effectively brought together government and non-government organizations to execute an experimentation initiative to accelerate the development, demonstration, and fielding of innovative capabilities to solve multi-domain operational challenges. We encourage other ele-

ments of the Department of Defense's innovation enterprise to leverage these existing partnerships and collaborative regional ecosystems to further develop, experiment, and integrate cross domain solutions across the joint force.

Disclosure requirements for persons performing research or development projects for the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 227) that would amend section 4001 of title 10, United States Code, by adding a new subsection on disclosure requirements.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition on availability of funds for canine and feline research

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 229) that would prohibit the use of funds for conducting biomedical research or testing using canines or felines.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Study and report on foreign capital disclosure requirements of certain Department of Defense organizations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 242) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to enter into a contract or other agreement with a federally funded research and development center to conduct an independent study on the foreign capital disclosure requirements of organizations of the Department of Defense that routinely engage with commercial entities backed by private equity or venture capital funds.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the desirability of harmonizing capital disclosure requirements across the Department, the Federal Government, and allies and partners. We therefore direct the Secretary of Defense to provide to the congressional defense committees by July 15, 2025, a briefing on the foreign capital disclosure requirements of organizations of the Department of Defense that routinely engage with commercial entities backed by private equity or venture capital funds. The briefing should include the following:

(1) A comparison of current foreign capital disclosure requirements used by organizations within the Department of Defense that engage with commercial entities backed by private equity or venture capital funds, including the Defense Innovation Unit, National Security Innovation Capital, and other such organizations within the Department and across the services;

(2) A description of any business intelligence, due diligence information, classified information, and other information sources available to such organizations to assist the organizations in formulating and executing foreign capital disclosure requirements;

(3) A description of the extent to which such foreign capital disclosure requirements are shared with commercial entities;

(4) A description of best practices for foreign capital disclosure requirements across the Department of Defense, including best practices for flexibly implementing such requirements;

(5) An assessment of the feasibility of harmonizing the best practices as described above across the Department of Defense in a responsive manner;

(6) A description of relevant foreign capital disclosure requirements that are used elsewhere within the Federal Government and by relevant international allies, partners, and organizations;

(7) A description of such other factors as may be relevant to inform the implementation of coordinated, effective foreign capital disclosure requirements across the Department of Defense and international allies and partners; and

(8) Such other information as the Secretary deems appropriate.

Authority for Secretary of Defense to enter into an agreement for an assessment of biotechnology capabilities of adversaries of the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 244) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to enter into an agreement with a federally funded research and development center to conduct an assessment related to biotechnology.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide to the congressional defense committees a report that includes the findings and recommendations of a federally funded research and development center assessment related to biotechnology not later than June 15, 2025. Such report shall include—

(1) A literature review of scientific topics related to biotechnology of military interest;

(2) An evaluation of the scientific capabilities of potential adversaries of the United States, such as the People's Republic of China, Iran, and the Russian Federation, related to biotechnology;

(3) A review of the current gaps and future scientific and technological needs for adversaries of the United States to be successful with respect to biotechnology capabilities; and

(4) Recommendations with respect to useful indications of any advancement of such adversaries regarding such capabilities.

Such report shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classified annex.

Due to the need to inform elements of the Department broadly on the needs and gaps in this technology space, we also urge the Secretary to ensure the assessment underlying the report is transmitted to other relevant offices of the Department of Defense, including the offices of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy, the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security, and the Office of Net Assessment.

Sense of Congress on research and development of solid rocket motor mixing technology and the missile industrial base

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 245) that would establish a sense of Congress on the research and development of solid rocket motor mixing technologies.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We are aware of new and efficient solid rocket motor mixing technologies that could augment existing domestic production capabilities for solid rocket motors and assist in increasing the production of tactical missiles. We encourage the Department of Defense to pursue research and development of these advanced propellant mixing technologies for solid rocket motor propulsion systems.

Funding for demonstration of high-pressure waterjet cut and capture system to demilitarize underwater munitions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 246) that would increase by \$5.0 million in PE 63779A for the demonstration of high-pressure waterjet cut and capture system to demilitarize underwater munitions.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Increase in funding for high-hypersonic detonation propulsion research and technology

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 249) that would increase, by \$5.0 million, the funding for high-hypersonic detonation propulsion research and technology.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Authorization of specific funding amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Increase in funding for adaptive and intelligent adversary-threat models

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 250) that would increase, by \$5.0 million, the funding for adaptive and intelligent adversary-threat models.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Authorization of specific funding amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Funding for surface and shallow water mine counter-measures

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 251) that would provide an additional \$9.0 million for surface and shallow water mine countermeasures, offset by a similar reduction from the Chalk Coral program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

The specific authorization of appropriations amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Report on potential inclusion of Israel in the national technology and industrial base

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 252) that would require the Secretary of Defense to assess the feasibility and advisability of including Israel in the national technology and industrial base.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than September 30, 2025, on the feasibility and advisability of including Israel in the national technology and industrial base (NTIB). The briefing shall include but not be limited to: (1) A detailed assessment of the potential benefits or consequences of including Israel in the NTIB; (2) Any relevant security information that would create obstacles to expand NTIB; (3) Any identified gaps in NTIB that could be resolved by expanding NTIB; (4) Any other matter that the Secretary considers to be relevant. The briefing may include a classified annex.

Plan on hacking for defense expansion

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 253) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for the expansion of the Hacking for Defense program of the Department of Defense over the period of three fiscal years following the date of the plan.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that elements from this provision are addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Report on potential strategic partnership between the Defense Innovation Unit and the Taiwan Ministry of National Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 254) that would require the Secretary of Defense to assess the feasibility and advisability of establishing a strategic partnership between the Defense Innovation Unit and the Taiwan Ministry of National Defense and provide a report on such assessment.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 233).

The agreement does not include either provision.

We direct the Director of the Defense Innovation Unit to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on expanding the geographic presence of the Defense Innovation Unit, including through partnerships with other organizations, not later than April 1, 2025. This report shall include the following:

(1) The current geographic distribution of the personnel and offices of the Defense Innovation Unit, including identification of the number of full-time equivalent civilians and contractors associated with each location;

(2) An assessment of opportunities to leverage other entities to expand geographic presence through current or planned partnerships that can support missions of the Defense Innovation Unit based on the existing geographic and functional footprint of those entities, such as Department of Defense laboratories, program intermediaries, university affiliated research centers, or the activities of the Hacking for Defense program;

(3) A gap analysis between planned expansion of the geographic presence of the Defense Innovation Unit and use of partnerships to achieve nationwide geographic coverage for activities of the Defense Innovation Unit;

(4) The current plan of the Director to expand the geographic presence of the Defense Innovation Unit during the next 5-year period to address the gaps analyzed pursuant to paragraph (3), including resources required and any other policy or regulatory challenges; and

(5) An assessment of both current international partnerships and opportunities to deepen and expand international partnerships, including through expansion of Hacking for Defense program activities.

Sense of Congress on the continuing need for innovation in the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 255) that would express the sense of Congress regarding the continuing need for innovation in the Armed Forces.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the importance of a robust innovation ecosystem in strengthening our national security. The U.S. military's innovative capacity in technological areas such as artificial intelligence, quantum information sciences, advanced air mobility, and counter-UAS systems is key to maintaining and improving military readiness. We support continued expansion and growth of innovation ecosystems for both national and economic security needs.

Funding for alternative domestic source C-130J IRSS

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 256) that would increase funding by \$6.0 million for alternative domestic sources for C-130J infrared suppression systems (IRSS), offset by a corresponding reduction in funding for operational system development, industrial base analysis and sustainment support.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

The specific authorization of appropriations amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Funding for virtual engineering for army readiness and sustainment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 257) that would increase funding for Virtual Engineering for Army Readiness and Sustainment.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Funding for fuel cell multi-modular use utilizing hydrogen

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 259) that would increase, by \$10.0 million, the funding for Fuel Cell Multi-Modular Use Utilizing Hydrogen.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Authorization of specific funding amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Funding for humanitarian airborne mobile infrastructure capability

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 258) that would increase, by \$4.2 million, the funding for Humanitarian Airborne Mobile Infrastructure Capability.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Authorization of specific funding amounts can be found in the funding tables.

Assignment of Department of Defense responsibility for international collaboration on directed energy weapons

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 215) that would amend section 219 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328) by designating the senior Department of Defense official responsible for directed energy, supported by the Joint Directed Energy Transition Office, as the office with primary responsibility for collaboration with international partners on directed energy weapons.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Prohibition on award of research or development contracts or grants to educational institutions that have violated certain civil rights

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 220) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from entering into any new contracts, or agreements, or making any new grant awards to institutions of higher education that have violated title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (Public Law 88–352) on or after 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Report on obligations and expenditure rates for basic research

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 234) that would require a report from the Under Secretary of Defense, Comptroller on the obligation and expenditure rates for Department of Defense basic and applied research.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that a similar reporting requirement was included in the House Report 118–529. We remain concerned with the Department of Defense’s obligation and expenditure policies for basic and applied research at academic institutions given the incongruence of the academic year and the federal fiscal year. The committee urges the Department to implement expenditure benchmarks policies that consider delays in allocations to the grantees and are more aligned with the fiscal policies and calendars of academic institutions.

Therefore, we direct the Under Secretary of Defense, Comptroller, in coordination with the Comptrollers of the military departments and the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, on the obligation and expenditure rates for Department of Defense basic and applied research that is conducted at institutions of higher education for the previous five fiscal years. The report shall also identify:

- (1) The month of obligations and expenditures for basic and applied research conducted at institutions of higher education;
- (2) Funds realigned from basic or applied research budget lines due to not meeting obligations or expenditures benchmarks throughout the fiscal year and made available for other purposes; and
- (3) A plan to implement revised expenditure benchmarks related to research grants at institutions of higher education.

Plan for optimization of Irregular Warfare Technical Support Directorate

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 238) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a plan to optimize the contributions of the Irregular Warfare Technical Support Directorate in order to enable irregular warfare activities in support of the 2022 National Defense Strategy.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for optimizing the contributions of the Irregular Warfare Technical Support Directorate to the fulfillment of Department of Defense irregular warfare activities in support of the National Defense Strategy. At a minimum, the plan shall address efforts to more effectively—

- (1) Address emergent requirements within the year of execution;
- (2) Lessons learned from ongoing conflicts where the U.S. is not a direct participant, if feasible;

- (3) Focus and prioritize resources to rapidly address Department of Defense user requirements;
- (4) Coordinate efforts with the Office of Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics of U.S. Special Operations Command;
- (5) Maximize contributions from foreign and non-Department of Defense partners; and
- (6) Address other matters deemed relevant by the Secretary.

Directed Energy Roadmap and Activity Funding Report

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 247) that would amend section 219(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328) to require a Directed Energy Roadmap and Activity Funding Report annually until 2031.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Pilot program on establishing entities and consortia to conduct prototyping and production of critical and emerging technologies

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 248) that would require the Secretary of Defense to carry out a pilot program to establish one or more entities, including consortia, to conduct prototyping and production activities for such critical and emerging technologies as the Secretary shall specify and require the Secretary to use other transaction authority to carry out the program pursuant section 4022 of title 10, United States Code.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We encourage the Department of Defense to use other transaction authority (OTAs), including through consortia, to conduct prototyping and production activities for the Department's 14 critical technology areas. We note that unlike Federal Acquisition Regulation-based contracts, the Department is not required to track the type of business performing on an OTA. We note that elsewhere in this Act we are directing the Department to track awards made through OTAs to provide a better understanding of the types of businesses performing on OTAs.

Report on status of reusable hypersonic technology development activities

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5232) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on the status of reusable hypersonic technology development activities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than June 15, 2025, to the congressional defense committees on the status of reusable hypersonic technology development activities in the Department of Defense, including the High Mach Turbine Engine. The briefing should include:

- (1) A proposed organizational structure for management of a reusable hypersonic aircraft development program;

(2) An assessment of requirements and timeframe to formalize such proposed organizational structure; and

(3) A cost estimate and timeline for testing key enabling technologies and programs.

Prohibition on research or development of cell culture and other novel methods used for the production of cultivated meat

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5233) that would prohibit the use of funds for the research or development of cell culture or any other novel method used for the production of cultivated meat for human consumption.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 301—Authorization of appropriations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 301) that would authorize appropriations for operation and maintenance activities at the levels identified in section 4301 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 301).

The agreement includes this provision.

Subtitle B—Energy and Environment

Sec. 311—Modification of definition of antenna structure project under Military Aviation and Installation Assurance Clearinghouse for review of mission obstructions

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 313) that would amend section 183a(h)(2)(A) (ii) of title 10, United States Code, to address a technical correction.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 312—Extension of period for cooperative agreements under Native American lands environmental mitigation program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 320) that would extend the period for cooperative agreements under Native American Lands Environmental Mitigation Program by 3 years.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 313—Extension of requirement to establish a schedule of black start exercises to assess the energy resilience and energy security of military installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 311) that would extend the requirement to conduct black start exercises from 2027 to 2032.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 314—Change in timeframe for report on ability of Department of Defense to meet requirements for energy resilience and energy security measures on military installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 342) that would amend the reporting requirement year in section 2029 (g) of title 10, United States Code, by striking 2029 and inserting 2027.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 315—Repeal of limitation on procurement of drop-in fuels; annual report

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 317) that would repeal section 2922h of title 10, United States Code, and require the Secretary of Defense to submit an annual report if a bulk purchase of drop-in fuel was not cost-competitive with traditional fuel, and if the purchase was based on a military requirement or not.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 316—Extension of prohibition on required disclosure

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 312) that would extend the prohibition on required disclosure by prime contractors for 5 years.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would extend the prohibition by 2 years.

Sec. 317—Increase of transfer authority for funding of study and assessment on health implications of per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances contamination in drinking water by Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 322) that would extend to fiscal year 2025 the authorization and funding transfer authority for the ongoing study and assessment on human health impacts of per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances in drinking water by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 318—Initiative to control and combat the spread of coconut rhinoceros beetle in Hawaii

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 315) that would authorize and direct the Secretary of Defense to enhance efforts to support the control, interdiction, research, and eradication efforts related to the coconut rhinoceros beetle (CRB) on military installations in Hawaii.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to clarify that interagency and intergovernmental response efforts

to control, interdict, monitor, and eradicate the CRB are for military installations in Hawaii.

Sec. 319—Prohibition on implementation of regulation relating to minimizing risk of climate change

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 318) that would prohibit funds from being used by the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2025 to finalize or implement any rule based on the advanced notice of the proposed rulemaking titled “Federal Acquisition Regulation: Minimizing the Risk of Climate Change in Federal Acquisitions.”

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 320—Implementation of Inspector General recommendations relating to oversight of defense fuel support points

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 311) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to implement the recommendations of the Department of Defense Inspector General report, published April 11, 2024, titled, “Audit of the Defense Logistics Agency Oversight of Defense Fuel Support Points” (DODIG–2024–075), not later than May 1, 2026, or report explaining why the Secretary has not implemented those recommendations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 321—Provision by Secretary of the Air Force of meteorological data for Air Force and Army

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 314) that would clarify that the Secretary of the Air Force is required to provide meteorological and environmental services for the Department of the Air Force and meteorological services for the Department of the Army.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Subtitle C—Logistics and Sustainment

Sec. 331—Joint Safety Council report and briefing requirements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 341) that would amend section 185 of title 10, United States Code, to require biannual briefings from the Joint Safety Council that includes releasable information regarding any mishap that occurred during such year and identification of any corrective or preventative action implemented pursuant to a recommendation made in a safety or legal investigation report of such a mishap.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 332—Modifications to Comptroller General annual reviews of F-35 sustainment efforts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 343) that would amend section 357 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81) regarding the Comptroller General of the United States’ annual reviews of the F-35 by extending the reporting period and adding sustainment considerations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 333—Plans regarding condition and maintenance of prepositioned stockpiles of Navy, Marine Corps, and Air Force

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 331) that would require the Navy, Marine Corps, and Air Force to develop a plan to improve inspection procedures of prepositioned stockpiles and conduct biannual inspections of these prepositioned stockpiles.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 334—Warehouse utilization organization alignment

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 331) that would require each Secretary of a military department, and the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, to provide a briefing on warehouse utilization and organizational alignment.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 335—Authority for Government-owned, Government-operated facilities to access production base support funds

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 332) that would require the Secretary of Defense to prescribe regulations allowing Government-owned, Government-operated facilities to be eligible to receive Production Base Support funds from the U.S. Army.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 336—Pre-positioned stocks of finished defense textile articles

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 356) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to establish prepositioned stocks of finished defense textile articles needed to support a contingency operation.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Subtitle D—Reports

Sec. 341—Modification of readiness reports to include total number of combat readiness upgrades or downgrades

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 341) that would amend paragraph (5) of section 482(b) of title 10,

United States Code, to modify the readiness reports to Congress to include the total number of upgrades or downgrades of the combat readiness of a unit issued by the unit commander, rather than each unit summary with the rationale from each reporting unit commander.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 342—Extension and expansion of incident reporting requirements for Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 342) that would extend the incident reporting requirement regarding lost and stolen weapons and include the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 343—Annual briefing on operational readiness of 53rd Weather Reconnaissance Squadron prior to commencement of official hurricane season

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 344) that would require the commanding officer of the 22nd Air Force to provide a briefing on the operational readiness of the 53rd Weather Reconnaissance Squadron.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

Sec. 351—Extension of authority for Secretary of Defense to use Department of Defense reimbursement rate for transportation services provided to certain non-Department of Defense entities

The budget request for fiscal year 2025 included a proposal to extend the authority, granted in section 2642 of title 10, United States Code, allowing the Secretary of Defense to use the Department of Defense (DOD) reimbursement rate for transportation services provided to certain non-DOD entities. That authority allows DOD to provide transportation services covered by that section at the same rate DOD charges DOD units for similar services. The proposal requested a change in the sunset date from October 1, 2024, to October 1, 2029.

The agreement includes a provision that would extend the sunset date of this authority from October 1, 2024, to October 1, 2026. Furthermore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than April 1, 2025, on how the Department uses this authority, the need for an extension, and any other information the Secretary deems relevant.

Sec. 352—Improvements to FireGuard Program of National Guard

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5351) that would allow the Secretary of Defense to enter into a contract or co-

operative agreement with a qualified individual or entity to carry out the duties of the FireGuard Program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 353—Counter unmanned aerial system threat library

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 335) that would require the Secretary of the Army, through the Joint Counter-small Unmanned Aerial Systems Office, to establish and maintain a threat library, or expand and maintain an existing library, to coordinate efforts across the Department of Defense to counter unmanned aerial systems.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 354—Limitation on availability of funds for travel expenses of Office of Secretary of Defense until submission of certain documents

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 353) that would limit the obligation and expenditure of more than 75 percent of certain funds authorized for travel expenses for the Office of the Secretary of Defense until the Secretary provides to the congressional defense committees certain outstanding reporting requirements.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 355—Anti-lock brake system and electronic stability control kit for certain Army vehicles

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 354) that would require the Secretary of the Army to develop a plan to ensure that all high-mobility multipurpose wheeled vehicles identified in the Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Strategy have been retrofitted with an anti-lock brake system and electronic stability control kit.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would modify the requirement to ensure that all high-mobility multipurpose wheeled vehicles are equipped with anti-lock brake system and electronic stability control kit and extend the timeline to complete the requirement.

Sec. 356—Program for advanced manufacturing in the Indo-Pacific region

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1082) that would establish a pilot program to develop forward advanced manufacturing capability in and for the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 357).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Modifications to pilot program on use of sustainable aviation fuel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 313) that would amend the Sustainable Aviation Fuel Pilot Program from the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263) to ensure the Greenhouse Gases, Regulated Emissions, and Energy Use in Technologies model is used to measure greenhouse gas emissions reductions under the program, promoting increased accuracy in measurements and preventing the exclusion of domestic, agricultural biofuels from the program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 315).

The agreement does not include either provision.

Modification of temporary moratorium on incineration by Department of Defense of perfluoroalkyl substances, polyfluoroalkyl substances, and aqueous film forming foam

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 314) that would amend Section 343(a)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81) and end the moratorium on per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) destruction by allowing the Department of Defense to follow the recent guidance put out by the Environmental Protection Agency with regard to the destruction of PFAS.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We strongly encourage the Department of Defense to issue appropriate guidance related to the destruction of PFAS, in accordance with section 343(a)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81).

Review and plan regarding biosecurity protocols for Hawaii

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 316) that would direct the Department of Defense to review its biosecurity protocols in Hawaii to prevent the introduction and spread of invasive species and would also direct the Department to create a plan to improve biosecurity protocols in Hawaii and improve coordination with state and local entities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Pilot program to install propane-powered generators at a domestic defense industrial base facility

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 317) that would establish a pilot program to install propane-powered generators at a qualified domestic organic defense industrial base facility.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of

Representatives, not later than April 1, 2025, on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a pilot program to install propane-powered generators at a domestic organic defense industrial base facility. The briefing should include information on current backup power capabilities at installations, any necessary supply and storage infrastructure requirements, any benefits to the resiliency and redundancy of power generation, any costs associated with establishing the pilot, and any other advantages and disadvantages that the Secretary deems relevant.

Stormwater discharge permits for Department of Defense facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 319) that would require the Secretary of Defense to request updated storm water management system permits from the appropriate authorities to allow for best practices to be implemented at storm water outflows and prevent per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances discharge from Department of Defense facilities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Pilot program on improving Marine Corps supply chain and logistics through the integration of artificial intelligence and machine learning software solutions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 332) that would require the Commandant of the Marine Corps to establish a pilot program in the Marine Corps to integrate artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML) solutions to solve supply chain and logistics challenges.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that such activities leveraging AI and ML solutions could greatly benefit the Marine Corps by potentially driving down costs and timelines associated with supply chain and logistics challenges. We are aware of numerous commercially developed solutions that could be leveraged to address Marine Corps needs. We encourage the Marine Corps to continue testing and evaluating AI/ML solutions to help address these types of problem sets.

Responsiveness testing of Defense Logistics Agency pharmaceutical contracts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 333) that would require the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) to amend DLA Instructions 5025.03 and 3110.01 to require DLA Troop Support to coordinate annually with customers in the military departments to conduct responsiveness testing of the DLA's contingency contracts for pharmaceuticals and to include the results of that testing, as reported by customers in the military departments, in the annual reports of the Warstopper Program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We encourage the DLA to require DLA Troop Support to coordinate annually with customers in the military departments to conduct responsiveness testing of the DLA's contingency contracts for pharmaceuticals and to include the results of that testing, as reported by customers in the military departments, in the annual reports of the Warstopper Program.

Investment plan for Department of Defense depots and industrial facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 334) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of each of the military departments, to submit an investment plan that includes detailed information about the minimum annual investment in Department of Defense depots and industrial facilities that is needed to prevent further infrastructure deterioration.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the minimum required annual investments across the future years defense program to arrest further facilities deterioration in government-owned, government-operated depots and industrial facilities that maintain critical equipment and weapons systems. We note the existing requirement in section 2473 of title 10, United States Code, for the secretaries of the military departments to provide annual five-year plans on improvement of depot infrastructure so as to encourage prudent and timely investment. We commend the Department of the Army for their use of this tool to successfully advocate for infrastructure improvements and encourage the other services to follow suit.

Study on firefighter rapid intervention team training and equipment at Department of Defense facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 344) that would require the Department of Defense to conduct a study on the training and equipment of firefighter Rapid Intervention Teams on military facilities to ensure that such teams have up-to-date training and equipment on different crisis scenarios, including port facility fires.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than September 30, 2025, on the training standards for firefighter rapid intervention teams and the use of equipment by such teams at military installations. The briefing shall include: (1) The extent to which, if any, such training and equipment is standard across firefighter rapid response intervention teams on military installations; (2) Whether such training and equipment is sufficient to prepare such teams for fires on ships that dock at military installations; and (3) A description of any incident, if any, that occurred in the last 10 years in which a fire-

fighter was injured or killed at a military installation and could have been prevented had the firefighters involved received different training or equipment.

Joint Safety Council review of Comptroller General report on fatigue of members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 345) that would require the Joint Safety Council to review Government Accountability Office (GAO) reports on addressing servicemember fatigue and provide a briefing on steps to address the GAO's findings.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Joint Safety Council (JSC), established under section 185 of title 10, United States Code, to review the issues identified in the report of the Comptroller General of the United States titled "Military Readiness: Comprehensive Approach Needed to Address Service Member Fatigue and Manage Related Efforts" (GAO-24-105917) and provide a briefing, not later than September 1, 2025, to congressional defense committees on steps the JSC is taking to address the findings of the Comptroller General and to reinvigorate efforts to limit the fatigue of members of the Armed Forces. The briefing shall include JSC actions taken related to:

- (1) Insufficient oversight authority at the Department of Defense level;
- (2) A lack of assigned leadership on fatigue-related matters within the Armed Forces; and
- (3) Fragmented fatigue-related research efforts across the Department.

Study on use and presence of toxic chemicals in Panama Canal Zone

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 346) that would require the Armed Forces Pest Management Board to conduct a study on the use and presence of herbicide agents and toxic chemicals by the Department in the Panama Canal Zone during the period beginning on January 1, 1958, and ending on December 31, 1999.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the use and presence of herbicide agents as a result of Department of Defense activities in the Panama Canal Zone between January 1, 1958 and December 31, 1999. The briefing shall include an assessment to determine the degree to which herbicide agents, including those known as "rainbow herbicides", were used, tested, stored, or otherwise dispensed within the Panama Canal Zone while servicemembers were stationed there, as well as any adverse impact on servicemembers by the use of such herbicide agents.

Report on wildfire fighting capabilities of the Department of Defense in Hawaii

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 347) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on wildfire fighting capabilities of the Department of Defense in Hawaii.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2025 with an assessment of the wildfire fighting capabilities of the Department of Defense in Hawaii, including any shortfalls in firefighting equipment, facilities, training, plans, or personnel. The briefing shall include a determination of the feasibility and advisability of establishing a wildfire training institute on Oahu, an identification of any additional authorities or resources required to integrate the capabilities of the Department of Defense with the capabilities of other Federal, State, and local emergency responders, and an identification of any memoranda or other agreements between the Department and State, local, Federal, or other disaster response organizations regarding wildland fire mitigation, prevention, response, and recovery.

Briefing on Army organizational clothing and equipment used in cold and extreme cold weather environments

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 348) that would require the Secretary of the Army to provide a briefing on the modernization and sustainment plans of the Army for organizational clothing and equipment used in cold and extreme cold weather environments.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Senate report accompanying S. 4638 (S. Rept. 118–188) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 already directed a briefing requirement on the modernization and sustainment plans of the Army for organizational clothing and equipment used in cold and extreme cold weather environments. We direct the Army to include the House Committee on Armed Services as a recipient of this briefing requirement.

Provision of sports foods and third-party certified dietary supplements to members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 352) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to use appropriated funds to procure sports foods and third-party certified dietary supplements and distribute such foods and supplements to members of the Armed Forces.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Funding for base support

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 353) that would increase, by \$5.0 million, the funding for base support.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Availability of operation and maintenance appropriations for software

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 354) that would amend section 2241(a) of title 10, United States Code, to add a new paragraph that would allow for operations and maintenance funds to be used for acquisition, development, modification, and sustainment of software.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Initiative to control and combat the spread of invasive species

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 312) that would require the Secretary of Defense to enhance efforts to manage, control, and interdict invasive species that exacerbate the risk of wildfire that could affect the readiness of the Armed Forces, the health and safety of servicemembers, and their families and surrounding communities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2025, on the feasibility and advisability of the Department of Defense enhancing efforts through the Integrated Natural Resource Management Plans and other relevant management and operational plans to manage, control, and interdict invasive species, including those that exacerbate the risk of wildfire, that could affect the readiness of the Armed Forces and the health and safety of servicemembers and their families. The briefing shall include: (1) the feasibility and advisability of additional resources and funding for Department of Defense activities in support of managing, controlling, and interdicting invasive species; (2) a review of current Department of Defense protocols and procedures, including gaps and differences between military installations, for biosecurity and efforts to prevent the spread of invasive species on military installations; (3) options to establish early detection and rapid response mechanisms to monitor and deploy coordinated interdiction efforts for any invasive species newly detected on military installations; and (4) a review of post-fire land rehabilitation efforts using native vegetation and other methods to preclude the reestablishment of invasive species.

Study and report on the greenhouse gas and toxic pollutant emissions of the production and utilization of non-tactical vehicles of the Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 316) that would require the Comptroller General of the United

States to conduct a study on the greenhouse gas and toxic pollutant emissions lifecycle in the production and use of electric non-tactical vehicles over the lifetime of the vehicle relative to a comparable model of non-tactical vehicles possessing an internal combustion engine and require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on the aforementioned study.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct and submit to the Armed Services Committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives a study on the greenhouse gas and toxic pollutant emissions lifecycle in the production and utilization of electric non-tactical vehicles over the lifetime of the vehicle relative to a comparable model of non-tactical vehicle possessing an internal combustion engine. Such study shall include: (1) the estimated reduction in carbon emissions associated with the adoption of electric vehicles across the non-tactical vehicle fleet; (2) a comparative analysis of non-tactical efficiency, maintenance costs, and lifecycle emissions of electric vehicles versus traditional combustion engine vehicles; and (3) a cost-benefit analysis of investing in electric vehicle infrastructure compared to the fully burdened costs, advantages, and disadvantages of internal combustion engines for non-tactical use by the Department of Defense.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than 120 days after the Comptroller General's completion of the study to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the use of non-tactical electric vehicles by the Armed Forces, which shall include: (1) an assessment of non-tactical vehicle capabilities to determine different mission profiles and scenarios supported by electric vehicles and internal combustion vehicles; (2) an estimation of the expected lifespan and durability of electric vehicles under non-tactical conditions, including an evaluation of maintenance requirements and costs associated with the lifetime of the vehicle; (3) an evaluation of the logistical implications of integrating electric vehicles into the non-tactical vehicle fleet, including infrastructure requirements for charging or refueling, compatibility with existing supply chains, and potential challenges relating to spare parts availability and maintenance support; and (4) an identification of risks and challenges associated with the procurement and deployment of electric vehicles, such as technological obsolescence, cybersecurity vulnerabilities, and geopolitical dependencies on critical components.

Interim responses to address releases or threatened releases of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 321) that would codify existing Department of Defense policy for the military services to take action to address any release or threatened release of per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Plan for secondary sources in the munitions supply chain

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 334) that would require the Secretary of the Army to develop a plan to provide options to establish secondary domestic production sources at existing arsenals, depots, and ammunition plants of the U.S. Army to address munition supply chain chokepoints.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Army to provide a plan providing options to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than June 1, 2025, to establish secondary domestic production sources at existing arsenals, depots, and ammunition plants of the U.S. Army to address munition supply chain chokepoints. The plan shall draw on existing supply chain mapping conducted by the Department of Defense and other studies conducted by the U.S. Army. The plan shall include an assessment of the feasibility and advisability of expanding the scope of activities at all existing depots, arsenals, and ammunition plants of the U.S. Army to serve as secondary sources for single points of supply chain failure and reopening of any previously closed depots, arsenals, and ammunition plants of the U.S. Army.

Extension of protection of certain facilities and assets from unmanned aircraft

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 352) that would amend section 130i of title 10, United States Code, to extend the sunset date of the authority of the Department of Defense to counter threats from unmanned aerial systems to United States military forces and facilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Coordination of planning with respect to stockpiles of basic life sustaining and personnel items and equipment

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 355) that would require the Department of Defense to assess whether stockpiles of basic life sustaining personnel items and equipment are sufficient in the event of a protracted conflict scenario.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in coordination with the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and each equivalent acquisition officer of the military departments, to conduct an assessment of: (1) Whether total force stockpiles of basic life sustaining personnel items and equipment, as listed below, are sufficient in the event of direct involvement by the United States in a protracted conflict or in more than one large-scale conflict taking place simultaneously in more than one theater; (2) The likely impact on supply chains of procurement by the Department of said items and equipment in a situation so described; and (3) Whether current operational plans of the Armed Forces can be executed in two separate theaters simultaneously

without drawing on the same stockpiles of basic life sustaining and personnel items and equipment.

The basic life sustaining personnel items and equipment included in the assessment shall include: (1) Subsistence items, including food and food-related supplies, including condiments, utensils, paper products, and bottled water; (2) Clothing, individual equipment, tentage, organizational tool kits, hand tools, and administrative and housekeeping supplies and equipment; (3) Personal demand items that are non-military sales items; and (4) Such other items as the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff may identify.

Upon completion of the assessment, we direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment in coordination with the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to jointly submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing the findings and determinations made pursuant to the required assessment. The report shall include at a minimum the availability of stockpiles of weather and terrain appropriate tires for tactical vehicles, as well as mobile extreme weather shelters for maintenance of military vehicles.

The term “protracted conflict” means any armed conflict that extends beyond anticipated timelines set forth or implied in strategic planning documents or operational plans, such that the cumulative effects of hostilities result in the military goals set forth in strategic plans no longer being sufficient to end the conflict.

TITLE IV—MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS

Subtitle A—Active Forces

Sec. 401—End strengths for active forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 401) that would authorize Active-Duty end strength as of September 30, 2025 as follows: Army, 442,300; Navy, 332,300; Marine Corps, 172,300; Air Force, 320,000; and Space Force, 9,800.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 401).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 402—Annual end-strength authorization for the Space Force

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 402) that would require Space Force end strength authorization to consist of a single number for Space Force active status members; and make corresponding technical and conforming amendments.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 403—Temporary exclusion of mental health care providers from authorized strengths of certain officers on active duty

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1831) that would amend section 523(b) of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Department of Defense to exclude certain health care providers from authorized end strengths under such section.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would make the end strength exclusion temporary; and require the Secretary of Defense to provide a legislative proposal to eliminate permanent exclusions to end strength determinations under section 523 of title 10, United States Code.

Subtitle B—Reserve Forces

Sec. 411—End strengths for Selected Reserve

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 411) that would authorize end strengths for Selected Reserve personnel, including the end strength for Reserves on Active Duty in support of the Reserves, as of September 30, 2025 as follows: Army National Guard, 325,000; Army Reserve, 175,800; Navy Reserve, 57,700; Marine Corps Reserve, 32,500; Air National Guard, 107,700; Air Force Reserve, 67,000; and Coast Guard Reserve, 7,000.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 411) that would authorize end strengths for Selected Reserve personnel, including the end strength for Reserves on Active Duty in support of the Reserves, as of September 30, 2025 as follows: Army National Guard, 325,000; Army Reserve, 175,800; Navy Reserve, 57,700; Marine Corps Reserve, 32,500; Air National Guard, 108,300; Air Force Reserve, 67,000; and Coast Guard Reserve, 7,000.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 412—End strengths for Reserves on active duty in support of the Reserves

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 412) that would authorize end strengths for Reserves on Active Duty in support of the Reserves as of September 30, 2025 as follows: Army National Guard, 30,845; Army Reserve, 16,511; Navy Reserve, 10,132; Marine Corps Reserve, 2,400; Air National Guard, 25,736; Air Force Reserve, 6,311.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 412) that would authorize full-time support end strengths as of September 30, 2025 as follows: Army National Guard, 30,845; Army Reserve, 16,511; Navy Reserve, 10,132; Marine Corps Reserve, 2,400; Air National Guard, 25,982; Air Force Reserve, 6,311.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 413—End strengths for military technicians (dual status)

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 413) that would authorize end strengths for military technicians (dual status) as of September 30, 2025 as follows: Army National Guard, 22,294; Army Reserve, 6,492; Air National Guard, 10,744; Air Force Reserve, 6,697.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 413) that would authorize end strengths for military technicians (dual status) as of September 30, 2025 as follows: Army National Guard, 22,294; Army Reserve, 6,492; Air National Guard, 10,744; Air Force Reserve, 6,697. The Senate provision would also limit the number of temporary military technicians (dual status) to 25 percent of the authorized end strength and prohibit a state from

coercing military technicians into accepting an offer of realignment or conversion to any other military status including as a member of the Active, Guard, and Reserve program of a reserve component.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 414—Maximum number of reserve personnel authorized to be on active duty for operational support

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 414) that would authorize—as required under section 115(b) of title 10, United States Code the maximum number of Reserve Component personnel who may be on Active Duty or full-time National Guard duty during fiscal year 2025 for operational support.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 414).

The agreement includes this provision.

SUBTITLE C—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 421—Military personnel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 421) that would authorize appropriations for military personnel at the levels identified in the funding table in section 4401 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 421).

The agreement includes this provision.

SUBTITLE D—REPORTS

Sec. 431—Annual defense manpower profile report: expansion of justifications for end strengths

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 431) that would amend section 115a of title 10, United States Code, to add new requirements in the annual defense manual profile report as follows: an assessment of the most important threats facing the United States and an explanation of how personnel end strength requests address such threats; the rationale for recommended changes in manpower in the Department of Defense and for each of the geographic combatant commands, respectively; the primary functions or missions of active, reserve, and civilian personnel in each geographic command; an assessment of any areas in which decreases in end strength would not result in decreases in readiness; the actual end strength number for each Armed Service for the prior fiscal year; the percentage shortfall in recruiting by each Armed Service; and the actual number of candidates for service in the Armed Services who were deemed ineligible due to current enlistment standards.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would strike new requirements related to end strength of geographic combatant commands and the actual numbers of candidates whom the Department of Defense deemed ineligible. The amendment would also require certain additional reporting require-

ments to be linked to the national defense strategy under section 113 of title 10, United States Code.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Exemption of National Guard Bilateral Affairs Officers from active-duty end strength limits and modification of annual reporting requirement regarding security cooperation activities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 415) that would amend section 115 of title 10, United States Code, to exempt members of the National Guard who serve as bilateral affairs officers as a part of the National Guard State Partnership Program from end strength requirements under such section; and amend section 386 of title 10, United States Code, to specify the congressional committees to whom the Secretary of Defense must submit an annual report under such section.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

TITLE V—MILITARY PERSONNEL POLICY

Subtitle A—Officer Policy

Sec. 501—Redistribution of general officers of the Marine Corps on active duty

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 502) that would amend section 525(a)(4) of title 10, United States Code, to increase the maximum number of general officers in the Marine Corps authorized to serve above the grade of major general from 17 to 18, and would reduce the maximum number of general officers in the Marine Corps authorized to serve in the grade of major general from 22 to 21.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

We note that this provision would not increase the overall number of general officers authorized for the Marine Corps. Furthermore, the inclusion of this provision does not signify any future interest in increasing the authorization for Marine Corps general officers.

Sec. 502—Authority to exclude additional positions from limitations on the number of general officers and flag officers on active duty

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 504) that would amend section 526 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of Defense to designate up to 45 general and flag officer positions for exclusion from the limitations on general and flag officer authorizations in section 525(a) of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would authorize the Secretary to designate up to 35 general and flag officer positions for exclusion from the limitations on general and flag officer authorizations.

Sec. 503—Eligibility for consideration for promotion: time-in-grade and other requirements

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 505) that would amend sections 577, 619, and 14301 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretaries of the military departments concerned to preclude from consideration by a promotion selection board officers and warrant officers who have an established retirement date that is within 90 days after the date the selection board is convened.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 504—Temporary authority to increase the number of nurse officers recommended for promotion

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 503) that would authorize promotion boards to recommend for promotion more than 95 percent, but less than 100 percent, of nurse officers eligible for promotion to major or lieutenant commander if the Secretary of the military department concerned determines that the greater number is necessary to maintain or improve medical readiness. This authority would expire on December 31, 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 505—Talent management and personnel retention for members of the Armed Forces

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 502) that would amend sections 619 and 14301 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretaries of the military departments to approve requests by officers to opt out of consideration for promotion, without penalty, due to long initial training pipelines.

The provision would also amend sections 631, 632, 8372, 14504, 14505, and 14506 of title 10, United States Code, to change the mandatory separation date for officers who fail for selection for promotion to the next higher grade for the second time to the first day of the seventh calendar month beginning after the month in which the Secretary concerned publicly releases the promotion board selection results.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 506—Consideration of merit by special selection review boards

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 508) that would amend sections 628a and 14502a of title 10, United States Code, to allow special selection review boards (SSRB) to sustain a promotion board's selection of an officer who is the subject of credible information of an adverse nature when such officer ranks in the top half of an order of merit development by the SSRB. The officer's qualifications would still be required to be comparable in qualification for promotion to those sample officers who were recommended for promotion by that promotion board.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 507—Effect of failure of selection for promotion: captains and majors of the Army, Air Force, Marine Corps, and Space Force and lieutenants and lieutenant commanders of the Navy

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 506) that would amend section 632(c) of title 10, United States Code, to require the retention on Active Duty of officers otherwise subject to separation for failure for selection for promotion until completion of the officer's Active-Duty service obligation. The provision would also authorize the Secretary of the military department concerned to waive this requirement if the Secretary determines that completion of the Active-Duty service obligation of that officer is not in the best interest of the service.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 508—Modification of authority to separate officers when in the best interest of the service

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 506) that would amend section 1182 of title 10, United States Code, to modify the authority under that section to separate officers under certain circumstances when such separation is in the best interests of the military service.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 509).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 509—Remote appearance before a board of inquiry

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 537) that would amend sections 1185 and 14904 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretaries of the military departments to permit, in exceptional circumstances, the appearance of an officer before a board of inquiry other than in person, such as by video teleconferencing.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 509A—Marine Corps Deputy Commandants

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 521) that would amend section 8045 of title 10, United States Code, to increase the number of authorized Marine Corps Deputy Commandants from seven to eight.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 509B—Improvements relating to Medical Officer of the Marine Corps position

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 508) that would establish a Medical Officer of the Marine Corps appointed from among flag officers of the Navy.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 509A) that would amend chapter 806 and section 525 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Navy to appoint a Navy rear

admiral as the Medical Officer of the Marine Corps and exclude this position from flag officer and active duty strength limitations.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 509C—Vice Chief of Space Operations; vacancy in position of Chief of Space Operations

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 504) that would amend chapter 908 of title 10, United States Code, to establish the position of the Vice Chief of Space Operations who will serve in the grade of general. The provision would also provide that the Vice Chief of Space Operations would perform the duties of the Chief of Space Operations during a vacancy in the position of Chief of Space Operations and during the absence of the Chief of Space Operations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 509D—Repeal of active duty service requirement for warrant officer appointments in Air Force and Space Force

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 509) that would repeal section 9160 of title 10, United States Code, which requires 1 year of Active-Duty service for original appointment as a warrant officer in the Department of the Air Force.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 501).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 509E—Removal of officers from a list of Space Force officers recommended for promotion

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 507) that would amend section 20241 of title 10, United States Code, to extend to the Space Force certain restrictions pertaining to removal of officers from a list of officers recommended for promotion.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 509F—Pilot program on peer and subordinate assessments of certain officers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 509A) that would require the Secretary concerned, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, to implement a 5-year pilot program in which certain covered officers of the Armed Forces are assessed by peers and subordinates. The provision would also require the Secretaries concerned to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report regarding such pilot program not later than 3 months after the termination of such program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would make various technical and conforming amendments to the House provision.

Subtitle B—Reserve Component Management

Sec. 511—Authority to extend military technicians until age 62

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 513) that would amend sections 10216(f) and 14702(b) of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the retention of military technicians to age 62, rather than age 60 as authorized in current law. This change aligns authority to retain military technicians with recent changes that allow drill status national guardsmen to be retained until age 62, and supports the retention of experienced military technicians.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 512—Extension of time period for transfer or discharge of certain Army and Air Force reserve component general officers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 514) that would amend section 14314 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize Army and Air Force reserve component general officers to continue serving in an active status or on active duty for up to 60 days after ceasing to occupy a general officer position.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 514).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 513—Expanded authority to continue reserve component officers in certain military specialties on the reserve active-status list

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 512) that would amend section 14701(a) of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretaries of the military departments to selectively continue on the reserve Active-Status list, for up to 40 years of commissioned service, Reserve component officers above the grade of O-2 in designated military specialties.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 512).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 514—Transfer to the Space Force of covered space functions of the Air National Guard of the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 521) that would allow the Secretary of the Air Force, during the transition period, to transfer to the Space Force the covered space functions of the Air National Guard of the United States, subject to section 104 of title 32, United States Code, and section 18238 of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 515) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to transfer such covered space functions to the Space Force without regard to section 104 of title 32, United States Code, and section 18238 of title 10, United States Code.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with technical amendments.

The April 2024 Department of the Air Force report titled “Report on the Feasibility of the Consolidation or Transfer of Space Functions of the National Guard to the Space Force” did not include the 222nd Command and Control Squadron as a “covered space function.” We direct the Secretary of the Air Force, in consultation with the Chief of Space Operations, the Director of the National Reconnaissance Organization (NRO), the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, and the Director of the Air National Guard, to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, that assesses the organizational future of the 222nd, focusing on options that ensure the unit’s continued support to the NRO while accounting for its broader integration into U.S. space missions. The report shall include an assessment of the following three potential arrangements:

- (1) Transfer to the United States Space Force;
- (2) Retention within the Air National Guard. This option should assess the feasibility of keeping the 222nd within the Air National Guard and the measures necessary to preserve and enhance its space-related mission in support of the NRO, including any necessary agreements between the 222nd, the National Guard Bureau, and the Space Force; and
- (3) Establishment of a hybrid structure involving Both Space Force and Air National Guard Personnel. This option should consider the establishment of a hybrid structure that would combine Space Force and Air National Guard personnel maintain the unique strengths of both organizations.

Sec. 515—Notice to Congress regarding reapportionment of National Guard force structure

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 516) that would authorize the Chief of the National Guard Bureau to exempt any State National Guard from the National Guard Bureau’s leveling initiative within the Air National Guard.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, in consultation with the service secretary concerned, to provide notice to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives at least 60 days in advance of a reapportionment of National Guard force structure, together with a description of the details of the proposed reapportionment.

Subtitle C—General Service Authorities, Decorations and Awards, and Military Records

Sec. 521—Technical and conforming amendments relating to members of the Space Force

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 525) that would make technical and conforming amendments related to the Space Force to various sections of titles 10 and 37, United States Code, and to footnote 2 of the table titled “ENLISTED MEMBERS” in section 601 of the John Warner National

Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a conforming amendment.

Sec. 522—Modified authority to provide protection to senior leaders of the Department of Defense and other specified persons

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 526) that would amend section 714 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the provision of protective services for former senior leaders of the Department of Defense and other specified persons outside of the United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would authorize Secretary of Defense to delegate the authority under section 714 to a level not lower than the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security, permit temporary protection under certain circumstances while a final decision is pending, and update congressional notice requirements.

Sec. 523—Improving military administrative review

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 528) that would amend section 1552 of title 10, United States Code, to require publicly available final decisions of the boards for the correction of military records to include a summary of each decision and to be indexed by subject matter.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would establish the effective date of the provision as October 1, 2026.

Sec. 524—Determination of active duty service commitment for recipients of fellowships, grants, and scholarships

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 552) that would amend section 2603(b) of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretaries of the military departments to determine the Active-Duty service obligations for certain members on Active Duty who receive fellowships, grants, and scholarships.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would establish a minimum Active-Duty service commitment for officers who are recipients of fellowships, grants, and scholarships.

Sec. 525—Authority to designate certain separated members of the Air Force as honorary separated members of the Space Force

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 522) that would amend chapter 933 of title 10, United States Code, by adding a new section that would authorize the Secretary of the Air Force to designate certain separated members of the Air Force as Legacy Guardians.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 526—Authorizations for certain awards

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 593) that would waive the time limitations specified in section 7274 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the President to award the Medal of Honor to Roderick W. Edmonds for acts of valor while serving in the Army in World War II; and to authorize the President to award the Distinguished Service Cross to William D. Owens for acts of valor while serving in the Army in World War II.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would waive the time limitations specified in section 7274 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the award of the Medal of Honor to Mr. Roddie Edmonds for his valorous actions as then-Master Sergeant Edmonds from January 27 to March 30, 1945.

Sec. 527—Posthumous advancement of General John D. Lavelle, United States Air Force, on the retired list

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 526) that would require the Secretary of Defense to issue a recommendation to the President and the Senate regarding the restoration of the retired rank of Major General John D. Lavelle based on the most recent recommendation of the Air Force Board for Correction of Military Records.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a related provision (sec. 592) that would authorize the advancement of Major General Lavelle on the retired list to the grade of lieutenant general. The Senate provision is consistent with, and implements the recommendation of, the report of the Honorable William Webster, who after an extensive review of the historical record and Major General Lavelle's service, recommended that he be advanced on the retired list to the grade of lieutenant general.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Subtitle D—Recruitment

Sec. 531—Expansion of report on future servicemember preparatory course

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 539) that would amend section 546(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) by adding additional reporting requirements from the Secretary concerned about the efficacy of the future servicemember preparatory course implemented under such section and any proposed improvements to such preparatory course.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 551) that would amend section 546(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) to modify the graduation requirements for a future servicemember preparatory course established under such section.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would fully incorporate the requirements of the Senate provision.

Sec. 532—Promoting military, national, and public service

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 599A) that would amend section 15 of the Military Selective Service Act (50 USC 3813) to update the types of information that the Department of Defense may obtain from the Selective Service System.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 533—Military recruiter physical access to campuses

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 537) that would amend subpart 2 of Part F of title VIII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7901 et seq.) by inserting a new section to require local educational agencies to provide military recruiters the same access to the campus of each secondary school that is provided to any prospective employer, institution of higher education, or other recruiter.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 595).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would substitute the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives for the Secretary of Education as the designated recipient of annual reporting requirements related to compliance with the provision.

Sec. 534—Military Entrance Processing Command: acceleration of review of medical records

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 597) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness to develop a 2-year pilot program for joint reserve component support to the United States Military Entrance Processing Command (MEPS) to accelerate the review of recruit medical records.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to implement a program to use health care providers from any component of the Armed Forces to support MEPS by reviewing prospective recruit medical records and to issue a briefing and a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives regarding such program.

Sec. 535—Medical Accession Records Pilot program: notice of termination

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 597A) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a review of military accession standards, and any ongoing plans to modify them, to the congressional defense committees not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to notify the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives at least 1 year prior to terminating the Medical Accessions Records Pilot program.

Sec. 536—Provision of information regarding Federal service to certain persons ineligible to enlist in certain Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 592) that would require the Secretary of Defense to issue regulations within 180 days of the enactment of this Act directing the service secretaries to provide to individuals unqualified to enlist in the Armed Forces information concerning other Federal service for which they may be qualified.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 599B) that would require Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, by not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, to develop and begin offering a course on service opportunities within the defense industrial base and as a Federal civilian employee, to individuals who volunteer to serve in the Armed Forces, but who do not meet accession standards.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 537—Reimbursement of applicants to certain Armed Forces for certain medical costs incurred during military entrance processing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 533) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to reimburse an individual who applies to join a covered Armed Force for costs incurred by such individual for a medical appointment required for military entrance processing.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would sunset this provision 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act and add a recurring briefing requirement on the scope, costs, and efficacy of this program.

Sec. 538—Authority to modernize recruitment for the Army

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 534) that would require the Secretary of the Army, not later than September 30, 2025, to modernize recruitment for the Army in order to attract and retain fit and ready individuals to serve as members of the Army.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would make this authority permissive and would make other technical and conforming amendments.

We note that the Secretary of the Army has already implemented a recruiting modernization initiative that would substantially comply with the requirements of this provision.

Sec. 539—Program of military recruitment and education at the National September 11 Memorial and Museum

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 536) that would require the Secretary of Defense to seek to enter into an agreement with an entity that operates the National September 11 Memorial and Museum under which such Secretary and such entity carry out a program at the museum to promote military recruitment and education.

A proposed amendment (Senate Amendment 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 5591). The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 539A—Maritime workforce promotion and recruitment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3536) that would enact the Maritime Workforce and Recruitment Act to strengthen the maritime workforce of the United States Coast Guard and United States Navy.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of the Navy, in consultation with appropriate Federal agencies, to establish a targeted campaign to educate and recruit potential workers in the maritime sector.

Subtitle E—Training

Sec. 541—Improvements to financial literacy training

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 561) that would amend section 992 of title 10, United States Code, to make several updates to the existing requirement for the Secretary of the military department concerned to provide comprehensive financial literacy training.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would strike the reporting requirements and simplify the requirement to provide information related to retirement to military personnel attending financial literacy training.

Sec. 542—Extension of JROTC programs to the Job Corps

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 585) that would amend section 2031 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps programs to be established at Job Corps centers.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 543—Minimum number of participating students required to establish or maintain a unit of JROTC

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 543) that amend section 2031(b)(1)(A) of title 10, United States Code, to reduce the minimum number of students required to establish a unit of the Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps to 50 students.

The Senate-committee reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 581).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 544—JROTC waiting list

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 583) that would amend section 2031(c) of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of a military department to maintain a prioritized waiting list of secondary educational institutions that have requested to host a unit of the Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps and have not yet been approved.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 545—Number of Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps units

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 584) that would amend section 2031 of title 10, United States Code, to increase the minimum and maximum number of required units of the Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps to 3,500 and 4,100, respectively. The requirements of this provision would not take effect until October 1, 2026.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 546—Required constitutional law training

The House bill contained a (provision (sec. 549C) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that all commissioned officers of the Armed Forces receive training on the Constitution of the United States prior to commissioning.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 559).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 547—Prohibition on Federal funds for the Department of Defense Countering Extremism Work Group

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1761) that would prohibit the use of Federal funds for the continued operation of the Countering Extremism Working Group, or to implement any of its recommendations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would prohibit the use of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act to fund the Department of Defense Countering Extremism Working Group established by Secretary of Defense memorandum on April 9, 2021.

Subtitle F—Member Education

Sec. 551—Expansion of international engagement authorities for Service Academies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 542) that would amend section 347 of title 10, United States Code, subsection (a)(1)(B), by striking “60” and inserting “80.”

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 552—Modification of authority to engage in funded and unfunded law education programs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549L) that would amend section 2004 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize unfunded legal education programs in the military services. Such provision would also amend section 403 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize basic allowance for housing for military members attending a schooling program under section 2004 of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 554) that would amend section 2004 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize unfunded legal education programs in the military services that would not count against the funded legal education programs authorized elsewhere in such section.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would temporarily expand the eligibility for funded educational expenses under section 2004 of title 10, United States Code, to a maximum of 35 members per year for a period of 3 years. The agreement also contains a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 553—Additional admissions authority for the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 544) that would amend section 2114(f)(2) of title 10, United States Code, to increase the number of foreign students participating in military medical exchange programs at the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS) from 40 to 50 persons at any one time.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would add a new section to chapter 104 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of Defense to enroll up to 10 foreign medical students and up to 40 foreign students in all other postdoctoral, postgraduate, and certificate programs of USUHS, subject to certain specified constraints.

Sec. 554—Professional military education: technical correction to definitions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 545) that would amend section 2151(b) of title 10, United States Code, by striking National Defense Intelligence College and replacing it with National Intelligence University.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 555—Distance education option for professional military education

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 555) that would amend section 2154 of title 10, United States Code,

to require distance education programs used to satisfy Phase I or Phase II Joint Professional Military Education requirements to include pathways for students to complete these programs in a fully remote status and without requiring any in-person attendance.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would limit the applicability of this provision to members of the reserve component.

Sec. 556—Authority to accept gifts of services for professional military education institutions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 546) that would authorize professional military education institutions to accept gifts of services.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 557—Alternative service obligation for a cadet or midshipman who becomes a professional athlete

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 548) that would authorize service academy graduates to play professional sports and fulfill their service obligation through reserve duty in a recruiting position.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that authorizes a separate alternative service obligation for service academy graduates to play professional sports and limits the number of transfers the Service Secretary could approve each year under such alternative service obligation.

Sec. 558—Service Academies: Boards of Visitors

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549) that would reform the service academies' boards of visitors.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would limit reforms to an updated process for appointment of congressional members of the board of visitors of military service academies.

Sec. 559—Modernizing Marine Corps Platoon Leaders Class college tuition assistance program to account for inflation

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 553) that would amend section 16401 of title 10, United States Code, by increasing the financial assistance available to participants in the Marine Corps Platoon Leaders Class College Tuition Assistance Program from \$5,200 to \$13,800 for any academic year and by reducing the number of eligible participants from 1,200 to 450.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 559A—Information on nominations and applications for military service academies

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 560) that would amend section 575 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) to modify the date for the Department of Defense to establish a uniform online portal for military service academy nominations to December 31, 2026.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 559B—Ensuring access to certain higher education benefits

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549D) that would require the Secretary of Defense and Secretary of Education to jointly complete a data matching process to identify certain covered employees of the Department of Defense who made student loan payments eligible for public service loan forgiveness under section 455(m) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1087e(m)), and to certify the employment of such individuals and their qualifying payments.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 559C—Service Academies: referral of applicants to the senior military colleges and units of the Senior Reserve Officer Training Corps

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549E) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a system where an individual may elect to have the Secretary share information regarding the individual with a senior military college.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 559D—Pilot program to provide graduate education opportunities for enlisted members of the Army and Navy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549F) that would require the Secretaries of the Navy and Army to conduct a pilot program for enlisted personnel to enroll in a master's degree program at the Naval Postgraduate School.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would authorize the Secretaries of the Navy and Army to jointly conduct a 6-year pilot program under which certain enlisted personnel of the covered Armed Forces may enroll in a master's degree program at the Naval Postgraduate School. The amendment would also require the Secretary of Defense, prior to the expiration of the 6-year pilot period, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report that provides an assessment of the success of the pilot, along with any recommendations regarding the continuation of the pilot.

Sec. 559E—Prohibition on use of Federal funds to endorse critical race theory

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1049A) that would prohibit a Department of Defense employee from promoting, endorsing, or advocating certain race-based theories.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would prohibit the use of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act to be used to promote critical race theory at Department of Defense educational institutions, in military training, or in professional military education.

Subtitle G—Military Justice and Other Legal Matters

Sec. 561—Clarifying amendment to Article 2 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5531) that would amend article 2 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (10 U.S.C. 802) to clarify that retired members of the Space Force who voluntarily retired for length of service are subject to the Uniform Code of Military Justice.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 562—Authority of special trial counsel with respect to certain offenses occurring before effective date of military justice reforms

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 551) that would amend article 24a of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) (10 U.S.C. 824a) to expand the authority of special trial counsel to exercise jurisdiction over offenses occurring prior to December 28, 2023, as enacted in section 531 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31). This would include the three covered offenses added by sections 541(a) and 541(b) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 542).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 563—Detailing of appellate defense counsel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 552) that would amend article 65 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) (10 U.S.C. 865) to require the assignment of appellate defense counsel to review a record of conviction subject to automatic appeal and to be available to represent an accused before the Court of Criminal Appeals if the accused desires such representation. The provision would also require assignment of appellate defense counsel upon the written request of the accused for representation for convictions that do not qualify for automatic review. The provision would also require a complete review of a record of conviction by appellate de-

fense counsel only in those cases where the accused has not affirmatively waived the right to appeal.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 535).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 564—Modification to offense of aiding the enemy under the Uniform Code of Military Justice

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 553) that would amend article 103b of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ) (10 U.S.C. 903b) to include providing military education, military training, or giving tactical advice to the enemy as prohibited acts under the UCMJ.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 533).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 565—Removal of marriage as a defense to article 120b offenses

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 540) that would amend article 120b of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (10 U.S.C. 920b) to remove marriage as a defense to the offense of rape and sexual assault of a child.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 566—Consolidation of military justice reporting requirements for the military departments

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 531) that would amend section 946a of title 10, United States Code, to consolidate duplicative military justice reporting requirements.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

The provision does not change the essence of the reporting requirements, it merely consolidates duplicative reports.

Sec. 567—Term of office for judges of the Court of Military Commission Review

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 532) that would amend section 950f of title 10, United States Code, to establish a 10-year term for civilian appellate judges of the Court of Military Commission Review.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 568—Continuity of coverage under certain provisions of title 18, United States Code

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 524) that would make technical and conforming amendments to sections 202 and 209 of title 18, United States Code, by extending the definition of special government employee to officers of the Space Force.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 569—Correction of certain citations in title 18, United States Code, relating to sexual offenses

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 559) that would amend part I of title 18, United States Code, to correct certain citations contained in that part relating to certain federal sexual abuse offenses.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 569A—Modification of timeline for potential implementation of study on unanimous court-martial verdicts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 554) that would amend section 536 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) to require the Secretary of Defense to provide a description of any milestones or other requirements that would need to be met to enact legislation in calendar year 2025 instead of calendar year 2027 to require unanimous court-martial verdicts.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary's submission to enable enactment by calendar year 2026.

Sec. 569B—Removal of personally identifying and other information of certain persons from the Department of Defense Central Index of Investigations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 557) that would amend chapter 79 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of Defense to develop and implement uniform guidance for the modification of titling and indexing systems to ensure that a record identifying a member or former member of the Armed Forces as the subject of a criminal investigation is removed from such system if that member or former member is cleared of wrongdoing as described.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 541) that would amend section 545 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) to require the Secretary of Defense, not later than October 1, 2025, to establish a process by which a person may request that the person's name, personally identifying information, and other information pertaining to the person be corrected in, or expunged or otherwise removed from, an index item or entry in the Department of Defense Central Index of Investigations.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 569C—Expanded command notifications to victims of domestic violence

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 555) that would amend section 549 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92) to require commanders to ensure

that a domestic violence victim, or their Special Victims' Counsel or other legal representative, is notified of a disciplinary action taken in a domestic violence case not referred to court-martial.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 536).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 569D—Extension of Defense Advisory Committee on Investigation, Prosecution, and Defense of Sexual Assault in the Armed Forces

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 538) that would amend section 546(f)(1) of the Carl Levin and Howard P. “Buck” McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291) to extend the Defense Advisory Committee on Investigation, Prosecution, and Defense of Sexual Assault in the Armed Forces for an additional 5 years.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 569E—Analysis on the advisability of revising Military Rule of Evidence 513

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 558) that would require the Joint Service Committee on Military Justice to develop recommendations for modifying rule 513 of the Military Rules of Evidence (as set forth in part III of the Manual for Courts-Martial) to include diagnoses of a patient and treatments prescribed to a patient as confidential communications subject to the psychotherapist-patient privilege.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 544).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to analyze the advisability of modifying rule 513 to include diagnoses of a patient and treatments prescribed to a patient as confidential communications subject to the psychotherapist-patient privilege. The amendment would also require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the results of this analysis. We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit this report by not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Sec. 569F—Analysis of prohibition on broadcast and distribution of digitally manipulated intimate images under the Uniform Code of Military Justice

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 556) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop recommendations for modifying the offense of indecent viewing, visual recording, or broadcasting under section 920c of title 10, United States Code (article 120c of the Uniform Code of Military Justice) to clarify its applicability to the broadcasting and distribution of digitally manipulated intimate images.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to analyze the feasibility and advisability of, and potential approaches to, modifying the offense of indecent viewing, visual recording, or broadcasting under section 920c of title 10, United States Code (article 120c of the Uniform Code of Military Justice) to clarify its applicability to the broadcasting and distribution of digitally manipulated intimate images, and to provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the results of this analysis.

Subtitle H—Career Transition

Sec. 571—Pathway for individualized counseling for members of the reserve components under TAP

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 565) that would amend section 1142 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary concerned to provide a counseling pathway for members of the reserve component under the Transition Assistance Program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 572—Extension of Troops-to-Teachers Program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 556) that would amend section 1154 of title 10, United States Code, to reduce the total number of stipends authorized to be paid under the troops-to-teachers program to 3,000; and that would extend the mandate for the Secretary of Defense to maintain the troops-to-teachers program until 2029.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would strike the portion of the Senate provision related to limiting Office of the Secretary of Defense travel spending.

Sec. 573—Extension and expansion of report on the Transition Assistance Program of the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 597) that would direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness to conduct a comprehensive study on military grace period reforms, specifically focusing on the impact of unit tasking during the Transition Assistance Program (TAP) on the ability of servicemembers to transition to civilian life.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would modify the reporting requirements in section 552(b) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232) in lieu of adding a new reporting requirement under the House provision. Under the amendment, Section 552(b) of such Act would be amended to extend an annual reporting requirement by 3 years and require such annual report to include information about attendance, exemptions, and implementation challenges related to TAP.

Sec. 574—Military training and competency records

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549H) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a centralized database, to be known as the “Military Training and Competency Database,” to record and maintain information relating to training performed by members of the Armed Forces.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 529A) that would require the Secretaries of the military departments to provide, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, a training and competency record for members of the Armed Forces. The Senate provision would also require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, on the implementation and usefulness of the records.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Subtitle I—Family Programs and Child Care

Sec. 581—Interstate compacts for portability of occupational licenses of military spouses: permanent authority

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1841) that would amend section 1784(h) of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of Defense to enter into a cooperative agreement with the Council of State Governments for the purpose of developing interstate licensure compacts for military spouses.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 582—Military Spouse Career Accelerator program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1842) that would amend section 1784 of title 10, United States Code, to permanently authorize the Military Spouse Career Accelerator program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would terminate this authorization on January 1, 2031.

Sec. 583—Competitive pay for Department of Defense child care personnel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1811) that would amend section 1792 of title 10, United States Code, to require that employees directly involved in military installation child development programs are paid at rates of pay competitive with market rates for childcare workers within the correlating metropolitan or non-metropolitan statistical area, but not below the Department of Defense minimum compensation rates per pay band to acquire a stable and qualified civilian childcare workforce.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would postpone the effective date of the provision to April 1, 2025.

Sec. 584—Posting of national child abuse hotline at military child development centers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1813) that would amend section 1794 of title 10, United States Code, to revise regulations and processes addressing child abuse and harm to children while attending a military child development center.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would strike the portions of the House provision related to parental notification and remedies.

Sec. 585—Additional information in outreach campaign relating to waiting lists for military child development centers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1814) that would expand the communication campaign established in section 585(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for the Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) to include additional information regarding fee assistance for providers who are not nationally accredited but are otherwise eligible under section 1798 of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 586—Expansion of annual briefing regarding waiting lists for military child development centers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1817) that would direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, to provide briefings to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives regarding childcare services at military child development centers.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would add the additional reporting requirement to section 585 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31), and limit the additional reporting requirement to the 20 military installations with the longest waiting lists for childcare.

Sec. 587—Improvements relating to portability of professional licenses of servicemembers and their spouses

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1091) that would amend section 705A of the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act (Public Law 108–189) to establish policies and processes for interstate reciprocity of professional licenses of servicemembers and their spouses.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would authorize background checks for covered individuals, define “military orders” under this provision, and modify the definition of a “covered license” under this provision.

Sec. 588—Child care services and youth program services for dependents

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1816) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the military departments, to fully fund child care fee assistance programs.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 589—Child care services and youth program services for dependents: period of services for a member with a spouse seeking employment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1843) that would expand eligibility for unemployed military spouses seeking employment to receive childcare in Department of Defense Child Development Programs, both on and off installation, to 180 days.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 589A—Child development program staffing and compensation model

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1107) that would require the Secretary of Defense to redesign the Department of Defense child development program compensation model and modernize the child development program staffing model.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 578).

The agreement includes the House provision with technical and conforming amendments and an amendment that would require an initial baseline briefing and subsequent annual briefings to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives regarding the planning for and implementation of the modernized staffing model.

Sec. 589B—Inclusive Playground Pilot Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 577) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness to establish a pilot program for the design, development, and construction of playgrounds that support families in the Exceptional Family Member Program. Not later than March 28, 2025, the Under Secretary would be required to submit a strategy for the implementation of the program that would detail governance structure, selection of military installations for the program, and objectives.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 579A) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than March 28, 2025, to submit a strategy on developing an inclusive

playground pilot program to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives. The provision would further direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness to establish an inclusive playground as described in the strategy.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than March 1, 2026, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a plan for the implementation of a military families inclusive playground pilot program. The amendment would also prohibit the implementation of the inclusive playground pilot program until 180 days after the Secretary submits the implementation plan and until such time that funds are obligated for the design, development, and construction of inclusive playgrounds as a minor military construction project.

Subtitle J—Dependent Education

Sec. 591—Advisory committees for Department of Defense domestic dependents schools

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 571) that would amend section 2164 of title 10, United States Code, to establish school advisory committees at domestic schools operated by the Department of Defense Education Activity.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 592—Eligibility of dependents of certain deceased members of the Armed Forces for enrollment in Department of Defense domestic dependent elementary and secondary schools

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5571) that would amend section 2164(j) of title 10, United States Code, to allow the Secretary of Defense to authorize the enrollment of certain dependents in a Department of Defense Education Activity Education program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 593—Expansion of eligibility for virtual programs operated by Department of Defense Education Activity

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 572) that would amend section 2164(l) of title 10, United States Code, to expand the eligibility for enrollment in virtual education programs offered by the Department of Defense Education Activity.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 594—Authorization for school meal programs at Department of Defense dependent schools

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 573) that would amend section 2164 of title 10, United States Code, and section 1402 of the Defense Dependents' Education Act of 1978 (Public Law 95-561) to authorize the Secretary of Defense to ad-

minister a meal program, consistent with Federal law and standards prescribed by the Secretary of Agriculture, for students enrolled in Department of Defense domestic dependent schools.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 595—Eligibility of certain dependents for enrollment in domestic dependent elementary and secondary schools

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 577) that would add a new section to chapter 208 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of Defense to carry out a program under which dependents of a full-time, Active Duty member may enroll in covered Department of Defense Education Activity schools on a space-available basis, without regard to whether the member resides on the installation.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 596—Staffing of Department of Defense Education Activity schools to maintain maximum student-to-teacher ratios

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 571) that would amend section 589B(c) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) by striking “2023–2024 academic year” and inserting “2029–2030 academic year.”

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 574).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 597—Enrollment in defense dependents’ education system of children of foreign military members assigned to United Nations Command

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 575) that would amend section 1404A of the Defense Dependents’ Education Act of 1978 (Public Law 95–561) to authorize the enrollment of children of foreign military members assigned to United Nations Command to Department of Defense Education Activity schools.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 598—Certain assistance to local educational agencies that benefit dependents of military and civilian personnel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 575) that would authorize \$50.0 million for the purpose of providing assistance to local educational agencies with military dependent students and \$20.0 million for local educational agencies eligible to receive a payment for children with severe disabilities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 576) that would authorize \$50.0 million for continuation of the Department of Defense (DOD) assistance program to local educational agencies impacted by enrollment of dependent children of military members and DOD civilian employees. The provision

would also authorize \$10.0 million for impact aid payments for children with severe disabilities, using the formula set forth in section 363 of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (Public Law 106–398). Furthermore, the provision would authorize the Secretary of Defense to use an additional \$20.0 million for payments to local educational agencies determined by the Secretary to have higher concentrations of military children with severe disabilities.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would reduce the additional payments to local educational agencies at the determination of the Secretary concerned to \$10.0 million.

Sec. 599—Training requirements teachers in 21st century schools of the Department of Defense Education Activity

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 572) that would provide teacher bonuses for difficult to fill overseas locations, ensure adequate teacher training for 21st century classrooms, and establish a pilot program authorizing a select number of students in Bahrain to attend a local international school through the Department of State regulations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would strike the authorizations for teacher bonuses at high-needs schools and the Bahrain school pilot program.

We note that military dependents who reside overseas must attend a Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA) school if available. We have heard complaints that the DODEA schools in Bahrain have had several reported problems with parent-teacher communication, long-term substitute teachers, and dwindling academic offerings. As such, we direct the Comptroller General of the United States to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than December 31, 2025, on the administration of DODEA schools in Bahrain. Such report shall include:

(1) The number of classes in Bahrain DODEA schools that had long-term substitute teachers in the last 3 school years, by grade and subject-matter;

(2) The number of Advanced Placement (AP) courses offered in-person in Bahrain DODEA schools over the last 3 school years, by year offered;

(3) An assessment of how AP course offerings in Bahrain DODEA schools compare to other overseas DODEA schools;

(4) An assessment of issues related to communication between the DODEA Bahrain school administrations and parents; and

(5) An assessment of special education capabilities and requirements in the Bahrain DODEA schools.

Sec. 599A—Overseas transfer program for educators in schools operated by the Department of Defense Education Activity

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 574) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA), to develop

and implement a program whereby teachers at DODEA schools may transfer to overseas locations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary to develop and implement a policy allowing for teachers at overseas DODEA schools to transfer to other overseas DODEA schools. We expect that such policy will adhere to existing law, including being subject to collective bargaining agreements between DODEA and their employees.

Sec. 599B—Parental right to notice of student nonproficiency in reading or language arts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 578) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that each elementary school operated by the Department of Defense Education Activity notifies the parents of any student enrolled in such school when the student does not score as grade-level proficient in reading or language arts at the end of the third grade based on certain reading and language arts assessments administered by such school.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Grade of Surgeon General of the Navy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 501) that would amend sections 525 and 8077 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Surgeon General of the Navy to serve in the grade of O–9.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Removal of exemption relating to Attending Physician to the Congress for certain distribution and grade limitations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 503) that would amend section 525 of title 10, United States Code, to remove the exemption for the Attending Physician to the Congress from the limitation on that officer's Armed Force for officers serving on Active Duty in grades above brigadier general or rear admiral (lower half).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Modification to grade of Attending Physician to the Congress

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 505) that would amend section 715 of title 10, United States Code, to require that an officer serving as the Attending Physician to the Congress hold the grade of O–6 while so serving.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Inclusion of service in SROTC in the computation of length of service of an officer appointed for completing SROTC

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 507) that would amend section 2106 of title 10, United States Code, to require inclusion of time served in any component of the Armed Forces while attending advanced training under section 2104 of title 10, United States Code, in the computation of length of service of a servicemember.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the House provision would have created a disparity in the treatment of Active-Duty service in length of service calculations between those officers that attended advanced training under section 2104 of title 10, United States Code, while concurrently serving as Active-Duty enlisted members of the Armed Forces; and those officers that were enrolled at designated service schools while concurrently serving as Active-Duty cadets or midshipmen under section 101(d) of title 10, United States Code.

Grades of certain chiefs of reserve components

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 511) that would amend sections 7038, 8083, 8084, and 9038 of title 10, United States Code, to require the chief of each military service reserve component to serve in the grade of lieutenant general or vice admiral.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the chiefs of these reserve components already serve in the grade of lieutenant general or vice admiral.

Feasibility of establishing a unit of the National Guard in American Samoa and in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 513) that would require the Secretary of Defense to determine the feasibility of establishing: (1) A unit of the National Guard in American Samoa; and (2) A unit of the National Guard in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and to report to Congress within 180 days of the enactment of this Act on the results of this determination.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to assess the feasibility and advisability of establishing units of the National Guard in American Samoa and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and to submit a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, by not later than April 1, 2025, on the results of this assessment.

Merit-based principles for military personnel decisions in the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 523) that would require all personnel actions within the Department of Defense to be based on individual merit and demonstrated performance.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that section 529C of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) requires that military accessions and promotions be based on individual merit and demonstrated performance.

Next of kin of deceased members of certain armed forces: database; privacy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 524) that would require the Secretary of Defense to issue guidance to establish and maintain a database containing up-to-date contact information for next of kin of deceased servicemembers.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Marine Corps permeability pilot program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 525) that would authorize the Commandant of the Marine Corps to carry out a pilot program under which a member may move between the active reserve components of the Marine Corps more easily.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Space Force Personnel System under chapter 2001 of title 10, United States Code, provides a model for increased permeability of officers between the active and reserve components of the Armed Forces.

Prohibition of requirement in the Department of Defense to wear a mask to stop the spread of COVID–19

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 527) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from requiring an individual to wear a mask on a military installation in the United States to prevent the spread of COVID–19.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Elimination of offices of diversity, equity, and inclusion and personnel of such offices

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 528) that would eliminate offices of the Armed Forces and of the Department of Defense established to promote diversity, equity, and inclusion.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Posthumous commission as captain in the regular Army for Milton Holland

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 529) that would posthumously commission Milton Holland, who, while sergeant major of the 5th Regiment, United States Colored Infantry, was awarded the Medal of Honor in recognition of his actions on September 29, 1864, during the Battle of Chaffin's Farm, Virginia.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize and honor Milton Holland for his incredible bravery and valor while serving in the Civil War, for which he was awarded the Medal of Honor. We note that the President currently has the authority to posthumously commission Milton Holland and that the Army is in the process of reviewing this matter.

Authorization of members awarded certain decorations to wear the uniform when not on active duty

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 529A) that would amend section 772 of title 10, United States Code, by adding a new subsection to authorize members awarded certain decorations to wear the uniform when not on Active Duty.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that under section 772 of title 10, United States Code, retired members of the Armed Forces are authorized to wear their uniforms without any restrictions based upon the awards or decorations they received, as are former members of the Armed Services who served honorably in a time of war.

Review of adverse action against a chaplain who requested exemption from the COVID-19 vaccination mandate

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 529B) that would require, not later than 6 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the establishment of boards under section 1552 or 1553 of title 10, United States Code, as applicable, to review the military personnel record, or the characterization of a discharge or dismissal, of a current or former chaplain in an Armed Force who suffered an adverse personnel action as a result of, arising from, or in conjunction with, requesting a religious exemption from the COVID-19 vaccination mandate.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that sections 526 and 527 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) required the establishment of processes to consider reinstatement, and to review the characterization of discharge, of servicemembers separated solely on the basis of their failure to receive the COVID-19 vaccine.

Selective Service System: automatic registration

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 531) that would provide for automatic registration of male citizens and males residing in the United States between the ages of 18 and 26 in the Selective Service System.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained similar provisions (sec. 598, sec. 598A, sec. 598B, sec. 598C and sec. 598D) that would authorize automatic registration for all citizens and persons residing in the United States, as well as make other reforms and technical modifications to the Military Selective Service Act and related statutes.

The agreement does not include either provision.

Prohibition on cannabis testing for enlistment or commission in certain Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 532) that would prohibit cannabis testing as a condition of enlistment or commission in the Armed Forces.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 599) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that all prospective recruits and officer candidates undergo testing for controlled substances prior to enlistment or appointment as an officer in the Armed Forces.

The agreement does not include either provision.

Recruitment strategy for members of the Armed Forces who were discharged or dismissed on the sole basis of failure to obey a lawful order to receive a vaccine for COVID-19

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 535) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop and implement a strategy to specifically recruit individuals discharged or dismissed from an Armed Force on the sole basis of failure to obey a lawful order to receive a vaccine for COVID-19 to be reinstated in the Armed Force concerned.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Section 528 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) required the Secretary of Defense to communicate to individuals discharged or dismissed from an Armed Force on the sole basis of failure to obey a lawful order to receive a vaccine for COVID-19 the process by which the individual could be reinstated in the Armed Forces. All military departments have communicated the options for reinstatement to the separated individuals.

Improving oversight of military recruitment practices in public secondary schools

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 538) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees an annual report on military recruitment practices in public secondary schools during calendar year 2024 and each subsequent calendar year.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the data that would be reported under this provision is already collected and available for review by the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives at any time.

Increase to maximum funding for the Regional Defense Fellowship Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 541) that would amend section 345 of title 10, United States Code, to adjust the maximum funding amount for the Regional Defense Fellowship Program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Service Academies: appointments and additional appointees

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 547) that would require that the admissions processes for the military service academies are based on a whole candidate score regardless of race or ethnicity.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Inclusion of certain information in annual military service academy reports

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549A) that would include in annual military service academy reports the number of substantiated cases of sexual misconduct for which there is reason to believe that a victim was targeted, or discriminated against, or both, for their status in a protected group.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that this data is collected as part of the Armed Forces Workplace and Gender Relations Survey, pursuant to section 481 of title 10, United States Code, as amended by section 591 of the National Defense Authorization Act of Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

Naval Postgraduate School: function

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549B) that would expand the Naval Postgraduate School's (NPS) mission.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the importance of the Naval Postgraduate School in providing defense-focused graduate education to advance the operational effectiveness, technological leadership, and warfighting advantage of the naval service. We acknowledge that NPS's curriculum and research must continue to adapt to prepare defense leaders with the intellectual capabilities to meet operational and

strategic challenges in an increasingly dynamic and complex security environment. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of the Navy to provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than December 1, 2025, on the mission of NPS in section 8541 of title 10, United States Code, including:

- (1) An assessment of whether the NPS function is sufficient to allow for reform and modernization of NPS curricula and research in response to new strategic environments and emerging technologies;
- (2) The feasibility and advisability of expanding the NPS function; and
- (3) Any recommendations for changes to the NPS function.

Air Force rapid response language pilot program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549G) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to establish a rapid response language pilot program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize that foreign language skills are a critical mission enabler for signals intelligence and other military activities. We acknowledge the need for the Air Force to provide dynamic language capabilities to respond to unforeseen requirements, conflict surges, humanitarian disasters, or other military needs. This need is underscored by the evolving global security landscape, which necessitates agility in language proficiency across a spectrum of languages, some of which may currently have limited to no capability within the Department of Defense. We note the Air Force's Language Enabled Airman Program (LEAP) currently develops working-level foreign language proficiency for airmen.

Therefore, we direct the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than April 1, 2025, on critical language proficiency in the Air Force. The briefing should include information on the current status of LEAP, other foreign language programs offered to airmen, challenges to increasing language readiness in response to current and emergent needs, a description of the process for coordinating with the Army as the executive agent for contract linguist support, any plans to expand the reach of LEAP or other foreign language programs in the future, and any additional resources needed to support linguist requirements.

Military vehicle operator training program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549I) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a standardized training curriculum for military vehicle operations, encompassing both classroom and practical training components.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize that rollover incidents continue to be an ongoing safety issue for the Army and the Marine Corps. We also note the Marine Corps has instituted multiple lines of effort to address safety mishaps and are interested in hearing about how these efforts have led to changes in training and protocol. Therefore, we direct the Commandant of the Marine Corps and the Chief of Staff of the Army, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on efforts to mitigate vehicle mishaps.

Speech disorders of cadets and midshipmen

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549J) that would require the Superintendents of the military service academies to provide testing for speech disorders to incoming cadets and midshipmen.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense provided a directed briefing on this issue in May 2022, detailing the necessity for officers to speak clearly and effectively while leading troops; noting the availability of medical waivers in certain circumstances for physical or medical standards; providing the Reading Aloud Test administered to applicants; highlighting that, on average, only one prospective student per year is denied admission for a speech disorder; and describing the availability of speech therapy.

Annual training on the prevention of sexual abuse for students in the Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549K) that would require annual training for Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps participants on prevention of sexual abuse.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the training that would be required under the House provision is already required by section 2031 of title 10, United States Code, as amended by section 552 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31).

Dive school required element of qualification as a combat controller of the Air Force

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 549M) that would direct the Secretary of the Air Force to require that training to qualify as a combat controller of the Air Force includes dive school.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Air Force changed the requirement for combat controllers to be combat dive qualified from an initial skill to an advanced skill in 2023. We direct the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than June 1, 2025,

on the advisability of restoring dive school qualification as a required element of initial training for combat controllers. The briefing should include information on the justification for changing it to an advanced skill, which, if any, special tactics operators require advanced dive school training, the benefits of dive school training in executing special tactics missions, and any other information the Secretary deems relevant.

Modifications to Transition Assistance Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 561) that would amend section 1142 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary concerned to waive the requirement of pre-separation counseling for servicemembers. Additionally, this section would permit servicemembers who reenlist to receive pre-separation counseling on a space available basis.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Minimum duration of preseparation counseling regarding financial planning

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 562) that would amend section 1142 of title 10, United States Code, to add counseling to the financial planning section of the Transition Assistance Program, and to require the financial planning assistance and counseling section to last at least 1 hour.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that servicemembers currently receive financial counseling and training, both during the Transition Assistance Program and throughout their time in service.

Transition Assistance Program: presentation in preseparation counseling to promote benefits available to veterans

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 563) that would amend section 1142(b) of title 10, United States Code, to require veterans service organizations (VSOs) to provide information to servicemembers participating in pre-separation counseling under the Transition Assistance Program (TAP).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the critical role that VSOs play in the transition of servicemembers to civilian life and veteran status, particularly in the preparation, presentation, and adjudication of Veterans Affairs (VA) claims. We note that the TAP VA benefits and services course of instruction includes a VA and VSO joint presentation to separating servicemembers on how VSOs can help them navigate VA and state benefit programs, including filing for disability, home loans, and healthcare. The presentation also incorporates a practical exercise to ensure servicemembers can find their local VSO representative. We encourage the Department of Defense to con-

tinue to maintain strong and positive relationships with VSOs to facilitate their delivery of services to separating servicemembers.

Establishment of counseling pathway in the Transition Assistance Program for members of certain reserve components of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 564) that would amend section 1142 of title 10, United States Code, to establish a minimum of one counseling pathway in the Transition Assistance Program (TAP) for members of the Reserve Components of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, or Space Force.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that TAP counseling pathways for members of the Reserve Component are addressed in a provision located elsewhere in this Act.

Transition Assistance Program: Department of Labor Employment Navigator and Partnership Pilot Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 566) that would require the establishment of a pilot program known as the Employment Navigator and Partnership Pilot Program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Employment Navigator Partnership Program is an existing and successful program of the Department of Labor. The current model is highly effective and provides optimum flexibility for program administration, participants, and partners.

Pilot program on secure, mobile personal health record for members of the Armed Forces participating in the Transition Assistance Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 567) that would direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to commence a pilot program under which Active Duty members of the Armed Forces who are enrolled in the Transition Assistance Program use a covered health record platform to collect their records before separating from Active Duty.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that existing law requires the Department of Defense and Department of Veterans Affairs to integrate electronic medical records into the same technology platform. When implemented, this integration will provide seamless transition from the Military Health System to the Veterans Health Administration without the need for a third-party platform to collect sensitive personal and medical information from servicemembers.

SkillBridge: apprenticeship programs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 568) that would require the Department of Defense to conduct a study on the availability of registered apprenticeship positions within the SkillBridge program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than June 1, 2025, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the United States Military Apprenticeship Program. Such report shall include: (1) Information on the trades that are eligible for participation in the program; (2) The number of servicemembers in each military service who are enrolled in the program, disaggregated by trade; and (3) Recommendations for policy or legislative changes to improve the effectiveness of the program, if any.

Transmission of information regarding member's opioid use disorder to Department of Veterans Affairs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 569) that would amend section 1142(d) of title 10, United States Code, to add a requirement for the Secretaries of the military departments to notify the Secretary of Veterans Affairs about the known history of opioid use disorder for any servicemember within 60 days of such member's separation from military service.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on the number of veterans who have their military acquired credentials recognized at the State-level for the civilian workforce

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 569A) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs and the Secretary of Labor, to submit to Congress a report that builds on the data reported in the "DOD Credentialing Utilization" report from 2018 (3-BB02A16) to better assess the effectiveness of the Credentialing Programs for post-military civilian employment.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Training and internships for transitioning members through institutions of higher education

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 569B) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to conduct outreach to institutions of higher education in order to enter into more agreements with such institutions of higher education for training or internships for members of the Armed Forces pursuant to the SkillBridge program established under section 1143(e) of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Opt-out sharing of information on members retiring or separating from the Armed Forces with community-based organizations and related entities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 569C) that would amend section 570F of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92) to authorize servicemembers transitioning off of active duty to opt out of having their information shared with state veterans' agencies.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 558).

The agreement does not include either provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than May 1, 2025, on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a servicemember opt-out option for authorizing the Department of Defense to share the information of servicemembers separating from the Armed Forces with state veterans' agencies.

Addressing mental health issues in the Transition Assistance Program of the Department of Defense and the Solid Start program of the Department of Veterans Affairs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 569D) that would amend section 1142(b) of title 10, United States Code, by expanding the mental health information that must be included in counseling servicemembers under the Transition Assistance Program. The provision would also amend section 6320(b) of title 38, United States Code, to expand the activities of the Solid Start Program of the Department of Veterans Affairs to include providing assistance related to mental health counseling and healthcare through the Veterans Health Administration.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Amendments to pathways for counseling in Transition Assistance Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 569E) that would amend section 1142(c) of title 10, United States Code, to expand the counseling pathways of the Transition Assistance Program to consider the following factors: childcare, employment of other adults in the servicemember's household, the servicemember's location, the effects of operating tempo, and whether the servicemember is an Indian or urban Indian.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Records of a separating member: provision of electronic copies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 569F) that would amend section 1142 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary concerned to provide electronic medical records to separating servicemembers not later than 30 days before such

servicemember's date of separation from military service. The provision would also require the Secretary concerned to provide an electronic copy of separation documents to separating servicemembers not later than 15 days after the date of separation from military service.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

SkillBridge for the submarine industrial base

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 569G) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a survey to determine which such employers in the submarine industrial base are experiencing workforce shortages and use the SkillBridge program to provide members training under such program with such employers.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the vital importance of qualified, skilled workers in the submarine industrial base. We direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of the Navy, to provide a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, on how the Department of Defense is using the SkillBridge program to facilitate separating military personnel joining the submarine industrial base to address workforce shortages.

Prohibition on diversity, equity, and inclusion policy bodies for DODEA schools

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 573) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from maintaining or establishing diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) committees, panels, offices, or other related organizations within schools operated by the Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Verification of reporting of eligible federally connected children for purposes of Federal impact aid programs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 576) that would require the commanders of each military installation to annually submit written certification to their respective military departments verifying whether they have confirmed the information contained in all Impact Aid source check forms.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that local commanders do not currently have access to the information necessary to certify Impact Aid at the installation level. We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than June 1, 2025, to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on its progress in working with the Defense Manpower Data Center to gain access to the Defense En-

rollment Eligibility Reporting System in order to complete the Impact Aid source check verification process.

Instruction in artificial intelligence and machine learning in schools operated by the Department of Defense Education Activity

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 579) that would direct the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity, to require that each student of a high school operated by the Activity receives instruction in artificial intelligence and machine learning.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

GAO study on child care services provided or paid for by the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 579A) that would direct the Comptroller General of the United States to carry out a study to assess the childcare programs of the Department of Defense, including military child development centers, family home day care, Military Child Care in Your Neighborhood, and Child Care in Your Home.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives are awaiting several congressionally-directed studies and reports on childcare programs of the Department of Defense by both the Comptroller General of the United States and the Secretary of Defense. We further note that the Secretary of Defense would be required to submit additional information on childcare waiting lists under a provision elsewhere in this Act.

Prohibition on availability of funds for certain materials in schools operated by the Department of Defense Education Activity

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 579B) that would prohibit the availability of funds for any material that contains, depicts, or otherwise includes pornographic content or any material that espouses, advocates, or promotes gender ideology in schools operated by the Department of Defense Education Activity.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibitions on provision of gender transition services through an Exceptional Family Member Program of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 579C) that would prohibit the provision of gender transition services through the Exceptional Family Member Program of the Armed Forces.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on separating members who have health care experience and Medical Reserve Corps

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 579D) that would require the Secretary Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the process by which members of the Armed Forces with healthcare experience transition to civilian life and the number of such members who join the Medical Reserve Corps.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than December 31, 2025, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the process by which members of the Armed Forces with healthcare experience transition to civilian life and the number of such members who join the Medical Reserve Corps.

Prohibition of TikTok

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 579E) that would prohibit the use of TikTok within Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA) schools for instructional purposes.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing, by not later than July 1, 2025, on the use of cell phones within the academic environment, including an assessment of such use on student achievement. The briefing should highlight trends within comparable civilian secondary schools on cell phone use, identify which DODEA schools currently have policies in place restricting use of cell phones, include observations on the impact such restrictions have had on student achievement in such schools, and make recommendations for regulatory or statutory change as the Secretary considers appropriate. Further, the briefing shall consider specifically the use of social media in the learning environment, including specifically the use of TikTok, and its effect on student achievement. We note that the Department of Defense Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–328), enacted the No TikTok on Government Devices Act, which instructs the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, in consultation with the Administrator of General Services, the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency, the Director of National Intelligence, and the Secretary of Defense, to develop standards and guidelines for agencies requiring the removal of TikTok from Federal information technology.

Report on effectiveness of the exceptional family member program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 579F) that would direct the Comptroller General of the United States to submit to Congress a report, not later than 1 year after the date of the enact-

ment of this Act, that includes: (1) The results of a study of the effectiveness of the Exceptional Family Member program authorized under section 1781c(e) of title 10, United States Code, with respect to the manner by which it currently supports individuals with intellectual and developmental disabilities; and (2) Recommendations to improve the program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Study on high-impact tutoring in DODEA schools

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 579G) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report containing the results of a study on high-impact tutoring programs in Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA) elementary and secondary schools.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We have heard of the benefits of high-impact tutoring programs, which include programs in math, reading, or both subjects for at least 30 minutes during a school day for at least 3 days per week during the school year, and programs taught by licensed DODEA teachers or paraprofessionals with a student-to-tutor ratio of no more than three-to-one. We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than May 1, 2025, on DODEA tutoring programs, including high-impact tutoring programs. Such briefing shall include—

(1) The total number of existing tutoring programs within DODEA and estimated number of participating students by location;

(2) The total number of existing tutoring programs within DODEA that incorporate high-impact tutoring and estimated number of participating students by location;

(3) A description of how DODEA tutoring programs are funded;

(4) Recommendations for increasing student participation in tutoring programs, including high-impact tutoring programs;

(5) A discussion of any barriers to increasing student participation in such tutoring programs; and

(6) An assessment of the feasibility and advisability of developing a licensed tutoring workforce for DODEA.

Authorization for award of Medal of Honor to E. Royce Williams for acts of valor during the Korean War

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 581) that would waive the time limitations specified in section 8298 of title 10, United States Code, and authorize the President to award the Medal of Honor to E. Royce Williams for acts of valor during the Korean Conflict.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We acknowledge and honor Royce Williams's heroism while engaged in aerial combat over the Sea of Japan on November 18, 1952, for which he was awarded the Silver Star.

Authorization for award of the Medal of Honor to Thomas H. Griffin for acts of valor as a member of the Army during the Vietnam War

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 582) that would waive the time limitations specified in section 7274 of title 10, United States Code, and authorize the President to award the Medal of Honor to Thomas Helmut Griffin for his acts of valor as a member of the Army during the Vietnam War.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize and honor the heroism and courage of Thomas Helmut Griffin for his actions in Vietnam from March 1 through March 3, 1969, for which he was awarded the Silver Star.

Authorization for award of Medal of Honor to James Capers, Jr. for acts of valor as a member of the Marine Corps during the Vietnam War

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 583) that would waive the time limitations specified in section 8298 of title 10, United States Code, and authorize the President to award the Medal of Honor to James Capers, Jr. for the acts of valor during the Vietnam War.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize and honor the heroism and courage of James Capers, Jr., for his service in Vietnam during the period of March 31 through April 3, 1967, for which he was awarded the Silver Star.

Authorization of award of Medal of Honor to Gregory McManus for acts of valor

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 584) that would waive the time limitations specified in section 7274 of title 10, United States Code, and authorize the President to award the Medal of Honor to Gregory McManus for his acts of valor as a member of the Army during the Vietnam War.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize and honor the heroism and courage of Gregory McManus during his service in Vietnam, for which he was awarded the Distinguished Flying Cross.

Authorization for Last Servicemember Standing medal

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 585) that would amend chapter 57 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize a service medal to be known as the "Last Servicemember Standing medal."

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives received a briefing from the Secretary of Defense on March 5, 2024, pursuant to a directed requirement in the conference report (H. Rept. 188–301) accompanying the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024. In this briefing, the Secretary noted that the Department of Defense has a well-established military decorations and awards program based on specific criteria, which results in distinct recognition for each type of action or service. Recognizing a servicemember for being the last person standing would result in duplicate recognition for awards already authorized through the Department’s military decorations and awards program.

Eligibility of veterans of Operation End Sweep for Vietnam Service Medal

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 586) that would authorize the Secretaries of the military departments concerned to award the Vietnam Service Medal to a veteran who participated in Operation End Sweep.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We acknowledge the distinguished service of veterans who participated in Operation End Sweep from February 6, 1973 to July 18, 1973, in undertaking the harrowing work of clearing sea mines laid in Vietnamese waters. We value the honorable performance of Operation End Sweep veterans following the cessation of military combat operations in Vietnam.

Authorization of award of Medal of Honor to Joseph M. Perez for acts of valor as a member of the Army during the Vietnam War

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 587) that would recognize the acts of valor by Joseph M. Perez while serving as a Sergeant in the Army in South Vietnam on May 26, 1967, and would waive the time limitation in section 7274 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the President to award Joseph M. Perez with the Medal of Honor.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize and honor the service, sacrifice, and valor of Joseph M. Perez during his service in Vietnam on May 26, 1967, for which he was awarded the Distinguished Service Cross.

Authorization of award of Medal of Honor to Juan Ogo Blaz for acts of valor while serving as a member of the Army during the Vietnam War

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 588) that would waive the time limitations specified in section 7274 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the President to award the Medal of Honor to Juan Ogo Blaz for acts of valor while serving as a member of the Army during the Vietnam War on January 18, 1969, for which he was awarded the Distinguished Service Cross.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Army is currently reviewing the records of Juan Ogo Blaz to determine whether he should be awarded the Medal of Honor under the requirements of section 586 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328).

Authorization of award of Medal of Honor to Martin A. Maglona for acts of valor while serving as a member of the Army during the Vietnam War

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 589) that would waive the time limitations in section 7274 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the President to award the Medal of Honor to Martin A. Maglona for acts of valor while serving as a member of the Army during the Vietnam War on February 23, 1969.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Army is currently reviewing the records of Martin A. Maglona to determine whether he should be awarded the Medal of Honor under the requirements of section 586 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328).

Modification to annual reports on racial and ethnic demographics in the military justice system

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 591) that would require additional reporting information on administrative actions in the annual reports to Congress on racial and ethnic demographics in the military justice system.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the reporting required by the House provision is already required by section 486 of title 10, United States Code.

Modernization of dress codes and policies on military installations during non-working and non-duty status hours

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 593) that would direct the Secretaries of the military departments to issue guidance, not later than June 1, 2025, to commanders of installations under the jurisdiction of such Secretaries to require the modernization of dress codes or policies for members of the Armed Forces during non-working and non-duty status hours, while on military installations, and for all military dependents on military installations at any time.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the military services currently have policies prescribing dress codes for military members.

Pilot program to allow members in the Department of the Air Force to grow beards

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 594) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to establish a pilot program to allow members of the Air Force and Space Force to grow beards.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Air Force, not later than April 1, 2025, to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a pilot program to authorize members of the Air Force and Space Force to grow beards. Such briefing shall include the following elements: (1) The evaluation of the Secretary of the compatibility of beards with military equipment that requires an airtight seal, such as a gas mask; (2) An assessment of the effect of beard growth on discipline, morale, and unity within the ranks; (3) A determination whether allowing members to grow beards improves inclusivity, including for members with conditions like pseudofolliculitis barbae or who wish to grow beards for religious purposes; (4) Identifications of any negative perception or bias towards members with beards; and (5) Strategies to mitigate such negative perceptions or bias.

Female members of certain Armed Forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense in STEM

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 595) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study on how to increase the participation of women in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) positions in the Armed Forces.

The Senate-committee reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that women are eligible for all military occupational specialties related to STEM, and many women in service work in STEM and STEM-related functions in today's military. Additionally, STEM internship opportunities in the SkillBridge program are already available to members of the Armed Forces transitioning from active duty to civilian life.

Study on benefits of standardizing policies regarding basic allowance for housing and family housing eligibility for members of the Armed Forces serving on active duty who are unaccompanied and pregnant

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 596) that would direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, to carry out a study on the policies regarding basic allowance for housing and family housing eligibility for members of the Armed Forces serving on active duty who are unaccompanied and who become pregnant while residing in unaccompanied housing.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than January 1, 2026, on military service policies regarding unaccompanied members of the Armed Forces who become pregnant while residing in unaccompanied housing. Such briefing shall include: (1) An overview of current service policies regarding when unaccompanied members of the Armed Forces who become pregnant while residing in unaccompanied housing become eligible for basic allowance for housing and family housing, respectively; (2) Whether disparities exist between written policies on this topic and the implementation of such policies; (3) Any policy or legislative recommendations to standardize and update such policies across the Armed Forces, as appropriate; and (4) Any costs associated with the implementation of the policy and legislative recommendations in part (3).

Sense of Congress regarding military service by individuals with amputations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 598) that would express a sense of Congress that the Secretary of Defense should issue medical waivers to individuals seeking to serve in the Armed Forces who are precluded from serving solely because of a non service-connected amputation.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We acknowledge the honorable and meaningful contributions that individuals with amputations have made to the country while serving in the United States military. We urge the Department of Defense to explore avenues for individuals with non service-connected amputations to serve in support of the nation's defense.

Report on National Guard sexual assault and response prevention training

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 599) that would require the Chief of the National Guard Bureau to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives containing the number of National Guard members, aggregated by state, that received sexual assault and response prevention training in the preceding calendar year not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act for the initial report and annually by March 30 beginning in 2026.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Chief of the National Guard Bureau to submit a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives containing the number of National Guard members, aggregated by state, that received sexual assault and response prevention training in the preceding calendar year by not later than July 1, 2025.

Commercial transition for military aviation mechanics

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 599A) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to create a strategy to support the transition of military aviation mechanics to commercial aviation mechanics after active duty service.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Entrepreneurship program for servicemembers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 599B) that would require the Secretary of Defense to study the feasibility of establishing a mentoring program for members of the Armed Forces who are interested in becoming entrepreneurs or founding start-up businesses after their active duty service.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that under section 1142(c) of title 10, United States Code, the Department of Defense is currently required to provide unique counseling pathways for members participating in the Transition Assistance Program who are interested in becoming entrepreneurs.

Defense Advisory Committee on Diversity and Inclusion; report

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 599C) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on the organization, activities, and costs associated with the Defense Advisory Committee on Diversity and Inclusion to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on integration of chaplains into activities in the Indo-Pacific region

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 599D) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to Congress assessing the integration of chaplains into Department of Defense activities in the Indo-Pacific region.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Priority in expansion of pilot program to provide financial assistance to members of the Armed Forces for in-home child care

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1815) that would amend section 589 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) to require the Secretary of Defense to give priority to certain remote locations in the expansion of the Child Care in Your Home pilot program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than April 1, 2025, on administrative and cost barriers to expanding the Child Care in Your Home pilot program. Such briefing shall include: (1) An overview of the administrative requirements and costs of the program; (2) An assessment of the feasibility and advisability of expanding the pilot into additional locations, including Fort Drum, New York; Holloman Air Force Base, New Mexico; Naval Air Station Lemoore, California; and Marine Corps Air Ground Combat Center Twentynine Palms, California; and (3) Any other relevant matters that the Secretary deems appropriate.

Briefing on access of members of National Guard to child care services at military child development centers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1818) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing regarding the access of members of the National Guard to childcare services at military child development centers.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than January 1, 2026, on access of members of the National Guard to childcare services at military Child Development Centers (CDC). Such briefing shall include the following elements:

(1) The estimated number of families in the National Guard with children under 12 years of age;

(2) The estimated number of families in the National Guard with children under 12 years in which both parents are members of the National Guard;

(3) The estimated number of single parent households in which the parent is a member of the National Guard;

(4) The average number of days during the year in which a member of the National Guard who has a child under 12 years of age is serving on Active Duty or inactive duty training;

(5) The estimated number of members of the National Guard with a child under 12 years of age who live within 50 miles of a CDC;

(6) The estimated number of National Guard installations located within 50 miles of a CDC; and

(7) Any other relevant matters that the Secretary deems appropriate.

Briefing on implementation of recommendations of Quality of Life Panel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1854) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide to the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a briefing on the implementation of the recommendations in the report, dated April 2024 of the Quality of Life Panel of such Committee.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than January 1, 2026, on the Department of Defense's implementation of the recommendations contained in the report, dated April 2024 of the House Armed Services Committee's Quality of Life Panel.

Longer term and eligibility for appointment to rank of Admiral of Commander of Naval Sea Systems Command

The Senate committee-reported bill contained provisions (sec. 509B, sec. 1047) that would require the Commander of the Naval Sea Systems Command to serve a term of 8 years, and make the Commander eligible for appointment to the rank of admiral during that final 3 years of that service.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provisions.

We note that the Secretary of the Navy currently has the authority to extend the tenure of the Commander of Naval Sea Systems Command, and has done so in the past under certain individual circumstances. Additionally, the Navy is considering the establishment of a new materiel command that could have implications for the organization of the Navy's systems commands, including Naval Sea Systems Command.

Permanent modification to the Army National Guard and Air National Guard inactive National Guard statute

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 511) that would amend section 303 of title 32, United States Code, to authorize officers to transfer from the Selected Reserve to the Inactive National Guard.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Selective Service Director appointment subject to Senate confirmation

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 523) that would amend section 3809 of title 50, United States Code, to require Senate confirmation of the Director, Selective Service, effective for appointments made 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Modification of persons not qualified for enlistment definition

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 527) that would amend section 504 of title 10, United States Code, to broaden the authorized duties of certain non-citizen individuals who enlist in the Armed Force.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Combat status identifier equivalent for remotely piloted aircraft crew

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 529) that would require the Secretaries of the military departments to establish a status identifier of equivalent merit as a combat status identifier for remotely piloted aircraft crews who conduct combat operations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Exemption of women forced to register for draft from requirements to serve in combat roles

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 529B) that would specify that women drafted into service under the Selective Service System may not be compelled to join combat roles that were closed to women prior to December 3, 2015, train or become qualified in a combat arms military occupational specialty, or join a combat arms unit.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Pre-referral requirements related to sufficiency of admissible evidence

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 534) that would amend Article 34 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice (10 U.S.C. 834) to require a written determination by a staff judge advocate or special trial counsel that the admissible evidence will probably be sufficient to obtain and sustain a conviction before a charge can be referred to trial by general court-martial.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Reimbursement of expenses and property damage for victims of designated offenses under the Uniform Code of Military Justice

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 539) that would amend chapter 53 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretaries of the military departments to provide payments to victims of designated offenses under the Uniform Code of Military Justice for unreimbursed expenses directly related to the harm suffered as the result of being victimized, including health care expenses, travel expenses, and expenses for property damage or loss resulting from the designated offense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Investigations of sexual assaults in the National Guard

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 543) that would require the Defense Advisory Committee on Investigation, Prosecution, and Defense of Sexual Assault in the Armed Forces (DACIPAD) to review how states investigate and prosecute allegations of sexual assault with a National Guard nexus, and to make recommendations on improving investigations and reporting of sexual assaults within the National Guard. The provision would require the DACIPAD to submit a report to the Committees on

Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on this review. The provision would also specify that state Adjutants General are senior officials for the purposes of investigating allegations of reprisal.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the DACIPAD to review how states investigate and prosecute allegations of sexual assault with a National Guard nexus and how investigations and reporting of sexual assaults within the National Guard can be improved. The review shall include: (1) An overview of the processes by which states investigate allegations of sexual assault within the National Guard; (2) An assessment of the extent to which, and the effectiveness with which, the Office of Complex Investigations (OCI) within the National Guard Bureau provides assistance to state National Guards in the investigation of such allegations; (3) An assessment of the organizational structure of the OCI and its authority to investigate, including a description of OCI's funding, the number of personnel assigned, and the force mix between military, civilian, and contractor personnel, OCI's relationships with state authorities, and an assessment of whether OCI should be codified in permanent law; and (4) Any other matter that the DACIPAD considers appropriate to review with respect to the investigation and prosecution of sexual assaults with a National Guard nexus.

We direct the DACIPAD to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the results of this review by not later than February 28, 2026.

Inclusion of Space Force professional military education programs in definitions of senior and intermediate level service schools and as covered programs for copyright purposes

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 557) that would amend section 2151(b) of title 10, United States Code, to include Space Force professional military education programs in the list of authorized Department of Defense professional military education institutions.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Support for expanding early child care options for members of the Armed Forces and their families

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 579) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to authorize the Secretaries of the military departments to support eligible childcare providers in their recruitment and retention of childcare employees.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than January 1, 2026, on the feasibility and advisability of entering into an interagency partnership with another Federal agency with the ability to place national service participants and volunteers trained in education services at mili-

tary child development centers in accordance with applicable national service laws.

Waiver authority for Junior Reserve Officer's training Corps minimum participation requirement

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 582) that would amend section 2031(b) of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of the military department concerned to issue a 5-year waiver of the minimum student participation requirement in order for a school to establish a Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps (JROTC) unit, if the school meets all other statutory requirements for JROTC participation.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Authority to award or present a decoration following a congressional review

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 591) that would amend section 1130 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the award of a decoration following a submission of a favorable recommendation for the award, after a 60-day congressional review period.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

National Commission on Quality of Life for the All-Volunteer Armed Force

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 596) that would establish an independent commission in the legislative branch to be known as the Commission on Quality of Life for the All-Volunteer Armed Force.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Department of Defense process for sharing military service data with states

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5521) that would enact the Military and Education Data Integration Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that some secondary schools fail to provide meaningful access to military recruiters. As such, we direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of Education, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing, not later than April 1, 2025, on the feasibility of developing a secure data sharing process between the Department of Defense and state education agencies. The report shall address, at a minimum, the following: (1) The cost of establishing a database that state education agencies may access; (2) The type of data that the Department of Defense could share with the state education agencies; (3) The type of data that the state education agencies could share with the Department of Defense;

and (4) The anticipated benefits of sharing that data for both the Department of Defense and the state education agencies.

Review of special education processes and procedures of Department of Defense Education Activity

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5572) that would require the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA) to review the special education processes and procedures in place within DODEA to locate, identify (through screening or other evidence-based tools), evaluate, and refer children with disabilities from birth to age 21 and provide evidence-based interventions and supports for students with disabilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Comptroller General of the United States to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than January 1, 2026, on special education processes and procedures in DODEA schools. Such briefing shall include the following:

(1) The processes DODEA uses to locate, screen, and identify children with deficiencies in early literacy skill development and specific learning disabilities, particularly dyslexia;

(2) The number of DODEA students with deficiencies in early literacy skills or specific learning disabilities;

(3) The staffing ratio standards, credentials and certifications, and professional development requirements for staff who support children with early literacy deficits and specific learning disabilities, particularly dyslexia;

(4) The curriculum and interventions DODEA uses to support literacy skill development for students with early literacy deficits and specific learning disabilities, particularly dyslexia; and

(5) Any differences in the above-mentioned areas by region or district across DODEA.

Establishment of program to promote participation of foreign students in the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5595) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a program to promote the participation of foreign students in the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

TITLE VI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER PERSONNEL BENEFITS

Subtitle A—Basic Pay, Retired Pay, and Leave

Sec. 601—Reform of basic pay rates

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1801) that would increase basic pay for all grades by 4.5 percent, except for pay grades E1 through E4, which would increase by an average of 15 percent.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 601) that would reform basic pay rates by increasing monthly basic pay for junior enlisted servicemembers in the grades of E-1 through E-3.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would adjust the pay tables for fiscal year 2025, effective April 1, 2025, to increase junior enlisted pay by 10 percent.

Sec. 602—Policy on postpartum physical fitness tests and body composition assessments

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 601) that would amend section 701(k) of title 10, United States Code, to include pregnancy as a waivable condition for participation in the Physical Fitness Tests and Body Composition Assessments.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would narrow the scope of this provision to apply only to members of the Armed Forces who have given birth, lost a pregnancy, or had a stillbirth.

Sec. 603—Extension of parental leave to members of the Coast Guard Reserve

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 602) that would extend parental leave to members of the Coast Guard Reserve.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 604—Elimination of cap on additional retired pay for extraordinary heroism for members of the Army and Air Force who served during the Vietnam Era

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 604) that would amend sections 1402, 7361, and 9361 of title 10, United States Code, to eliminate the cap on additional retired pay for extraordinary heroism for members of the Army and Air Force who served during the Vietnam era.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 605—Calculation of retired pay for certain officers who served in grade O-9 or O-10 and retired in grade O-8

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 621) that would amend section 1407 of title 10, United States Code, to create a special rule for officers having served in the temporary grades of O-9 or O-10 and who receive a conditional or permanent retirement in the grade of O-8. The provision would require that such officer's final retirement pay be the lower of the amount calculated under the high-three year average formula pursuant to section 1407, or the final pay formula for members of the Armed Forces under section 1406 of title 10, United States Code, as if such officer first became a member of the Armed Forces prior to September 8, 1980.

The House bill contained no similar provision.
The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Subtitle B—Bonus and Incentive Pays

Sec. 611—One-year extension of certain expiring bonus and special pay authorities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 612) that would extend, through December 31, 2024, certain expiring bonus and special pay authorities relating to Reserve forces; health care professionals; nuclear officers; consolidated special, incentive, and bonus authorities under title 37, United States Code; and temporary increases in rates of basic allowance for housing.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 611).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 612—Increase in accession bonus for health professions scholarship and financial assistance program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 613) that would amend section 2128 of title 10, United States Code, to increase the maximum accession bonus for the health professions scholarship and financial assistance program from \$20,000 to \$100,000.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 613—Increase in maximum skill proficiency bonus amount

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 612) that would amend section 353(c)(2) of title 37, United States Code, to increase the maximum annual skill proficiency bonus authorized under such section to \$55,000.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Subtitle C—Allowances

Sec. 621—Basic needs allowance for members on active service in the Armed Forces: expansion of eligibility; increase of amount

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1804) that would amend section 402b of title 37, United States Code, to expand eligibility for the Basic Needs Allowance to those qualifying households earning up to 200 percent of the Federal poverty guidelines.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 622—Authority to pay basic allowance for housing to junior enlisted members on sea duty

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1805) that would amend section 403(f) of title 37, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of the military department concerned to authorize the payment of a Basic Allowance for Housing to a member of the

uniformed services without dependents who is serving in a pay grade below E-6 and is assigned to initial field or sea duty.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 603).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 623—Reimbursement of expenses relating to travel for inactive-duty training and muster duty

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5621) that would require the Secretary of Defense to revise the Joint Travel Regulations maintained under section 464 of title 37, United States Code, to ensure that if a member of a reserve component drives a vehicle of the member to inactive-duty training, the member may be paid a mileage allowance for the mileage driven by the member.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to reimburse members of the reserve component who travel more than 50 miles to attend inactive-duty training and muster duty for their actual and necessary expenses of travel and transportation; and to pay meals, incidentals, and expenses related to such travel to the same extent specified in regulations prescribed under section 464 of title 37, United States Code, for a member on official travel. The amendment would not be effective until January 1, 2027.

Sec. 624—Expansion of travel and transportation allowance to move or store privately owned vehicles

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1806) that would amend section 453 of title 37, United States Code, to allow the Secretary of Defense to authorize shipment and storage of up to two privately owned vehicles per household during permanent change of station moves to certain non-foreign and foreign overseas duty locations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 625—Extension of authority to pay one-time uniform allowance for officers who transfer to the Space Force

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 614) that would amend section 606 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) to extend the authority for the Secretary of the Air Force to pay a one-time uniform allowance to officers who transfer to the Space Force.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 626—Travel and transportation allowances: prohibition of requirement of zero-emission vehicle

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 623) that would prohibit any travel or transport allowance paid pursuant to the Joint

Travel Regulations for the Uniformed Services to require that such travel or transportation be in a zero-emission vehicle.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would ensure that servicemembers with personally-owned zero-emission vehicles are still eligible.

Sec. 627—Evaluation of the rates of the basic allowance for subsistence

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1803) that would require the Secretary of Defense to evaluate the current calculation model for servicemember basic allowance for subsistence and to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives regarding such evaluation.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 628—Report regarding the calculation of cost-of-living allowances

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1807) that would require the Secretary of Defense to evaluate the current calculation methods for cost-of-living allowances for locations both inside and outside the continental United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Subtitle D—Family and Survivor Benefits

Sec. 631—Expansion of eligibility for certain benefits that arise from the death of a member of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 631) that would amend section 1475(a) of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the payment of a death gratuity and casualty assistance for ROTC cadets who die as the result of a sanctioned training event.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 632—Extension of time for minor survivors to file death gratuity claims

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 622) that would amend section 1480 of title 10, United States Code, to extend the time of eligibility for certain minor survivors to file death gratuity claims for survivor compensation to the date that is the later of 3 years after the affected individual reaches 21 years of age, or 6 years after the death with respect to which the claim is made.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 633—Parent fees at military child development centers for child care employees

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1812) that would amend section 1793 of title 10, United States Code, to require all military services to cover 100 percent of childcare fees for the first child of staff enrolled in the Department of Defense Child Development Program and would authorize the military services to cover up to 100 percent of childcare fees for any additional children of such staff.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 634—Information regarding paternal engagement on website of Military OneSource

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 633) that would amend section 561 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84) to require the Military OneSource website to include information regarding paternal engagement programs.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Subtitle E—Defense Resale Matters

Sec. 641—Prohibition on sale of garlic from the People’s Republic of China at commissary stores

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 629) that would amend section 2484 of title 10, United States Code, to prohibit the sale in commissary stores of garlic originating from, or processed in, the People’s Republic of China.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would limit the restrictions of the provision to fresh or chilled garlic originating from the People’s Republic of China.

Sec. 642—Sale of certain supplies of the Navy and Marine Corps to certain former members of the Coast Guard

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 643) that would authorize members of the Coast Guard to purchase certain supplies.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Subtitle F—Other Benefits, Reports, and Briefings

Sec. 651—Access to broadband internet access service for certain members of the Armed Forces

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 623) that would amend chapter 134 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretaries of the military departments to provide, without charge, high-speed internet access and wireless network

connections to members of the Armed Forces who reside in unaccompanied housing within the United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop a policy and issue guidance to the military departments on the implementation of the authority.

Sec. 652—Extension of exclusion of certain employees from Government lodging program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 624) that would amend section 914 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. “Buck” McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291) to extend the termination date of the pilot program established under that section to December 31, 2029; to exempt certain public shipyard workers from the Department of Defense Government Lodging Program; and to require annual briefings on the use of the exemptions under the program through February 1, 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 653—Promotion of tax preparation assistance programs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 651) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that servicemembers are aware of various tax preparation assistance programs.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would authorize the required tax assistance notification to be provided through electronic means.

Sec. 654—Pilot program to increase access to food on military installations of the Army

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1851) that would increase access to food on military installations by permitting servicemembers who reside in unaccompanied housing on a military installation to use their common access card to pay for meals at dining facilities, restaurants, and commissaries.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Army to implement a pilot program to make food available to certain servicemembers under the pilot program using a common access card or other similar means.

We direct the Secretaries of the Air Force and Navy to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than January 1, 2026, on the feasibility and advisability of implementing a pilot program to increase access to food on military installations of their respective military departments.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Prohibition on exposing members of the Armed Forces to Chinese military company investments through the Thrift Savings Plan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 603) that would prohibit investment in the Thrift Savings Plan mutual fund window if any mutual fund holds a Chinese military company.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Expansion of bereavement leave

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 605) that would amend section 701 of title 10, United States Code, to expand military bereavement to 12 weeks.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Program to assist servicemembers at risk of suicide

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 606) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of the Defense Health Agency, to develop and implement a centralized program to monitor and provide assistance to members of the Armed Forces at risk of suicide who have been recently discharged from health care, as outlined in Recommendation 6.29 of the final report issued by the Suicide Prevention and Response Independent Review Committee.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Incentive pay: explosive ordnance disposal duty

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 611) that would add a new section to chapter 5 of title 37, United States Code, requiring the Secretary of Defense to make certain improvements to incentive pay for explosive ordnance disposal duty.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that in the Senate report accompanying S. 2226 (S. Rept. 118–58) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024, the Secretary of Defense was required to examine and make recommendations pertaining to the establishment of an analytical framework for special and incentive pays authorized under title 37, United States Code, and to issue a report on special and incentive pays and such analytical framework to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives. This report is still pending.

Assignment incentive pay for members assigned to Creech Air Force Base and Naval Air Station Fallon

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 613) that would allow the Secretary concerned to designate the assignment of a member

of the Armed Forces to Creech Air Force Base, Nevada, or Naval Air Station Fallon, Nevada, as an assignment that makes the member eligible for assignment incentive pay under section 307a of title 37, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that in the Senate report accompanying S. 2226 (S. Rept. 118–58) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024, the Secretary of Defense was required to examine and make recommendations pertaining to the establishment of an analytical framework for special and incentive pays authorized under title 37, United States Code, and to issue a report on special and incentive pays and such analytical framework to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives. This report is still pending.

Basic needs allowance: exclusion of basic allowance for housing from the calculation of gross household income of an eligible member of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 621) that would modify how gross household income is calculated for purposes of determining a servicemember's eligibility for a basic needs allowance.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that quality of life measures, including increases in basic pay and other allowances, are addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Basic allowance for housing: pilot program to outsource rate calculation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 622) that would establish a pilot program to evaluate the method by which the Basic Allowance for Housing (BAH) rate is calculated.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Secretary of Defense is currently in the process of finalizing the fourteenth Quadrennial Review of Military Compensation, which will address and make recommendations about the method for calculating BAH.

Sense of Congress on increase to the family separation allowance

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 624) that would express the sense of Congress regarding an increase to the family separation allowance.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We urge the Secretary of Defense to review the family separation allowance to determine whether it is adequate to meet the needs of military families and to make adjustments to such allowance as appropriate.

Payment instead of reimbursement for the transportation of certain remains to two locations if the second location is a national cemetery

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 632) that would amend section 1482 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Department of Defense (DOD) to contract for the dignified transportation of the remains of certain servicemembers to a second location if the second location is a national cemetery.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than May 1, 2025, on the feasibility and advisability of amending section 1482 of title 10, United States Code, to require DOD to contract for the transportation of the remains of servicemembers to a second location, if the second location is a national cemetery. Such briefing shall address the following: (1) Current process and reimbursement procedures; (2) Current length of time to process funeral claims; (3) The impact or concerns with contracting law; (4) The means by which the Secretary may improve such process to reduce the time described in item (2); and (5) Any legislative recommendations to improve such processes to reduce the time described in item (2).

Military OneSource for a remarried surviving spouse of a deceased member of the Armed Forces: eligibility; information

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 634) that would expand eligibility of the Military OneSource program to remarried surviving spouses of deceased members of the Armed Forces. Further, it would require the Secretary of Defense to publish and maintain casualty assistance information on the Military OneSource website for these surviving spouses.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We understand the important resource Military OneSource is for servicemembers, veterans, and their families. Currently, there are varying timeframes of access to Military OneSource after retirement or discharge, and even after remarriage. We understand that certain portions of Military OneSource require Common Access Card (CAC) access, but it is unclear what requires a CAC versus what does not. To better understand the access concerns and potential benefits of expanding the period of availability, we direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives, no later than September 30, 2025, on: (1) Existing access regulations for Military OneSource; (2) Rationale behind the existing access regulations; (3) Rationale for CAC access on Military OneSource and any relevant security concerns for removing CAC requirements; (4) Recommendations for periods of access for retired and discharged servicemembers and their families, to include any concerns with expanding the timeframe for access; (5) Recommendations for an appropriate timeline for access to Military OneSource that are con-

sistent across varying groups of individuals; and (6) Any relevant legislative changes that are required to adjust access standards.

Guide for survivors to claim the personal effects of a deceased member of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 635) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation of the Secretaries of the military departments and not later than September 30, 2025, to publish and post on the website of Military OneSource a guide regarding how a survivor of a deceased member of the Armed Forces may: (1) Receive the personal effects of such member; and (2) File a claim with the Secretary of the military department concerned if the survivor believes such effects were disposed of incorrectly.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that this information is already provided to the next of kin of a deceased member of the Armed Forces.

Adoption or guardianship assistance for members of the Armed Forces and veterans

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 636) that would amend section 1052 of title 10, United States Code, to expand the eligible assistance to military families that adopt or take legal guardianship of a child.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than April 1, 2025, on the feasibility and advisability of expanding assistance programs available to military members and their families that adopt or take guardianship of a child, including an assessment of whether to expand eligibility for such assistance to include those who take legal guardianship of a child, whether a flat-fee entitlement would be preferable to reimbursing actual costs, and whether and to what extent monetary assistance authorized under existing law should be increased.

Expansion of period of availability of Military OneSource program for retired and discharged members of the Armed Forces and their immediate families

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 637) that would expand the period of eligibility for the Military OneSource program of the Department of Defense of an eligible individual retired, discharged, or otherwise released from the Armed Forces, and for the eligible immediate family members of such an individual.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that Military OneSource eligibility is addressed elsewhere in this report.

Commissary and exchange benefits: expansion for surviving children of members of the uniformed services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 641) that would amend section 1061 of title 10, United States Code, to expand commissary and exchange benefits to surviving children of members of the Armed Forces regardless of age.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Single-use shopping bags in commissary stores

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 642) that would amend section 2485 of title 10, United States Code, to prevent the Defense Commissary Agency from prohibiting the use of, or charging a fee for, single-use shopping bags in a commissary store.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

MWR retail facilities: use by civilian employees of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 644) that would amend chapter 54 of title 10, United States Code, by adding a new section to authorize certain current and retired civilian employees of the Department of Defense and such employees of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating to use MWR retail facilities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Pilot program to inform members about certain insurance products

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 652) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program to inform servicemembers about supplemental insurance products.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 749) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this act, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report valuating the feasibility of establishing a program to facilitate access to supplementary insurance designed to help members of the Armed Forces and their dependents with financial expenses not currently covered by existing programs related to screening, diagnosis, and treatment of cancer.

The agreement does not include either provision.

Basic allowance for housing: authorization of appropriations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1802) that would fully fund the Basic Allowance for Housing (BAH).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision. The agreement does not include the House provision.

Authority to pay higher rates of partial basic allowance for housing for unaccompanied housing

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 602) that would amend section 2882 of title 10, United States Code,

to authorize the Secretary of Defense to prescribe and pay to members of the Armed Forces without dependents in military unaccompanied housing higher rates of Partial Basic Allowance for Housing than the rate authorized for under paragraph (o)(2) of such section, not to exceed the full rate of Basic Allowance for Housing for the military housing area concerned.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Extension of travel allowance for members of the Armed Forces assigned to Alaska

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 604) that would amend section 603 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263) to reauthorize a travel allowance for military personnel assigned to Alaska during the period of December 1, 2024 to December 1, 2025.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Restrictions on retired and reserve members of the Armed Forces receiving employment and compensation indirectly from foreign governments through private entities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 625) that would amend section 908 of title 37, United States Code, to prohibit retired and reserve members of all branches of the Armed Forces, except the Coast Guard, from accepting employment, and compensation related to that employment, or payments or awards indirectly from a foreign government through a private entity.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that section 9 of article I of the U.S. Constitution already prohibits retired and reserve members of the uniformed services from accepting any compensation from a foreign government or an entity under foreign government control, including commercial entities owned or controlled by a foreign government and foreign public universities controlled by a foreign government.

Retroactive effective date of promotions of senior officers of Armed Forces that were delayed as a result of suspension of Senate confirmation

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 626) that would authorize the provision of back pay to certain military officers who were confirmed by the Senate between December 5, 2023, and December 31, 2023. The provision would authorize pay starting from that date which is later: the date that is 30 days after the officer was placed on the Senate Executive Calendar, or the date on which the Secretary determines the officer would have been appointed to the grade for which they were nominated.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Fertility and adoption demonstration program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 627) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a fertility and adoption demonstration program to assess the feasibility and advisability of providing cash reimbursement and covered pharmacy benefits to eligible Active-Duty members of the Armed Forces and their dependents.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Selling certain consumer routers and modems on military installations

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 628) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that routers and modems sold in any commissary or exchange store are appropriately labeled to inform customers whether or not the router or modem is designed, manufactured, or developed by persons owned, controlled by, or under the influence of a covered nation.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note the House report accompanying H.R. 8070 (H. Rept. 118–529) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025, requires the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives, not later than December 31, 2024, on the national security risks posed by routers, modems, and devices that combine a modem and router, that are designed, developed, manufactured, or supplied by entities owned by or controlled by the People's Republic of China. We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide that briefing to both the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, by the stated date.

TITLE VII—HEALTH CARE PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Tricare and Other Health Care Benefits

Sec. 701—Access to specialty behavioral health care under TRICARE Prime

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 706) that would require the Secretary of Defense to monitor access standards for specialty behavioral health care. In the event that the Secretary determines that behavioral health care access in a state does not meet or exceed prescribed access standards for more than 12 consecutive months, the Secretary would be required to expand health care accreditation standards in that state to include credentials issued by state-level organizations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 702—Reduction or waiver of cost-sharing amounts under TRICARE pharmacy benefits program for certain dependents enrolled in TRICARE Prime Remote program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 702) that would amend section 1076(g), United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of Defense to waive or reduce cost-sharing amounts under the TRICARE pharmacy benefits program for dependents of servicemembers who are enrolled in the TRICARE Prime Remote program and who accompany the member at the expense of the Federal Government.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 703—TRICARE program: waiver of referral requirement under TRICARE Prime for certain care in a military medical treatment facility

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1832) that would amend section 1095f(a) of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of Defense to expand direct access to medical appointments in military medical treatment facilities to Active-Duty members who seek certain health care services.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would strike primary and preventive health care services for women from the list of health care services included in the provision.

We note that primary and preventive health care services are already available to Active-Duty members of the Armed Forces without a referral.

Sec. 704—Extension of effective date regarding certain improvements to the TRICARE dental program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 703) that would amend section 1076a of title 10, United States Code, to extend the time to implement required modifications to the premium sharing plans of the TRICARE dental program to January 1, 2027.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 723).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 705—Program to prevent perinatal mental health conditions in pregnant and postpartum members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 709) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program to assess the feasibility and effectiveness of providing, through military medical treatment facilities, covered protection programs to pregnant and postpartum members of the Armed Forces and covered beneficiaries.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to implement certain programs to reduce the incidence of mental health conditions in

pregnant and postpartum members of the Armed Forces and their spouses.

Sec. 706—Guidance on authority to provide travel and transportation allowances for specialty care under exceptional circumstances

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 703) that would require the Secretary of Defense to prescribe regulations, not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, to implement the authority of the Secretary under section 1074i(b) of title 10, United States Code.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary to issue guidance, not later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act, with respect to the authority of the Secretary under section 1074i(b) of title 10, United States Code.

Sec. 707—Contraception coverage parity under the TRICARE program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 711) that would eliminate cost-sharing for 1 year for any eligible TRICARE beneficiary for contraceptives acquired through retail pharmacies and the national mail order pharmacy.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 731) that would amend section 1074g of title 10, United States Code, to prohibit the Secretary of Defense from imposing cost share requirements for any covered beneficiary to procure any prescription contraceptive on the uniform formulary, effective October 1, 2034.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would strike the implementation date of October 1, 2034.

Sec. 708—Prohibition of coverage under TRICARE program of certain medical procedures for children that could result in sterilization

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 709) that would amend section 1079 of title 10, United States Code, to prohibit TRICARE from providing to a child, under age 18, affirming hormone therapy, puberty blockers, and any other medical intervention for the treatment of gender dysphoria that could result in sterilization.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would strike the list of specified medical interventions covered by the prohibition on medical interventions that could result in sterilization.

Sec. 709—Demonstration program on cryopreservation and storage of gametes of certain members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 710) that would establish a one-year pilot program to reimburse Active-Duty servicemembers working in hazardous or isolated conditions for

fees associated with the costs of retrieving, shipping, and/or storing gametes at private facilities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would extend the length of the demonstration program to 3 years.

Subtitle B—Health Care Administration

Sec. 711—Identification in patient medical records of affiliation of certain non-Department of Defense health care providers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 721) that would require identification in patient medical records of affiliation of certain non-Department of Defense health care providers.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 712—Extension of enhanced appointment and compensation authority for certain health care providers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1833) that would amend section 1599c of title 10, United States Code, to extend enhanced appointment and compensation authorities for civilian health care professionals for care and treatment of wounded and injured members of the Armed Forces until December 31, 2030.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1103).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 713—Licensure requirement for certain health care professionals providing certain examinations to members of the reserve components

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 704) that would amend section 1094(d)(2) of title 10, United States Code, to authorize license portability for health care providers who provide medical services under the Reserve Health Readiness Program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 714—Health care licensure portability for TRICARE network providers providing mental health services to members of the Armed Forces and certain family members

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 701) that would amend section 1094 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of Defense to prescribe regulations to allow mental health providers who provide care under the TRICARE program to provide tele-mental health care services to members of the Armed Forces and their dependents without regard to the location of the provider or the patient.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

We direct the Director of the Defense Health Agency (DHA) to provide a briefing, not later than September 30, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the results of a study to determine how to increase access of TRICARE beneficiaries to telehealth services of the DHA.

Sec. 715—Expansion of recognition by the Defense Health Agency of certifying bodies for physicians

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 729) that would direct the Defense Health Agency to expand the recognition of certifying bodies for physicians to a broader range of additional board certifications in medical specialties and subspecialties.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would add to the standards for recognition of other certifying bodies a requirement that such bodies meet other requirements that the Secretary of Defense may establish for purposes of compliance with applicable state laws and the promotion of consistency in coverage and care across the military medical system.

Sec. 716—Waiver with respect to experienced nurses at military medical treatment facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1835) that would authorize the hiring manager of a military medical treatment facility or other health care facility of the Department of Defense to waive any General Schedule qualification standard related to work experience, established by the Office of Personnel Management, for certain nurse or practical nurse applicants for a position in Department of Defense medical treatment facilities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 5741).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 717—Improved implementation of financial relief for civilians treated in military medical treatment facilities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 722) that would require the Secretary of Defense to issue a final rule, or interim final rule, to implement section 1079(b) of title 10, United States Code, relating to financial relief for civilians who receive medical care in a military medical facility; and require the Secretary to hold in abeyance certain claims under this statute until the final rule, or interim final rule, is in effect.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 718—Retention of health care providers: surveys; briefing; reports

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1837) that would direct each of the Secretaries of the military departments to conduct a survey of military health care providers to determine the reasons why military providers remain in service or separate.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Subtitle C—Matters Relating to Brain Health

Sec. 721—Establishment of Defense Intrepid Network for Traumatic Brain Injury and Brain Health as program of record

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 712) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish the Defense Intrepid Network for Traumatic Brain Injury and Brain Health as a program of record—subject to milestone reviews and compliance with the requirements established by the provision.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 722—Brain health and trauma program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 743) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study on the feasibility of recognizing transitional and residential brain injury treatment programs, approved by non-governmental accreditation bodies, to provide services to members of covered Armed Forces who sustained a brain injury in the course of performing active duty.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 713) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct an intensive comprehensive brain health and trauma demonstration program to provide coordinated, integrated, multi-specialist evaluations, treatment initiation, and aftercare coordination in a highly condensed model for members of the Armed Forces and their families.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require one or more pilot programs for demonstrating the effectiveness of intensive outpatient multidisciplinary specialist treatment and care coordination; mandate the inclusion of Defense Health Agency initiatives related to treatment of traumatic brain injuries; remove the requirement that the study last for four years; and remove the requirement for the Secretary to seek to enter into an agreement with private non-sector organizations.

Secs. 723–725—Matters relating to brain health

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 728 and sec. 731) that would make certain improvements to the Warfighter Brain Health Initiative.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained similar provisions (sec. 711, sec. 1081, and sec. 1093).

The agreement includes the House provisions with an amendment that would remove a requirement in House section 728 for a Comptroller General report; include the substantive requirements of Senate section 711 with technical and conforming changes; include the substantive requirements of Senate section 1093 but without such section's reporting requirements; and incorporate certain requirements related to roles and responsibilities to mitigate,

identify, and treat traumatic brain injury from Senate section 1081.

Subtitle D—Studies, Briefings, Reports, and Other Matters

Sec. 731—Treatment of expert medical opinions with respect to medical malpractice claims by members of the uniformed services

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 742) that would amend section 2733a of title 10, United States Code, to require that a medical expert be board-certified in the medical specialty related to the claim for which the individual is providing an expert medical opinion.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense, when using an expert medical opinion to evaluate a medical malpractice claim by members of the uniformed services, to use individuals who are board-certified in the medical specialty associated with the claim or an individual who is highly qualified for claims involving medical, dental, or related health care functions for which board certifications do not apply.

Sec. 732—Annual reports on medical malpractice claims by members of the Uniformed Services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1731) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to submit to Congress a report on the rates at which Department of Defense awards settlements in medical malpractice claims by members of the uniformed services under part 45 of title 32, Code of Federal Regulations, including (1) a comparison of such rates to the rates at which settlements are awarded in similar civilian medical malpractice claims; and (2) recommendations for improvements to the system for medical malpractice claims by members of the uniformed services.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would amend section 2733a of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of Defense to submit an annual report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on medical malpractice claims by members of the Uniformed Services.

Sec. 733—Expansion of license reciprocity for veterinarians of Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 351) that would amend section 1060c of title 10, United States Code, to authorize Department of Defense (DOD) veterinarians to provide veterinary services in any state, the District of Columbia, or a territory or possession of the United States, if the provision of such services is within the scope of the veterinarian's authorized DOD duties.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 743).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 734—Medical countermeasures for overseas personnel of the Department of Defense for acute radiation syndrome and thermal burns

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 723) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish requirements for the procurement and pre-positioning of treatments for acute radiation syndrome and thermal burns incurred by servicemembers assigned to duty locations outside of the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 724).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 735—Establishment of Indo-Pacific medical readiness program

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 734 and 1304) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness to conduct a study to determine the requirements for combat medical support during a crisis or conflict in the Indo-Pacific.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 721) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a medical readiness program with countries in the Indo-Pacific region for access to foreign medical facilities during peacetime and war-time operations.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would expand the objectives of the program.

Sec. 736—Reports on suicide among members of the Armed Forces and suicide prevention programs and activities of the Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 747) that would amend section 741 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92), as amended by section 742 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283), by extending the requirement for the Secretary of Defense to provide annual reports on suicide through January 31, 2031.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

We note that the Department has declined to report suicide information under the existing requirements of section 741 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92) when incomplete data exists. In these instances, we urge the Department to include as much information as possible in the report rather than rejecting all data for such years due to incompleteness. We also urge the Department to include raw data in addition to information about rates of suicide as a way to provide some insight on military suicide, even if the full data for a given year is incomplete.

Sec. 737—Study of immune response and other effects on members of the Armed Forces regarding COVID-19 vaccines

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 742) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study to blood test members of the Armed Forces relating to COVID-19 vaccines.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would remove the study mandate and instead require the Secretary of Defense to conduct assessments of existing scientific data related to COVID-19 vaccines; and authorize a study related to such assessments using research volunteers.

Sec. 738—Annual report on recruitment delays relating to medical conditions

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 726) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a plan to address recruitment processing delays associated with the electronic health record system of the Department of Defense; and to implement the recommendations of the Office of Inspector General of the Department of Defense in its report entitled, “Review of the Military Services’ Policies and Procedures on the Medical Waiver Process for Recruiting” (DODIG 2023-072).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would strike the portions of the provision related to developing a plan to address recruitment delays and implementing the Inspector General recommendations; and limit the annual reporting requirement to three years, beginning not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

Sec. 739—Plan to improve access by members of the Armed Forces to safe, high-quality pharmaceuticals

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 744) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a plan to ensure access by members of the Armed Forces to safe, high-quality pharmaceutical products and eliminate or mitigate risks in the pharmacy supply chain of the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary to develop a plan to improve access to safe, high-quality pharmaceuticals in coordination with the Military Pharmaceutical and Medical Device Vulnerability Working Group.

Sec. 740—Pilot program on delegation of authority to approve reserve component recruits with certain medical conditions

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 745) that would require the Secretary of Defense to implement a pilot program that authorizes and directs the Secretaries of the military departments to delegate authority to the United States Military Entrance Processing Command to approve a service medical waiver for a set list of otherwise disqualifying conditions.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would limit the number of medical conditions included in the pilot program to three conditions that are regularly or automatically given waivers under existing policy; and limit the scope to military recruits for the Reserve Component.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Assisted reproductive technology for certain members of the Armed Forces and their dependents under TRICARE

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 701) that would provide assisted reproductive technology services to servicemembers and their dependents.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 705) that would amend chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, to require that fertility treatments be covered under TRICARE Prime or TRICARE Select without regard to the sex, sex characteristics, gender identity, sexual orientation, diagnosis, or marital status of a servicemember or dependent.

The agreement does not include either provision.

TRICARE dental plan for the Selected Reserve

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 702) that would amend section 1076a of title 10, United States Code, to provide free dental care to members of the Selected Reserve and their family members.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognized the importance of this issue in section 707 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263) which authorized the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study on the feasibility of expanding eligibility for TRICARE Reserve Select and the TRICARE Dental Program to all members of the Selected Reserve, their dependents, and non-dependent children under the age of 26—including potential cost effects to the Department of Defense, changes in out-of-pocket costs to beneficiaries, and effects on other Federal programs.

We are pleased that the Department contracted with a federally funded research and development center to develop the study's methodology and approach and eagerly await the findings and recommendations which are due in December 2024.

Expansion of Wounded Warrior Service Dog Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 705) that would clarify the Wounded Warrior Service Dog Program grant process.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We understand that there were concerns with the previous contracting model for the Wounded Warrior Service Dog Program. The original intent of the program stands and should provide support through competitive grants to eligible organizations that train and furnish service dogs. We encourage the Uniform Services Univer-

sity of Health Sciences to continue supporting the program with such intent.

Reimbursements under the TRICARE program to cancer and children's hospitals for outpatient care of beneficiaries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 706) that would require the Secretary of Defense to consider the adequacy of the TRICARE network and availability of specialized health care services when evaluating an application for a general temporary military contingency payment adjustment.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than July 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on applications, payments, and adjustments to reimbursement amounts. The briefing should include the following elements:

- (1) A list of payment mechanisms available to the Secretary to make a reimbursement;
- (2) A list of the authorities for such payment mechanisms;
- (3) A list of the payment adjustments that the Secretary may make to a reimbursement amount;
- (4) The factors the Secretary considers when determining whether to make a payment adjustment;
- (5) Whether the Secretary measures the effects of a change to a reimbursement or payment adjustment when determining whether to continue the adjustment;
- (6) Any identified differences in diagnoses or complexity of care for pediatric TRICARE outpatients at children's hospitals and at other hospitals;
- (7) The extent to which differences in such payments reflect differences in the complexity of care for patients; and
- (8) Recently identified trends in the use of children's hospital services by pediatric TRICARE patients.

Notices to a dependent child regarding impending loss of coverage under TRICARE program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 707) that would require the Department of Defense to notify a beneficiary and their military sponsor within one year of their twenty-first birthday about options for TRICARE coverage; and authorize the spouse of a military member to complete identification card renewals for such beneficiaries.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Pilot program to treat pregnancy as a qualifying event for enrollment in TRICARE Select

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 708) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to establish a 5-year pilot program that would designate pregnancy as a qualifying life event under the TRICARE program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Senate report accompanying S. 4638 (S. Rept. 118–188) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 requires the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than February 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the feasibility and advisability of the proposed policy change in the House provision.

TRICARE coverage for increased supply for contraception

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 712) that would require TRICARE coverage for a year's supply of contraceptives for any eligible covered beneficiary.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We understand that the Department of Defense currently has authority to dispense up to a year's supply of contraceptives and that studies have found this to achieve substantial cost savings. We encourage the Defense Health Agency to improve access to contraception by reducing barriers to providing adequate contraceptive supplies.

Prohibition on coverage of certain gender transition procedures and related services under TRICARE program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 713) that would amend chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, by adding a new section that would prohibit the Department of Defense from providing gender transition surgeries and hormone treatments for individuals who identify as transgender.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition on payment and reimbursement by Department of Defense of expenses relating to abortion services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 714) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from paying for or reimbursing any fees or expenses, including travel expenses, related to a health care professional gaining a license in a state when the purpose of gaining such license is to provide abortion services.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Mandatory training on health effects of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 722) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide training to each health care provider of the Department of Defense on the potential health effects of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Partnerships with civilian organizations for arthroscopic surgical training

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 724) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish partnerships with public, private, and non-profit entities to provide short-term arthroscopic surgery training to Department of Defense physicians.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We understand that the Department of Defense (DOD) currently meets training requirements for orthopedic surgeons within the current system. General Medical Education orthopedic surgery residencies and fellowships are the primary avenues for developing advanced arthroscopic skills for DOD surgeons. Surgeons requiring additional advanced arthroscopic skills actively participate in professional medical training courses as part of their ongoing medical education. As new training needs emerge, the military services will assess, develop, and deliver advanced orthopedic training programs.

Women's heart health educational material: development; distribution

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 725) that would require the Department of Defense to develop and disseminate evidence-based educational materials on women's heart health to both providers and patients in the military health system.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We encourage the Secretary of Defense to ensure that the Department adequately educates patients in the military health system about women's heart health.

Protocol on use of oral rehydration solution

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 726) that would direct the Department of Defense to develop protocols for the use of oral rehydration solution (ORS) in preventing heat casualties, dehydration, and hyponatremia in initial training.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that, pursuant to a requirement in the House report accompanying H.R. 2670 (H. Rept. 118–125) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024, the Secretary of Defense provided a briefing, in January 2024, to the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives regarding heat-related injuries to servicemembers during initial entry training. In the briefing, the Secretary comprehensively addressed the Department's use of ORS—noting that ORS remains an important medical therapy to treat medical conditions resulting in dehydration but that ORS is

poorly suited as a maintenance solution to correct hypohydration caused by sweat losses during heat exertion. Further, the Secretary noted that existing medical literature does not support the use of ORS to reduce the incidence or severity of heat injury—as ORS is specifically formulated to replace electrolytes lost from disease processes whereas heat injury is not caused by loss of electrolytes.

Study on lifting outpatient rehabilitation therapy maximums

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 727) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study on the feasibility of increasing outpatient rehabilitation therapy maximums and examine a range of therapy services, including restorative therapies, for certain members of the Armed Forces.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Improvements to TRICARE provider directories

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 729A) that would require a managed care support contractor that supports TRICARE and maintains a directory of health care providers to verify and update such directory not less than every 90 days; and require the Director of the Defense Health Agency to review these directories not less than once each year.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We understand that the new T-5 health care contracts that will commence health care delivery on or about January 1, 2025, will impose more stringent requirements for provider directories—including a requirement to refresh network provider directories with any updated information at least once every 24 hours.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than July 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the implementation of these new, more stringent contractual requirements and on actions taken by the Department in response to the Government Accountability Office report titled “Defense Health Care: DOD Should Improve Accuracy of Behavioral Health Provider Information in TRICARE Directories” (GAO-24-106588), published on July 08, 2024.

Combating obesity in certain Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 729B) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop a strategy to align the obesity-related programs of the Department of Defense with the classification of obesity as a medically accepted disease and conduct an educational campaign to promote awareness, diagnosis, and treatment of obesity as a disease in the covered Armed Forces.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the House report accompanying H.R. 8070 (H. Rept. 118-529) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and

National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 202 requires the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than March 1, 2025, to the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives on current efforts in the Department of Defense related to obesity.

Podiatrists in the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 729C) that would amend section 532(b) of title 10, United States Code, by inserting “podiatry” after “osteopathy”; and direct the Secretary of Defense to ensure that podiatrists are assigned to the medical corps of each military department.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on medical instrument sterilization

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 729D) that would require the Inspector General of the Defense Health Agency to provide a report on the adequacy of sterilization of medical instruments at medical facilities of the Defense Health Agency.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a report, not later than December 31, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the adequacy of sterilization of medical instruments at medical facilities of the Defense Health Agency. The briefing should include the following elements:

(1) A description of the processes or checks used to ensure medical instruments are sterilized prior to use on patients at medical facilities of the Defense Health Agency;

(2) A description of the policies and processes used to identify and mitigate the use of insufficiently sterilized medical instruments at such medical facilities and the processes and timelines for informing patients of any such near-miss;

(3) An identification of the aggregate number of adverse events or near-misses as a result of insufficiently sterilized medical instruments at such medical facilities during the period beginning on January 1, 2022 and ending on December 31, 2024;

(4) A determination of primary factors that result in insufficiently sterilized medical instruments at such medical facilities;

(5) A description of the extent to which unsterilized medical instruments have impacted the operation of such medical facilities;

(6) An assessment of whether such medical facilities have sufficient:

(a) medical instruments;

(b) medical devices to timely clean and sterilize medical instruments; and

(c) staff to sterilize medical instruments;

(7) An assessment of whether staff at such medical facilities are adequately trained to sterilize medical instruments;

(8) A identification of the number of surgeries at such medical facilities that were delayed or rescheduled as a result of unsterilized medical instruments or unavailability of trained staff to sterilize medical instruments in advance of surgery;

(9) Recommendations to improve the sterilization of medical instruments at such medical facilities, including an identification and evaluation of existing options, such as mobile sterilization units and coordinating with community medical centers to expand surgical capacity; and

(10) Any other relevant matters that the Secretary deems necessary or appropriate.

Study on testosterone levels of members of Army special operations forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 732) that would direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness to conduct a 5-year study on the impact of trainings and deployments on testosterone levels of certain covered members of the Armed Forces and the potential repercussions to the long-term health for such members and the readiness of the Armed Forces.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than May 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on medical interventions available in the military health system for the treatment of low testosterone—including the Department's current protocols for testing and screening of low testosterone among members of the Armed Forces—and whether and to what extent high-stress operating environments are linked to low testosterone among servicemembers.

Report on use of Agent Orange on Guam

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 733) that would direct the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs to provide a report that details when and where Agent Orange was used on the island of Guam and known diseases or disabilities that can result from exposure to Agent Orange.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than December 31, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the use of Agent Orange in Guam.

The briefing should include the following elements:

- (1) The exact dates on which Agent Orange was used on Guam;
- (2) An identification of any known or suspected sites in Guam that were used to dump Agent Orange;
- (3) An identification of any specific area where Agent Orange was used in Guam; and
- (4) Any other relevant matters that the Secretary deems necessary or appropriate.

Report on access of TRICARE beneficiaries to network retail pharmacies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 735) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on beneficiary access to TRICARE network pharmacies under the TPharm5 contract and changes in beneficiary access compared to the TPharm4 contract.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Senate report accompanying S. 2226 (S. Rept. 118–58) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 directed the Comptroller General of the United States to review the TRICARE Pharmacy Benefits Program—including changes in its most recently awarded nationwide pharmacy contract—with respect to its effect on TRICARE beneficiaries’ access to medications that they need in a timely manner as prescribed by their physicians. We expect to receive this report in the near future.

Report on copayments for mental or behavioral health care under TRICARE

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 736) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on TRICARE cost sharing for outpatient visits for mental health or behavioral health care.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than April 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the implementation of cost-sharing waivers for mental health outpatient visits under section 701 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

Pilot program to test standalone technology to improve efficiencies in supply-chain management, medical readiness, and medical processes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 737) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program to test and evaluate existing standalone technology to improve supply-chain management, medical readiness, and medical processes.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Pilot program on pre-programming of suicide prevention resources into smart devices issued to members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 738) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program on pre-programming of suicide prevention resources onto servicemembers’ smart devices.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on rate of maternal mortality among members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 739) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on the rate of maternal mortality among members of the Armed Forces and the dependents of such members.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that, in August 2022, the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives received a report from the Department of Defense in response to the Senate report accompanying S. 2792 (S. Rept. 11739) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 that demonstrated consistent high quality of perinatal health care services in the direct care component of the military health system. According to the report, the pregnancy-related mortality ratio in such component was 2.91 deaths per 100,000 live births as compared to 23.80 deaths per 100,000 live births in civilian hospitals. Furthermore, we note that the military health system collaborates with external organizations, such as the Leapfrog Group, to adopt leading practices to decrease maternal mortality further. We commend the providers in the military health system for their efforts to prevent pregnancy-related mortality and encourage them to continue promoting innovative practices to assess and treat maternal mental health conditions.

Annual review and update of online information relating to suicide prevention

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 740) that would require the Secretaries of the military departments to review and certify suicide prevention policies each year as well as update online contact information.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the conference report accompanying H.R. 2670 (H. Rept. 118–301) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 directed the Secretary of Defense to review publicized information on suicide prevention and behavioral health and to provide a briefing, not later than June 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the results of such review.

Report on emergency and trauma care for civilians at military treatment facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 741) that would require the Director of the Defense Health Agency to provide a report on emergency and trauma care for civilians at military treatment facilities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than June 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the efforts of the Director of the Defense Health Agency to address the issues identified in the Government Accountability Office report published on July 7, 2022, titled “Defense Health Care: Actions Needed to Improve Billing and Collection of Debt for Civilian Emergency Care” (GAO–22–104770), including such issues related to inconsistent use of financial relief for civilian emergency patients and the lack of guidance to ensure accurate accounting of billing and collections efforts.

Study and report on mental health care for pilots and aviators

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 744) that would direct the Secretary of Defense and Secretary of Health and Human Services to conduct a study on the barriers to mental health care for military pilots, aviators, and military air traffic controllers.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Study on tools to diagnose traumatic brain injury in members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 745) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study of commercial diagnostic tools that screen for traumatic brain injury for potential use by forward-deployed units and in combat zones.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that traumatic brain injury diagnosis and treatment is addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Study on use of routine neuroimaging modalities in diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of brain injury due to blast pressure exposure during combat and training

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 746) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study on the feasibility and effectiveness of routine neuroimaging modalities for the diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of brain injury among members of the Armed Forces due to one or more blast pressure exposures during combat and training.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that, pursuant to a Secretary of Defense memorandum dated August 8, 2024, titled “Department of Defense Requirements for Managing Brain Health Risks from Blast Overpressure,” the Department of Defense is already taking steps to mitigate blast exposure during combat and training.

Clarification of responsibilities regarding the integrated disability evaluation system

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 747) that would amend section 1073c of title 10, United States Code, to enhance the operational and administrative control of servicemembers who are being considered by a medical evaluation board or are otherwise subject to the integrated disability evaluation system.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Study on accessibility of mental health care providers and services for active duty members of the Armed Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 748) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study to determine whether and to what extent Active Duty servicemembers have adequate access to mental health care providers and services.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than August 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on whether and to what extent members of the Armed Forces serving on active duty have adequate access to mental health care providers and services.

Requirement to maintain prescription drop boxes at military installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 749) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that each military installation under the jurisdiction of the Secretary has one or more prescription drop boxes to facilitate the safe disposal of unused prescription drugs—including opioids.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense has an existing program that includes drug take-back drop boxes and mail-back envelopes at all military treatment facilities. This program meets the regulatory requirements of the Drug Enforcement Agency and provides an environmentally safe method for disposal of unused and expired medications—including opioids.

Withholding of funds for failure to submit reports on health conditions of members of the Armed Forces on active duty developed after administration of COVID-19 vaccine

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 750) that would amend section 725(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) to reduce funds appropriated for the Office of the Secretary of Defense in the event that the Secretary fails to provide the report, prior to the applicable deadline, on health conditions of Active-Duty servicemembers developed after receiving the first dose of a COVID-19 vaccine—as required by that provision.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the required study is ongoing and that the initial report is expected to be submitted in a timely manner.

Health care strategy for members who perform duty in a cold weather location

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 751) that would direct the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs to convene a working group of subject matter experts from the extramural community and military health system to develop a strategy and medical research and development requirements to deliver pre-hospital, life-saving interventions for servicemembers who perform duty in cold weather locations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Study on increased telehealth services of the Defense Health Agency

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 752) that would require the Director of the Defense Health Agency to provide a report on a study to increase TRICARE beneficiaries' access to telehealth services.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that, elsewhere in this bill, we authorize the Secretary of Defense to prescribe regulations to allow mental health providers who provide care under the TRICARE program to provide telemental health care services to members of the Armed Forces and their dependents without regard to the location of the provider or the patient.

Annual report on implementation of naloxone distribution

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 753) that would amend section 706 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) to require the Secretary of Defense to provide an annual report on the implementation and effectiveness of naloxone distribution to members of the Armed Forces.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that section 706 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) requires the the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than January 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the implementation of regulations regarding naloxone and fentanyl on military installations.

Funding for Defense Health programs for education and training

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 754) that would authorize an increase in appropriations, by \$25 million, for Defense

Health Program education and training—offset by a corresponding reduction in Base Operations/Communications funding.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Referral of a member of the Armed Forces to a TRICARE provider for urgent behavioral health services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1834) that would require the Secretary of Defense to refer certain beneficiaries to a TRICARE provider in the event that the Secretary cannot provide urgent behavioral health services in a military treatment facility during the three-day period after the services are requested.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Pilot program for hiring health care professionals

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1836) that would establish a pilot program at three military treatment facilities to hire health care professionals under the provisions of title 38, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that Department of Defense authority to exercise authorities available to the Department of Veterans Affairs under chapter 74 of title 38, United States Code, for purposes of the recruitment, employment, and retention of civilian health care professionals, is extended elsewhere in this Act.

Expansion of eligibility for hearing aids to include children of retired members of the uniformed services enrolled in family coverage under TRICARE Select

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 704) that would amend section 1077 of title 10, United States Code, to expand eligibility for hearing aids to include children of retirees enrolled in family coverage under TRICARE Select.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Assessment on options for inclusion of assisted reproductive technology as services covered under the TRICARE program for members of the Armed Forces and dependents

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 707) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct an assessment of options for establishing within the military healthcare system a benefit program for in vitro fertilization and associated services for Active-Duty members of the Armed Forces and their dependents.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Restriction on performance of sex change surgeries

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 708) that would amend chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, to prohibit the use of funds available to the Department of Defense and any Department of Defense facility to perform or facilitate sex change surgeries.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Establishment of public user satisfaction targets related to electronic health record of Defense Health Agency

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 725) that would require the Director of the Defense Health Agency to establish: (1) Public user satisfaction targets for the electronic health records of the Defense Health Agency (DHA), and (2) Continuous customer feedback mechanisms to better understand issues relating to electronic health records of DHA.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Pregnancy prevention assistance at military medical treatment facilities for sexual assault survivors

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 732) that would amend chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of Defense to promptly furnish to sexual assault victims at each military medical treatment facility information about emergency contraceptives approved by the Food and Drug Administration as well as additional information about contraception and the rights of sexual assault survivor confidentiality.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than April 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the resources, information, and counseling support provided to sexual assault victims at military medical treatment facilities.

Education on family planning for members of the Armed Forces

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 733) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a uniform standard curriculum for education programs on family planning for all members of the Armed Forces.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Inclusion of comprehensive contraceptive counseling in health assessment forms

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 734) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, to revise the periodic health assessment and pre-deployment health assessment forms of the Department of Defense to include an opt-in for members of the Armed Forces to receive comprehensive contraceptive counseling.

The House bill contained no similar provision.
The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Infectious disease wastewater surveillance system of Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 746) that would require the development and implementation of an infectious disease wastewater surveillance system of the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.
The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Report on plan for testing for helicobacter pylori for certain members of the Armed Forces

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 748) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on a plan, cost estimate, and feasibility study for testing for helicobacter pylori among certain members of the Armed Forces.

The House bill contained no similar provision.
The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Report on biologic vascular repair

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5742) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on the status of developing and integrating innovative biological vascular repair solutions as standard protocol in military trauma care.

The House bill contained no similar provision.
The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that the House report accompanying H.R. 8070 (H. Rept. 118–529) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 directed the Secretary of Defense to submit a briefing, not later than January 31, 2025, to the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives on the status of integrating biologic vascular repair solutions as standard protocol in military trauma care—including field-testing and assessment of long-term benefits. We direct the Secretary to provide this briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

Study on effectiveness of hearing loss prevention programs

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5743) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study on the effectiveness of hearing loss prevention programs of the Department of Defense in reducing hearing loss and tinnitus prevalence among members of the Armed Forces and veterans.

The House bill contained no similar provision.
The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Review on use of monoclonal antibodies for the prevention, treatment, or mitigation of symptoms related to mild cognitive impairment or Alzheimer's disease

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5744) that would require the Secretary of Defense to review the policy manual for the TRICARE program relating to the exclusion of the use of monoclonal antibodies for the prevention, treatment, or mitigation of symptoms related to mild cognitive impairment or Alzheimer's disease.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to conduct a review, not later than July 1, 2025, to determine whether reliable evidence establishes that monoclonal antibodies are proven safe and effective for the prevention, treatment, or mitigation of symptoms related to mild cognitive impairment or Alzheimer's disease. Further, we direct the Secretary to submit a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives that:

(1) Outlines the review process of the Department for including or excluding the use of monoclonal antibodies;

(2) Assesses whether the policy of the Department aligns with current science;

(3) Indicates whether the Military Health System has or is currently restricting access of beneficiaries under the TRICARE program to therapies for the treatment of Alzheimer's disease that are approved by the Food and Drug Administration; and

(4) indicates whether there are any disparities in treatment for Alzheimer's disease under the TRICARE program in different care delivery settings.

TITLE VIII—ACQUISITION POLICY, ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT, AND RELATED MATTERS

Subtitle A—Acquisition Policy and Management

Sec. 801—Modifications to guidelines and collection method for acquisition of cost data

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 875) that would amend section 3227 of title 10, United States Code, to change the threshold on the requirement to collect cost data from acquisition programs greater than \$100.0 million to acquisition programs that exceed the major systems threshold defined in section 3041 of title 10, United States Code.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 802—Limitation on certain options for cost contracts

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 821) that would amend section 3322 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize only one low-rate initial production lot using fixed price-type options on cost-type contracts.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 803—Treatment of unilateral definitization of a contract as a final decision

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 822) that would amend section 3372(b) of title 10, United States Code, to treat the unilateral definitization of a contract by the Department of Defense as the final decision for the purposes of any future appeal by a contractor at the Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals or the U.S. Court of Federal Claims.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 804—Middle tier of acquisition for rapid prototyping and rapid fielding

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 805) that would amend chapter 253 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to establish guidance for a middle tier of acquisition authority for rapid prototyping and rapid fielding and create an expedited process within the rapid prototyping pathway as long as operational capability is fielded within a 5-year period.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 805—Revision and codification of software acquisition pathways

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 833) that would require procurement programs for unmanned aircraft systems to use separate, parallel acquisition pathways for hardware and software, to the maximum extent possible.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 808).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would allow the Department of Defense to use the software acquisition pathway for nondevelopmental hardware which software is embedded in.

Sec. 806—Streamlining of Milestone A requirements

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 802) that would amend section 4251 of title 10, United States Code, to streamline the Milestone A approval process for a Major Defense Acquisition Program to enter the technology maturation and risk reduction phase.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 807—Streamlining of Milestone B requirements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 801) that would modify section 4252 of title 10, United States Code, to streamline the Milestone B approval process for major defense acquisition programs by

focusing decisions on risks in each program and reducing redundant and unnecessary documentation burdens on program managers.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 803).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 808—Notice of contract cancellation or termination relating to remote or isolated installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 803) that would require the Department of Defense to notify Congress when cancelling or terminating a contract, if it involves a reduction in employment of 100 contractor employees or 50 remote and isolated installation contractor employees.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 809—Cost growth reports for major acquisition programs that are highly sensitive classified programs

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 804) that would amend section 4201 of title 10, United States Code, to remove the exemption of special access programs from the definition of a major defense acquisition program and from the Nunn-McCurdy determination and analysis process.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would, for sensitive classified programs that would otherwise qualify as a major defense acquisition program under section 4201 of title 10, United States Code, and which have started system development and demonstration, require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in consultation with the Secretaries of the military departments, to establish guidance requiring that the service acquisition executive submit to the congressional defense committees a cost growth report for such a program when the estimated unit cost for such program has increased by a percentage equal to or greater than the threshold limits found under section 4371 of title 10, United States Code. In addition, the agreement would require that, for programs that exceed the critical cost growth threshold in section 4371 of title 10, United States Code, the service acquisition executive follow procedures under sections 4376 and 4377 of title 10, United States Code.

Subtitle B—Amendments to General Contracting Authorities, Procedures, and Limitations

Sec. 811—Repeal of and modification to certain defense acquisition laws

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 880) that would make technical amendments to sections 3221, 3225, 3671, 4141, 4204, 4211, 4505, and 4816 of title 10, United States Code, by repealing outdated sections of code and make tech-

nical amendments to certain sections of multiple National Defense Authorization Acts.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would keep the repeal of outdated sections of code in this section and move the technical amendments of code to another section of this agreement.

Sec. 812—Modification to limitation on acquisition of excess supplies

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 878) that would amend section 3070 of title 10, United States Code, to change the limitation on the obligation against a stock fund that would likely result in on-hand inventory of supplies from 2 years of operating stocks to 5 years for supplies related to ship maintenance, repair, and overhaul.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 813—Modifications to Comptroller General assessment of acquisition programs

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 874) that would amend section 3072 of title 10, United States Code, to modify the Comptroller General of the United States annual assessment of Department of Defense acquisition programs, which is provided to the congressional defense committees, to expand the purview of programs and initiatives reviewed by the Comptroller General.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 814—Modifications to commercial product and commercial service determinations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 811) that would clarify that a contracting officer may presume that a prior commercial product determination shall serve as a determination for subsequent procurements of components or parts associated with such commercial products and services procured in support of such commercial product for components or parts thereof.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would extend a determination of commerciality to items procured under subcontracts, provided that the Department of Defense contracting officer approves the determination, and extend a determination of commerciality to products that may have changed a part number, but provide substantially the same functionality.

Sec. 815—Application of recent price history to cost or pricing data requirements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 812) that would require Department of Defense contracting officers to rely upon historical data of recent prices paid in determining whether the costs

of a subcontract, a purchase order or a modification to a subcontract or purchase order are fair and reasonable under certain circumstances.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 816—Modifications to authority to carry out certain prototype projects using other transaction authority

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 801) that would amend section 4022 of title 10, United States Code, to designate the head of contracting activity as the approval authority for the use of other transaction authority (OTA) between \$100.0 million and \$500.0 million, and the service acquisition executive as the approval authority for OTAs in excess of \$500.0 million and extend the OTA pilot program for installation or facility prototyping to 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would strike the extension of the OTA pilot program for installation or facility prototyping as this extension is dealt with in another section of this bill.

Sec. 817—Clarification of other transaction authority for follow on production

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 814) that would clarify that follow on production awards may be provided for in a transaction entered into under section 4022 of title 10, United States Code, for a prototype project.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 818—Clarification of other transaction authority for facility repair

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 815) that would modify limitations for usage of Other Transaction Authority to clarify that facility repair is not subject to the same limitation as military construction.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would extend the expiration date of the authority.

Sec. 819—Open interface standards for contracts of the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 879) that would require the Secretary of Defense to make publicly available the open interface standards for contracts awarded by the Secretary, unless the service acquisition executive with respect to a specific contract submits to the Secretary a request to not disclose such standards.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 820—Updates to earned value management system requirements

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 823) that would amend section 827 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) to require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to update the appropriate policies for earned value management (EVM) to increase contract value thresholds associated with requiring EVM on cost or incentive contracts from \$20.0 million to \$50.0 million, and increase the contract value threshold for a contractor to use an EVM system from \$50.0 million to \$100.0 million.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 821—Inclusion of Japan and the Republic of Korea in contested logistics demonstration and prototyping program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 877) that would amend section 842(h)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) by adding Japan and the Republic of Korea to the contested logistics demonstration and prototyping program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 822—Avoidance of use of lowest price technically acceptable source selection criteria for procurement of munitions response services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 817) that would amend section 880(c)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act of 2019 (Public Law 115232) to include “munitions response services” for avoidance of lowest price technically acceptable source selection.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 823—Use of fixed-price type contracts for certain shipbuilding programs

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 826) that would amend section 818 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364) to limit the number of ships that can be procured under fixed-price type options to no more than two if the contract includes detail design and construction for the lead ship.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 824—Extension of temporary authority to modify certain contracts and options based on the effects of inflation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 818) that would extend the temporary authority for modifying contracts for inflation until December 31, 2025.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Subtitle C—Provisions Relating to Workforce Development

Sec. 831—Modification to the term of appointment of the President of the Defense Acquisition University

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 917) that would amend section 1746(e) of title 10, United States Code, to remove the term limit for the President of the Defense Acquisition University.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would create a 3 year term for the President of the Defense Acquisition University serving on January 1, 2025.

Sec. 832—Updated acquisition and sustainment training

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 831) that would require the Defense Acquisition University training curriculum for program executive officers, program managers, general officers, and flag officers to be periodically updated to include innovative best practices of the private sector and recently provided acquisition authorities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to develop field teams to train acquisition and sustainment personnel on rapid acquisition procedures in the course of executing defense acquisition programs.

Sec. 833—Extension of demonstration project relating to certain acquisition personnel management policies and procedures

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6101) that would amend section 1762(g) of title 10, United States Code, to extend the demonstration project on acquisition personnel management to 2031.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

We direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to enter into a contract with a federally funded research and development center to conduct an assessment of the Acquisition Demonstration program and to provide a report, not later than March 1, 2026, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the results of that assessment. The assessment should include the following:

(1) A description of the workforce included in the project, including demographics, geographic distribution and job categorizations;

(2) An explanation of the flexibilities used in the project to appoint individuals to the acquisition workforce and whether those appointments are based on competitive procedures and recognize veteran's preferences;

(3) An explanation of the flexibilities used in the project to develop a performance appraisal system that recognizes performance and offers opportunities for improvement;

(4) The steps taken to ensure that such a system is fair and transparent for all employees in the project;

(5) How the project allows the organization to meet mission needs;

(6) An analysis of how the flexibilities described in subparagraphs (2) and (3) above are used, and what barriers have been encountered that inhibit their use;

(7) Whether there is a process for:

(a) ensuring ongoing performance feedback and dialogue among supervisors, managers, and employees throughout the performance appraisal period; and

(b) setting timetables for performance appraisals;

(8) The project's impact on career progression;

(9) The project's appropriateness or inappropriateness in light of the complexities of the workforce affected;

(10) The adequacy of the training, policy guidelines, and other preparations afforded in connection with using the project;

(11) Whether there is a process for ensuring employee involvement in the development and improvement of the project;

(12) Cost of conversion of employees out of the personnel system, including detailing the difference in employee pay, into a civilian personnel system pursuant to section 1762(h) of title 10, United States Code;

(13) Recommendations for improvements to address any findings within the assessment; and,

(14) The consistency of organizational business rules for the implementation of the demonstration project across the Department of Defense.

Sec. 834—Performance incentives related to commercial product and commercial service determinations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 832) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to establish and maintain performance incentives for contract officers and program managers for requesting support from Defense Contract Management Agency, Defense Contract Audit Agency, and other Department of Defense experts in making commercial product or commercial service determinations prior to contract solicitation.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would clarify that under the commercial item preference in section 3453 of title 10, United States Code, the Department of Defense shall establish performance incentives for appropriate personnel to adhere to the commercial item preference, where possible.

Sec. 835—Modification to extramural acquisition innovation and research activities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 872) that would amend section 4142 of title 10, United States Code, to eliminate the position of the director for extramural acquisition innovation and research activities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 836—Prohibition on the transfer of certain data on employees of the Department of Defense to third parties

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 811) that would amend section 4662 of title 10, United States Code, to tighten the restrictions on a defense contractor's ability to sell or transfer certain data on Department of Defense employees to third parties by narrowing the Secretary of Defense's authority to waive the general restriction. Under this amendment, the Secretary could waive the general prohibition only on a case-by-case basis as necessary in the interest of national defense, while ensuring such waiver poses minimal privacy risk to the employee.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would clarify that section 4662 of title 10, United States Code, does not apply when the transfer of such data would otherwise be authorized under another provision of law. We note that the public availability of the report required by this provision is already governed by the requirements of section 122a of title 10, United States Code.

Sec. 837—Modifications to contractor employee protections from reprisal for disclosure of certain information

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 873) that would amend section 4701 of title 10, United States Code, to enhance protections for whistleblowers by ensuring that they are fully informed of the final disposition of their reprisal allegation, and what actions, if any, have been ordered to make them whole.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 838—Detail authority for Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency to provide technology transition support

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 219) that would authorize the Director of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA) to provide qualified personnel to a military department to support transition of DARPA-developed technology to such military department, if requested by the Principal Technology Transition Advisor of that military department.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would limit such detail assignments to 1 year, with the option to extend for an additional 6 months.

Sec. 839—Employment transparency regarding individuals who perform work in, for, or are subject to the laws or control of the People's Republic of China

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 853) that would amend section 855 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81) to add a new disclosure requirement for reporting any software vulnerability to the U.S. affiliate at the same time.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 840—Designation of program executive office for acquisition of open-source intelligence tools for Army

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 809) that would identify responsibilities for a Program Executive Office (PEO) for acquisition of open-source intelligence tools for the U.S. Army, should the Secretary of the Army designate an existing PEO to be responsible for open-source intelligence tools.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Subtitle D—Provisions Relating to Supply Chains and Domestic Sourcing

Sec. 841—Enhancing requirements for information relating to supply chain risk

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 841) that would allow the Secretary of Defense to delegate supply chain risk management authority to defense agency directors, remove the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and Chief Information Officer joint recommendation requirement, the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security risk assessment requirement, and the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment concurrence requirement for supply chain risk management acquisition decisions.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 842—Domestic production of stainless steel flatware and dinnerware

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 821) that would add domestically produced stainless steel flatware to the requirement to buy certain articles from American sources.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 843).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 843—Clarification of exception to Berry Amendment requirements for procurement of vessels in foreign waters

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1025) that would amend section 4862 of title 10, United States

Code, to explicitly permit the acquisition of non-domestic items—not only by vessels in foreign waters, but also by other Department of Defense activities that are making purchases on behalf of vessels operating in foreign waters.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 844—Technical edits to sourcing requirements for strategic materials and sensitive materials

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 879) that would amend sections 4863 and 4872(c)(2) of title 10, United States Code, to clarify waiver authorities regarding the sourcing requirements for strategic and sensitive materials and better align these sections of code.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 845—Amendment to requirement to buy strategic materials critical to national security from American sources

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 842) that would amend the requirement to buy strategic materials critical to national security from American sources by inserting “qualifying” and defining a qualifying foreign government as the government of a country with which the United States has in effect a reciprocal defense procurement Memorandum of Understanding.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would clarify the term qualifying foreign government.

Sec. 846—Modification to miscellaneous limitations on the procurement of goods other than United States goods

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 843) that would set requirements for domestic medium-speed marine diesel engine procurement.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 847—Inclusion of recycled and reused minerals and metals in preference for sourcing of strategic and critical materials

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 845) that would direct the Department of Defense to source materials derived from recycled and reused minerals and metals within the National Technology and Industrial Base.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 844).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 848—Domestic nonavailability determinations list

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 841) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acqui-

sition and Sustainment to disclose publicly all domestic nonavailability determinations (DNADs) on an annual basis, and would establish a process for the periodic reevaluation of DNADs.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to develop and maintain a list of all DNADs, provide the list to Congress annually, and develop a plan for sharing the list with industry.

Sec. 849—Supply chain illumination incentives

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 847) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to develop and implement incentives to encourage contractors of the Department of Defense to implement and use policies, procedures, and tools that allow assessment and monitoring of supply chains for vulnerabilities, security, and non-compliance risks.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 850—Report and updated guidance on continued risk management for pharmaceutical supply chains of Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 844) that would amend section 3241 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Department of Defense to include temperature monitoring as a factor in its pharmaceutical supply chain.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 848) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to provide a report on existing information streams related to key starting materials for pharmaceuticals that the Department of Defense relies on—including any limitations on the ability of the Secretary of Defense to obtain, analyze or monitor such pharmaceutical supply chains.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment to include data on temperature monitoring across the pharmaceutical supply chain as an element of the required report.

Subtitle E—Prohibitions and Limitations on Procurement

Sec. 851—Prohibition on contracting with covered entities that contract with lobbyists for Chinese military companies

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 802 and sec. 881) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from contracting with companies that retain lobbying firms that also lobby for Chinese military companies as defined by the Department of Defense's 1260H list, and require the Comptroller General of the United States to submit a report containing the results of a study on the national security risks posed by consulting firms who simultaneously contract with the Federal Government and the Chinese government or its proxies or affiliates.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision which would prohibit the Department of Defense from contracting with companies that retain lobbying firms that also knowingly lobby for Chinese military companies as defined by the Department of Defense's 1260H list.

We direct the Comptroller General of the United States to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than one year after the enactment of this Act, on the national security risks posed by consulting firms who simultaneously contract with the Department of Defense and the Chinese government or its proxies or affiliates. This report shall:

(1) Assess the extent to which the Department of Defense collects information on contracts performed on behalf of the Chinese government or its proxies or affiliates by consulting firms that hold or have held contracts with the Department of Defense, and whether such information includes specific projects and deliverables of such contracts;

(2) Evaluate the extent to which the Department of Defense has assessed the risks posed by American consulting firms' work for the Chinese government and its proxies or affiliates, including an assessment of risk of deliberate or inadvertent sharing of confidential or proprietary information that may be used for Chinese economic or military advantage;

(3) Identify relevant contract clauses, procedures, and information used by the Department of Defense to identify, evaluate, and resolve organizational conflicts of interest when awarding consulting contracts;

(4) Identify challenges faced by the Department of Defense to identify, evaluate, and resolve organizational conflicts of interest, including determining whether the offeror or potential contractor also performs work for China; and

(5) Identify steps the Department of Defense takes to monitor contractor compliance with any contract clauses, terms or conditions intended to resolve identified conflicts of interest.

Sec. 852—Notification of changes to certain transportation contracts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 806) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from waiving safety and security requirements for truck drivers and motor carriers that transport munitions for the Department.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees prior to implementing any change in safety and security requirements for munitions transportation contracts.

Sec. 853—Prohibition on procurement of covered semiconductor products and services from companies providing covered semiconductor products and services to Huawei

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 807) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from entering into or renewing a contract for the procurement of any covered semiconductor products and services for the Department of Defense with any entity that provides covered semiconductor products and services to Huawei.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 854—Prohibition on contracts for online tutoring services

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 809C and sec. 1047) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from entering into a contract for online tutoring services which could result in personal data of citizens of the United States being transferred to the control of the People's Republic of China.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 886).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 855—Limitation on availability of funds for covered contractors engaged in an anti-Israel boycott

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 645) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from knowingly permitting the sale of goods from any entities that has engaged or engages in a boycott of Israel.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from knowingly permitting the sale of goods from any entities that has engaged or engages in a boycott of Israel and has a total volume of sales exceeding \$10 million.

Sec. 856—Procurement of cleaning products

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 804) that would require the Department of Defense to procure cleaning products, as identified by the Safer Choice program, to the maximum extent practicable.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 857—Plan for production of covered munitions for procurement by the Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 881) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program for the licensed production by commercial companies

of munitions, munitions test platforms, and mission systems for munitions.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 858—Procurement of covered hearing protection devices

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 854) that would allow the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the head of the Hearing Center of Excellence, to enter into one or more contracts to procure covered hearing protection devices for all members of the Armed Forces.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Subtitle F—Industrial Base Matters

Sec. 861—Codification and modification of pilot program to accelerate the procurement and fielding of innovative technologies

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 141) that would amend section 834 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81) to permit the issuance of not more than two solicitations for proposals with no restrictions on type of business.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 862—Program for distribution support and services for contractors

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 853) that would authorize a program that allows the Secretary of Defense to provide storage and distribution services for contractors of the Department of Defense for 15 years.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 876).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 863—Extension of the pilot program for streamlining awards for innovative technology projects

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 825) that would amend section 873 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 11492) to extend the pilot program for streamlining awards to small businesses and non-traditional defense contractors for innovative technology projects to 2029.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 864—Use of capability-based analysis of price of goods or services offered by nontraditional defense contractors

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 824) that would create a pilot program to allow Department of Defense contracting officers to consider a wider range of analyses in their price reasonableness determinations for products and services offered by small businesses and nontraditional defense contractors.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 865—Qualification of industrial capabilities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 842) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, to establish a pilot program to expedite the qualification of key technologies critical to weapons programs, such as energetics and solid rocket motors and direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to provide a briefing on the implementation of this pilot program and annual reports detailing the streamlined qualification process and programs that are utilizing this process.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments and the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, to establish a process to rapidly qualify industrial capabilities for combat deployment.

Sec. 866—Solid rocket motor industrial base

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 846) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, acting through the Director of the Joint Production Accelerator Cell and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy, to develop a roadmap for the desired state of the solid rocket motor industrial base to support existing and planned munitions programs.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, acting through the Director of the Joint Production Accelerator Cell and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy, to submit to the congressional defense committees a strategy for ensuring the United States defense industrial base can meet solid rocket motor (SRM) requirements for current and future Service programs of record. It would also require the Secretary of Defense to contract with a federally funded research and development center to conduct a review of the SRM industrial base.

Sec. 867—Promulgate guidance relating to certain Department of Defense contracts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 873) that would require the Secretary of Defense to issue guidance on the governance

and oversight of the contracts of the Department of Defense that support or enable sensitive activities not later than January 31, 2025.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Subtitle G—Small Business Matters

Sec. 871—Pilot program for the participation of military research and educational institutions in the STTR program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 862) that would amend the definition of research institution in section 9(e)(8) of the Small Business Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 863).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 872—Department of Defense pilot program for preliminary calculation estimates for certain programs

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 864) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program for calculating required budget expenditures for certain programs of the Department of Defense that only receive their funding allocations after a final appropriations bill is enacted.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 873—Boots to Business Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 869) that would establish the “Boots to Business Program” to provide entrepreneurship training to covered individuals.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 874—Establishment of pilot program for access to shared classified commercial infrastructure

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 865) that would require the Secretary of Defense to expand existing pilot programs to not fewer than six locations at which small business concerns, contractors of the Department of Defense, and institutions of higher education may access shared commercial classified infrastructure.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1547).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 875—Accessibility and clarity in covered notices for small business concerns

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 864) that would require the Department of Defense write contract solicitations in plain language.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 876—Small Business Bill of Rights

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 862) that would require the Secretary of Defense, through the Small Business Integration Working Group, to develop and adopt a Small Business Bill of Rights for the Department of Defense to ensure small business customer service issues and conflicts are resolved expeditiously.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Subtitle H—Other Matters

Sec. 881—Clarification of waiver authority for organizational and consultant conflicts of interest

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 871) that would amend the Federal Acquisition Regulation to clarify that a waiver granted for an organizational conflict of interest must include written justification and cannot be delegated below the level of the deputy agency head.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the provision.

Sec. 882—Reverse engineering or re-engineering for production of items

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 822) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments and the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, to carry out a pilot program to assess the feasibility and advisability of producing parts through reverse engineering or re-engineering.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 883—Procurement of Department of Defense batteries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 855) that would require the Department of Defense to procure lithium-ion batteries produced in the United States or in allied nations beginning in 2026.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 888).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Department of Defense to coordinate a Department-wide approach to establish a battery strategy to further leverage the advancements of domestic and allied commercial industry.

Sec. 884—Advisory panel on the requirements process of the Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 806) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish an advisory panel to provide recommendations on the effectiveness of the Department of Defense requirements process and develop options for reform.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 885—Proposal for payment of costs for certain Government Accountability Office bid protests

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 872) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a pilot program to determine the effectiveness of requiring a contractor to reimburse the Department of Defense for costs incurred in processing covered protests.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would increase the threshold for allowable Department of Defense

(DOD) protests from \$25 million to \$35 million and require the Government Accountability Office and DOD to develop enhanced plea standards for DOD contracts, a standard cost to the government of a protest based on contract size, and benchmark foregone profit rates of the awarded contractor.

Sec. 886—Briefings, certification, and limitation on availability of funds related to fuel services financial management contracts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 805) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from entering into a contract with a fuel service provider to oversee the financial management of the Department of Defense's fuel network.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 887—Implementation of Comptroller General recommendations relating to certain spare parts for F-35 aircraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 878) that would require the Secretary of Defense to take such actions as may be necessary to implement the recommendations of the Comptroller General of the United States contained in the report entitled, "F-35 Program: DOD Needs Better Accountability for Global Spare Parts and Reporting of Losses Worth Millions". The provision would require a report from the Secretary on the progress of the implementation no later than one year after enactment of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision, amended to require that the implementation report from the Secretary be submitted no later than December 31, 2025.

Sec. 888—Tracking awards made through other transaction authority

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 861) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to establish a pilot program that would enable the Department of Defense to track the number and funding amounts of awards to small businesses and non-traditional defense contractors through the use of other transaction authorities, including those carried out through consortia.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would clarify that the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall track the number and funding amounts of awards to small businesses and non-traditional defense contractors through the use of other transaction authorities going forwards, instead of a pilot program.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Updated guidance on planning for global demand

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 808) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to ensure that the program guidance for major defense acquisition programs are revised to integrate planning for global demand under foreign military sales, direct commercial sales, and other relevant transfer authorities to capture and plan for international demand.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that section 4211 of title 10, United States Code, requires program acquisition strategies to account for international involvement, including foreign military sales and cooperative opportunities.

Budget recommendations for multiyear procurement of priority items

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 809A) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with Director of the Office of Management and Budget and the Comptroller General of the United States to include an annex with recommendations on multi-year procurement of priority items along with the budget materials submitted to Congress in support of the annual budget request of the President.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition on certain Chinese e-commerce purchases

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 809B) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from obligating or expending funds to acquire any good from Temu or Shein or through a service operated by either such entity.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Review panel on fair and reasonable pricing and contract oversight

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 809D) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a review panel on fair and reasonable pricing and contract oversight of sole-source contracts for munitions and weapons systems contracts, including related contracts for services and spare parts.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We continue to have concerns that the Department is not adequately able to reach fair and reasonable pricing with sole source suppliers. We recognize the Department provided comprehensive findings on cost or pricing data oversight, reviews, audits, and inspections conducted by the Inspector General consistent with the direction from the Joint Explanatory Statement for House-passed section 895 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024. We also recognize the study provided by the Director of Defense Pricing, Contracting and Acquisition Policy on the Truth in Negotiations Act as part of the Defense Contract Finance Study. While the findings provide important insights, we believe there is room for further improvement to the Department's contract negotiation practices. In particular, we believe that cost or pricing data challenges associated with sole source suppliers often result from inadequate data rights analysis, ordering, inspection, and enforcement. Moreover, barriers to competition are created by difficult to navigate qualification and test procedures and government-unique flow-down clauses. Therefore, we direct the Undersecretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than March 1, 2025, on the feasibility and advisability of creating a panel composed of both government officials and industry representatives that would comprehensively evaluate the challenges to, and potential solutions for, ensuring fair and reasonable prices are received by the Department of Defense.

Elimination of late cost and pricing data submission defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 813) that would require contractors to provide all cost and pricing data relevant to an award prior to contract agreement.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Special operations forces procurement authority

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 816) that would provide U.S. Special Operations Forces with special procurement authority, allowing certain procurements to be treated as being conducted outside the United States and adjusting monetary thresholds for such procurements.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict and the Commander, U.S. Special Operations Command, not later than March 1, 2025, to jointly provide the congressional defense committees a briefing on any recommended changes to procurement authorities necessary to support activities by special operations forces, to include those that are conducted outside of contingency operations declared by the Secretary of Defense.

Limitation on availability of funds for chiller class projects of the Department of the Air Force

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 819) that would prohibit noncompetitive procurement of heating, ventilation, and air conditioning chillers at installations of the Air Force until the Secretary of Defense submits a certification to congressional defense committees.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Air Force, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the business case for use of a non-competitive justification and approval process for chiller class projects within the Department of the Air Force. The briefing should include, at a minimum, a discussion of how the Air Force is measuring the impacts of standardization, to include life-cycle costs, cost-avoidance if applicable, and sustainment timelines at the installations at which this process has been used.

Regulations applicable to combat footwear of members of all branches of the armed forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 820) that would require the Secretary of Defense to issue regulations prohibiting any member of the Armed Forces from wearing optional combat boots as part of a required uniform unless the optional combat boots are entirely manufactured in the United States and are manufactured from materials only sourced from the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Senate report accompanying S.4638 (S. Rept. 118–188) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 included a requirement for the Secretaries of the military departments to provide a briefing to the congressional defense com-

mittees, not later than March 1, 2025, on the feasibility and advisability of changing regulations to ensure that boots worn by servicemembers are entirely manufactured in the United States.

Pilot program for program management offices to compete in rehabilitating at-risk programs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 834) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to establish a pilot program to test the feasibility and reliability of using two program management offices to compete in managing programs for rapid fielding.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than June 1, 2025, on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a process for acquisition programs to have competing Department of Defense program managers to promote competition.

Report relating to certain domestic nonavailability determinations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 846) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on the procurement of fire-resistant fiber blend fabric and a report on the process for making, reviewing, and terminating or modifying domestic nonavailability determinations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the Senate report accompanying the Senate committee-reported bill directs the Secretaries of the military departments to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives on “Domestic Nonavailability Determinations.” Furthermore, we direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, to include the following additional components in that briefing not later than April 1, 2025:

(1) Information on the availability of domestic sources for fire-resistant fiber blend fabric for the production of uniforms;

(2) A description of any contract the Secretary or a Secretary of a military department has entered into for the procurement of fire-resistant fiber blend fabric from a domestic source in the three-year period preceding the date of the briefing, including any contracts with specifications for a specific blend;

(3) A comparison of fire-resistant fiber blends with and without the inclusion of fire-resistant rayon;

(4) The process of making a domestic nonavailability determination (DNAD) pursuant to section 4862

(c) of title 10, United States Code, including the average length of time to make such determination and if the Department factors in a single domestic source as a justification to provide a DNAD;

(5) The process of reviewing such determinations, including factors that trigger the initiation of a review, and the timelines associated with each such review; and

(6) The process by which Secretary determines whether to terminate or modify such determination.

Study on use of off-the-shelf information technology products from foreign adversary countries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 848) that would require the Secretary of Defense to carry out a study on the use by the Department of Defense of off-the-shelf information technology products that were manufactured, produced, or assembled by a covered company and provide a report on the findings of the study.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Entrepreneurial Innovation Project designations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 851) that would amend chapter 303 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Armed Forces to identify promising research programs of the Small Business Innovation Research Program or Small Business Technology Transfer Program for inclusion in the future budgets and plans of the Department of Defense.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Modification to procurement requirements relating to rare earth elements and strategic and critical materials

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 852) that would amend section 857 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263) to include a supply chain disclosure requirement for large-capacity batteries.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We remain concerned about the Department of Defense and the defense industrial base's continued reliance on non-allied manufacturers for their battery requirements. While there have been ongoing efforts to create alternative sources, to include Industrial Base Analysis and Sustainment and Defense Production Act of 1950 (Public Law 81–774) investments, the Department has been hamstrung by bureaucratic processes and inconsistent funding. The recent imposition of Chinese sanctions on United States defense companies may further limit access to necessary materials. We urge the Department to continue to prioritize investment and standardization in battery supply chains.

Impact assessment of Manufacturing Innovation Institutes on the defense industrial base

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 856) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit an assessment of the impact of continued investment in Department of Defense sponsored

manufacturing innovation institutes on the defense industrial base in the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on competition and equipment repair

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 857) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on competition and equipment repair.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Department of Defense contracting goals for small business concerns owned and controlled by veterans

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 861) that would set Department of Defense goals for contracting to veteran owned small businesses.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Training on increasing Federal contract awards to small business concerns owned and controlled by service-disabled veterans

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 863) that would require the Department of Defense to engage the Small Business Administration to conduct training for procurement personnel on how to increase awards made to service-disabled veteran-owned small businesses.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Memorandum of understanding relating to Department of Defense critical technology area opportunities for small business concerns

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 866) that would require the Secretary of Defense and Administrator of the Small Business Administration to increase information sharing on contract opportunities available for small business relating to Department of Defense critical technology areas.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

COLLABORATE Memorandum of Understanding Report

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 867) that would require the Assistant Administrator for the Office of Entrepreneurial Development of the Small Business Administration and the Director of Small Business Programs of the Department of Defense to submit a report on the memorandum of understanding between the Small Business Administration and the Department of Defense entered into on December 2, 2022.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Modification to initiatives to support small businesses in the national technology and industrial base

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 868) that would modify section 861 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) by requiring the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy to provide a report on the activities undertaken by the National Technology and Industrial Base and require a report on the overall efficacy of the small business strategy.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on bundled contracts of the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 869A) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on the effects of awarding bundled contracts on the Department of Defense and small business concerns and the potential effects of reducing the number of bundled contracts awarded.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than April 1, 2025, on the effects of awarding bundled contracts (as defined in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632)) on the Defense Logistics Agency and small businesses and the potential effects of reducing the number of bundled contracts awarded.

Framework for the efficient and secure procurement of food service products

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 874) that would require a framework from the Department of Defense to improve the security of supply chains for food service products.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2025, on the feasibility and advisability of requiring all disposable food service products procured for use by the Department of Defense to be compostable and produced domestically. The briefing should include a potential timeline required to implement this requirement, any existing laws and regulations establishing domestic acquisition preferences or requirements that may be affected by the requirement, a cost analysis of implementing the requirement, and any other information the Secretary deems relevant.

Plan for identifying and replacing syringes of concern

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 875) that would require the Department of Defense, in coordination with the Defense Logistics Agency and Defense Health Agency, to develop and implement a plan to review the Department's inventory and supply chain for medical syringes that have been subject to a Food and Drug Administration Import Alert or meet the conditions of a Food and Drug Administration Safety Communication.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on domestic sites for rare earth element mining

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 876) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense to provide a report containing a list of domestic sites for rare earth element mining.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than March 1, 2026, in consultation with the Secretary of Interior, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the extent to which the two departments confer with each other on expertise related to domestic sites for rare earth mining. The briefing shall include, but not be limited to, the following focus areas regarding rare earth elements: (1) Existing domestic sites that have received Federal investment and their status of development; (2) Areas that may have a high potential for containing deposits and where new or additional mining operations could be established or are suitable; and (3) Existing limitations for expanding and funding domestic sites for rare earth element mining.

Prohibition on entering into contracts with a person engaged in a boycott of the State of Israel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 877) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from entering into a contract with a person if such person is engaged in an activity that is politically motivated and is intended to penalize or otherwise limit significant commercial relations specifically with Israel or persons doing business in Israel or in Israeli-controlled territories.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Assessment of compliance with Global Household Goods Contract requirements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 880) that would require the Commander, United States Transportation Command to conduct an assessment of the performance of contractors under the Global Household Goods Contract (GHC) in meeting the applicable requirements for capacity and quality in such contract during the period beginning on May 1, 2025, and ending on August 31, 2025.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Commander, United States Transportation Command to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than November 1, 2025, assessing the performance of the Global Household Goods Contract in meeting the following:

(1) Requirements for capacity and quality in such contract during the period beginning on May 15, 2025 and ending on September 30, 2025;

(2) Servicemember feedback since the beginning of GHC implementation;

(3) An updated progression schedule for continued phase-in of domestic and international household goods shipments at future locations; and

(4) An update on the duration, retention, and sunset of existing Tender of Service program services.

Prohibition on funding for covered entities and nonprofit organizations or other entities that engage in covered behavior

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 882) that would prohibit the use of funds for covered entities and nonprofit organizations that engage in covered behavior.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibitions relating to covered distributed ledger technology and blockchain equipment or services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 883) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense to enter into, extend or renew a contract or other agreement for, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered distributed ledger technology and blockchain equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of such equipment, system, or service; or critical technology as part of such equipment, system, or service.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on contract goal for the AbilityOne program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 884) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on the contract goal for the AbilityOne program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the value of the AbilityOne program as one of the largest sources of employment in the United States for people who are blind or have significant disabilities. In section 898 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328), we directed the Secretary of Defense to establish the “Panel on Department of Defense and AbilityOne Contracting Oversight,

Accountability and Integrity” of senior level representatives from Department of Defense agencies, the U.S. AbilityOne Commission, and other Federal agencies and organizations. We note that the existing 0.5 percent AbilityOne contracting goal for the Department of Defense has remained unchanged since the recommendations of this panel. We recognize that the AbilityOne Commission and the Secretary of Defense are reviewing proposals to increase the threshold.

Report on small purchases of critical minerals and magnets

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 885) that would require the Director of the Defense Contract Management Agency to provide a report detailing the dollar amount of covered materials manufactured in the People’s Republic of China and the Russian Federation and acquired by the Department of Defense through contracts valued at or below the simplified acquisition threshold during the period beginning on January 1, 2020.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than June 1, 2025, on the amount of strategic materials that have been manufactured in China and Russia and acquired by the Department of Defense since January 1, 2020. For the purposes of the report, strategic materials include: samarium-cobalt magnets, neodymium-iron-boron magnets, tungsten metal powder, tungsten heavy alloy, tantalum metals and alloys, aluminum-nickel-cobalt magnets, and any metals listed in section 4863(1) of title 10, United States Code. The report shall include recommendations for the Department of Defense to improve its ability to track the manufacturing of such strategic materials.

Limitation on availability of funds for installation of photovoltaic modules

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 886) that would prohibit the use of funds for the Department of Defense from being used for a contract for the installation of photovoltaic modules at any facility or real property of the Department of Defense unless the contract contains a provision prohibiting the procurement of such photovoltaic modules from a foreign entity of concern.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the existing requirements for the purchase of domestically sourced items via sections 4862, 4863, and 4864 of title 10, United States Code.

Study and report on shipping containers and specialty shipping containers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 887) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of Transportation, to provide a report that contains the results of a study on shipping containers and specialty shipping containers.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Modification to submission of certified cost or pricing data

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 807) that would amend section 3705 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Department of Defense to provide a notification if contractors have multiple instances of denying the Department cost or pricing data when requested in the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System used by contracting officers.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Ensuring competition in artificial intelligence procurement

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 810) that would specify certain policies related to the use and protection of training data in artificial intelligence procurements to protect government furnished training data.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that elements of this provision are addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Modifications to commercial product and commercial service determinations

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 827) that would amend sections 3456 and 3703 of title 10, United States Code, to: (1) Require Department of Defense (DOD) contracting officers to submit a written memorandum to a contractor summarizing the determination of the commerciality of a product or service within 30 days of the determination being made, rather than 30 days after contract award; (2) Extend a determination of commerciality to items procured under subcontracts, provided that the DOD contracting officer approves the determination; and (3) Extend a determination of commerciality to products that may have changed a part number, but provide substantially the same functionality.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Requirement for contractors to provide reasonable access to repair materials

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 828) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from entering into a contract for the procurement of a good or service unless the contractor agrees to provide fair and reasonable access to all repair materials, including parts, tools, and information.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Process for consulting on national security import reviews

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 845) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a

process for investigating and reporting on the national security implications of imports when asked to consult by another Federal agency and require the Secretary to submit an annual report regarding the national security risks posed by the reviewed imports.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 (Public Law 87–794) requires the Department of Commerce to seek interagency input when conducting import reviews. We note that under this process, the Department of Defense should provide input on any national security concerns regarding industries of importance to the Department of Defense and the defense industrial base.

Pharmaceutical supplier compliance with data submission requirements

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 847) that would direct the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency to require, to the extent feasible, every contractor supplying pharmaceuticals to the Department of Defense to submit the amount of each listed drug manufactured, prepared, propagated, compounded, or processed for commercial distribution to the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), as required by section 510(j)(3) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Public Law 117–9), as added by section 3112(e) of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (Public Law 116–136).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We expect pharmaceutical providers to ensure their compliance with this requirement from the FDA, and encourage the Department of Defense to ensure their contractors' compliance with this reporting.

Report on impact of mergers and acquisitions on the defense industrial base

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 849) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy to submit a report to the congressional defense committees on the policies and procedures of the Department of Defense relating to mergers and acquisitions and how these impact the defense industrial base.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that a similar reporting requirement was included in the House Report 118–529.

Transparency in acquisition waivers issued by the Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 851) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy to publish all non-sensitive information regarding acquisition waivers granted by the Department of Defense on a publicly accessible website and provide an annual briefing on

all waivers granted by the Department of Defense in the previous calendar year.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We remain concerned that there is no visibility into national security waivers, and therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives, no later than January 1, 2026, on all national security waivers granted by the Department of Defense in the previous calendar year. The briefing may be submitted in a classified form. We expect the Under Secretary of Defense of Acquisition and Sustainment to promulgate necessary guidance to the military services regarding proper reporting of national security waivers for the purposes of this briefing requirement.

Report on capacity to increase domestic industrial production and procurement of strategic and critical materials

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 852) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report that assesses the capacity to increase domestic industrial production and procurement of strategic and critical materials during peacetime and in the event of a national emergency.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than July 1, 2025, on the Department's capacity to increase domestic industrial production and procurement of strategic and critical materials. The briefing shall include but not be limited to: (1) Recommendations regarding increasing the role of the Secretary of Defense in the production and procurement of strategic and critical materials from domestic sources; and (2) Ongoing or previous efforts by the Department of Defense to integrate its responsibilities with the responsibilities of other Federal Agencies related to increasing domestic industrial production and procurement of strategic and critical materials during peacetime and in the event of a national emergency.

Department of Defense manufacturing authorities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 854) that would require the Secretary of Defense to enter into contracts for the domestic manufacture of certain prescription drugs if Department of Defense requirements for such drugs cannot be met by other means.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Reports on Joint Warfighter Cloud Capability contracts

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 884) that would require the Director of the Defense Information Systems Agency, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and on a biannual basis thereafter until September 30, 2030 to produce a report on the contracts relating to the

Joint Warfighter Cloud Capability entered into by the Department of Defense 2022 for commercial cloud services for the Department.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Phase-out of computer and printer acquisitions involving entities owned or controlled by China

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 885) that would require the Secretary of Defense to phase-out the procurement of computers and printers that are manufactured by an entity that is owned by the government of the People's Republic of China or under the influence of the government of the People's Republic of China.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 Conference Report (H. Rept. 118-301) addressed the Department of Defense's risk-based approach to the procurement of information technology. We are also aware that the cyber threat landscape is constantly changing, with new threats emerging on a regular basis. We believe that the Department should account for new cyber threats in its procurement of information technology and take appropriate steps to ensure that it fully mitigates the cybersecurity risks of acquiring computers and printers from entities owned or controlled by entities in the People's Republic of China.

Requirement to procure domestically produced generic drugs

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 887) that would prohibit the purchase of certain generic drugs needed by the Department of Defense from non-domestic or non-Trade Agreement Act of 1979 (Public Law 96-39) compliant sources after October 1, 2025, unless a determination is made that such drugs are not otherwise available in satisfactory quality and sufficient quantity to meet military needs, or when needed at market prices.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We remain deeply concerned regarding the supply chains for pharmaceutical products that are necessary for warfighter readiness. The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) included section 860 that focused on determining supply chain vulnerabilities, and the Department of Defense (DOD) has made improvements in identification of problematic sources. We are aware that the Department is limited by the data that industry provides to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration regarding sources of active pharmaceutical ingredients and other data. While the DOD has a vested interest in ensuring the security of their supply chains, the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) is responsible for the integrity of the pharmaceutical industrial base. We are aware that HHS has the authority to use the Defense Production Act for investment in the domestic pharmaceutical industrial base. Improving the supply chains for pharmaceuticals should be a government-wide effort.

Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than May 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on:

(1) Challenges that DOD experiences working with the inter-agency on receiving proper data on pharmaceutical supply chains, to include potential solutions;

(2) Ongoing discussions or efforts, if any, on utilizing the Defense Production Act authority under DOD or HHS for warfighter necessary pharmaceutical products;

(3) The feasibility and advisability of establishing an acquisition preference to encourage domestic or allied sourcing of pharmaceutical products, to include what the framework could look like; and

(4) Any other relevant items that the Secretary of Defense deems appropriate.

Prohibition on procurement and commissary sales of seafood originating or processed in China

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 889) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from entering into a contract for the procurement of seafood that originates or is processed in the People's Republic of China for use in military dining facilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that there is a reporting requirement elsewhere in the Act that covers this topic.

Extension of post-government restrictions on senior Department of Defense officials seeking employment with defense contractors

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 890) that would amend section 847(a)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181) to increase the length of time from two to four years that certain former employees must obtain a written opinion on post-Government employment restrictions before accepting employment with a Department of Defense contractor.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that the the Department of Defense Inspector General has reviewed the Departments compliance with section 847 four times since 2010 and found that the Department's processes, timeliness, and substance of opinions fully comply with the requirements of this statute.

Amendments to contracting authority for certain small business concerns

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5861) that would amend the contracting authority for certain small business concerns.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include Senate provision.

Repeal of bonafide office rule for 8(a) contracts with the Department of Defense

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5864) that would repeal the bonafide office rule for 8(a) contracts with the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Report on ability of Department of Defense to identify prohibited seafood imports in supply chain for food procurement

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5871) that would require the Inspector General of the Department of Defense to provide a report assessing whether the Department has policies and procedures in place to verify that the food the Department procures does not include seafood originating in the People's Republic of China.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Inspector General of the Department of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report assessing whether the Department has policies and procedures in place to verify that the food the Department procures does not include seafood originating in the People's Republic of China the importation of which is prohibited under section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (Public Law 71-361).

TITLE IX—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ORGANIZATION AND
MANAGEMENT

Subtitle A—Office of the Secretary of Defense and Related Matters

Sec. 901—Requirement to notify Congress when Deputy Secretary of Defense is performing functions and duties of Secretary of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 901) that would amend 132(b) of title 10, United States Code, to require the Deputy Secretary of Defense to notify specified congressional committees, not later than 24 hours before certain planned transfers of functions and duties or 24 hours after any unplanned transfer of such functions and duties, when the Secretary dies, resigns, or is otherwise unable to perform the functions and duties of the Office of the Secretary of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 902—Establishment of Department of Defense performance improvement officer

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 909) that would reestablish the Chief Management Officer of the

Department of Defense and elevate the Director of Administration and Management to such position.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would codify the position of the Performance Improvement Officer to support the Secretary and Deputy Secretary of Defense for management-related activities within the Department of Defense, including issuing guidance chartering that position and designating that position as a co-chair for the Defense Business Council under section 2222 of title 10, United States Code.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than September 1, 2025, containing a study identifying the appropriate staffing requirements in support of the role of the Performance Improvement Officer in overseeing the Defense Management Institute under section 133 of title 10, United States Code.

Sec. 903—Enhanced coordination on international cooperation activities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 904) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy to include the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for International and Industry Engagement in the planning for, or attendance at, any meetings with foreign partners or allies related to foreign military sales or certain other international armament cooperation activities; and require a study by a nonprofit organization on the sufficiency of organization, resourcing, manning and training within the Department of Defense to support increased demand for security cooperation activities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate committee-reported provision with an amendment that would modify the responsibilities of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment in section 133b of title 10, United States Code to specify the responsibilities of that office for international armaments cooperation activities, as well as establish not less than two cross functional teams to help improve coordination across elements within the Department of Defense.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate, not later than May 15, 2025, on the interim plans for establishment and execution of the cross-functional teams for international cooperation as required by subsection(b) of the provision, including the proposed geographic and functional areas and proposed composition.

Sec. 904—Increase in authorized number of Deputy Assistant Secretaries of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 902) that would amend section 138(e) of title 10, United States Code, to increase the authorized number of Deputy Assistant Secretaries of Defense from 60 to 62.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

We recommend that the Department of Defense use these two positions to further strengthen the capabilities of the office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy (ASD(IBP)). The office of the ASD(IBP) has assumed increased responsibility, and the demands placed on the office warrant commensurate growth in leadership positions. For example, we note the interagency's increased reliance on the office of the ASD(IBP) to provide economic analysis and merger and acquisition reviews has not been met with a comparable increase in manning resources for government positions to maintain adequate control over increasing contractor positions.

Sec. 905—Modifications to the Office of Strategic Capital

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 913) that would make permanent the authority for the Office of Strategic Capital to provide capital assistance, as well as make technical changes that eliminate the non-federal funding requirement and the list of specific technologies to focus investment.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate committee-reported provision with an amendment that would adjust the sunset deadline only for the capital assistance authorities, as well as make some minor technical and confirming edits.

Sec. 906—Limitation on availability of funds until Department of Defense complies with certain legal requirements

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 924) that would limit funds authorized to be obligated or expended by the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Legislative Affairs until the Deputy Secretary of Defense certifies that the Department of Defense has implemented Section 805 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81) and Section 1046 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate committee-reported provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 907—Matters relating to Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 903) that would require the Secretary of Defense to institutionalize the “service secretary-like” role of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict by updating Department of Defense policies and processes, and developing a long-term staffing plan for the Secretariat for Special Operations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 908—Inclusion in defense planning guidance of guidance on size, structure, and posture of special operations forces

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 906) that would require the Secretary of Defense to include guid-

ance with respect to the size, structure, posture, and other force development planning priorities specific to special operations forces in the annual Defense Planning Guidance issued by the Secretary.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 909—Review of roles and responsibilities of the Chief Talent Management Officer and the Office of the Undersecretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 901) that would create the Chief Talent Management Officer who will serve as the principal staff assistant to the Secretary of Defense and Deputy Secretary of Defense on matters relating to total force talent management within the Department of Defense, concerning both military and civilian personnel.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to enter into an agreement with a qualified organization to review the roles and responsibilities of the Chief Talent Management Officer and the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness and to report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the results of this review by no later than January 1, 2026.

Sec. 910—Plan for adequate staffing of Office of Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy and Joint Production Accelerator Cell

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 908) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for adequate staffing for the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy and the Joint Production Accelerator Cell.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Subtitle B—Other Department of Defense Organization and Management Matters

Sec. 921—Department of Defense Senior Intelligence Oversight Official

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 930) that would require the Secretary of Defense, or a designee of the Secretary determined by regulations prescribed by the Secretary, to designate a civilian employee of the Department of Defense in the Senior Executive Service to serve as the Senior Intelligence Oversight Official.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 922—Codification of the Joint Federated Assurance Center

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 912) that would amend subchapter III of chapter 303 of title 10, United States Code, to make permanent the authority for the Joint Federated Assurance Center originally established in section 937 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (Public Law 113–66).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 923—Codification of additional staff corps of the Navy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 926) that would amend section 8090 of title 10, United States Code, by adding the Supply Corps, Civil Engineer Corps, Nurse Corps, and the Medical Service Corps to the statutory staff corps of the Navy.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 924—Establishment of Office of Expanded Competition

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 911) that would amend chapter 903 of title 10, United States Code, to establish an Office of Expanded Competition within the Office of the Secretary of the Air Force.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 925—Counter unmanned aerial systems task force

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 902) that would require the Secretary of Defense to designate an executive agent responsible for providing oversight of the efforts of the Department of Defense to counter small, unmanned aircraft and systems and associated training and technology programs.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 916).

The agreement includes the Senate provision, amended to require the Secretary to submit a training report.

Sec. 926—Affiliate relationships between Army Special Operations forces and combat-enabling units of general purpose forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1044) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from reducing U.S. Special Operations Forces end strength for 2 years beginning January 1, 2025.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 919).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of the Army and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict to jointly submit to the congressional defense committees a report assessing the feasibility and advisability of establishing formal affiliate relationships between units of the Army special operations forces and combat-enabling units of the Army general purpose

forces for the purpose of enhancing military readiness and effectiveness. The provision would also prohibit the obligation or expenditure of funds in fiscal year 2025 to complete force structure reductions to Army special operations forces announced by the Army on February 27, 2024, as part of the Total Army Analysis process until the required report is provided to the congressional defense committees.

Sec. 927—Force sizing methodology

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 905) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop a methodology for analyzing U.S. military force sizing necessary to conduct activities of the Department of Defense in support of strategic competition.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Elimination of the Chief Diversity Officer of the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 903) that would repeal section 147 of title 10, United States Code, with the result of disestablishing the Chief Diversity Officer of the Department of Defense, and would prohibit the establishment of like offices in the future.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Designation of senior officials responsible for contested logistics posture management

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 921) that would designate the Undersecretary for Acquisition and Sustainment as the senior defense official responsible for managing contested logistics posture management and mandate the military departments designate a senior civilian official to manage the same responsibilities for their respective services.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Eligibility of Chief of the National Guard Bureau for appointment as Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 922) that would amend section 152(b) of title 10, United States Code, to make the Chief of the National Guard Bureau eligible for appointment as the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Army Electronic Warfare Center of Excellence

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 925) that would direct the Secretary of the Army to establish and operate an Electronic Warfare Center of Excellence within the Army Training and Doctrine Command.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Membership of Commandant of the Coast Guard on the Joint Chiefs of Staff

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 929) that would amend section 151 of title 10, United States Code, to include the Commandant of the Coast Guard as a member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the importance of close coordination among the senior leadership of the Armed Forces. We understand that many of the issues addressed by the JCS pertain to significant Department of Defense equities that do not involve the Coast Guard. However, on those issues with Coast Guard equities, the Commandant or the Vice Commandant of the Coast Guard is present and participates in those discussions and decisions.

Inclusion of Mexico in the area of responsibility of the United States Southern Command

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 928) that would require the Secretary of Defense to transfer Mexico to U.S. Southern Command's area of responsibility.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Feasibility report on establishment of a Defense Industrial Revitalization Board

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 927) that would require a report on the feasibility and advisability of establishing an advisory board within the Department to regularly assess the state of the Department's defense industrial base efforts and to help coordinate efforts to address industrial base challenges.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 850).

The agreement does not include either provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a Defense Industrial Revitalization Board which would be responsible for ensuring the defense industrial base is prepared to meet Department of Defense wartime production. The purpose of this board would be to:

- (1) Assess the health of the defense industrial base;

(2) Identify critical shortages and impediments to production of critical munitions and other war materials;

(3) Identify required production rates for critical munitions;

(4) Oversee and deconflict Department and service efforts to improve defense industrial capacity;

(5) Develop a comprehensive plan that details immediate steps that can be taken to increase the capacity of the defense industrial base;

(6) Utilize existing supply chain mapping efforts to identify single points of failure that impact munitions and critical weapons platforms and identify funding mechanisms to create second sources or other resilience measures, with a focus on those munitions necessary for a potential war in the Pacific; and

(7) Utilize existing supply chain mapping efforts to identify reliance on foreign adversaries within critical munitions supply chains and recommend amelioration efforts. Such a board should be composed of the following, but not limited to:

(1) Relevant Department of Defense acquisition, research and engineering, and comptroller personnel;

(2) Service acquisition executives and program managers;

(3) Defense industry representatives;

(4) Relevant think tank experts;

(5) Representatives from the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment;

(6) Representatives from the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering; and

(7) Representatives from the Defense Innovation Unit.

Establishment of the Drone Corps as a basic branch of the Army

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 924) that would establish a Drone Corps as a basic branch of the Army.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Designation of Deputy Under Secretary of the Army as principal official responsible for explosive ordnance disposal

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 923) that would designate the Deputy Under Secretary of the Army as the Principal Official in the Army Secretariat accountable for the Army's explosive ordnance disposal enterprise.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We acknowledge the ongoing interest in the structure and authorities related to the explosive ordnance disposal enterprise and welcome continued dialogue on these matters.

Addition of Performance Improvement Officer as co-chair of Defense Business Council

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 914) that would amend section 2222(f) of title 10, United States Code, to include the Department of Defense Performance Improvement Officer as a co-chair of the Defense Business Council.

The House bill contained no similar provision.
 The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Plan for permanent establishment of Special Reconnaissance and Enabling Command

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 918) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict and the Commander, U.S. Special Operations Command, to submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for permanently establishing the Special Reconnaissance and Enabling Command (SREC).

The House bill contained no similar provision.
 The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict and the Commander, U.S. Special Operations Command, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for establishing and maintaining the SREC. The plan required by subsection shall, at a minimum, include the following:

- (1) An articulation of the mission and tasks assigned to the SREC;
- (2) An explanation of how the SREC fits organizationally within the U.S. Special Operations Command;
- (3) An identification of the personnel, resources, and authorities, including any gaps, necessary to support the SREC; and
- (4) Any other matters the Assistant Secretary and the Commander consider appropriate.

Feasibility study on expanding the services provided by the Air Force Office of Commercial and Economic Analysis

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 920) that would require the Secretary of Defense to complete a study on the feasibility and advisability of expanding the services of the Office of Commercial and Economic Analysis (OCEA), including an estimate of the costs of such expansion.

The House bill contained no similar provision.
 The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note the cost-effective success of the OCEA office in providing crucial business intelligence to various actors within the U.S. Government to help inform thinking about the broader economic implications of certain acquisition decisions. We note that historically such decisions have focused primarily on the national security impacts, but with less emphasis or in-depth understanding of the larger economic consequences that should inform those national security decisions. We applaud the Air Force for fostering the creation of a critical mass of such economic, financial and industrial policy expertise to help improve decision-making in the Department.

Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study on the feasibility of expanding the scale and type of services offered by OCEA, including a cost estimate for such expansion, and submit a report to the congressional defense committees not later than June 1, 2025.

We direct the Secretary to include in this report the possibility of expanding OCEA to provide additional commercial and economic analysis more broadly to other Department of Defense (DOD) components, including trend analysis. This report should also examine the feasibility of OCEA servicing as a data hub for providing additional business intelligence data historically purchased by components of the Department from commercial sources, including firmographic and ownership information of commercial actors, documentation submitted by importers and exporters, ownership information pertaining to intellectual property rights, and information relating to mergers and acquisitions.

We also note the creation of a National Defense Economic Competition Research Council elsewhere in this bill, of which OCEA will be a member. The study should address OCEA's ability to contribute to the research tasks identified in that provision.

Senior Integration Group for Indo-Pacific Region

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 918) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a Senior Integration Group for the Indo-Pacific Region.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We strongly support the Department's use of Senior Integration Groups or similar cross-functional teams to integrate activities below the levels of the Secretary and Deputy Secretary of Defense. We encourage the Department to consider establishing such a forum to address the multifaceted aspects of national defense challenges in the Indo-Pacific region in coordination with U.S. allies and partners.

Defense Advisory Committee on Diversity and Inclusion Renewal

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 923) that would limit the authority of the Secretary of Defense to renew the Defense Advisory Committee on Diversity and Inclusion until 120 days after submitting a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives detailing a justification for such renewal.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

TITLE X—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Financial Matters

Sec. 1001—General transfer authority

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1001) that would allow the Secretary of Defense, with certain limitations, to make transfers between amounts authorized for fiscal year 2025 in division A of this Act. This provision would also limit the total amount transferred under this authority to \$6.0 billion.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1001).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 1002—Repeal of audit incentive element in report requirement of Financial Improvement and Audit Remediation Plan

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1003) that would amend section 240b of title 10, United States Code, to exclude audit incentives from the reporting requirement in the Financial Improvement and Audit Remediation Plan.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1003—Authority to use Defense Modernization Account funds for time-sensitive equipment modernization

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1005) that would amend section 3136(d) of title 10, United States Code, to expand authorized uses of the Defense Modernization Account to the procurement and integration of commercial technologies and services for satisfaction of certain requirements and provision of infrastructure projects that accelerate the fielding and adoption of new capabilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1004—Extension of audit requirement for Department of Defense components.

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1005) that would reduce the discretionary budget authority available for the Department of Defense, the military department, or the Defense Agency if the respective entity has not submitted a financial statement for the previous fiscal year, or if such financial statement has not received either an unqualified or a qualified audit opinion by an independent external auditor.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that extends by one year the existing requirement in section 1004(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 11831) that each component of the Department of Defense shall be subject to an independent audit and if any such component fails to be subject to such an audit during any fiscal year through 2034, it shall have 1.5 percent of unobligated amounts available for the component cancelled and returned to the general fund of the Treasury for deficit reduction.

Sec. 1005—Revision of Department of Defense financial management regulation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1002) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) to revise the Department of Defense Financial Management Regulation to ensure that the regulation is consistent and clear throughout, includes updated guidance with respect to legislative and regulatory requirements, and does not include guidance subject to change annually in an annual appropriations act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1002).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1006—Establishment of cross-functional team to oversee implementation of recommendations of Commission on Planning, Programming, Budgeting, and Execution Reform

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1003) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a cross-functional team for the implementation of the recommendations of the Commission on Planning, Programming, Budgeting, and Execution Reform.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 915).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

We encourage the Secretary of Defense to coordinate with the following officials when establishing the cross-functional team: (1) The Deputy Secretary of Defense; (2) The Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller); (3) The Under Secretary of Defense for Policy; (4) The Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering; (5) The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment; (6) The Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation; (7) The Director of Administration and Management; (8) The Chief Information Officer; (9) The Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer; (10) The Secretaries of the military departments; (11) The comptrollers of the military departments; and (12) The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

We direct the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) to include the following elements in the reports and briefings required by this provision: (1) An assessment of the status of the implementation of the recommendations of the Commission on Planning, Programming, Budgeting, and Execution Reform; (2) An identification of the official or officials responsible for the implementation of each such recommendation; (3) A description of the timeline and actions for implementation; (4) The rationale and justification for any decision not to implement such a recommendation; (5) Recommendations for actions to reform and modernize the planning, programming, budgeting, and execution process in addition to the recommendations of the Commission; (6) Performance metrics for measuring the effectiveness of recommendations that have been implemented; (7) A comprehensive budget justification display reflecting the resources required to implement the recommendations, resources requested in the Department of Defense budget, and resources needed in subsequent fiscal years; and (8) An assessment of legislative, regulatory, and administrative barriers to implementation of the recommendations and the need for changes to legislative authorities required for implementation of the recommendations.

We also encourage the Department to use one of the general and flag officer billets authorized elsewhere in this Act if a senior military officer is chosen to serve as director of the cross-functional team.

Sec. 1007—Use of technology using artificial intelligence to facilitate audit of the financial statements of the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2025

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1006A) that would require the Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the military departments to encourage, to the greatest extent practicable, the use of artificial intelligence (AI) or machine learning (ML) for audits of Department of Defense financial statements.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives that includes a description of the use of AI or ML technologies for audits of Department of Defense financial statements—including an update on the implementation of the strategy titled “2023 Data, Analytics, and Artificial Intelligence Adoption Strategy” (dated June 27, 2023).

Subtitle B—Counterdrug Activities

Sec. 1011—Support for counterdrug activities affecting flow of drugs into United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1008) that would require the Secretary of Defense to prescribe guidance to prioritize counterdrug activities affecting drug flows into the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1012—Authority for detection and monitoring of illegal drugs regardless of destination

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 1007 and 1010) that would modify Department of Defense support for counterdrug and counter transnational organization activities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 351).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1013—Review, assessment, and analysis of governance structure and strategy of Department of Defense counter-narcotics and counter-transnational organized crime activities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1059) that would require the Secretary of Defense to enter into an agreement with a federally funded research and development center to conduct an independent review, assessment, and analysis of the governance structure of the counter-narcotics and counter-transnational organized crime activities of the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would expand the independent review to include an assessment of the strategy of the Department of Defense for counter-narcotics and counter-transnational organized crime.

Subtitle C—Naval Vessels and Shipyards

Sec. 1021—Briefing required in the event of a proposed reduction in battle force ships as part of the annual naval vessel construction plan and certification

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1011) that would require the Navy to be consistent in the first 10-year planning window of the annual 30-year Shipbuilding Report to Congress.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require an assessment in the event of a proposed reduction in battle force ships as part of the annual naval vessel construction plan and certification.

Sec. 1022—Modification of authority to purchase used vessels under the National Defense Sealift Fund

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 128) that would amend section 2218 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Navy to buy up to 13 used, foreign-built vessels to modernize the Ready Reserve Force.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision, modified to allow for the purchase of up to 10 foreign-built vessels.

Sec. 1023—Modifications to ship repair authorities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1013) that would require the Navy to solicit ship repair contracts on a coast-wide basis to only those that are projected to last more than 18 months.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision, amended to require the Navy to solicit ship repair contracts on a coast-wide basis to only those that are projected to last more than 12 months. We expect the Navy to produce a report after one year of implementation of this revised limit on the price differential between the current 10-month limit and the new 12-month limit.

Sec. 1024—Improving Navy assessments required prior to start of construction on first ship of a shipbuilding program

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 1014 and sec. 1015) that would require: (1) Congressional certification prior to the start of construction on the first ship of a shipbuilding program; and (2) The Navy to improve analysis and assessment of decisions made prior to the start of construction on first ships of a Navy shipbuilding program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1021).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require a certification to Congress prior to start of construction on first ship of a shipbuilding program.

Sec. 1025—Prohibition on contracting with shipyards controlled by a foreign adversary country

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 809) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from entering into any contract or other agreement with a shipyard controlled by a foreign adversary. The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1026—Exception to prohibition of overhaul, repair, or maintenance of certain vessels in shipyards outside the United States or Guam

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1016) that would amend section 8680 of title 10, United States Code, to allow the Navy to perform preventative maintenance that is required while a ship is on deployment and is limited to 21 days or less to conduct that maintenance in a shipyard outside the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 323) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to conduct a pilot program, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to perform maintenance and repair on forward-deployed naval force ships in foreign shipyards during scheduled maintenance and repair periods. The provision would: (1) Terminate the pilot program after 3 years; (2) Require the Secretary of the Navy to produce an annual report during the pilot program; and (3) Require the Secretary to provide that report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would allow the Navy to perform corrective and preventative maintenance on a Navy ship overseas for a period of up to 21 days, provided that the cumulative maintenance performed on ships from a particular homeport does not exceed 2% of the average workload over the previous three years for the same homeport.

We recommend that the Navy use any such short maintenance periods, as the situation allows, to conduct necessary ship-checks to support post-deployment, U.S.-based maintenance availabilities. Proper use of these windows in foreign shipyards should allow the Navy to complete all necessary maintenance planning 360 –days prior to a U.S.-based maintenance availability.

Sec. 1027—Strategy on development of naval rearm at sea capability

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1017) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to submit to the congressional defense committees a strategy for delivering a particular rearm at sea capability to the surface fleet of the United States Navy.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision, modified to focus on the capability to rearm at sea, rather than a particular solution to achieve that capability.

Sec. 1028—Authority to use incremental funding to enter into a contract for the construction of a Virginia-class submarine program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1018) that would provide incremental funding authority for an additional *Virginia*-class submarine in fiscal year 2025.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 129) that would also increase funding for the *Virginia*-class submarine program with offsets from elsewhere in the Navy budget. The agreement includes the House provision with various technical amendments and an amendment to stipulate that funds available from a change to the contracting approach may only be used to provide for an increase in wages for the shipbuilder workforce or an increase in non-executive level salaries.

We are concerned with the lack of transparency that has occurred between the Navy and Congress over the last 18 months. The Navy negotiated a funding strategy with industry that would have addressed cost growth, future cost to complete, workforce wage increases and infrastructure investments at both shipyards. The Navy did this in isolation and failed to not only inform Congress but also the Office of Management and Budget.

As a result of the lack of communication, the Office of Management and Budget has not moved the strategy forward and Congress has been denied the opportunity to review the strategy's documentation and details. To remedy the deficiencies, the Office of Management and Budget asked Congress for significant emergency appropriations in fiscal year 2025 to support a plan that will require an undisclosed amount of additional appropriations above the future years' estimates in the President's Budget for fiscal year 2025. At no point during the normal budgeting and legislative process did the Navy inform Congress that there was large cost growth on the fiscal year 2024 submarines and the one fiscal year 2025 submarine being requested. Unfortunately, the lack of communication regarding program challenges and potential solutions has left Congress with few options to address this situation and likely none that will rectify it going forward.

We recognize that Congress has responsibility for oversight of the executive branch including access to information on how final decisions were reached, particularly for decisions of strategic importance where the dollar value of such a decision far surpasses the major defense acquisition program threshold. Denial of requests for information and veiled threats of reprisals against briefers to Congress who may provide requested information creates a dangerous precedent that is out of line the checks and balances inherent to the branches of government of the United States.

Sec. 1029—Authority to use incremental funding to enter into a contract for the construction of an Arleigh Burke-class destroyer

We recommend a provision that would authorize the Secretary of the Navy to enter into an incrementally funded contract for the construction of an *Arleigh Burke*-class destroyer.

Sec. 1030—Pilot program on use of automated inspection technologies at shipyards

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1019) that would authorize a pilot program to procure automated inspection technologies for maintenance inspections of naval vessels and upgrade information technology infrastructure to support integrating these technologies.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1031—Requirements for the unmanned maritime autonomy architecture

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1022) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to provide a forum on unmanned maritime autonomy architecture to facilitate industry participation in the creation and management of modular open systems architecture and associated standards for maritime unmanned systems.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1032—Competitive demonstration of large and extra large unmanned underwater vehicles

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1023) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to conduct a competitive demonstration of extra large unmanned underwater vehicles—including non-developmental items from commercial or foreign partner sources.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would include in the demonstration large unmanned underwater vehicles in addition to extra large unmanned underwater vehicles.

Sec. 1033—Requirement for mature ship design

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1026) that would:

(1) Amend section 231 of title 10, United States Code, to require senior technical authority determination of commercial or non-governmental standard approval, or contract solicitation allowance, prior to incorporation of such assumptions into shipbuilding cost estimates;

(2) Require the Secretary of the Navy to adopt certain recommendations of the Government Accountability Office;

(3) Amend section 8669a of title 10, United States Code, to require source selection for new classes of vessels to emphasize the

realism of the ability of offerors to deliver program requirements on schedule;

(4) Amend section 8669b of title 10, United States Code, to require collaboration between the Naval Systems Engineering and Logistics Directorates of Naval Sea Systems Command and the Deputy Chief of Naval Operations for Warfare Systems with respect to use of funds from the start of the requirements process; and

(5) Amend section 231(b) of title 10, United States Code, to require an explanation of reductions to the procurement of a class of vessels in the future years defense program from year-to-year.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of the Navy to implement recommendations 1, 3, 4, and 6 in the report of the Government Accountability Office titled, “Navy Shipbuilding: Increased Use of Leading Design Practices Could Improve Timeliness of Deliveries”, and dated May 2, 2024 (GAO–24–105503).

In addition, we direct the Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Research, Development, and Acquisition, in coordination with the Commander, Naval Sea Systems Command (NAVSEA), to provide a report, not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives that details the following:

(1) All references to external specifications regardless of source—including military specifications, NAVSEA instructions, American Bureau of Shipbuilding and other standards—that were included on the *Constellation*-class frigate solicitation for detail design and construction;

(2) Which specifications in paragraph (1) allowed for alternative specifications—including alternative specifications conditional on NAVSEA approval;

(3) How many alternative specifications allowed in paragraph (2) were recommended by the awarded contractor in their proposed response to the solicitation for the *Constellation*-class frigate detail design and construction contract in comparison to how many alternative specifications were ultimately approved by NAVSEA;

(4) An explanation for why such alternative specifications in paragraph (3) were not approved by NAVSEA;

(5) The status of all requests for equitable adjustments that the Navy received on the *Constellation*-class frigate;

(6) An unaltered statement from the awarded contractor of the *Constellation*-class frigate of the findings provided in paragraphs (1) through (5) above; and

(7) Proposed actions for how best value tradeoffs will be improved in source selections for shipbuilding contracts.

Subtitle D—Counterterrorism

Sec. 1041—Extension of prohibition on use of funds for transfer or release of individuals detained at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1031) that would prohibit the use of any funds authorized to be appropriated or other-

wise made available for the Department of Defense during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on December 31, 2025, to transfer or release detainees at U.S. Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to or within the United States, its territories, or possessions.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1031).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1042—Extension of prohibition on use of funds to construct or modify facilities in the United States to house detainees transferred from United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1032) that would prohibit the use of any funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense to be used during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on December 31, 2025, to construct or modify any facility in the United States, its territories, or possessions to house any detainee transferred from U.S. Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, for the purposes of detention or imprisonment in the custody or under the effective control of the Department of Defense.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1032).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1043—Extension of prohibition on use of funds for transfer or release of individuals detained at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to certain countries

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1033) that would prohibit the use of funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this act and ending on December 31, 2025, to transfer, release, or assist in the transfer or release of any individual detained at U.S. Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to Libya, Somalia, Syria, Yemen, and Afghanistan.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1033).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1044—Extension of prohibition on use of funds to close or relinquish control of United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1034) that would prohibit the use of any funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2025 for the closure or abandonment of United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, the relinquishment of control of Guantanamo Bay to the Republic of Cuba, or the implementation of a material modification to the Treaty Between the United States of America and Cuba signed in the District of Columbia on May 29, 1934, that constructively closes United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1034).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Subtitle E—Miscellaneous Authorities and Limitations

Sec. 1051—Authority to contribute to innovation fund

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1041) that would amend subchapter II of chapter 138 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of Defense to contribute to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Innovation Fund up to \$200,000,000 per year over a 10-year period.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment that would limit such funding for a 5-year period.

Sec. 1052—Extension of authority for reimbursement of expenses for certain Navy mess operations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1043) that would extend the authority for reimbursement for certain Navy mess operations until September 30, 2030.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 333).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1053—Assessments of casualties and fatalities during hostilities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1044) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from citing casualty and fatality data from terrorist organizations as authoritative in public assessments during hostilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1054—Establishment of major mishap incident designation classification for Department of Defense incidents

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1045) that would establish a new mishap designation classification for serious mishap incidents resulting in \$500.0 million or more in damage, causing at least five fatalities, or otherwise designated by the Secretary of the military department concerned; and establish investigatory and accountability standards for such mishaps.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would eliminate the requirement for mandatory separation for misconduct contributing to the mishap, and clarify the definition of major mishap to include elements of complexity in the underlying incident.

Sec. 1055—Prohibition on use of funds for EcoHealth Alliance and the Wuhan Institute of Virology

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1045) that would prohibit funds authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 for

work performed in the People's Republic of China by EcoHealth Alliance, Inc. or any of its affiliates.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1265).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would prohibit Department of Defense funds for fiscal year 2025 for any work performed by EcoHealth Alliance, Inc., including by: any subsidiary of EcoHealth Alliance, Inc.; any organization directly controlled by EcoHealth Alliance, Inc.; any individual or organization subgrantee or subcontractor of EcoHealth Alliance, Inc.; and prohibits funds for fiscal year 2025 for the Wuhan Institute of Virology for any purpose.

Sec. 1056—Prohibition on Department of Defense transportation of currency to Taliban or Islamic Emirate of Afghanistan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1046) that would prohibit any funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense being made available for the operation of any Department of Defense aircraft to transport currency or other items of value to the Taliban.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1057—Prohibition on use of funds for Badr Organization and related organizations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1049E) that would prohibit the Department of Defense to make any amounts appropriated available, directly or indirectly, to the Badr Organization.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1058—Limitation on use of funds pending provision of briefing on reliance of People's Liberation Army on imported fossil fuels for energy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1059) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on the feasibility of implementing naval blockades of shipments of fossil fuels to China in the event of an armed conflict with the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would limit the obligation or expenditure of more than 85 percent of the funds available for the Office of the Secretary of Defense for travel expenses until the Secretary provides to the congressional defense committees the briefing regarding the reliance of the People's Liberation Army on imported fossil fuels for energy, as directed by the joint explanatory statement of the committee of conference accompanying the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

Sec. 1059—Prohibition on use of funds to support entertainment projects with ties to the Government of the People’s Republic of China

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 1317 and sec. 1709) that would prohibit the use of funds to support any entertainment company or project owned or controlled by the Chinese Communist Party, the People’s Republic of China, or the People’s Liberation Army that has used, produced, or co-produced content for propaganda purposes.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1043).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Subtitle F—Studies and Reports

Sec. 1061—Chief of Navy Reserve annual report

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1052) that would amend section 8083 of title 10, United States Code, to require an annual report from the Chief of Navy Reserve.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1062—Modification and extension of requirement for combatant command risk assessment for airborne intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1060) that would amend section 1061 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263) to include cancellation of an intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance system as an event that would trigger a combatant commander assessment; and to extend the sunset date of the provision to December 31, 2032.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1063—Extension of briefing requirement regarding civil authorities at the Southwest border

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1053) that would extend, through December 31, 2027, a quarterly briefing requirement on Department of Defense support to civil authorities at the southwest border.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would adjust the extension to December 31, 2025.

Sec. 1064—Extension of annual report on civilian casualties in connection with United States military operations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1053) that would extend the annual report on civilian casualties by 5 years.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1054).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1065—Review of irregular warfare authorities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1052) that would require the Secretary of Defense to review the authorities relevant to the conduct of Department of Defense irregular warfare activities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1066—Reports on approval and deployment of lethal autonomous weapon systems

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1062) that would require the President to submit an annual report related to the approval and waiver processes for lethal autonomous weapon systems under current Department of Defense policy.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1067—Congressional notice regarding execute orders issued at the direction of the President or the Secretary of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1056) that would require a review and report of certain Department of Defense orders involving the use of lethal force.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide the congressional defense committees with recurring briefings on execute orders and to provide those committees with certain notices and disclosures.

Sec. 1068—Mobility capability requirements study

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1054) that would require the Commander, U.S. Transportation Command to submit a report and provide a briefing to the House Committee on Armed Services 1 year after enactment of this Act, with an interim report and briefing 6 months after enactment of this Act, to assess the operational risk for meeting the mobility requirements of the geographic combatant commanders.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision, modified to require only a briefing 6 months after enactment of this Act.

Sec. 1069—Biodefense posture reviews

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1051) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a comprehensive examination of the biodefense policies, practices, programs, and initiatives of the Department of Defense every 4 years.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 907).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct two reviews,

not later than December 31, 2026 and December 31, 2029, and provide a briefing on each review.

Sec. 1070—Briefings on attempts by aliens and foreign actors to access military installations without authorization

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1066) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and on an annual basis thereafter, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report that identifies, with respect to the one-year period preceding the date of the report, the number of instances in which an alien not lawfully present in the United States (1) attempted to enter a military installation in the United States; or (2) gained entry to such an installation.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would change the recurring annual report to an annual briefing through 2027, limit the recipients of the briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, and include information about the identities of covered persons unlawfully attempting to gain access to military installations.

Sec. 1071—Report on resourcing of Arctic Strategy

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 1069A and sec. 1241) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report to the congressional defense committees and the congressional research agencies on cost data for the Arctic Strategy for each fiscal year 2026 through 2031 and require the inclusion of Special Operations Forces in planning and strategy relating to the Arctic region.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1063).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would modify the cost data required and set the reporting requirement through fiscal year 2028.

Sec. 1072—Analyses and reports on air superiority of the Joint Force

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1056) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct or sponsor an analysis of how the air superiority mission will be secured for the Joint Force in the 2030s and 2040s.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would also require the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to provide a separate report on the requirements for air superiority capacity.

Sec. 1073—Exercise for countering unmanned aerial systems

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1058) that would require the Secretary of Defense to plan and execute a full-scale counter unmanned aerial system response exercise in Department of Defense special use airspace by July 1, 2025.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would extend the deadline for conducting the exercise until December 1, 2025, and extend the deadline for the Secretary's report until March 1, 2026.

Sec. 1074—Report on operational plans of the Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1065) that would require the Secretary of Defense to complete a review of the operational plans of the Department of Defense and outline any shortfall in personnel, equipment, munitions, infrastructure, or material required to execute such operational plans.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would modify the elements of the review and require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report to the congressional defense committees on the results of the assessment.

Sec. 1075—Quarterly reports on funerals at Arlington National Cemetery on hold until caisson services resume

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1073) that would amend section 7721 of title 10, United States Code, that would require the Secretary of the Army to submit a monthly report on the status of families that are awaiting caisson support for funeral services at Arlington National Cemetery.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would modify the reporting requirement to quarterly frequency and further defines report termination requirements.

Sec. 1076—Plan for enhancement of special operations riverine capability

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1083) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict and the Commander, U.S. Special Operations Command (SOCOM), to provide a plan for the sustainment and enhancement of a special operations riverine capability within SOCOM through fiscal year 2035.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

We believe that there is significant potential for unmanned maritime capabilities to provide special operations forces with asymmetric warfighting advantages and strongly encourage SOCOM to continue research and development of such capabilities to fulfill special operations-peculiar requirements.

Sec. 1077—Annual report on Postsecondary Education Complaint System

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1723) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide to Congress and make publicly available on the Department of Defense's website an annual report on the Postsecondary Education Complaint System.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with technical amendments and an amendment that would limit the recipients of the annual reports to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

Sec. 1078—Study and report on Department of Defense use of unmanned ground vehicle systems manufactured by certain foreign entities

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6067) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study on Department of Defense use of covered unmanned ground vehicle systems made by covered foreign entities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would condition a prohibition on covered unmanned ground vehicles on a recommendation from the Secretary of Defense.

Subtitle G—Other Matters

Sec. 1081—Introduction of entities in transactions critical to national security

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1088) that would amend section 1047 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263) to authorize the Secretary of Defense to convene private companies to discuss market trends and opportunities abroad.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1082—Installation energy plans and assessment for reduction of reliance on Russian energy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1073) that would amend section 1086 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263) to apply to all operating bases within U.S. European Command and limit the obligation and expenditure of certain funds authorized for travel expenses for the Office of the Secretary of Defense until the Secretary provides the required report.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1083—Extension of the National Commission on the Future of the Navy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1074) that would extend the authorization for the National Commission on the Future of the Navy from until July 1, 2025.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1024) that would extend the authorization for the National Commission on the Future of the Navy until January 15, 2026.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1084—Modification of National Security Commission on Emerging Biotechnology

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1075) that would amend section 1091 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81) to extend the authority of the National Security Commission on Emerging Biotechnology to appoint members, the due date for its final report, and its termination date.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1082).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1085—Modification of defense sensitive support notification requirement

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1076) that would amend section 1055(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328) to modify the congressional notification requirement to a quarterly summary of routine defense sensitive support provided to non-Department of Defense Federal departments or agencies and permit time-sensitive and extraordinary security protections support congressional notifications after conclusion of the supported activity or simultaneously with the execution of the supported activity.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would allow a quarterly summary of routine defense sensitive support provided to non-Department of Defense Federal departments or agencies in lieu of the existing congressional notification requirement each time such support is provided by the Department of Defense.

Sec. 1086—Plan for additional skill identifiers for Army Mountain Warfare School

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1079) that would require the Secretary of the Army to establish certain additional skill identifiers for Army Mountain Warfare School courses.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would limit eligibility for certain skill identifiers to enlisted members, warrant officers, and commissioned officers, respectively.

Sec. 1087—Establishment of Department of Defense Working Group on Multilateral Artificial Intelligence Coordination

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1090) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a working group, to be known as the “Multilateral Artificial Intelligence Working Group,”

to develop and coordinate an artificial intelligence initiative among the allies and partners of the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1283).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1088—Resumption of caisson services at funeral services at Arlington National Cemetery

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1072) that would require the Secretary of the Army to start conducting funerals with caisson services at Arlington National Cemetery or enter into a contract to provide such services.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would condition resumption of such caisson services.

Sec. 1089—Liaison with Counter Unmanned Aerial Systems Task Force

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1087) that would require the Director of the All-Domain Anomaly Resolution Office to designate a liaison to the Counter Unmanned Aerial Systems Task Force to improve coordination in areas of shared responsibility.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1090—Responding to unmanned aircraft systems incursions

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1057) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop—as part of the National Defense Strategy required under section 113(g) of title 10, United States Code—a holistic strategy for countering unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) and the threats that such systems pose to facilities, personnel, and assets of the Department of Defense in the United States and overseas; and authorize the Secretary of Defense to provide support to Federal, state, and local government agencies for detection, identifying, and monitoring of UAS that cross the northern and southern borders of the United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require a Department of Defense strategy for countering unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) technology and the threats such technology poses to facilities, personnel, and assets of the Department of Defense in the United States. The amendment also requires an assessment and report on the Department of Defense's existing counter-UAS enterprise, a compilation of any recommended changes to the Department's counter-UAS enterprise, recommendations for requirements for the Department of Defense to pre-coordinate planned actions in response to anticipated types of UAS incursions with other relevant Federal departments and agencies, and any other information the Secretary deems relevant.

We agree that U.S. troops have the inherent right of self-defense, including from UAS attacks, wherever they may be.

Sec. 1091—Prioritization of accreditation of sensitive compartmented information facilities supporting DX-rated programs

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1089) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop a framework for prioritized review, accreditation, and reaccreditation of sensitive compartmented information facilities and classified communications at certain facilities supporting DX-rated programs.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1092—Establishment of national security capital forum

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1078) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a forum to facilitate information exchange related to transactions or potential transactions of the Office of Strategic Capital.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1090).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1093—Implementation of Comptroller General recommendations relating to the food program of the Department of Defense

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5352) that would require the Secretary of Defense to implement the recommendations of the Comptroller General of the United States contained in the report published by the Comptroller General in June 2024 and titled “DOD Food Program: Additional Actions Needed to Implement, Oversee, and Evaluate Nutrition Efforts for Service Members” (GAO–24–106155) or if not, to provide a report explaining why the Secretary has not implemented these recommendations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1094—Pilot program to provide military aircraft support to air shows

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1092) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretaries of the military departments, to establish a pilot program to provide military aircraft and aerial demonstration teams in support of air shows located in rural or small market areas.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a 1-year pilot program under which the Secretary shall provide military aircraft and aerial demonstration teams in support of air shows located in rural or small market areas.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Congressional notification of transfer of funds

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1004) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a notice of transfer whenever the Secretary transfers amounts under the authority of section 2214 of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the congressional defense committees receive notifications and conduct robust oversight of transfers of Department of Defense funding.

Oversight requirements for Financial Improvement and Audit Remediation Plan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1006) that would amend section 240b(b) of title 10, United States Code, to require the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) to provide a briefing on the status of the corrective action plan.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that section 240 of title 10, United States Code, contains robust recurring reporting requirements on the financial audit.

Report on Department of Defense operational planning to defeat Mexican drug cartels

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1009) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on Department of Defense operational planning to defeat Mexican drug cartels.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense, in conjunction with other U.S. departments and agencies, supports the continuing national priority to identify, disrupt, and degrade transnational criminal networks that pose threats to U.S. national security, including Mexican transnational criminal organizations (TCOs), which remain a major criminal threat to the United States. We note that in addition to working with other U.S. departments and agencies, the Department of Defense conducts security cooperation activities with the Government of Mexico to build the capacity of the Mexican armed forces to counter TCOs.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit an assessment, not later than April 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives regarding:

(1) Specific military assets, capabilities, and competencies of the Mexican armed forces associated with and relevant to efforts to counter TCOs operating in Mexico, including any DoD assessments of recent Mexican military operations against transnational criminal organizations;

(2) An identification of any gaps in the assets and capabilities of the Mexican armed forces for which the Department of Defense could focus future security cooperation efforts;

(3) A review of the Department of Defense's counter-narcotics support to the Mexican armed forces, including an assessment on the effectiveness of such support and a description of potential areas of expansion in cooperation between the Department of Defense and the Mexican armed forces; and

(4) Any other matter the Secretary deems appropriate.

The assessment should be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

Sale or donation of excess Department of Defense personal property for drug surveillance and interdiction

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1010A) that would amend section 2576a(d) of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of Defense preference transferred property for counterdrug surveillance and interdiction by local, tribal, and territorial law enforcement agencies within 100 miles of the United States-Mexico border that have an annual budget of not more than \$200.0 million.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Minimum number of public naval shipyards

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1012) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to operate not fewer than four public naval shipyards.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the four Navy public shipyards play a critical role in support of our national defense by providing crucial repair, maintenance, and modernization services for the Department of the Navy. The four public shipyards ensure that our naval fleet remains operational and capable of meeting evolving threats, thereby sustaining the Navy's readiness and strategic capabilities. By employing skilled workers and advanced technologies, the shipyards facilitate necessary overhauls and upgrades, which are vital for maintaining the effectiveness of both surface ships and submarines. The capacity of the four public shipyards to rapidly respond to emerging needs also improves the Navy's ability to project power globally, ensuring that our nation remains prepared to defend its interests and allies.

Prohibition on availability of funds for retirement of guided missile cruisers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1020) that would prohibit the retirement of the guided missile cruisers USS *Shiloh* (CG-67) and USS *Lake Erie* (CG-70).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We believe that the Navy's recent announcement of the extension of service lives of three guided missile cruisers means that the Navy should be able to maintain sufficient guided missile cruiser capability without the need to extend the lives of CG-67 and CG-70.

We direct the Secretary of the Navy to submit an assessment, not later than June 1, 2025, of the advisability and feasibility of using a decommissioned Navy guided missile cruiser as a platform for an open architecture testbed for novel digital technologies, software, and systems to enable continuous testing, validation, and integration of emerging technologies that will be made available to private industry, academic institutions, and nonprofit organization to deliver capabilities that are not funded by the federal government subject to security and operational requirements.

Sense of Congress regarding naming warships after Navy Medal of Honor recipients

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1021) that would provide a Sense of Congress that the Secretary of the Navy should name warships after Navy recipients of the Medal of Honor from World War I to the present.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Study related to recruitment and retention of apprentices at public shipyards

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1022) that would require the Commander of United States Naval Sea Systems Command to submit a study to Congress relating to the recruitment and retention of apprentices at public shipyards.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Navy to assess the adequacy of recruitment and retention of apprentices across the four public shipyards, and to provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on this assessment that includes: (1) summarized data, disaggregated by shipyard, relating to recruiting and retention of apprentices across the public shipyards, including demographic information on applicants, recruiting incentives offered, apprenticeship completion rates for accepted applicants, the average duration of service for graduates of an apprenticeship, and reasons why individuals voluntarily left the program; (2) an assessment of the feasibility of sharing apprenticeship data across the public shipyards and allowing apprentices to transfer between shipyards; (3) any other matter the Secretary determines is relevant to assess the adequacy of recruiting and retention in the shipyard apprenticeship program.

Sense of Congress regarding naming of naval vessel after Lieutenant General Richard E. Carey

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1023) that would provide a Sense of Congress that the Secretary of the Navy should

name the Spearhead-class expeditionary fast transport vessel of the United States Navy that has been ordered (Hull Number T-EPF-16) in honor of Lieutenant General Richard E. Carey.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Sense of Congress regarding naming of naval vessel after Major James Capers, Jr.

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1024) that would provide a Sense of Congress that the Secretary of the Navy should name a vessel of the United States Navy the "U.S.S. Major James Capers Jr." in honor of Major James Capers, Jr.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Sense of Congress regarding naming a naval vessel after William B. Gould

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1025) that would provide a Sense of Congress that the Secretary of the Navy should name a commissioned naval vessel after formerly enslaved sailor and Civil War veteran, William B. Gould, to honor his strength of character and faithful service to the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition on operation of connected vehicles designed, developed, manufactured, or supplied by persons owned by, controlled by, or subject to the jurisdiction of a foreign entity of concern on Department of Defense property

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1048) that would ban connected vehicles that are designed, developed, manufactured, or supplied by foreign entities of concern that pose an undue or unacceptable risk to national security from entering U.S. military bases and Department of Defense installations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Commerce has recently announced a proposed rule that would prohibit the import and sale in the United States of connected vehicles, or component parts, with sufficient nexus to foreign entities of concern. We further note, that malicious access to these vehicles and systems presents a particular risk to Department of Defense installation security. Acknowledging the on-going rulemaking, we note that should these systems enter the United States market via vehicles not manufactured by foreign entities of concern, there may be practical challenges related to identification of these vehicles at entry control points, which the Department will have to manage. Accordingly, we direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Rep-

representatives on both the Department's views of the proposed rule-making and how the Department would mitigate risk should these systems be allowed into the United States' automobile market.

Prohibition on Department of Defense transport of Palestinian refugees to the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1049) that would prohibit the use of funds for the transport of Palestinian refugees to the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained provisions (sec. 1048 and sec. 2855) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from using any asset, facility, or installation of the Department of Defense for transport or processing of any individual from the West Bank or Gaza who is not a United States citizen, the immediate family member of a United States citizen, or a former United States government employee, for the purposes of resettlement in the United States.

The agreement does not include the House or Senate provisions.

Limitation on authority of Armed Forces to detain citizens of the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1049B) that would limit the authority of Armed Forces to detain citizens of the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition on use of funds to cut services provided at certain combat training readiness centers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1049C) that would prohibit the use of funds from being used to cut any service provided by a combat training readiness center operated by the Air Force National Guard at certain locations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the importance of the Air Force Combat Readiness Training Centers (CRTC's). We note the Administration is not planning on closing any CRTC's in Fiscal Year 2025 and encourage the Department of the Air Force to keep the congressional defense committees apprised of any potential changes to the scope or mission of the CRTC's.

Elimination of discretion of military chain of command and senior civilian leadership with respect to display of flags

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1049D) that would amend section 1052(d)(1)(N) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) by striking subparagraph (N) to eliminate a commander's authority to approve a flag unauthorized by statute.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Suspension or revocation of certain permissions to access classified information

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1049F) that would require the Secretary of Defense to suspend or revoke a security clearance held by a covered individual if such individual has expressed support for a terrorist organization or engaged in a demonstration supporting a terrorist organization.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the current security clearance forms for initiating a background investigation already include questions on support for terrorist organizations. We urge the Department to continue to place focus on these questions during the adjudication process, which provides the proper forum for making decisions regarding such background investigation concerns.

Report on price elasticity of labor supply at shipyards and supplier firms

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1058) that would require a report on price elasticity of labor supply at shipyards and supplier firms.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Navy to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, on the price elasticity of the labor supply for the industrial base for building and maintaining naval vessels, including at private-sector shipyards, public-sector naval shipyards, and supplier firms. This report shall include:

- (1) The full cost of hiring and training workers at shipyards and supplier firms;
- (2) The extent to which retention of workers at shipyards and supplier firms may be improved by changes in pay and benefits for those workers;
- (3) The potential impact of such increases in pay and benefits on costs for procuring and maintaining naval vessels with consideration of any increased labor productivity that may result from improved retention; and
- (4) Recommendations for any extraordinary relief or other contractual mechanisms that may be appropriate for shipbuilding programs to increase pay and benefits for workers at shipyards and supplier firms.

Comptroller General review of food waste at Department of Defense and Coast Guard facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1060) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct a review of food waste at Department of Defense installations and Coast Guard locations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2025, on any current or planned efforts by the Department of Defense to decrease food waste on military installations. The briefing shall include any current or planned efforts by the Department to track food waste across its facilities, any analysis conducted by the Department to determine the causes of any food waste at such facilities, any Department policies regarding the management of food waste, and any challenges or partnerships with other Federal agencies to reduce food waste.

Study on feasibility of establishment of Centers of Excellence for Servicewomen's Health

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1061) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a study on the feasibility of establishing one or more centers of excellence for servicewomen's health, pursuant to the authority under section 1073d(b) of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We encourage the Secretary of Defense to establish centers of excellence for servicewomen's health under existing authorities.

Report on fielding certain wearable devices for impact protection against traumatic brain injury

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1063) that would require the Secretary of the Army to provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report regarding the fielding of wearable devices for impact protection.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Utilization of office space by the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1064) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a written report to the Administrator of the General Services Administration regarding the utilization of office space by the Department of Defense.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include House provision.

We remain committed to ensuring efficient use of resources across the Department of Defense, with a particular focus on maximizing the effective use of space. We recognize that maintaining oversight of facility utilization is critical to optimizing space allocation and reducing unnecessary expenditures, allowing more resources to be allocated to mission-essential activities. Additionally, we note that this agreement includes a provision from the House bill (sec. 2838) that would require the Department of Defense to decrease expenditures on leased facilities by 25 percent over the next 5 years.

Feasibility study on establishment and maintenance of Department of the Air Force training center at Eaker Air Force Base, Blytheville, Arkansas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1065) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a report on the feasibility and advisability of a reactivation of Eaker Air Force Base in Blytheville, Arkansas to serve as an Air Force Training Center.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than June 1, 2025, on the feasibility and advisability of using Eaker Air Force Base as an Air Force Training Center. The briefing shall include an assessment of: existing facilities, any relevant strategic geography of the location, the overall cost to the Department of Defense, and if the National Cold War Center poses any logistical or security concerns for any future training operations.

Study on use of space-available travel for donated human organs

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1067) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a feasibility study regarding the transport of human organs by organ procurement organizations under the space-available travel program under section 2641b of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than September 30, 2025, on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a program to provide for the transport of human organs by organ procurement organizations under the space-available travel program.

Study and report on Department of the Navy policies with respect to net metering

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1068) that would require the Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Energy, Installations, and Environment) to carry out a study on net metering.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Navy to provide a briefing to the Armed Services Committees of the Senate and House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2025, on net metering policies and practices within the Department of the Navy. The briefing shall include, at a minimum:

- (1) A summary of the Department of the Navy's current policies and procedures regarding net metering;
- (2) A list of each military installation under the Secretary of the Navy's jurisdiction that uses net metering;

(3) A review of practical methods and approaches at each installation for implementing net metering, focusing on operational efficiency and cost-effectiveness; and

(4) Recommendations from the Secretary of the Navy on potential actions to maximize the operational value of net metering for its installations.

Briefing on Department of Defense program to protect United States students against foreign agents

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing on the Department of Defense program to protect United States students against foreign agents.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees by June 15, 2025 on the updated status of the program described in section 1277 on the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91), including an assessment on whether the program is beneficial to students interning, working part-time, or in a program that will result in employment post-graduation with Department of Defense components and contractors.

Report on training and safety program for operation of assault amphibious vehicles

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069B) that would require the Secretary of the Navy, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the feasibility, advisability, and potential benefits of establishing a training and safety program for the operation of assault amphibious vehicles.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the efforts of the Marine Corps to improve the safe operation of both the assault amphibious vehicle (AAV) and amphibious combat vehicle (ACV). Therefore, we direct the Secretary of the Navy, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the actions taken to improve the training and safety program for the operation of the AAV and ACV.

Updates to national biodefense strategy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069C) that would require the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Health and Human Services to revise, update and provide the most recent version of the national biodefense strategy and associated implementation plan required under section 1086 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the administration issued an updated National Biodefense Strategy and Implementation Plan for Countering Biological Threats, Enhancing Preparedness, and Achieving Global Health Security in October of 2022 and that the Department of Defense published its Biodefense Posture Review in August of 2023. We believe that the administration and the Department of Defense should routinely update the National Biodefense Strategy and the Biodefense Posture Review as threats and capabilities change to ensure that U.S. capabilities keep pace with the threat environment as directed in section 1069 of this bill.

Report on modifications of expeditionary transfer dock ships

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069D) that would require the Chief of Naval Operations, in consultation with the Commandant of the Coast Guard, not later than March 1, 2025, to submit to the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on recommended modifications to the Expeditionary Transfer Dock Ships that will best enable at-sea sustainment of Joint Interagency Task Force South (JIATF-South) partner nation patrol vessels and United States Coast Guard Fast Response Cutters.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We agree that the Chief of Naval Operations, in consultation with JIATF-South, should develop recommended modifications to the Expeditionary Transfer Dock Ships that could improve our ability to provide at-sea sustainment of JIATF-South partner nation patrol vessels.

Report on military and weapons lost during withdrawal from Afghanistan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069E) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report that includes an accounting of all the military equipment and weapons lost to the Taliban during the withdrawal of the United States Armed Forces from Afghanistan.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the requirement in this provision is addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Assessment of the health care system supporting military installations in the R-2508 airspace

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069F) that would direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments concerned, to develop an assessment of the health care system supporting the military installations within the R-2508 Airspace to ensure adequate health care for the civilian and military workforce.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

GAO review and report on biological weapons experiments on and in relation to ticks, tick-borne disease

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069G) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to provide a report on Department of Defense research regarding biological weapon experiments on and in relation to ticks and tick-borne disease.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that we have addressed similar provisions in prior National Defense Authorization Acts—specifically, the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92), the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283), and the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81).

Assessment of influence of China in Pacific Island nations

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 1069H, sec. 1243, and sec. 1314) that would modify the Department of Defense’s annual report on Military and Security Developments Involving the People’s Republic of China required by section 1202 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000 (Public Law 106–65) to include among its report elements the influence of China in Pacific Island nations, the relationship between the People’s Republic of China and the Islamic Republic of Iran, and developments concerning the Tibetan Plateau. The House bill also contained a provision (sec. 1069J) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to Congress on the use of rifle-toting robot dogs by China.

The Senate bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1262) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide the congressional defense committees with a report on corruption in the People’s Liberation Army.

The agreement does not include these provisions.

We believe future iterations of the Department of Defense’s annual report on Military and Security Developments Involving the People’s Republic of China required by section 1202 of Public Law 106–65 should include, to the extent feasible, an analysis of influence of China in Pacific Island nations, the relationship between the People’s Republic of China and the Islamic Republic of Iran, developments concerning the Tibetan Plateau, corruption in the People’s Liberation Army, and the threat to the national security of the United States posed by China’s development of advanced technologies, including robotics.

Comptroller General study on use of unmanned vehicles to reduce Department of Defense expenses

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069I) that would require Comptroller General of the United States to conduct a study

to assess ways unmanned vehicles can reduce overall operating expenses and costs at the Department of Defense.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct a study to assess ways unmanned vehicles can reduce overall operating expenses and costs at the Department of Defense. Such study shall include:

(1) An analysis of unmanned ground and air systems and a comparison of the capability, capacity, and operating cost tradeoffs associated with each such system and those associated with similar manned technologies or systems;

(2) Recommendations regarding new areas in which unmanned technology could supplant or complement manned systems in order to reduce overall force operating costs; and

(3) Such other matters as the Comptroller General determines appropriate.

Furthermore, we direct the Comptroller General to provide an interim briefing on this study to the congressional defense committees, not later than March 31, 2025, with a final report to be provided at an agreed upon time.

Study on testing of foreign adversary highly autonomous vehicles

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069K) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the relevant Federal agencies, to conduct a study on the effects on the national security of the United States of highly automated vehicles associated with foreign adversary countries operating or testing in the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

In light of the Department of Commerce's recently proposed rule to ban imports and sales of vehicles with certain vehicle connectivity system or automated driving system technology with a link to the People's Republic of China or Russia, the managers believe this study would be better conducted by the Department of Commerce rather than the Department of Defense.

Report on effectiveness of the Optimizing the Human Weapon System Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069L) that would require the Secretary of the Army to provide a report on the Optimizing the Human Weapon System Program of the Army.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Army, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing that includes:

(1) An analysis of the effectiveness of the Optimizing the Human Weapon System Program of the Army; and

(2) Recommendations for improving and expanding the Program.

Comptroller general study on dredging capacity and port readiness

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069M) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct a study to assess the capability and capacity of the Department of Defense to complete harbor and channel dredging at seaports that require such dredging.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We agree with the concerns expressed in the Senate report accompanying S. 4638 (S. Rept. 118–188) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 recognizing that strategic seaports designated under the Strategic Seaport Program are critical transportation nodes necessary to support U.S. military rapid deployment requirements. We understand that there may be insufficient U.S. dredging capacity that has created a backlog in federal navigation maintenance work limiting the readiness of some seaports. We agree that the Commander, U.S. Transportation Command should provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2025, on impacts that reduced dredging capacity may have had on designated strategic seaports. The briefing should identify any operational impacts of reduced dredging of designed strategic seaports, and if applicable, provide recommendations on the prioritization of available dredging capacity.

Report on red flags missed in Janet Yamanaka Mello fraud scheme

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069N) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on the fraud scheme perpetrated by Janet Yamanaka Mello, a civilian employee of the Department of the Army, who was indicted and pleaded guilty to stealing over \$100 million in Army funds.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on Navy use of immersive learning capabilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069O) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to provide a report on the Navy's use of immersive learning capabilities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Senate Report accompanying this Act directed the Secretary of the Navy to deliver a briefing not later than January 1, 2025 on extended reality training. We further direct this briefing to be delivered to the Armed Services Committee of the Senate and House of Representatives. Additionally, we direct the Secretary of the Navy to submit a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2025, on how extended reality (XR) training capabilities have been, or potentially could be, integrated into

training across the U.S. Navy. The briefing shall include any efforts of the U.S. Navy to coordinate with the U.S. Air Force on lessons learned related to XR training, an identification of any relevant XR training strategies, and any limitations or barriers to XR training integration, to include ensuring compliance with relevant cybersecurity requirements. We note the Secretary may combine these two briefings into one, if appropriate.

Department of Defense report on potential cost savings from use of artificial intelligence

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1069P) that would require the Undersecretary of Defense (Comptroller) to provide a report on the potential cost-savings of incorporating artificial intelligence (AI) and multi-domain, attributable autonomous, semi-autonomous, unmanned systems, capabilities and processes into the military department and the civilian workforce of the Department of Defense.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that there are clear indications that the use of AI systems will contribute to mission effectiveness, as well as cost effectiveness, of military operations. Because of the pervasive application of AI across the defense enterprise, we further note the difficulty in obtaining high fidelity information on the broad cost-savings that might accrue. We believe that the Department should focus on specific use cases to estimate cost savings and that such anecdotal information should inform broader extrapolation for decision-makers.

Expedited access to certain military installations of the Department of Defense for Members of Congress and certain Congressional employees

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1071) that would authorize expedited access to military installations for members of Congress and certain congressional employees.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than March 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on any proposed updates or changes to procedures regarding ongoing efforts by the Department to finalize military installation access procedures for members of Congress and congressional staff.

Air Force Technical Training Center of Excellence

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1072) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to operate a Technical Training Center of Excellence.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a briefing, not later than April 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a Technical Training Center of Excellence.

The briefing should include:

- (1) Any costs associated with standing up the Center;
- (2) Impacts on planned reorganization from Air Education and Training Command to Airman Development Command;
- (3) Effects on current responsibilities of the Air Force with regard to training maintainers; and
- (4) Any other benefits or consequences that the Secretary deems relevant.

Post-employment restrictions for participants in certain research funded by the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1077) that would prohibit principal investigators of Department of Defense-funded research into critical and emerging technologies at institutions of higher education from seeking or accepting employment with certain foreign entities for a period of 10 years after the end of their involvement in such research.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Tabletop exercise on extreme weather events in the Indo-Pacific region

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1080) that would require the Commander, U.S. Indo-Pacific Command, to conduct at least one tabletop exercise to assess the ability of the U.S. Armed Forces and the military and naval forces of allies and partners to confront aggressive adversarial threats in the Indo-Pacific region while simultaneously confronting extreme weather hazards.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We expect that the Commander, U.S. Indo-Pacific Command (USINDOPACOM) will conduct one or more tabletop exercises in calendar year 2025, to assess the ability of the U.S. Armed Forces and the military and naval forces of allies and partners of the United States to confront aggressive adversarial threats in the Indo-Pacific region while simultaneously addressing the effects of extreme weather. At a minimum, any such exercise should examine:

- (1) The resilience of U.S. weapons, systems, force posture, and command and control to withstand extreme weather events during a contingency in the Indo-Pacific region;
- (2) The ability of the U.S. Armed Forces to conduct logistics during an extreme weather event, including the ability to resupply U.S. forces, allied and partnered forces, and affected civilian populations;
- (3) The resiliency of USINDOPACOM to withstand extreme weather events;

(4) The ability of USINDOPACOM to continue operations with a partial or complete loss of overseas critical infrastructure due to extreme weather;

(5) The ability of the U.S. Armed Forces, in coordination with allies and partners, to resist force or other coercion by an aggressor during extreme weather, including potential scenarios involving command and control that is affected or impaired by extreme weather conditions;

(6) The effectiveness of air defense capabilities to deter missile threats from the People's Republic of China or the Democratic People's Republic of Korea during extreme weather;

(7) The ability of military and naval forces to operate in every domain during extreme weather; and

(8) The extent to which ground-based targeting and firing would be affected by extreme weather in the Indo-Pacific region.

Furthermore, in conducting any such tabletop exercise, we suggest that the Commander, USINDOPACOM, consider utilizing, as appropriate, the expertise and facilities of a postsecondary education institution of the Department of Defense. We also urge the Commander, USINDOPACOM, to consider the participation of other appropriate departments and agencies of the Federal Government, state and local governments, and outside experts, as appropriate, in the conduct of such tabletop exercises.

Lastly, we direct the Commander, USINDOPACOM to provide a briefing, not later than March 31, 2026, to the congressional defense committees on all tabletop or other exercises conducted by USINDOPACOM in calendar year 2025 that assessed the ability of the U.S. Armed Forces and the military and naval forces of allies or partners of the United States to confront threats in the Indo-Pacific region while simultaneously addressing the effects of extreme weather.

Pilot program on Army readiness in contested logistics environments

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1081) that would establish a pilot program, through the Combat Training Directorate, to ensure that all troops at Army schools train on all expeditionary basing systems.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Assessment regarding antifouling coatings

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1084) that would require the Department of Defense to assess the feasibility of alternatives to copper-based antifouling coatings.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than March 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the feasibility and advisability of moving away from copper-based antifouling coatings.

The briefing should include:

(1) A notional timeline to remove existing copper-based antifouling coatings from naval vessels by January 1, 2028;

(2) Criteria for antifouling effectiveness, measured by the duration of time such coating prevents biological adhesion, corrosion, and degradation of vessel surfaces, environmental damage caused by shedding and leaching of the coating, and the effect of the coating on fuel efficiency and vessel speed; and

(3) An evaluation of whether a new antifouling coating standard could reduce time and costs associated with maintenance, while also being environmentally sound.

Prior to the briefing, the Secretary should evaluate commercially available products, technologies, applications, and services that could be used to improve combat readiness by decreasing the need for re-application of antifouling coatings.

Authorization to use nonelectric vehicles at Yuma Proving Ground

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1085) that would require the Secretary of Defense to authorize members of the Armed Forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense at Yuma Proving Ground to use nonelectric vehicles in the performance of their duties.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that such members of the Armed Forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense may use non-electric vehicles in the performance of their duties.

Sense of Congress relating to expenditures for certain military housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1086) that would express the sense of Congress relating to expenditures for certain military housing.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

University Centers for Arctic National Security Studies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1087) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish or designate one or more University Centers for Arctic National Security Studies at institutions of higher education.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Psychological performance training in performance mindset

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1088) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide an annual report on training for, and performance in, high-stress environments.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We understand that long-term exposure to high-stress environments can leave servicemembers in suboptimal performance states possibly leading to compromised performance abilities and negative behaviors. The Air Force trains on the development of proactive psychological performance skills and strategies for psychological flexibility and mental strength. We recognize potential benefits to training to develop and maintain psychological performance skills and mental resilience.

We, therefore, direct the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a briefing, not later than April 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the following:

- (1) Efforts conducted previously or currently at Air Force Global Strike Command and Air Force Air Mobility Command to train airmen in psychological health and performance;
- (2) Outcomes of such training effort to include any relevant airmen feedback;
- (3) Costs associated with providing such training services;
- (4) Efforts, if any, to budget and plan for expanding psychological performance skill training; and
- (5) Any other relevant matters that the Secretary determines appropriate.

Declassification review of documents relating to involvement of United States in 1973 coup in Chile

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1091) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a declassification review of documents relating to the involvement of the United States in the 1973 coup d'état in Chile.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Capacity building and security cooperation with Mexico to counter threats posed by transnational criminal organizations

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1011) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a plan for training members of the U.S. Armed Forces combined with members of the Mexican Armed Forces.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Authority of Department of Defense in surveillance of southwest border of United States

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1012) that would authorize the Department of Defense to share information collected as part of operations at the southwest border in support of Federal departments or agencies, with other Federal, state, or local authorities who are not receiving support from the Department of Defense, but who are also tasked to monitor movements to, or across, the southwest border.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Treatment by Department of Defense of request for support at southwest border of United States

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1013) that would require the Secretary of Defense to prioritize requests for support at the southwest border that are timely and define required capabilities for support.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Protection against misuse of Naval Special Warfare Command insignia

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1041) that would amend chapter 891 of title 10, United States Code, to prohibit the unauthorized use of certain Naval Special Warfare insignia and authorize a fine of not more than \$20,000 for each violation.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Requirements relating to payments by the Department of Defense for qualifying injuries to the brain

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1046) that would limit the obligation or expenditure of not more than 75 percent of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for travel expenses of the Office of the Secretary of Defense until the Secretary meets requirements relating to payments by the Department of Defense for qualifying injuries to the brain.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note the progress in the federal rulemaking process required for the Department of Defense to implement section 901(i) of division J of the Further Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2020 (22 U.S.C. 2680b(i)) and that the Department intends to start providing payments authorized under such section in fiscal year 2025.

Report on Panama Canal security

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1051) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on the vulnerabilities, safety, and security of the Panama Canal.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a report, not later than May 30, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the vulnerabilities, safety, and security of the Panama Canal related to U.S. defense priorities, and that include the following elements:

(1) Identification of authority limitations in the conduct of security cooperation activities related to the Panama Canal area;

(2) An assessment of Department of Defense and U.S. Coast Guard limitations to identify, understand, and respond to threats and risks associated with the safe and secure operation of the canal;

(3) Identification of Panamanian partner capabilities and limitations, response posture, cross-sector security coordination, policy and procedures, and other factors that could challenge partner support to more intensive U.S. Coast Guard vessel (wartime and auxiliary) transit requirements;

(4) Identification of Panamanian laws and inter-Panamanian institutional policy and territorial jurisdiction that affect the ability of the Department of Defense to support securing and defending the canal;

(5) Identification of risks in relation to the Panama Canal Neutrality Treaty that could affect priority of U.S. transits during steady state, in crisis, and in conflict;

(6) An assessment of the interoperability of Panamanian and U.S. security forces if support is requested to defend the canal area, and recommendations on how to organize, train, and equip U.S. forces, partner forces, and ensure bilateral preparedness;

(7) Identification of external threats to and malign influence on the independence of the canal and its operations in steady state, in crisis, and in conflict;

(8) Identification of statecraft or foreign-backed entity capabilities, strategies, and limitations to disrupt regular canal operations to achieve military effects on U.S. force and sustainment flow—including by kinetic and non-kinetic means, cyber and information operations, and condition-setting;

(9) Identification of logistical, force protection, and other throughput challenges to ensuring U.S. force and sustainment flow via the canal and canal area when uncontested by other state actors and in support of a major contingency in another theater of operation;

(10) An assessment of the resilience of the canal system in the event of an accident, basic security incident, or climate-induced or other water management challenge that may impede throughput;

(11) Recommendations for U.S. defense investments to enhance the capabilities of Panama to ensure the safety and security of the canal area; and

(12) An assessment of the canal's information technology and operational technology infrastructure and systems.

Consideration of protracted conflicts in planning assumptions

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1061) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Strategy, Plans, and Capabilities to deliver to the Secretary of Defense defense planning scenarios that include protracted conflicts of at least 6, 12, and 24 months as planning assumptions.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Study on combat accomplishments of remotely piloted aircraft crew

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1062) that would require the Secretary of Defense to enter into an agreement with a federally funded research and development center to conduct an independent study to identify opportunities to provide more support services to, and greater recognition of, combat accomplishments of remotely piloted aircraft crew.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Comptroller General of the United States to provide a report, not later than January 1, 2026, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives regarding support services available to, and recognition of combat accomplishments of, remotely piloted aircraft (RPA) crew.

The report should include:

- (1) How members of RPA crews who have conducted combat operations are identified;
- (2) Existing procedures in the military departments for documenting RPA crew members who have conducted combat operations;
- (3) An assessment of whether establishing a new status identifier for RPA crews would improve in documentation, recognition, or support of RPA crew members who have conducted combat operations;
- (4) An overview of individual and campaign decorations and awards available to RPA crews;
- (5) An assessment of post-separation health benefits available to RPA crew members who have conducted operations; and
- (6) Any other relevant recommendations, observations, or information that the Comptroller General deems appropriate.

Assessment of impact of transnational organized crime on military drug overdoses

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1064) that would require the directors of the military criminal investigation organizations to provide an assessment of the types of drugs responsible for drug overdoses on military installations, the origin of those drugs, and the impact of the drug overdoses to military readiness.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that transnational criminal organizations have developed significant fentanyl production and trafficking infrastructure that facilitates significant drug problems and associated overdose deaths in the United States, and that which affects Americans in general has the potential to affect Department of Defense specifically.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with directors of the military criminal investigation organizations and the Director of the Defense Health Agency, to provide a briefing, not later than July 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the number of service-member deaths attributable to drug overdoses found to be caused—in whole or in part—by fentanyl from January 1, 2018 through January 1, 2024, and the extent to which illicit fentanyl inhibits the readiness of the Armed Forces.

For the purposes of this briefing, the term “military criminal investigation organizations” means:

- (1) The Criminal Investigation Division of the Army;
- (2) The Criminal Investigative Service of the Navy; and
- (3) The Office of Special Investigations of the Air Force.

Report on undersea cable posture

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1066) that would require the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense to provide a report on the threats, defense, and resilience of undersea cables used by the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense (DOD-CIO) to submit a classified report, not later than December 30, 2025, to the congressional defense committees on the threats, defense, and resilience of undersea cables used by the Department of Defense. The report should include the following elements:

(1) An assessment of the threats (i.e., physical, cyber, supply chain, and foreign ownership) to undersea cables owned or used by the Department of Defense—including:

(A) The current procedure when threats to such cables are identified by or reported to the Department of Defense (Office of Naval Intelligence (ONI) lead; the Joint Staff, and U.S. Cyber Command supporting);

(B) The extent to which such cables are owned and operated solely by the Department of Defense, reported by agency or military department (DOD-CIO Management Office lead);

(C) The extent to which such cables are owned and operated by non-government or commercial entities, but contracted to support the Department of Defense, reported by agency or military department (ODNI lead, Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisitions and Sustainment supporting);

(D) A list of Department of Defense missions that would be most severely disrupted by a loss of undersea cable capabilities (combatant commands lead prioritization); and

(E) Intelligence gaps concerning threats to such cables (ODNI lead)

(2) The Department of Defense's strategy to protect critical subsea cables and an assessment of the Department's ability to execute that strategy—including for cables not owned by the Department of Defense (DOD-CIO);

(3) An assessment of the Department of Defense's ability to restore critical subsea cable capabilities based on damage to or interdiction of existing undersea capabilities (DOD-CIO);

(4) An assessment of the Department of Defense's ability to execute processes to prioritize and support restoration efforts in the event that subsea cable capabilities are lost (DOD-CIO);

(5) Alternative capabilities to negate or mitigate the loss of critical undersea cable capabilities—including a primary, alternate, contingency, and emergency communication plan (DOD-CIO);

(6) A strategy for prioritizing Department of Defense missions in the event that undersea cable capabilities are lost (DOD-CIO);

(7) An assessment of support required from other Federal Government, private sector, and foreign partners to defend, maintain, and restore undersea cable capabilities (DOD-CIO) and

(8) An assessment of new or additional capabilities or authorities required to adequately defend, monitor, maintain or restore under-

sea cable capabilities (DOD-CIO)—including, if additional capabilities are required, an estimated budget to support.

Plan for procurement of military working equids for the Caisson Platoon of the 3rd Infantry Regiment of the Army

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1071) that would require the Secretary of the Army to provide a plan for the procurement of military working equids for the caisson platoon.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Army to provide a report, not later than March 31, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives that details the Army plan for the procurement of military working equids for the Caisson Platoon of the 3rd Infantry Regiment of the Army. In developing the plan, the Secretary of the Army should consult with at least two nationally recognized equid experts.

Land for operations and training of Caisson Platoon of the 3rd Infantry Regiment of the Army

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1074) that would amend section 366 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) to require the Secretary of the Army to consider land in Virginia and West Virginia when contemplating land acquisition in support of the Caisson Platoon.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Plan for recapitalization of special operations surface combatant craft

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1084) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict and the Commander, U.S. Special Operations Command, to provide a plan for special operations surface combatant craft at end of service life for conversion into unmanned systems, as appropriate, to support experimentation and employment of manned-unmanned teaming capabilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict and the Commander, U.S. Special Operations Command, to jointly submit a plan, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to the congressional defense committees for converting special operations surface combatant craft at the end of service life into unmanned systems, as appropriate, to support experimentation and the use of manned-unmanned teaming capabilities.

Homeland defense planning requirements

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1085) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for

Strategy, Plans, and Capabilities to provide a report on defense critical assets in the United States that are likely targets for kinetic or non-kinetic attacks in the event of a major conflict with an adversary.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Homeland Defense and Hemispheric Affairs, in consultation with the Commander, U.S. Northern Command, the Commander, U.S. Cyber Command, and the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency, to submit an assessment, not later than April 1, 2025, to the congressional defense committees of the personnel and capabilities requirements for providing Department of Defense support to civil authorities in the event of a major foreign attack on the homeland.

The report should include:

(1) The Department's assessment of its existing capabilities for responding to an attack that impacts multiple domestic jurisdictions—including states, territories, and the District of Columbia;

(2) The number of personnel available to respond to such an attack;

(3) The availability of such personnel to respond to such an attack when Departmental personnel are forward deployed; and

(4) Additional authorities or personnel that would enable the Department to support civil authorities while simultaneously carrying out its other missions in the event of a major attack on the homeland.

Authority to provide contracted assistance to secure the southern land border of the United States

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1086) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to enter into services contracts to provide Department of Defense assistance to U.S. Customs and Border Protection to increase ongoing efforts to secure the southern land border of the United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Preferred alternative for the Ambler Mining District in Alaska

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1094) that would require the Secretary of the Interior to select a preferred alternative relating to the provision of access to the Ambler Mining District in Alaska, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Report on portable, drone-agnostic munitions

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6031) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on the feasibility and cost of acquiring and fielding portable, drone-agnostic droppable munitions.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of the Army provide a report, not later than October 31, 2025, to the congressional defense committees on the feasibility and cost of acquiring and fielding portable, drone-agnostic droppable munitions. The report should include:

(1) The potential use of portable, drone-agnostic droppable munitions to augment small unit tactics and lethality in the ground combat forces—including:

- (a) trench warfare;
- (b) countermining operations;
- (c) anti-armor uses; and
- (d) anti-personnel uses;

(2) The capability for portable, drone-agnostic droppable munitions to have a dual tactical capacity to explode in the air or on impact;

(3) The cost-effectiveness, affordability, and domestic production capacity of portable, drone-agnostic droppable munitions in comparison to one-way small uncrewed aerial systems;

(4) The use of portable, drone-agnostic droppable munitions in the Ukraine conflict and best practices learned;

(5) The potential use of portable, drone-agnostic droppable munitions in the defense of Taiwan;

(6) Procurement challenges, legal restrictions, training shortfalls, operational limitations, or other impediments to fielding portable, drone-agnostic droppable munitions at the platoon level;

(7) A plan to equip platoon-sized ground combat formations in the close combat force with portable, drone-agnostic droppable munitions at a basis of issue including a proposed timeline and fielding strategy;

(8) A plan to equip such other ground combat units with portable, drone-agnostic droppable munitions;

(9) The capacity of the domestic defense industrial base to produce portable, drone-agnostic droppable munitions;

(10) The capacity of the industrial bases of foreign partners to produce portable, drone-agnostic droppable munitions;

(11) The feasibility of fielding portable, drone-agnostic droppable munitions in support of the findings of the report required by section 1071 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

Briefing on a second pilot program for advanced reactors

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6047) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing on a pilot program to provide resilience for critical infrastructure at Department of Defense facilities with high energy intensity requirements through a contract with a commercial entity to site, construct, and operate at least one licensed reactor, capable of producing at least 60 megawatts of power—at a facility selected for purposes of the pilot program by December 31, 2029.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than June 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives describing the require-

ments for, and components of, a pilot program to provide resilience for critical national security infrastructure at Department of Defense (DOD) facilities with high energy intensity requirements by contracting with a commercial entity to site, construct, and operate at least one licensed reactor, capable of producing at least 60 megawatts of power—at a facility selected for purposes of the pilot program by December 31, 2029.

In regards to such a briefing, the Secretary of Defense should: (1) Consult with the Secretary of Energy, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, and the Administrator of the General Services Administration; and (2) Submit the briefing in unclassified form, but may include a classified appendix.

The briefing should address how to explore a public-private partnership for the reactor to reduce ratepayer costs and avoid financial risk to DOD's mission. The briefing should also include:

(1) Identification of potential locations to site, construct, and operate a reactor—either at a commercial site that serves DOD's critical mission interests, or at a DOD facility that contains critical national security infrastructure that the Secretary determines may not be energy resilient;

(2) Assessments of different nuclear technologies—including technologies capable of producing at least 60 megawatts of power—to provide energy resiliency for critical national security infrastructure;

(3) A survey of potential commercial stakeholders with which to enter into a contract under the pilot program to construct and operate a licensed micro-reactor and, if appropriate, share offtake needs;

(4) Options to enter into long-term contracting—including various financial mechanisms for such purpose;

(5) Identification of requirements for reactors to provide energy resilience to mission-critical functions at facilities;

(6) An estimate of the costs of the pilot program;

(7) A timeline with milestones for the pilot program;

(8) An analysis of the existing authority of DOD to permit the siting, construction, and operation of a reactor;

(9) Recommendations for any legislative changes necessary for DOD to permit the siting, construction, or operation of a reactor;

(10) A strategy for deploying additional reactors at other sites—including through public-private partnerships; and

(11) A plan for implementing the pilot program—to begin implementation not later than 3 months after submission of the briefing.

Red Hill Health Registry

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6052) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a Red Hill incident exposure registry to collect data on health implications of petroleum-contaminated water for impacted individuals and potentially impacted individuals on a voluntary basis.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that legislation is not required to establish such a registry. In June 2024, the Secretary of Defense executed a 5-year co-

operative agreement with a university to establish and maintain an independent registry of individuals who were exposed to, or at risk of exposure to, the Red Hill fuel release.

Requirement to include implementation plan in strategy to respond to unmanned aircraft systems incursions

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6057) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a plan to expedite the testing, demonstration and validation of technologies that support the strategy required under subparagraph (A) of section 1057(a)(1).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Records preservation processes for certain at-risk Afghan allies

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6073) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a process for individuals to apply for classification as an Afghan ally.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

TITLE XI—CIVILIAN PERSONNEL

Sec. 1101—Pilot program for the temporary exchange of information technology personnel

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1004) that would amend section 1110 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84) to authorize the Secretary of Defense to include in the exchange program such personnel performing financial management or budgetary tasks for private-sector software-focused companies.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1102—Extension of authority for noncompetitive appointments of military spouses by Federal agencies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1101) that would extend authority for noncompetitive appointments of military spouses by Federal agencies until December 31, 2033, and require the Department of Defense to submit an annual report on the use of this authority.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1110) that would make permanent the authority of Federal agencies to make noncompetitive appointments of military spouses in the civil service under section 3330d of title 5, United States Code.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment relating to the reporting requirements.

Sec. 1103—Extension of living quarters allowance to civilian DOD employees in positions with critical shortages stationed in Guam

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1102) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to provide a living quarters allowance to all Department of Defense (DOD) civilian employees with permanent duty in Guam.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would limit the use of this authority to DOD civilian employees filling positions determined by the Secretary to be critically short. The amendment would also sunset the authority on January 1, 2034.

Sec. 1104—One-year extension of authority to waive annual limitation on premium pay and aggregate limitation on pay for federal civilian employees working overseas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1103) that would amend section 1101 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417), as most recently amended by section 1105 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31), to extend for 1 year the authority of heads of executive agencies to waive the limitation on the aggregate of basic and premium pay of employees who perform work supporting certain military or contingency operations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1101).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1105—One-year extension of temporary authority to grant allowances, benefits, and gratuities to civilian personnel on official duty in a combat zone

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1104) that would extend for 1 year the discretionary authority of the head of a Federal agency to provide allowances, benefits, and gratuities comparable to those provided to members of the Foreign Service to the agency's civilian employees on official duty in a combat zone.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1102).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1106—Pilot program for overseas work-period for DOD competitive service positions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1105) that would remove the 5-year time limitation on civilian employees serving in a competitive position overseas and that require the Department of Defense to provide an annual report on the impacts of the removal of the time limit on recruiting and retention.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would authorize the first O–6 in an employee's chain-of-com-

mand to approve a one-time 5-year extension for an employee to continue serving in an overseas duty assignment. The amendment would also require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on the Department's use of the authority provided by this section, first due December 31, 2025, and annually thereafter for five years. Finally, the amendment would sunset the authority provided by this section 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

Sec. 1107—Employment and compensation of civilian faculty members at Inter-American Defense College

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1109) that would amend section 1595(c) of title 10, United States Code, to add the United States Element of the Inter-American Defense College to the list of covered Department of Defense educational institutions at which the Secretary of Defense is authorized to employ and compensate civilian faculty as the Secretary considers necessary.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1107).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1108—Treatment of veterans who did not register for the selective service

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1111) that would amend section 3328 of title 5, United States Code, to establish eligibility for Federal civilian employment for veterans who failed to register for selective service, but who provide evidence of their qualifying military service to the executive agency in which the veteran seeks an appointment.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 522).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1109—Increase in military leave accrual and accumulation for Federal employees

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1112) that would amend section 6323 of title 5, United States Code, to increase military leave accrual and accumulation for Federal civilian employees from 15 to 20 days per year.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1110—Sufficient firefighter personnel covered installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1118) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure a minimum number of firefighter personnel are on duty at each covered installation to maintain optimum manning and optimum level of service to safeguard life and property at such covered installation and a risk assessment may not be used to limit the number of firefighter personnel at a covered installation.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would ensure that a sufficient number of firefighter personnel

are on duty at each covered installation to maintain manning and service necessary to safeguard life and property.

Sec. 1111—Extension of direct hire authority for domestic industrial base facilities and Major Range and Test Facilities Base

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1104) that would amend section 1125 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328) to extend the sunset date of the underlying direct hire authority for domestic industrial base facilities and major range and test facilities through the end of fiscal year 2030. Further, the provision would amend section 1102 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91) to extend a briefing requirement on the use of the direct hire authority through the end of fiscal year 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1112—Modifications to the John S. McCain Strategic Defense Fellows Program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1108) that would amend section 932(f) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232) to authorize the Secretary of Defense to make a non-competitive appointment or conversion of a successful program participant into a vacant position in the competitive or excepted service within the Department of Defense (DOD), when the Secretary determines that such appointment or conversion will contribute to the development of highly qualified future senior leaders for the DOD.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1113—Modification of pilot program on dynamic shaping of the workforce to improve the technical skills and expertise at certain Department of Defense laboratories

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1109) that would amend section 1109 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92) to clarify that the early retirement incentives authorized for the dynamic workforce reshaping pilot program at Department of Defense science and technology reinvention laboratories are available for employees covered by the Federal Employees' Retirement System and not just those covered by the Civil Service Retirement System.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1114—Continuity of coverage under certain provisions of title 5, United States Code

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1111) that would amend section 6323 of title 5, United States Code, to make technical and conforming amendments related to military leave for Federal employees for certain members of the Space Force.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1115—Limitation on establishment of new diversity, equity, and inclusion positions; hiring freeze

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1116) that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from establishing any new positions within the Department of Defense with responsibility for matters relating to diversity, equity, and inclusion, or fill any vacancies in positions in the Department with responsibility for such matters.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1113).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would prohibit the Secretary of Defense from establishing any new billet, or filling any vacancies in existing billets, that have responsibility for matters relating to diversity, equity, and inclusion until the report required by section 529B of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) is delivered to Congress by the Comptroller General of the United States, or one-year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Waiver of limitation on appointment of recently retired members of armed forces to DOD competitive service positions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1106) that would waive the 180-day limitation on appointment of recently retired members of the Armed Forces to the Department of Defense competitive service positions.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense and the military departments may hire recently retired military personnel within the described 180-day window providing hiring managers comply with competitive processes established by the Office of Personnel Management.

Mandatory public disclosures by newly nominated civilians for senior positions in the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1108) that would require newly nominated civilians for senior positions in the Department of Defense (DOD) to make certain mandatory financial disclosures available on a publicly accessible website.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that as part of the Senate Armed Services Committee's process for considering civilian nominations to senior positions within DOD requiring Senate confirmation, information of the type described in the House provision is provided to the Committee for its and the Senate's use in the course of the Senate discharging its obligation to provide advice and consent on these nominations.

Supplemental guidance for MCO competitive service positions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1110) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Director, Office of Personnel Management (OPM), and the Secretaries of the military departments, to establish supplemental guidance for qualification standards for mission critical competitive service positions.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense is struggling to recruit and retain civilians in mission critical occupations. This shortage can result in harmful impacts to our national security, and negatively impact morale, training, and readiness. Despite numerous efforts to alleviate these issues, including providing direct hire authority and pay and compensation incentives, civilian shortages in mission critical occupations persist. We note that shortages are further exacerbated by recruiting and retention protocols across the government, including long timelines for the OPM to approve or disapprove proposed incentives.

Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments and the Director, OPM, to provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, no later than 120 days after enactment of this Act, on alleviating civilian shortages for mission critical occupations across the Department. The report should include the following: (1) An established list of mission critical occupations across the services in which a civilian shortage has negatively impacted readiness across the last 3 years, and positions that are projected to persist or develop in the next 3 years, including information on the number of personnel shortages and efforts to recruit and retain these occupations; and (2) An assessment of the feasibility and advisability of OPM delegating the authority to service secretaries to establish supplements to General Schedule Classification and Qualification Standards and waive or adopt occupational requirements under such mission critical occupations, in order to expedite and streamline the process to provide incentives to mission critical occupations across the Department.

Flexibilities for Federal employees who are armed forces spouses

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1113) that would provide additional flexibilities for Federal employees who are also spouses of members of the Armed Forces.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We understand that military spouses face significant challenges finding employment. We direct the Secretary of Defense, consistent with ongoing actions directed by Executive Order 14100, Advancing Economic Security for Military and Veteran Spouses, Military Caregivers, and Survivors, to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, no later than April 1, 2025, on: (1) Ongoing efforts to eliminate barriers to flexible work options for military spouses, to include telework; (2) Options to adjust Department of Defense policies to retain military

spouses in existing positions in a telework capability; (3) Data regarding existing military spouse employment with the Department of Defense and military services; (4) Ongoing challenges with utilizing military spouse preferences to include the overseas direct hire authority; and (5) Any other matters the Secretary determines relevant.

GAO report on home-based businesses at remote military installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1114) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to assess and submit a report to the Secretary of Defense on home-based businesses operating at remote and isolated installations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Expand Department of Defense civilian employment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1115) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to ensure that, to the extent practicable, each commercial position in the Department of Defense, or an element of the Department, is filled by a civilian employee of the Department or performed by a contractor of the Department, within 5 years of the enactment of this section.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

OMB employment form requirement for DOD contractors

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1117) that would require all individuals hired by Department of Defense contractors under Department contracts to use the Declaration for Federal Employment Form OMB No. 3206-0812, typically used by Federal civilian employees.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives by no later than April 1, 2025, on the number of instances over the past 10 years of Federal civilian employees whose Federal employment was terminated by reason of serious misconduct and then were rehired by a defense contractor for placement within the same office.

Report on reducing misconceptions about mental health and security clearance eligibility

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1853) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the Department's activities to inform members of the Armed Forces about how mental health affects security clearance eligibility.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We remain concerned about how misperceptions regarding the impact of mental health issues on security clearance eligibility might influence the willingness of military service members to seek necessary mental health treatment. We believe better communication on how such information is used in the process, including guardrails and clear guidance to the workforce, is important to destigmatize mental health care for those military service members who might benefit from such care, but also recognize the importance of maintaining their clearance for the duration of their career.

Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, by June 1, 2025, on the Department's activities to inform members of the Armed Forces about how mental health information is used in the security clearance eligibility process. Such briefing shall include:

- (1) The Department's outreach and education activities to inform members of the Armed Forces about how questions regarding mental health care are used in the security clearance and adjudication process and the guidelines used to differentiate routine care from possible disqualifying events;

- (2) The Department's outreach and education activities to ensure that health care providers in the military health system, non-medical counselors, TRICARE providers, and other relevant personnel convey accurate information to members of the Armed Forces regarding mental health and security clearance eligibility;

- (3) The guardrails on the use of such information incorporated into guidance to the workforce for security clearance review and adjudication activities, and how questions or information regarding mental health care are used in continuous vetting processes; and

- (4) Description of appeals processes available to military service members to dispute any decisions made related to mental health care events and how such information may have been used in the security clearance and adjudication process.

Removal of Direct Support Activities from personnel limitation on the Office of the Secretary of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1105) that would amend section 143(b) of title 10, United States Code, to modify the definition of personnel within the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD) contained in that subsection, and to which the personnel limitation contained in section 143 applies, to no longer include military and civilian personnel assigned to, or employed by, direct support activities of the OSD or the Washington Headquarters Services.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Authority to provide increased voluntary separation incentive pay for civilian employees of the Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1106) that would amend section 9902 of title 5, United States Code, to increase the maximum amount of voluntary separation incentive pay for Department of Defense civilian employees from \$25,000 to \$40,000.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Modification of direct hire authority for domestic defense industrial base facilities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1112) that would amend section 1125 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328) to include positions within the Navy Supervisor of Shipbuilding, Conversion, and Repair under the direct hire authority for the domestic defense industrial base authorized by that section.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We encourage the Department of the Navy to work with the Office of Personnel Management to acquire the desired authority through existing regulatory means.

Prohibition on considering applicant's commitment to diversity, equity, or inclusion in hiring process for certain positions at Department of Defense educational institutions

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1114) that would prohibit the Department of Defense (DOD) from requiring or considering a diversity statement from an applicant for employment at a DOD educational institution.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

TITLE XII—MATTERS RELATING TO FOREIGN NATIONS

Subtitle A—Assistance and Training

Sec. 1201—Modification of authority to build capacity of foreign security forces and modification of support for execution of bilateral agreements concerning illicit transnational maritime activity in Africa

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 1237 and sec. 1601) that would amend subsection 333(a) of title 10, United States Code, authority to build capacity of foreign security forces, to include space domain awareness, defensive space operations, and counter-illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing operations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1202).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would modify subsection 333(g) of title 10, United States Code, to extend the availability of funds for programs across fiscal years, and modify section 1808 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

Sec. 1202—Modification of authority for Naval Small Craft Instruction and Technical Training School

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1204) that would amend section 352 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize payment of fixed costs associated with the Naval Small Craft Instruction and Technical Training School from amounts made available for operation and maintenance, procurement, and military construction, among other modifications.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1203—Assessment, monitoring, and evaluation of programs and activities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1202) that would modify a requirement for the Secretary of Defense to provide reports on assessment, monitoring, and evaluation of security cooperation programs and other related activities of the Department of Defense.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1204—Quarterly briefings on counterterrorism operations, irregular warfare, and sensitive activities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1281) that would amend section 485 of title 10, United States Code, to require the Secretary of Defense to provide the congressional defense committees with quarterly briefings on counterterrorism, irregular warfare, and other sensitive activities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1205—Extension of modification to authority to provide support for conduct of operations

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1213) that would extend and modify an increase in the limitation on the aggregate value of all logistic support, supplies, and services provided to friendly foreign countries for the conduct of operations under section 331 of title 10, United States Code, through fiscal year 2026.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with various technical and clarifying amendments extending and modifying an increase in the limitation on the aggregate value of all logistic support, supplies, and services provided to friendly foreign countries for the conduct of operations under section 331 of title 10, United States Code, through fiscal year 2026, and requiring an annual report under section 386 of title 10, United States Code.

We understand that the United States Government and members of the Multinational Security Support (MSS) Mission in Haiti have publicly expressed a desire to transition the MSS mission to the United Nations or a similar multinational structure. We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the congressional de-

fense committees, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, on Department of Defense support under section 331 of title 10, United States Code, for the MSS Mission in Haiti. Such report shall, at a minimum, include the following:

(1) A list of countries participating in the MSS Mission in Haiti that are eligible for Department of Defense support under section 331 of title 10, United States Code;

(2) A description of the type, cost, and duration of support to be provided;

(3) A description of the United States national security interests supported by such mission;

(4) A description of known contributions to such mission by the international community; and

(5) With respect to such mission, a plan for the transition from support provided by the Department of Defense to support provided by other elements of the United States Government and international partners.

We also direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, that includes a summary of support provided under section 331 of title 10, United States Code, during fiscal years 2023 and 2024. Such report required shall include, at a minimum, the following:

(1) A description of operations so supported in each such fiscal year; and

(2) A list of recipients of such support, including a description of the type and associated cost of such support.

Sec. 1206—Extension of authorities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained provisions (sec. 1208 and sec. 1215) that would extend section 1208 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263) and section 1210 (E) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) through 2027.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provisions with technical amendments.

Sec. 1207—Extension and modification of defense operational resilience international cooperation pilot program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1204) that would extend the Defense Operational Resilience International Cooperation (DORIC) pilot program through 2027.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1209) that would extend the DORIC pilot program through 2030 and increase the annual cap on expenditures under the authority to \$15.0 million per year.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would extend the DORIC pilot program through 2027 and in-

crease the annual cap on expenditures under the authority to \$15.0 million per year.

The DORIC pilot program authorizes engagement with military forces of partner countries on defense-related environmental and operational energy issues in support of the theater campaign plans of the geographic combatant commands. We note that the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) clarified that DORIC can be used for the provision of sustainment and non-lethal assistance, including training, defense services, and supplies (including consumables). We encourage the Department of Defense to focus the use of the DORIC authority on high-payoff projects with foreign partners that have clearly defined operational relevance and a need for such assistance, even if such an approach results in the Department funding fewer projects on an annual basis. We understand these high-payoff projects may be more expensive on a per-project basis and note the agreement would increase the overall cap on the authority to \$15.0 million per year in anticipation of these requirements. Given the limited nature of this authority, funds executed under this authority must be strictly prioritized to achieve the greatest benefit for the geographic combatant command and partner.

Sec. 1208—Acceptance and expenditure of contributions for multilateral security cooperation programs and activities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1201) that would amend subchapter I of chapter 16 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of Defense to accept, retain, and expend contributions, including money, personal property, and services, from one or more foreign governments, to carry out security cooperation activities in which the foreign partner, or partners, share a national security interest with the United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to accept, manage, and expend contributions, including funds, defense articles, and defense services, from foreign governments for mutually agreed upon purposes to carry out security cooperation programs and activities pursuant to certain authorities. The authority provided by the provision would expire on December 31, 2029.

Sec. 1209—Temporary authority to provide training to military forces or national security forces of Costa Rica and Panama

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1210) that would authorize U.S. general purpose forces conducting training with friendly foreign countries under section 321 of title 10, United States Code, notwithstanding subsection (a)(2) of that section, to train the military forces or national security forces of Costa Rica and Panama and pay for specified expenses related to such training and exercises from the date of the enactment of this Act through December 31, 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1210—Improvements to defense acquisition workforce for foreign military sales

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1289) that would require the Secretary of Defense to issue guidance to the defense acquisition workforce and the security cooperation workforce governing the execution of foreign military sales (FMS) and establish a FMS Continuous Process Improvement Board to serve as an enduring structure within the Department of Defense to advise the Secretary on ways to improve the FMS process of the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to enter into a contract with a federally funded research and development center to assess the feasibility and advisability of establishing a dedicated Department of Defense contracting capacity to support the FMS process, and provide a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than December 1, 2025. We note that the study required by this section should focus on the need, if any, to create a cadre of specialized contracting officers dedicated to the FMS process, not on the creation of a new process for adjudication of foreign military sales. The agreement would also establish a FMS Continuous Process Improvement Board to advise the Secretary of Defense on matters relating to the FMS process.

Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Israel

Sec. 1211—Statement of policy ensuring Israel's defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1232) that would state that it is the policy of the United States to work with Israel to ensure adequate defense against Iran and its proxies.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Government of Israel where feasible, to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate not later than June 1, 2025, on the extent to which Israel was subject to aerial attacks, from rockets or missiles between October 7, 2023 and December 31, 2024, that Israel countered by deploying or utilizing not less than 50 Iron Dome interceptors, David's Sling or Arrow defense systems. The report shall include:

- (1) A listing of the number of deployments of Iron Dome interceptors, David Sling or Arrow defense systems during the reporting period;
- (2) A listing of the estimated cost of deploying Iron Dome interceptors during the reporting period;
- (3) An identification of components or munitions required for the replenishment of Iron Dome interceptors, David's Sling or Arrow

defense systems that were deployed or utilized to counter attacks during the reporting period;

(4) An estimate of the costs for any such replenishment;

(5) A listing of any requests made by the Government of Israel to the Government of the United States for any such replenishment, and the response to any such requests; and

(6) An estimate of the timeframe under which the United States resupplied Israel with such defense systems.

Sec. 1212—Modification of United States-Israel anti-tunnel cooperation

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1206) that would amend section 1279 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92) to expand cooperation with Israel to improve anti-tunneling technologies and increase the limit on the amount authorized for such activities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1213—Requirement to conduct subterranean warfare military exercises

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1233) that would require military exercises in the U.S. Central Command area of responsibility to conduct an annual counter-tunneling exercise with Israel.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1214—Strategic partnership on defense industrial priorities between the United States and Israel

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1249) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a partnership between the Defense Innovation Unit and appropriate counterparts of Israel.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1215—Establishment of program between the United States and Israel for military trauma education and training

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1235) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish an education and training program to be known as the “United States and Israel Trauma and Amputee Rehabilitation Education and Training Program.”

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Subtitle C—Matters Relating to the Near and Middle East

Sec. 1221—Key partners for Middle East Regional Integration Military Subject Matter Expert Exchange Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1216) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with other relevant agencies and using existing authorities, including section 311 of title 10, United States Code, to establish a subject matter expert exchange program between U.S. military forces and ally and partner forces of the Middle East working to advance regional integration.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1211).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1222—Extension and modification of annual report on military power of Iran

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1212) that would amend section 1245 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84) to include additional reporting requirements on the military power of Iran.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1223—Modification of report on the military capabilities of Iran and related activities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1220A) that would amend section 1227 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81) to modify the report on the military capabilities of Iran and related activities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1224—Prohibition on providing funding to Iranian entities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1219) that would prohibit funds to be made available, directly or indirectly, to Iranian entities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1225—Notification relating to arms trafficking by Iran

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1225) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide notification to the congressional defense committees after any identified transfer of weapons or related materials by Iran to an Iranian-linked group or a second country outside the territory of Iran.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1226—Assessment and plan with respect to equipment provided to Kurdish Peshmerga forces

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1226) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and every 120 days thereafter, to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives assessing whether equipment provided under section 1236 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. “Buck” McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291) and designated for Kurdish Peshmerga forces is being provided in a timely manner, and a plan for resolving any delay of such equipment intended for Kurdish Peshmerga forces.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would additionally direct the Secretary of Defense to notify the congressional defense committees every 120 days regarding the rationale for the delay of the plan of action to equip and train Iraqi security forces and Kurdish Peshmerga forces to defend against attack by missiles, rockets, and unmanned system pursuant to section 1266 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) until such plan is delivered. The provision is further amended to clarify that the requirements directed pursuant to this section are not intended to overturn or impede the current United States policies toward Iraq.

We remain concerned about the increasing threat environment from air and missile threats against the Iraqi people, the territory of Iraq, and the coalition forces who remain in Iraq at the invitation of the Iraqi government to assist Iraqi and Kurdish forces. We urge the Secretary of Defense to provide the plan of action without further delay.

Sec. 1227—Extension of authority for reimbursement of certain coalition nations for support provided to United States military operations

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1205) that would amend section 1233 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181) to increase the limitation on authority for funding from \$15.0 million to \$75.0 million and extend the authority for reimbursement of certain coalition nations for support provided to U.S. military operations through December 31, 2025.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1228—Extension and modification of security briefings on Afghanistan

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1282) that would amend section 1092 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81) to extend

the requirement for security briefings on Afghanistan and modify the briefing dates through December 31, 2026.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1229—Notifications regarding terrorist groups in Afghanistan

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1286) that would require the Secretary of Defense to notify the congressional defense committees within 30 days of identifying any new training facility in Afghanistan that is operated or staffed by al-Qaeda, ISIS Khorasan, or other United States designated terrorist organizations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1230—Extension of authority to support operations and activities of the office of security cooperation in Iraq

The agreement includes a provision that would extend the authority to support operations and activities of the Office of Security Cooperation in Iraq for an additional year.

Sec. 1231—Extension and modification of authority to provide assistance to counter the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1211) that would extend the existing authority under section 1236 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. “Buck” McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291) by 1 year to continue providing support to partner forces in Iraq to defeat the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria (ISIS) and help ensure ISIS cannot resurge.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1222).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

We note the current threat environment in Iraq, including an uptick in malign activity by ISIS and unmanned aerial system attacks from Iranian militia groups. We further note that in September, the U.S.-Iraq Higher Military Commission announced the transition of the global coalition to defeat ISIS to a bilateral security relationship with the Government of Iraq. We commend the work of the members of the Counter-ISIS coalition to degrade and defeat ISIS, including the Iraqi Security Forces and Peshmerga Forces.

Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the congressional defense committees not later than March 1, 2025, to provide further details on how the transition of the global coalition to defeat ISIS could impact, interact, or coincide with the Counter-ISIS Train and Equip Fund program.

Sec. 1232—Extension of authority to provide assistance to vetted Syrian groups and individuals

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1212) that would extend existing authority under section 1209 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. “Buck” McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for

Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291) by 1 year to provide assistance to vetted Syrian groups for countering the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria in Syria.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1221).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1233—Statement of policy on recognition of the Assad regime

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1226) that would prohibit the recognition of Bashar al-Assad or any government in Syria that is led by Bashar al-Assad, oppose recognition of an Assad regime by other governments, and prohibit Federal officials from taking any action or expending any funds that would recognize or otherwise imply recognition of the Assad regime.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment, noting that it is the policy of the United States to not recognize or normalize relations with any government of Syria that is led by Bashar al-Assad due to the Assad regime's ongoing crimes against the Syrian people.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Modification of Department of Defense State Partnership program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1201) that would extend, by a year, the period of performance of activities pursuant to the Department of Defense State Partnership Program under section 341(e)(1)(A) of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Modification of Department of Defense support to stabilization activities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1203) that would amend section 1210A of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92) to require that Department of Defense support for stabilization activities be provided on a reimbursable basis.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1207) that would amend section 1210A of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92) to extend the authority of the Department of Defense to support stabilization activities through December 31, 2026.

The agreement does not include either provision.

Report on compliance by the Department of Defense with the limitation on military-to-military exchange or contact with representatives of the Chinese People's Liberation Army

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1205) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report that describes compliance by the Department of Defense with the limitation on military-to-military exchange or contact with representatives of the

People's Liberation Army (PLA) of the People's Republic of China under section 1201 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000 (Public Law 106–65).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than March 1, 2025, to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees on the risk that the PLA could gain indirect knowledge of United States military capabilities or operational tactics, techniques, and procedures (TTPs) through their engagement with allies and partners of the United States. The briefing shall also include an explanation of efforts by the Department of Defense to mitigate the compromise of such capabilities and TTPs by the PLA, including the conduct of end-use monitoring.

General Thaddeus Kosciuszko memorial exchange program for Polish-American defense cooperation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1206) that would require the Commander, U.S. Army Special Operations Command, to carry out a training program pursuant to section 322 of title 10, United States Code, between special operations forces under the jurisdiction of the Commander and special forces of the Polish Army.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on cooperation between the National Guard and the Republic of India

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1207) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on the feasibility and advisability of enhanced cooperation between the National Guard and the Republic of India.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives regarding the feasibility and advisability of enhanced defense cooperation between the United States and the Republic of India. Such briefing shall include the following elements:

(1) A description of the cooperation between the United States military and the Indian military during the 10 preceding calendar years, including mutual visits, exercises, training, and equipment opportunities;

(2) An evaluation of the feasibility and advisability of enhancing defense cooperation between the United States and the Republic of India on a range of activities, including:

- (a) disaster and emergency response;
- (b) cyber defense and communications security;
- (c) military medical cooperation;

- (d) mountain warfare;
 - (e) jungle warfare;
 - (f) counterinsurgency;
 - (g) counterterrorism;
 - (h) cultural exchange and education of members of the United States military in Hindi; and
 - (i) programs for United States military advisors to assist in training the reserve components of the military forces of India.
- (3) Recommendations to enhance such cooperation and improve interoperability, including through familiarization visits, cooperative training and exercises, and co-deployments;
- (4) Identification of States that may serve as potential partners with India through a State partnership under section 341 of title 10, United States Code; and
- (5) Any other matter the Secretary of Defense or Secretary of State deems appropriate.

Help Israel Recover the Hostages

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1214) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Director of National Intelligence, to provide a briefing that contains an overview of United States diplomatic, military, and intelligence support for Israel as it works to release the hostages.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Director of National Intelligence, to provide a briefing, along with the Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs, to the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the congressional intelligence committees, not later than March 1, 2025, that contains an overview of United States diplomatic, military, and intelligence support for Israel as it works to release the hostages.

The briefing shall cover the following, relating to supporting the release of the hostages:

- (1) An overview of United States military assistance to Israel;
- (2) How the United States military is assisting the Israeli military on hostage rescue planning and recovery efforts;
- (3) An overview of United States personnel embedded or regularly liaising with Israel's military and diplomatic officials in support of hostage release;
- (4) A description of how the United States is leveraging partner nations to assist with hostage release efforts; and
- (5) Any other forms of assistance provided the Secretary determines relevant to Israel's efforts to release the hostages.

Statement of Congress relating to Israel and the hostages held by Hamas

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 1215 and sec. 1217) that would express a statement of Congress relating to Israel and

the hostages held by Hamas and that would express a sense of Congress regarding Israel.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provisions.

We strongly condemn the October 7th, 2023, attacks by Hamas on the people of Israel, during which approximately 1,200 people were murdered, including 46 U.S. citizens, and over 250 people were taken hostage, including 12 Americans. We urge the release of the remaining hostages, as well as a durable solution to the security challenges facing Israel, including from Iran and Iranian linked groups.

We note that since 1948, Israel has been one of the strongest friends and allies of the United States. We further note that Israel is a stable, democratic country in a tumultuous region. We affirm that it is essential to the strategic interest of the United States to continue to offer security assistance and related support to Israel, which is vital as Israel confronts a number of threats, including those stemming from Iran and Iranian linked groups.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency, to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than February 1, 2025, outlining an overview of United States diplomatic, military, and intelligence support for Israel in support of Israeli efforts to secure the release of the hostages captured by Hamas in the wake of the October 7, 2023, attacks. The briefing shall include:

(1) An overview of United States military assistance to Israel in support of hostage recovery efforts;

(2) A description of assistance provided by the United States military to the Israeli military related to hostage rescue planning and recovery efforts;

(3) A description of intelligence sharing efforts in support of hostage release efforts;

(4) A description of the number of United States personnel embedded or regularly liaising with Israel's military, intelligence, and diplomatic officials and the types of activities in which such personnel are engaged;

(5) A description of how the United States is leveraging partner nations to assist with hostage release efforts; and

(6) A description of any other forms of assistance provided by the United States to Israel that are determined relevant to Israel's efforts to release the hostages.

Study and report on international security measures on the border between Gaza and Egypt

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1218) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to conduct a study on steps that Israel, Egypt, and the United States can take to enhance security measures on the border between Gaza and Egypt to ensure Hamas and other actors do not use tunnels or methods via the Mediterranean Sea to smuggle weapons and illicit goods.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, not later than March 1, 2025, outlining steps that Israel, Egypt, and the United States can take to enhance international security measures on the border between Gaza and Egypt to ensure Hamas and other actors do not use tunnels or methods via the Mediterranean Sea to smuggle weapons and illicit goods. The report shall include a detailed description and map indicating existing tunnels on the border between Gaza and Egypt.

Report on agreements made by the United States with the Taliban

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1220) that would require the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, to provide a report on agreements made by the United States with the Taliban.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Briefing on Iranian support for non-state actors in North Africa

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1220B) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing on Iranian support for non-state actors in North Africa.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than May 1, 2025, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on Iran's support for non-state actors in North Africa and any threats that such support may pose to U.S. allies, partners, and interests in the region.

Sense of Congress

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1221) that would express the sense of Congress regarding the Al-Tanf Garrison.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the requirement in this provision is addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Strategy to protect the Al-Tanf Garrison

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1222) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop a strategy on the protection of United States and partner forces at Al-Tanf Garrison in Syria from the threat of Iran-backed militias, the Islamic State of Iraq and al-Sham, the Russian Federation, and the Assad regime.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than June 1, 2025, that may include a classified annex, related to activities in Syria. The report should include the following elements:

(1) The number and description of attacks by Iran-backed militias at Al-Tanf Garrison and other United States positions in Syria between October 7, 2023 and December 31, 2024;

(2) Department of Defense humanitarian assistance efforts including for internally displaced persons at the Al-Rukban camp;

(3) Russian violations of deconfliction agreements with the United States in Syria including Al-Tanf Garrison;

(4) Assad regime assistance, communication, and facilitation to ISIS;

(5) Assad regime assistance, communication, and facilitation to Iran-back militias in Syria;

(6) The number of jihadist prisoner releases and contributions of released prisoners to ISIS;

(7) Assad regime financing of ISIS, including the Syrian banking system in ISIS-held territory;

(8) Russian support for Iran's Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC) in Syria, including materiel or military transfers between Russia and the IRGC and efforts to evade United States sanctions;

(9) Russian military support for Asa'ib Ahl al-Haq (AAH), Harakat al-Nujaba (HAN) and Akram 'Abbas al-Kabi, and Kata'ib Sayyid al-Shuhada (KSS).

Report and strategy on the Assad regime's relationship with ISIS

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1223) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the head of the Defense Intelligence Agency, to submit a report describing the Assad regime's cooperation, assistance, and association with the Islamic State of Iraq and al-Sham.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the requirement in this provision is addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Strategy to counter the Assad regime's support and cooperation with Iran-backed militias in Syria

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1224) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to develop and submit a strategy on the use of its existing authorities to disrupt and degrade threats to the national security of the United States caused by Iran-backed militias in Syria.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to submit a report to the congressional defense

committees, not later than June 1, 2025, that may include a classified annex, on Iran-backed militias in Syria. The report should include the following elements:

(1) Existing and required authorities and resources to detect, monitor, and counter Iran-backed militias in Syria and protect United States servicemembers from Iran-backed militia attacks;

(2) The Assad regime's knowledge, facilitation, or tolerance of Iran-backed militia attacks against United States servicemembers after October 7, 2023;

(3) Freedom of movement of Iranian proxies, particularly between Abu Kamal and the deconfliction zone in eastern Syria, and the operational implications;

(4) Efforts and capabilities of Iran-backed militias to transport weapons and weapons systems from Syria into Lebanon;

(5) Iran's efforts and capabilities to sustain military threats on United States positions in Syria and maintain support to Hezbollah from Syria.

Report and strategy on Russia's support for foreign terrorist organizations in Syria

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1225) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to develop and submit a report and strategy to utilize existing authorities to counter the Russian Federation's support of foreign terrorist organizations and specially designated global terrorists in Syria.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the requirement in this provision is addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Appropriate congressional committees defined

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1227) that would define the appropriate congressional committees.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

United States-Israel PTSD Collaborative Research

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1234) that would establish a grant program to increase collaborative research between the United States and Israel on post-traumatic stress disorder.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

As noted in the Joint Explanatory Statement to accompany the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263), the United States and Israel have cooperated in the field of medical research since 1978, to include post-traumatic stress disorder.

Sense of Congress on the importance of the Iron Dome system

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1236) that would express the sense of Congress on the Iron Dome system.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We strongly support the efforts of the Department of Defense to assist Israel in defending its population from rocket and missile attacks with the Iron Dome system.

Report on training of Ukrainian armed forces

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 1238 and sec. 1240) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on U.S. efforts to train the Ukrainian Armed Forces in the United States as well as information on casualty figures in the Russian Federation's war of aggression against Ukraine.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provisions.

We note the importance of Congress continuing to receive detailed information on the Ukrainian military's performance, including U.S. efforts to date to train the Ukrainian Armed Forces as well as casualty figures for the Russian Armed Forces and Ukrainian Armed Forces, respectively. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees, not later than May 1, 2025, a report on the Ukrainian Armed Forces that includes:

(1) A description of the training of Ukrainian Armed Forces by the United States since February 2022, including the approximate number of Ukrainian Armed Forces personnel trained and the locations of the training, with a focus on training conducted in the United States;

(2) A description of F-16 pilot and maintenance training provided in the United States to the Ukrainian Armed Forces since February 2022;

(3) The estimated total cost of training for the Ukrainian Armed Forces by the Department of Defense since February 2022, disaggregated by fiscal year; and

(4) An estimate of the casualties and major equipment losses of the Ukrainian Armed Forces and Russian Armed Forces since February 2022.

Sense of Congress on defense by NATO member states

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1239) that would express the sense of Congress regarding the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1237).

The agreement does not include the House or Senate provisions.

We celebrate that in April 2024, the NATO alliance marked 75 years since its foundation. In those 75 years, NATO has remained the strongest and most successful military alliance in the world, founded on a commitment by its members to uphold the principles of democracy, individual liberty, and the rule of law. The success

of NATO is critical to advancing United States national security objectives in Europe, the Indo-Pacific region, and around the world. The United States remains steadfast in its ironclad commitment to NATO as the foundation of transatlantic security and to upholding its obligations under the North Atlantic Treaty, including its commitment to collective defense under Article 5 of the Treaty.

We welcome the addition of Finland and Sweden as the 31st and 32nd members of the alliance, respectively. Both countries are security providers, and their inclusion has made the alliance stronger and enhanced collective security by increasing alliance capabilities, particularly in the Baltic Sea region and Northern Europe.

We urge NATO member countries that have not yet met the 2 percent defense spending pledge, as agreed to at the 2014 Wales Summit, to meet the spending target as expeditiously as possible and stress the importance of the affirmation at the 2023 Vilnius Summit that defense spending of at least 2 percent of gross domestic product (GDP) be seen as a minimum investment. We also urge allies to continue to allocate at least 20 percent of their defense budgets on major equipment, including research and development.

We note that the regional plans, agreed to by all NATO member countries at the Vilnius Summit in 2023, provide important clarity on the forces, capabilities, and readiness levels needed to defend NATO. We also note that to implement these plans and meet allied capability targets, NATO members will need to spend more than 2 percent of GDP on their defense.

We urge allies to continue making efforts to address the challenges posed by the coercive policies of the People's Republic of China that undermine the interests, security, and shared values of the alliance.

We encourage the United States and fellow NATO allies to continue to expand cooperation efforts on cybersecurity issues to prevent adversaries and criminals from compromising critical systems and infrastructure.

We note that the unprovoked and illegal full-scale invasion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation has fundamentally altered the transatlantic security landscape and necessitates the full attention of the transatlantic alliance to ensure United States and allied interests and to enable Ukraine's self-defense.

We further affirm that the United States and fellow NATO allies and partners should continue efforts to deliver needed assistance to Ukraine as Ukraine fights against the illegal and unjust war of the Russian Federation and note that United States investments under the European Deterrence Initiative remain critically important to deter the Russian Federation from expanding its war of aggression beyond Ukraine.

We recognize that Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania continue to serve as model allies, including through their defense investments, modernization of key capabilities, and their steadfast assistance to Ukraine, among myriad other examples. We encourage the Defense Department to continue robust support for efforts to advance Baltic stability and security.

We remain concerned about the dynamic security situation in the Western Balkans and believe that military-to-military cooperation among the United States, the European Union, and fellow NATO

allies to maintain peace and security in the Western Balkans is critically important.

We condemn the efforts of the Russian Federation to assert military, political, and economic dominance in the Black Sea. Such actions threaten the peace and stability of the littoral countries of the Black Sea, including NATO allies Bulgaria, Romania, and Türkiye, and should remain a focus area for the NATO alliance.

Report on allied contributions to the common defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1242) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on allied contributions to the common defense.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that elements of this provision related to the military capabilities of allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific and their contributions to mutual security objectives are addressed elsewhere in the report accompanying this Act. We also note that the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) collects defense expenditure data from allies and publishes it on a regular basis. We further note that NATO also publishes information on NATO operations and missions in which the Armed Forces of the United States and NATO allies participate.

Sense of Congress on international defense exhibitions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1244) that would express the sense of Congress regarding international defense exhibitions.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Court of Commerce of Paris ruled in June 2024 that the provisions that were imposed on Israeli companies for their participation in the Eurosatory Exhibition were illegal. Unfortunately, the Court acted too late for Israeli companies to participate.

Report and strategy for United States involvement in Ukraine

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1245) that would require the President to provide a report on a strategy for United States involvement in Ukraine.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on multilateral exercises in the eastern Mediterranean

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1246) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on multilateral exercises in the eastern Mediterranean.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on certain assistance to Ukraine

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1247) that would require a report on United States assistance to Ukraine.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees, not later than May 1, 2025, a report that includes:

(1) The total amount of remaining presidential drawdown authority pursuant to section 506(a)(1) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, and a plan for using any remaining authority;

(2) The total amount of obligated, committed, and remaining funds for the Ukraine Security Assistance Initiative (USAI), and a plan for using any remaining USAI funding;

(3) The total amount of obligated, committed, and remaining funds for the replenishment of defense articles provided to Ukraine under presidential drawdown authority, and a plan for using any remaining replenishment funding; and

(4) A summary of USAI and replenishment contracts in support of the Ukraine response since January 1, 2022.

Military cooperation with Morocco

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1248) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on how the United States can improve its interoperability and cooperation with Morocco through the African Lion exercise to continue to address the growing threats in Africa.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We recognize the twentieth anniversary of the African Lion exercise hosted by Tunisia, Morocco, Senegal, and Ghana. African Lion is U.S. Africa Command's largest joint, all-domain, multi-component, multinational exercise. African Lion builds and maintains interoperability with African and North Atlantic Treaty Organization partners and improves international efforts to meet security challenges together.

We note the importance of the continuation of the African Lion exercise in future years, including efforts to build readiness to respond to crises and contingencies in Africa and address security challenges around the world. We also note the importance of the United States-Morocco security relationship and believe that close cooperation between the United States and Morocco is critical to regional security.

Report on military activities of the Russian Federation and the People's Republic of China in the Arctic region

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1250) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on military activities of the Russian Federation and the People's Republic of China in the Arctic region.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that issues pertaining to the military activities in the Arctic region of the Russian Federation and the People's Republic of China are covered in annual Military Power Reports. We also note that the United States' response to these activities is outlined in the 2022 National Strategy for the Arctic Region and the 2024 Department of Defense Arctic strategy. We expect the Secretary of Defense to continue to cover such issues in future Military Power Reports, including any efforts by the Russian Federation and People's Republic of China to advance their respective or joint military and security strategies in the Arctic by:

(1) Exploiting Arctic science and technology cooperation, agreements, or research partnerships for military or intelligence purposes; or

(2) Co-opting, manipulating, or undermining Arctic-focused multilateral organizations, non-government organizations, or native or indigenous communities.

Report on cooperative efforts to stop unmanned aerial systems

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1251) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on the status of cooperation between the United States and Israel on efforts to counter threats by Iran in the form of unmanned aerial systems.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a briefing, not later than March 1, 2025, to the congressional defense committees as to the status of cooperation between the United States and Israel on efforts to counter threats from the Government of Iran, including the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps and any Iran-backed group operating in Iraq, Syria, Lebanon, or Yemen specifically associated with the employment of unmanned aerial systems, including loitering munitions otherwise known as "suicide" or "kamikaze" drones.

Authority to build capability and capacity of foreign civilian medical support entities for resilience in crisis and conflict

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1203) that would amend subchapter IV of chapter 16 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Secretary of Defense, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, to provide non-lethal assistance, in the form of medical training and equipment, to allied and partner nation civilians to build that nation's medical support capability and capacity in preparation for crisis or conflict.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Plan to modernize and streamline information technology systems relating to end-use monitoring functions of Defense Security Cooperation Agency

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1212) that would require the Director of the Defense Security Cooperation Agency (DSCA) to provide a plan to modernize and

streamline the information technology infrastructure for end-use monitoring.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Director of DSCA to submit a report, not later than June 30, 2025, to the congressional defense committees on progress toward modernizing and streamlining the information technology systems, infrastructure, and software used to track defense article transfers and carry out DSCA end-use monitoring.

The report should include the following:

(1) A list of each information technology system used by the DSCA to track transfers of defense articles and carry out end-use monitoring;

(2) An assessment as to whether such software or information systems encounter ongoing coding issues, provide the required data to, or are interoperable with, the Security Cooperation Information Portal and the extent to which data is shared or received from other relevant Federal agencies;

(3) An assessment of whether the workforce is regularly entering data into such information technology systems and metrics for measuring the frequency, quantity, and quality of data entry;

(4) An assessment regarding whether such systems are sufficiently user-friendly, including whether the systems rely on manual entry to carry out critical functions, such as populating and updating databases; if not, what efforts are in place to address usability issues;

(5) A description of each DSCA initiative to improve its information technology systems or software related to defense article tracking and end-use monitoring;

(6) An updated timeline and milestones for DSCA to update software and achieve a modern and streamlined ability to track defense article transfers and conduct end-use monitoring;

(7) Cost estimates for software development updates or procuring and operating and maintaining any such systems; and

(8) Any other matter that the Director considers relevant.

Defense cooperation with Georgia

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1214) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to conduct a review to assess whether continued defense cooperation with Georgia aligns with United States security interests.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that in May 2024, the Administration announced a comprehensive interagency review of all bilateral cooperation with the Republic of Georgia in response to concerns about the Government of Georgia's recent conduct. We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the results of the review for Department of Defense lines of effort and priorities not later than March 1, 2025.

Preservation of security and stability in northeast Syria

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1223) that would require the Secretary of Defense to certify that

vettied Syrian groups and individuals are able to meet certain milestones in order to reduce the total number of United States Armed Forces serving in northeast Syria to fewer than 400 personnel.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Report on, and prohibition on use of funds to support, terrorist organizations in Iraq

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1224) that would require the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency to report to the congressional defense committees, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of the Treasury on the affiliates of the Badr Organization in Iraq and would also prohibit any funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act from being used to support the Badr Organization and its designated affiliates.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency to submit a report to the congressional defense committees, not later than June 1, 2025, that includes a determination of whether additional militant organizations have splintered from, or developed as offshoots of, the Badr Organization, Asa'ib Ahl al-Haq, Kata'ib Hezbollah, or any other organization designated as a foreign terrorist organization under section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189) that receives funding from the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps. The report should include:

- (1) A list of such militant organizations;
- (2) A description of the involvement of the offshoots in attacks on United States forces, partner and allied forces, in Iraq;
- (3) A description of the involvement of the offshoots in human rights violations; and
- (4) A description of the connections of the offshoots to foreign terrorist groups, including an assessment of the links between the Badr Organization and Iran's Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps, Hezbollah, Asa'ib Ahl al-Haq, Kata'ib Hezbollah, or any other organization designated as a foreign terrorist organization.

Modification of annual report on military power of Iran

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1227) that would amend section 1245 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111-84) to include an assessment of the support provided by Iran, and proxy groups affiliated with Iran, to non-state actors in the Maghreb region.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that the requirement in this provision is addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Modification of Ukraine Security Assistance Initiative

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1232) that would amend section 1250 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92) to provide an additional 2 years for the period of performance across fiscal years under the Ukraine Security Assistance Initiative (USAI). The

provision would also waive section 2571 of title 10, United States Code, with respect to the use of reimbursable support from one component of the Department of Defense to perform work on behalf of another component in support of USAI.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Report on efforts to identify, disseminate, and implement lessons learned from war in Ukraine

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1235) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on the efforts by the Department of Defense to identify, disseminate, and implement lessons learned from the war in Ukraine.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on Department of Defense efforts to identify, disseminate, and implement throughout the Department lessons learned from the war in Ukraine, not later than March 31, 2025. The report shall include the following:

(1) A description of the processes by which the Secretary of Defense, the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Secretaries of the military departments, and the heads of Department of Defense components are making efforts to identify, disseminate, and implement throughout the Department lessons learned from the war in Ukraine, including a description of any working group or other initiative established or tasked to focus on such efforts and the respective structure and focus area of any such group or initiative;

(2) A detailed summary of significant findings and recommendations resulting from such lessons-learned efforts; and

(3) An identification of the Department organizations with lead responsibility for the implementation of each such significant recommendation, and a timeline with milestones for implementation.

Review, report, and plan regarding logistics networks in North America and Europe

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1236) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a review of the adequacy of the logistics networks in North America and Europe to support the operational and contingency plans of the U.S. European Command.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to commence a review of the adequacy of the logistics networks in North America and Europe for supporting the operational and contingency plans of the U.S. European Command not later than March 15, 2025. The review shall include:

(1) An identification of critical logistical nodes in North America and Europe necessary to support the operational and contingency plans of the U.S. European Command;

(2) An identification of additional critical logistical nodes that may be necessary to support such plans, including any access, bas-

ing, or overflight agreements with foreign partners that may be necessary; and

(3) An assessment of the capacity of the logistical nodes identified under paragraphs (1) and (2) to meet the time-phased force and deployment requirements of such plans, including the facilities and equipment necessary to support such requirements.

Based on the review, we further direct the Secretary to submit a report and plan to the congressional defense committees not later than June 15, 2025. The report shall include a summary of the results of the logistics adequacy review. The plan shall include timelines and assigned responsibilities for addressing any deficiencies in the logistics networks described in that subsection.

Report on defense industrial base cooperation with Ukraine and other allies and partners in Europe

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1238) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on efforts to enhance United States defense industrial base cooperation with Ukraine and other allied partners in Europe.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note the importance of defense industrial base cooperation between the United States, our allies, and Ukraine to deter further Russian aggression and increase production. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy and the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, to submit to the congressional defense committees, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, a report on efforts to enhance United States defense industrial base cooperation with Ukraine and with other allies and partners in Europe. This report shall include:

(1) A detailed list of objectives for enhancing United States defense industrial base cooperation with Ukraine and other allies and partners in Europe, and timelines and metrics for evaluating the attainment of such objectives;

(2) An assessment of the current state of United States defense industrial base cooperation with Ukraine and other allies and partners in Europe, including the status of co-development, co-production, and technical data exchange efforts;

(3) A description of ongoing and planned initiatives, programs, and activities designed to strengthen United States defense industrial base cooperation with Ukraine and other allies and partners in Europe;

(4) A description of initiatives identified by the Ukraine Deal Team announced at the United States-Ukraine Defense Industrial Base conference on December 6, 2023;

(5) A description of any statutory, regulatory, or policy challenges that inhibit closer United States defense industrial base cooperation with Ukraine and other allies and partners in Europe; and

(6) Recommendations relating to United States defense industrial base cooperation.

Indo-Pacific multilateral security assistance initiatives

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1242) that would require the Secretary of Defense, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, to engage with appropriate officials from Japan, Australia, and the Republic of Korea for the purpose of establishing multilateral security assistance initiatives with the national security forces of mutual foreign partners in the Indo-Pacific region.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Implementation plan to support establishment of regional contingency stockpile for Taiwan

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1252) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, to submit a multiyear implementation plan for Department of Defense activities necessary to support the establishment of a regional contingency stockpile for Taiwan pursuant to section 5503(b) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that the President has been authorized to establish a regional contingency stockpile for Taiwan pursuant to section 5503(b) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 and that the Department of Defense would be expected to perform certain functions if that authority is exercised. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, to provide, not later than March 31, 2025, to the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, a report on Department of Defense activities that would be necessary to support the potential establishment of such a regional contingency stockpile. The report should include: (1) A description of any international agreement that would be required to enable the establishment of such a stockpile; (2) A list of Department of Defense equipment and supplies, including the estimated quantities of such equipment and supplies, that would be required to establish such a stockpile; (3) An identification of any supplemental authorities that would be necessary for the Department of Defense to support the establishment of such a stockpile; (4) The identification of any other Department of Defense resources that would be necessary to establish such a stockpile; and (5) Any other matter the Secretary of Defense considers relevant.

Assessment of use of Department of Defense facilities in Guam as multinational training locations

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1255) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit an assessment of the feasibility and advisability of using existing Department of Defense facilities in Guam to host training detachments of the military forces of foreign partner countries on a permanent or rotational basis.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees an assessment of the feasibility and advisability of using existing Department of Defense facilities in Guam to host training detachments of the military forces of foreign partner countries on a permanent or rotational basis. The required assessment shall include the following:

(1) A description of the manner in which using existing Department of Defense facilities in Guam to host training detachments of the military forces of foreign partner countries on a permanent or rotational basis may support the objectives of the National Defense Strategy;

(2) A description of the benefits of hosting such detachments at such facilities, including opportunities to conduct bilateral and multilateral exercises;

(3) An identification of the facilities improvements necessary to support such detachments at such facilities on a permanent or rotational basis, including improvements necessary for operational, support, and quality-of-life purposes;

(4) An identification of any memorandum of understanding or other agreement necessary to enable the hosting of such detachments at such facilities on a permanent or rotational basis;

(5) A description of any challenges to hosting such detachments at such facilities on a permanent or rotational basis, including any counterintelligence or other consideration and potential actions to mitigate such challenges; and

(6) Any other matter the Secretary considers relevant.

Report on costs of meeting certain requirements of foreign partners relating to agriculture, fisheries, and forestry

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1256) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on requirements relating to agriculture, fisheries, and forestry imposed by the government of a foreign partner on personnel and equipment of the U.S. Armed Forces in the area of operations of the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on requirements relating to agriculture, fisheries, and forestry imposed by the government of a foreign partner or U.S. state or territory, on personnel and equipment of the U.S. Armed Forces in the area of operations of the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command. At a minimum, the required report shall include:

(1) A description of each requirement relating to agriculture, fisheries, or forestry imposed by the government of a foreign partner or U.S. state or territory on personnel and equipment of the U.S. Armed Forces in the area of operations of the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command, including an identification of the applicable foreign partner.

(2) An estimate of the annual cost to the Department of Defense associated with meeting such requirements, including the number of days of labor by Department of Defense officials associated with meeting such requirement;

(3) An assessment of the readiness cost of no longer being able to operate or train at the given location;

(4) An estimate of the strategic impact of not being able to use the port, installation, or training facility due to a lack of compliance with the requirements delineated in (1);

(5) A description of efforts to mitigate such costs, including, but not limited to, forward deployment of equipment and consultations with applicable foreign partners, states, or territories; and

(6) Any other matter the Secretary considers relevant.

The required report shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

Returning civic action teams to the Republic of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1257) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on the activities of civic action teams in the Republic of Palau under the Palau Compact of Free Association Act (Public Law 99–658) and the feasibility and advisability of restoring the presence of civic action teams in the Republic of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, as authorized under the Compact of Free Association Act of 1985 (Public Law 99–239) and the Compact of Free Association Amendments Act of 2003 (Public Law 108–188).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We support the restoration of civic action teams in the Republic of the Marshall Islands and the Federated States of Micronesia, if deemed feasible and advisable by the Secretary of Defense.

Annual report on military capabilities of allies and partners in Indo-Pacific region

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1259) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report in each of the next 5 years regarding the military capabilities of allies and partners of the United States in the Indo-Pacific region.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than July 1, 2025, to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the defense capabilities of allies and partners of the United States located in the Indo-Pacific region, including treaty allies of the United States, countries that host a significant U.S. military presence, and any other foreign partner with which the United States maintains a significant defense relationship.

The report shall include the following:

(1) A description of the size, posture, capabilities, and readiness of the defense forces of the ally or partner.

(2) A description of significant defense objectives and activities of the ally or partner.

(3) An assessment of:

(a) the defense-related contributions of the ally or partner to the achievement of mutual defense objectives; and

(b) the ability of the ally or partner to participate in bilateral or multilateral military or naval operations with the U.S. Armed Forces; and

(4) A description of any other security development relating to the defense capabilities of the ally or partner that the Secretary of Defense considers to be relevant to U.S. national security.

The required report may be submitted in classified form with an unclassified summary.

Review, report, and plan on adequacy of logistics network in Indo-Pacific region

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1260) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a review of the adequacy of the logistics network in the Indo-Pacific region for supporting the operational and contingency plans of the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command. The provision would also require the Secretary to provide a plan to the congressional defense committees that includes timelines and assigned responsibilities for addressing any deficiencies in the logistics network identified during the review.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to commence a review of the adequacy of the logistics network in the Indo-Pacific region for supporting the operational and contingency plans of the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command. At a minimum, the review shall include:

(1) An identification of critical logistical nodes in the Indo-Pacific region necessary to support the operational and contingency plans of the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command;

(2) An identification of additional critical logistical nodes that may be necessary to support such plans, including any access, basing, and overflight agreements with foreign partners that may be necessary; and

(3) An assessment of the capacity of the logistical nodes identified under paragraphs (1) and (2) to meet the time-phased force and deployment requirements of such operational and contingency plans, including the facilities, equipment, infrastructure other than Department of Defense infrastructure (including airports, seaports, railways, and roads), and workforce necessary to support such requirements.

Furthermore, we direct the Secretary, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit a report to the congressional defense committees that includes detailed findings from the required review and a plan, including timelines and assigned responsibilities, for addressing any identified deficiencies of the logistics network in the Indo-Pacific region necessary to support the operational and contingency plans of the U.S. Indo-Pacific

Command. The required report and plan may be submitted in classified form.

Fielding of a common operating picture with Taiwan

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1260) that would require the Secretary of Defense to seek to engage with appropriate officials of Taiwan for the purpose of fielding capabilities to provide to the military forces of Taiwan and the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command a common operating picture.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We support the fielding of capabilities to provide to the military forces of Taiwan and the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command with a common operating picture, consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act (22 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.).

Report on cooperation between the Russian Federation and the People's Republic of China

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1271) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a one-time report regarding the military cooperation between the Russian Federation and the People's Republic of China, and the implications of such cooperation for the national security interests of the United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees, not later than July 1, 2025, a report assessing defense cooperation among the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. The report shall include:

(1) A description of the changes in the nature of the defense relationships among the four countries since February 1, 2022;

(2) A review of military cooperation among the four countries, including military exercises, technical cooperation and technology sharing, weapons sales or donations, military-to-military dialogues, and military or technical lessons learned as a result of the Russian war in Ukraine and the conflict in the Middle East;

(3) An assessment of the extent to which specific military cooperation among the four countries may complicate routine U.S. operations;

(4) A review of supply chain cooperation among the four countries in furtherance of their national security objectives;

(5) A review of any cooperation among the four countries regarding nuclear technology; and

(6) An assessment of the likely trajectories of defense cooperation among the four countries through 2026.

Report on Department of Defense role in supporting international legal operations

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1284) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on Department of Defense support for whole-of-government ef-

forts to identify and expose malign actors' international legal operations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We are concerned that foreign interpretations or applications of law that deliberately challenge the rules-based international order, such as those of the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, may directly or indirectly undermine the national security interests of the United States and its allies and partners.

Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to the congressional defense committees assessing the nature and effect of any foreign interpretation or application of law that deliberately challenges the rules-based international order and that materially undermines the national security interests of the United States and its allies and partners.

The briefing should include a description of the methodology that the Department of Defense uses to determine whether:

(1) Foreign interpretations or applications of law that deliberately challenge the rules-based international order are directly or indirectly counter to the national security interests of the United States and its allies and partners;

(2) The effects of any such foreign interpretations or applications of law materially undermine the national security interests of the United States and its allies and partners; and

(3) Challenges posed by any such foreign interpretations or applications of law that materially undermine the national security interests of the United States and its allies and partners can be mitigated through Department of Defense support for whole-of-government efforts.

Report and briefing on security implications of water scarcity and food security for United States Central Command

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1285) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report and provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees on the feasibility and advisability of including water scarcity and food security in the risk assessments and operational plans for the U.S. Central Command area of responsibility.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Report and briefing on Al-Udeid Air Base in Qatar

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1287) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit a report and provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees on the operational value of Al-Udeid Air Base in Qatar, taking into account its relationship with Hamas and other terrorist organizations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a report and provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than June 1, 2025, on the operational value of the Al-Udeid Air Base in Qatar, taking into consideration the presence of Hamas and other United States-designated terrorist organizations in Qatar. The report and briefing shall include:

(1) Whether the presence of Hamas and other United States-designated terrorist organizations in Qatar undermines the national security interests of the United States;

(2) The operational value of the Al-Udeid Air Base in Qatar;

(3) The effect on United States Air Force operations in the Middle East if the United States were to redeploy members of the United States Air Force from Al-Udeid Air Base; and

(4) The resources that would be required to redeploy members of the United States Air Force from Al-Udeid Air Base.

Independent assessment of technology release and foreign disclosure reform initiative

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1290) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct an independent assessment of the Department of Defense technology release and foreign disclosure reform initiative required by section 918 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct an independent assessment of the Department of Defense's technology release and foreign disclosure reform initiative required by section 918(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31). The Comptroller General shall submit a report to the congressional defense committees on the results of this assessment not later than 1 year after the Department submits the report required under paragraph (1) of section 918(d).

Modification of Regional Centers for Security Studies to provide authority specific to Ted Stevens Center for Arctic Security Studies

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6202) that would modify section 342(i) of title 10, United States Code, to include the Ted Stevens Center for Arctic Security Studies as a regional center for security studies.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than March 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, on:

(1) The number and percentage of attendees from developing countries and, separately, the number and percentage of attendees from non-developing countries, at the Ted Stevens Center for Arctic Security Studies and the other Regional Centers authorized by section 342 of title 10, United States Code;

(2) Any recommendations for changes to policy or guidance regarding waiving of non-developing country costs or waiving other

reimbursable costs of conferences, seminars, courses of instruction, or similar educational activities at the Centers;

(3) The total amount of costs that would be waived should recommended changes to policy or guidance for the Centers be implemented, disaggregated by country; and

(4) Any other information the Secretary deems appropriate.

For the purpose of the required briefing, the terms “developing country” and “non-developing country” shall have the meaning prescribed under applicable provisions of chapter 16 of title 10, United States Code.

Extension and modification of lend-lease authority to Ukraine

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6231) that would extend the lend-lease authority to Ukraine as well as require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report that includes a description of the defense articles loaned or leased to the Government of Ukraine, or to the government of an Eastern European country impacted by the Russian Federation’s invasion of Ukraine, under such authority and a strategy and timeline for recovery and return of such defense articles.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Prohibition on use of funds for Wuhan Institute of Virology or EcoHealth Alliance

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6243) that would prohibit Department of Defense funding for the Wuhan Institute of Virology, and EcoHealth Alliance, Inc. and any of its subsidiaries.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1707).

The agreement does not include either provision.

We note that other provisions regarding this matter are contained elsewhere in this Act.

TITLE XIII—OTHER MATTERS RELATING TO FOREIGN NATIONS

Subtitle A—Matters Relating to Europe and Russia

Sec. 1301—Modifications to North Atlantic Treaty Organization Special Operations Headquarters

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1234) that would amend section 2350r of title 10, United States Code, to update the name of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Special Operations Headquarters to the NATO Allied Special Operations Forces Command (SOFCOM), in accordance with the NATO decision to modify the title and would also increase the funding authorized in support of SOFCOM from \$50.0 million to \$55.0 million.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1302—Extension and modification of training for Eastern European national security forces in the course of multilateral exercises

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1233) that would amend section 1251 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92) to extend the authority to train Eastern European national security forces in the course of multilateral exercises through December 31, 2027, and would also modify the authority to include the Republic of Cyprus among the list of countries eligible to receive such training.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1303—Extension of prohibition on availability of funds relating to sovereignty of the Russian Federation over internationally recognized territory of Ukraine

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1231) that would amend section 1245(a) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–236) to extend the prohibition of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2025 from being obligated or expended to implement any activity that recognizes the sovereignty of the Russian Federation over the internationally recognized territory of Ukraine.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1304—Prohibition on New START Treaty information sharing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1231) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from providing notifications, biannual data exchange, inspection activities, or telemetric activities to the Russian Federation in relation to the New START Treaty, but provide a waiver on certain conditions.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Subtitle B—Matters Relating to the Indo-Pacific Region

Sec. 1311—Sense of Congress on defense alliances and partnerships in the Indo-Pacific region

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 1089, 1311, and 1312) that would express the senses of Congress regarding cooperation with the Philippines on maritime security, and South Korea and Taiwan defense relations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1263) that would express the sense of Congress regarding the importance of alliances and partnerships in the Indo-Pacific region.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1312—Modification of Indo-Pacific Maritime Security Initiative

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1245) that would authorize support under the Indo-Pacific Mari-

time Security Initiative to foreign non-military governmental organizations that have maritime security missions among their functional responsibilities when assistance is necessary to enable the integration of the activities of governmental organizations with the national military or other security forces of a foreign partner.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1313—Extension and modification of Pacific Deterrence Initiative

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1301) that would extend the authority for the Pacific Deterrence Initiative (PDI) and extend the requirements for reports and plans under the initiative.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1243).

The agreement includes the House provision.

The conferees strongly support PDI as means to prioritize Department of Defense efforts in support of enhancing U.S. deterrence and defense posture, reassuring allies and partners, and increasing readiness and capability in the Indo-Pacific region, primarily west of the International Date Line. We direct that, in future years, the PDI and the independent assessment of the Commander, U.S. Indo-Pacific Command, required by section 1251 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283), as amended, fully account for the requirements of U.S. Forces-Korea and U.S. Forces-Japan.

The budgetary display below captures investments included in this Act that support the objectives of the PDI.

PACIFIC DETERRENCE INITIATIVE AUTHORIZATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025

(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program	FY 2022 Authorized	FY 2023 Authorized	FY 2024 Authorized	FY 2025 Authorized
MODERNIZED AND STRENGTHENED PRESENCE					
Missile Procurement, Army					
0214401A	Patriot Mods		6,700	67,526	
0604319A	Indirect Fire Protection Capability			46,360	
0208082A	Lower Tier Air Missile Defense Sensor			65,000	
0208030A	PrecisionStrike Missile (PrSM)			58,000	
0605456A	MSE Missile			67,000	
C91521	Family of Low Altitude Unmanned Systems				120,599
Other Procurement, Army					
152	Theater MSV-L ships	76,660	104,676		
B00010	USARPAC MDTF M-Drive	2,500			
0214400A	IAMD Battle Command System		69,000	15,000	69,202
0211700A	Night Vision Devices		9,298		4,508
0214400A	Sentinel Mods		91,000		
0216300A	Army Watercraft Esp		30,113	19,459	6,469
0804734A	Multi-Domain Intel			6,600	
0219900A	Training Devices, Nonsystem			12,300	9,829
020700A	Synthetic Training Environment			4,000	
Other Procurement, Navy					
0201490N	Operating Forces lpe				3,000

PACIFIC DETERRENCE INITIATIVE AUTHORIZATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program	FY 2022 Authorized	FY 2023 Authorized	FY 2024 Authorized	FY 2025 Authorized
29	INDOPACOM UFR—Mission Network				17,500
	Procurement, Defense Wide				
0208902C	Guam Defense System	40,000	26,514	169,627	22,602
0908775D8Z	Agile Procurement Transition Pilot				70,000
	Operation and Maintenance, Army				
111087	GFMAT Directed Missions	97,700	122,574		
121034	USARPAC Processing, Exploitation, and Dis- semination	39,000	39,000	39,236	4,849
121018	USARPAC MDTF Cloud Services	3,500	3,951		
0203803A	Force Readiness Operations Support		939	1,403	788
0202218A	Force Readiness Operations Support		5,927	21,127	24,435
0202218A	Force Readiness Operations Support			6,086	
0605040A	Cyberspace Activities—Cyberspace Oper- ations			1,500	2,104
0202116A	Maneuver Units			96,000	
240	INDOPACOM UFR—Theater Campaigning ...		18,790	360,000	
0804734A	Training & Recruiting/Specialized Skills Training			2,100	
0202614A	Operating Forces/Tactical SIGINT/PED En- hancements			46,000	39,071
0202218A	Operating Forces/Force ReadinessOps Sup- port			430	5,573
	Operation and Maintenance, Navy				
1CCS	INDOPACOM MISO	8,984			
1CCS	INDOPACOM UFR—MISO	28,000			
1CCH	Service Support to INDOPACOM	30,003	28,813		
1CCM	Service Support to INDOPACOM (Sub-Reg Campaign Plan)	53,398	50,304		
1CCM	Service Support to INDOPACOM (Other Core Missions)	12,593	12,695		
0201490N	Combatant Commanders Core Operations ...		5,613	1,200	20,323
0901086N	Combatant Commanders Core Operations ...				400
0201160N	Combatant Commanders Direct Mission Support			62,851	51,866
0201114N	Cyberspace Activities			2,484	2,613
0201490N	Combatant Commanders Core Operations ...			13,809	
0201114N	Combatant Commanders Direct Mission Support			10,000	
0201204N	Combatant Commanders Direct Mission Support			12,812	8,600
0201114N	Combatant Commanders Direct Mission Support				43,970
0303103N	Combatant Commanders Direct Mission Support			4,138	10,870
0303140N	Cyberspace Activities				2,100
0204304N	Weapons Maintenance				21,900
0204282N	Cyberspace Activities			1,500	
1CCM	MPE: Service Support to Other Nations INDOPACOM	16,194	16,518		
1CCM	INDOPACOM UFR—Critical Manpower Posi- tions	4,600			
1CCM	INDOPACOM UFR—Enhanced ISR Aug- mentation	41,000			
1D4D	Missile Defense, Navy Area	88,817	120,567		
1A1A	Unit Deployment Program	135,653			
1A1A	Marine Expeditionary Unit	35,334	35,065		
1A1A	III MEF Operating Budget		298,430		
1A1A	Mission and Other Flight Operations		468,120	524,946	533,284
MISC	Weapons Maintenance		153	361	932

PACIFIC DETERRENCE INITIATIVE AUTHORIZATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program	FY 2022 Authorized	FY 2023 Authorized	FY 2024 Authorized	FY 2025 Authorized
1CCM	INDOPACOM UFR—Theater Campaigning		18,067	36,000	53,000
1CCM	INDOPACOM UFR—Mission Network				106,500
0203498N	Combat Support Forces			93	190
0205604N	MASF				15,500
Operation and Maintenance, Marine Corps					
1A1A	III MEF Operating Budget		298,430		
1A1A	Operational Forces: Marine Rotational				
	Force-Darwin	45,000	46,350		
1A1A	Unit Deployment Program	48,000	56,932		
1A1A	Marine Expeditionary Unit	4,526	3,755		
BSS1	Base Operating Support		110,335		
1A1A	INDOPACOM UFR—Theater Campaigning		14,093	8,000	47,000
0202056M	Base Operating Support			2,861	3,422
0202057M	Base Operating Support			1,027	1,225
0206479M	Base Operating Support			70,782	58,719
0208212M	Base Operating Support			4,022	4,140
0208532M	Base Operating Support			2,511	3,003
0208534M	Base Operating Support			3,596	3,642
0208538M	Base Operating Support			240	245
0208540M	Base Operating Support			4,181	4,188
0208541M	Base Operating Support			1,983	2,023
0208550M	Base Operating Support			26	3,060
0208553M	Base Operating Support			843	984
0208853M	Base Operating Support			955	1,074
0208854M	Base Operating Support			866	986
0360111M	Base Operating Support			3,061	
0390110M	Base Operating Support			7	7
0701111M	Base Operating Support			707	727
0708542M	Base Operating Support			5,151	5,915
0808519M	Base Operating Support			14,163	14,538
0808520M	Base Operating Support			8,064	9,083
0808530M	Base Operating Support			18,836	12,921
0901212M	Base Operating Support			2,043	89
0202150M	Operational Forces			61,233	52,809
0206126M	Operational Forces			22,001	22,566
0206211M	Operational Forces			95,617	86,924
0206312M	Operational Forces			210,835	227,791
0206315M	Operational Forces			17,965	29,346
0305251M	Operational Forces			500	700
Operation and Maintenance, Air Force					
011A	Improve Posture and Presence	130,970	149,482	137,361	142,513
011C	Improve Posture and Presence	146,597	154,439	93,360	97,504
011M	Improve Posture and Presence	291,000	395,393	422,334	427,801
011W	Improve Posture and Presence	1,076,000	1,224,185	1,329,927	1,261,508
011Y	Improve Posture and Presence	819,655	798,902	777,034	826,916
011Z	Improve Posture and Presence	534,646	584,742	387,804	416,631
012C	Improve Posture and Presence	88,192	89,956	56,539	54,974
012D	Improve Posture and Presence			1,704	25,010
012F	Improve Posture and Presence	862	880	1,793	1,832
042A	Improve Posture and Presence	2,186	2,229	521	1,581
042B	Improve Posture and Presence			276	161
021A	INDOPACOM UFR—Theater Campaigning		18,917	104,000	89,500
0208064F	Cyberspace Activities			1,500	2,100
0305834F	Cyberspace Activities				22,910
0207969F	Primary Combat Forces			96,000	96,000
Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide					
011A	MDA: Guam THAAD Battery & AN/TPY-2				
	Radar	12,800	12,536	12,464	12,729
011A	MDA: USFK THAAD Battery & AN/TPY-2				
	Radar	13,000	8,728	14,141	14,441

PACIFIC DETERRENCE INITIATIVE AUTHORIZATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program	FY 2022 Authorized	FY 2023 Authorized	FY 2024 Authorized	FY 2025 Authorized
011A	MDA: Japan FBM TPY-2 (Radar 1 and 2) ...	24,900	29,476	24,483	25,016
1PLR	SOC PAC/SOCKOR Operations and Support ...	37,027	45,685	31,094	35,209
1GTM	INDOPACOM UFR—Information Operations ..		27,500		
1PLR	INDOPACOM UFR—Theater Campaigning		9,034		
0208085JCY	Cyberspace Operations			10,800	2,700
0305251JCY	Cyberspace Operations			4,500	4,621
0306250JCY	Cyberspace Operations			21,520	30,580
Research and Development, Army					
0604114A	Lower Tier Air Missile Defense (LTAMD) Sen- sor			383,688	30,285
0604759A	Major T&E Investment		3,109	3,197	3,269
0604820A	Radar Development			15,066	
0604827A	Soldier Systems—Warrior Dem/Val				16,363
0605457A	Army Integrated Air and Missile Defense (AIAMD)		80,000	37,826	192,481
0605235A	Strategic Mid-Range Capability		5,016	40,177	721
0606002A	Ronald Reagan Ballistic Missile Defense Test Site			22,382	22,880
0607865A	Patriot Product Improvement			46,545	15,030
0604741A	Air Defense Command, Control and Intel- ligence			1,004	
060504A	Cyber Space Activities			1,500	
0604037A	Classified Programs			10,000	
0605235A	System Dev, Demo/Strategic MRC			395,000	721
0605231A	System Dev, Demo/PrSM			196,000	
Research and Development, Navy					
0603734N	INDOPACOM UFR—Non-Traditional F2T2 Ca- pability				400,000
0604601N	INDOPACOM UFR—Sea Urchin powered quickstrike mines		10,000		
0604601N	INDOPACOM UFR—Hammerhead		47,500		
0604231N	Command and Control Systems				2,309
Research and Development, Air Force					
0102417F	Talon TACMOR Palau	42,300		5,111	
0207325F	INDOPACOM UFR—JASSM software update ..		12,000		
0207142F	F-35 Squadrons			42,361	
0401218F	KC-135s			23,894	
0207412F	Control and Reporting Center				2,012
Research and Development, Defense-Wide					
0603892C	INDOPACOM UFR—Guam Defense System ...				89,200
0603915C	INDOPACOM UFR—Guam Defense System ...				14,400
0604102C	INDOPACOM UFR—Guam Defense System ...	60,000		147,000	
0604102C	INDOPACOM UFR—Joint Fires Network			174,000	
0604250D8Z	INDOPACOM UFR—Sea Urchin powered quickstrike mines		30,000		
0604102C	Guam Defense Development		383,486	385,132	399,787
0604102C	INDOPACOM UFR—Guam Defense System ...				76,500
0603892C	AEGIS BMD		45,000	80,400	165,530
0604878C	Aegis BMD Test			42,062	6,078
0604878C	INDOPACOM UFR—Guam Defense System ...				1,200
0603896C	Ballistic Missile Defense Command & Con- trol, Battle Management & Comm.		20,000	38,490	53,468
0604879C	Ballistic Missile Defense Sensor Test			17,452	4,879
0603915C	Ballistic Missile Defense Targets			53,029	68,323
0603914C	Ballistic Missile Defense Test		7,000	15,044	
0603890C	BMD Enabling Programs		18,000	441	690
0208059JCY	CYBERCOM Activities			21,680	
0208085JCY	Robust Infrastructure and Access				2,300

PACIFIC DETERRENCE INITIATIVE AUTHORIZATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program	FY 2022 Authorized	FY 2023 Authorized	FY 2024 Authorized	FY 2025 Authorized
0306250JCY	Cyber Operations Technology Support			7,480	21,420
0605027D8Z	Agile Procurement Transition Pilot				7,564
	Subtotal, MODERNIZED AND STRENGTHENED PRESENCE	4,091,597	6,460,542	8,072,140	7,059,351
	EXERCISES, TRAINING, EXPERIMENTATION				
	Other Procurement, Army				
0219900A	Training Devices			16,300	9,829
	Other Procurement, Navy				
0204571N	Weapons Range Support Equipment			30,000	
0204571N	Training and Education Equipment			31,500	32,500
0208550N	Training and Education Equipment			28,960	
0201490N	Operating Forces Ipe		2,800	3,000	26,464
	Procurement, Marine Corps				
0206335M	Common Aviation Command and Control System			2,000	
0360110M	Marine Corps Enterprise Network (MCEN) ...			6,600	
	Other Procurement, Air Force				
0207429F	Combat Training Ranges				193,791
0207430F	Base Maintenance Support Vehicles				47,105
0208028F	Base Maintenance Support Vehicles				147,238
0208028F	Cargo and Utility Vehicles				5,078
0204424F	Engineering and EOD Equipment				153
	Operation and Maintenance, Army				
115	Land Forces Operations Support	4,419	4,722		
115012	Exportable Combat Training Center Rota- tions	234,661			
114	Theater Level Assets for Exercises	195,827	214,000		
0305169A	Servicewide Communications		9,583	9,645	8,835
0202158A	Echelons Above Brigade		13,538	7,520	
0202214A	Force Readiness Operations Support		25,580	105,908	93,810
0202218A	Force Readiness Operations Support		4,851	3,114	
0202117A	Maneuver Units		397,574	24,953	23,442
0202212A	Force Readiness Operations Support			11,850	8,580
0202548A	Theater Level Assets				325,649
0303030A	Force Readiness Operations Support				1,085
	Operation and Maintenance, Navy				
1CCM	Pacific Multi-Domain Training and Experi- mentation Capability		66,519		
1CCM	INDOPACOM UFR—Pacific Multi-Domain Training and Experimentation Capability	59,410	19,000		
1CCM	INDOPACOM UFR—Wargaming Analytical Tools	88,000	22,000		
0201114N	Planning, Engineering, and Program Sup- port			1,400	1,400
0204140N	Combat Support Forces			1,510	1,510
0201114N	Combatant Commanders Direct Mission Support			58,324	75,925
0204571N	Warfare Tactics		9,000	45,720	37,943
	Operation and Maintenance, Marine Corps				
1A1A	MARFORPAC Training Exercise Employment Plan	44,071	46,593		
0201204M	Base Operating Support			500	

PACIFIC DETERRENCE INITIATIVE AUTHORIZATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program	FY 2022 Authorized	FY 2023 Authorized	FY 2024 Authorized	FY 2025 Authorized
0208212M	Base Operating Support			28,810	6,110
0206335M	Field Logistics			500	500
0206211M	Operational Forces				4,564
0206312M	Operational Forces		43,593	34,950	35,225
0206315M	Operational Forces			19,200	21,171
	Operation and Maintenance, Air Force				
011D/044A	Exercises, Training, and Experimentation	6,998	6,210	177,747	175,138
012D	Exercises, Training, and Experimentation	197	202		
011R	Exercises, Training, and Experimentation			13,300	
011Z	Exercises, Training, and Experimentation			300	34,000
012A	Exercises, Training, and Experimentation			1,000	1,000
032C	Exercises, Training, and Experimentation	588	762	794	809
033C	Exercises, Training, and Experimentation	3,713	3,787	5,102	4,611
033D	Exercises, Training, and Experimentation	460	469		
0207603F	Air Operations Training			74,000	29,000
0207701F	Air Operations Training			66,192	37,393
0207479F	Base Support				34,000
0207500F	Base Support			300	
0202176F	Facilities Sustainment, Restoration & Mod- ernization			13,300	193,754
0305114F	Global C3I and Early Warning			1,000	1,000
	Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide				
0804768J	Joint Chiefs of Staff—JTEEP		173,000	173,000	186,837
8PL1	INDOPACOM UFR—Joint Exercise Program ..	35,100			
1PLR	SOCPAC/SOCKOR Exercises	22,573	18,386	19,164	21,202
	Research and Development, Navy				
0605853N	Management, Technical, International Sup- port		15,819	20,336	23,810
	Research and Development, Army				
0532545A	Systems Dev & Demo/Theater level assets ..			2,700	
0607312A	Operational Systems Development			1,500	
0604121A	AdvComponent Dev & Prototype/Synthetic Training Environment			2,500	
0605301A	Army Kwajalein				285,940
0604715A	Non-system Training Devices				6,212
	Research and Development, Defense-wide				
0604250D8Z	Advanced Innovative Technologies		906,858	970,526	910,426
0604790D8Z	Rapid Defense Experimentation Reserve				53,149
0604331D8Z	Rapid Prototyping Program				65,400
0603941D8Z	Test & Evaluation Science & Technology			10,000	
	Subtotal, EXERCISES, TRAINING, EXPERI- MENTATION	696,017	2,004,846	2,025,025	3,171,588
	INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS				
	Military Construction, Navy				
	Guam P-519 X-Ray Wharf Berth 2	51,900			
	Guam Joint Communication Upgrade (INC)	84,000		31,330	
	Japan Yokuska Pier 5 (Berths 2 and 3) (INC)	15,292			
	Japan Yokuska Ship Handling & Combat Training Facilities	49,000			
	INDOPACOM UFR: PDI Planning and Design	68,000	50,000		
	Australia Aircraft Parking Apron (INC)		72,446	134,624	
	Hawaii Missile Magazines		10,000		

PACIFIC DETERRENCE INITIATIVE AUTHORIZATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program	FY 2022 Authorized	FY 2023 Authorized	FY 2024 Authorized	FY 2025 Authorized
	Guam Brown Tree Snake Exclusion Barrier				
	South		14,497		
	Guam Ground Combat Element Inf Btn 1 & 2 Fac		69,314		
	Guam 9th Engineer Support Battalion Ops. Fac.		35,188		
	Guam 9th Eng Supp Battalion Equip & Main Fac		41,590		
	Japan Kadena Marine Corps Barracks Com- plex		31,300		
	Japan Kadena Marine Corps Bachelor En- listed Quarters		29,100		
	Planning & Design, Marine Corps		59,700	25,849	36,174
	Planning & Design, Navy			62,195	349,709
	INDOPACOM UFR: Planning & Design			69,000	
	Guam 9th ESB Training Complex			27,536	
	Guam Artillery Battery Facilities			137,550	
	Guam Consolidated MEB HQ/NCIS PHIL ...			19,740	
	Guam Joint Consol. Comm. Center (INC)			107,000	
	Guam Missile Integration Test Facility			56,140	
	Guam Satellite Communications Facility (INC)			56,159	
	Guam Training Center			89,640	
	Australia Darwin Aircraft Maintenance Hangar				32,380
	Australia Darwin Maintenance Support Fa- cilities				62,320
	Guam Earth Covered Magazines				42,439
	Guam Defense Access Roads				100,000
	Guam HSC-25 Hangar Replacement				50,000
	Minor Construction, Marine Corps				37,800
	Minor Construction, Navy				63,400
	Military Construction, Air Force				
	RAAF Darwin Sq Ops Facility	7,400			
	RAAF Tindal Aircraft Maint Spt Fac	6,200			
	RAAF Tindal Sq Ops Facility	8,200			
	Guam LRM Anderson Airfield Dmg Repair Warehouse		30,000		
	Guam LRM Anderson Hayman Munitions Storage Igloos MSA 2	9,824			
	Guam LRM Anderson Munitions Storage Ig- loos IV	55,000			
	Alaska JB Elmendorf-Richardson Extend Runway (Inc.)	79,000		107,500	
	Japan Kadena Airfield Damage Repair Stor- age Facility	38,000			
	Japan Kadena Helicopter Rescue Ops Main- tenance Hangar	35,000	71,000		
	Japan Kadena Replace Munitions Structures	26,100			
	Japan Misawa Airfield Damage Repair Fa- cility	25,000			
	Japan Yokota Construct CATM Facility	25,000			
	Japan Yokota C-130J Corrosion Control Hangar	67,000	10,000		
	Planning and Design	27,200	12,424		
	INDOPACOM Add—Planning and Design	20,000			
	Japan Kadena Theater A/C Corrosion Control Ctr (INC)		17,000		
	Mariana Islands Tinian Fuel Tanks w/Pipeln & Hydrant Sys (INC)		92,000	21,000	
	Mariana Islands Tinian Airfield Development Phase 1 (INC)		58,000	26,000	

PACIFIC DETERRENCE INITIATIVE AUTHORIZATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program	FY 2022 Authorized	FY 2023 Authorized	FY 2024 Authorized	FY 2025 Authorized
	Mariana Islands Tinian Parking Apron (INC)		41,000	32,000	
	RAAF Tindal Aircraft Maintenance Support Facility			17,500	
	RAAF Darwin Squadron Operations Facility ..			26,000	
	RAAF Tindal Squadron Operations Facility ...			20,000	
	RAAF Tindal Bomber Apron			93,000	
	Japan Kadena Helo Rescue Ops Maintenance Hangar Inc 3			46,000	
	Guan North Aircraft Parking Ramp (Inc)			109,000	
	Japan Kadena Theater A/C Corrosion Control Ctr, Inc			42,000	
	Philippines Cesar Basa Transient Aircraft Parking Apron			35,000	
	FSM Yap Runway Extension				96,000
	FSM IAP Runway Extension				50,000
	FSM Yap Airfield Pavement Upgrades				50,000
	FSM Port and Harbor Improvements				50,000
	Japan Kadena Theater A/C Corrosion Control Ctr, Inc				57,700
	Japan Kadena Communications Center Design				9,000
	Palau TACMOR Utilities and Infrastructure Support				20,000
	Palau Harbor Wharf Improvements				50,000
	Design				117,590
	Minor Construction				19,000
	Military Construction, Army				
	Hawaii Ammunition Storage	51,000			
	Japan Vehicle Maintenance Shop	0	80,000		
	Guam National Guard Readiness Center Addition	34,000			
	Guam Battalion Headquarters				47,000
	Guam Environmental Mitigation				23,000
	Guam Forward Operating Sites				75,000
	INDOPACOM Minor Construction Pilot				66,600
0901211A	Planning & Design		11,000	11,000	26,011
	Minor Construction				8,000
	Military Construction, Defense-Wide				
	Hawaii JBPHH Primary Electrical Distribution		25,000		
	Japan Iwakuni Fuel Pier	57,700			
	Japan Kadena Truck Unload Facilities	22,300			
	Japan Kadena Operations Support Facility ..	24,000			
	Japan Misawa Additive Injection Pump and Storage Sys	6,000			
	Japan Yokota Hangar/AMU	33,100			
	Japan Iwakuni Bulk Storage Tanks PH 1		85,000		
	Japan Yokota Bulk Storage Tanks PH 1 (INC)		44,000		
	Japan Yokota Operations and Warehouse Facilities		72,154		
	Guam Electrical Distribution System		34,360		
	MDA: Planning & Design		39,000	1,035	
	MDA: Planning & Design		33,360		
	INDOPACOM Add—Unspecified Minor MILCON		16,130		
0804768J	Exercise Related Minor Construction			7,659	4,331
	SOF Maintenance Hangar			88,900	
	SOF Composite Maintenance Facility			11,400	
	INDOPACOM Add—Military Construction Pilot Program			150,000	

PACIFIC DETERRENCE INITIATIVE AUTHORIZATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program	FY 2022 Authorized	FY 2023 Authorized	FY 2024 Authorized	FY 2025 Authorized
	INDOPACOM Add—Unspecified Minor				
	MILCON			62,000	
	Guam Command Center				147,212
	Guam EIAMD, PH 1				238,267
	Japan Camp Fuji Microgrid and Backup Power				45,870
	Military Construction, INDOPACOM				
	INDOPACOM Minor Construction Pilot				150,000
	Other Procurement, Army				
0310700A	Automated Data Processing Equip				8,015
	Operation and Maintenance, Army				
0202021A	Land Forces Systems Readiness			50	
0202219A	Force Readiness Operations Support				14,200
0305103A	Cyberspace Activities—Cyberspace Oper- ations				9,300
0202117A	Maneuver Units				62
	Operation and Maintenance, Army National Guard				
0305103A	Cyberspace Activities—Cyberspace Oper- ations				500
	Operation and Maintenance, Air Force				
0202176F	Infrastructure Improvements	404,265	412,350	256,049	256,219
	Facilities Sustainment, Restoration & Mod- ernization			199,907	193,754
0204424F	Other Combat Ops Spt Programs			1,009	1,105
0208028F	Other Combat Ops Spt Programs				61,360
	Operation and Maintenance, Marine Corps				
BSM1	Facilities Sustainment, Restoration, and Modernization	112,136	127,167		
BSM1	Facilities Sustainment, Restoration, and Modernization			4,101	30,000
BSM1	Facilities Sustainment, Restoration, and Modernization			93,744	85,912
	Operation and Maintenance, Navy				
0201114N	Planning, Engineering, and Program Sup- port		63,660	66,320	66,325
	Operation and Maintenance, Defense Wide				
1PLV	SOPAC/SOKCOR Equipment Support, Oper- ations, & Sustainment	5,085	2,294	915	8,190
	Subtotal, INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS	1,476,702	1,760,034	2,345,852	2,859,745
	LOGISTICS AND PREPOSITIONING OF EQUIPMENT				
	Other Procurement, Army				
151	Army Watercraft	26,687	47,889		
0216300A	Maneuver Support Vessel (MSV)		104,676	91,043	
0216300A	Distribution Systems, Petroleum & Water			7,800	7,975
9999	Classified Programs				136,962
	Aircraft Procurement, Air Force				
0202834F	Aircraft Replacement Support Equipment			17,877	

PACIFIC DETERRENCE INITIATIVE AUTHORIZATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program	FY 2022 Authorized	FY 2023 Authorized	FY 2024 Authorized	FY 2025 Authorized
Other Procurement, Air Force					
0305114F	Air Traffic Control & Landing Sys			21,000	
0207429F	Combat Training Ranges			47,800	
0207604F	Combat Training Ranges			241,660	
0204424F	Engineering and EOD Equipment			140	153
0208028F	Engineering and EOD Equipment			9,543	
0208031F	Fuels Support Equipment (FSE)			186,818	2,652
0401135F	Mobility Equipment			105,655	3,845
0207430F	Base Maintenance Support Vehicles			4,074	
0208028F	Base Maintenance Support Vehicles			141,589	
0208028F	Cargo and Utility Vehicles			4,655	
0901279F	Fire Fighting/Crash Rescue Vehicles			13,260	
0702831F	Joint Light Tactical Vehicle			39,543	
0208028F	Materials Handling Vehicles			8,399	
0208028F	Runway Equipment			2,110	
0208028F	Special Purpose Vehicles			51	
0702831F	Special Purpose Vehicles			72,396	
Operation and Maintenance, Army					
0208031A	Army Prepositioned Stocks	63,457	52,652	54,148	54,498
0406030A	Army Prepositioned Stocks		1,587	1,635	1,425
0406029A	Strategic Mobility		8,092	16,248	16,646
Operation and Maintenance, Army Reserve					
0532538A	Echelons Above Brigade				34
Operation and Maintenance, Navy					
1CCH	Movement Coordination Center		4,200		
1CCH	INDOPACOM UFR—Movement Coordination Center	500	2,400		
1CCY	Logistics Support Activities	7,033	8,520		
1D4D	Logistics Support Activities	53,355	49,754		
0201490N	Combatant Commanders Core Operations ...			4,200	
0201114N	Combatant Commanders Direct Mission Support			8,100	28,039
0702898N	Weapons Maintenance			1	1
9999	Classified Programs				1,014,940
Operation and Maintenance, Marine Corps					
1B1B	MARFORPAC Maritime Prepositioning Force—MARCORLOGCOM	2,206	2,568		
1B1B	Maritime Prepositioning			2,295	39,938
Operation and Maintenance, Air Force					
011D	Improved Logistics and Prepositioning of Equipment			93,475	82,110
012A	Improved Logistics and Prepositioning of Equipment	103,785	109,684	65,739	67,923
012C	Improved Logistics and Prepositioning of Equipment			164,451	9,164
021A	Improved Logistics and Prepositioning of Equipment	26,662	30,131	24,848	29,996
021D	Improved Logistics and Prepositioning of Equipment	5,501	7,665	2,924	3,050
041A	Improved Logistics and Prepositioning of Equipment	60,126	57,966	1,009	1,031
042G	Improved Logistics and Prepositioning of Equipment	10,572	12,284	25,447	33,947
Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide					
0908775D8Z	Agile Procurement Transition Pilot				15,000

PACIFIC DETERRENCE INITIATIVE AUTHORIZATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program	FY 2022 Authorized	FY 2023 Authorized	FY 2024 Authorized	FY 2025 Authorized
	Subtotal, LOGISTICS AND PREPOSITIONING OF EQUIPMENT	359,884	500,068	1,479,933	1,549,329
	DEFENSE AND SECURITY CAPABILITIES OF ALLIES AND PARTNERS				
	Other Procurement, Army				
0210300A	CBRN Defense		1,272	1,580	1,242
9999	Classified Programs			2,148	2,170
	Operation and Maintenance, Air Force				
834010/012F/1CCM	MPE/Bices	15,050	17,120		
012A	Building Defense and Security Capabilities of Allies and Partners			4,357	1,773
043A	Building Defense and Security Capabilities of Allies and Partners	405	548	548	48
044A	Building Defense and Security Capabilities of Allies and Partners	1,518	3,128	3,240	3,307
0303150F	Global C3I and Early Warning		30,000		
	Operation and Maintenance, Army				
111087	SFAB/MDTF Deployments	48,000	110,000	24,953	10,210
0202219A	Force Readiness Operations Support		5,000		
0202614A	Force Readiness Operations Support			39,236	
411	Security Programs			2,170	2,170
	Operation and Maintenance, Army National Guard				
0509399A	Admin and Servicewide Activities			7,000	
	Operation and Maintenance, Navy				
1CCM	Mission Partner Environment		36,268		
1CCM	INDOPACOM UFR—Mission Partner Environ- ment	50,170			
1CCM	INDOPACOM UFR—Future Fusion Centers ...	3,300			
1CCM	INDOPACOM UFR—Joint Training Team			28,000	49,000
0201490N	Combatant Commander Core Operations		19,000	19,500	2,720
0201492N	Combatant Commander Core Operations			5,170	5,321
1CCH	INDOPACOM UFR—Asia Pacific Regional Initiative		8,000		
0201114N	Combatant Commanders Direct Mission Support		19,750	44,750	49,250
1001004N	Combatant Commanders Direct Mission Support		16,518	33,696	8,139
0204217N	Weapons Maintenance		40,299	43,575	41,999
	Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide				
1002200T	DSCA Sec. 333/332/MSI	370,095	416,393	515,707	
1002201T	Defense Security Cooperation Agency				450,957
1002201T	Taiwan Security Cooperation Initiative				300,000
1150491BB	Special Operations Command Theater Forces		9,523	10,144	10,351
	Subtotal, DEFENSE AND SECURITY CAPA- BILITIES OF ALLIES AND PARTNERS	488,538	732,819	783,604	938,657
	Total	7,112,738	11,458,309	14,706,554	15,578,670

Sec. 1314—Indo-Pacific extended deterrence education pilot program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1247) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense, using the authorities provided in chapter 16 of title 10, United States Code, and other applicable statutory authorities available to the Secretary, to establish a pilot program, including an international defense personnel exchange program, to support the education of covered personnel of Australia, Japan, or the Republic of Korea in matters related to nuclear deterrence, nuclear strategy, nuclear defense strategy, or other related matters.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Subtitle C—Matters Relating to Taiwan

Sec. 1321—Modification of reporting requirement for transfer of defense articles and defense services to Taiwan

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1251) that would amend paragraph (3) of section 1259A(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91) to clarify that the required report may be submitted in classified form.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1322—Establishment of program between the United States and Taiwan for military trauma care

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1246) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, to seek to engage with appropriate officials of Taiwan for the purpose of establishing a joint program on military trauma care and research consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act (Public Law 96–8).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would authorize the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to establish a joint program on military trauma care with appropriate personnel of the military forces of Taiwan, consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act.

Sec. 1323—Taiwan security cooperation initiative

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1241) that would authorize the Indo-Pacific Security Assistance Initiative, under which the Secretary of Defense would be authorized to provide the foreign military and national security forces and ministries of defense, or security agencies serving a similar defense function, of foreign partners in the Indo-Pacific, and regional organizations with security missions in the Indo-Pacific region, with security assistance utilizing the authorities provided in chapter 16 of title 10, United States Code, and other applicable statutory authorities available to the Secretary.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would authorize the Secretary of Defense, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, to provide the military, central government security forces, and central government security agencies of Taiwan and civilian central governmental entities of Taiwan that have among their functional responsibilities the support of military and central government security forces with appropriate assistance to enable Taiwan to maintain sufficient self-defense capabilities consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act (Public Law 96–8).

Sec. 1324—Sense of Congress regarding invitation to Taiwan to the Rim of the Pacific exercise

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1318) that would require the Secretary of Defense to invite the naval forces of Taiwan to any Rim of the Pacific Exercise that is to take place following the date of enactment of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would express the sense of Congress that the naval forces of Taiwan may be invited to participate in the Rim of the Pacific exercise, as appropriate, conducted in 2025.

Subtitle D—Coordinating Aukus Engagement With Japan

Sec. 1331—Definitions

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6299D) that would define certain terms related to the Australia, United Kingdom, United States partnership.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1332—Sense of Congress

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6299E) that would express the sense of Congress regarding the Australia, United Kingdom, and United States partnership and Japan.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1333—Engagement with Japan on AUKUS Pillar Two Cooperation

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6299F) that would require the State Australia, United Kingdom, United States (AUKUS) Coordinator to jointly engage directly with the relevant stakeholders in the Government of Japan on AUKUS Pillar Two.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1334—Assessment of Potential for Cooperation with Japan on AUKUS Pillar Two

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6299G) that would require the Secretary of State, with the concurrence of the Secretary of Defense, to submit a report assessing the potential for cooperation with Japan on Pillar Two of the Australia, United Kingdom, and United States partnership.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Subtitle E—Matters Relating to East Asia

Sec. 1341—Extension and modification of authority to transfer funds for Bien Hoa dioxin cleanup

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1244) that would extend the authority of the Secretary of Defense to transfer funds to the Secretary of State for the Bien Hoa dioxin cleanup in Vietnam through fiscal year 2025 and increase the amount that can be transferred to \$30.0 million per year.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1342—Modification of cooperative program with Vietnam to account for Vietnamese personnel missing in action

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1264) that would amend section 1245 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81) to make various modifications to a cooperative program with Vietnam to account for Vietnamese personnel missing in action, and to extend the program to 2031.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1343—Plan for establishment of a joint force headquarters in Japan

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1248) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide the congressional defense committees with a plan for the establishment of joint force headquarters subordinate to U.S. Indo-Pacific Command in Japan, Australia, and any other locations the Secretary determines necessary.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a plan to reconstitute U.S. Forces Japan as a joint force headquarters consistent with the Joint Statement of the Security Consultative Committee released on July 28, 2024.

Sec. 1344—Plan for Department of Defense activities to strengthen United States extended deterrence commitments to the Republic of Korea

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1249) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, to submit a plan to strengthen United States extended deterrence commitments to the Republic of Korea in each of the next 5 years.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1345—Plan and annual report relating to trilateral defense cooperation with Japan and the Republic of Korea

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1250) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, to submit a plan for advancing trilateral security cooperation among the United States, Japan, and the Republic of Korea and require annual updates on such trilateral security cooperation activities through 2029.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1346—Modification of public reporting of Chinese military companies operating in the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1302) that would require a printed justification in the Federal Register to accompany the annual listing decisions in accordance with section 1260H of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283).

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1303) that would modify the requirement for the Department of Defense to maintain a Chinese military company list in accordance with Section 1260H of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283).

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1307) that would require the Secretary of Defense to make the list required under section 1260H of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 to be in both English and in Mandarin Chinese.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1258) that would amend section 1260H of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) to clarify the public reporting requirements regarding Chinese military companies operating in the United States.

The agreement includes consolidation of the House provisions, along with additional clarifying amendments.

Sec. 1347—Strategy to address malign activities by the People’s Liberation Army

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1254) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a

transregional strategy for exposing and, as appropriate, countering malign activities by the People's Liberation Army of the People's Republic of China.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a transregional, multi-functional, and multi-domain strategy to coordinate activities among combatant commands for identifying and, if necessary and appropriate, addressing malign activities by the People's Liberation Army of the People's Republic of China. The provision would also require the Secretary to designate, within each combatant command (other than the U.S. Indo-Pacific Command), an official liaison for coordinated transregional, multi-functional, and multi-domain efforts to address malign activities by the People's Liberation Army.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Prohibition on use of funds to promote a "one country, two systems" solution for Taiwan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1305) that would prohibit the use of funds to be used to promote a "one country, two systems" solution for Taiwan.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Modification of Prohibition on Participation of the People's Republic of China in Rim of the Pacific (RIMPAC) Naval Exercises

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1306) that would modify the prohibition on participation of the People's Republic of China (PRC) in Rim of the Pacific naval exercises. The House bill also contained a provision (sec. 1308) that would modify the prohibition on participation of the PRC in Rim of the Pacific naval exercises by adding the exception of the PRC holding an internationally-recognized, free and fair presidential election.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provisions.

Consideration of Taiwan for enhanced defense industrial base cooperation

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1253) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, to take measures to ensure that Taiwan is appropriately considered, consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act (Public Law 96-8), for enhanced defense industrial base cooperation activities aligned with the United States National Defense Industrial Strategy to expand global defense production, increase supply chain security and resilience, and meet the defense needs of Taiwan.

The House bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1313).

The agreement does not include these provisions.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, to conduct a study on the feasibility and advisability of entering into one or more defense industrial agreements with Taiwan. In conducting the study, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall consult with representatives of Taiwan and industry, as appropriate. At a minimum, the study shall:

(1) Evaluate the strategic benefits and implications of entering into a defense industrial agreement with Taiwan, including with respect to:

- (a) long-term supply chain security and resilience;
- (b) mutual supply of defense goods and services;
- (c) supply of regional maintenance, repair, and overhaul capabilities and any other support capability the Secretary considers appropriate; and
- (d) the promotion of interoperability;

(2) Account for the legal, economic, and defense policy aspects of a closer defense procurement partnership between the United States and Taiwan;

(3) Identify defense capabilities developed and produced in Taiwan that:

- (a) may benefit from defense industrial agreements between the United States and Taiwan; and
- (b) may require expedited technology release and disclosure for components produced in the United States; and

(4) Identify defense capabilities developed in the United States with respect to which co-production in Taiwan may support the resilience of the defense industrial base of Taiwan.

Furthermore, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report with a classified annex on the results of the study, including lists of the defense capabilities identified under elements (c) and (d).

Designation of official responsible for coordination of department of defense efforts to monitor People's Liberation Army overseas basing efforts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1315) that would require the Secretary of Defense to designate an official within the Department of Defense to be responsible for coordination of Department efforts to monitor the People's Liberation Army's (PLA) overseas basing efforts.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees that, at a minimum, identifies the Department of Defense official or officials responsible for:

(1) Monitoring the PLA's network of overseas military bases and its global pursuit of military access agreements;

(2) Representing the Department of Defense in the interagency process on such matters; and

(3) Consulting regularly with the congressional defense committees to keep such committees fully informed on all matters relating to such responsibilities.

Report on feasibility of developing and deploying asymmetric naval assets in defense of Taiwan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1319) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, to submit a report on the feasibility of developing and deploying asymmetric naval assets in Taiwan.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies as appropriate, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to provide the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a briefing on:

(1) The feasibility of developing and deploying asymmetric naval assets for a potential defense of Taiwan;

(2) Whether Taiwan's ability to deter a maritime invasion by the People's Republic of China would be enhanced by deployment of small, high-speed, long-range (200 or more nautical miles), extreme-weather-capable, reduced-radar-signature boats with the capacity for launching missiles, addressing subsurface threats or delivering and recovering small troop units to coastal and littoral locations in the vicinity of the Taiwan Strait, and, if so, in what number and in what configurations;

(3) Whether existing and planned Tuo Chiang class catamaran-hulled corvettes are naval assets capable of fully meeting the needs of an effective asymmetric naval defense strategy; and

(4) The vulnerability of Taiwan's existing larger-platform surface naval fleet, including *Keelung*-class destroyers, *Cheung Kung*-class frigates, *Chi Yang*-class frigates, and *Kang Ding*-class frigates.

Report on impact of the malign influence of China and Russia

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1320) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the heads of other Federal departments and agencies as necessary, to submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report that includes a detailed assessment of the impact of the malign influence of the People's Republic of China and the Russian Federation in Africa, South America, Central America, and the Caribbean on the national security and economic interests of the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to ensure that future iterations of the Department of Defense's annual report on Military

and Security Developments Involving the People's Republic of China required by section 1202 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000 (Public Law 106–65) and the Russia Military Power Report produced by the Defense Intelligence Agency include assessments of the impact of the malign influence of the People's Republic of China and the Russian Federation, respectively, in Africa, South America, Central America, and the Caribbean on the national security and economic interests of the United States.

Report on support for Taiwan's military preparedness

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1321) that would require the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Director of National Intelligence, to submit a report on deterrence in the Taiwan Strait.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that annual reports required by the Taiwan Enhanced Resilience Act in section 3351(f) of title 22, United States Code, address matters related to the defense of Taiwan, including an assessment of the commitment of Taiwan to implement a strategy that will deter and, if necessary, defeat military aggression by the People's Republic of China.

TITLE—XIV OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

Subtitle A—Military Programs

Sec. 1401—Working capital funds

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1401) that would authorize appropriations for the defense working capital funds at the levels identified in section 4501 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1401).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 1402—Chemical agents and munitions destruction, defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1402) that would authorize appropriations for Chemical Agents and Munitions Destruction, Defense at the levels identified in section 4501 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1402).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would strike subsection (b)(2), at the request of the Department of Defense.

Sec. 1403—Drug interdiction and counter-drug activities, defense-wide

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1403) that would authorize appropriations for Drug Interdiction and Counter-Drug Ac-

tivities, Defense-wide at the levels identified in section 4501 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1403).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 1404—Defense Inspector General

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1404) that would authorize appropriations for the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense at the levels identified in section 4501 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1404).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 1405—Defense Health Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1405) that would authorize appropriations for the Defense Health Program at the levels identified in section 4501 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 1405).

The agreement includes this provision.

Subtitle B—National Defense Stockpile

Sec. 1411—Restoring the National Defense Stockpile

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 1411 and sec. 1412) that would direct the National Defense Stockpile Manager to procure strategic and critical materials from domestic sources to the maximum extent practicable.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1411).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require a plan to fully fund existing National Defense Stockpile requirements.

We expect the Secretary of Defense to adhere to the requirements codified in 50 U.S.C. 98h–6 regarding purchasing, or making a commitment to purchase, strategic and critical materials of domestic origin when such materials are needed for the stockpile.

Sec. 1412—Consultations with respect to environmental review of certain projects relating to availability of strategic and critical materials for acquisition for National Defense Stockpile

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1413) that would require the Secretary of Defense to consult with the head of any cooperating agency or participating agency responsible for the environmental review for the project in the case of a covered project that will result in an increase in the availability of strategic and critical materials for acquisition for the National Defense Stockpile.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1413).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Subtitle C—Other Matters

Sec. 1421—Extension of authorities for funding and management of Joint Department of Defense-Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facility Demonstration Fund for Captain James A. Lovell Health Care Center, Illinois

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1421) that would amend section 1704 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 11–84) to extend the Joint Department of Defense-Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facility Demonstration Fund from September 30, 2024, to September 30, 2025. The provision would also the transfer of \$162.5 million to the Joint Department of Defense-Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facility Demonstration Fund for operations of the Captain James A. Lovell Federal Health Care Center.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained similar provisions (sec. 741 and sec. 1423).

The agreement include the House provision with an amendment that would extend the Joint Department of Defense-Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facility Demonstration Fund to September 30, 2026.

Sec. 1422—Eligibility of Space Force officers for membership on Armed Forces Retirement Home Advisory Council

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1422) that would amend section 1502 of the Armed Forces Retirement Home Act of 1991 (Public Law 101–510) to add the Deputy Chief of Space Operations for Human Capital and the Chief Master Sergeant of the Space Force as members of the Armed Forces Retirement Home Advisory Council.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1421).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1423—Armed Forces Retirement Home: availability of licensed practitioners

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1422) that would amend section 1513 of the Armed Forces Retirement Home Act of 1991 (Public Law 101–510) to require the Armed Forces Retirement Home (AFRH) to have appropriate licensed independent health care practitioners available during the daily business hours of the facility and on-call at other times. The provision would also authorize the Secretary of Defense to enter into agreements to facilitate payments from the Department of Defense (DOD) to the AFRH for health care services provided to covered DOD beneficiaries at AFRH facilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would that amend section 1513 of the Armed Forces Retirement Home Act of 1991 (Public Law 101–510) to require the AFRH to have appropriate licensed practitioners available during the daily business hours of the facility and on-call at other times.

We understand there are challenges with the financial stability of the AFRH. The AFRH provides healthcare services to its resi-

dents, but is not reimbursed for providing this care by the Department of Defense, the Department of Veterans Affairs, or Medicare.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, no later than April 1, 2025, on the legal and policy issues related to the inability to provide reimbursement for AFRH resident healthcare, including the application of section 1113 of title 10, United States Code. The briefing shall include any regulatory, policy, or statutory changes necessary to authorize reimbursement to the AFRH for providing this care.

Sec. 1424—Authorization of appropriations for Armed Forces Retirement Home

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1423) that would authorize an appropriation of \$69.5 million from the Armed Forces Retirement Home Trust Fund for fiscal year 2025 for the operation of the Armed Forces Retirement Home.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1424).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would authorize an appropriation of \$100.5 million from the Armed Forces Retirement Home Trust Fund for fiscal year 2025 for the operation of the Armed Forces Retirement Home.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Storage of strategic and critical materials in National Defense Stockpile

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1412) that would amend the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98 et seq.) to authorize the Stockpile Manager to enter into leases for the storage of strategic and critical materials in the National Defense Stockpile.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We understand that the authority to enter into leases already exists in 50 U.S.C. 98e and is more expansive.

TITLE XV—CYBERSPACE-RELATED MATTERS

Subtitle A—Cyber Operations

Sec. 1501—Modification of prohibition on purchase of cyber data products or services other than through the program management office for Department of Defense-wide procurement of cyber data products and services

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1625) that would amend section 1521(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81) by adding an additional exemption to the prohibition of this section.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1502—Department of Defense Information Network subordinate unified command

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1503) that would require the Secretary of Defense to designate the Joint Force Headquarters-Department of Defense Information Network as a subordinate unified command under the United States Cyber Command.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1602).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1503—Establishment of the Department of Defense Hackathon program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1502) that would require the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense, in coordination with the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, to establish a program to be known as the Department of Defense Hackathon Program, under which the commanders of combatant commands and the Secretaries of the military departments are required to carry out not fewer than four Hackathons each year.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1504—Support for cyber threat tabletop exercise program with the defense industrial base

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1604) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy, in consultation and coordination with the Commander of United States Cyber Command, the Commander of United States Northern Command, the Commander of the Army Interagency Training and Education Center, and such other individuals as the Assistant Secretary considers appropriate, to develop tabletop exercise packages oriented towards training stakeholders to prepare the homeland for adversary cyber-attacks precipitating or during a time of conflict or war.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require that the exercise program to be established include both a series of tabletop exercises to be conducted by the Department of Defense, as well as tabletop exercise packages that can be provided to defense industrial base organizations that they could run themselves, as well as some clarification on participants and their roles in this exercise program.

Sec. 1505—Accounting of cloud computing capabilities of the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1504) that would require the Chief Information Office of the Department, in coordination with the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department, to provide to the congressional defense committees a report listing the current and planned cloud elements of the De-

partment, as well as a roadmap for future activities and related contracting details.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Subtitle B—Cybersecurity

Sec. 1511—Termination of reporting requirement for cross domain incidents and exemptions to policies for information technology

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1721) that would amend section 1727 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) by adding a new subsection.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1512—Information technology programs of the National Background Investigation Service

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1619) that would authorize the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in consultation with the Security, Suitability, and Credentialing Performance Accountability Council Principals, to adjust the assignment of milestone decision authority or program management for the National Background Investigation Services.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1513—Guidance for application of zero trust strategy to Internet of Things hardware used in military operations

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1614) that would require the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to develop guidance for how the Department of Defense zero trust strategy applies to Internet of Military Things hardware, including human-wearable devices, sensors, and other smart technology; and the role identity, credential, and access management technologies serve in enforcing such a zero trust strategy.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1514—Management and cybersecurity of multi-cloud environments

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1612) that would require the Secretary of Defense acting through the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, to develop a strategy for the management and cybersecurity of the Joint Warfighting Cloud Capability and other multi-cloud environments, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1515—Protective measures for mobile devices within the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1511) that would require the Secretary of Defense to carry out a detailed evaluation of the cybersecurity products and services for mobile devices to identify products and services that may improve the cybersecurity of mobile devices used by the Department of Defense, including mitigating the risk to the Department of Defense from cyber attacks against mobile devices.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1622).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Subtitle C—Information Technology and Data Management

Sec. 1521—Usability of antiquated and proprietary data formats for modern operations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1521) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, to develop a strategy for the Department of Defense, including each of the military departments, to implement and use modern data formats as the primary method of electronic communication for command and control activities and for weapon systems, including sensors associated with such weapon systems; and which accounts for specific needs of each military department with respect to such implementation and use of modern data formats; and an associated five-year roadmap for implementation.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We note that the diversity, age and complexity of Department of Defense (DOD) information technology (IT) systems poses a unique challenge to creating a truly integrated, interoperable and efficient information network capable of operating at speeds and with the adaptability to outpace and out-decide our adversaries. The length of time many key DOD information technology systems have remained in use, as well the centrality of many of these systems around which new capabilities have to be added and upgraded, is a unique engineering challenge. Just as an example, the reliance on outmoded and antiquated data formats such as Extensible Markup Language, Variable Message Format, Tactical Data Links, or Tactical Digital Information Links, means that many systems cannot take full advantage of technological capabilities of new artificial intelligence, data processing, or bandwidth efficient components, effectively self-limiting performance gains for our warfighters.

We believe a better understanding of where DOD IT systems are reliant on such formats and a concerted plan to identify and address the risks from such formats is a critical first step to make a truly integrated and effective data fabric for the Department.

Sec. 1522—Modernization of the Department of Defense’s Authorization to Operate processes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1522) that would require the Department of Defense to improve and streamline the processes regarding the “Authority to Operate” for information technology.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1621).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1523—Update of biometric policy of Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1613) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security to update the biometric policy of the Department of Defense, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment that would require this policy to be updated not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Subtitle D—Artificial Intelligence

Sec. 1531—Artificial Intelligence Human Factors Integration Initiative

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1616) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense, to establish an initiative to improve the human usability of artificial intelligence systems and artificial intelligence-derived information through the application of cognitive ergonomics techniques; and ensure design tools and metrics are available for programs to ensure human factors considerations are included for artificial intelligence systems adopted by the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1532—Advanced computing infrastructure to enable advanced artificial intelligence capabilities

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5234) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish an advanced computing infrastructure program within the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1533—Cost budgeting for artificial intelligence data

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1620) that would require the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer (CDAO) of the Department of Defense, in consultation with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation, to develop a plan to ensure the budgeting process for programs containing artificial intelligence components includes estimates for the types of data, and estimated costs for acquisition and sustainment of such data required to train, maintain, or improve the artificial intelligence contained within such programs.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1534—Evaluation of Federated Artificial Intelligence-Enabled Weapon Systems Center of Excellence

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5231) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a center of excellence to support the development and maturation of artificial intelligence-enabled weapon systems.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Subtitle E—Reports and Other Matters

Sec. 1541—Oversight and reporting on the Mission Partner Environment and associated activities within the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1537) that would establish an improved oversight mechanism for the Department of Defense activities related to the Mission Partner Environment.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1617).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1542—Extension of certification requirement regarding contracting for military recruiting

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1531) that would amend section 1555 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) to modify the certification requirements to the Secretary of Defense and strike the sunset clause.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to extend section 1555 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 for an additional year.

Sec. 1543—Prohibition on disestablishment or merger of officer career paths within the Cyber Branch of the United States Army

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1535) that would prohibit disestablishment or merger of officer career paths within the Cyber Branch of the United States Army.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of the Army to provide notice to Congress prior to taking any action to disestablish or merge the Cyber Warfare and Cyber Electromagnetic Warfare officer career paths within the Cyber Branch of the Army.

Sec. 1544—Independent assessment of cyber organizational models

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1536) that would require the Secretary of Defense to enter into an agreement with the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine to conduct an evaluation regarding the advisability of either establishing a separate Armed Force in the Department of Defense dedicated to operations in the cyber domain or refining and further evolving the current organizational approach for United States Cyber Command.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1606).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We note that finding the optimal structure for cyber operations continues to be a work in progress. We also recognize that such evolution is even more difficult when those forces are fully engaged in a demanding training environment, competition with the private sector for a limited workforce pool, and complicated by a constant, demanding and high intensity operational tempo. We believe that an independent, outside examination of these challenge may provide valuable insights to inform decision-makers on future force design concepts.

In executing the study required by the section, we encourage the National Academies to leverage fully the findings from previous relevant assessments, analyses, and studies conducted by the Secretary of Defense, the Comptroller General of the United States, or other entities, as well as lessons learned from the creation of Space Force, and from the establishment of foreign partner cyber organizations. We also encourage them to seek views and perspectives of members of the Armed Forces in the Department of Defense, across grades and specialties in cyber, to better understand the historical performance and efficacy of the Armed Forces in the Department of Defense in devising and implementing recruitment and retention policies in the cyber field.

We observe that the study required will be a major challenge for participants within the National Academies, some of whom may not have deep operational experience in military cyber missions. Scoping the study to focus on key questions will be critical, and we recognize that the participants should have the flexibility to pursue topics based on their collective judgement. While this list is not intended to be exhaustive or directive, we do hope it will provide

some loose vectoring that will help them as they develop their study approach.

As part of this study, we encourage the National Academies panel to examine some or all of the following issues, including:

(1) What is the optimal force size of qualified cyber professionals to satisfy existing and projected requirements of the Department of Defense, and how are these variables most likely to change?

(2) Does the Department have an adequate delineation of which fields are cyber-relevant, and how might this be most likely to change?

(3) Is the Department's current understanding and definition of cyber operations adequate to future challenges and opportunities?

(4) What options exist to improve training requirements, outputs, and programs in support of cyberspace operations?

(5) How could the Department improve recruiting and retention of qualified officers and enlisted members of the Armed Forces in the Department of Defense in cyberspace operations and related and supporting fields?

(6) How might the Department better utilize reserve component forces in support of cyberspace operations?

(7) What approaches could improve force readiness?

(8) How should the Department structure itself for acquisition and provision of cyber capabilities in support of cyberspace operations?

(9) How should the Department approach compensation, including pay and other benefits, among military members and civilians serving in and qualified for work roles in support of cyberspace operations, especially in light of competition with the private sector, and how should this approach be common with or differ from those for other high-demand work roles?

(10) How could the Department improve professional military education content and curricula focused on the cyber domain?

(11) Does increased optimization for cyberspace operations incur cost, risk, efficiency, or other tradeoffs to other missions and responsibilities of the Department, or elsewhere within the national security community?

Sec. 1545—Limitation on availability of funds for the Joint Cyber Warfighting Architecture

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1623) that would limit funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2025 for the Joint Cyber Warfighting Architecture, until the date on which the Commander of United States Cyber Command provides the plan required.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1546—Risk framework for foreign mobile applications of concern

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1746) that would require the Secretary of Defense to create categorical definitions of foreign mobile applications of concern with respect to personnel or operations of the Department of Defense, distinguishing among cat-

egories such as applications for shopping, social media, entertainment, or health; and create a risk framework with respect to Department personnel or operations that assesses each foreign mobile application (or, if appropriate, grouping of similar such applications) that is from a country of concern for any potential impact on Departmental personnel and Departmental operations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1547—Joint partner-sharing network capabilities for Middle East defense integration

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1615) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a strategy for improved cooperation between the United States and Middle Eastern allies and partners to improve partner sharing network capabilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with clarifying amendments.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Access to national suicide prevention and mental health crisis hotline system

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1533) that would require the Department of Defense (DOD) Chief Information Officer to implement access to the national suicide prevention and mental health crisis hotline from all Department facilities and report to Congress when complete.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that all DOD Defense Service Network (DSN) phones now have the ability to access the Veteran's Crisis Line (988) from anyplace on the globe without dialing any additional digit. We also note that the national suicide prevention and mental health crisis hotline system does not currently transmit detailed caller location, like a 911 call, and that 988 geolocation poses significant challenges—most notably time and funding.

We therefore direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than June 1, 2025, describing the approximate cost and timeline required to modernize DOD systems to facilitate geolocated 988 services for DSN phones. Such briefing should address issues related to architecture, manpower, implementation timelines, funding, and interoperability.

Assessment of feasibility of engaging in cooperative activities with allies to mitigate cyber threats to certain undersea cables

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1601) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct an assessment to determine the feasibility of engaging in cybersecurity

cooperation activities with international partners and allies of the United States to mitigate cyber threats to undersea cables that originate and terminate outside of the United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Assessment of innovative data analysis and information technology solutions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1523) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing the results of an assessment of the implementation by the Department of Defense of innovative data analysis and information technology solutions that could improve risk management, agility, and capabilities for strategic defense purposes.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Authority to accept voluntary and uncompensated services from cybersecurity experts

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1501) that would amend section 167(d) of title 10, United States Code, to add a new paragraph that would allow for the acceptance of voluntary services from cybersecurity experts.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Briefing on course of education and pilot program on authentication of digital content provenance for certain Department of Defense media content

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1624) that would amend section 1524 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) by adding new paragraphs for an interim and final briefing on the training content developed under this provision.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Comptroller General of the United States assessment of cyber command protection of privacy and civil liberties procedures and training requirements for cyber operators

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1605) that would direct the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct an assessment of planning procedures available for cyber operations forces to ensure the protection of privacy and civil liberties of United States persons on the conduct of cyber operations and report the results to Congress.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We agree that no later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct an assessment of the training and certification proc-

esses and planning procedures available for Cyber Operations Forces to ensure that the privacy and civil liberties of United States persons are protected in the conduct of military cyber operations, and submit the findings of that assessment to Congress.

We also agree that the assessment conducted by the Comptroller General should address the following:

(1) What guidance, instructions and training are available for United States Cyber Command Cyber Operations Forces for protecting privacy and civil liberties of United States persons in the conduct of lawful, authorized cyber military operations;

(2) How such members are trained to protect such rights;

(3) The process for integrating protection of such rights in the planning and conduct of military cyber operations to minimize or mitigate interference with such rights;

(4) The role of the external oversight, such as the Office of the Inspector General, in monitoring such training and certification requirements; and

(5) How such instructions and trainings identified address the execution of military cyber operations related to Defense Support of Civil Authorities tasks, including the cyber defense of domestic critical infrastructure.

Comptroller General report on efforts to protect personal information of Department of Defense personnel from exploitation by foreign adversaries

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1627) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to brief the appropriate congressional committees on Department of Defense efforts to protect personal information of its personnel from exploitation by foreign adversaries.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We understand that the Comptroller General of the United States has initiated work on this topic as a result of last year's National Defense Authorization Act. We eagerly await the results of this review.

Consolidation of briefing requirements relating to the relationship between the National Security Agency and United States Cyber Command

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1618) that would amend subsection (c) of section 1642 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328), as added by section 1636 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92) to require the Secretary of Defense, the Director of National Intelligence, and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, not later than March 1, 2025 and annually thereafter until March 1, 2028, to provide the appropriate committees of Congress a briefing on the relationship between the National Security Agency and United States Cyber Command.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Cyber table top exercises with organizations in defense industrial base

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1611) that would require the Executive Director of the Department of Defense Cyber Crime Center, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to develop and carry out a plan to conduct cyber table top exercises with organizations in the defense industrial base not less frequently than twice each year until December 31, 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that elements of this provision are incorporated elsewhere in this Act.

Department of Defense use of large language models

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1538) that would require the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense, to coordinate and accelerate the adoption of large language models by the Department of Defense by improving the access and quality of the existing structured and unstructured data of the Department to ensure such data is immediately ready to use in conjunction with machine learning applications being developed, tested, or in production by the Armed Forces.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that elements of this provision are addressed elsewhere in this Act.

Improvements relating to cyber protection support for Department of Defense personnel in positions highly vulnerable to cyber attack

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1626) that would amend section 1645 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328) to clarify that the scope of this authority includes personal accounts, as well as personal technology, of personnel eligible for such cyber protection support.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Limitation on availability of travel funds

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1534) that would limit the obligation and expenditure of more than 75 percent of certain funds authorized for travel expenses for the Office of the Secretary of Defense, Office of the Secretary of Army, Office of the Secretary of Navy, and Office of the Secretary of the Air Force until their fulfillment of certain legislative requirements related to cyberspace.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that, with the assumption of the new Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy (ASD(CP)), there has been renewed focus and attention on responding to congressionally di-

rected reporting requirements in a more timely, thorough, and fulsome manner. We have been concerned for several years that the backlog of requests has hindered the ability of the relevant committees to properly exercise oversight of this critical and dynamic domain. We note the ASD(CP)'s promising efforts to institutionalize the processes in a short time frame, and are optimistic about such efforts in the future. While we remain concerned that such a legislative backlog could develop again in the future, we are optimistic that the focus of the ASD (CP) can ensure that legislative requirements are afforded the proper levels of attention going forward. We look forward to continued engagement and partnership on these topics in the future.

Report on State National Guard cyber units

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1539) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the feasibility of establishing a cyber unit in every National Guard of a state to ensure the ability of a State to quickly respond to cyber-attacks in such state.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on total force generation for the Cyberspace Operations Forces

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1532) that would amend section 1533(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263) by adding a new paragraph to require any supporting analyses conducted by other entities, including federally funded research and development centers, related to total force generation for cyber operations forces.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Report on user activity monitoring programs of the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1540) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on user activity monitoring programs of the Department of Defense.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit to the congressional defense committees, not later than April 15, 2025, a briefing on user activity monitoring programs of the Department of Defense. Such briefing shall include:

(1) A description of the implementation and enforcement of the requirements of section 1537 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31);

(2) A detailed description of the status of user activity monitoring on the Non-classified Internet Protocol Router Network;

(3) A comprehensive accounting of the funds made available for user activity monitoring on the Non-classified Internet Protocol Router Network in fiscal years 2022, 2023, and 2024;

(4) Plans for deployment of user activity monitoring programs, including appropriate sensing, data retention and integration into other cybersecurity applications, on Secret Internet Protocol Networks; and

(5) Information on how any such user activity monitoring programs might deviate from the minimum standards outlined in the National Insider Threat Policy and Minimum Standards for Executive Branch Insider Threat Programs; the Committee on National Security Systems Directive 504 (issued on February 4, 2014, relating to the protection of national security systems from insider threats); or the Department of Defense Directive 5205.16 (issued on September 30, 2014, relating to the insider threat program of the Department of Defense).

TITLE XVI—SPACE ACTIVITIES, STRATEGIC PROGRAMS, AND INTELLIGENCE MATTERS

Subtitle A—Space Activities

Sec. 1601—Modification of Air Force space contractor responsibility watch list

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1604) that would amend section 1612 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91) to elevate the management of the contractor responsibility watch list to the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1501).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would further clarify the conditions and reporting for placing a contractor on the contractor responsibility watch list as well as specific conditions on the delegation of such authority if required.

Sec. 1602—Establishment of Commercial Augmentation Space Reserve

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1602) that would establish a program known as the “Commercial Augmentation Space Reserve” to procure space products and services for the reserve use of the Department of Defense.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1506).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would remove certain exemptions for competition in contracting and cost accounting standards; and require the Secretary of Defense to consult with the Secretary of the Air Force to conduct a study related to the program.

Sec. 1603—Space Force satellite ground systems

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1504) that would amend chapter 135 of title 10, United States Code, to require completion and operation of satellite ground sys-

tems before associated satellite launches; but authorize the Secretary of the Air Force to waive this requirement for national security purposes as necessary.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1604—Modification of notification of foreign interference of national security space

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1505) that would amend section 2278 of title 10, United States Code, by simplifying the requirements for the Commander, U.S. Space Command to notify the congressional defense committees of each foreign attempt to interfere with national security space capabilities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1605—Modifications to National Security Space Launch program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1603) that would extend the requirement for the Department of Defense to use the National Security Space Launch program, to the extent practical, to procure launch services through September 30, 2029.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1606—Comptroller General review regarding Global Positioning System modernization and other positioning, navigation, and timing systems

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1508) that would modify reporting and briefing requirements for the Comptroller General of the United States on the Global Positioning System (GPS) III space segment, the GPS operational control segment, and Military GPS user equipment acquisition programs.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1607—Senior Advisor for Space Command, Control, and Integration

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1507) that would require the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration to designate a Program Executive Officer for Space Command, Control, and Integration to oversee U.S. Space Command's requirements for a system to support a combined operations center at the National Space Defense Center.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Assistant Secretary for Space Acquisition and Integration to name a Senior Defense Advisor for Space

Command, Control and Integration to meet the integration requirements of the combatant commands. The amendment would also require the Space Acquisition Council to assess annual fulfillment of space command, control and integration requirements of U.S. Space Command and brief the congressional defense committees on activities taken over the past fiscal year and over the future years defense program in meeting those requirements.

Sec. 1608—Pilot program to demonstrate hybrid satellite communication architecture

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1606) that would require the Commander, Space Systems Command, U.S. Space Force, to implement a pilot program to demonstrate a hybrid space architecture by integrating military and commercial communication systems.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would strike the sense of Congress and require the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration to implement the pilot program.

Sec. 1609—Middle East integrated space and satellite security assessment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1607) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct an assessment of space and satellite security to identify opportunities for multilateral agreements to protect ally and partner countries in the area of responsibility of the U.S. Central Command from hostile activities against space systems of the United States or those ally and partner countries.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1288).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1610—Annual briefing on commercial space strategy of the Space Force

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1605) that would require the Chief of Space Operations to provide a briefing on commercial solutions for the mission areas identified in the U.S. Space Force Commercial Space Strategy published in April 2024.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Subtitle B—Defense Intelligence and Intelligence-Related Activities

Sec. 1611—Extension and modification of authority to engage in certain commercial activities as security for intelligence collection activities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1611) that would amend section 431(a) of title 10, United States Code, by striking “December 31, 2024” and inserting “December 31, 2029” and re-

quire pre-coordination with the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency using agreed upon procedures.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1542).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would extend the authority contained in section 431(a) of title 10, United States Code, through December 31, 2028.

Sec. 1612—Cyber intelligence capability

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1603) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a dedicated cyber intelligence capability to support the requirements of United States Cyber Command, the other combatant commands, the military departments, defense agencies, the Joint Staff, and the Office of the Secretary of Defense for foundational, scientific and technical, and all-source intelligence on cyber technology development, capabilities, concepts of operation, operations, and plans and intentions of cyber threat actors.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment that would require the establishment of a dedicated cyber intelligence capability rather than a center.

We note our continued support for the establishment of a cyber intelligence capability within the Department of Defense. We recognize that there are pockets of people with useful analytical expertise spread across the existing service intelligence centers that will have valuable experience and analytic contributions to the cyber intelligence mission, so the idea that such contributions may go beyond any single center is understandable. We believe that as the Department formulates a plan for addressing this provision, it is important to carefully consider what constitutes a “cyber intelligence capability.” We believe that capability should include existing centers where relevant expertise exists, but should also focus fundamentally on how to build and maintain the new and emerging types of technical knowledge and expertise that is needed by the cyber operations community, but that does not currently exist anywhere in the Department in the scale or depth that is required. Based on recent experience and the emerging results from current cyber pilots, we do not believe that existing all-source intelligence centers alone will be sufficient for the intelligence needs of cyber operators in the future.

Sec. 1613—Authority of Army Counterintelligence Agents

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1612) that would amend section 7377 of title 10, United States Code, to provide special agents of the Army Counterintelligence Command with the authority to execute warrants and make arrests.

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 6541) that would provide the same authority, but would further terminate this authority 4 years after enactment of this Act. The Senate provision would also require annual briefings on the Army’s use of this authority.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1614—Extension and modification of defense intelligence and counterintelligence expense authority

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1042) that would extend the authorization from section 1057 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92) for the expenditure of funds for Department of Defense intelligence and counterintelligence activities from 2025 to 2030 and increase the amount of expenditures the Secretary of Defense may delegate from \$100,000 to \$125,000.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1543).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would codify section 1057 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92) for the expenditure of funds for Department of Defense intelligence and counterintelligence activities as section 429a of title 10, United States Code, and increase the amount of expenditures the Secretary of Defense may delegate from \$100,000 to \$200,000.

Sec. 1615—Intelligence advice and Department of Defense support for Government of Israel in the defeat of Hamas

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1546) that would require the Secretary of Defense and the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency to provide the Government of Israel defense intelligence, advice, and support to the extent practicable, and consistent with United States objectives, to support Israel's pursuit of the lasting defeat of Hamas, and to assist Israel in either capturing or killing senior Hamas officials.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Subtitle C—Nuclear Forces

Sec. 1621—Establishment of Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear Deterrence, Chemical, and Biological Defense Policy and Programs; improvements to processes of the Office of the Secretary of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1525) that would amend section 138(b)(4) of title 10, United States Code, to restructure the position of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear, Chemical, and Biological Defense Programs (ASD(NCB)) into the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear Deterrence Policy and Programs; and consolidate the principal policymaking, programmatic, and resourcing responsibilities for U.S. nuclear forces within the Office of the Secretary of Defense into the restructured office.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with amendments that adjust the scope of responsibilities, change the name of the position to Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear Deterrence,

Chemical, and Biological Defense Policy and Programs, as well as other technical and conforming amendments.

We note that the Department of Defense is in the process of modernizing and evolving the U.S. nuclear deterrent to adapt to changing international security conditions. We agree that such efforts should not be substantially perturbed by lengthy delays in implementing this adjustment to the organizational oversight structure for the Office of the Secretary of Defense. In order to minimize disruption, we believe that the reorganized office should utilize the existing, purely administrative support relationships (e.g., human resources, budgeting, etc.) of an existing office of the Office of the Secretary of Defense to the maximum extent practicable. We also note that this reorganization is intended in part to better provide the Secretary of Defense and their staff with the policy, programmatic, operational, and resourcing information required to fully execute the responsibilities of principal civilian adviser for nuclear issues and expect Department of Defense Components will ensure such information is provided in a complete and transparent manner. We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the congressional defense committees on interim steps to implement the changes directed by this provision by March 1, 2025, and brief the committees on final implementation measures not later than July 1, 2025.

Sec. 1622—Extension and modification of certifications regarding integrated tactical warning and attack assessment mission of the Department of the Air Force

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1502) that would amend section 1666 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328) to provide the Secretary of Defense a waiver for annual certification of the Integrated Tactical Warning and Attack Assessment System; and exempt the Secretary from certain requirements on condition that the Secretary certifies that resources are, and will be, available to remediate any deficiencies related to such system.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1623—Periodic updates on the modernization of the Strategic Automated Command and Control System

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1518) that would amend section 1644 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) to direct the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a recurring briefing on the development of a replacement for the Strategic Automated Command and Control System by the date that the LGM–35A Sentinel intercontinental ballistic missile program reaches initial operational capacity.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1624—Modified requirements for report on the plan for the nuclear weapons stockpile, nuclear weapons complex, nuclear weapons delivery systems, and nuclear weapons command and control system

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1042) that would amend section 492a of title 10, United States Code, to modify reporting requirements regarding nuclear weapons.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1625—Matters relating to pilot program on development of re-entry vehicles and related systems

The Senate committee-reported bill contained provisions (sec. 1517 and 1523) that would amend section 1645 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) to direct the Secretary of the Air Force to provide a recurring briefing on the activities of a reentry vehicle pilot program; and expand the authorization for the pilot program to include the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Navy.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provisions with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1626—Expansion of nuclear long range standoff capability

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1628) that would authorize the Secretary of the Air Force to restore nuclear capability to B–52 bombers that had been previously modified to carry only conventional weapons in compliance with the New START Treaty.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained similar provisions (sec. 1522 and 1524).

The agreement includes the Senate provisions with an amendment that would change the requirement for conversion from directive to permissive and make other technical and confirming changes.

Sec. 1627—Matters relating to the nuclear-armed sea-launched cruise missile

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1621) that would make certain technical changes related to the nuclear-armed, sea-launched cruise missile program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1513) that would amend section 1640 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) to modify the direction to establish a joint program between the Department of Energy and the Department of Defense to develop a nuclear-armed sea-launched cruise missile (SLCM–N); require the Secretary of the Navy to establish a program element and program office for the SLCM–N development program; and limit the amount of funds that may be obligated or expended by the Secretary of the Navy for travel expenses to not more than 50 percent until the Secretary of the Navy certifies certain actions to implement the SLCM–N development program.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would make technical and conforming changes, consoli-

date certain requirements, and adjust the limitation on funding to not more than 90 percent of specified funds.

Sec. 1628—Availability of Air Force procurement funds for heat shield material for Mark 21A reentry vehicle

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1519) that would authorize the Secretary of the Air Force to enter into life-of-program contracts for the procurement of mark 21A reentry vehicle heat shield materials and related processing activities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1629—Conditional requirements for Sentinel intercontinental ballistic missile program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1625) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to ensure that Federal Government oversight of the Sentinel intercontinental ballistic missile program meets certain criteria in the event that the program receives a certification under subsection 4376(b) of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to require a report in the event that the program receives a revised Milestone B approval, as well as other technical and conforming amendments.

Sec. 1630—Prohibition on reduction of intercontinental ballistic missiles of the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1624) that would prohibit the use of funds authorized for fiscal year 2025 to reduce the number of intercontinental ballistic missiles (ICBMs) of the United States below 400 or reduce the alert level of the ICBM force; but provide an exception to this prohibition for activities related to maintenance, sustainment, and replacement, or activities to ensure safety, security, or reliability.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1515); and a proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 8112) that would express the sense of Congress that the modernization of the ground-based leg of the nuclear triad of the United States is vital to the security of the homeland.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1631—Limitation on use of funds for altering Air Force Global Strike Command

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 921) that would prohibit the use of funds authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2025 for altering or adjusting the existing composition, roles, or responsibilities of Air Force Global Strike Command for the development of military requirements for strategic deterrence or the execution of Joint Forces Air Component

Command support responsibilities for U.S. Strategic Command until 90 days after the Secretary of the Air Force, in consultation with the Commander, U.S. Strategic Command, provides a plan to the congressional defense committees to ensure that future adjustments to the composition, roles, or responsibilities of Air Force Global Strike Command will not adversely affect the meeting the operational requirements of U.S. Strategic Command or activities of the Department of Defense to achieve presidential nuclear employment guidance objectives.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1632—Limitations on use of funds to dismantle B83–1 nuclear gravity bomb

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1623) that would limit the obligation and expenditure of more than 80 percent of certain funds authorized for travel expenses for the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering until the submission of the strategy required by section 1674(b)(1)(3) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263); and limit the use of funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 for the dismantlement of the B83–1 nuclear gravity bomb, with certain exceptions.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1633—Limitation on availability of funds pending submission of plan for decreasing the time to upload additional warheads to the intercontinental ballistic missile fleet

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1520) that would limit the obligation and expenditure of more than 70 percent of certain funds authorized for travel expenses for the Secretary of the Air Force until the Secretary provides the plan required by section 1650 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) for decreasing the time to upload additional warheads to the intercontinental ballistic missile fleet.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would adjust the limitation to not more than 80 percent of specified funds.

Sec. 1634—Limitation on availability of funds pending submission of information on options for enhancing National Nuclear Security Administration access to the defense industrial base

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1521) that would limit the obligation and expenditure of more than 80 percent of certain funds authorized for travel expenses for the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy until the Assistant Secretary provides a required briefing on en-

hancing the National Nuclear Security Administration's access to the defense industrial base.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would adjust the limitation to not more than 90 percent of specified funds.

Sec. 1635—Defense Industrial Base workforce development strategy

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1541) that would direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a strategy to develop a skilled manufacturing and high-demand vocational trade workforce in support of the national technology and industrial base and nuclear security enterprise.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with technical and conforming amendments.

Sec. 1636—Long-term plan for strategic nuclear forces during delivery vehicle transition

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1622) that would require the Commander, U.S. Strategic Command to provide a baseline strategy, biennially through 2031, on deployed strategic nuclear warheads.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1637—Reports and briefings on recommendations of the Congressional Commission on the Strategic Posture of the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1626) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide annual reports and briefings on implementation of the recommendations of the Congressional Commission on the Strategic Posture of the United States, established under section 1687 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained similar provisions (sec. 1511 and 1512).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would make technical and conforming changes.

Sec. 1638—Sense of Congress with respect to use of artificial intelligence to support strategic deterrence

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1627) that would affirm the current policy of maintaining a human “in the loop” for critical actions that inform and implement presidential decisions on nuclear weapon employment.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would add a sense of Congress and modify the statement of policy with respect to artificial intelligence and the integrity of nuclear safeguards.

Subtitle D—Missile Defense Programs

Sec. 1641—Expansion of certain prohibitions relating to missile defense information and systems to apply to People’s Republic of China

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1631) that would expand existing prohibitions related to sharing certain missile defense information with the Russian Federation to also include the People’s Republic of China.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1642—Additional missile defense site for protection of United States homeland

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1633) that would require the Director of the Missile Defense Agency to establish, by 2031, a fully operational third continental ballistic missile interceptor site on the east coast of the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment.

Sec. 1643—Advice and assistance regarding enhancement of Jordanian air and missile defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1512) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a strategy to improve cooperation between allies and partners in the Middle East with respect to air and missile defense efforts.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1536) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Commander, U.S. Central Command, to work cooperatively with the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan to establish further capabilities for countering air and missile threats from Iran and Iranian-linked groups.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would authorize the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State and the Commander of U.S. Central Command, to seek to advise and assist the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan with respect to countering certain air and missile threats. The provision would also require the Secretary of Defense to assess the feasibility of including Jordan in a multinational integrated air and missile defense architecture.

Further, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2025, on implementation of section 1658 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2951), including an update to the strategy required in subsection (b).

Sec. 1644—Iron Dome short-range rocket defense system and Israeli cooperative missile defense program co-development and co-production

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1533) that would authorize funding for the procurement of the Iron Dome short-range rocket defense system, David's Sling weapon system, and Arrow 3 Upper Tier Interceptor program as outlined under the Memorandum of Agreement Between the Department of Defense of the United States of America and the Ministry of Defense of the State of Israel Concerning Iron Dome Defense System Procurement.

The House bill contained no similar provision

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1645—Limitation on availability of funds with respect to certain missile defense system governance documents, policies, and procedures

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1632) that would limit the obligation and expenditure of more than 90 percent of certain funds authorized for travel expenses for the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering until the Under Secretary certifies rescission of the Directive Memorandum 20–002 relating to “Missile Defense System Policies and Governance” pursuant to section 1667 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1646—Congressional notification requirement with respect to incidents that affect availability of United States homeland missile defenses

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1532) that would require the Secretary of Defense to notify the congressional defense committees not later than 24 hours after a major incident affecting the availability of the United States homeland missile defense system.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1647—Plan for comprehensive ballistic missile defense radar coverage of Guam

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1534) that would require the Secretary of the Army to provide a plan to ensure radar coverage of Guam for defense against simultaneous ballistic missile threats from the People's Republic of China and North Korea.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1648—Annual briefing on missile defense of Guam

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1535) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment to provide an annual briefing, concurrent with the transmittal of the President's budget request, on missile defense of Guam until the overall missile defense of the island reaches full operational capability.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 1649—Organization and codification of provisions of law relating to missile defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1537) that would amend part I of subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, to establish a new chapter regarding missile defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would repeal certain outdated requirements.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

Sec. 1651—Cooperative threat reduction funds

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1642) that would authorize \$350.1 million to be appropriated for the Department of Defense Cooperative Threat Reduction Program and allocate specific funding for component programs; and specify that funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for the Cooperative Threat Reduction Program, established under the Department of Defense Cooperative Threat Reduction Act (50 U.S.C. 3711), would be available for obligation for fiscal years 2025 through 2027.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1301).

The conference agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1652—Temporary continuation of requirement for reports on activities and assistance under Department of Defense Cooperative Threat Reduction Program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1302) that would amend section 1080(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92) to reinstate an annual reporting requirement for the Department of Defense Cooperative Threat Reduction Program through calendar year 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1653—Modification to annual assessment of budget with respect to electromagnetic spectrum operations capabilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1641) that would amend section 503 of title 10, United States Code, related to an annual assessment of the budget with respect to modeling and simulation capabilities for joint electromagnetic spectrum operations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a related provision (sec. 1548) that would make technical corrections to chapter 25 of title 10, United States Code.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would make technical and conforming changes.

We note that the additional technical corrections are addressed elsewhere in this agreement.

Sec. 1654—Modification of milestone decision authority for space-based ground and airborne moving target indication systems

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1503) that would amend section 1684 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) to modify the milestone decision authority for space-based ground and airborne moving target indication systems to oversee program cost and execution baseline; and require the service acquisition executive for the Air Force for space systems and programs to designate a program executive office for space-based air and ground moving target indication.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to be the milestone decision authority for space-based moving target indication primarily funded by the Department of Defense and require the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to provide to congressional defense committees, not later than May 31, 2025, a date for the initial operating capability of a space-based ground moving target indication system.

Sec. 1655—Designation of a senior defense official responsible for establishment of a national integrated air and missile defense architecture for the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1057) that would require the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to provide a report on current or new sensor and interceptor capabilities for defending critical infrastructure.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1531).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would eliminate reporting requirements and require the Secretary of Defense to designate a senior official to be responsible for a national integrated air and missile defense architecture for the United States.

We direct the Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, through the designated official, to provide a briefing, not later than December 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the development of an integrated air and missile defense architecture for defending the homeland. At a minimum, the briefing shall include:

(1) Identification of terrestrial, maritime, orbital, and cyber technological capabilities to address non-ballistic and ballistic missile threats to the homeland and any associated critical infrastructure assets, including the sensor, command and control, and missile de-

feat systems required for the operation of an integrated missile defense architecture for the United States during the 10-year period starting on the date of the enactment of this Act;

(2) Technological requirements to ensure compatibility with the integrated air and missile defense capabilities of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and the integrated air and missile defense architecture in the Indo-Pacific region that is under development as of the date of the enactment of this Act;

(3) Integrated, time-phased development, procurement, and deployment schedule for the systems comprising the specified architecture;

(4) Initial cost estimates for development and procurement of the required assets;

(5) Development and integration risk of the proposed architecture;

(6) Personnel required to operate the proposed architecture, including opportunities for reducing the anticipated personnel requirements through increased use of automation; and

(7) Any other matters the Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff consider appropriate.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Assessment of updated force sizing requirements

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1514) that would require the Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to provide a strategy to deter and defend against simultaneous aggression from two near-peer nuclear competitors.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to provide a strategy to the congressional defense committees, not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, that enables the United States to concurrently:

(1) Achieve the nuclear employment objectives of the President against any adversary that conducts a strategic attack against the United States or its allies;

(2) Hold at risk all classes of adversary targets described in the nuclear weapons employment guidance issued by the President as of the date of the enactment of this Act;

(3) Defend against simultaneous aggression by two near-peer nuclear-armed competitors; and

(4) Provide a credible defense against limited long-range strikes against the United States homeland.

The strategy, in classified form with an unclassified summary, should include:

(1) An assessment of the quantities and types of forces necessary to implement such strategy;

(2) Pursuant to section 491 of title 10, United States Code, a description of the classes of targets necessary to hold at risk via nuclear forces in order to achieve the requirements of the United States Strategic Command and the deterrence and assurance objectives of the United States;

(3) A projection of the planned growth in potential target quantities due to the expansion and diversification of likely adversary capabilities during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act;

(4) A comparison of the quantities and various employment options available in the nuclear weapons stockpile of the United States since January 1, 1991, and options that are expected to be available during the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act;

(5) An assessment of the impact of delays in ongoing or planned modernization of nuclear, missile defense, space, or conventional long-range strike programs of the United States; and

(6) Any other factors the Secretary or the Chairman believe pertinent for assessing force sizing requirements.

Briefing on capabilities in cislunar space

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1609A) that would require the Chief of Space Operations to provide a report on requirements and research and development for cislunar space domain awareness.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Chief of Space Operations to provide a briefing, not later than June 30, 2025, to the congressional defense committees that includes a description of:

(1) Requirements for cislunar space domain awareness capabilities;

(2) The plan of the Department of Defense for researching and developing technologies for cislunar space domain awareness; and

(3) Progress of the Department of Defense in coordinating with the Cislunar Technology Strategy Interagency Working Group to achieve the objectives set forth in the publication of the Working Group titled “National Cislunar Science and Technology Strategy” and dated November 2022.

Briefing on space-related waveform and datalink capabilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1609) that would require the Chief of Space Operations and the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration to provide a briefing on resourcing and enabling an architecture to connect the various communication architectures of the Space Force.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Chief of Space Operations and the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration to provide a briefing, not later than February 29, 2025, to the congressional defense committees on a plan to resource and enable an architecture to connect, with operationally relevant interoperability, the following:

(1) The communication architectures of the Space Force, including the Space Development Agency Proliferated Warfighter Space Architecture as well as the United States Space Force Satellite Control Network;

(2) Protected tactical enterprise services;

(3) Evolved strategic satellite communications;

(4) Narrowband satellite communications;

(5) Wideband satellite communications; and

(6) Such other systems as the Chief of Space Operations and the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration determine appropriate.

Limitation on use of funds for certain unreported programs

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1544) that would prohibit the obligation or expenditure of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2025 on any classified program involving unidentified anomalous phenomena that has not been briefed to the appropriate committees of Congress and congressional leadership.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We recognize the concerns by many in Congress over adequate reporting and oversight for activities related to unidentified anomalous phenomena, but note that current statute in section 119 of title 10, United States Code, specifically provides for the legal restrictions and protections necessary to ensure that Congress can exercise its responsibilities. Adding additional funding limitations cannot make it more illegal to withhold or obfuscate information regarding such programs from Congressional view, but could potentially have other unintended or unforeseen that could impact programs beyond the scope of activities that were addressed in the provision.

Plan for improvement of Space Force satellite control network

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1608) that would require the Chief of Space Operations to provide a plan for modernizing the satellite control network of the U.S. Space Force.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Chief of Space Operations, in coordination with the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Acquisition and Integration, to submit a comprehensive plan, not later than March 31, 2025, to the congressional defense committees on modernizing the satellite control network of the Space Force. The plan should include:

(1) The actions and resources required to modernize and sustain a resilient, multi-mission, multi-orbit satellite control network for the Space Force;

(2) Life-cycle sustainment measures that include technical refresh efforts to enable dynamic space operations;

(3) Assessments of current and planned architectural hardware capabilities, across the range of classification levels, and an expla-

nation of how such capabilities are expected to be addressed in future budget requests;

(4) Plans for incorporating commercial capabilities into the network, as appropriate; and

(5) Mechanisms through which the Space Force may use existing funding to accelerate the rapid adoption of capabilities and life-cycle sustainment efforts to quickly modernize the satellite control network.

Preparations for possible deployment of additional intercontinental ballistic missiles

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1516) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to develop a plan for deploying up to 450 Sentinel intercontinental ballistic missiles (ICBMs), rather than the 400 Minuteman III ICBMs currently deployed; and direct the Program Executive Officer for Intercontinental Ballistic Missiles to develop an alternative acquisition strategy for the Sentinel ICBM weapon system for deployment of 450 Sentinel ICBMs.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct that, not later than September 1, 2025, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, in coordination with the Secretary of the Air Force, the Commander, United States Strategic Command, the Administrator for Nuclear Security, and the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy, shall provide a briefing regarding the deployment of up to 450 Sentinel ICBMs during the planned life of the Sentinel ICBM weapon system, in the event that a presidential decision be made to increase the number of deployed ICBMs.

The report shall include a description of necessary changes to the revised Milestone B acquisition strategy for deploying 450 Sentinel ICBMs, including:

(1) Procurement of booster sets, reentry vehicles, ground support and maintenance equipment, nuclear weapons components, and countermeasures to accommodate the continuous deployment of 450 Sentinel ICBMs during the planned life of the system and satisfy anticipated testing requirements;

(2) Impacts to associated ongoing command, control, and communications modernization programs;

(3) Initial acquisition cost estimates and deployment timelines necessary to accomplish the above; and

(4) Any treaty or policy implications for consideration in the event that presidential direction is given to deploy additional ICBMs.

Report on roles and responsibilities relating to defense against hypersonic threats

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1643) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on roles and responsibilities related to defense against hypersonic threats.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to deliver a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2025, on the roles and responsibilities related to defending against hypersonic threats including the following elements:

- (1) A description of the roles and responsibilities of the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the military departments, the Joint Staff, the combatant commands, Defense Agencies, and Department of Defense Field Activities;
- (2) An assessment of any duplication of effort or gaps identified in paragraph (1);
- (3) A recommendation with respect to designating a single entity with acquisition authority with respect to the capability to defend the homeland from hypersonic threats; and
- (4) Such other matters as the Secretary considers relevant.

Sense of Congress on the development of very low earth orbit spacecraft

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1609B) that would express the sense of Congress that the Department of Defense should continue to construct a hybrid space architecture that integrates advanced commercial technologies for very low earth orbit spacecraft.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We find that:

- (1) The Space Force has demonstrated its commitment to building a resilient, safe, and secure space architecture and incorporating transformational commercially developed space technologies to accelerate the fielding of capabilities, including in very low earth orbit;
- (2) Advancements in propulsion systems, materials science, affordable launch costs, and orbital management techniques have opened up new possibilities for utilizing very low earth orbit for various purposes, including ultra-high-resolution reconnaissance, low latency communication, and improved space domain awareness;
- (3) Congress and the Department of Defense should continue to pursue these efforts in support of the National Defense Strategy and the Commercial Space Strategy of the Space Force to accelerate the purposeful pursuit of hybrid space architectures; and
- (4) The Space Force should continue to scale up these efforts and further explore the benefits of very low earth orbit spacecraft development to improve responsiveness, enhance image resolution, generate orbital diversity, and increase resilience against space debris and other threats.

Report on Space Force use of nuclear thermal propulsion and nuclear electric propulsion space vehicles

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1609C) that would require the Chief of Space Operations to provide a report on Space Force use of nuclear thermal propulsion and nuclear electric propulsion space vehicles.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Chief of Space Operations to provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees, not later than March 31, 2025, on the Space Force use of nuclear thermal propulsion and nuclear electric propulsion space vehicles to include:

- (1) Description of how the Space Force uses such vehicles currently and plans to use such vehicles in the future; and
- (2) Potential benefits that such vehicles can provide to bolster the national security of the United States.

Sensitive compartmented information facility accreditation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1613) that would require the Secretary of Defense to assign responsibility to the Defense Counterintelligence and Security Agency for the accreditation of sensitive compartmented information facilities for all components of the Department of Defense (DOD)—including the military departments, except with respect to the National Security Agency, the National Reconnaissance Office, and the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We remain concerned that the current processes for accrediting and reaccrediting secure compartmented information facilities (SCIF), while vitally necessary, may also contribute to backlogs in work and nearly insurmountable barriers for many small and non-traditional defense companies. Many of the concerns regarding backlogs and unnecessarily extended timelines to achieve accreditation or reaccreditation are based on anecdotal evidence. However, valid, comprehensive and longitudinal data on the scope and the scale of the problem has been difficult to ascertain. We believe that a comprehensive data collection program centered on this process, similar to the development and measurement of procurement administrative lead time to baseline the acquisition process, is necessary before considering any potentially disruptive organizational changes.

Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense, through the Department of Defense Performance Improvement Officer in coordination with the Undersecretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security, to provide a briefing, not later than June 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the Department's activities to improve the timeliness and effectiveness of the SCIF accreditation and reaccreditation processes across the Department of Defense. The briefing should include:

- (1) Current data, including baseline goals or benchmarks, for the timelines for conducting SCIF accreditation and reaccreditation by Department of Defense components with delegated responsibility for accreditation actions;
- (2) Identification of gaps in such data collection, and plans to close such gaps;

(3) Development of measurable goals or other benchmarks for delegated components to identify bottlenecks in the process and close gaps in data collection and data quality;

(4) Recommendations for improving input, data or other feedback from entities undergoing the accreditation or reaccreditation process in order to identify process improvements that may decrease timelines and increase quality of the outputs of the process; and

(5) Recommendations for policy improvements or policy guidance needed to institutionalize such data collection and process improvements, including through the use of databases, automated analysis tools or other automation to streamline data collection, analysis and transparency.

Resilience of position, navigation, and timing technologies and services

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1509) that would require any position, navigation, and timing technology and service procured, or otherwise acquired by the Department of Defense, to be able to acquire, track, and provide accurate position, navigation, or timing information when L1 Signals or L2 Signals are jammed, spoofed, blocked, or subject to harmful interference.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note that the Department of Defense despite more than a decade of congressional direction, delays, and billions in cost overruns continues to resist adequately addressing the resilient position, navigation, and timing needs of the services. The Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383) directed the Department of Defense to transition all receivers to the more resilient M-Code, and this has still not happened. Modern resilient Global Positioning System (GPS) satellites still do not have secure ground architecture fielded, despite several years of work and a Nunn-McCurdy breach.

Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense to provide an assessment accompanied by a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than June 1, 2025, on the status of fielding resilient position, navigation, and timing technology and service across the Department.

The assessment and briefing shall include:

(1) Feasibility, projected cost, and timeline to require all position, navigation, and timing technology and service procured or otherwise acquired by the Department of Defense to have the ability to acquire, track, and provide accurate position, navigation, or timing information if L1 Signals and L2 Signals are jammed, spoofed, blocked, or subject to harmful interference;

(2) Status of M-Code resilient receiver deliveries to the weapons systems and people that require them, to include a plan to field these receivers on an operationally relevant timeline;

(3) Current schedule and status of full operational capability of the ground station to GPS III/F, the advanced GPS satellite transmitting M-Code, known as OCX;

(4) Plans to include commercial position, navigation, and timing technologies in future DOD resilient precision, navigation, and timing efforts; and

(5) Update on any efforts to incorporate non-traditional and non-space-based resilient position, navigation, and timing information into DOD operations.

TITLE XVII—OTHER DEFENSE MATTERS

Sec. 1701—Technical and conforming amendments

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1741) that would make technical and conforming amendments to existing law.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to include additional technical and conforming amendments to existing law.

Sec. 1702—Modification of humanitarian assistance authority

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1701) that would modify the authority for humanitarian assistance under section 2561 of title 10, United States Code, to stipulate that such authority shall be used overseas and would also require the Secretary of Defense to provide a notice before providing certain humanitarian assistance pursuant to section 2561 of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a notice before providing certain humanitarian assistance pursuant to section 2561 of title 10, United States Code.

Sec. 1703—Display of United States flag for patriotic and military observances

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1743) that would amend section 8(c) of title 4, United States Code, to modify the requirements concerning the display of the flag of the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would expand the authorization under this provision to all Americans displaying the flag as a part of a military or patriotic observance.

Sec. 1704—Exclusion of oceanographic research vessels from certain sourcing requirements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1702) that would exclude naval oceanographic research vessels operated by academic institutions from certain sourcing requirements.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision, modified to extend the exclusion to all oceanographic research vessels.

Sec. 1705—Expanding cooperative research and development agreements to partnerships with United States territorial governments

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6068) that would amend section 12 of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 to include territorial governments.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1706—Use of royalty gas at McAlester Army Ammunition Plant

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6070) that would require the Secretary of Energy to accept in-kind royalty gas from leases on the McAlester Army Ammunition Plant and to sell such royalty gas to the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 1707—Report on Iranian oil sales proceeds

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1728) that would require the President to provide a report on Iranian oil sales proceeds.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 1708—Prohibition on use of funds for temporary pier in Gaza

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1705) that would prohibit the use of funds for constructing or maintain a pier off the coast of Gaza. The House bill also contained a provision (sec. 1749) that would prohibit the use of funds for the construction of a Gaza port.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 1709—Analysis of certain unmanned aircraft systems entities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1722) that would require the Secretary of Defense to investigate drone companies from the People's Republic of China for potential listing on the Chinese military company list in accordance with section 1260H of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) and add Shenzhen DJI Sciences and Technologies Company to the Federal Communications Commission's Covered List.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Annual report on Department of Defense assistance to U.S. Customs and Border Protection and Department of Homeland Security on northern border security

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1734) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide an annual report on Department of Defense assistance to U.S. Customs and Border Protection and the Department of Homeland Security to secure the northern border of the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Homeland Defense and Hemispheric Affairs to submit a report, not later than April 1, 2025, to the congressional defense committees on the assistance that the Department of Defense currently provides to U.S. Customs and Border Protection and the Department of Homeland Security to secure the northern border of the United States.

Assessment of the accuracy of Gaza Ministry of Health casualty reporting

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1733) that would require the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency to submit a report assessing the accuracy of the reporting of the Gaza Ministry of Health.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than June 1, 2025, and provide a briefing, not later than September 1, 2025, assessing the accuracy of the reporting of the Gaza Ministry of Health. The report and briefing shall include:

- (1) The total casualty figures reported by the Ministry; and
- (2) The information disseminated by the Ministry of casualties grouped by age and gender.

Briefing on institutional capacity building of countries within United States Africa Command area of responsibility

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1765) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing on the adequacy of institutional capacity building in countries within the area of responsibility of the United States Africa Command (USAFRICOM) to strengthen governance in the defense sectors of such countries.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that increasing economic and military presence by Russia and the People's Republic of China and the malign activities of violent extremist organizations threaten stability and other U.S. national security interests in Africa. USAFRICOM is committed to

building strategic partnerships with African partners and bolstering stability on the continent. One critical component of such efforts is institutional capacity building (ICB) programing that helps partners strengthen governance in the defense sectors and reinforce shared commitments to democracy, transparency, and the rule of law. We encourage the Department of Defense to ensure ICB efforts remain a critical component of all security cooperation programs.

Certification and reports on South Africa

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1725) that would require the President to certify to certain congressional committees whether South Africa has engaged in activities that undermine United States national security or foreign policy interests. The provision would also require a report to accompany such certification providing a justification for the determination. It would require the President to conduct a review of the bilateral relationship between the United States and South Africa, and to deliver a report that includes the findings of the review. The provision would also require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report on U.S. defense cooperation with South Africa.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We are concerned by South Africa's growing cooperation with the Governments of Iran, the People's Republic of China, and Russia. Therefore, we direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, not later than April 1, 2025, on defense cooperation between the United States and South Africa. The briefing shall include:

(1) A discussion of military exercises and security cooperation between the United States and South Africa;

(2) A summary of South Africa's defense cooperation with Iran, the People's Republic of China, and Russia;

(3) An analysis whether South Africa's military activities are consistent with United States national security and military interests; and

(4) Any other issues the Secretary considers appropriate.

Combatting illicit tobacco products

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1704) that would establish a process for approving the sale of certain Electronic Nicotine Delivery System products or oral nicotine products at military commissaries and exchanges.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2025, on steps the Department is taking

to ensure that all tobacco products, to include any product containing nicotine, sold at military operated establishments are compliant with federal tobacco regulations including the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.). The briefing should also include the process the Department has implemented to ensure that all non-Department of Defense retail establishments located on installations, including kiosks and third-party vendors on military installations, are in compliance with the aforementioned regulations.

Common coalition key within the Baltic states

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1767) that would require the Secretary of Defense to establish a common coalition key within the Baltic states for purposes of sharing ammunition for High Mobility Artillery Rocket Systems among such states for training and operational purposes.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that issues pertaining to security cooperation with the Baltic states are addressed elsewhere in this report.

Comptroller General study and report on antagonistic use of satellites

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1735) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to provide a report on threats from adversaries' antagonistic use of satellites.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Copyright protection for certain literary works of military members of the faculty of certain institutions

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1750) that would amend Section 105(d) of title 17 of the United States Code, in paragraph (1), by striking "civilian"; and in paragraph (2), by adding at the end of the following: "(O) Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences."

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Department of Defense requirement to use "Taiwan"

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1712) that would prohibit the Department of Defense from using "Chinese Taipei" and require the use of "Taiwan".

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Development of national strategy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1756) that would require the President to develop a national strategy to use microreactors to assist with natural disaster response efforts.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Exemption under Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 for certain activities that may result in incidental take of Rice's whale

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1703) that would require the Secretaries of Commerce, Interior, and Defense to begin the process of providing an exemption under Marine Mammal Protection Act for activities carried out at the Eglin Test and Training Range that may result in the incidental take of Rice's whales.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Expansion of eligibility for Servicemembers' Group Life Insurance

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1742) that would amend section 1965 of title 38, United States Code, to expand SGLI eligibility to include cadets and midshipmen attending advanced training.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Extension of report on islamic revolutionary guard corps-affiliated operatives abroad

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1726) that would require the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, to submit a report on the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps-affiliated operatives abroad.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the requirements in the House provision have been addressed through a modification to the Report on Military Capabilities of Iran and related activities as required by section 1227 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81), and in section 1269 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

Feasibility study of domestic refining of deep sea critical mineral intermediates

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1724) that would authorize a study to assess the feasibility of improving domestic capabilities for refining polymetallic nodule derived intermediates into high purity nickel, cobalt sulfate, and copper for defense applications.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy, to report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than December 31, 2025, with a study on

the feasibility and advisability of improving domestic capabilities for refining polymetallic nodule-derived intermediates into high purity nickel, cobalt sulfate, and copper for defense applications. The study shall also examine existing supply chains for such intermediaries. The Secretary of Defense may consult or enter into an agreement with a Federally funded research and development center for the study.

Federal contractor vulnerability disclosure policy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1747) that would require covered contractors implement a vulnerability disclosure policy consistent with National Institute of Standards and Technology guidelines.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

GAO study on Department of Defense Education Activity Disability Emphasis Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1766) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct a study on the effectiveness of the Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA) Disability Emphasis Program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Comptroller General of the United States to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than July 1, 2025, on the following matters—

(1) Whether the DODEA Disability Emphasis Program is meeting its goals; and

(2) How such program supports the employment, retention, and career advancement of individuals with intellectual, physical, and developmental disabilities.

Inspector General of the Department of Defense annual report on oversight of fraud, waste, and abuse

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1703) that would require the Inspector General of the Department of Defense to provide a report for each fiscal year that contains a description of the budget of the Department of Defense, the total amount and dollar value of oversight investigations into fraud, waste, and abuse conducted by the Inspector General, and the total amount and dollar value of oversight investigations into fraud, waste, and abuse conducted by the Inspectors General of each military department.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Limitation on availability of funds for Ukraine

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1711) that would prohibit funds authorized to be appropriated for construction of covered military unaccompanied housing to be transferred or other-

wise made available to Ukraine or to provide any form of assistance to Ukraine.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Limitation on displaying in certain public areas cut flowers or greens not produced in the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1763) that would prohibit a cut flower or a cut green from being officially displayed in any public area of a building of the Executive Office of the President, the Department of State, or the Department of Defense unless such cut green or cut flower is produced in the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Limitation on funding activities performed by persons in drag

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1754) that would prohibit funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for a drag show, drag queen story hour or similar event.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that all planned drag shows on all military installations were cancelled after the Department of Defense (DOD) learned about them during a House Armed Services Committee hearing on March 29, 2023. DOD determined that permitting non-Federal entities to conduct drag show events at U.S. military installations or facilities is inconsistent with the longstanding criteria for providing this logistical support to non-federal entities, including DOD Instruction 1000.15, “Procedures and Support for Non-Federal Entities Authorized to Operate on DOD Installations” and the Joint Ethics Regulation (JER) section 3–211, “Logistical Support of Non-Federal Entity Events.” The JER states that heads of DOD component organizations may provide, on a limited basis, logistical support (use of DOD facilities and equipment) to non-Federal entity events, but only if they determine seven factors to ensure that the support may be authorized as supporting legitimate DOD interests. The DOD Office of General Counsel determined that drag queen story hours did not serve a legitimate DOD public affairs interest nor was this an appropriate association for DOD.

Limitation on funds

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1707) that would prohibit Department of Defense funding for the Wuhan Institute of Virology; EcoHealth Alliance, Inc.; any laboratory owned or controlled by the People’s Republic of China, Cuba, Iran, North Korea, Russia, Venezuela or any other foreign adversary; and gain-of-function research.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that other provisions (sec. 1055) of this Act address the same matter. In addition, we are aware that the Department of Defense does not currently conduct gain-of-function research nor has planned funds for such purposes in fiscal year 2025.

Prohibition of funds to CCP entities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1706) that would prohibit funds authorized by this Act or otherwise made available by this Act from being made available to any entity based in the People's Republic of China or any company whose beneficial ownership is Chinese.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition on assistance for building in, or rebuilding Gaza

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1708) that would prohibit the use of funds for assistance for building in, or rebuilding the Gaza strip.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition on diverting funding from the Indo-Pacific region

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1755) that would prohibit the diversion of Department of Defense funds previously appropriated for assistance for the Indo-Pacific region.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Prohibition on use of funds

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1710) that would prohibit the use of funds to be used to implement any of the following executive orders: Executive Order 13990, Executive Order 14008, section 6 of Executive Order 14013, Executive Order 14030, Executive Order 14057, Executive Order 14082, and Executive Order 14096.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Project Spectrum

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1713) that would amend chapter 19 of title 10, United States Code, to insert a new section.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the importance of protecting our small business industrial base against cyber attacks from the full spectrum of cyber actors, from simple criminal and ransomware attacks to sophisticated national state campaigns. With the finalization of the rules for the Cybersecurity Maturity Model Certification, we believe it is impor-

tant that the Department of Defense provide additional assistance to small businesses in the defense industrial base navigating this process. We believe such assistance crucial to the more fundamental need to strengthen the overall cyber defense posture of this vulnerable sector.

We are aware that the Department has some dedicated programs specific to this issue, such as Project Spectrum, but also note efforts undertaken by Defense Cyber Crime Center and the National Security Agency's Cyber Collaboration Center, among others, that provide various forms of assistance to this community. We believe that the Department should provide comprehensive and coordinated guidance to the military services and defense agencies and field activities in order to ensure unity of effort, reduce opportunities for unwarranted duplication across investments, and simplify entry points into the Department for those seeking to obtain such support.

Records relating to Tower 22 attack

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1748) that would require the President to make available to the Congress all records relating to the January 28, 2024 attack on Tower 22 in Jordan.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the After Action Report on the January 28, 2024 attack on Tower 22 in Jordan and additional relevant records were provided to the Congress from the Department of Defense.

Reduction of light pollution at Department of Defense facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1744) that would require the Department of Defense to assess encroachment on military activities and aviation safety due to light pollution.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2025, with an assessment of the extent to which light pollution is impacting operational readiness and training activities at installations within the military departments. The briefing shall include at the minimum the following:

(1) An evaluation of current lighting at facilities and the extent and manner to which unshielded lighting is creating light pollution detrimental to operational readiness or training;

(2) A discussion of mitigation measures that could be implemented without negatively impacting safety to include, reduction of lighting where possible and alternatives such as shielded lighting, low-output light-emitting diodes, dimmers, or warm-toned lighting options where appropriate;

(3) A discussion of the methodologies used to determine where current lighting is causing negative impacts; and

(4) A discussion of the alternatives considered to reduce the impacts observed.

Report on military spouse security clearance

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1758) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence to provide a report to Congress on the technical, operational, human resources, and legal challenges that would result from accelerating security clearance reviews of military spouses by using information, including address verification, from the spousal review of their connected servicemember's security clearance, as well as the anticipated benefits of such a change.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, by no later than April 1, 2025, on the technical, operational, human resource, and legal challenges that would result from accelerating security clearance reviews of military spouses by using information, including address verification, from the spousal review portion associate with their connected service member's security clearance, as well as the potential and anticipated benefits of such a change.

Report on receipt of funding from Confucius Institutes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1727) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on U.S. institutions of higher education that host Confucius Institutes and receive Department of Defense funding.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note the risk of Confucius Institutes operating in the United States, specifically at academic institutions that receive Department of Defense funding. We further note that, according to the Department of Defense, no academic institutions that receive Department of Defense funding host a Confucius Institute as of the summer of 2023. While one Confucius Institute remains in the United States, it resides at an institution that does not receive any Department of Defense funding.

Report on security cooperation with the Government of the Turks and Caicos Islands

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1732) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on security cooperation with the Government of the Turks and Caicos Islands and the treatment of detained Americans on the Turks and Caicos Islands.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than April 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on security cooperation with the Turks and Caicos Islands including any security coopera-

tion programs intended to counter threats from transnational criminal organizations, violent extremist organizations, and malign regional and external state actors since fiscal year 2020 and the cost of such programs.

Report on system dependencies, uptime, and key factors of electronic health record system

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1737) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to appropriate congressional committees on the electronic health record system and other system dependencies, uptime, and key factors that affect the Department of Defense and the Department of Veterans Affairs.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than July 30, 2025, on system dependencies, uptime, and key factors of the Department's electronic health record system that affect the provision of health care by the Defense Health Agency.

Report on the use of major non-NATO ally status for Kenya

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1762) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to provide a report on the use of major non-North Atlantic Treaty Organization status for Kenya.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that Kenya is a key partner in addressing a range of shared threats and advancing stability and security in East Africa and beyond. In recognition of the close and continuing partnership between the United States and Kenya, the United States recently named Kenya a major non-NATO ally, the first such designation for a country in sub-Saharan Africa. We commend Kenya for continuing to play a critical role in regional security, including hosting Justified Accord, U.S. Africa Command's largest exercise in East Africa, and serving as lead nation for the multilateral United Nations mission to help stabilize Haiti. We encourage the Department of Defense to continue efforts to identify opportunities to deepen collaboration.

Report on use of nuclear power for military and soft power purposes

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1738) that would require the Secretaries of Defense and State to provide a report on the efforts of the Russian Federation and the People's Republic of China relating to transportable nuclear power that specifically evaluates the manner and extent to which both Russia and China are using transportable nuclear power for direct military purposes and as a soft power tool globally.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than June 1, 2025, on any Russian and Chinese efforts related to transportable nuclear power that specifically evaluates the manner and extent to which, if any, both Russia and China are using transportable nuclear power for military purposes and as a soft power tool globally.

Reporting on Iranian Centrifuge Installation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1736) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on Iranian centrifuge installation.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the congressional defense committees not later than February 1, 2025 on Iranian centrifuge installation. The report shall include:

(1) An assessment of the types and numbers of centrifuges installed in declared and undeclared nuclear facilities in Iran since May 2021;

(2) An assessment of the timeline required by Iran to produce weapons-grade uranium;

(3) An assessment of the current timeline required by Iran to produce weapons-grade uranium;

(4) An assessment of whether Iran has moved advanced centrifuges to facilities other than its safeguarded enrichment plants, including where and how many, if applicable;

(5) An assessment of how many advanced centrifuges Iran would need of each type to enrich to weapons-grade; and

(6) An assessment of whether a heavily fortified nuclear facility Iran is building near the Natanz site contains or will contain an enrichment plant.

Revocation of Security Clearances for Certain Persons

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1751) that would require the Secretary of Defense to suspend or revoke a security clearance or access to classified information for any retired or separated member of the uniformed service or civilian employee of the Department of Defense who engages in certain activities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the current security clearance forms for initiating a background investigation already include questions on support for foreign entities, and the implementation of continuous vetting procedures allows for updates in between periodic reinvestigations to accommodate dynamic developments in near real time. Any individual holding a security clearance is responsible for being forthcoming and transparent in notifying the government of changes in information that might impact their ability to hold and maintain classified information, so that this continuous vetting process can

remain agile and responsive. We believe lobbying for foreign entities requires review and oversight by the Department, and it is appropriate to continue to place focus on these questions during the adjudication process.

Rewards for information regarding leaders of Hamas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1760) that would require the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency and the Secretary of Defense to advocate in their respective roles on the Foreign Threat Intelligence Committee to request the Rewards for Justice Program to offer \$25.0 million each in incentives for information regarding certain leaders of Hamas.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that Hamas terrorists Yahya Sinwar and Mohamed Deif, who were responsible for planning the October 7 massacre, have been killed. We support making rewards available under the Rewards for Justice (RFJ) program for information that leads to the arrest, location, or financial disruption of Hamas leaders or operatives responsible for the murder and kidnapping of Americans on October 7, 2023.

Sense of Congress regarding feasibility study for Blue Grass Chemical Agent-Destruction Pilot Plant

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1759) that would express the sense of Congress regarding a feasibility study for Blue Grass Chemical Agent-Destruction Pilot Plant.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We acknowledge receipt of the 2023 feasibility study and subsequent 2024 report conducted for the Blue Grass Chemical Agent-Destruction Pilot Plant at the Blue Grass Army Depot (BGAD), which identified critical opportunities for augmenting the Organic Industrial Base. These reports identified three high-feasibility growth opportunities: production of critical chemicals, production of metal components for 155mm artillery munitions, and production of metal shipping containers. Moreover, we recognize the strategic importance of the BGAD as a vital element of the defense industrial base. Its unique capabilities in munitions handling and production are crucial for supporting U.S. military readiness. BGAD plays a pivotal role in ensuring the safe, efficient storage and transportation of critical defense materials, making it indispensable to the nation's defense infrastructure.

State and local law enforcement access to lifesaving Federal equipment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1753) that would prohibit the limitation of the sale, donation, or transfer of property of the U.S. Government to state and local law enforcement agencies.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Statement of policy relating to reporting requirements of China's Maritime Safety Administration

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1757) that would state that it is the policy of the United States to reject, as a violation of international law and United States sovereignty, any attempt by China's Maritime Safety Administration to compel United States vessels to adhere to any reporting requirements listed within China's Maritime Traffic Safety Law

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Strategy to improve activities related to counternarcotics and counter-transnational organized crime

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1745) that would require the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the commanders of the geographic combatant commands and the Secretary of State, to develop a strategy to improve for supporting law enforcement related to counternarcotics.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that elsewhere in this Act, we require the Secretary of Defense to enter into an agreement with a federally funded research and development center to conduct an independent review, assessment, and analysis of the governance structure and strategy of the counter-narcotics and counter-transnational organized crime activities of the Department of Defense, and, upon receipt of that assessment, to provide the report to the congressional defense committees and congressional research agencies.

Under Secretary of Defense for Policy study and report on expansion of National Guard State Partnership Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1739) that would require the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, to assess expanding the National Guard State Partnership Program to additional countries in the First Island Chain and the Second Island Chain.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing, not later than April 1, 2025, to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the feasibility and benefits of expanding the Department of Defense State Partnership Program to additional countries in the Western Pacific region, including Brunei, the Federated States of Micronesia, Kiribati, the Marshall Islands, Nauru, Vanuatu, and any other country that the Secretary deems relevant.

United States-Israel cooperation on space matters

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1752) that would express the sense of Congress that the United States and Israel should continue civilian and defense cooperation on space matters.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We support cooperation between the United States and Israel on space matters including: between the National Aeronautics and Space Administration and the Israel Space Agency; and between the United States Air Force and the Israeli Air Force's newly created Space Force in the areas of research, development, test, and evaluation.

United States-Israel emerging technology capabilities cooperation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1764) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense, upon request of the Ministry of Defense of Israel and in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Director of National Intelligence, to carry out research, development, test, and evaluation, on a joint basis with Israel, in areas of emerging technologies capable of enabling the warfare capabilities of both the United States and Israel to meet emerging defense challenges.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that we have included a \$47.5 million increase elsewhere in this bill for research and development, test and evaluation, in the areas of emerging technologies capable of bolstering the capabilities of both the United States and Israel to meet emerging defense challenges, including in the areas of artificial intelligence, cybersecurity, robotics, quantum and automation.

Working group on blockchain, smart contracts, and distributed ledger technologies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1729) that would require the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this section, to establish a working group to be known as the "Blockchain-Distributed Ledger Technologies-Smart Contracts Defense Applications Working Group."

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATIONS

Sec. 2001—Short title

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2001) that would cite division B of this Act as the "Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025".

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2001).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2002—Expiration of authorizations and amounts required to be specified by law

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2002) that would ensure that the authorizations provided in titles XXI through XXVII of this Act expire on October 1, 2027, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2028, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2002).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2003—Effective date

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2003) that would provide that titles XXI through XXVII of this Act would take effect on October 1, 2024, or the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2003).

The agreement includes this provision.

TITLE XXI—ARMY MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2101—Authorized Army construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2101) that would contain a list of authorized Army construction projects for fiscal year 2025. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2101).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2102—Family housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2102) that would authorize new construction, improvements, and planning and design of family housing units for the Army for fiscal year 2025.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2102).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2103—Authorization of appropriations, Army

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2103) that would authorize appropriations for Department of Army military construction levels identified in section 4601 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2103).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2104—Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2018 project at Kunsan Air Base, Korea

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2104) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2018 projects until Oc-

tober 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2104).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2105—Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2019 project at Mihail Kogalniceanu forward operating site, Romania

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2105) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2019 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2105).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2106—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2020 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2106) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2020 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2106).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2107—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2021 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2107) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2021 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2107).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2108—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2022 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2108) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2022 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2108).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Additional authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2025 project at McAlester Army Depot, Oklahoma

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2109) that would allow the Secretary of the Army to carry out a military construction project to construct an ammunition demoli-

tion facility at McAlester Army Depot, Oklahoma, using available, unobligated Army military construction funds appropriated for a fiscal year before fiscal year 2025 for the ammunition demolition facility.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note this project is authorized in section 2101 of this Act.

TITLE XXII—NAVY MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2201—Authorized Navy construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2201) that would contain a list of authorized Department of the Navy construction projects for fiscal year 2025. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2201).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2202—Family housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2202) that would authorize new construction, improvements, and planning and design of family housing units for the Department of the Navy for fiscal year 2025.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2202).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would modify the authorized amount for Navy family housing at Andersen Air Force Base.

Sec. 2203—Authorization of Appropriations, Navy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2203) that would authorize appropriations for Department of Navy military construction levels identified in section 4601 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2203).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2204—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2019 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2204) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2019 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2204).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2205—Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2020 project at Marine Corps Air Station Yuma, Arizona

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2205) that would extend the authorization of a certain fiscal year 2020 project until Oc-

tober 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2205).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2206—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2021 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2206) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2021 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2206).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2207—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2022 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2207) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2022 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2207).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Additional authority to carry out fiscal year 2025 project in Cooperative Security Location Comalapa, El Salvador

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2208) that allow the Secretary of the Navy to carry out a military construction project to construct a hangar and ramp expansion for Cooperative Security Location Comalapa, El Salvador, using available, unobligated Navy military construction funds appropriated for a fiscal year before fiscal year 2025.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We note this project is authorized in section 2201 of this Act.

TITLE XXIII—AIR FORCE MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2301—Authorized Air Force construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2301) that would contain a list of authorized Air Force construction projects for fiscal year 2025. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2301).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2302—Family housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2302) that would authorize new construction, improvements, and planning and design of family housing units for the Department of the Air Force for fiscal year 2025.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2302).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2303—Authorization of appropriations, Air Force

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2303) that would authorize appropriations for Air Force military construction levels identified in section 4601 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2303).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2304—Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2017 project at Spangdahlem Air Base, Germany

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2304) that would extend the authorization of a certain fiscal year 2017 project until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2304).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2305—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2018 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2305) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2018 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2305).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2306—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2019 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2306) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2019 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2306).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2307—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2020 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2307) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2020 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2307).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would extend authorization for a project at Moody Air Force Base.

Sec. 2308—Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2021 project at Joint Base Langley-Eustis, Virginia

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2308) that extend the authorization of a certain fiscal year 2021 project until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2308).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2309—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2022 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2309) that extends the authorization of certain fiscal year 2022 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2309).

The agreement includes this provision.

TITLE XXIV—DEFENSE AGENCIES MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Sec. 2401—Authorized Defense Agencies construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2401) that would contain a list of authorized defense agencies construction projects for fiscal year 2025. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2401).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2402—Authorized Energy Resilience and Conservation Investment Program projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2402) that would contain a list of authorized energy resilience and conservation investment projects for fiscal year 2025. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2402).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2403—Authorization of appropriations, Defense Agencies

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2403) that would authorize appropriations for Defense Agencies' military construction at the levels identified in section 4601 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2403).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2404—Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2018 project at Iwakuni, Japan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2404) that would extend the authorization of a certain fiscal year 2018 project until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2404).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2405—Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2019 project at Iwakuni, Japan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2405) that would extend the authorization of a certain fiscal year 2019 project until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2405).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2406—Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2020 project at Fort Indiantown Gap, Pennsylvania

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2406) that would extend the authorization of a certain fiscal year 2020 project until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2406).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2407—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2021 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2407) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2021 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2407).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2408—Modification of authority to carry out fiscal year 2022 project at Joint Base Anacostia-Bolling, District of Columbia

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2408) that would modify the authorization of a fiscal year 2022 project.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2408).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2409—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2022 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2409) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2022 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2409).

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

TITLE XXV—INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMS

Subtitle A—North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment

Sec. 2501—Authorized NATO construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2501) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to make contributions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program in an amount not to exceed the sum of the amount specifically authorized in section 2502 of this Act and the amount collected from the North Atlantic Treaty Organization as a result of construction previously financed by the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2501).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2502—Authorization of appropriations, NATO

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2502) that would authorize appropriations for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program at the levels identified in section 4601 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2502).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2503—Extension of use of authorized amounts for North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2503) that would amend section 2806(b) of title 10, United States Code, to authorize not more than 25 percent of the amount authorized in the previous fiscal year for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program (NSIP) should there be a lapse in authorization.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would authorize not more than 50 percent of the amount authorized in the previous year for NSIP should there be a lapse in authorization.

Subtitle B—Host Country In-Kind Contributions

Sec. 2511—Republic of Korea funded construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2511) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to accept military construction projects totaling \$418.6 million pursuant to agreement with the Republic of Korea for required in-kind contributions.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2511).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2512—Republic of Poland funded construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2512) that would authorize the Secretary of Defense to accept seven military construction projects totaling \$188.0 million pursuant to agreement with the Republic of Poland for required in-kind contributions.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2512).

The agreement includes this provision.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Modification of contributions for projects executed by the United States under the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2504) that would amend section 2350q(c) of title 10, United States Code, to ensure all financial recoupments from the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) for NATO Security Investment Program (NSIP) projects pre-financed by the United States are credited to appropriations solely available for the NSIP.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Contributions for projects executed by host nations other than the United States under the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2505) that would amend section 2350q of title 10, United States Code, to allow the United States to contribute funds to a project under the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program (NSIP) for which it is not designated as the Host Nation, if the Secretary of Defense determines that completion of the project is in the national interest of the United States and provides a notification to the congressional defense committees at least 14 days prior to execution of the project with the justification for the project, the source of funds to be used, and the estimated cost of the project.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

TITLE XXVI—GUARD AND RESERVE FORCES FACILITIES

Sec. 2601—Authorized Army National Guard construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2601) that would contain the list of authorized Army National Guard construction projects for fiscal year 2025. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2601).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2602—Authorized Army Reserve construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2602) that would contain the list of authorized Army Reserve construction projects for fiscal year 2025. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2602).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2603—Authorized Navy Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2603) that would contain the list of authorized Navy Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve construction projects for fiscal year 2025. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2603).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2604—Authorized Air National Guard construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2604) that would contain the list of authorized Air National Guard construction projects for fiscal year 2025. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2604).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2605—Authorized Air Force Reserve construction and land acquisition projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2605) that would contain the list of authorized Air Force Reserve construction projects for fiscal year 2025. The authorized amounts are listed on an installation-by-installation basis.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2605).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2606—Authorization of appropriations, National Guard and Reserve

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2606) that would authorize appropriations for National Guard and Reserve military construction at the levels identified in section 4601 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2606).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2607—Extension of authority to carry out fiscal year 2018 project at Hulman Regional Airport, Indiana

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2607) that would extend the authorization contained in section 2604 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018, Division B, Title XXVI, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91) for one project until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2608—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2020 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2607) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2020 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 2608).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 2609—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2021 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2608) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2021 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2609).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2610—Extension of authority to carry out certain fiscal year 2022 projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2610) that would extend the authorization of certain fiscal year 2022 projects until October 1, 2025, or the date of enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2026, whichever is later.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2610).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2611—Modification of authority to carry out fiscal year 2022 project

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2609) that would modify the authorization of a fiscal year 2022 project.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2611).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

TITLE XXVII—BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE ACTIVITIES

Sec. 2701—Authorization of appropriations for base realignment and closure activities funded through Department of Defense base closure account

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2701) that would authorize appropriations for ongoing activities that are required to implement the Base Realignment and Closure activities authorized by the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101–510), at the levels identified in section 4601 of division D of this Act.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2701).

The agreement includes the House provision.

TITLE XXVIII—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PROVISIONS

Subtitle A—Military Construction Programs

Sec. 2801—Modification of definition of military installation for purposes of notifications related to basing decision-making process

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2809) that would amend section 483(f)(4) of title 10, United States Code, to require the Department of Defense to notify the congressional defense committees when making all basing decisions, not just those in the United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2802—Expansion of eligible grant recipients under the Defense Community Infrastructure Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2804) that would clarify that not-for-profit member-owned utility services are eligible participants in the Defense Community Infrastructure Program as well as clarify that covered insular areas are eligible for the waiver of requirements for cost contribution under the program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would remove the definition of covered insular area. We note that a covered insular area is already included under rural areas.

Sec. 2803—Process for strategic basing actions for the Department of the Air Force

The House bill contained provisions (sec. 2831 and sec. 2839A) that would codify the Air Force Strategic Basing process and prohibit the Secretary of the Air Force from making any basing decision during the resource allocation plan or program objective memorandum process of the Department of the Air Force.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2849).

The agreement includes the House provisions with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2804—Inclusion of land acquisition and demolitions projects in authorized unspecified minor military construction project; temporary expansion of authority for purchase of certain land

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2801) that would amend section 2805(a)(2) of title 10, United States Code, to ensure there is clear guidance that land acquisition is allowed using unspecified minor military construction funds.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2805—Amendments to defense laboratory modernization program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2805) that would amend limits for the Defense Laboratory Modernization Program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment to maintain a limit for the Defense Laboratory Modernization Program.

Sec. 2806—Annual five-year plans on improvement of Department of Defense innovation infrastructure

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2806) that would require each Secretary of a military department and the Secretary of Defense to submit, alongside the President's budget request, a 5-year plan for the improvement of laboratories, test and evaluation ranges, and other research, development, test, and evaluation infrastructure.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require just the first plan to be submitted as part of the annual budget submission to Congress.

Sec. 2807—Modification of authority for Indo-Pacific posture unspecified minor military construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2808) that would increase the minor military construction authority for the Commander, U.S. Indo-Pacific Command, provided by section 2810 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2804).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2808—Extension of prohibition on joint use of Homestead Air Reserve Base with civil aviation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2851) that would extend the prohibition on the joint use of Homestead Air Reserve Base with civil aviation until September 30, 2036.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2848).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2809—Information on military construction projects and repair projects at joint bases

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2812) that would require, for the next 6 fiscal years, the Secretary of each military department to submit to the congressional defense committees a prioritized list of military construction projects, including facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization projects, for each joint base under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2810—Notification to Congress of reprogramming involving military construction funds

The agreement includes a provision that would require the Secretary of Defense to notify the congressional defense committees of any reprogramming of funds made available for military construction not later than 14 days after the date of such reprogramming.

Sec. 2811—Obligation and execution of design funds for military construction projects

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2808) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that the construction agent in charge of a military construction project enters into a contract within 90 days.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that the construction agent in charge of a military construction project enters into a contract within 150 days and submits a notification to the congressional defense committees.

Sec. 2812—Schedule of repairs at Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Florida

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2852) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to develop and implement a plan for repair or replacement of facilities at Naval Air Station Pensacola damaged by Hurricane Sally.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require a plan, strike the funding limitation, and require biannual briefings on the status of repair or replacement of facilities.

Subtitle B—Military Housing Reforms

Sec. 2821—Budget justification for certain Facilities Sustainment, Restoration, and Modernization projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1821) that would require each military department to include information accompanying the annual budget request related to the requirements for facility sustainment, restoration, and modernization (FSRM) at unaccompanied housing facilities as well as information on prior expenditures for FSRM.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would clarify the definition to include repair projects.

Sec. 2822—Strategy and assessment with respect to non-operational, underutilized, and other Department of Defense facilities: assessments of historic significance

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2836) that would require each Secretary of a military department to develop a strategy for the demolition of facilities on military installations, within their jurisdiction, that are in poor or failing condition, not in operational use, or determined by the Secretary to be underutilized.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2823—Application of certain authorities and standards to historic military housing and associated historic properties of the Department of the Army

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2852) that would amend subchapter II of chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code, by adding a new section to specify the treatment of historic housing and associated historic properties of the Department of the Army.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2824—Extension of applicability for waivers of covered privacy and configuration standards for covered military unaccompanied housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2821) that would extend the applicability of waivers under section 2856a of title 10, United States Code, from 9 months to 18 months.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would extend to 15 months.

Sec. 2825—Additional requirements for database of complaints made regarding housing units of Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2822) that would amend section 2894a of title 10, United States Code, to direct the Department of Defense to create a tool for servicemembers and their families to compare and rate military housing options in order to provide transparency on living conditions.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment and a sunset in 3 years.

Sec. 2826—Digital system for submission of maintenance work order requests for covered military unaccompanied housing required

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1824) that would require the Secretary of Defense to develop and issue guidance for the establishment of digital systems for servicemembers living in covered military unaccompanied housing to submit maintenance requests for their respective covered military unaccompanied housing facility.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would amend section 2837 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (P.L. 118–31) to include a digital system for servicemembers to submit work order maintenance requests.

Sec. 2827—Modification to definition of privatized military housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2823) that would clarify that the definition of privatized military housing in the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92) does not include Government-owned housing.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would clarify that the definition includes Government-controlled housing as well.

Sec. 2828—Analysis of housing availability for critical civilian and contractor personnel near rural military installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2824) that would require the Secretary of Defense to revise the Department of Defense Manual for Housing Management to require availability analysis of suitable housing for civilian personnel and defense contractors in rural locations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would clarify the term “rural area.”

Sec. 2829—Digital facilities management systems for military departments

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1825) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment to develop criteria for a digital facilities management system to track sustainment and modernization expenditure by facility as well as overall facility condition.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2830—Strategy for use of existing leasing authorities to address shortages of covered military unaccompanied housing required

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1822) that would require a strategy on the use of existing real property leasing authorities to address needs for covered military unaccompanied housing and authorize appropriations for those potential leasing actions.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would include operation and maintenance as required elements to the strategy.

Sec. 2831—Independent assessment of estimated costs of certain strategies to address shortages of covered military unaccompanied housing

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1823) that would require an independent assessment of the lifecycle costs for building and sustaining covered military unaccompanied housing compared to the cost of alternative options including basic allowance for housing payments.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Subtitle C—Real Property and Facilities Administration

Sec. 2841—Minimum capital investment for facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2815) that would require the Secretaries of the military departments to invest in the budget for facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization for their respective military department at least 4 percent of the plant replacement value for the total inventory of all facilities owned and maintained by the military department by fiscal year 2029 and in each subsequent fiscal year.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2842—Assistance for public infrastructure projects and services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2802) that would amend section 2391 of title 10, United States Code, to authorize the Office of Local Defense Community Cooperation to make grants to state, local, or regional government organizations to support industrial base resilience and workforce development efforts.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2850).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2843—Contracts for design and construction of facilities of Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2807) that would amend chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code, to allow the head of a department or organization within the Department of Defense to place an order, on a reimbursable basis, with any other such department or organization for a maintenance and repair project of a facility of the Department of Defense, or for a minor military construction project.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2844—Industrial plant equipment and associated services as in-kind consideration under leases of non-excess property

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2806) that would amend section 2667 of title 10, United States Code, to allow industrial plant equipment and associated services to be added to the existing list of in-kind consideration for leased locations of non-excess property of the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2845—Inclusion of tribal governments in intergovernmental support agreements for installation-support services

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2832) that would authorize the Department of Defense to enter into intergovernmental support agreements with Tribal governments.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2846—Temporary modification to authority to charge landing fees for the use by civil aircraft of military airfields

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 343) that would require the Secretary of the Air Force to submit a report on landing fees collected at Air Force installation locations outside the continental United States.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would grant a 2 year temporary authority to amend section 2697 of title 10, United States Code, to allow the Secretary concerned to accept commercial airline landing fees at overseas locations.

Sec. 2847—Stormwater management, shoreline erosion control, and water resilience projects for installations and defense access roads

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2807) that would authorize the modification of the stormwater reuse program to minimize runoff of untreated water and designate an official responsible for coordinating regional stormwater management among military departments.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2841).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

We note that the intent is to have a single official within the Department of Defense be responsible for the purposes of this provision. However, we note that nothing in this provision prevents the Department from selecting officials as it deems appropriate.

Sec. 2848—Pilot program to optimize and consolidate Department of Defense facilities to improve health and resiliency in defense communities

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2811) that would establish a temporary pilot program to optimize and consolidate Army facilities for resilient and healthy defense communities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with multiple clarifying and technical amendments.

Sec. 2849—Guidance regarding maintenance of aggregate square footage of facilities of Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2810) that would require the Secretary of Defense to issue guidance ensuring that every square footage of new growth of a Department of Defense building is offset with an equivalent reduction in square footage, unless facilities are identified to be entered into a contingency operational status.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2850—Expenditures on leased facilities and real property of the Department of Defense

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2838) that would require the Department of Defense to decrease expenditures on leased facilities in the National Capital Region by 50 percent over the next 10 years.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would require the Department of Defense to decrease expenditures on leased facilities across the entire Department by 25 percent over the next 5 years along with a briefing requirement.

Subtitle D—Land Conveyances

Sec. 2851—Extension of expanded authority to convey property at military installations

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2802) that would amend section 2869(a)(3) of title 10, United States Code, to extend the land exchange pilot authority enacted by the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) for an additional 3 years.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2852—Technical correction to map reference in the Military Land Withdrawals Act of 2013

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2839B) that would section 2989(a)(2) of the Military Land Withdrawals Act of 2013 (Public Law 113–66) by striking November 30, 2022, and inserting May 22, 2024.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2854).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2853—Land conveyance, Boyle Memorial Army Reserve Center, Paris, Texas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2841) that would grant permissive authority to the Secretary of the Army to convey to the Paris Junior College located in Paris, Texas, approximately 4 acres, known as the Boyle Memorial Army Reserve Center.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2854—Land conveyance, Riverdale Park, Maryland

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2842) that would authorize the Secretary of the Army to convey 6.63 acres in Riverdale Park, Maryland, to the town of Riverdale Park for the purpose of creating a new municipal and community center.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2855—Transfer authority, Mare Island Naval Shipyard, Vallejo, California

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2843) that would authorize the expedited cleanup and transfer of Department of Defense lands at former Mare Island Naval Shipyard to the city of Vallejo, California.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would modify the authorized transfer to include a requirement for the concurrence of the city of Vallejo and include a savings clause.

Sec. 2856—Release of interests retained in Camp Joseph T. Robinson, Arkansas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2844) that would allow the Secretary of the Army to release the terms and conditions of a previous conveyance associated with approximately 241.33 acres at Camp Joseph T. Robinson, Arkansas.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2834).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2857—Land conveyance, Fort Huachuca, Sierra Vista, Arizona

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2845) that would authorize the Secretary of the Army to convey approximately 203 acres on Fort Huachuca to the city of Sierra Vista, Arizona.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2833).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2858—Removal of certain conditions regarding conveyance of former Army-Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs National Park, Hot Springs, Arkansas, to the State of Arkansas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2846) that would allow any revisionary interest retained by the United States in the real property conveyed by the Deed of Conveyance pursuant to Public Law 86-323 to be extinguished if certain conditions are met.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2835).

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2859—Land conveyance and authorization for interim lease, Defense Fuel Support Point San Pedro, Los Angeles, California

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2847) that would authorize the Secretary of the Navy to convey land located at Naval Weapons Station Seal Beach, Defense Fuel Support Point, San Pedro, California, to the city of Los Angeles or the city of Lomita

for the purposes using such conveyed parcel of real property for park and recreational activities or law enforcement affiliated purposes.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would include a clause on fair market value.

Sec. 2860—Land conveyance, Fort Bliss, El Paso, Texas

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2831) that would authorize the Secretary of the Army to convey approximately 65.3 acres currently located at Fort Bliss, Texas, to El Paso Water of El Paso Public Service Board, for the purposes of stormwater flood control for Fort Bliss and the neighboring community.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment that would clarify the in-kind consideration clause.

Sec. 2861—Cleanup and transfer of certain property at former Army installation to East Bay Regional Park District

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2832) that would require the Secretary of the Army to complete a remedial investigation or feasibility study for approximately 15 acres of property at the former Oakland, California, military installation shoreline.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2862—Coordination of repair and maintenance of Kolekole Pass, Hawaii

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2842) that would require the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Navy to coordinate on a plan for the repair and maintenance for Kolekole Pass to ensure that it may be used for emergency egress by both military and civilian personnel in the event of a wildfire or other emergency.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

Sec. 2871—Consideration of installation infrastructure and other supporting resources by Department of Defense Test Resource Management Center

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2843) that would amend section 4713 of title 10, United States Code, to add to the duties of the Director of the Test Resource Management Center the ability to review installation infrastructure supporting major test assets.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2872—Development and operation of the Naval Innovation Center at the Naval Postgraduate School

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2801) that would allow the Secretary of the Navy to enter into a contract or other agreements with nonprofit organizations for the design, construction, and maintenance of a facility to serve as the Naval Innovation Center at the United States Naval Postgraduate School.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would include a definition for the term “covered entity” for the purposes of this provision.

Sec. 2873—Extension of Department of the Army pilot program for development and use of online real estate inventory tool

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2844) that would amend section 2866(h) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) to extend the authority of the Secretary of the Army to conduct the pilot program for an online real estate inventory tool through September 30, 2026.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 2874—Notification to Members of Congress for awards of contracts for military construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2809) that would require a notification to Members of Congress on military construction contract awards in their district or contracts awarded to a constituent company.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2875—Authorization of assistance to expedite certain military construction projects located in Guam

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2863) that would allow each Secretary of a military department to provide grants, conclude cooperative agreements, and supplement other Federal funds to regulatory agencies located in Guam in order to expedite military construction projects in Guam intended to improve the defense of Guam and the Indo-Pacific region.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 2876—Report on munitions and explosives of concern and construction projects in Joint Region Marianas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2855) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a survey of military in-

stallations on Guam to characterize areas by risk of containing munitions of explosive concern.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 2813).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 2877—Review of roles and responsibilities for construction projects of Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2845) that would require the Secretary of Defense to seek to enter into a contract with a federally funded research and development center to review the roles and responsibilities for executing construction projects for the Department of Defense.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2878—Assessment of public schools on installations of Department of Defense

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2846) that would amend section 2814 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328) as amended by section 2818 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91) and section 2824 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232) to increase the number of certain priority-funded public school projects from 38 to 71.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would direct the Comptroller General of the United States to examine issues related to the Public Schools on Military Installations program to include operations, oversight, funding, and criteria for selecting and prioritizing schools.

Sec. 2879—Updates to policies and guidance of the Department of the Navy for the replacement of certain dry docks and other projects

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2814) that would require the Secretary of the Navy to coordinate with the Comptroller General of the United States regarding best practices on cost estimating and lessons learned to avoid future cost increases for naval shipyard military construction projects.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 2880—Designation of officials responsible for coordination of infrastructure projects to support additional members of the Armed Forces and their families in the Indo-Pacific region

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2853) that would require the Secretary of Defense to designate one official to be responsible for the coordination of infrastructure projects to support additional servicemembers and their families in

Hawaii and one official to be responsible for the same duties in Guam and the Northern Mariana Islands.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would require the Secretary of Defense to designate existing officials within the Department of Defense.

Sec. 2881—Limitation on availability of funds until submission of interim guidance for Department of Defense-wide standards for access to military installations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2833) that would standardize military installation access standards at military installations in the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Temporary biennial report on quality and condition of covered military unaccompanied housing located outside the United States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1826) that would require a biennial report on the conditions of covered military unaccompanied housing facilities located outside of the United States.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the reporting elements in the House provision are already covered by the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

Housing accommodations for military families on housing waitlists

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1827) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide to members of the Armed Forces and their dependents who, when undergoing a permanent change of station, are placed on a waitlist for on-base housing for a period of more than 10 days following the date of arrival at the new location, temporary accommodations for the entire duration of such period appropriate for the total size and composition of the family of the member and at a rate not to exceed the basic allowance for housing calculated for such member.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that housing shortages across the continental United States continue to impact servicemembers and their families. We also note that the Department of Defense is working to alleviate shortages, including by implementing changes to the Joint Travel Regulations regarding Temporary Lodging Expense (TLE). TLE is a partial reimbursement for lodging and meals when a service member and their family occupy temporary lodging during a permanent change of station. The changes include increasing the standard number of days TLE may be authorized from 10 to 14

days when moving to a permanent duty station (PDS) in the United States and from 5 to 7 days when moving to a PDS outside of the continental United States. The changes also allow for installations, bases, or commands to request an additional authorization of a TLE extension where shortages persist past 14 days in the continental United States. We will continue to monitor the impact of increased TLE on alleviating housing shortages for servicemembers and their families.

Department of Defense plan to construct memorial at Arlington National Cemetery in commemoration of members of the Armed Forces killed in certain attack at Hamid Karzai International Airport, Kabul, Afghanistan

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1852) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a plan and strategy to construct a memorial in Arlington National Cemetery, Virginia to commemorate the members of the Armed Forces killed in the attack at Hamid Karzai International Airport in Kabul, Afghanistan, on August of 2021.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, no later than May 1, 2025, on the plan to construct a memorial to commemorate the thirteen members of the Armed Forces killed in the attack at Hamid Karzai International Airport in Kabul, Afghanistan, in August of 2021. We note that section 1084 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263) required the Secretary of Defense to establish a commemorative work of this nature.

Military base reuse studies and community planning assistance

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2803) that would include Coast Guard installations in military base reuse studies and Secretary of Defense community assistance.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Assessment of workforce needs in the Freely Associated States to support future military construction

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2810) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment to conduct a study on the workforce needs in the Freely Associated States (FAS) to support future military construction.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than June 1, 2025, on the planned military major and minor construction in the FAS over the next 5

years. The briefing shall include an assessment of the ability of the local workforce in the FAS to support future military construction and options for the Department of Defense to cooperate with the Department of Labor, the Department of the Interior, and the FAS to develop plans to help address any construction workforce shortages.

Limitation on availability of funds for certain Department of Defense travel until establishment of certain complaint database

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2825) that would limit the expenditure of Secretary of Defense travel funds until the implementation of the complaint database required by section 2894 of title 10, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department has implemented the requisite complaint database.

Deferral of execution of certain requirements for covered housing facilities and covered landscape features; report

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2834) that would delay requirements for the Secretary of each military department under chapter 3061 of title 54, United States Code, for facilities or landscape features built after 1975.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Pilot programs of Department of Army and Department of Navy to conduct repair and maintenance projects on covered historic facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2835) that would require the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Navy to carry out a pilot program for the repair and maintenance of facilities on an installation built prior to 1919, within their jurisdiction, by adhering to Department of Interior guidance for such activities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Temporary authority for use of imitative substitute building materials for maintenance, repair, rehabilitation, or renovation of covered historic facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2837) that would allow each Secretary of a military department to use imitative substitute materials in the maintenance, repair, rehabilitation, or renovation of facilities, within their jurisdiction, built prior to 1919.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Screening and registry of individuals with health conditions resulting from unsafe housing units

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2839) that would amend chapter 169 of title 10, United States Code, by adding a new section that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that all military medical treatment facilities screen eligible individuals for health conditions resulting from unsafe housing units.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Joint Explanatory Statement to accompany the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Committee Print No. 2) required the Secretaries of the military departments to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on their respective services' processes for screening and monitoring individuals who may have experienced unsafe housing conditions. The briefings have been received by the committees.

Research, standards, and other requirements relating to indoor residential mold

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2839C) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a comprehensive study of the health effects of indoor residential mold growth in barracks or other housing on military installations, using the most up-to-date scientific peer-reviewed medical literature.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Study on construction of child development centers

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2839D) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a recommendation for a strategy for military construction projects for a sufficient number of child development centers (CDCs) as necessary to eliminate wait lists for members of the Armed Forces seeking childcare at such CDCs.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense has made progress related to CDCs in the prioritization of military construction project budget requests. However, we note that there is still significant room for improvement, as many more CDCs are necessary to eliminate wait lists for servicemembers and their families seeking childcare at such facilities.

Modification of requirements

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2853) that would extend a limitation on the obligation and expenditure of funds authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Defense to acquire, construct, plan, or design a new headquarters building for United States Space Command until the Inspector General of the Department of Defense and the Comptroller General of the United

States provide the report required by section 2889 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Department of Defense policy relating to contractors for military construction projects

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2854) that would require the Secretary of Defense to issue a policy that the Secretary of a military department shall consider contractor and subcontractor proximity when awarding contracts for military construction.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Market survey of domestic suppliers of sand and gravel for marine concrete

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2856) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a market survey of domestic sources for sand and gravel inputs for marine concrete needed for military construction projects in the Indo-Pacific area.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Survey of certain counties for placement of facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2857) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide the results of a survey of certain counties in North Carolina to assess potential placement of operational, training, or other facilities for use by the military departments in such counties.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Study on certain grants awarded to support investments in certain child care facilities under the defense community infrastructure program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2858) that would require the Secretary of Defense to carry out a study on each grant awarded under the Defense Community Infrastructure Program for supporting investments in child care facilities in areas in close proximity to military installations.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Requirement to maintain access to category 3 subterranean training facility

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2859) that would require the Secretary of Defense to ensure that the Department of

Defense maintains access to a covered category 3 subterranean training facility on a continuing basis.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 1055).

The agreement does not include either provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense, not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, to submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the plans, policies, and doctrine of the Department of Defense regarding subterranean operations. At a minimum, the required report shall:

(1) Define the roles and responsibilities of each military service and combatant command;

(2) Describe the current and planned Department of Defense capabilities for conducting subterranean operations and identify any gaps in such capabilities;

(3) Identify all related doctrine and plans, if any, to update such doctrine;

(4) Identify subterranean training facility requirements;

(5) Define adversary activities and intentions in the subterranean environment;

(6) Outline adversary and ally subterranean defeat capabilities and tactics; and

(7) Evaluate roles and responsibilities across the spectrum of conflict and for targets ranging in size and complexity, such as trenches, tunnels, bunkers, silos, underground command nodes, underground weapons depots, and underground research and developmental facilities.

Quarterly report on infiltrations of certain Department of Defense property by foreign actors

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2860) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report on instances of infiltration, or attempted infiltration, of a military installation, facility, or real property under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense by a foreign actor during the period covered by the report.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the reporting requirement appears elsewhere in this Act.

Designation of Creech Air Force Base, Nevada, as remote or isolated installation

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2861) that would require the Secretary of Defense to designate Creech Air Force Base, located at Indian Springs, Nevada, as a remote or isolated installation.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the Department of Defense has provided relevant congressional reporting on this topic.

Feasibility study by the Secretary of Defense on replicating the Army Future Soldier Prep Course through the other service branches

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2862) that would require the Secretary of Defense to conduct a feasibility study on replicating the Army's Future Soldier Preparatory Course in other service branches.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that section 546 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) required the Secretaries of the military departments to implement future service-member preparatory courses in the event that the number of nonprior service enlisted personnel covered under section 520 of title 10, United States Code, exceeds 10 percent of the total number of persons originally enlisted in an Armed Force during a fiscal year.

Briefing on instances of attempted breaches of Department of Defense military installations required

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2864) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing on any instance of an attempted breach of a military installation under the jurisdiction of the Department of Defense during the period beginning on January 1, 2021, and ending on the date of the provision of such briefing.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We note that the briefing requirement appears elsewhere in this Act.

Report on land use practices around military installations in the Freely Associated States

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 2865) that would require the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment to submit a report on the use of land use policies and encroachment risks near military installations located in the Freely Associated States (FAS).

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to submit a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2025, with an assessment of land use policies and encroachment risks near military installations located in the FAS over the next 5 years. The briefing shall include an assessment of the feasibility and advisability of establishing a coalition to include representatives from Federal agencies, the governments of the FAS, nongovernmental organizations, and landowners and land managers in the FAS to advance sustainable land use practices around military installations that would assist in efforts to prevent encroachment and promote conservation.

Authority to accept host nation financial services in the form of an irrevocable letter of credit

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2803) that would amend section 2350g(a) of title 10, United States Code, to provide an additional authority to the Department of Defense to accept host nation contributions for military construction projects through a financial services vehicle whereby the host nation establishes and controls an irrevocable letter of credit with a financial institution.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Requirement that damaged or destroyed facilities are built back with resilience

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2805) that would amend section 2854 of title 10, United States Code, to ensure that any military construction project to repair, restore, or replace a damaged or destroyed facility is designed and constructed to prevent future damage or destruction by the proximate cause of the damage or destruction of the facility.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Increase in percentage limitations on value of United States investment in privatized military housing projects

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2821) that would amend section 2875 of title 10, United States Code, to increase to 60 percent each of the two current limitations under subsection (c) of that section on the amount of Government investment in Military Housing Privatization Initiative projects.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Treatment of nondisclosure agreements with respect to privatized military housing

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2822) that would amend section 2890(f) of title 10, United States Code, to prohibit a landlord from requesting that a tenant or prospective tenant of a privatized housing unit sign a nondisclosure agreement.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Report on use of areawide contracts to procure utility services

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2847) that would require the Secretary of Defense to submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on what projects, to include any savings or mission capabilities, have been conducted pursuant to section 2811(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, not later than March 1, 2025, on what projects have been conducted pursuant to section 2811(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31). The briefing shall include, at a minimum, disaggregated by location, an identification of any projects conducted to date and any savings, improvements to mission readiness, or energy resilience benefits to the Department of Defense as a result of areawide contracts to date.

Briefing on projects under Defense Community Infrastructure Program that are still in progress

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2851) that would amend section 2391(d) of title 10, United States Code, to include annual briefings for the next 3 years, beginning not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, regarding Defense Community Infrastructure Program (DCIP) projects for which a grant was awarded and that are still in progress as of the date of the briefing.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

We are concerned that the current definition of military value as it has been applied to the analysis of DCIP proposals has led to a more narrow application of the program than originally intended, causing challenges for the DCIP review boards, military services, and DCIP applicants. Authorized in section 2861 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232), DCIP was intended to be a competitive authority to assist in supplementing funds for State and local governments in addressing deficiencies in community infrastructure. Due to the limitations associated with the military value requirements and funding constraints, important, high-value projects that meet other DCIP criteria often go unfunded.

We direct the Secretary of Defense to brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives, no later than March 31, 2025, on: (1) The number of repeat applicants DCIP has seen since 2020; (2) The number of applicants who did not meet the military value requirements since 2020; (3) The methodology by which the military value criteria has been applied to DCIP applicants; and (4) Any other challenges that DCIP has identified in regard to the military value criteria, and any recommendations for adjustments to improve the process.

Expansion of defense community infrastructure pilot program to include installations of the Coast Guard

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2856) that would amend section 2391 of title 10, United States Code, to allow the United States Coast Guard to compete for funding available through the Defense Community Infrastructure Program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Modification of annual report on privatized military housing

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 7823) that would modify the annual report on privatized military housing by requiring the Secretary of Defense to publish the report on a publicly available website of the Department of Defense not later than 30 days after submitting a report.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

TITLE XXIX—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION DISASTER RECOVERY

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Authorized Navy disaster recovery construction and land acquisition projects

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2901) that would authorize Navy disaster recovery construction and land acquisition projects in Guam for \$4.6 billion.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Authorization of emergency supplemental appropriations for military construction projects

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2903) that would authorize emergency supplemental appropriations pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)(2)(A)(i)).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Authorized Air Force disaster recovery construction and land acquisition projects

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 2902) that would authorize Air Force disaster recovery construction and land acquisition projects in Guam for \$7.2 billion.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

DIVISION C—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY AUTHORIZATIONS AND OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

TITLE XXXI—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

Subtitle A—National Security Programs and Authorizations

Sec. 3101—National Nuclear Security Administration

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3101) that would authorize the appropriation of funds for the activities of the National Nuclear Security Administration.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 3101).

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 3102—Defense environmental cleanup

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3102) that would authorize the appropriation of funds for the Department of Energy's defense environmental cleanup activities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 3102).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 3103—Other defense activities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3103) that would authorize the appropriation of funds for the Department of Energy's other defense activities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 3103).

The agreement includes this provision.

Sec. 3104—Nuclear energy

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3104) that would authorize the appropriation of funds for the Department of Energy's nuclear energy activities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 3104).

The agreement includes this provision.

Subtitle B—Program Authorizations, Restrictions, and Limitations

Sec. 3111—Improvements to National Nuclear Security Administration management and processes

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 3113) that would amend the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401) and the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2501 et seq.) to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the National Nuclear Security Administration to meet strategic requirements.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would make technical and conforming changes.

Sec. 3112—Prohibition on admittance to national security laboratories and nuclear weapons production facilities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3111) that would prohibit any citizen or agent of the People's Republic of China or the Russian Federation from admittance into non-public areas of the national security laboratories or nuclear weapons production facilities, but would also authorize the Secretary of Energy to waive this prohibition on certain conditions.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 3120).

The agreement includes the Senate provision with amendments to delineate the classes of individuals exempted from the prohibitions on access; clarify that certain facilities and portions of facilities that conduct activities to support both national security and basic research programs and are funded through multiple Department of Energy organizations, such as the National Ignition Facil-

ity and the Micro and Nano Technologies Laboratories, may be partitioned in the determination of what areas directly support the mission, functions, and operations of the National Nuclear Security Administration; and defer implementation of the provision until April 15, 2025.

Sec. 3113—Authority for National Nuclear Security Administration to use passenger carriers for contractor commuting

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 3117) that would authorize the Administrator for Nuclear Security to reimburse contractors for transportation services pursuant to an approved transportation plan.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 3114—Authorization for modification of B61-13 nuclear weapon

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 3112) that would authorize modification or development of the B61-13 nuclear gravity bomb and a variation of the W80 nuclear weapon for the nuclear-armed, sea-launched cruise missile (SLCM-N); and require the Secretary of Energy to provide final nomenclature for the SLCM-N weapon, temporarily designated as the “W80-X.”

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would authorize only modification or development of the B61-13 nuclear gravity bomb.

We note that the warhead for SLCM-N is addressed elsewhere in this agreement.

Sec. 3115—Limitation on availability of funds pending submission of information on streamlining National Nuclear Security Administration contracting

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 3118) that would limit the obligation and expenditure of more than 80 percent of certain funds authorized for travel expenses for the Administrator for Nuclear Security for fiscal year 2025 until the Administrator provides a required report on opportunities to streamline National Nuclear Security Administration requirements.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would adjust the limitation to not more than 90 percent of specified funds.

Sec. 3116—Limitation on use of funds for naval nuclear fuel systems based on low-enriched uranium

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 3111) that would prohibit the use of funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2025 for the purpose of conducting research and development of an advanced naval nuclear fuel system based on low-enriched uranium until the Secretary of

Energy, Secretary of Defense, and Secretary of the Navy issue certain determinations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would make technical changes.

Sec. 3117—Prohibition on availability of funds to reconvert or retire W76–2 warheads

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3112) that would prohibit the National Nuclear Security Administration from reconverting or retiring W76–2 warheads; but provide a waiver on condition that the Administrator for Nuclear Security certifies that the People’s Republic of China and Russian Federation do not possess similar capabilities and that the Department of Defense does not have a valid military requirement for the W76–2 warhead.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Subtitle C—Reports and Other Matters

Sec. 3121—Modification to and termination of certain reporting requirements under Atomic Energy Defense Act

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3121) that would amend section 4306 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2566(a)(3)) to revise Department of Energy reporting requirements relating to the use of the Mixed Oxide Fuel Fabrication Facility in South Carolina to process defense plutonium and related materials for disposal.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment to require the Secretary of Energy to provide a biennial plan for the processing of defense plutonium and related materials for disposal in each subsequent even numbered year following 2026.

We note that the adjustment to the reporting requirement in no way affects, nor implies any modification to the obligations or responsibilities of the parties named in the Settlement Agreement between the United States of America and the State of South Carolina regarding the disposition of weapons-usable plutonium at the Savannah River Site (Fed. Cir. No. 19–2324), dated August 28, 2020.

Sec. 3122—Modification of reporting requirements relating to cost-benefit analyses for competition of management and operating contracts

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 3116) that would amend section 4807 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (Public Law 83–703) to modify a reporting requirement for the Comptroller General of the United States to provide additional flexibility for reviews of certain National Nuclear Security Administration contracts.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 3123—Restoration of a domestic uranium enrichment capability

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 3114) that would require the Secretary of Energy to identify and assess the viability of at least two, but not more than four, possible locations that would be best suited for a modular, scalable uranium enrichment facility by 2035; and provide a report on the results of this assessment including cost estimates for starting construction in 2027.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 3124—Report on activities from U.S.–U.K. Mutual Defense Agreement

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 3115) that would require the Administrator for Nuclear Security to provide an annual briefing, for each of the subsequent 5 years, on activities conducted under the 1958 Mutual Defense Agreement between the United States and the United Kingdom.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 3125—Notification of certain regulations that impact the National Nuclear Security Administration

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 3121) that would require a director of a national security laboratory of the National Nuclear Security Administration to notify Congress when the director determines that certain regulations could inhibit nuclear weapons stockpile activities.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Designation of National Nuclear Security Administration as technical nuclear forensics lead

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3113) that would amend the National Nuclear Security Administration Act to add leadership of the technical nuclear forensics efforts of the United States to the list of the National Nuclear Security Administration's responsibilities.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We continue to believe that the National Nuclear Security Administration should be the interagency lead for nuclear forensics, consistent with the Joint Explanatory Statement to Accompany the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Committee Print No. 2) regarding the House provision (sec. 3122) titled "Designation of National Nuclear Security Administration as technical nuclear forensics lead."

List of potential advanced nuclear technology deployment opportunities

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3122) that would require the Secretary of Defense to provide a list of at least 30 potential opportunities to deploy advanced nuclear technology to bolster the operational energy, installation energy, and expeditionary energy capabilities of the Department of Defense.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

Sense of Congress regarding development of storage facilities for permanent storage of nuclear material within the Great Lakes Basin

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3123) that would express the sense of Congress that the Government of the United States and the Government of Canada should not develop storage facilities for the permanent storage of nuclear waste within the Great Lakes Basin.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We discourage the Government of the United States and the Government of Canada from developing storage facilities for permanent storage of spent nuclear fuel, low-level or high-level nuclear waste, or military-grade nuclear material within the Great Lakes Basin.

Sense of Congress on commitment to nuclear power

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3124) that would express the sense of Congress regarding a commitment to nuclear power.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We strongly encourage the Department of Defense to pursue nuclear power as an option for baseload energy sources in order to achieve a reliable, secure, and resilient energy source for the Department's military installations.

Sense of Congress supporting Project Pele

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3125) that would express a sense of Congress supporting Project Pele.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the House provision.

We believe Project Pele has the potential to bolster the national security of the United States by providing reliable, resilient, and clean baseload energy for military bases and operations domestically and abroad. We note a \$16.2 million increase for Project Pele in the funding authorization tables of this bill, over and above the program funding contained in the President's budget request, and note that this level of support is consistent with that contained in past National Defense Authorization Acts.

Limitation on availability of funds pending submission of certification relating to W80-4 Alteration-SLCM

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 3119) that would limit the obligation and expenditure of more than 50 percent of certain funds authorized for travel expenses for the Administrator of Nuclear Security for fiscal year 2025 until the Administrator provides a report on the development of a nuclear-capable, sea-launched cruise missile and a spend plan for the development of such a weapon pursuant to section 306 of division D of title III of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024 (Public Law 118-42).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Authorization of Department of Defense and contractors to acquire and operate a utilization facility

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 3122) that would authorize the Department of Defense to acquire and operate a utilization facility and require the Secretary of Defense to provide a report and briefing on matters related to nuclear power reactors.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Approval of the amendment to the Agreement between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland for Cooperation on the Uses of Atomic Energy for Mutual Defense Purposes

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 8111) that would approve of the amendment to the Agreement between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland for Cooperation on the Uses of Atomic Energy for Mutual Defense Purposes.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

TITLE XXXII—DEFENSE NUCLEAR FACILITIES SAFETY BOARD

Sec. 3201—Authorization

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3201) that would authorize \$47.2 million for the operation of the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained an identical provision (sec. 3201).

The agreement includes this provision.

TITLE XXXIV—NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES

Sec. 3401—Authorization of appropriations

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3401) that would authorize \$13.0 million for fiscal year 2025 for operation and maintenance of the Naval Petroleum Reserves.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

TITLE XXXV—MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

Subtitle A—Maritime Administration

Sec. 3501—Authorization of appropriations for Maritime Administration

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3501) that would authorize funds for the Maritime Administration.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 3501).

The agreement includes the House provision with an amendment that would:

(1) Add \$3.0 million for training, staffing, retention, recruiting, and contract management for United States Merchant Marine Academy capital improvement projects;

(2) Add \$6.0 million for maintenance and repair of State maritime academy training vessels; and

(3) Authorize \$33.7 million for the loan guarantee program authorized under chapter 537 of title 46, United States Code in lieu of the \$43.0 million in the budget request.

Sec. 3502—Reauthorization of Maritime Security Program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3502) that would: (1) Reauthorize the Maritime Security Program (MSP); (2) Extend the sunset date for MSP until 2040; and (3) Increase the annual vessel stipend.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Subtitle B—Maritime Infrastructure

Sec. 3511—Port infrastructure development program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3511) that would extend the eligibility of cruise vessels to receive grants to fund shore power projects under the Port Infrastructure Development Program (PIDP) through fiscal year 2026, direct the Maritime Administration (MARAD) to update its categorical exclusions, require an extension of the PIDP application deadline when an amended notice of funding opportunity is published, emphasize the efficient approval of PIDP grant contracts, and create a reporting requirement on staffing shortages at MARAD and the Department of Transportation impacting the administration of PIDP.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with technical amendments.

Sec. 3512—Assessment of United States sealift capability

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3512) that would codify and articulate a policy for strategic sealift readiness and the maritime sector. This section would also require an assessment of maritime infrastructure readiness as well as reports and briefings about shipbuilding and the maritime sector.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision, amended to make minor technical changes.

Subtitle C—Reports

Sec. 3521—Independent study and report on Shanghai Shipping Exchange

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3521) that would require an independent study and report on the business practices of the Shanghai Shipping Exchange and the impacts of the Exchange's operations on United States interests.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision, amended to include the House Foreign Affairs and Senate Foreign Relations Committees as recipients of the report.

Sec. 3522—Study on transportation of personal protective equipment

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3522) that would require the Secretary of Transportation: (1) In coordination with the Secretary of Defense and in consultation with the head of each relevant Federal agency, to conduct a study on the movement of critical cargo through marine terminals and ports; and (2) Issue a request for information in the Federal Register seeking public comment on the matters to be considered in the study.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement would delete the direction to study marine terminal shipment of cargos in the House provision. We agree instead to direct the Comptroller General of the United States to conduct a study on transportation of personal protective equipment for health care during the pandemic.

Subtitle D—Other Matters

Sec. 3531—Extension of certain provisions relating to Tanker Security Fleet program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3531) that would extend the sunset for authorization of the Tanker Security Program from 2035 until 2040.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision, amended to include authorization amounts for the program.

Sec. 3532—Requirements for purchasing federally auctioned vessels

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3532) that would set several requirements for potential purchasers of Government-owned vessels being auctioned by the Federal Government.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 3533—Recapitalization of National Defense Reserve Fleet

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3533) that would make technical changes to section 3546 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263) to clarify that the Secretary of the Navy shall support the Secretary of the Transportation in construction of a new sealift program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision, amended to require that the Secretary of Transportation manage the sealift recapitalization program in consultation with the Secretary of the Navy.

Sec. 3534—Armed Forces merchant mariner officer expedited preparation program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3534) that would authorize an honorably discharged veteran who holds a bachelor's degree to enroll in a state maritime academy and complete a merchant marine officer preparation program approved by the Secretary of Transportation and complete the requirements for the issuance of a license in less than 3 years.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a technical amendment.

Sec. 3535—Technical clarifications

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3535) that would make several technical clarifications to United States Code and previously enacted legislation.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision.

Sec. 3536—Buy America requirements for shipyard modernization and improvement program

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3537) that would amend section 53733 of title 46, United States Code, to add a Buy America requirement to the shipyard modernization and improvement program.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with technical amendments.

Sec. 3537—Nomination of Merchant Marine cadets in event of death, resignation, or expulsion from office of Member of Congress otherwise authorized to nominate

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6044) that would amend chapter 513 of title 46, United States Code, to establish a processes for nomination of merchant marines in the event of death, resignation, or expulsion from office of a Member of Congress otherwise authorized to nominate.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment that would limit the authority to the Senate.

Sec. 3538—Amended license applications for certain deepwater ports for natural gas

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 3538) that would make corrections to chapters 537 and 541 of title 46, United States Code.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision, amended to include modifications to the Deepwater Port Act of 1974 (33 U.S.C. 1504(i)) regarding amended license applications for operating natural gas deepwater port facility.

DIVISION D—FUNDING TABLES

Sec. 4001—Authorization of amounts in funding tables

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 4001) that would provide for the allocation of funds among programs, projects, and activities in accordance with the tables in division D of this Act, subject to reprogramming guidance in accordance with established procedures.

The Senate committee-reported bill contained a similar provision (sec. 4001).

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

SUMMARY OF NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 2025 Request	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
DISCRETIONARY AUTHORIZATIONS WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE			
National Defense Funding, Base Budget Request			
Function 051, Department of Defense-Military			
Division A: Department of Defense Authorizations			
Title I—Procurement			
Aircraft Procurement, Army	3,164,183	17,800	3,181,983

SUMMARY OF NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 2025 Request	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Missile Procurement, Army	6,245,770	382,238	6,628,008
Weapons & Tracked Combat Vehicles, Army	3,699,392	67,000	3,766,392
Procurement of Ammunition, Army	2,702,640	6,143	2,708,783
Other Procurement, Army	8,616,524	-163,743	8,452,781
Aircraft Procurement, Navy	16,214,250	-38,280	16,175,970
Weapons Procurement, Navy	6,600,327	94,475	6,694,802
Procurement of Ammunition, Navy & Marine Corps	1,747,883	-75,163	1,672,720
Shipbuilding & Conversion, Navy	32,378,291	365,344	32,743,635
Other Procurement, Navy	15,877,253	-240,574	15,636,679
Procurement, Marine Corps	4,243,863	-279,926	3,963,937
Aircraft Procurement, Air Force	19,835,430	1,585,517	21,420,947
Missile Procurement, Air Force	4,373,609	-52,472	4,321,137
Procurement of Ammunition, Air Force	709,475	-20,859	688,616
Other Procurement, Air Force	30,298,764	-244,583	30,054,181
Procurement, Space Force	4,262,979	-468,658	3,794,321
Procurement, Defense-Wide	5,406,751	537,845	5,944,596
Subtotal, Title I—Procurement	166,377,384	1,472,104	167,849,488
Title II—Research, Development, Test and Evaluation			
Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army	14,073,308	212,243	14,285,551
Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy	25,697,815	658,508	26,356,323
Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Air Force	49,108,771	-385,560	48,723,211
Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Space Force	18,700,153	-328,399	18,371,754
Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense- Wide	35,227,834	454,659	35,682,493
Operational Test & Evaluation, Defense	348,709		348,709
Subtotal, Title II—Research, Development, Test and Evaluation	143,156,590	611,451	143,768,041
Title III—Operation and Maintenance			
Operation & Maintenance, Army	59,152,479	-132,842	59,019,637
Operation & Maintenance, Army Reserve	3,360,777	-27,300	3,333,477
Operation & Maintenance, Army National Guard	8,646,145	-37,360	8,608,785
Counter-ISIS Train and Equip Fund	528,699		528,699
Operation & Maintenance, Navy	75,022,582	240,343	75,262,925
Operation & Maintenance, Marine Corps	10,562,804	609,830	11,172,634
Operation & Maintenance, Navy Reserve	1,341,662	-2,900	1,338,762
Operation & Maintenance, Marine Corps Reserve	338,080	-1,800	336,280
Operation & Maintenance, Air Force	64,617,734	-614,363	64,003,371
Operation & Maintenance, Space Force	5,292,272	-75,000	5,217,272
Operation & Maintenance, Air Force Reserve	4,173,796	-62,000	4,111,796
Operation & Maintenance, Air National Guard	7,403,771	-88,000	7,315,771
Operation & Maintenance, Defense-Wide	54,175,850	-1,718,982	52,456,868
United States Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces	21,035		21,035
DOD Acquisition Workforce Development Fund	56,176		56,176
Overseas Humanitarian, Disaster, and Civic Aid	115,335		115,335
Cooperative Threat Reduction Account	350,116		350,116
Environmental Restoration, Army	268,069	30,000	298,069

SUMMARY OF NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 2025 Request	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Environmental Restoration, Navy	343,591		343,591
Environmental Restoration, Air Force	320,256	10,000	330,256
Environmental Restoration, Defense	8,800		8,800
Environmental Restoration, Formerly Used Sites	234,475		234,475
Subtotal, Title III—Operation and Maintenance	296,334,504	–1,870,374	294,464,130
Title IV—Military Personnel			
Military Personnel Appropriations	170,834,234	865,086	171,699,320
Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Fund Contributions ...	11,046,305		11,046,305
Subtotal, Title IV—Military Personnel	181,880,539	865,086	182,745,625
Title XIV—Other Authorizations			
Working Capital Fund, Army	23,604		23,604
Working Capital Fund, Navy	30,000		30,000
Working Capital Fund, Air Force	86,874		86,874
National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund	7,629		7,629
Working Capital Fund, Defense-Wide	2,256		2,256
Working Capital Fund, DECA	1,570,187		1,570,187
National Defense Sealift Fund	0		0
Chemical Agents & Munitions Destruction	775,507		775,507
Drug Interdiction and Counter Drug Activities	901,479	10,000	911,479
Office of the Inspector General	547,331		547,331
Defense Health Program	40,273,860	–726,570	39,547,290
Subtotal, Title XIV—Other Authorizations	44,218,727	–716,570	43,502,157
Total, Division A: Department of Defense Authoriza-			
tions	831,967,744	361,697	832,329,441
Division B: Military Construction Authorizations			
Military Construction			
Army	2,311,157	174,500	2,485,657
Navy	4,540,899	–451,277	4,089,622
Air Force	3,187,126	345,290	3,532,416
Defense-Wide	3,733,163	–545,213	3,187,950
Army National Guard	362,129	115,200	477,329
Army Reserve	255,032	96,000	351,032
Navy and Marine Corps Reserve	29,829	10,000	39,829
Air National Guard	190,792	105,900	296,692
Air Force Reserve	69,263	68,600	137,863
NATO Security Investment Program	433,864	30,000	463,864
INDOPACOM Military Construction Pilot	0	150,000	150,000
Subtotal, Military Construction	15,113,254	99,000	15,212,254
Family Housing			
Construction, Army	276,647	–18,000	258,647
Operation & Maintenance, Army	475,611		475,611
Construction, Navy and Marine Corps	245,742	–156,000	89,742
Operation & Maintenance, Navy and Marine Corps	377,217		377,217

SUMMARY OF NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 2025 Request	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Construction, Air Force	221,549		221,549
Operation & Maintenance, Air Force	326,250		326,250
Operation & Maintenance, Defense-Wide	52,156		52,156
Family Housing Improvement Fund	8,195		8,195
Unaccompanied Housing Improvement Fund	497	0	497
Subtotal, Family Housing	1,983,864	-174,000	1,809,864
Base Realignment and Closure			
Base Realignment and Closure—Army	212,556	25,000	237,556
Base Realignment and Closure—Navy	111,697	25,000	136,697
Base Realignment and Closure—Air Force	121,952	25,000	146,952
Base Realignment and Closure—Defense-wide	1,756		1,756
Subtotal, Base Realignment and Closure	447,961	75,000	522,961
Total, Division B: Military Construction Authoriza-			
tions	17,545,079	0	17,545,079
Total, 051, Department of Defense-Military	849,512,823	361,697	849,874,520
Division C: Department of Energy National Security Authorization and Other Authorizations			
Function 053, Atomic Energy Defense Activities			
Environmental and Other Defense Activities			
Nuclear Energy	150,000		150,000
Defense Uranium Enrichment D&D	384,957	-384,957	0
Weapons Activities	19,848,644	132,400	19,981,044
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	2,465,108	-14,000	2,451,108
Naval Reactors	2,118,773	-150,000	1,968,773
Federal Salaries and Expenses	564,475	-25,475	539,000
Defense Environmental Cleanup	7,059,695	-54,065	7,005,630
Other Defense Activities	1,140,023		1,140,023
Subtotal, Environmental and Other Defense Activi-			
ties	33,731,675	-496,097	33,235,578
Independent Federal Agency Authorization			
Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board	47,210		47,210
Subtotal, Independent Federal Agency Authorization	47,210	0	47,210
Subtotal, 053, Atomic Energy Defense Activities	33,778,885	-496,097	33,282,788
Function 054, Defense-Related Activities			
Other Agency Authorizations			
Maritime Security Program	318,000	72,000	390,000
Tanker Security Program	60,000	62,400	122,400
Subtotal, Other Agency Authorizations	378,000	134,400	512,400
Subtotal, 054, Defense-Related Activities	378,000	134,400	512,400

SUMMARY OF NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 2025 Request	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Subtotal, Division C: Department of Energy National Security Authorization and Other Authorizations ..	34,156,885	–361,697	33,795,188
Total, National Defense	883,669,708	0	883,669,708
MEMORANDUM: NON-DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS	595,230	566,900	1,162,130
Title XIV—Armed Forces Retirement Home (Function 700)	100,520		100,520
Title XXXIV—Naval Petroleum and Oil Shale Reserves (Function 270)	13,010		13,010
Title XXXV—Maritime Administration (Function 400) ..	481,700	566,900	1,048,600
MEMORANDUM: TRANSFER AUTHORITIES (NON-ADD)			
Title X—General Transfer Authority	[8,000,000]	[–2,000,000]	[6,000,000]
MEMORANDUM: DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS NOT UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE (NON-ADD)			
Defense Production Act	393,377		393,377

NATIONAL DEFENSE BUDGET AUTHORITY IMPLICATION

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 2025 Request	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Summary, Discretionary Authorizations Within the Jurisdiction of the Armed Services Committee			
SUBTOTAL, DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE (051)	849,512,823	361,697	849,874,520
SUBTOTAL, ATOMIC ENERGY DEFENSE PROGRAMS (053)	33,778,675	–496,097	33,282,578
SUBTOTAL, DEFENSE-RELATED ACTIVITIES (054)	378,000	134,400	512,400
TOTAL, NATIONAL DEFENSE	883,669,498	0	883,669,498
Scoring adjustments			
Transfers to non-Defense budget functions (051)	–177,500		–177,500
Subtotal, Scoring Adjustments	–177,500	0	–177,500
National Defense Discretionary Programs not In the Jurisdiction of the Armed Services Committee or Do Not Require Additional Authorization			
Defense Production Act Purchases	393,377		393,377
Indefinite Account: Disposal of DOD Real Property	7,120		7,120
Indefinite Account: Lease of DOD Real Property	34,180		34,180
Subtotal, Budget Sub-Function 051	434,677	0	434,677
Corps of Engineers—Civil Works, Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program	200,000		200,000
Subtotal, Budget Sub-Function 053	200,000	0	200,000

NATIONAL DEFENSE BUDGET AUTHORITY IMPLICATION—Continued

(In Thousands of Dollars)

	FY 2025 Request	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Other Discretionary Programs	11,105,000		11,105,000
Subtotal, Budget Sub-Function 054	11,105,000	0	11,105,000
Total Defense Discretionary Adjustments (050)	11,562,177	0	11,562,177
Budget Authority Implication, National Defense Discretionary			
Department of Defense--Military (051)	849,770,000	361,697	850,131,697
Atomic Energy Defense Activities (053)	33,978,675	-496,097	33,482,578
Defense-Related Activities (054)	11,483,000	134,400	11,617,400
Total BA Implication, National Defense Discretionary	895,231,675	0	895,231,675
National Defense Mandatory Programs, Current Law (CBO Baseline)			
Concurrent receipt accrual payments to the Military Retirement Fund	22,973,000		22,973,000
Revolving, trust and other DOD Mandatory	2,053,000		2,053,000
Offsetting receipts	-2,032,000		-2,032,000
Subtotal, Budget Sub-Function 051	22,994,000	0	22,994,000
Energy employees occupational illness compensation programs	2,943,000		2,943,000
CDC-Wide Activities and Program Support	58,000		58,000
Subtotal, Budget Sub-Function 053	3,001,000	0	3,001,000
Payment to CIA retirement fund	514,000		514,000
Subtotal, Budget Sub-Function 054	514,000	0	514,000
Total National Defense Mandatory (050)	26,509,000	0	26,509,000
Budget Authority Implication, National Defense Discretionary and Mandatory			
Department of Defense--Military (051)	872,764,000	361,697	873,125,697
Atomic Energy Defense Activities (053)	36,979,675	-496,097	36,483,578
Defense-Related Activities (054)	11,997,000	134,400	12,131,400
Total BA Implication, National Defense Discretionary and Mandatory	921,740,675	0	921,740,675

TITLE XLI—PROCUREMENT

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT.

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)											
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, ARMY											
FIXED WING											
002	FUTURE UAS FAMILY		149,059		149,059		149,059				149,059
003	SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS		69,573		69,573		69,573		79,573		69,573
	Company Small UAS (Co sUAS)—Army UFR								[10,000]		
ROTARY											
004	AH-64 APACHE BLOCK IIA REMAN	31	570,655	31	570,655	31	570,655	31	570,655	31	570,655
006	UH-60 BLACKHAWK M MODEL (MYP)	24	709,054	24	709,054	24	709,054	24	709,054	24	709,054
007	UH-60 BLACKHAWK M MODEL (MYP) AP		58,170		58,170		58,170		58,170		58,170
009	CH-47 HELICOPTER	10	699,698	12	804,698	10	699,698	10	699,698	10	699,698
	Two additional aircraft			[2]	[105,000]						
MODIFICATION OF AIRCRAFT											
012	MQ-1 PAYLOAD		14,086		14,086		14,086				14,086
013	GRAY EAGLE MODS2		23,865		23,865		23,865				23,865
015	AH-64 MODS		81,026		81,026		81,026		94,326	7,800	88,826
	AH-64E Apache Improved Tail Rotor Blade (ITRB) ac- celeration—Army UFR.								[13,300]	[7,800]	
016	CH-47 CARGO HELICOPTER MODS (MYP)		15,825		15,825		15,825		15,825		15,825
017	UTILITY HELICOPTER MODS		34,565		34,565		34,565		44,565	10,000	44,565
	UH-72A Lakota lifecycle sustainment and moderniza- tion.								[10,000]	[10,000]	
018	NETWORK AND MISSION PLAN		49,862		49,862		49,862		49,862		49,862
019	COMMS. NAV SURVEILLANCE		61,362		61,362		61,362		61,362		61,362
020	DEGRADED VISUAL ENVIRONMENT		3,839		3,839		3,839		3,839		3,839
021	AVIATION ASSURED PNT		69,161		69,161		69,161		69,161		69,161
022	GATM ROLLUP		4,842		4,842		4,842		4,842		4,842

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)										
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	
023	UAS MDOS		2,265		2,265		2,265			2,265
	GROUND SUPPORT AVIONICS									
024	AIRCRAFT SURVIVABILITY EQUIPMENT		139,331		139,331		139,331			139,331
026	CMWS		51,646		51,646		51,646			51,646
027	COMMON INFRARED COUNTERMEASURES (CIRCIM)	100	257,854	100	257,854	100	257,854		100	257,854
	OTHER SUPPORT									
028	COMMON GROUND EQUIPMENT		31,181		31,181		31,181			31,181
029	AIRCRAFT INTEGRATED SYSTEMS		14,478		14,478		14,478			14,478
030	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL		27,428		27,428		27,428			27,428
031	LAUNCHER, 2.75 ROCKET		3,815		3,815		3,815			3,815
032	LAUNCHER GUIDED MISSILE: LONGBOW HELFIRE XM2		21,543		21,543		21,543			21,543
	TOTAL AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, ARMY	165	3,164,183	167	3,269,183	165	3,197,483	17,800	165	3,181,983
	MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY									
	SURFACE-TO-AIR MISSILE SYSTEM									
001	LOWER TIER AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE (AMD) SEN		516,838		516,838		516,838			516,838
003	M-SHORAD—PROCUREMENT		69,091		69,091		69,091			69,091
004	MSE MISSILE	230	963,060	230	963,060	230	963,060		230	963,060
	JPAC supplier base investments						[50,000]			
	Munitions supplier base program (MCEP) [SRMs, ball bearings, PCBs, etc.]						[100,000]			
006	PRECISION STRIKE MISSILE (PRSM)	230	482,536	261	531,536	300	746,536	70	114,000	596,536
	Army UPL #22/INDOPACOM UPL			[31]	[49,000]	[70]	[114,000]	[70]	[114,000]	
	F25 PRSM Inc 1 production increase (+70)—Army UFR						[150,000]			
	PRSM capacity expansion to 550/yr						[150,000]			
007	PRECISION STRIKE MISSILE (PRSM) AP		10,030		10,030		10,030			10,030
008	INDIRECT FIRE PROTECTION CAPABILITY INC 2-I		657,581		657,581		657,581			603,477
	IDDS-A integrated logistics support unjustified									
009	MID-RANGE CAPABILITY (MRC)		233,037		233,037		233,037			233,037
010	COUNTER SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEM INTERCEPT		117,424		314,761		202,224			302,261
	Army cUAS interceptors—Army UFR						[184,800]			
	Army UPL #1—cUAS				[184,837]					
	cUAS Coyote—Army UPL				[12,500]					

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)											
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
001	ARMORED MULTI PURPOSE VEHICLE (AMPV)	81	515,344	89	563,344	81	515,344			81	515,344
	AMPV			[8]	[48,000]						
002	ASSAULT BREACHER VEHICLE (ABV)		5,681		5,681		5,681				5,681
003	M10 BOOKER	33	460,637	33	460,637	33	460,637			33	460,637
	MODIFICATION OF TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES										
004	STRYKER (MOD)		52,471		314,471		52,471				52,471
	Stryker Upgrade			[67]	[262,000]						
005	STRYKER UPGRADE	38	402,840	38	402,840	38	402,840			38	402,840
006	BRADLEY FIRE SUPPORT TEAM (BFST) VEHICLE		7,255		7,255		7,255				7,255
007	BRADLEY PROGRAM (MOD)		106,937		106,937		106,937				106,937
008	M109 FOV MODIFICATIONS		42,574		42,574		42,574				42,574
009	PALADIN INTEGRATED MANAGEMENT (PIM)	20	417,741	25	419,741	20	417,741		2,000	20	419,741
	Paladin Integrated Management			[5]	[2,000]				[2,000]		
010	IMPROVED RECOVERY VEHICLE (M88 HERCULES)	10	151,657	10	151,657	10	151,657		-10,000	10	141,657
	Program delays								[-10,000]		
011	JOINT ASSAULT BRIDGE	28	174,779	28	174,779	28	174,779			28	174,779
012	ABRAMS UPGRADE PROGRAM	30	773,745	30	848,745	30	773,745		75,000	30	848,745
	Abrams Upgrade				[75,000]				[75,000]		
	WEAPONS & OTHER COMBAT VEHICLES										
014	PERSONAL DEFENSE WEAPON (ROLL)	2,311	4,869	2,311	4,869	2,311	4,869			2,311	4,869
015	M240 MEDIUM MACHINE GUN (7.62MM)		3		3		3				3
017	MACHINE GUN, CAL .50 M2 ROLL		3		3		3				3
018	MORTAR SYSTEMS		8,353		8,353		8,353				8,353
019	LOCATION & AZIMUTH DETERMINATION SYSTEM (LAOS)		2,543		2,543		2,543				2,543
020	XM320 GRENADE LAUNCHER MODULE (GLM)		17,747		17,747		17,747				17,747
021	PRECISION SNIPER RIFLE		5,910		3,410		5,910				5,910
	Forward financed in FY24				[-2,500]						
022	CARBINE		3		3		3				3
023	NEXT GENERATION SQUAD WEAPON		367,292		308,992		367,292				367,292
	XM157 excessive quantity growth				[-58,300]						
024	HANDGUN		34		34		34				34
	MOD OF WEAPONS AND OTHER COMBAT VEH										
025	MK-19 GRENADE MACHINE GUN MODS		5,531		5,531		5,531				5,531

026	M777 MDS	25,998		25,998		25,998
029	IM119 MODIFICATIONS	12,823		12,823		12,823
	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT & FACILITIES					
031	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5.0M (WOVC-WTCV)	1,031		1,031		1,031
032	PRODUCTION BASE SUPPORT (WOVC-WTCV)	135,591		135,591		135,591
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF WEAPONS AND TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES, ARMY.	2,551	2,551	3,695,392	67,000	3,766,392
	PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, ARMY					
	SMALL/MEDIUM CAL AMMUNITION					
001	CTG, 5.56MM, ALL TYPES	84,090		84,090		84,090
002	CTG, 7.62MM, ALL TYPES	90,631		41,519	15,000	56,519
	Program increase	[49,112]			[15,000]	
003	NEXT GENERATION SQUAD WEAPON AMMUNITION	237,039		205,889		205,889
	6.8MM munitions—Army UPL	[33,150]				
	Excessive unit cost	[−2,000]				
004	CTG, HANDGUN, ALL TYPES	8,961		6,461	2,500	8,961
	Program increase	[2,500]			[2,500]	
005	CTG, .50 CAL, ALL TYPES	65,002		50,002	10,000	60,002
	Program increase	[15,000]			[10,000]	
006	CTG, 20MM, ALL TYPES	7,012		7,012		7,012
007	CTG, 25MM, ALL TYPES	24,246		24,246		24,246
008	CTG, 30MM, ALL TYPES	82,965		82,965	−10,343	72,622
	Unjustified unit cost increases				[−10,343]	
009	CTG, 40MM, ALL TYPES	150,540		150,540		150,540
010	CTG, 50MM, ALL TYPES	20,006		20,006		20,006
	MORTAR AMMUNITION					
011	60MM MORTAR, ALL TYPES	40,853		40,853	−3,000	37,853
	Excessive unit cost growth	[−3,000]			[−3,000]	
012	81MM MORTAR, ALL TYPES	51,282		51,282		51,282
013	120MM MORTAR, ALL TYPES	109,370		109,370		109,370
	Excessive unit cost growth	[−4,000]				
	TANK AMMUNITION					
014	CARTRIDGES, TANK, 105MM AND 120MM, ALL TYPES	378,191		378,191		378,191
	ARTILLERY AMMUNITION					
015	ARTILLERY CARTRIDGES, 75MM & 105MM, ALL TYPES	22,957		22,957		22,957
016	ARTILLERY PROJECTILE, 155MM, ALL TYPES	163,657		171,657		171,657
	IM231 Series (DAL2) excessive cost growth	[−8,000]				
017	PRECISION ARTILLERY MUNITIONS	71,426		71,426		71,426
018	ARTILLERY PROPELLANTS, FUZES AND PRIMERS, ALL	160,479		160,479	−5,114	155,365

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)											
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
	Excess growth: Precision guidance kit										
	MINES										
019	MINES & CLEARING CHARGES, ALL TYPES		56,032		56,032		56,032		56,032		56,032
020	CLOSE TERRAIN SHAPING OBSTACLE		15,303		15,303		15,303		15,303		15,303
021	MINE AT, VOLCANO, ALL TYPES		501		501		501		501		501
	ROCKETS										
022	SHOULDER LAUNCHED MUNITIONS, ALL TYPES		833		833		833		833		833
023	ROCKET, HYDRA 70, ALL TYPES		34,302		1,302		34,302		34,302		34,302
	Forward financed in FY24				[-33,000]						
	OTHER AMMUNITION										
024	CAD/PAD, ALL TYPES		6,571		6,571		6,571		6,571		6,571
025	DEMOLITION MUNITIONS, ALL TYPES		21,682		21,682		21,682		21,682		21,682
026	GRENADES, ALL TYPES		32,623		30,123		32,623		32,623		32,623
	Forward financed in FY24				[-2,500]						
027	SIGNALS, ALL TYPES		21,510		21,510		21,510		21,510		21,510
028	SIMULATORS, ALL TYPES		12,168		12,168		12,168		12,168		12,168
	MISCELLANEOUS										
030	AMMO COMPONENTS, ALL TYPES		4,085		4,085		4,085		4,085		4,085
032	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MILLION (AMMO)		16,074		16,074		16,074		16,074		16,074
033	AMMUNITION PECULIAR EQUIPMENT		3,283		3,283		3,283		3,283		3,283
034	FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION (AMMO)		18,677		18,677		18,677		18,677		18,677
035	CLOSEOUT LIABILITIES		102		102		102		102		102
	PRODUCTION BASE SUPPORT										
036	INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES		640,160		640,160		640,160		640,160		640,160
037	CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS DEMILITARIZATION		135,649		121,649		132,749		-2,900		132,749
	Destruction of anti-personnel landmines						[-2,900]				
	Excessive Demil				[-14,000]				[-2,900]		
038	ARMS INITIATIVE		4,140		4,140		4,140				4,140
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, ARMY		2,702,640		2,735,902		2,695,740		6,143		2,708,783
	OTHER PROCUREMENT, ARMY										
	TACTICAL VEHICLES										
001	SEMITRAILERS, FLATBED:		26,132		26,132		26,132				26,132

002	SEMITRAILERS, TANKERS	59,602			59,602				59,602
003	HI MOB MULTI-PURP WHLD VEH (HMMWV)	5,265			5,265				5,265
004	GROUND MOBILITY VEHICLES (GMV)	34,407			78,507	76	12,200		46,607
	GMV- ISV procurement	[10,000]							
	Infantry squad vehicles				[44,100]	[76]	[12,200]		
006	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE FAMILY OF VEHCL				528,223		-119,344		533,879
	Joint Light Tactical Vehicle program reduction				[-125,000]				
	Program decrease	453,223							
	TRUCK, DUMP, 20T (CCE)	[-200,000]							
007	Heavy Dump Truck	19,086			19,086	28	15,000		34,086
	FAMILY OF MEDIUM TACTICAL VEH (FMIV)	[30,000]				[28]	[15,000]		
008	FAMILY OF COLD WEATHER ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE (C	133,924			133,924				133,924
009	FIRETRUCKS & ASSOCIATED FREIGHTING EQUIP	72,760			72,760				72,760
010	FAMILY OF HEAVY TACTICAL VEHICLES (FHTV)	36,726			36,726				36,726
011	PLS ESP	98,906			98,906				98,906
012	HYV EXPANDED MOBILE TACTICAL TRUCK EXT SERV	80,256			80,256				80,256
013	TACTICAL WHEELED VEHICLE PROTECTION MTS	949			949				949
014	MODIFICATION OF IN SVC EQUIP	2,747			2,747				2,747
015	HMMWV ABSFESC	169,726			169,726		50,000		219,726
	NON-TACTICAL VEHICLES	[75,000]					[50,000]		
016	PASSENGER CARRYING VEHICLES	3,875			3,875				3,875
017	NONTACTICAL VEHICLES, OTHER	10,792			10,792				10,792
	COMM—JOINT COMMUNICATIONS								
018	SIGNAL MODERNIZATION PROGRAM	127,479			127,479				127,479
019	TACTICAL NETWORK TECHNOLOGY MOD IN SVC	280,798			280,798				280,798
021	JCSE EQUIPMENT (USRDECOM)	5,504			5,504				5,504
	COMM—SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS								
024	DEFENSE ENTERPRISE WIDEBAND SATCOM SYSTEMS	87,058			87,058				87,058
025	TRANSPORTABLE TACTICAL COMMAND COMMUNICATIONS	34,939			34,939				34,939
026	SHF TERM	43,897			43,897				43,897
027	ASSURED POSITIONING, NAVIGATION AND TIMING	235,272			235,272				235,272
028	EHF SATELLITE COMMUNICATION	16,028			16,028				16,028
030	GLOBAL BRODCAST SVC—GBS	534			534				534
	COMM—C3 SYSTEM								
032	COE TACTICAL SERVER INFRASTRUCTURE (TSI)	61,772			61,772				61,772
	COMM—COMBAT COMMUNICATIONS								
033	HANDHELD MANPACK SMALL FORM FIT (HMS)	704,118			698,118		-19,500		684,618
	Program decrease				[-19,500]				
	Single Channel Data Radio								
034	ARMY LINK 16 SYSTEMS	104,320			104,320				104,320

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)											
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
036	UNIFIED COMMAND SUITE		20,445		20,445		20,445				20,445
037	COTS COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT		489,754		464,554		489,754				489,754
	LCITRR—program decrease				[–15,200]						
	Program decrease				[–10,000]						
039	ARMY COMMUNICATIONS & ELECTRONICS		60,611		60,611		60,611				60,611
	COMM—INTELLIGENCE COMM										
040	CI AUTOMATION ARCHITECTURE-INTEL		15,512		15,512		15,512				15,512
042	MULTI-DOMAIN INTELLIGENCE		163,077		163,077		163,077				163,077
	INFORMATION SECURITY										
043	INFORMATION SYSTEM SECURITY PROGRAM-ISSP		337		337		337				337
044	COMMUNICATIONS SECURITY (COMSEC)		157,400		157,400		157,400				157,400
047	BIOMETRIC ENABLING CAPABILITY (BEC)		45		45		45				45
	COMM—LONG HAUL COMMUNICATIONS										
049	BASE SUPPORT COMMUNICATIONS		26,446		26,446		26,446				26,446
	COMM—BASE COMMUNICATIONS										
050	INFORMATION SYSTEMS		75,505		75,505		75,505		–15,000		60,505
	Execution delays								[–15,000]		
051	EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT MODERNIZATION PROGRAM		15,956		15,956		15,956				15,956
052	INSTALLATION INFO INFRASTRUCTURE MOD PROGRAM		150,779		150,779		150,779				150,779
	ELECT EQUIP—TACT INT REL ACT (TIARA)										
056	JIT/CIBS-M		9,221		9,221		9,221				9,221
057	TERRESTRIAL LAYER SYSTEMS (TLS)		96,925		96,925				–8,513		88,412
	Terrestrial Layer System Brigade Combat Team realign- ment.						[–32,700]		[–8,513]		
059	DCGS-A-INTEL		4,122		4,122		4,122				4,122
061	TROJAN		39,344		39,344		39,344				39,344
062	MOD OF IN-SVC EQUIP (INTEL SPT)		6,541		6,541		16,541		7,000		13,541
	Prophet Enhanced Signals Processing kits						[10,000]		[7,000]		
063	CI AND HUMINT INTELLIGENCE (HUMINT) CAPABILIT		3,899		3,899		3,899				3,899
064	BIOMETRIC TACTICAL COLLECTION DEVICES		2,089		2,089		2,089				2,089
	ELECT EQUIP—ELECTRONIC WARFARE (EW)										
065	EW PLANNING & MANAGEMENT TOOLS (EWPMT)		26,327				26,327		–21,278		5,049
	Award cancellation				[–26,327]				[–21,278]		

066	AIR VIGILANCE (AV)	9,956	9,956	9,956	9,956
067	MULTI-FUNCTION ELECTRONIC WARFARE (MFEW) SYST	17,004	17,004	17,004	17,004
068	FAMILY OF PERSISTENT SURVEILLANCE CAP	13,225	13,225	13,225	13,225
069	COUNTERINTELLIGENCE/SECURITY COUNTERMEASURES	20,951	20,951	20,951	20,951
070	CI MODERNIZATION	260	260	260	260
	ELECT EQUIP—TACTICAL SURV. (TAC SURV)				
071	SENTINEL MODS	180,253	180,253	180,253	180,253
072	NIGHT VISION DEVICES	377,443	176,943	377,443	367,443
	Integrated Visual Augmentation System		[-200,500]		[-10,000]
073	SMALL TACTICAL OPTICAL RIFLE MOUNTED MLRF	10,864	13,059	10,864	10,864
	MPE Tech Refresh		[2,195]		
074	INDIRECT FIRE PROTECTION FAMILY OF SYSTEMS	63,122	63,122	63,122	63,122
075	FAMILY OF WEAPON SIGHTS (FWS)	207,352	207,352	207,352	164,980
	Program termination: FWS—CS				[-42,372]
076	ENHANCED PORTABLE INDUCTIVE ARTILLERY FUZE SE	2,971	2,971	2,971	2,971
077	FORWARD LOOKING INFRARED (FLIR)	68,504	68,504	68,504	68,504
078	COUNTER SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEM (C-SUAS)	280,086	345,586	345,586	280,086
	Army cJAS radars—Army UFR		[65,500]		
	Army UPL #2		[165,455]		
079	JOINT BATTLE COMMAND—PLATFORM (JBC-P)	184,610	184,610	184,610	174,110
	Program decrease		[-10,500]		[-10,500]
080	JOINT EFFECTS TARGETING SYSTEM (JETS)	9,345	9,345	9,345	9,345
081	COMPUTER BALLISTICS: LHMBC XM32	2,966	2,966	2,966	2,966
082	MORTAR FIRE CONTROL SYSTEM	4,660	4,660	4,660	4,660
083	MORTAR FIRE CONTROL SYSTEMS MODIFICATIONS	6,098	6,098	6,098	6,098
084	COUNTERFIRE RADARS	21,250	21,250	21,250	21,250
	ELECT EQUIP—TACTICAL C2 SYSTEMS				
085	ARMY COMMAND POST INTEGRATED INFRASTRUCTURE (.....	20,039	20,039	20,039	15,039
	Carryover				[-5,000]
086	FIRE SUPPORT C2 FAMILY	16,240	16,240	16,240	16,240
087	AIR & MSL DEFENSE PLANNING & CONTROL SYS	80,011	80,011	80,011	80,011
088	IAMD BATTLE COMMAND SYSTEM	403,028	403,028	403,028	403,028
089	AIAMD FAMILY OF SYSTEMS (FOS) COMPONENTS	2,756	2,756	2,756	2,756
090	LIFE CYCLE SOFTWARE SUPPORT (LCSS)	5,360	5,360	5,360	5,360
091	NETWORK MANAGEMENT INITIALIZATION AND SERVICE	48,994	48,994	48,994	48,994
092	GLOBAL COMBAT SUPPORT SYSTEM-ARMY (GCSS-A)	4,103	4,103	4,103	4,103
093	INTEGRATED PERSONNEL AND PAY SYSTEM-ARMY (IPP	6,512	6,512	6,512	6,512
094	MOD OF IN-SVC EQUIPMENT (ENFIRE)	5,017	5,017	5,017	5,017
	ELECT EQUIP—AUTOMATION				
095	ARMY TRAINING MODERNIZATION	10,065	10,065	10,065	10,065

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)											
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
096	AUTOMATED DATA PROCESSING EQUIP		78,613		78,613		78,613				78,613
097	ACCESSIONS INFORMATION ENVIRONMENT (AIE)		1,303		1,303		1,303				1,303
099	HIGH PERF COMPUTING MOD PGM (HPCMP)		76,327		76,327		76,327				76,327
100	CONTRACT WRITING SYSTEM		1,667		1,667		1,667				1,667
101	CSS COMMUNICATIONS		60,850		60,850		60,850				60,850
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS										
102A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		1,817		1,817		1,817				1,817
	CHEMICAL DEFENSIVE EQUIPMENT										
104	BASE DEFENSE SYSTEMS (BDS)		32,879		32,879		32,879				32,879
105	CBRN DEFENSE		57,408		57,408		57,408				57,408
	BRIDGING EQUIPMENT										
107	TACTICAL BRIDGE, FLOAT-RIBBON		97,231		97,231		97,231				97,231
	ENGINEER (NON-CONSTRUCTION) EQUIPMENT										
111	ROBOTICS AND APPLIQUE SYSTEMS		62,469		78,469		62,469		4,000		66,469
	Silent Tactical Energy Enhanced Dismount (STEED)				[16,000]				[4,000]		
112	RENDER SAFE SETS KITS OUTFITS		16,440		16,440		16,440				16,440
113	FAMILY OF BOATS AND MOTORS		1,922		1,922		1,922				1,922
	COMBAT SERVICE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT										
114	HEATERS AND ECUS'		14,355		14,355		14,355				14,355
115	PERSONNEL RECOVERY SUPPORT SYSTEM (PRSS)		6,503		6,503		6,503				6,503
116	GROUND SOLDIER SYSTEM		141,613		128,746		141,613				141,613
	Program decrease				[-12,867]						
117	MOBILE SOLDIER POWER		23,129		23,129		23,129				23,129
118	FORCE PROVIDER		9,569		9,569		9,569				9,569
119	CARGO AERIAL DEL & PERSONNEL PARACHUTE SYSTEM		46,312		46,312		46,312				46,312
120	FAMILY OF ENGR COMBAT AND CONSTRUCTION SETS		9,217		9,217		9,217				9,217
	PETROLEUM EQUIPMENT										
122	QUALITY SURVEILLANCE EQUIPMENT		2,879		2,879		2,879				2,879
123	DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS, PETROLEUM & WATER		57,050		57,050		57,050				57,050
	MEDICAL EQUIPMENT										
124	COMBAT SUPPORT MEDICAL		72,157		72,157		72,157				72,157
	MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT										
125	MOBILE MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT SYSTEMS		26,271		26,271		26,271				26,271

127	CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT	114	2,114	15,114	10,000	10,114
	ALL TERRAIN CRANES		[2,000]			
	All Terrain Cranes					
	Family of All Terrain Cranes Type I			[15,000]		
128	HIGH MOBILITY ENGINEER EXCAVATOR (HMEE)	31,663	31,663		[10,000]	31,663
130	CONST EQUIP ESP	8,925	8,925	8,925		8,925
	RAIL FLOAT CONTAINERIZATION EQUIPMENT					
131	ARMY WATERCRAFT ESP	55,459	55,459	55,459		55,459
132	MANEUVER SUPPORT VESSEL (MSV)	66,634	66,634	66,634		66,634
133	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5.0M (FLOAT/RAIL)	20,036	20,036	20,036		20,036
	GENERATORS					
134	GENERATORS AND ASSOCIATED EQUIP	81,540	81,540	81,540		81,540
135	TACTICAL ELECTRIC POWER RECAPITALIZATION	12,051	12,051	12,051		12,051
	MATERIAL HANDLING EQUIPMENT					
136	FAMILY OF FORKLIFTS	7,849	7,849	7,849		7,849
	TRAINING EQUIPMENT					
137	COMBAT TRAINING CENTERS SUPPORT	40,686	40,686	40,686		40,686
138	TRAINING DEVICES, NONSYSTEM	174,890	174,890	174,890		174,890
139	SYNTHETIC TRAINING ENVIRONMENT (STE)	218,183	196,363	218,183		207,747
	Synthetic Training Environment		[-21,820]		-10,436	
140	GAMING TECHNOLOGY IN SUPPORT OF ARMY TRAINING	10,172	10,172	10,172		10,172
	TEST MEASURE AND DIG EQUIPMENT (TMDE)					
141	INTEGRATED FAMILY OF TEST EQUIPMENT (IFTE)	48,329	48,329	48,329		48,329
142	TEST EQUIPMENT MODERNIZATION (TEMOD)	46,128	46,128	46,128		46,128
	OTHER SUPPORT EQUIPMENT					
143	PHYSICAL SECURITY SYSTEMS (OPAS)	138,459	138,459	138,459		138,459
144	BASE LEVEL COMMON EQUIPMENT	29,968	29,968	29,968		29,968
145	MODIFICATION OF IN-SVC EQUIPMENT (OPA-3)	42,487	42,487	42,487		42,487
146	BUILDING, PRE-FAB, RELOCATABLE	26,980	26,980	26,980		26,980
147	SPECIAL EQUIPMENT FOR TEST AND EVALUATION	90,705	90,705	90,705		90,705
	OP42					
149	INITIAL SPARES—C&E	9,810	9,810	9,810		9,810
	TOTAL OTHER PROCUREMENT, ARMY	8,616,524	8,598,765	8,389,119	104	8,452,781
	57				-163,743	
	AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, NAVY					
	COMBAT AIRCRAFT					
	F/A-18E/F (FIGHTER) HORNET	28,554	28,554	28,554		28,554
001						
002	JOINT STRIKE FIGHTER CV	13	1,895,033	1,895,033		1,847,872
	Correction of F-35 program deficiencies	11	1,695,033		-47,161	
	Excess cost growth	[-2]	[-200,000]			[-47,161]

031	H-53 SERIES	107,247	107,247	102,939	[−5,358] −4,308 [−4,308]
	HDVR 8-Kit unit cost growth				
	Other support costs excess growth				
032	MH-60 SERIES	108,072	108,072	108,072	
033	H-1 SERIES	153,006	153,006	153,006	
035	E-2 SERIES	148,060	148,060	148,060	
036	TRAINER A/C SERIES	12,415	12,415	12,415	
037	C-130 SERIES	188,119	188,119	188,119	
038	FENSG	663	663	663	
039	CARGO/TRANSPORT A/C SERIES	13,162	13,162	13,162	
040	E-6 SERIES	142,368	142,368	142,368	
	Accelerate Fund NC3 Recapitalization and New Trans- mission Pathways—Navy UFR.		[42,900]		
041	EXECUTIVE HELICOPTERS SERIES	69,495	69,495	69,495	
042	T-45 SERIES	158,800	158,800	158,800	
043	POWER PLANT CHANGES	16,806	16,806	16,806	
044	JPAT'S SERIES	24,157	24,157	24,157	
045	AVIATION LIFE SUPPORT MODS	3,964	3,964	3,964	
046	COMMON ECM EQUIPMENT	52,791	52,791	52,791	
047	COMMON AVIONICS CHANGES	139,113	139,113	139,113	
048	COMMON DEFENSIVE WEAPON SYSTEM	10,687	10,687	10,687	
049	ID SYSTEMS	7,020	7,020	7,020	
050	P-8 SERIES	307,202	307,202	307,202	
051	MAGTF EW FOR AVIATION	25,597	25,597	25,597	
053	V-22 (TILT/ROTOR ACFT) OSPREY	235,062	325,062	295,062	60,000
	Osprey Drive System Safety and Health Information (ODSSH).		[90,000]		
054	Safety Enhancements				[60,000]
055	NEXT GENERATION JAMMER (NGJ)	453,226	453,226	453,226	
	F-35 STOVL SERIES	282,987	282,987	257,073	−25,914
	Early to need				[−25,914]
056	F-35 CV SERIES	183,924	183,924	165,105	−18,819 [−18,819]
	Early to need				[−33,946] [−33,946]
057	QRC	26,957	26,957	26,957	
058	MQ-4 SERIES	122,044	122,044	88,098	
	Installation costs excess growth				
063	AIRCRAFT SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS	2,094,242	2,094,242	2,094,242	
064	AIRCRAFT SUPPORT EQUIP & FACILITIES COMMON GROUND EQUIPMENT	572,806	572,806	572,806	

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)											
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
065	AIRCRAFT INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES		105,634		105,634		105,634				105,634
066	WAR CONSUMABLES		43,604		43,604		43,604				43,604
067	OTHER PRODUCTION CHARGES		73,307		73,307		73,307				73,307
068	SPECIAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		456,816		456,816		456,816				456,816
	TOTAL AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, NAVY	75	16,214,250	73	16,019,350	77	16,477,160	3	-38,280	78	16,175,970
	WEAPONS PROCUREMENT, NAVY										
	MODIFICATION OF MISSILES										
002	TRIDENT II MODS		1,793,867		1,793,867		1,793,867				1,793,867
003	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT & FACILITIES										
	MISSILE INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES		8,133		8,133		8,133				8,133
	STRATEGIC MISSILES										
004	TOMAHAWK		32,677		32,677		32,677				32,677
	FY25 Tomahawk obsolescence fines						[35,000]				
	TACTICAL MISSILES										
005	AMRAAM	261	279,626	261	279,626	261	279,626			261	279,626
006	SIDEWINDER	157	86,023	157	86,023	157	86,023			157	86,023
007	STANDARD MISSILE	125	627,386	125	627,386	125	627,386			125	627,386
008	STANDARD MISSILE AP		127,830		127,830		127,830				127,830
009	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB II	280	76,108	280	76,108	280	76,108			280	76,108
010	RAM	148	141,021	148	141,021	148	141,021			148	141,021
011	JOINT AIR GROUND MISSILE (JAGM)	182	76,838	182	76,838	182	76,838			182	76,838
013	AERIAL TARGETS		182,463		182,463		182,463				182,463
014	OTHER MISSILE SUPPORT		3,411		3,411		3,411				3,411
015	LFASM	90	326,435	90	326,435	90	326,435			90	326,435
016	NAVAL STRIKE MISSILE (NSM)	12	24,882	12	24,882	12	24,882	21	66,100	33	90,982
	NSM production increase (+21)							[21]	[66,100]		
017	NAVAL STRIKE MISSILE (NSM) AP		4,412		4,412		4,412				4,412
	MODIFICATION OF MISSILES										
018	TOMAHAWK MODS		317,839		317,839		317,839				317,839
019	ESSM	369	652,391	369	652,391	369	652,391			369	652,391
	Program delay				[-18,000]		[-18,000]				[-18,000]
020	AARGM-ER	157	213,988	157	213,988	157	213,988			157	213,988

021	AARGM-ER AP	34,604 75,667		34,604 75,667		34,604 75,667		-3,625 [-3,625]	34,604 72,042
022	STANDARD MISSILES MODS								
	Carryover								
023	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT & FACILITIES WEAPONS INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES	1,490		1,490		201,490 [100,000] [100,000]			1,490
	JPAC supplier base investments								
	Munitions supplier base program (MCEIP) [SRMs, ball bearings, PCBs, etc.]								
026	ORDNANCE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	351,488		351,488		351,488			351,488
	TORPEDOES AND RELATED EQUIP								
027	SSRD	4,317		4,317		4,317			4,317
028	Mk-48 TORPEDO	79	79	333,147	120 [41]	333,147 [118,000]	79		333,147
	Accelerate Mk-48 Heavy Weight Torpedo (HWT) Procurement (+41)—Navy UFR.								
029	ASW TARGETS	30,476		30,476		30,476			30,476
030	MOD OF TORPEDOES AND RELATED EQUIP MK-54 TORPEDO MODS	106,249		106,249		198,549 [92,300]		50,000 [50,000]	156,249
	Mk54 production increase								
031	MK-48 TORPEDO ADCAP MODS	17,363		17,363		17,363			17,363
032	MARITIME MINES	100,065		100,065		100,065			100,065
	Excessive cost growth			[-20,000]					
033	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT TORPEDO SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	151,809		151,809		151,809			151,809
034	ASW RANGE SUPPORT	4,039		4,039		4,039			4,039
035	DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION	5,669		5,669		5,669			5,669
036	GUNS AND GUN MOUNTS SMALL ARMS AND WEAPONS	12,513		12,513		12,513			12,513
	MODIFICATION OF GUNS AND GUN MOUNTS CMWS MODS	4,266		4,266		4,266			4,266
037	COAST GUARD WEAPONS	54,794		54,794		54,794			54,794
038	GUN MOUNT MODS	82,246		82,246		82,246			82,246
039	LCS MODULE WEAPONS	2,463		2,463		2,463			2,463
040	AIRBORNE MINE NEUTRALIZATION SYSTEMS	11,635		11,635		11,635			11,635
041	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS	240,697		240,697		243,697 [3,000]			240,697
043	Accelerate Mk-48 Heavy Weight Torpedo (HWT) Procurement (+41).								
	TOTAL WEAPONS PROCUREMENT, NAVY	1,872	1,872	6,600,327	1,913	7,114,727	21	94,475	6,694,802

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)											
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, NAVY AND MARINE CORPS											
NAVY AMMUNITION											
001	GENERAL PURPOSE BOMBS		33,161		33,161		33,161				33,161
002	JDAM	1,460	75,134	1,460	75,134	1,460	75,134		-2,025	1,460	73,109
	Excess to need								[-2,025]		
003	AIRBORNE ROCKETS, ALL TYPES		58,197		58,197		123,197				58,197
	FY25 Hydra 70 minimum sustained rate production						[65,000]				
004	MACHINE GUN AMMUNITION		12,501		12,501		12,501				12,501
005	PRACTICE BOMBS		56,745		56,745		71,145		-4,508		52,237
	Additional EM-T USMC ground-based fires training rounds.						[14,400]				
006	Q1300 LGTR unit cost growth		73,782		73,782		73,782		[-4,508]		73,782
007	CARTRIDGES & CART ACTUATED DEVICES		75,416		75,416		75,416				75,416
008	AIR EXPENDABLE COUNTERMEASURES		7,407		7,407		7,407				7,407
009	JATOS		29,990		29,990		29,990		-6,000		23,990
	5 INCH/54 GUN AMMUNITION								[-6,000]		
	Underexecution										
010	INTERMEDIATE CALIBER GUN AMMUNITION		40,089		40,089		40,089				40,089
011	OTHER SHIP GUN AMMUNITION		41,223		41,223		41,223				41,223
012	SMALL ARMS & LANDING PARTY AMMO		47,269		47,269		47,269				47,269
013	PYROTECHNIC AND DEMOLITION		9,703		9,703		9,703				9,703
015	AMMUNITION LESS THAN \$5 MILLION		1,703		1,703		1,703				1,703
016	EXPEDITIONARY LOITERING MUNITIONS		588,005		362,766		588,005		-60,750		527,255
	Contract execution				[-225,239]				[-60,750]		
MARINE CORPS AMMUNITION											
017	MORTARS		127,726		127,726		127,726				127,726
018	DIRECT SUPPORT MUNITIONS		43,769		43,769		43,769		-1,880		41,889
	Excess to need								[-1,880]		
019	INFANTRY WEAPONS AMMUNITION		266,277		266,277		266,277				266,277
020	COMBAT SUPPORT MUNITIONS		21,726		21,726		21,726				21,726
021	AMMO MODERNIZATION		18,211		18,211		18,211				18,211
022	ARTILLERY MUNITIONS		114,684		82,059		114,684				114,684

[illegible]

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)										
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	
	Small surface combatant shipyard infrastructure and workforce development.						[50,000]		[50,000]	
013A	FFG-FRIGATE AP				37,500					
	Frigate industrial base and workforce development				[37,500]					
014	AMPHIBIOUS SHIPS									
	LPD FLIGHT II	1	1,561,963	1	1,561,963	1	2,561,963		-330,000	1 1,231,963
	FY25 Navy request to complete amphibious ship multi-ship buy.						[1,000,000]			
015	LPD-33 program decrease								[-330,000]	
	LPD FLIGHT II AP								525,000	
	LPD-34 AP								[250,000]	
	LPD-35 AP								[275,000]	
019	LHA REPLACEMENT AP		61,118		61,118		61,118		499,882	561,000
	LHA-10 AP								[499,882]	
021	MEDIUM LANDING SHIP	1	268,068	1	268,068	1	30,068		-15,000	1 253,068
	Medium Landing Ship lead ship reduction						[-238,000]		[-238,000]	
021A	Nond developmental LSM						238,000			
	MEDIUM-SIZED Landing Vessel						[238,000]			
	Medium-sized landing vessel									
	AUXILIARIES, CRAFT AND PRIOR YR PROGRAM COST									
	AP for T-AO Fleet Oiler						[398,000]			
024	TOWING, SALVAGE, AND RESCUE SHIP (ATS)		60,000		60,000		60,000			
	Acceleration of T-ATS (+1 ship)				[60,000]		[60,000]			
	Cost to complete									
	LCU second shipyard		674,600		674,600		[95,000]		-68,847	605,753
027	OUTFITTING						674,600		[-68,847]	
	Early to need									
029	SERVICE CRAFT		11,426	1	41,426		11,426	1	30,000	41,426
	Additional YRBM			[1]	[30,000]			[1]	[30,000]	
030	AUXILIARY PERSONNEL LIGHTER		76,168		76,168		76,168			76,168
031	LOGAC SLEP	3	45,087	3	45,087	3	45,087			45,087
032	AUXILIARY VESSELS (USED SEALIFT)	2	204,939	1	141,939	2	204,939			204,939
	Cost growth			[-1]	[-63,000]					

003	COMPLETION OF PY SHIPBUILDING PROGRAMS	1,930,024	1,930,024	1,930,024	60,000	1,990,024
	DDG-51 cost to complete reduction			[-225,000]		
	Program increase: T-ATS Navajo-class ships				[60,000]	
	SCN cost to complete increase			[225,000]		
	TOTAL SHIPBUILDING AND CONVERSION, NAVY	12	31,722,349	12	36,582,791	13
	OTHER PROCUREMENT, NAVY					
	SHIP PROPULSION EQUIPMENT					
001	SURFACE POWER EQUIPMENT	20,840	20,840	20,840		20,840
002	GENERATORS					
	SURFACE COMBATANT HM&E	82,937	82,937	82,937		82,937
003	NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT					
	OTHER NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT	102,288	102,288	102,288		102,288
	OTHER SHIPBOARD EQUIPMENT					
004	SUB PERISCOPE, IMAGING AND SUPT EQUIP PROG	294,625	294,625	294,625		294,625
005	DDG MOD	861,066	801,066	861,066		809,984
	Excessive cost growth		[-60,000]			-51,082
	Program decrease		[-5,000]			[-51,082]
	Water Purification		[15,000]			
006	FIREFIGHTING EQUIPMENT	38,521	38,521	38,521		38,521
007	COMMAND AND CONTROL SWITCHBOARD	2,402	2,402	2,402		2,402
008	LHA/LHD MIDLIFE	81,602	81,602	81,602		81,602
009	LCC 1920 EXTENDED SERVICE LIFE PROGRAM	7,352	7,352	7,352		7,352
010	POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT	23,440	23,440	23,440		23,440
011	SUBMARINE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	293,766	273,766	293,766		293,766
	Excessive cost growth		[-20,000]			
012	VIRGINIA CLASS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	43,565	43,565	43,565		43,565
013	LCS CLASS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	7,318	7,318	7,318		7,318
014	SUBMARINE BATTERIES	30,470	30,470	30,470		30,470
015	LPD CLASS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	38,115	38,115	38,115		38,115
016	DDG 1000 CLASS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	407,468	357,468	407,468		365,872
	Excessive cost growth		[-50,000]			-41,596
017	STRATEGIC PLATFORM SUPPORT EQUIP	53,931	43,931	53,931		53,931
	Excessive cost growth		[-10,000]			
018	DSPP EQUIPMENT	4,586	4,586	4,586		4,586
020	LCAC	11,013	11,013	11,013		11,013
021	UNDERWATER EOD EQUIPMENT	16,650	16,650	16,650		16,650
022	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MILLION	66,351	66,351	66,351		66,351
023	CHEMICAL WARFARE DETECTORS	3,254	3,254	3,254		3,254
	REACTOR PLANT EQUIPMENT					

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)											
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
024	SHIP MAINTENANCE, REPAIR AND MODERNIZATION		2,392,190		2,392,190		2,392,190				2,392,190
	Water Purification				[5,000]						
026	REACTOR COMPONENTS		445,974		445,974		445,974				445,974
027	OCEAN ENGINEERING										
	DIVING AND SALVAGE EQUIPMENT		17,499		17,499		17,499				17,499
028	SMALL BOATS										
	STANDARD BOATS		400,892		275,892		400,892		-68,250		332,642
	Additional 40-foot patrol boats				[12,000]				[12,000]		
	Insufficient justification				[-125,000]				[-80,250]		
	Program decrease				[-12,000]						
	PRODUCTION FACILITIES EQUIPMENT										
029	OPERATING FORCES IPE		237,036		229,536		237,036		2,768		239,804
	Excessive cost growth				[-25,000]				[-14,732]		
	INDOPACOM Mission Network—INDOPACOM UPL				[17,500]				[17,500]		
	OTHER SHIP SUPPORT										
030	LCS COMMON MISSION MODULES EQUIPMENT		56,105		56,105		56,105				56,105
031	LCS MCM MISSION MODULES		118,247		98,247		118,247		-20,000		98,247
	Insufficient justification				[-20,000]				[-20,000]		
033	LCS SUW MISSION MODULES		11,101		7,701		11,101				11,101
	LCS SUW MM				[-3,400]						
034	LCS IN-SERVICE MODERNIZATION		205,571		160,571		205,571		-17,317		188,254
	Insufficient justification				[-30,000]				[-17,317]		
	Unjustified request				[-15,000]						
035	SMALL & MEDIUM UUV		48,780		63,780		60,680		5,500		54,280
	Accelerate Subsea and Seabed Warfare (SSW) ROV—						[11,900]		[5,500]		
	Navy UFR										
	Torpedo tube launch and recovery capable UUVs				[15,000]						
	LOGISTIC SUPPORT										
036	LSD MIDLIFE & MODERNIZATION		56,667		56,667		56,667				56,667
037	SHIP SONARS										
	SPQ-9B RADAR		7,402		7,402		7,402				7,402
038	AN/SQQ-89 SURF ASW COMBAT SYSTEM		134,637		134,637		134,637				134,637
039	SSN ACOUSTIC EQUIPMENT		502,115		487,115		502,115		-15,000		487,115

040	Excessive cost growth	16,731	16,731	16,731	16,731	16,731
	UNDERSEA WARFARE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT					
	ASW ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT					
041	SUBMARINE ACOUSTIC WARFARE SYSTEM	55,484	55,484	55,484	55,484	55,484
042	SSITD	9,647	9,647	9,647	9,647	9,647
043	FIXED SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM	405,854	405,854	428,854	428,854	428,854
	Persistent Targeting for Undersea			[23,000]	23,000	
044	SURTASS	45,975	45,975	45,975	45,975	45,975
045	ELECTRONIC WARFARE EQUIPMENT					
	AN/SQ-32	184,349	184,349	184,349	184,349	184,349
	RECONNAISSANCE EQUIPMENT					
046	SHIPBOARD IW EXPLOIT	362,099	362,099	362,099	362,099	362,099
047	AUTOMATED IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (AIS)	4,680	4,680	4,680	4,680	4,680
	OTHER SHIP ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT					
048	COOPERATIVE ENGAGEMENT CAPABILITY	26,644	26,644	26,644	26,644	26,644
049	NAVAL TACTICAL COMMAND SUPPORT SYSTEM (NTCSS)	13,614	13,614	13,614	13,614	13,614
050	ATDLS	68,458	68,458	68,458	68,458	68,458
051	NAVY COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM (NCCS)	3,645	3,645	3,645	3,645	3,645
052	MINESWEEPING SYSTEM REPLACEMENT	16,812	16,812	16,812	16,812	16,812
053	NAVSTAR GPS RECEIVERS (SPACE)	41,458	41,458	41,458	41,458	41,458
054	AMERICAN FORCES RADIO AND TV SERVICE	3,803	3,803	3,803	3,803	3,803
	AVIATION ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT					
056	ASHORE ATC EQUIPMENT	90,586	90,586	90,586	90,586	90,586
057	AFLOAT ATC EQUIPMENT	75,508	75,508	75,508	75,508	75,508
058	ID SYSTEMS	59,602	59,602	59,602	59,602	59,602
059	JOINT PRECISION APPROACH AND LANDING SYSTEM (.....	7,287	7,287	7,287	7,287	7,287
060	NAVAL MISSION PLANNING SYSTEMS	46,106	46,106	46,106	46,106	42,326
	Excessive cost growth					
	OTHER SHORE ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT					
061	MARITIME INTEGRATED BROADCAST SYSTEM	7,809	7,809	7,809	7,809	7,809
062	TACTICAL/MOBILE C4I SYSTEMS	65,113	65,113	65,113	65,113	65,113
063	DCGS-N	16,946	16,946	16,946	16,946	16,946
064	CANES	440,207	440,207	440,207	440,207	440,207
065	RADIAC	38,688	38,688	38,688	38,688	38,688
066	CANES-INTELL	50,654	50,654	50,654	50,654	50,654
067	GPETE	32,005	32,005	32,005	32,005	32,005
068	MAF	24,361	24,361	24,361	24,361	24,361
069	INTEG COMBAT SYSTEM TEST FACILITY	6,709	6,709	6,709	6,709	6,709
070	EMI CONTROL INSTRUMENTATION	4,081	4,081	4,081	4,081	4,081
072	IN-SERVICE RADARS AND SENSORS	228,910	228,910	228,910	228,910	228,910

[-15,000]

[-15,000]

Excessive cost growth

Excessive cost growth

[-3,780]

[-10,000]

Excessive cost growth

098	MINOTAUR	5,431	5,431	5,431	5,431
099	WEAPONS RANGE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	138,062	138,062	138,062	138,062
100	AIRCRAFT SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	121,108	121,108	121,108	121,108
101	ADVANCED ARRESTING GEAR (AAG)	2,244	2,244	2,244	2,244
102	ELECTROMAGNETIC AIRCRAFT LAUNCH SYSTEM (EMALS)	14,702	14,702	14,702	14,702
103	METEOROLOGICAL EQUIPMENT	17,982	17,982	17,982	17,982
104	AIRBORNE MCM	10,643	10,643	10,643	10,643
106	AVIATION SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	110,993	110,993	110,993	110,993
107	UMCS-JUNMAN CARRIER AVIATION(UCA)MISSION CNTRL	130,050	130,050	130,050	130,050
109	SHIP GUN SYSTEM EQUIPMENT	6,416	6,416	6,416	6,416
109	SHIP GUN SYSTEMS EQUIPMENT	6,416	6,416	6,416	6,416
110	SHIP MISSILE SYSTEMS EQUIPMENT	226	226	226	226
110	HARPOON SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	331,473	331,473	331,473	331,473
111	SHIP MISSILE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	Excessive cost growth	Excessive cost growth	Excessive cost growth	Excessive cost growth
112	TOMAHAWK SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	98,921	98,921	98,921	98,921
113	FBM SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	325,236	325,236	325,236	325,236
113	STRATEGIC MISSILE SYSTEMS EQUIP	325,236	325,236	325,236	325,236
114	ASW SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	157,609	157,609	157,609	157,609
114	SSN COMBAT CONTROL SYSTEMS	25,362	25,362	25,362	25,362
115	ASW SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	25,362	25,362	25,362	25,362
116	OTHER ORDNANCE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	26,725	26,725	26,725	26,725
116	EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DISPOSAL EQUIP	3,817	3,817	3,817	3,817
117	DIRECTED ENERGY SYSTEMS	3,193	3,193	3,193	3,193
117	HELIOS Long Lead Procurement	3,193	3,193	3,193	3,193
118	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MILLION	45,557	45,557	45,557	45,557
118	OTHER EXPENDABLE ORDNANCE	95,557	95,557	95,557	95,557
119	ANTI-SHIP MISSILE DECOY SYSTEM	80,248	80,248	80,248	80,248
119	Accelerate Long Endurance Electronic Decoy (LEED)— Navy UFR.	179,974	179,974	179,974	179,974
120	Excessive cost growth	Excessive cost growth	Excessive cost growth	Excessive cost growth	Excessive cost growth
120	SUBMARINE TRAINING DEVICE MODES	80,248	80,248	80,248	80,248
121	SURFACE TRAINING EQUIPMENT	179,974	179,974	179,974	179,974
122	CIVIL ENGINEERING SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	3,751	3,751	3,751	3,751
122	PASSENGER CARRYING VEHICLES	5,795	5,795	5,795	5,795
123	GENERAL PURPOSE TRUCKS	80,260	80,260	80,260	80,260
124	CONSTRUCTION & MAINTENANCE EQUIP	26,199	26,199	26,199	26,199
125	FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT	50,878	50,878	50,878	50,878
126	TACTICAL VEHICLES	6,454	6,454	6,454	6,454
127	AMPHIBIOUS EQUIPMENT	6,454	6,454	6,454	6,454

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)											
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
128	POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT		3,924		3,924		3,924				3,924
129	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MILLION		103,014		78,014		103,014				103,014
	Excessive cost growth				[-25,000]						
130	PHYSICAL SECURITY VEHICLES		1,301		1,301		1,301				1,301
	SUPPLY SUPPORT EQUIPMENT										
131	SUPPLY EQUIPMENT		56,585		46,585		56,585				56,585
	Excessive cost growth				[-10,000]						
132	FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION		5,863		5,863		5,863				5,863
133	SPECIAL PURPOSE SUPPLY SYSTEMS		954,467		954,467		954,467		-62,132		892,335
	Classified adjustment								[-62,132]		
	TRAINING DEVICES										
134	TRAINING SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		5,341		5,341		5,341				5,341
135	TRAINING AND EDUCATION EQUIPMENT		75,626		75,626		75,626				75,626
	COMMAND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT										
136	COMMAND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		29,698		29,698		29,698				29,698
137	MEDICAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		10,122		10,122		10,122				10,122
139	NAVAL MIP SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		6,590		6,590		6,590				6,590
140	OPERATING FORCES SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		17,056		17,056		17,056				17,056
141	CAISR EQUIPMENT		33,606		18,606		33,606				33,606
	Excessive cost growth				[-15,000]						
142	ENVIRONMENTAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		47,499		47,499		47,499				47,499
143	PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT		129,484		119,484		129,484				129,484
	Excessive cost growth				[-10,000]						
144	ENTERPRISE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY		42,026		42,026		42,026				42,026
	OTHER										
149	NEXT GENERATION ENTERPRISE SERVICE		130,100		130,100		130,100				130,100
150	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES		2,195		2,195		2,195				2,195
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS										
151A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		16,134		16,134		16,134				16,134
	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS										
152	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		705,144		705,144		705,144				705,144
153	VIRGINIA CLASS (VACL) SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		578,277		578,277		578,277				578,277
	TOTAL OTHER PROCUREMENT, NAVY		15,877,253		15,283,353		15,976,553		-240,574		15,636,679

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)										
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	
	Marine Corps realignment									
	Program decrease				[-129,000]		[-182,465]		[-182,465]	
022	GCSS-MC		3,282		3,282		3,282		3,282	3,282
023	FIRE SUPPORT SYSTEM		56,710		56,710		56,710		56,710	56,710
024	INTELLIGENCE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		128,804		128,804		128,804		128,804	106,919
	Excess Advanced Signals Processor				[-22,500]					
026	UNMANNED AIR SYSTEMS (INTEL)		59,077		59,077		59,077		59,077	59,077
027	DCGS-MC		81,507		81,507		81,507		81,507	81,507
028	UAS PAYLOADS		17,232		17,232		17,232		17,232	17,232
	OTHER SUPPORT (NON-TEL)									
031	EXPEDITIONARY SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		15,042		15,042		15,042		15,042	15,042
032	MARINE CORPS ENTERPRISE NETWORK (MCEN)		283,983		263,583		303,983		-15,400	268,583
	Expansion of secure 5G Open RAN						[20,000]		[5,000]	
	Network Transport Excess Growth				[-20,400]				[-20,400]	
033	COMMON COMPUTER RESOURCES		25,793		25,793		25,793		-4,195	21,598
	Prior year underexecution								[-4,195]	
034	COMMAND POST SYSTEMS		59,113		59,113		59,113			59,113
035	RADIO SYSTEMS		258,818		258,818		258,818		-13,498	245,320
	MCMP RIT Dismounted Radio contract award delay								[-13,498]	
036	COMM SWITCHING & CONTROL SYSTEMS		39,390		39,390		39,390			39,390
037	COMM & ELEC INFRASTRUCTURE SUPPORT		21,015		21,015		21,015			21,015
038	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES		19,245		19,245		19,245			19,245
040	UNMANNED EXPEDITIONARY SYSTEMS		16,305		16,305		16,305			16,305
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS									
041A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		3,266		3,266		3,266			3,266
	ADMINISTRATIVE VEHICLES									
042	COMMERCIAL CARGO VEHICLES		26,800		26,800		26,800			26,800
	TACTICAL VEHICLES									
043	MOTOR TRANSPORT MODIFICATIONS		17,304		17,304		17,304			17,304
044	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE	672	340,542	672	223,142	672	238,842		-16,484	324,058
	Contract savings									
	Fielding delay schedule impact								[-16,484]	
	Joint Light Tactical Vehicle reduction									
					[-7,400]		[-101,700]			

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)										
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	
007	FY26 Aircraft (+24)				[271,000]					
	TACTICAL AIRLIFT									
	KC-46A MDAP	15	2,854,748	15	2,604,748	15	2,854,748		-159,020	15
008	Excessive cost growth				[-140,000]				[-159,020]	
	Program decrease				[-110,000]					
	OTHER AIRLIFT									
010	C-130J		2,405		285,405		292,405	4	420,000	422,405
	2 additional aircraft			[2]	[220,000]		[290,000]	[2]	[220,000]	
	Additional LC-130J				[63,000]				[200,000]	
011	NRE Polar Airlift									
	UPT TRAINERS									
	ADVANCED PILOT TRAINING T-7A	7	235,207	7	235,207	7	235,207			7
012	HELICOPTERS									
	MH-139A	8	294,095	8	294,095	8	294,095			8
	COMBAT RESCUE HELICOPTER		162,685		137,685		372,685		-15,000	372,685
013	Additional HH-60W procurement					[5]	[210,000]			147,685
	Excess to need				[-5,000]				[-15,000]	
	Program decrease				[-20,000]					
014	MISSION SUPPORT AIRCRAFT									
	C-40 FLEET EXPANSION	1	328,689	2	200,000		9,989	1	-118,689	2
	C-40 Fleet Expansion reductions			[2]	[200,000]		[-318,700]		[200,000]	
016	Two additional C-40B aircraft for the Air National Guard									
	Unjustified request									
	CIVIL AIR PATROL A/C		3,086		[-328,689]		3,086		[-318,689]	
017	Aircraft increase								11,914	
	OTHER AIRCRAFT								[11,914]	
	TARGET DRONES	20	37,581	20	37,581	20	37,581			20
021	ULTRA	4	35,274	4	35,274	4	35,274			4
	RQ-20B PUMA	6	11,283	6	11,283	6	11,283			6
	STRATEGIC AIRCRAFT									
022	B-2A		63,932		63,932		63,932			63,932
023	B-1B		13,406		13,406		13,406			13,406

024	B-52	194,832	194,832	89,332 [4,500] [-110,000]	-19,140 [4,500] [-23,640]	175,692
	B-52 modification to nuclear-capable					
	B-52 radar modernization reduction					
025	LARGE AIRCRAFT INFRARED COUNTERMEASURES			52,117		52,117
	TACTICAL AIRCRAFT					
027	F-11 BACNHAG			82,939		82,939
028	F-15			45,829		172,127
	Prevent retirement of F-15Es				126,298 [126,298]	
029	F-16			217,235		217,235
030	F-22A			861,125		861,125
031	F-35 MODIFICATIONS			549,657		549,657
032	F-15 EFAW			271,970		254,915
	Installation excess to need				-17,055 [-9,024]	
	Reduce carryover					
033	KC-46A MDAP			24,954		24,954
	AIRLIFT AIRCRAFT					
034	C-5			45,445		45,445
035	C-17A			136,206		113,306
	Mobility connectivity			[32,900]	10,000 [10,000]	
036	C-32A			6,422		6,422
037	C-37A			9,146		9,146
	TRAINER AIRCRAFT					
038	GLIDER MODS			2,679		2,679
039	T-6			130,281		130,281
040	T-1			2,205		2,205
041	T-38			115,486		115,486
	OTHER AIRCRAFT					
043	U-2 MODS			69,806		69,806
047	VC-25A MOD			11,388		11,388
048	C-40			7,114		7,114
049	C-130			122,519		102,519
	Modular airborne firefighting system			[20,000]		
050	C-130J MODS			206,904		206,904
051	C-135			146,564		141,093
	COMMZ crypto unjustified PSC OGC growth				-5,471 [-1,177] [-4,294]	
	MIOS radios unjustified support cost growth					
052	COMPASS CALL			94,654		94,654
054	RC-135			222,966		222,966
055	E-3			68,192		68,192
055A	E-7				400,000	400,000

085	INDUSTRIAL RESPONSIVENESS	20,004				20,004
	WAR CONSUMABLES	20,004				20,004
086	WAR CONSUMABLES	25,908				25,908
087	OTHER PRODUCTION CHARGES					
	OTHER PRODUCTION CHARGES	1,006,272			498,600	1,504,872
	Classified adjustment				[498,600]	
092	F-15EX	40,084				40,084
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS					
092A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	16,359				16,359
	TOTAL AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE	118	133	11	1,585,517	21,420,947
	MISSILE PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE					
	MISSILE REPLACEMENT EQUIPMENT—BALLISTIC					
001	MISSILE REPLACEMENT EQ-BALLISTIC	37,333				37,333
	BALLISTIC MISSILES					
003	MX21A REENTRY VEHICLE	26,156				26,156
	STRATEGIC					
004	LONG RANGE STAND-OFF WEAPON	70,335				70,335
005	LONG RANGE STAND-OFF WEAPON AP	140,000				140,000
	TACTICAL					
006	REPLAC EQUIP & WAR CONSUMABLES	6,533				6,533
007	JOINT AIR-SURFACE STANDOFF MISSILE	810			550	825,051
	JASSM max production (+260)	[260]				[336,400]
009	JOINT STRIKE MISSILE	84			50	165,909
	FY25 JSM max executable production (+34)—	[34]				[94,000]
	INDOPACOM UFR					
010	LRASM	150			115	354,100
	FY25 LRASM/JASSM sub-tier supplier expansion					[150,000]
	LRASM max production (+35)—INDOPACOM UFR	[35]				[105,000]
012	SIDEWINDER (AIM-9X)	147			147	107,101
013	AMRAAM	462			462	447,373
	AIM—1200 AMRAAM for D3 DMS					[50,000]
016	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB	604			604	42,257
	SDB I					102,257
	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB II					[60,000]
017	SDB II—Marine Corps UFR	868			868	324,910
	Unjustified growth				—3,472	
018	STAND-IN ATTACK WEAPON (SAIW)				[—3,472]	
	INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES					
019	INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS/POL PREVENTION	128			128	173,421
						913

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)											
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
	JPAC supplier base investments						[100,000]				
	Munitions supplier base program (MCEP) (SRMs, ball bearings, PCBs, etc)						[100,000]				
	CLASS IV										
020	ICBM FUZE MOD		104,039		104,039		104,039				104,039
021	ICBM FUZE MOD AP		40,336		40,336		40,336				40,336
022	MM III MODIFICATIONS		24,212		24,212		24,212				24,212
023	AIR LAUNCH CRUISE MISSILE (ALCM)		34,019		34,019		34,019				34,019
	MISSILE SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS										
024	MSL SPRS/REPAIR PARTS (INITIAL)		6,956		6,956		6,956				6,956
025	MSL SPRS/REPAIR PARTS (REPLEN)		103,543		103,543		103,543				103,543
	SPECIAL PROGRAMS										
028	SPECIAL UPDATE PROGRAMS		628,436		628,436		628,436				628,436
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS										
028A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		707,204		707,204		707,204		-49,000		658,204
	Classified adjustment								[-49,000]		
	TOTAL MISSILE PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE	2,924	4,373,609	2,924	4,373,609	3,253	5,472,486		-52,472	2,924	4,321,137
	PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, AIR FORCE										
	CARTRIDGES										
002	CARTRIDGES		123,034		123,034		123,034		-6,331		116,703
	Program reduction								[-6,331]		
	BOMBS										
003	GENERAL PURPOSE BOMBS		144,725		144,725		144,725		-10,000		134,725
	Program reduction								[-10,000]		
004	MASSIVE ORDNANCE PENETRATOR (MOP)		8,566		8,566		8,566				8,566
005	JOINT DIRECT ATTACK MUNITION	1,500	125,268	1,500	125,268	1,500	232,601			1,500	125,268
	JOAM increase						[107,333]				
007	B61-12 TRAINER		11,665		11,665		11,665				11,665
	OTHER ITEMS										
008	CAD/PAD		40,487		40,487		40,487				40,487
009	EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DISPOSAL (EOD)		7,076		7,076		7,076				7,076
010	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		617		617		617				617

011	FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION	2,894		2,894		2,894	
012	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5,000,000	5,399		5,399		5,399	
	FLARES						
013	EXPENDABLE COUNTERMEASURES	99,769		99,769		99,769	
	Unjustified growth					-4,528	
						[-4,528]	
014	FUZES	114,664		114,664			114,664
	SMALL ARMS	25,311		25,311			25,311
015	TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF AMMUNITION, AIR FORCE	1,500	1,500	709,475	1,500	-20,859	1,500
	PROCUREMENT, SPACE FORCE						
	SPACE PROCUREMENT, SF						
001	AF SATELLITE COMM SYSTEM	65,656		65,656			65,656
003	COUNTERSPACE SYSTEMS	4,277		4,277			4,277
004	FAMILY OF BEYOND LINE-OF-SIGHT TERMINALS	17,264		17,264			17,264
005	FABT FORCE ELEMENT TERMINAL	234,655		234,655			234,655
006	WIDEBAND GAPFILLER SATELLITES(SPACE)	10,020		10,020			10,020
007	GENERAL INFORMATION TECH—SPACE	2,189		2,189			2,189
008	GPSIII FOLLOW ON	2	1	323,565	2	-2	323,565
	Early to need	647,165	[-1]	[-323,600]		-323,600	
						[-1]	[-323,600]
009	GPS III SPACE SEGMENT	68,205		68,205			68,205
010	GLOBAL POSITIONING (SPACE)	835		835			835
014	SPACEBORNE EQUIP (COMSEC)	83,829		83,829			83,829
015	MILSATCOM	37,684		37,684			37,684
017	SPECIAL SPACE ACTIVITIES	658,007		658,007			658,007
018	MOBILE USER OBJECTIVE SYSTEM	51,601		51,601			51,601
019	NATIONAL SECURITY SPACE LAUNCH	7	7	1,847,486	7	-145,058	1,702,428
	Acquisition strategy savings					[-13,500]	
	NSSL program savings					[-131,558]	
021	PTES HUB	12	12	56,148	12		56,148
023	SPACE DEVELOPMENT AGENCY LAUNCH	4	4	357,178	4		357,178
024	SPACE MODS	48,152		48,152			48,152
025	SPACELIFT RANGE SYSTEM SPACE	63,798		63,798			63,798
	SPARES						
026	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS	722		722			722
	PASSENGER CARRYING VEHICLES						
027	USSF REPLACEMENT VEHICLES	4,919		4,919			4,919
	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT						
028	POWER CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT	3,189		3,189			3,189

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)									
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
	UPS Resiliency—Space Force UFR								
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT, SPACE FORCE	25	4,262,979	24	3,939,379	25	4,272,366 [9,387]	-2	-468,658
	23							23	3,794,321
	OTHER PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE								
	PASSENGER CARRYING VEHICLES		6,802		6,802		6,802		6,802
001	PASSENGER CARRYING VEHICLES								
	CARGO AND UTILITY VEHICLES								
002	MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLE		4,526		4,526		4,526		4,526
003	CAP VEHICLES		1,151		1,151		1,151		1,151
004	CARGO AND UTILITY VEHICLES		41,605		41,605		55,605		41,605
	Protection Level One Armored Utility Vehicles for inter-continental ballistic missile security mission.					[50]	[14,000]		
	SPECIAL PURPOSE VEHICLES								
005	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE		69,546		69,546		69,546		69,546
006	SECURITY AND TACTICAL VEHICLES		438		438		438		438
007	SPECIAL PURPOSE VEHICLES		99,057		99,057		99,057		99,057
	FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT								
008	FIRE FIGHTING/CRASH RESCUE VEHICLES		57,234		57,234		57,234		57,234
	MATERIALS HANDLING EQUIPMENT								
009	MATERIALS HANDLING VEHICLES		22,949		22,949		22,949		22,949
	BASE MAINTENANCE SUPPORT								
010	RUNWAY SNOW REMOV AND CLEANING EOU		7,476		7,476		7,476		7,476
011	BASE MAINTENANCE SUPPORT VEHICLES		91,001		91,001		91,001		91,001
	COMM SECURITY EQUIPMENT(COMSEC)								
012	COMSEC EQUIPMENT		63,233		63,233		63,233		63,233
013	STRATEGIC MICROELECTRONIC SUPPLY SYSTEM		323,667		323,667		323,667		323,667
	Program decrease				[-5,000]				-5,000
	INTELLIGENCE PROGRAMS								
014	INTERNATIONAL INTEL TECH & ARCHITECTURES		5,616		5,616		5,616		5,616
015	INTELLIGENCE TRAINING EQUIPMENT		5,146		5,146		5,146		5,146
016	INTELLIGENCE COMM EQUIPMENT		36,449		36,449		36,449		36,449
	ELECTRONICS PROGRAMS								
017	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL & LANDING SYS		45,820		45,820		45,820		45,820

018	NATIONAL AIRSPACE SYSTEM	13,443	13,443	13,443	13,443
019	BATTLE CONTROL SYSTEM—FIXED	22,764	22,764	22,764	22,764
020	THEATER AIR CONTROL SYS IMPROVEMEN	73,412	73,412	73,412	73,412
021	30 EXPEDITIONARY LONG-RANGE RADAR	96,022	96,022	96,022	96,022
022	WEATHER OBSERVATION FORECAST	31,056	31,056	31,056	31,056
023	STRATEGIC COMMAND AND CONTROL	49,991	49,991	49,991	49,991
024	CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN COMPLEX	8,897	8,897	8,897	8,897
025	MISSION PLANNING SYSTEMS	18,474	18,474	18,474	18,474
027	STRATEGIC MISSION PLANNING & EXECUTION SYSTEM	7,376	7,376	7,376	7,376
	SPCL COMM-ELECTRONICS PROJECTS				
028	GENERAL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	161,928	161,928	161,928	161,928
029	AF GLOBAL COMMAND & CONTROL SYS	1,946	1,946	1,946	1,946
030	BATTLEFIELD AIRBORNE CONTROL NODE (BACN)	5	5	5	5
031	MOBILITY COMMAND AND CONTROL	11,435	11,435	11,435	11,435
032	AIR FORCE PHYSICAL SECURITY SYSTEM	254,106	354,106	354,106	304,106
	Counter uncrewed systems for Africa Command		[100,000]	50,000	
033	COMBAT TRAINING RANGES	298,377	298,377	298,377	298,377
	Infrastructure and communications upgrades	[7,500]	7,500	[7,500]	
034	MINIMUM ESSENTIAL EMERGENCY COMM N	60,639	60,639	60,639	60,639
035	WIDE AREA SURVEILLANCE (WAS)	13,945	13,945	13,945	13,945
036	C3 COUNTERMEASURES	100,594	100,594	100,594	100,594
037	DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACCOUNTING & MGT SYS	1,236	1,236	1,236	1,236
039	THEATER BATTLE MGT C2 SYSTEM	433	433	433	433
040	AIR & SPACE OPERATIONS CENTER (AOC)	21,175	21,175	21,175	21,175
	AIR FORCE COMMUNICATIONS				
041	BASE INFORMATION TRANSPIT INFRAST (BITI) WIRED	201,670	201,670	201,670	201,670
042	AFNET	69,807	69,807	69,807	69,807
043	JOINT COMMUNICATIONS SUPPORT ELEMENT (JCSE)	5,821	5,821	5,821	5,821
044	USCENTCOM	19,498	19,498	19,498	19,498
045	USSTRATCOM	4,797	4,797	4,797	4,797
046	USSPACECOM	79,783	106,856	79,783	79,783
	Consolidated Space Operations Facility (CSOF) Procurement—SPACECOM UFR.		[27,073]		
	ORGANIZATION AND BASE				
047	TACTICAL C-E EQUIPMENT	139,153	139,153	139,153	139,153
048	COMBAT SURVIVOR EVADER LOCATER	2,222	2,222	2,222	2,222
049	RADIO EQUIPMENT	53,568	53,568	53,568	53,568
050	BASE COMM INFRASTRUCTURE	60,744	60,744	60,744	60,744
	MODIFICATIONS				
051	COMM ELECT MODS	73,147	73,147	73,147	73,147

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)											
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
	PERSONAL SAFETY & RESCUE EQUIP										
052	PERSONAL SAFETY AND RESCUE EQUIPMENT		109,562		109,562		109,562				109,562
	DEPOT PLANT+MTRLS HANDLING EQ										
053	POWER CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT		13,443		13,443		13,443				13,443
054	MECHANIZED MATERIAL HANDLING EQUIP		20,459		20,459		20,459				20,459
	BASE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT										
055	BASE PROCURED EQUIPMENT		79,854		79,854		79,854				79,854
056	ENGINEERING AND EOD EQUIPMENT		203,531		203,531		203,531				203,531
057	MOBILITY EQUIPMENT		112,280		112,280		112,280				112,280
058	FUELS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT (FSE)		24,563		24,563		24,563				24,563
059	BASE MAINTENANCE AND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT		54,455		54,455		58,205		3,750		58,205
	Fighter Force Re-Optimization (+208 PMAI a/c)—AF						(3,750)		[3,750]		
	UFR										
	SPECIAL SUPPORT PROJECTS										
061	DARP RC135		29,524		29,524		29,524				29,524
062	DGGS-AF		59,504		59,504		59,504				59,504
064	SPECIAL UPDATE PROGRAM		1,269,904		1,169,904		1,397,304		127,400		1,397,304
	Classified adjustment						[127,400]		[127,400]		
	Expenditure delays										
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS										
064A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		25,476,312		25,476,312		25,476,312		-428,233		25,048,079
	Classified adjustment								[-428,233]		
	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS										
065	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS (CYBER)		1,056		1,056		1,056				1,056
066	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS		7,637		7,637		7,637				7,637
	TOTAL OTHER PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE										
			30,298,764		30,201,264		30,570,987		-244,583		30,054,181
	PROCUREMENT, DEFENSE-WIDE										
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, OSD										
001	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DPAA	10	518	10	518	10	518			10	518
002	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, OSD		184,095		184,095		184,095				184,095
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, WHS										
007	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, WHS		374		374		374				374

008	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DISA	25,392			25,392	
009	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY	27,451			27,451	
	TELEPORT PROGRAM					-1,603
	Teleport excess growth					[-1,603]
011	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MILLION	25,499			25,499	
012	DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEM NETWORK	68,786			68,786	
013	WHITE HOUSE COMMUNICATION AGENCY	116,320			116,320	
014	SENIOR LEADERSHIP ENTERPRISE	54,278			54,278	
015	JOINT REGIONAL SECURITY STACKS (JRSS)	17,213			17,213	
	Program decrease					-2,503
016	JOINT SERVICE PROVIDER	50,462			50,462	
	OSD requested transfer from ROUTE DW line 94					11,000
017	FOURTH ESTATE NETWORK OPTIMIZATION (4ENO)	24,482			24,482	
						[11,000]
024	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DLA	53,777			53,777	
025	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DCSA	2,191			2,191	
026	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, TJS	16,345			16,345	
027	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, TJS	246,995			246,995	
028	THAAD	20,796			20,796	
029	GROUND BASED MIDCOURSE	85,000			85,000	
	AEGIS BMD					250,000
	Program decrease—spares					
	Program increase—restore SM-3 IB production					
	Restore SM-3 IB production					
030	BMDs AN/TPY-2 RADARS	57,130			57,130	
	AN/TPY-2 Antenna Equipment Unit (AEU)—MDA UFR ..					
	Unjustified growth					
031	SM-3 IIRAS	406,370			406,370	
032	Expand SM-3 IIRAS production capacity to 36/yr					
033	ARROW 3 UPPER TIER SYSTEMS	50,000			50,000	
034	SHORT RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE (SRBMD)	40,000			40,000	
	DEFENSE OF GUAM PROCUREMENT	23,402			23,402	
	Guam Defense System—INDOPACOM UPL					
	Guam Defense System (GDS)					
036	IRON DOME	110,000			110,000	
037	AEGIS BMD HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE	32,040			32,040	
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DTRA					
038	PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION	3,717			3,717	

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)											
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request		House Authorized		Senate Authorized		Conference Change		Conference Authorized	
		Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost	Qty	Cost
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DEFENSE THREAT REDUCTION AGENCY VEHICLES		2,754		2,754		2,754				2,754
041											
042	OTHER MAJOR EQUIPMENT		8,783		8,783		8,783				8,783
043	DTRA CYBER ACTIVITIES		3,429		3,429		3,429				3,429
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DODEA AUTOMATION/EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT & LOGISTICS		1,360		1,360		1,360				1,360
044											
045	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DMACT MAJOR EQUIPMENT		7,332		7,332		7,332				7,332
	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, USCYBERCOM CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS		69,066		69,066		69,066				69,066
046											
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		599,781		598,781		599,781		-6,450		593,331
046A	Classified adjustment				[-1,000]						
	Program reduction										
	AVIATION PROGRAMS										
047	ARMED OVERWATCH/TARGETING	12	335,487	12	335,487	12	335,487		-20,000	12	315,487
	Program decrease — armed overwatch								[-20,000]		
048	MANNED ISR		2,500		2,500		2,500				2,500
049	MC-12		400		400		400				400
050	ROTARY WING UPGRADES AND SUSTAINMENT		220,301		218,678		243,074		22,773		243,074
	MH-60 upgrades unit cost growth				[-1,623]						
	MH-60M OCONUS aircraft loss mods and MEP—SOCOM UFR						[22,773]				
051	UNMANNED ISR		41,717		41,717		41,717		-3,900		37,817
	Long endurance aircraft contract delay								[-3,900]		
052	NON-STANDARD AVIATION		7,942		7,942		7,942				7,942
053	U-28		5,259		5,259		5,259				5,259
054	MH-47 CHINOOK		157,413		147,265		157,413		-10,148		147,265
	MH-47 unjustified GFE cost growth				[-10,148]						
055	CV-22 MODIFICATION		49,403		49,403		49,403				49,403
056	MQ-9 UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE		19,123		19,123		19,123				19,123
057	PRECISION STRIKE PACKAGE		69,917		69,917		69,917				69,917
058	AC/MC-130J		300,892		300,892		300,892		-1,074		299,818

TITLE XLII—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND
EVALUATION

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION.

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change Authorized
RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL. ARMY						
BASIC RESEARCH						
001	0601102A	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	310,191	310,191	311,191	1,000
		Modeling and simulation environments for weapons system innovation			(1,000)	311,191
002	0601103A	UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	78,166	78,166	78,166	
003	0601104A	UNIVERSITY AND INDUSTRY RESEARCH CENTERS	109,726	112,726	109,726	1,000
		Biotechnology Advancements		(3,000)		(1,000)
004	0601121A	CYBER COLLABORATIVE RESEARCH ALLIANCE	5,525	5,525	5,525	
005	0601601A	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING BASIC RESEARCH	10,309	10,309	10,309	
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	513,917	516,917	514,917	2,000
APPLIED RESEARCH						
006	0602002A	ARMY AGILE INNOVATION AND DEVELOPMENT-APPLIED RESEARCH	8,032	8,032	8,032	
007	0602134A	COUNTER IMPROVISED-THREAT ADVANCED STUDIES	6,163	6,163	6,163	
008	0602141A	LETHALITY TECHNOLOGY	96,094	106,094	102,094	11,000
		Advanced materials and manufacturing for hypersonic systems			(6,000)	(6,000)
		Advanced Materials and Manufacturing for Modernization				(2,500)
		Assured AI-based autonomous rescue missions		(2,500)		(2,500)
		Autonomous armaments technology for unmanned systems		(2,500)		
		Overmatching the speed of battle		(2,500)		
010	0602143A	SOLDIER LETHALITY TECHNOLOGY	102,236	107,236	116,736	12,500
		Adaptive and intelligent adversary-threat models		(5,000)		
		Advanced textiles for extreme environments			(3,000)	(3,000)
		Critical hybrid advanced materials processing			(2,000)	(2,000)
						1250

011	0602144A	Pathfinder Air Assault program	66,707	67,707	[2,500]		
		Pathfinder Airborne program			[5,000]		
		GROUND TECHNOLOGY			11,500		78,207
		Accelerated carbonization soil stabilization			[4,000]		
		Engineered Roadway Repair Materials for Effective Maneuver of Military Assets		[2,500]	[2,500]		
		Isostatic Advanced Armor Production		[6,000]	[5,000]		
		Program decrease		[-10,000]			
		Rapidly Deployable Field Stations for Extreme Polar Environments		[2,500]			
		Roadway assessment and repair technologies					
		Smart concrete materials			[1,000]		
012	0602145A	NEXT GENERATION COMBAT VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY	149,108	158,108	[1,000]	9,000	158,108
		Lightweight autonomous vehicle prototype			[1,000]		
		Systems Engineering for Autonomous Ground Vehicles		[9,000]	[5,000]		
013	0602146A	NETWORK C3I TECHNOLOGY	84,576	94,076	84,576	[9,000]	86,576
		Man-portable doppler radar		[9,500]	[2,000]	2,000	
014	0602147A	LONG RANGE PRECISION FIRES TECHNOLOGY	32,089	59,589	82,089	35,000	67,089
		Advanced Manufacturing of Energetic Materials		[8,500]	[8,500]		
		Biosynthesizing critical chemicals			[50,000]	[12,500]	
		Low-Cost Missile Systems Development		[10,000]	[10,000]		
015	0602148A	Spectrum Dominance with Distributed Apertures	52,685	55,185	[9,000]	2,500	55,185
		FUTURE VERTICLE LIFT TECHNOLOGY		[2,500]	[4,000]		
016	0602150A	High density eVTOL power source development	39,188	39,188	52,685	2,500	41,188
		AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY			[2,000]	2,000	
		Counter-uncrewed aerial systems research			[2,000]		
017	0602180A	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING TECHNOLOGIES	20,319	20,319	20,319	20,319	20,319
018	0602181A	ALL DOMAIN CONVERGENCE APPLIED RESEARCH	12,269	12,269	12,269	12,269	12,269
019	0602182A	C3I APPLIED RESEARCH	25,839	25,839	25,839	25,839	25,839
020	0602183A	AIR PLATFORM APPLIED RESEARCH	53,206	53,206	53,206	53,206	53,206
021	0602184A	SOLDIER APPLIED RESEARCH	21,069	21,069	21,069	21,069	21,069
022	0602213A	C3I APPLIED CYBER	28,656	28,656	28,656	28,656	28,656
023	0602386A	BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR MATERIALS—APPLIED RESEARCH	11,780	11,780	11,780	11,780	11,780
025	0602785A	MANPOWER/PERSONNEL/TRAINING TECHNOLOGY	19,795	19,795	19,795	19,795	19,795
026	0602787A	MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY	68,481	66,481	68,481	68,481	68,481
		Intraosseous Antibiotics (IOA) for Osseointegration and Degradable Metal Alloy Orthopedic Implants.		[3,000]			
		Program decrease		[-10,000]			
		Walter Reed Army Institute of Research (WRAIR) Mitochondria Transplantation Program for Traumatic Brain Injury.		[5,000]			
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	35,766	35,766	35,766		35,766
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	934,058	996,558	1,018,558	85,500	1,019,558

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT							
027	0603002A	MEDICAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	3,112	11,112 [8,000]	3,112	8,000 [8,000]	11,112
		Hearing protection communications					
028	0603007A	MANPOWER, PERSONNEL AND TRAINING ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	16,716	16,716	16,716		16,716
029	0603025A	ARMY AGILE INNOVATION AND DEMONSTRATION	14,608	14,608	14,608		14,608
030	0603040A	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES	18,263	18,263	28,263 [10,000]	10,000 [10,000]	28,263
		Distributed AI fusion for attritable uncrewed systems					
031	0603041A	ALL DOMAIN CONVERGENCE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	23,722	23,722	23,722		23,722
032	0603042A	C3I ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	22,814	22,814	22,814		22,814
033	0603043A	AIR PLATFORM ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	17,076	17,076	17,076		17,076
034	0603044A	SOLDIER ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	10,133	10,133	10,133		10,133
035	0603116A	LETHALITY ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	33,969	36,469	33,969	2,500 [2,500]	36,469
		Hypersonics test range		[2,500]			
037	0603118A	SOLDIER LETHALITY ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	94,899	94,899	94,899		94,899
038	0603119A	GROUND ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	45,880	62,580	52,880 [2,000]	6,500 [2,000]	52,380
		Design and manufacturing of advanced composites					
		Fuel Cell Multi-Modular Use (FC-MMU) Utilizing Hydrogen		[10,000]			
		Humanitarian Airborne Mobile Infrastructure Capability		[4,200]			
		Rapid entry and sustainment for the Arctic		[2,500]			
		Renewable electric vehicle charging stations			[5,000]		
039	0603134A	COUNTER IMPROVISED-THREAT SIMULATION	21,398	21,398	21,398		21,398
040	0603386A	BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR MATERIALS—ADVANCED RESEARCH	36,360	36,360	36,360		36,360
041	0603457A	C3I CYBER ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	19,616	19,616	19,616		19,616
042	0603461A	HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING MODERNIZATION PROGRAM	239,597	239,597	247,597 [8,000]	8,000 [8,000]	247,597
		High performance computing modernization program					
043	0603462A	NEXT GENERATION COMBAT VEHICLE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	175,198	202,198 [10,000]	177,198	7,000 [5,000]	182,198
		Silent Watch HTPEM Fuel Cell					
		Silicone anode battery testing			[2,000]		
		Tech Development for Ground-to-ground Vehicle Aided Target Recognition		[10,000]			
		Virtual Engineering for Army Readiness and Sustainment		[7,000]			
044	0603463A	NETWORK C3I ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	94,424	94,424	94,424		94,424
045	0603464A	LONG RANGE PRECISION FIRES ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	164,943	185,943	249,943	5,000 [2,000]	169,943
		Low-Cost Rocket Propulsion for Affordable Mass on Tgt		[9,000]			

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Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
068	0604020A	MDACS delayed new start	63,831	63,831	63,831	[-14,080]	63,831
069	0604035A	CROSS FUNCTIONAL TEAM (CFT) ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT & PROTOTYPING	21,935	21,935	21,935		21,935
070	0604036A	LOW EARTH ORBIT (LEO) SATELLITE CAPABILITY	239,135	239,135	239,135		239,135
071	0604037A	MULTI-DOMAIN SENSING SYSTEM (MDSS) ADV DEV	4,317	4,317	4,317		4,317
072	0604100A	TACTICAL INTEL TARGETING ACCESS NODE (TITAN) ADV DEV	11,234	11,234	11,234		11,234
073	0604101A	ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES	1,800	1,800	1,800		1,800
074	0604103A	SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE (SUAV) (6-4)	2,004	2,004	2,004		2,004
		ELECTRONIC WARFARE PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT TOOL (EWPMT)					
		Award Cancellation		[-2,004]			
075	0604113A	FUTURE TACTICAL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM (FUAS)	127,870	114,140	127,870		127,870
		FUAS—Slow Expenditure		[-13,730]			
076	0604114A	LOWER TIER AIR MISSILE DEFENSE (LTAMD) SENSOR	149,463	149,463	149,463	-22,035	127,428
		Unjustified request				[-22,035]	
077	0604115A	TECHNOLOGY MATURATION INITIATIVES	252,000	252,000	262,000		252,000
		Short pulse laser directed energy demonstration			[10,000]		
078	0604117A	MANEUVER—SHORT RANGE AIR DEFENSE (M-SHORAD)	315,772	253,172	315,772	-31,230	284,542
		Excessive Contractor Logistics Support Growth Inc 2		[-25,400]		[-15,230]	
		Systems Development Cost Growth Inc 3		[-37,200]		[-16,000]	
080	0604120A	ASSURED POSITIONING, NAVIGATION AND TIMING (PNT)	24,168	24,168	24,168		24,168
081	0604121A	SYNTHETIC TRAINING ENVIRONMENT REFINEMENT & PROTOTYPING	136,029	116,419	136,029	-2,000	134,029
		Program decrease		[-6,000]		[-2,000]	
		Synthetic Training Environment		[-13,610]			
082	0604134A	COUNTER IMPROVISED-THREAT DEMONSTRATION, PROTOTYPE DEVELOPMENT, AND TESTING	17,341	17,341	17,341		17,341
085	0604386A	BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR MATERIALS—DEM/VAL	20,862	20,862	20,862		20,862
086	0604403A	FUTURE INTERCEPTOR	8,058	8,058	8,058		8,058
088	0604531A	COUNTER—SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	59,983	64,483	79,983	20,000	79,983
		Amy UPL #3		[4,500]			
		NGCM R&D acceleration (+1yr)			[20,000]		
090	0604541A	UNIFIED NETWORK TRANSPORT	31,837	31,837	31,837		31,837
091	0305251A	CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS FORCES AND FORCE SUPPORT	2,270	2,270	2,270		2,270
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	277,181	277,181	277,181		277,181
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES	2,343,901	2,279,003	2,393,901	-10,945	2,332,956

SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION

092	0604201A	AIRCRAFT AVIONICS	7,171	17,171 [3,000]	7,171	3,000	10,171
		Modular Open System Approach Mission Command Development and Evaluation Capability,					
		Virtual Modification Work Order Digital Engineering Tool		[7,000]		[3,000]	
093	0604270A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	35,942	35,942	35,942		35,942
094	0604601A	INFANTRY SUPPORT WEAPONS	52,586	52,586	52,586		52,586
095	0604604A	MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLES	15,088	15,088	15,088	-11,523 [-11,523]	3,565
		Unjustified request					
096	0604611A	JAVELIN	10,405	10,405	39,505 [29,100]		10,405
		Javelin R&D for fast launch			50,011		50,011
097	0604622A	FAMILY OF HEAVY TACTICAL VEHICLES	50,011	50,011	982	5,000 [5,000]	5,982
098	0604633A	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL	982	5,982 [5,000]			
		Integrated Mission Planning and Airspace Control Tools (IMPACT)					
099	0604641A	TACTICAL UNMANNED GROUND VEHICLE (TUGV)	92,540	92,540	92,540	-10,274 [-10,274]	92,540
100	0604642A	LIGHT TACTICAL WHEELED VEHICLES	100,257	89,983	89,983		89,983
		Electric Light Reconnaissance Vehicle reduction					
		Program decrease		[-10,274]			
101	0604645A	ARMORED SYSTEMS MODERNIZATION (ASM)—ENG DEV	48,097	48,097	48,097		48,097
102	0604710A	NIGHT VISION SYSTEMS—ENG DEV	89,259	89,259	89,259		89,259
103	0604713A	COMBAT FEEDING, CLOTHING, AND EQUIPMENT	3,286	3,286	3,286		3,286
104	0604715A	NON-SYSTEM TRAINING DEVICES—ENG DEV	28,427	28,427	28,427		28,427
105	0604741A	AIR DEFENSE COMMAND, CONTROL, AND INTELLIGENCE—ENG DEV	69,653	78,653 [9,000]	79,653	6,000 [6,000]	75,653
		Air and Missile Defense Common Operating Picture					
		Family of Counter-sUAS System (FoCUS)—Army UFR					
106	0604742A	CONSTRUCTIVE SIMULATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	30,097	30,097	[10,000]		30,097
107	0604746A	AUTOMATIC TEST EQUIPMENT DEVELOPMENT	12,927	12,927	12,927		12,927
108	0604760A	DISTRIBUTIVE INTERACTIVE SIMULATIONS (DIS)—ENG DEV	8,914	8,914	8,914		8,914
109	0604798A	BRIGADE ANALYSIS, INTEGRATION AND EVALUATION	26,352	26,352	26,352		26,352
110	0604802A	WEAPONS AND MUNITIONS—ENG DEV	242,949	217,649 [-24,300]	267,949		242,949
		DOTC excessive development growth					
		FY25 PGK development acceleration			[25,000]		
		Underexecution of 50mm munitions		[-1,000]			
111	0604804A	LOGISTICS AND ENGINEER EQUIPMENT—ENG DEV	41,829	41,829	41,829		41,829
112	0604805A	COMMAND, CONTROL, COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS—ENG DEV	92,300	92,300	92,300		92,300
113	0604807A	MEDICAL MATERIEL/MEDICAL BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE EQUIPMENT—ENG DEV	7,143	7,143	7,143		7,143
114	0604808A	LANDMINE WARFARE/BARRIER—ENG DEV	19,134	19,134	79,134	9,500 [9,500]	28,634
		Joint AI Domain Testing, Evaluation, and Training Center			[60,000]		
115	0604818A	ARMY TACTICAL COMMAND & CONTROL HARDWARE & SOFTWARE	165,229	158,479 [-6,750]	165,229	-6,750 [-6,750]	158,479
		EACP—Slow Expenditure					

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116	0604820A	RADAR DEVELOPMENT	76,090	76,090	76,090		76,090
117	0604822A	GENERAL FUND ENTERPRISE BUSINESS SYSTEM (GEBBS)	1,995	1,995	1,995		1,995
118	0604827A	SOLDIER SYSTEMS—WARRIOR DEMVAL	29,132	29,132	29,132		29,132
119	0604852A	SUITE OF SURVIVABILITY ENHANCEMENT SYSTEMS—EMD	77,864	77,864	77,864		77,864
120	0604854A	ARTILLERY SYSTEMS—EMD	50,495	50,495	50,495		50,495
121	0605013A	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	120,076	110,076	120,076	-10,000	110,076
		Program decrease		[-10,000]		[-10,000]	
122	0605018A	INTEGRATED PERSONNEL AND PAY SYSTEM-ARMY (IPPS-A)	126,354	126,354	126,354		126,354
123	0605030A	JOINT TACTICAL NETWORK CENTER (JINC)	20,191	20,191	20,191		20,191
124	0605031A	JOINT TACTICAL NETWORK (JTN)	31,214	31,214	31,214		31,214
125	0605035A	COMMON INFRARED COUNTERMEASURES (CIRCUM)	11,691	11,691	11,691		11,691
126	0605036A	COMBATING WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION (CWMD)	7,846	7,846	7,846		7,846
127	0605038A	NUCLEAR BIOLOGICAL CHEMICAL RECONNAISSANCE VEHICLE (NBCRV) SENSOR SUITE	7,886	7,886	7,886		7,886
128	0605041A	DEFENSIVE CYBER TOOL DEVELOPMENT	4,176	4,176	4,176		4,176
129	0605042A	TACTICAL NETWORK RADIO SYSTEMS (LOW-TIER)	4,288	4,288	4,288		4,288
130	0605047A	CONTRACT WRITING SYSTEM	9,276	9,276	9,276		9,276
132	0605051A	AIRCRAFT SURVIVABILITY DEVELOPMENT	38,225	38,225	38,225		38,225
133	0605052A	INDIRECT FIRE PROTECTION CAPABILITY INC 2—BLOCK 1	167,912	167,912	167,912	-17,000	150,912
		Carryover				[-17,000]	
134	0605053A	GROUND ROBOTICS	28,378	37,378	28,378		28,378
		Tethered sUAS		[9,000]			
135	0605054A	EMERGING TECHNOLOGY INITIATIVES	164,734	158,304	172,734	-6,430	158,304
		Delayed Expenditure Rate		[-6,430]		[-6,430]	
		Mobile-long range precision strike missile			[8,000]		
137	0605144A	NEXT GENERATION LOAD DEVICE—MEDIUM	2,931	2,931	2,931		2,931
138	0605148A	TACTICAL INTEL TARGETING ACCESS NODE (TITAN) EMD	157,036	157,036	157,036		157,036
140	0605205A	SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE (SUAV) (6.5)	37,876	37,876	37,876		37,876
141	0605206A	CI AND HUMINT EQUIPMENT PROGRAM-ARMY (CHEP-A)	1,296	1,296	1,296		1,296
142	0605216A	JOINT TARGETING INTEGRATED COMMAND AND COORDINATION SUITE (JTIC2S)	28,553	28,553	28,553		28,553
143	0605224A	MULTI-DOMAIN INTELLIGENCE	18,913	27,913	18,913	9,000	27,913
		Multi-Domain Intelligence—NextGen Intel Mission Support		[9,000]		[9,000]	
144	0605231A	PRECISION STRIKE MISSILE (PRSM)	184,046	184,046	184,046		184,046
145	0605232A	HYPERSONICS EMD	538,017	538,017	538,017		538,017
146	0605233A	ACCESSIONS INFORMATION ENVIRONMENT (AIE)	32,265	32,265	32,265		32,265

147	0605235A	STRATEGIC MID-RANGE CAPABILITY	182,823	118,723	182,823	182,823	182,823
		Delayed Expenditure Rate		[-49,100]			
		Expenditure delay		[-15,000]			
148	0605236A	INTEGRATED TACTICAL COMMUNICATIONS	23,363	23,363	23,363	23,363	23,363
149	0605241A	FUTURE LONG RANGE ASSAULT AIRCRAFT DEVELOPMENT	1,253,637	1,253,637	1,253,637	1,253,637	1,253,637
150	0605242A	THEATER SIGINT SYSTEM (TSIGS)	6,660	6,660	6,660	6,660	6,660
151	0605244A	JOINT REDUCED RANGE ROCKET (JR3)	13,565	13,565	13,565	13,565	13,565
152	0605247A	SPECTRUM SITUATIONAL AWARENESS SYSTEM (SZAS)	9,330	9,330	9,330	9,330	9,330
153	0605450A	JOINT AIR-TO-GROUND MISSILE (JAGM)	3,030	3,030	3,030	3,030	3,030
154	0605457A	ARMY INTEGRATED AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE (AIAMD)	602,045	575,045	602,045	575,045	575,045
		Unjustified THAAD integration		[-27,000]		-27,000	
155	0605531A	COUNTER—SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS SYS DEV & DEMONSTRATION	59,563	59,563	64,063	64,063	64,063
		Roadrunner-M—Army UFR			[4,500]	4,500	
157	0605625A	MANNED GROUND VEHICLE	504,841	504,841	504,841	504,841	504,841
158	0605766A	NATIONAL CAPABILITIES INTEGRATION (MIP)	16,565	16,565	16,565	16,565	16,565
159	0605812A	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE (LTV) ENGINEERING AND MANUFACTURING DEVELOPMENT PHASE (EMD)	27,013	27,013	34,513	27,013	27,013
160	0605830A	JLTV anti-idle systems	979	979	[7,500]	979	979
161	0303032A	AVIATION GROUND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	3,930	3,930	3,930	3,930	3,930
163	0304270A	TROJAN—RH12	131,096	131,096	163,796	131,096	131,096
9999	99999999999	Terrestrial Layer System Brigade Combat Team realignment			[32,700]		
		CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	83,136	83,136	83,136	83,136	83,136
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION	6,150,910	6,043,056	6,317,436	-51,977	6,098,933
164	0604256A	MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	71,298	81,798	71,298	71,298	71,298
165	0604258A	THREAT SIMULATOR DEVELOPMENT		[10,500]		6,000	
		Threat Counter-Artificial Intelligence (TCAI)				[6,000]	
		TARGET SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	15,788	30,688	15,788	5,000	20,788
		Replacement of Foreign Engines for Aerial Targets		[14,900]		[5,000]	
166	0604759A	MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT	78,613	78,613	78,613	78,613	78,613
167	0605103A	RAND ARROYO CENTER	38,122	38,122	38,122	38,122	38,122
168	0605301A	ARMY KWAJALEIN ATOLL	321,755	321,755	371,755	371,755	371,755
		USAG-Kwajalein Atoll Recap			[50,000]	50,000	
169	0605326A	CONCEPTS EXPERIMENTATION PROGRAM	86,645	86,645	86,645	86,645	86,645
171	0605601A	ARMY TEST RANGES AND FACILITIES	461,085	461,085	461,085	461,085	461,085
172	0605602A	ARMY TECHNICAL TEST INSTRUMENTATION AND TARGETS	75,591	78,591	75,591	75,591	75,591
		Rapid Assurance Modernization Program		[3,000]			
173	0605604A	SURVIVABILITY/LETHALITY ANALYSIS	37,604	37,604	37,604	37,604	37,604
174	0605606A	AIRCRAFT CERTIFICATION	2,201	2,201	2,201	2,201	2,201

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176	0605706A	MATERIEL SYSTEMS ANALYSIS	27,420	27,420	27,420		27,420
177	0605709A	EXPLOITATION OF FOREIGN ITEMS	6,245	6,245	6,245		6,245
178	0605712A	SUPPORT OF OPERATIONAL TESTING	76,088	76,088	76,088		76,088
179	0605716A	ARMY EVALUATION CENTER	73,220	73,220	73,220		73,220
180	0605718A	ARMY MODELING & SIM X-CMD COLLABORATION & INTEG	11,257	11,257	11,257		11,257
181	0605801A	PROGRAMWIDE ACTIVITIES	91,895	91,895	91,895		91,895
182	0605803A	TECHNICAL INFORMATION ACTIVITIES	32,385	32,385	32,385		32,385
183	0605805A	MUNITIONS STANDARDIZATION, EFFECTIVENESS AND SAFETY	50,766	50,766	50,766		50,766
184	0605857A	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY TECHNOLOGY MGMT SUPPORT	1,659	1,659	1,659		1,659
185	0605898A	ARMY DIRECT REPORT HEADQUARTERS—R&D - MHA	59,727	59,727	59,727		59,727
186	0606002A	RONALD REAGAN BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TEST SITE	73,400	73,400	73,400		73,400
187	0606003A	COUNTERINTEL AND HUMAN INTEL MODERNIZATION	4,574	4,574	4,574		4,574
188	0606942A	ASSESSMENTS AND EVALUATIONS CYBER VULNERABILITIES	10,105	10,105	10,105		10,105
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	1,707,443	1,735,843	1,757,443	61,000	1,768,443
OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT							
190	0603778A	MLRS PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	14,188	14,188	14,188		14,188
191	0605024A	ANTI-TAMPER TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	7,489	7,489	7,489		7,489
192	0607101A	COMBATING WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION (CWMD) PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT	271	271	271		271
193	0607131A	WEAPONS AND MUNITIONS PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS	9,363	9,363	15,363	5,000	14,363
		Agile manufacturing for advanced armament systems			[6,000]	[5,000]	
194	0607136A	BLACKHAWK PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	25,000	25,000	25,000		25,000
195	0607137A	CHINOOK PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	4,816	4,816	4,816		4,816
196	0607139A	IMPROVED TURBINE ENGINE PROGRAM	67,029	97,029	67,029	30,000	97,029
		Program increase		[30,000]		[30,000]	
198	0607143A	UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM UNIVERSAL PRODUCTS	24,539	24,539	24,539		24,539
199	0607145A	APACHE FUTURE DEVELOPMENT	8,243	8,243	8,243		8,243
200	0607148A	AN/TPQ-53 COUNTERFIRE TARGET ACQUISITION RADAR SYSTEM	53,652	53,652	53,652		53,652
201	0607150A	INTEL CYBER DEVELOPMENT	9,753	9,753	9,753		9,753
203	0607313A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	5,559	5,559	5,559		5,559
204	0607315A	ENDURING TURBINE ENGINES AND POWER SYSTEMS	2,620	2,620	2,620		2,620
206	0607665A	FAMILY OF BIOMETRICS	590	590	590		590
207	0607865A	PATRIOT PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT	168,458	168,458	168,458		168,458
208	0203728A	JOINT AUTOMATED DEEP OPERATION COORDINATION SYSTEM (JADOCs)	27,582	27,582	27,582		27,582

209	0203735A	COMBAT VEHICLE IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS	272,926	295,926	272,926	23,000	295,926
		Stryker Modernization	[23,000]	[23,000]			
210	0203743A	155MM SELF-PROPELLED HOWITZER IMPROVEMENTS	42,205	42,205	55,205	-7,335	47,870
		Program rebaseline delay	[-13,000]	[-13,000]		[-7,335]	
211	0203752A	AIRCRAFT ENGINE COMPONENT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	142	142	142	142	142
212	0203758A	DIGITIZATION	1,562	1,562	1,562	1,562	1,562
213	0203801A	MISSILE/AIR DEFENSE PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	1,511	1,511	1,511	1,511	1,511
214	0203802A	OTHER MISSILE PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS	23,708	23,708	[10,000]	5,000	28,708
		Containerized weapon system				[5,000]	
215	0205412A	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY TECHNOLOGY—OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEV	269	269	269	269	269
216	0205778A	GUIDED MULTIPLE-LAUNCH ROCKET SYSTEM (GMLRS)	20,590	20,590	20,590	20,590	20,590
221	0303140A	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	15,733	15,733	15,733	15,733	15,733
222	0303141A	GLOBAL COMBAT SUPPORT SYSTEM	2,566	2,566	2,566	2,566	2,566
223	0303142A	SATCOM GROUND ENVIRONMENT (SPACE)	26,643	26,643	26,643	26,643	26,643
226	0305179A	INTEGRATED BROADCAST SERVICE (IBS)	5,701	5,701	5,701	5,701	5,701
229	0305219A	MQ-1 GRAY EAGLE UAV	6,681	6,681	6,681	6,681	6,681
230	0708045A	END ITEM INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS ACTIVITIES	67,187	72,187	73,187	11,000	78,187
		Advanced isostatic pressure armor			[6,000]	[6,000]	
		Development and qualification of ultra high molecular weight polyethylene fiber				[5,000]	
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	32,518	32,518	94,718		32,518
		Iron Quest—Army UFR			[12,200]		
		Spectre—Army UFR			[50,000]		
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	962,094	1,007,094	1,046,294	66,665	1,028,759
231	0608041A	SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS					
		DEFENSIVE CYBER—SOFTWARE PROTOTYPE DEVELOPMENT	74,548	74,548	74,548	74,548	74,548
		SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS	74,548	74,548	74,548	74,548	74,548
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, ARMY	14,073,308	77,448	553,226	212,243	14,285,551
001	0601103N	RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, NAVY					
		BASIC RESEARCH					
		UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	94,259	94,259	99,259	5,000	99,259
002	0601153N	Digital radar system development			[5,000]	[5,000]	
		DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	483,914	488,914	483,914	4,000	487,914
		Hypersonic T&E workforce development		[5,000]		[4,000]	
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	578,173	583,173	583,173	9,000	587,173
003	0602114N	APPLIED RESEARCH					
		POWER PROJECTION APPLIED RESEARCH	23,842	23,842	23,842		23,842

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Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
004	0602123N	FORCE PROTECTION APPLIED RESEARCH	120,716	137,716	125,716	10,000	130,716
		Composite Characterization		[2,500]			
		High-Performance Carbon Fiber for Advanced Rocket Motors		[2,500]			
		Intelligent Data Management for Distributed Naval Platforms		[12,000]		[5,000]	
		Unmanned maritime systems digital manufacturing factory of the future			[5,000]	[5,000]	
005	0602131M	MARINE CORPS LANDING FORCE TECHNOLOGY	53,758	63,758	53,758	5,000	58,758
		Next generation lithium ion batteries		[5,000]		[5,000]	
		Unmanned Logistics		[5,000]			
006	0602235N	COMMON PICTURE APPLIED RESEARCH	51,202	63,202	51,202	2,500	53,702
		Embedded Systems Cyber for Critical Naval Infrastructure		[12,000]		[2,500]	
007	0602236N	WARFIGHTER SUSTAINMENT APPLIED RESEARCH	76,379	71,379	82,379	1,000	77,379
		Program decrease		[-5,000]			
		Research on foreign malign influence operations			[6,000]	[1,000]	
008	0602271N	ELECTROMAGNETIC SYSTEMS APPLIED RESEARCH	91,441	91,441	91,441		91,441
009	0602435N	OCEAN WARFIGHTING ENVIRONMENT APPLIED RESEARCH	78,930	91,430	84,430	15,000	93,930
		Continuous distributed sensing systems		[10,000]		[10,000]	
		Multi-Frequency Satellite Data Reception and Technological Upgrades		[2,500]			
		Resilient autonomous sensing in the Arctic			[5,500]	[5,000]	
010	0602651M	JOINT NON-LETHAL WEAPONS APPLIED RESEARCH	7,719	7,719	7,719		7,719
011	0602747N	UNDERSEA WARFARE APPLIED RESEARCH	57,525	62,525	68,525	16,000	73,525
		Academic Partnerships for undersea vehicle research		[2,500]		[2,500]	
		Geophysical sensing and characterization of the mine-hunting environment			[1,000]	[1,000]	
		Low-cost autonomous sensors for maritime dominance			[10,000]	[10,000]	
		Undersea Research Facilities Capability		[2,500]		[2,500]	
012	0602750N	FUTURE NAVAL CAPABILITIES APPLIED RESEARCH	163,673	158,673	163,673		163,673
		Program decrease		[-5,000]			
013	0602782N	MINE AND EXPEDITIONARY WARFARE APPLIED RESEARCH	31,460	31,460	32,460	1,000	32,460
		Precision strike loitering munitions			[1,000]	[1,000]	
014	0602792N	INNOVATIVE NAVAL PROTOTYPES (INP) APPLIED RESEARCH	127,363	122,363	127,363		127,363
		Program decrease		[-5,000]			
015	0602861N	SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT—ONR FIELD ACTIVITIES	90,939	90,939	90,939		90,939
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	974,947	1,016,447	1,003,447	50,500	1,025,447

ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT

016	0603123N	FORCE PROTECTION ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	31,556	31,556	31,556
017	0603271N	ELECTROMAGNETIC SYSTEMS ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	8,537	8,537	8,537
018	0603273N	SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY FOR NUCLEAR RE-ENTRY SYSTEMS	118,624	118,624	118,624
019	0603640M	USMC ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEMONSTRATION (ATD)	250,747	250,747	258,747
		Expeditionary Airborne Logistics in support of maritime operations	[2,500]		15,500
		Innovative design and manufacturing for uncrewed systems		[8,000]	[2,500]
		KARGO UAS	[5,000]		[7,000]
		Long-range maneuvering projectiles			[6,000]
		Marine Corps realignment—Autonomous Low Profile Vessel			
020	0603651M	JOINT NON-LETHAL WEAPONS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	16,188	16,188	16,188
021	0603673N	FUTURE NAVAL CAPABILITIES ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	267,869	262,869	265,869
		Integration of aligned Carbon Nanotube Technology onto mission-critical Navy systems ..	[5,000]		[3,000]
022	0603680N	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	63,084	63,084	63,084
023	0603729N	WARFIGHTER PROTECTION ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	5,105	5,105	5,105
024	0603758N	NAVY WARFIGHTING EXPERIMENTS AND DEMONSTRATIONS	97,615	97,615	97,615
025	0603782N	MINE AND EXPEDITIONARY WARFARE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	2,050	2,050	2,050
026	0603801N	INNOVATIVE NAVAL PROTOTYPES (INP) ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	131,288	131,288	131,288
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	992,663	1,001,163	998,663
					18,500
027	0603128N	ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES			
028	0603178N	UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEM	99,940	99,940	99,940
029	0603207N	LARGE UNMANNED SURFACE VEHICLES (LUSV)	53,964	53,964	53,964
		AIR/OCEAN TACTICAL APPLICATIONS	51,765	59,765	50,765
		Advanced Component Development & Prototypes	[10,000]		9,000
030	0603216N	Autonomous surface and underwater dual-modality vehicles		[18,000]	[9,000]
031	0603239N	AVIATION SURVIVABILITY	23,115	23,115	23,115
		NAVAL CONSTRUCTION FORCES	7,866	7,866	12,866
		Autonomy Kits for Port and Airfield damage Repair	[20,000]		5,000
032	0603254N	ASW SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	20,033	20,033	20,033
033	0603261N	TACTICAL AIRBORNE RECONNAISSANCE	3,358	3,358	3,358
034	0603382N	ADVANCED COMBAT SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY	2,051	2,051	2,051
035	0603502N	SURFACE AND SHALLOW WATER MINE COUNTERMEASURES	29,421	29,421	35,421
		Program increase	[9,000]		6,000
036	0603506N	SURFACE SHIP TORPEDO DEFENSE	4,790	4,790	4,790
037	0603512N	CARRIER SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	5,659	5,659	5,659
038	0603525N	PILOT FISH	1,007,324	1,007,324	982,324
		Classified adjustment			-25,000
040	0603536N	RETRACT JUMPER	199,172	199,172	199,172
041	0603542N	RADIOLOGICAL CONTROL	801	801	801
042	0603553N	SURFACE ASW	1,194	1,194	1,194

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043	0603561N	ADVANCED SUBMARINE SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	96,694	103,694	106,694	10,000	106,694
		Advanced submarine hull coatings			[10,000]		
		New Solutions for Hull Treatments		[7,000]			
044	0603562N	SUBMARINE TACTICAL WARFARE SYSTEMS	14,924	14,924	14,924		14,924
045	0603563N	SHIP CONCEPT ADVANCED DESIGN	110,800	116,800	110,800		110,800
		Hybrid Robotic Automation Demonstration		[4,000]			
		Intumescent fire protective marine cable coating		[2,000]			
046	0603564N	SHIP PRELIMINARY DESIGN & FEASIBILITY STUDIES	52,586	52,586	52,586		52,586
047	0603570N	ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER SYSTEMS	368,002	368,002	368,002	-41,000	327,002
		Project 2370 excess to need				[-41,000]	
048	0603573N	ADVANCED SURFACE MACHINERY SYSTEMS	93,942	97,942	93,942	4,000	97,942
		Silicon Carbide Flexible Bus Node		[4,000]		[4,000]	
049	0603576N	CHALK EAGLE	137,372	137,372	137,372		137,372
050	0603581N	LITTORAL COMBAT SHIP (LCS)	9,132	-5,868	9,132		9,132
		Unjustified Request		[-15,000]			
051	0603582N	COMBAT SYSTEM INTEGRATION	20,135	20,135	50,135		20,135
		PAC-3-AEGIS integration			[30,000]		
052	0603595N	OHIO REPLACEMENT	189,631	196,631	189,631	2,000	191,631
		Advanced Composites for Wet Submarine Applications		[7,000]		[2,000]	
053	0603596N	LCS MISSION MODULES	28,801	28,801	28,801		28,801
054	0603597N	AUTOMATED TEST AND RE-TEST (ATRT)	10,805	10,805	10,805		10,805
055	0603599N	FRIGATE DEVELOPMENT	107,658	97,658	107,658	-2,176	105,482
		Program decrease		[-10,000]		[-2,176]	
056	0603609N	CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS	8,950	8,950	8,950		8,950
057	0603635M	MARINE CORPS GROUND COMBAT/SUPPORT SYSTEM	103,860	103,860	103,860		103,860
058	0603654N	JOINT SERVICE EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DEVELOPMENT	47,339	47,339	47,339		47,339
059	0603713N	OCEAN ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	15,587	15,587	15,587		15,587
060	0603721N	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	23,258	23,258	23,258		23,258
061	0603724N	NAVY ENERGY PROGRAM	60,610	65,610	60,610	2,000	62,610
		Marine Energy Systems for Sensors and Microgrids		[5,000]		[2,000]	
062	0603725N	FACILITIES IMPROVEMENT	9,067	9,067	9,067		9,067
063	0603734N	CHALK CORAL	459,791	850,791	459,791	400,000	859,791
		Non-traditional F2T2 Capability—INDOPACOM UPL		[400,000]		[400,000]	
		Program decrease		[-9,000]			

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099	0303354N	ASW SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT—MIP	7,253	7,253	7,253		7,253
100	0304240M	ADVANCED TACTICAL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM	3,504	3,504	3,504		3,504
101	0304270N	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT—MIP	1,395	1,395	1,395		1,395
102	0304797N	UNDERSEA ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE / MACHINE LEARNING (A/ML)	28,563	28,563	28,563		28,563
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES	7,465,005	8,084,005	7,891,305	579,610	8,044,615
		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION					
103	0603208N	TRAINING SYSTEM AIRCRAFT	26,120	26,120	26,120		26,120
104	0604038N	MARITIME TARGETING CELL	43,301	43,301	43,301		43,301
107	0604214M	AV-8B AIRCRAFT—ENG DEV	5,320	5,320	5,320		5,320
108	0604215N	STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT	5,120	5,120	5,120		5,120
109	0604216N	MULTI-MISSION HELICOPTER UPGRADE DEVELOPMENT	60,438	60,438	60,438		60,438
111	0604230N	WARFARE SUPPORT SYSTEM	108,432	108,432	108,432		108,432
112	0604231N	COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEMS	164,391	164,391	164,391		164,391
113	0604234N	ADVANCED HAWKEYE	301,384	301,384	301,384		301,384
114	0604245M	H-1 UPGRADES	39,023	39,023	39,023		39,023
115	0604261N	ACOUSTIC SEARCH SENSORS	53,591	53,591	53,591		53,591
116	0604262N	V-22A	109,431	109,431	109,431		109,431
117	0604264N	AIR CREW SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	29,330	29,330	29,330		29,330
118	0604269N	EA-18	223,266	200,966	223,266		223,266
		SIM Delay		[-22,300]			
119	0604270N	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	189,750	189,750	189,750		189,750
120	0604273M	EXECUTIVE HELO DEVELOPMENT	51,366	51,366	51,366		51,366
121	0604274N	NEXT GENERATION JAMMER (NGJ)	86,721	86,721	86,721		86,721
122	0604280N	JOINT TACTICAL RADIO SYSTEM—NAVY (JTRS-NAVY)	330,559	340,559	359,159	28,600	359,159
		Accelerate Fund NC3 Recapitalization and New Transmission Pathways—Navy UFR			[28,600]		
123	0604282N	Network Tactical Common Data Link—Phased Array Antenna Qualification	209,623	[10,000]			
		NEXT GENERATION JAMMER (NGJ) INCREMENT II		172,223	209,623	-13,350	196,273
		Next Generation Jammer—Low Band		[-37,400]		[-13,350]	
124	0604307N	SURFACE COMBATANT COMBAT SYSTEM ENGINEERING	528,234	528,234	528,234		528,234
125	0604329N	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB (SDB)	19,744	19,744	19,744		19,744
126	0604366N	STANDARD MISSILE IMPROVEMENTS	468,297	468,297	468,297		468,297
		EU development delays				-17,875	
		Prior year underexecution				[-10,000]	450,422
						[-7,875]	

127	0604373N	AIRBORNE MCM	11,066	11,066	11,066	11,066
128	0604378N	NAVAL INTEGRATED FIRE CONTROL—COUNTER AIR SYSTEMS ENGINEERING	41,419	41,419	41,419	41,419
130	0604501N	ADVANCED ABOVE WATER SENSORS	112,231	112,231	112,231	112,231
131	0604503N	SSN-688 AND TRIDENT MODERNIZATION	97,953	97,953	97,953	97,953
132	0604504N	AIR CONTROL	84,458	84,458	84,458	84,458
133	0604512N	SHIPBOARD AVIATION SYSTEMS	10,742	10,742	10,742	10,742
134	0604518N	COMBAT INFORMATION CENTER CONVERSION	10,621	10,621	10,621	10,621
135	0604522N	AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE RADAR (AMDR) SYSTEM	107,924	107,924	107,924	107,924
136	0604530N	ADVANCED ARRESTING GEAR (AAG)	9,142	9,142	9,142	9,142
137	0604538N	NEW DESIGN SSN	273,848	273,848	273,848	273,848
		Advanced Submarine Control / Precision Maneuvering Unit	[7,000]			
138	0604562N	SUBMARINE TACTICAL WARFARE SYSTEM	71,982	71,982	71,982	71,982
139	0604567N	SHIP CONTRACT DESIGN/ LIVE FIRE T&E	13,675	13,675	13,675	13,675
140	0604574N	NAVY TACTICAL COMPUTER RESOURCES	3,921	3,921	3,921	3,921
141	0604601N	MINE DEVELOPMENT	79,411	79,411	101,811	84,411
		Maritime mine development and fielding acceleration (HHEE Inc 1)			[22,400]	5,000
142	0604610N	LIGHTWEIGHT TORPEDO DEVELOPMENT	137,265	137,265	[22,400]	[5,000]
		Cartover			137,265	[-14,788]
143	0604654N	JOINT SERVICE EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DEVELOPMENT	8,810	8,810	8,810	8,810
144	0604657M	USMC GROUND COMBAT/SUPPORTING ARMS SYSTEMS—ENG DEV	33,880	33,880	33,880	33,880
145	0604703N	PERSONNEL TRAINING, SIMULATION, AND HUMAN FACTORS	10,011	10,011	10,011	10,011
146	0604727N	JOINT STANDOFF WEAPON SYSTEMS	1,516	1,516	1,516	1,516
147	0604755N	SHIP SELF DEFENSE (DETECT & CONTROL)	170,080	170,080	170,080	170,080
148	0604756N	SHIP SELF DEFENSE (ENGAGE-HARD KILL)	74,214	79,214	99,214	74,214
		ESSM Blk 2 software upgrades ahead of need				[-7,880]
		ESSMS system integration and test ahead of need				[-6,970]
		HVP 5-inch cUAS round				[22,480]
		Navy Hypervelocity Projectile (HVP) ship integration				[-7,630]
149	0604757N	SHIP SELF DEFENSE (ENGAGE-SOFT KILL/EW)	165,599	165,599	271,599	165,599
		NGLS excess to need				
150	0604761N	Accelerate Long Endurance Electronic Decay (LEED)—Navy UFR	23,810	23,810	[106,000]	23,810
151	0604771N	INTELLIGENCE ENGINEERING	8,371	8,371	8,371	8,371
152	0604777N	MEDICAL DEVELOPMENT	44,326	44,326	44,326	44,326
155	0604850N	NAVIGATION/ID SYSTEM	348,788	298,788	348,788	320,888
		SSN(X)				
		Program delay				
		INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	15,218	15,218	15,218	15,218
156	0605013M	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	325,004	317,504	325,004	327,504
157	0605013N	Program decrease				
		Program increase				
						[2,500]

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158	0605024N	ANTI-TAMPER TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	3,317	3,317	3,317		3,317
159	0605180N	TACAMO MODERNIZATION	775,316	775,316	775,316		775,316
160	0605212M	CH-53K RTE	86,093	86,093	86,093		86,093
161	0605215N	MISSION PLANNING	115,390	115,390	115,390		115,390
162	0605217N	COMMON AVIONICS	87,053	87,053	87,053		87,053
163	0605220N	SHIP TO SHORE CONNECTOR (SSC)	5,697	5,697	5,697		5,697
164	0605285N	NEXT GENERATION FIGHTER	453,828	363,828	53,828		453,828
		Program decrease					
		Program Execution & Deferment		[-90,000]	[-400,000]		
166	0605414N	UNMANNED CARRIER AVIATION (UCA)	214,919	214,919	214,919		214,919
167	0605450M	JOINT AIR-TO-GROUND MISSILE (JAGM)	20,654	20,654	20,654		20,654
168	0605500N	MULTI-MISSION MARITIME AIRCRAFT (MMA)	39,096	39,096	39,096		39,096
169	0605504N	MULTI-MISSION MARITIME (MMA) INCREMENT III	134,366	134,366	134,366		134,366
170	0605516N	LONG RANGE FIRES	120,728	120,728	120,728		120,728
171	0605611M	MARINE CORPS ASSAULT VEHICLES SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT & DEMONSTRATION	60,181	55,181	60,181	-5,000	55,181
		Slow expenditure rate		[-5,000]		[-5,000]	
172	0605813M	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE (JLTV) SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT & DEMONSTRATION	10,748	10,748	10,748		10,748
173	0204202N	DDG-1000	243,042	243,042	243,042		243,042
174	0301377N	COUNTERING ADVANCED CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS (CACW)	19,517	19,517	19,517		19,517
175	0302315N	NON-KINETIC COUNTERMEASURE SUPPORT	8,324	8,324	8,324		8,324
179	0304785N	ISR & INFO OPERATIONS	188,392	188,392	188,392		188,392
180	0306250M	CYBER OPERATIONS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	7,581	7,581	7,581		7,581
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION	7,942,968	7,752,768	7,724,968	-42,813	7,900,155
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT					
181	0604256N	THREAT SIMULATOR DEVELOPMENT	25,823	25,823	25,823		25,823
182	0604258N	TARGET SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	17,224	17,224	17,224		17,224
183	0604759N	MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT	65,672	65,672	65,672		65,672
184	0605152N	STUDIES AND ANALYSIS SUPPORT—NAVY	6,216	6,216	6,216		6,216
185	0605154N	CENTER FOR NAVAL ANALYSES	43,648	43,648	43,648		43,648
187	0605804N	TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICES	1,009	1,009	1,009		1,009
188	0605853N	MANAGEMENT, TECHNICAL & INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT	137,521	137,521	137,521		137,521
189	0605856N	STRATEGIC TECHNICAL SUPPORT	3,536	3,536	3,536		3,536
190	0605863N	RD&E SHIP AND AIRCRAFT SUPPORT	152,176	152,176	152,176		152,176

191	0605864N	TEST AND EVALUATION SUPPORT	477,823	477,823	477,823	477,823
192	0605865N	OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION CAPABILITY	30,603	30,603	30,603	30,603
193	0605866N	NAVY SPACE AND ELECTRONIC WARFARE (SEW) SUPPORT	23,668	23,668	23,668	23,668
194	0605867N	SEW SURVEILLANCE/RECONNAISSANCE SUPPORT	6,390	6,390	6,390	6,390
195	0605873M	MARINE CORPS PROGRAM WIDE SUPPORT	32,700	32,700	32,700	32,700
196	0605888N	MANAGEMENT HQ—R&D	42,381	42,381	42,381	42,381
197	0606295M	MARINE AVIATION DEVELOPMENTAL MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
198	0606355N	WARFARE INNOVATION MANAGEMENT	50,652	50,652	50,652	50,652
199	0305327N	INSIDER THREAT	2,920	2,920	2,920	2,920
200	0902498N	MANAGEMENT HEADQUARTERS (DEPARTMENTAL SUPPORT ACTIVITIES)	2,234	2,234	2,234	2,234
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	1,127,196	1,127,196	1,127,196	1,127,196
203	0604840M	OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT				
204	0604840N	F-35 C2D2	480,759	432,759	480,759	480,759
		Program Carryover		[-48,000]		
205	0605520M	F-35 C2D2	466,186	420,186	466,186	466,186
		Program Carryover		[-46,000]		
206	0607658N	MARINE CORPS AIR DEFENSE WEAPONS SYSTEMS	74,119	88,519	74,119	88,519
207	0101221N	Counter UAS high powered microwave acceleration		[14,400]		14,400
		COOPERATIVE ENGAGEMENT CAPABILITY (CEC)	142,552	142,552	142,552	142,552
		STRATEGIC SUB & WEAPONS SYSTEM SUPPORT	403,494	413,494	403,494	403,494
		High density sonar array				
		Outpost Uncrewed Surveillance System		[10,000]		
208	0101224N	SSBN SECURITY TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	61,012	61,012	61,012	61,012
209	0101226N	SUBMARINE ACOUSTIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	96,667	96,667	96,667	96,667
210	0101402N	NAVY STRATEGIC COMMUNICATIONS	29,743	29,743	29,743	29,743
211	0204136N	F/A-18 SQUADRONS	374,194	336,794	374,194	374,194
		SLM Delay		[-37,400]		
212	0204228N	SURFACE SUPPORT	8,420	8,420	8,420	8,420
213	0204229N	TOMAHAWK AND TOMAHAWK MISSION PLANNING CENTER (TMPC)	200,739	200,739	200,739	199,150
		Product development ahead of need			-1,589	
		INTEGRATED SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM			[-1,589]	
214	0204311N	SHIP-TOWED ARRAY SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS	72,473	72,473	72,473	72,473
215	0204313N	AMPHIBIOUS TACTICAL SUPPORT UNITS (DISPLACEMENT CRAFT)	1,428	1,428	1,428	1,428
216	0204413N	GROUND/AIR TASK ORIENTED RADAR (GATOR)	2,238	2,238	2,238	2,238
217	0204460M	Slow expenditure rate	51,346	45,946	51,346	45,946
		Consolidated Training Systems Development		[-5,400]		
218	0204571N	ELECTRONIC WARFARE (EW) READINESS SUPPORT	159,648	159,648	159,648	159,648
219	0204575N	Accelerate COPPERFIELD—Navy UFR	139,164	139,164	318,164	139,164
		Accelerate GRANDSTAND—Navy UFR			[60,000]	
					[29,000]	

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Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
		Navy counterspace capability—SPACECOM UFR			[60,000]		
		Navy mobile counterspace capability—SPACECOM UFR			[10,000]		
		Navy space-enabled indications and warnings capability—SPACECOM UFR			[20,000]		
220	0205601N	ANTI-RADIATION MISSILE IMPROVEMENT	28,682	28,682	28,682		28,682
221	0205620N	SURFACE ASW COMBAT SYSTEM INTEGRATION	29,887	29,887	29,887		29,887
222	0205632N	MK-48 ADCAP	164,935	164,935	184,935	20,000	184,935
		NSWC INDIAN HEAD explosive fill			[20,000]	[20,000]	
223	0205633N	AVIATION IMPROVEMENTS	136,276	122,676	136,276		136,276
		Program Carryover		[-13,600]			
224	0205675N	OPERATIONAL NUCLEAR POWER SYSTEMS	167,098	167,098	167,098		167,098
225	0206313M	MARINE CORPS COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS	145,343	145,343	161,643	6,000	151,343
		Marine Corps Electromagnetic Warfare Programs—SPACECOM UFR			[10,300]		
		Marine Corps realignment—MEGFOS-M			[6,000]	[6,000]	
226	0206335M	COMMON AVIATION COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM (CAC2S)	18,332	18,332			18,332
227	0206623M	MARINE CORPS GROUND COMBAT/SUPPORTING ARMS SYSTEMS	77,377	74,577	18,332	-2,000	75,377
		Slow expenditure rate		[-2,800]	77,377	[-2,000]	
228	0206624M	MARINE CORPS COMBAT SERVICES SUPPORT	33,641	33,641	33,641		33,641
229	0206625M	USMC INTELLIGENCE/ELECTRONIC WARFARE SYSTEMS (MIP)	37,372	37,372	57,372		37,372
		Tactical Exploitation of National Capabilities (TENCAP)—USMC UFR			[20,000]		
231	0207161N	TACTICAL AIM MISSILES	31,359	31,359	31,359		31,359
232	0207163N	ADVANCED MEDIUM RANGE AIR-TO-AIR MISSILE (AMRAAM)	29,638	29,638	29,638		29,638
233	0208043N	PLANNING AND DECISION AID SYSTEM (PDAS)	3,559	3,559	3,559		3,559
237	0303138N	AFLSAT NETWORKS	56,915	56,915	69,215	12,300	69,215
		Accelerate Fund NC3 Recapitalization and New Transmission Pathways—Navy UFR			[12,300]	[12,300]	
238	0303140N	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	35,339	35,339	35,339		35,339
239	0305192N	MILITARY INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM (MIP) ACTIVITIES	7,239	7,239	7,239		7,239
242	0305208M	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS	45,550	45,550	45,550		45,550
243	0305220N	MQ-4C TRITON	14,402	14,402	14,402		14,402
245	0305232M	RQ-11 UAV	2,016	14,516	2,016		2,016
		Maritimization of the Long-Range Tactical (LRT) SUAS		[12,500]			
247	0305241N	MULTI-INTELLIGENCE SENSOR DEVELOPMENT	40,267	40,267	40,267		40,267
248	0305242M	UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS (UAS) PAYLOADS (MIP)	10,917	10,917	10,917		10,917
250	0305421N	MQ-4C TRITON MODERNIZATION	444,042	444,042	444,042		444,042
251	0307577N	INTELLIGENCE MISSION DATA (IMD)	793	793	793		793

252	0308601N	MODELING AND SIMULATION SUPPORT	10,927	10,927	10,927	10,927
253	0702207N	DEPOT MAINTENANCE (NON-IF)	28,799	28,799	28,799	28,799
254	0708730N	MARITIME TECHNOLOGY (MARITECH)	4,326	4,326	4,326	4,326
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	2,235,339	2,235,339	2,235,339	2,235,339
		Classified adjustment		(417,000)		
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	6,604,552	6,488,252	43,711	6,648,263
		SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS				
255	0608013N	RISK MANAGEMENT INFORMATION—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM	14,522	14,522	14,522	14,522
256	0608231N	MARITIME TACTICAL COMMAND AND CONTROL (MTC2)—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM	10,289	10,289	10,289	10,289
		SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS	24,811	24,811		24,811
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, NAVY	25,697,815	371,500	658,508	26,356,323
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, AF				
		BASIC RESEARCH				
001	0601102F	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	361,930	369,430	7,500	369,430
		Innovation of quantum materials		(7,500)		
002	0601103F	UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	143,372	143,372	143,372	143,372
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	505,302	512,802	7,500	512,802
		APPLIED RESEARCH				
003	0602020F	FUTURE AF CAPABILITIES APPLIED RESEARCH	85,477	85,477		85,477
004	0602022F	UNIVERSITY AFFILIATED RESEARCH CENTER (UARC)—TACTICAL AUTONOMY	8,225	8,225		8,225
005	0602102F	MATERIALS	142,336	134,836	10,000	152,336
		Advanced materials science for manufacturing research			(10,000)	
		Program decrease		(-7,500)		
006	0602201F	AEROSPACE VEHICLE TECHNOLOGIES	5,235	5,235		5,235
007	0602202F	HUMAN EFFECTIVENESS APPLIED RESEARCH	138,204	138,204		138,204
008	0602203F	AEROSPACE PROPULSION	339,477	346,977	7,500	346,977
		High mach turbine engine		(2,500)		
		High-hypersonic detonation propulsion research and technology		(5,000)		
009	0602204F	AEROSPACE SENSORS	193,029	193,029		193,029
011	0602298F	SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT—MAJOR HEADQUARTERS ACTIVITIES	9,662	9,662		9,662
012	0602602F	CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS	138,497	138,497		138,497
013	0602605F	DIRECTED ENERGY TECHNOLOGY	114,962	117,462	2,500	117,462
		Program increase		(2,500)		
014	0602788F	DOMINANT INFORMATION SCIENCES AND METHODS	176,333	176,333		183,833
		Autonomy and AI research		(2,500)		
		Future Flag Testbed		(5,000)		

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Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	1,351,437	1,361,437	1,361,437	27,500
		ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT				
015	0603032F	FUTURE AF INTEGRATED TECHNOLOGY DEMOS	248,506	238,506	248,506	-10,000
		Program decrease		[-10,000]		[-10,000]
016	0603112F	ADVANCED MATERIALS FOR WEAPON SYSTEMS	29,661	29,661	29,661	29,661
017	0603199F	SUSTAINMENT SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (S&T)	12,558	12,558	12,558	-2,080
		Excess growth				[-2,080]
018	0603203F	ADVANCED AEROSPACE SENSORS	37,935	37,935	37,935	37,935
019	0603211F	AEROSPACE TECHNOLOGY DEV/DEMO	102,529	105,029	102,529	-16,310
		Reusable Hypersonic Rocket Engine Flight Demo		[2,500]		[2,500]
		Unjustified growth				[-18,810]
020	0603216F	AEROSPACE PROPULSION AND POWER TECHNOLOGY				5,000
		Medium-Scale CCA Propulsion		[10,000]		[5,000]
021	0603270F	ELECTRONIC COMBAT TECHNOLOGY	36,445	36,445	36,445	36,445
022	0603273F	SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY FOR NUCLEAR RE-ENTRY SYSTEMS	91,885	91,885	91,885	91,885
024	0603456F	HUMAN EFFECTIVENESS ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	19,568	19,568	19,568	19,568
025	0603601F	CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS TECHNOLOGY	125,460	125,460	125,460	125,460
026	0603605F	ADVANCED WEAPONS TECHNOLOGY	25,050	25,050	25,050	25,050
027	0603680F	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	34,730	37,230	37,730	3,000
		Additive manufacturing of super refractory alloys		[2,500]		
		Affordable composites for hypersonic systems			[1,000]	[1,000]
		Classified additive manufacturing research			[2,000]	[2,000]
028	0603788F	BATTLESPACE KNOWLEDGE DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION	26,172	21,172	26,172	26,172
		Program decrease		[-5,000]		
029	060476F	DEPLOYMENT & DISTRIBUTION ENTERPRISE R&D	27,762	27,762	27,762	-2,760
		Unjustified growth				[-2,760]
030	0207412F	CONTROL AND REPORTING CENTER (CRC)	2,012	2,012	2,012	2,012
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	820,273	820,273	823,273	-23,150
		ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES				
032	0603260F	INTELLIGENCE ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	3,820	3,820	3,820	3,820
033	0603742F	COMBAT IDENTIFICATION TECHNOLOGY	24,799	24,799	24,799	24,799
034	0603790F	NATO RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	4,498	4,498	4,498	4,498

035	0603851F	INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE—DEMAVAL	119,197	114,197	119,197	–8,000	111,197
		Insufficient Justification		[–5,000]		[–8,000]	
036	0604001F	NC3 ADVANCED CONCEPTS	10,148	10,148	10,148	–4,600	5,548
		Unjustified growth				[–4,600]	
037	0604003F	ADVANCED BATTLE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (ABMS)	743,842	743,842	743,842	–101,782	642,060
		Unjustified growth				[–101,782]	
038	0604004F	ADVANCED ENGINE DEVELOPMENT	562,337	562,337	562,337	–532,337	30,000
		Air Force requested transfer to line 38A				[–532,337]	
038A	0604004FA	NEXT GENERATION ADAPTIVE PROPULSION				532,337	532,337
		Air Force requested transfer from line 38				[532,337]	
039	0604005F	NC3 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT & PROTOTYPING	68,124	68,124	68,124	–16,936	68,124
041	0604007F	E-7	418,513	382,363	418,513	–16,936	401,577
		E-7—Slow Expenditure		[–36,150]		[–16,936]	
042	0604009F	AFWERX PRIME	20,580	30,580	20,580	10,000	30,580
		Program increase		[10,000]		[10,000]	
043	0604015F	LONG RANGE STRIKE—BOMBER	2,654,073	2,654,073	2,654,073		2,654,073
044	0604025F	RAPID DEFENSE EXPERIMENTATION RESERVE (RDER)	75,051	75,051	75,051		75,051
045	0604032F	DIRECTED ENERGY PROTOTYPING	3,712	3,712	3,712		3,712
047	0604183F	HYPERSONICS PROTOTYPING—HYPERSONIC ATTACK CRUISE MISSILE (HACM)	516,971	516,971	516,971		516,971
049	0604257F	ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY AND SENSORS	24,204	24,204	24,204		24,204
050	0604288F	SURVIVABLE AIRBORNE OPERATIONS CENTER (SAOC)	1,687,500	1,447,500	1,447,500	–140,625	1,546,875
		Late contract award		[–240,000]		[–140,625]	
051	0604317F	Survivable Airborne Operations Center reduction			[–240,000]		
052	0604327F	TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER	3,485	3,485	3,485		3,485
		HARD AND DEEPLY BURIED TARGET DEFEAT SYSTEM (HDBTDS) PROGRAM	154,417	144,417	149,917	–10,000	144,417
		Program decrease		[–10,000]		[–10,000]	
053	0604414F	CYBER RESILIENCY OF WEAPON SYSTEMS-ACS	59,539	59,539	59,539		59,539
055	0604609F	REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS & CONCEPT MATURATION	22,667	22,667	22,667	–10,045	12,622
		Unjustified request				[–10,045]	
056	0604668F	JOINT TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (JTMS)	174,723	169,723	174,723	–66,629	108,094
		Excess to need				[–66,629]	
		Program decrease		[–5,000]		[–65,329]	
		Projected underexecution					
057	0604776F	DEPLOYMENT & DISTRIBUTION ENTERPRISE R&D	4,840	4,840	4,840	–1,300	4,840
058	0604858F	TECH TRANSITION PROGRAM	234,342	211,342	298,842	53,000	287,342
		Accelerate experimentation and prototyping including for advanced low-cost weapons			[50,000]	[50,000]	
		Air Force Research Lab stratospheric balloon experimentation project			[14,500]	[14,500]	
		Funding carryover		[–23,000]		[–11,500]	
059	0604860F	OPERATIONAL ENERGY AND INSTALLATION RESILIENCE	63,194	63,194	63,194	–19,500	43,694
		Unjustified growth				[–19,500]	

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Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
060	0605057F	NEXT GENERATION AIR-REFUELING SYSTEM	7,014	7,014	7,014		7,014
061	0605164F	AIR REFUELING CAPABILITY MODERNIZATION	13,661	13,661	13,661		13,661
062	0606005F	DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION OFFICE	9,800	14,600	9,800	4,800	14,600
		Software integration laboratory modernization		[4,800]		[4,800]	
		Non-traditional F212 Capability—INDOPACOM UPL		[400,000]			
064	0207110F	NEXT GENERATION AIR DOMINANCE	3,306,355	3,006,355	3,306,355	-30,920	3,275,435
		Program delay		[-300,000]		[-30,920]	
065	0207179F	AUTONOMOUS COLLABORATIVE PLATFORMS	51,666	51,666	51,666		51,666
066	0207420F	COMBAT IDENTIFICATION	1,914	1,914	1,914		1,914
067	0207431F	COMBAT AIR INTELLIGENCE SYSTEM ACTIVITIES	18,733	18,733	18,733	-18,733	
		Air Force requested transfer to line 67A				[-18,733]	
067A	0607431FA	AIR FORCE ISR DIGITAL INFRASTRUCTURE		18,733		18,733	18,733
		Air Force requested transfer from line 67				[18,733]	
068	0207448F	C2ISR TACTICAL DATA LINK	42,371	42,371	42,371		42,371
069	0207455F	THREE DIMENSIONAL LONG-RANGE RADAR (3DELRR)	8,100	8,100	8,100		8,100
070	0207522F	AIRBASE AIR DEFENSE SYSTEMS (ABADS)	17,273	17,273	17,273		17,273
071	0207606F	JOINT SIMULATION ENVIRONMENT (JSE)	191,337	191,337	191,337	-11,722	179,615
		JSE—XA ahead of need				[-11,722]	
072	0208030F	WAR RESERVE MATERIEL—AMMUNITION	5,226	5,226	5,226		5,226
073	0305236F	COMMON DATA LINK EXECUTIVE AGENT (CDL EA)	33,349	33,349	33,349		33,349
074	0305601F	MISSION PARTNER ENVIRONMENTS	22,028	22,028	22,028		22,028
077	0708051F	RAPID SUSTAINMENT MODERNIZATION (RSM)	37,044	57,044	37,044	15,000	52,044
		CBM+		[20,000]		[15,000]	
078	0808736F	SPECIAL VICTIM ACCOUNTABILITY AND INVESTIGATION	3,006	3,006	3,006		3,006
079	0808737F	INTEGRATED PRIMARY PREVENTION	5,364	5,364	5,364		5,364
080	0901410F	CONTRACTING INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM	28,995	28,995	28,995		28,995
081	1206415F	U.S. SPACE COMMAND RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT	28,392	28,392	28,392		28,392
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES	11,486,204	11,301,854	11,308,204	-337,959	11,148,245
		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION					
082	0604200F	FUTURE ADVANCED WEAPON ANALYSIS & PROGRAMS	7,205	13,205	7,205	6,000	13,205
		RAACM		[6,000]		[6,000]	
083	0604201F	PNT RESILIENCY, MODS, AND IMPROVEMENTS	217,662	217,662	217,662		217,662
084	0604222F	NUCLEAR WEAPONS SUPPORT	70,823	70,823	70,823		70,823

085	0604270F	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	19,264	19,264	19,264	19,264
086	0604281F	TACTICAL DATA NETWORKS ENTERPRISE	78,480	78,480	78,480	78,480
087	0604287F	PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT	10,569	10,569	10,569	10,569
088	0604336F	HARD AND DEEPLY BURIED TARGET DEFEAT SYSTEM (HDBTDS) PROTOTYPING	39,079	39,079	39,079	39,079
089	0604602F	ARMAMENT/ORDNANCE DEVELOPMENT	7,157	7,157	7,157	7,157
090	0604604F	SUBMUNITIONS	3,427	3,427	3,427	3,427
091	0604617F	AGILE COMBAT SUPPORT	24,178	24,178	24,178	24,178
092	0604706F	LIFE SUPPORT SYSTEMS	25,502	25,502	25,502	25,502
093	0604735F	COMBAT TRAINING RANGES	224,783	224,783	224,783	209,138
		Advanced Radar Threat System Development	[7,000]		-15,645	
		Excess growth—ARTS-V	623,491	623,491	[-15,645]	623,491
094	0604932F	LONG RANGE STANDOFF WEAPON	10,408	10,408	-2,030	8,378
095	0604933F	ICBM FUZE MODERNIZATION			[-2,030]	
		Unjustified request				
098	0605056F	OPEN ARCHITECTURE MANAGEMENT	41,223	41,223	41,223	41,223
100	0605223F	ADVANCED PILOT TRAINING	83,985	83,985	83,985	83,985
102	0605238F	GROUND BASED STRATEGIC DETERRENT EMD	3,721,024	3,721,024	200,000	3,921,024
		Program increase: Sentinel industrial base risk reduction and prototyping			[200,000]	
104	0207279F	ISOLATED PERSONNEL SURVIVABILITY AND RECOVERY	10,020	10,020	10,020	10,020
105	0207328F	STAND IN ATTACK WEAPON	375,528	375,528	375,528	375,528
106	0207701F	FULL COMBAT MISSION TRAINING	7,754	7,754	7,754	7,754
111	0305155F	THEATER NUCLEAR WEAPON STORAGE & SECURITY SYSTEM	9,018	9,018	9,018	9,018
113	0401221F	KC-46A TANKER SQUADRONS	93,620	93,620	93,620	93,620
114	0401319F	VC-25B	305,943	30,943	30,943	325,457
		Program decrease	[-20,000]		-108,486	
		Program delay	[-108,000]		[-108,486]	
		VC-25B reduction		[-403,000]		
115	0701212F	AUTOMATED TEST SYSTEMS	26,640	26,640	26,640	26,640
		Software Factories	[5,000]			
116	0804772F	TRAINING DEVELOPMENTS	4,960	4,960	4,960	4,960
		3D Interactive & Immersive Instruction	[5,100]			
117	1203176F	COMBAT SURVIVOR EVADER LOCATOR	2,269	2,269	2,269	2,269
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION	6,172,012	6,067,112	79,839	6,251,851
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT				
118	0604256F	THREAT SIMULATOR DEVELOPMENT	19,927	19,927	19,927	19,927
119	0604759F	MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT	74,228	74,228	74,228	74,228
		EGTR Infrastructure Modernization	[12,000]			
		Hypersonic Capability Acceleration	[30,000]			
		Planning & Design	[15,000]			

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120	0605101F	RAND PROJECT AIR FORCE	39,720	39,720	39,720		39,720
122	0605712F	INITIAL OPERATIONAL TEST & EVALUATION	14,247	14,247	14,247		14,247
123	0605807F	TEST AND EVALUATION SUPPORT	936,913	942,213	936,913	3,100	940,013
		Digital Test Facility Models		[5,300]		[3,100]	
124	0605827F	ACQ WORKFORCE- GLOBAL VIG & COMBAT SYS	316,924	316,924	316,924		316,924
125	0605828F	ACQ WORKFORCE- GLOBAL REACH	496,740	496,740	496,740		496,740
126	0605829F	ACQ WORKFORCE- CYBER, NETWORK, & BUS SYS	521,987	511,987	521,987	-10,000	511,987
		Program decrease		[-10,000]		[-10,000]	
128	0605831F	ACQ WORKFORCE- CAPABILITY INTEGRATION	262,349	262,349	262,349		262,349
129	0605832F	ACQ WORKFORCE- ADVANCED PRGM TECHNOLOGY	69,319	69,319	69,319		69,319
130	0605833F	ACQ WORKFORCE- NUCLEAR SYSTEMS	343,180	343,180	343,180		343,180
131	0605888F	MANAGEMENT HQ—R&D	6,291	6,291	6,291		6,291
132	0605976F	FACILITIES RESTORATION AND MODERNIZATION—TEST AND EVALUATION SUPPORT	94,828	124,828	94,828		94,828
		Program increase		[30,000]			
133	0605978F	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT—TEST AND EVALUATION SUPPORT	63,579	63,579	63,579		63,579
134	0606017F	REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS AND MATURATION	41,550	37,450	41,550	-4,100	37,450
		Funding carryover		[-4,100]		[-4,100]	
135	0606398F	MANAGEMENT HQ—T&E	7,647	7,647	7,647		7,647
137	0303255F	COMMAND, CONTROL, COMMUNICATION, AND COMPUTERS (C4)—STRATCOM	19,607	31,607	27,607	13,000	32,607
		JEMSO dynamic spectrum sharing efforts		[1,000]			
		NC3 network security sensor			[5,000]		
		NC3 Research Architecture and Collaboration Hub (REACH)			[3,000]		
		NC3 STRATCOM		[10,000]		[3,000]	
		STRATCOM UARC Priority Research		[1,000]		[10,000]	
138	0308602F	ENTERPRISE INFORMATION SERVICES (EIS)	104,133	89,133	104,133		104,133
		Program decrease		[-15,000]			
139	0702806F	ACQUISITION AND MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	25,216	25,216	25,216		25,216
140	0804731F	GENERAL SKILL TRAINING	10	10	6,010	6,000	6,010
		Cyber workforce training ranges			[6,000]	[6,000]	
141	0804776F	ADVANCED DISTRIBUTED LEARNING	1,652	1,652	1,652		1,652
143	1001004F	INTERNATIONAL ACTIVITIES	4,590	4,590	4,590		4,590
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	3,464,637	3,539,837	3,478,637	8,000	3,472,637
		OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT					

144	0604233F	SPECIALIZED UNDERGRADUATE FLIGHT TRAINING	39,667	39,667	39,667
145	0604281F	TACTICAL DATA NETWORKS ENTERPRISE	22	22	22
146	0604283F	BATTLE MGMT COM & CTRL SENSOR DEVELOPMENT	100,183	100,183	100,183
147	0604443F	WIDE AREA SURVEILLANCE	21,443	21,443	21,443
150	0604840F	F-35 C2D2	1,124,207	1,124,207	1,124,207
		Cooperative Avionics Test Bed (CATB) Aircraft	[200,000]	[200,000]	[200,000]
		F-35 System Digital-Twin Models	[350,000]	[350,000]	[350,000]
		Mission Software Integration Laboratory (MSIL)	[300,000]	[300,000]	[300,000]
		Program Carryover	[−100,000]	[−100,000]	[−100,000]
151	0605018F	AF INTEGRATED PERSONNEL AND PAY SYSTEM (AF-IPPS)	49,739	49,739	49,739
152	0605024F	ANTI-TAMPER TECHNOLOGY EXECUTIVE AGENCY	65,792	65,792	65,792
153	0605117F	FOREIGN MATERIEL ACQUISITION AND EXPLOITATION	94,188	94,188	94,188
154	0605229F	HH-60W	52,314	52,314	52,314
155	0605278F	HC/MC-130 RECAP RDT&E	24,934	24,934	24,934
156	0606018F	NC3 INTEGRATION	21,864	21,864	21,864
157	0101113F	B-52 SQUADRONS	1,045,570	1,045,570	1,045,570
		VLF/LF excessive cost growth	[−7,000]	[−7,000]	[−7,000]
158	0101122F	AIR-LAUNCHED CRUISE MISSILE (ALCM)	542	542	542
159	0101126F	B-1B SQUADRONS	17,939	17,939	17,939
160	0101127F	B-2 SQUADRONS	41,212	41,212	41,212
161	0101213F	MINUTEMAN SQUADRONS	62,550	62,550	62,550
162	0101316F	WORLDWIDE JOINT STRATEGIC COMMUNICATIONS	13,690	13,690	13,690
163	0101318F	SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—GLOBAL STRIKE	7,330	7,330	7,330
165	0101328F	ICBM REENTRY VEHICLES	629,928	629,928	590,719
		Reduce carryover		−39,209	
168	0102326F	REGION/SECTOR OPERATION CONTROL CENTER MODERNIZATION PROGRAM	852	852	[−39,209]
169	0102412F	NORTH WARNING SYSTEM (NWS)	103	103	
170	0102417F	OVER-THE-HORIZON BACKSCATTER RADAR	383,575	383,575	383,575
171	0202834F	VEHICLES AND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT—GENERAL	6,097	6,097	6,097
172	0205219F	MQ-9 UAV	7,074	7,074	7,074
173	0205671F	JOINT COUNTER RCIED ELECTRONIC WARFARE	3,372	3,372	3,372
176	0207133F	F-16 SQUADRONS	106,952	106,952	106,952
177	0207134F	F-15E SQUADRONS	178,603	234,903	178,603
		Prevent retirement of F-15Es		[56,300]	
178	0207136F	MANNED DESTRUCTIVE SUPPRESSION	16,182	16,182	16,182
179	0207138F	F-22A SQUADRONS	730,161	768,561	761,382
		Early to need		−7,179	
		Program delay	[−38,400]	[−7,179]	
180	0207142F	F-35 SQUADRONS	47,132	47,132	47,132
181	0207146F	F-15EX	56,228	56,228	56,228

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Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
182	0207161F	TACTICAL AIM MISSILES	34,932	34,932	34,932		34,932
183	0207163F	ADVANCED MEDIUM RANGE AIR-TO-AIR MISSILE (AMRAAM)	53,593	53,593	53,593		53,593
184	0207227F	COMBAT RESCUE—PARARESQUE	743	743	743		743
185	0207238F	E-11A	64,127	55,332	64,127	-8,795	55,332
		E-11A—Slow Expenditure		[-8,795]		[-8,795]	
186	0207247F	AF TENGAP	50,263	50,263	50,263		50,263
187	0207249F	PRECISION ATTACK SYSTEMS PROCUREMENT	12,723	12,723	12,723		12,723
188	0207253F	COMPASS CALL	132,475	132,475	132,475		132,475
189	0207268F	AIRCRAFT ENGINE COMPONENT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	68,743	68,743	68,743		66,609
		Unjustified growth				-2,134	
		Unjustified growth				[-2,134]	
190	0207325F	JOINT AIR-TO-SURFACE STANDOFF MISSILE (JASSM)	183,532	183,532	183,532		183,532
191	0207327F	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB (SDB)	29,910	29,910	29,910		29,910
192	0207410F	AIR & SPACE OPERATIONS CENTER (AOC)	71,442	64,302	71,442	-6,340	55,102
		Funding carryover		[-7,140]		[-6,340]	
193	0207412F	CONTROL AND REPORTING CENTER (CRC)	18,473	18,473	18,473		18,473
195	0207418F	AFSPECWAR—TACP	2,206	2,206	2,206		2,206
197	0207431F	COMBAT AIR INTELLIGENCE SYSTEM ACTIVITIES	46,702	46,702	46,702		37,257
		Air Force requested transfer to line 197A				-9,445	
197A	0207431F	AF JWICS ENTERPRISE				[-9,445]	
		Air Force requested transfer from 197				9,445	9,445
198	0207438F	THEATER BATTLE MANAGEMENT (TBM) C4I	4,873	4,873	4,873		4,873
199	0207439F	ELECTRONIC WARFARE INTEGRATED REPROGRAMMING (EWIR)	17,149	17,149	17,149		17,149
200	0207444F	TACTICAL AIR CONTROL PARTY-MOD	12,171	12,171	12,171		12,171
201	0207452F	DCAPES	8,431	8,431	8,431		8,431
202	0207521F	AIR FORCE CALIBRATION PROGRAMS	2,223	2,223	2,223		2,223
203	0207573F	NATIONAL TECHNICAL NUCLEAR FORENSICS	2,060	2,060	2,060		2,060
204	0207590F	SEEK EAGLE	34,985	34,985	34,985		34,985
207	0207697F	DISTRIBUTED TRAINING AND EXERCISES	4,847	4,847	4,847		4,847
208	0207701F	FULL COMBAT MISSION TRAINING	7,048	7,048	7,048		7,048
209	0208066F	MISSION PLANNING SYSTEMS	92,566	92,566	92,566		92,566
210	0208007F	TACTICAL DECEPTION	539	539	539		539
212	0208087F	DISTRIBUTED CYBER WARFARE OPERATIONS	29,996	29,996	29,996		29,996
213	0208088F	AF DEFENSIVE CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	113,218	113,218	113,218		113,218
219	0208288F	INTEL DATA APPLICATIONS	988	988	988		988

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Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
271	0305984F	PERSONNEL RECOVERY COMMAND & CTRL (PRC2)	2,831	2,831	2,831		2,831
272	0307577F	INTELLIGENCE MISSION DATA (IMD)	3,658	3,658	3,658		3,658
274	0401119F	C-5 AIRLIFT SQUADRONS (IF)	33,003	33,003	33,003		33,003
275	0401130F	C-17 AIRCRAFT (IF)	17,395	17,395	17,395		17,395
276	0401132F	C-130J PROGRAM	34,423	34,423	34,423	29,000	63,423
		Program increase. Non-recurring engineering for polar airlift aircraft				[29,000]	
277	0401134F	LARGE AIRCRAFT IR COUNTERMEASURES (LAIRCM)	7,768	7,768	7,768		7,768
278	0401218F	KC-135S	31,977	31,977	31,977		31,977
279	0401318F	CV-22	26,249	26,249	26,249		26,249
280	0408011F	SPECIAL TACTICS / COMBAT CONTROL	9,421	9,421	9,421		9,421
282	0708610F	LOGISTICS INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (LOGIT)	11,895	11,895	11,895		11,895
283	0801380F	AF LVC OPERATIONAL TRAINING (LVC-OT)	29,815	29,815	29,815		29,815
284	0804743F	OTHER FLIGHT TRAINING	2,319	2,319	2,319		2,319
285	0901202F	JOINT PERSONNEL RECOVERY AGENCY	2,320	2,320	2,320		2,320
286	0901218F	CIVILIAN COMPENSATION PROGRAM	4,267	4,267	4,267		4,267
287	0901220F	PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION	3,163	3,163	3,163		3,163
288	0901226F	AIR FORCE STUDIES AND ANALYSIS AGENCY	18,937	17,037	18,937	-1,900	17,037
		Funding carryover		[-1,900]		[-1,900]	
289	0901538F	FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	5,634	5,634	5,634		5,634
290	0901554F	DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACING AND MGT SYS (DEAMS)	57,689	57,689	57,689		57,689
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	18,038,552	18,021,552	18,153,552	-138,533	17,900,019
		Classified adjustment				[-153,533]	
		Classified adjustment A			[15,000]	[15,000]	
		Classified adjustment B			[100,000]		
		Program justification review		[-17,000]			
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	25,308,906	25,988,671	25,510,394	-147,290	25,161,616
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, AF	49,108,771	483,215	-354,512	-385,560	48,723,211
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, SF					
		BASIC RESEARCH					
001	0601102SF	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	21,349	21,349	21,349		21,349
002	0601103SF	UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	14,731	14,731	14,731		14,731
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	36,080	36,080	36,080		36,080

004	1206601SF	APPLIED RESEARCH SPACE TECHNOLOGY Program decrease SCO classified program advance procurement SCO classified program FY25 shortfall Space Modeling, Simulation, and Analysis Hub SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	244,964	234,964 [−10,000]	330,964 [68,000] [13,000] [5,000] 330,964	5,000	249,964
005	1206310SF	ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT SPACE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT Defense in Depth as Mission Assurance for Spacecraft Multilevel Security (DiDaMAS-MLS) TXDES—Space Force UFR SPACE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT/DEMO Space Assets for Rapid Material Delivery in Contested Logistics SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	425,166	435,166 [10,000]	467,682 [42,516] 138,270	62,516 [20,000] [42,516]	487,682
006	1206616SF	ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES SPACE FORCE WEATHER SERVICES RESEARCH SPACE FORCE IT, DATA ANALYTICS, DIGITAL SOLUTIONS NAVSTAR GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM (USER EQUIPMENT) (SPACE) SPACE WARFIGHTING ANALYSIS EO/IR WEATHER SYSTEMS SPACE ACCESS, MOBILITY & LOGISTICS (SAML) SPACE TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPING Low-latency high availability VHF payloads SPACE SYSTEMS PROTOTYPE TRANSITIONS (SSPT) Underexecution SPACE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY TECH TRANSITION (SPACE) Hybrid Space Architecture Pilot SPACE SECURITY AND DEFENSE PROGRAM PROTECTED TACTICAL ENTERPRISE SERVICE (PTES) Cloud-based beam forming technologies PROTECTED TACTICAL SERVICE (PTS) PTIS-R EMD delay Space Force requested realignment to line 71 for OCX shortfalls EVOLVED STRATEGIC SATCOM (ESS) ECO/Risk excess to need	138,270	148,270 [10,000]	138,270 605,952	62,516	138,270 625,952
007	0604002SF		867	867	867		867
008	1203010SF		88,610	88,610	88,610		88,610
009	1203164SF		300,025	300,025	300,025		300,025
010	1203622SF		121,409	121,409	121,409		121,409
011	1203710SF		76,391	76,391	76,391		76,391
012	1203955SF		20,000	20,000	20,000		20,000
013	1206410SF		1,701,685	1,701,685	1,709,685 [8,000]		1,701,685
015	1206427SF		133,739	133,739	133,739	−17,887 [−17,887]	115,852
016	1206438SF		62,195	62,195	62,195		62,195
017	1206458SF		228,547	230,547	228,547	2,000 [2,000]	230,547
018	1206730SF		53,199	53,199	53,199		53,199
019	1206760SF		79,709	79,709	82,709	3,000 [3,000]	82,709
020	1206761SF		596,996	596,996	596,996	−101,254 [−46,254] [−55,000]	495,742
021	1206855SF		1,046,161	1,031,161	1,046,161	−44,280 [−6,700]	1,001,881

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Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
022	1206857SF	ESS C2 terminal acquisition early to need				[−37,580]	
		Insufficient Justification					
		SPACE RAPID CAPABILITIES OFFICE	11,361	11,361	11,361	69,031	80,392
023	1206862SF	Space Force requested realignment from line 75				[69,031]	
		TACTICALLY RESPONSIVE SPACE	30,052	30,052	30,052		30,052
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES	4,550,946	4,537,946	4,561,946	−89,390	4,461,556
024	1203269SF	SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION					
		GPS III FOLLOW-ON (GPS IIIF)	244,752	244,752	244,752	−10,095	234,657
		Underexecution				[−10,095]	
026	1206421SF	COUNTERSPACE SYSTEMS	37,078	37,078	37,078		37,078
027	1206422SF	WEATHER SYSTEM FOLLOW-ON	49,207	49,207	49,207		49,207
028	1206425SF	SPACE SITUATION AWARENESS SYSTEMS	483,605	483,605	483,605		483,605
029	1206431SF	ADVANCED EHF MILSATCOM (SPACE)	1,020	1,020	1,020		1,020
032	1206440SF	NEXT-GEN OPIR—GROUND	558,013	558,013	558,013		558,013
033	1206442SF	NEXT GENERATION OPIR	202,951	202,951	202,951	−10,000	192,951
		Underexecution				[−10,000]	
034	1206443SF	NEXT-GEN OPIR—GEO	510,806	510,806	510,806		510,806
035	1206444SF	NEXT-GEN OPIR—POLAR	828,878	828,878	828,878	−13,699	815,179
		Launch support ahead of need				[−13,699]	
036	1206445SF	COMMERCIAL SATCOM (COMSATCOM) INTEGRATION	134,487	134,487	134,487		134,487
037	1206446SF	RESILIENT MISSILE WARNING MISSILE TRACKING—LOW EARTH ORBIT (LEO)	1,730,821	1,730,821	1,730,821	−33,000	1,697,821
		Management reserve reduction				[−33,000]	
038	1206447SF	RESILIENT MISSILE WARNING MISSILE TRACKING—MEDIUM EARTH ORBIT (MEO)	846,349	846,349	846,349	−95,900	750,449
		Epoch 2 ops and integration early to need				[−10,000]	
		Management services excess to need				[−10,700]	
		MEO vendor termination				[−75,200]	
040	1206853SF	NATIONAL SECURITY SPACE LAUNCH PROGRAM (SPACE)—END	23,392	23,392	23,392		23,392
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION	5,651,359	5,651,359	5,651,359	−162,694	5,488,665
046	1206392SF	MANAGEMENT SUPPORT					
047	1206398SF	ACQ WORKFORCE—SPACE & MISSILE SYSTEMS	274,424	274,424	274,424		274,424
049	1206759SF	SPACE & MISSILE SYSTEMS CENTER—MHA	12,867	12,867	12,867		12,867
		MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT—SPACE	229,665	229,665	248,765		229,665

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Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
077	1208248SF	SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS					
		SPACE DOMAIN AWARENESS/PLANNING/TASKING SW	157,265	157,265	157,265		157,265
		SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS	157,265	157,265	157,265		157,265
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, SF	18,700,153	-132,800	303,916	-328,399	18,371,754
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, DW					
		BASIC RESEARCH					
001	0601000BR	DTRA BASIC RESEARCH	15,311	11,311	15,311		15,311
		Program decrease		[-4,000]			
002	0601101E	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	303,830	298,830	303,830	-5,000	298,830
		Program decrease		[-7,000]			
		Program increase		[2,000]			
003	0601108D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER RESEARCH INITIATIVES	16,518	16,518	16,518		16,518
004	0601110D8Z	BASIC RESEARCH INITIATIVES	77,132	62,132	97,132	20,000	97,132
		Defense Established Program to Stimulate Competitive Research			[20,000]		
		Program decrease		[-15,000]			
005	06011117E	BASIC OPERATIONAL MEDICAL RESEARCH SCIENCE	99,048	111,048	99,048	-9,905	89,143
		Program decrease		[-5,000]			
		Program increase		[15,000]			
		Ultra-rare pediatric brain and spinal cord tumors		[2,000]			
		Unjustified request				[-9,905]	
006	0601120D8Z	NATIONAL DEFENSE EDUCATION PROGRAM	169,986	174,986	169,986	5,000	174,986
		Program increase		[5,000]			
007	0601228D8Z	HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES/MINORITY INSTITUTIONS	99,792	124,792	99,792	2,500	102,292
		Program increase		[25,000]			
008	0601384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM	37,812	37,812	37,812		37,812
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	819,429	837,429	839,429	12,595	832,024
		APPLIED RESEARCH					
009	0602000D8Z	JOINT MUNITIONS TECHNOLOGY	19,373	19,373	19,373		19,373
010	0602115E	BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY	169,198	169,198	169,198	-6,597	162,601
		Program decrease		[-5,000]			
		Program increase		[5,000]			

011	0602128D8Z	Unjustified request	3,191	3,191	3,191	[-6,597]	3,191
012	0602230D8Z	PROMOTION AND PROTECTION STRATEGIES	38,515	38,515	38,515		38,515
013	0602234D8Z	DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION	47,528	47,528	47,528		47,528
014	0602251D8Z	LINCOLN LABORATORY RESEARCH PROGRAM	51,555	51,555	51,555		51,555
015	0602303E	APPLIED RESEARCH FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF S&T PRIORITIES	397,266	407,266	497,266	922	398,188
		INFORMATION & COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY					
		Expansion of Underexplored Systems for Utility-Scale Quantum Computing					
		Program decrease		[-15,000]			
		Program increase		[15,000]			
		Unexplored Systems for Utility-Scale Quantum Computing		[10,000]		[10,000]	
		Unjustified request				[-9,078]	224,777
017	0602384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM	224,777	224,777	224,777		224,777
018	0602668D8Z	Program decrease	17,652	[-4,000]	52,652	10,000	27,652
		CYBER SECURITY RESEARCH		15,152			
		Program decrease		[-2,500]			
		Program increase					
		University Consortium for Cybersecurity		5,456		[15,000]	
020	0602675D8Z	SOCIAL SCIENCES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY	5,456	117,935	5,456	[5,000]	5,456
021	0602702E	TACTICAL TECHNOLOGY	117,935	117,935	117,935	[5,000]	117,935
		Program decrease		[-15,000]			
		Program increase		[15,000]			
022	0602715E	MATERIALS AND BIOLOGICAL TECHNOLOGY	337,772	337,772	337,772		337,772
		Program decrease		[-15,000]			
		Program increase		[15,000]			
023	0602716E	ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY	573,265	573,265	578,265	-543	572,722
		Program decrease		[-15,000]			
		Program increase		[15,000]			
		Scaling technology for microelectronics				[5,000]	
		Unjustified request				[-5,543]	
024	0602718BR	COUNTER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION APPLIED RESEARCH	174,955	164,955	174,955	[-9,340]	165,615
		Program decrease		[-10,000]			
025	0602751D8Z	SOFTWARE ENGINEERING INSTITUTE (SEI) APPLIED RESEARCH	11,310	11,310	11,310		11,310
026	0602890D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER RESEARCH	48,640	48,640	48,640		48,640
027	0602891D8Z	FSRM MODELLING	1,897	1,897	1,897		1,897
028	1160401BB	SOF TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	50,183	50,183	50,183		50,183
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	2,290,468	2,283,968	2,430,468	-5,558	2,284,910
		ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT					
029	0603000D8Z	JOINT MUNITIONS ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	41,072	41,072	41,072		41,072
030	0603021D8Z	NATIONAL SECURITY INNOVATION CAPITAL	14,983	14,983	19,983	5,000	19,983

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031	0603121D8Z	Enhanced payload and satellite bus development			[5,000]	[5,000]	
032	0603122D8Z	SO/LIC ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	5,176	5,176	5,176		5,176
		COMBATING TERRORISM TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	76,639	154,139	134,139	77,500	154,139
		Irregular Warfare Technical Support Directorate			[-20,000]		
		U.S.-Israel Anti-Tunneling Cooperation		[30,000]			
		U.S.-Israel Joint R&D on Emerging Technologies		[47,500]			
		United States-Israel anti-tunnel cooperation			[30,000]	[30,000]	
		United States-Israel defense collaboration on emerging technologies			[47,500]	[47,500]	
033	0603133D8Z	FOREIGN COMPARATIVE TESTING					30,007
		FCT increase (AUKUS)	30,007	30,007	45,007		
034	0603142D8Z	MISSION ENGINEERING & INTEGRATION (ME&I)	110,628	110,628	[15,000]		110,628
035	0603160BR	COUNTER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	418,044	368,044	110,628		418,044
		Counter Weapons of Mass Destruction Advanced Technology Development		[-50,000]			
037	0603176C	ADVANCED CONCEPTS AND PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT	17,920	27,920	17,920	6,000	23,920
		Hypersonic Kill Vehicle Hardware-In-The-Loop		[3,000]		[3,000]	
		Kinetic, Non-Kinetic Resource Optimization		[7,000]		[3,000]	
038	0603180C	ADVANCED RESEARCH	19,354	19,354	52,854		52,854
		Disruptive Technologies versus Advanced Threats—MDA UFR			[33,500]	[33,500]	
039	0603183D8Z	JOINT HYPERSONIC TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT & TRANSITION	51,941	51,941	51,941		51,941
040	0603225D8Z	JOINT DOD-DOE MUNITIONS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	19,826	19,826	19,826		19,826
042	0603286E	ADVANCED AEROSPACE SYSTEMS	269,700	281,700	269,700	-17,682	252,018
		Longshot		[12,000]			
		Program decrease		[-5,000]			
		Program decrease—execution adjustment				[-17,682]	
		Program increase		[5,000]			
043	0603287E	SPACE PROGRAMS AND TECHNOLOGY	225,457	225,457	225,457	-25,759	199,698
		Programmatic rebaseline: DRACO				[-16,094]	
		Unjustified request				[-9,665]	
044	0603288D8Z	ANALYTIC ASSESSMENTS	30,594	28,594	30,594	-2,000	28,594
		Program decrease		[-2,000]			
045	0603289D8Z	ADVANCED INNOVATIVE ANALYSIS AND CONCEPTS	56,390	51,390	56,390	[-2,000]	56,390
		Program decrease		[-5,000]			
046	0603330D8Z	QUANTUM APPLICATION	69,290	69,290	69,290		69,290
047	0603342D8Z	DEFENSE INNOVATION UNIT (DIU)	109,614	124,614	119,614	20,000	129,614

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068	0603924D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	110,367	120,367	110,367		110,367
		MACH-TB		[10,000]			
069	0603941D8Z	TEST & EVALUATION SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY	268,722	268,722	268,722	10,000	278,722
		Program increase: MACH-TB				[10,000]	
070	0603945D8Z	INTERNATIONAL INNOVATION INITIATIVES	125,680	105,680	125,680		105,680
		Program decrease		[-20,000]		[-20,000]	
071	0603950D8Z	NATIONAL SECURITY INNOVATION NETWORK	21,322	21,322	21,322		21,322
072	0604055D8Z	OPERATIONAL ENERGY CAPABILITY IMPROVEMENT	167,279	167,279	167,279		167,279
074	1160402BB	SOF ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	197,767	131,617	197,767	-47,150	150,617
		HSVTOL		[-72,150]		[-47,150]	
		Next Generation ISR SOF Enhancement		[6,000]			
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	5,208,719	5,135,843	5,329,719	-4,208	5,204,511
		ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES					
075	0603161D8Z	NUCLEAR AND CONVENTIONAL PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT RD1&E ADC&P	63,162	63,162	63,162		63,162
076	0603600D8Z	WALKOFF	149,704	149,704	149,704		149,704
077	0603851D8Z	ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY TECHNICAL CERTIFICATION PROGRAM	136,513	141,513	142,513	6,000	142,513
		Environmental Security Technical Certification Program			[6,000]		
		Program increase		[5,000]			
078	0603881C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TERMINAL DEFENSE SEGMENT	367,279	307,379	367,279	-60,225	307,054
		Insufficient Justification		[-69,900]		[-60,225]	
079	0603882C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE MIDCOURSE DEFENSE SEGMENT	768,227	768,227	768,227		768,227
080	0603884BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM—DEMVAL	304,374	304,374	304,374	-6,087	298,287
		Program decrease—excess growth				[-6,087]	
081	0603884C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SENSORS	209,002	209,002	224,502	15,500	224,502
		Sensors Modeling & Simulation—MDA UFR			[15,500]		
082	0603890C	BMD ENABLING PROGRAMS	609,406	609,406	609,406		609,406
083	0603891C	SPECIAL PROGRAMS—MDA	495,570	495,570	615,570	120,000	615,570
		Classified A Left to Right Integration—MDA UFR			[28,000]		
		Classified B Fire Control Sensor Netting—MDA UFR			[46,000]		
		Classified C Nonkinetic Prototype Demo—MDA UFR			[46,000]		
084	0603892C	AEGIS BMD	649,255	738,455	738,455	89,200	738,455
		Guam Defense System—INDOPACOM UPL		[89,200]		[89,200]	
		Guam Defense System (GDS)					

085	0603896C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE COMMAND AND CONTROL, BATTLE MANAGEMENT AND COMMUNICATIONS (C2BMC).	569,662	569,662	583,162	13,500	583,162
086	0603898C	Infrastructure Modernization Initiative—MDA UFR			[13,500]	[13,500]	
087	0603904C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE JOINT WARRIOR SUPPORT	47,723	47,723	47,723		47,723
088	0603906C	MISSILE DEFENSE INTEGRATION & OPERATIONS CENTER (MDIOC)	54,525	54,525	54,525		54,525
089	0603907C	REGARDING TRENCH	27,900	27,900	27,900		27,900
090	0603913C	SEA BASED X-BAND RADAR (SBX)	197,339	197,339	197,339		197,339
091	0603914C	ISRAELI COOPERATIVE PROGRAMS	300,000	300,000	300,000		300,000
		BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TEST	367,491	367,491	367,491		367,167
		Program decrease—insufficient justification				−10,324	
		Program decrease—previously funded				[−4,740]	
092	0603915C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TARGETS	622,108	622,108	624,108	24,400	629,108
		Advanced reactive target simulation development		[3,000]	[5,000]	[10,000]	
		Advanced Target Front End Configuration 3		[14,400]			
		Guam Defense System—INDOPACOM UPL					
		Guam Defense System (GDS)			[14,400]		
093	0603923D&Z	COALITION WARFARE	9,890	9,890	9,890		9,890
094	0604011D&Z	NEXT GENERATION INFORMATION COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (5G)	139,427	139,427	149,427	−18,600	120,827
		5G for Department of Defense base operations			[10,000]	[10,000]	
		OSD requested transfer from RDDW Line 94 to OMDW Line 4G19 to properly align 5G resourcing				[−8,500]	
		OSD requested transfer from RDDW Line 94 to PDW Line 16 to properly align 5G resourcing				[−11,000]	
		OSD requested transfer from RDDW Line 94 to RDDW Line 211 to properly align 5G resourcing				[−7,600]	
		OSD requested transfer from RDDW Line 94 to RDDW Line 94A to properly align 5G resourcing				[−1,500]	
094A	0604011D8	5G CROSS FUNCTIONAL TEAM				1,500	1,500
		OSD requested transfer from RDDW Line 94 to RDDW Line 94A to properly align 5G resourcing				[1,500]	
095	0604016D&Z	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CORROSION PROGRAM	2,637	8,637	2,637	4,500	7,137
		Department of Defense Corrosion Policy and Oversight Office		[6,000]		[4,500]	
096	0604102C	GUAM DEFENSE DEVELOPMENT	415,794	492,294	492,294	76,500	492,294
		Guam Defense System—INDOPACOM UPL		[76,500]		[76,500]	
		Guam Defense System (GDS)			[76,500]		
099	0604125D&Z	ADVANCED MANUFACTURING COMPONENTS AND PROTOTYPES	16,776	16,776	16,776		16,776
		Pele					
		Program decrease		[3,000]			
100	0604181C	HYPERSONIC DEFENSE	182,283	182,283	575,283	393,000	575,283
		GPI development acceleration			[393,000]	[393,000]	

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101	0604250D8Z	ADVANCED INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES	994,226	1,005,426	994,226	11,200	1,005,426
		Pele		[16,200]		[16,200]	
		Program decrease		[–5,000]		[–5,000]	
102	0604294D8Z	TRUSTED & ASSURED MICROELECTRONICS	593,609	573,609	593,609	–20,000	573,609
		Program decrease		[–20,000]		[–20,000]	
103	0604331D8Z	RAPID PROTOTYPING PROGRAM	152,126	152,126	168,616	16,490	168,616
		Longshot—R&E UFR			[10,000]	[10,000]	
104	0604331J	Multi-Domain Unmanned Secure Integrated Communications (MUSIC)—R&E UFR			[6,490]	[6,490]	
106	0604400D8Z	RAPID PROTOTYPING PROGRAM	7,710	7,710	7,710		7,710
107	0604551BR	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE (DOD) UNMANNED SYSTEM COMMON DEVELOPMENT	2,527	2,527	2,527		2,527
108	0604555D8Z	CATAPULT INFORMATION SYSTEM	7,475	7,475	7,475		7,475
		OPERATIONAL ENERGY CAPABILITY IMPROVEMENT—NON S&T	53,705	63,205	53,705	9,500	63,205
		High Energy Laser Power Beaming		[7,000]		[7,000]	
		Program increase		[2,500]		[2,500]	
110	0604682D8Z	Program increase—interoperable field ready hybrid power systems					
111	0604775D8Z	WARGAMING AND SUPPORT FOR STRATEGIC ANALYSIS (SSA)	3,559	3,559	3,559		3,559
112	0604790D8Z	DEFENSE RAPID INNOVATION PROGRAM	10,020	10,020	10,020		10,020
113	0604791D8Z	RAPID DEFENSE EXPERIMENTATION RESERVE (RDER)	53,149	53,149	53,149		53,149
114	0604826J	MULTI-DOMAIN JOINT OPERATIONS (MDJO)	11,383	11,383	11,383		11,383
		JOINT C5 CAPABILITY DEVELOPMENT, INTEGRATION AND INTEROPERABILITY ASSESS- MENTS	29,706	29,706	29,706		29,706
115	0604873C	LONG RANGE DISCRIMINATION RADAR (LRDR)	100,882	100,882	100,882		100,882
116	0604874C	IMPROVED HOMELAND DEFENSE INTERCEPTORS	1,697,121	1,697,121	1,697,121	–4,252	1,692,869
		Excess support costs				[–4,252]	
117	0604876C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TERMINAL DEFENSE SEGMENT TEST	25,673	25,673	25,673		25,673
118	0604878C	AEGIS BMD TEST	135,019	136,219	136,219	1,200	136,219
		Guam Defense System—INDOPACOM UPL		[1,200]		[1,200]	
119	0604879C	Guam Defense System (GDS)			[1,200]		
120	0604880C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SENSOR TEST	96,864	96,864	96,864		96,864
121	0604887C	LAND-BASED SM–3 (LBSM3)	22,220	22,220	22,220		22,220
122	0604924D8Z	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE MIDCOURSE SEGMENT TEST	40,006	40,006	40,006		40,006
		HIGH ENERGY LASER ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT & PROTOTYPE	2,931	2,931	67,931		2,931
		DE Testing and Experimentation—R&E UFR			[65,000]		
123	0202057C	SAFETY PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	1,771	1,771	1,771		1,771

124	0208059UCY	CYBERCOM ACTIVITIES	35,700	35,700	65,700	35,700			
		Program increase			[30,000]				
126	0208086UCY	CYBER TRAINING ENVIRONMENT (CTE)	158,345	158,345	163,345		4,000		162,345
		Pacific Intelligence and Innovation Initiative			[5,000]		[4,000]		
127	0300206R	ENTERPRISE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS	2,162	2,162	2,162				2,162
128	0305103C	CYBER SECURITY INITIATIVE	1,831	1,831	1,831				1,831
129	0305245D&Z	INTELLIGENCE CAPABILITIES AND INNOVATION INVESTMENTS	51,784	51,784	76,784				51,784
		Classified adjustment			[25,000]				
		Program increase			[50,000]				
131	0306250UCY	CYBER OPERATIONS TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	52,715	62,715	52,715				52,715
		Program increase		[10,000]					
132	0901579D&Z	OFFICE OF STRATEGIC CAPITAL (OSC)	132,640	132,640	132,640				118,919
		Excess growth—critical technologies limited partner program					–13,721		
		Program decrease					[–8,721]		
133	1206895C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEM SPACE PROGRAMS	119,561	119,561	119,561		[–5,000]		119,561
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES	11,285,067	11,431,167	12,220,857		653,281		11,938,348
134	0604123D&Z	SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION							
		CHIEF DIGITAL AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE OFFICER (CDAO)—DEM/VAL ACTIVITIES	371,833	356,833	406,833		–72		371,761
		Artificial intelligence pilot programs			[35,000]		[6,800]		
		Program decrease		[–15,000]			[–6,872]		
135	0604133D&Z	ALPHA–1 DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES	53,307	53,307	53,307				53,307
136	0604161D&Z	NUCLEAR AND CONVENTIONAL PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT ROT&E SDD	13,549	13,549	13,549				13,549
137	0604384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM—EMD	270,265	270,265	270,265				270,265
138	0604771D&Z	JOINT TACTICAL INFORMATION DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (JTIDS)	12,893	12,893	12,893				12,893
139	0605000BR	COUNTER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	14,841	14,841	14,841				14,841
140	0605013BL	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	4,709	4,709	4,709				4,709
141	0605021SE	HOMELAND PERSONNEL SECURITY INITIATIVE	9,526	9,526	9,526				9,526
142	0605022D&Z	DEFENSE EXPORTABILITY PROGRAM	15,779	15,779	15,779				15,779
143	0605027D&Z	OLSD(C) IT DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES	7,564	7,564	7,564				7,564
144	0605080S	DEFENSE AGENCY INITIATIVES (DAI)—FINANCIAL SYSTEM	31,916	31,916	31,916				31,916
145	0605141BR	MISSION ASSURANCE RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (MARMS)	9,440	9,440	9,440				9,440
146	0605210D&Z	DEFENSE-WIDE ELECTRONIC PROCUREMENT CAPABILITIES	9,485	9,485	9,485				9,485
147	0605294D&Z	TRUSTED & ASSURED MICROELECTRONICS	150,436	140,436	150,436				150,436
		Program decrease		[–10,000]					
148	0605649D&Z	ACQUISITION INTEGRATION AND INTEROPERABILITY (A2)	12,804	12,804	12,804				12,804
149	0605755D&Z	RADIOLOGICAL AND NUCLEAR DEFENSE MODERNIZATION SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION	3,575	3,575	3,575				3,575
150	0605772D&Z	NUCLEAR COMMAND, CONTROL, & COMMUNICATIONS	3,849	3,849	3,849				3,849
151	0305304D&Z	DOD ENTERPRISE ENERGY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT (E2IM)	7,152	7,152	7,152				7,152

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152	0305310D8Z	COUNTERPROLIFERATION ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	13,151	13,151	13,151		13,151
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION	1,016,074	991,074	1,051,074	-72	1,016,002
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT					
154	0603829J	JOINT CAPABILITY EXPERIMENTATION	12,385	12,385	12,385		12,385
155	0604122D8Z	JADC2 DEVELOPMENT AND EXPERIMENTATION ACTIVITIES	222,945	222,945	345,645		222,945
		Joint Fires Network			[122,700]		
156	0604774D8Z	DEFENSE READINESS REPORTING SYSTEM (DRRS)	11,415	11,415	11,415		11,415
157	0604875D8Z	JOINT SYSTEMS ARCHITECTURE DEVELOPMENT	9,690	9,690	9,690		9,690
158	0604940D8Z	CENTRAL TEST AND EVALUATION INVESTMENT DEVELOPMENT (CTEIP)	782,643	782,643	782,643		782,643
		Program increase—execution risk				-17,500	
		ASSESSMENTS AND EVALUATIONS	1,503	1,503	1,503	[-17,500]	
159	0604942D8Z	ASSESSMENTS AND EVALUATIONS, DOD	4,253	4,253	4,253		1,503
160	0604944D8Z	MISSION SUPPORT	113,007	113,007	113,007		4,253
161	0605001E	JOINT MISSION ENVIRONMENT TEST CAPABILITY (JMETS)	209,008	209,008	209,008		113,007
162	0605100D8Z	JOINT INTEGRATED AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE ORGANIZATION (JAMDO)	72,005	72,005	72,005		209,008
163	0605126J	SYSTEMS ENGINEERING	24,669	24,669	24,669		72,005
165	0605142D8Z	STUDIES AND ANALYSIS SUPPORT—OSD	6,289	6,289	6,289		24,669
166	0605151D8Z	NUCLEAR MATTERS-PHYSICAL SECURITY	19,871	19,871	19,871		6,289
167	0605161D8Z	SUPPORT TO NETWORKS AND INFORMATION INTEGRATION	8,580	8,580	8,580		19,871
168	0605170D8Z	GENERAL SUPPORT TO OSD(INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY)	3,155	3,155	3,155		8,580
169	0605200D8Z	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM	79,263	79,263	79,263		3,155
170	0605384BP	CRITICAL TECHNOLOGY ANALYSIS	11,422	11,422	11,422		79,263
177	0605711D8Z	SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESEARCH (SBIR)/ SMALL BUSINESS TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER (STTR) ADMINISTRATION	5,346	5,346	5,346		11,422
178	0605790D8Z	MAINTAINING TECHNOLOGY ADVANTAGE	31,629	26,629	31,629		5,346
		Program decrease		[-5,000]			31,629
180	0605798D8Z	DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY ANALYSIS	45,370	40,370	45,370		45,370
		Program decrease		[-5,000]			
181	0605801KA	DEFENSE TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTER (DTIC)	66,247	66,247	66,247		66,247
182	0605803SE	R&D IN SUPPORT OF DOD ENLISTMENT, TESTING AND EVALUATION	26,935	24,935	26,935		26,935
		Program decrease		[-2,000]			
183	0605804D8Z	DEVELOPMENT TEST AND EVALUATION	37,233	37,233	37,233		37,233
184	0605898E	MANAGEMENT HQ—R&D	14,577	14,577	14,577		14,577

185	060598KA	MANAGEMENT HQ—DEFENSE TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTER (OTIC)	3,505	3,505	3,505	3,505
186	0606005D8Z	SPECIAL ACTIVITIES	18,263	18,263	18,263	18,263
187	0606100D8Z	BUDGET AND PROGRAM ASSESSMENTS	14,272	14,272	14,272	14,272
188	0606114D8Z	ANALYSIS WORKING GROUP (AWG) SUPPORT	2,814	2,814	2,814	2,814
189	0606135D8Z	CHIEF DIGITAL AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE OFFICER (CDAO) ACTIVITIES	9,262	9,262	9,262	9,262
190	0606225D8Z	ODNA TECHNOLOGY AND RESOURCE ANALYSIS	3,403	3,403	3,403	3,403
191	0606300D8Z	DEFENSE SCIENCE BOARD	6,536	6,536	6,536	5,154
		Program decrease				-1,382
						[-1,382]
192	0606301D8Z	AVIATION SAFETY TECHNOLOGIES	1,885	1,885	1,885	1,885
193	060671D8Z	CYBER RESILIENCY AND CYBERSECURITY POLICY	40,401	40,401	40,401	40,401
194	0606774D8Z	DEFENSE CIVILIAN TRAINING CORPS	27,054	27,054	27,054	27,054
195	0606775D8Z	JOINT PRODUCTION ACCELERATOR CELL (JPAC)	5,010	5,010	5,010	2,000
		Program decrease—unjustified request				-3,010
						[-3,010]
196	0606853BR	MANAGEMENT, TECHNICAL & INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT	12,115	12,115	12,115	12,115
197	0203345D8Z	DEFENSE OPERATIONS SECURITY INITIATIVE (DOSI)	3,151	3,151	3,151	3,151
198	0204571J	JOINT STAFF ANALYTICAL SUPPORT	7,433	7,433	7,433	7,433
199	0208045K	C4I INTEROPERABILITY	65,144	65,144	65,144	65,144
202	0305177K	COMBINED ADVANCED APPLICATIONS	23,311	23,311	23,311	23,311
204	0305208K	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS	2,988	2,988	2,988	2,988
205	0305248J	JOINT STAFF OFFICE OF THE CHIEF DATA OFFICER (OCDO) ACTIVITIES	12,700	12,700	12,700	12,700
206	0804768J	COCOM EXERCISE ENGAGEMENT AND TRAINING TRANSFORMATION (CE2T2)—NON-MHA	166,021	166,021	166,021	166,021
207	0808709SE	DEFENSE EQUAL OPPORTUNITY MANAGEMENT INSTITUTE (DEOMI)	315	315	315	315
208	0808737SE	INTEGRATED PRIMARY PREVENTION	5,096	5,096	5,096	5,096
209	0901598C	MANAGEMENT HQ—MDA	29,033	29,033	29,033	29,033
210	0903235K	JOINT SERVICE PROVIDER (JSP)	2,244	2,244	2,244	2,244
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	37,738	37,738	37,738	37,738
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	2,319,134	2,305,134	2,441,834	2,297,242
						-21,892
						[-1,382]
211	0604011D8Z	OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT				
		NEXT GENERATION INFORMATION COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (5G)	12,424	12,424	12,424	20,024
		OSD requested transfer from RDDW Line 94 to RDDW line 211 to properly align 5G resourcing				7,600
						[7,600]
213	0607162D8Z	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS ELIMINATION TECHNOLOGY IMPROVEMENT	4,254	4,254	4,254	8,254
		Development of a fully integrated transportable high-pressure waterjet system for the demilitarization of chemical and biological weapons				4,000
						[4,000]
214	0607210D8Z	INDUSTRIAL BASE ANALYSIS AND SUSTAINMENT SUPPORT	1,099,243	1,102,243	1,102,243	994,743
		Corrosion resistant coatings for aircraft parts				-104,500
		Feasibility study by the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy on domestic refining of deep sea critical mineral intermediates for national security				[3,000]
		Program decrease				[-116,000]

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
215	0607310D8Z	Radar and Avionics Repair and Sustainment Facilities		[6,000]		[6,000]	
216	0607327T	Resilient Manufacturing Ecosystem—Program Increase	11,309	[2,500]	11,309	[2,500]	11,309
		COUNTERPROLIFERATION MODERNIZATION	8,654	8,654	8,654		8,654
217	0607384BP	GLOBAL THEATER SECURITY COOPERATION MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (G-TSCMIS).					
		CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (OPERATIONAL SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT)	84,098	84,098	84,098	-4,205	79,893
218	0607757D8Z	Program decrease—excess growth				[-4,205]	
		RADIOLOGICAL AND NUCLEAR DEFENSE MODERNIZATION OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT.	1,668	1,668	1,668		1,668
219	0208085JC	ROBUST INFRASTRUCTURE AND ACCESS	154,375	154,375	154,375	-40,000	114,375
		Program decrease				[-40,000]	
220	0208097JC	CYBER COMMAND AND CONTROL (CYBER C2)	96,932	96,932	96,932		96,932
221	0208099JC	DATA AND UNIFIED PLATFORM (D&UP)	106,053	106,053	106,053		106,053
225	0302019K	DEFENSE INFO INFRASTRUCTURE ENGINEERING AND INTEGRATION	12,843	12,843	12,843		12,843
226	0302609V	COUNTERING THREATS AUTOMATED PLATFORM	6,057	6,057	6,057		6,057
227	0303126K	LONG-HAUL COMMUNICATIONS—DCS	51,214	51,214	51,214		51,214
228	0303131K	MINIMUM ESSENTIAL EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK (MEECN)	4,985	4,985	4,985		4,985
230	0303140D8Z	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	31,127	31,127	31,127		31,127
232	0303140K	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	31,414	31,414	31,414		31,414
234	0303153K	DEFENSE SPECTRUM ORGANIZATION	24,991	24,991	24,991		24,991
235	0303171K	JOINT PLANNING AND EXECUTION SERVICES	3,304	3,304	3,304		3,304
236	0303228K	JOINT REGIONAL SECURITY STACKS (JRSS)	2,371	2,371	2,371		2,371
242	0305104D8Z	DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE (DIB) CYBER SECURITY INITIATIVE	15,524	15,524	15,524		15,524
248	0305146V	DEFENSE JOINT COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES	1,800	1,800	1,800		1,800
249	0305172D8Z	COMBINED ADVANCED APPLICATIONS	42,355	42,355	42,355		42,355
252	0305186D8Z	POLICY R&D PROGRAMS	6,220	6,220	6,220		6,220
253	0305199D8Z	NET CENTRICITY	20,620	20,620	20,620		20,620
255	0305208BB	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS	5,854	5,854	5,854		5,854
263	0305387D8Z	HOME/AND DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER PROGRAM	1,867	1,867	1,867		1,867
270	0306250UC	CYBER OPERATIONS TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	479,672	479,672	479,672	-15,000	464,672
		Program decrease—Joint Development Environment lack of credible execution plan				[-15,000]	
271	0307609V	NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL SECURITY SYSTEMS (NISS)	38,761	38,761	38,761	-3,300	35,461
		Program decrease—underexecution				[-3,300]	
275	0708012K	LOGISTICS SUPPORT ACTIVITIES	1,406	1,406	1,406		1,406

276	0708012S	PACIFIC DISASTER CENTERS	1,861	1,861	1,861	1,861
277	0708047S	DEFENSE PROPERTY ACCOUNTABILITY SYSTEM	3,004	3,004	3,004	3,004
279	1105219BB	MQ-9 UAV	34,851	34,851	34,851	34,851
281	1160403BB	AVIATION SYSTEMS	263,712	263,548	-17,413	246,299
		AC/MC-130J Mission Systems and MC-130J Modifications		[6,000]	[1,713]	
		Alternative Domestic Source C-130J IRSS		[4,200]		
		FARA Cancellation		[4,200]		
		MC-130J Amphibious Capability		[11,500]		
282	1160405BB	INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	81,648	81,648	-3,000	78,648
		MTUAS Slow Expenditure		[3,446]		
283	1160408BB	OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS	206,307	206,307		206,307
284	1160431BB	WARRIOR SYSTEMS	245,882	237,052	31,066	276,948
		Counter Uncrewed Systems—SOCOM UFR		[34,625]		
		NGTC		[3,559]		
		SOMPE		[5,271]		
285	1160432BB	SPECIAL PROGRAMS	539	539	539	539
286	1160434BB	UNMANNED ISR	31,578	31,578	-6,727	24,851
		Prior year carryover				
287	1160480BB	SOF TACTICAL VEHICLES	9,025	9,025		9,025
288	1160483BB	MARITIME SYSTEMS	210,787	210,787		210,787
289	1160490BB	OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS INTELLIGENCE	17,233	17,233		17,233
		Loitering Munition Accelerated Fielding and Reliability Testing Acceleration—SOCOM UFR				
9999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	8,658,419	8,658,419	-28,008	8,658,419
		Program reduction		[28,008]		
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	12,154,249	12,122,301	-179,487	11,974,762
		SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS				
292	0608648DZ	ACQUISITION VISIBILITY—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM	17,907	17,907		17,907
293	0303150K	GLOBAL COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM	31,619	31,619		31,619
294	0306250UCY	CYBER OPERATIONS TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	85,168	85,168		85,168
		Cyber Operations for Base Resilient Architecture expansion		[10,000]		
		SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS	134,694	134,694		134,694
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, DW	35,227,834	1,420,815	454,659	35,682,493
		OPERATIONAL TEST & EVAL, DEFENSE				
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT				
001	06051180TE	OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION	136,226	136,226		136,226
002	06051310TE	LIVE FIRE TEST AND EVALUATION	109,561	109,561		109,561

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change Authorized
003	06058140TE	OPERATIONAL TEST ACTIVITIES AND ANALYSES	102,922	102,922	102,922	102,922
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	348,709	348,709	348,709	348,709
		TOTAL OPERATIONAL TEST & EVAL DEFENSE	348,709			348,709
		TOTAL RDT&E	143,156,590	143,969,729	146,013,435	611,451
						143,768,041

TITLE XLIII—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE.

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY						
OPERATING FORCES						
010	MANEUVER UNITS	3,536,069	3,709,469	3,952,269	–33,000	3,503,069
	Campaigning—U.S. Army Pacific (USARPAC) - INDOPACOM UFR			[391,200]		
	Commercial off the Shelf (COTS) Uncrewed Aerial System (sUAS)—Army UFR			[25,000]	[25,000]	
	INDOPACOM Campaigning		[173,400]			
	Unjustified growth					
020	MODULAR SUPPORT BRIGADES	216,575	216,575	216,575	[–58,000]	
	Unjustified growth				–14,000	202,575
030	ECHELONS ABOVE BRIGADE	829,985	829,985	829,985	[–14,000]	829,985
040	THEATER LEVEL ASSETS	2,570,467	2,570,467	2,570,467	–7,500	2,562,967
	Unjustified request				[–7,500]	
050	LAND FORCES OPERATIONS SUPPORT	1,185,211	1,110,211	1,185,211	–75,000	1,110,211
	Historical underexecution		[–75,000]		[–75,000]	
060	AVIATION ASSETS	1,955,482	1,915,482	1,955,482	–20,000	1,935,482

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
	SUBTOTAL MOBILIZATION	977,396	977,396	977,396	15,000	992,396
	TRAINING AND RECRUITING					
260	OFFICER ACQUISITION	200,754	200,754	200,754		200,754
270	RECRUIT TRAINING	72,829	72,829	72,829		72,829
280	ONE STATION UNIT TRAINING	92,762	92,762	92,762		92,762
290	SENIOR RESERVE OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS	557,478	557,478	557,478		557,478
300	SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING	1,064,113	1,064,113	1,064,113		1,064,113
310	FLIGHT TRAINING	1,418,987	1,418,987	1,418,987		1,418,987
320	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION Key Partners for Middle East Regional Integration Military Subject Matter Exchange Program	214,497	214,497	215,497		214,497
330	TRAINING SUPPORT	633,316	633,316	[1,000]		633,316
340	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	785,440	785,440	785,440		785,440
350	EXAMINING	205,072	205,072	205,072		205,072
360	OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION	245,880	245,880	245,880		245,880
370	CIVILIAN EDUCATION AND TRAINING	246,460	246,460	246,460		246,460
380	JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICER TRAINING CORPS	206,700	206,700	206,700		206,700
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	5,944,288	5,944,288	5,945,288		5,944,288
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					
400	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	785,233	760,233	785,233		785,233
410	Historical underexecution		[-25,000]			
420	CENTRAL SUPPLY ACTIVITIES	926,136	926,136	926,136		926,136
430	LOGISTIC SUPPORT ACTIVITIES	738,637	738,637	738,637		738,637
440	AMMUNITION MANAGEMENT	411,213	411,213	411,213		411,213
	ADMINISTRATION	515,501	501,601	515,501	-10,000	505,501
	Program decrease		[-14,900]		[-10,000]	
	Servicewomen's Commemorative Partnerships		[1,000]			
450	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	2,167,183	2,137,183	2,167,183	-40,000	2,127,183
	Program decrease		[-30,000]		[-40,000]	
460	MANPOWER MANAGEMENT	375,963	375,963	375,963		375,963
470	OTHER PERSONNEL SUPPORT	943,764	888,764	943,764	-50,000	893,764
	Historical underexecution		[-50,000]		[-50,000]	
	Program decrease		[-5,000]			

480	OTHER SERVICE SUPPORT	2,402,405	2,352,405	2,402,405	–50,000	2,352,405
	Historical underexecution		[–50,000]			
490	ARMY CLAIMS ACTIVITIES	204,652	204,652	204,652		204,652
500	REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT	305,340	305,340	305,340		305,340
510	FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT AND AUDIT READINESS	487,742	487,742	487,742		487,742
520	DEF ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNT	41,068	41,068	41,068		41,068
530	INTERNATIONAL MILITARY HEADQUARTERS	633,982	633,982	633,982		633,982
540	MISC. SUPPORT OF OTHER NATIONS	34,429	34,429	34,429		34,429
590A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	2,376,219	2,376,219	2,407,510	29,791	2,406,010
	DOD High-Risk ISR—AFRICOM UFR			[29,791]		
	Navigation Warfare (NAVWAR) Trintity (TNT) and Hardened GPS Antennas—AFRICOM			[1,500]		
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	13,349,467	13,175,567	13,380,758	–120,209	13,229,258
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
600	UNDISTRIBUTED					
	Foreign Currency Fluctuations		–124,430	–124,430	–11,320	–11,320
	Unobligated balances		[–5,230]	[–119,200]	[–11,320]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			–124,430	–11,320	–11,320
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY	59,152,479	59,037,776	60,352,712	–132,842	59,019,637
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY RESERVE					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	MODULAR SUPPORT BRIGADES	14,098	14,098	14,098		14,098
020	ECHELONS ABOVE BRIGADE	655,868	655,868	655,868		655,868
030	THEATER LEVEL ASSETS	136,625	136,625	136,625		136,625
040	LAND FORCES OPERATIONS SUPPORT	696,146	696,146	696,146	–25,800	670,346
	Unjustified request				[–25,800]	
050	AVIATION ASSETS	129,581	129,581	129,581		129,581
060	FORCE READINESS OPERATIONS SUPPORT	404,585	404,585	404,585		404,585
070	LAND FORCES SYSTEMS READINESS	42,942	42,942	42,942		42,942
080	LAND FORCES DEPOT MAINTENANCE	49,973	49,973	49,973		49,973
090	BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT	578,327	578,327	578,327		578,327
100	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	474,365	474,365	474,365		474,365
110	MANAGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS	26,680	26,680	26,680		26,680
120	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	2,241	2,241	2,241		2,241
130	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSECURITY	18,598	18,598	18,598		18,598
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	3,230,029	3,230,029	3,230,029	–25,800	3,204,229
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
140	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	17,092	17,092	17,092		17,092
150	ADMINISTRATION	19,106	19,106	19,106		19,106
160	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	6,727	6,727	6,727		6,727
170	MANPOWER MANAGEMENT	7,477	7,477	7,477		7,477
180	OTHER PERSONNEL SUPPORT	80,346	80,346	80,346		80,346
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	130,748	130,748	130,748		130,748
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
210	UNDISTRIBUTED			-1,500	-1,500	-1,500
	Unobligated balances			[-1,500]	[-1,500]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			-1,500	-1,500	-1,500
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY RESERVE	3,360,777	3,360,777	3,359,277	-27,300	3,333,477
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY NATIONAL GUARD					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	MANEUVER UNITS	886,229	891,229	886,229	5,000	891,229
	Training Exercise Support—Northern Strike		[5,000]		[5,000]	
020	MODULAR SUPPORT BRIGADES	200,417	200,417	200,417		200,417
030	ECHELONS ABOVE BRIGADE	861,685	861,685	861,685		861,685
040	THEATER LEVEL ASSETS	86,356	86,356	86,356		86,356
050	LAND FORCES OPERATIONS SUPPORT	345,720	345,720	345,720		345,720
060	AVIATION ASSETS	1,150,777	1,150,777	1,150,777		1,150,777
070	FORCE READINESS OPERATIONS SUPPORT	737,884	737,884	737,884		737,884
080	LAND FORCES SYSTEMS READINESS	34,262	34,262	34,262		34,262
090	LAND FORCES DEPOT MAINTENANCE	221,401	221,401	221,401		221,401
100	BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT	1,247,797	1,247,797	1,247,642		1,247,797
	Diversity and inclusion programs reduction			[-155]		
110	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	1,147,554	1,147,554	1,147,554		1,147,554
120	MANAGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS	1,322,621	1,322,621	1,322,621		1,322,621
130	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	5,287	5,287	5,287		5,287
140	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSECURITY	20,869	20,869	20,869		20,869
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	8,268,859	8,273,859	8,268,704	5,000	8,273,859

ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES									
150	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	7,849	7,849	7,849	7,849				
160	ADMINISTRATION	49,304	49,304	49,944	49,944	640			
	Increase for 7 new State Partnership Program partners—NGB UFR			[640]	[640]				
170	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	18,585	18,585	18,585	18,585				
190	OTHER PERSONNEL SUPPORT	297,594	297,594	297,594	297,594				
200	REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT	3,954	3,954	3,954	3,954				
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	377,286	377,286	377,926	377,926	640			
UNDISTRIBUTED									
230	UNDISTRIBUTED			–36,200	–43,000				
	Unobligated balances			[–36,200]	[–43,000]				
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			–36,200	–43,000				
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY NATIONAL GUARD	8,646,145	8,651,145	8,610,430	–37,360				8,608,785
COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP									
COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)									
010	IRAQ	380,758	380,758	380,758	380,758				
020	SYRIA	147,941	147,941	147,941	147,941				
	SUBTOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)	528,699	528,699	528,699	528,699				528,699
	TOTAL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP	528,699	528,699	528,699	528,699				528,699
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY									
OPERATING FORCES									
010	MISSION AND OTHER FLIGHT OPERATIONS	6,876,414	6,751,414	6,906,414	6,776,414	–100,000			
	Historical underexecution		[–125,000]			[–100,000]			
	Maritime/Littoral Domain ISR—CENTCOM UFR			[30,000]					
020	FLEET AIR TRAINING	2,980,271	2,855,271	2,980,271	2,880,271	–100,000			
	Historical underexecution		[–125,000]			[–100,000]			
050	AIR SYSTEMS SUPPORT	1,444,564	1,444,564	1,444,564	1,444,564				
060	AIRCRAFT DEPOT MAINTENANCE	1,747,475	1,747,475	1,747,475	1,747,475				
080	AVIATION LOGISTICS	2,020,926	2,005,926	2,020,926	2,005,926	–15,000			
	Historical underexecution		[–15,000]			[–15,000]			
090	MISSION AND OTHER SHIP OPERATIONS	7,561,665	7,571,665	7,561,665	7,485,665	–76,000			
	Automated Inspections Technology Pilot Program		[10,000]			[5,000]			
	Unjustified request					[–81,000]			
100	SHIP OPERATIONS SUPPORT & TRAINING	1,576,167	1,576,167	1,576,167	1,576,167				
110	SHIP DEPOT MAINTENANCE	12,121,320	12,121,320	12,186,320	12,186,320	65,000			

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
120	Prevent retirement of ESD			[65,000]	[65,000]	
120	SHIP DEPOT OPERATIONS SUPPORT	2,722,849	2,722,849	2,722,849		2,722,849
130	COMBAT COMMUNICATIONS AND ELECTRONIC WARFARE	1,845,351	1,845,351	1,847,317		1,845,351
	Accelerate Long Endurance Electronic Decoy (LEED)—Navy UFR			[2,300]		
	Counter Uncrewed Systems (C-UxS) / Integrated Air and Missile Defense (IAMD)—AFRICOM			[375]		
	Diversify and inclusion programs reduction			[−709]		
140	SPACE SYSTEMS AND SURVEILLANCE	429,851	429,851	429,851		429,851
150	WARFARE TACTICS	1,030,531	1,030,531	1,030,531		1,030,531
160	OPERATIONAL METEOROLOGY AND OCEANOGRAPHY	462,111	462,111	462,111		462,111
170	COMBAT SUPPORT FORCES	2,430,990	2,430,990	2,438,190	−30,000	2,400,990
	Unjustified request			[−30,000]		
	USEUCOM+NATO Maritime Command and Control (C2)			[7,200]		
180	EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND DEPOT OPERATIONS SUPPORT	49,520	49,520	49,520		49,520
200	COMBATANT COMMANDERS CORE OPERATIONS	93,949	93,949	93,949		93,949
210	COMBATANT COMMANDERS DIRECT MISSION SUPPORT	395,278	603,778	610,618	226,500	621,778
	AI-Enabled Planning & Wargaming (STORMBREAKER)			[18,000]	[18,000]	
	Campaigning—Special Operations Command Pacific (SOC-PAC)			[53,000]	[53,000]	
	INDOPACOM Campaigning		[53,000]			
	INDOPACOM Mission Network—INDOPACOM UPL		[106,500]		[106,500]	
	Joint Interagency Task Force—West (JIATF-W)			[4,260]		
	Joint Task Force Micronesia (JTF-M)			[40,080]		
	Joint Training Team—INDOPACOM UPL		[49,000]		[49,000]	
	Joint Training Team (JTT)			[100,000]		
220	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	577,882	562,882	578,882		577,882
	Accelerate GRANDSTAND—Navy UFR			[1,000]		
	Program decrease		[−15,000]			
230	FLEET BALLISTIC MISSILE	1,866,966	1,866,966	1,866,966		1,866,966
240	WEAPONS MAINTENANCE	1,596,682	1,596,682	1,722,282	11,300	1,607,982
	Accelerate Mk-48 Heavy Weight Torpedo (HWT) Procurement (+41)—Navy UFR			[9,200]	[9,200]	
	Accelerate Subsea and Seabed Warfare (SSW) ROV—Navy UFR			[2,100]	[2,100]	
	Accelerate Weapons Combat Expenditure Replacement for SM-2—Navy UFR			[93,000]		
	Longbow Helifire integration			[21,300]		
250	OTHER WEAPON SYSTEMS SUPPORT	785,511	770,511	785,511	−6,757	778,754
	Historical underexecution		[−15,000]		[−6,757]	

260	ENTERPRISE INFORMATION	1,824,127	1,809,127	1,824,127	-10,000	1,814,127
	Program decrease		[--15,000]	[--10,000]		
270	SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION AND MODERNIZATION	4,654,449	4,821,949	5,694,449	742,500	5,396,949
	Department of the Navy Unfunded Priorities		[30,000]			
	Guam disaster recovery and resilient rebuild FSRM				[600,000]	
	Guam Glass Breakwater					
	Navy 95% executable FSRM					
	Quality of Life Initiatives		[117,500]		[142,500]	
280	BASE OPERATING SUPPORT	6,324,454	6,333,454	6,324,454	-73,000	6,251,454
	Program increase		[9,000]		[9,000]	
	Unjustified request				[--82,000]	
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	63,419,303	63,504,303	64,905,409	634,543	64,053,846
	MOBILIZATION					
290	SHIP PREPOSITIONING AND SURGE	463,722	463,722	463,722		463,722
300	READY RESERVE FORCE	780,558	780,558	780,558		780,558
310	SHIP ACTIVATIONS/INACTIVATIONS	1,030,030	1,030,030	1,030,030		1,030,030
320	EXPEDITIONARY HEALTH SERVICES SYSTEMS	173,200	173,200	173,200		173,200
330	COAST GUARD SUPPORT	21,800	21,800	21,800		21,800
	SUBTOTAL MOBILIZATION	2,469,310	2,469,310	2,469,310		2,469,310
	TRAINING AND RECRUITING					
340	OFFICER ACQUISITION	206,282	206,282	205,836		206,282
	Diversity and inclusion programs reduction			[--446]		
350	RECRUIT TRAINING	18,748	23,048	18,748	4,300	23,048
	Sea Cadets		[4,300]		[4,300]	
360	RESERVE OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS	169,044	169,044	169,044		169,044
370	SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING	1,236,735	1,236,735	1,236,735	-20,000	1,216,735
	Unjustified request				[--20,000]	
380	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	357,317	357,317	358,317		357,317
	Key Partners for Middle East Regional Integration Military Subject Matter Exchange Program			[1,000]		
390	TRAINING SUPPORT	434,173	434,173	432,506		434,173
	Diversity and inclusion programs reduction			[--1,667]		
400	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	281,107	281,107	281,107		281,107
410	OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION	77,223	77,223	77,223		77,223
420	CIVILIAN EDUCATION AND TRAINING	73,510	73,510	73,510		73,510
430	JUNIOR ROTC	59,649	59,649	59,649		59,649
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	2,913,788	2,918,088	2,912,675	-15,700	2,898,088
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
440	ADMINISTRATION	1,453,465	1,378,965	1,453,465	-82,500	1,370,965
	Program decrease		[-74,500]		[-74,500]	
	Unjustified request				[-8,000]	
450	CIVILIAN MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT	252,723	252,723	251,086		252,723
	Diversity and inclusion programs reduction			[-1,637]		
460	MILITARY MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT	729,351	729,351	728,641	-9,000	720,351
	Diversity and inclusion programs reduction			[-710]		
	Unjustified request				[-9,000]	
470	MEDICAL ACTIVITIES	324,055	289,055	324,055	-35,000	289,055
	Historical underexecution		[-35,000]		[-35,000]	
480	DEF ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNT	69,348	69,348	69,348		69,348
490	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	275,379	275,379	275,379		275,379
510	PLANNING, ENGINEERING, AND PROGRAM SUPPORT	609,648	607,148	609,648		609,648
	Program decrease		[-2,500]			
520	ACQUISITION, LOGISTICS, AND OVERSIGHT	869,350	829,350	869,350	-40,000	829,350
	Historical underexecution		[-40,000]		[-40,000]	
530	INVESTIGATIVE AND SECURITY SERVICES	980,857	980,857	980,857		980,857
810A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	656,005	656,005	656,005		656,005
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	6,220,181	6,068,181	6,217,834	-166,500	6,053,881
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
820	UNDISTRIBUTED			-84,570	-212,000	-212,000
	Foreign Currency Fluctuations			[-5,270]		
	Unobligated balances			[-79,300]	[-212,000]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			-84,570	-212,000	-212,000
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	75,022,582	74,959,882	76,420,658	240,343	75,262,925
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	OPERATIONAL FORCES	1,848,218	1,865,218	1,909,618	22,500	1,870,718
	Campaigning—U.S. Marine Corps Forces Pacific (MARFORPAC)			[47,000]		
	Historical underexecution		[-30,000]		[-30,000]	
	INDOPACOM Campaigning		[47,000]		[47,000]	

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
UNDISTRIBUTED						
320	UNDISTRIBUTED			-17,030	-113,000	-113,000
	Foreign Currency Fluctuations			[-3,930]		
	Unobligated balances			[-13,100]	[-113,000]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			-17,030	-113,000	-113,000
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS	10,562,804	11,251,784	11,500,354	609,830	11,172,634
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY RESERVE						
OPERATING FORCES						
010	MISSION AND OTHER FLIGHT OPERATIONS	708,701	708,701	708,701		708,701
030	AIR SYSTEMS SUPPORT	10,250	10,250	10,250		10,250
040	AIRCRAFT DEPOT MAINTENANCE	148,292	148,292	148,292		148,292
060	AVIATION LOGISTICS	33,200	33,200	33,200		33,200
070	COMBAT COMMUNICATIONS	21,211	21,211	21,211		21,211
080	COMBAT SUPPORT FORCES	199,551	199,551	199,551		199,551
090	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	291	291	291		291
100	ENTERPRISE INFORMATION	33,027	33,027	33,027		33,027
110	SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION AND MODERNIZATION	50,200	50,200	50,200		50,200
120	BASE OPERATING SUPPORT	119,124	119,124	119,124		119,124
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	1,323,847	1,323,847	1,323,847		1,323,847
ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES						
130	ADMINISTRATION	2,067	2,067	2,067		2,067
140	MILITARY MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT	13,575	13,575	13,575		13,575
150	ACQUISITION AND PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	2,173	2,173	2,173		2,173
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	17,815	17,815	17,815		17,815
UNDISTRIBUTED						
180	UNDISTRIBUTED			-2,900	-2,900	-2,900
	Unobligated balances			[-2,900]		
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			-2,900	-2,900	-2,900

	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY RESERVE	1,341,662	1,341,662	1,338,762	-2,900	1,338,762
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS RESERVE					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	OPERATING FORCES	132,907	132,907	132,907		132,907
020	DEPOT MAINTENANCE	22,073	22,073	22,073		22,073
030	SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION AND MODERNIZATION	47,677	47,677	47,677		47,677
040	BASE OPERATING SUPPORT	122,734	122,734	122,734		122,734
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	325,391	325,391	325,391		325,391
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES					
050	ADMINISTRATION	12,689	12,689	12,689		12,689
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	12,689	12,689	12,689		12,689
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
060	UNDISTRIBUTED					
	Unobligated balances		-1,800	-1,800	-1,800	-1,800
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		-1,800	-1,800	-1,800	-1,800
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS RESERVE	338,080	338,080	336,280	-1,800	336,280
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	PRIMARY COMBAT FORCES	910,849	1,026,849	1,060,388	15,981	926,830
	Campaigning—Pacific Air Forces (PACAF) - INDOPACOM UFR			[48,000]	[48,000]	
	Fighter Force Re-Optimization (+208 PMAI a/c)—AF UFR			[1,981]	[1,981]	
	INDOPACOM Campaigning		[48,000]			
	Prevent retirement of F-15Es			[98,144]		
	Prevent retirement of F-22s			[1,414]		
	Restore KC135		[68,000]			
	Unjustified request					
020	COMBAT ENHANCEMENT FORCES	2,631,887	2,641,887	2,687,887	[-34,000]	2,619,887
	Campaigning—Pacific Air Forces (PACAF) - INDOPACOM UFR			[20,000]	[20,000]	
	C-UAS Electronic Support—CENTCOM UFR			[36,000]	[36,000]	
	Historical underexecution					
	INDOPACOM Campaigning		[-10,000]			
	Unjustified request		[20,000]			
030	AIR OPERATIONS TRAINING (OIT, MAINTAIN SKILLS)	1,526,855	1,451,855	1,793,155	[-68,000]	1,481,855
	Historical underexecution		[-75,000]		[-45,000]	
	PACAF biennial ACE exercises—AF UFR			[266,300]	[-45,000]	

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
040	DEPOT PURCHASE EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	4,862,731	4,762,731	4,875,974	-100,000	4,762,731
	Historical underexecution		[-100,000]		[-100,000]	
	Prevent retirement of F-22s			[13,243]		
050	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	4,413,268	4,520,768	6,253,268	147,500	4,560,768
	Air Force 95% executable FSM			[1,150,000]		
	Guan disaster recovery and resilient rebuild FSM			[680,000]		
	Increases to unfunded requirements for PFAS			[10,000]		
	Quality of Life Initiatives		[107,500]		[147,500]	
060	CYBERSPACE SUSTAINMENT	245,330	245,330	245,330		245,330
070	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS SUPPORT AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	10,100,030	10,121,530	10,406,232	24,656	10,124,686
	Campaigning—Pacific Air Forces (PACAF) - INDOPACOM UFR			[21,500]	[21,500]	
	Fighter Force Re-Optimization (+208 PMAI a/c)—AF UFR		[21,500]	[3,156]	[3,156]	
	INDOPACOM Campaigning					
	Prevent retirement of F-22s			[281,546]		
080	FLYING HOUR PROGRAM	7,010,770	6,860,770	7,828,786	-70,000	6,940,770
	Historical underexecution		[-150,000]		[-70,000]	
	Prevent retirement of F-22s			[65,017]		
	USAF one-time spares increase—AF UFR			[752,999]		
090	BASE SUPPORT	11,449,394	11,469,394	11,443,394	-85,000	11,364,394
	Program increase		[20,000]		[10,000]	
	Unjustified request				[-95,000]	
100	GLOBAL C3I AND EARLY WARNING	1,294,815	1,294,815	1,294,815		1,294,815
110	OTHER COMBAT OPS SPT PROGRAMS	1,840,433	1,840,433	1,857,032		1,840,433
	Counter Uncrewed Systems (C-UxS) / Integrated Air and Missile Defense (IAMD)—AFRICOM			[16,599]		
120	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	874,283	864,283	874,283	-10,000	864,283
	Program decrease		[-10,000]		[-10,000]	
140	MEDICAL READINESS	567,561	567,561	567,561		567,561
160	US NORTHCOM/NORAD	212,311	212,311	272,011		212,311
	Expand JTF North			[25,000]		
	Foundational information technology			[34,700]		
170	US STRATCOM	524,159	524,159	524,659		524,159
	Expeditionary Shelter Protection System			[500]		
190	US CENTCOM	333,250	333,250	421,250		333,250
	Cloud Computing Environment / Cloud Transition—CENTCOM UFR			[20,000]		

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
410	ADMINISTRATION	1,381,555	1,221,555	1,368,358	-160,000	1,221,555
	Diversity and inclusion programs reduction			[-13,197]		
	Historical underexecution		[-100,000]			
	Program decrease		[-60,000]			
	Unjustified request				[-160,000]	
420	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	34,913	34,913	34,913		34,913
430	OTHER SERVICEWIDE ACTIVITIES	1,933,264	1,933,264	1,933,264	-20,000	1,913,264
	Unjustified growth				[-20,000]	
440	CIVIL AIR PATROL	31,520	31,520	31,520		31,520
460	DEF ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNT	51,756	51,756	51,756		51,756
480	INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT	93,490	93,490	93,490		93,490
480A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	1,528,256	1,528,256	1,528,256		1,528,256
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	6,442,533	6,276,533	6,429,336	-186,000	6,256,533
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
490	UNDISTRIBUTED			-153,350	-289,500	-289,500
	Foreign Currency Fluctuations			[-3,650]		
	Unobligated balances			[-149,700]		
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			-153,350	-289,500	-289,500
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE	64,617,734	64,358,734	68,060,318	-614,363	64,003,371
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, SPACE FORCE					
	OPERATING FORCES					
010	GLOBAL C3I & EARLY WARNING	694,469	694,469	694,469	-46,000	648,469
	Unjustified growth				[-46,000]	
020	SPACE LAUNCH OPERATIONS	373,584	373,584	373,584		373,584
030	SPACE OPERATIONS	936,956	936,956	936,956	-40,000	896,956
	Unjustified request				[-40,000]	
040	EDUCATION & TRAINING	235,459	235,459	235,459		235,459
060	DEPOT MAINTENANCE	80,571	80,571	80,571		80,571
070	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	488,709	523,709	500,709	35,000	523,709
	Quality of Life Initiatives		[35,000]		[35,000]	
	STARCOM Facility—Space Force UFR			[12,000]		

080	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	1,346,611	1,346,611	1,346,611	1,346,611
090	SPACE OPERATIONS -BOS	238,717	238,717	238,717	238,717
100	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	139,983	139,983	139,983	139,983
100A	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	537,908	537,908	537,908	537,908
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	5,072,967	5,107,967	5,084,967	5,021,967
				-51,000	
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES				
110	LOGISTICS OPERATIONS	35,313	35,313	35,313	35,313
120	ADMINISTRATION	183,992	183,992	183,992	168,992
	Unjustified growth				-15,000
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	219,305	219,305	219,305	204,305
				-15,000	
	UNDISTRIBUTED				
140	UNDISTRIBUTED				
	Foreign Currency Fluctuations		-32,050		-9,000
	Unobligated balances		[-50]		
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		[-32,000]		-9,000
			-32,050		
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, SPACE FORCE	5,292,272	5,327,272	5,272,222	5,217,272
				-75,000	
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE RESERVE				
	OPERATING FORCES				
010	PRIMARY COMBAT FORCES	1,958,968	1,958,968	1,958,968	1,958,968
020	MISSION SUPPORT OPERATIONS	177,080	177,080	177,080	177,080
030	DEPOT PURCHASE EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	597,172	597,172	597,172	597,172
040	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	123,394	123,394	123,394	123,394
050	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS SUPPORT AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	601,302	601,302	601,302	601,302
060	BASE SUPPORT	585,943	585,943	585,943	585,943
070	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	2,331	2,331	2,331	2,331
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	4,046,190	4,046,190	4,046,190	4,046,190
	ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES				
080	ADMINISTRATION	92,732	92,732	92,647	92,732
090	Diversity and inclusion programs reduction			[-85]	
100	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	10,855	10,855	10,855	10,855
110	MILITARY MANPOWER AND PERS MGMT (ARPC)	17,188	17,188	17,188	17,188
120	OTHER PERS SUPPORT (DISABILITY COMP)	6,304	6,304	6,304	6,304
	AUDIOVISUAL	527	527	527	527
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	127,606	127,606	127,521	127,606

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
UNDISTRIBUTED						
130	UNDISTRIBUTED			-33,300	-62,000	-62,000
	Unobligated balances			[-33,300]	[-62,000]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			-33,300	-62,000	-62,000
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE RESERVE	4,173,796	4,173,796	4,140,411	-62,000	4,111,796
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR NATIONAL GUARD						
OPERATING FORCES						
010	AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS	2,626,498	2,626,498	2,626,498		2,626,498
020	MISSION SUPPORT OPERATIONS	649,621	649,621	649,621		649,621
030	DEPOT PURCHASE EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	1,004,771	1,004,771	1,004,771	-9,000	995,771
	Program decrease unaccounted for				[-9,000]	
040	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	458,917	458,917	458,917		458,917
050	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS SUPPORT AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	1,353,383	1,353,383	1,353,383	-17,000	1,336,383
	Program decrease unaccounted for				[-17,000]	
060	BASE SUPPORT	1,119,429	1,119,429	1,119,243		1,119,429
	Diversity and inclusion programs reduction			[-186]		
070	CYBERSPACE SUSTAINMENT	14,291	14,291	14,291		14,291
080	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	57,162	57,162	57,162		57,162
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	7,284,072	7,284,072	7,283,886	-26,000	7,258,072
ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES						
090	ADMINISTRATION	71,454	71,454	71,964		71,454
	Increase for 7 new State Partnership Program partners—NGB UFR			[510]		
100	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	48,245	48,245	48,245		48,245
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	119,699	119,699	120,209		119,699
UNDISTRIBUTED						
110	UNDISTRIBUTED			-8,600	-62,000	-62,000
	Unobligated balances			[-8,600]	[-62,000]	
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED			-8,600	-62,000	-62,000
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR NATIONAL GUARD	7,403,771	7,403,771	7,395,495	-88,000	7,315,771

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, DEFENSE-WIDE						
OPERATING FORCES						
010	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF	461,772	438,683 [-23,089]	460,272	-4,000	457,772
	Program decrease					
	Unobligated balances			[-1,500]		
020	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF—JTEEP	696,446	696,446	696,446		696,446
030	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF—CYBER	9,100	9,100	9,100		9,100
040	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE—MISO	253,176	253,176	267,176		253,176
	Military Information Support Operations (MISO)—AFRICOM			[14,000]		
050	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND COMBAT DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES	2,082,777	2,082,777	2,082,777	-15,717	2,067,060
	Projected underexecution				[-15,717]	
060	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND MAINTENANCE	1,197,289	1,191,289	1,198,289	-1,000	1,196,289
	Counter Uncrewed Systems—SOCOM UFR			[1,000]		
	Program decrease		[-6,000]			
070	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND MANAGEMENT/OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS	203,622	203,622	203,622		193,558
	Projected underexecution				[-2,000]	
080	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND THEATER FORCES	3,410,271	3,412,271	3,410,271	-10,064	3,398,690
	Overestimation of flying hours				[-11,581]	
	Preservation of the Force, Muscle Activation Technique (MAT Program)				[-7,000]	
	Projected underexecution		[2,000]			
090	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	51,263	51,263	51,263		51,263
100	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND INTELLIGENCE	1,266,217	1,266,217	1,266,217	-7,000	1,259,217
	Program decrease — long endurance aircraft				[-7,000]	
110	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND OPERATIONAL SUPPORT	1,453,809	1,453,809	1,453,809		1,453,809
120	CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	1,361,360	1,361,360	1,396,360	10,000	1,371,360
	Department of Defense-Wide Internet Operations Management Capability			[10,000]		
	Program increase			[25,000]		
130	USCYBERCOM HEADQUARTERS	344,376	344,376	344,376	-6,953	337,423
	Projected underexecution				[-6,953]	
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	12,791,478	12,764,389	12,839,978	-46,315	12,745,163
TRAINING AND RECRUITING						
140	DEFENSE ACQUISITION UNIVERSITY	184,963	184,963	184,963		184,963
150	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF	132,101	134,601	133,101		132,101
	Formerly Used Defense Sites		[2,500]			
	Key Partners for Middle East Regional Integration Military Subject Matter Exchange Program			[1,000]		
160	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND/PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	31,806	31,806	31,806		31,806
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	348,870	351,370	349,870		348,870

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES						
170	CIVIL MILITARY PROGRAMS	140,375	275,375	140,375	100,000	240,375
	National Guard Youth Challenge		[90,000]		[50,000]	
	Program decrease		[-5,000]			
	STARBASE		[50,000]		[50,000]	
180	DEFENSE CONTRACT AUDIT AGENCY—CYBER	4,961	4,961	4,961		4,961
190	DEFENSE CONTRACT AUDIT AGENCY	673,621	673,621	667,521	-5,700	667,921
	Unobligated balances			[-6,100]	[-5,700]	
200	DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY	1,543,134	1,512,271	1,542,134	-30,863	1,512,271
	Program decrease		[-30,863]		[-30,863]	
	Unobligated balances			[-1,000]		
210	DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY—CYBER	42,541	42,541	42,541		42,541
220	DEFENSE COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY AGENCY	952,464	922,464	952,464	-30,000	922,464
	Program decrease		[-30,000]		[-30,000]	
240	DEFENSE COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY AGENCY—CYBER	9,794	9,794	9,794		9,794
250	DEFENSE HUMAN RESOURCES ACTIVITY—CYBER	39,781	39,781	39,781		39,781
260	DEFENSE HUMAN RESOURCES ACTIVITY	1,104,152	1,095,952	1,112,152	-23,785	1,080,367
	Program decrease		[-8,200]		[-28,785]	
	Re-establishment of Troops-to-Teachers program			[8,000]	[5,000]	
290	DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEMS AGENCY	2,614,041	2,594,041	2,610,641	-26,500	2,587,541
	OSD requested transfer from RDDW Line 94 to OMDW Line 4GT9 to properly align 5G resourcing				[8,500]	
	Program decrease		[-20,000]		[-35,000]	
	Unobligated balances			[-3,400]		
300	DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEMS AGENCY—CYBER	504,896	504,896	504,896		504,896
310	DEFENSE LEGAL SERVICES AGENCY	207,918	176,730	197,118	-31,188	176,730
	Program decrease		[-31,188]		[-31,188]	
	Unobligated balances			[-10,800]		
320	DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY	412,257	391,644	400,572	-20,613	391,644
	Diversity and inclusion programs reduction			[-10,085]		
	Program decrease		[-20,613]		[-20,613]	
	Unobligated balances			[-1,600]		
330	DEFENSE MEDIA ACTIVITY	244,689	244,689	244,689		244,689
340	DEFENSE POW/MIA OFFICE	188,022	188,022	188,022		188,022
350	DEFENSE SECURITY COOPERATION AGENCY	2,889,957	2,389,957	3,333,657	-215,000	2,674,957

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
	SD-WAN classified network expansion			[25,000]		
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE-WIDE ACTIVITIES	41,035,502	40,017,813	41,603,781	-576,083	40,459,419
	UNDISTRIBUTED					
490	UNDISTRIBUTED					
	Foreign currency fluctuations		-624,391	1,330,090	-1,096,584	-1,096,584
	FY25 bulk fuel bill		[-624,391]	[-580]		
	FY25 bulk fuel savings			[1,330,670]		
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED		-624,391	1,330,090	[-1,096,584]	-1,096,584
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, DEFENSE-WIDE	54,175,850	52,509,182	56,123,719	-1,718,982	52,456,868
	UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ARMED FORCES					
	ADMINISTRATION AND ASSOCIATED ACTIVITIES					
010	US COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ARMED FORCES, DEFENSE	21,035	21,035	21,035		21,035
	SUBTOTAL ADMINISTRATION AND ASSOCIATED ACTIVITIES	21,035	21,035	21,035		21,035
	TOTAL UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ARMED FORCES	21,035	21,035	21,035		21,035
	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT FUND					
	ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT					
010	ACQ WORKFORCE DEV FD	56,176	56,176	56,176		56,176
	SUBTOTAL ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT	56,176	56,176	56,176		56,176
	TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT FUND	56,176	56,176	56,176		56,176
	OVERSEAS HUMANITARIAN, DISASTER, AND CIVIC AID					
	HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE					
010	OVERSEAS HUMANITARIAN, DISASTER AND CIVIC AID	115,335	115,335	115,335		115,335
	SUBTOTAL HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE	115,335	115,335	115,335		115,335
	TOTAL OVERSEAS HUMANITARIAN, DISASTER, AND CIVIC AID	115,335	115,335	115,335		115,335
	COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION ACCOUNT					

010	COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION	350,116	350,116	350,116	350,116
	SUBTOTAL COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION	350,116	350,116	350,116	350,116
	TOTAL COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION ACCOUNT	350,116	350,116	350,116	350,116
	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, ARMY				
	DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY				
060	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, ARMY	268,069	268,069	338,069	298,069
	Increases to unfunded requirements for PFAS			[70,000]	[30,000]
	SUBTOTAL DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY	268,069	268,069	338,069	298,069
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, ARMY	268,069	268,069	338,069	298,069
	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, NAVY				
	DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY				
080	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, NAVY	343,591	343,591	343,591	343,591
	SUBTOTAL DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY	343,591	343,591	343,591	343,591
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, NAVY	343,591	343,591	343,591	343,591
	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, AIR FORCE				
	DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE				
100	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, AIR FORCE	320,256	320,256	330,256	330,256
	Increases to unfunded requirements for PFAS			[10,000]	[10,000]
	SUBTOTAL DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE	320,256	320,256	330,256	330,256
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, AIR FORCE	320,256	320,256	330,256	330,256
	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE				
	DEFENSE-WIDE				
120	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE	8,800	8,800	8,800	8,800
	SUBTOTAL DEFENSE-WIDE	8,800	8,800	8,800	8,800
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE	8,800	8,800	8,800	8,800
	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES				
	DEFENSE-WIDE				
140	ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION FORMERLY USED SITES	234,475	234,475	234,475	234,475
	SUBTOTAL DEFENSE-WIDE	234,475	234,475	234,475	234,475

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Line	Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
	TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES	234,475	234,475	234,475		234,475
	TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE	296,334,504	294,960,413	305,237,190	-1,870,374	294,464,130

TITLE XLIV—MILITARY PERSONNEL

SEC. 4401. MILITARY PERSONNEL.

SEC. 4401. MILITARY PERSONNEL (In Thousands of Dollars)					
Item	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Military Personnel Appropriations	170,834,234	3,830,000	420,654	865,086	171,699,320
BAH Absorption Restoration (1%)		[1,270,000]			
Historical underexecution		[-700,000]			
Junior enlisted pay increase		[3,260,000]		[1,600,000]	
Air Force Reserve—diversity and inclusion programs reduction			[-75]	[-75]	
Air National Guard—diversity and inclusion programs reduction			[-546]	[-546]	
Air National Guard AGR end strength increase			[30,000]		
Air National Guard increase for 7 new State Partnership Program partners—NGB UFR			[1,350]	[1,350]	
Army National Guard—diversity and inclusion programs reduction			[-83]	[-83]	
Army National Guard increase for 7 new State Partnership Program partners—NGB UFR			[1,800]	[1,800]	
Foreign currency fluctuation			[-8,600]		
FY25 topline increase for junior enlisted pay increase			[1,000,000]		
Increase to junior enlisted pay			[57,000]		
Prevent retirement of F–15Es			[19,258]		

Prevent retirement of F-22s	[57,910]			
Unobligated balances	[-737,360]			[-737,360]
Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund Contributions	11,046,305			11,046,305
TOTAL, Military Personnel	181,880,539	3,830,000	420,654	865,086
				182,745,625

TITLE XLV—OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 4501. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS.

SEC. 4501. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Program Title	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, ARMY				
WORKING CAPITAL FUND	21,776	21,776	21,776	21,776
ARMY ARSENALS INITIATIVE				
SUPPLY MANAGEMENT—ARMY	1,828	1,828	1,828	1,828
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, ARMY	23,604	23,604	23,604	23,604
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, NAVY				
SUPPLY MANAGEMENT, NAVY	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTERS	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, NAVY				
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, AIR FORCE				
TRANSPORTATION				
SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS	86,874	86,874	246,674	86,874

SEC. 4501. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Program Title	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized	
Enterprise Space Activity Group Working Capital Fund Cash Corpus—Space Force UFR			[159,800]			
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, AIR FORCE	86,874	86,874	246,674		86,874	
NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE TRANSACTION FUND						
DEFENSE STOCKPILE	7,629	7,629	207,629		7,629	
Program increase for National Defense Stockpile			[200,000]			
TOTAL NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE TRANSACTION FUND	7,629	7,629	207,629		7,629	
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE-WIDE						
DEFENSE AUTOMATION & PRODUCTION SERVICES	3	3	3		3	
ENERGY MANAGEMENT—DEF	2,253	2,253	2,253		2,253	
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE-WIDE	2,256	2,256	2,256		2,256	
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE COMMISSARY AGENCY						
WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DECA	1,570,187	1,570,187	1,570,187		1,570,187	
TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE COMMISSARY AGENCY	1,570,187	1,570,187	1,570,187		1,570,187	
NATIONAL DEFENSE SEALIFT FUND						
MPF MLP		200,000				
New Sealift funding		[200,000]				
TOTAL NATIONAL DEFENSE SEALIFT FUND		200,000				
CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MUNITIONS DESTRUCTION, DEFENSE						
CHEM DEMILITARIZATION—O&M	20,745	20,745	20,745		20,745	
CHEM DEMILITARIZATION—RDT&E	754,762	754,762	754,762		754,762	
TOTAL CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MUNITIONS DESTRUCTION, DEFENSE	775,507	775,507	775,507		775,507	

DRUG INTERDICTION AND COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES, DEFENSE				
COUNTER-NARCOTICS SUPPORT	339,292	359,292	392,277	345,292
Counter Strategic Competitors in the Western Hemisphere		[15,000]		6,000
Global Trader in the Office of Naval Intelligence Maritime Intelligence Support ...		[5,000]		
Prioritizing counter-drug			[52,985]	[6,000]
CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	314,410	314,410	314,410	314,410
DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION PROGRAM	135,567	139,567	135,567	139,567
Young Marines		[4,000]		[4,000]
NATIONAL GUARD COUNTER-DRUG PROGRAM	106,043	106,043	106,043	106,043
NATIONAL GUARD COUNTER-DRUG SCHOOLS	6,167	6,167	6,167	6,167
TOTAL DRUG INTERDICTION AND COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES, DEFENSE	901,479	925,479	954,464	911,479
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL				
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL—O&M	542,107	542,107	542,107	542,107
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL—CYBER	1,988	1,988	1,988	1,988
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL—RDT&E	1,900	1,900	1,900	1,900
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL—PROCUREMENT	1,336	1,336	1,336	1,336
TOTAL OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL	547,331	547,331	547,331	547,331
DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM				
IN-HOUSE CARE	10,766,432	10,766,432	10,766,432	10,665,211
Insufficient justification				[−101,221]
PRIVATE SECTOR CARE	20,599,128	20,599,128	20,603,128	20,199,128
Brain health and trauma demonstration program			[4,000]	
Historical underexecution				[−400,000]
CONSOLIDATED HEALTH SUPPORT	2,048,030	2,048,030	2,048,030	2,041,042
Unjustified growth				[−6,988]
INFORMATION MANAGEMENT	2,469,204	2,469,204	2,469,204	2,439,822
Unjustified growth				[−29,382]
MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES	341,254	341,254	341,254	341,254
EDUCATION AND TRAINING	371,817	396,817	371,817	371,817

SEC. 4501. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program Title	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Program increase		[25,000]			
BASE OPERATIONS/COMMUNICATIONS	2,306,692	2,281,692	2,306,692	-8,079	2,298,613
Program decrease		[-25,000]			
Unjustified request				[-8,079]	
R&D RESEARCH	41,476	46,476	41,476	5,000	46,476
Next Generation Blood Products and Platelet Hemo- static Products		[5,000]		[5,000]	
R&D EXPLORATORY DEVELOPMENT	188,564	188,564	188,564		188,564
R&D ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	328,825	328,825	328,825		328,825
R&D DEMONSTRATION/VALIDATION	175,518	175,518	175,518		175,518
R&D ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT	130,931	130,931	130,931		130,931
R&D MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT	88,425	88,425	88,425		88,425
R&D CAPABILITIES ENHANCEMENT	18,697	18,697	18,697		18,697
PROC INITIAL OUTFITTING	23,449	23,449	23,449		23,449
PROC REPLACEMENT & MODERNIZATION	243,184	243,184	243,184		243,184
PROC JOINT OPERATIONAL MEDICINE INFORMATION SYSTEM	30,129	30,129	30,129		30,129
PROC MILITARY HEALTH SYSTEM—DESKTOP TO DATACENTER	75,536	75,536	75,536		75,536
PROC DOD HEALTHCARE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM MODERNIZATION	26,569	26,569	26,569		26,569
UNDISTRIBUTED			-186,800	-185,900	-185,900
Foreign Currency Fluctuations			[-900]		
Unobligated balances			[-185,900]	[-185,900]	
TOTAL DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM	40,273,860	40,278,860	40,091,060	-726,570	39,547,290
TOTAL OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS	44,218,727	44,447,727	44,448,712	-716,570	43,502,157

TITLE XLVI—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION.

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)							
Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change Authorized
MILITARY CONSTRUCTION							
ARMY							
Army	Alabama	Anniston Army Depot	GUIDED MISSILE MAINTENANCE BUILDING (DESIGN)	0	5,300	0	5,300
Army	Alaska	Fort Wainwright	AUTOMATED MULTIPURPOSE MACHINE GUN RANGE	23,000	0	0	23,000
Army	Alaska	Fort Wainwright	ENLISTED UNACCOMPANIED PERSONNEL HOUSING	0	0	15,000	0
Army	Arizona	Fort Huachuca	FIRE & RESCUE STATION (DESIGN)	0	0	4,000	0
Army	Arizona	Fort Huachuca	FLIGHT CONTROL TOWER (DESIGN)	0	0	1,500	0
Army	Arizona	Yuma Proving Ground	IMPROVE RANGE ROAD (DESIGN)	0	0	1,000	0
Army	Belgium	SHAPE Headquarters	YOUTH CENTER	45,000	0	0	45,000
Army	California	Fort Irwin	TRAINING SUPPORT CENTER	44,000	0	0	44,000
Army	California	Military Ocean Terminal Concord	AMMUNITION HOLDING FACILITY	68,000	0	0	68,000
Army	Florida	Naval Air Station Key West	JOINT INTER-AGENCY TASK FORCE-SOUTH COMMAND AND CONTROL FACILITY	0	90,000	90,000	90,000
Army	Georgia	Fort Eisenhower	CYBER FACILITY OPERATIONS AND AUDITORIUM FA- CILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	6,100	0
Army	Georgia	Fort Moore	DEXTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL (DESIGN)	0	0	14,000	0
Army	Georgia	Fort Stewart	BARRACKS (DESIGN)	0	0	5,600	8,000
Army	Germany	Hohenfels Training Area	BARRACKS	61,000	0	0	61,000
Army	Germany	Hohenfels Training Area	COST TO COMPLETE—SIMULATIONS CENTER	35,000	0	0	35,000
Army	Germany	U.S. Army Garrison Ansbach	BARRACKS	100,000	0	0	100,000
Army	Germany	U.S. Army Garrison Ansbach	BARRACKS	91,000	0	0	91,000

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Army	Germany	U.S. Army Garrison Ba- varia	OPERATIONAL READINESS TRAINING COMPLEX (ORTC) UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC LINE	0	0	12,856	12,856	12,856
Army	Germany	U.S. Army Garrison Wies- baden	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	44,000	0	0	0	44,000
Army	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	GDS BATTALION HEADQUARTERS	0	0	47,000	47,000	47,000
Army	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	GDS ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION	0	0	23,000	23,000	23,000
Army	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	GDS FORWARD OPERATING SITES	0	0	75,000	75,000	75,000
Army	Hawaii	Pohakuloa Training Area	AIRFIELD OPERATIONS BUILDING	0	0	20,000	20,000	20,000
Army	Hawaii	Wheeler Army Airfield	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	231,000	-195,000	-195,000	-195,000	36,000
Army	Illinois	Rock Island Arsenal	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	1,320	0	0
Army	Kentucky	Fort Campbell	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER (DESIGN)	0	0	3,000	0	0
Army	Kentucky	Fort Campbell	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	0	6,000	0	0
Army	Kentucky	Fort Campbell	AUTOMATED RECORD FIRE PLUS RANGE	11,800	0	0	0	11,800
Army	Kentucky	Fort Campbell	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	3,000	0	0
Army	Kentucky	Fort Campbell	MODERNIZED HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	0	11,000	11,000	11,000
Army	Kentucky	Fort Knox	SOLDIER SERVICES CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	4,200	0	0
Army	Louisiana	Fort Johnson	BARRACKS	117,000	-95,000	-117,000	-117,000	0
Army	Louisiana	Fort Johnson	ROTATIONAL UNIT BILLETING AREA	0	0	6,300	50,000	50,000
Army	Maryland	Fort Meade	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	46,000	0	0	0	46,000
Army	Michigan	Detroit Arsenal	MANNED/UNMANNED TACTICAL VEHICLE LAB	37,000	0	0	0	37,000
Army	Missouri	Fort Leonard Wood	ADVANCED INDIVIDUAL TRAINING BARRACKS COM- PLEX, PHASE 2	144,000	-24,000	-24,000	-24,000	120,000
Army	New York	Fort Drum	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR ADDITION, WASH RACK AND PAINT BOOTH (DESIGN)	0	0	9,800	9,800	9,800
Army	New York	Fort Drum	ARMY COMBAT FITNESS TESTING FACILITY FIELD HOUSE (DESIGN)	0	0	8,300	0	0
Army	New York	Fort Drum	AUTOMATED RECORD FIRE RANGE (DESIGN)	0	0	2,300	0	0
Army	New York	Fort Drum	FIELD ARTILLERY VEHICLE STORAGE SHEDS (DE- SIGN)	0	0	830	830	830

Army	New York	Fort Drum	ORTC PHASE II, ENLISTED TRANSIENT TRAINING BARRACKS (DESIGN)	0	0	6,100	6,100	6,100
Army	New York	Watervliet Arsenal	FIRE STATION	53,000	0	0	0	53,000
Army	New York	Wheeler-Sack Army Airfield	FIRE STATION 3 (DESIGN)	0	0	2,900	2,900	2,900
Army	North Carolina	Fort Liberty	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	39,000	0	-39,000	-39,000	0
Army	Oklahoma	McAlester Army Ammunition Plant	AMMUNITION DEMOLITION FACILITY	0	0	74,000	74,000	74,000
Army	Pennsylvania	Letterkenny Army Depot	COMPONENT REBUILD SHOP (INC 1)	90,000	-45,000	-45,000	-45,000	45,000
Army	Pennsylvania	Letterkenny Army Depot	MISSILE/MUNITIONS DISTRIBUTION FACILITY	62,000	0	0	0	62,000
Army	South Carolina	Fort Jackson	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	4,915	0	0
Army	Texas	Fort Bliss	COST TO COMPLETE—RAIL YARD	44,000	0	0	0	44,000
Army	Texas	Fort Cavazos	MOTOR POOL #70	0	69,000	69,000	69,000	69,000
Army	Texas	Fort Cavazos	MOTOR POOL #71	0	78,000	78,000	78,000	78,000
Army	Texas	Red River Army Depot	VEHICLE PAINT SHOP	34,000	0	0	0	34,000
Army	Virginia	Joint Base Myer-Henderson Hall	BARRACKS	180,000	0	0	0	180,000
Army	Virginia	Joint Base Myer-Henderson Hall	HORSE FARM LAND ACQUISITION	8,500	-8,500	-8,500	-8,500	0
Army	Washington	Joint Base Lewis-McChord	BARRACKS	161,000	-121,000	-124,000	-124,000	37,000
Army	Washington	Joint Base Lewis-McChord	FIRE STATION (DESIGN)	0	0	2,900	4,940	4,940
Army	Washington	Joint Base Lewis-McChord	SUPPLY SUPPORT ACTIVITY	31,000	0	0	0	31,000
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Design—Milcon Barracks Planning	DEFERRED MILCON & RM (DESIGN)	0	0	47,650	47,650	47,650
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	273,727	10,000	0	0	273,727
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	EDI: MINOR CONSTRUCTION	14,519	0	0	0	14,519
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	HOST NATION SUPPORT	25,000	0	0	0	25,000
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	PDI: DESIGN	26,011	0	0	0	26,011
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	PDI: INDOPACOM MINOR CONSTRUCTION PILOT	66,600	0	0	0	66,600
Army	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	PDI: MINOR CONSTRUCTION	8,000	0	0	0	8,000

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Army	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING (DESIGN)	0	50,000	0	50,000	50,000
Army	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	97,000	25,000	0	41,624	138,624
Subtotal Military Construction, Army				2,311,157	-161,200	104,071	174,500	2,485,657
NAVY & MARINE CORPS								
Navy & Marine Corps	Arizona	Marine Corps Air Station Yuma	IAP RUNWAY EXTENSION (DESIGN)	0	0	10,237	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Arizona	Marine Corps Air Station Yuma	WATER TREATMENT PLANT	0	0	50,000	10,000	10,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Australia	Royal Australian Air Force Base Darwin	PDI: AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	117,380	-85,000	-85,000	-85,000	32,380
Navy & Marine Corps	Australia	Royal Australian Air Force Base Darwin	PDI: MAINTENANCE SUPPORT FACILITY	62,320	0	0	0	62,320
Navy & Marine Corps	El Salvador	Cooperative Security Lo- cation Comalapa	HANGAR AND RAMP EXTENSION	0	0	0	28,000	28,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Federated States of Micronesia	Yap International Airport	PORT & HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS	0	0	709,086	50,000	50,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Cape Canaveral Space Force Station	ENGINEERING TEST FACILITY	221,060	-140,000	-149,000	-149,000	72,060
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Marine Corps Support Fa- cility Blount Island Command	COMMUNICATIONS CENTER & INFRASTRUCTURE UP- GRADES (DESIGN)	0	10,179	0	4,300	4,300
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Naval Air Station Jack- sonville	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	6,871	0	6,900	6,900
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Naval Air Station Jack- sonville	F35 AIRCRAFT ENGINE REPAIR FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	35,701	0	13,737	13,737
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Naval Air Station Pensa- cola	HURRICANE RESTORATION CONSOLIDATED A SCHOOL DORM (DESIGN)	0	16,448	0	10,600	10,600

Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Naval Air Station Whiting Field	ADVANCED HELICOPTER TRAINING SYSTEM (INC)	HANGAR	0	98,505	0	0	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Naval Air Station Whiting Field	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)		0	0	3,043	4,140	4,140	4,140
Navy & Marine Corps	Florida	Naval Station Mayport	WATERFRONT EMERGENCY POWER (DESIGN)		0	13,065	0	13,700	13,700	13,700
Navy & Marine Corps	Georgia	Naval Submarine Base Kings Bay	TRIDENT REFIT FACILITY EXPANSION (INC)		115,000	0	0	0	115,000	115,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Andersen Air Force Base	HSC-25 HANGAR REPLACEMENT FACILITY 2641		0	0	125,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Andersen Air Force Base	PDI: YOUTH CENTER		78,730	0	0	0	78,730	78,730
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	JOINT COMMUNICATION UPGRADE		0	0	166,170	0	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	JOINT CONSOLIDATED COMM CENTER		0	0	196,400	0	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: EARTH COVERED MAGAZINES		107,439	-30,000	-65,000	-65,000	42,439	42,439
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	SATELLITE COMM CENTER		0	0	307,000	0	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Guam	Naval Base Guam	PDI: DEFENSE ACCESS ROADS III		0	140,000	0	100,000	100,000	100,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	DRY DOCK 3 REPLACEMENT (INC)		1,199,000	0	72,000	0	1,199,000	1,199,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	WATER TREATMENT PLANT		0	90,000	75,000	75,000	75,000	75,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	WATERFRONT PRODUCTION FACILITY (DESIGN)		0	0	105,000	0	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay	AIRCRAFT HANGAR & PARKING APRON		203,520	-170,000	-170,000	-170,000	33,520	33,520
Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay	AIRCRAFT REFUEL PIT		0	0	17,000	0	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay	ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION MODERNIZATION		0	0	94,250	15,000	15,000	15,000

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Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay	MAIN GATE ENTRY CONTROL FACILITY	0	0	64,100	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii	Naval Ammunition Depot West Loch	HIGH EXPLOSIVE MAGAZINES	0	0	104,870	0	0
Navy & Marine Corps	Maine	Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	MULTI-MISSION DRY DOCK #1 EXTENSION (INC)	400,578	0	-65,000	0	400,578
Navy & Marine Corps	Maryland	Naval Surface Warfare Center Indian Head	CONTAINED BURN FACILITY	0	0	50,000	10,000	10,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Nevada	Naval Air Station Fallon	RANGE TRAINING COMPLEX IMPROVEMENTS	0	0	45,000	45,000	45,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Nevada	Naval Air Station Fallon	TRAINING RANGE LAND ACQUISITION, PHASE 2	48,300	0	0	0	48,300
Navy & Marine Corps	North Carolina	Marine Corps Air Station Cherry Point	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	213,520	-140,000	-148,000	-160,000	53,520
Navy & Marine Corps	North Carolina	Marine Corps Air Station Cherry Point	COMPOSITE REPAIR FACILITY	114,020	-90,000	-94,000	-94,000	20,020
Navy & Marine Corps	North Carolina	Marine Corps Air Station Cherry Point	F-35 AIRCRAFT SUSTAINMENT CENTER (INC)	50,000	0	0	0	50,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Palau	Koror, Port of Malakal	HARBOR WHARF IMPROVEMENTS	0	0	583,137	50,000	50,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Joint Expeditionary Base Little Creek-Fort Story	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	2,751	0	2,751	2,751
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Marine Corps Base Quantico	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	5,681	5,681	5,681
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Naval Air Station Oceana	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	4,080	0	4,080	4,080
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Naval Air Station Oceana	UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING (DESIGN)	0	15,930	7,323	16,000	16,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Naval Station Norfolk	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	1,200	1,200	1,200

Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Naval Weapons Station Yorktown	CONTAINERIZED LONG WEAPONS STORAGE MAGAZINE	52,610	0	0	0	52,610
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Naval Weapons Station Yorktown	CONVENTIONAL PROMPT STRIKE TEST FACILITY	47,130	0	0	0	47,130
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Naval Weapons Station Yorktown	CONVENTIONAL PROMPT STRIKE WEAPONS MAINTENANCE, OPERATIONS & STORAGE FACILITY	52,110	0	0	0	52,110
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia	Norfolk Naval Shipyard	DRY DOCK 3 MODERNIZATION (INC)	54,366	0	0	-44,366	10,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Washington	Naval Base Kitsap-Bangor	LAUNCHER EQUIPMENT PROCESSING BUILDING	200,550	-155,000	-165,000	-165,000	35,550
Navy & Marine Corps	Washington	Puget Sound Naval Shipyard	CVN 78 AIRCRAFT CARRIER ELECTRIC UPGRADES	182,200	-155,000	-156,000	-156,000	26,200
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	797,446	10,000	0	0	797,446
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (BARRACKS)	0	0	61,000	61,000	61,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DPRI UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	21,302	10,000	0	10,000	31,302
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING (DESIGN)	0	50,000	0	50,000	50,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	202,318	25,000	0	0	202,318
Subtotal Military Construction, Navy & Marine Corps				4,540,899	-436,470	1,755,497	-451,277	4,089,622
AIR FORCE								
Air Force	Alaska	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS COMPLEX (DESIGN)	0	0	16,000	16,000	16,000
Air Force	Alaska	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	JOINT INTEGRATED TEST AND TRAINING CTR (INC)	126,000	0	0	0	126,000
Air Force	Arkansas	Ebbing Air National Guard Base	ACADEMIC TRAINING CENTER, FOREIGN MILITARY TRAINING	0	73,000	74,000	74,000	74,000
Air Force	California	Beale Air Force Base	MULTI-DOMAIN OPERATIONS COMPLEX	0	55,000	148,000	55,000	55,000
Air Force	California	Vandenberg Space Force Base	GBSD RE-ENTRY VEHICLE FACILITY	110,000	-60,000	-65,000	-65,000	45,000

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Air Force	California	Vandenberg Space Force Base	SENTINEL AETC FORMAL TRAINING UNIT	167,000	-75,000	-77,000	-77,000	90,000
Air Force	Colorado	Buckley Space Force Base	POWER INDEPENDENCE	0	57,611	60,000	68,000	68,000
Air Force	Colorado	United States Air Force Academy	AERONAUTICS LABORATORY (DESIGN)	0	0	1,850	0	0
Air Force	Denmark	Royal Danish Air Force	EDI: DABS-FEV STORAGE	110,000	-85,000	-85,000	-85,000	25,000
Air Force	District of Columbia	Joint Base Anacostia-Bolling	LARGE VEHICLE INSPECTION STATION	0	0	50,000	50,000	50,000
Air Force	Federated States of Micronesia	Yap International Airport	AIRFIELD PAVEMENT UPGRADES	0	0	50,000	50,000	50,000
Air Force	Federated States of Micronesia	Yap International Airport	IAP RUNWAY EXTENSION	0	0	50,000	50,000	50,000
Air Force	Federated States of Micronesia	Yap International Airport	PDI: RUNWAY EXTENSION (INC)	96,000	0	0	0	96,000
Air Force	Florida	Cape Canaveral Space Force Station	INSTALL WASTEWATER MAIN, ICBM ROAD	0	11,400	0	0	0
Air Force	Florida	Eglin Air Force Base	ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM OPERATIONS SUPP-RIORITY COMPLEX (DESIGN)	0	16,900	10,000	10,000	10,000
Air Force	Florida	Eglin Air Force Base	HYPERSONICS CENTER FOR BLAST, LETHALITY, AND COUPLE KINETICS FOCUSED RESEARCH AND ENGINEERING FACILITIES (DESIGN)	0	9,600	0	0	0
Air Force	Florida	Eglin Air Force Base	LRSD: HARDWARE SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT TEST FACILITY	8,400	0	0	0	8,400
Air Force	Florida	Eglin Air Force Base	WEAPONS TECHNOLOGY INTEGRATION CENTER (DE-SIGN)	0	49,800	0	0	0
Air Force	Florida	Tyndall Air Force Base	FIRE/CRASH RESCUE STATION	0	0	48,000	48,000	48,000
Air Force	Georgia	Robins Air Force Base	BATTLE MANAGEMENT COMBINED OPS COMPLEX (INC)	64,000	0	0	0	64,000
Air Force	Germany	Ramstein Air Base	AEROMEDICAL EVACUATION COMPOUND	0	0	22,000	22,000	22,000

Air Force	Idaho	Mountain Home Air Force Base	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	40,000	0	0	0	40,000
Air Force	Japan	Kadena Air Base	COMMUNICATIONS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	0	9,000	9,000
Air Force	Japan	Kadena Air Base	PDI: THEATER A/C CORROSION CONTROL CTR (INC 3)	132,700	0	-75,000	-75,000	57,700
Air Force	Louisiana	Barksdale Air Force Base	ADAL CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	0	22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000
Air Force	Massachusetts	Hanscom Air Force Base	MIT-L/ENGINEERING AND PROTOTYPE FACILITY (INC)	76,000	0	0	0	76,000
Air Force	Mississippi	Keeler Air Force Base	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER	0	0	25,000	25,000	25,000
Air Force	Montana	Malinstrom Air Force Base	GBSD COMMERCIAL ENTRANCE CONTROL FACILITY	20,000	0	0	0	20,000
Air Force	Montana	Malinstrom Air Force Base	WEAPONS STORAGE & MAINTENANCE FACILITY (INC)	238,000	0	0	0	238,000
Air Force	Nebraska	Offutt Air Force Base	CONSOLIDATED TRAINING COMPLEX/PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	6,000	6,000	6,000
Air Force	North Carolina	Seymour Johnson Air Force Base	COMBAT ARMS TRAINING AND MAINTENANCE COMPLEX	0	41,000	41,000	41,000	41,000
Air Force	North Dakota	Grand Forks Air Force Base	RUNWAY (DESIGN)	0	0	1,900	1,900	1,900
Air Force	Norway	Royal Norwegian Air Force	COST TO COMPLETE—DAVS-FEV STORAGE	0	8,000	0	8,000	8,000
Air Force	Norway	Royal Norwegian Air Force	COST TO COMPLETE—MUNITIONS STORAGE AREA	0	8,000	0	8,000	8,000
Air Force	Ohio	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	ADVANCED MATERIALS RESEARCH LABORATORY—C2A (DESIGN)	0	9,000	0	9,200	9,200
Air Force	Ohio	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	HUMAN PERFORMANCE CENTER LABORATORY	0	45,000	0	0	0
Air Force	Ohio	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	RUNWAY (DESIGN)	0	0	15,000	0	0
Air Force	Ohio	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	SPACE FORCE INTELLIGENCE CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	1,900	1,900	1,900
Air Force	Oregon	Mountain Home Air Force Base	HOMELAND DEFENSE OVER-THE-HORIZON RADAR (INC)	198,000	0	0	0	198,000
Air Force	Palau	Palau	COST TO COMPLETE—PDI: TACMOR UTILITIES AND INFRASTRUCTURE SUPPORT	0	20,000	0	20,000	20,000
Air Force	South Dakota	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B-21 ADAL SQUADRON OPERATIONS	44,000	0	0	0	44,000
Air Force	South Dakota	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B-21 EAST ALERT APRON ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SHELTERS	79,000	0	0	0	79,000

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Air Force	South Dakota	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B-21 NORTH ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SHEL- TERS (60 ROW)	54,000	0	0	0	54,000
Air Force	South Dakota	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B-21 WEAPONS GENERATION FACILITY (INC)	105,000	0	0	0	105,000
Air Force	Spain	Morón Air Base	COST TO COMPLETE—EDI: MUNITIONS STORAGE AREA	0	7,000	0	7,000	7,000
Air Force	Spain	Naval Station Rota	NATO STRATEGIC AIRLIFT HANGAR	15,200	0	0	0	15,200
Air Force	Tennessee	Arnold Air Force Base	ADD/ALTER/TEST CELL DELIVERY BAY. B880	0	21,400	0	0	0
Air Force	Tennessee	Arnold Air Force Base	COOLING WATER EXPANSION (DESIGN)	0	5,500	0	0	0
Air Force	Texas	Dyess Air Force Base	B-21 LRS FUELS ADMINISTRATIVE LABORATORY	12,800	0	0	0	12,800
Air Force	Texas	Dyess Air Force Base	B-21 REFUELER TRUCK YARD	18,500	0	0	0	18,500
Air Force	Texas	Joint Base San Antonio- Lackland	BMT-CLASSROOM/DINING FACILITY 4	0	50,000	215,000	60,000	60,000
Air Force	Texas	Joint Base San Antonio- Sam Houston	METC—BARRACKS/SHIPS/DORMS #1 (INC)	77,000	0	0	0	77,000
Air Force	Texas	Laughlin Air Force Base	T-7A GROUND BASED TRAINING SYSTEM FACILITY	38,000	0	0	0	38,000
Air Force	Texas	Laughlin Air Force Base	T-7A UNITY MAINTENANCE TRAINING FACILITY	18,000	0	0	0	18,000
Air Force	United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Fairford	COST TO COMPLETE—EDI RADR STORAGE FACILITY	0	20,500	0	20,500	20,500
Air Force	United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	COST TO COMPLETE—EDI RADR STORAGE FACILITY	0	15,000	0	15,000	15,000
Air Force	United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	SURETY: BARRIER SYSTEMS	185,000	0	—180,000	—180,000	5,000
Air Force	United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Mildenhall	SOW CAMPUS INFRASTRUCTURE	51,000	0	0	0	51,000
Air Force	Unspecified	Unspecified	SAOC (DESIGN)	0	0	158,200	158,200	158,200
Air Force	Utah	Hill Air Force Base	COST TO COMPLETE—F-35 T-7A EAST CAMPUS IN- FRASTRUCTURE	0	28,000	0	28,000	28,000
Air Force	Utah	Hill Air Force Base	T-7A DEPOT MAINTENANCE COMPLEX (INC)	50,000	0	0	0	50,000
Air Force	Virginia	Joint Base Langley-Eustis	DORMITORY	81,000	0	0	0	81,000
Air Force	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	DESIGN	439,926	10,000	0	0	439,926

Air Force	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (INDOPACOM)	0	0	117,590	117,590	117,590
Air Force	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING (DESIGN)	0	50,000	0	50,000	50,000
Air Force	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	129,600	25,000	0	0	129,600
Air Force	Wyoming	F.E. Warren Air Force Base	GBSD CONSOLIDATED MAINTENANCE FACILITY	194,000	-140,000	-144,000	-144,000	50,000
Air Force	Wyoming	F.E. Warren Air Force Base	GBSD LAND ACQUISITION, PHASE 2	139,000	-75,000	-80,000	-80,000	59,000
Air Force	Wyoming	F.E. Warren Air Force Base	GBSD UTILITY CORRIDOR (INC)	70,000	0	0	0	70,000
Subtotal Military Construction, Air Force				3,187,126	223,711	427,440	345,290	3,532,416
DEFENSE-WIDE								
Defense-Wide	Alabama	Anniston Army Depot	GENERAL PURPOSE WAREHOUSE (DESIGN)	0	3,420	0	3,420	3,420
Defense-Wide	Alabama	Anniston Army Depot	POWER GENERATION AND MICROGRID	0	56,450	56,450	56,450	56,450
Defense-Wide	Alabama	Anniston Army Depot	SMALL ARMS WAREHOUSE (DESIGN)	0	14,500	0	14,500	14,500
Defense-Wide	Alabama	Redstone Arsenal	GROUND TEST FACILITY INFRASTRUCTURE (INC)	80,000	0	0	-40,000	40,000
Defense-Wide	Alaska	Eielson Air Force Base	FUELS OPERATIONS & LAB FACILITY	14,000	0	0	0	14,000
Defense-Wide	Alaska	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	FUEL FACILITIES	55,000	0	0	0	55,000
Defense-Wide	Arizona	U.S. Army Garrison Yuma	SOF MILITARY FREE FALL ADVANCED TRAIN COMPLEX	62,000	0	0	2,000	64,000
Defense-Wide	Bahrain	Naval Support Activity Bahrain	GROUND MOUNTED SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM	0	15,330	15,330	15,330	15,330
Defense-Wide	California	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton	AMBULATORY CARE CENTER ADD/ALT (AREA 53)	26,440	0	0	1,136	27,576
Defense-Wide	California	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton	AMBULATORY CARE CENTER ADD/ALT (AREA 62)	24,930	0	0	5,579	30,509
Defense-Wide	California	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton	AMBULATORY CARE CENTER REPLACEMENT (AREA 22)	45,040	0	0	3,051	48,091
Defense-Wide	California	Marine Corps Mountain Warfare Training Center	FUEL FACILITIES	19,300	0	0	0	19,300
Defense-Wide	California	Naval Base Coronado	SOF OPERATIONS SUPPORT FACILITY, PHASE 2	51,000	0	-51,000	-51,000	0

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Defense-Wide	Colorado	Fort Carson	AMBULATORY CARE CENTER REPLACEMENT	41,000	0	0	20,359	61,359
Defense-Wide	Cuba	Naval Station Guantánamo Bay	AMBULATORY CARE CENTER REPLACEMENT (INC 2)	96,829	0	0	0	96,829
Defense-Wide	Delaware	Major Joseph R. "Beau" Biden III National Guard/Reserve Center	MICROGRID AND BACKUP POWER	0	22,050	22,050	22,050	22,050
Defense-Wide	Florida	Hurlburt Field	SOF AFSOC OPERATIONS FACILITY	14,000	0	0	0	14,000
Defense-Wide	Georgia	Hunter Army Airfield	SOF CONSOLIDATED RIGGING FACILITY	47,000	0	0	0	47,000
Defense-Wide	Georgia	Hunter Army Airfield	SOF MILITARY WORKING DOG KENNEL FACILITY	16,800	0	0	500	17,300
Defense-Wide	Germany	Spangdahlem Air Base	COST TO COMPLETE—SPANGDAHLEM ELEMENTARY SCHOOL REPLACEMENT	6,500	0	0	0	6,500
Defense-Wide	Greece	Naval Support Activity Souda Bay	ADVANCED MICROGRID	0	42,500	42,500	42,500	42,500
Defense-Wide	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	GUAM HIGH SCHOOL TEMPORARY FACILITIES	26,000	0	0	0	26,000
Defense-Wide	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: GDS, COMMAND CENTER (INC)	187,212	0	0	-40,000	147,212
Defense-Wide	Guam	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: GDS, EIAMD, PHASE 1 (INC)	278,267	0	0	-40,000	238,267
Defense-Wide	Hawaii	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	FY20 500 KW PV COVERED PARKING EV CHARGING STATION	0	0	12,813	16,300	16,300
Defense-Wide	Illinois	Rock Island Arsenal	POWER GENERATION AND MICROGRID	0	70,480	70,480	73,470	73,470
Defense-Wide	Indiana	Camp Atterbury-Muscatatuck	POWER GENERATION AND MICROGRID	0	39,180	39,180	39,180	39,180
Defense-Wide	Italy	Naval Air Station Sigonella	MICROGRID CONTROL SYSTEMS	0	13,470	13,470	13,470	13,470
Defense-Wide	Japan	Camp Fuji	MICROGRID AND BACKUP POWER	0	45,870	45,870	45,870	45,870
Defense-Wide	Japan	Fleet Activities Yokosuka	KINNICK HIGH SCHOOL (INC)	40,386	0	0	0	40,386
Defense-Wide	Japan	Marine Corps Air Station Iwakuni	MICROGRID AND BACKUP POWER, NATURAL GAS PLANT	0	0	48,570	0	0
Defense-Wide	Japan	Marine Corps Air Station Iwakuni	MICROGRID AND BACKUP POWER, SOLAR PV AND BESS	0	0	40,830	0	0

Defense-Wide	Japan	Marine Corps Base Camp Smedley D. Butler	MICROGRID AND BACKUP POWER	0	0	86,180	0	0	0
Defense-Wide	Japan	Marine Corps Base Camp Smedley D. Butler	KUBASAKI HIGH SCHOOL	160,000	-130,000	-13,000	-130,000	30,000	
Defense-Wide	Japan	Marine Corps Base Camp Smedley D. Butler	MICROGRID AND BACKUP POWER, CAMP COURTNEY	0	0	57,570	0	0	
Defense-Wide	Korea	Kunsan Air Base	AMBULATORY CARE CENTER REPLACEMENT	64,942	0	0	0	64,942	
Defense-Wide	Maine	Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	POWER PLANT RESILIENCY IMPROVEMENTS	0	28,700	28,700	28,700	28,700	
Defense-Wide	Maryland	Aberdeen Proving Ground	POWER GENERATION AND MICROGRID	0	30,730	30,730	34,400	34,400	
Defense-Wide	Maryland	Fort Meade	NSAW EAST CAMPUS BUILDING #5 (INC 2)	265,000	0	0	0	265,000	
Defense-Wide	Maryland	Joint Base Andrews	AMBULATORY CARE CENTER (INC)	15,040	0	0	6,942	21,982	
Defense-Wide	Maryland	Joint Base Andrews	MICROGRID WITH ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING INFRASTRUCTURE	0	17,920	17,920	17,920	17,920	
Defense-Wide	Maryland	Walter Reed National Military Medical Center	MEDCEN ADDITION/ALTERATION (INC 8)	77,651	0	0	0	77,651	
Defense-Wide	Mississippi	Key Field	UPGRADED FUEL HYDRANT SYSTEM (DESIGN)	0	0	1,000	1,000	1,000	
Defense-Wide	Missouri	Whiteman Air Force Base	FLIGHTLINE FUELING FACILITIES	19,500	0	0	0	19,500	
Defense-Wide	New Jersey	Joint Base McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst	MICROGRID WITH ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING INFRASTRUCTURE	0	17,730	17,730	19,500	19,500	
Defense-Wide	New Jersey	National Guard Training Center Sea Girt	MICROGRID, BATTERY STORAGE AND UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL UTILITY	0	0	25,300	40,000	40,000	
Defense-Wide	North Carolina	Fort Liberty	SOF ARMS ROOM ADDITION	11,800	0	0	1,200	13,000	
Defense-Wide	North Carolina	Fort Liberty	SOF CAMP MACKALL COMPANY OPERATIONS FACILITIES	0	0	30,000	34,000	34,000	
Defense-Wide	North Carolina	Marine Corps Base Camp Lejeune	SOF ARMORY	25,400	0	0	2,100	27,500	
Defense-Wide	North Carolina	Marine Corps Base Camp Lejeune	SOF INFORMATION MANEUVER FACILITY	0	0	57,000	57,000	57,000	
Defense-Wide	Ohio	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	DISTRICT COOLING PLANT	0	53,000	53,000	53,000	53,000	
Defense-Wide	Puerto Rico	Fort Buchanan	POTABLE WATER PURIFICATION SYSTEM	0	0	20,100	0	0	
Defense-Wide	South Carolina	Marine Corps Air Station Beaufort	FUEL PIER	31,500	0	0	0	31,500	
Defense-Wide	South Carolina	Marine Corps Recruit Depot Parris Island	AMBULATORY CARE CLINIC REPLACEMENT (DENTAL)	72,050	0	0	0	72,050	

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Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Defense-Wide	Texas	Naval Air Station Corpus Christi	GENERAL PURPOSE WAREHOUSE	79,300	0	0	0	79,300
Defense-Wide	Texas	NSA Texas	CRYPTOLOGIC CENTER (INC)	152,000	0	0	-152,000	0
Defense-Wide	United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	LAKENHEATH HIGH SCHOOL	153,000	0	-145,000	-145,000	8,000
Defense-Wide	Virginia	Fort Belvoir	DEFENSE HEALTH HEADQUARTERS	225,000	0	0	-225,000	0
Defense-Wide	Virginia	Joint Expeditionary Base Little Creek-Fort Story	SOF HUMAN PERFORMANCE TRAINING CENTER	32,000	0	0	3,000	35,000
Defense-Wide	Virginia	Pentagon	METRO ENTRANCE PEDESTRIAN ACCESS CONTROL POINT	36,800	0	0	0	36,800
Defense-Wide	Washington	Joint Base Lewis-McChord—Gray Army Airfield	POWER GENERATION AND MICROGRID	0	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000
Defense-Wide	Washington	Naval Air Station Whidbey Island	HYDRANT FUELING SYSTEM	54,000	0	0	0	54,000
Defense-Wide	Washington	Naval Base Kitsap	MICROGRID	0	0	77,270	77,270	77,270
Defense-Wide	Washington	Naval Magazine Indian Island	BACKUP POWER AND MICROGRID	0	39,490	39,490	39,490	39,490
Defense-Wide	Washington	Naval Magazine Indian Island	MICROGRID AND BACKUP POWER	0	0	37,770	0	0
Defense-Wide	Washington	Naval Undersea Warfare Center Keyport	SOF COLDWATER TRAINING/AUSTERE ENVIRONMENT FACILITY	35,000	0	-35,000	-35,000	0
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	COST TO COMPLETE—ERCIP	0	103,100	103,100	103,100	103,100
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (DEFENSE-WIDE)	26,081	0	0	0	26,081
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (DHA)	46,751	0	0	0	46,751
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (DLA)	105,000	0	0	0	105,000

Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (DODEA)	7,501	0	0	0	0	7,501
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (MDA)	4,745	0	0	0	0	4,745
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (NSA)	41,928	0	0	0	0	41,928
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (SOCOM)	35,495	0	0	0	0	35,495
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (TIS)	1,964	0	0	0	0	1,964
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (WHS)	1,508	0	0	0	0	1,508
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	ENERGY RESILIENCE AND CONSERVATION INVESTMENT PROGRAM	636,000	-636,000	-636,000	-636,000	0	0
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	ERCIP DESIGN	96,238	0	0	0	0	96,238
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	EXERCISE RELATED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	11,146	10,639	0	0	15,000	26,146
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION (DEFENSE-WIDE)	3,000	5,000	0	0	0	3,000
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION (DHA)	18,000	0	0	0	0	18,000
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION (DLA)	13,333	0	0	0	0	13,333
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION (DODEA)	7,400	0	0	0	0	7,400
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION (MDA)	5,277	0	0	0	0	5,277
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION (NSA)	6,000	0	0	0	0	6,000
Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION (SOCOM)	24,109	0	0	0	0	24,109
Subtotal Military Construction, Defense-Wide				3,733,163	-96,441	250,403	-545,213	3,187,950	

ARMY NATIONAL GUARD

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Army National Guard	Alaska	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER	67,000	0	0	0	67,000
Army National Guard	Georgia	Fort Eisenhower	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	3,264	0	0
Army National Guard	Iowa	Sioux City Armory	NATIONAL GUARD VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	13,800	0	0	0	13,800
Army National Guard	Kentucky	Fort Campbell	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	1,980	0	0
Army National Guard	Kentucky	Fort Campbell	READINESS CENTER	0	0	18,000	18,000	18,000
Army National Guard	Louisiana	Abbeville	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	2,275	0	0
Army National Guard	Louisiana	Lafayette Readiness Center	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER	33,000	0	0	0	33,000
Army National Guard	Maine	Saco	SOUTHERN MAINE READINESS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	1,000	1,000	1,000
Army National Guard	Michigan	Detroit Olympia	READINESS CENTER ADDITION/ALTERATION (DESIGN)	0	3,400	0	4,400	4,400
Army National Guard	Mississippi	Southaven Readiness Center	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER	33,000	0	0	0	33,000
Army National Guard	Montana	Malta Readiness Center	NATIONAL GUARD VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	14,800	0	0	0	14,800
Army National Guard	Nevada	Hawthorne Army Depot	AUTOMATED QUALIFICATION/TRAINING RANGE	18,000	0	0	0	18,000
Army National Guard	New Jersey	Vineland	NATIONAL GUARD VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	23,000	0	0	0	23,000
Army National Guard	North Carolina	Salisbury	FLIGHT FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	6,300	0	0
Army National Guard	Ohio	Lima	READINESS CENTER	0	0	26,000	26,000	26,000

Army National Guard	Oklahoma	Shawnee Readiness Center	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER	29,000	0	0	0	29,000
Army National Guard	Pennsylvania	Danville	VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP (DESIGN)	0	0	3,400	0	0
Army National Guard	Puerto Rico	Gurabo Readiness Center	NATIONAL GUARD VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	0	63,000	0	0	0
Army National Guard	Rhode Island	North Kingstown	COST TO COMPLETE: NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER	0	0	0	16,000	16,000
Army National Guard	Rhode Island	Quonset State Airport	COST TO COMPLETE: NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER	0	0	3,000	11,000	11,000
Army National Guard	Utah	Nephi Readiness Center	NATIONAL GUARD VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	20,000	0	0	0	20,000
Army National Guard	Washington	Camp Murray	NATIONAL GUARD/RESERVE CENTER BUILDING	40,000	0	0	0	40,000
Army National Guard	Wisconsin	Rapids	NATIONAL GUARD READINESS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	0	3,800	3,800	3,800
Army National Guard	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	25,529	0	57,600	15,000	40,529
Army National Guard	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	45,000	20,000	47,433	20,000	65,000
Subtotal Military Construction, Army National Guard				362,129	86,400	174,052	115,200	477,329
ARMY RESERVE								
Army Reserve	California	Bell	ARMY RESERVE TRAINING CENTER	0	55,000	0	0	0
Army Reserve	California	Camp Parks	ADVANCED SKILLS TRAINING BARRACKS	42,000	0	0	0	42,000
Army Reserve	Georgia	Dobbins Air Reserve Base	ARMY RESERVE CENTER	78,000	0	0	0	78,000
Army Reserve	Kentucky	Fort Knox	AVIATION SUPPORT FACILITY	0	70,000	57,000	57,000	57,000
Army Reserve	Massachusetts	Devens Reserve Forces Training Area	COLLECTIVE TRAINING ENLISTED BARRACKS	0	39,000	39,000	39,000	39,000
Army Reserve	New Jersey	Joint Base McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst	VERTICAL SKILLS FACILITY	16,000	0	0	0	16,000
Army Reserve	Pennsylvania	Wilkes-Barre	AREA MAINTENANCE SUPPORT ACTIVITY EQUIPMENT	22,000	0	0	0	22,000
Army Reserve	Puerto Rico	Fort Buchanan	ADVANCED SKILLS TRAINING BARRACKS	39,000	0	0	0	39,000
Army Reserve	Virginia	Richmond	AREA MAINTENANCE SUPPORT ACTIVITY/VMS	23,000	0	0	0	23,000
Army Reserve	Wisconsin	Andrew Miller Army Reserve Center	VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP (DESIGN)	0	0	1,600	0	0

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)								
Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Army Reserve	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	DESIGN	31,508	0	0	0	31,508
Army Reserve	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	3,524	10,000	0	0	3,524
Subtotal Military Construction, Army Reserve				255,032	174,000	97,600	96,000	351,032
NAVY RESERVE & MARINE CORPS RESERVE								
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Texas	Naval Air Station Joint Reserve Base Fort Worth	WHOLE HANGAR REPAIR	0	75,000	75,000	10,000	10,000
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Washington	Joint Base Lewis-McChord	PARACHUTE SURVIVAL TRAINING FACILITY	26,610	0	0	0	26,610
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	MCNR DESIGN	663	0	0	0	663
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	0	10,000	0	0	0
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	USMCR DESIGN	2,556	0	0	0	2,556
Subtotal Military Construction, Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve				29,829	85,000	75,000	10,000	39,829
AIR NATIONAL GUARD								
Air National Guard	Alaska	Joint Base Elmendorf- Richardson	BASE SUPPLY COMPLEX	0	0	44,000	0	0
Air National Guard	Alaska	Joint Base Elmendorf- Richardson	COMBAT RESCUE HELICOPTER SIMULATOR	19,300	0	0	0	19,300

Air National Guard	Arizona	Tucson International Airport	COST TO COMPLETE—BASE ENTRY COMPLEX	0	7,000	0	7,000	7,000
Air National Guard	California	Moffett Airfield	COMBAT RESCUE HELICOPTER SIMULATOR	12,600	0	0	0	12,600
Air National Guard	Colorado	Buckley Space Force Base	COST TO COMPLETE—CORROSION CONTROL FACILITY	0	4,000	0	4,000	4,000
Air National Guard	Florida	Jacksonville International Airport	F-35 CONSOLIDATED WEAPONS TRAINING	26,200	0	0	0	26,200
Air National Guard	Hawaii	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	SPACE CONTROL CENTER	36,600	0	0	0	36,600
Air National Guard	Kentucky	Louisville Muhammad Ali International Airport	RESPONSE FORCE WAREHOUSE (DESIGN)	0	0	2,100	0	0
Air National Guard	Maine	Bangor International Airport	FUEL CELL HANGAR	0	0	48,000	48,000	48,000
Air National Guard	Mississippi	Key Field	ADAL MAINTENANCE HANGAR & CONSTRUCT AMU COMPLEX (DESIGN)	0	0	5,600	5,600	5,600
Air National Guard	Mississippi	Key Field	BASE SUPPLY WAREHOUSE (DESIGN)	0	0	1,900	1,900	1,900
Air National Guard	Mississippi	Key Field	CORROSION CONTROL HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	0	6,700	6,700	6,700
Air National Guard	New Jersey	Atlantic City International Airport	F-16 MISSION TRAINING CENTER	18,000	0	0	0	18,000
Air National Guard	New York	Francis S. Gabreski Airport	COMBAT RESCUE HELICOPTER SIMULATOR	14,000	0	0	0	14,000
Air National Guard	Ohio	Rickenbacker International Airport	COST TO COMPLETE—SMALL ARMS RANGE	0	6,000	0	6,000	6,000
Air National Guard	Oregon	Portland International Airport	COST TO COMPLETE—SPECIAL TACTICS COMPLEX – 1	0	7,000	0	7,000	7,000
Air National Guard	Oregon	Portland International Airport	COST TO COMPLETE—SPECIAL TACTICS COMPLEX – 2	0	5,000	0	5,000	5,000
Air National Guard	Oregon	Portland International Airport	COST TO COMPLETE—SPECIAL TACTICS COMPLEX – 3	0	5,000	0	5,000	5,000
Air National Guard	Pennsylvania	Pittsburgh International Airport	ENTRY CONTROL FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	4,600	0	0

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)								
Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Air National Guard	Texas	Fort Worth	C-130J ADAL FUEL CELL BUILDING 1674	13,100	0	0	0	13,100
Air National Guard	Washington	Camp Murray	NATIONAL GUARD/RESERVE CENTER (ANG COST SHARE); MINOR CONSTRUCTION	0	0	0	5,700	5,700
Air National Guard	West Virginia	McLaughlin Air National Guard Base	SQUADRON OPERATIONS FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	0	3,200	0	0
Air National Guard	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	10,792	0	0	0	10,792
Air National Guard	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	40,200	10,000	0	0	40,200
Air National Guard	Wyoming	Cheyenne Regional Airport	COST TO COMPLETE—CONSTRUCT VM & AGE COMPLEX	0	4,000	0	4,000	4,000
Subtotal Military Construction, Air National Guard				190,792	48,000	116,100	105,900	296,692
AIR FORCE RESERVE								
Air Force Reserve	Arizona	Luke Air Force Base	ADMINISTRATIVE AND STORAGE BUILDING (DESIGN)	0	0	420	0	0
Air Force Reserve	Delaware	Dover Air Force Base	512TH OPERATIONS GROUP FACILITY	0	42,000	4,200	42,000	42,000
Air Force Reserve	Georgia	Dobbins Air Reserve Base	SECURITY FORCES FACILITY	22,000	0	-22,000	-22,000	0
Air Force Reserve	Indiana	Grissom Air Reserve Base	INDOOR SMALL ARMS RANGE	21,000	0	0	0	21,000
Air Force Reserve	New York	Niagara Falls Air Reserve Station	TAXIWAY/RUNWAY (DESIGN)	0	0	6,600	6,600	6,600
Air Force Reserve	Ohio	Youngstown Air Reserve Station	FIRE STATION	25,000	0	0	0	25,000
Air Force Reserve	South Carolina	Joint Base Charleston	AEROMEDICAL EVACUATION FACILITY	0	0	33,000	33,000	33,000
Air Force Reserve	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	562	0	9,000	9,000	9,562
Air Force Reserve	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	701	10,000	0	0	701
Subtotal Military Construction, Air Force Reserve				69,263	52,000	31,220	68,600	137,863

NATO SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM									
NATO	Worldwide Un-	NATO Security Investment	NATO SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM						
	specified	Program		433,864	0	30,000	30,000	463,864	
Subtotal NATO Security Investment Program									
				433,864	0	30,000	30,000	463,864	
INDOPACIFIC COMBATANT COMMAND									
MILCON,	Worldwide Un-	Unspecified Worldwide Lo-	INDOPACOM MILCON PILOT	0	0	150,000	150,000	150,000	
INDOPACOM	specified	cations							
Subtotal INDOPACOM MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PILOT PROGRAM									
				0	0	150,000	150,000	150,000	
TOTAL MILITARY CONSTRUCTION									
				15,113,254	-25,000	3,211,383	99,000	15,212,254	
FAMILY HOUSING									
FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION-									
ARMY									
Fam Hsg Con,	Belgium	Chievres Air Base	FAMILY HOUSING NEW CONSTRUCTION (84 UNITS)	100,954	-50,000	-18,000	-18,000	82,954	
Army									
Fam Hsg Con,	Georgia	Fort Eisenhower	MHP1 RESTRUCTURE—FORT EISENHOWER	50,000	0	0	0	50,000	
Army									
Fam Hsg Con,	Germany	U.S. Army Garrison	FAMILY HOUSING REPLACEMENT CONSTRUCTION (54 UNITS)	63,246	0	0	0	63,246	
Army		Rheinland-Pfalz							
Fam Hsg Con,	Japan	Sagamihara Family Hous-	FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENTS CONSTRUCTION (35 UNITS)	31,114	0	0	0	31,114	
Army		ing Area							
Fam Hsg Con,	Worldwide Un-	Unspecified Worldwide Lo-	FAMILY HOUSING DESIGN	31,333	0	0	0	31,333	
Army	specified	cations							
Subtotal Family Housing Construction, Army									
				276,647	-50,000	-18,000	-18,000	258,647	
FAMILY HOUSING O&M, ARMY									
Fam Hsg O&M,	Worldwide Un-	Unspecified Worldwide Lo-	FURNISHINGS	18,065	0	0	0	18,065	
Army	specified	cations							
Fam Hsg O&M,	Worldwide Un-	Unspecified Worldwide Lo-	LEASED HOUSING	129,703	0	0	0	129,703	
Army	specified	cations							
Fam Hsg O&M,	Worldwide Un-	Unspecified Worldwide Lo-	MAINTENANCE	127,097	0	0	0	127,097	
Army	specified	cations							

Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	FURNISHINGS	16,839	0	0	0	16,839
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	HOUSING PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT	60,283	0	0	0	60,283
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	LEASING	67,412	0	0	0	67,412
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	MAINTENANCE	109,504	0	0	0	109,504
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	MANAGEMENT	61,240	0	0	0	61,240
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	MISCELLANEOUS	427	0	0	0	427
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	SERVICES	17,332	0	0	0	17,332
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Marine Corps	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	UTILITIES	44,180	0	0	0	44,180
Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Navy & Marine Corps				377,217	0	0	0	377,217
FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE								
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Alaska	Joint Base Elmendorf- Richardson	MHPI RESTRUCTURE—JBER PHASE III	120,000	0	0	0	120,000
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Germany	Ramstein Air Base	CONSTRUCT 2 GOQ UNITS	4,350	0	0	0	4,350
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Germany	Ramstein Air Base	KMC 02—CONSTRUCT TWO CAR GARAGES (5 UNITS)	1,400	0	0	0	1,400
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Japan	Yokota Air Base	FAMILY HOUSE IMPROVEMENTS 88 WEST (19 UNITS)	26,242	0	0	0	26,242

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)							
Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change Authorized
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Japan	Yokota Air Base	FAMILY HOUSE IMPROVEMENTS 9, PHASE 2 (32 UNITS)	39,000	0	0	39,000
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Texas	Lackland Air Force Base	MHPI RESTRUCTURE—LACKLAND	24,000	0	0	24,000
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	6,557	0	0	6,557
Subtotal Family Housing Construction, Air Force				221,549	0	0	221,549
FAMILY HOUSING O&M, AIR FORCE							
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS	24,230	0	0	24,230
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	HOUSING PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT	32,508	0	0	32,508
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	LEASING	6,278	0	0	6,278
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MAINTENANCE	127,023	0	0	127,023
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MANAGEMENT	71,384	0	0	71,384
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MISCELLANEOUS	2,426	0	0	2,426
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	SERVICES	12,446	0	0	12,446
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UTILITIES	49,955	0	0	49,955
Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Air Force				326,250	0	0	326,250
FAMILY HOUSING O&M, DEFENSE-WIDE							
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS (DIA)	687	0	0	687

Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS (NSA)	91	0	0	0	0	91
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	LEASING (DIA)	32,983	0	0	0	0	32,983
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	LEASING (NSA)	13,986	0	0	0	0	13,986
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MAINTENANCE	36	0	0	0	0	36
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UTILITIES (DIA)	4,358	0	0	0	0	4,358
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UTILITIES (NSA)	15	0	0	0	0	15
Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Defense-Wide				52,156	0	0	0	0	52,156
FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENT FUND									
Family Housing Improvement Fund	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES—FHIF	8,195	0	0	0	0	8,195
Subtotal Family Housing Improvement Fund				8,195	0	0	0	0	8,195
UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING IMPROVEMENT FUND									
Unaccompanied Housing Improvement Fund	Worldwide Un-specified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES—UHIF	497	0	0	0	0	497
Subtotal Unaccompanied Housing Improvement Fund				497	0	0	0	0	497
TOTAL FAMILY HOUSING									
DEFENSE BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE, ARMY				1,983,864	-50,000	-18,000	-174,000		1,809,864

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)								
Account	State/ Country	Installation	Project Title	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
BRAC, Army	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	BASE REALIGNMENT & CLOSURE	212,556	25,000	0	25,000	237,556
Subtotal Base Realignment and Closure—Army				212,556	25,000	0	25,000	237,556
BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE, NAVY								
BRAC, Navy	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	BASE REALIGNMENT & CLOSURE	111,697	25,000	0	25,000	136,697
Subtotal Base Realignment and Closure—Navy				111,697	25,000	0	25,000	136,697
BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE, AIR FORCE								
BRAC, Air Force	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	BASE REALIGNMENT & CLOSURE	121,952	25,000	0	25,000	146,952
Subtotal Base Realignment and Closure—Air Force				121,952	25,000	0	25,000	146,952
BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE, DEFENSE-WIDE								
BRAC, Defense- Wide	Worldwide Un- specified	Unspecified Worldwide Lo- cations	INT-4: DIA ACTIVITIES	1,756	0	0	0	1,756
Subtotal Base Realignment and Closure—Defense-Wide				1,756	0	0	0	1,756
TOTAL DEFENSE BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE				447,961	75,000	0	75,000	522,961
TOTAL MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, FAMILY HOUSING, AND BRAC				17,545,079	0	3,193,383	0	17,545,079

TITLE XLVII—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS.

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS (In Thousands of Dollars)						
Program	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized	
Discretionary Summary by Appropriation						
Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies						
Appropriation Summary:						
Energy Programs						
Nuclear Energy	150,000	0	0	0	0	150,000
Atomic Energy Defense Activities						
National Nuclear Security Administration:						
Weapons Activities	19,848,644	127,000	51,200	132,400	19,981,044	
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	2,465,108	-20,000	-13,900	-14,000	2,451,108	
Naval Reactors	2,118,773	-120,000	-18,900	-150,000	1,968,773	
Federal Salaries and Expenses	564,475	-25,000	2,700	-25,475	539,000	
Total, National Nuclear Security Administration	24,997,000	-38,000	21,100	-57,075	24,939,925	
Defense Environmental Cleanup	7,059,695	-40,000	-23,400	-54,065	7,005,630	
Defense Uranium Enrichment D&D	384,957	-384,957	-384,957	-384,957	0	
Other Defense Activities	1,140,023	0	0	0	1,140,023	
Total, Atomic Energy Defense Activities	33,581,675	-462,957	-387,257	-496,087	33,085,578	
Total, Discretionary Funding	33,731,675	-462,957	-387,257	-496,087	33,235,578	

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Nuclear Energy					
Safeguards and security	150,000	0	0	0	150,000
Total, Nuclear Energy	150,000	0	0	0	150,000
National Nuclear Security Administration					
Weapons Activities					
Stockpile management					
Stockpile major modernization					
B61-12 Life Extension Program	27,500	0	0	0	27,500
W88 Alteration program	78,700	0	0	0	78,700
W80-4 Life extension program	1,164,750	0	0	0	1,164,750
W80-X ALT SLCM	0	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000
Program increase			[70,000]	[70,000]	
W87-1 Modification Program	1,096,033	0	0	0	1,096,033
W93	455,776	0	0	0	455,776
B61-13	16,000	0	0	0	16,000
Subtotal, Stockpile major modernization	2,838,759	70,000	70,000	70,000	2,908,759
Stockpile sustainment	1,356,260	0	-2,200	0	1,356,260
B83 gravity bomb sustainment excess to need					
Weapons dismantlement and disposition			[-2,200]	0	
Program reduction	54,100	-5,000	0	0	54,100
Production operations		[-5,000]			
Nuclear enterprise assurance	816,567	0	0	0	816,567
Total, Stockpile management	5,140,688	65,000	67,800	70,000	5,210,688
Production Modernization					
Primary Capability Modernization					
Plutonium Modernization					
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization					
Los Alamos Plutonium Operations	984,611	0	0	0	984,611
21-D-512 Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL	470,000	0	0	0	470,000

15-D-302 TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL	39,475	0	0	0	39,475
Subtotal, Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization	1,494,086	0	0	0	1,494,086
Savannah River Plutonium Modernization					
Savannah River Plutonium Operations	75,332	0	0	0	75,332
21-D-511 Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS	1,200,000	0	0	0	1,200,000
Subtotal, Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	1,275,332	0	0	0	1,275,332
Enterprise Plutonium Support	121,964	0	0	0	121,964
Total, Plutonium Modernization	2,891,382	0	0	0	2,891,382
High Explosives & Energetics					
High Explosives & Energetics	115,675	16,000	0	16,000	131,675
High Explosives Binder—NNSA UPL		[16,000]		[16,000]	
21-D-510 HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX	0	20,000	0	20,000	20,000
Program increase		[20,000]		[20,000]	
15-D-301 HE Science & Engineering Facility, PX	15,000	0	0	0	15,000
Subtotal, High Explosives & Energetics	130,675	36,000	0	36,000	166,675
Total, Primary Capability Modernization	3,022,057	36,000	0	36,000	3,058,057
Secondary Capability Modernization					
Secondary Capability Modernization	755,353	0	0	0	755,353
18-D-690 Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12	260,000	0	0	0	260,000
06-D-141 Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12	800,000	0	0	0	800,000
Total, Secondary Capability Modernization	1,815,353	0	0	0	1,815,353
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment					
Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	661,738	0	0	0	661,738
Tritium Sustainment and Modernization	0	0	0	0	0
Total, Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment	661,738	0	0	0	661,738
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	141,300	0	0	0	141,300
22-D-513 Power Sources Capability, SNL	50,000	0	0	0	50,000
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	191,300	0	0	0	191,300
Capability Based Investments	153,244	0	0	0	153,244
Warhead Assembly Modernization	34,000	0	0	0	34,000
Total, Production Modernization	5,877,692	36,000	0	36,000	5,913,692
Stockpile research, technology, and engineering					
Assessment Science					
Assessment Science	834,250	0	-9,000	0	834,250
Unjustified growth			[-9,000]		
14-D-640 U1a Complex Enhancements Project, NNSS	73,083	0	0	0	73,083
Total, Assessment Science	907,333	0	-9,000	0	907,333
Engineering and integrated assessments	418,000	0	0	0	418,000
Inertial confinement fusion	682,830	0	10,000	0	682,830

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Program increase	879,500	0	[10,000]	0	879,500
Advanced simulation and computing			5,000		
Program increase			[5,000]		
Weapons technology and manufacturing maturation	286,489	10,000	0	10,000	296,489
High Explosives Binder—NNSA UPL		[10,000]		[10,000]	
Academic programs	128,188	-15,000	-8,000	-15,000	113,188
Unjustified growth			[-8,000]	[-15,000]	
Community Capacity Building Program		[-15,000]			
Total, Stockpile research, technology, and engineering	3,302,340	-5,000	-2,000	-5,000	3,297,340
Infrastructure and operations					
Operating					
Operations of facilities	1,305,000	0	0	0	1,305,000
Safety and Environmental Operations	191,958	0	-10,000	0	191,958
Unjustified growth			[-10,000]		
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities	881,000	0	3,000	3,000	884,000
Program increase for Y-12 maintenance backlog			[3,000]	[3,000]	
Recapitalization	778,408	0	0	0	778,408
Total, Operating	3,158,366	0	-7,000	3,000	3,159,366
Mission enabling construction					
23-D-517 Electrical Power Capacity Upgrade, LANL	70,000	0	0	0	70,000
24-D-510 Analytic Gas Laboratory, PX	0	36,000	0	36,000	36,000
Program increase		[36,000]		[36,000]	
25-D-510 Plutonium Mission Safety & Quality Building, LANL	48,500	0	0	0	48,500
25-D-511 PULSE New Access, NNSC	25,000	0	0	0	25,000
Total, Mission enabling construction	143,500	36,000	0	36,000	179,500
Total, Infrastructure and operations	3,299,866	36,000	-7,000	39,000	3,338,866
Secure transportation asset					
Operations and equipment	236,160	0	0	0	236,160
Program direction	135,264	0	0	0	135,264
Total, Secure transportation asset	371,424	0	0	0	371,424
Defense nuclear security					

Operations and maintenance					
Program decrease					
Construction:					
17-D-710 West End Protected Area Reduction Project, Y-12					
Subtotal, Construction	54,000	0	0	0	54,000
	54,000	0	0	0	54,000
Total, Defense nuclear security	1,180,000	-5,000	0	0	1,180,000
Information technology and cybersecurity	646,000	0	-7,600	-7,600	638,400
Unjustified growth			[-7,600]	[-7,600]	
Legacy contractor pensions	30,634	0	0	0	30,634
Total, Weapons Activities	19,848,644	127,000	51,200	132,400	19,981,044
Adjustments					
Use of prior year balances	0	0	0	0	0
Total Adjustments	0	0	0	0	0
Total, Weapons Activities	19,848,644	127,000	51,200	132,400	19,981,044
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation					
Material Management and Minimization					
Reactor conversion and uranium supply	145,227	0	0	0	145,227
Nuclear material removal and elimination	38,825	0	0	0	38,825
Plutonium disposition	193,045	0	0	0	193,045
Total, Material Management and Minimization	377,097	0	0	0	377,097
Global Material Security					
International nuclear security	87,768	-5,000	-3,000	0	87,768
Unjustified growth			[-3,000]		
Program reduction					
Radiological security	260,000		0	0	260,000
Nuclear smuggling detection and deterrence	196,096	-14,000	0	-14,000	182,096
Insufficient justification				[-14,000]	
Total, Global Material Security	543,864	-19,000	-3,000	-14,000	529,864
Nonproliferation and Arms Control	224,980	0	-10,900	0	224,980
Nonproliferation policy unjustified growth			[-10,900]		
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D					
Proliferation detection	317,158	-1,000	0	0	317,158
Arms Control Advancement Initiative					
Nuclear fuels development	0		0	0	0
Nonproliferation stewardship program	124,875	0	0	0	124,875
Nuclear detonation detection	323,058	0	0	0	323,058

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Forensics R&D	37,759	0	0	0	37,759
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D	802,850	-1,000	0	0	802,850
Nonproliferation Construction:					
18-D-150 Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project, SRS	40,000	0	0	0	40,000
Total, Nonproliferation Construction	40,000	0	0	0	40,000
Legacy contractor pensions	7,128	0	0	0	7,128
Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program					
Emergency Management	23,847	0	0	0	23,847
Counterterrorism and Counterproliferation	512,342	0	0	0	512,342
Total, Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program	536,189	0	0	0	536,189
Subtotal, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	2,532,108	-20,000	-13,900	-14,000	2,518,108
Adjustments					
Use of prior year balances	-67,000	0	0	0	-67,000
Total, Adjustments	-67,000	0	0	0	-67,000
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	2,465,108	-20,000	-13,900	-14,000	2,451,108
Naval Reactors					
Naval reactors development	868,380	-20,000	0	0	868,380
Insufficient justification		[-20,000]			
Columbia-Class reactor systems development	45,610	0	0	0	45,610
Naval reactors operations and infrastructure	763,263	0	-6,200	0	763,263
Unjustified growth			[-6,200]		
Program direction	62,848	0	0	0	62,848
Construction:					
14-D-901 Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project, NRF	292,002	-100,000	-12,700	-150,000	142,002
Unjustified growth			[-12,700]		
Program reduction		[-100,000]		[-150,000]	
22-D-532 KL Security Upgrades	41,670	0	0	0	41,670
25-D-530 Naval Examination Acquisition Project	45,000	0	0	0	45,000
Total, Construction	378,672	-100,000	-12,700	-150,000	228,672
Total, Naval Reactors	2,118,773	-120,000	-18,900	-150,000	1,968,773

Federal Salaries and Expenses					
Program direction	564,475	-25,000	2,700	-25,475	539,000
Additional 10 FTE			[2,700]		
Program decrease					
Insufficient justification					
Use of prior year balances	0		0		0
Total, Federal Salaries and Expenses	564,475	-25,000	2,700	-25,475	539,000
TOTAL, National Nuclear Security Administration	24,997,000	-38,000	21,100	-57,075	24,939,925
Defense Environmental Cleanup					
Closure sites administration	1,350	0	0	0	1,350
Richland					
River corridor and other cleanup operations	133,000	0	0	0	133,000
Central plateau remediation	773,030	0	0	0	773,030
Richland community and regulatory support	11,130	0	0	0	11,130
22-D-401 L-888 Eastern Plateau Fire Station	13,500	0	0	0	13,500
22-D-402 L-897 200 Area Water Treatment Facility	7,800	0	0	0	7,800
23-D-404 181D Export Water System Reconfiguration and Upgrade	18,886	0	0	0	18,886
23-D-405 181B Export Water System Reconfiguration and Upgrade	1,168	0	0	0	1,168
24-D-401 Environmental Restoration Disposal Facility Supercell 11 Expans Proj	25,000	0	0	0	25,000
Total, Richland	984,864	0	0	0	983,514
Office of River Protection:					
Waste Treatment Immobilization Plant Commissioning	466,000	0	-16,000	-16,000	450,000
Unjustified growth					
Rad liquid tank waste stabilization and disposition	832,065	0	0	0	832,065
Construction:					
23-D-403 Hanford 200 West Area Tank Farms Risk Management Project	37,500	0	0	0	37,500
15-D-409 Low Activity Waste Pretreatment System	37,500	0	0	0	37,500
01-D-16D High-Level Waste Facility	608,100	0	0	0	608,100
01-D-16E Pretreatment Facility	20,000	0	0	0	20,000
18-D-16 Waste Treatment & Immobilization Plant—LBL/Direct Feed LAW	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal, Construction	703,100	0	0	0	703,100
Total, Office of River Protection	2,001,165	0	-16,000	-16,000	1,985,165
Idaho National Laboratory:					
Idaho cleanup and waste disposition	430,678	0	0	0	430,678

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Idaho community and regulatory support	3,315	0	0	0	3,315
Construction:					
22-D-404 Addl ICDF Landfill Disposal Cell and Evaporation Ponds Project	25,250	0	0	0	25,250
23-D-402 Calcine Construction	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal, Construction	25,250	0	0	0	25,250
Total, Idaho National Laboratory	459,243	0	0	0	459,243
NNSA sites and Nevada off-sites					
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory	1,917	0	0	0	1,917
Separations Processing Research Unit	845	0	0	0	845
Nevada Test Site	63,377	0	0	0	63,377
Sandia National Laboratory	1,816	0	0	0	1,816
Los Alamos National Laboratory	273,610	0	0	0	273,610
Los Alamos Excess Facilities D&D	1,622	0	0	0	1,622
LLNL Excess Facilities D&D	0	0	0	0	0
Total, NNSA sites and Nevada off-sites	343,187	0	0	0	343,187
Oak Ridge Reservation:					
OR Nuclear Facility D&D	342,705	0	0	0	342,705
U233 Disposition Program	60,000	0	0	0	60,000
OR cleanup and waste disposition	72,000	0	0	0	72,000
Construction:					
14-D-403 Outfall 200 Mercury Treatment Facility	30,000	0	0	0	30,000
17-D-401 On-site Waste Disposal Facility	40,000	0	0	0	40,000
Subtotal, Construction	70,000	0	0	0	70,000
OR community & regulatory support	5,700	0	0	0	5,700
OR technology development and deployment	3,300	0	0	0	3,300
Total, Oak Ridge Reservation	553,705	0	0	0	553,705
Savannah River Site:					
Savannah River risk management operations	400,538	0	0	0	400,538
Savannah River community and regulatory support	5,198	0	5,000	0	5,198
Payment in lieu of taxes			[5,000]		
Savannah River National Laboratory O&M	90,000	0	0	0	90,000

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS
(In Thousands of Dollars)

Program	FY 2025 Request	House Authorized	Senate Authorized	Conference Change	Conference Authorized
Program direction	64,132	0	0	0	64,132
Total, Office of Enterprise Assessments	94,154	0	0	0	94,154
Specialized security activities	390,000	0	0	0	390,000
Legacy Management					
Legacy Management Activities—Defense	181,289	0	0	0	181,289
Program Direction	23,969	0	0	0	23,969
Total, Legacy Management	205,258	0	0	0	205,258
Defense-Related Administrative Support	213,649	0	0	0	213,649
Office of Hearings and Appeals	4,499	0	0	0	4,499
Subtotal, Other Defense Activities	1,140,023	0	0	0	1,140,023
Use of prior year balances	0	0	0	0	0
Total, Other Defense Activities	1,140,023	0	0	0	1,140,023

DIVISION E—OTHER MATTERS

TITLE L—VETERANS AFFAIRS MATTERS

Sec. 5001—Grants for State, county, and tribal veterans' cemeteries that allow interment of certain persons eligible for interment in national cemeteries

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6099B) that would amend section 2408 of title 38, United States Code, to prohibit the Secretary of Veterans Affairs from establishing a condition for a grant that would restrict the ability of a state, county, or tribal organization from receiving a grant to authorize the interment of certain persons.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 5002—Telephone helpline for assistance for veterans and other eligible individuals

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6066) that would require the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to maintain a toll-free telephone helpline that a covered individual may use to obtain information about, or through which a covered individual may be directed to, any service or benefit provided under a law administered by the Secretary.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with technical and clerical amendments.

Sec. 5003—Report on Airborne Hazards and Open Burn Pit Registry 2.0

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6045) that would require the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to submit a report on the current status and timeline for when the redesigned Airborne Hazards and Open Burn Pit Registry 2.0 will be completed.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with an amendment.

TITLE LI—FOREIGN AFFAIRS MATTERS

Subtitle A—United States Foundation for International Conservation Act of 2024

Secs. 5101–5109—United States Foundation for International Conservation Act of 2024

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained sec. 6291 through sec. 6299A that would enact the United States Foundation for International Conservation Act of 2024.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a technical amendment.

Subtitle B—Western Hemisphere Partnership Act

Secs. 5111–5119—Western Hemisphere Partnership Act

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained sec. 6271 through sec. 6279 that would enact the Western Hemisphere Partnership Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate amendment with various technical and clarifying amendments.

Subtitle C—Other Matters

Sec. 5121—Improving multilateral cooperation to improve the security of Taiwan

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6241) that would enact the Building Options for the Lasting Security of Taiwan through European Resolve Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with a clarifying amendment.

Sec. 5122—Millennium Challenge Corporation candidate country reform

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6201) that would enact the Millennium Challenge Corporation Candidate Country Reform Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 5123—Extension of sunset

The agreement contains a provision that would extend section 7438 of the Caesar Syria Civilian Protection Act of 2019 until December 31, 2029.

Sec. 5124—Strategy and grant program to promote internet freedom in Iran

The agreement contains a provision that would require a strategy and program to promote internet freedom in Iran.

TITLE LII—JUDICIARY MATTERS

Subtitle A—Law Enforcement and Victim Support Act of 2024

Sec. 5201—Short title

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6091) that would enact the Law Enforcement and Victim Support Act of 2024.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 5202—Project Safe Childhood Act

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6093) that would enact the Project Safe Childhood Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 5203—Administrative False Claims Act of 2023

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 1372) that would enact the Administrative False Claims Act of 2023.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Subtitle B—Other Matters

Sec. 5211—Modernizing law enforcement notification

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6051) that would amend sections 921 and 922 of title 18, United States Code, to modernize certain law enforcement notifications.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

TITLE LIII—NATURAL RESOURCES MATTERS

Subtitle A—Wild Act

Secs. 5301–5308—WILD Act

The agreement includes a provision that would include the Wildlife Innovation and Longevity Driver Reauthorization Act.

Subtitle B—Other Matters

Sec. 5311—Reauthorization of Upper Colorado and San Juan River Basins endangered fish and threatened fish recovery implementation programs

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6049) that would reauthorize the Upper Colorado and San Juan River Basin endangered fish and threatened fish recovery implementation programs.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

TITLE LIV—TELECOMMUNICATIONS-RELATED MATTERS

Secs. 5401–5405—Spectrum and Secure Technology and Innovation Act of 2024

The agreement contains a provision that would initiate bidding processes for certain licenses and increase the limitation on expenditures under the Secure and Trusted Communications Networks Act of 2019.

TITLE LV—TRANSPORTATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE MATTERS

Sec. 5501—GAO study and report on intentional disruption of the National Airspace System

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6043) that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to study the vulnerability of the National Airspace System to potential disruptive operations by any person, party, or entity (in this section referred to as “adversaries”) exploiting the electromagnetic spectrum and security vulnerabilities in the Aircraft Communications, Reporting and Addressing System (ACARS) and Controller Pilot Data Link Communications (CPDLC).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision with minor technical amendments.

Sec. 5502—Frank A. LoBiondo National Aerospace Safety and Security Campus

The House bill contained a provision (sec. 1083) that would designate the campus and grounds of the Federal facility at which the 117th Fighter Wing of the New Jersey Air National Guard is stationed as the “Frank A. LoBiondo National Aerospace Safety and Security Campus.”

The Senate committee-reported bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the House provision with a clarifying amendment.

TITLE LVI—HOMELAND SECURITY-RELATED MATTERS

Subtitle A—Securing Adjacent Federal Property

Secs. 5601–5603—Secure Adjacent Federal Property Act of 2023

The agreement includes a provision that would direct the General Services Administration (GSA), in coordination with the Federal Protective Service, the Department of Homeland Security, the Office of Management and Budget, and any other relevant entities, to carry out a governmentwide study examining options to assist agencies to produce a process to assess the security of adjacent space before entering into a lease or novation agreement for high-security space.

Subtitle B—Other Matters

Sec. 5611—Department of Homeland Security Northern Border Mission Center

The agreement includes a provision that would establish a Department of Homeland Security Northern Border Mission Center and require that Center to serve as a coordination mechanism for operational components for the implementation of the Department of Homeland Security Northern Border Strategy.

Sec. 5612—Comptroller General report on the Homeland Security Information Network

The agreement contains a provision that would require the Comptroller General of the United States to provide a report on the Homeland Security Information Network not later than one year the enactment of this Act.

TITLE LVII—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 5701—Treatment of payments from the railroad unemployment insurance Account

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6072) that would permanently exempt payments made from the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Account from sequestration under the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 5702—Extension of learning period for certain safety regulations relating to space flight participants

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6502) that would amend title 51, United States Code, to extend the learning period for certain safety regulations relating to space flight participants.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

Sec. 5703—Hello Girls Congressional Gold Medal

The agreement contains a provision that would provide for the award of a Congressional Gold Medal in honor of the female telephone operators of the Army Signal Corps for service during World War I, commonly known as the “Hello Girls”.

Sec. 5704—Extension of competitive service status authority for employees of a Lead Inspector General for Overseas Contingency Operation

The agreement includes a provision that would extend competitive service status authority for employees of a lead inspector general for overseas contingency operations until December 19, 2029.

Sec. 5705—Readmission requirements for servicemembers

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6058) that would amend subsection (a) of section 484C of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (Public Law 89–329), to change the definition of service in the uniformed services to include any service on active duty in the Armed Forces, including such service by a member of the reserve component.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provision.

LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS NOT ADOPTED

Centers of Excellence for Assessing Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances in Water Sources and Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substance Remediation Solutions

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5321) that would require the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to select an eligible research university, an eligible rural university, and a National Laboratory to be known as the “Centers of Excellence for Assessing Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances in Water Sources and Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substance Remediation Solutions.”

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Small business subcontracting improvements

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5862) that would enact the Small Business Subcontractor Utilization Act of 2024.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Unconditional ownership and control requirements for certain employee-owned small business concerns

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5863) that would require the Administrator of the Small Business Administration to complete a study and recommend alternatives to unconditional ownership and control requirements for employee stock ownership plans and eligible worker-owned cooperatives that would enable access to set-aside procurement programs.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Training on increasing contract awards to certain small business concerns

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5865) that would require the Administrator of the Small Business Administration to provide training to contracting officers of the respective Federal agency that did not meet the goal established under section 15(g)(1)(A)(ii) of the Small Business Act (Public Law 85–536) on how to increase the number of contracts awarded to small business concerns owned and controlled by service-disabled veterans.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Small business procurement

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5866) that would direct agencies to increase the number of new small business

entrants that have not previously had a prime contract with the Federal Government.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Plain language in contracting

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 5867) that would require each notice pertaining to small business concerns published by a Federal agency of the single Government-wide point of entry to be written in a manner that is clear, concise, and accessible to a small business concern.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Eligibility of spouses for services under the disabled veterans' outreach program

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6041) that would amend section 4103A of title 38, United States Code, to make certain spouses of military personnel or former military personnel eligible for services under the disabled veterans' outreach program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Disclosures by directors, officers, and principal stockholders

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6042) that would amend section 16(a)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Public Law 73–291) to expand the disclosure requirements for directors, officers, and principal stockholders.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

PREEMIE Reauthorization Act

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6046) that would enact the PREEMIE Reauthorization Act of 2024.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Federal programs and services agreement with the Government of the Republic of Palau

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6048) that would require new Federal programs and services agreements with the Government of the Republic of Palau to be in accordance with the Compact of Free Association between the United States and the Republic of Palau.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Retired law enforcement officers continuing service

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6050) that would amend title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10101 et seq.).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

IMPROVE initiative

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6053) that would amend Part B of title IV of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 284) to require the Director of the National Institutes of Health to establish the Implementing a Maternal Health and Pregnancy Outcomes Vision for Everyone Initiative.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Second Chance Reauthorization Act of 2024

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6054) that would amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10261, 10595a, and 10631) and the Second Chance Act of 2007 (34 U.S.C. 60511, 60521, and 60531) to enhance and reauthorize the Second Chance Act of 2007.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Modification of rules for approval of commercial driver education programs for purposes of educational assistance programs of the Department of Veterans Affairs

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6055) that would amend section 3680A(e) of title 38, United States Code, to modify rules for approval of commercial driver education programs for purposes of educational assistance programs of the Department of Veterans Affairs.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Ensuring only licensed health care professionals perform medical disability examinations under certain Department of Veterans Affairs pilot program

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6056) that would amend section 504 of the Veterans' Benefits Improvements Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-275) to ensure that only licensed health care professionals are authorized to provide medical disability examinations under a Department of Veterans Affairs pilot program.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Sickle cell disease prevention and treatment

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6059) that would amend section 1106(b) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300b–5(b)) to address the treatment of sickle cell disease and the prevention and treatment of complications of sickle cell disease.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Sharing of information with respect to suspected violations of intellectual property rights

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6060) that would amend section 628A of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1628a).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Authorization of appropriations for the Coast Guard

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6062) that would authorize certain aspects of the Coast Guard.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Treatment of prescreening report requests

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6061) that would make certain amendments to section 604(c) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681b(c)).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Modification of acquisition of icebreaker

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6063) that would relax some requirements for the icebreaker acquisition program, but add various reporting requirements.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Amendments to the Federal Assets Sale and Transfer Act of 2016

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6064) that would amend section 2 of the Federal Assets Sale and Transfer Act of 2016 (40 U.S.C. 1303 note; Public Law 114–287).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Chip EQUIP Act

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6065) that

would enact the Chip Equipment Quality, Usefulness, and Integrity Protection Act of 2024.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Preservation of affordable housing resources

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6069) that would authorize the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to waive application of certain statutes to facilitate the preservation of affordable housing resources.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Outbound investment transparency

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6071) that would amend the Defense Production Act of 1950 (Public Law 81-774).

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Congressional Gold Medal

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6074) that would grant a Congressional Gold Medal to Jens Stoltenberg.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Temporary judgeships in the district courts

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained two identical provisions (sec. 6075 and sec. 6076) that would authorize certain existing judgeships under section 133 of title 28, United States Code, and provide for the incumbents in those offices to hold their offices under section 133 of title 28, United States Code.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provisions.

International Nuclear Energy Act of 2024

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained sec. 6081 through sec. 6089D that would enact the International Nuclear Energy Act of 2024.

The House bill contained no similar provisions.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Preventing Child Trafficking Act of 2024

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6092) that would enact the Preventing Child Trafficking Act of 2024.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Strong Communities Act of 2023

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6094) that would enact the Strong Communities Act of 2023.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Fighting Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder Act of 2023

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6095) that would enact the Fighting Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder Act of 2023.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Justice for Murder Victims Act

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6097) that would enact the Justice for Murder Victims Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Project Safe Neighborhoods Reauthorization Act of 2023

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6098) that would enact the Project Safe Neighborhoods Reauthorization Act of 2023.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Federal Judiciary Stabilization Act of 2024

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6099) that would enact the Federal Judiciary Stabilization Act of 2024.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

American Law Enforcement Sustaining Aid and Vital Emergency Resources Act

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6099A) that would enact the American Law Enforcement Sustaining Aid and Vital Emergency Resources Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Extension and modification of Global Engagement Center

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6203) that would amend section 1287 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328) by extending the Global Engagement Center until 2031.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the provision.

Eligibility of Taiwan for the strategic trade authorization exception to certain export control licensing requirements

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6242) that would require the President to take steps so that Taiwan may be treated as if it were included in the list of countries eligible for the strategic trade authorization exception under section 740.20(c)(1) of the Export Administration Regulations.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Extension of Fentanyl Sanctions Act

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6261) that would extend the Fentanyl Sanctions Act to 2030.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Amendments to the 21st Century Peace through Strength Act

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6262) that would amend the 21st Century Peace through Strength Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Asset Seizure for Ukraine Reconstruction Act

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained sec. 6281 through sec. 6286 that would enact the Asset Seizure for Ukraine Reconstruction Act.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

National Aeronautics and Space Administration agreements with private and commercial entities and State governments to provide certain supplies, support, and services

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained a provision (sec. 6501) that would amend section 20113 of title 51, United States Code, to authorize the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to enter into agreements with private and commercial entities and State governments to provide certain supplies, support, and services.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Economic Development Reauthorization Act of 2024

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained division F that would enact the Economic Development Reauthorization Act of 2024.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

State Trade Expansion Program

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained division G that would enact the State Trade Expansion Program Modernization Act of 2024.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Judicial understaffing delays getting emergencies resolved

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained division J that would address the shortage of permanent district court judgeships.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Good Samaritan Remediation of Abandoned Hardrock Mines Act of 2024

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained division K that would enact the Good Samaritan Remediation of Abandoned Hardrock Mines Act of 2024.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

Combating Cartels on Social Media Act of 2024

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained division L that would enact the Combating Cartels on Social Media Act of 2024.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement does not include the Senate provision.

DIVISION F—INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR
FISCAL YEAR 2025

Secs. 6001–6902—Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained sec. 1 through sec. 1105 that would enact the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025.

The Senate committee-reported bill also contained a provision (sec. 1545) that would require the Secretary of Defense to implement a pilot program, the Geospatial Workforce Pilot Program, to assess the feasibility and advisability of establishing a permanent program to develop a skilled workforce in geospatial technologies, methodologies, and capabilities in support of defense intelligence requirements.

The House bill contained no similar division or provision.

The agreement includes the Senate provisions with an amendment that contains the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025.

DIVISION G—DEPARTMENT OF STATE AUTHORIZATION ACT
FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025

*Secs. 7001–7812—Department of State Authorization Act for Fiscal
Year 2025*

A proposed amendment (amendment number 3290) to the Senate committee-reported bill contained sec. 9001 through sec. 9709 that would enact the Department of State Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025.

The House bill contained no similar provision.

The agreement includes the Senate amendment with various technical and clarifying amendments.

COMPLIANCE WITH HOUSE RULE XXI
(Community Project Funding Items)

TITLE	AGENCY	PROJECT NAME	PROJECT LOCATION	AMOUNT (Dollars in Thousands)	MEMBER(S)
4601 4601	Army Army	Guided Missile Maintenance Building (Design) Joint Inter-Agency Task Force-South Command and Control Facility	Anniston Army Depot, AL Naval Air Station Key West, FL	5,300 90,000	Rogers, Mike (AL) Gimenez, Carlos A. (FL)
4601	Navy	Child Development Center (Design)	Naval Air Station Oceana, VA	4,080	Kiggans, Jennifer A. (VA)
4601	Navy	Child Development Center (Design)	Joint Expeditionary Base Little Creek-Fort Story, VA	2,751	Kiggans, Jennifer A. (VA)
4601	Navy	Child Development Center (Design)	Naval Air Station Jacksonville, FL	6,900	Waltz, Michael (FL)/ Rutherford, John H. (FL)
4601	Navy	Communications Center & Infrastructure Upgrades (Design)	Marine Corps Support Facility Blount Island Command, FL	4,300	Waltz, Michael (FL)
4601	Navy	F35 Aircraft Engine Repair Facility (Design)	Naval Air Station Jacksonville, FL	13,737	Rutherford, John H. (FL)
4601	Navy	PDI: Defense Access Roads III	Naval Base Guam, GU	100,000	Moylan, James C. (GU)
4601	Navy	Unaccompanied Housing (Design)	Naval Air Station Oceana, VA	16,000	Kiggans, Jennifer A. (VA)
4601	Navy	Water Treatment Plant	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam, HI	75,000	Case, Ed (HI)
4601	Navy	Waterfront Emergency Power (Design)	Naval Station Mayport, FL	13,700	Rutherford, John H. (FL)
4601 4601	Air Force Air Force	ADAL Child Development Center Advanced Materials Research Laboratory - C2A (Design) BMT – Classroom/Dining Facility 4	Barksdale Air Force Base, LA Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, OH Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland, TX	22,000 9,200 60,000	Johnson, Mike (LA) Turner, Michael R. (OH) Gonzales, Tony (TX)
4601	Air Force	Combat Arms Training & Maintenance Complex	Seymour Johnson Air Force Base, NC	41,000	Davis, Donald (NC)

COMPLIANCE WITH HOUSE RULE XXI—Continued
(Community Project Funding Items)

TITLE	AGENCY	PROJECT NAME	PROJECT LOCATION	AMOUNT (Dollars in Thousands)	MEMBER(S)
4601	Air Force	F35: Academic Training Center	Ebbing Air National Guard Base, AK	74,000	Womack, Steve (AR)
4601	Air Force	Multi-Domain Operations Complex	Beale Air Force Base, CA	55,000	Garamendi, John (CA)
4601	Air Force	Power Independence	Buckley Space Force Base, CO	68,000	Crow, Jason (CO)
4601	Defense-Wide	General Purpose Warehouse (Design)	Anniston Army Depot, AL	3,420	Rogers, Mike (AL)
4601	Defense-Wide	Small Arms Warehouse (Design)	Anniston Army Depot, AL	14,500	Rogers, Mike (AL)
4601	Army National Guard	Readiness Center Addition/Alteration (Design)	Detroit Olympia, MI	4,400	James, John (MI)
4601	Army Reserve	Aviation Support Facility	Fort Knox, KY	57,000	Guthrie, Brett (KY)
4601	Army Reserve	Vertical Skills Instruction Facility	Joint Base McGuire-Dix- Lakehurst, NJ	16,000	Kim, Andy (NJ)
4601	Navy Reserve	Whole Hangar Repair	Naval Air Station Joint Reserve Base Fort Worth, TX	10,000	Eltzey, Jake (TX)
4601	Air Force Reserve	512th Operations Group Facility	Dover Air Force Base, DE	42,000	Blunt Rochester, Lisa (DE)