

SENATE.

TUESDAY, December 17, 1901.

Prayer by the Chaplain, Rev. W. H. MILBURN, D. D.

The Secretary proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings.

Mr. HALE. The remainder of the Journal is merely a record of bills introduced, and I ask that the further reading be dispensed with.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection? The Chair hears none, and it is so ordered. The Journal, without objection, will stand approved.

INDIAN LANDS IN OREGON.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Interior, transmitting a report from the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, with inclosures, relative to the ninth section of the Indian appropriation act of March 3, 1901, authorizing the issuance of fee-simple patents to the Indians of the Siletz Reservation, in Oregon, in certain cases; which, with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs, and ordered to be printed.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS.

Mr. HOAR presented a petition of the State Board of Trade of Boston, Mass., praying for the enactment of legislation restoring raw hides to the free list; which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of Mollie Pitcher Council, No. 10, Daughters of Liberty, of Natick, Mass., praying for the reenactment of the Chinese-exclusion law; which was referred to the Committee on Immigration.

He also presented petitions of sundry citizens of Lowell, West Acton, and Concord Junction, all in the State of Massachusetts, praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

He also presented petitions of the Central Labor Union of Fall River; of Saw Smiths' Union No. 7173, of Fitchburg; of Team Drivers' Union No. 118, of North Adams; of Journeymen Barbers' Union No. 284, of Fitchburg; of Team Owners' Union No. 150, of Springfield, and of the Shirt Waist and Laundry Workers' International Union No. 12, of Leominster, all of the American Federation of Labor, in the State of Massachusetts, praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of war vessels in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. GALLINGER presented a petition of Stover Post, No. 1, Department of New Hampshire, Grand Army of the Republic, of Portsmouth, N. H., and a petition of International Allied Metal Machine Union No. 82, American Federation of Labor, of Keene, N. H., praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of naval vessels in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. LODGE presented petitions of Metal Mechanics' Union No. 80, of Springfield; of Carpenters' Union No. 629, of Somerville; of Central Labor Union of Adams; of Iron Molders' Union No. 347, of Greenfield; of Carpenters' Union No. 33, of Boston; of Local Union No. 320, of Lenox; of the Mule Spinners' Union of Fall River; of Machinists' Union No. 264, of Boston; of Stationary Firemen's Union No. 4, of Holyoke; of Coopers' International Union No. 89, of Boston; of Carpenters' Local Union No. 688, of Lynn; of Journeymen Barbers' Union No. 284, of Fitchburg; of Carpenters' Union No. 780, of Everett; of the Central Labor Union of Cambridge; of Machinists' Union No. 345, of Hyde Park; of the Granite Cutters' Union of Quincy; of Team Owners' Union No. 150, of Springfield; of Shirt Waist and Laundry Workers' Union No. 12, of Leominster, and of the Mule Spinners' Association of Lawrence, all of the American Federation of Labor; of Prentiss M. Whiting Post, No. 192, Department of Massachusetts, Grand Army of the Republic, of North Attleboro, and of George H. Mainstem Post, No. 133, Department of Massachusetts, Grand Army of the Republic, of Plainville, all in the State of Massachusetts, praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of war vessels in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. PERKINS presented a petition of the Chamber of Commerce of Los Angeles, Cal., praying for the early construction of the Nicaragua Canal; which was ordered to lie on the table.

He also presented a memorial from the Manufacturers and Producers' Association of San Francisco, Cal., remonstrating against any reduction being made in the duties on importations from Cuba now providing protection for agricultural and horticultural products of California; which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. QUARLES presented a petition of the Chamber of Commerce of Milwaukee, Wis., praying for the enactment of legisla-

tion to establish a department of commerce and industries; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

He also presented a petition of Metal Polishers' Union No. 45, of Kenosha, Wis., praying for the reenactment of the Chinese-exclusion law; which was referred to the Committee on Immigration.

He also presented a petition of the congregation of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Green Lake, Wis., praying for the enactment of legislation to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors and opium to uncivilized races in the Pacific islands; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

He also presented a petition of 27 citizens of Weyauwega, Wis., praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. PRITCHARD presented a petition of Typographical Union No. 54, of Raleigh, N. C., praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of war vessels in the navy-yards of the country; which was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. FOSTER of Washington presented a petition of H. W. Lawton Post, No. 99, Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Washington, of Orting, Wash., praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of war vessels in the navy-yards of the country; which was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

He also presented a petition of the Puget Sound Ship Calkers' Association, of Seattle, Wash., praying for the reenactment of the Chinese-exclusion law; which was referred to the Committee on Immigration.

He also presented a petition of sundry citizens of Spokane, Wash., praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. McMILLAN presented petitions of the Central Labor Union of Saginaw; of Amalgamated Engineers' Union No. 600, of Port Huron; of the Machinists' Union of Port Huron; of the Cigar Makers' Union of Cadillac, and of Battle Creek Typographical Union, No. 429, of Battle Creek, all in the State of Michigan, praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of war ships in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

He also presented a petition of sundry citizens of Bay City, South Lyon, and Detroit, all in the State of Michigan, praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. PLATT of New York. I present a petition of the executive committee of the Mutual Benefit Association of the Inspectors of Customs at the port of New York, praying for the readjustment of compensation of customs inspectors at that port. I move that the petition be printed as a document, and referred to the Committee on Finance.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. PLATT of New York presented a petition of the American Mining Association, of Manila, P. I., praying for the enactment of legislation extending the mining laws of the United States to the Philippines and the recognition of the claims now located; which was referred to the Committee on the Philippines.

He also presented a petition of sundry citizens of New York City, praying that sugar be restored to the free list; which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of Union Council, No. 41, Daughters of Liberty, of Port Jefferson, N. Y., and a petition of Cigar Makers' Union No. 370, Cigar Makers' International Union of America, of Jamestown, N. Y., praying for the reenactment of the Chinese-exclusion law; which were referred to the Committee on Immigration.

He also presented petitions of Cigar Makers' Union No. 370, of Jamestown; of the Central Trades and Labor Assembly Union of Elmira; of Blacksmiths' Union No. 146, of Hornellsville; of Typographical Union No. 315, of Poughkeepsie; of Brotherhood of Boiler Makers and Iron Shipbuilders' Union No. 36, of New York City; of International Longshoremen's Union No. 217, of Ogdensburg; of Machinists' Union No. 196, of Watervliet; of Shirt Waist and Laundry Workers' Union No. 3, of Troy; of Cigar Makers' Union No. 81, of Peekskill; of Coopers' Local Union No. 68, of Rochester; of United Granite Workers' Local Union No. 36, of Utica; of Stove Mounters and Pattern Workers' Union No. 10, of Troy, all of the American Federation of Labor; of Ira Thurber Post, No. 584, Department of New York, Grand Army of the Republic, of Allegany; of Myron Adams Mounted Post, No. 84, Department of New York, Grand Army of the Republic, of Rochester; of Brooklyn City Post, No. 233, Department of New York, Grand Army of the Republic, of Brooklyn, all in the State of New York, praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of war vessels in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

He also presented petitions of sundry citizens of Mariaville, Fonda, Liber Hill, Amsterdam, Carlisle, Peekskill, Bethlehem Center, Selkirk, Lockport, New York City, Brooklyn, Bacon Hill, Albany, Perry, Watertown, and Gouverneur, all in the State of New York, praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. BARD presented a petition of the Chamber of Commerce of Los Angeles, California, praying for the construction of the Nicaragua Canal; which was ordered to lie on the table.

He also presented a petition of the Independent Order of Good Templars, Department of California, praying for the continuance of the present anticanteen law; which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

He also presented petitions of Typographical Union No. 144, of Fresno; Creamery Workers' Union No. 274, of San Diego; Cigar Makers' Union No. 225, of Los Angeles, and Colonel Whipple Post, No. 49, Department of California and Nevada, Grand Army of the Republic, of Eureka, all in the State of California, praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of war vessels in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

He also presented petitions of sundry citizens of Berkeley, Orosi, Ballard, Santa Barbara, Colusa, Pleasanton, San Francisco, Los Angeles; of the Woman's Missionary societies of the Presbyterian Church of Riverside, Santa Ynez, and Ballard, all in the State of California, praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. FORAKER presented a petition of 64 citizens of Ohio, praying that raw sugar be placed on the free list; which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented petitions of the congregations of the Grace United Brethren, the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian, and the First Christian churches, of Columbus; of 258 citizens of Ohio; of the congregation of the First Presbyterian Church of Wooster, and of 193 citizens of Savannah, Shelby, Shiloh, Ruggles, New London, and Ashland, all in the State of Ohio, praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

He also presented a petition of the State Council of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, of East Liverpool, Ohio, praying for the enactment of legislation to suppress anarchy; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

He also presented petitions of 223 members of Local Union No. 424, United Mine Workers of America, of Sandrun; Local Union No. 926, United Mine Workers of America, of Washingtonville; Local Union No. 118, United Mine Workers of America, of Nelsonville; Local Union No. 89, Amalgamated Woodworkers' International Union, of Cincinnati; Local Typographical Union No. 57, of Dayton; Local Union No. 1148, United Mine Workers of America, of Carbondale; Branch No. 17, Glass Bottle Blowers' Association, of Massillon; Local Union No. 142, United Mine Workers of America, of Mineral City, and Branch No. 20, Glass Bottle Blowers' Association, of Zanesville, all in the State of Ohio, praying for the reenactment of the Chinese-exclusion law; which were referred to the Committee on Immigration.

He also presented a petition of sundry business men of Portsmouth, Ohio, praying for the adoption of certain amendments to the present bankruptcy law; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. KEAN presented a petition of Pride of Hornerstown Council, No. 77, Daughters of Liberty, of Hornerstown, N. J., praying for the enactment of legislation to suppress anarchy, for the reenactment of the Chinese-exclusion law, and to restrict immigration; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

He also presented a petition of Carpenters and Joiners' Union No. 121, American Federation of Labor, of Bridgeton, N. J., and a petition of Painters' Union No. 67, American Federation of Labor, of Bayonne, N. J., praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of war vessels in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

He also presented a petition of Carpenters and Joiners' Union No. 121, of Bridgeton, N. J., praying for the reenactment of the Chinese-exclusion law; which was referred to the Committee on Immigration.

He also presented petitions of sundry citizens of Morristown, Morris Plains, Montclair, Newark, Passaic, Cranbury, Woodbridge, Mendham, Elizabeth, Plainfield, Salem, Madison, Califon, East Orange, and Orange, all in the State of New Jersey, praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

He also (for Mr. SEWELL) presented petitions of sundry citizens of Cranbury, Bloomfield, East Orange, Orange, and Woodbridge,

all in the State of New Jersey, praying for the enactment of legislation to prohibit polygamy; which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. BATE presented a petition of the Chamber of Commerce of Knoxville, Tenn., praying for the repeal of the national bankruptcy law; which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of the Richardson Brothers Shoe Company, of Nashville, Tenn., and a petition of the Southern Shoe Wholesalers' Association, of Lynchburg, Va., praying for the repeal of the duty on raw hides; which were referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of the Chamber of Commerce of Nashville, Tenn., praying for the enactment of legislation providing for governmental ownership, construction, control, and maintenance of a Pacific cable from California to Hawaii, Manila, Japan, and China; which was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

He also presented a petition of the American Mining Association, of Manila, P. I., praying for the enactment of legislation extending the mining laws of the United States to the Philippine Islands; which was referred to the Committee on the Philippines.

He also presented a petition of Machinists' Union No. 14, American Federation of Labor, of Memphis, Tenn., praying for the enactment of legislation limiting the hours of daily service in all factories to eight hours; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor.

He also presented a petition of Local Union No. 287, United Mine Workers of America, of Marion County, Tenn., and of sundry laborers of Coal Creek, Tenn., praying for the reenactment of the Chinese-exclusion law; which were referred to the Committee on Immigration.

He also presented the petitions of sundry citizens of Sunbright, Clinton, Deer Lodge, Mill Creek, Knoxville, and Juniper, all in the State of Tennessee, praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

He also presented petitions of Iron Molders' Union No. 53, of Chattanooga; of Typographical Union No. 24, of Jackson; of Iron Molders' Union No. 355, of Bristol; of Journeymen Tailors' Union No. 276, of Chattanooga; of the Press Feeders and Helpers' Union No. 30, of Chattanooga; of Iron Molders' Union No. 248, of East Chattanooga, and of the Trunk and Bag Workers' Union No. 9, of Knoxville, all of the American Federation of Labor, in the State of Tennessee, praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of war vessels in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. MALLORY presented a petition of the Central Trades and Labor Assembly of Tampa, Fla., praying for the enactment of legislation excluding all Asiatic peoples from ingress into the United States; which was referred to the Committee on Immigration.

He also presented petitions of sundry citizens of the First district of Florida, praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

He also presented petitions of Carpenters and Joiners' Union No. 420, American Federation of Labor, of Tampa, Fla.; of Painters' Union No. 162, American Federation of Labor, of Jacksonville, Fla., and of Carpenters' Union No. 696, United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, of Tampa, Fla., praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of battle ships in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. NELSON presented a petition of sundry citizens of Minnesota, praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

He also presented a petition of the Northwestern Flour Mills Employees' Union No. 8661, American Federation of Labor, of Minneapolis, Minn., and a petition of W. W. Preston Post, No. 185, Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Minnesota, of Ashby, Minn., praying for the enactment of legislation to authorize the construction of war ships in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. CLAPP presented a petition of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor, praying for the reenactment of the Chinese-exclusion law; which was referred to the Committee on Immigration.

He also presented petitions of W. W. Preston Post, No. 185, Department of Minnesota, Grand Army of the Republic, of Ashby; of Local Union No. 24, Independent Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, of Minneapolis; of Northwestern Flour Mill Employees' Union No. 8661, American Federation of Labor, of Minneapolis; of Painters and Decorators' Union No. 61, American Federation of Labor, of St. Paul; of Boot and Shoe Workers' Union No. 204, of Minneapolis; of Cigar Makers' Union No. 294, of Duluth; of

Upholsterers' Union No. 23, of Minneapolis, and of Steam Engineers' Union No. 36, of St. Paul, all in the State of Minnesota, praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of war vessels in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. BURROWS presented petitions of sundry labor organizations of Saginaw, Grand Rapids, Cadillac, Battle Creek, Port Huron, Kalamazoo, Bay City, Detroit, all of the American Federation of Labor, and of J. H. Andrews Post, No. 288, Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Michigan, of Lacota, all in the State of Michigan, praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of war vessels in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

He also presented petitions of the Board of Trade of Grand Rapids, Mich.; the White Lake Farmers' Club, of White Lake, Mich.; and of the State council of Ohio, Junior Order of United American Mechanics, of East Liverpool, Ohio, praying for the enactment of legislation to suppress anarchy; which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

He also presented petitions of sundry citizens of Fenville, Detroit, Allegan, Kalamazoo, Grand Rapids, Harbor Beach, Bay City, and South Lyon, all in the State of Michigan, praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. ALDRICH presented a petition of 113 citizens of Rhode Island, praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

He also presented petitions of Providence Branch of Atlantic Coast Seamen's Union, of Providence; of Typographical Union No. 212; American Federation of Labor of Pawtucket, and of Independent Association, Order of Machinists, No. 147, of Providence, all in the State of Rhode Island, praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of war vessels in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. MILLARD presented petitions of Coopers' Union No. 21, American Federation of Labor, of Omaha; of the Central Labor Union, American Federation of Labor, of Omaha, and of Lyon Post, No. 11, Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Nebraska, of Grand Island, all in the State of Nebraska, praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of war vessels in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

He also presented petitions of sundry citizens of Dorsey, Harrison, Carey, Tecumseh, Chadron, Auburn, Crawford, Belmont, Omaha, Holdrege, and Crawford, all in the State of Nebraska, praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. BEVERIDGE presented a petition of Howell Post, No. 90, Department of Indiana, Grand Army of the Republic, of Goshen, Ind., praying for the enactment of legislation giving preference to veterans in the employment of mechanics and laborers in the navy-yards of the country; which was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

He also presented a petition of Mollie Pitcher Council, No. 14, Daughters of Liberty, of Muncie, Ind., praying for the reenactment of the Chinese-exclusion law, for the enactment of legislation fixing severe penalty for attempt on life of the President, Vice-President, or members of the Cabinet, and to prohibit the landing of anarchists in this country; which was referred to the Committee on Immigration.

He also presented petitions of Federal Labor Union No. 6620, American Federation of Labor, of Fort Wayne; of Palmer Boles and 157 other citizens of Sullivan County, and of F. L. Jones & Co., and six other business firms of Fort Wayne, all in the State of Indiana, praying for the reenactment of the Chinese-exclusion law; which were referred to the Committee on Immigration.

He also presented the petitions of J. C. DeVinney and 19 other citizens of Lagrange County; of W. R. Thomas and 97 other citizens of Alexandria, and of J. J. Cole and 177 other citizens of Newton County, all in the State of Indiana, praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. MASON presented petitions of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Urbana; the congregation of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Harvey; the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Harvey; the congregation of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Champaign; the congregation of the Christian Church of Urbana; the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Ravenswood; the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Ravenswood; the

congregation of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Urbana; of Mrs. S. A. Foster, of Urbana, and of H. W. Renner and Julia S. Renner, of Urbana, all in the State of Ohio, praying for the enactment of legislation to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors in the Pacific Islands; for the enactment of more stringent immigration laws, and for the continuance of the present antiscab law; which were referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. PENROSE presented a petition of Gen. George A. McCall Post, No. 31, Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Pennsylvania, praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the establishment of a national military park at Birmingham, Chester County, Pa., to commemorate the battle of Brandywine, fought between the Americans and British on September 11, 1777; which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

He also presented a petition of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Apollo, Pa., praying for the enactment of legislation to protect native races of uncivilized countries and the island possessions of the United States from the traffic in liquor and opium; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

He also presented petitions of Camp No. 61, Sons of Veterans, of Mauch Chunk; Washington Camp, No. 171, Patriotic Order Sons of America, of Carlisle; Washington Camp, No. 345, Patriotic Order Sons of America, of Germantown; Washington Camp, No. 485, Patriotic Order Sons of America, of Germantown; Kearney Lodge, No. 159, Knights of Pythias, of Chambersburg; Relief Council, No. 2, Junior Order United American Mechanics, of Philadelphia, and of sundry lodges of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, of Lancaster, all in the State of Pennsylvania, praying for the enactment of legislation to suppress anarchy; which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

He also presented petitions of Musicians' Protective Union No. 77, of Philadelphia; Heilner Post, No. 232, Grand Army of the Republic, Department of Pennsylvania, of Lykens; Mansfield Post, No. 48, Grand Army of the Republic, of Mansfield; Typographical Union No. 187, of Wilkesbarre; Carpenters and Joiners' Union No. 239, of Easton, and of the Lehigh Trade Council, of Allentown, all in the State of Pennsylvania, praying for the enactment of legislation authorizing the construction of war vessels in the navy-yards of the country; which were referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

He also presented petitions of 74 citizens of Philadelphia, 156 citizens of Glen Campbell, Mahaffey, Philipsburg, Hillsdale, Hoover, Hunt, Grant, Cushcreek, McGees Mills, Deckers Point, Hortons; 20 citizens of Center, 39 citizens of Butler, 40 citizens of Ingram, 20 citizens of Harrisburg, 43 citizens of Conshohocken, 37 citizens of McKeesport, 78 citizens of Bruin, 142 citizens of Philadelphia, 43 citizens of Harrisburg, 6 citizens of Spenceville, 60 citizens of Myoma, Allegheny, and Mars; 98 citizens of Apollo, 38 citizens of Monongahela City, 74 citizens of Fairview, 46 citizens of Wyalusing, 208 citizens of Scranton, 179 citizens of College Hill and Beaver Falls, 21 citizens of Verona, 15 citizens of Pittsburgh, 20 citizens of Circleville; of the Woman's Home Missionary Society, of Philadelphia; 173 citizens of Waynesboro, 12 citizens of Shippenburg, 139 citizens of Philadelphia, 76 citizens of Monongahela, 156 citizens of Digel, 72 citizens of Butler, 52 citizens of Hartsville, Neshaminy, Pittsburg, Jamison, Bridge Valley, Warrington, Eureka, Prospectville, Ivyland, and Doylestown; 17 citizens of Spruce Creek, 77 citizens of Prosperity, 26 citizens of Dunns Station, 20 citizens of Harrisburg, 88 citizens of Enon Valley; the congregation of the Little Valley Presbyterian Church, of Enon Valley; the congregation of the Bethel United Presbyterian Church, of Bethel; the congregation of the First Presbyterian Church, of Enon; 147 citizens of Wilkinsburg, Aspinwall, and Edgewood Park; 587 citizens of Johnstown, Conemaugh, and South Fork; 127 citizens of Mifflinburg, Lewisburg, Crossroads, Hartleton, and Cowan; 39 citizens of Pittsburg, 140 citizens of Wilkesbarre, 39 citizens of Pittston, 40 citizens of Oakmont, 91 citizens of Archspring and Tyrone; 46 citizens of Sprucecreek, 107 citizens of Limestone, Kingsville, Brinkerton, and Strattanville; 483 citizens of McKeesport and Boston, and of 152 citizens of Philadelphia, all in the State of Pennsylvania, praying for the adoption of an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit polygamy; which were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

He also presented petitions of West Liberty Council, No. 273, of Allegheny County; of Pleasant Valley Council, No. 330, of Allegheny; of Tamaqua Council, No. 547, of Tamaqua; of Council No. 272, of Ford City; of Globe Council, No. 45, of Mount Carmel; of Industry Council, No. 163, of Reading; of Clifton Heights Council, No. 730, of Clifton Heights; of Pema Council, No. 200, of Strafford; of James Allen Council, No. 835, of Allentown; of Star Council, No. 55, of New Brighton; of Livingston Council No. 925, of York; of Eldred Council, No. 345, of Kunkletown; of Pride of the West Council, No. 157, of Allegheny; of Local Unions Nos. 1024 and 1194, of Mayfield; of Tube City Council, No. 378, of

McKeesport; of Dartrun Council, No. 999, of Sharon Hill; of Courtland Saunders Council, No. 866, of Philadelphia; of Council No. 161, of Wilkesbarre; of Council No. 954, of Annville; of Colonel Theodore Hyatt Council, No. 573, of Chester; of Central Labor Union, of Kane; of Commonwealth Council, No. 597, of Mechanicsburg; of Carpenters' Council, No. 848, of Ashland; of Mechanic Local Union, No. 723, of Lansford; of Local Union, No. 185, of Hazleton; of Triumph Council, No. 302, of Sardis; of Cranberry Local Union, No. 1434, of West Hazleton; of Local Union, No. 1550, of Williamstown; of Carpenters' Union, No. 541, of Washington; of Cigarmakers' Union, No. 236, of Reading; of Councils Nos. 44, 375, 456, 1, 967, 904, 230, 146, 243, 70, 837, 259, 495, 109, 77, 15, 362, 621, 71, 708, 909, 969, 744, 86, 65, 96, 20, 276, 57, 52, 75, 1023, 31, 72, 513, 86, 1599, 18, 842, 54, 1603, 153, 115, 407, 71, 160, 317, 167, 257, 110, 1168, 1534, 135, 349, 1687, 1062, 1513, 181, and 1413, all of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, in the State of Pennsylvania, praying for the reenactment of the Chinese-exclusion law; which were referred to the Committee on Immigration.

Mr. FRYE presented a petition of the Association of American Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations, praying that an appropriation be made for the erection of a larger building for the Department of Agriculture; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry.

He also presented a petition of the State Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Oregon, praying for the enactment of legislation to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors, opium, and firearms to inhabitants of the New Hebrides; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

He also presented the memorial of E. N. Morgan and 33 other citizens of Cleveland, Ohio, remonstrating against the passage of the so-called parcels post bill; which was referred to the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads.

REPORT OF A COMMITTEE.

Mr. BERRY, from the Committee on Commerce, to whom was referred the bill (S. 910) to extend the time for the completion of a bridge across the Missouri River, reported it without amendment.

REPORT OF COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS.

Mr. PLATT of New York. I am directed by the Committee on Printing to report a joint resolution, and I ask for its present consideration.

The joint resolution (S. R. 21) authorizing the printing of extra copies of the Annual Report of the Commissioner of Pensions was read the first time by its title and the second time at length, as follows:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Public Printer be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to print and deliver to the Department of the Interior 10,000 copies of the Annual Report of the Commissioner of Pensions for the year ended June 30, 1901, in addition to the number authorized by the act of January 12, 1895.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection to the present consideration of the joint resolution?

There being no objection, the joint resolution was considered as in Committee of the Whole.

The joint resolution was reported to the Senate without amendment, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

DISTRICT JURY SERVICE.

Mr. PRITCHARD. I am directed by the Committee on the District of Columbia to report a joint resolution, and I ask for its present consideration.

The joint resolution (S. R. 22) to amend an act entitled "An act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia" was read the first time by its title and the second time at length, as follows:

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following amendment is hereby made to an act of Congress entitled "An act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia," approved March 3, 1901:

Amend section 204 by striking out in the second line thereof the word "one" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "two;" also by adding to said section the following:

"Provided, That all grand and petit juries in the supreme court of the District of Columbia and all petit juries in the police court of said District which shall have been organized or drawn under existing laws at the time this code goes into effect shall serve out their respective terms, and vacancies therein shall be filled under existing laws."

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Is there objection to the present consideration of the joint resolution?

There being no objection, the joint resolution was considered as in Committee of the Whole.

The joint resolution was reported to the Senate without amendment, ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED.

Mr. GALLINGER introduced a bill (S. 1808) to remove the charge of desertion from the military record of John Gibbons; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. HOAR introduced a bill (S. 1809) to remove the charge of desertion now standing against Charles G. Brigham; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1810) granting a pension to Jerome T. Rich; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Pensions.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1811) granting a pension to Izanna Kemp; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Pensions.

Mr. KEAN introduced a bill (S. 1812) to authorize the registration of the names of persons, firms, or corporations engaged in transportation business; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Patents.

Mr. BEVERIDGE (by request) introduced a bill (S. 1813) for the relief of William H. Brown; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1814) granting an increase of pension to Anna E. Luke; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Pensions.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1815) granting a pension to Harriett Souvercool; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Pensions.

Mr. McENERY introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Claims:

A bill (S. 1816) for the relief of the estates of William H. Watson, deceased, and Leonhard Fehner, deceased;

A bill (S. 1817) for the relief of the estate of J. D. Dameron, deceased;

A bill (S. 1818) for the relief of Mrs. Hermina Martel;

A bill (S. 1819) for the relief of Josephine Roberts;

A bill (S. 1820) for the relief of George H. Green and another, administrators of George W. Green, deceased;

A bill (S. 1821) for the relief of the estate of Archibald D. Palmer, deceased;

A bill (S. 1822) for the relief of the estate of Amy L. Mahondeau, deceased;

A bill (S. 1823) for the relief of the estate of Archibald D. Palmer, deceased;

A bill (S. 1824) for the relief of the estate of Francois Bouligny, deceased;

A bill (S. 1825) for the relief of the estate of Mary E. Taylor, deceased;

A bill (S. 1826) for the relief of the estate of Eliza E. Barrow, deceased;

A bill (S. 1827) for the relief of the estate of Jonathan Ellsworth, deceased;

A bill (S. 1828) for the relief of the estate of Josiah Knighton, deceased;

A bill (S. 1829) for the relief of the estate of Mrs. Eloise Deslonde, deceased; and

A bill (S. 1830) for the relief of the estate of Mrs. Emily Bartell, deceased.

Mr. McLAURIN of South Carolina introduced a bill (S. 1831) for the relief of Philip Epstein, Mordecai David, Henry Stein, Julius Louis, and Herman Somers; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. SIMMONS introduced a bill (S. 1832) for the construction of a driveway and approaches to the national cemetery at Raleigh, N. C.; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1833) providing for the transfer of census records and volumes to the Census Office, and for other purposes; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on the Census.

He also introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Claims:

A bill (S. 1834) for the relief of the estate of Thomas A. Dough, deceased;

A bill (S. 1835) for the relief of the estate of Esau Berry, deceased; and

A bill (S. 1836) for the relief of Walter T. Dough.

Mr. SIMMONS introduced a bill (S. 1837) authorizing the Commissioner of Pensions to furnish copies of certain Confederate muster rolls upon the request of the governor of any State; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Pensions.

Mr. JONES of Arkansas introduced a bill (S. 1838) authorizing the Memphis, Helena and Louisiana Railway Company to con-

struct and maintain a bridge across the Arkansas River, in the State of Arkansas; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1839) authorizing the Memphis, Helena and Louisiana Railway Company to construct and maintain a bridge across the White River, in the State of Arkansas; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. CARMACK introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Claims:

A bill (S. 1840) for the relief of B. S. Johnson, administrator of the estate of J. K. Johnson, deceased;

A bill (S. 1841) for the relief of Mrs. E. L. Eblin;

A bill (S. 1842) for the relief of the estate of Erby Boyd;

A bill (S. 1843) for the relief of the estate of Reese Brabson, deceased; and

A bill (S. 1844) for the relief of Robert Smith.

Mr. McCOMAS introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia:

A bill (S. 1845) to amend section 2 of an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Diocese of Washington;" and

A bill (S. 1846) for the extension of Fifth street northwest, in Takoma Park, D. C.

Mr. McCOMAS introduced a bill (S. 1847) for the purchase of the oil portrait of Maj. Gen. William Smallwood; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on the Library.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1848) for the relief of Franklin Buchanan Sullivan; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1849) for the relief of Alfred Ford, executor of Joseph T. Stout, deceased; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1850) removing the charge of desertion from the record of William Harig; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1851) for the relief of Robert F. Thompson; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

He also introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Claims:

A bill (S. 1852) for the relief of G. Finley Smith, administrator of David Smith, deceased;

A bill (S. 1853) for the relief of Elizabeth Thomas;

A bill (S. 1854) for the relief of Thomas Dixon;

A bill (S. 1855) for the relief of Eugene L. Derr, administrator of the estate of John Derr, deceased;

A bill (S. 1856) for the relief of Bernard James;

A bill (S. 1857) for the relief of William James;

A bill (S. 1858) for the relief of the heirs of John H. Waring;

A bill (S. 1859) for the relief of the heirs of Mrs. Salome Main;

A bill (S. 1860) for the relief of the estate of Elijah Thompson, deceased;

A bill (S. 1861) for the relief of the estate of Lewis W. Mann, deceased;

A bill (S. 1862) for the relief of William A. Gordon, administrator of the estate of William D. C. Murdock, deceased;

A bill (S. 1863) for the relief of Milton F. Colburn, administrator of the estate of Gilbert Colburn, deceased;

A bill (S. 1864) for the relief of Ellen Ogle Thomas, administrator de bonis non cum testamento annexo of Jane Thomas, deceased;

A bill (S. 1865) for the relief of John S. Mann;

A bill (S. 1866) for the relief of Herbert O. Dunn;

A bill (S. 1867) for the relief of Anna M. Anderson and Charles Y. G. Anderson, executors of George W. Anderson, deceased;

A bill (S. 1868) for the relief of the widow and children of John Hamilton, deceased;

A bill (S. 1869) for the relief of Rinaldo P. Smith;

A bill (S. 1870) for the relief of Anna M. Anderson and Charles L. G. Anderson, executors of George W. Anderson, deceased; and

A bill (S. 1871) for the relief of George Brewer.

Mr. DILLINGHAM introduced a bill (S. 1872) granting an increase of pension to Abbie George; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying paper, referred to the Committee on Pensions.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1873) granting an increase of pension to Hilar D. Davis; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Pensions.

Mr. BARD introduced a bill (S. 1874) for the relief of Frank F. Flournoy; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. LODGE introduced a bill (S. 1875) granting a pension to Mrs. G. E. Whiton Stone; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Pensions.

Mr. PLATT of New York introduced a bill (S. 1876) for the relief of James E. Simpson, jr., Alfred H. Simpson, and Willie E. Simpson, surviving copartners of the firm of J. E. Simpson & Co.; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1877) to pay certain Treasury settlements; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1878) to relieve the property owners from the assessments laid for benefits for the extension of Rhode Island avenue, New Hampshire and Sherman avenues, S street west, and Eleventh street; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

Mr. PENROSE introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs:

A bill (S. 1879) authorizing the appointment and retirement of David McMurtrie Gregg as a captain in the United States Army (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 1880) for the relief of Joseph Orton Kerbey; and

A bill (S. 1881) to correct the military record of Peter Connell. Mr. PENROSE introduced a bill (S. 1882) to equalize the rank and pay of certain retired officers of the Navy; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1883) to promote the efficiency of the clerical service in the Navy of the United States; to organize a clerical corps of the Navy of the United States; to define its duties, and to regulate its pay; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1884) for the relief of the legal representatives of Tomlinson and Hartup & Co.; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying paper, referred to the Committee on Claims.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1885) for the relief of Joseph Orton Kerbey; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Claims.

He also introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Pensions:

A bill (S. 1886) granting an increase of pension to Henry G. Mechling (with accompanying papers);

A bill (S. 1887) to adjust the pensions of those who have lost limbs, or are totally disabled in them, or have additional disabilities;

A bill (S. 1888) granting a pension to J. Newman Keech;

A bill (S. 1889) granting a pension to Emma A. Poland; and

A bill (S. 1890) granting per diem pension service to honorably discharged officers and enlisted men of the Union Army in the civil war.

Mr. PENROSE introduced a bill (S. 1891) to provide an educational test for immigrants and for the exclusion and deportation of alien anarchists; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Immigration.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1892) to provide for the construction of a revenue cutter for service at the port of Philadelphia, Pa.; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. PRITCHARD introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Pensions:

A bill (S. 1893) granting a pension to Florence and Carrie Cowles;

A bill (S. 1894) granting a pension to Luvenia Melson; and

A bill (S. 1895) granting an increase of pension to Elias Laughter.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1896) for the relief of Levi Jones; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

He also introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Claims:

A bill (S. 1897) for the relief of Martha A. Royce;

A bill (S. 1898) for the relief of Isaac Brown;

A bill (S. 1899) for the relief of Philip McDonald;

A bill (S. 1900) for the relief of Calvin J. Cowles; and

A bill (by request) (S. 1901) for the relief of Edward Wetherington, executor of Jane L. Daugherty, deceased (with an accompanying paper).

Mr. CLARK of Wyoming (by request) introduced a bill (S. 1902) for the relief of Flora A. Darling; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. FOSTER of Washington introduced a bill (S. 1903) granting an increase of pension to Hamline B. Williams; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Pensions.

Mr. McMILLAN introduced a bill (S. 1904) for the relief of I. Winslow Ayer; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1905) for the erection of a keeper's dwelling at Grosse Isle, North Channel Range, Detroit River, Michigan; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1906) for the erection of a keeper's dwelling at Grosse Isle, South Channel Range, Detroit River, Michigan; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1907) for the construction of a building for assembly and exhibition purposes in the District of Columbia; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1908) to authorize the establishment of a biological station on the Great Lakes under the control of the United States Commission of Fish and Fisheries; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying paper, referred to the Committee on Fisheries.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1909) authorizing the acknowledgment of deeds in the Philippine Islands and Porto Rico for the conveyance of lands in the District of Columbia; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1910) for the extension of Thirteenth street, Washington, D. C.; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1911) to provide for registering and confirming titles to land; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

Mr. TURNER introduced a bill (S. 1912) granting to the State of Washington 50,000 acres of land to aid in the continuation, enlargement, and maintenance of the Washington State Soldiers and Sailors' Home; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. FORAKER introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Pensions:

A bill (S. 1913) granting an increase of pension to Caroline Mischler (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 1914) granting an increase of pension to Elbert Chittum (with accompanying papers);

A bill (S. 1915) granting an increase of pension to Andrew J. Sherman (with an accompanying paper); and

A bill (S. 1916) granting an increase of pension to Leven B. Moyer (with an accompanying paper).

Mr. FORAKER introduced a bill (S. 1917) authorizing the President to place William Welsh on the retired list with the rank of colonel; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1918) to remove the charge of desertion from the military record of John Welty; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying paper, referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. WARREN introduced a bill (S. 1919) fixing fees of jurors and witnesses in the United States courts in the State of Wyoming; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1920) for the relief of Albert C. Brown; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. CULLOM introduced a bill (S. 1921) relating to the retirement of Hawaiian coinage and currency; which was read twice by its title.

Mr. CULLOM. I desire to state in connection with the bill that it was handed to me by the Delegate from Hawaii. I do not know whether the committee has done anything on that subject or not. So I introduce it and call it to their attention. I move that the bill be referred to the Committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. GAMBLE introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Pensions:

A bill (S. 1922) granting an increase of pension to George W. Graham;

A bill (S. 1923) granting an increase of pension to Fred F. B. Coffin; and

A bill (S. 1924) granting an increase of pension to Thomas Fenerau.

Mr. GAMBLE introduced a bill (S. 1925) extending relief to Indian citizens, and for other purposes; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1926) to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Yankton, in the State of South Dakota; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Mr. DEBOE introduced a bill (S. 1927) for the relief of Adelaide B. Lindenberger; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying paper, referred to the Committee on Claims.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1928) for the relief of G. H. Sowder; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying paper, referred to the Committee on Claims.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1929) to amend an act approved June 10, 1880, governing the immediate transportation of dutiable merchandise without appraisement; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1930) for the relief of James Obrien; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying paper, referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1931) granting an increase of pension to Etta Scott Mitchell; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Pensions.

Mr. CLAPP introduced a bill (S. 1932) to provide for the distribution of reports to United States judges and other officers; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. NELSON introduced a bill (S. 1933) granting a pension to Ella Bailey; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Pensions.

Mr. MONEY introduced a bill (S. 1934) to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Biloxi, in the State of Mississippi; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

He also introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Claims:

A bill (S. 1935) for the relief of the estate of S. W. Lancaster, deceased;

A bill (S. 1936) for the relief of the estate of Alexander Hutchinson, deceased;

A bill (S. 1937) for the relief of H. Polkinhorn; and

A bill (S. 1938) for the relief of the vestry of Christ Episcopal Church, of Holly Springs, Miss.

Mr. SIMON introduced a bill (S. 1939) granting an increase of pension to John M. Drake; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Pensions.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1940) granting a pension to Frances Fuller Victor; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying paper, referred to the Committee on Pensions.

Mr. MILLARD introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Pensions:

A bill (S. 1941) granting an increase of pension to Margaret Heelan (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 1942) granting a pension to Kate H. Clements;

A bill (S. 1943) granting a pension to Owen E. Davidson;

A bill (S. 1944) granting a pension to Ann E. Tillson (with an accompanying paper); and

A bill (S. 1945) granting an increase of pension to Andrew J. Cook (with accompanying papers).

Mr. BURROWS introduced a bill (S. 1946) granting a pension to Lillie Mancha; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying paper, referred to the Committee on Pensions.

Mr. HALE introduced a bill (S. 1947) to provide for the enrollment and organization of a United States Naval Reserve; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying memorandum, which was ordered to be printed, referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

He also introduced a bill (S. 1948) granting an increase of pension to Josefa T. Philip; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Pensions.

Mr. SPOONER introduced a bill (S. 1949) to authorize the Secretary of the Navy to appoint George H. Paul a warrant machinist in the Navy; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. MASON introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Pensions:

A bill (S. 1950) granting a pension to Catherine Saunders (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 1951) granting a pension to Lewis Rankin (with an accompanying paper); and

A bill (S. 1952) granting an increase of pension to Hiram H. Kingsbury.

Mr. FRYE introduced the following bills; which were severally read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

A bill (S. 1953) granting permission to Commander William C. Wise, United States Navy, to accept a decoration tendered to him by the Emperor of Germany (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 1954) to authorize Capt. N. M. Brooks, Superintendent of Foreign Mails, Post-Office Department, to accept a decoration tendered to him by the Emperor of Germany (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 1955) to authorize George W. Hill, Chief of the Division of Publications of the Department of Agriculture, to accept a decoration tendered to him by the Government of the French Republic (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 1956) granting permission to Maj. Gen. John M. Schofield, United States Army, to accept the decoration of the Cross of Commander of the National Order of the Legion of Honor, conferred upon him by the President of France (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 1957) granting permission to Mr. Hubbard T. Smith, secretary of the United States commissioner to China and consular clerk of the United States, to accept a decoration conferred on him by the Government of China (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 1958) granting permission to Capt. C. De W. Willcox, United States Army, to accept the diploma and decoration of Officier d'Académie, awarded to him by the Government of France;

A bill (S. 1959) granting permission to Capt. Stephen L'H. Slocum, United States Army, to accept a medal conferred upon him by the King of England; and

A bill (S. 1960) granting permission to Lieut. W. P. Scott, United States Navy, to accept a medal of merit presented to him by the Sultan of Turkey (with an accompanying paper);

Mr. McMILLAN introduced a joint resolution (S. R. 23) authorizing the Secretary of War to furnish condemned cannon for a statue of the late Maj. Gen. Alexander Macomb, United States Army; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. CULLOM introduced a joint resolution (S. R. 24) adjusting the rank of Maj. Joseph W. Wham, United States Army, on the retired list, and making restitution for certain pay and allowances unjustly withheld; which was read twice by its title, and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. FRYE introduced a joint resolution (S. R. 25) authorizing the President of the United States to tender an invitation to His Majesty the King of Siam to visit the United States as the guest of the nation, and making an appropriation to enable the President to extend appropriate hospitality to him; which was read twice by its title, and, with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

DELLA C. HEALY.

Mr. KITTREDGE submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to pay to Della C. Healy, for amount due her as widow of John J. Healy, late a messenger of the United States Senate, being a sum equal to six months' salary at the rate he was receiving by law at the time of his demise, said sum to be considered as including funeral expenses and all other allowances.

OCEAN MAIL SERVICE.

Mr. CLAY submitted the following resolution; which was considered by unanimous consent, and agreed to:

Resolved, That the Postmaster-General be directed to furnish the Senate with a statement showing the compensation for carrying the ocean mails paid by the United States for each fiscal year beginning with July 1, 1889, to June 30, 1901, to the following steamship companies: International Navigation Company, North German Lloyd Steamship Company, Hamburg-American Packet Company, Cunard Steamship Company, White Star Line, Compagnie Générale Transatlantique.

A. H. LAZARE.

Mr. BLACKBURN submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

Resolved by the Senate of the United States, That the Secretary of State be, and he is hereby, requested to take such steps, by signing a new protocol or otherwise, authorizing the Republic of Haiti to move for a new trial before an arbitrator to be agreed upon, such motion to be tried and determined according to the principles of the common law governing such request, in the claim of A. H. Lazare, of New York City, a citizen of the United States, against said Republic, which said claim was adjudged in his favor by William Strong, an ex-justice of the Supreme Court, under a protocol signed between Hon. Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, Secretary of State of the United States, and Hon. Stephen Preston, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the Republic of Haiti, of date May 28, 1884, in which judgment he was awarded \$117,500, with interest at 6 per cent per annum from November 1, 1875, and which claim remains unpaid on account of evidence alleged to have been discovered after the award by the Haitian Republic.

2. That if the Republic of Haiti, upon request of the Secretary of State of the United States, shall not in a reasonable time thereafter enter into such arrangements for a new trial as provided, then the said Secretary is requested to enforce said award and pay the same over to said A. H. Lazare, or his assignees.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

Mr. ALLISON. I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of executive business.

The motion was agreed to; and the Senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business. After one hour and fifteen minutes spent in executive session, the doors were reopened and (at 1 o'clock and 50 minutes p. m.) the Senate adjourned until to-morrow, Wednesday, December 18, 1901, at 12 o'clock meridian.

NOMINATIONS.

Executive nominations received by the Senate December 17, 1901.

APPOINTMENTS IN THE REVENUE-CUTTER SERVICE.

Robert B. Adams, of Massachusetts, to be a second assistant engineer in the Revenue-Cutter Service of the United States, to succeed Taylor W. Ross, resigned.

Albert E. Bonnet, of Louisiana, to be a second assistant engineer in the Revenue-Cutter Service of the United States, to succeed Urban Harvey, promoted.

Quincy B. Newman, of South Carolina, to be a second assistant engineer in the Revenue-Cutter Service of the United States, to succeed Robert E. Wright, promoted.

CONFIRMATIONS.

Executive nominations confirmed by the Senate December 17, 1901.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF WAR.

William Cary Sanger, of New York, to be Assistant Secretary of War.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSIONER.

Charles A. Prouty, of Vermont, to be an Interstate Commerce Commissioner for the term of six years from January 1, 1902.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF PORTO RICO.

James H. McLeary, of Porto Rico, to be associate justice of the supreme court of Porto Rico.

TREASURER OF PORTO RICO.

William F. Willoughby, of the District of Columbia, to be treasurer of the island of Porto Rico.

COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION.

Louis T. Weis, of Maryland, to be commissioner of immigration at the port of Baltimore, in the State of Maryland.

SUPERVISING INSPECTOR OF STEAM VESSELS.

Robert S. Rodie, of New York, to be supervising inspector of steam vessels for the second district.

REGISTER OF LAND OFFICE.

Edward W. Fox, of Clayton, N. Mex., to be register of the land office at Clayton, N. Mex.

RECEIVER OF PUBLIC MONEYS.

Albert W. Thompson, of Clayton, N. Mex., to be receiver of public moneys at Clayton, N. Mex.

CHIEF JUSTICE OF OKLAHOMA.

John H. Burford, of Oklahoma Territory, to be chief justice of the supreme court of the Territory of Oklahoma.

CHIEF JUSTICE OF NEW MEXICO.

William J. Mills, of New Mexico, to be chief justice of the supreme court of the Territory of New Mexico.

TERRITORIAL ASSOCIATE JUSTICES.

Frank W. Parker, of New Mexico, to be associate justice of the supreme court of the Territory of New Mexico.

John R. McFie, of New Mexico, to be associate justice of the supreme court of the Territory of New Mexico.

B. F. Burwell, of Oklahoma Territory, to be associate justice of the supreme court of the Territory of Oklahoma.

Bayard T. Hainer, of Oklahoma Territory, to be associate justice of the supreme court of the Territory of Oklahoma.

DISTRICT JUDGES.

Robert Wodrow Archbald, of Pennsylvania, to be United States district judge for the middle district of Pennsylvania.

George B. Adams, of New York, to be United States district judge for the southern district of New York.

Benjamin F. Keller, of West Virginia, to be United States district judge for the southern district of West Virginia.

Thomas Goode Jones, of Alabama, to be United States district judge for the northern and middle districts of Alabama.

Andrew M. J. Cochran, of Kentucky, to be United States district judge for the eastern district of Kentucky.

Charles W. Raymond, of Illinois, to be judge of the United States courts in the Indian Territory.

William H. H. Clayton, of the Indian Territory, to be judge of the United States court for the central district of the Indian Territory.

Hosea Townsend, of Colorado, to be judge of the United States court for the southern district of the Indian Territory.

UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS.

Earl M. Cranston, of Colorado, to be United States attorney for the district of Colorado.

John S. Dean, of Kansas, to be United States attorney for the district of Kansas.

George Wesley Atkinson, of West Virginia, to be United States attorney for the southern district of West Virginia.

Reese Blizzard, of West Virginia, to be United States attorney for the northern district of West Virginia.

John G. Capers, of South Carolina, to be United States attorney for the district of South Carolina.

Nathan V. Harlan, of Nebraska, to be United States attorney for the third division of the district of Alaska.

Ashley M. Gould, to be United States attorney for the District of Columbia.

James D. Elliott, of South Dakota, to be United States attorney for the district of South Dakota.

James H. Tinsley, of Kentucky, to be United States attorney for the eastern district of Kentucky.

Pliny L. Soper, of the Indian Territory, to be United States attorney for the northern district of the Indian Territory.

Henry P. Moulton, of Massachusetts, to be United States attorney for the district of Massachusetts.

William D. Wright, of Tennessee, to be United States attorney for the eastern district of Tennessee.

Morris D. Wickersham, of Alabama, to be United States attorney for the southern district of Alabama.

L. H. Valentine, of California, to be United States attorney for the southern district of California.

William B. Johnson, of the Indian Territory, to be United States attorney for the southern district of the Indian Territory.

John H. Wilkins, of the Indian Territory, to be United States attorney for the central district of the Indian Territory.

Henry L. Burnett, of New York, to be United States attorney for the southern district of New York.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Luke C. Strider, of the District of Columbia, to be justice of the peace for subdistrict No. 4 of the District of Columbia for the term of four years from January 1, 1902.

Samuel R. Church, of the District of Columbia, to be justice of the peace for subdistrict No. 3 of the District of Columbia for the term of four years from January 1, 1902.

Samuel C. Mills, of the District of Columbia, to be justice of the peace for subdistrict No. 2 of the District of Columbia for the term of four years from January 1, 1902.

Charles S. Bundy, of the District of Columbia, to be justice of the peace for subdistrict No. 1 of the District of Columbia for the term of four years from January 1, 1902.

Halbert E. Paine, of the District of Columbia, to be justice of the peace for subdistrict No. 7 of the District of Columbia for the term of four years from January 1, 1902.

Henry Randall Webb, of the District of Columbia, to be justice of the peace for subdistrict No. 6 of the District of Columbia for the term of four years from January 1, 1902.

Lewis I. O'Neal, of the District of Columbia, to be justice of the peace for subdistrict No. 5 of the District of Columbia for the term of four years from January 1, 1902.

Emanuel M. Hewlett, of the District of Columbia, to be justice of the peace for subdistrict No. 10 of the District of Columbia for the term of four years from January 1, 1902.

Thomas H. Callan, of the District of Columbia, to be justice of the peace for subdistrict No. 9 of the District of Columbia for the term of four years from January 1, 1902.

Robert H. Terrell, of the District of Columbia, to be justice of the peace for subdistrict No. 8 of the District of Columbia for the term of four years from January 1, 1902.

MARSHALS.

Stephen P. Stone, of Pennsylvania, to be United States marshal for the western district of Pennsylvania.

John K. Thompson, of West Virginia, to be United States marshal for the southern district of West Virginia.

Creighton M. Foraker, of New Mexico, to be United States marshal for the Territory of New Mexico.

Benjamin F. Hackett, of the Indian Territory, to be United States marshal for the central district of the Indian Territory.

Addison D. James, of Kentucky, to be United States marshal for the western district of Kentucky.

Thomas J. Alcott, of New Jersey, to be United States marshal for the district of New Jersey.

Richard W. Austin, of Tennessee, to be United States marshal for the eastern district of Tennessee.

Charles D. Elliott, of West Virginia, to be United States marshal for the northern district of West Virginia.

James M. Millikan, of North Carolina, to be United States marshal for the western district of North Carolina.

Anlick Palmer, of the District of Columbia, to be United States marshal for the District of Columbia.

Leo E. Bennett, of the Indian Territory, to be United States marshal for the northern district of the Indian Territory.

APPOINTMENTS IN THE REVENUE-CUTTER SERVICE.

Francis R. Shoemaker, of New Mexico, to be a third lieutenant in the Revenue-Cutter Service of the United States.

Charles F. Howell, of New Jersey, to be a third lieutenant in the Revenue-Cutter Service of the United States.

PROMOTIONS IN THE NAVY.

Lieut. John J. Knapp, to be a lieutenant-commander in the Navy, from the 2d day of September, 1901.

Lieut. (Junior Grade) David F. Sellers, to be a lieutenant in the Navy, from the 2d day of September, 1901.

Lieut. (Junior Grade) Irvin V. Gillis, to be a lieutenant in the Navy, from the 20th day of July, 1901.

POSTMASTERS.

Elizabeth W. Smart, to be postmaster at Merrimac, in the county of Essex and State of Massachusetts.

Francis Norwood, to be postmaster at Beverly, in the county of Essex and State of Massachusetts.

Cyrus W. Rowell, to be postmaster at Amesbury, in the county of Essex and State of Massachusetts.

F. Kimbley, to be postmaster at Orleans, in the county of Orange and State of Indiana.

Walter L. Toose, to be postmaster at Woodburn, in the county of Marion and State of Oregon.

Clarence W. Daugherty, to be postmaster at Huntington, in the county of Hampshire and State of Massachusetts.

Leonard R. Smith, to be postmaster at East Northfield, in the county of Franklin and State of Massachusetts.

Peter P. Smith, to be postmaster at Adams, in the county of Berkshire and State of Massachusetts.

Frank P. Goss, to be postmaster at Hyannis, in the county of Barnstable and State of Massachusetts.

George T. Bailey, to be postmaster at Lancaster, in the county of Worcester and State of Massachusetts.

George W. Jones, to be postmaster at Falmouth, in the county of Barnstable and State of Massachusetts.

Henry A. Pease, to be postmaster at Edgartown, in the county of Dukes and State of Massachusetts.

James C. Cooper, to be postmaster at Chester, in the county of Hampden and State of Massachusetts.

Alfred Hocking, to be postmaster at Melrose, in the county of Middlesex and State of Massachusetts.

J. Henry Norcross, to be postmaster at Medford, in the county of Middlesex and State of Massachusetts.

William C. Hinman, to be postmaster at Great Barrington, in the county of Berkshire and State of Massachusetts.

J. Everts Greene, to be postmaster at Worcester, in the county of Worcester and State of Massachusetts.

Charles F. Bryant, to be postmaster at Sharon, in the county of Norfolk and State of Massachusetts.

Charles A. Pilling, to be postmaster at North Andover Depot, in the county of Essex and State of Massachusetts.

Richard J. Considine, to be postmaster at East Whitman, in the county of Plymouth and State of Massachusetts.

Mary R. Newlands, to be postmaster at West Point, in the county of Orange and State of New York.

Ellsworth Sweet, to be postmaster at Waterloo, in the county of Seneca and State of New York.

Henry F. Hosmer, to be postmaster at South Lancaster, in the county of Worcester and State of Massachusetts.

Henry Converse, to be postmaster at Rutland, in the county of Worcester and State of Massachusetts.

Eugene S. Thatcher, to be postmaster at Housatonic, in the county of Berkshire and State of Massachusetts.

Dawson Y. Wright, to be postmaster at Schoharie, in the county of Schoharie and State of New York.

William H. Hill, to be postmaster at Lestershire, in the county of Broome and State of New York.

David M. Pratt, to be postmaster at Elmira, in the county of Chemung and State of New York.

William G. Laidlaw, to be postmaster at Ellicottville, in the county of Cattaraugus and State of New York.

Fred Greiner, to be postmaster at Buffalo, in the county of Erie and State of New York.

August F. Funk, to be postmaster at Philmont, in the county of Columbia and State of New York.

Frederick Gorlich, to be postmaster at Hastings upon Hudson, in the county of Westchester and State of New York.

George F. Rising, to be postmaster at Hoosick Falls, in the county of Rensselaer and State of New York.

John McNally, to be postmaster at Ossining (late Sing Sing), in the county of Westchester and State of New York.

Seth T. Lyman, to be postmaster at Pelham, in the county of Westchester and State of New York.

George H. Brown, to be postmaster at Kinderhook, in the county of Columbia and State of New York.

Horace Selleck, to be postmaster at Holland, in the county of Erie and State of New York.

Charles A. Brooks, to be postmaster at Marathon, in the county of Cortland and State of New York.

Burdette T. Burlingham, to be postmaster at McGraw, in the county of Cortland and State of New York.

Emmett B. Hawkins, to be postmaster at Huntington, in the county of Suffolk and State of New York.

Frederick W. Clemons, to be postmaster at Palmyra, in the county of Wayne and State of New York.

William A. Smyth, to be postmaster at Owego, in the county of Tioga and State of New York.

Cornelius Van Cott, to be postmaster at New York, in the county of New York and State of New York.

George W. Hitchcock, to be postmaster at Ripley, in the county of Chautauqua and State of New York.

Dwight H. Bruce, to be postmaster at Syracuse, in the county of Onondaga and State of New York.

David C. Inglis, to be postmaster at Spring Valley, in the county of Rockland and State of New York.

George E. Drumm, to be postmaster at Chatham, in the county of Columbia and State of New York.

Theodore F. Chamberlain, to be postmaster at Newark Valley, in the county of Tioga and State of New York.

Moses T. Horton, to be postmaster at Southold, in the county of Suffolk and State of New York.

John J. Jenkins, to be postmaster at Edwardsdale, in the county of Luzerne and State of Pennsylvania.

Clayton McMichael, to be postmaster at Philadelphia, in the county of Philadelphia and State of Pennsylvania.

Willard N. Stewart, to be postmaster at Gloversville, in the county of Fulton and State of New York.

George H. Roberts, jr., to be postmaster at Brooklyn, in the county of Kings and State of New York.

Samuel Powell, to be postmaster at Nanticoke, in the county of Luzerne and State of Pennsylvania.

Thomas P. Macfarlane, to be postmaster at Kingston, in the county of Luzerne and State of Pennsylvania.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, December 17, 1901.

The House met at 12 o'clock m. Prayer by the Chaplain, Rev. HENRY N. COUDEN, D. D.

Mr. De Armond and Mr. Broussard appeared and took the oath of office.

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Sundry messages, in writing, from the President of the United States, were communicated to the House of Representatives, by Mr. PRUDEN, one of his secretaries.

THE JOURNAL.

The Journal of the proceedings of Friday last was read.

Mr. VANDIVER. Mr. Speaker, I desire to ask unanimous consent for the present consideration—

Mr. CLAYTON. I wish to ask an excuse—

The SPEAKER. Let the Journal be approved first. Without objection, the Journal will stand approved.

There was no objection.

EXTENSION OF RAILROAD LINES IN PORTO RICO.

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following message of the President of the United States; which was read, ordered to be printed, and referred to the Committee on Insular Affairs:

To the Congress of the United States:

Referring to section 32 of the act approved April 12, 1900, entitled "An act temporarily to provide revenues and a civil government for Porto Rico, and for other purposes," I transmit herewith an ordinance enacted by the executive council of Porto Rico on October 28, 1901, granting a franchise to the Compañia de los Ferrocarriles de Puerto Rico, a corporation organized under the laws of Spain, for the purpose of extending its railway lines to and between certain points in the island of Porto Rico, which ordinance was approved by me on November 26, 1901, subject to qualification.

Attention is invited to the accompanying report of the Secretary of State.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, December 13, 1901.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. PARKINSON, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed without amendment joint resolution of the following title:

Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 76) to pay the officers and employees of the Senate and House of Representatives their respective salaries for the month of December, 1901, on the 18th day of said month.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed the following resolutions; in which the concurrence of the House was requested:

Senate concurrent resolution No. 5.

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring). That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to cause a survey to be made of the Ohio River from Mound City, Ill., to Cairo, Ill., with a view to ascertain what improvement, if any, is desirable with a view to the protection of the banks and levees on the Illinois side, and to submit an estimate of the cost thereof.

Senate concurrent resolution No. 4.

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring). That the Secretary of War be directed to cause an examination and survey of Plantation and Clubb creeks, Georgia, to be made, with a view of providing an inside water route navigable for river steamers from the Altamaha River into the port of Brunswick, and to submit a report as to the feasibility of the same, together with an estimate as to the cost.

ELECTRIC STREET RAILWAY IN PONCE, P. R.

The SPEAKER also laid before the House the following message of the President of the United States; which was read, ordered to be printed, and referred to the Committee on Insular Affairs:

To the Congress of the United States:

Referring to section 32 of the act approved April 12, 1900, entitled "An act temporarily to provide revenues and a civil government for Porto Rico, and for other purposes," I transmit herewith an ordinance enacted by the executive council of Porto Rico on February 27, 1901, granting a franchise to W. S. H. Lothrop for the purpose of constructing and operating an electric street railway in certain streets of the city of Ponce, and between the city of Ponce and the playa thereof, which ordinance was approved by the President of the United States on March 30, 1901, subject to qualification.

Attention is invited to the accompanying report of the Secretary of State.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, December 13, 1901.

PORT AMERICA COMPANY.

The SPEAKER also laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was ordered to be printed, and referred to Committee on Insular Affairs:

To the Congress of the United States:

Referring to section 32 of the act approved April 12, 1900, entitled "An act temporarily to provide revenues and a civil government for Porto Rico, and for other purposes," I transmit herewith an ordinance enacted by the executive council of Porto Rico on October 28, 1901, granting a franchise to the Port America Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey for the purpose of building and operating railroads in the island of Porto Rico, which ordinance was approved by me on November 26, 1901, subject to qualification.

Attention is invited to the accompanying report of the Secretary of State.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, December 13, 1901.

WILLIAM HARDEMAN.

The SPEAKER also laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was ordered to be printed and referred to the Committee on War Claims:

To the Congress of the United States:

I transmit herewith a report by the Secretary of State, with accompanying papers, relative to the claim of William Hardeinan, a British subject, amounting to \$465.30, for property destroyed by the United States military authorities at Siboney, Cuba, on July 12, 1898.

In view of the statement by the Secretary of State that the claim appears to be a meritorious one, I recommend that an appropriation be made to pay it.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, December 13, 1901.

LOUISIANA PURCHASE EXPOSITION COMPANY.

The SPEAKER also laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was ordered to be printed, and referred to the Select Committee on Industrial Arts and Expositions:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

I transmit herewith a report from the Secretary of State, covering statements showing receipts and disbursements of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company up to November 1, 1901, furnished by the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Commission in pursuance of section 11 of the "Act to provide for celebrating the one hundredth anniversary of the purchase of the Louisiana territory," etc., approved March 3, 1901.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, December 13, 1901.

ORGANIZATION OF CIVIL GOVERNMENT IN PORTO RICO.

The SPEAKER also laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was ordered to be printed, and referred to the Committee on Insular Affairs:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

I transmit herewith a report from the Secretary of State, with accompanying papers, showing that a civil government for Porto Rico has been organized