These are remarkable men—two of them still with us, and one, Mr. Barkley, who will always live in our memory. I wish Mr. Sam not only a happy birthday this year, but also many more of those happy birthdays in good health and in good spirits, and with all the blessings of a good life. I am sure he will be granted those blessings by a wise and kindly Providence.

I also wish to join the majority leader in my expression of the Vice President on that remarkable message on the occasion of the counting of the electoral votes. As was indicated in the Vice President’s message, this was a historic occasion. I believe the Vice President’s message will go down as one of the truly historic messages. It was one filled with humility. It was a gracious and a very thoughtful pronouncement.

In these few moments the American people, particularly our young people, received a lesson in democracy and in responsible representative government from one of the practitioners of representative government in a very forceful and yet a very considerate and timely manner. It goes without saying that on many occasions I have sharply disagreed with some of the utterances of the Vice President. I only say that because it is a matter of record. But I surely admire and respect him for the manner in which he has conducted himself during the recent months, during the campaign, and more directly and more precisely in this ceremony of today when the electoral vote was counted. He proved himself to be a fine American and, indeed, a great public servant.

DEATH OF REPRESENTATIVE EDITH NOURSE ROGERS

Mr. SALTONSTALL. Mr. President, I ask that the Chair lay before the Senate a resolution coming over from the House regarding the death of the Honorable Edith Nourse Rogers, a Representative from the State of Massachusetts.

The Chair laid before the Senate a resolution (H. Res. 18), which was read, as follows:

Resolved, That the House has heard with profound sorrow of the death of the Honorable Edith Nourse Rogers, a Representative from the State of Massachusetts.

Resolved, That the Clerk communicate these resolutions to the Senate and transmit a copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

Resolved, That as a further mark of respect the House do now adjourn.

Mr. SALTONSTALL. Mr. President, I submit a resolution, and ask for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The resolution will be read.

The resolution (S. Res. 23) was read, considered by unanimous consent, and unanimously agreed to, as follows:

Resolved, That the Senate has heard with profound sorrow of the announcement of the death of the Honorable Edith Nourse Rogers, late a Representative from the State of Massachusetts.

Resolved, That the Secretary communicate these resolutions to the House of Representatives and transmit a copy thereof to the family of the deceased.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
FRIDAY, JANUARY 6, 1961

The House met at 12 o’clock noon. The Chaplain, Rev. Bernard Braskamp, D.D., offered the following prayer:

The tribute to Job, the patriarch, by Mr. James E. Colliflower, resigned, whose term expires March 3, 1961.

Resolved, That said oath be accepted and received by the House as the oath of office of the late Representative from Massachusetts, I move that the Senate, under the order previously entered, adjourn.

The motion was unanimously agreed to; and (at 3 o’clock and 51 minutes p.m.) the Senate adjourned, under the order previously entered, until Monday, January 9, 1961, at 12 o’clock meridian.

NOMINATIONS

Messages received from the Government of the District of Columbia January 6, 1961:

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA REDEVELOPMENT LAND AGENCY


Pursuant to the provisions of section 4(a) of Public Law 692, 87th Congress, approved August 2, 1946, Neville Miller as a member of the District of Columbia Redevelopment Land Agency, to serve for a term of 5 years, effective on and after March 4, 1961.

ANNOUNCEMENT

The SPEAKER. The Chair desires to announce that, pursuant to the authority conferred upon him by House Resolution 11 and House Resolution 12, 87th Congress, he did, on Wednesday, January 4, 1961, administer the oath of office to the Honorable James B. Utt and the Honorable George M. Grant at Bethesda, Md.

GEORGE M. GRANT

Mr. ELLIOTT. Mr. Speaker, I offer a privileged resolution and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read as follows:

H. RES. 82

WHEREAS George M. Grant, a Representative from the State of Oklahoma, has been unable from sickness to appear in person to be sworn as a Member of this House, but has sworn to and subscribed to the oath of office before the Speaker, authorized by resolution of this House to administer the oath, and the said oath of office has been presented in his behalf to the House, and there being no contest or question as to his election; Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That said oath be accepted and received by the House as the oath of office of the said George M. Grant as a Member of this House.

The resolution was agreed to.

HON. JAMES B. UTT

Mr. ELLIOTT. Mr. Speaker, I offer a privileged resolution and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read as follows:

H. Res. 83

WHEREAS James B. Utt, a Representative from the State of California, has been unable from sickness to appear in person to be sworn as a Member of this House, but has sworn to and subscribed to the oath of office before the Speaker, authorized by resolution of this House to administer the oath, and the said oath of office has been presented in his behalf to the House, and there being no contest or question as to his election; Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That said oath be accepted and received by the House as the oath of office of the said James B. Utt as a Member of this House.

The resolution was agreed to.

SWEARING IN OF MEMBER

The SPEAKER. Will any Member who has not been sworn come to the well of the House and take the oath of office?
The SPEAKER. The SPEAKER laid before the House the following communication, which was read and, with accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on House Administration:


Hon. Sam Rayburn, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Speaker: Transmitted herewith is a copy of the certificate of ascertainment from the State of Hawaii, in conformity with the final clause of section 6, title 3, United States Code.

Sincerely yours,

Franklin F. Low, Administrator.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will read the certificate.

The Clerk read as follows:

STATE OF HAWAII
To the ADMINISTRATOR OF GENERAL SERVICES, PURSUANT TO THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Lum F. Quinn, Governor of the State of Hawaii, do hereby certify that the returns of votes cast for electors of President and Vice President of the United States of America, for the State of Hawaii, at an election held therein for that purpose, on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in the year of our Lord 1960, agreeably to the provisions of the laws of the said State, and in conformity with the Constitution of the United States, for the purpose of giving in their votes for President and Vice President of the United States, for this respective term, prescribed by the Constitution of the United States, to begin on the 20th day of January in the year of our Lord 1961, were, ascertained by the returns of the votes cast for each, pursuant to said judgment, respectively, as follows:


Democratic Party: William H. Heen, 92,410; Delbert E. Metzger, 92,410; Jeannie Wilson, 92,410.

And I further certify that: William H. Heen, Delbert E. Metzger, and Jennie Wilson were appointed electors of President and Vice President of the United States of America, for the State of Hawaii, at said election.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this 4th day of January, in the year of our Lord 1961.

William F. Quinn, Governor of Hawaii.

BIRTHDAY ANNIVERSARY OF THE HONORABLE SAM RAYBURN
Mr. Mccormack. Mr. Speaker, I desire recognition at this time.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Massachusetts is recognized.

Mr. Mccormack. Mr. Speaker, the people of this country—particularly our colleagues in the House and Senate—know as we sit here today that one of the great figures of American history is our distinguished and beloved Speaker, the gentleman from Texas [Mr. RAYBURN].

We will not be here two or three generations from now, but we do not have to wait for the historians of tomorrow to write about the life of this great man and his outstanding contribution to the preservation and the progress of our country. As we sit here today, we know that Sam Rayburn when he was born was to be a man of destiny, we know that Sam Rayburn today is one of the great figures of American history. Strong and determined in all his actions and associations with his fellow men, possessed of a mind of understanding that not only to the provisions of American history. Strength and determination in every action of his, a man of destiny and a man of destiny.

To adequately discuss this outstanding American and fine gentleman would take a little bit of time. While he may be a citizen of Texas, so far as the State of Texas is concerned, in the minds of all Americans he is a citizen of every State and the Union. That impression was in the minds of all of our people, in the result of the man himself: His dedicated mind to God, to country, and to mankind. As the result of the election to Congress by the people of my district, one of the great pleasures of my life has been to meet and to know Sam Rayburn. Throughout the years as a young legislator in this body and as the years have gone by, he has always been a constant inspiration to me as well as to other people. On various occasions I have referred to him as the man with a "heart of gold." You and I have the honor today of sitting in the presence of a man who very shortly will have presided over this body twice as long as any other Speaker in the history of our country and who has served longer in this body than any other man in the entire history of the National House of Representatives. We also have the honor of sitting in the presence of an eminent scholar and he who follows this maxim, in the minds of the commentators suggest, in the minds of all of our leaders. Certainly if there was ever a man who remains young in mind it is our beloved Speaker, Sam Rayburn. He will never be an old man in mind.

RECESS
The SPEAKER. The House will stand in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 15 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

AFTER RECESS
The recess having expired at 12 o'clock and 55 minutes p.m., the House was called to order by the Speaker.

COUNTING THE ELECTORAL VOTES

The Speaker. The House will stand in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Accordingly (at 12 o'clock and 15 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

BIRTHDAY ANNIVERSARY OF THE HONORABLE SAM RAYBURN
Mr. ARENDTS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Illinois?

There was no objection.

Mr. ARENDTS. Mr. Speaker, I wish to express what I know to be the feelings of the membership on this side of the aisle, shared with the feelings of the entire membership of this House: Our love, our heartfelt congratulations and good luck to the distinguished Speaker of the House of Representatives.

The gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. McCormack] well said most everything in the hearts and minds of all of us. I want to Speaker to know how heartily we agree to and congratulate him and to wish him well in all the days ahead.

Mr. PATMAN. Mr. Speaker, it is a great pleasure to pay tribute to the fair-est bluebonnet of Texas, or the fairest marigold of the United States, as the case may be.

Much is being said these days, in the newspapers and elsewhere, about the tender age of those who are about to lead the executive branch of the Government. While we cannot see the future, we cannot but have just chosen to guide the ship of state in Congress.

The truth is, however, that there really is no conflict or disparity in ages, such as the commentators suggest, in the judgment, reflection, and intelligence of our leaders. Certainly if there was ever a man who remains young in mind it is our beloved Speaker, Sam Rayburn. He will never be an old man in mind.

The recess having expired at 12 o'clock and 55 minutes p.m., the House was called to order by the Speaker.
nounced the Vice President and the Sen-
ate of the United States.

The Senate entered the Hall, headed by
the Vice President and the Secretary of
the Senate, the Members and officers of
the Senate, rising to receive them.

The Vice President took his seat, the
presiding officer of the joint convention
of the two Houses, the Speaker of the
House occupying the chair on his left.

The joint meeting was then called to order
by the Vice President.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Mr. Speaker
and gentlemen of the Congress, the Sen-
ate and the House of Representatives,
pursuant to the requirements of the Con-
sitution and laws of the United States,
have met in joint session for the pur-
pose of opening the certificates and
ascertaining and counting the votes of
the electors of the several States for
President and Vice President.

The Vice President of the United States
would like to make an expression on behalf of the Members of the Sen-
ate who are here meeting with the House of Representatives in sending our
congratulations to the Speaker on his 79th birthday, which he celebrates today.

Under well-established precedent, un-
less a motion shall be made in any case,
that tends to interrupt or delay, the
certificates will be dispensed with.

After ascertaining that the certificates are authentic and correct in form,
the tellers will count and make a list of the votes cast by the electors
of the several States.

The tellers on the part of the two
Houses will take their place at the
Clerk’s desk.

The tellers, Mr. HAYDEN and Mr. CUR-
RIS, on the part of the Senate, and Mr.
Bolton and Mrs. Kelly on the part of
the House, took their places at the desk.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The Chair
hands to the tellers the certificates of
the electoral vote of the
State of Hawaii.

We, the undersigned, electors of President
and Vice President of the United States
of America, for the respective terms beginning on the 20th day of January, in the year of
our Lord 1960, duly and
legally appointed and qualified by
and for the State of Hawaii, as appears by the
annexed list of persons
voted for, do hereby certify
and pass to the tellers the certificates
in alphabetical order.

List of all persons voted for as President,
with the number of votes for each:

John F. Kennedy, 92,505; G. B. Johnson, 92,364; Delbert E. Metzger, 92,364; Jennie Wil-
son, 92,505.

And we further certify that the following
are two distinct lists; one, of the votes for
President, the other, of the votes for
Vice President, so cast as aforesaid:

List of all persons voted for as Vice Presi-
dent, with the number of votes for each:

Name of person voted for: Richard M. Nixon, of California. Number of votes: Three.

And we further certify that the following
are two distinct lists; one, of the votes for
President, the other, of the votes for
Vice President, so cast as aforesaid:

List of all persons voted for as President,
with the number of votes for each:

Name of person voted for: Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts. Number of votes:
Three.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set
our hands.

Done at the Capitol, in the city of Honol-
ulu, and State of Hawaii, on the first
Monday after the second Wednesday, in the
19th day of December, in the year of
our Lord 1960.

C. P. Soares, Gaven A. Bush, J. Howard Worral,
Electors.

The Chair then handed the second
certificate to the tellers.

The certificate is as follows:

STATE OF HAWAII
We, the undersigned, electors of President
and Vice President of the United States
of America, for the respective terms beginning on the 20th day of January, in the year of
our Lord 1960, being duly and
legally appointed and qualified by
and for the State of Hawaii, as appears by the
annexed list of electors, do hereby certify
and pass to the tellers the certificates
in alphabetical order.

List of all persons voted for as President,
with the number of votes for each:

William H. Heenan, 92,364; DeLuvia B. Johnson, 92,364; Delbert E. Metzger, 92,364.

And we further certify that the following
are two distinct lists; one, of the votes for
President, the other, of the votes for
Vice President, so cast as aforesaid:

List of all persons voted for as Vice Presi-
dent, with the number of votes for each:


In witness whereof, we have hereunto set
our hands.

Done at the Capitol, in the city of Honol-
ulu, and State of Hawaii, on the first
Monday after the second Wednesday, in the
19th day of December, in the year of
our Lord 1960.

Jennie K. Wilson, William H. Heenan,
Delbert E. Metzger, Electors.

The Chair then handed the third certificate
among the House and the Senate for the ascertainment of the number of votes cast in each State for President and Vice President. The Constitution of the United States, to begin on the 20th day of January in the year of our Lord 1961, were, ascertained on the 18th day of November A.D. 1860, and that the number of persons voted for and the number of votes cast for each, respectively, is as follows:

Republican Party: Gaven A. Bush, 92,505; J. Howard Worral, 92,050; O. P. Soares, 92,505.

Democratic Party: William H. Heen, 92,364; Delbert E. Metzger, 92,564; Jennie Wil-
son, 92,505.

Further, that the certificate is properly signed and executed by the Chair, Speaker, and Vice President, and that the number of votes cast for President and Vice President, respectively, is as follows:

President: John F. Kennedy, 92,505; Lyndon B. Johnson, 92,364.

Vice President: Hubert H. Humphrey, 92,505; J. Howard Worral, 92,364; O. P. Soares, 92,364.
Services in accordance with section 6, title 3, United States Code.

In testimony whereof, I, Wayne C. Grover, Archivist of the United States, have hereto countersigned, and it is further certified that this record is to be affixed and my name subscribed by the Director of the Office of the Federal Register of the Government of the United States of Columbia, this 6th day of January, 1961.

WAYNE C. GROVER,
Archivist of the United States.

By DAVID C. EBBERHART,

STATE OF HAWAII

TO THE ADMINISTRATOR OF GENERAL SERVICES

PERSUANT TO THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES:

I, WILLIAM F. QUINN, Governor of the State of Hawaii, do hereby certify that the returns of votes cast for electors of President and Vice President of the United States of America, for the State of Hawaii, at an election held therein for that purpose, on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November, in the year of our Lord 1960 agreeably to the provisions of the laws of the said State, and in conformity with the Constitution and laws of the United States, were duly cast by the voters thereof, and the possibility of an appeal in this case is hereby further ordered, adjudged and decreed that in said general election no other person received a valid vote for presidential electors or alternate presidential electors.

Dated: Honolulu, Hawaii, this 30th day of December, 1960.

RONALD B. JAMESON,
Judge of the Above Entitled Court.

THE VICE PRESIDENT (after consideration of the aforementioned documents by the tellers) The Chair has knowledge, and is convinced that he is supported by the facts, that the certificate from the Honorable William F. Quinn, Governor of the State of Hawaii, dated January 4, 1961, received by the Administrator of General Services on January 6, 1961, and transmitted to the Speaker and the President of the Senate by the Tellers on January 6, 1961, being Executive Communication Number 215 of the House of Representatives, properly and legally transmitted, is hereby ordered, adjudged and decreed that the votes having been cast for the electors chosen by the people of Hawaii at the election for President and Vice President held on November 8, 1960, as read from the certificates, William H. Heen, Delbert E. Metzger, and Jennie Wilson were appointed as electors for President and Vice President on November 8, 1960, and did on the first Monday after the second Wednesday of December, 1960, cast their votes for John F. Kennedy of Massachusetts for President and Lyndon B. Johnson of Texas for Vice President.

In order not to delay the further count of the electoral vote held, the Chair, without the intent of establishing a precedent, suggests that the tellers named in the certificate of the Governor of Hawaii dated January 4, 1961, be considered as the lawful electors from the State of Hawaii.

If there be no objection in this joint convention, the Chair will instruct the tellers—and he now does—to count the votes having been cast for John F. Kennedy of Massachusetts for President and Lyndon B. Johnson of Texas for Vice President.

Without objection the tellers will accordingly count the votes of those electors named in the certificate of the Governor of Hawaii dated January 4, 1961, and announce the number of valid votes of the remaining States in alphabetical order.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Gentlemen of the Congress, the certificates of all of the States have now been opened and counted, and the tellers are prepared to announce the result and deliver the same to the Vice President.

The tellers delivered to the Vice President the following statement of the results:

In testimony whereof, CARL HAYDEN and CARL T. CURTIS, tellers on the part of the Senate, EDNA F. KELLY and FRANCES P. BOLTON,
In our campaigns, no matter how hard fought they may be, no matter how close the election may turn out to be, those who lose accept the verdict, and support those who win. I would like to say that, believe that 14 years in the government for 14 years, which began in the House just 14 years ago, almost to the day, which continued with 2 years in the Senate and 8 years as Vice President, at 1 o'clock and 48 minutes past the hour, I do not think we could have anything that is bigger than any man's ambition, greater than any party. It is the cause of freedom, of justice, and peace for all mankind.

It is in that spirit that I now declare that John F. Kennedy has been elected President of the United States, and Lyndon B. Johnson, Vice President of the United States, Members of the Congress, the purpose for which the two Houses of Congress was called pursuant to Senate Concurrent Resolution 1, having been accomplished, the Chair directs that the two Houses of Congress be dissolved.

The SPEAKER. Pursuant to Senate Concurrent Resolution 1, I hereby direct that the electoral vote be spread at large upon the Journal.

THE SPEAKER'S BIRTHDAY

Mr. Mccormack. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members who may desire to do so may extend their remarks at this point in the Congressional Record. In relation to the birthday of our beloved Speaker, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Rayburn), and that in connection with my regrets the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Patman) may extend his permission to extend his remarks in the body of the Record immediately following those of the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. Atchens).

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

Mr. Albert. Mr. Speaker, I desire to join the distinguished majority leader in wishing you a happy birthday with many happy returns. Your distinguished service in this House surpasses that of all others and places your name in history beside the greatest of those who have served this country.

Your many kindnesses to me have given you a perpetual place in my heart, set apart from all others whom I have had the honor to know. I am proud to be a member of the congressional district borders yours. I am proud that the people in every section of my State look upon you affectionately as Oklahoma's great Congressman at Large. The people of Oklahoma really feel this way about you.
They adore you, and appreciate, beyond the power of words to express, the helpful hand you have given us on so many occasions.

We wish you many long years of health and happiness and many long years of distinguished and irreplaceable service in this great body.

Mr. ULLMAN. Mr. Speaker, it is a genuine pleasure to join the majority leader in extending to our beloved Speaker best wishes for a happy birthday and many more. The Members of this body have no finer or truer friend than Speaker Rayburn. His qualities of greatness are worn easily. He has never lost the common touch, the love for people second only to his love for his country. His door is always open for his fellow Members of this great body. Although he is the busiest man here, he is the most accessible. His advice, counsel, and judgment have been an invaluable staff to me since the day I arrived here. America is fortunate to have this man of the people, this great Democrat, as one of its foremost leaders. His influence on history extends beyond the borders of his congressional district in Texas and beyond the borders of his beloved country. All the world is better for his presence. His views, his words, and his actions reflect his position of great responsibility to every corner of the world. I extend my sincerest congratulations and best wishes to Speaker Rayburn on this 79th birthday.

Mr. THORNBERY. Mr. Speaker, I want to join the majority leader and my colleagues in wishing the distinguished Speaker a happy birthday.

It is a great privilege for all of us to have had the opportunity to be associated with him in the House of Representatives. One of the most satisfying experiences I have ever had is my association with him and the generous friendship he has afforded me.

Throughout this Nation and the world I know there are men and women who recognize the splendid service to humanity everywhere.

Mr. EVINS. Mr. Speaker, I should like to join with our distinguished majority leader, the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. McCormack), and others in extending birthday congratulations to Speaker Rayburn on the occasion of his 79th birthday anniversary.

Speaker Rayburn, as we all know, is recognized as a great Texan and a great American, but I would like to remind my colleagues that he is also a great Tennessean. Tennessee claims him as one of its foremost leaders, and distinguished record of service to our beloved country.

During the adjournment of Congress Mr. Sam returned to Tennessee and to his home in Bonham, Tex., and brought you over there, which is adjacent to the district I have the honor to represent in the Congress. During this latest visit to his native State, I had the pleasure and privilege of being among the party that received Mr. Sam and welcomed him back to Tennessee. That was a great day for our State and today is also a great occasion as Tennesseans, Texans and all Americans congratulate Speaker Rayburn on another milestone in his distinguished career.

The illustrious career and record of Speaker Rayburn is unsurpassed and unequaled in the history of our Nation. It has been said of Speaker Rayburn that he is the most influential man in Congress. Speaker Rayburn is felt around the world and as we move into the sixties I am most happy to join with others in wishing for our friend, Speaker Rayburn, many years of good health, good luck, success, and happiness.

Mr. MARSHALL. Mr. Speaker, I am sure that this House has never been more unanimous than it is in extending our good wishes to the Speaker on his birthday.

No man has occupied the Speaker’s chair longer than its present occupant and few have enjoyed the great measure of respect and affection that is his. He has shared his pride in the House of Representatives and his love for the Congress with all of us and has made us proud to serve with him.

He has been given of his 50 years of experience and all of us have benefited by it. He is a good friend and a just leader who gives dignity and honor to this House.

Despite the heavy duties of the speakership, he remains a ready friend and a valued counselor. In the finest sense, he is a true leader of men.

Speaker Rayburn has won the respect and earned the admiration of thousands of men and women who have served with him. There is no better testimony to his integrity and his talents. No man has ever done more in the course of his efforts through a half century of dedicated service to his fellow citizens.

Our words do not add to his stature but they extend from this position of great responsibility to every corner of the world. I extend my sincerest congratulations and best wishes to Speaker Rayburn.

Mr. BOYKIN. Mr. Speaker, I refer to the talk that our great Majority Leader John McCormack, of Boston, made about our beloved Speaker. Of course John McCormack is known to be one of the great orators, not only of the Congress, but of this Nation or any other place, and while he did, Mr. Speaker, with a fine flourish of his pen, there is no way in the English language, or any other language I know, to properly describe the love and respect that the men in this House, on both sides of the aisle, and the representatives of every human being in America, love and regard our own Speaker Sam Rayburn. They know Sam Rayburn, of Bonham, Tex., to be a real man, a great man, a good man and an American.

Mr. Speaker, I have worked with you day in and day out, weekends, nights, Sundays, and in conventions all over this Nation for over a quarter of a century; and your whole life and your heart and your mind and your whole being in America, love and regard our own Speaker Sam Rayburn. They know Sam Rayburn, of Bonham, Tex., to be a real man, a great man, a good man and a statesman and an American.

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that night over the radio and television hook-up, we contacted several hundred thousand of people hear your speech and we had never heard a better one. The great Bos Skkes, of Crestview, Fla., and his wonderful wife, Inez, phoned when they heard you, and said they enjoyed your wonderful talks and the talks that were made by all of the great men that were there to help us in our campaign. The same thing from down the Atlantic coast, now the Gulf of Mexico, from there on the gulf coast, then up at York, Ala., on all over that part of the country; and, Mr. Speaker, I had several telephone calls from Butler, Checotaw County, Ala., where I was born there and I understand that it is less than 100 miles from where you were born. You were born up there in that great country, the Horseshead Bend country, and that was a battle ground, where your people and my people fought with the Indians that really caused us to have that peace treaty with England. Had it not been for those great people of the Battle Ground, and then in Mobile at Fort Bowyer, which is Fort Morgan now, the battle at Pensacola, and the battle at New Orleans against the British, I believe, and many many people believe, we would still be a colony.

The great Tom Martin, chairman of the board of the Alabama Power Co., has spent thousands and thousands of hours of time in the past few years, going down to England to search for the records and found them; the English decided to make peace after we down in Alabama, in Tennesse, in Minnesota, and Florida, won three battles from the English. The second is clear, and your folks and my folks were there fighting side by side. Then the great Sam Houston was there, too. You and he, Sam Houston of the Alamo fame, where from the same part people fought with the English that really caused us to have that peace treaty with England.
generosity of the American taxpayer via for­
gain aid), maintain higher tariffs than we do—and lots of other trade restrictions as well.

In fact, one recent study identified 36 different ways—not counting tariffs—that countries can discourage foreign trade and block foreign investment. According to that study, no less than 63 countries require import licenses; 46 require export li­
ces; 76 have quotas; and 67 restrict outgoing capital; 23 have multiple rates of exchange; and 21 engage in preferen­
tial trading systems.

WE GIVE A LOT—AND GET SHORTCHANGED IN RETURN.

Often the United States has reduced its tariffs if other countries simply agree not to increase theirs. Sometimes other coun­
tries lower their tariffs on a so-called recipro­cal basis—but continue using other types of restrictions against our goods. Here is how this inequality works:

In 1959 Great Britain shipped 210,444 pas­
senger cars to this country, but took only 301 from us. West Germany sent us 7,079 cars, but took 2,000 of our own. France shipped us 171,285 cars, and accepted 666

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of centuries. The Panama Canal is not international, is not the property of any other country. It is ours, just as much ours as the Capitol dome and the national

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The campaign to oust the United States from control of the Panama Canal was started by Communists and supported by

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The Partido del Pueblo de Panama was one of the first Communist parties in the Caribbean. The Republic of Panama has two other parties, the National Liberal Party and the National Patriotic Coalition, both liberal; the Conservative Party is no longer in existence.

Panamanian imports over four times as much as she exports. This is because the canal brings a continuous stream of buyers into the Republic of Panama along with goods from Panamanian middlemen. This is one example of the many ways in which the United States has been a benefactor of Panama. In return, we ask only that Panama keep her word, given in 1903, that the United States would always have rights to the Canal Zone "to the entire exclusion of the exercise by the Republic of Panama of any such sovereign rights, power, or authority."

There is an enormous streamer on the campus of Panama's National University right now which reads, "The canal is ours."

OUR PROGRAM

1. Make the history of the canal known to others by means of a propaganda campaign which says that America has been unfair in her dealings. The truth is that we have been generous in their war with the Japanese and we have brought prosperity and sanitation to the people of the Republic without interference in their freedom, their way of life. No other major power in history has ever treated its smaller neighbors so justly.

2. Write to Hon. Christian A. Herter, Department of State, Washington, D.C., and ask him to declare that the United States shall not permit the Panamanian flag to fly in the Canal Zone.

3. Write to your Senators and Representa­tives in Congress requesting a resolution reaffirming our historic policy of exclusive sovereign control over the Canal Zone.

4. Help the National Liberal Party, which says that America has been unfair in her dealings. The truth is that we have been generous in their war with the Japanese and we have brought prosperity and sanitation to the people of the Republic without interference in their freedom, their way of life. No other major power in history has ever treated its smaller neighbors so justly.

5. Repeat the entire truth and alert others to the danger we are facing in Panama. With our knowledge and consent, Panama's nationalistic efforts are gradually undermining our rights and obligations. Things may move to a head swiftly. A year before Castro had ever heard of him. The complete removal of specials from jobs in the Canal Zone, and Red agitation and espionage were Dorothy accommodated.

The canal is the sole means of shifting war vessels from one ocean to the other quickly, and the United States is depending on Panama to investigate anti-American riots. Panamanian authorities now insist he promised them that they would not use their Canal Zone station in order to cover up a Panamanian military statement to correct my impression, Mr. Merchant?

Inauguration of the Governor of North Carolina

Mr. BONNER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks at this point in the Raccoon and include it in the Record.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from North Carolina?

There was no objection.

Mr. BONNER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to call the attention of my colleagues to the important event in the history of my beloved State of North Carolina. Yesterday I witnessed this event—the inauguration of Terry Sanford as Governor.

I was impressed with the ceremony and parade for Governor and Mrs. Sanford and with the military honors rendered for the new Governor and his wife. Former Gov. Luther Hodges and Mrs. Hodges were also honored by the military.

Most of all, however, I was impressed with the individual personalities and talents among the group. I would like to point out that Gov­ernor Hodges has had the longest tenure as Governor since North Carolina became a State in 1776. Governor Hodges has been described as a man of quick wit and success as a businessman, of his greatness as Governor, and of his integrity as a human being. It was no surprise to North Carolina that Governor Hodges was named as Secretary of Commerce for the Cabinet of President-elect John F. Kennedy.

Youthful, but mature, Terry Sanford is also capable of great leadership. He was the firm backing of the North Carolina citizenry and by the North Carolina congressional delegation that accompanied me yesterday. Our interest and support is that this be preserved with our support and sincere best wishes for Governor Sanford's tenure in office.

I would also like to extend my best wishes to the new Lieutenant Governor, Philip B. Love, who, like other members of the Hodges, has been successful in business. With Governor Sanford's ability as an attorney and Lieutenant Governor Philip Love's knowledge of the business world in North Carolina, our new gubernatorial team cannot be matched. The two Senators from North Carolina [SAM J. ERVIN, JR., and B. EVERETT JORDAN] had intended to be present at the inaugu­ration but at the last minute, were forced to change their plans because of sena­torial obligations.

All of the Members of the House delega­tion in Congress were in attendance.

They were: 1st District, HERBERT B. BRO­NER; 2d District, L. H. FOUNTAIN; 3d Dis­trict, DAVID N. HENDERSON; 4th District, HEROLD D. COOLEY; 5th District, RALPH J. SCOTT; 6th District, HORACE K. RINEHART; 7th District, ARROW LASSO; 8th District, A. PAUL KITCHEN; 9th District, HUGH Q. ALEXANDER; 10th District, CHARLES RAPER JONES; 11th District, BASIL L. WHITENER; and 12th District, ROY A. TAYLOR.

The following schedule of events on inauguration day:

CALENDAR OF EVENTS

THURSDAY, JANUARY 5, 1961

10:30 a.m.: Military honors rendered for Governor and Mrs. Hodges at the executive mansion, 200 North Blount Street.

10:35—11:50 a.m.: Ceremony of Governor and Mrs. Hodges, Governor-elect and Mrs. Sanford, Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Barnhardt, Lieutenant Governor-elect and Mrs. Phillips, and the inaugural party from the executive mansion to the Raleigh Memorial Auditorium. (Route: Blount Street to Edenton Street at Capitol Square and down Fayetteville Street.)

12:00 noon: Inauguration, Raleigh Memorial Auditorium.
Mr. Speaker, the provisions of H.R. 2 are not new. The Honorable Thomas B. Curtis, of Missouri, and I introduced identical bills in the 86th Congress containing these provisions and they were also contained in other bills which were before the last two Congresses.

The proposal has the recommendation of the House Select Committee on Small Business, the Senate Select Committee on Small Business, as well as the active support and sponsorship of many Members of Congress. The Committee on Ways and Means, after examination of the legislative history and the provisions of this legislation in meeting one of the greatest problems of small business. In its Report No. 2198, dated July 18, 1958, the committee stated:

"Your committee is convinced that one of the greatest problems confronting small and medium sized businesses is the acquistion of sufficient capital to modernize and maintain the rate of expansion experienced by their larger competitors. In this regard your committee is aware of the fact that small and medium sized businesses must rely very largely upon retained earnings for modernization and expansion. Thus, there is a need to allow such businesses to postpone, or to reduce, taxes based upon reinvestment in inventory and depreciable property, and would have liked to have included a provision along these lines in the bill. However, it has been forced to the conclusion that the budgetary limitations under which all tax relief must now be considered are such that any tax reduction which now could be granted under a reinvestment formula is so small as to represent any meaningful tax relief to small businesses."

Mr. Speaker, the endorsements of these committees were the results of lengthy hearings held throughout the country. The action of these committees represents a considered judgment based upon the analysis of survival and growth problems affecting millions of small and medium size businesses, and was backed by 50 national trade associations and the voluminous record of the 1957 hearings held by the Senate Select Committee on Small Business.

Improvements of small and medium-size businesses are not possible unless the supply of capital and the prospects of after-tax earnings sufficient to pay dividends or repay borrowed money. Small businesses have found it almost impossible to secure the funds necessary for growth. To aid in achieving this end your committee has investigated a various proposals to postpone, or to reduce, taxes based upon reinvestment in inventory and depreciable property, and would have liked to have included a provision along these lines in the bill. However, it has been forced to the conclusion that the budgetary limitations under which all tax relief must now be considered are such that any tax reduction which now could be granted under a reinvestment formula is so small as to represent any meaningful tax relief to small businesses.

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with a competitive atmosphere and a tax, financial, and general economic environment in which individual initiative, rather than lump financial resources and market power, determine survival and growth.

The cornerstone of the reinvestment of earnings principle contained in the bill is that the tax credit is only available to those businesses which increase their expenditures for depreciable assets and stock in trade. A business must take affirmative action in increasing inventory, plant, and equipment, increased inventories and accounts receivable to be eligible for the tax credit. Revenue loss, if any, would be minimal. Moreover, the stimulus to employment and production resulting from the reinvestment incentives would precede by at least 1 year whatever tax impact there might be, if any.

I have long been impressed with the basic simplicity and soundness of the re-investment of retained earnings approach as the solution to the capital needs required acutely to finance the growth of these smaller concerns. The current state of the economy emphasizes the benefits obtainable to the entire business structure, through increased employment and renewed productivity of idle plant capacity, by early enactment of the measure by this Congress. In view of the overwhelming evidence supporting the necessity for the affirmative relief, which the measure would grant, contained in the hearings of several subcommittees of both Houses of Congress, and reaffirmed in committee reports, it is my earnest hope that favorable consideration of the bill will be one of the first actions taken by this Congress.

Mr. Speaker, I include H.R. 2 in the Record at this point:

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:*

**SECTION 1. DEDUCTION FOR ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT IN DEPRECIABLE ASSETS, INVENTORY, AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE.**

(a) ALLOWANCE.—Part VI of subchapter B of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 161. ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT IN DEPRECIABLE ASSETS, INVENTORY, AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE.

"(a) GENERAL RULE.—In the case of any person engaged in a trade or business, there shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable year an amount measured by the additional investment in such trade or business for the taxable year.

"(b) LIMITATION.—The deduction under this section for any taxable year shall not exceed whichever of the following is the lesser:

"(1) $30,000, or

"(2) an amount equal to 25 percent of the taxable income (computed without regard to this section) from such trade or business for such taxable year.

"(c) ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the additional investment in a trade or business for a taxable year shall mean the increase in investment in such trade or business for the taxable year, as compared with the investment of the trade or business for the preceding taxable year.

"(A) all property used in the trade or business which is subject to the allowance for depreciation provided in section 167.

"(B) all stock in trade and property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or business, and

"(C) all accounts receivable attributable to sales to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or business.

"(2) a similar aggregate, computed as of the beginning of such taxable year.

"(3) AFFILIATED GROUP.—For purposes of this section:

"(1) All members of an affiliated group shall be treated as one taxpayer, and

"(2) The Secretary or his delegate shall apportion the limitation contained in subsection (b) of this section among the members of such affiliated group in such manner as he shall by regulations provide.

"(4) AFFILIATED GROUP DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the term 'affiliated group' has the meaning assigned to it by section 1504, except that, for such purposes, the phrase 'more than 50 percent' shall be substituted for the phrase 'at least 50 percent' each place it occurs in section 1504(a).

"(b) THE DECREASED AREA BILL AND A BILL TO EXTEND TAX CONCESSIONS TO FIRMS EXPANDING OR MOVING INTO UNEMPLOYMENT AREAS

Mr. STRATTON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks at this point in the Record.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

Mr. STRATTON. Mr. Speaker, on Tuesday I introduced for appropriate reference two pieces of legislation which I believe to be urgently needed in meeting the most serious economic problem that faces the Nation today, the problem of unemployment.

My first bill is the familiar depressed area bill which was passed by the 86th Congress, subsequently vetoed by President Eisenhower, and which featured so prominently in the recent election campaign. I have introduced this measure in the precise form in which it passed the Congress last year. While some changes might be desirable, last year's bill would at least seem to offer the formula by which most rapid agreement can be achieved in the 87th Congress, and certainly we must act quickly.

My second bill is the bill which I have submitted to introduce the 87th Congress in order to give special tax concessions to those who move into an unemployment area or who are prepared to resist the lure of moving and who decide instead to remain in a distressed area and expand their manufacturing facilities there.

My bill would enable such businesses to depreciate their construction costs at a faster rate. Rapid amortization is not, of course, any forgiveness in taxes. It is only a temporary deferral of tax returns to the Government. Yet experience has shown that this type of tax treatment can be helpful as a business stimulant. We have seen much of the old idea of industry to stay where it is, or even to move back into unemployment areas, and I believe this legislation will help to do the job.

In the past year we have seen the special task force in the Department of Commerce appointed by President-elect Kennedy and presided over by the distinguished senior Senator from Illinois (Mr. Durante), submitted its recommendations for dealing with this problem. I was most pleased to see included in these recommendations one proposing precisely the kind of special tax amortization provided for in my legislation. The report's recommendation is as follows:

As additional encouragement to private industry to locate branch plants in chronic and persistent labor surplus areas in the United States, and to expand existing enterprises in these areas, consideration should be given to the question of whether special tax amortization providing accelerated writeoff of plant and equipment would help to encourage industries to locate or expand their facilities in such areas.

Mr. Speaker, I urge speedy action on my two bills. The hour is late and the needs in my district and of other districts throughout our country press for the swiftest and most effective type of remedial action. Very likely in meeting the needs of these unemployment areas we will also succeed in providing the added push that will succeed in getting our overall economy out of its current doldrums and moving ahead once again.
rule charter for the District of Columbia. This bill, which is being simultaneously introduced in the Senate by the distinguished senator from Oregon, Senator Morse, and by the able chairman of the Senate Committee, Speaker Reed, and the nonvoting Delegate to the House, is designed to place the mayor, council, and nonvoting Delegate to this House.

Under leave to extend my remarks, Mr. Speaker, I am sure that the following joint statement, read by myself and my distinguished colleague and friend, the senior Senator from Oregon, be printed in full at this point in my remarks:

JOINT STATEMENT BY SENATOR WAYNE MORSE AND CONGRESSWOMAN ETHEL GREEN OF OREGON

We have today introduced in the Senate and House, respectively, a bill providing for a meaningful and democratic home rule charter for the District of Columbia. The bill which we have submitted to the Congress is the hope which will be early and favorable action, provides for an elective mayor, council, and nonvoting Delegate to the House. It is our belief that this measure, together with the constitutional amendment which the Congress last year submitted to the States, providing for a presidential vote for the people of the Nation's Capital, will bring the reality of democracy to the people of that city which ought to stand as a symbol of democracy throughout the world.

Contrary to the intent of the Founding Fathers, and certainly contrary to the practice of the past, the residents of Washington have for many years been denied any voice in their own government. The affairs of this great American city have been in the hands of appointed officials of the District Commission, and the Members of the Congress, in my view, could not be held responsible in any way by the people of the District. This has been a simple and indefensible denial of the basic principle of democracy. It is not enough to say that the Commissioners have been good men. Most have been. It is not enough to say that the Members of the Congress have dealt generously with the people of the District, which has often been the case. It is not enough to say that the question of the right of three-quarters of a million Americans to govern their own destinies, for good or ill. We wish to see high hopes to the enactment of this legislation, and to the ratification of the proposed constitutional amendment by the State legislatures.

THE SPEAKER'S BIRTHDAY

Mr. FULTON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks at this point in the Record.

Mr. Speaker. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Pennsylvania?

There was no objection.

Mr. FULTON. Mr. Speaker, I should like at this time to congratulate the Speaker both as Speaker and as a friend on his birthday.

The following is a transcript of the tribute paid to the Honorable Sam Rayburn, Speaker of the House of Representatives, just read by Speaker for the ninth time. This tribute was broadcast by Ray Henley on the Three Star Extra program, Thursday evening, January 5, 1959, by the National Broadcasting Co.

The following is the text of that nationwide broadcast:

The grand old man of the Democratic Party will be widely feted at another milestone comes round. The daddy leader will be 79 tomorrow. No man in the party receives so much affection from his followers.

In his well-known tongue is not unlike the Baptist, but Democrat, especially the Democratic Members of the House of Representatives know him as a man of word and they believe him to be of higher status than it was 19 years ago. Mr. Speaker has joined the parade of wish-wishers, Representative James Fulton, of Alabama, of course, Mr. Speaker, to Barney House, one of three House Office Buildings named for Mr. Sam.

Three Star Extra hopes this measure goes through, as of course it will if Speaker Rayburn permits it to come up for action. The bill would name each of the buildings for a famous Democrat of long ago, one for Old Joe Cannon, of Illinois, another one for Nick Longworth who died as Speaker in Republican days. He was the husband of Princess Alice, daughter of Teddy Roosevelt. The third building would be named the Rayburn Building, fully justified recognition for three outstanding Speakers of the House.

HOUSING FOR THE ELDERLY BY THE PLYWOOD INDUSTRY

Mr. TOLLEFSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks in the body of the Record.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Washington?

There was no objection.

Mr. TOLLEFSON. Mr. Speaker, two of the pressing problems this Congress must face this year involve help for depressed areas and some action in producing for the needs of the country's senior citizens.

An organization that has its headquarters in my district in Washington is doing something about both of these problems in a way I think should prove interesting to you and to some of the country's business leaders.

Plywood made from Douglas-fir and other trees that grow in the rain forests of the Northwest is familiar to everybody. The surveys also prove that most of the things they need are not available. One of these things was comfortable housing for these people. The surveys also prove that most of the things they need are not available. The surveys also prove that most of the things they need are not available. The surveys also prove that most of the things they need are not available. The surveys also prove that most of the things they need are not available.

This has meant falling prices, production curtailment, unemployment, and depression-like conditions for a lot of areas that would compare with any in Washington, Oregon, and California.

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Because of some circumstances I will not go into here, the association began showing the field using the Plywood Industry Conference on Aging and is well worth your time to see. The house is cosponsored by the National Retired Teachers Association and the American Association of Retired Persons. I might have mentioned that 50,000 members certainly would know something about the value of the project.

It is a small, compact home that has all the features anyone could want. It

The promotional arm of the industry is the Douglas-Fir Plywood Association. More than 130 western plywood mills are members. This association provides quality control for its members to keep up with new production, production of housing for the people of the Northwest is familiar to everybody.

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stop
is easy to maintain, comfortable, and, probably best of all, can be built for about $9,000. It has two bedrooms, a separate dining room, a modern kitchen—even a special room where the homeowner can install woodworking equipment or work on a hobby.

In addition to this, the plywood association is providing every builder needs to offer house in his area. Plans, financing information, data on the market, methods of selling—these things are all available. These houses should sell everywhere in the country, everywhere people live and want to live their retirement years. And the house can be built by itself, as part of a duplex or four-plex, or as a unit in row or tract housing.

As a result of its own efforts, and using its own money, here is what the plywood industry has done:

It has provided a much-needed solution to some pressing housing needs for elderly people who are living in houses too big or too inconvenient for their needs, or others unnecessarily living in institutions.

The housing industry, in desperate need of something to help it get on its feet, has everything it needs to appeal to the market.

For itself, the plywood industry has created a market that will allow it to go back to full employment and cure the depressed conditions in the areas so desperately in need of new homes.

The plywood industry believes that this is certainly a much healthier way to solve these problems than to call on the Federal Government for aid to depressed areas and subsidized housing for the elderly. Certainly, Government programs can help, particularly in the field of mortgage insurance. But by doing something about these things itself, the plywood industry has saved the taxpayer a lot of money and saved a lot of Americans from hardship and inconvenience.

This house is open now for the inspection of the public. Members of Congress have been invited to the Members of Congress. I earnestly urge you to take time from your busy schedule to see for yourself what this dynamic industry has done to help itself and to help this country.

TAX ADJUSTMENT BILL

Mr. NELSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from Missouri (Mr. CURTIS) may extend his remarks in the body of the Record.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Minnesota?

There was no objection.

Mr. CURTIS of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I have introduced a tax adjustment bill primarily designed to aid small- and medium-size businesses without increasing the investment of earnings principle. It is identical with the bill which my colleague, the Honorable FRANK IRVING, of Texas, introduced in the last Congress.

The bill is straightforward measure to encourage the growth of small- and medium-size concerns by enabling them to use some of their net earnings to finance growth through expansion and modernization. It would permit millions of businesses located in every city, town, or hamlet to use the historical method of financing business in the American economy—by plowing back earnings reinvested in new equipment and new additions to facilities or inventories. Specifically, the bill would permit all business to deduct from taxable net income an amount equal to the aggregate addition to capital represented by reinvestment in the productive wealth stream some millions of dollars into the productive wealth stream some millions of dollars. This bill provides for the relief so sorely needed. It will provide additional employment not only in the smaller concerns but to all producers and suppliers of capital goods and their end products. The time has just arrived when the Federal Treasury can afford not to have lifeline to the necessity of maintaining a climate favorable to the economic growth of the nation.

Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentleman from Iowa (Mr. Horsven) may extend his remarks in the body of the Record.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Iowa?

There was no objection.

Mr. HOEVEN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to the gentleman from
New York [Mr. MILLER] and to con­gratulate him on his election as chair­man of the Republican Congressional Committee.

Everyone who has served in this body during the past 10 years and those new Republican members who Tuesday were seated for the first time know BILL MIL­LER as a capable and devoted legislator, and indefatigable worker and a cam­paign director without peer. During the five terms he already has served in the Congress, he has estab­lished himself as a true statesman and a valued colleague. He has never devi­ated from principle, regardless of the tremendous pressures which often have been brought to bear on him. His judg­ment and counsel on all legislative mat­ters have been invaluable to his col­leagues, his constituency, and his Nation as a whole.

BILL MILLER first was elected chair­man of the Republican Congressional Committee on January 21, 1960, to suc­ceed our late and beloved colleague from Pennsylvania, Richard M. Simpson. In January, 1966, our party was able to recapture 21 of the seats we had lost in the preceding election.

The victory was particularly sig­nificant because it came during a year when the Nation was electing a member of the opposite party to the Presidency. In addition, BILL MILLER has breathed new fire into the committee he heads. Under his chairmanship, a vigorous, efficient, and effective organization has been developed. I am confident that because of this minority in this body again will become the majority when the people go to the polls in 1962.

CHIEF FORESTER OF UNITED STATES HONORED

Mr. MCCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentle­man from Florida [Mr. SIKES] may ex­tend his remarks in the body of the Record and include extraneous matter.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

Mr. SIKES. Mr. Speaker, the Depart­ment of Agriculture's Forest Service rates high in the esteem of Congress. The current shape and future of the U.S. Forest Service in the multiple-use management of our great Federal forest properties and in the administra­tion of the cooperative programs with our State and private forest agencies are outstanding. This bureau is repre­sented by a dedicated group of Federal employees who have an enviable esprit de corps and a reputation for hard work. It is a inestimable that the returns in­sums of money to the Federal Treasury and to the States from the sale of timber and other forest resources which it har­vests on a sustained yield basis.

It is fitting therefore that Chief For­ester Richard E. McArdle is one of the five career men of the Federal Govern­ment to go to the White House on Janu­ary 11 to receive the President's Award for Distinguished Federal Civilian Serv­ice.

The President based his selections on recommendations of awards board headed by Hon. James P. Mitchell, Secre­tary of Labor.

To be selected from the 2.4 million U.S. civil servants as one of the 5 employees to receive this significant citation, is indeed, an honor of which Chief Mc­Ardle is deserving.

Mr. Speaker, I am submitting for the record excerpts from the Washington Post of January 4 account of this award:

"Through these awards," said the Pres­i­dent in a special memorandum, "a grateful Nation honors these men who have dedic­ated their highest abilities to serving the best interests of this great country.

"I take this opportunity to express my faith in the skill and devotion to duty that characterize the Federal work force. These characteristics provide a firm basis for the Nation's continued progress in the future.

"Chief McArdle, a Government forester for 36 years, has served in all major forest regions of the United States and, the President said, "his imagination, vision, and inspiring lead­ership have brought exceptional progress in the development and protection of vital for­est resources for the American people now and for generations to follow."

McArdle, a native of Kentucky, received a Ph. D. degree from the University of Michigan and devoted his early career to research in forestry.

TEN-YEAR PROGRAM OF GRANTS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF MEDICAL, DENTAL, AND PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES

Mr. MCCORMACK. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentle­man from Rhode Island [Mr. FOGARTY] may extend his remarks in the body of the Record and include extraneous mat­ter.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Massachusetts?

There was no objection.

Mr. FOGARTY. Mr. Speaker, on May 6, 1959, I introduced in the first ses­sion of the 86th Congress a bill to au­thorize 10-year grants for the construction of medical, dental, and public health education facilities. I did so because we as a nation are sorely lagging in developing our schools of medic­ine, dentistry, public health, and other centers for education and research in the health field. We are not equipped to meet the needs of today and even less prepared to face the challenges of to­morrow.

My proposal received no support what­ever from the Eisenhower administra­tion and no action was taken by that session of Congress. I reintroduced the bill in June of 1960, and the proposed legisla­tion to provide Federal funds for the con­struction and expansion of health teaching facilities received wide support from eminent medical, dental, and public health educational authorities through­out the country. Nonetheless, the bill was never reported out of committee.

Today, I ask unanimous consent to move quickly in authorizing a program for the construction of medical, dental, and public health training facilities. We have lost more ground than we can af­ford during the past 18 months, and we dare not lose more.

One of the more soaring realities of American life today is that we are rapid­ly losing a shortage of physicians and other health workers. We are fac­ing a shortage which will reach 15,000 physicians and 15,000 dentists by 1975. The prospect imperils the maintenance of our present health standards and pre­cludes the expansion demanded by our growing and aging population. Unless some positive steps are taken now, this shortage will be reflected in a lower level of public health services, in medical care, and other health services, in medical care, and other health services, in medical care, and in medical care.

We simply cannot let this situation continue. It is perfectly clear what must be done, and done quickly, for every month's delay simply intensifies the problem. We need facilities for educating greater numbers of medical, dental, and public health students each year, and these facilities will become possible with the assistance of the Federal Government.

The facts are set down clearly in a broad-scale study of medical education, conducted for the Surgeon General of the Public Health Service by the National Academy of Sciences, a group of national leaders in medicine, education, and public affairs, and published some 18 months ago. While the data con­tained in the report have been well re­viewed by a large number of those of us who have been concerned with the problems of education in the health professions, the conclusions give added urgency to our conviction that immediate action is required. I am sure that many of you are familiar with this report, entitled "Physicians for a Growing America," which brings together in one place all the circumstances and conditions which surround medical education today. To those of you who are not, I recommend it as required reading at an early date.

Specifically, among its recommenda­tions, the report states:

"To increase the supply of physicians and to safeguard and protect the Nation's in­vestment in research and medical care fa­cilities, the Federal government should give priority to the construction of medical school facilities.

"Bear in mind that this was a unani­mous recommendation of 22 non-Federal leaders in medicine, medical education, and related fields.

"We Americans speak proudly of our progress in the health field. It is true that we have made tremendous strides in many areas. We can be proud of what has been accomplished in the construc­tion of hospital and other health facil­i­ties, in the improvements of medical and public health services, in medical re­search and the assurance of its future development. We can be pleased with the advances associated with the pharma­ceutical and chemical industry, with the contributions of voluntary health agencies and foundations, and with the health consciousness of the American public in their recognition and action. We can be proud of these things, and pleased, but we cannot be content."
As I pointed out in this House 18 months ago, one of the great gaps in our present programs is in the absence of broad support for the health institutions as contrasted with the support that has been forthcoming for certain branches of medical science. Medical teaching institutions now receive grants from the Federal Government to assist in the support of teaching in specific branches of medical science. Through the provisions of the Health Facilities Act, Federal funds also are available for the establishment of laboratories and other research facilities. But, to date, the necessary assistance has not been forthcoming to enable these teaching institutions quantitatively to keep up with our population growth and with the demands engendered by the rapid changes in medicine and public health.

This longstanding concern of mine has been shared by many people who are influential leaders in medicine and science today. Numerous proposals have come to the attention of the Members of the Congress, from the executive branch, and from interests outside the Federal Government devising ways to meet at least part of the all-pervasive problem. There has been a great deal of discussion but almost nothing in the way of action.

Today I ask the Congress once more to consider legislation to give greater Federal assistance in the renovation and modernization of our present medical and related schools, and to give encouragement and stimulus to the construction of new schools. The legislation I am introducing is based upon an assumption that the introduction of a parallel field the highly productive present program of matching grants to assist in the construction of health research facilities. As I told the House a year and a half ago, this procedure would set no new precedents. Nor would it pose any philosophical problems, even among those who persist in the archeolic belief that the use of Federal funds for the partial support of medical schools would be a threat of Federal control and socialized medicine.

This legislation gives clear recognition to three things: First, that in a medical school education and research are interrelated parts of a single process; second, that adequate facilities are a basic requirement for medical, dental, and related research and education; and third, that the Federal Government shares in the responsibility to see that such facilities are abreast of the national need.

My proposals are completely in step with other construction programs, where matching funds from Federal sources—such as the Hill-Burton hospital construction program and the health research facilities construction program—have proved highly successful in helping the States, communities, and institutions raise money from non-Federal sources. Such matching grants foster and encourage the putting of State and private money to effective use. Without the needed Federal funds, the other funds might never be raised and the needed facilities probably never would be built.

I urgently recommend, therefore, that the Congress enact legislation to modify and extend the Public Health Service Act in the following major respects:

First. Add a new title to the Public Health Service Act to provide funds for the construction of new and the renovation of existing facilities for our public and nonprofit medical, dental, and public health schools to insure the continued production of an adequate number of properly qualified and trained physicians, dentists, teachers, and research scientists.

Second. Authorize appropriations of $50 million for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1961, and each of the 4 succeeding fiscal years, for the construction of new and the renovation and improvement of existing schools of medicine, dentistry, and public health.

Third. Authorize appropriations of $100 million for the period beginning July 1, 1961, and ending June 30, 1971, for grants for the construction of new schools of medicine, dentistry, and public health.

Fourth. Establish in the Public Health Service National Advisory Council on Health Educational Facilities to advise and assist the Surgeon General in the preparation of general regulations and to consider all applicants for health educational facilities grants. This Council would consist of the Surgeon General, as Chairman, and the Commissioner of Education as ex officio member, and of 10 members appointed by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare from the fields of health sciences, education, and public affairs.

I repeat, there is great need for the rapid enactment of such legislation.

I have already referred to the population change during the next decade. Our total population will grow from the present 180 million to 220 million by 1970. Nearly three-quarters of this increase will be among persons over 65 and under 20 years of age, when requirements for medical care—which means primarily more physicians—are most frequent.

The report of the Surgeon General’s consultant group of medical education—to which I referred earlier—states that to maintain the present ratio of 141 physicians to 100,000 population will require a total of 530,000 physicians in 1975. If the schools must graduate 11,000 medical students a year by that time—or 3,600 more a year than are presently being graduated—this means almost a 50-percent increase in output.

Moreover, the same report estimates that 330,000 physicians will be required by 1975 including the more than 1,500 physicians trained in foreign medical schools who are now licensed in this country each year. Obviously, we welcome all qualified physicians trained abroad to practice medicine in the United States if they wish to do so. At the same time, it is disquieting that a great and wealthy Nation such as ours could be dependent on other countries of the world for an adequate flow of medical manpower. This situation exists in no other circumstance than our country and highlights, I believe, the principle of national self-reliance in our health and medical field.

The consultants’ report also makes the very important point that to meet this 1975 figure, present schools must be expanded and a number of new schools established. Since the establishment of a new medical school usually takes about 10 years from the first planning to graduation of the first class, planning must begin right now. The report also applies the same urgency both as to need for increased numbers and to additional teaching facilities to dentists as to physicians.

An additional important consideration I would bring to your attention is the increasing responsibility carried by the medical schools in pioneering in the provision of medical and community health services. These schools carry out the largest component of the Nation’s research effort in the health field. In addition, they produce an important segment of the Nation’s total manpower for research in the health sciences.

As I told this body in May of 1959, the medical schools need for assistance in the construction of new and the renovation and stimulus to the education of more physicians cannot be more strongly demonstrated and often reiterated in studies and reports by such eminent groups as the Association of American Medical Colleges, the Council on Medical Education of the American Medical Association, and the Surgeon General’s consultant group, this House itself, along with many others whose interest, insight, and integrity are beyond question. They do not pretend, nor do I, that matching grants for construction purposes will meet all of the future needs of the medical schools. I intend to recommend further steps in the direction of additional assistance as the facts develop.

Right now, existing health educational institutions are inadequately housed and we need new schools to provide for the years ahead. It is futile to pretend that any other segment of American economy will meet this need without some Federal assistance.

To paraphrase the words of the Surgeon General’s consultant group: As a nation we have come to value and expect first-class medical service for all our people. But the provision of such service will be impossible without a stable support of other health personnel. Without them, the amount and quality of care must suffer. We have in this a national health problem, the need of the whole people. The purposes of the needed support is without question a national responsibility.
warned, and reopening the right for them to reinstate their national service life insurance is no more than fair. At the time of discharge, many of these veterans were relatively young and they were not aware of the values of this insurance. Some cases have come to my attention where veterans were even advised to drop their Government life insurance by service personnel who were uninformed.

I strongly urge the speedy enactment of this legislation to rectify this harsh treatment of our veterans.

SPECIAL ORDER

The SPEAKER. Under previous order of the House, the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Flood) is recognized for 30 minutes.

SUBVERSION IN STATE DEPARTMENT

Mr. FLOOD. Mr. Speaker, in numerous statements to the House and in press releases, I have emphasized the treasonable influences in the Department of State as related to the conduct of our Caribbean and Isthmian policies.

The strength of these influences was boldly exhibited on September 17, 1960, officially designated as Constitution Day, when the President shocked the Nation to the core of the matter.

But the Department records do not show the employment of a William Arthur Montenegro, is responsible for the success of Pidel Casto.

The strength of these influences was far the press of our Nation has not seen, but the press of Cuba, has pointed directly to the source of the trouble-subversion in the Department of State.

Less dramatic but equally serious in its implications has been the failure of our Cuban policy, which has had the effect of weakening U.S. citizens, the setting up of a Soviet satellite in the West Indies, and invasions of other countries by revolutionaries from Cuba.

So far the press of our Nation has not treated these questions as they should be, with the result that the influences responsible for these dangerous developments are still with us.

Following an article by a distinguished scholar and author, George E. Sokolsky, of New York, has pointed directly to the source of the trouble-subversion in the Department of State.

The articles follow:

[From the Washington Post, Dec. 17, 1960]

THE ORGANIZATION OF STATE

(By George E. Sokolsky)

The foreign affairs of this country have assumed a primacy in the public eye that is considerably exaggerated for unless this country's currency is sound, unless its errors which have brought upon us many of the policies which adequate preparation should have won.

There are a few men which, if properly prepared, will make previous cases look very mild, indeed.

William Arthur Montenegro under that name and under another name, wrote for the Panama Post from 1933 to 1937. That is a good place to start if anyone needs a tip.

Then there is a man which which, if properly prepared, will make previous cases look very mild, indeed.

The State Department has a technique for covering up and for evading scandals. When a State Department official goes wrong or is caught with bloody hands, the trick is to send him to other parts of the world, far from the people until those who are interested forget about him, get interested in something else, or die. Then the career official who went away every return to Washington.

But the Cuban story will not die down. Too many Cubans have been robbed of their homes. Too many Americans have lost their businesses. Too many Latin Americans fear the Communist menace.

They are after Senator Arthur Montenegro by whatever name he has gone in the State Department. They know who he is, and they will do all in their power to drive him out of Europe. The State Department sends him.

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There were such a committee as Senator McCarran or Senator Joseph McCarthy head a hearing concerning the infiltration of Cuba, but they did not go far enough. The purpose is to get at the magnitude, and it would be out in the open.

Senator Fulbright is insistent that the State Department should tell us the names of the Communists, and the names of the men, career men, those who prepare themselves for the Foreign Service and stay in it, as a life work. Therefore, it is up to Senator Fulbright to investigate William Arthur Montenegro by whatever name he has gone in the State Department.

How is it possible for a person to enter upon a State Department career without the proper preparation? How was he able to get a college and an incompleted course? What goes on in that very choice department? And when Cuba is the subject are said to have been told to do by whatever name he goes.

On this subject, there ought to be a public hearing and the first three men who ought to testify are Robert Hill, American Ambassador to Mexico; Arthur Gardner, American Ambassador to Cuba; Earl E. Smith, American Ambassador to Cuba.

These men should be required to tell publicly, under oath, what their personal experience has been in the Castro matter and what their experience has been with the State Department, and what reports they sent to the Department warning of subversive activity in Latin America which were ignored. It would be interesting to know if such reports reached higher officials, particularly President Eisen- hower, and if so, why neither the President nor anyone might ask Herbert Matthews of the New York Times to identify William Arthur Montenegro, unless he can understand the State Department attitude toward Castro, it is essential to have Matthews identify him. Mr. Gardner, Mr. Hill, and Mr. Smith told me that when he was appointed ambassador, he was instructed by the Department to be brief by Herbert Matthews. So far this has been an effect before a congressional committee.

[From the Washington Post, Dec. 30, 1960]

EACH YEAR IT'S OWN

(By George E. Sokolsky)

The year 1961 brings in a new President, with some new faces in his administration and some very old ones. Some of the new faces give hope of a rationalization of the structure and policy of government. Some of the old faces are not a little frightening, however, because they were among the authors of the errors which have brought upon us many of the policies which which come to a President with a jaundiced eye to reform. It is not so much a matter of the policies which have grown older and they do mature and those who blundered may have learned that doctrinaire assumptions are neither facts nor policies.

What is necessary is not so much a reaffirmation of policy as a total rationalization of the personnel of the State Department. And this brings me to the question of what will be done about William Arthur Montenegro, by whatever name he goes in the State Department.

I have been told that the Eastland committee has been investigating William Arthur Montenegro, by whatever name he goes in the State Department for nearly two months, and that this committee possesses more information concerning him and his activities than any other that I doubt that, for I have the entire story. However, if the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee possesses such data, what is it waiting for?

The new President will need to face many recombinations of departments, but none is as important as the recommendation of the State Department and of other departments which deal with foreign relations. For some reason, the Department has, for many years, been infiltrated and infected with unsatisfactory personnel. It is not so much a matter of the "ugly American," as it is that the information which comes to a President is too late, too inadequate or even incorrect and that the day-by-day actions and decisions which cumulate into policies beyond what can act, are not always beneficial to the United States.
CUBA AND GUANTANAMO

Mr. FLOOD. Mr. Speaker, the breaking of diplomatic relations by the United States with the Communist-dominated Government of Cuba on January 3, 1960, as the result of a Cuban ultimatum to the United States, to respect Cuba's status as a sovereign nation and to agree to the renunciation of the United States interest in the Cuban situation, places in a new light the question of our own commitment to the principles of international law. The United States, as the greatest advocate and guarantor of those principles, must now ask whether, by its own conduct, it has not undermined the very foundations of international law.

The United States, as a nation, and I as an individual, believe that in the course of the negotiations leading up to the final agreement between the United States and Cuba, the United States has not treated Cuba as an independent sovereign nation, but as a dependent territory, subject to the United States intervention and influence. The United States, in its negotiations with Cuba, has not respected the principles of international law, but has used its own strength and influence to dictate terms to Cuba, and to impose its own views and policies upon Cuba.

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DR. TANSSLI IS ONE OF THE LEADING AUTHORITIES OF THE COUNTRY IN HIS FIELD WHOSE VIEWS COMMAND RESPECT.

THE INDICATED ARTICLE follows:
THE MONROE DOCTRINE AND THE RIGHT OF SELF-DEFENSE

(By Charles Callan Tansull)

In one of his hysterical tirades against the United States, Nikita Khrushchev boldly announced that the Monroe Doctrine is out of date and no longer has any validity in international relations. In Cuba, Premier Castro accepted this declaration at face value, and has confided to thunder against any application of the doctrine.

To any student of American foreign policy it is evident that in 1823 President Monroe sent his famous message to Congress as a warning to European powers that America would seriously object to any intervention in Latin America. This warning was unilateral and was based upon the principles of international law dealing with the doctrine of self-defense. Every nation has a Monroe Doctrine that is designed to protect its national security and it can never be out of date.

Since 1898 the Caribbean has been an American danger zone and our Presidents have been deeply concerned about any type of intervention by any European power for southern independence. The Department of State has watched with anxious eye for any indication that the British or the Dutch were moving through the transfer of sovereignty of island possessions. We were particularly fearful that any change in the status of the Danish West Indies, and in August, 1916, President Wilson exerted pressure upon Denmark that she sold the islands to the United States for $25 million.

The attitude of President Theodore Roosevelt's Intervention in Venezuela in 1902 is a twocided tale that does not need repetition here. But it is important to note that on December 6, 1904, he proclaimed his corollary to the Monroe Doctrine. If any nation in Latin America engaged in a breach of the Monroe Doctrine would be the United States, the United States can enforce its right. If any nation in Latin America engaged in a breach of the Monroe Doctrine would be the place of any individual action on the part of the United States if its national security is seriously imperiled. The Monroe Doctrine and the important series of treaties that implement it, are merely expressions of the principles of international law dealing with the right of self-defense. This right is basic to national sovereignty and can never be abandoned by the United States.

PANAMA INTRIGUE: CONGRESS MUST INVESTIGATE SEQUEL

Mr. Flood, Mr. Speaker, in an address to the House on September 1960 under the title of "Panama Inquie: Congress Must Investigate," I included an exchange of correspondence between the Department of State and myself on the question of the applicability of the Monroe Doctrine. I also published with that assembly of letters was one to the chairman of the House Committee on Government Operations in which I urged that the commanders of that Department to determine the identity of these influences.

In November 1969, it will be recalled, the isthmus was the scene of the worst disorders in the Canal Zone since 1959. An explosion of European intervention in the Americas to placate radical-led mobs in Panama in the Canal Zone.

Here, Mr. Chairman, is an official admission of the willingness of the Department of State to compromise on the fundamental principle of the Monroe Doctrine.

In order that the Congress, especially committees concerned with the investigation of subversive influences in the Department of State, may be fully informed, I quote the two indicated letters:

HON. CHRISTIAN HEFTER, Secretary of State, Department of State, Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. SECRETARY: I would appreciate knowing what action is proposed, concerning the flag day parade in the Canal Zone on November 4, since no permit has been requested and Pamun has been fighting that the flag days for any reason will be in the Canal Zone.

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its previous order, the House adjourned until Monday, January 61, at 12 o'clock noon.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XXIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

215. A letter from the Administrator, General Services Administration, transmitting a copy of the certificate of ascertainment of electors of the State of Hawaii, dated January 4, 1961, pursuant to section 6, title 3, United States Code, to the Committee on House Administration.

216. A letter from the Chairman, National Advisory Council on International Monetary and Financial Problems, transmitting the Seventh Special Report of the Council on the operations and policies of the international financial institutions of which the United States is a member, for the 2-year period April 1, 1958 through March 31, 1960, pursuant to section 4(b)(6) of the Bretton Woods Agreements Act, as amended (H. Doc. No. 42); to the Committee on Banking and Currency and ordered to be printed.

217. A letter from the Administrative Assistant Secretary of the Interior, transmitting a report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1960, pursuant to (50 Stat. 885, 50 U.S.C. 166); to the Committee on Armed Services.

218. A letter from the President of the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia, transmitting a report of the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1960, pursuant to (20 Stat. 108); to the Committee on Government Operations.


220. A letter from the Comptroller General of the United States, transmitting a report on examination of conversion from a cost-plus-fixed-fee basis to a fixed-price basis of certain portions of Department of the Navy contracts NOY-88333 with Brown-Raymond-Wachter Co., for the Spanish base construction program; to the Committee on Government Operations.


222. A letter from the Secretary of the Army, transmitting a letter from the Chief of Engineers, Department of the Army, dated November 3, 1960, submitting a report, together with supporting papers and illustrations, on a review of reports on Sitka Harbor, Alaska, requested by resolutions of the Committees on Public Works, U.S. Senate, and U.S. House, adopted June 21, 1957 and July 31, 1957; to the Committee on Public Works.

223. A letter from the Secretary of the Army, transmitting a letter from the Chief of Engineers, Department of the Army, dated September 29, 1960, submitting a report, together with accompanying papers and illustrations, on a survey of Powells Bay, Va., authorized under authority of the Federal Water Pollution Act approved June 50, 1948; to the Committee on Public Works.

224. A letter from the Comptroller General of the United States, transmitting a report on our fiscal year 1959 review of the education and training programs adminis-
H.R. 1950. A bill to strengthen the domestic and foreign commerce of the United States by authorizing the Secretary of Transportation to enter into an agreement with the Air Force to establish an Office of International Travel within the Department of Commerce and a Travel Advisory Board; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. O'TOKONSKI:

H.R. 1951. A bill to provide for a national comprehensive community development program for the promotion of economic security and development and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

H.R. 1952. A bill to amend title 38 of the United States Code to provide that in determining eligibility of a veteran to disability pension the income of a spouse shall not be considered, and that the veteran's annual income; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1953. A bill to provide a basis for payment of death pension by the Veterans' Administration to a widow or child of a person who served in World War I, World War II, or the Korean conflict, and who died while on active duty under circumstances which are held not to be for a basis for an award of compensation or dependency and indemnity compensation; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1954. A bill to provide that amounts equal to amounts paid by a veteran for expenses of the last illness and burial of a wife or child shall not be considered in determining the annual income for pension purposes; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1955. A bill to amend section 338 of title 38, United States Code, to provide that veterans who serve 2 or more years in peace-time service shall be entitled to a presumptive rating for chronic diseases becoming manifest within 1 year from the date of separation from service are service connected; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1956. A bill to amend section 12(b) of Public Law 85-597 to provide for payment of the World War I bonus to certain individuals discharged on account of alienage, except pursuant to their own application or solicitation; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1957. A bill to eliminate the prohibition contained in section 1613 of title 38, United States Code, against affording education or training to an eligible veteran of the Korean conflict beyond 8 years after his discharge; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1958. A bill to amend chapter 15 of title 38, United States Code, to provide pension to War Widows and children of veterans disabled 80 percent or more while engaged in armed conflict or in extrahazardous service, including such service under circumstances simulating war; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1959. A bill to provide that where the entitlement of a veteran, widow, or child to a pension from the Veterans' Administration is based upon the veteran's having served in World War II, such a pension is eligible for any one or more of the purposes provided for by nonprofit clubs for the use of facilities; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1960. A bill to amend section 4242 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to exempt from income taxation amounts contributed by nonprofit clubs for the use of facilities; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1961. A bill to provide for adjusting conciliation agreements between domestic industries and foreign industries with respect to the level of wages and the working conditions in the production of articles imported into the United States; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1962. A bill to amend "Veterans' Benefits Act of 1937 to permit permanent plans U.S. Government life (converted) insurance policies and national service life insurance policies to be collateral for certain loans; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1963. A bill to increase the annual income limitations governing the payment of pension to certain veterans and their dependents; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

H.R. 1964. A bill to provide for the construction, operation, and maintenance of a lock and dam project, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

H.R. 1965. A bill relating to the interest rates on loans made by the Treasury to the Governor of the State of California to finance the programs authorized by the Rural Electrification Act of 1936; to the Committee on Agriculture.

H.R. 1966. A bill to provide for an increase in the amount of clerk hire available to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce of Representatives whose constituencies contain a population of 800,000 or more; to the Committee on House Administration.

H.R. 1967. A bill to cancel reimbursable charges against Mission Indian lands in California; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

H.R. 1968. A bill to authorize payment of the claims of certain former owners of property vested by the United States, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

H.R. 1969. A bill to prescribe the oath of office of justices and judges of the United States; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ALFORD:

H.R. 1970. A bill to provide for the free importation of wild animals and wild birds which are intended for exhibition in the United States; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1971. A bill to authorize certain beach erosion control of the shore in San Diego County, Calif.; to the Committee on Public Works.

H.R. 1972. A bill to amend the Tariff Act of 1930 to provide for the free importation of wild animals and wild birds which are intended for exhibition in the United States; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1973. A bill to amend section 171 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to permit stock of a small business corporation which is owned by a husband and wife to be treated as owned by a single shareholder for purposes of determining the number of shareholders of such corporation; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1974. A bill to encourage equity investment in new and small businesses, to relieve unemployment, and provide additional revenue to the Federal Government to be applied to the reduction of Federal debt and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1975. A bill to repeal the excise tax on amounts charged for the furnishing of medical service or facilities; to the Committee on Ways and Means.
H.R. 1993. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to provide for the increased use of Federal funds for the purchase of items for purchase by hospitals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Veterans’ Affairs.

H.R. 1992. A bill to authorize the classifica­tion of certain class II Ammunition with respect to the position, description and salary of mail handlers, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

H.R. 1991. A bill to provide for Federal grants and contracts to carry out projects with respect to techniques and practices for the control of juvenile delinquency, and for the training of personnel; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

H.R. 1990. A bill to provide Federal grants for the development of new construction or reconstruction of rental housing for low-income families; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

H.R. 1989. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 so as to provide for the increased use of Federal funds for the purchase of items for purchase by hospitals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1988. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 so as to provide for the increased use of Federal funds for the purchase of items for purchase by hospitals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1987. A bill to amend the Insurance Act of 1934, as amended, to provide for the increased use of Federal funds for the purchase of items for purchase by hospitals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1986. A bill to amend the Social Security Act so as to remove the limitation upon the amount of outside income which may be received by an individual while receiving benefits thereunder; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1985. A bill to provide for Federal grants for the development of new construction or reconstruction of rental housing for low-income families; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

H.R. 1984. A bill to provide a program of tax adjustments for small businesses and for persons engaged in small business; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1983. A bill to provide a program of tax adjustments for small businesses and for persons engaged in small business; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1982. A bill to provide Federal grants for the development of new construction or reconstruction of rental housing for low-income families; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

H.R. 1981. A bill to provide Federal grants for the development of new construction or reconstruction of rental housing for low-income families; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

H.R. 1980. A bill to provide Federal grants for the development of new construction or reconstruction of rental housing for low-income families; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

H.R. 1979. A bill to provide Federal grants for the development of new construction or reconstruction of rental housing for low-income families; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

H.R. 1978. A bill to provide Federal grants for the development of new construction or reconstruction of rental housing for low-income families; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

H.R. 1977. A bill to provide Federal grants for the development of new construction or reconstruction of rental housing for low-income families; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

H.R. 1976. A bill to provide Federal grants for the development of new construction or reconstruction of rental housing for low-income families; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

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H.R. 1973. A bill to provide Federal grants for the development of new construction or reconstruction of rental housing for low-income families; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

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H.R. 1969. A bill to provide Federal grants for the development of new construction or reconstruction of rental housing for low-income families; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

H.R. 1968. A bill to provide Federal grants for the development of new construction or reconstruction of rental housing for low-income families; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

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H.R. 1961. A bill to provide Federal grants for the development of new construction or reconstruction of rental housing for low-income families; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

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H.R. 1956. A bill to provide Federal grants for the development of new construction or reconstruction of rental housing for low-income families; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

H.R. 1955. A bill to amend the Social Security Act so as to provide for the increased use of Federal funds for the purchase of items for purchase by hospitals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1954. A bill to amend the Social Security Act so as to provide for the increased use of Federal funds for the purchase of items for purchase by hospitals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

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H.R. 1950. A bill to amend the Social Security Act so as to provide for the increased use of Federal funds for the purchase of items for purchase by hospitals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1949. A bill to amend the Social Security Act so as to provide for the increased use of Federal funds for the purchase of items for purchase by hospitals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1948. A bill to amend the Social Security Act so as to provide for the increased use of Federal funds for the purchase of items for purchase by hospitals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1947. A bill to amend the Social Security Act so as to provide for the increased use of Federal funds for the purchase of items for purchase by hospitals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1946. A bill to amend the Social Security Act so as to provide for the increased use of Federal funds for the purchase of items for purchase by hospitals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 1945. A bill to amend the Social Security Act so as to provide for the increased use of Federal funds for the purchase of items for purchase by hospitals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.
obligations of which moral turpitude is the gist of the action; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2052. A bill to amend section 48, title 18, United States Code, with respect to transportation of water-hyacinths and seeds; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. LINDSAY:

H.R. 2042. A bill to establish the Department of Urban Affairs and prescribe its functions; to the Committee on Government Operations.

H.R. 2048. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code so as to provide that the tax on admissions shall not apply to admissions to any live dramatic (including musical) performance; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MCCORMACK:

H.R. 2044. A bill to amend paragraph 1102 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, with respect to the duties on hair of the Cashmere goat; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 2045. A bill to amend section 406(a) (1) of the Tariff Act of 1930 so as to increase from $250 to $1,000 the valuation figure with respect to informal entries of imported merchandise; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MASON:

H.R. 2046. A bill to amend the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MATHIAS:

H.R. 2047. A bill to establish the Chesa­ peakpe and Ohio Canal National Historical Park and to provide for the administration and maintenance of a parkway, in the State of Maryland, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. CLEM MILLER:

H.R. 2048. A bill to establish a Federal Reserve Bank in the State of Nevada; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

By Mr. GEORGE P. MILLER:

H.R. 2049. A bill to provide that the National Bureau of Standards shall conduct a program of investigation, research, and survey to determine the practicability of the adoption by the United States of the metric system of weights and measures; to the Committee on Science and Astronautics.

By Mr. MOORE:

H.R. 2050. A bill to amend the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969 so as to provide for the prevention of accidents in coal mines; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. MOOREHEAD of Pennsylvanina:

H.R. 2051. A bill to amend title IV of the Housing Act of 1950 (college housing) to authorize loans to educational institutions for the construction, rehabilitation, alteration, conversion, and improvement of classroom buildings and other academic facilities; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

By Mr. MOSS:

H.R. 2052. A bill to amend the act of Sep­ tember 25, 1950, for the condemnation of certain real property of the United States to the county of Sacramento, Cali.; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

H.R. 2053. A bill to provide that the Channel Islands off the coast of southern Cali­ fornia shall be referred to as the Juan Re­ beke and to amend title II of the Highway Act of 1940; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. NORTLAND:

H.R. 2054. A bill to establish a Federal research and development control research laboratory in the Pacific Northwest, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. OESTERTAG:

H.R. 2055. A bill to amend the National Defense Education Act of 1958 to provide that payments made under title III of that act may not be used to acquire equipment manufactured in the Union of Soviet Social­ ist Republics; to the Committee on Educa­tion.

By Mr. FELLY:

H.R. 2056. A bill to provide that the Secretary of the Army shall investigate and report to the Congress on the advisability of establishing a national park or other unit the management of which is in the central and north Cascades region of the State of Washington, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. PRICE:

H.R. 2057. A bill to provide for the secur­ ing of custody and disposition by the United States of certain military satellites and similar devices adaptable to military uses, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Science and Astronautics.

By Mr. QUIE:

H.R. 2058. A bill to permanently extend the Armed Forces and veterans dairy pro­ grams and the special milk program for chil­ dren and to amend the Agricultural Market­ ing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. NEILSEN:

H.R. 2059. A bill to extend permanently the Armed Forces and veterans dairy programs and the special milk program for children and to amend the Agricultural Market­ ing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. LAIRE:

H.R. 2060. A bill to extend permanently the Armed Forces and veterans dairy programs and the special milk program for children and to amend the Agricultural Market­ ing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. KYK:

H.R. 2061. A bill to extend permanently the Armed Forces and veterans dairy programs and the special milk program for children and to amend the Agricultural Market­ ing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. ROBERTS:

H.R. 2065. A bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act so as to provide that ded­uctions on account of earnings shall not be made in the case of individuals who have attained retirement age; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 2066. A bill to amend the Employment Act of 1946 to emphasize the policy of pro­ moting employment under stable prices; to the Committee on Government Operations.

By Mr. SMITH:

H.R. 2068. A bill to provide for the establish­ ment of Fort Toulouse as a national his­ toric site; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. SHELEK:

H.R. 2069. A bill to amend section 201(c) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 to authorize the employment of administra­ tive assistants by Members of the House of Representatives; to the Committee on House Administration.

H.R. 2070. A bill to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act to raise the minimum wage from $1 to $1.50 the minimum hourly wage pre­ scribed by section 6(a) (1) of that act; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

H.R. 2071. A bill to provide that the un­ married children of certain former members of the Armed Forces of the United States or of the Philippine Scouts may be admitted to the United States as nonquota immi­ grants during a 10-year period subsequent to their age; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SHEPPARD:

H.R. 2070. A bill to provide retirement benefits for firefighters employed by the Federal Government; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. SLACK:

H.R. 2071. A bill to amend the Federal Coal Mine Safety Act so as to provide further for the protection of the lives of miners; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. STRATTON:

H.R. 2072. A bill to amend section 202(b) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954 so as to require that dollar funds made available to foreign countries by the Development Loan Fund for the purchase of materials or supplies shall be utilized for the purchase of materials or supplies produced in areas of substantial and persistent unemployment in the United States; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

H.R. 2073. A bill to amend title III of the act of March 3, 1933, commonly referred to as the Buy American Act, with respect to deter­ mining whether or not certain articles, materials, or supplies is unreasonable, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Public Works.

By Mr. STUMBLEFIELD:

H.R. 2074. A bill to establish a commission to study the adequacy of compensation for property acquired by the United States; to the Committee on Public Works.

By Mr. TOLLEFSON:

H.R. 2075. A bill to provide that the Secret­ ary of the Army of the United States may purchase certain paintings of Ne Pasce Indian leaders for display at the site of the Chief Joseph Dam in the State of Washington; to the Commit­ tee on Public Works.

H.R. 2076. A bill to amend section 8 of the act of August 24, 1912, as amended, with re­ spect to the recognition of organizations of postal and Federal employees; to the Commit­ tee on Post Office and Civil Service.

H.R. 2077. A bill to amend the Internal Re­ venue Code of 1954 to allow a deduction from the gross estate for the value of prop­ erty conveyed to or for the benefit of chil­ dren; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. ZANDT:

H.R. 2076. A bill to provide for the in­ crease, modernization, and stockpiling of railroad equipment in order to meet the needs of the commerce of the United States, of the postal service, and of the national defense; to create and establish a public agency with powers to carry out the provi­ sions of this act; and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WALLOWHAUSER:

H.R. 2079. A bill to amend the Classifica­ tion of Injuries Act of 1940, with respect to the establishment of hazardous duty pay in certain cases; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

H.R. 2080. A bill to protect the right of the blind to self-expression through organiza­ tions of the blind; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

H.R. 2081. A bill to extend coverage under the Federal old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program to certain employed physicians; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 2082. A bill to amend section 313 of the National Defense Act to extend the presumptive period with respect to serv­ ice connection of multiple sclerosis for an­ cientaries; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.
By Mr. WALTER:
H.R. 2085. A bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to establish the U.S. Military Academy of Medicine; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. WICKERSHAM:
H.R. 2084. A bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to construct, operate, and maintain a replica of the Lewis and Clark expedition, in the State of Montana; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. JACOBY:
H.J. Res. 109. Resolution authorizing the construction, operation, and maintenance of the Port of Corpus Christi, in the State of Texas; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. MCCORMACK:
H.J. Res. 107. Joint resolution exempting from Federal excise tax admissions to official inaugural functions and sales of official inaugural medallions authorized by the Inaugural Functions Act; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HALLECK:
H.J. Res. 108. Joint resolution proposing the adoption of Federal excise tax admissions to official inaugural functions and sales of official inaugural medallions authorized by the Inaugural Functions Act; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MARTIN of Massachusetts:
H.J. Res. 106. Resolution designating the 17th day of December in each year as "Wright Brothers Day"; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BRAY:
H. Con. Res. 41. Concurrent resolution to create a Joint Committee on a National Fuels Study; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. JAMES C. DAVIS:
H. Con. Res. 42. Concurrent resolution declaring the Congress that no further reductions in tariffs be made during the life of the present Reciprocal Trade Agreement Act; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H. Con. Res. 43. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress that the United Nations should not grant further tariff reductions in the forthcoming tariff negotiations; that the United Nations should not grant further tariff reductions in the forthcoming tariff negotiations; that the United States should not grant further tariff reductions in the forthcoming tariff negotiations; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HECHLER:
H. Con. Res. 45. Concurrent resolution providing for the development through the United Nations of international cooperation in national programs; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. HOLLAND:
H. Con. Res. 43. Concurrent resolution to create a Joint Committee on a National Fuels Study; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. MOORHEAD of Pennsylvania:
H. Con. Res. 47. Concurrent resolution to create a Joint Committee on a National Fuels Study; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mrs. ST. GEORGE:
H. Con. Res. 48. Concurrent resolution requesting the President to call for a study by the United Nations to determine whether the United States should grant further tariff reductions; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. SILER:
H. Con. Res. 49. Concurrent resolution to create a Joint Committee on a National Fuels Study; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. UTT:
H. Con. Res. 50. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress that the United States should not grant further tariff reductions in the forthcoming tariff negotiations; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WALTER:
H. Con. Res. 51. Concurrent resolution to print as a House document the publication "Facts on Communism—Volume II. The Soviet Economy, From Lenin to Khrushchev"; and to provide for the printing of additional copies; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. ADDABBO:
H. Res. 94. Resolution creating a select committee to conduct studies and investigations; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. COOLEY:
H. Res. 86. Resolution authorizing the Committee on Agriculture to conduct studies and investigations; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. FARBSTEIN:
H. Res. 97. Resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that no further reductions in tariffs be made during the life of the present Reciprocal Trade Agreement Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. JUDD:
H. Res. 87. Resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that no further reductions in tariffs be made during the life of the present Reciprocal Trade Agreement Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. STRATTON:
H. Res. 89. Resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the people of all Ireland should have an opportunity to express their will for union by an election under the auspices of a United Nations Commission; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

MEMORIALS
Under clause 4 of rule XXII,
the Speaker presented a memorial of the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania, memorializing the President and the Congress of the United States relative to reconstruct and redevelop a part of Baltimore City, in the State of Maryland, as a tourist center.

PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS
Under clause 1 of rule XXII, private bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. ANFUSO:
H.R. 2086. A bill for the relief of Earl H. Spero; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
H.R. 2087. A bill for the relief of Maria Swiatek; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BARING:
H.R. 2088. A bill for the relief of Orlando Contiavin; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BUCKLEY:
H.R. 2089. A bill for the relief of Santina Ferrara; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. COAD:
H.R. 2090. A bill for the relief of Mr. and Mrs. Christian Vass; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. CONTRERAS:
H.R. 2091. A bill for the relief of Guadalupe Jaramillo; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
H.R. 2092. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Maria Jaramillo; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. DANIELS:
H.R. 2093. A bill for the relief of Antonio Pellegrini; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. GLENN:
H.R. 2094. A bill for the relief of John W. Bembenek; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
H.R. 2095. A bill for the relief of Eva Albertine; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
H.R. 2096. A bill for the relief of Margarita Jereb; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
H.R. 2097. A bill for the relief of Jure Kosevilla; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
H.R. 2098. A bill for the relief of Iona Larsen; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
H.R. 2099. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Olga Cadecki; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. GINSBERG:
H.R. 2010. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Olga Cadecki; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. HOLLAND:
H.R. 2011. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Olga Cadecki; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. JOHN W. DAVIS:
H.R. 2012. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Olga Cadecki; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FARBSTEIN:
H.R. 2013. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Olga Cadecki; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. POCKRABOWSKI:
H.R. 2014. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Olga Cadecki; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. KOSIBA:
H.R. 2015. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Olga Cadecki; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. DRISCOLL:
H.R. 2016. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Olga Cadecki; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FINO:
H.R. 2017. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Olga Cadecki; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. GRANAHAN:
H.R. 2018. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Olga Cadecki; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. COOK:
H.R. 2019. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Olga Cadecki; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MOSELEY:
H.R. 2020. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Olga Cadecki; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. NAYS:
H.R. 2183. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Tammy Pon Shee; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2184. A bill for the relief of Utanaoke Fujishiro; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2185. A bill for the relief of Soom Tull Lim; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2186. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Toshiko Ikeda; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2187. A bill for the relief of Maria Rubin Lupisan Anit; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2188. A bill for the relief of Felicidade Calaeten; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. JOHNSON of Maryland:

H.R. 2189. A bill for the relief of John Calvin Taylor; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2190. A bill for the relief of Eemer Brown; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. KROGH:

H.R. 2191. A bill for the relief of Carmen Arauñustri Triantafílou; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. LIBONATI:

H.R. 2192. A bill for the relief of Katherine Au-Yung Lam; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MILLER of New York:

H.R. 2193. A bill for the relief of Miss Varsen Emcyian; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MOSS:

H.R. 2194. A bill for the relief of Consolation M. Rapa; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2195. A bill for the relief of William K. Cassell; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2196. A bill for the relief of Hajime Misaka; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2197. A bill for the relief of Rocco Ganghini and Caterina Cirelli Lavagnino; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2198. A bill for the relief of Raymond G. Greenhalgh; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2199. A bill for the relief of Suraid Din; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. LINDSAY:

H.R. 2200. A bill for the relief of Pooh Peasfeldenbach; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MOSS:

H.R. 2201. A bill for the relief of Henry Wu Chum and Arlene Wu Chum; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2202. A bill for the relief of Joginder Singh Bains; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2203. A bill for the relief of Capt. Arnold M. Anderson; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2204. A bill for the relief of Graham Wong; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2205. A bill for the relief of Joginder Singh Toor; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2206. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Barbara J. Rhodes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MOULDER:

H.R. 2207. A bill for the relief of Kenneth Stutta; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. NORBLAD:

H.R. 2208. A bill for the relief of Wong Bak Yen; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. O'BRIEN of Illinois:

H.R. 2209. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Francine Dubois; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. PENNY:

H.R. 2210. A bill for the relief of Sha Fong Shao; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2211. A bill for the relief of Sho Kwon Shin (also known as Cheng Ah Mac); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2212. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Francesca Hartman; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2213. A bill for the relief of Andrew Purves; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2214. A bill for the relief of Michael Leon Partayan aka Baratyan; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2215. A bill for the relief of Reoko Kawaiwro Moore; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2216. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Tui Ming Tow Woo; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2217. A bill for the relief of Tatiana Serafinovna Erholmene; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SHAYS:

H.R. 2218. A bill for the relief of Sister Marie Bernard (Miss Nicola Cossa); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2219. A bill for the relief of Sister Eucharis (Miss Philomena Iannucci); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2220. A bill for the relief of Sister Alphonsum Marie (Miss Mary Grace Pado­ vano); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2221. A bill for the relief of Sister Mary Dulcis (Miss Mary Teresa Di Iota); to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2222. A bill for the relief of Giovanna Budano; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2223. A bill for the relief of Michael Pedale; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2224. A bill for the relief of Giovanna Massaghi; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2225. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Maria Baliah; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2226. A bill for the relief of Emilia Guido, and Carlo Borzi; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2227. A bill for the relief of Lugino Valore; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2228. A bill for the relief of David de la Veiga; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2229. A bill for the relief of Caridad P. Buncab; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2230. A bill for the relief of Dr. Yi Mou Liu; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ROBERTS:

H.R. 2231. A bill for the relief of Alden John Daniel; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ROSTENKOWSKl:

H.R. 2232. A bill for the relief of Tan Jam Yuck; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2233. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Blanka Krickovic Mladenovich; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ROYBAL:

H.R. 2234. A bill for the relief of Ho Ching Shen; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2235. A bill for the relief of Mrs. Carmela Dovi; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2236. A bill for the relief of Mr. and Mrs. Salvatore Mortelliti and son, Antonio Mortelliti; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2237. A bill for the relief of Mr. and Mrs. Dezzio Ilmon; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SCHAEDEBERG:

H.R. 2238. A bill for the relief of Mari Rak Velickovic; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SCHENCK:

H.R. 2239. A bill for the relief of Esau V. Johnson; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2240. A bill for the relief of Eugene C. Harter; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SCHWEITZER:

H.R. 2241. A bill for the relief of Kim Dong Yong; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SHELLEY:

H.R. 2242. A bill for the relief of Necasio Agustin, and Maria Agus­ tin; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 2243. A bill conferring jurisdiction upon the Court of Claims to hear, determine,
REGULATION OF LOBBYING ACT

In compliance with Public Law 601, 78th Congress, title III, Regulation of Lobbying Act, section 308(b), which provides as follows:

(b) All information required to be filed under the provisions of this section with the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate shall be compiled by said Clerk and Secretary, acting jointly, as soon as practicable after the close of the calendar quarter with which respect to which such information is filed and shall be printed in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

QUARTERLY REPORTS

The following reports for the second calendar quarter of 1960 were received too late to be included in the published reports for that quarter:

A. Active-Retired Lighthouse Service Employees Association, Post Office Box 2169, South Portland, Maine.

A. William B. Allen, 917 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Rubber, Cork, Linoleum & Plastic Workers of America, High at Mill Street, Akron, Ohio.

A. American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. American Civil Liberties Union, Inc., 156 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.
   D. (6) $3,311.74. E. (9) $3,311.75.

A. American Dental Association, 222 East Superior Street, Chicago, Ill.
   D. (6) $13,776.53 E. (9) $13,776.53.

A. American Federation of Government Employees, Box 963, Benjamin Franklin Station, Washington, D.C.
   E. (9) $200.

A. American Gas Association, Inc., 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. American Legion, National Headquarters, 700 North Pennsylvania Street, Indianapolis, Ind.
   D. (6) $7,199.61. E. (9) $22,465.94.

A. American Optometric Association, 8001 Jenkins Arcade, Pittsburgh, Pa.
   D. (8) $3,466.50. E. (9) $3,762.09.

A. American Steamship Committee on Conference Studies, 207 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
   E. (9) $12,351.42

A. American Thrift Assembly, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. AMVETS (American Veterans of World War 11), 1710 Rhode Island Avenue, Washington, D.C.
   E. (9) $2,082.50.

A. Robert E. Ansheles, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
   D. (6) $1,500.

A. Apache Tribe of the Mescalero Reservation, Mescalero, N. Mex.

A. Apparel Industry Committee on Imports, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
   E. (9) $7,978.99.

A. Arnold, Fortas & Porter, 1229 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Apache Tribe of the Mescalero Reservation, Mescalero, N. Mex.
   E. (9) $345.57.

A. Arnold, Fortas & Porter, 1229 19th Street, Washington, D.C.

B. Commissioner of Baseball, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.
   E. (9) $440.09.

A. Arnold, Fortas & Porter, 1229 19th Street, Washington, D.C.

B. National Retail Merchants Association, 100 West 51st Street, New York, N.Y.
   D. (6) $10,850. E. (9) $3,019.20.

A. Association of Stock Exchange Firms, 120 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
   E. (9) $6,717.12.

A. Frederick A. Baker, 266 Lexington Road, Berkeley, Calif., and 1201 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Federated Indians of California.

A. Balfour, Guthrie & Co., 72 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.
   E. (9) $648.80.

A. Joseph H. Ball, 90 Broad Street, New York, N.Y.

A. American Steamship Committee on Conference Studies, 207 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Jacob I. Bellows, 4338 East-West Highway, Bethesda, Md.

A. American Federation of Government Employees, Lodge No. 12, Box 865, Benjamin Franklin Station, Washington, D.C.

A. Carl H. Berglund, 1220 Washington Building, Tacoma, Wash.
   E. (9) $15.65.

A. Helen Berthelot, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Government Employees, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Clarence B. Carter, Post Office Box 798, New Haven, Conn.

B. Railroad Pension Conference, Post Office Box 798, New Haven, Conn.
   E. (9) $14.

A. William L. Carter, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

B. International Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers.
   E. (9) $18.50.

A. Hal M. Christensen, 222 East Superior Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. American Dental Association, 222 East Superior Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) $3,000.

A. Cities Service Petroleum, Inc., 70 Pine Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Clothspin Manufacturers of America, 839 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
   E. (9) $205.26.

A. A. C. Cocke, 821 Gravier Street, New Orleans, La.

B. American Steamship Committee on Conference Studies, 207 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
   E. (9) $160.61.

A. Coles & Goertner, 1000 Connectiv Avenue, New York, D.C.

B. American Tramp Shipowners Association, Inc., 11 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

A. Coles & Goertner, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

   E. (9) $312.05.

A. Colorado Railroad Association, 485 Equitable Building, Denver, Colo.

B. Colorado Railroad Association, 485 Equitable Building, Denver, Colo.
   E. (9) $616.33.

A. Committee for Collective Security, 90 Johns Street, New York, N.Y.
   D. (6) $70. E. (9) $374.92.
A. Committee on Cooperative Advertising, 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y. E. (9) $69.73.


A. Bernard J. Conway, 222 East Superior Street, Chicago, Ill. B. American Dental Association, 222 East Superior Street, Chicago, IL D. (6) $4,009.


A. Credit Union National Association, Inc., 1617 Sherman Avenue, Madison, Wis. D. (6) $1,057. E. (9) $1,057.


A. Joffre C. David, 4401 East Colonal Drive, Orlando, Fla. B. Florida Fruit & Vegetable Association, 4401 East Colonial Drive, Orlando, Fla. D. (6) $138.87. E. (9) $118.04.


A. Donald G. Fletcher, 228 Midland Bank Building, Minneapolis, Minn. B. Crop Quality Council, 228 Midland Bank Building, Minneapolis, Minn. D. (6) $3,750. E. (9) $1,757.03.

A. Florida Fruit & Vegetable Association, 4401 East Colonial Drive, Orlando, Fla. D. (6) $1,757.03. E. (9) $1,757.03.


A. Forest Farmers Association, Post Office Box 7284, Station C, Atlanta, Ga.

A. Rodger S. Gunn, 6518 Highland Drive, Salt Lake City, Utah.

B. Liberty Under Law, Inc., Post Office Box 2013, Salt Lake City, Utah.

A. Gypsum Association, 201 North Wells Street, Chicago, Ill.


A. George F. Hussey, Jr., 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y. B. American Standards Association, 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y. D. (6) $100.

A. Institute of American Poultry Industries, 71 East Madison Street, Chicago, Ill. D. (6) $1,046.03. E. (9) $1,046.03.


A. Harold G. Jacobson, 1476 South 4th East, Salt Lake City, Utah.

A. Ray L. Jenkins, 1066 South 4th East, Salt Lake City, Utah. B. AMVETS (American Veterans of World War II). A. Peter Dierks Joers, 1840 California Street, San Francisco, Calif. D. (6) $1,046.03. E. (9) $1,046.03.


A. Harold G. Jacobson, 1476 South 4th East, Salt Lake City, Utah.

A.AMVETS (American Veterans of World War II). A. Peter Dierks Joers, 1840 California Street, San Francisco, Calif. D. (6) $1,046.03. E. (9) $1,046.03.


A. Harold G. Jacobson, 1476 South 4th East, Salt Lake City, Utah.

A. Ray L. Jenkins, 1066 South 4th East, Salt Lake City, Utah. B. AMVETS (American Veterans of World War II). A. Peter Dierks Joers, 1840 California Street, San Francisco, Calif. D. (6) $1,046.03. E. (9) $1,046.03.

B. Committee of American Steamship Lines, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.


A. James F. King, 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.


D. (6) $1,250.

A. Joseph T. King, 1026 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.


E. (9) $2,186.34.

A. Mr. and Mrs. Harry L. Kingman.

D. (6) $630. E. (9) $630.

A. A. W. Kocher, 339 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Motor Bus Owners, 339 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Kominers & Port, 520 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Atlantic, Gulf & Great Lakes Shipbuilding Association, 520 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) $13,011.54.

A. Herman C. Kruse, 245 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.


D. (6) $9,407.04. E. (9) $6,072.52.

A. Charles R. Larson, 1040 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.


A. Dillard B. Lasseter, Post Office Box 381, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation County Office Employees, Ogdensville, N.Y.

D. (6) $925. E. (9) $125.

A. Dillard B. Lasseter, Post Office Box 381, Washington, D.C.

B. Organization of Professional Employees of the Distilled and Decorticated, Post Office Box 381, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $450. E. (9) $125.

A. G. E. Leighty, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Liberty Under Law, Inc., Post Office Box 2013, Salt Lake City, Utah.

D. (6) $111.70. E. (9) $117.70.

A. Jonathan Lindley, 740 11th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Credit Union National Association, Inc., 1417 Sherman Avenue, Madison, Wis.


A. Donald Linville, 265 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.

B. American Hardboard Association, 265 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.


A. Lobby for Peace (northern California), 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco, Calif.


A. H. B. Luckett, 311 California Street, San Francisco, Calif.

B. American Steamship Committee on Conference Studies, 207 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

A. J. A. McCallam, 1507 M Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (6) $619.59.

A. William A. McClintock, Jr., 7447 Skokie Boulevard, Skokie, Ill.

B. National Committee for Insurance Taxation, the Hay-Adams House, Washington, D.C.

A. John H. McCormick, Jr.

B. The Council for Exceptional Children, 1301 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Joseph J. McDonald, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Steelworkers of America, 1500 Commonwealth Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. (6) $3,304.65. E. (9) $300.

A. William J. McDonald, 3005 Fernside Boulevard, Alameda, Calif.

B. National Council of Naval Air Stations Employes Organizaiton, 3005 Fernside Boulevard, Alameda, Calif.

D. (6) $2,355.75. E. (9) $235.76.

A. Frederick G. McKee, 1005 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Clarence M. McMillan, 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Candy Wholesalers Association, Inc., 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. John W. MacKay, 509 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Postal Clerks Union, 509 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $2,709.15. E. (9) $350.

A. MacLeish, Spray, Price & Underwood, 134 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. National Committee for Insurance Taxation, Hay-Adams House, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) $735.72.

A. John H. MacVey and William T. V. & R. Maudlin, 1111 E 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) $38.52.

A. Albert E. May, 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Steelworkers of America, 1500 Commonwealth Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. (6) $675.

A. Kenneth A. Meiklejohn, 1200 Rippon Road, Alexandria, Va.

B. Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union, 132 West 43rd Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) $600.

A. John H. MacVey and William T. V. & R. Maudlin, 1111 E 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) $38.52.

A. Kenneth A. Meiklejohn, 1320 Rippon Road, Alexandria, Va.

B. National Association of Post Office and General Service Maintenance Employees, Post Office Box 1611, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $1,920. E. (9) $167.01.

A. Harold C. Miller, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers, 873 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) $1,824.99. E. (9) $348.50.

A. Harold C. Miller, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The National Community Television Association, Inc., 1111 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $1,000. E. (9) $1,205.58.

A. Theodore A. Miller, 802 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Venice Land Co., Box 1576, Venice, Fla.

A. Kenneth R. Morefield, 4401 East Colonial Drive, Orlando, Fla.

B. Florida Fruit and Vegetable Association, 4401 East Colonial Drive, Orlando, Fla.

A. Curtis Morris, Premier Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Gas Association, Inc., 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Vincent S. Mullane, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. General Electric Co., 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) $1,250. E. (9) $759.42.
A. Andrew P. Murphy, Jr., 1635 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Home Builders of the United States, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $1,669.32. E. (9) $1,935.02.

A. J. Walter Myers, Jr., Post Office Box 7284, Atlanta, Ga.

A. Forest Farmers Association Cooperative, Post Office Box 7284, Station C, Atlanta, Ga.

A. National Associated Businessmen, Inc., 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $4,234.35. E. (9) $1,983.02.

A. National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, 20 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. National Association of Agricultural Stabilization & Conservation County Office Employees.

D. (6) $1,669.32. E. (9) $1,935.02.

A. National Association of Home Builders of the United States, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $2,387.53. (E. (9) $2,387.53.

A. National Association of Life Underwriters, 603 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $2,387.53. (E. (9) $2,387.53.

A. National Association of Motor Bus Owners, 839 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. National Association of Post Office & General Services Maintenance Employees, Post Office Box 1611, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $18,754.76. E. (9) $20,041.55.

A. National Association of Real Estate Boards, 36 South Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.; and 1900 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) $11,111.50.

A. National Association of Wheat Growers, Chappell, Neb.

D. (6) $1,935.02. E. (9) $1,935.02.


D. (6) $70. E. (9) $380.08.


A. National Council of Naval Air Station Employee Organizations, 3005 Fernside Boulevard, Alameda, Calif.

D. (6) $300. E. (9) $171.44.


A. National Postal Clerks Union, 509 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $71,776. E. (9) $5,300.

A. National Rehabilitation Association, Inc., 1025 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $717.57. E. (9) $715.05.


D. (6) $73.09.

A. National Rural Letter Carriers’ Association, 1040 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $28,615.13. E. (9) $8,997.02.

A. National Tax Equality Association, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $11,150.05. E. (9) $5,766.71.

A. Rose N. D. Netherton, 1712 G Street NW.

B. American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Robert H. North, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Plumbing & Heating Manufacturers, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.


A. Northwest Committee for Transportation, 2928 Macomb Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $832. E. (9) $587.63.

A. Organization of Professional Employees of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Post Office Box 381, Washington, D.C.


A. Joseph O. Parker, 551 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Florida Fruit & Vegetable Association, 4401 East Colonial Drive, Orlando, Fla.

E. (9) $1,50.

A. Joseph O. Parker, 551 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.


A. Karle V. Parker, 1729 Union Boulevard SE., Grand Rapids, Mich.

A. Geo. F. Parrish, Post Office Box 7, Charleston, W. Va.

D. (6) $4,024.86.

A. Esther Peterson, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Industrial Union Department, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $2,612.48. E. (9) $2,010.84.

A. Kenneth Peterson, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.


D. (6) $1,250.

A. William L. Powell, 1110 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Independent Petroleum Association of America, 1110 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) $225.00.

A. Homer V. Prater, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Government Employees, 800 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $2,929.00. E. (9) $260.


B. National Electrical Manufacturers Association, 55 East 44th Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) $1,250. E. (9) $154.81.

A. Gordon M. Quarstrom, 7447 Skokie Boulevard, Skokie, Ill.


A. Mrs. Richard G. Radue, 3406 Quebec Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Congress of Parents & Teachers, 700 North Rush Street, Chicago, III.

A. Railroad Pension Conference, Post Office Box 762, New Haven, Conn.

D. (6) $745. E. (9) $703.29.

A. Sydney C. Reagan, 3840 Greenbrier Drive, Dallas, Tex.

B. Southwestern Peanut Shellers Association, Box 48, Durant, Okla.

D. (6) $110.

A. William T. Reed, 5900 Connecticut Avenue, Chevy Chase, Md.

B. Standard Oil Co., 510 South Michigan, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) $1,350. E. (9) $238.

A. Regional Broadcasters, 1795 Desales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) $5,900.09.

A. Geo. L. Reid, Jr., 1010 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Wheat Growers, Chappell, Neb.

D. (6) $1,000. E. (9) $135.02.

A. John Arthur Reynolds, 653 Corland Avenue, Fresno, Calif.

B. Western Cotton Growers Association of California, 810 Fulton-Fresco Building, Fresno, Calif.

D. (6) $666.67. E. (9) $100.50.

A. Hubert M. Rhodes, 740 11th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Credit Union National Association, Inc., 1617 Sherman Avenue, Madison, Wis.

D. (6) $575. E. (9) $92.

A. William Neale Rosech, 1424 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1245 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $3,000. E. (9) $171.89.

A. Francis M. Russell, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Kermit B. Rykken, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Francis J. Ryley, 519 Title Shackelford, Chicago, Ill.

B. Mobil Oil Co., Los Angeles; et al.

A. Fred J. Scanlan, 1308 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Fleet Reserve Association, 1508 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $3,000.


E. (9) $395.07.

A. Hollis Mackay Seavey, 1735 Desales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Regional Broadcasters.

D. (6) $5,666.66. E. (9) $373.55.

A. Selvage & Lee, Inc., 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Carpet Institute, Empire State Building, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) $5,000. E. (9) $203.51.

A. Selvage & Lee, Inc., 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. New York Coffee & Sugar Exchange, 79 Pine Street, New York, N.Y.


A. F. L. Shackleford, 5445 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Sheet Metal Workers’ International Association, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $600.
A. Maurice J. Shean, 940 25th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. City and County of San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) $3,750. E. (9) $2,371.15.

A. Richard L. Shook, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
B. Magnavox Co., Fort Wayne, Ind.

E. (9) $43.40.

A. David Silvergleid, 509 14th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. National Postal Clerks Union, 509 14th Street NW, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $2,700.10. E. (9) $350.

A. Fred Smith & Co., Inc., 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.
B. Edward Mallinckrodt, 16 Westmoreland Place, St. Louis, Mo.

D. (6) $6,000.

A. M. Frederik Smith, 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.
B. Council of Conservationists, Inc., 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Thaddeus S. Snell, 134 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.
B. Gypsum Association, 1105 Barr Street, San Francisco, Calif.


A. Raymond E. Steele, National Press Building, Washington, D.C.


E. (9) $64.32.

A. Stitt & Hemmendinger, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
B. Continental Merchandise Co., 236 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) $1,000. E. (9) $763.42.

A. Stitt & Hemmendinger, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
B. Nomex Associates, Inc., 92 Liberty Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) $50.

A. Mrs. Ada Barnett Stough, 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.
B. American Parents Committee, Inc., 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

A. Norman Strunk, 221 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.
B. United States Savings and Loan League, 221 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) $635. E. (9) $232.94.

A. S. Squires, 1102 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Home Builders, 1625 L Street NW, Washington, D.C.

A. Hooper R. Tilden, 441 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.
B. Clothspin Manufacturers of America, 300 17th Street NW, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $175. E. (9) $60.28.

A. Chester S. Stackpole, 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.
B. American Gas Association, Inc., 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Standard Public Relations, Inc., 45 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.
B. Theodore Roosevelt Association, 20 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) $3,000. E. (9) $600.

A. Ray D. Speer, Jr., 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
B. International Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers.


A. Richard A. Squires, 1102 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $600. E. (9) $50.05.

A. Chester S. Stackpole, 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.
B. American Gas Association, Inc., 420 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Standard Public Relations, Inc., 45 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.
B. Theodore Roosevelt Association, 20 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) $3,000. E. (9) $600.

A. Raymond E. Steele, National Press Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $3,750. E. (9) $213.38.

A. Stevenson, Paul, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, 1614 1st Street NW, Washington, D.C.

B. Trustees for Conservation, 251 Kearny Street, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) $1,423.37. E. (9) $3,350.42.

A. Venice Land Co., Box 1576, Venice, Fla.

A. Veterans of World War I, USA, Inc., 40 G Street NE, Washington, D.C.

A. Herbert F. Walton, 7447 Skokie Boulevard, Skokie, Ill.

A. Navin B. Weaver, 1200 15th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. Cities Service Petroleum Inc., 70 Pine Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Western Cotton Growers Association of California, 319 Fulton-Fremont Building, Fresno, Calif.

D. (9) $10,911.73. E. (9) $3,040.55.


D. (9) $12,725.58. E. (9) $22.16.

A. Wherry Housing Association, 1737 H Street NW, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) $9,404.42.

A. John J. Wicker, Jr., 706 Mutual Building, Richmond, Va.
B. Mutual Insurance Committee on Federal Taxation, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.

D. (9) $2,502.22. E. (9) $2,502.22.

A. Myron Wiener, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.

A. Harold M. Williams, 67 East Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (9) $400. E. (9) $32.77.

A. Frank G. Wollney, 67 East Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (9) $156.25. E. (9) $13.52.

A. Burton C. Wood, 1625 L Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Home Builders of the United States, 1625 L Street NW, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $4,180.75. E. (9) $67.60.

A. C. C. Woodard, 7630 Biscayne Boulevard, Miami, Fla.

E. (9) $118.

A. Harley Z. Wooden.
B. The Council for Exceptional Children, 1201 15th Street NW, Washington, D.C.

D. (9) $100. E. (9) $2.80.

A. John H. Young, 1411 Major Street SE, Washington, D.C.
B. Liberty Under Law, Inc., Post Office Box 2013, Salt Lake City, Utah.
The following quarterly reports were submitted for the third calendar quarter 1960:

**NOTE.—The form used for reports is reproduced below. In the interest of economy in the Record, questions are not repeated, only the essential answers are printed, and are indicated by their respective letter and number.**

**FILE TWO COPIES WITH THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE AND FILE THREE COPIES WITH THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:**

This page (page 1) is designed to supply identifying data; and page 2 (on the back of this page) deals with financial data.

**PLACE AN "X" BELOW THE APPROPRIATE LETTER OR FIGURE IN THE BOX AT THE RIGHT OF THE "REPORT" HEADING BELOW:**

**"PRELIMINARY" REPORT ("Registration"):** To "register," place an "X" below the letter "P" and fill out page 1 only.

**"QUARTERLY" REPORT:** To indicate which one of the four calendar quarters is covered by this Report, place an "X" below the appropriate figure. Fill out both page 1 and page 2 and as many additional pages as may be required. The first additional page should be numbered as page "3," and the rest of such pages should be "4." "5." "6." etc. Preparation and filing in accordance with instructions will accomplish compliance with all quarterly reporting requirements of the Act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year: 1960</th>
<th>1st</th>
<th>2nd</th>
<th>3rd</th>
<th>4th</th>
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</table>
| **NOTE ON ITEM "A."**—(a) **IN GENERAL.** This "Report" form may be used by either an organization or an individual, as follows:
   (1) **"Employee."**—To file as an "employee," state (in Item "B") the name, address, and nature of business of the "employer." (If the "employee" is a firm [such as a law firm or public relations firm], partners and salaried staff members of such firm may join in filing a Report as an "employee").
   (2) **"Employer."**—To file as an "employer," write "None" in answer to Item "B".
   (b) **SEPARATE REPORTS.** An agent or employee should not attempt to combine his Report with the employer's Report:
   (i) Employers subject to the Act must file separate Reports and are not relieved of this requirement merely because Reports are filed by their agents or employees.
   (ii) Employees subject to the Act must file separate Reports and are not relieved of this requirement merely because Reports are filed by their employers.

A. ORGANIZATION OR INDIVIDUAL FILING:

1. State name, address, and nature of business.

2. If this Report is for an Employer, list names or agents or employees who will file Reports for this Quarter.

**NOTE ON ITEM "B."**—**Reports by Agents or Employees.** An employee is to file, each quarter, as many Reports as he has employers, except that:

(a) If a particular undertaking is jointly financed by a group of employers, the group is to be considered as one employer, but all members of the group are to be named, and the contribution of each member is to be specified; (b) If the work is done in the interest of one person but payment therefor is made by another, a single Report—naming both persons as employers—is to be filed each quarter.

B. **EMPLOYER.—State name, address, and nature of business.** If there is no employer, write "None."

**NOTE ON ITEM "C."**—(a) The expression "in connection with legislative interests," as used in this Report, means "in connection with attempting, directly or indirectly, to influence the passage or defeat of legislation." The term 'legislation' means bills, resolutions, amendments, nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in either House of Congress, and includes any other matter which may be the subject of action by either House—§ 302(e).

(b) **Before undertaking any activities in connection with legislative interests, organizations and individuals subject to the Lobbying Act are required to file a "Preliminary" Report (Registration).**

(c) After beginning such activities, they must file a "Quarterly" Report at the end of each calendar quarter in which they have either received or expended anything of value in connection with legislative interests.

C. **LEGISLATIVE INTERESTS, AND PUBLICATIONS in connection therewith:**

1. State approximately how long legislative interests are to continue. If receipts and expenditures in connection with legislative interests have terminated, place an "X" in the box at the left, so that this Office will no longer expect to receive Reports.

2. State the general legislative interests of the person filing and set forth the specific legislative interests by reciting: (a) Short titles of statutes and bills; (b) House and Senate numbers of bills, where known; (c) citations of statutes, where known; (d) whether for or against such statutes and bills.

3. In the case of those publications which the person filing has caused to be issued or distributed in connection with legislative interests, set forth:

   (a) Description, (b) quantity distributed; (c) date of distribution; (d) name of printer or publisher (if publications were paid for by person filing) or name of donor (If publications were received as a gift).

(Answer items 1, 2, and 3 in the space below. Attach additional pages if more space is needed)

4. If this is a "Preliminary" Report (Registration) rather than a "Quarterly" Report, state below what the nature and amount of anticipated expenses will be; and if for an agent or employee, state also what the daily, monthly, or annual rate of compensation is to be. If this is a "Quarterly" Report, disregard this item "C4" and fill out item "D" and "E" on the back of this page. Do not attempt to combine a "Preliminary" Report (Registration) with a "Quarterly" Report. ✗

**AFFIDAVIT**

[Omitted in printing]
10. Expenditures  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Wages, salaries, fees, commissions (other than Item &quot;1&quot;)</td>
<td>$7,150.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Gifts or contributions made during Quarter</td>
<td>$1,400.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Travel, food, lodging, and entertainment</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>All other expenditures</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Loans Made to Others</td>
<td>$1,450.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>All expenses</td>
<td>$1,460.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PAGE 2
A. America's Wage Earners' Protective Conference, 515 15th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
   D. (9) $1,757.50.
   D. (6) $407.50.
A. American Civil Liberties Union, 1515 16th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
   D. (9) $550.00.
A. American Dairy Association, 200 West Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.
   D. (6) $2,143.00.
A. American Hotel Association, 221 West Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.
   D. (6) $480.00.
A. American Iron and Steel Institute, 610 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
   D. (6) $5,260.00.
A. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
   D. (6) $10,000.00. E. (9) $16,902.54.
A. American National Cattlemen's Association, 801 East 17th Avenue, Denver, Colo.
   D. (6) $11,305.53. E. (9) $3,750.00.
A. American Optometric Association, 8001 Jenkins Arcade, Pittsburgh, Pa.
A. American Pulpwood Association, 220 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.
   D. (6) $10,376.00. E. (9) $5,669.00.
A. American Paper & Pulp Association, 122 East Ohio Street, Chicago, Ill.
   D. (6) $520.10. E. (9) $520.10.
A. American Pharmacist Association, 125 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.
   D. (6) $9,957.28. E. (9) $9,957.28.
A. American Petroleum Institute, 1271 Massachusetts Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
   D. (6) $1,275.00. E. (9) $2,616.76.
A. American Textile Machinery Association, 60 Batterymarch Street, Boston, Mass.
A. American Bar Association, 140 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
   D. (6) $1,755.27. E. (9) $1,650.00.
A. American Civil Liberties Union, 1515 15th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
   D. (9) $550.00.
A. American Hospital Association, 1016 15th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
   D. (6) $520.10. E. (9) $520.10.
A. American Legion National Headquarters, 700 North Pennsylvania Street, Indianapolis, Ind.
   D. (9) $1,249.38. E. (9) $10,877.78.
A. American Life Convention, 220 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
   D. (6) $524.18. E. (9) $556.70.
A. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
   D. (6) $10,000.00. E. (9) $16,902.54.
A. American National Cattlemen's Association, 801 East 17th Avenue, Denver, Colo.
   D. (6) $11,305.53. E. (9) $3,750.00.
A. American Optometric Association, 8001 Jenkins Arcade, Pittsburgh, Pa.
A. American Pulpwood Association, 220 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.
   D. (6) $10,376.00. E. (9) $5,669.00.
A. American Paper & Pulp Association, 122 East Ohio Street, Chicago, Ill.
   D. (6) $520.10. E. (9) $520.10.
A. American Pharmacist Association, 125 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.
   D. (6) $9,957.28. E. (9) $9,957.28.
A. American Petroleum Institute, 1271 Massachusetts Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
   D. (6) $1,275.00. E. (9) $2,616.76.
A. American Sugar Beet Industry Policy Committee, 500 Sugar Building, Denver, Colo.
   D. (6) $10,376.00. E. (9) $5,669.00.
A. American Textile Machinery Association, 60 Batterymarch Street, Boston, Mass.
A. American Steamship Committee on Line Railroad Associations, 2000 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.
   D. (6) $48,598.89. E. (9) $4,506.64.
A. American Short Line Railroad Associations, 2000 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.
   D. (6) $1,755.27. E. (9) $1,650.00.
A. American Steamship Committee on Conference Studies, 207 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
   E. (9) $2,616.76.
A. American Sugar Beet Industry Policy Committee, 500 Sugar Building, Denver, Colo.
   D. (6) $10,376.00. E. (9) $5,669.00.
A. American Textile Machinery Association, 60 Batterymarch Street, Boston, Mass.
A. American Tramp Shipowners Association, Inc., 11 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
   D. (6) $500.00. E. (9) $4,506.64.
A. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1016 P Street NW, Washington, D.C.
   D. (6) $11,020.00. E. (9) $15,100.82.
A. AMVETS (American Veterans of World War II), 1710 Rhode Island Avenue, Washington, D.C.
   E. (9) $1,757.50.
A. American Vocational Association, Inc., 1010 Vermont Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
   D. (6) $1,275.00. E. (9) $1,188.04.
A. American Warehousemen's Association, 222 West Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.
   D. (6) $1,757.50.
   D. (6) $407.50.
A. American Jewish Congress, 51 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.
A. Walter M. Anderson, Jr., Montgomery, Ala.
B. Alabama Railroad Association, 1002 First National Bank Building, Montgomery, Ala.
C. W. B. Ardery, Washington, D.C.
D. B. General Motors Corp., 5944 West Grand Boulevard, Detroit, Mich.
E. A. Mary Armstrong, 45 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.
F. United States Trust Co. of New York, 45 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.
G. (9) $596.15.
H. Arnold, Fortas & Porter, 1220 19th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
I. Howard F. Knapp, 3401 South Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.
J. (9) $145.75.
K. Arbitration & Rheumatism Foundation, 10 Columbus Circle, New York City.
L. (9) $1,248.30.
M. Associated General Contractors of America, Inc., 20th & E Streets NW, Washington, D.C.
N. Associated Third Class Mail Users, 100 Indiana Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
O. (6) $5,418.77. E. (9) $5,418.77.
   D. (6) $375.00. E. (9) $375.00.
Q. Association of American Railroads, 229 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
   D. (6) $9,907.25. E. (9) $9,907.25.
R. Association of Cinema & Theatre Cos., 60 John Street, New York, N.Y.
   D. (6) $2,296.72. E. (9) $2,296.72.
S. Association of Stock Exchange Firms, 120 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
   E. (9) $1,650.00.
T. Association of Western Railways, 224 Union Station Building, Chicago, Ill.
   D. (6) $846.35. E. (9) $846.35.
U. Howard Atkins, 51 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.
V. National Association of Shoe Chain Stores, Inc., 51 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.
W. A. V. Atkinson, 1925 K Street NW, Washington, D.C.
X. Communications Workers of America, 1925 K Street NW, Washington, D.C.
   E. (9) $2,601.58.
   E. (9) $500.
Z. Richard W. Averill, 601 Sheraton Building, Washington, D.C.
AA. B. National Retail Merchants Association, 100 West 31st Street, New York, N.Y.
   E. (9) $1,401.05.
AB. Charles E. Babcock, Route 2, Box 406, Vienna, Va.
AC. National Council, Junior Order United American Mechanics, 228 North Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
   D. (6) $150. E. (9) $1.
A. Harry S. Baer, Jr., 1115 17th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. National Aeronautical Services Association, 1115 17th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $5,000.
A. Charles E. Bailey, Sr., 2035 South Avenue, Toledo, Ohio.
B. Brotherhood of Railway & Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express & Station Employees,
B. Transportation Association of America.
A. John A. Baker.
B. Farmers’ Educational & Co-Operative Union of America, 1404 New York Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
D. $3,274.88. E. (9) $299.06.
A. Joseph H. Ball, 90 Broad Street, New York, N.Y.
B. American Steamship Steamship Steamship.
D. (6) $2,900.
A. J. H. Ballew, Nashville, Tenn.
B. American Federation of Labor & Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $4,017. E. (9) $394.50.
A. Walter J. Bierwagen, 900 F Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. Division 689, Amalgamated Association of Street, Electric Railway & Motor Coach Employees of America, 900 F Street NW, Washington, D.C.
A. Hudson Biery, 4517 Carew Tower, Cincinnati, Ohio.
B. Ohio Valley Improvement Association, Inc., 4517 Carew Tower, Cincinnati, Ohio.
A. Robert J. Bird, Esq., 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
B. Hilton Hotels Corp., 720 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
A. David Bishop, 900 F Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. Division 689, Amalgamated Association of Street, Electric Railway & Motor Coach Employees of America, 900 F Street NW, Washington, D.C.
A. Henry J. Bion, Jr., 1317 F Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Retail Grocers, 360 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) $9,000. E. (9) $6,007.
A. John H. Bivins, 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.
B. American Petroleum Institute, 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $550.
A. James C. Black, 1625 K Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. Republic Steel Corp., Republic Building, Cleveland, Ohio.
D. (6) $600. E. (9) $500.
A. William Rhea Blake, 1918 North Parkway, Memphis, Tenn.
B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9905, Memphis, Tenn.
A. Blue Cross Commission, 840 North Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.
B. American Federation of Labor & Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
A. William Blum, Jr., 1741 K Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. Committee for the Study of Revenue Bond Financing, 149 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $284.05. E. (9) $114.00.
A. Eugene F. Bogan, 1108 16th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Investment Cos., 61 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $1,050.
A. Hyman Bookbinder, 815 16th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. American Federation of Labor & Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
A. Lyle E. Boren, Seminole, Okla.
B. Association of Western Railways, 224 Union Station Building, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) $250.12.
A. R. T. Borth, 777 14th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. General Electric Co., 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $375. E. (9) $540.50.
A. G. Stewart Boswell, 502 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9905, Memphis, Tenn.
D. (6) $300. E. (9) $23.53.
A. Andrew J. Biemiller, 815 16th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. American Federation of Labor & Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
A. Charles M. Boyer, 2517 Connecticut Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
B. Reserve Officers Association of the United States, 2517 Connecticut Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
A. Joseph E. Brady, 2347 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
B. International Union of United Brewery, Flour, Cereal, Soft Drink & Distillery Workers of America, 2347 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
A. Frank P. Brennan, Avoca, Iowa.
B. Iowa Power & Light Co., Des Moines, Iowa.
A. W. Kenneth Brew, 122 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
B. American Paper & Pulp Association, 122 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
A. William N. Brinker, 1206 H Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. Institute of Scrap Iron & Steel, Inc., 1729 H Street NW, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $300. E. (9) $1.
A. Homer L. Brinkley, 1616 H Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives.
A. W. S. Bromley, 220 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
B. American Pulpwood Association, 220 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
A. George Bronz, 589 17th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. Amyty Fabrics, Inc., 12 West 52d Street, New York, N.Y.
E. (9) $87.50.
A. Milton E. Brooding, 215 Fremont Street, San Francisco, Calif.
B. California Packing Corp., 215 Fremont Street, San Francisco, Calif.
D. (6) $200. E. (9) $100.
A. Derek Brooks, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
B. National Retail Furniture Association, 698 Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) $600. E. (9) $682.36.
A. Brotherhood of Railway & Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express & Station Employees, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
D. (6) $3,476.27. E. (9) $3,476.27.
A. Bryant C. Brown, 425 13th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. American Mutual Insurance Alliance.
A. J. D. Brown, 916 16th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. American Public Power Association, 916 16th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $75.
A. Brown & Lund, 1625 I Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. American and Foreign Power Co., Inc., 100 Church Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $725. E. (9) $1078.50.
A. Brown & Lund, 1625 I Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Electric Cos., 1200 18th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $737.50. E. (9) $737.50.
A. Lyman L. Bryan, 2000 K Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, 270 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $115. E. (9) $80.56.
A. George S. Buck, Jr., Post Office Box 9005, Memphis, Tenn.
B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9005, Memphis, Tenn.

D. (6) $144.  E. (9) $25.74.

A. Bulgarian Claim Committee, 24 Beekman Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) $99.83.

A. George J. Burger, 250 West 57th Street, New York, N.Y., and 740 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

A. George B. Burnham, 132 Third Street SE, Washington, D.C.
B. Numerous stockholders of the Burnham Chemical Co., 152 Third Street SE, Washington, D.C.

B. East Ohio Gas Co., 1717 East Ninth Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

A. Albert E. Carter, Mayflower Hotel, Washington, D.C.

A. William L. Carter, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
B. International Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers.

A. Justice M. Chambers, 2531 Connecticut Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
B. Greg-Gary Corp., 7 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Charitable Contributors Association, 100 Old York Road, Jenkintown, Pa.


A. Citizens Foreign Aid Committee, 1101 Connecticut Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
B. World Center, Washington, D.C.
B. B. Rapaport & Son, Inc., Central Street, Post Office Box 169, Windsor, Conn.

A. Earl W. Clark, 132 Third Street SE, Washington, D.C.
B. Labor-Management Maritime Committee, 152 Third Street SE, Washington, D.C.

A. Robers M. Clark, 1710 H Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Co., 80 East Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

A. Clear Channel Broadcasting Service, 522 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.


A. John T. Carlton and M. H. Manchester, 2517 Connecticut Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
B. Reserve Officers Association of the United States, 2517 Connecticut Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.

A. Braxton B. Carr, 1025 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
B. American Waterways Operators, Inc., 1025 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $1,625.  E. (9) $458.92.

B. Harris Walker & Sons, Inc., 6225 East Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

B. East Ohio Gas Co., 1717 East Ninth Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

A. Albert E. Carter, Mayflower Hotel, Washington, D.C.

A. William L. Carter, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
B. International Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers.

A. Francis R. Cawley, 1101 Vermont Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
B. American Publishers Association, Inc., 44 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) $560.  E. (9) $1,025.84.

A. David Burpee, Fordham Farms, Doylestown, Pa.

A. Braxton B. Carr, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
B. American Waterways Operators, Inc., 1025 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

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A. David Burpee, Fordham Farms, Doylestown, Pa.

A. George B. Burnham, 132 Third Street SE, Washington, D.C.
B. Numerous stockholders of the Burnham Chemical Co., 132 Third Street SE, Washington, D.C.


A. F. Hugh Burns, 821 Carriz Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Great Lakes-St. Lawrence Association, 821 Carriz Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Maurice G. Burnside, 1201 16th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. Division of Legislation & Federal Relations of the National Education Association of the United States, 1201 16th Street NW, Washington, D.C.

A. Orrin A. Burrows, 1200 15th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, 1200 15th Street NW, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $7,750.

A. Hollis W. Burt, 1212 Munsey Building, Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Supervisors of State Banks, 1212 Munsey Building, Washington, D.C.

A. David Burpee, Fordham Farms, Doylestown, Pa.

A. Robert M. Burr, 105 Mansfield Avenue, Darlington, Conn.
B. National Electrical Manufacturers Association, 153 East 44th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Orrin A. Burrows, 1200 15th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, 1200 15th Street NW, Washington, D.C.

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A. Robert M. Burr, 105 Mansfield Avenue, Darlington, Conn.
B. National Electrical Manufacturers Association, 153 East 44th Street, New York, N.Y.
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD — HOUSE

1961

CXXI—21

A. Mitchell J. Cooper, 1631 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Manufacturers' Association of Puerto Rico, San Juan, P.R.
D. (6) $363.

A. Edward J. Coughlin, 909 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Federation of Technical Engineers, 2139 Wisconsin Avenue, Washington, D.C.
A. John R. Dalton, 1508 Merchants Bank Building, Indianapolis, Ind.
B. Associated Railways of Indiana, 1508 Merchants Bank Building, Indianapolis, Ind.
A. D. C. Daniel, 1927 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
A. John C. Daft, 425 12th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 2900 Merchandise Mart, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) $807.50. E. (9) $13.89.

A. Charles W. Davis, 110 LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.
B. American-Can Co., 1205 South Homan Avenue, Chicago, III.
E. (9) $207.69.

A. Charles W. Davis, 1 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.
B. Singer Manufacturing Co., 149 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
E. (9) $100.70.

A. Dawson, Griffin, Pickens & Riddell, 731 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.
B. American Industrial Bankers Association, 831 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $250.

A. Michael B. Deane, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Comision de Defensa del Agucar y Fomento de la Cana, 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) $14,000. E. (9) $388.88.

A. Michael B. Deane, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Independent Airlines Association, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $9,000. E. (9) $33.30.

A. Michael B. Deane, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. U.S. Poultry & Egg Producers Association, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
A. Tony T. Dechant.
B. Farmers' Educational & Cooperative Union of America, 1575 Sherman Street, Denver, Colo., and 1404 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $41.16.

A. Richard A. Dell, 200 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 200 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $81.16.

A. Mary S. Deuel, 5206 Cambridge Place NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Washington Home Rule Committee, Inc., 924 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $458.54.

A. Joe T. Dickerson, 1825 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Mid-Continent Oil & Gas Association, 300 Tulsa Building, Tulsa, Okla.
A. Cecil B. Dickson, 1525 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) $71.25. E. (9) $211.46.

A. Timothy V. A. Dillon, 1001 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Sacramento Yolo Port District, 705 California Fruit Building, Sacramento, Calif.
D. (6) $2,274.70. E. (9) $189.70.

A. Timothy V. A. Dillon, 1001 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Westlands Water District, Post Office Box 4006, Fresno, Calif.

A. Disabled American Veterans, 5555 Ridge Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio.
E. (9) $1,986.86.

A. Disabled Officers Association, 1612 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) $3,750.

A. District Lodge No. 44, International Association of Machinists, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $6,198.91. E. (9) $18,520.28.

A. Division 989, Amalgamated Association of Street, Electric Railway & Motor Coach Employees of America, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) $41.90.

A. Division of Legislation & Federal Relations of the National Education Association of the United States, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) $1,197.04.

A. William C. Doherty, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Letter Carriers, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $9,125.

A. Robert C. Dolan, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Electric Cos., 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $6,000. E. (9) $466.67.

A. Paul R. M. Donelan, 1523 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) $3,000. E. (9) $3.30.

A. James L. Donnelly, 200 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
B. Illinois Manufacturers Association, 200 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
A. Donohue, Ragin & Mason, 239 Wyatt Building, Washington, D.C.
B. California Shipping Co., 200 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.
E. (9) $45.25.

A. Robert F. Donohue, 239 Wyatt Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,624.99.

A. Thomas J. Donovan, 155 East 44th Street, New York, N.Y.
A. J. Dewey Doerset, 60 John Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $127.50.
A. George J. Hecht, 52 Vanderbilt Avenue, New York, N.Y., and 132 Third Street SE, Washington, D.C.
B. American Parents Committee, Inc., 132 Third Street SE, Washington, D.C.

A. Hedrick & Lane, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Reciprocal Inter Insurers Federal Tax Committee, 400 United Artists Building, Detroit, Mich.

A. Robert B. Heiney, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Canners Association, 133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $875. E. (9) $1,626.71.

A. Kenneth G. Heisler, 18th and M Streets NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National League of Insured Savings Associations, 16th and M Streets NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) $25.27.

A. Maurice G. Herndon, 801 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,350.

A. Edmund P. Henelly, 150 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.
B. Socony Mobil Oil Co., Inc., 150 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $2,113.47 E. (9) $227.61.

A. Robert L. Humphrey, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Manufacturers.
D. (6) $1,000. E. (9) $1,350.

A. Harold A. Houser, 1616 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. New York Wool Trade Association, 1550 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. W. J. Hickey, 2000 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $265.50.

A. M. F. Hicklin, 507 Bankers Trust Building, Des Moines, Iowa.
B. Iowa Railway Committee, 507 Bankers Trust Building, Des Moines, Iowa.
E. (9) $92.27.

A. John W. Hight, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Legislative Committee of the Committee for a National Trade Policy, Inc., 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $200. E. (9) $15.75.

A. C. E. Huntley, 2000 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Raymond C. Hone, Munsey Building, New York, N.Y.
B. Shipbuilders Council of America, 21 West Street, New York, N.Y.

A. James M. Hood, 2000 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $265.50.

A. A. D. Holmes, Jr., Gallion, Ala.
B. National Association of Soul Conservation Districts, League City, Tenn.

A. Home Manufacturers Association, 1117 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $500. E. (9) $1,000.

A. Paul, 1729 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Lawrence S. Hobart, 919 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Public Power Association, 919 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $100.

A. John B. Holden, 1710 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. AMVETS (American Veterans of World War II), 1710 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,187.50. E. (9) $75.

A. A. D. Holmes, Jr., Gallion, Ala.
B. National Association of Soul Conservation Districts, League City, Tenn.

A. Home Manufacturers Association, 1117 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $500. E. (9) $1,000.

B. Shipbuilders Council of America, 21 West Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Home Manufacturers Association, 1117 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $500. E. (9) $1,000.

A. Donald E. Horton, 222 West Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.
B. American Warehousemen's Association, Merchandise Division, Chicago, Ill.

A. Harold A. Houser, 1616 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Retired Officers Association, 1616 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $2,499.99.

A. Erna D. Hubbard, 509 Ridgely Avenue, Annapolis, Md.
B. Military Survivors, Inc., 509 Ridgely Avenue, Annapolis, Md.

A. William T. Huff, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Independent Natural Gas Association of America, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $275.

A. Hughes, Hubbard, Blair & Reed, 1 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

A. William J. Hull, 1615 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Ashland Oil & Refining Co., 1609 Winchester Avenue, Ashland, Ky.

A. William J. Hull, 1615 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Ohio Valley Improvement Association, Inc.
D. (6) $437.50.

A. Elmer P. Hutter, Post Office Box 2255, Washington, D.C.
E. (9) $472.

A. Illinois Railroad Association, 135 East 11th Place, Chicago, Ill.
E. (9) $213.87.

A. Bernard J. Imming, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. United Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Association, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Independent Natural Gas Association of America, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,170.

A. Industrial Union Department, AFL-CIO, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $7,005.08. E. (9) $7,005.08.

A. Institute of Scrap Iron & Steel, Inc., 1729 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $300.

A. International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Warehousemen and Helpers, 25 Louisiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) $39,955.69.


A. Inter-State Manufacturer's Association, 135 East 16th Street, Chicago, Ill.
B. America Warehousemen's Association, Merchandise Division, Chicago, Ill.

A. Harold A. Houser, 1616 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Retired Officers Association, 1616 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $2,499.99.

A. Erna D. Hubbard, 509 Ridgely Avenue, Annapolis, Md.
B. Military Survivors, Inc., 509 Ridgely Avenue, Annapolis, Md.

A. William T. Huff, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Independent Natural Gas Association of America, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $275.

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B. Ohio Valley Improvement Association, Inc.
D. (6) $437.50.

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D. (6) $7,005.08. E. (9) $7,005.08.

A. Institute of Scrap Iron & Steel, Inc., 1729 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $300.

A. International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Warehousemen and Helpers, 25 Louisiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) $39,955.69.

A. Robert C. Jackson, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Cotton Manufacturers Institute, Inc., 1501 Johnston Building, Charlotte, N.C.
D. (6) $2,150. E. (9) $142.52.


A. Daniel Jaspal, Post Office Box 1924, Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Postal Supervisors, Post Office Box 1924, Washington, D.C.
D. (3) $3,391.23. E. (9) $53.10.

A. Joe Jennex, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Robert G. Jeter, Dresden, Tenn.
D. (6) $2,326.69.

A. William T. Jobe, 610 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Ice Association, Inc., 810 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Gilbert E. Johnson, 1208 Terminal Tower, Cleveland, Ohio.
B. Lake Carriers' Association, 305 Rockefeller Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

A. Glendon E. Johnson, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Life Convention, 230 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
D. (9) $444.18. E. (9) $55.70.

A. Hugo E. Johnson, 600 Bulkeley Building, Cleveland, Ohio.
B. American Iron Ore Association, 600 Bulkeley Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

A. Reuben L. Johnson.
B. The Farmers' Educational and Cooperative Union of America, 1404 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $2,029.44. E. (9) $100.75.

A. George Bliss Jones, Montgomery, Ala.
B. Alabama Railroad Association, 1062 First National Bank Building, Montgomery, Ala.

A. L. Dan Jones, 1110 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Independent Petroleum Association of America, 1110 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
E. (9) $19.07.

A. Phillip E. Jones, 920 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.
B. United States Beet Sugar Association, 920 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,010.

A. Robert F. Jones, 515 Perpetual Building, Washington, D.C.
B. American Cable & Radio Corp., 67 Broad Street, New York, N.Y., and subsidiaries.

A. Rowland Jones, Jr., 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Retail Federation, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,500. E. (9) $461.50.

B. Cyrus W. and Lucille M. Manfull, 19152 Wentworth Street, Pacoima, Calif.

A. Edwin W. Kaler, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Waterman Steamship Corp., 61 St. Joseph Street, Mobile, Ala.
D. (6) $8,750.

A. John E. Kane, 1625 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Petroleum Institute, 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $3,780. E. (9) $547.94.

A. Sheldon Z. Kaplan, 817 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Guatemala Sugar Producers Association, Guatemala City, Guatemala.

A. Jerome J. Keating, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Letter Carriers, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $2,159.76.

A. Francis V. Keeling, Jr., 605 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.
B. West Coast Life Insurance Co., 605 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

A. James C. Kelley, 1500 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Machine Tool Distributors' Association, 1500 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Elizabeth A. Kendall, 2310 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
E. (9) $172.

A. I. L. Kenen, 1373 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Israel Public Affairs Committee, 1373 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Harold L. Kennedy, 490 Calfritz Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Ohio Oil Co., Findlay, Ohio.

A. Miles D. Kennedy, 1608 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Petroleum Institute, 700 North Pennsylvania Street, Indianapolis, Ind.
D. (6) $3,625. E. (9) $883.80.

A. Frank T. Kenner, 3618 Clifton Street, Honolulu, Hawaii.
B. Association of American Railroads, Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,370. E. (9) $115.50.

A. William F. Kenney, New York, N.Y.
B. Shell Oil Co., 50 West 50th Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $625.

A. Franklin E. Keuper, Berwick Bank Building, Berwick, Pa.

A. Ronald M. Ketcham, Post Office Box 351, Los Angeles, Calif.
B. Southern California Edison Co. Post Office Box 351, Los Angeles, Calif.

A. Jeff Kibbe, 1341 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. International Longshoremen's & Warehousemen's Union, 150 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, Calif.
D. (6) $1,718.02. E. (9) $1,420.12.

A. Charles E. Kief, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Brotherhood of Railway & Steamship Clerks, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
D. (6) $1,939.75.

A. John A. Killick, 740 11th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $13.50.

A. John A. Killick, 740 11th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $362.92.

B. Minet, DeBlois & Maddison, 294 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.
E. (9) $380.03.

A. Kenneth L. Kimpie, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Life Insurance Association of America, 488 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $132.25.

A. James F. King, 411 Universal Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,550.

A. Ludlow King, 2139 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Mr. and Mrs. Harry L. Kingman.
D. (6) $505. E. (9) $505.

A. S. F. Kirby, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.
B. National Council on Business Mall, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) $600. E. (9) $150.

A. Clifton Kirkpatrick, 1918 North Parkway, Memphis, Tenn.
B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9905, Memphis, Tenn.
D. (6) $810. E. (9) $837.75.

A. Robert M. Koch, 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) $10.

A. Germaine Kreteek, 200 C Street SE., Washington, D.C.
B. American Library Association, 50 East Huron Street, Chicago, Ill.
E. (9) $2,764.57.

A. Herman C. Kruse, 245 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.
D. (6) $701.57. E. (9) $1,197.37.

A. Labor Bureau of Middle West, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C., and 11 S. LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) $5,430. E. (9) $4,819.25.

A. Dan Lacy, 24 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.
B. National Committee for the Universal Copyright Convention, 24 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.
A. James K. Langan, 100 Indiana Avenue N.W., Washington, D.C.
B. A. John M. Lumley, 415-423 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
C. A. Life Insurance Association of America, 480 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y., and 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. A. L. Blaine Liljenquist, 917 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
H. A. Lester W. Lindow, 1735 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.
I. A. Robert G. Litscher, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
J. B. National Association of Electric Cos., 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
K. A. D. (E) $97,75. E. (E) $31.35.
L. A. Walter J. Little, 944 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
M. A. B. Association of American Railroads, Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
N. A. A. Leonard Lopes, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.
O. A. B. District Lodge No. 44, International Association of Machinists, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.
P. D. (E) $2,499.90. E. (E) $15.
R. A. B. National Canners Association, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
S. D. (E) $1,000.
T. A. Scott W. Lucas, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
U. A. B. American Finance Conference, 175 West Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.
V. D. (E) $1,300.
W. A. Scott W. Lucas, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
X. A. B. Mobile Homes Manufacturers Association, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.
Y. D. (E) $1,000.
Z. A. Scott W. Lucas, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
AA. A. B. Outdoor Advertising Association of America, Inc., 24 West Erie Street, Chicago, Ill.
BB. D. (E) $250.
CC. A. Scott W. Lucas, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
DD. B. Roadside Business Association, 646 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
EE. D. (E) $250.
FF. A. Scott W. Lucas, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
GG. B. Adolph von Zedlitz, 60 Sutton Place South, New York, N.Y.
HH. A. Scott W. Lucas, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
II. B. Western Medical Corporation, 415-423 West Pershing Road, Chicago, Ill.
JJ. D. (E) $1,000.
KK. A. John M. Lumley, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
LL. B. Division of Legislation and Federal Relations of the National Education Association.
NN. A. Milton F. Lunch, 2029 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
OO. B. National Society of Professional Engineers, 2029 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
PP. D. (E) $750.
QQ. A. John C. Lynn, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
RR. B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 2500 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.
SS. D. (E) $2,102.50. E. (E) $231.81.
TT. A. John A. McCarty, 900 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.
UU. B. American Federation of Government Employees.
VV. D. (E) $2,244.70. E. (E) $123.55.
WW. A. J. L. McCauley, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
XX. B. National Education Association, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
YY. D. (E) $235. E. (E) $3.70.
ZZ. A. Angus H. McDonald.
AA. B. Farmers' Educational & Co-Operative Union of America, 1434 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
BB. D. (E) $2,208.54. E. (E) $105.06.
CC. A. William J. McDonald, 3005 Fernside Boulevard, Alameda, Calif.
DD. B. National Council of Naval Air Stations Employee Organizations, 3005 Fernside Boulevard, Alameda, Calif.
FF. B. National Association of Electric Cos., 1200 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
HH. B. Christian Amendment Movement.
II. D. (E) $999.99.
JJ. A. William P. McKenna, 908 Colorado Building, Washington, D.C.
KK. B. National Association of Mutual Savings Banks, 60 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.
LL. D. (E) $260.98. E. (E) $19.25.
MM. A. William H. McIn, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
NN. B. Division of Legislation and Federal Relations of the NEA, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
OO. D. (E) $1,477.50. E. (E) $46.83.
PP. A. W. H. McIlvain, 1132 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
QQ. B. Distilled Spirits Institute, 1132 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
RR. A. C. W. McMillan, 501 East 17th Avenue, Denver, Colo.
SS. B. American National Cattlemen's Association, 801 East 17th Avenue, Denver, Colo.
TT. D. (E) $3,750.
UU. A. Clarence M. McMillan, 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.
VV. B. Life Insurance Association of America, 480 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
WW. D. (E) $977.75. E. (E) $1.69.
XX. A. William P. MacCracken, Jr., 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
ZZ. D. (E) $2,430. E. (E) $205.93.
AA. A. William P. MacCracken, Jr., 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
BB. B. Frankel Brothers, 521 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.
CC. D. (E) $975.
B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $750.

A. Ceci Morgan, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.
B. Goldman & Co. (New Jersey), 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.
E. (9) $625.

A. Morison, Murphy, Clapp & Abrams, Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. American Reciprocal Insurance Association, Kansas City, Mo.
E. (9) $104.17.

A. Morison, Murphy, Clapp & Abrams, Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Area Employment Expansion Committee, 1144 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Morison, Murphy, Clapp & Abrams, Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Ford Motor Co., American Road, Dearborn, Mich.
D. (6) $300.

A. Morison, Murphy, Clapp & Abrams, Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. St. Thomas Chamber of Commerce, Virgin Islands, U.S.A.
E. (9) $42.81.

A. Morison, Murphy, Clapp & Abrams, Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Serry & Hutchinson Co., 114 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $1,000. E. (9) $169.93.

A. Giles Morrow, 1012 14th Street, Washington, D.C.
B. Freight Forwarders Institute, 1018 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Harold G. Moser, 610 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Aerospace Industries Association of America, Inc., 610 Shoreham Building, Wash­ington, D.C.
D. (6) $2,704. E. (9) $209.90.

A. Bernard R. Mullahy, 1200 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers.
D. (6) $2,730.

A. Vincent S. Mullaney, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. General Electric Co., 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $957.50. E. (9) $611.04.

A. T. H. Mullen, 711 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Paper & Pulp Association, 122 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. T. H. Mullen, 711 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Pulpwood Association, 220 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Walter J. Munro, Hotel Washington, Washington, D.C.
B. Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.

A. Dr. Emmett J. Murphy, 6737 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $500. E. (9) $500.

A. Kenneth D. Naden, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives.

A. Paul A. Nagle, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $3,000.

A. National Association of Direct Selling Cos., 195-155 Center Street, Winona, Minn.

A. National Association of Electric Cos., 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $725.27. E. (9) $11,304.99.

A. National Association of Frozen Food Packers, 819 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. National Association of Insurance Agents, Inc., 66 Fulton Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $3,500. E. (9) $8,461.07.

A. National Association of Letter Carriers, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $506.17. E. (9) $22,602.06.

A. National Association of Margarine Manufacturers, Munsey Building, Washing­ton, D.C.

A. National Association of Mutual Savings Banks, 60 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $125.23. E. (9) $125.23.

A. National Association of Plumbing Contractors, 1016 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. National Association of Postal Supervisors, Post Office Box 1924, Washington, D.C.

A. National Association of Retired Civil Employees, 1625 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) $1,250.

A. National Association of Soil Conservation Districts, League City, Tex.

A. National Association of Soil Conservation Districts, League City, Tex.

A. National Association of State Legislatures, 1422 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $27,918.24. E. (9) $122,869.94.

A. National Association of Travel Organizations, 1145 19th Street NW., Washing­ton, D.C.
D. (6) $485,817.05. E. (9) $4,474.05.

A. National Coal Association, Coal Building, Washington, D.C.

A. National Committee for Effective Design Legislation, 200 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $845. E. (9) $206.75.

A. National Committee on Parcel Post Size & Weight Limitations, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. National Committee for Research in Neurological Disorders, University Hospital, Minneapolis, Minn.
E. (9) $5,900.

A. National Committee for the Universal Copyright Convention, 24 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. National Congress of Parents & Teachers, 700 North Rush Street, Chicago, III.

A. National Cotton Compress & Cotton Warehouse Association, 1065 Shrine Build­ing, Memphis, Tenn.

A. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9555, Memphis, Tenn.
D. (6) $8,322.37. E. (9) $8,322.37.

A. National Council on Business Mail, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.
E. (9) $720.69.

A. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $2,950. E. (9) $5,750.00.

E. (9) $150.

A. National Council of Naval Air Stations Employee Organizations, 3005 Fernside Bou­levard, Alameda, Calif.
E. (9) $160.

A. National Council Associates, 229 Shore­ham Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Association of First Class Mailers, 500 Walker Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $657.50. E. (9) $746.43.

A. National Council Associates, 229 Shore­ham Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Independent Airports Association, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,750. E. (9) $1,342.69.

A. National Economic Council, Inc., 7901 Empire State Building, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $532.72. E. (9) $500.94.

A. National Electrical Contractors Association, Inc., 1200 18th Street NW., Washing­ton, D.C.

A. National Electrical Manufacturers Association, 155 East 44th Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $2,586.50. E. (9) $2,586.50.

A. National Federation of Federal Employees, 1729 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $125,880.15. E. (9) $9,051.16.

A. National Federation of Post Office Clerks, 817 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $102,832.60. E. (9) $22,869.94.

A. National Housing Conference, Inc., 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $21,995.16. E. (9) $11,052.

A. National Independent Dairies Association, 1627 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.


A. National League of Insured Savings Associations, 907 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $847.70. E. (9) $7,250.38.

A. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $973.35. E. (9) $973.35.

A. National Livestock Tax Committee, 801 East 17th Avenue, Denver, Colo.
D. (6) $1,538.66. E. (9) $1,770.36.

A. National Lumber Manufacturers Association, 1319 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,622.19. E. (9) $1,624.74.

A. National Milk Producers Federation, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $7,009.00. E. (9) $7,009.00.

A. National Multiple Sclerosis Society, 257 Fourth Avenue, New York City.
E. (9) $992.19.
A. National Parking Association, Inc., 711 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. National Postal Transport Association, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $9,492.38. E. (9) $9,492.38.

A. National Postal Committee for Educational and Cultural Materials, 24 West 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. National Restaurant Association, 1014 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.


A. National Retail Furniture Association, 606 Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.

A. National Retail Merchants Association, 100 West 31st Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) $8,775. E. (9) $16,978.51.

A. National Rivers & Harbors Congress, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $3,070. E. (9) $3,070.

A. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 200 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) $499.53.

A. National Rural Letter Carriers' Association, 1640 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $14,023.63. E. (9) $7,283.02.

A. National Society of Professional Engineers, 200 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $54,578.44. E. (9) $4,975.39.

A. National Tax Relief Coalition, 2309 Pine Croft Road, Greensboro, N.C.

B. L. S. Franklin, 2309 Pine Croft Road, Greensboro, N.C.

A. National Tire Dealers and Retreaders Association, 1834 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $93. E. (9) $33.

A. National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, 1720 Chicago Avenue, Evanston, Ill.

D. (6) $2,860.60. E. (9) $3,010.04.

A. National Wool Growers Association, 414 Granfield Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.


A. Nation-Wide Committee of Industry, Agriculture and Labor on Import-Export Policy, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $8,775. E. (9) $15,978.51.

A. Robert E. Neal, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Health Insurance Association of America, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $93. E. (9) $33.

A. William S. Neal, 513 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Manufacturers.

A. Samuel E. Neal, 1601 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Mortgage Bankers Association of America, 111 West Washington Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) $4,500. E. (9) $5,928.32.

A. Samuel E. Neal, 1601 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.


A. A. Z. Nelson, 1319 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Lumber Manufacturers Association, 1319 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) $8,90.

A. Paul Nelson, 2003 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.


D. (6) $2,236.63. E. (9) $2,011.25.

A. New York Stock Exchange, 11 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) $3,000.

A. O. L. Norman, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Electrical Companies, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $1,012.50. E. (9) $94.58.

A. Robert H. North, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

B. International Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Harry E. Northam, 135 North Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

B. Association of American Physicians and Surgeons, Inc., 165 North Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A. E. M. Norton, 90 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Milk Producers Federation, 90 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $1,600. E. (9) $289.

A. Eric O'Brien, 1102 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $900. E. (9) $69.95.


B. Standard Oil Co. of California, 225 Bush Street, San Francisco, Calif.

A. E. H. O'Connor, 176 West Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. Insurance Economics Society of America, 176 West Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) $5,529.75.

A. R. E. O'Connor, 122 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.

B. American Paper & Pulp Association, 122 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.

A. John A. O'Donnell, 1616 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $900. E. (9) $600.

A. Ohio Railroad Association, 16 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio.

E. (9) $872.63.

A. Alvin E. Oliver, 400 Folger Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Cereal Feed Dealers National Association, 400 Folger Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Clarence H. Olsen, 1208 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The American Legion, 700 North Pennsylvania Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

D. (6) $2,595. E. (9) $69.52.

A. Samuel Quasta, 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) $3.

A. Clayton L. Orr, 939 South Main Street, Findlay, Ohio.

B. The Ohio Oil Co., Findlay, Ohio.

A. Morris E. Osborne, Central Trust Building, Jefferson City, Mo.

B. Missouri Railroad Committee.

A. Kermit Overby, 200 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 200 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $818.

A. John A. Overholt, 10315 Kensington Parkway, Kensington, Md.

B. National Association of Retired Civil Engineers, 602 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.


A. Vaux Owen, 1729 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Federation of Federal Employees, 1729 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.


A. Everett L. Palmer, 901 Hamilton Street, Allentown, Pa.


E. (9) $159.69.

A. Lew M. Paramore, Town House Hotel, Kansas City, Kansas.

B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1778 Railway Exchange Building, St. Louis, Mo.

A. J. D. Parel, 844 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Association of American Railroads, Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Mrs. Karla V. Parker, 1729 Union Boulevard SE., Grand Rapids, Mich.

A. A. Lee Parsons, 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

B. American Cotton Manufacturers Institute, 1601 Johnston Building, Charlotte, N.C.

A. James G. Patton.

B. The Farmers' Educational and Co-Operative Union of America, 1757 Sherman Street, Denver, Colo., and 1404 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) $1,350. E. (9) $1,228.10.

A. Paul Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison, 575 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. Science Materials Center, Inc., 50 Fourth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) $9,000.

A. Edmund W. Pavenstedt, care of White & Case, 14 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Pohle, Lesser, Mann, Blamer & Luxford, 1210 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.


E. (9) $15.03.
A. James Francis Reilly, 1635 K Street NW, Washington, D.C.
C. Reserve Officers Association of the U.S., 2517 Connecticut Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $5,593. E. (9) $6,555.

A. William H. Ryan, 777 14th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. American Hotel Association, 221 West 57th Street, New York, N.Y.
C. National Council of Farmers Cooperatives, 1616 H Street NW, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $3,000. E. (9) $2,942.78.

A. William H. Ryan, 400 First Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. American Hotel Association, 221 West 57th Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $4,582. E. (9) $4,382.92.

A. William H. Ryan, 400 First Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. District Lodge No. 44, International Association of Machinists, 400 First Street NW, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $2,999.93. E. (9) $50.

A. Robert A. Saltzstein, 508 Wyatt Building, Washington, D.C.
B. The Associated Business Publications, 205 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $2,500. E. (9) $97.53.

A. Kimball Sanborn, 810 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Boston & Maine Railroad, Boston, Mass., and New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, New Haven, Conn.

A. L. B. Sanford, 21 West Street, New York, N.Y.
B. Shipbuilders Council of America, 21 West Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Satterlee, Warfield & Stephens, 400 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.
B. American Nurses' Association, 10 Columbus Circle, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $400. E. (9) $252.94.

A. O. H. Saunders, 1616 I Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. Retired Officers Association, 1616 I Street NW, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,950.

A. Fred J. Scanlan, 1303 New Hampshire Avenue NW, Washington, D.C.
B. AFL-CIO, 900 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) $14,083.16.

A. Henry F. Schmidt, 77 Lincoln Street, Jersey City, N.J.
B. Brotherhood of Railway Clerks, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

A. Schoene & Kramer, 1625 K Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 609 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif.
D. (6) $4,550.

A. George B. Roscoe, 1200 18th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. National Electrical Contractors Association, 1200 18th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
D. (7) $1,800.

A. Robert M. Ruddick, 210 Bender Building, Washington, D.C.
B. United Air Lines, 9539 South Cicero Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A. Albert R. Russell, 1918 North Parkway, Memphis, Tenn.
B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 9905, Memphis, Tenn.
D. (6) $2,892.51. E. (9) $495.

A. M. O. Ryan, 777 14th Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. American Hotel Association, 221 West 57th Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $500. E. (9) $438.82.

A. William H. Ryan, 400 First Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. District Lodge No. 44, International Association of Machinists, 400 First Street NW, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $2,999.93. E. (9) $50.

A. Robert A. Saltzstein, 508 Wyatt Building, Washington, D.C.
B. The Associated Business Publications, 205 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $2,500. E. (9) $97.53.

A. Kimball Sanborn, 810 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Boston & Maine Railroad, Boston, Mass., and New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, New Haven, Conn.

A. L. B. Sanford, 21 West Street, New York, N.Y.
B. Shipbuilders Council of America, 21 West Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Satterlee, Warfield & Stephens, 400 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.
B. American Nurses' Association, 10 Columbus Circle, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $400. E. (9) $252.94.

A. O. H. Saunders, 1616 I Street NW, Washington, D.C.
B. Retired Officers Association, 1616 I Street NW, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,950.
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD — HOUSE

January 6

A. Fred G. Selig, 644 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Leo Seybold, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Air Transport Association of America, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $720. E. (9) $55.50.

A. Alvin Shapiro, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Merchant Marine Institute, Inc., 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C., and 11 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $625.50. E. (9) $653.65.

A. A. Manning Shaw, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Brown & Lund, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $471.50.

A. Leander J. Shelley, 608 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Bruce E. Shepherd, 488 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
B. Life Insurance Association of America, 488 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (8) $150.

A. Laurence F. Sherry, 1102 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $600.

A. Robert H. Shields, 920 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.
B. United States Beet Sugar Association, 920 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $250.

A. Richard L. Shook, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.
B. Magnavox Co., Fort Wayne, Ind.
E. (5) $45.45.

B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1976 Railway Exchange Building, St. Louis, Mo.
D. (6) $472.50. E. (9) $224.27.

A. Charles B. Shuman, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.
B. American Farm Bureau Federation, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) $625.

A. Silver Users Association, 1612 1 Street NW., Washington, D.C.
E. (9) $774.35.

A. Six Agency Committee, 909 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Calif.
D. (6) $2,400. E. (9) $4,942.28.

A. Harold S. Skinner, Post Office Box 2197, Houston, Tex.
B. Continental Oil Co., Post Office Box 2197, Houston, Texas.

A. Carsten Slack, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $500. E. (9) $325.

A. Harold Slater, 1523 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) $795. E. (9) $51.06.

A. T. W. Smiley, 135 East 11th Place, Chicago, Ill.
B. Illinois Railroad Association, 135 East 11th Place, Chicago, Ill.
E. (9) $219.27.

A. Carleton D. Smith, 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Radio Corp. of America, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.

A. Dudley Smith, 732 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Association of Sugar Producers of Puerto Rico, 732 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Fred Smith & Co., Inc., 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.
B. Edward Mallinckrodt, 16 Westmoreland Place, St. Louis, Mo.
D. (6) $6,560.

A. Harold Arden Smith, 605 West Olympic Boulevard, Los Angeles, Calif.
B. Standard Oil Co. of California, 225 Bush Street, San Francisco, Calif.

A. James R. Smith, 1060 Omaha National Bank Building, Omaha, Nebr.
B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1976 Railway Exchange Building, St. Louis, Mo.

A. Lloyd W. Smith, 418 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Co., 547 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill., and Great Northern Railway Co., 175 East Fourth Street, St. Paul, Minn.
D. (6) $4,237.

A. M. Frederik Smith, 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.
B. Council of Conservationists, Inc., 10 East 40th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Wallace M. Smith, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Mutual Insurance Alliance.

A. Wayne H. Smithely, 1200 Wyatt Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,222.50. E. (9) $657.46.

A. Lyle O. Snader, 944 Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Association of American Railroads, Transportation Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $472.50. E. (9) $224.27.

A. Edward F. Snyder, 345 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.
B. Friends Committee on National Legislation, 245 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,280.76.

A. American Society for Animal Protective Legislation, 745 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $1,713. E. (9) $1,724.12.

A. Charles B. Sonneborn, 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 210 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Marvin J. Sonovsky, 1628 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Mutual Insurance Agents, 827 Investment Building, Washington, D.C.

A. J. Taylor Scoop, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, 350 South Wells, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) $685.

A. Southern States Industrial Council, 1103 Stahlman Building, Nashville, Tenn.

B. Standard Oil Co., 916 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) $900. E. (9) $826.05.

A. John F. Speer, Jr., 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
B. International Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers.

A. Richard A. Squires, 1102 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $200.

A. Thomas G. Stack, 1104 West 104th Place, Chicago, Ill.
E. (6) $1,400. E. (9) $4,496.40.

A. Howard M. Starling, 837 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.
B. Association of Causality and Surety Co., 60 John Street, New York, N.Y.
D. (6) $150. E. (9) $750.

A. Mrs. C. A. L. Stephens, Post Office Box 6294 Northwest Station, Washington, D.C.

A. Russell M. Stephens, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Federation of Technical Engineers, 900 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Sterling F. StouMenire, Jr., 61 St. Joseph Street, Mobile, Ala.
B. Waterman Steamship Corp., 61 St. Joseph Street, Mobile, Ala.
D. (6) $1,408.25.

A. O. R. Strackbein, 615 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $1,100.25.

A. O. R. Strackbein, 615 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $625.

A. O. R. Strackbein.
B. Nation-Wide Committee of Industry, Agriculture & Labor on Import-Export Policy, 615 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $6,200.

A. O. R. Strackbein, 615 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. Texas Sugar Beet Growers Association, Hereford, Tex.
D. (6) $1,945. E. (9) $42.43.

A. William A. Stringfellow, 827 Investment Building, Washington, D.C.
B. National Association of Mutual Insurance Agents, 827 Investment Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Norman Strunk, 221 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.
B. United States Savings & Loan League, 221 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.
D. (6) $625.

A. Arthur Sturgis, Jr., 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
B. American Retail Federation, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
D. (6) $260.

A. J. E. Sturrock, 607 Littlefield Building, Austin, Tex.
B. Texas Water Conservation Association, 607 Littlefield Building, Austin, Tex.
D. (6) $2,100. E. (9) $800.57.

A. J. Monroe Sullivan, 1625 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Phone</th>
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<tr>
<td>Richard P. White</td>
<td>835 Southern Building, Washington, D.C.</td>
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<td>A.</td>
<td>B. Gas Appliance Manufacturers Association, Inc., 60 East 43rd Street, New York, N.Y.</td>
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<td>A.</td>
<td>B. Retired Officers Association, 1616 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.</td>
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<td>A.</td>
<td>B. National Association of Retail Employees, Inc., 1737 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.</td>
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<td>A.</td>
<td>B. National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.</td>
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<td>A.</td>
<td>B. Association of Sugar Producers of Puerto Rico, 732 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.</td>
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<td>A.</td>
<td>B. Union Producing Company, 1525 Fairfield Avenue, Shreveport, La.</td>
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<td>A.</td>
<td>B. The Atlantic Refining Company, 35 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y.</td>
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<td>A.</td>
<td>B. Independent Natural Gas Association of America, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.</td>
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<td>A.</td>
<td>B. Harding deC. Williams, 1300 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.</td>
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<td>A.</td>
<td>B. National Association of Real Estate Boards, 36 South Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.</td>
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<td>A.</td>
<td>B. Monroe County, 3010 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.</td>
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<td>A.</td>
<td>B. Emergency Lead-Zinc Committee, 2555 N.W., Washington, D.C.</td>
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<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>B. Friends Committee on National Legislation, 245 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>A.</td>
<td>B. Zimring, Gromäne &amp; Sternstein, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C., and 11 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.</td>
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</table>
The following registrations were submitted for the third calendar quarter 1960:

(Note.—The form used for registration is reproduced below. In the interest of economy in the Record, questions are not repeated, only the essential answers are printed, and are indicated by their respective letter and number.)

FILE TWO COPIES WITH THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE AND FILE THREE COPIES WITH THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

This page (page 1) is designed to supply identifying data; and page 2 (on the back of this page) deals with financial data.

PLACE AN "X" BELOW THE APPROPRIATE LETTER OR FIGURE IN THE BOX AT THE RIGHT OF THE "REPORT" HEADING BELOW:

"PRELIMINARY" REPORT ("Registration"): To "register," place an "X" below the letter "P" and fill out page 1 only.

"QUARTERLY" REPORT: To indicate which one of the four calendar quarters is covered by this Report, place an "X" below the appropriate figure. Fill out both page 1 and page 2 and as many additional pages as may be required. The first additional page should be numbered as page "3," and the rest of such pages should be "4," "5," "6," etc. Preparation and filing in accordance with instructions will accomplish compliance with all quarterly reporting requirements of the Act.

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**NOTE ON ITEM "A."**—(a) **IN GENERAL.** This "Report" form may be used by either an organization or an individual, as follows:

(i) "Employee."—To file as an "employee," state (in Item "B") the name, address, and nature of business of the "employer." (If the "employer" is a firm [such as a law firm or public relations firm], partners and salaried staff members of such firm may join in filing a Report as an "employee").

(ii) "Employer."—To file as an "employer," write "None" in answer to Item "B." An agent or employee should not attempt to combine his Registration report with the employer's Report.

(b) **SEPARATE REPORTS.** An agent or employee should not attempt to combine his Registration report with the employer's Report:

(i) Employers subject to the Act must file separate Reports and are not relieved of this requirement merely because Reports are filed by their agents or employees.

(ii) Employees subject to the Act must file separate Reports and are not relieved of this requirement merely because Reports are filed by their employers.

A. **ORGANIZATION OR INDIVIDUAL FILING:**

1. State name, address, and nature of business.

2. If this Report is for an Employer, list names or agents or employees who will file Reports for this quarter.

**NOTE ON ITEM "B."**—Reports by Agents or Employees. An employee is to file, each quarter, as many Reports as he has employers, except that: (a) If a particular undertaking is jointly financed by a group of employers, the group is to be considered as one employer, but all members of the group are to be named, and the contribution of each member is to be specified; (b) If the work is done in the interest of one person but payment therefor is made by another, a single Report—naming both persons as "employers"—is to be filed each quarter.

B. **EMPLOYER.**—State name, address, and nature of business. If there is no employer, write "None."

**NOTE ON ITEM "C."**—(a) The expression "in connection with legislative interests," as used in this Report, means "in connection with attempting, directly or indirectly, to influence the passage or defeat of legislation." The term "legislation" means bills, resolutions, amendments, nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in either House of Congress, and includes any other matter which may be the subject of action by either House—§ 302(e).

(b) Before undertaking any activities in connection with legislative interests, organizations and individuals subject to the Lobbying Act are required to file a "Preliminary" Report (Registration).

(c) After beginning such activities, they must file a "Quarterly" Report at the end of each calendar quarter in which they have either received or expended any value in connection with legislative interests.

C. **LEGISLATIVE INTERESTS, AND PUBLICATIONS in connection therewith:**

1. State approximately how long legislative interests are to continue. If receipts and expenditures in connection with legislative interests have terminated, place an "X" in the box at the left, so that this Office will no longer expect to receive Reports.

2. State the general legislative interests of the person filing and set forth the specific legislative interests by reciting: (a) Short titles of statutes and bills; (b) House and Senate numbers of bills, where known; (c) citations of statutes, where known; (d) whether for or against such statutes and bills.

3. In the case of those publications which the person filing has caused to be issued or distributed in connection with legislative interests, set forth: (a) Description, (b) quantity distributed; (c) date of distribution, (d) name of printer or publisher (if publications were paid for by person filing) or name of donor (if publications were received as a gift).

(Answer Items 1, 2, and 3 in the space below. Attach additional pages if more space is needed)

4. If this is a "Preliminary" Report (Registration) rather than a "Quarterly" Report, state below what the nature and amount of anticipated expenses will be; and if for an agent or employee, state also what the daily, monthly, or annual rate of compensation is to be. If this is a "Quarterly" Report, disregard this item "C4" and fill out item "D" and "E" on the back of this page. Do not attempt to combine a "Preliminary" Report (Registration) with a "Quarterly" Report.

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**AFFIDAVIT**

[Omitted in printing]
EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

The Role of Local Government in Relation to the Needs of State and Federal Governments

EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

HON. JAMES E. VAN ZANDT
OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Friday, January 6, 1961

Mr. VAN ZANDT. Mr. Speaker, on October 6, 1960, the State College (Pa.) Chamber of Commerce through its legislative affairs committee sponsored a symposium at which time the role of local government in relation to the needs of State and Federal Governments was discussed.

It was my privilege to deliver the following address in connection with the program:

THE ROLE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT IN RELATION TO THE NEEDS OF STATE AND FEDERAL GOVERNMENTS

(Address by Representative James E. Van Zandt, Member of Congress of the 20th District of Pennsylvania)

The general principle of local government is that we direct our freedom.

The varying forms of local government stem from the beginning of American history—and from the traditions of Anglo-Saxon-Viking and other northern European peoples. Such devices as the town meeting bear a strong resemblance to the public meetings by which much public business was conducted in the government of the ancient Greek city-states.

Though the government of such states was usually truly national government—because it was independent of any higher governmental authority—yet it was truly local government in its form, and also in the narrow extent of territory and restricted number of people to which it applied.

Boards of aldermen, selectmen, county supervisors, and the like constitute a form of government whose origin is lost in the mists of antiquity.

Such governments differ from the government of separated powers—as we know it in our State and National Governments—in that they often combine in one board or council legislative and executive powers.

Here, in the more intimate departments of government, where each legislator-official is, or should be, well known to the neighbors whose affairs he is empowered to regulate, the traditional reliance has been not on formal and structural safeguards but on direct contact, consultation and the frequently recurring opportunity to vote out the incumbents and vote in new men.

Actually, no theoretical structural safeguard built out of philosophical concepts of government could equal the simple down-to-earth safeguards, which we can easily have in local matters, of knowing the territory, knowing the officials, and keeping a watchful eye upon their operations.

Local government deals with the tangible and visible surroundings of our homes and businesses. As Thomas Jefferson said commenting in his autobiography on this tendency toward impracticality in big government:

"Were we directed from Washington when to sow and when to reap we should soon want bread."

Abraham Lincoln wrote in his famous "Fragment on Government" on July 1, 1854:

"The legitimate object of government is to do for a community of people whatever they need to have done, but cannot do at all or cannot so well do for themselves in their separate and individual capacities."

"In all that the people can individually do as well for themselves, government ought not to interfere."

This, as well as Jefferson's remarks, represents American traditions in political thinking.

I believe it is consistent with Lincoln's thought that we keep governmental action to the necessary minimum and that this includes submitting every public problem to the smallest simplest, most local sort of government that seems able to handle it with efficiency and economy.

This basic thought common to both Lincoln and Jefferson is further amplified in Jefferson's autobiography:

"It is not by the consolidation or concentration of powers but by their distribution that good government is effected."

"Were not this great country already divided into States that division must be made, that each might do for itself what concerns