

Public Law 96-192
96th Congress**An Act**

To amend the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 in order to promote competition in international air transportation, provide greater opportunities for United States air carriers, establish goals for developing United States international aviation negotiating policy, and for other purposes.

Feb. 15, 1980

[S. 1300]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "International Air Transportation Competition Act of 1979".

SEC. 2. Section 102(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1302(a)) is amended to read as follows:

International
Air
Transportation
Competition Act
of 1979.
49 USC 1301
note.

"DECLARATION OF POLICY: THE BOARD**"FACTORS FOR INTERSTATE, OVERSEAS, AND FOREIGN AIR
TRANSPORTATION**

"SEC. 102. (a) In the exercise and performance of its powers and duties under this Act, the Board shall consider the following, among other things, as being in the public interest, and in accordance with the public convenience and necessity:

"(1) The assignment and maintenance of safety as the highest priority in air commerce, and prior to the authorization of new air transportation services, full evaluation of the recommendations of the Secretary of Transportation on the safety implications of such new services and full evaluation of any report or recommendation submitted under section 107 of this Act.

49 USC 1307.

"(2) The prevention of any deterioration in established safety procedures, recognizing the clear intent, encouragement, and dedication of the Congress to the furtherance of the highest degree of safety in air transportation and air commerce, and the maintenance of the safety vigilance that has evolved within air transportation and air commerce and has come to be expected by the traveling and shipping public.

"(3) The availability of a variety of adequate, economic, efficient, and low-price services by air carriers and foreign air carriers without unjust discriminations, undue preferences or advantages, or unfair or deceptive practices, the need to improve relations among, and coordinate transportation by, air carriers, and the need to encourage fair wages and equitable working conditions for air carriers.

"(4) The placement of maximum reliance on competitive market forces and on actual and potential competition (A) to provide the needed air transportation system, and (B) to encourage efficient and well-managed carriers to earn adequate profits and to attract capital, taking account, nevertheless, of material differences, if any, which may exist between interstate and overseas air transportation, on the one hand, and foreign air transportation, on the other.

"(5) The development and maintenance of a sound regulatory environment which is responsive to the needs of the public and in which decisions are reached promptly in order to facilitate adaption of the air transportation system to the present and future needs of the domestic and foreign commerce of the United States, the Postal Service, and the national defense.

"(6) The encouragement of air service at major urban areas in the United States through secondary or satellite airports, where consistent with regional airport plans of regional and local authorities, and when such encouragement is endorsed by appropriate State entities encouraging such service by air carriers whose sole responsibility in any specific market is to provide service exclusively at the secondary or satellite airport, and fostering an environment which reasonably enables such carriers to establish themselves and to develop their secondary or satellite airport services.

"(7) The prevention of unfair, deceptive, predatory, or anticompetitive practices in air transportation, and the avoidance of—

"(A) unreasonable industry concentration, excessive market domination, and monopoly power; and

"(B) other conditions;

that would tend to allow one or more air carriers or foreign air carriers unreasonably to increase prices, reduce services, or exclude competition in air transportation.

"(8) The maintenance of a comprehensive and convenient system of continuous scheduled interstate and overseas airline service for small communities and for isolated areas in the United States, with direct Federal assistance where appropriate.

"(9) The encouragement, development, and maintenance of an air transportation system relying on actual and potential competition to provide efficiency, innovation, and low prices, and to determine the variety, quality, and price of air transportation services.

"(10) The encouragement of entry into air transportation markets by new air carriers, the encouragement of entry into additional air transportation markets by existing air carriers, and the continued strengthening of small air carriers so as to assure a more effective, competitive airline industry.

"(11) The promotion, encouragement, and development of civil aeronautics and a viable, privately owned United States air transport industry.

"(12) The strengthening of the competitive position of United States air carriers to at least assure equality with foreign air carriers, including the attainment of opportunities for United States air carriers to maintain and increase their profitability, in foreign air transportation."

Repeal.

SEC. 3. (a) Section 102(c) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1302(c)) is repealed.

(b) That portion of the table of contents contained in the first section of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 which appears under the side heading

"Sec. 102. Declaration of policy: The Board."

is amended by striking out

"(a) Factors for interstate and overseas air transportation.

"(b) Factors for all-cargo service.

"(c) Factors for foreign air transportation."

and inserting in lieu thereof

"(a) Factors for interstate, overseas, and foreign air transportation.

"(b) Factors for all-cargo service."

SEC. 4. Sections 401(d)(1) through 401(d)(3) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1371 (d)(1) through (d)(3)) are amended to read as follows:

"ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATE

"(d)(1) The Board shall issue a certificate authorizing the whole or any part of the transportation covered by the application, if it finds that the applicant is fit, willing, and able to perform such transportation properly and to conform to the provisions of this Act and the rules, regulations, and requirements of the Board hereunder, and that such transportation is consistent with the public convenience and necessity; otherwise such application shall be denied.

"(2) In the case of an application for a certificate to engage in temporary air transportation, the Board may issue a certificate authorizing the whole or any part thereof for such limited periods as is consistent with the public convenience and necessity, if it finds that the applicant is fit, willing, and able properly to perform such transportation and to conform to the provisions of this Act and the rules, regulations, and requirements of the Board hereunder.

Temporary air
transportation.

"(3) In the case of an application for a certificate to engage in charter air transportation, the Board may issue a certificate to any applicant, not holding a certificate under paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection on January 1, 1977, authorizing interstate air transportation of persons, which authorizes the whole or any part thereof for such periods, as is consistent with the public convenience and necessity, if it finds that the applicant is fit, willing, and able properly to perform the transportation covered by the application and to conform to the provisions of this Act and the rules, regulations, and requirements of the Board hereunder."

Charter air
transportation.

SEC. 5. The first sentence of section 401(e)(2) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1371(e)(2)) is amended by striking out the words "insofar as the operation is to take place without the United States,".

SEC. 6. Section 401(g) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1371(g)) is amended to read as follows:

"AUTHORITY TO MODIFY, SUSPEND, OR REVOKE

"(g)(1) The Board upon petition or complaint or upon its own initiative, after notice and hearings, or pursuant to the simplified procedures under subsection (p) of this section, may alter, amend, modify, or suspend any such certificate, in whole or in part, if the public convenience and necessity so require, or may revoke any such certificate, in whole or in part, for intentional failure to comply with any provision of this title or any order, rule, or regulation issued hereunder or any term, condition, or limitation of such certificate. No such certificate shall be revoked unless the holder thereof fails to comply, within a reasonable time to be fixed by the Board, with an order of the Board commanding obedience to the provision, or to the order (other than an order issued in accordance with this sentence), rule, regulation, term, condition, or limitation found by the Board to have been violated. No certificate to engage in foreign air transportation may be altered, amended, modified, suspended, or revoked pursuant to the simplified procedures of subsection (p) of this section if the holder of such certificate requests an oral evidentiary hearing

Foreign air
transportation,
oral hearing.

Protest or
memorandum.

Foreign air
transportation.

or the Board finds that, under all the facts and circumstances, an oral evidentiary hearing is required in the public interest.

"(2) Any interested person may file with the Board a protest or memorandum in support of or in opposition to the alteration, amendment, modification, suspension, or revocation of a certificate pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection.

"(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Board may suspend or revoke authority of an air carrier to serve any point in foreign air transportation authorized in a certificate issued under this section, upon notice and with a reasonable opportunity for the affected carrier to present its views, but without hearing, if the carrier has notified the Board in accordance with subsection (j) of this section or any regulation of the Board that it proposes to suspend all service provided by that carrier to such point, or, except at a point which is provided seasonal service comparable to that provided during the previous year, if the carrier has failed to provide any regularly scheduled service to the point for 90 days preceding the date of the Board's notice to the carrier of its proposed action."

SEC. 7. Section 402(b) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1372(b)) is amended to read as follows:

"ISSUANCE OF PERMIT

"(b) The Board is empowered to issue such a permit if it finds (1) that the applicant is fit, willing, and able properly to perform such foreign air transportation and to conform to the provisions of this Act and the rules, regulations, and requirements of the Board hereunder and (2) either that the applicant is qualified, and has been designated by its government, to perform such foreign air transportation under the terms of an agreement with the United States, or that such transportation will be in the public interest."

SEC. 8. The third sentence of section 402(d) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1372(d)) is amended by striking out "Such application shall be set for public hearing and the" and inserting in lieu thereof "The".

SEC. 9. Section 402(f) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1372(f)) is amended by inserting "(1)" immediately after "(f)" and by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

Foreign air
carriers.

"(2) Whenever the Board finds that the government, aeronautical authorities, or foreign air carriers of any foreign country have, over the objections of the Government of the United States, impaired, limited, or denied the operating rights of United States air carriers, or engaged in unfair, discriminatory, or restrictive practices with a substantial adverse competitive impact upon United States carriers, with respect to air transportation services to, from, through, or over the territory of such country, the Board may, without hearing but subject to the approval of the President of the United States, summarily suspend the permits of the foreign air carriers of such country, or alter, modify, amend, condition, or limit operations under such permits, if it finds such action to be in the public interest. The Board may also, without hearing but subject to Presidential approval, to the extent necessary to make the operation of this paragraph effective, restrict operations between such foreign country and the United States by any foreign air carrier of a third country."

SEC. 10. Section 407(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1377(a)) is amended by inserting the phrase "or foreign air carrier"

immediately after the words "air carrier" each time those words appear therein.

SEC. 11. Section 412 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1382) is amended by—

- (1) striking subsections (a) and (b) thereof;
- (2) redesignating subsections (c), (d), and (e) as subsections (a), (b), and (c), respectively;
- (3) striking the words ", affecting interstate or overseas air transportation and" in subsection (a)(1), as so redesignated by this section;
- (4) inserting the words ", including international comity or foreign policy considerations," immediately after "public benefits" in paragraph (a)(2)(A)(i), as so redesignated by this section;
- (5) inserting the words "affecting interstate or overseas air transportation," immediately after the word "agreement," in paragraph (a)(2)(A)(iii), as so redesignated by this section;
- (6) inserting the words "or foreign air carrier" immediately after the words "air carrier" the first two times those words appear in subsection (a)(1), as so redesignated by this section; and
- (7) striking out "or (c)", inserting ", the Secretary of State," after "shall provide to the Attorney General", and striking out "such Secretary" and inserting in lieu thereof "either Secretary", in subsection (b), as redesignated by this section.

SEC. 12. (a) The center heading for section 412(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as redesignated by section 11 of this Act, is amended by striking out

"AFFECTING INTERSTATE OR OVERSEAS AIR TRANSPORTATION".

(b) That portion of the table of contents contained in the first section of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 which appears under the side heading

"Sec. 412. Pooling and other agreements."

is amended to read as follows:

- "(a) Filing and approval of agreements.
- "(b) Proceedings upon filing.
- "(c) Mutual aid agreement."

SEC. 13. Section 416(b) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1386) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"(7) The Board may by order, to the extent it finds that such action is required in the public interest, exempt any foreign air carrier for a period not to exceed 30 days from the requirements or limitations of this Act, to the extent necessary to authorize the foreign air carrier to carry passengers, cargo, or mail in interstate or overseas air transportation in certain markets if the Board, after consultation with the Secretary of Transportation, finds that—

Foreign air
carrier
exemption.

"(A) because of an emergency created by unusual circumstances not arising in the normal course of business, traffic in such markets cannot be accommodated by air carriers holding certificates under section 401 of this Act;

Ante, p. 37.

"(B) all possible efforts have been made to accommodate such traffic by utilizing the resources of such air carriers (including, for example, the use of foreign aircraft, or sections of foreign aircraft, that are under lease or charter to such air carriers, and the use of such air carriers' reservation systems to the extent practicable);

Ante, p. 37.

“(C) such authorization is necessary to avoid undue hardship for the traffic in such market that cannot be accommodated by air carriers holding certificates under section 401 of this Act; and

“(D) in any case where the inability to accommodate traffic in a market results from a labor dispute, the granting of such an exemption will not result in an undue advantage to any party to such dispute.

Whenever the Board grants such authority to a foreign air carrier under this paragraph, the Board shall—

“(i) assure that any air transportation provided by the foreign carrier under such authority is made available on fair and reasonable terms;

“(ii) continuously monitor the passenger load factor of air carriers in such market that hold certificates under section 401 of this Act; and

“(iii) review such authority no less frequently than once every 30 days to assure that the unusual circumstances that created the need for such authority still exist.

The Board may renew any exemption under this paragraph (including any renewal thereof) for a period not to exceed 30 days. In no event shall any authorization to a foreign air carrier under this paragraph remain in effect for more than 5 days after the unusual circumstances that created the need for such authorization have ceased.”

SEC. 14. Section 1002(j)(1) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1482(j)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

“SUSPENSION AND REJECTION OF RATES IN FOREIGN AIR
TRANSPORTATION

“(j)(1) Whenever any air carrier or foreign air carrier shall file with the Board a tariff stating a new individual or joint (between air carriers, between foreign air carriers, or between an air carrier or carriers and a foreign air carrier or carriers) rate, fare, or charge for foreign air transportation or any classification, rule, regulation, or practice affecting such rate, fare, or charge, or the value of the service thereunder, the Board is empowered, upon complaint or upon its own initiative, at once, and, if it so orders, without answer or other formal pleading by the air carrier or foreign air carrier, but upon reasonable notice, to enter upon a hearing concerning the lawfulness of such rate, fare, or charge, or such classification, rule, regulation, or practice; and pending such hearing and the decision thereon, or in the case of a tariff filed by a foreign air carrier if such action is in the public interest, the Board, by filing with such tariff, and delivering to the air carrier or foreign air carrier affected thereby, a statement in writing of its reasons for such suspension, may suspend the operation of such tariff and defer the use of such rate, fare, or charge, or such classification, rule, regulation, or practice, for a period or periods not exceeding 365 days in the aggregate beyond the time when such tariff would otherwise go into effect. If, after hearing, the Board shall be of the opinion that such rate, fare, or charge, or such classification, rule, regulation, or practice, is or will be unjust or unreasonable, or unjustly discriminatory, or unduly preferential, or unduly prejudicial, or in the case of a tariff filed by a foreign air carrier if the Board concludes with or without hearing that such action is in the public interest, the Board may take action to reject or cancel such tariff and prevent the use of such rate, fare, or charge, or such classification, rule, regulation, or practice. The Board may at any time rescind the

suspension of such tariff and permit the use of such rate, fare, or charge, or such classification, rule, regulation, or practice. If the proceeding has not been concluded and an order made within the period of suspension or suspensions, or if the Board shall otherwise so direct, the proposed rate, fare, charge, classification, rule, regulation, or practice shall go into effect subject, however, to being canceled when the proceeding is concluded. During the period of any suspension or suspensions, or following rejection or cancellation of a tariff, including tariffs which have gone into effect provisionally, the affected air carrier or foreign air carrier shall maintain in effect and use the rate, fare, or charge, or the classification, rule, regulation, or practice affecting such rate, fare, or charge, or the value of service thereunder which was in effect immediately prior to the filing of the new tariff or such other rate, fare or charge as may be provided for under an applicable intergovernmental agreement or understanding. If the suspension, rejection, or cancellation is of an initial tariff, the affected air carrier or foreign air carrier may file for purposes of operations pending effectiveness of a new tariff, a tariff embodying any rate, fare, or charge, or any classification, rule, regulation, or practice affecting such rate, fare, or charge, or the value of service thereunder, that may be currently in effect (and not subject to a suspension order) for any air carrier engaged in the same foreign air transportation."

SEC. 15. Section 1002(j)(2) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1482(j)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

"(2) With respect to any existing tariff of an air carrier or foreign air carrier stating rates, fares, or charges for foreign air transportation, or any classification, rule, regulation, or practice affecting such rate, fare, or charge, or the value of the service thereunder, the Board is empowered, upon complaint or upon its own initiative, at once and, if it so orders, without answer or other formal pleading by the air carrier or foreign air carrier, but upon reasonable notice, to enter into a hearing concerning the lawfulness of such rate, fare, or charge, or such classification, rule, regulation, or practice; and pending such hearing and the decision thereon, or in the case of a tariff filed by a foreign air carrier if such action is in the public interest, the Board upon reasonable notice, and by filing with such tariff, and delivering to the air carrier or foreign air carrier affected thereby, a statement in writing of its reasons for such suspension, and the effective date thereof, may suspend the operation of such tariff and defer the use of such rate, fare, or charge, or such classification, rule, regulation, or practice, following the effective date of such suspension, for a period or periods not exceeding 365 days in the aggregate from the effective date of such suspension. If, after hearing, the Board shall be of the opinion that such rate, fare, or charge, or such classification, rule, regulation, or practice, is or will be unjust or unreasonable, or unjustly discriminatory, or unduly preferential, or unduly prejudicial, or in the case of a tariff filed by a foreign air carrier if the Board concludes with or without hearing that such action is in the public interest, the Board may take action to cancel such tariff and prevent the use of such rate, fare, or charge, or such classification, rule, regulation, or practice. If the proceeding has not been concluded within the period of suspension or suspensions, the tariff shall again go into effect subject, however, to being canceled when the proceeding is concluded. For the purposes of operation during the period of such suspension, or the period following cancellation of an existing tariff pending effectiveness of a new tariff, the air carrier or foreign air carrier may file a tariff embodying any rate, fare, or charge, or any

Suspension of
tariff.

classification, rule, regulation, or practice affecting such rate, fare, or charge, or the value of service thereunder, that may be currently in effect (and not subject to a suspension order) for any air carrier engaged in the same foreign air transportation."

SEC. 16. Section 1002(j)(5) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1482(j)(5)) is amended by (1) striking the word "and" at the end of subparagraph (E) thereof, (2) striking the period at the end of subparagraph (F) and inserting in lieu thereof "; and", and (3) adding at the end thereof the following new subparagraph:

"(G) reasonably estimated or foreseeable future costs and revenues for such air carrier or foreign air carrier for a reasonably limited future period during which the rate at issue would be in effect."

SEC. 17. Section 1102 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1502) is amended by inserting "(a)" immediately after "SEC. 1102" and by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"GOALS FOR INTERNATIONAL AVIATION POLICY

"(b) In formulating United States international air transportation policy, the Congress intends that the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Civil Aeronautics Board shall develop a negotiating policy which emphasizes the greatest degree of competition that is compatible with a well-functioning international air transportation system. This includes, among other things:

"(1) the strengthening of the competitive position of United States air carriers to at least assure equality with foreign air carriers, including the attainment of opportunities for United States air carriers to maintain and increase their profitability, in foreign air transportation;

"(2) freedom of air carriers and foreign air carriers to offer fares and rates which correspond with consumer demand;

"(3) the fewest possible restrictions on charter air transportation;

"(4) the maximum degree of multiple and permissive international authority for United States air carriers so that they will be able to respond quickly to shifts in market demand;

"(5) the elimination of operational and marketing restrictions to the greatest extent possible;

"(6) the integration of domestic and international air transportation;

"(7) an increase in the number of nonstop United States gateway cities;

"(8) opportunities for carriers of foreign countries to increase their access to United States points if exchanged for benefits of similar magnitude for United States carriers or the traveling public with permanent linkage between rights granted and rights given away;

"(9) the elimination of discrimination and unfair competitive practices faced by United States airlines in foreign air transportation, including excessive landing and user fees, unreasonable ground handling requirements, undue restrictions on operations, prohibitions against change of gauge, and similar restrictive practices; and

"(10) the promotion, encouragement, and development of civil aeronautics and a viable, privately owned United States air transport industry.

"CONSULTATION WITH AFFECTED GROUPS"

"(c) To assist in developing and implementing such an international aviation negotiating policy, the Secretaries of State and Transportation and the Civil Aeronautics Board shall consult, to the maximum extent practicable, with the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Defense, airport operators, scheduled air carriers, charter air carriers, airline labor, consumer interest groups, travel agents and tour organizers, and other groups, institutions, and government agencies affected by international aviation policy concerning both broad policy goals and individual negotiations.

"OBSERVER STATUS FOR CONGRESSIONAL REPRESENTATIVES"

"(d) The President shall grant to at least one representative of each House of Congress the privilege to attend international aviation negotiations as an observer if such privilege is requested in advance in writing."

SEC. 18. (a) The center heading for section 1102 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 is amended to read as follows:

49 USC 1502.

"INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS"

"ACTIONS OF THE BOARD AND SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION"

(b) That portion of the table of contents contained in the first section of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 which appears under the center heading

"TITLE XI—MISCELLANEOUS"

is amended by striking out

"Sec. 1102. International agreements."

and inserting in lieu thereof

"Sec. 1102. International agreements.

"(a) Actions of the Board and Secretary of Transportation.

"(b) Goals for international aviation policy.

"(c) Consultation with affected groups.

"(d) Observer status for Congressional representatives."

SEC. 19. Section 1104 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1504) is amended by striking the words "international negotiations and" and inserting in lieu thereof "international negotiations or".

SEC. 20. The third sentence of section 1108(b) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1508(b)) is amended by inserting immediately before the period at the end thereof the following: " , unless specifically authorized under section 416(b)(7) of this Act or under regulations prescribed by the Secretary authorizing United States air carriers to engage in otherwise authorized common carriage and carriage of mail with foreign registered aircraft under lease or charter to them without crew".

Ante, p. 39.

SEC. 21. Section 1117 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1517) is amended to read as follows:

**"TRANSPORTATION OF GOVERNMENT-FINANCED PASSENGERS AND
PROPERTY**

**"TRANSPORTATION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND A PLACE OUTSIDE
THEREOF**

49 USC 1371.

"SEC. 1117. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, whenever any executive department or other agency or instrumentality of the United States shall procure, contract for, or otherwise obtain for its own account or in furtherance of the purposes or pursuant to the terms of any contract, agreement, or other special arrangement made or entered into under which payment is made by the United States or payment is made from funds appropriated, owned, controlled, granted, or conditionally granted or utilized by or otherwise established for the account of the United States, or shall furnish to or for the account of any foreign nation, or any international agency, or other organization, of whatever nationality, without provisions for reimbursement, any transportation of persons (and their personal effects) or property by air between a place in the United States and a place outside thereof, the appropriate agency or agencies shall take such steps as may be necessary to assure that such transportation is provided by air carriers holding certificates under section 401 of this Act to the extent authorized by such certificates or by regulations or exemption of the Civil Aeronautics Board and to the extent service by such carriers is available.

"TRANSPORTATION BETWEEN TWO PLACES OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

"(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, whenever persons (and their personal effects) or property described in subsection (a) of this section are transported by air between two places both of which are outside the United States, the appropriate agency or agencies shall take such steps as may be necessary to assure that such transportation is provided by air carriers holding certificates under section 401 of this Act to the extent authorized by such certificates or by regulations or exemption of the Civil Aeronautics Board and to the extent service by such carriers is reasonably available.

"TRANSPORTATION PURSUANT TO BILATERAL AGREEMENT

Ante, p. 42.

"(c) Nothing in this section shall preclude the transportation of persons (and their personal effects) or property by foreign air carriers if such transportation is provided for under the terms of a bilateral or multilateral air transport agreement between the United States and a foreign government or governments and if such agreement (1) is consistent with the goals for international aviation policy set forth in section 1102(b) of this Act and (2) provides for the exchange of rights or benefits of similar magnitude.

**"DISALLOWANCE OF IMPROPER EXPENDITURE BY COMPTROLLER
GENERAL**

"(d) The Comptroller General of the United States shall disallow any expenditure from appropriated funds for payment for personnel or cargo transportation in violation of this section in the absence of satisfactory proof of the necessity therefor. Nothing in this section shall prevent the application to such traffic of the antidiscrimination provisions of this Act."

SEC. 22. That portion of the table of contents contained in the first section of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 which appears under the center heading

"TITLE XI—MISCELLANEOUS"

is amended by striking out

"Sec. 1117. Transportation of Government-financed passengers and property."
and inserting in lieu thereof

"Sec. 1117. Transportation of Government-financed passengers and property.

"(a) Transportation between the United States and a place outside thereof.

"(b) Transportation between two places outside the United States.

"(c) Transportation pursuant to bilateral agreement.

"(d) Disallowance of improper expenditure by Comptroller General."

SEC. 23. Section 2 of the International Air Transportation Fair Competitive Practices Act of 1974 (49 U.S.C. 1159b) is amended by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as subsections (c) and (d), respectively, and adding a new subsection (b) as follows:

"(b)(1) Whenever the Civil Aeronautics Board, upon complaint or upon its own initiative, determines that a foreign government or instrumentality, including a foreign air carrier (A) engages in unjustifiable or unreasonable discriminatory, predatory, or anticompetitive practices against a United States air carrier or (B) imposes unjustifiable or unreasonable restrictions on access of a United States air carrier to foreign markets, the Board may take such action as it deems to be in the public interest to eliminate such practices or restrictions. Such actions may include, but are not limited to, the denial, transfer, alteration, modification, amendment, cancellation, suspension, limitation, or revocation of any foreign air carrier permit or tariff pursuant to the powers of the Board under the Federal Aviation Act of 1958.

"(2) Any United States air carrier or any agency of the Government of the United States may file a complaint under this section with the Civil Aeronautics Board. The Board shall approve, deny, dismiss, set such complaint for hearing or investigation, or institute other proceedings proposing remedial action within 60 days after receipt of the complaint. The Board may extend the period for taking such action for an additional period or periods of up to 30 days each if the Board concludes that it is likely that the complaint can be satisfactorily resolved through negotiations with the foreign government or instrumentality during such additional period, but in no event may the aggregate period for taking action under this subsection exceed 180 days from receipt of the complaint. In considering any complaint, or in any proceedings under its own initiative, under this subsection the Board shall (A) solicit the views of the Department of State and the Department of Transportation and (B) provide any affected air carrier or foreign air carrier with reasonable notice and such opportunity to file written evidence and argument as is consistent with acting on the complaint within the time limits set forth in this subsection.

"(3) Any action proposed by the Board pursuant to this section shall be transmitted to the President pursuant to section 801 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1461)."

SEC. 24. (a) Section 1002(j) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1482(j)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

Discriminatory,
predatory, or
anticompetitive
practices.

49 USC 1301
note.
Complaint,
filing.

Solicitation of
views.

Transmittal to
President.

Foreign air
fares.

"(6) The Board shall not have authority to find any fare for foreign air transportation of persons to be unjust or unreasonable on the basis that such fare is too low or too high if—

"(A) with respect to any proposed increase filed with the Board on or after the date of enactment of this paragraph, and before the 180th day after such date of enactment, such proposed fare would not be more than the standard foreign fare level for the same or essentially similar class of service. No such fare shall be suspended, unless the Board determines that it may be unduly preferential, unduly prejudicial, or unjustly discriminatory or that suspension is in the public interest because of unreasonable regulatory actions by a foreign government with respect to fare proposals of an air carrier; or

"(B) with respect to any proposed increase filed with the Board after the 180th day after the date of enactment of this paragraph such proposed fare would not be more than 5 percent higher than the standard foreign fare level for the same or essentially similar class of service. No such fare shall be suspended, unless the Board determines that it may be unduly preferential, unduly prejudicial, or unjustly discriminatory or that suspension is in the public interest because of unreasonable regulatory actions by a foreign government with respect to fare proposals of an air carrier; or

"(C) with respect to any proposed decrease filed after the date of enactment of this paragraph, the fare would not be more than 50 percent lower than the standard foreign fare level for the same or essentially similar class of service, except that this provision shall not apply to any proposed decrease in any fare if the Board determines that such proposed fare may be predatory or discriminatory or that suspension of any such fare is required because of unreasonable regulatory actions by a foreign government with respect to fare proposals by an air carrier.

"Standard
foreign fare
level."

"(7) For purposes of this subsection, 'standard foreign fare level' means that fare level (as adjusted only in accordance with paragraph (9) of this subsection) filed for and permitted by the Civil Aeronautics Board to go into effect on or after October 1, 1979 and before the 180th day after the date of enactment of this paragraph (with seasonal fares adjusted by the percentage difference that prevailed between seasons in 1978), or the fare level established under paragraph (8), for each pair of points, for each class of fare existing on that date, and in effect on the effective date of the establishment of each additional class of fare established after October 1, 1979.

Unjust or
unreasonable
fares,
determination.

"(8)(A) The Board is authorized, on the basis of oral evidentiary hearings before an administrative law judge, to determine that a fare between two points on October 1, 1979 is unjust or unreasonable. Such oral evidentiary hearing shall be completed within 180 days of enactment of this section, and the Board may establish such deadlines including the deadline for the judge's decision as the Board may deem necessary to meet such requirement. If the Board determines that such a fare is unjust or unreasonable, the Board shall, on the basis of such hearing record, establish the standard foreign fare level between such points.

"(B) Standard foreign fare levels shall not be established under this paragraph for points between which the passengers carried by United States carriers in foreign air transportation are, in the aggregate, more than 25 percent of the total passengers carried by United States air carriers in foreign air transportation during the most recent 12-month period for which data is available.

"(C) The establishment of a standard foreign fare level under this paragraph does not permit a reduction in fares.

"(D) No standard foreign fare level established under this paragraph shall take effect on or before the 180th day after the date of enactment of this paragraph.

"(E) The authority given the Board by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall expire on the 180th day after the date of enactment of this paragraph.

"(9) The Board shall, within 30 days after the date of enactment of this paragraph, and not less often than every 60 days thereafter with respect to fuel costs and not less often than every 180 days with respect to all other costs, adjust each standard foreign fare level for the particular foreign air transportation to which such standard foreign fare level applies by increasing or decreasing such standard foreign fare level, as the case may be, by the percentage change from the last previous period in the actual operating cost per available seatmile. In determining the standard foreign fare level, the Board shall make no adjustment to costs actually incurred. In establishing standard foreign fare levels and making the adjustments called for in this paragraph, the Board may use all relevant or appropriate information reasonably available to it.

Fare
adjustment.

"(10) The Board may by rule increase the percentage specified in paragraph (6)(C) of this subsection."

(b) Section 403(c)(1) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1373(c)(1)) is amended by (1) inserting the words "or foreign air carrier" after the words "air carrier" each time those words appear therein and (2) inserting the words "or foreign air carrier's" after the words "air carrier's".

(c) Section 403(c)(2) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1373(c)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

"(2) If the effect of any proposed tariff change would be to institute a fare that is outside of the applicable range of fares specified in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of section 1002(d)(4) or subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of section 1002(j)(6) of this Act, or specified by the Board under section 1002(d)(7) or section 1002(j)(9) of this Act, or would be to institute a fare to which such range of fares does not apply, then such proposed change shall not be implemented except after 60 days' notice filed in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Board."

49 USC 1482.

SEC. 25. Section 1002(c) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1482(c)) is amended by inserting the words ", subject to section 1102(a) of this Act," immediately before the words "issue an appropriate order".

49 USC 1502.

SEC. 26. (a) Paragraph (1) of section 401(n) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1371(n)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

"(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, no air carrier providing air transportation under a certificate issued under this section shall commingle, on the same flight, passengers being transported in interstate, overseas, or foreign charter air transportation with passengers being transported in scheduled interstate, overseas, or foreign air transportation, except that this subsection shall not apply to the carriage of passengers in air transportation under group fare tariffs."

Commingleing of
passengers.

(b) Paragraph (1) of section 401(n) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1371(n)(1)) and the authority of the Civil Aeronautics Board with respect to such paragraph shall cease to be in effect on December 31, 1981.

SEC. 27. Section 414 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1384) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new

"Anti-trust laws."

sentence: "Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, on the basis of the findings required by subsection (a)(2)(A)(i) of section 412, the Board shall, as part of any order under such section which approves any contract, agreement, or request or any modification or cancellation thereof, exempt any person affected by such order from the operations of the 'anti-trust laws' set forth in subsection (a) of the first section of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 12) to the extent necessary to enable such person to proceed with the transaction specifically approved by the Board in such order and with those transactions necessarily contemplated by such order."

Fee collection.

SEC. 28. Section 45 of the Airline Deregulation Act of 1978 (49 U.S.C. 1341 note) is amended by inserting "(a)" after "SEC. 45." and by adding at the end thereof the following new subsections:

"United States."

"(b) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the Secretary of Transportation or the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration from collecting a fee, charge, or price for any test, authorization, certificate, permit, or rating, administered or issued outside the United States, relating to any airman or repair station.

Love Field, Tex.

"(c) For purposes of this section, the term 'United States' shall have the meaning given such term in section 101 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1301)."

SEC. 29. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), notwithstanding any other provision of law, neither the Secretary of Transportation, the Civil Aeronautics Board, nor any other officer or employee of the United States shall issue, reissue, amend, revise, or otherwise modify (either by action or inaction) any certificate or other authority to permit or otherwise authorize any person to provide the transportation of individuals, by air, as a common carrier for compensation or hire between Love Field, Texas, and one or more points outside the State of Texas, except (1) charter air transportation not to exceed ten flights per month, and (2) air transportation provided by commuter airlines operating aircraft with a passenger capacity of 56 passengers or less.

(b) Except as provided in subsections (a) and (c), notwithstanding any other provision of law, or any certificate or other authority heretofore or hereafter issued thereunder, no person shall provide or offer to provide the transportation of individuals, by air, for compensation or hire as a common carrier between Love Field, Texas, and one or more points outside the State of Texas, except that a person providing service to a point outside of Texas from Love Field on November 1, 1979, may continue to provide service to such point.

(c) Subsections (a) and (b) shall not apply with respect to, and it is found consistent with the public convenience and necessity to authorize, transportation of individuals, by air, on a flight between Love Field, Texas, and one or more points within the States of Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma, New Mexico, and Texas by an air carrier, if (1) such air carrier does not offer or provide any through service or ticketing with another air carrier or foreign air carrier, and (2) such air carrier does not offer for sale transportation to or from, and the flight or aircraft does not serve, any point which is outside any such State. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to give authority not otherwise provided by law to the Secretary of Transportation, the Civil Aeronautics Board, any other officer or employee of the United States, or any other person.

(d) This section shall not take effect if enacted after the enactment of the Aviation Safety and Noise Abatement Act of 1979.

Effective date.
Post, p. 50.

Approved February 15, 1980.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 96-602 accompanying H.R. 5481 (Comm. on Public Works and Transportation) and No. 96-716 (Comm. of Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 96-329 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation) and No. 96-531 (Comm. of Conference).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 125 (1979): Sept. 29, considered and passed Senate.

Nov. 13, H.R. 5481 considered and passed Senate; passage vacated and S. 1300, amended, passed in lieu.

Vol. 126 (1980): Jan. 31, Senate agreed to conference report.

Feb. 4, House agreed to conference report.

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS:

Vol. 16, No. 7 (1980): Feb. 15, Presidential statement.