

Public Law 98-261  
98th Congress

Joint Resolution

To designate the week of May 6, 1984, through May 13, 1984, as "National Tuberous Sclerosis Week".

Apr. 13, 1984

[S.J. Res. 148]

Whereas tuberous sclerosis (hereafter in this joint resolution referred to as "TS") is a genetic disorder affecting as many as one in ten thousand Americans;

Whereas TS remains poorly understood and frequently misdiagnosed even though it is one of the more common genetic disorders;

Whereas TS affects both males and females and individuals of all races;

Whereas characteristics of TS include skin markings, seizures, motor difficulties, mental retardation, tumors of the brain and other organs, and behavioral abnormalities;

Whereas in any individual, the disease features and severity may vary from mild, when patients can live normal lives, to extreme, when TS is disabling and may be life threatening;

Whereas modern research technology has increased the knowledge of TS, there remains much to be learned;

Whereas only with continued, extensive research is there any chance of conquering this horrifying disease; and

Whereas establishing a National Tuberous Sclerosis Week would serve to increase public awareness of TS and stimulate research:  
Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the week of May 6, 1984, through May 13, 1984, is designated as "National Tuberous Sclerosis Week", and the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling on the people of the United States to observe the week with appropriate programs, ceremonies, and activities.

Approved April 13, 1984.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S.J. Res. 148:

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 130 (1984):

Feb. 27, considered and passed Senate.

Apr. 3, considered and passed House.