

Association of Small Business Development Centers.
 Automotive Service Association.
 Automotive Recyclers Association.
 Bowling Proprietors Association of America.
 Building Service Contractors Association International.
 Christian Booksellers Association.
 Cincinnati Sign Supplies/Lamb and Co.
 Council of Fleet Specialists.
 Council of Growing Companies.
 Direct Selling Association.
 Electronics Representatives Association.
 Florists' Transworld Delivery Association.
 Health Industry Representatives Association.
 Helicopter Association International.
 Independent Bakers Association.
 Independent Bankers Association of America.
 Independent Medical Distributors Association.
 International Association of Refrigerated Warehouses.
 International Communications Industries Association.
 International Formalwear Association.
 International Television Association.
 Machinery Dealers National Association.
 Manufacturers Agents National Association.
 Manufacturers Representatives of America, Inc.
 Mechanical Contractors Association of America, Inc.
 National Association for the Self-Employed.
 National Association of Catalog Showroom Merchandisers.
 National Association of Home Builders.
 National Association of Investment Companies.
 National Association of Plumbing-Heating-Cooling Contractors.
 National Association of Private Enterprise.
 National Association of Realtors.
 National Association of Retail Druggists.
 National Association of RV Parks and Campgrounds.
 National Association of Small Business Investment Companies.
 National Association of the Remodeling Industry.
 National Association of Truck Stop Operators.
 National Association of Women Business Owners.
 National Chimney Sweep Guild.
 National Association of Catalog Showroom Merchandisers.
 National Coffee Service Association.
 National Electrical Contractors Association.
 National Electrical Manufacturers Representatives Association.
 National Food Brokers Association.
 National Independent Flag Dealers Association.
 National Knitwear Sportswear Association.
 National Lumber & Building Material Dealers Association.
 National Moving and Storage Association.
 National Ornamental & Miscellaneous Metals Association.
 National Paperbox Association.
 National Shoe Retailers Association.
 National Society of Public Accountants.
 National Tire Dealers & Retreaders Association.
 National Tooling and Machining Association.
 National Tour Association.
 National Venture Capital Association.
 National Wood Flooring Association.
 Opticians Association of America.

Organization for the Protection and Advancement of Small Telephone Companies.
 Passenger Vessel Association.
 Petroleum Marketers Association of America.
 Power Transmission Representatives Association.
 Printing Industries of America, Inc.
 Professional Lawn Care Association of America.
 Promotional Products Association International.
 Retail Bakers of America.
 Small Business Council of America, Inc.
 Small Business Exporters Association.
 SMC/Pennsylvania Small Business.
 Society of American Florists.
 Turfgrass Producers International.

NATIONAL ROOFING
 CONTRACTORS ASSOCIATION,
 Washington, DC, February 2, 1995.

Hon. CHRISTOPHER BOND,
 Chairman, Committee on Small Business, U.S.
 Senate, Washington, DC.

DEAR CHAIRMAN BOND: NRCA recently testified before the House Small Business Committee in support of strengthening the Regulatory Flexibility Act of 1980 (Reg Flex). Judicial review for Reg Flex is a priority for us, and we are pleased that it's a key component of the new Republican congressional majority's agenda for regulatory relief. We are also pleased to inform you that NRCA strongly supports the Regulatory Flexibility Amendments Act of 1995.

I am certain that I speak for the Regulatory Flexibility Act Coalition, consisting of some 60 organizations representing small business and small government entities, when I state that we stand ready to assist your committee's effort to amend Reg Flex to help control excessive government regulation.

Please call if there's anything I can do.

Best wishes.

Sincerely,

CRAIG S. BRIGHTUP.

IMPORTANCE OF INTELLECTUAL
 PROPERTY TO AMERICA'S TRADE

Mrs. MURRAY. Mr. President, tomorrow is a critical date in United States trade relations with the People's Republic of China [PRC]. The United States Trade Representative has found that the PRC is seriously deficient in its protection of intellectual property rights. Talks have broken off, and unless the Chinese change their laws and improve their enforcement at this eleventh hour, the United States will impose steep tariffs on a number of products imported from the PRC, starting tomorrow.

I am disappointed that the situation has deteriorated to this point. More than 1 year ago I invited the Chinese Ambassador, United States executives and other Members of the Washington congressional delegation to my office to discuss this issue. I spoke with President Clinton and U.S. Trade Ambassador Michael Kantor as well. I encouraged all sides to get together and work toward a solution to the problem.

As a proponent of free trade, I am hopeful talks will be resumed and the Chinese Government will take serious steps to protect intellectual property rights. Hard-working people in the State of Washington are losing too

much money to international pirates. This must end, and our relationship with this important trading partner must resume as quickly as possible.

It is up to the Clinton administration, and, more importantly, to the Chinese, to show some leadership. If China wants to be a global economic player, they have to play by the global economic rules. And those rules don't allow piracy.

Mr. President, as you know, I come from a State which is, per capita, the largest exporting State in the country. Washington State is home to America's single largest exporting company—the Boeing Co. We send the literal fruits of our labors—our apples and wheat—to every corner of the globe.

And, we are the site of some of America's most forward-looking, cutting-edge industries. We have big companies like the Microsoft Corp and Nintendo of America as well as small concerns all along the I-5 corridor which specialize in a dazzling array of high technology and biotech products.

These companies produce goods rich in intellectual property, the cornerstone of American innovation. Protecting these inventions through intellectual property rights is vital. Enforcing copyrights, patents and trademarks means that when you build a better mousetrap, you can reap the rewards of innovation. That's why we need and have strict laws in this country which protect inventions and punish thievery.

I am pleased that intellectual property has been included as a new discipline in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade [GATT]. Accordingly, it is important that all our trading partners uphold and enforce the strongest intellectual property laws possible, especially those countries that wish to join the GATT.

That is why the looming deadline is so disheartening. I sincerely hope China will address this situation, and prove they deserve a place in the global economic community.

WILLIAM J. BAROODY, JR.

Mr. MOYNIHAN. Mr. President, for a quarter century I have been involved with the Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars. I was a member of its first board of trustees in 1969, and served as vice chairman from 1971 to 1976. During the center's existence, five remarkable men have served as chairmen of its board: Hubert H. Humphrey, 1969-72; William J. Baroody, Sr., 1972-79; Max M. Kampelman, 1979-82; William J. Baroody, Jr., 1982-94; and now Joseph H. Flom, 1994- .

William J. Baroody, Jr.'s term on the board expired just this week, and I would like to join his colleagues at the Wilson Center in honoring his remarkable tenure. A dinner was given in Bill's honor following the last board meeting in October, when he stepped down from its chairmanship, and I ask unanimous consent that the text of the