

enactment of the guarantees of the 14th and 15th amendments to the Constitution.

A memorial to Dr. King erected in the nation's Capital will provide continuing inspiration to all who visit it, and particularly to the thousands of students and young people who visit Washington, DC every year. While these young people may have no personal memory of the condition of civil rights in America before Dr. King, nor of the struggle in which he was the major figure, they do understand that there is much more that still needs to be done. As Coretta King said so articulately:

Young people in particular need nonviolent role models like him. In many ways, the Civil Rights movement was a youth movement. Young people of all races, many of whom were jailed, were involved in the struggle, and some gave their lives for the cause. Yet none of the youth trained by Martin and his associates retaliated in violence, including members of some of the toughest gangs of urban ghettos in cities like Chicago and Birmingham. This was a remarkable achievement. It has never been done before; it has not been duplicated since.

It is our hope that the young people who visit this monument will come to understand that it represents not only the enormous contribution of this great leader, but also two very basic principles necessary for the effective functioning of our society. The first is that change, even every fundamental change, is to be achieved through non-violent means; that this is the path down which we should go as a nation in resolving some of our most difficult problems. The other basic principle is that the reconciliation of the races, the inclusion into the mainstream of American life of all its people, is essential to the fundamental health of our Nation.

Mr. President, Martin Luther King, Jr., dedicated his life to achieving equal treatment and enfranchisement for all Americans through nonviolent means. As we continue to celebrate Black History Month, I urge all of my colleagues to join Senator WARNER and me in this effort to ensure that the essential principles taught and practiced by Dr. King are never forgotten. ●

#### ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 198

At the request of Mr. CHAFEE, the name of the Senator from Arizona [Mr. MCCAIN] was added as a cosponsor of S. 198, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to permit medicare select policies to be offered in all States, and for other purposes.

S. 218

At the request of Mr. MCCONNELL, the name of the Senator from Maine [Mr. COHEN] was added as a cosponsor of S. 218, a bill to repeal the National Voter Registration Act of 1993, and for other purposes.

S. 233

At the request of Mr. MCCAIN, the name of the Senator from Tennessee

[Mr. THOMPSON] was added as a cosponsor of S. 233, a bill to provide for the termination of reporting requirements of certain executive reports submitted to the Congress, and for other purposes.

S. 277

At the request of Mr. D'AMATO, the names of the Senator from Kansas [Mr. DOLE], the Senator from South Dakota [Mr. PRESSLER], the Senator from North Carolina [Mr. HELMS], the Senator from Colorado [Mr. BROWN], the Senator from North Carolina [Mr. FAIRCLOTH], the Senator from Oklahoma [Mr. NICKLES], the Senator from Mississippi [Mr. LOTT], the Senator from Indiana [Mr. COATS], the Senator from Arizona [Mr. KYL], the Senator from New Hampshire [Mr. GREGG], the Senator from Kentucky [Mr. MCCONNELL], the Senator from Oklahoma [Mr. INHOFE], the Senator from New Hampshire [Mr. SMITH], the Senator from South Carolina [Mr. THURMOND], the Senator from Idaho [Mr. KEMPTHORNE], the Senator from Tennessee [Mr. THOMPSON], the Senator from Georgia [Mr. COVERDELL], the Senator from Alaska [Mr. MURKOWSKI], the Senator from Utah [Mr. HATCH], and the Senator from Idaho [Mr. CRAIG] were added as cosponsors of S. 277, a bill to impose comprehensive economic sanctions against Iran.

S. 356

At the request of Mr. SHELBY, the names of the Senator from Iowa [Mr. GRASSLEY] and the Senator from Alaska [Mr. STEVENS] were added as cosponsors of S. 356, a bill to amend title 4, United States Code, to declare English as the official language of the Government of the United States.

S. 415

At the request of Mr. HATCH, the name of the Senator from Louisiana [Mr. BREAU] was added as a cosponsor of S. 415, a bill to apply the antitrust laws to major league baseball in certain circumstances, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 248

At the request of Mr. DORGAN his name was added as a cosponsor of Amendment No. 248 proposed to H.J. Res. 1, a joint resolution proposing a balanced budget amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

At the request of Mr. BINGAMAN the names of the Senator from Arkansas [Mr. BUMPERS] and the Senator from Illinois [Ms. MOSELEY-BRAUN] were added as cosponsors of Amendment No. 248 proposed to H.J. Res. 1, supra.

#### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 7—RELATIVE TO THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA

Ms. SNOWE submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. CON. RES.

Whereas the United States has strong and enduring economic, political, and strategic ties with the Hellenic Republic of Greece;

Whereas Greece has been a strategic ally of the United States in the Eastern Mediterranean during every major conflict in this century;

Whereas historical and archaeological evidence demonstrates that the ancient Macedonians were Greek;

Whereas Macedonia is a Greek name that has designated the northern area of Greece for over 2,000 years;

Whereas in 1944, the United States opposed the changing of the name of the Skopje region of Yugoslavia by Marshall Tito from Vardar Banovina to Macedonia as part of a campaign to gain control of the Greek province of Macedonia, and the major port city of Salonika;

Whereas the regime in Skopje has persisted in inflaming tensions between it and Greece through a sustained propaganda campaign and the continued use of an ancient Greek symbol, the Star of Vergina, in its flag;

Whereas the Skopje regime has refused to remove paragraph 49 from its constitution, a reference to the 1944 declaration by the then communist regime calling for the "unification" of neighboring territories in Greece and Bulgaria with the "Macedonian Republic";

Whereas Greece has no claim on the territory of the former Yugoslav republic of Macedonia and has repeatedly reaffirmed the inviolability of all borders in the area of the 2 countries; and

Whereas it is in the best interest of the United States to oppose any expansionist or irredentist policies in the area: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring)*, That it is the sense of the Congress that—

(1) the President should not have extended diplomatic recognition to the Skopje regime that insists on using the Greek name of Macedonia; and

(2) the President should reconsider this decision and withdraw diplomatic recognition until such time as the Skopje regime renounces its use of the name Macedonia, removes objectionable language in paragraph 49 of its constitution, removes symbols which imply territorial expansion such as the Star of Vergina in its flag, ceases propaganda against Greece, and adheres fully to Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe norms and principles.

#### AMENDMENT SUBMITTED

#### BALANCED BUDGET CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

#### BYRD AMENDMENTS NOS. 252-258

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. BYRD submitted seven amendments intended to be proposed by him to the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 1) proposing a balanced budget amendment to the Constitution of the United States; as follows:

AMENDMENT No. 252

On page 2, line 3, strike beginning with "unless" through "vote" on line 6 and insert "unless the Congress shall provide by law for a specific excess of outlays over receipts".