

Whereas trade with these countries accounts for less than one percent of total United States trade;

Whereas the presence of a market with more than 140,000,000 people, with a growing appetite for consumer goods and services and badly in need of modern technology and management, should be an important market for United States exports and investments; and

Whereas the United States has concluded agreements granting most-favored-nation status to most of the countries of Central and Eastern Europe: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring),* That it is the sense of the Congress that the President should take steps to negotiate international agreements for free trade between the United States and the countries of Central Europe, including Poland, Hungary, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Lithuania, Latvia, Estonia, and Slovenia, and should take vigorous actions to lay the groundwork for such an agreement, including—

- (1) developing closer commercial contacts;
- (2) eliminating tariff and nontariff discriminatory barriers in United States trade with these countries;
- (3) developing framework agreements that chart a course toward a free trade agreement;
- (4) establishing bilateral investment treaties;
- (5) stimulating increased United States exports and investments to the region;
- (6) obtaining further liberalization of investment regulations and protection against nationalization in these foreign countries; and
- (7) establishing fair and expeditious dispute settlement procedures.

#### SENATE RESOLUTION 100— RELATIVE TO NATIONAL 4-H DAY

Mrs. HUTCHISON submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 100

Whereas the Senate is proud to honor the National 4-H Youth Development Program of the Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service for 85 years of experience-based education to young people throughout the United States;

Whereas this admirable Program seeks to provide a learning experience for the whole child (including head, heart, hands, and health) and help children of the United States to acquire knowledge, develop life skills, and form attitudes to enable the children to become self-directed, productive, and contributing members of society;

Whereas the 5,500,000 urban, suburban, and rural participants in the Program, ranging from 5 to 19 years of age, hail from diverse ethnic and socioeconomic backgrounds and truly represent a cross-section of the United States;

Whereas the Program could not have achieved success without the service of the more than 65,000 volunteers who have given generously of their time, talents, energies, and resources; and

Whereas throughout proud history of the Program, the Program has developed positive roles models for the youth of the United States and (through its innovative and inspiring programs) continues to build character and to instill the values that have made the United States strong and great: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved,* That the Senate—

- (1) proclaims April 5, 1995, as National 4-H Day;

- (2) commends the 4-H Youth Development Program and the many children and volunteers who have made the Program a success; and

- (3) requests the President to issue a proclamation calling on the people of the United States to observe the day with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

#### SENATE RESOLUTION 101— RELATIVE TO ISRAEL

Mr. BROWN submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Finance:

S. RES. 101

Whereas the Congress approved a free trade agreement with Israel on April 29, 1985;

Whereas the free trade agreement with Israel was designed to increase United States economic ties with Israel;

Whereas the goal of United States policy in the Middle East is to achieve a lasting peace that brings economic integration and development in the region;

Whereas economic integration and development in the Middle East can only be achieved through a "warm" peace in which diplomats are exchanged, the Arab boycott of Israel has been eliminated, close cooperation between Israel and her neighbors to combat terrorism and international criminal activity has been established, mutual security agreements have been concluded, and agreements have been reached that mutually reduce barriers to the free flow of goods, people, and ideas; and

Whereas a "warm" peace in the Middle East between Israel and her neighbors should be based upon trade and expanding economic development: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved,* That it is the sense of the Senate that the President should—

- (1) expand the free trade agreement between the United States and Israel to include those countries that sustain a "warm" peace with Israel;

- (2) prior to such expansion, and annually thereafter, certify to the Congress that such country or countries have entered into a "warm" peace with Israel that includes—

- (A) the recognition of Israel and establishment of full diplomatic relations with Israel, including the exchange of ambassadors;

- (B) eliminating all levels of the Arab boycott of Israel;

- (C) a commitment to a quick response to condemn and punish acts of international terrorism and those who perpetrate them;

- (D) working closely with United States and Israel to remove havens for international terrorists;

- (E) mutual security agreements with Israel;

- (F) extradition agreements with Israel on reciprocal treatment of terrorists; and

- (G) agreements with Israel which ensure the mutual reduction of barriers to the free flow of goods and people; and

- (3) not extend any preferences or trade inducements to a country that is a state-sponsor of terrorism.

#### SENATE RESOLUTION 102— RELATIVE TO PAKISTAN

Mr. BROWN (for himself, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. HELMS, and Mr. PELL) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. RES. 102

Whereas Pakistan and the United States have been allies since 1947, and throughout the difficult days of the Cold War;

Whereas Pakistan was a front-line state against Soviet totalitarian expansionism and worked with the United States to successfully end the Soviet occupation of Afghanistan;

Whereas Pakistan has been in the forefront of United Nations peacekeeping operations, recently being the largest contributor of forces to United Nations peacekeeping operations;

Whereas Pakistan has cooperated with the United States in the apprehension and swift extradition of Ramzi Ahmed Yousef, the alleged mastermind of the terrorist attack on the World Trade Center in New York City;

Whereas Pakistan's economy is being increasingly liberalized and opened to outside investors and businesses;

Whereas there are increasing opportunities for economic cooperation between Pakistan and the United States as a result of private sector agreements for investment in Pakistan's energy sector and other pending agreements;

Whereas Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto, who has worked to strengthen Pakistan's close relationship with the United States, was reelected to office in October, 1993 and is scheduled to visit the United States on an official visit in April; Therefore be it

*Resolved,* That the United States Senate—

- (1) welcomes the visit of Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto to the United States as a sign of the warm, enduring friendship between the U.S. and Pakistan; and

- (2) pledges to work with the government of Pakistan to strengthen the U.S.-Pakistan relationship in the years ahead.

#### AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

#### EMERGENCY SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS AND RESCIS-SIONS ACT

##### WELLSTONE AMENDMENT NO. 450

Mr. WELLSTONE proposed an amendment to the bill (H.R. 1158) making emergency supplemental appropriations for additional disaster assistance and making rescissions for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1995, and for other purposes; as follows:

At an appropriate place in the bill, insert the following:

"SEC. . It is the Sense of the Senate that before the Senate is required to vote on the question of whether the WIC program and other nutrition programs should be converted to block grant programs to be administered by the states, a full and complete investigation should be conducted by the Senate Committee on Agriculture to determine whether, and if so, to what extent, such a proposed substantial change in national policy is the result of the improper influence of the food industry and lobbyists acting on the industry's behalf."

##### DOLE (AND MCCONNELL) AMENDMENT NO. 451

Mr. DOLE (for himself and Mr. MCCONNELL) proposed an amendment to amendment No. 450 proposed by Mr. WELLSTONE to the bill H.R. 1158, supra; as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted, insert the following: