

with the project of making sure the private sector loan program works efficiently. The longer we delay getting rid of this ill-conceived government monopoly, the greater the problem will be in getting rid of it later.

I would like to close my statement by emphasizing that my reasons for objecting to the direct government loan program are reasons which appear to have strong bipartisan support.

On January 19, 1995, the President stood with the Vice President and several members of the Cabinet at the White House and said to the American people "We propose to stop doing things that government doesn't do very well and that don't need to be done by government." The Vice President went further. He declared to the American people who sent a clear mandate in November to reduce government that "over the next several months, we will be looking at every other agency and program asking the direct question, do we really need this agency; do we really need this program; there is a better way to do it; is there an opportunity here to give middle-class Americans a break? We have already eliminated over 100 programs. We will eliminate a lot more in the weeks and months ahead." Mr. Chairman, I urge all of my colleagues, Republicans and Democrats alike, to join in my efforts to help the President achieve these stated goals by supporting H.R. 1501 to eliminate direct government student loans.

#### HONORING MORTON GOULD

### HON. BOB CLEMENT

OF TENNESSEE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Thursday, June 8, 1995*

Mr. CLEMENT. Mr. Speaker, I am honored today to pay tribute to one of the pioneering composers of the 20th century, Morton Gould. Mr. Gould is the 1995 Pulitzer Prize winner in music for his work "Stringmusic", which he wrote as a tribute to cellist and conductor Mstislav Rostropovich.

Mr. Gould has often been referred to as the Franz Josef Haydn of American music. He is a true original, helping to forge a national classical music where there hadn't been one. Along the way, Gould has composed so much music he can "barely keep track of it all."

Mr. Gould composed his first piece, entitled "Just Six," when he was, in fact, 6 years old. A teacher got it published. Being a child prodigy wasn't easy, though: boys will be boys, and according to Mr. Gould, he was often roughed up by the bullies at his elementary school for his musical tendencies.

One of Mr. Gould's most famous compositions is "American Salute," his 1943 arrangement of the American standard "When Johnny Comes Marching Home." Mr. Gould says that people often approach him to say that they played the song in band class when they were younger.

Mr. Gould dropped out of high school during the Great Depression; as the oldest of four boys an ill father, it was his responsibility to support the family. He took a job playing piano at Radio City Music Hall in New York, and at age 19 he played at the Music Hall's December 27, 1932, opening night.

From 1934 to 1943 he conducted and was in charge of music at the Mutual Radio Network, and in 1943 he went to CBS radio. He continued composing and making a name for himself with such popular tunes as "Pavane",

and with ballets that were choreographed by Agnes de Mille and Jerome Robbins.

Mr. Gould served more than 40 years on the board of the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers, which protects the copyrights of musicians. He was president of the society for 8 years.

In December 1994, Morton Gould was honored by the Kennedy Center for his innumerable and enduring contributions to American culture, and in 1995 he was awarded the Pulitzer Prize for music.

It is an honor and a privilege to salute Morton Gould, one of America's premier composers. His musical gifts have enriched the lives of people the world over, and his timeless legacy will continue to enrich lives for generations to come.

#### H.R. 1786, A BILL TO REGULATE FISHING IN CERTAIN WATERS IN ALASKA

### HON. DON YOUNG

OF ALASKA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Thursday, June 8, 1995*

Mr. YOUNG of Alaska. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to offer a bill today which would allow for the traditional fishing of Red Fish in the Katmai National Park during the months of August to October of each year by a limited number of my Alaska Native constituency in the Bristol Bay area. This bill is the result of the work of the Bristol Bay Native Association in cooperation with the Alaska Federation of Natives.

This bill would allow approximately 30 to 40 local residents who live within the boundaries of the Katmai National park to fish for Red Fish during the months of August to October of each year. The ancestors of local residents who reside within the boundaries of the Park have participated in the annual harvest of Red Fish from August to early October every year. While Katmai National Park was designated a park in the 1930's, local residents were prohibited from the taking of fish except with a rod and reel. This bill would allow the local residents to again fish for a traditional dietary fish of their region.

Specifically, section one defines the Katmai National Park.

Section two is the provision which would allow local residents, to, again, begin their traditional fishery of Red Fish within the Katmai National Park during the months of August through October.

Finally, section three addresses the effect of title and jurisdiction of tidal and submerged lands within the Katmai National Park.

Mr. Speaker, I offer this bill at this time to begin the process of reviewing each of these important provisions which affect my Native constituency. I introduced an identical bill last year, H.R. 4943, and am pleased to report that I received no opposition to the intent of that bill from any State or Federal agency or from any other group which may have an interest in this bill. Thank you for the opportunity to briefly explain my bill today.

#### TRIBUTE TO WAYNE LEESE

### HON. DAVE CAMP

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Thursday, June 8, 1995*

Mr. CAMP. Mr. Speaker, it is with great pleasure that I rise today to recognize an outstanding individual from Bridgeport, MI, Wayne Leese. Over the course of his life time, Wayne has shown exceptional dedication to the school community. On June 12, 1995, Wayne will be recognized for his devotion to our youth and out community when he is presented the Second Annual Government's Community Service Award.

In 1994, Bridgeport was selected to host the American Legion 16 & Under National Baseball Tournament. As the General Manager of Cablevision, Wayne was able to obtain a \$1500 contribution from ESPN so that Bridgeport-Spaulling Community School District could purchase an electric scoreboard. Furthermore, Wayne set up and chaired a raffle which raised over \$1800 for the tournament.

In addition to obtaining funds for the school district, Wayne has also expanded Bridgeport-Spaulling Community School's communication capability by providing a public access channel. This channel enables the school district to dispense educational materials, award recognition to students, allow access to video-broadcast of school events, and serve as another form of communication in an area without a daily local newspaper. However, Wayne Leese's contribution doesn't stop there. He continually serves as the information expert for the technology he provides to the community. Moreover, he devotes his time to making sure that the school community has the most updated interactive communication system.

Furthermore, Wayne, as an active member of the Bridgeport Chamber of Commerce, is constantly seeking ways to contribute to the community. With the Bridgeport Fire Department, Wayne set up a model on wheels which helps teach children about fire safety. Since 1990, Wayne and Cablevision have donated thousands of dollars to the "Toys for Tots" charity and area fire departments.

Mr. Speaker, Wayne Leese is an outstanding individual who is devoted to improving the Bridgeport Community. He has literally brought the technological world into this rural area. I know you will join me in commending Wayne for all that he has done as he receives the Governor's Community Service Award.

#### NATIONAL FLAT TAX SURVEY RESULTS

### HON. DAVID FUNDERBURK

OF NORTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Thursday, June 8, 1995*

Mr. FUNDERBURK. Mr. Speaker, let me commend to you the following statement by a fellow North Carolinian, Mr. Louis T. March. Citing the results of a survey conducted by the Representative Government Education Foundation, Inc. as evidence, Mr. March presents a thoughtful argument for implementation of a nation flat tax.