

H.R. 1386: Mr. CHAPMAN and Mr. LEWIS of Kentucky.

H.R. 1446: Mr. CALVERT.

H.R. 1500: Ms. RIVERS and Mr. SAWYER.

H.R. 1533: Mr. ROHRBACHER.

H.R. 1662: Mr. WILSON, Mr. EHRLICH, Mr. BOEHLERT, Mr. MCHALE, and Mr. STOCKMAN.

H.R. 1733: Mr. GOODLATTE, Mr. COBLE, and Mr. CONYERS.

H.R. 1744: Mrs. KELLY.

H.R. 1762: Mr. BAKER of Louisiana, Mr. PETE GEREN of Texas, Mr. GOSS, Mr. ROHRBACHER, Mr. UNDERWOOD, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. BROWN of California, Mr. HANCOCK, Mr. SOLOMON, Mr. SHAW, Mr. THOMAS, and Mr. RIGGS.

H.R. 1818: Mr. KOLBE, Mr. BILBRAY, Mr. HAYWORTH, Mr. NEUMANN, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, and Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina.

H.R. 1840: Mr. DOOLITTLE and Mr. WICKER.

H.R. 1856: Mr. LARGENT, Mr. ROTH, Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina, Mr. DUNCAN, and Mr. POMBO.

H.R. 1898: Ms. SLAUGHTER and Mr. ACKERMAN.

H.R. 1963: Mr. GOODLATTE.

H.R. 1972: Mr. FOLEY and Mr. SALMON.

H.R. 1986: Mr. PAYNE of New Jersey, Mr. ROMERO-BARCELO, Mr. ANDREWS, Mr. UNDERWOOD, Mr. FRANK of Massachusetts, Mr. RAHALL, Mr. EVANS, Mr. BONIOR, Ms. MCKINNEY, Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas, Ms. LOFGREN, and Mr. GEJDENSON.

H.R. 1994: Mr. FORBES, Mr. LIVINGSTON, Mr. FIELDS of Texas, and Mr. ACKERMAN.

H.R. 2013: Mr. FORBES and Mr. ACKERMAN.

H.R. 2019: Mr. PICKETT.

H.R. 2026: Mr. TAYLOR of North Carolina, Mr. MILLER of Florida, Mr. BLUTE, Mr. COSTELLO, Mr. TORRICELLI, Mr. CALLAHAN, and Mr. BERMAN.

H.R. 2039: Mr. KING, Mr. FORBES, Mr. HOLDEN, Mr. MCCOLLUM, Ms. FURSE, and Mr. CANADY.

H.R. 2072: Mr. GRAHAM.

H.J. Res. 48: Mr. HAYWORTH.

H.J. Res. 68: Mr. KLECZKA.

H. Con Res. 47: Mr. ANDREWS, Mr. CONDIT, Mr. PORTER, Mr. LEWIS of Georgia, Mr. MINETA, and Mr. BILIRAKIS.

H. Con. Res. 48: Mr. MOAKLEY, Mr. MINGE, Mr. PALLONE, Ms. PRYCE, Mr. UPTON, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Mr. FILNER, and Mrs. MALONEY.

H. Con. Res. 51: Mr. PALLONE, Mr. ANDREWS, and Mr. ZIMMER.

H. Con. Res. 79: Mr. DINGELL, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. ACKERMAN, and Mr. LEWIS of Georgia.

H. Res. 36: Mr. FILNER.

DELETIONS OF SPONSORS FROM PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, sponsors were deleted from public bills and resolutions as follows:

H.R. 2092: Mr. BRYANT of Tennessee.

AMENDMENTS

Under clause 6 of rule XXIII, proposed amendments were submitted as follows:

H.R. 2099

OFFERED BY: MR. DORNAN

AMENDMENT No. 71. Page 88, line 3, add "Sec. 519. None of the funds under this Act shall be used for the Senior Environmental Employment Program."

H.R. 2099

OFFERED BY: MR. ENSIGN

AMENDMENT No. 72. Page 87, after line 25, insert the following:

SEC. 519. The amount otherwise provided in title I of this Act for "DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS—VETERANS HEALTH ADMINISTRATION—MEDICAL CARE", the amount otherwise provided in title III of this Act for "NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION—HUMAN SPACE FLIGHT", and the amount otherwise provided in title III of this Act for "NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION—RESEARCH AND RELATED ACTIVITIES" are, respectively, increased to a total of \$16,961,000,000, reduced by \$89,500,000, and reduced by \$100,000,000.

H.R. 2126

OFFERED BY: MR. BURTON OF INDIANA

AMENDMENT No. 1. At the end of the bill, insert after the last section (preceding the short title) the following new section:

SEC. . None of the funds made available in this Act may be used for the procurement of Army projectiles, except when it is made known to the Federal official having authority to obligate or expend such funds that such procurement is in compliance with the Competition in Contracting Act.

H.R. 2126

OFFERED BY: MR. CARDIN

AMENDMENT No. 2: At the end of the bill (before the paragraph designating the short title of the bill), insert the following new section:

SEC. . None of the funds appropriated by this Act may be used in the administration of section 7299a of title 10, United States Code, to carry out a policy with respect to solicitation of offers for ship depot maintenance work that defines the concept of the "homeport area" of naval vessels in a way that would preclude a port that is within 160 miles of a naval facility that is the home port of a vessel from being treated as being within the homeport area of that vessel.

H.R. 2126

OFFERED BY: MR. DORNAN

AMENDMENT No. 3: At the appropriate place in title VIII of the bill (relating to general provisions), insert the following new section:

SEC. . None of the funds made available in this Act may be used to administer any policy that permits the performance of abortions at medical treatment or other facilities of the Department of Defense, except when it is made known to the Federal official having authority to obligate or expend such funds that the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term.

H.R. 2127

OFFERED BY: MR. GUNDERSON

AMENDMENT No. 1: At the end of title II, insert after the last section (preceding the short title) the following section:

SEC. . Of the funds made available in this title under the heading "HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION—HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES", \$9,426,000 is available for carrying out the activities of the Office of Rural Health Policy. Of the amount made available in this title under such heading, \$824,092,000 is available for carrying out the program for the Health Centers Cluster.

H.R. 2127

OFFERED BY: MR. GUNDERSON

AMENDMENT No. 2: At the end of title II, after the last section (preceding the short title) the following section:

SEC. . Of the amount appropriated in this title under the heading "AGENCY FOR HEALTH CARE POLICY AND RESEARCH—HEALTH CARE POLICY AND RESEARCH", \$9,426,000 is transferred and made available for carrying out the activities of the Office of Rural Health Policy.

H.R. 2127

OFFERED BY: MS. PELOSI

AMENDMENT No. 3: Page 21, strike lines 1 through 7 (relating to OSHA ergonomic protection standards).

H.R. 2127

OFFERED BY: MS. PELOSI

AMENDMENT No. 4: Page 59, line 13, strike the colon and all that follows through "Act" on page 60, line 1 (relating to NLRB and salting).

H.R. 2127

OFFERED BY: MS. PELOSI

AMENDMENT No. 5: Page 60, line 1, strike the colon and all that follows through "evidence" on page 61, line 2 (relating to NLRB section 10(j) authority).

H.R. 2127

OFFERED BY: MR. POSHARD

AMENDMENT No. 6: At the end of title II, insert after the last section (preceding the short title) the following section:

SEC. . Of the funds made available in this title under the heading "HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES ADMINISTRATION—HEALTH RESOURCES AND SERVICES", \$9,426,000 is available for carrying out the activities of the Office of Rural Health Policy. Of the amount made available in this title under such heading, \$824,092,000 is available for carrying out the program for the Health Centers Cluster.

H.R. 2127

OFFERED BY: MR. POSHARD

AMENDMENT No. 7: At the end of title II, insert after the last section (preceding the short title) the following section:

SEC. . Of the amount appropriated in this title under the heading "AGENCY FOR HEALTH CARE POLICY AND RESEARCH—HEALTH CARE POLICY AND RESEARCH", \$9,426,000 is transferred and made available for carrying out the activities of the Office of Rural Health Policy.

H.R. 2127

OFFERED BY: MR. RIGGS

AMENDMENT No. 8: At the end of the bill, insert after the last section (preceding the short title) the following new section:

SEC. . None of the funds made available in titles I, II, and III of this Act may be used to provide any direct benefit or assistance to any individual in the United States when it is made known to the Federal official to whom the funds are made available that—

- (1) the individual is not lawfully present in the United States, and
- (2) the benefit or assistance to be provided is other than emergency medical assistance, public health immunizations, or short-term emergency, in-kind no-cash disaster relief.

H.R. 2127

OFFERED BY: MR. RIGGS

AMENDMENT No. 9: At the end of the bill, insert after the last section (preceding the short title) the following new section:

SEC. . (a) None of the funds made available in titles I, II, and III of this Act may be used to provide any direct benefit or assistance to any individual in the United States when it is made known to the Federal official to whom the funds are made available that—

- (1) the individual is not lawfully present in the United States, and
- (2) the benefit or assistance to be provided is other than emergency medical assistance, public health immunizations, or short-term, in-kind no-cash emergency disaster relief.

(b)(1) Each Federal official receiving funds under title I, II, or III of this Act shall take reasonable actions to determine whether any individual who is seeking any benefit or assistance subject to the limitation of subsection (a) is lawfully present in the United States.

(2) In the case of any filing, inquiry, or adjudication of an application for any benefit or assistance subject to the limitation of subsection (a), no Federal official or agent may discriminate against any individual on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, or disability.

(c) PUBLIC POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES.—
The Congress finds:

(1) Federal or State provision of taxpayer-supported non-emergency services of all types to aliens not lawfully in the United States encourages the violation of federal immigration laws and is contrary to the public policy of the United States;

(2) Denial of such services to aliens not lawfully in the United States would operate harmoniously with the Federal immigration

laws, and would be an effective method of dealing with urgent demographic and economic problems;

(3) One of the purposes of Federal immigration law is to conserve Federal and State taxpayer resources;

(4) Upholding Federal immigration policy in this way would improve the quality of education, health care, and other services in the States for citizens and aliens lawfully in the United States;

(5) Provision of such services by the Federal Government or the States encourages illegal immigration, imposing severe burdens on the economies of the States that are the principal destinations of aliens not lawfully in the United States, and reduces the

amount of funds available for legal residents and citizens of the United States; and

(6) Provision of such services by the Federal Government or the States ultimately imposes serious costs on the Federal Government, by virtue both of the Federal role in providing funds for State health, education, and other services and of the increased demand for Federal funds created by the economic dislocation caused by illegal immigration;

(7) The determination by the Federal Government or any State not to reward illegal immigration with taxpayer services of any type for aliens not lawfully in the United States is fully consistent with the objectives of Federal immigration law and furthers legitimate Federal and State goals.