

other authority provided by law for any military construction project at a Department of Defense laboratory covered by the program.

(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) The term "laboratory" includes—

(A) a research, engineering, and development center;

(B) a test and evaluation activity owned, funded, and operated by the Federal Government through the Department of Defense; and

(C) a supporting facility of a laboratory.

(2) The term "supporting facility", with respect to a laboratory, means any building or structure that is used in support of research, development, test, and evaluation at the laboratory.

(g) EXPIRATION OF AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may not commence a construction project under the program after September 30, 1999.

SEC. 2862. PROHIBITION ON JOINT CIVIL AVIATION USE OF MIRAMAR NAVAL AIR STATION, CALIFORNIA.

The Secretary of the Navy may not enter into any agreement that provides for or permits civil aircraft to use regularly Miramar Naval Air Station, California.

SEC. 2863. REPORT ON AGREEMENT RELATING TO CONVEYANCE OF LAND, FORT BELVOIR, VIRGINIA.

Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a report on the status of negotiations for the agreement required under subsection (b) of section 2821 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (division B of Public Law 101-189; 103 Stat. 1658) in connection with the land conveyance authorized under subsection (a) of that section. The report shall assess the likelihood that the negotiations will lead to an agreement and describe the alternative uses, if any, for the land referred to in such subsection (a) that have been identified by the Secretary.

SEC. 2864. RESIDUAL VALUE REPORT.

(a) The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), shall submit to the congressional defense committees status reports on the results of residual value negotiations between the United States and Germany, within 30 days of the receipt of such reports to the OMB.

(b) The reports shall include the following information:

(1) The estimated residual value of United States capital value and improvements to facilities in Germany that the United States has turned over to Germany.

(2) The actual value obtained by the United States for each facility or installation turned over to the Government of Germany.

(3) The reason(s) for any difference between the estimated and actual value obtained.

SEC. 2865. RENOVATION OF THE PENTAGON RESERVATION.

The Secretary of Defense shall take such action as is necessary to reduce the total cost of the renovation of the Pentagon Reservation to not more than \$1,118,000,000.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 1996

The text of the bill (S. 1126) to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1996 for defense activities of the Department of Energy, and for other purposes, as passed by the Senate on September 6, 1995, is as follows:

S. 1126

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SEC. 3001. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Department of Energy National Security Act for Fiscal Year 1996".

SEC. 3002. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

TITLE XXXI—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

Subtitle A—National Security Programs Authorizations

- Sec. 3101. Weapons activities.
- Sec. 3102. Environmental restoration and waste management.
- Sec. 3103. Other defense activities.
- Sec. 3104. Defense nuclear waste disposal.
- Sec. 3105. Payment of penalties assessed against Rocky Flats Site.
- Sec. 3106. Standardization of ethics and reporting requirements affecting the Department of Energy with Government-wide standards.
- Sec. 3107. Certain environmental restoration requirements.
- Sec. 3108. Amending the hydronuclear provisions of this Act.

Subtitle B—Recurring General Provisions

- Sec. 3121. Reprogramming.
- Sec. 3122. Limits on general plant projects.
- Sec. 3123. Limits on construction projects.
- Sec. 3124. Fund transfer authority.
- Sec. 3125. Authority for conceptual and construction design.
- Sec. 3126. Authority for emergency planning, design, and construction activities.
- Sec. 3127. Funds available for all national security programs of the Department of Energy.
- Sec. 3128. Availability of funds.

Subtitle C—Program Authorizations, Restrictions, and Limitations

- Sec. 3131. Tritium production.
- Sec. 3132. Fissile materials disposition.
- Sec. 3133. Tritium recycling.
- Sec. 3134. Manufacturing infrastructure for refabrication and certification of enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.
- Sec. 3135. Hydronuclear experiments.
- Sec. 3136. Fellowship program for development of skills critical to the Department of Energy nuclear weapons complex.
- Sec. 3137. Education program for development of personnel critical to the Department of Energy nuclear weapons complex.
- Sec. 3138. Limitation on use of funds for certain research and development purposes.
- Sec. 3139. Processing of high level nuclear waste and spent nuclear fuel rods.
- Sec. 3140. Department of Energy Declassification Productivity Initiative.
- Sec. 3141. Authority to reprogram funds for disposition of certain spent nuclear fuel.
- Sec. 3142. Protection of workers at nuclear weapons facilities.

Subtitle D—Review of Department of Energy National Security Programs.

- Sec. 3151. Review of Department of Energy national security programs.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

- Sec. 3161. Responsibility for Defense Programs Emergency Response Program.

Sec. 3162. Requirements for Department of Energy weapons activities budgets for fiscal years after fiscal year 1996.

Sec. 3163. Report on proposed purchases of tritium from foreign suppliers.

Sec. 3164. Report on hydronuclear testing.

Sec. 3165. Plan for the certification and stewardship of the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.

Sec. 3166. Applicability of Atomic Energy Community Act of 1955 to Los Alamos, New Mexico.

Sec. 3167. Sense of Senate on negotiations regarding shipments of spent nuclear fuel from naval reactors.

TITLE XXXII—DEFENSE NUCLEAR FACILITIES SAFETY BOARD

Sec. 3201. Authorization.

TITLE XXXIII—NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES

Sec. 3301. Sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 (Elk Hills).

Sec. 3302. Future of naval petroleum reserves (other than Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1).

TITLE XXXIV—NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE

Sec. 3401. Authorized uses of stockpile funds.

Sec. 3402. Disposal of obsolete and excess materials contained in the National Defense Stockpile.

Sec. 3403. Disposal of chromite and manganese ores and chromium ferro and manganese metal electrolytic.

Sec. 3404. Restrictions on disposal of manganese ferro.

Sec. 3405. Excess defense-related materials: transfer to stockpile and disposal.

TITLE XXXV—PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION

Sec. 3501. Short title.

Sec. 3502. Authorization of expenditures.

TITLE XXXI—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

Subtitle A—National Security Programs Authorizations

SEC. 3101. WEAPONS ACTIVITIES.

(a) STOCKPILE STEWARDSHIP.—Subject to subsection (d), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for stockpile stewardship in carrying out weapons activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of \$1,624,080,000, to be allocated as follows:

(1) For core stockpile stewardship, \$1,386,613,000, to be allocated as follows:

(A) For operation and maintenance, \$1,305,308,000.

(B) For plant projects (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and the continuation of projects authorized in prior years, and land acquisition related thereto), \$81,305,000, to be allocated as follows: Project 96-D-102, stockpile stewardship facilities revitalization, Phase VI, various locations, \$2,520,000.

Project 96-D-103, Atlas, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico, \$8,400,000.

Project 96-D-104, processing and environmental technology laboratory (PETL), Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico, \$1,800,000.

Project 96-D-105, contained firing facility addition, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, California, \$6,600,000.

Project 95-D-102, Chemical and Metallurgy Research Building upgrades, Los Alamos National Laboratory, New Mexico, \$9,940,000.

Project 94-D-102, nuclear weapons research, development, and testing facilities revitalization, Phase V, various locations, \$12,200,000.

Project 93-D-102, Nevada support facility, North Las Vegas, Nevada, \$15,650,000.

Project 90-D-102, nuclear weapons research, development, and testing facilities revitalization, Phase III, various locations, \$6,200,000.

Project 88-D-106, nuclear weapons research, development, and testing facilities revitalization, Phase II, various locations, \$17,995,000.

(2) For inertial fusion, \$230,667,000, to be allocated as follows:

(A) For operation and maintenance, \$193,267,000.

(B) For the following plant project (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and land acquisition related thereto), \$37,400,000:

Project 96-D-111, national ignition facility, location to be determined.

(3) For Marshall Islands activities and Nevada Test Site dose reconstruction, \$6,800,000.

(b) STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT.—Subject to subsection (d), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for stockpile management in carrying out weapons activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of \$2,035,483,000, to be allocated as follows:

(1) For operation and maintenance, \$1,911,858,000.

(2) For plant projects (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and the continuation of projects authorized in prior years, and land acquisition related thereto), \$123,625,000, to be allocated as follows:

Project GPD-121, general plant projects, various locations, \$10,000,000.

Project 96-D-122, sewage treatment quality upgrade (STQU), Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, \$600,000.

Project 96-D-123, retrofit heating, ventilation, and air conditioning and chillers for ozone protection, Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, \$3,100,000.

Project 96-D-125, Washington measurements operations facility, Andrews Air Force Base, Camp Springs, Maryland, \$900,000.

Project 96-D-126, tritium loading line modifications, Savannah River Site, South Carolina, \$12,200,000.

Project 95-D-122, sanitary sewer upgrade, Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, \$6,300,000.

Project 94-D-124, hydrogen fluoride supply system, Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, \$8,700,000.

Project 94-D-125, upgrade life safety, Kansas City Plant, Kansas City, Missouri, \$5,500,000.

Project 94-D-127, emergency notification system, Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, \$2,000,000.

Project 94-D-128, environmental safety and health analytical laboratory, Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, \$4,000,000.

Project 93-D-122, life safety upgrades, Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, \$7,200,000.

Project 93-D-123, complex-21, various locations, \$41,065,000.

Project 88-D-122, facilities capability assurance program, various locations, \$8,660,000.

Project 88-D-123, security enhancements, Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas, \$13,400,000.

(c) PROGRAM DIRECTION.—Subject to subsection (d), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for program direction in carrying out weapons activities necessary

for national security programs in the amount of \$118,000,000.

(d) ADJUSTMENTS.—The total amount authorized to be appropriated pursuant to this section is the sum of the amounts authorized to be appropriated in subsections (a) through (c) reduced by the sum of—

(1) \$25,000,000, for savings resulting from procurement reform; and

(2) \$86,344,000, for use of prior year balances.

SEC. 3102. ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION AND WASTE MANAGEMENT.

(a) CORRECTIVE ACTIVITIES.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for corrective activities in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of \$3,406,000, all of which shall be available for the following plant project (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and land acquisition related thereto):

Project 90-D-103, environment, safety and health improvements, weapons research and development complex, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico.

(b) ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for environmental restoration for operating expenses in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of \$1,550,926,000.

(c) WASTE MANAGEMENT.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for waste management in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of \$2,386,596,000, to be allocated as follows:

(1) For operation and maintenance, \$2,151,266,000.

(2) For plant projects (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and the continuation of projects authorized in prior years, and land acquisition related thereto), \$235,330,000, to be allocated as follows:

Project GPD-171, general plant projects, various locations, \$15,728,000.

Project 96-D-400, replace industrial waste piping, Kansas City Plant, Kansas City, Missouri, \$200,000.

Project 96-D-401, comprehensive treatment and management plan immobilization of miscellaneous wastes, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, Colorado, \$1,400,000.

Project 96-D-402, comprehensive treatment and management plan building 374/774 sludge immobilization, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, Colorado, \$1,500,000.

Project 96-D-403, tank farm service upgrades, Savannah River, South Carolina, \$3,315,000.

Project 96-D-405, T-plant secondary containment and leak detection upgrades, Richland, Washington, \$2,100,000.

Project 96-D-406, K-Basin operations program, Richland, Washington, \$41,000,000.

Project 96-D-409, advanced mixed waste treatment facility, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$5,000,000.

Project 96-D-410, specific manufacturing characterization facility assessment and upgrade, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$2,000,000.

Project 95-D-402, install permanent electrical service, Waste Isolation Pilot Plant, New Mexico, \$4,314,000.

Project 95-D-405, industrial landfill V and construction/demolition landfill VII, Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, \$4,600,000.

Project 95-D-406, road 5-01 reconstruction, area 5, Nevada Test Site, Nevada, \$1,023,000.

Project 94-D-400, high explosive wastewater treatment system, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico, \$4,445,000.

Project 94-D-402, liquid waste treatment system, Nevada Test Site, Nevada, \$282,000.

Project 94-D-404, Melton Valley storage tanks capacity increase, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, \$11,000,000.

Project 94-D-407, initial tank retrieval systems, Richland, Washington, \$9,400,000.

Project 94-D-411, solid waste operations complex project, Richland, Washington, \$5,500,000.

Project 94-D-417, intermediate-level and low-activity waste vaults, Savannah River, South Carolina, \$2,704,000.

Project 93-D-178, building 374 liquid waste treatment facility, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, Colorado, \$3,900,000.

Project 93-D-182, replacement of cross-site transfer system, Richland, Washington, \$19,795,000.

Project 93-D-183, multi-tank waste storage facility, Richland, Washington, \$31,000,000.

Project 93-D-187, high-level waste removal from filled waste tanks, Savannah River, South Carolina, \$34,700,000.

Project 92-D-171, mixed waste receiving and storage facility, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico, \$1,105,000.

Project 92-D-188, waste management environmental, safety and health (ES&H) and compliance activities, various locations, \$1,100,000.

Project 90-D-172, aging waste transfer lines, Richland, Washington, \$2,000,000.

Project 90-D-177, RWMC transuranic (TRU) waste characterization and storage facility, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$1,428,000.

Project 90-D-178, TSA retrieval containment building, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$2,606,000.

Project 89-D-173, tank farm ventilation upgrade, Richland, Washington, \$800,000.

Project 89-D-174, replacement high-level waste evaporator, Savannah River, South Carolina, \$11,500,000.

Project 86-D-103, decontamination and waste treatment facility, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, California, \$8,885,000.

Project 83-D-148, nonradioactive hazardous waste management, Savannah River, South Carolina, \$1,000,000.

(d) TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for technology development in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of \$505,510,000.

(e) TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for transportation management in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of \$16,158,000.

(f) NUCLEAR MATERIALS AND FACILITIES STABILIZATION.—Subject to subsection (i),

funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for nuclear materials and facilities stabilization in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of \$1,596,028,000, to be allocated as follows:

(1) For operation and maintenance, \$1,463,384,000.

(2) For plant projects (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and the continuation of projects authorized in prior years, and land acquisition related thereto), \$132,644,000, to be allocated as follows:

Project GPD-171, general plant projects, various locations, \$14,724,000.

Project 96-D-458, site drainage control, Mound Plant, Miamisburg, Ohio, \$885,000.

Project 96-D-461, electrical distribution upgrade, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$1,539,000.

Project 96-D-462, health physics instrument laboratory, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$1,126,000.

Project 96-D-463, central facilities craft shop, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$724,000.

Project 96-D-464, electrical and utility systems upgrade, Idaho Chemical Processing Plant, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$4,952,000.

Project 96-D-465, 200 area sanitary sewer system, Richland, Washington, \$1,800,000.

Project 96-D-470, environmental monitoring laboratory, Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina, \$3,500,000.

Project 96-D-471, chlorofluorocarbon heating, ventilation, and air conditioning and chiller retrofit, Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina, \$1,500,000.

Project 96-D-472, plant engineering and design, Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina, \$4,000,000.

Project 96-D-473, health physics site support facility, Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina, \$2,000,000.

Project 96-D-474, dry fuel storage facility, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$15,000,000.

Project 96-D-475, high level waste volume reduction demonstration (pentaborane), Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$5,000,000.

Project 95-D-155, upgrade site road infrastructure, Savannah River, South Carolina, \$2,900,000.

Project 95-D-156, radio trunking system, Savannah River, South Carolina, \$10,000,000.

Project 95-D-454, 324 facility compliance/renovation, Richland, Washington, \$3,500,000.

Project 95-D-456, security facilities upgrade, Idaho Chemical Processing Plant, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$8,382,000.

Project 94-D-122, underground storage tanks, Rocky Flats, Golden, Colorado, \$5,000,000.

Project 94-D-401, emergency response facility, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$5,074,000.

Project 94-D-412, 300 area process sewer piping system upgrade, Richland, Washington, \$1,000,000.

Project 94-D-415, medical facilities, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$3,601,000.

Project 94-D-451, infrastructure replacement, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, Colorado, \$2,940,000.

Project 93-D-147, domestic water system upgrade, Phase I and II, Savannah River, South Carolina, \$7,130,000.

Project 93-D-172, electrical upgrade, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$124,000.

Project 92-D-123, plant fire/security alarms system replacement, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, Colorado, \$9,560,000.

Project 92-D-125, master safeguards and security agreement/materials surveillance task force security upgrades, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, Colorado, \$7,000,000.

Project 92-D-181, fire and life safety improvements, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$6,883,000.

Project 91-D-127, criticality alarm and production announcement utility replacement, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, Colorado, \$2,800,000.

(g) COMPLIANCE AND PROGRAM COORDINATION.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for compliance and program coordination in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of \$81,251,000, to be allocated as follows:

(1) For operation and maintenance, \$66,251,000.

(2) For the following plant project (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and land acquisition related thereto), \$15,000,000:

Project 95-E-600, hazardous materials training center, Richland, Washington.

(h) ANALYSIS, EDUCATION, AND RISK MANAGEMENT.—Subject to subsection (i), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for analysis, education, and risk management in carrying out environmental restoration and waste management activities necessary for national security programs in the amount of \$80,022,000.

(i) ADJUSTMENTS.—The total amount authorized to be appropriated pursuant to this section is the sum of the amounts specified in subsections (a) through (h) reduced by the sum of—

(1) \$276,942,000, for use of prior year balances; and

(2) \$37,000,000 for recovery of overpayment to the Savannah River Pension Fund.

SEC. 3103. OTHER DEFENSE ACTIVITIES.

(a) OTHER DEFENSE ACTIVITIES.—Subject to subsection (b), funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for other defense activities in carrying out programs necessary for national security in the amount of \$1,408,162,000, to be allocated as follows:

(1) For verification and control technology, \$430,842,000, to be allocated as follows:

(A) For nonproliferation and verification research and development, \$226,142,000.

(B) For arms control, \$162,364,000.

(C) For intelligence, \$42,336,000.

(2) For nuclear safeguards and security, \$83,395,000.

(3) For security investigations, \$25,000,000.

(4) For security evaluations, \$14,707,000.

(5) For the Office of Nuclear Safety, \$15,050,000.

(6) For worker and community transition, \$100,000,000.

(7) For fissile materials disposition, \$70,000,000.

(8) For naval reactors development, \$682,168,000, to be allocated as follows:

(A) For operation and infrastructure, \$659,168,000.

(B) For plant projects (including maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and the continuation of projects authorized in prior years, and land acquisition related thereto), \$23,000,000, to be allocated as follows:

Project 95-D-200, laboratory systems and hot cell upgrades, various locations, \$11,300,000.

Project 95-D-201, advanced test reactor radioactive waste system upgrades, Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho, \$4,800,000.

Project 93-D-200, engineering services facilities, Knolls Atomic Power Laboratory, Niskayuna, New York, \$3,900,000.

Project 90-N-102, expended core facility dry cell project, Naval Reactors Facility, Idaho, \$3,000,000.

(b) ADJUSTMENT.—The total amount that may be appropriated pursuant to this section is the total amount authorized to be appropriated in subsection (a) reduced by \$13,000,000, for use of prior year balances.

SEC. 3104. DEFENSE NUCLEAR WASTE DISPOSAL.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 for payment to the Nuclear Waste Fund established in section 302(c) of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10222(c)) in the amount of \$198,400,000.

SEC. 3105. PAYMENT OF PENALTIES ASSESSED AGAINST ROCKY FLATS SITE.

The Secretary of Energy may pay to the Hazardous Substance Superfund established under section 9507 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 9507), from funds appropriated to the Department of Energy for environmental restoration and waste management activities pursuant to section 3102, stipulated civil penalties in the amount of \$350,000 assessed under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.) against the Rocky Flats Site, Golden, Colorado.

SEC. 3106. STANDARDIZATION OF ETHICS AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AFFECTING THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY WITH GOVERNMENT-WIDE STANDARDS.

(a) REPEALS.—(1) Part A of title VI of the Department of Energy Organization Act and its catchline (42 U.S.C. 7211, 7212, and 7218) are repealed.

(2) Section 308 of the Energy Research and Development Administration Appropriation Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1977 (42 U.S.C. 5816a) is repealed.

(3) Section 522 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6392) is repealed.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—(1) The table of contents for the Department of Energy Organization Act is amended by striking out the items relating to part A of title VI including sections 601 through 603.

(2) The table of contents for the Energy Policy and Conservation Act is amended by striking out the matter relating to section 522.

SEC. 3107. CERTAIN ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION REQUIREMENTS.

It is the sense of Congress that:

(1) No individual acting within the scope of that individual's employment with a Federal agency or department shall be personally subject to civil or criminal sanctions, for any failure to comply with an environmental cleanup requirement under the Solid Waste Disposal Act or the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act or an analogous requirement under comparable Federal, State, or local laws, whether the failure to comply is due to lack of funds requested or appropriated to carry out such requirement. Federal and State enforcement authorities shall refrain from enforcement action in such circumstances.

(2) If appropriations by the Congress for fiscal year 1996 or any subsequent fiscal year are insufficient to fund any such environmental cleanup requirements, the committees of Congress with jurisdiction shall examine the issue, elicit the views of Federal agencies, affected States, and the public, and consider appropriate statutory amendments

to address personal criminal liability, and any related issues pertaining to potential liability of any Federal agency or department or its contractors.

SEC. 3108. AMENDING THE HYDRONUCLEAR PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the provision dealing with hydronuclear experiments is qualified in the following respect:

“(c) LIMITATIONS.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed as an authorization to conduct hydronuclear tests. Furthermore, nothing in this Act shall be construed as amending or repealing the requirements of section 507 of Public Law 102-377.”

Subtitle B—Recurring General Provisions

SEC. 3121. REPROGRAMMING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Until the Secretary of Energy submits to the congressional defense committees the report referred to in subsection (b) and a period of 30 days has elapsed after the date on which such committees receive the report, the Secretary may not use amounts appropriated pursuant to this title for any program—

(1) in amounts that exceed, in a fiscal year—

(A) 110 percent of the amount authorized for that program by this title; or

(B) \$1,000,000 more than the amount authorized for that program by this title; or

(2) which has not been presented to, or requested of, Congress.

(b) REPORT.—(1) The report referred to in subsection (a) is a report containing a full and complete statement of the action proposed to be taken and the facts and circumstances relied upon in support of such proposed action.

(2) In the computation of the 30-day period under subsection (a), there shall be excluded any day on which either House of Congress is not in session because of an adjournment of more than 3 days to a day certain.

(c) LIMITATIONS.—(1) In no event may the total amount of funds obligated pursuant to this title exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated by this title.

(2) Funds appropriated pursuant to this title may not be used for an item for which Congress has specifically denied funds.

SEC. 3122. LIMITS ON GENERAL PLANT PROJECTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy may carry out any construction project under the general plant projects authorized by this title if the total estimated cost of the construction project does not exceed \$2,000,000.

(b) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—If, at any time during the construction of any general plant project authorized by this title, the estimated cost of the project is revised because of unforeseen cost variations and the revised cost of the project exceeds \$2,000,000, the Secretary shall immediately furnish a complete report to the congressional defense committees explaining the reasons for the cost variation.

SEC. 3123. LIMITS ON CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), construction on a construction project may not be started or additional obligations incurred in connection with the project above the total estimated cost, whenever the current estimated cost of the construction project, which is authorized by sections 3101, 3102, and 3103, or which is in support of national security programs of the Department of Energy and was authorized by any previous Act, exceeds by more than 25 percent the higher of—

(A) the amount authorized for the project; or

(B) the amount of the total estimated cost for the project as shown in the most recent

budget justification data submitted to Congress.

(2) An action described in paragraph (1) may be taken if—

(A) the Secretary of Energy has submitted to the congressional defense committees a report on the actions and the circumstances making such action necessary; and

(B) a period of 30 days has elapsed after the date on which the report is received by the committees.

(3) In the computation of the 30-day period under paragraph (2), there shall be excluded any day on which either House of Congress is not in session because of an adjournment of more than 3 days to a day certain.

(b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to any construction project which has a current estimated cost of less than \$5,000,000.

SEC. 3124. FUND TRANSFER AUTHORITY.

(a) TRANSFER TO OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.—The Secretary of Energy may transfer funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy pursuant to this title to other Federal agencies for the performance of work for which the funds were authorized. Funds so transferred may be merged with and be available for the same purposes and for the same period as the authorizations of the Federal agency to which the amounts are transferred.

(b) TRANSFER WITHIN DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY; LIMITATIONS.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary of Energy may transfer funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy pursuant to this title between any such authorizations. Amounts of authorizations so transferred may be merged with and be available for the same purposes and for the same period as the authorization to which the amounts are transferred.

(2) Not more than 5 percent of any such authorization may be transferred between authorizations under paragraph (1). No such authorization may be increased or decreased by more than 5 percent by a transfer under such paragraph.

(3) The authority provided by this section to transfer authorizations—

(A) may only be used to provide funds for items relating to weapons activities necessary for national security programs that have a higher priority than the items from which the funds are transferred; and

(B) may not be used to provide authority for an item that has been denied funds by Congress.

(c) NOTICE TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary of Energy shall promptly notify the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives of any transfer of funds to or from authorizations under this title.

SEC. 3125. AUTHORITY FOR CONCEPTUAL AND CONSTRUCTION DESIGN.

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR CONCEPTUAL DESIGN.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2) and except as provided in paragraph (3), before submitting to Congress a request for funds for a construction project that is in support of a national security program of the Department of Energy, the Secretary of Energy shall complete a conceptual design for that project.

(2) If the estimated cost of completing a conceptual design for a construction project exceeds \$3,000,000, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a request for funds for the conceptual design before submitting a request for funds for the construction project.

(3) The requirement in paragraph (1) does not apply to a request for funds—

(A) for a construction project the total estimated cost of which is less than \$2,000,000; or

(B) for emergency planning, design, and construction activities under section 3126.

(b) AUTHORITY FOR CONSTRUCTION DESIGN.—(1) Within the amounts authorized by this title, the Secretary of Energy may carry out construction design (including architectural and engineering services) in connection with any proposed construction project if the total estimated cost for such design does not exceed \$600,000.

(2) If the total estimated cost for construction design in connection with any construction project exceeds \$600,000, funds for such design must be specifically authorized by law.

SEC. 3126. AUTHORITY FOR EMERGENCY PLANNING, DESIGN, AND CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.

(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Energy may use any funds available to the Department of Energy pursuant to an authorization in this title, including funds authorized to be appropriated under sections 3101, 3102, and 3103 for advance planning and construction design, to perform planning, design, and construction activities for any Department of Energy national security program construction project that, as determined by the Secretary, must proceed expeditiously in order to protect public health and safety, meet the needs of national defense, or to protect property.

(b) LIMITATION.—The Secretary may not exercise the authority under subsection (a) in the case of any construction project until the Secretary has submitted to the congressional defense committees a report on the activities that the Secretary intends to carry out under this section and the circumstances making such activities necessary.

(c) SPECIFIC AUTHORITY.—The requirement of section 3125(b)(2) does not apply to emergency planning, design, and construction activities conducted under this section.

(d) REPORT.—The Secretary of Energy shall report to the congressional defense committees any exercise of authority under this section.

SEC. 3127. FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR ALL NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.

Subject to the provisions of appropriations Acts and section 3121 of this title, amounts appropriated pursuant to this title for management and support activities and for general plant projects are available for use, when necessary, in connection with all national security programs of the Department of Energy.

SEC. 3128. AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.

When so specified in an appropriation Act, amounts appropriated for operating expenses, plant projects, and capital equipment may remain available until expended.

Subtitle C—Program Authorizations, Restrictions, and Limitations

SEC. 3131. TRITIUM PRODUCTION.

(a) TRITIUM PRODUCTION.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3101, not more than \$50,000,000 shall be available to conduct an assessment of alternative means of ensuring that the tritium production of the Department of Energy is adequate to meet the tritium requirements of the Department of Defense. The assessment shall include an assessment of various types of reactors and an accelerator.

(b) LOCATION OF NEW TRITIUM PRODUCTION FACILITY.—The Secretary of Energy shall locate the new tritium production facility of the Department of Energy at the Savannah River Site, South Carolina.

(c) TRITIUM TARGETS.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3101, not more than

\$5,000,000 shall be available for the Idaho National Engineering Laboratory for the test and development of nuclear reactor tritium targets for the various types of reactors to be assessed by the Department under subsection (a).

SEC. 3132. FISSILE MATERIALS DISPOSITION.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 under section 3103(a)(7), \$70,000,000 shall be available only for purposes of completing the evaluation of, and commencing implementation of, the interim- and long-term storage and disposition of fissionable materials (including plutonium, highly enriched uranium, and other fissionable materials) that are excess to the national security needs of the United States, of which \$10,000,000 shall be available for plutonium resource assessment on a competitive basis by an appropriate university consortium.

SEC. 3133. TRITIUM RECYCLING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the following activities shall be carried out at the Savannah River Site, South Carolina:

(1) All tritium recycling for weapons, including tritium refitting.

(2) All activities regarding tritium formerly carried out at the Mound Plant, Ohio.

(b) EXCEPTION.—The following activities may be carried out at the Los Alamos National Laboratory, New Mexico:

(1) Research on tritium.

(2) Work on tritium in support of the dense inertial confinement fusion program.

(3) Provision of technical assistance to the Savannah River Site regarding the weapons surveillance program.

SEC. 3134. MANUFACTURING INFRASTRUCTURE FOR REFABRICATION AND CERTIFICATION OF ENDURING NUCLEAR WEAPONS STOCKPILE.

(a) MANUFACTURING PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Energy shall carry out a program for purposes of establishing within the Government a manufacturing infrastructure that has the following capabilities as specified in the Nuclear Posture Review:

(1) To develop a stockpile surveillance engineering base.

(2) To refabricate and certify weapon components and types in the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile, as necessary.

(3) To design, fabricate, and certify new nuclear warheads, as necessary.

(4) To support nuclear weapons.

(5) To supply sufficient tritium in support of nuclear weapons to ensure an upload hedge in the event circumstances require.

(b) REQUIRED CAPABILITIES.—The manufacturing infrastructure established under the program under subsection (a) shall include the following capabilities (modernized to attain the objectives referred to in that subsection):

(1) The weapons assembly capabilities of the Pantex Plant.

(2) The weapon secondary fabrication capabilities of the Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee.

(3) The tritium production and recycling capabilities of the Savannah River Site.

(4) A weapon primary pit refabrication/manufacturing and reuse facility capability at Savannah River Site (if required for national security purposes).

(5) The non-nuclear component capabilities of the Kansas City Plant.

(c) NUCLEAR POSTURE REVIEW.—For purposes of subsection (a), the term "Nuclear Posture Review" means the Department of Defense Nuclear Posture Review as contained in the Report of the Secretary of Defense to the President and the Congress dated February 19, 1995, or subsequent such reports.

(d) FUNDING.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated under section 3101(b), \$143,000,000 shall be available for carrying out the program required under this section, of which—

(1) \$35,000,000 shall be available for activities at the Pantex Plant;

(2) \$30,000,000 shall be available for activities at the Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee;

(3) \$35,000,000 shall be available for activities at the Savannah River Site; and

(4) \$43,000,000 shall be available for activities at the Kansas City Plant.

SEC. 3135. HYDRONUCLEAR EXPERIMENTS.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3101, \$50,000,000 shall be available for preparation for the commencement of a program of hydronuclear experiments at the nuclear weapons design laboratories at the Nevada Test Site which program shall be for the purpose of maintaining confidence in the reliability and safety of the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.

SEC. 3136. FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM FOR DEVELOPMENT OF SKILLS CRITICAL TO THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NUCLEAR WEAPONS COMPLEX.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a fellowship program for the development of skills critical to the ongoing mission of the Department of Energy nuclear weapons complex. Under the fellowship program, the Secretary shall—

(1) provide educational assistance and research assistance to eligible individuals to facilitate the development by such individuals of skills critical to maintaining the ongoing mission of the Department of Energy nuclear weapons complex;

(2) employ eligible individuals at the facilities described in subsection (c) in order to facilitate the development of such skills by these individuals; or

(3) provide eligible individuals with the assistance and the employment.

(b) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.—Individuals eligible for participation in the fellowship program are the following:

(1) Students pursuing graduate degrees in fields of science or engineering that are related to nuclear weapons engineering or to the science and technology base of the Department of Energy.

(2) Individuals engaged in postdoctoral studies in such fields.

(c) COVERED FACILITIES.—The Secretary shall carry out the fellowship program at or in connection with the following facilities:

(1) The Kansas City Plant, Kansas City, Missouri.

(2) The Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas.

(3) The Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee.

(4) The Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina.

(d) ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary shall carry out the fellowship program at a facility referred to in subsection (c) through the stockpile manager of the facility.

(e) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.—The Secretary shall, in consultation with the Assistant Secretary of Energy for Defense Programs, allocate funds available for the fellowship program under subsection (f) among the facilities referred to in subsection (c). The Secretary shall make the allocation after evaluating an assessment by the weapons program director of each such facility of the personnel and critical skills necessary at the facility for carrying out the ongoing mission of the facility.

(f) FUNDING.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 under section 3101(b), \$10,000,000 may be used for the purpose of carrying out the fellowship program under this section.

SEC. 3137. EDUCATION PROGRAM FOR DEVELOPMENT OF PERSONNEL CRITICAL TO THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NUCLEAR WEAPONS COMPLEX.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct an education program to ensure the long-term supply of personnel having skills critical to the ongoing mission of the Department of Energy nuclear weapons complex. Under the program, the Secretary shall provide—

(1) education programs designed to encourage and assist students in study in the fields of math, science, and engineering that are critical to maintaining the nuclear weapons complex;

(2) programs that enhance the teaching skills of teachers who teach students in such fields; and

(3) education programs that increase the scientific understanding of the general public in areas of importance to the nuclear weapons complex and to the Department of Energy national laboratories.

(b) FUNDING.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 under section 3101(a), \$10,000,000 may be used for the purpose of carrying out the education program under this section.

SEC. 3138. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR CERTAIN RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PURPOSES.

Funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 under section 3101 may be obligated and expended for activities under the Department of Energy Laboratory Directed Research and Development Program or under Department of Energy technology transfer programs only if such activities support the national security mission of the Department.

SEC. 3139. PROCESSING OF HIGH LEVEL NUCLEAR WASTE AND SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL RODS.

(a) ELECTROMETALLURGICAL PROCESSING ACTIVITIES.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3102, not more than \$2,500,000 shall be available for electrometallurgical processing activities at the Idaho National Engineering Laboratory.

(b) PROCESSING OF SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL RODS AT SAVANNAH RIVER SITE.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3102, \$30,000,000 shall be available for operating and maintenance activities at the Savannah River Site, which amount shall be available for the development at the canyon facilities at the site of technological methods (including plutonium processing and reprocessing) of separating, reducing, isolating, and storing the spent nuclear fuel rods that are sent to the site from other Department of Energy facilities and from foreign facilities.

(c) PROCESSING OF SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL RODS AT IDAHO NATIONAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3102, \$15,000,000 shall be available for operating and maintenance activities at the Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, which amount shall be available for the development of technological methods of processing the spent nuclear fuel rods that will be sent to the laboratory from other Department of Energy facilities.

(d) SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL DEFINED.—In this section, the term "spent nuclear fuel" has the meaning given such term in section 2(23) of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10101(23)).

SEC. 3140. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY DECLASSIFICATION PRODUCTIVITY INITIATIVE.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section

3103, \$3,000,000 shall be available for the De-classification Productivity Initiative of the Department of Energy.

SEC. 3141. AUTHORITY TO REPROGRAM FUNDS FOR DISPOSITION OF CERTAIN SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL.

(a) **AUTHORITY TO REPROGRAM.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of Energy may reprogram funds available to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 1996 under section 3101(b) or 3102(b) to make such funds available for use for storage pool treatment and stabilization or for canning and storage in connection with the disposition of spent nuclear fuel in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which treatment and stabilization or canning and storage is—

(1) necessary in order to meet International Atomic Energy Agency safeguard standards with respect to the disposition of spent nuclear fuel; and

(2) conducted in fulfillment of the Nuclear Framework Agreement between the United States and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea dated October 21, 1994.

(b) **LIMITATION.**—The total amount that the Secretary may reprogram under the authority in subsection (a) may not exceed \$5,000,000.

(c) **DEFINITION.**—In this section, the term "spent nuclear fuel" has the meaning given such term in section 2(23) of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10101(23)).

SEC. 3142. PROTECTION OF WORKERS AT NUCLEAR WEAPONS FACILITIES.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3102, \$10,000,000 shall be available to carry out activities authorized under section 3131 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (Public Law 102-190; 105 Stat. 1571; 42 U.S.C. 7274d), relating to worker protection at nuclear weapons facilities.

Subtitle D—Review of Department of Energy National Security Programs

SEC. 3151. REVIEW OF DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS.

(a) **REPORT.**—Not later than March 15, 1996, the Secretary of Defense shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the national security programs of the Department of Energy.

(b) **CONTENTS OF REPORT.**—The report shall include an assessment of the following:

(1) The effectiveness of the Department of Energy in maintaining the safety and reliability of the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.

(2) The management by the Department of the nuclear weapons complex, including—

(A) a comparison of the Department of Energy's implementation of applicable environmental, health, and safety requirements with the implementation of similar requirements by the Department of Defense; and

(B) a comparison of the costs and benefits of the national security research and development programs of the Department of Energy with the costs and benefits of similar programs sponsored by the Department of Defense.

(3) The fulfillment of the requirements established for the Department of Energy in the Nuclear Posture Review.

(c) **DEFINITION.**—In this section, the term "Nuclear Posture Review" means the Department of Defense Nuclear Posture Review as contained in the Report of the Secretary of Defense to the President and the Congress dated February 19, 1995, or in subsequent such reports.

Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 3161. RESPONSIBILITY FOR DEFENSE PROGRAMS EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROGRAM.

The Office of Military Applications under the Assistant Secretary of Energy for Defense Programs shall retain responsibility for the Defense Programs Emergency Response Program within the Department of Energy.

SEC. 3162. REQUIREMENTS FOR DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY WEAPONS ACTIVITIES BUDGETS FOR FISCAL YEARS AFTER FISCAL YEAR 1996.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The weapons activities budget of the Department of Energy shall be developed in accordance with the Nuclear Posture Review, the Post Nuclear Posture Review Stockpile Memorandum currently under development, and the programmatic and technical requirements associated with the review and memorandum.

(b) **REQUIRED DETAIL.**—The Secretary of Energy shall include in the materials that the Secretary submits to Congress in support of the budget for a fiscal year submitted by the President pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, a long-term program plan, and a near-term program plan, for the certification and stewardship of the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.

(c) **DEFINITION.**—In this section, the term "Nuclear Posture Review" means the Department of Defense Nuclear Posture Review as contained in the Report of the Secretary of Defense to the President and the Congress dated February 19, 1995, or in subsequent such reports.

SEC. 3163. REPORT ON PROPOSED PURCHASES OF TRITIUM FROM FOREIGN SUPPLIERS.

(a) **REQUIREMENT.**—Not later than May 30, 1997, the President shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on any plans of the President to purchase from foreign suppliers tritium to be used for purposes of the nuclear weapons stockpile of the United States.

(b) **FORM OF REPORT.**—The report shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain a classified annex.

SEC. 3164. REPORT ON HYDRONUCLEAR TESTING.

(a) **REPORT.**—The Secretary of Energy shall direct the joint preparation by the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory and the Los Alamos National Laboratory of a report on the advantages and disadvantages for the safety and reliability of the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile of permitting alternative limits to the current limits on the explosive yield of hydronuclear tests. The report shall address the following explosive yield limits:

- (1) 4 pounds (TNT equivalent).
- (2) 400 pounds (TNT equivalent).
- (3) 4,000 pounds (TNT equivalent).
- (4) 40,000 pounds (TNT equivalent).

(b) **FUNDING.**—The Secretary shall make available funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under section 3101 for preparation of the report required under subsection (a).

SEC. 3165. PLAN FOR THE CERTIFICATION AND STEWARDSHIP OF THE ENDURING NUCLEAR WEAPONS STOCKPILE.

(a) **REQUIREMENT.**—Not later than March 15, 1996, and every March 15 thereafter, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Secretary of Defense a plan for maintaining the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.

(b) **PLAN ELEMENTS.**—Each plan under subsection (a) shall set forth the following:

(1) The numbers of weapons (including active weapons and inactive weapons) for each type of weapon in the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.

(2) The expected design lifetime of each weapon system type, the current age of each

weapon system type, and any plans (including the analytical basis for such plans) for lifetime extensions of a weapon system type.

(3) An estimate of the lifetime of the nuclear and non-nuclear components of the weapons (including active weapons and inactive weapons) in the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile, and any plans (including the analytical basis for such plans) for lifetime extensions of such components.

(4) A schedule of the modifications, if any, required for each weapon type (including active weapons and inactive weapons) in the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile, and the cost of such modifications.

(5) The process to be used in recertifying the safety, reliability, and performance of each weapon type (including active weapons and inactive weapons) in the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile.

(6) The manufacturing infrastructure required to maintain the nuclear weapons stockpile stewardship management program.

SEC. 3166. APPLICABILITY OF ATOMIC ENERGY COMMUNITY ACT OF 1955 TO LOS ALAMOS, NEW MEXICO.

(a) **DATE OF TRANSFER OF UTILITIES.**—Section 72 of the Atomic Energy Community Act of 1955 (42 U.S.C. 2372) is amended by striking out "not later than five years after the date it is included within this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "not later than June 30, 1998".

(b) **DATE OF TRANSFER OF MUNICIPAL INSTALLATIONS.**—Section 83 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2383) is amended by striking out "not later than five years after the date it is included within this Act" and inserting in lieu thereof "not later than June 30, 1998".

(c) **RECOMMENDATION FOR FURTHER ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS.**—Section 91 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2391) is amended—

(1) by striking out "and the Los Alamos School Board;" and all that follows through "county of Los Alamos, New Mexico" and inserting in lieu thereof "; or not later than June 30, 1996, in the case of the Los Alamos School Board and the county of Los Alamos, New Mexico"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new sentence: "If the recommendation under the preceding sentence regarding the Los Alamos School Board or the county of Los Alamos, New Mexico, indicates a need for further assistance for the school board or the county, as the case may be, after June 30, 1997, the recommendation shall include a report and plan describing the actions required to eliminate the need for further assistance for the school board or the county, including a proposal for legislative action to carry out the plan."

(d) **CONTRACT TO MAKE PAYMENTS.**—Section 94 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 2394) is amended—

(1) by striking out "June 30, 1996" each place it appears in the proviso in the first sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "June 30, 1997"; and

(2) by striking out "July 1, 1996" in the second sentence and inserting in lieu thereof "July 1, 1997".

SEC. 3167. SENSE OF SENATE ON NEGOTIATIONS REGARDING SHIPMENTS OF SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL FROM NAVAL REACTORS.

(a) **SENSE OF THE SENATE.**—It is the sense of the Senate that the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, and the Governor of the State of Idaho should continue good faith negotiations for the purpose of reaching an agreement on the issue of shipments of spent nuclear fuel from naval reactors.

(b) **REPORT.**—(1) Not later than September 15, 1995, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives a

written report on the status or outcome of the negotiations urged under subsection (a).

(2) The report shall include the following matters:

(A) If an agreement is reached, the terms of the agreement, including the dates on which shipments of spent nuclear fuel from naval reactors will resume.

(B) If an agreement is not reached—

(i) the Secretary's evaluation of the issues remaining to be resolved before an agreement can be reached;

(ii) the likelihood that an agreement will be reached before October 1, 1995; and

(iii) the steps that must be taken regarding the shipment of spent nuclear fuel from naval reactors to ensure that the Navy can meet the national security requirements of the United States.

TITLE XXXII—DEFENSE NUCLEAR FACILITIES SAFETY BOARD

SEC. 3201. AUTHORIZATION.

There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 1996, \$17,000,000 for the operation of the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board under chapter 21 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2286 et seq.).

TITLE XXXIII—NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES

SEC. 3301. SALE OF NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVE NUMBERED 1 (ELK HILLS).

(a) SALE OF ELK HILLS UNIT REQUIRED.—(1) Chapter 641 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 7421 the following new section:

“§7421a. Sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 (Elk Hills)

“(a) SALE REQUIRED.—(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter other than section 7431(a)(2) of this title, the Secretary shall sell all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to lands owned or controlled by the United States inside Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1, commonly referred to as the Elk Hills Unit, located in Kern County, California, and established by Executive order of the President, dated September 2, 1912. Subject to subsection (j), within one year after the effective date, the Secretary shall enter into one or more contracts for the sale of all of the interest of the United States in the reserve.

“(2) In this section:

“(A) The term ‘reserve’ means Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1.

“(B) The term ‘unit plan contract’ means the unit plan contract between equity owners of the lands within the boundaries of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 entered into on June 19, 1944.

“(C) The term ‘effective date’ means the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996.

“(b) EQUITY FINALIZATION.—(1) Not later than three months after the effective date, the Secretary shall finalize equity interests of the known oil and gas zones in Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 in the manner provided by this subsection.

“(2) The Secretary shall retain the services of an independent petroleum engineer, mutually acceptable to the equity owners, who shall prepare a recommendation on final equity figures. The Secretary may accept the recommendation of the independent petroleum engineer for final equity in each known oil and gas zone and establish final equity interest in the Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 in accordance with such recommendation, or the Secretary may use such other method to establish final equity interest in the reserve as the Secretary considers appropriate.

“(3) If, on the effective date, there is an ongoing equity redetermination dispute between the equity owners under section 9(b) of

the unit plan contract, such dispute shall be resolved in the manner provided in the unit plan contract within five months after the effective date. Such resolution shall be considered final for all purposes under this section.

“(c) TIMING AND ADMINISTRATION OF SALE.—(1) Not later than two months after the effective date, the Secretary shall publish a notice of intent to sell the Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1. The Secretary shall make all technical, geological, and financial information relevant to the sale of the reserve available to all interested and qualified buyers upon request. The Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of General Services, shall ensure that the sale process is fair and open to all interested and qualified parties.

“(2)(A) Not later than two months after the effective date, the Secretary shall retain the services of five independent experts in the valuation of oil and gas fields to conduct separate assessments, in a manner consistent with commercial practices, of the value of the interest of the United States in Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1. In making their assessments, the independent experts shall consider (among other factors) all equipment and facilities to be included in the sale, the estimated quantity of petroleum and natural gas in the reserve, and the net present value of the anticipated revenue stream that the Secretary and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget jointly determine the Treasury would receive from the reserve if the reserve were not sold, adjusted for any anticipated increases in tax revenues that would result if the reserve were sold. The independent experts shall complete their assessments within six months after the effective date.

“(B) The independent experts shall also determine and submit to the Secretary the estimated total amount of the cost of any environmental restoration and remediation necessary at the reserve. The Secretary shall report the estimate to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, the Secretary of the Treasury, and Congress.

“(C) The Secretary, in consultation with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, shall set the minimum acceptable price for the reserve. The Secretary may not set the minimum acceptable price below the average of three of the assessments (after excluding the high and low assessments) made under subparagraph (A).

“(3) Not later than two months after the effective date, the Secretary shall retain the services of an investment banker to independently administer, in a manner consistent with commercial practices and in a manner that maximizes sale proceeds to the Government, the sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 under this section. Notwithstanding section 7433(b) of this title, costs and fees of retaining the investment banker shall be paid out of the proceeds of the sale of the reserve.

“(4)(A) Not later than six months after the effective date, the investment banker serving as the sales administrator under paragraph (3) shall complete a draft contract or contracts for the sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1, which shall accompany the invitation for bids and describe the terms and provisions of the sale of the interest of the United States in the reserve.

“(B) The draft contract or contracts shall identify—

“(i) all equipment and facilities to be included in the sale; and

“(ii) any potential claim or liability (including liability for environmental restoration and remediation), and the extent of any such claim or liability, for which the United States is responsible under subsection (d).

“(C) The draft contract or contracts, including the terms and provisions of the sale of the interest of the United States in the reserve, shall be subject to review and approval by the Secretary, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget. Each of those officials shall complete the review of, and approve or disapprove, the draft contract or contracts not later than seven months after the effective date.

“(5) Not later than seven months after the effective date, the Secretary shall publish an invitation for bids for the purchase of the reserve.

“(6) Not later than 10 months after the effective date, the Secretary shall identify the highest responsible offer or offers for purchase of the interest of the United States in Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 that, in total, meet or exceed the minimum acceptable price determined under paragraph (2).

“(7) The Secretary shall take such action immediately after the effective date as is necessary to obtain from an independent petroleum engineer within six months after that date a certification regarding the quantity of the content of the reserve. The Secretary shall use the certification in support of the preparation of the invitation for bids.

“(d) FUTURE LIABILITIES.—The United States shall hold harmless and fully indemnify the purchaser or purchasers (as the case may be) of the interest of the United States in Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 from and against any claim or liability as a result of ownership in the reserve by the United States, including any claim referred to in subsection (e).

“(e) TREATMENT OF STATE OF CALIFORNIA CLAIM.—After the costs incurred in the conduct of the sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 under this section are deducted, seven percent of the remaining proceeds from the sale of the reserve shall be reserved in a contingent fund in the Treasury (for a period not to exceed 10 years after the effective date) for payment to the State of California in the event that, and to the extent that, the claims of the State against the United States regarding production and proceeds of sale from Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 are resolved in favor of the State by a court of competent jurisdiction. Funds in the contingent fund shall be available for paying any such claim to the extent provided in appropriation Acts. After final disposition of the claims, any unobligated balance in the contingent fund shall be credited to the general fund of the Treasury.

“(f) MAINTAINING ELK HILLS UNIT PRODUCTION.—Until the sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 is completed under this section, the Secretary shall continue to produce the reserve at the maximum daily oil or gas rate from a reservoir, which will permit maximum economic development of the reservoir consistent with sound oil field engineering practices in accordance with section 3 of the unit plan contract. The definition of maximum efficient rate in section 7420(6) of this title shall not apply to the reserve.

“(g) EFFECT ON EXISTING CONTRACTS.—(1) In the case of any contract, in effect on the effective date, for the purchase of production from any part of the United States' share of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1, the sale of the interest of the United States in the reserve shall be subject to the contract for a period of three months after the closing date of the sale or until termination of the contract, whichever occurs first. The term of any contract entered into after the effective date for the purchase of such production shall not exceed the anticipated closing date for the sale of the reserve.

"(2) The Secretary shall exercise the termination procedures provided in the contract between the United States and Bechtel Petroleum Operation, Inc., Contract Number DE-AC01-85FE60520 so that the contract terminates not later than the date of closing of the sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 under subsection (c).

"(3) The Secretary shall exercise the termination procedures provided in the unit plan contract so that the unit plan contract terminates not later than the date of closing of the sale of reserve.

"(h) EFFECT ON ANTITRUST LAWS.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter the application of the antitrust laws of the United States to the purchaser or purchasers (as the case may be) of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 or to the lands in the reserve subject to sale under this section upon the completion of the sale.

"(i) PRESERVATION OF PRIVATE RIGHT, TITLE, AND INTEREST.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to adversely affect the ownership interest of any other entity having any right, title, and interest in and to lands within the boundaries of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 and which are subject to the unit plan contract.

"(j) NOTICE TO CONGRESS.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary may not enter into any contract for the sale of the reserve until the end of the 31-day period beginning on the date on which the Secretary notifies the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security and the Committee on Commerce of the House of Representatives of the conditions of the proposed sale.

"(2) If the Secretary receives only one offer for purchase of the reserve or any subcomponent thereof, the Secretary may not enter into a contract for the sale of the reserve unless—

"(A) the Secretary submits to Congress a notification of the receipt of only one offer together with the conditions of the proposed sale of the reserve or parcel to the offeror; and

"(B) a joint resolution of approval described in subsection (k) is enacted within 45 days after the date of the notification.

"(k) JOINT RESOLUTION OF APPROVAL.—(1) For the purpose of paragraph (2)(B) of subsection (j), 'joint resolution of approval' means only a joint resolution that is introduced after the date on which the notification referred to in that paragraph is received by Congress, and—

"(A) that does not have a preamble;

"(B) the matter after the resolving clause of which reads only as follows: 'That Congress approves the proposed sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 reported in the notification submitted to Congress by the Secretary of Energy on _____' (the blank space being filled in with the appropriate date); and

"(C) the title of which is as follows: 'Joint resolution approving the sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1'.

"(2) A resolution described in paragraph (1) introduced in the House of Representatives shall be referred to the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives. A resolution described in paragraph (1) introduced in the Senate shall be referred to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate. Such a resolution may not be reported before the 8th day after its introduction.

"(3) If the committee to which is referred a resolution described in paragraph (1) has not reported such resolution (or an identical resolution) at the end of 15 calendar days after its introduction, such committee shall be deemed to be discharged from further consideration of such resolution and such reso-

lution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar of the House involved.

"(4)(A) When the committee to which a resolution is referred has reported, or has been deemed to be discharged (under paragraph (3)) from further consideration of, a resolution described in paragraph (1), it is at any time thereafter in order (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) for any Member of the respective House to move to proceed to the consideration of the resolution, and all points of order against the resolution (and against consideration of the resolution) are waived. The motion is highly privileged in the House of Representatives and is privileged in the Senate and is not debatable. The motion is not subject to amendment, or to a motion to postpone, or to a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to shall not be in order. If a motion to proceed to the consideration of the resolution is agreed to, the resolution shall remain the unfinished business of the respective House until disposed of.

"(B) Debate on the resolution, and on all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than 10 hours, which shall be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the resolution. A motion further to limit debate is in order and not debatable. An amendment to, or a motion to postpone, or a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business, or a motion to recommit the resolution is not in order. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the resolution is agreed to or disagreed to is not in order.

"(C) Immediately following the conclusion of the debate on a resolution described in paragraph (2), and a single quorum call at the conclusion of the debate if requested in accordance with the rules of the appropriate House, the vote on final passage of the resolution shall occur.

"(D) Appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the rules of the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the case may be, to the procedure relating to a resolution described in paragraph (1) shall be decided without debate.

"(5) If, before the passage by one House of a resolution of that House described in paragraph (1), that House receives from the other House a resolution described in paragraph (1), then the following procedures shall apply:

"(A) The resolution of the other House shall not be referred to a committee.

"(B) With respect to a resolution described in paragraph (2) of the House receiving the resolution—

"(i) the procedure in that House shall be the same as if no resolution had been received from the other House; but

"(ii) the vote on final passage shall be on the resolution of the other House.

"(6) This subsection is enacted by Congress—

"(A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate and House of Representatives, respectively, and as such it is deemed a part of the rules of each House, respectively, but applicable only with respect to the procedure to be followed in that House in the case of a resolution described in paragraph (1), and it supersedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and

"(B) with full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change the rules (so far as relating to the procedure of that House) at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of that House.

"(l) NONCOMPLIANCE WITH DEADLINES.—If, at any time during the one-year period be-

ginning on the effective date, the Secretary determines that the actions necessary to complete the sale of the reserve within that period are not being taken or timely completed, the Secretary shall transmit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committees on National Security and on Commerce of the House of Representatives a notification of that determination together with a plan setting forth the actions that will be taken to ensure that the sale of the reserve will be completed within that period. The Secretary shall consult with the Director of the Office of Management and Budget in preparing the plan for submission to the committees.

"(m) OVERSIGHT.—The Comptroller General shall monitor the actions of the Secretary relating to the sale of the reserve and report to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on National Security of the House of Representatives any findings on such actions that the Comptroller General considers appropriate to report to such committees.

"(n) ACQUISITION OF SERVICES.—The Secretary may enter into contracts for the acquisition of services required under this section under the authority of paragraph (7) of section 303(c) of the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 253(c)), except that the notification required under subparagraph (B) of such paragraph for each contract shall be submitted to Congress not less than 7 days before the award of the contract.

"(o) RECONSIDERATION OF PROCESS OF SALE.—(1) If during the course of the sale of the reserve the Secretary of Energy and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget jointly determine that—

"(A) the sale is proceeding in a manner inconsistent with achievement of a sale price that reflects the full value of the reserve, or

"(B) a course of action other than the immediate sale of the reserve is in the best interests of the United States,

the Secretary shall submit a notification of the determination to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committees on National Security and on Commerce of the House of Representatives.

"(2) After the Secretary submits a notification under paragraph (1), the Secretary may not complete the sale of the reserve under this section unless there is enacted a joint resolution—

"(A) that is introduced after the date on which the notification is received by the committees referred to in such paragraph;

"(B) that does not have a preamble;

"(C) the matter after the resolving clause of which reads only as follows: 'That the Secretary of Energy shall proceed with activities to sell Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 in accordance with section 7421a of title 10, United States Code, notwithstanding the determination set forth in the notification submitted to Congress by the Secretary of Energy on _____' (the blank space being filled in with the appropriate date); and

"(D) the title of which is as follows: 'Joint resolution approving continuation of actions to sell Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1'.

"(3) Subsection (k), except for paragraph (1) of such subsection, shall apply to the joint resolution described in paragraph (2)."

(2) The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 7421 the following new item:

"7421a. Sale of Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1 (Elk Hills)."

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are authorized to be appropriated for

fiscal year 1996 for carrying out section 7421a of title 10, United States Code (as added by subsection (a)), in the total amount of \$7,000,000.

SEC. 3302. FUTURE OF NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES (OTHER THAN NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVE NUMBERED 1).

(a) STUDY OF FUTURE OF PETROLEUM RESERVES.—(1) The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a study to determine which of the following options, or combination of options, would maximize the value of the naval petroleum reserves to or for the United States:

(A) Transfer of all or a part of the naval petroleum reserves to the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior for leasing in accordance with the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.) and surface management in accordance with the Federal Land Policy and Management Act (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).

(B) Lease of the naval petroleum reserves consistent with the provisions of such Acts.

(C) Sale of the interest of the United States in the naval petroleum reserves.

(2) The Secretary shall retain such independent consultants as the Secretary considers appropriate to conduct the study.

(3) An examination of the value to be derived by the United States from the transfer, lease, or sale of the naval petroleum reserves under paragraph (1) shall include an assessment and estimate, in a manner consistent with customary property valuation practices in the oil industry, of the fair market value

of the interest of the United States in the naval petroleum reserves.

(4) Not later than December 31, 1995, the Secretary shall submit to Congress and make available to the public a report describing the results of the study and containing such recommendations as the Secretary considers appropriate to implement the option, or combination of options, identified in the study that would maximize the value of the naval petroleum reserves to or for the United States.

(b) IMPLEMENTATION OF RECOMMENDATIONS.—Not earlier than 31 days after submitting to Congress the report required under subsection (a)(4), and not later than December 31, 1996, the Secretary shall carry out the recommendations contained in the report.

(c) NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the term “naval petroleum reserves” has the meaning given that term in section 7420(2) of title 10, United States Code, except that such term does not include Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1.

TITLE XXXIV—NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE

SEC. 3401. AUTHORIZED USES OF STOCKPILE FUNDS.

(a) OBLIGATIONS AUTHORIZED.—During fiscal year 1996, the National Defense Stockpile Manager may obligate up to \$77,100,000 of the funds in the National Defense Stockpile Transaction Fund established under sub-

section (a) of section 9 of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98h) for the authorized uses of such funds under subsection (b)(2) of such section.

(b) ADDITIONAL OBLIGATIONS.—The National Defense Stockpile Manager may obligate amounts in excess of the amount specified in subsection (a) if the National Defense Stockpile Manager notifies Congress that extraordinary or emergency conditions necessitate the additional obligations. The National Defense Stockpile Manager may make the additional obligations described in the notification after the end of the 45-day period beginning on the date Congress receives the notification.

(c) LIMITATIONS.—The authorities provided by this section shall be subject to such limitations as may be provided in appropriations Acts.

SEC. 3402. DISPOSAL OF OBSOLETE AND EXCESS MATERIALS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE.

(a) DISPOSAL AUTHORIZED.—Subject to the conditions specified in subsection (b), the President may dispose of obsolete and excess materials currently contained in the National Defense Stockpile in order to modernize the stockpile. The materials subject to disposal under this subsection and the quantity of each material authorized to be disposed of by the President are set forth in the following table:

Authorized Stockpile Disposals

Material for disposal	Quantity
Aluminum	62,881 short tons
Aluminum Oxide, Abrasive Grade	2,456 short tons
Antimony	34 short tons
Bauxite, Metallurgical Grade, Jamaican	321,083 long dry tons
Bauxite, Refractory	53,788 long dry tons
Beryllium, Copper Master Alloy	7,387 short tons
Beryllium, Metal	300 short tons
Chromite, Chemical Grade Ore	34,709 short dry tons
Chromite, Metallurgical Grade Ore	580,700 short dry tons
Chromite, Refractory Grade Ore	159,282 short dry tons
Chromium, Ferro Group	712,362 short tons
Chromium Metal	2,971 short tons
Cobalt	27,868,181 pounds of contained cobalt
Columbium Group	2,871,194 pounds of contained columbium
Diamond, Bort	61,542 carats
Diamond Stones	3,030,087 carats
Fluorspar, Acid Grade	28,047 short dry tons
Germanium Metal	53,200 kilograms
Graphite, Natural, Ceylon Lump	5,492 short tons
Iodine	871 pounds
Indium	50,205 troy ounces
Jewel bearings	30,237,764 pieces
Manganese, Ferro, High Carbon	230,481 short tons
Manganese, Ferro, Medium Carbon	19,752 short tons
Manganese, Ferro, Silicon	202 short tons
Mica, Muscovite Block, Stained and Better	325,896 pounds
Mica, Phlogopite Block	130,745 pounds
Morphine, Sulfate & Analgesic, Refined	5,679 pounds of anhydrous morphine alkaloid
Nickel	887 short tons
Platinum	252,641 troy ounces
Palladium	1,064,601 troy ounces
Rubber, Natural	25,138 long tons
Rutile	257 short dry tons
Talc, Block & Lump	2 short tons
Tantalum, Carbide Powder	28,688 pounds of contained tantalum
Tantalum, Minerals	2,575,234 pounds of contained tantalum
Tantalum, Oxide	163,691 pounds of contained tantalum
Thorium Nitrate	551,687 pounds
Tin	1,077 metric tons
Titanium Sponge	24,830 short tons
Tungsten Group	82,312,516 pounds of contained tungsten
Vegetable Tannin, Chestnut	15 long tons
Zirconium	15,991 short dry tons

(b) CONDITIONS ON DISPOSAL.—The authority of the President under subsection (a) to dispose of materials stored in the stockpile may not be used unless and until the Secretary of Defense certifies to Congress that

the disposal of such materials will not adversely affect the capability of the National Defense Stockpile to supply the strategic and critical materials necessary to meet the needs of the United States during a period of

national emergency that requires a significant level of mobilization of the economy of

the United States, including any reconstitution of the military and industrial capabilities necessary to meet the planning assumptions used by the Secretary of Defense under section 14(b) of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98h-5(b)).

(c) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER DISPOSAL AUTHORITY.—The disposal authority provided in subsection (a) is in addition to any other disposal authority provided by law.

SEC. 3403. DISPOSAL OF CHROMITE AND MANGANESE ORES AND CHROMIUM FERRO AND MANGANESE METAL ELECTROLYTIC.

(a) DOMESTIC UPGRADING.—In offering to enter into agreements pursuant to any provision of law for the disposal from the National Defense Stockpile of chromite and manganese ores of metallurgical grade or chromium ferro and manganese metal electrolytic, the President shall give a right of first refusal on all such offers to domestic ferroalloy upgraders.

(b) DOMESTIC FERROALLOY UPGRADER DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the term "domestic ferroalloy upgrader" means a company or other business entity that, as determined by the President—

(1) is engaged in operations to upgrade chromite or manganese ores of metallurgical grade or chromium ferro and manganese metal electrolytic; and

(2) conducts a significant level of its research, development, engineering, and upgrading operations in the United States.

SEC. 3404. RESTRICTIONS ON DISPOSAL OF MANGANESE FERRO.

(a) DISPOSAL OF LOWER GRADE MATERIAL FIRST.—The President may not dispose of high carbon manganese ferro in the National Defense Stockpile that meets the National Defense Stockpile classification of Grade One, Specification 30(a), as revised on May 22, 1992, until completing the disposal of all manganese ferro in the National Defense Stockpile that does not meet such classification. The President may not reclassify manganese ferro in the National Defense Stockpile after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) REQUIREMENT FOR REMELTING BY DOMESTIC FERROALLOY PRODUCERS.—Manganese ferro in the National Defense Stockpile that does not meet the classification specified in subsection (a) may be sold only for remelting by a domestic ferroalloy producer.

(c) DOMESTIC FERROALLOY PRODUCER DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the term "domestic ferroalloy producer" means a company or other business entity that, as determined by the President—

(1) is engaged in operations to upgrade manganese ores of metallurgical grade or manganese ferro; and

(2) conducts a significant level of its research, development, engineering, and upgrading operations in the United States.

SEC. 3405. EXCESS DEFENSE-RELATED MATERIALS: TRANSFER TO STOCKPILE AND DISPOSAL.

(a) TRANSFER AND DISPOSAL.—The Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"EXCESS DEFENSE-RELATED MATERIALS: TRANSFER TO STOCKPILE AND DISPOSAL

"SEC. 17. (a) The Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall transfer to the stockpile for disposal in accordance with this Act uncontaminated materials that are in the inventory of Department of Energy materials for production of defense-related items, are excess to the requirements of the department for that purpose, and are suitable for transfer to the stockpile and disposal through the stockpile.

"(b) The Secretary of Defense shall determine whether materials are suitable for transfer to the stockpile under this section, are suitable for disposal through the stockpile, and are uncontaminated."

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 4(a) of such Act (50 U.S.C. 98c(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(10) Materials transferred to the stockpile under section 17."

TITLE XXXV—PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION

SEC. 3501. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Panama Canal Commission Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996".

SEC. 3502. AUTHORIZATION OF EXPENDITURES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), the Panama Canal Commission is authorized to make such expenditures within the limits of funds and borrowing authority available to it in accordance with law, and to make such contracts and commitments without regard to fiscal year limitations, as may be necessary under the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3601 et seq.) for the operation, maintenance, and improvement of the Panama Canal for fiscal year 1996.

(b) LIMITATIONS.—For fiscal year 1996, the Panama Canal Commission may expend from funds in the Panama Canal Revolving Fund not more than \$50,741,000 for administrative expenses, of which not more than—

(1) \$15,000 may be used for official reception and representation expenses of the Supervisory Board of the Commission;

(2) \$10,000 may be used for official reception and representation expenses of the Secretary of the Commission; and

(3) \$45,000 may be used for official reception and representation expenses of the Administrator of the Commission.

(c) REPLACEMENT VEHICLES.—Funds available to the Panama Canal Commission shall be available for the purchase of not to exceed 38 passenger motor vehicles (including large heavy-duty vehicles to be used to transport Commission personnel across the isthmus of Panama) at a cost per vehicle of not more than \$19,500. A vehicle may be purchased with such funds only as necessary to replace another passenger motor vehicle of the Commission.

EXECUTIVE AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications were laid before the Senate, together with accompanying papers, reports, and documents, which were referred as indicated:

EC-1407. A communication from the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report on retail fees and services of depository institutions; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-1408. A communication from the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report on the profitability of credit card operations of depository institutions; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-1409. A communication from the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report under the Multifamily Property Disposition Reform Act of 1994; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-1410. A communication from the Executive Director of the Thrift Depositor Protection Oversight Board, transmitting, pursuant to law, a report relative to savings asso-

ciations; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-1411. A communication from the Chairman of the Board of the National Credit Union Administration, transmitting, pursuant to law, the annual report for fiscal year 1994; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following reports of committees were submitted:

By Mr. GRAMM, from the Committee on Appropriations, with amendments:

H.R. 2076. A bill making appropriations for the Department of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1996, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 104-139).

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second time by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. D'AMATO:

S. 1232. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exclude length of service awards to volunteers performing fire fighting or prevention services, emergency medical services, or ambulance services from the limitations applicable to certain deferred compensation plans, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

By Ms. MIKULSKI:

S. 1233. A bill to assure equitable coverage and treatment of emergency services under health plans; to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources.

By Mr. HARKIN:

S. 1234. A bill to reduce delinquencies and to improve debt-collection activities Government wide and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

SUBMISSION OF CONCURRENT AND SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions and Senate resolutions were read, and referred (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mr. DOLE:

S. Res. 170. A resolution to appoint various Chairmen for the 104th Congress; considered and agreed to.

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. D'AMATO:

S. 1232. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exclude length of service awards to volunteers performing fire fighting or prevention services, emergency medical services, or ambulance services from the limitations applicable to certain deferred compensation plans, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS LEGISLATION

● Mr. D'AMATO. Mr. President, today I am introducing legislation to exclude Length of Service Award Programs [LOSAP's] for volunteers performing firefighting or prevention services, emergency medical services, or ambulance services from section 457 of the