

Whitfield	Wise	Young (FL)
Wicker	Wolf	Zeliff
Williams	Young (AK)	Zimmer

NOES—87

Abercrombie	Gonzalez	Oberstar
Becerra	Green	Olver
Beilenson	Gutierrez	Ortiz
Bonior	Hall (OH)	Owens
Brown (FL)	Hastings (FL)	Pastor
Brown (OH)	Hilliard	Payne (NJ)
Bryant (TX)	Hinchee	Pelosi
Bunn	Jackson (IL)	Rahall
Campbell	Jackson-Lee	Rangel
Clayton	(TX)	Richardson
Clyburn	Jefferson	Ros-Lehtinen
Coleman	Johnson, E. B.	Roybal-Allard
Collins (MI)	Kennedy (MA)	Rush
Conyers	Kennedy (RI)	Sabo
Coyne	King	Sanders
de la Garza	LaFalce	Schroeder
Dellums	Lewis (GA)	Scott
Diaz-Balart	Lofgren	Serrano
Dicks	Markey	Skaggs
Dingell	Martinez	Thompson
Doggett	Matsui	Torres
Engel	McDermott	Towns
Evans	McKinney	Velazquez
Fattah	Meehan	Ward
Fields (LA)	Meek	Watt (NC)
Filner	Mink	Woolsey
Flake	Mollohan	Wynn
Foglietta	Morella	Yates
Frank (MA)	Nadler	
Gibbons	Neal	

NOT VOTING—12

Clay	Moakley	Stokes
Collins (IL)	Radanovich	Studds
Dornan	Rose	Waters
Johnston	Stark	Wilson

□ 2013

The Clerk announced the following pair:

On this vote:

Mr. Radanovich for, with Mr. Stokes against.

Ms. ESHOO changed her vote from "no" to "aye."

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. INGLIS of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks on the bill just passed.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. HEFLEY). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from South Carolina?

There was no objection.

AUTHORIZING THE CLERK TO MAKE CORRECTIONS IN EN-GROSSMENT OF H.R. 2202, IMMIGRATION IN THE NATIONAL INTEREST ACT OF 1995

Mr. INGLIS of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that, in the engrossment of the bill, H.R. 2202, the Clerk be authorized to correct section numbers, cross-references, the table of contents, and punctuation, and to make such stylistic, clerical, technical, conforming, and other changes as may be necessary to reflect the actions of the House in amending the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from South Carolina?

There was no objection.

REPORT ON RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 125, GUN CRIME ENFORCEMENT AND SECOND AMENDMENT RESTORATION ACT OF 1996

Mr. SOLOMON, from the Committee on Rules, submitted a privileged report (Rept. No. 104-490) on the resolution (H. Res. 388) providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 125) to repeal the ban on semiautomatic assault weapons and the ban on large capacity ammunition feeding devices, which was referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed.

CONFERENCE REPORT ON S. 4, LINE ITEM VETO ACT

Mr. CLINGER submitted the following conference report and statement on the Senate bill (S. 4) to grant the power to the President to reduce budget authority:

CONFERENCE REPORT (H. REPT. 104-491)

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the House to the bill (S. 4), to grant the power to the President to reduce budget authority, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the House to the text of the bill and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the House amendment, insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Line Item Veto Act".

SEC. 2. LINE ITEM VETO AUTHORITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title X of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 681 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new part:

"PART C—LINE ITEM VETO

"LINE ITEM VETO AUTHORITY

"SEC. 1021. (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the provisions of parts A and B, and subject to the provisions of this part, the President may, with respect to any bill or joint resolution that has been signed into law pursuant to Article I, section 7, of the Constitution of the United States, cancel in whole—

"(1) any dollar amount of discretionary budget authority;

"(2) any item of new direct spending; or

"(3) any limited tax benefit;

if the President—

"(A) determines that such cancellation will—

"(i) reduce the Federal budget deficit;

"(ii) not impair any essential Government functions; and

"(iii) not harm the national interest; and

"(B) notifies the Congress of such cancellation by transmitting a special message, in accordance with section 1022, within five calendar days (excluding Sundays) after the enactment of the law providing the dollar amount of discretionary budget authority, item of new direct spending, or limited tax benefit that was canceled.

"(b) IDENTIFICATION OF CANCELLATIONS.—In identifying dollar amounts of discretionary

budget authority, items of new direct spending, and limited tax benefits for cancellation, the President shall—

"(1) consider the legislative history, construction, and purposes of the law which contains such dollar amounts, items, or benefits;

"(2) consider any specific sources of information referenced in such law or, in the absence of specific sources of information, the best available information; and

"(3) use the definitions contained in section 1026 in applying this part to the specific provisions of such law.

"(c) EXCEPTION FOR DISAPPROVAL BILLS.—The authority granted by subsection (a) shall not apply to any dollar amount of discretionary budget authority, item of new direct spending, or limited tax benefit contained in any law that is a disapproval bill as defined in section 1026.

"SPECIAL MESSAGES

"SEC. 1022. (a) IN GENERAL.—For each law from which a cancellation has been made under this part, the President shall transmit a single special message to the Congress.

"(b) CONTENTS.—

"(1) The special message shall specify—

"(A) the dollar amount of discretionary budget authority, item of new direct spending, or limited tax benefit which has been canceled, and provide a corresponding reference number for each cancellation;

"(B) the determinations required under section 1021(a), together with any supporting material;

"(C) the reasons for the cancellation;

"(D) to the maximum extent practicable, the estimated fiscal, economic, and budgetary effect of the cancellation;

"(E) all facts, circumstances and considerations relating to or bearing upon the cancellation, and to the maximum extent practicable, the estimated effect of the cancellation upon the objects, purposes and programs for which the canceled authority was provided; and

"(F) include the adjustments that will be made pursuant to section 1024 to the discretionary spending limits under section 601 and an evaluation of the effects of those adjustments upon the sequestration procedures of section 251 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

"(2) In the case of a cancellation of any dollar amount of discretionary budget authority or item of new direct spending, the special message shall also include, if applicable—

"(A) any account, department, or establishment of the Government for which such budget authority was to have been available for obligation and the specific project or governmental functions involved;

"(B) the specific States and congressional districts, if any, affected by the cancellation; and

"(C) the total number of cancellations imposed during the current session of Congress on States and congressional districts identified in subparagraph (B).

"(c) TRANSMISSION OF SPECIAL MESSAGES TO HOUSE AND SENATE.—

"(1) The President shall transmit to the Congress each special message under this part within five calendar days (excluding Sundays) after enactment of the law to which the cancellation applies. Each special message shall be transmitted to the House of Representatives and the Senate on the same calendar day. Such special message shall be delivered to the Clerk of the House of Representatives if the House is not in session, and to the Secretary of the Senate if the Senate is not in session.

"(2) Any special message transmitted under this part shall be printed in the first issue of the Federal Register published after such transmittal.

"CANCELLATION EFFECTIVE UNLESS DISAPPROVED

"SEC. 1023. (a) IN GENERAL.—The cancellation of any dollar amount of discretionary budget authority, item of new direct spending, or limited tax benefit shall take effect upon receipt in