

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Rev. James David Ford, D.D., offered the following prayer:

How can we praise You, our God and our King,
 How can we serve You with hands that we bring,
 How can we love You with hearts that grow weak,
 How can we cherish the gifts that we seek.
 Yes we can praise You, for You lived us first,
 Yes we can serve You, with faith be immersed,
 Yes, we can love you, be deeds of good will,
 Yes we can cherish Your peace to fulfill. Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House his approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Will the gentleman from Maryland [Mr. GILCREST] come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Mr. GILCREST led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

RANK AND FILE OF AFL-CIO WILL CONTINUE TO REJECT THE OLD-STYLE LIBERAL POLICIES OF CLINTON ADMINISTRATION AND LIBERAL UNION BOSSES

(Mr. BALLENGER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BALLENGER. Mr. Speaker, I want to share with my colleagues news of the AFL-CIO's recent convention where the highest officials of the AFL-CIO, under newly elected union president John Sweeney, levied a \$35 million tax increase on the rank and file men and women of our Nation's unions. This \$35 million tax is being used to support an orchestrated, and highly political campaign to divide our Nation along class and income lines.

Needless to say, Mr. Speaker, the American people, especially the rank and file of our Nation's labor unions, will not allow Mr. Sweeney and the other liberal union bosses to turn back the clock on this Congress' pledge of fundamental change. We will continue our efforts to respond to the people of this great country. We will make the Federal Government smaller, more efficient and more user friendly. We will fight the bureaucrats here in Washing-

ton who refuse to let parents and families decide what should be taught in schools. And we will cut wasteful Federal spending so we can put more money back in to the pockets of working families.

Despite the rhetoric of the liberal, elite union leaders, I believe the working men and women of the AFL-CIO, will continue to reject the old-style liberal policies of Mr. Sweeney and the Clinton administration, and support of vision of a stronger, more prosperous America.

GOVERNMENT AND PRIVATE STUDIES, A LITTLE GOOFY?

(Mr. TRAFICANT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TRAFICANT. Mr. Speaker, I thought the Federal Government was a little goofy when they studied bovine flatulence, but there have been a couple of private studies that got my attention. One was the dynamics of peeling adhesive tape. The private study found out that it is very difficult to peel off tape in just one piece.

The second one was the pigeon discrimination of paintings by Monet and Picasso. They determined that, really, pigeons do not discriminate. They may defecate, but no discrimination is involved.

Then there is the big one: the impact of wet underwear on thermoregulatory responses and thermal comfort in cold. What they determined was if you wear wet underwear in frigid weather, you freeze your buns off.

If we think this is a waste of money, check this out, Congress: The FDA has spent \$200,000 for tea tasters, \$200,000 for a tea-tasting commission.

Mr. Speaker, beam me up. I yield back the balance of all of this money, both private and public.

MAKING HEALTH CARE AFFORDABLE AND ACCESSIBLE

(Mr. BILIRAKIS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BILIRAKIS. Mr. Speaker, last Congress I introduced the only health reform legislation that truly had bipartisan support. The Rowland-Bilirakis bill focused on areas where there was widespread agreement about the need for reform. Unfortunately, this legislation never made it to the House floor.

I recently introduced the Health Coverage Availability and Affordability Act. This bill allows portability, thus permitting people to move from job to job without losing their health coverage.

The bill eliminates prohibitions on preexisting conditions so that individuals can change jobs and still have access to affordable health care. This simple change will dramatically improve the lives of millions of American

families. Right now, 25 million Americans are denied health insurance coverage because of a preexisting condition.

Mr. Speaker, we have the best health care system in the world—but there is room for improvement. Our plan improves health care in this country by making it both accessible and, just as important, affordable. I would encourage my colleagues to join me in eliminating job-lock by supporting the Health Coverage Availability and Affordability Act.

TRIBUTE TO THE LATE HONORABLE EDMUND S. MUSKIE

(Mr. LONGLEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. LONGLEY. Mr. Speaker, it is my sad duty this afternoon to inform the House of the passing of Senator Edmund Muskie of Maine this morning at about 4 a.m.

Senator Muskie was 81 years of age, a graduate of Bates College and Cornell University Law School, a very distinguished public servant of the citizens of Maine and of the United States. He served three terms in the Maine House of Representatives in 1946 and 1948 and 1950, including a final term as the Democratic floor leader. In 1955, he was elected Governor, he served a second term, and he followed that with a career in the U.S. Senate that began in 1958.

In 1968, he was Democratic candidate for Vice President of the United States and built and earned a tremendous national reputation for his decency, his compassion and his moderation during that difficult time during the end of the Vietnam war. He also served as Secretary of State in the Cabinet of President Jimmy Carter from 1980 to 1981.

While there are many distinctions that we can discuss, not the least among them is the Senator's accomplishment in creating a second party, making Maine a two-party State, which is in the best interest of all of our citizens, but certainly as his legislative accomplishments on the national level are beyond peer, particularly in the area of environmental protection.

Senator Muskie was the author of many of the first pieces of legislation that this body passed back in the early 1960's dealing with the need to protect the quality of our air and our water. There are other issues that I could mention, but I think none more important than the fact that Senator Muskie was a kind and decent man who exercised and practiced respect for all of his constituents and all those with whom he had dealings. His demeanor is going to be missed. Certainly his integrity and his honesty are universally respected.

So we mourn his passing and we also express to his wife, Jane, and his five