

or developmental disability exists is critical, and we still have some way to go in ensuring that residents with these problems receive appropriate placement and treatment in all cases.

However, the annual resident review process duplicates other mandatory assessments and has not resulted in identifying inappropriate placements or improving the quality of care for nursing home residents. The current law adds an average of \$700,000 to State costs for long-term care and diverts valuable nursing facility resources. We must continue to work to ensure that nursing home residents receive the quality care they need, but we should not do so by placing unnecessary or ineffective burdens on nursing facilities and their staffs.

My bill would retain the pre-admission screening for each resident, but would repeal the annual resident review requirement for each patient. This would go a long way toward streamlining the regulatory process and allowing nursing homes to focus more time on providing quality care.

I hope my colleagues will join me in supporting these sound policy proposals.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 814

At the request of Mr. MCCAIN, the name of the Senator from Maine [Ms. SNOWE] was added as a cosponsor of S. 814, a bill to provide for the reorganization of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, and for other purposes.

S. 1607

At the request of Mrs. FEINSTEIN, the name of the Senator from Missouri [Mr. ASHCROFT] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1607, a bill to control access to precursor chemicals used to manufacture methamphetamine and other illicit narcotics, and for other purposes.

S. 1799

At the request of Ms. SNOWE, the name of the Senator from Vermont [Mr. JEFFORDS] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1799, a bill to promote greater equity in the delivery of health care services to American women through expanded research on women's health issues and through improved access to health care services, including preventive health services.

S. 1806

At the request of Mr. D'AMATO, the name of the Senator from Iowa [Mr. GRASSLEY] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1806, a bill to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to clarify that any dietary supplement that claims to produce euphoria, heightened awareness or similar mental or psychological effects shall be treated as a drug under the act, and for other purposes.

SENATE RESOLUTION 270

At the request of Mr. LIEBERMAN, the names of the Senator from Utah [Mr. HATCH], and the Senator from Michigan [Mr. LEVIN] were added as cospon-

sors of Senate Resolution 270, a resolution urging continued and increased United States support for the efforts of the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia to bring to justice the perpetrators of gross violations of international law in the former Yugoslavia.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

THE SENATE CAMPAIGN FINANCE REFORM ACT OF 1996

HOLLINGS AMENDMENT NO. 4093

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. HOLLINGS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill (S. 1219) to reform the financing of Federal elections, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the appropriate place insert the following:

SEC. . SENSE OF THE SENATE THAT CONGRESS SHOULD ADOPT A JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION THAT WOULD EMPOWER CONGRESS AND THE STATES TO SET REASONABLE LIMITS ON CAMPAIGN EXPENDITURES

It is the sense of the Senate that Congress should adopt a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution that would—

(1) empower Congress to set reasonable limits on campaign expenditures by, in support of, or in opposition to any candidate in any primary, general, or other election for Federal office; and

(2) empower the States to set reasonable limits on campaign expenditures by, in support of, or in opposition to any candidate in any primary, general, or other election for State or local office,

(3) empower local governments of general jurisdiction to set reasonable limits on campaign expenditures by, in support of, or in opposition to any candidate in any primary, general or other election for office in that government.

BUMPERS AMENDMENT NO. 4094

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. BUMPERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill, S. 1219, supra; as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted, insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; AMENDMENT OF CAMPAIGN ACT; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Senate Campaign Financing and Spending Reform Act".

(b) AMENDMENT OF FECA.—When used in this Act, the term "FECA" means the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (2 U.S.C. 431 et seq.).

(c) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—

Sec. 1. Short title; amendment of Campaign Act; table of contents.

Sec. 2. Findings and declarations of the Senate.

TITLE I—CONTROL OF CONGRESSIONAL CAMPAIGN SPENDING

Subtitle A—Senate Election Campaign Spending Limits and Benefits

Sec. 101. Senate spending limits and benefits.

Sec. 102. Ban on activities of political action committees in Federal elections.

Sec. 103. Reporting requirements.

Sec. 104. Disclosure by noneligible candidates.

Subtitle B—General Provisions

Sec. 131. Broadcast rates and preemption.

Sec. 132. Extension of reduced third-class mailing rates to eligible Senate candidates.

Sec. 133. Reporting requirements for certain independent expenditures.

Sec. 134. Campaign advertising amendments.

Sec. 135. Definitions.

Sec. 136. Provisions relating to franked mass mailings.

TITLE II—INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURES

Sec. 201. Clarification of definitions relating to independent expenditures.

TITLE III—EXPENDITURES

Subtitle A—Personal Loans; Credit

Sec. 301. Personal contributions and loans.

Sec. 302. Extensions of credit.

Subtitle B—Provisions Relating to Soft Money of Political Parties

Sec. 311. Reporting requirements.

TITLE IV—CONTRIBUTIONS

Sec. 401. Contributions through intermediaries and conduits; prohibition on certain contributions by lobbyists.

Sec. 402. Contributions by dependents not of voting age.

Sec. 403. Contributions to candidates from State and local committees of political parties to be aggregated.

Sec. 404. Limited exclusion of advances by campaign workers from the definition of the term "contribution".

TITLE V—REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Sec. 501. Change in certain reporting from a calendar year basis to an election cycle basis.

Sec. 502. Personal and consulting services.

Sec. 503. Reduction in threshold for reporting of certain information by persons other than political committees.

Sec. 504. Computerized indices of contributions.

TITLE VI—FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

Sec. 601. Use of candidates' names.

Sec. 602. Reporting requirements.

Sec. 603. Provisions relating to the general counsel of the Commission.

Sec. 604. Enforcement.

Sec. 605. Penalties.

Sec. 606. Random audits.

Sec. 607. Prohibition of false representation to solicit contributions.

Sec. 608. Regulations relating to use of non-Federal money.

TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 701. Prohibition of leadership committees.

Sec. 702. Polling data contributed to candidates.

Sec. 703. Sense of the Senate that Congress should consider adoption of a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution that would empower Congress and the States to set reasonable limits on campaign expenditures.

Sec. 704. Personal use of campaign funds.

TITLE VIII—EFFECTIVE DATES; AUTHORIZATIONS

Sec. 801. Effective date.

Sec. 802. Severability.

Sec. 803. Expedited review of constitutional issues.