

S. RES. 32

Resolved, That a collection of the rules of the committees of the Senate, together with related materials, be printed as a Senate document, and that there be printed 600 additional copies of such document for the use of the use of the Committee on Rules and Administration.

NOTICES OF HEARINGS

COMMITTEE ON RULES AND ADMINISTRATION

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I wish to announce that the Committee on Rules and Administration will meet in SR-301, Russell Senate Office Building, on Thursday, January 30, 1997, at 9:30 a.m. to hold a hearing on FEC authorization and campaign finance reform.

For further information regarding the hearing, please contact Bruce Kasold of the committee staff on 224-3448.

COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Mr. MURKOWSKI. Mr. President, I would like to announce for the information of the Senate and the public that a hearing has been scheduled before the full Committee on Energy and Natural Resources to consider the nomination of Federico F. Peña to be Secretary of Energy.

The hearing will take place Thursday, January 30, 1997, at 10 a.m. in room SE-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building in Washington, DC.

For further information, please call Camille Heninger Flint at (202) 224-5070.

COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

Mr. MCCAIN. Mr. President, I would like to announce that the Senate Committee on Indian Affairs will meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, January 30, 1997, at 2:30 p.m. to approve the committee budget for the 105th Congress. The business meeting will be held in room 485 of the Russell Senate Office Building.

COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Mr. MURKOWSKI. Mr. President, I would like to announce for the public that the hearing scheduled before the full Energy and Natural Resources Committee to receive testimony regarding S. 104, the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1997 will take place on Wednesday, February 5, 1997, at 9:30 a.m., in room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building in Washington, DC.

For further information, please call Karen Hunsicker, counsel (202) 224-3543 or Betty Nevitt, staff assistant at (202) 224-0765.

COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS

Mr. BOND. Mr. President, I wish to announce that the Committee on Small Business will hold a hearing entitled "Women-Owned and Home-Based Businesses." The hearing will be held on Thursday, February 6, 1997, beginning at 9:30 a.m., in room 428A of the Russell Senate Office Building.

For further information, please contact Paul Cooksey at 224-5175.

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND FORESTRY

Mr. LUGAR. Mr. President, I would like to announce that the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry will hold a full committee hearing on Tuesday, February 11, 1997, at 9 a.m. in SR-328A. The purpose of the hearing will be to discuss reform to the Commodity Exchange Act.

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND FORESTRY

Mr. LUGAR. Mr. President, I would like to announce that the Senate Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry will hold a full committee hearing on Thursday, February 13, 1997, at 9 a.m. in SR-328A. The purpose of the hearing will be to discuss reform to the Commodity Exchange Act.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN AFFAIRS

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, January 28, 1997, to conduct a markup of the following nominee: Mr. Andrew M. Cuomo, of New York, to be the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development. In addition the committee will consider certain organizational matters.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT AND PUBLIC WORKS

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the full Committee on Environment and Public Works be granted permission to meet to organize and adopt committee rules, Tuesday, January 28, at 9:30 a.m., hearing room (SD-406).

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON RULES AND ADMINISTRATION

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Rules and Administration be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, January 28, 1997, beginning at 9:30 a.m. until business is completed, to hold a hearing and markup session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Select Committee on Intelligence be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, January 28, 1997, at 2:30 p.m. to hold a closed business meeting.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

LAWRENCE B. LINDSEY'S DEPARTURE FROM THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE

• Mr. ABRAHAM. Mr. President, I rise today to note the departure of Lawrence B. Lindsey, member of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, from that body. Mr. Lindsey's departure is a great loss for the Federal Reserve, and the nation. His tenure on the Board of Governors has been invaluable. His service as chairman of the Board's Consumer and Community Affairs Committee and as chairman of the Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation, as well as his participation in the general business of the Board, have played a vital role in sustaining economic growth and price stability in this country. He will be missed.

One can hardly blame Mr. Lindsey, however, for seizing the exciting and well-deserved opportunities that have come his way. As the Arthur F. Burns Chair in Economics at the American Enterprise Institute and as managing director of economic strategies, an economic advisory service based in New York City, Mr. Lindsey will be in a position to participate in both the intellectual and practical sides of global economic life during an exciting time. I am confident that all of us will benefit from the work he will be doing in both positions.

I am certain that the economic community will be hearing from Mr. Lindsey more than ever in his new capacities. I would like to take this opportunity to wish him the best of luck and offer him my heart-felt congratulations.●

ROBERT A. DEMARS

• Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, I rise today to honor the life of State Representative Robert A. DeMars of Michigan's 25th District, who passed away on October 21, 1996 while campaigning for an 8th term in office.

Robert DeMars was a teacher by profession. For 26 years, he taught in the Lincoln Park Public School system. He served as local president of the Michigan Education Association and as local president, State vice president and National vice president of the American Federation of Teachers. Robert also served Lincoln Park as mayor, councilman and treasurer.

Robert DeMars was a proud veteran who served during World War II in the U.S. Navy's Submarine Service. Protecting and improving the status of veterans was a cause that was very close to Robert's heart. As a State Representative, he introduced legislation to provide special license plates for veterans of WW I, WW II, the Korean and Vietnam wars to honor their service to the Nation. He was the chairman of the House Veterans' Affairs Committee from 1982 to 1994.

Despite Robert's numerous professional accomplishments during his lifetime, he never lost touch with his constituents. His down-to-earth style was a large part of his political success. Robert was a member of several charitable organizations as well as a sponsor of Little League baseball teams. His passing is a dramatic loss to many different segments of the community. Robert is survived by his wife Deanie and their daughter Maeann.

On February 8, 1997, a Robert DeMars Memorial Charity Ball will be held to honor Robert's legacy and to raise money for the Make-A-Wish Foundation. This is a fitting tribute to Robert DeMars's life of public service and one I believe he would wholeheartedly approve of. I know my Senate colleagues join me in honoring the life of Robert A. DeMars.●

PARTIAL BIRTH ABORTION BAN

● Mr. ABRAHAM. Mr. President, I rise today to cosponsor Senate bill 6. In doing so I add my voice to the chorus calling for an end to partial birth abortion. The bill we are considering is designed to outlaw medical procedures "in which the person performing the abortion partially delivers a living fetus before killing the fetus and completing the delivery." It is a narrowly drafted bill which specifically and effectively targets a rare but grisly and unnecessary practice.

I understand, Mr. President, that the American people are divided on many issues within the abortion debate. I am firmly pro-life. But in my view one need not resort to broad, ideological arguments in this case. Partial birth abortions occur in the second or third trimester of pregnancy. They are never required to save the life, health or child-bearing ability of the mother. They are unnecessary and regrettable.

We in this Chamber failed to override the President's veto of this legislation during the last Congress. But I remain convinced that all of us can agree that this nation can do without this particular grisly procedure. I urge my colleagues to support this legislation.●

TRIBUTE TO PROCTOR JONES

● Mr. DORGAN. Mr. President, I rise to pay tribute to Proctor Jones for his outstanding service and dedication to the U.S. Senate since 1960. While his Senate employment was interrupted for 2 years for service in the U.S. Marine Corps, I don't believe any staffer has served in the Senate longer than Proctor. Certainly, no one has served this institution more honorably or with greater dedication.

During my tenure in the Senate, I have had the pleasure of working with Proctor on numerous occasions in his capacity as the staff director for the Democrats on the Energy and Water Subcommittee of Appropriations. Unfortunately, my State of North Dakota seems to be plagued with too little

water or too much. Proctor was fully conversant with and sensitive to the unique needs of North Dakota and was always ready to assist us with our water problems. He was especially helpful to me over the past 3 years in finding additional funding to help the citizens of Devils Lake, N.D., who have been devastated by flooding for 4 consecutive years.

Proctor represents the finest there is in public service. He was dedicated to the institution he so honorably served under a succession of outstanding chairmen of the Appropriations Committee. He was ever the student of the budget and appropriation processes. He was the master of the art of politics—forging compromises. He was the protector of the purse—evaluating Federal programs under a microscope to ensure that they were necessary, effective, responsible, and responsive. He was the ultimate professional. And he was a true gentleman.

During his more than 35 years in the Senate, Proctor earned the respect of Members and colleagues alike. His expertise, sound judgment, political skills and professional talents will be sorely missed in the Senate. But I want to join my colleagues in wishing Proctor good health and every success as he joins his former boss, Senator Bennett Johnston of Louisiana, in pursuing new challenges and opportunities in the private sector.●

BURT BARR

● Mr. McCAIN. Mr. President, when a good man dies, heaven profits at humanity's expense. My friend, Burt Barr, was a good man whose loss we can scarce afford lest our society further succumbs to the cynicism and distrust that cheapens our times. He was a man whose virtues were so exemplary and so apparent that he won the admiration and affection of all he encountered. He was the kind of man whom fathers hope their sons will become.

He grew to manhood in a time when Americans believed to sacrifice for your country was an ennobling experience. He took up arms in his country's defense, risked death and grave harm, endured enormous deprivation for a cause he knew was greater than his own life. He marched across Europe to liberate the peoples of that continent from tyranny; to protect America's freedoms, and to keep alive in this world the prospect that our freedoms and prosperity might someday flourish in all societies.

Burt's service in the Second World War, as it was for most of his generation, was the defining event of his life. The experience of shared hardship, of complete faith in and devotion to the men who fought beside you engendered in him an enduring love and respect for the men and women who have worn the uniform of the United States. But his experiences in war affected more than his regard for the military. They inspired in him an abiding love for and

desire to remain of service to his country, and to distinguish his public service with an unflagging belief that we are all part of a cause more noble than self-interest, and that, as such, we deserve each other's respect and admiration.

No one who worked with Burt Barr ever suspected his purposes or doubted his decency. Republican and Democrat alike knew that in Burt the State of Arizona had found a model public servant whose sole public ambition was to work with any willing partner to help Arizona grow and prosper.

As is obvious by the presence here of so many Arizonans of different political affiliations, Burt was a man who kept his priorities straight. He never set the price of partisan advantage so high that it cheapened his regard for personal friendships. He knew by instinct, by instruction and by experience that political success is such an inconsequential thing when weighed against the love and trust of your neighbors and friends. When our days begin to run out there will be little solace found in the prideful recollection that we advanced our professional ambitions at the expense of others. That solace abides only in our family's love, God's grace, and the satisfaction of a life well-lived in the service of others, and not to the detriment of anyone.

As Bruce Babbitt and Art Hamilton can attest, as anyone who worked with Burt in the service of our beautiful State can attest, Burt won his share of political contests, but never at the cost of a friend. He presided as majority leader in the Arizona House for many years, and worked with many Governors. He did not exult in the perquisites of power, but only in the opportunity to be of use to his community. Under his patient, inclusive leadership, the legislature never functioned more smoothly or productively. He considered Bruce and Art and everyone who labored with him on behalf of Arizona to be comrades-in-arms, not enemies. War had taught him that such relationships were to be cherished as indispensable to a good life.

Burt's good life, his decency to others was of inestimable value to Arizona. Together with former Governor Babbitt, with Art, with all his Republican and Democratic colleagues, Burt helped to make this State the wonderful place to live it remains today. Arizona's extraordinary growth was not just coincident with, but was, in large part, a consequence of his public service, and the comity and trust that distinguished his relationships with his colleagues.

Burt was the first person whose advice I sought when I first considered a political career. I placed a high value on his counsel then and in all the following years of our friendship. That I continue my public career in a time of growing incivility and cynicism, in a time when partisan opponents seek to criminalize our political differences is a source of deep disappointment to me,