

GREEK INDEPENDENCE DAY: A
NATIONAL DAY OF CELEBRATION

SPEECH OF

HON. TOM LANTOS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, March 25, 1998

Mr. LANTOS. Mr. Speaker, it is a distinct privilege and honor to congratulate the people of Greece on the 177th anniversary of their nation's independence. The Hellenic Republic has held high the torch of democracy since its inception in 1821, reflecting a love of freedom, justice, and self-government rooted both in its renowned history as well as in the exuberant spirit of its people. The ancient Greeks served as one of America's most inspiring examples during the creation of our Republic, and more recently has stood by our side as one of our closest and most loyal allies.

The governments of ancient Greece were the original laboratories of democratic government. Thousands of years ahead of their time, the leaders of these legendary city-states were powered by the then-revolutionary notion that the choices of individual voters could result in a fair, free, democratic government emboldened by the confidence of the populace and driven by the interests of its constituents. Centuries later, the lessons of their civic experiments would provide the intellectual foundation for the birth of America's own democracy. "To the ancient Greeks," Thomas Jefferson once proclaimed, "we are all indebted for the light which led ourselves, the American colonies, out of Gothic darkness."

Forty-five years after the birth of the United States, the Greek people determined to fight to end their own "darkness." Following both the examples of their forefathers and the encouragement of their American contemporaries, the Greeks rebelled against hundreds of years of domination by the Ottoman Empire. Their war of independence, which began on March 25, 1821, lasted seven years and received the full support of the young American nation. President James Monroe described the Greek struggle in 1822: "That such a country should have been overwhelmed and so long hidden under a gloomy despotism has been a cause of unceasing and deep regret. A strong hope is entertained that these people will recover their independence and resume their equal station among the nations of the Earth." Six years later this battle for freedom ended victoriously, as the Greek people overcame seemingly insuperable odds to establish a modern state with the intellectual and moral strength to match their ancient predecessors.

The record of the Hellenic Republic shows the realization of this early promise. Greece has stood on the front lines of the fight for international justice as one of only three nations in the world outside of the British Empire to serve on the side of the United States in every major international conflict of this century. One out of every nine Greeks died while defending their country against Nazi oppression during World War II. During the half-century since that brutal conflict, a strong and principled Greece has worked with the United States as member of NATO, standing firm against communism and, in more recent

times, the abridgement of human rights in the Balkans and elsewhere throughout the world. Throughout all of these obstacles, Greece's dedication to democratic principles has remained steadfast and proud.

Mr. Speaker, as a member of the Hellenic Caucus and on behalf of the citizens of California's Twelfth Congressional District, I am proud to commemorate the 177th anniversary of Greek Independence Day.

IN HONOR OF THE 100TH BIRTHDAY OF THE MARIA JEFFERSON CHAPTER OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

HON. TILLIE K. FOWLER

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, March 26, 1998

Mrs. FOWLER. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased today to offer my congratulations to the Maria Jefferson Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution on celebrating 100 years of service to northeast Florida.

The National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution was founded in Washington, DC in October of 1890 with Caroline Scott Harrison, the wife of U.S. President Benjamin Harrison, as its first president. Just eight years later, on March 26, 1898, Saint Augustine, Florida became home to the Maria Jefferson Chapter of the DAR, named for the daughter of President Thomas Jefferson. I am proud to represent Saint Augustine, the nation's oldest city of European extraction, and proud to call many of the Chapter's members my constituents and friends. The Florida State Society of the DAR boasts 106 chapters with over 8,000 members.

Members of the Daughters of the American Revolution are descendants of those who aided in achieving American Independence. The National Society accepts service, with some exceptions, for the period between April 19, 1775 (Battle of Lexington) and November 26, 1783 (withdrawal of British Troops from New York). Among those ancestors with accepted service are signers of the Declaration of Independence, those with military service and those whose ancestors gave patriotic service in the Continental Congress, State Conventions and Assemblies, committees made necessary by the war, members of the Boston Tea Party, doctors and nurses and other rendering aid to the wounded and prisoners of war or refugees from occupying forces.

Those of us who have been to the DAR Constitution Hall, here in Washington, DC, have enjoyed the building's beauty and grandeur, courtesy of the devoted members of the DAR. However, because of the selfless way in which the members perform their community service, most of us have never heard what the DAR usually does on a daily basis. Members of the Daughters of the American Revolution are dedicated to the lofty goals of honoring our nation's historic forebears, preserving our nation's heritage and promoting education.

The members of the DAR not only honor their ancestors who have served our country, they themselves serve its citizens by visiting

disabled veterans at their homes, in hospitals and in nursing homes. They sold recreational activities for patients such as carnivals and picnics and participate in special programs for homeless veterans such as medical and social screening and providing buddy bags. Some chapters give special support to needy, individual women veterans and participate in special women's health care programs. This year, five chapters in Florida are raising special funds towards the purchase of a van to transport veterans between medical appointments.

The DAR works with schools to help instill historical awareness and pride in our country by presenting medals and college scholarships and provide boarding schools for underprivileged children. DAR members also present American flags to schools and other public institutions and sponsor historic plaques.

I am thrilled to be able to use this opportunity to call attention to the work of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, Saint Augustine's Maria Jefferson Chapter and the Chapter's regent Jane Rhea Douglas for their selfless and important work on behalf of our nation's veterans both past and present.

Congratulations Maria Jefferson Chapter on your 100th birthday. I send to you my sincere wishes that the new millennium may hold in store many more years of commendable service to our community.

CURBING UNAPPROVED UNION
SPENDING

HON. RON PACKARD

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, March 26, 1998

Mr. PACKARD. Mr. Speaker, last week the AFL-CIO announced that it would launch a campaign against California Proposition 226, the June 2 referendum that suspends labor unions' incessant practice of contributing portions of dues to political campaigns that their members may oppose. This initiative and others like it in states across the country require unions to receive approval from union members before contributing dues money to political entities.

Labor organizations feel that their role in the political arena would suffer if they were forced to tell the truth about union dues. Mr. Speaker, the issue here pertains to individuals' hard-earned wages, not the unions ability to influence government. Working Americans must be assured of their right to decide where to spend their paychecks. The overbearing role that the forced-membership labor groups have played in the lives of dedicated men and women is appalling.

I find it unbelievable that, in a nation that guarantees liberty and justice for all, unions can force members to fund political campaigns that they do not support. Proposition 226 and similar initiatives in 30 other states would put an end to this injustice.

Mr. Speaker, we must do our part in this fight against ruthless labor unions and the obtrusive role that they have played in the lives of so many Americans. Curbing unsolicited political donations from union members is a good place to start.