

The substantial funds that this operation uncovered flowing from the illicit drug trade underscores just how serious the challenge is from these illicit drug dealers and the corruption they foster in the banking system and in democratic institutions throughout the world.

The magnitude of the disclosure and expanse of the monies and influence from illicit drugs shows our need for a serious and meaningful war on drugs. Our drug czar, Barry McCaffrey, believes that the term "war on drugs" is not appropriate to apply to the problems of drugs in our Nation. Many of us disagree. Our Speaker's task force efforts will hopefully turn this around.

Operation "Casablanca" makes it clear that what is at stake here deserves a war footing by our Nation and the international community. We need to fight drugs on all fronts, including both the demand and supply side simultaneously, as well as hitting them in the pocketbooks, just as "Casablanca" has done.

#### UNLAWFUL TRANSFER OF MISSILE TECHNOLOGIES WARRANTS IMMEDIATE INVESTIGATION

(Mr. HAYWORTH asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HAYWORTH. Madam Speaker, I, along with many of my colleagues, had an opportunity to hear the Vice President of the United States speak on foreign policy matters last night; and, Madam Speaker, the Vice President went into great detail of his concern and disdain for the transfer of missile technology from the Russians to the Iranians. But, Madam Speaker, not one word was uttered by our Vice President about concerns of the transfer of our own missile technology to the Chinese government.

There are serious questions that exist, Madam Speaker. Indeed, The Washington Post reports this morning that \$632,000 in donations to the Democrat party were given by Loral Missile Defense System CEO Bernard Schwartz, the party's largest single donor in the 1996 election.

Madam Speaker, this transcends the issue of Democrats versus Republicans. As Americans, this Congress needs to investigate the unlawful transfer of missile technologies from this government and from our defense capabilities to the People's Republic of China.

Madam Speaker, this House must investigate. There is no other choice.

#### ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the provisions of clause 5 of rule 1, the Chair announces that she will postpone further proceedings today on each motion to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or on which the vote

is objected to under clause 4 of rule XV.

Such rollcall votes, if postponed, will be taken after debate has concluded on all motions to suspend the rules, but not before 5 p.m. today.

#### RICKY RAY HEMOPHILIA RELIEF FUND ACT OF 1998

Mr. HYDE. Madam Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1023) to provide for compassionate payments with regard to individuals with blood-clotting disorders, such as hemophilia, who contracted human immunodeficiency virus due to contaminated blood products, and for other purposes, as amended.

The Clerk read as follows:

H.R. 1023

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "Ricky Ray Hemophilia Relief Fund Act of 1998".

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

#### TITLE I—HEMOPHILIA RELIEF FUND

Sec. 101. Ricky Ray Hemophilia Relief Fund.

Sec. 102. Compassionate payment relating to individuals with blood-clotting disorders and HIV.

Sec. 103. Determination and payment.

Sec. 104. Limitation on transfer of rights and number of petitions.

Sec. 105. Time limitation.

Sec. 106. Certain claims not affected by payment.

Sec. 107. Limitation on agent and attorney fees.

Sec. 108. Definitions.

#### TITLE II—TREATMENT OF CERTAIN PRIVATE SETTLEMENT PAYMENTS IN HEMOPHILIA-CLOTTING-FACTOR SUIT UNDER THE MEDICAID AND SSI PROGRAMS

Sec. 201. Treatment of certain private settlement payments in hemophilia-clotting-factor suit under the Medicaid and SSI programs.

#### TITLE I—HEMOPHILIA RELIEF FUND

#### SEC. 101. RICKY RAY HEMOPHILIA RELIEF FUND.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a trust fund to be known as the "Ricky Ray Hemophilia Relief Fund", which shall be administered by the Secretary of the Treasury.

(b) INVESTMENT OF AMOUNTS IN FUND.—Amounts in the Fund shall be invested in accordance with section 9702 of title 31, United States Code, and any interest on and proceeds from any such investment shall be credited to and become part of the Fund.

(c) AVAILABILITY OF FUND.—Amounts in the Fund shall be available only for disbursement by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 103.

(d) TERMINATION.—The Fund shall terminate upon the expiration of the 5-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act. If all of the amounts in the Fund have not been expended by the end of the 5-year period, investments of amounts in the Fund shall be liquidated, the receipts of such liquidation shall be deposited in the Fund, and all funds remaining in the Fund shall be deposited in the miscellaneous receipts account in the Treasury of the United States.

(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Fund to carry out this title \$750,000,000.

#### SEC. 102. COMPASSIONATE PAYMENT RELATING TO INDIVIDUALS WITH BLOOD-CLOTTING DISORDERS AND HIV.

(a) IN GENERAL.—If the conditions described in subsection (b) are met and if there are sufficient amounts in the Fund to make each payment, the Secretary shall make a single payment of \$100,000 from the Fund to any individual who has an HIV infection and who is described in one of the following paragraphs:

(1) The individual has any form of blood-clotting disorder, such as hemophilia, and was treated with antihemophilic factor at any time during the period beginning on July 1, 1982, and ending on December 31, 1987.

(2) The individual —

(A) is the lawful spouse of an individual described in paragraph (1); or

(B) is the former lawful spouse of an individual described in paragraph (1) and was the lawful spouse of the individual at any time after a date, within the period described in such subparagraph, on which the individual was treated as described in such paragraph and through medical documentation can assert reasonable certainty of transmission of HIV from individual described in paragraph (1).

(3) The individual acquired the HIV infection through perinatal transmission from a parent who is an individual described in paragraph (1) or (2).

(b) CONDITIONS.—The conditions described in this subsection are, with respect to an individual, as follows:

(1) SUBMISSION OF MEDICAL DOCUMENTATION OF HIV INFECTION.—The individual submits to the Secretary written medical documentation that the individual has an HIV infection.

(2) PETITION.—A petition for the payment is filed with the Secretary by or on behalf of the individual.

(3) DETERMINATION.—The Secretary determines, in accordance with section 103(b), that the petition meets the requirements of this title.

#### SEC. 103. DETERMINATION AND PAYMENT.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF FILING PROCEDURES.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall establish procedures under which individuals may submit petitions for payment under this title. The procedures shall include a requirement that each petition filed under this Act include written medical documentation that the relevant individual described in section 102(a)(1) has (or had) a blood-clotting disorder, such as hemophilia, and was treated as described in such section.

(b) DETERMINATION.—For each petition filed under this title, the Secretary shall determine whether the petition meets the requirements of this title.

(c) PAYMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—To the extent there are sufficient amounts in the Fund to cover each payment, the Secretary shall pay, from the Fund, each petition that the Secretary determines meets the requirements of this title in the order received.

(2) PAYMENTS IN CASE OF DECEASED INDIVIDUALS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an individual referred to in section 102(a) who is deceased at the time that payment is made under this section on a petition filed by or on behalf of the individual, the payment shall be made as follows:

(i) If the individual is survived by a spouse who is living at the time of payment, the payment shall be made to such surviving spouse.