

that the only way to ensure that future generations of those kids would not be buried on foreign land was to continue to provide for a strong defense and American leadership whenever and wherever it was needed.

And any success I achieved in this regard was achieved because so many others stood with me. And although this old soldier has retired from elective office, I don't intend to fade away. Rather, I will continue to stand up and speak out on matters of importance to the United States, and I will always regard this day and this award not as recognition for any achievements of the past, but as a reminder of our responsibilities to future generations of Americans.

And so, Mr. Secretary, Lieutenant Robert J. Dole is reporting for duty today, ready for a mission that must be shared by all Americans; a mission perhaps best defined by the author Herman Wouk, who said:

"(Our duty is to) reassure (our men and women in uniform) that their hard, long training is needed, that love of country is noble, that self-sacrifice is rewarding and that to be ready to fight for freedom fills one with a sense of worth like nothing else * * * for if America is still the great beacon in dense gloom, the promise to hundreds of millions of the oppressed that liberty exists, that it is the shining future, that they can throw off their tyrants, and learn freedom and cease learning war, then we still need heroes to stand guard in the night."

Thank you, Mr. Secretary for this day, and thanks to all those heroes here today and the countless thousands who serve with you who make the world a safer place by standing guard in the night.●

TRIBUTE TO BARRY GOLDWATER

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I know I speak for the entire Senate in expressing to the family of Senator Barry Goldwater our sympathy for their loss and for our country's loss as well. On Wednesday, many of us in the Senate will attend his funeral in his beloved Arizona. The Senate Sergeant at Arms is making arrangements for those who wish to join in this last tribute to our former colleague. All Senate offices will be informed about those details soon. In fact, I believe that information has gone out and we do expect a large number of Senators to join in going to the funeral services in Arizona.

The Senate will not be in session on Wednesday in honor of this great Senator and leader from Arizona.

If Barry were here with us today, I think he would tell us in his characteristically blunt manner not to be too solemn about this occasion. After all, he was an extremely fortunate man and he felt that way and said so himself many times. He was blessed with length of days and devotion of family and friends. In fact, as I looked over the details of the services, I noted that he will be carried by his grandsons as poll bearers. I know that would have been really special to him. He loved his work. He loved the people he represented. He spoke his mind. In many ways, he owed nobody, but he loved everybody. He was a winner, not just in the sense of winning elections—with one rather major exception—but in the most important sense of having his

ideas vindicated by the course of history.

In his one losing election, the Presidential race of 1964, he was subject to more falsehoods, in my opinion, than any candidate should ever have to bear.

In losing with honor, he did more than encourage others to stand up for their beliefs. I was one of those young people that was fresh out of college and working for my alma mater, the University of Mississippi, and casting my first vote ever in a Presidential election for Barry Goldwater in my hometown of Pascagoula, MS, and watching the election returns that night from Pensacola, FL. I remember how I had been inspired by what he had to say. I think that was the moment I decided I would spend a good portion of my life involved in trying to be a representative of the people in Government.

Along with then-Governor Ronald Reagan, Barry Goldwater energized the grassroots of American politics, fostered the growth of modern conservatism, and thereby transformed the Republican Party and the Nation.

His statement of political faith—a slight book called "The Conscience of a Conservative"—continues to challenge and inspire readers. I have my little paperback version of "The Conscience of a Conservative" that I keep in a small library in my hometown. There are many Members of Congress today who treasure their well-worn copies of that volume, as well they might, for it remains an eloquent manifesto of the cause of liberty.

The conservative movement has had many heroes, but Barry Goldwater remains preeminent, even though he came to disagree with conservatives on some issue. That disagreement has belatedly won him some new admirers, even some liberals who fail to see the difference between his reasoning and theirs.

The difference is that they tend to downplay personal responsibility. Senator Barry Goldwater, on the other hand, demanded it. He expected individuals to live with the consequences of their decisions. It was his sense of responsibility that brought Barry Goldwater into Government and empowered his fight against big Government.

It was personal responsibility that he preached to his fellow Americans. In 1964 many were unwilling to listen. Today, three decades later, his message is heard and echoed from think tanks to pulpits, from classrooms to the Congress.

He gave so much to the country he loved so much. So many years of service in government, so strong a voice for national security against the threat of communism, and so passionate a confidence in the ability of average men and women to do extraordinary things.

But surely his greatest gift was preparing the way for a rebirth of the conservative ideas and values which make freedom possible.

That long ago won him an honored place in the hearts of his fellow believ-

ers, and it now ensures for him an honored place in the history of America.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate immediately proceed to executive session to consider the following nomination on the Executive Calendar: Number 600.

I further ask unanimous consent that the nomination be confirmed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, the President be immediately notified of the Senate's action, and the Senate then return to legislative session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. AL-LARD). Without objection, it is so ordered.

The nomination was considered and confirmed as follows:

THE JUDICIARY

Chester J. Straub, of New York, to be United States Circuit Judge for the Second Circuit.

Mr. LOTT. For the information of all Senators, that was the confirmation of Mr. Chester J. Straub, of New York, to be U.S. Circuit Judge for the Second Circuit.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT AGREEMENT—EXECUTIVE CALENDAR NO. 622

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I further ask unanimous consent that following the cloture vote scheduled for Tuesday at 6 p.m., regardless of the outcome, the Senate then proceed to executive session for the consideration of Calendar No. 622. I further ask unanimous consent that the nomination be confirmed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and the Senate then return to legislative session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. LOTT. Calendar No. 622 will be considered tomorrow, which would be Rosemary Pooler to be U.S. Circuit Judge for the Second Circuit in New York.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate will now resume legislative session.

AUTHORITY FOR DOCUMENT PRODUCTION AND REPRESENTATION

Mr. LOTT. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of S. Res. 239, submitted earlier today by Senators LOTT and DASCHLE.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 239) to authorize testimony and document production and representation of Senate employees in Pointe