

the heck with the national security. It does not matter what our Secretary of State says. But go ahead and send it to Commerce. And now we find out this past week that the Commerce Department allowed technology transfers without telling other agencies about what was going on. Because, we see again, national security recently has taken a back seat to finance, to quick profits, and it is dangerous, extraordinarily dangerous.

The question is, with nuclear proliferation exploding across the globe because of China and because of our lack of response to China, with technology transfers that our own Pentagon has said compromises national security continuing to move forward, with human rights violations that are continuing in China as reported by the New York Times, the Washington Post, Newsweek, Time and just about every other major news outlet, with these human rights abuses continuing, what can be done when Wall Street, when official Washington, and when too many other people across the country are simply not paying attention, turning a blind eye to it or engaging in this conspiracy of silence. What can be done to make a difference?

I am at times cynical, but I do believe that we can make a big difference. I believe that we can fight the good fight, and I think that if people will start speaking out on this floor and speaking out, Republicans and Democrats alike, that we have a chance the next time MFN is debated to talk about human rights and talk about technology transfers, to talk about nuclear proliferation and maybe even make a difference.

Bobby Kennedy back in 1966 went to Johannesburg and at the time he was talking about ending apartheid. A lot of people thought that it was a mission that could not be done, thought it was too difficult, thought the walls of oppression would continue there. But Bobby Kennedy continued the fight. Even though he was killed in 1968, 15 years later, many of the things that he talked about in that speech in Johannesburg came true.

In talking about ending apartheid, this is what Robert Kennedy said:

It is a revolutionary world that we live in. It is young people who must take the lead. We have had thrust upon us a greater burden of responsibility than any generation that has ever lived.

"There is," said an Italian philosopher, "nothing more difficult to take in hand, more perilous to conduct, or more uncertain in its success than to take the lead in the introduction of a new order of things."

There is the belief there is nothing one man or one woman can do against the enormous array of the world's ills, against misery and ignorance, injustice and violence. Yet many of the world's great movements, of thought and action, have flowed from the work of a single man or woman.

It is from numberless diverse acts of courage and belief that human history is shaped. Each time a man stands up for an ideal, or acts to improve the lot of others, or strikes out against injustice, he sends forth a tiny ripple of hope, and crossing each other from

a million different centers of energy and daring those ripples build a current which can sweep down the mightiest walls of oppression and resistance.

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It is my prayer tonight, with the President halfway across the world in Beijing, that those who respect and honor human rights in China, those who respect and honor human rights in Europe, those who respect and honor human rights in this country will start acting in ways that will strike out against injustice and send forth ripples of hope and that together, today, we can begin a movement that will help end the human rights abuses in China and Tibet and across the world and help America reconnect with its proud and noble past.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to:

Mr. HUTCHINSON (at the request of Mr. ARMEY) for today on account of a death in the family.

Mr. BRADY of Texas (at the request of Mr. ARMEY) for today on account of official business.

Mr. HULSHOF (at the request of Mr. ARMEY) for after 11:15 a.m. today on account of personal reasons.

Mr. MCDADE (at the request of Mr. ARMEY) for Wednesday, June 24 and today on account of medical reasons.

Mr. REYES (at the request of Mr. GEPHARDT) for today on account of official business.

Mr. LAMPSON (at the request of Mr. GEPHARDT) for today on account of official business.

Mr. TURNER (at the request of Mr. GEPHARDT) for today on account of business in the district.

SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. OWENS) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mr. CONYERS, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. HOYER, for 5 minutes, today.

Ms. NORTON, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. HINCHEY, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. UNDERWOOD, for 5 minutes today.

(The following Members (at the request of Mrs. MYRICK) to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material:)

Mrs. KELLY, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. BILIRAKIS, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. HUNTER, for 5 minutes, today.

Mr. DUNCAN, for 5 minutes, today.

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

By unanimous consent, permission to revise and extend remarks was granted to:

Mr. FROST, and to include therein extraneous material, notwithstanding the fact that it exceeds two pages of the RECORD and is estimated by the Public Printer to cost \$2,274.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. SCARBOROUGH. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. PEASE). Pursuant to the provisions of House Concurrent Resolution 297 of the 105th Congress, the House stands adjourned until 12:30 p.m., Tuesday, July 14, 1998, for morning hour debates.

Thereupon (at 7 o'clock and 33 minutes p.m.), pursuant to House Concurrent Resolution 297, the House adjourned until Tuesday, July 14, 1998, at 12:30 p.m. for morning hour debates.

OATH OF OFFICE, MEMBERS, RESIDENT COMMISSIONER, AND DELEGATES

The oath of office required by the sixth article of the Constitution of the United States, and as provided by section 2 of the act of May 13, 1884 (23 Stat. 22), to be administered to Members, Resident Commissioner, and Delegates of the House of Representatives, the text of which is carried in 5 U.S.C. 3331:

"I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God."

has been subscribed to in person and filed in duplicate with the Clerk of the House of Representatives by the following Members of the 105th Congress, pursuant to the provisions of 2 U.S.C. 25:

Honorable HEATHER WILSON, First, New Mexico.

RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR THE HOUSE SELECT COMMITTEE ON MILITARY/COMMERCIAL CONCERNS WITH THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

The Hon. CHRISTOPHER COX, Chairman of the Select Committee on U.S. National Security and Military/Commercial Concerns with the People's Republic of China, submitted the following rules of procedure:

SELECT COMMITTEE ON U.S. NATIONAL SECURITY AND MILITARY/COMMERCIAL CONCERNS WITH THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA—RULES OF PROCEDURE

(Adopted June 25, 1998)

1. CONVENING OF MEETINGS

The regular meeting date and time for the transaction of committee business shall be at 8 o'clock a.m. Wednesday of each week, unless otherwise directed by the chairman.

In the case of any meeting of the committee, other than a regularly scheduled meeting, the clerk of the committee shall notify