

the course of that operation, a young sailor who was handling a towline attached to a Korean tug became entangled and was being dragged to what would have been certain death.

Thinking quickly, Ensign Johnson jumped on the sailor and tried to free him, but he too became entangled in the line as it became tighter. In a final desperate attempt, Ensign Johnson was able to free himself and the sailor in the nick of time, but, in the course of doing so, lost both legs at mid-calf. The sailor lost a foot.

In a time when there are too few heroes, Dan has proved that true heroes still do exist. His selfless acts will leave no doubt about his love and dedication to his service, his shipmates and his country. Dan embodies the highest standards of professionalism, courage and self-giving. The Navy should be very proud of this young man, as I and his family are. It is my hope that his actions will serve as a reminder of the sacrifices we call upon our young people to make while protecting our freedom and as an inspiration to everyone who now serves.

Madam Speaker, I include Dan's citation for the RECORD.

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY
WASHINGTON

The President of the United States takes pleasure in presenting the Navy and Marine Corps Medal to Ensign Daniel H. Johnson, United States Naval Reserve for service as set forth in the following Citation:

For heroism while serving as Safety Officer on board USS BLUE RIDGE (LCC 19) at Pusan, Korea on 23 August 1999.

While serving as the Station Safety Officer during a mooring evolution, Ensign Johnson took immediate action to save the life of and minimize injuries to a line handler whose leg was entangled in a tugboat's messenger line. Recognizing the imminent danger to the service member, Ensign Johnson ran to the member and attempted to control the line. The violent, jerking motion of the line entrapped both members and ultimately severed the lower limbs of Ensign Johnson.

By his courageous and prompt actions in the face of great personal risk, Ensign Johnson reflected great credit upon himself and upheld the highest traditions of the United States Naval Service.

For the President,

RICHARD DANZIG,
Secretary of the Navy.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. BIGGERT). Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 6, 1999, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. LIPINSKI) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. LIPINSKI addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. BURTON) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. BURTON of Indiana addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

□ 1815

INTRODUCTION OF THE KEEP OUR PROMISE TO AMERICA'S MILITARY RETIREES ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. BIGGERT). Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. SHOWS) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. SHOWS. Madam Speaker, today I am introducing the Keep Our Promise to America's Military Retirees Act, a bill which will correct an injustice against millions of Americans who have made the ultimate sacrifice in defense of their country and our country.

Madam Speaker, the United States is the greatest power in the world. American forces have fought bloody battles on land, sea and in the air to preserve democracy. We could never have achieved such military superiority without the millions of Americans who risked all to serve in this great country. These patriots put the security of home and family on the line to defend the right of all Americans.

Career servicemen and women are willing to sacrifice their own lives so that all Americans can live freely. We do not hesitate to ask American men and women to make military service a career. And what do they ask for in return? All they ask is that the promises made when they entered the service are fulfilled when they retire. That is the injustice I rise to address today.

Madam Speaker, millions of Americans joined the service with the understanding that health care would be available to them when they retired. But for too many military retirees, there is no health care, or the health care that is available is doled out like table scraps for the family dog. The United States should never break a promise to the American people. But it is wrong to be this callous to the very people who keep America safe and strong. It is wrong. It is very wrong.

Madam Speaker, prior to June 7, 1956, health care provided for retirees varied from service to service but Congress had never authorized any of those systems. This changed when CHAMPUS, the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services, was enacted into law in 1956. So people who entered the service after CHAMPUS was enacted were sure they could look forward to health care upon retirement, or so they thought. I am going to address that issue later in my remarks.

But what about the people who entered the service before CHAMPUS was enacted? The sad fact is that many Americans who joined the service prior to CHAMPUS were promised free health care by recruiters who had no right to make such a promise. Because there was no statutory health care,

those empty promises simply could not be fulfilled.

Now, Madam Speaker, when you or I or anyone else buys something on the open market, we are always warned to let the buyer beware. But, Madam Speaker, should Americans be in doubt when their own government makes similar claims? Military recruiters are not salesmen. Recruiters are agents of the United States Government, the American people. We owe it to our military retirees who were led to believe they would receive free health care upon retirement that their government will be there for them.

Now, Madam Speaker, what do we do about the military retirees who entered the service after CHAMPUS? Madam Speaker, military retirees are eligible to participate in CHAMPUS or Tricare programs that have evolved from CHAMPUS. Essentially they can get treatment at military treatment facilities on a space available basis. That is, they can pay for treatment if, and that is a very big "if," if space is available, or if civilian doctors choose to participate.

At a time when we are downsizing the military and closing bases, space availability and access to military treatment facilities are very difficult. And treatment is impossible for retirees who are unable to travel even short distances. And then guess what? At 65, retirees lose coverage and become eligible for Medicare benefits which we all know are shrinking every day. So these post-CHAMPUS retirees are left with fewer and fewer health care options.

Today, Madam Speaker, I am introducing the Keep Our Promise to America's Military Retirees Act. This landmark legislation will restore adequate health care that was promised to all our military retirees. It will make military retirees who entered the service prior to CHAMPUS eligible for health care under the Federal Employee Health Benefits Program, with the United States paying the full cost of the enrollment. This bill also extends to all our military retirees expanded options for health care. They can enroll in the Federal employees health care program, or they can participate in the CHAMPUS program after they reach age 65, or they can remain in the Tricare program. This is the "broken promise" bill that America's military retirees have been waiting for years to come.

Many of these heroic Americans risked all in World War II, Korea, Vietnam and the Persian Gulf. The least we can do for these American heroes is keep our word. We should move these bills through the legislative process so they do become law. We should restore health care that was promised to our military retirees and to which they are entitled after devoting their lives to defend this country. We should keep our promise to America's military retirees.