

profiling and which are enforceable. Third, we provide the state and local police with the grant money they have told us that they need to train and modernize the police. Finally, we provide for periodic reports by the Attorney General to assess the nature of any ongoing racial profiling.

Both the President and Attorney General have called for a ban on the practice of racial profiling. There is near unanimous agreement on all sides of the political spectrum that it should be ended. The time has come to pass this legislation.

TRIBUTE TO AUDREY RUST

HON. ANNA G. ESHOO

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, June 6, 2001

Ms. ESHOO. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to a distinguished Californian, Audrey Rust, who is being honored by the California League of Conservation Voters.

Audrey Rust has led the Peninsula Open Space Trust (P.O.S.T.) since 1987, first as Executive Director and now as President. Over the past 24 years, P.O.S.T. has led the way to protecting over 40,000 acres of land on the San Francisco Peninsula. Prior to coming to P.O.S.T., Audrey worked with the Sierra Club, Yale University and Stanford University. She has served as a member of the Board of Directors of the Land Trust Alliance and the League of Conservation Voters in Washington, DC, and currently advises many community groups and national conservation and civic organizations.

Under Audrey Rust's leadership, P.O.S.T. has become the most respected and effective organization responsible for the permanent protection of lands . . . amongst them the Cloverdale Coastal Ranch and the Cowell Ranch and Beach. They have raised \$33.5 million in private gifts for the permanent protection of 12,500 acres in San Mateo and Santa Clara Counties.

Audrey Rust oversees P.O.S.T.'s unique land acquisition strategy, which uses a combination of public and private funds. P.O.S.T. regularly purchases threatened land with privately-raised funds, then sells this land to public agencies in order to preserve them from commercial development.

I'm exceedingly proud to have worked with Audrey Rust to protect the 1,250-acre Phleger Estate and Bair Island. The Phleger Estate lands are now part of the Golden Gate National Recreational Area, and Bair Island provides refuge to many endangered species, including the California clapper rail and the salt marsh harvest mouse. These lands are part of the unique character and heritage of the 14th Congressional District of California, which I am proud to represent and they now belong to future generations of Americans.

Mr. Speaker, on behalf of the millions of Californians and Americans who have benefited from Audrey Rust's extraordinary leadership and the work of P.O.S.T., I ask my colleagues to join me in paying tribute to her. She is a great woman, a gifted leader, a sound thinker, a trusted friend and a national treasure.

TRIBUTE TO MARTIN LITTON

HON. ANNA G. ESHOO

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, June 6, 2001

Ms. ESHOO. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to a distinguished Californian, Martin Litton, who is being honored by the California League of Conservation Voters.

Martin Litton has spent the last fifty years of his life saving the great forests and rivers of California and the West. In his roles as a freelance writer for the Los Angeles Times, a notable leader of the Sierra Club, an editor at Sunset Magazine, a pilot, a photographer, and a crusader, Mr. Litton has made his mark in the great conservation efforts of our time.

Martin Litton's news articles on the destructiveness of the development that threatened the giant redwoods of Northern California helped pave the way for the creation of Redwood National Park in 1968. This jewel in our National Park System would not exist today were it not for him and his tireless efforts.

Martin Litton later partnered with Sierra Club leader David Brower to save Dinosaur National Monument from proposed dams that would have covered the area under millions of gallons of water. Martin Litton's photos and articles in the Los Angeles Times made the public aware of the dangers that their protected lands faced. He later served on the Board of Directors of the Sierra Club from 1964 to 1973.

For the last thirteen years, Martin Litton has worked to save the giant Sequoias in Sequoia National Forest from the threat of renewed logging and deforestation. His eloquent voice once again is being raised to ensure that these lands are protected for generations to come.

The late David Brower called Martin Litton our "conservation conscience."

Mr. Speaker, we are a better nation and a better people because of Martin Litton. It is a privilege to honor him for his extraordinary leadership and I ask my colleagues to join me in paying grateful tribute to him.

CELEBRATING THE BIRTH OF
SHAUNA LIAN KAPLAN AND SI-
ERRA NAOMI KAPLAN

HON. DOUG OSE

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, June 6, 2001

Mr. OSE. Mr. Speaker, as the father of two daughters myself, it is indeed my pleasure to welcome Shauna Lian Kaplan and Sierra Naomi Kaplan to the world.

These two, beautiful little girls were born within seconds of each other on Friday, May 11, 2001 at Fairfax Hospital, in Northern Virginia to my Legislative Director, James Kaplan, and his wife, Stacie Kaplan.

They were also warmly welcomed to the world and their family by their proud grandparents: Dr. and Mrs. Jerold Kaplan of California, and Mr. and Mrs. Harold Rothman of Maryland. Other ecstatic relatives include Stacie's sister, Ms. Amy Rothman, Jim's brothers, Ens. Scott Kaplan, USN, and Mr. Glenn Kaplan, Stacie's grandmothers, Mrs. Helen

Rothman and Mrs. Doris Scherr, and Jim's grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Schwartz.

The story of these two little girls began here in the U.S. Capitol. Their parents were introduced by a mutual friend who worked with him in the House of Representatives. Jim proposed to Stacie on a dome tour of the U.S. Capitol in 1997 And it is only fitting that their twin daughters now be recognized by the House.

Who knows? One of these little girls may be here to do the same for one of their staff one day.

TRIBUTE TO J. WESLEY WATKINS
III

HON. LOUISE McINTOSH SLAUGHTER

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, June 6, 2001

Ms. SLAUGHTER. Mr. Speaker, I would like the U.S. House of Representatives to mark the passing of a man who did everything he could to make America a better place for all of its citizens: J. Wesley Watkins III.

[From the Washington Post, June 6, 2001]

J. WESLEY WATKINS III, 65, DIES; CIVIL
LIBERTIES LAWYER, ACTIVIST

(By Bart Barnes)

J. Wesley Watkins III, 65, a Washington-based lawyer who specialized in civil rights and civil liberties issues in a career that spanned almost 40 years, died of pneumonia June 4 at George Washington University Hospital. He had cancer.

At his death, Mr. Watkins was a senior fellow at the Center for Policy Alternatives and founding director of the Flemming Fellows Leadership Institute, a program that assists and trains state legislators on such issues as family and medical leave, community reinvestment and motor-voter registration.

He was a former director of the American Civil Liberties Union of the National Capital Area, a Washington-based southern regional manager of Common Cause and a management consultant to various nonprofit organizations.

In the later 1960s and the 1970s, he had a private law practice in Greenville, Miss. His cases included winning the right for African American leaders to speak to on-campus gatherings at previously all-white universities; the seating of a biracial Mississippi delegation at the 1968 Democratic National Convention and removal of various barriers and impediments to voting.

Mr. Watkins, a resident of Washington, was born in Greenville and grew up in Inverness, Miss. He attended the U.S. Naval Academy, graduated from the University of Mississippi and served in the Navy at Pearl Harbor from 1957 to 1959. He graduated from the University of Mississippi Law School in 1962. During the Kennedy and Johnson administrations, he was a Justice Department lawyer and tried cases throughout the South.

In 1967, he returned to Greenville as a partner in the law firm of Wynn and Watkins. Until 1975, he was the attorney for the Loyal Democrats, the movement to establish a biracial Democratic Party in a state where black residents had been effectively excluded from the political process for generations. The loyalists were seated at the Democratic National Convention in Chicago as the official Democratic Party of Mississippi. In the years after 1968, Mr. Watkins held negotiations with Mississippi's Old Guard Democrats that led to a unified Democratic Party by the national convention of 1976.