

coverage. I can't understand why we would want to allow that. If Medicare covers home health care with no cost-sharing, why should we allow Medicare+Choice plans to diminish the value of that benefit by charging cost-sharing? The same is true with durable medical equipment, and the list goes on and on.

On top of being unfair, the ability to charge higher cost-sharing for services like DME, home health, and dialysis perpetuates the cherry picking and risk avoidance that is well-documented in the Medicare HMO program. It has the obvious unfair consequence of allowing Medicare+Choice plans to avoid patients that know they will need those services. Patients with specific health needs read the benefit package carefully to see what is covered before they enroll. They won't even apply for the plan if their needed services are too costly or not covered at all. That keeps the Medicare+Choice plans from enrolling costly patients. They've already won at delaying risk adjustment which would help solve that problem. We shouldn't let them begin to use cost-sharing as another mechanism to avoid risk.

These are common sense protections that would help beneficiaries feel more confident about their choices. Proponents of the Medicare+Choice program should support enactment of this legislation because it will reduce the uncertainty and fear factor that makes beneficiaries understandably skeptical about the Medicare+Choice program in the first place.

The bottom line is that the Medicare+Choice Consumer Protection Act is a simple, incremental bill that will help protect Medicare beneficiaries who choose to enroll in a Medicare+Choice option. We've made this option available to seniors, and I think it is our responsibility to assure that they don't lose other options in Medicare because they've taken us up on the offer. I urge all of my colleagues to join us in enacting this small, but important bill this year.

THE INJUSTICE THAT BEFELL THE
UKRAINIAN PEOPLE

HON. MICHAEL R. McNULTY

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Mr. McNULTY. Mr. Speaker, I condemn the horrible injustice that befell the Ukrainian people 68 years ago. Approximately seven million Ukrainians fell victim to the famine inflicted by the Soviet government to extinguish the Ukrainian struggle for freedom. The 1932–1933 famine was a premeditated effort to exterminate the national consciousness of the Ukrainian peasantry in order to stop their continuous resistance to Leninist/Stalinist ideals.

The causes of the famine had nothing to do with the harvest. Production of grain during those years remained at the usual levels. The government confiscated the grain in order to export it to gain money for industrialization in the former Soviet Union. Such was Stalin's undeclared war against the Ukrainians' right to independence and freedom. Many Ukrainians died heroically to preserve their right to live in a free and independent state. But their deaths were not in vain—the fight for Ukrainian freedom continued on and on August 24, 1991 Ukraine finally declared its independence from the Soviet Union.

The Ukrainian people have been fighting for their independence since the 16th century. With the arrival of the Marxist/Leninist ideas at the end of World War 1, their struggle continued and intensified because of the farm collectivization efforts. Stalin's government could not frighten or punish Ukrainians enough to make them give up their land and desert their ideal of freedom and nation-statehood. Instead, his government made a decision to exterminate the sense of nation among the Ukrainian people and as a result, Stalin's government murdered a large portion of the population. Almost a quarter of all Ukrainians died in those dreadful years.

These abhorrent events were hidden from the public for the duration of the Soviet rule. Now it is our duty to bring them to the attention of the world in order to remind us all of the benefits of democracy and horrors that an oppressive government can perpetrate on its people. At this time of war, when the United States and the world battle terrorism, we once again were reminded that it is impossible for us to tolerate any oppressive regime. In the end, America came under fire because America is the beacon of democracy and freedom.

We, together with the Ukrainian American community, will commemorate the abhorrent acts of Stalin against the Ukrainian nation on November 17, 2001 in St. Patrick's Cathedral in New York. We will remember the victims of the cowardly terrorist attacks that took place in New York, Pennsylvania, and Washington on September 11, 2001. We will mourn together the losses of our two countries and come together to celebrate the spirit of freedom that will undoubtedly persevere.

68TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE
UKRAINIAN FAMINE OF 1932 TO
1933

HON. SANDER M. LEVIN

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commemorate the 68th anniversary of the Ukrainian Famine of 1932 to 1933, which took the lives of at least seven million Ukrainians.

It is too little known that 68 years ago leaders of the former Soviet Union deliberately employed the ruthless policies of forced collectivization and grain seizures to suppress and politically neutralize the Ukrainian people. The Soviets hoped to crush the nationalist spirit of Ukraine and replace it with a politically homogeneous Russian realm.

Historians have named this the "harvest of sorrow." Harvests in the early 1930s yielded solid crops but the Soviets imposed such harsh levies on the crops that villages were often left with nothing. The situation worsened when border checkpoints were established to prevent starving Ukrainians from entering Russia, and to prevent any food from being brought into Ukraine.

More than seven million people were cruelly starved to death because of these repressive measures. Survivors spoke of eating weeds and the bark of trees to survive and of Red Army soldiers confiscating food and livestock from the people. Eyewitnesses reported the depopulation of entire villages.

Even today the Ukrainian population has not yet fully recovered. For decades after these

events, the deaths were covered up and this man-made atrocity denied by the government of the former Soviet Union. Today we remember.

As Ukraine celebrates its 10th year of independence this year, public recognition of the famine is vitally important. A national commemorative service will be held on Saturday, November 17, 2001, at St. Patrick's Cathedral in New York.

We must remember and do everything we can to prevent similar tragedies from happening again.

RECOGNIZING THE SERVICE OF
MARK BROXMEYER

HON. ERIC CANTOR

OF VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Mr. CANTOR. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the remarkable service of Mark Broxmeyer. On Monday, November 12, 2001, Mr. Broxmeyer will be honored at the Holocaust Memorial and the Educational Center of Nassau County's 9th Annual Tribute Dinner. He will receive the distinguished "Community Service Award."

I have had the pleasure of working with Mark through his role as Chairman of the Jewish Institute for National Security Affairs (JINSA). Mark has worked tirelessly to provide timely, critical information to the Administration, Congress and the media on the national security of the United States and the important role of Israel in bolstering democracy in the Middle East. Israel is unique in the Middle East because it shares our values of democracy and freedom. Mark has been a vocal advocate of standing with our allies against terrorists, remaining strong in our resolve to work together to defeat them.

However, Mark's service is not limited by his dedication to defense and security issues. He continues his global service on the Board of Directors of the United Nation's Economic Development Corporation and works tirelessly for national causes including being named "Man of the Year" by the United Cerebral Palsy Association. Yet service begins at home and he serves the health and well-being of his community through his work as a trustee of the North Shore Long Island Jewish Health System Foundation. He is also a member of the Board of Hofstra University.

Mr. Speaker, Mark Broxmeyer understands the importance of community service. The Holocaust Memorial and Educational Center of Nassau County have chosen well in recognizing Mark. He has dedicated himself to reaching out to the global, national and local communities, truly making a difference. I hope you will join me in congratulating Mark on this remarkable achievement and in wishing him well as he continues his good work.

THE INTRODUCTION OF THE GIVE
FANS A CHANCE ACT OF 2001

HON. EARL BLUMENAUER

OF OREGON

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Mr. BLUMENAUER. Mr. Speaker, This week, Major League Baseball owners voted to

eliminate two teams prior to the start of the 2002 season. If the owners have their way, two communities that have poured their hearts and money into their teams and stadiums will be feeling worse than the residents of Mudville after the mighty Casey struck out—at least the fans of the Mudville nine were able to look forward to next year.

The Give Fans a Chance Act of 2001 gives communities a voice when sports team owners attempt to relocate or eliminate a team. This legislation recognizes the fact that professional sports teams are an integral part of the fabric that makes up our communities. Fans often have more than just an emotional attachment to their teams. Taxpayers frequently pay hundreds of millions of dollars to finance stadiums to keep teams in place. For example, in Houston, the public financed \$180 million of the \$250 million Enron Field. In Seattle, Safeco Field was constructed at a cost of over \$500 million with \$340 million publicly financed. Additionally, fans spend millions of dollars on tickets, merchandise, and other services surrounding the operation of franchises.

There probably has never been a better example of the link between the spirit of a community and its sports teams than New York. The Yankees, Mets, Giants, Jets, Islanders, Rangers, and Knicks have all helped bring the community together and deal with the tragedy that struck the city on September 11, 2001. The memorable World Series just completed between the Arizona Diamondbacks and the New York Yankees has in fact helped the nation heal in the wake of the terrorist attacks.

The Give Fans a Chance Act accomplishes three important objectives. The bill: (1) eliminates league rules that disallow public ownership of sports team franchises; (2) gives communities a voice in team relocation decisions; and (3) ties broadcast antitrust exemptions to the bill's requirements.

This legislation makes professional sports leagues and their team owners appropriately consider the communities of which they are a part. Taxpayers and fans contribute soul and money to the teams of their communities and they deserve a voice when the threat of team relocation or elimination steps into the batter's box.

HONORING MR. AND MRS. JAMES
BARNER

HON. JOHN S. TANNER

OF TENNESSEE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Mr. TANNER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in honor of my dear friends, the Barner family, who have worked as West Tennessee dairy farmers for more than four decades.

James and Lois Barner, married for 53 years now, began dairying on a farm in Kenton, TN, more than 40 years ago. Eight years later, they moved their operation to nearby Martin, TN, which has been home to Barner & Sons Dairy ever since.

The couple's three sons Donnie, Ray, and Doug now oversee most of the dairy farm's daily operations, but James and Lois Barner continue to help with the over 500 head of Holstein cattle currently raised at the farm. Mr. and Mrs. Barner have four grandsons and two

granddaughters, whom they hope are the start of a third generation of successful Barner dairy farmers. Mr. Barner has said two of his grandsons, Dusty and Cody, often help with chores around the dairy.

The Barners often open the farm for hands-on lessons for visiting agriculture students from the University of Tennessee at Martin, as well as students visiting from nearby elementary and secondary schools.

Mr. Speaker, please join me in honoring Mr. and Mrs. James Barner and their family for their years of hard work on their Weakley County dairy farm and their dedicated service to their West Tennessee neighbors.

226TH BIRTHDAY OF THE UNITED
STATES MARINE CORPS

HON. ANDER CRENSHAW

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Mr. CRENSHAW. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the men and women of the United States Marine Corps in celebration of the Corps' 226th birthday. As our Nation reacts to the terrorist attacks of September 11, our armed forces have been asked to fight the first war of the 21st Century, a war like no other America has had to endure.

Marine Corps personnel are not adverse to new types of war, making up America's unique capability of an amphibious fighting force from the sea. United States Marines are symbols to the world of American honor, strength and character. Their lineage tells a story of the most difficult wars and conflicts the United States has ever fought.

I am honored to represent active duty, reserve, retired and former Marines in the 4th Congressional District of Florida. Their contribution to the local communities and overall mission of the armed forces enables the citizens of this great nation to reap the benefits of freedom.

The active duty Marines in my district perform the vital mission of supporting forward deployed Marine Corps personnel with sustainable wartime supplies out of Blount Island Command in Jacksonville, FL. These Marines are tasked with coordinating and executing a supply chain of warfighting tools required to perform their combat amphibious mission.

On November 10, the Marine Corps will celebrate the birth of an organization with a heroic legacy of protecting the values that built this great Nation. As we celebrate this birthday let us also remember those that have given the ultimate sacrifice for freedom.

To all Marines, I say Happy Birthday and offer the words of Admiral Nimitz regarding the make up of a United States Marine, "Among the men who fought on Iwo Jima, uncommon valor was a common virtue."

HONORING MARIE GALLO

HON. GARY A. CONDIT

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Mr. CONDIT. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Marie Gallo as American Legion Post

No. 74's "Man of the Year." It is a distinct privilege to recognize Marie as a fine example of selfless service on behalf of her community.

It was once said that Marie Gallo is a giver, always. She is determined that her life has a purpose, and she sweeps the rest of us along with her. No project is too enormous; no challenge goes unmet.

The list of service organizations that she belongs to is impressive. She has been honored by the Modesto Symphony Guild for her many years of support and faithful service on the Board of Directors. Like the Gallo Foundation and other family members who support countless causes in Modesto, she's often a silent benefactor. As a board member she instituted the very successful "Picnic at the Pops" on the grounds of the Gallo Winery and is responsible for instituting the Symphony Guild's "Holiday Overture" which is held at the Gallo Winery administration building during the holiday season.

Marie is also involved in community activities including chairing projects, hosting luncheons, serving on boards, and ringing Salvation Army bells. She is a driving force behind funding and building the Gallo Performing Arts Center in Modesto.

She has been honored by the Anti Defamation League for her work in bringing all races and classes of people together. She is a founding member of the Auxiliary of the Sisters of the Cross and was instrumental in bringing the contemplative order to Stanislaus County. She also belongs to the Catholic Social Service Guild and Father John Silva Education Foundation.

Marie and her husband, Bob, along with their eight children have set examples for our communities to follow. I am proud to call Marie my friend and honor her for service to our community. I ask my colleagues to rise and join me in honoring Marie Gallo.

STATEMENT OF GRATITUDE

HON. PAUL RYAN

OF WISCONSIN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, November 8, 2001

Mr. RYAN of Wisconsin. Mr. Speaker, the events of the past months have changed both our world and our lives. Without warning, this country's civilians found themselves on the front lines in the war against terrorism. But our American spirit has prevailed. Though unprecedented obstacles continue to confront us, Americans have joined together to overcome these difficulties. Where terrorists hoped to divide us in chaos, our dedication to persevere made us stronger than ever.

The Members and staff of the House Administration Committee along with the Chief Administrative Officer and his staff, the Attending Physician, and our friends at the General Accounting Office made a vital contribution to battling the recent terrorist strike on our country. When a suspicious letter containing anthrax caused members of Senate Majority Leader TOM DASCHLE, Senator RUSSELL D. FEINGOLD's staff, and members of the Capitol Police Department to test positive for exposure, the Capitol complex closed so that an environmental sweep of the buildings could be conducted as a precautionary measure. While the Congressional office buildings remained