

the life and spirit of such an extraordinary woman, who has always managed to brighten and invigorate the lives of those around her. Mae Schuler is truly an inspiration to all of us, and I, along with the many people whose lives she has touched, am honored to recognize her tremendous accomplishment in reaching her one-hundredth birthday, and more importantly, her passion for life and indomitable human spirit.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

HON. MARK FOLEY

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 18, 2002

Mr. FOLEY. Mr. Speaker, I wish to inform you that yesterday I inadvertently misvoted on rollcall No. 97 on final passage of H.R. 476, the Child Custody Protection Act. I have supported this legislation in the past and continue to do so and my intention was to vote in support of it yesterday. I did not realize until after the voting had closed that I had mistakenly voted otherwise. I regret any confusion this may have caused and want the RECORD to reflect my support for H.R. 476.

INTRODUCING LEGISLATION ON
PULMONARY HYPERTENSION

HON. KEVIN BRADY

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 18, 2002

Mr. BRADY of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased today to introduce a concurrent resolution in the House aimed at increasing awareness of the disease pulmonary hypertension. PH is a rare disorder of the lung in which the pressure in the pulmonary artery (the blood vessel that leads from the heart to the lungs) and the hundreds of tiny blood vessels that branch off from it rises above normal levels and may become life threatening.

Symptoms of pulmonary hypertension include shortness of breath with minimal exertion, fatigue, chest pain, dizzy spells and fainting. When PH occurs in the absence of a known cause, it is referred to as primary pulmonary hypertension (PPH). This term should not be construed to mean that because it has a single name it is a single disease. There are likely many unknown causes of PPH.

Secondary pulmonary hypertension (SPH) means the cause of the disease is known. Common causes of SPH are the breathing disorders emphysema and bronchitis. Other less frequent causes are scleroderma, CREST syndrome and systemic lupus. In addition, the use of diet drugs can lead to the disease.

Unfortunately, PH is frequently misdiagnosed and often progresses to late stage by the time it is detected. Although PH is chronic and incurable with a poor survival rate, new treatments are providing a significantly improved quality of life for patients. Recent data indicates that the length of survival is continuing to improve, with some patients able to manage the disorder for 20 years or longer.

A close friend and constituent of mine, Mr. Jack Stibbs, has a daughter who is battling

this difficult disease. Emily Stibbs has touched many people with her courage and strength at such a young age. I am pleased to introduce this resolution today to raise awareness in the House and throughout the country about PH. The resolution highlights the need for increased federal investments in biomedical research, and public and professional awareness programs focused on the disease. I encourage my colleagues to join me in the fight against pulmonary hypertension by cosponsoring this resolution.

CONGRATULATING THE TOWN OF
WINDSOR, VIRGINIA, ON THEIR
CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION

HON. J. RANDY FORBES

OF VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 18, 2002

Mr. FORBES. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to congratulate the town of Windsor in Isle of Wight County, in the Commonwealth of Virginia, which is celebrating its centennial this year.

Originally discovered in the 17th Century by early settlers, Windsor served as an important route for mail and trade throughout America's early colonial days. One cannot separate Windsor's history from America's history.

On April 11, 1902, Windsor was granted its charter from the Virginia General Assembly. Since then, Windsor has grown with the times while never forgetting its rich history and small town charm.

Today, Windsor, Virginia, is a culturally and economically diverse community. With its status as one of the best places to live in Virginia and continued high standard of living and education, Windsor is a community that residents can be proud to call home.

Mr. Speaker, I urge you and all of my colleagues to join me in congratulating Windsor during its centennial year as the citizens of Windsor begin an exciting new century.

PAYING TRIBUTE TO DR. RONALD
ROBINSON

HON. SCOTT McINNIS

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 18, 2002

Mr. McINNIS. Mr. Speaker, I would like to take this opportunity to pay tribute to Dr. Ronald Robinson and thank him for his extraordinary contributions to the University of Southern Colorado, his alma mater, and to the petroleum-engineering field, to which he has contributed so much. Since graduating from the University of Southern Colorado, Dr. Robinson has become one of the preeminent thinkers and innovators in his field, advancing and overseeing technologies that contribute to making each and every one of our lives better. His remarkable accomplishments are surpassed only by the level of integrity and honesty with which he has conducted himself each and every day, a trait we have come to expect from graduates of the University of Southern Colorado, but one that Dr. Robinson embodies so well. As we celebrate his tremendous accomplishment of receiving the Alumni

Achievement Award, let it be known that I, along with the people of Colorado and this nation, applaud his efforts, and are eternally grateful for all that he has accomplished in his distinguished career.

Always the consummate academic, Dr. Robinson graduated from Southern Colorado State College (now the University of Southern Colorado) in 1968, with a degree in math and physics, and then went on to earn his masters in physics from Baylor University, and finally his doctoral degree in petroleum engineering from Texas A&M University. After earning his doctoral degree, Dr. Robinson embarked upon an impressive career in the petroleum engineering industry, emerging time and again as a leader and innovator in the field. In 1996, he was named President of Texaco Technology, where he was responsible for all of Texaco's research, development, engineering, information technology and technical applications throughout the world. While at Texaco, he managed a total operating budget of over \$450 million a year, as well as an investment portfolio of almost \$500 million.

As a testament to his expertise and intellect, in 2001, Dr. Robinson became professor and department head of the Albert B. Stevens Endowed Chair in the Harold Vance Department of Petroleum Engineering at Texas A&M University. He was recently named Chairman of the Board of Verdisys, a provider of satellite broadband infrastructure for energy and rural enterprises, and is a director of the Global Petroleum Research Institute and the Network of Excellence in Training. In addition, he is the Chairman, CEO and President of UniPure, Corp., an energy company that develops process technologies for the oil industry. Perhaps most importantly, he has three children, Kevin, Kyle and Kurt, with his wife Bonnie Lynn Martin.

Mr. Speaker, it is clear that Dr. Ronald Robinson is a man of unparalleled talent, dedication, and intellect, who has, throughout his career, reached extraordinary heights and achieved incredible things. He has proven himself to be among the best in his field, and it is a great honor to be able to bring his many accomplishments to the attention of this body of Congress. It is my privilege to extend to him my sincere congratulations on receiving the Alumni Achievement Award from the University of Southern Colorado, and wish him all the best in his multitude of endeavors.

RESPECT NATIVE AMERICAN
SACRED SITES

HON. BRAD CARSON

OF OKLAHOMA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 18, 2002

Mr. CARSON of Oklahoma. Mr. Speaker, Native American sacred sites usually don't have white-washed siding, a high steeple, or a loud bell. Often they are part of the world around us—a mountain, valley, river, or even a tree but they deserve to be respected and protected as much as any traditional church.

Native Americans have always respected and honored the land, water, and air from which we receive so much. Oral history passed from generation to generation will explain to a tribe where they came from and the journey taken to arrive.