

when he came back from his meeting with Hitler and proclaimed peace. We cannot negotiate, we cannot reason, we cannot expect them to keep their word.

Saddam Hussein has already broken every promise he has made. He broke his promise to allow inspections by the United Nations. He broke his promise to return hundreds of Kuwaiti civilian prisoners. He broke his promise not to use oil revenue to buy weapons, and just about every day he breaks his promise not to shoot our planes in the no-fly zones.

Saddam Hussein is a proven liar, but somebody who orders chemical weapons used on his own people is not about to be bothered by a few lies. Some on the other side of the aisle, some nations in Europe are suggesting that we take him at his word. Somehow we are supposed to believe that this time he is telling the truth.

If the U.N. and the civilized nations of the world have learned anything in the past few years, it should be that we cannot believe Saddam Hussein. If the U.N. wants to have any credibility at all, it should enforce its resolutions that Saddam Hussein has consistently violated and authorize decisive action before it is too late.

#### COMMEMORATING THE 136TH ANNIVERSARY OF BETHEL AFRICAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH

(Mr. WILSON of South Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, on Sunday our family was honored to be special guests for the 136th anniversary service of Bethel African Methodist Episcopal Church in Columbia, South Carolina.

Bethel has a rich history that is interwoven into the history of the city of Columbia, as well as the State of South Carolina. The church was organized 1 year after the close of the Civil War. It has built several historic sanctuaries, and during construction in 1921, the Bethel congregation worshipped in my family's home church, First Presbyterian of Columbia, ARP.

Reverend Ronnie E. Brailsford, Sr., with his first lady Carolyn, has been pastor of Bethel AME Church since 1992, inspiring a renaissance and revival. The membership has quadrupled to over 1,100 members, and the campus of sanctuary and support buildings make it one of the largest African Methodist Episcopal-owned campuses in the world.

The anniversary address was presented by Bethel native son Bishop John Hurst Adams, senior bishop of the 11th Episcopal District of Florida.

God has truly blessed this dear congregation, but a beloved hymn during the service was prophetic, "The Best Is Yet To Come."

#### ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will postpone further proceedings today on motions to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered or on which the vote is objected to under clause 6 of rule XX.

Record votes on motions to suspend the rules ordered prior to 6:30 p.m. may be taken today.

Record votes on remaining motions to suspend the rules will be taken tomorrow.

#### MOSQUITO ABATEMENT FOR SAFETY AND HEALTH ACT

Mr. TAUZIN. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 4793) to authorize grants through the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for mosquito control programs to prevent mosquito-borne diseases, as amended.

The Clerk read as follows:

H.R. 4793

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

##### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Mosquito Abatement for Safety and Health Act".

##### SEC. 2. GRANTS REGARDING PREVENTION OF MOSQUITO-BORNE DISEASES.

Part B of title III of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 243 et seq.), as amended by section 4 of Public Law 107-84 and section 312 of Public Law 107-188, is amended—

(1) by transferring section 317R from the current placement of the section and inserting the section after section 317Q; and

(2) by inserting after section 317R (as so transferred) the following section:

##### "SEC. 317S. MOSQUITO-BORNE DISEASES; ASSESSMENT AND CONTROL GRANTS TO POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS; COORDINATION GRANTS TO STATES.

"(a) PREVENTION AND CONTROL GRANTS TO POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, may make grants to political subdivisions of States for the operation of mosquito control programs to prevent and control mosquito-borne diseases (referred to in this section as 'control programs').

"(2) PREFERENCE IN MAKING GRANTS.—In making grants under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall give preference to political subdivisions that—

"(A) have an incidence or prevalence of mosquito-borne disease, or a population of infected mosquitoes, that is substantial relative to other political subdivisions;

"(B) demonstrate to the Secretary that the political subdivisions will, if appropriate to the mosquito circumstances involved, effectively coordinate the activities of the control programs with contiguous political subdivisions; and

"(C) demonstrate to the Secretary (directly or through State officials) that the State in which the political subdivision is located has identified or will identify geographic areas in the State that have a significant need for control programs and will effectively coordinate such programs in such areas.

"(3) REQUIREMENT OF ASSESSMENT AND PLAN.—A grant may be made under para-

graph (1) only if the political subdivision involved—

"(A) has conducted an assessment to determine the immediate needs in such subdivision for a control program, including an entomological survey of potential mosquito breeding areas; and

"(B) has, on the basis of such assessment, developed a plan for carrying out such a program.

##### "(4) REQUIREMENT OF MATCHING FUNDS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—With respect to the costs of a control program to be carried out under paragraph (1) by a political subdivision, a grant under such paragraph may be made only if the subdivision agrees to make available (directly or through donations from public or private entities) non-Federal contributions toward such costs in an amount that is not less than 1/3 of such costs (\$1 for each \$2 of Federal funds provided in the grant).

"(B) DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT CONTRIBUTED.—Non-Federal contributions required in subparagraph (A) may be in cash or in kind, fairly evaluated, including plant, equipment, or services. Amounts provided by the Federal Government, or services assisted or subsidized to any significant extent by the Federal Government, may not be included in determining the amount of such non-Federal contributions.

"(C) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive the requirement established in subparagraph (A) if the Secretary determines that extraordinary economic conditions in the political subdivision involved justify the waiver.

"(5) REPORTS TO SECRETARY.—A grant may be made under paragraph (1) only if the political subdivision involved agrees that, promptly after the end of the fiscal year for which the grant is made, the subdivision will submit to the Secretary, and to the State within which the subdivision is located, a report that describes the control program and contains an evaluation of whether the program was effective.

"(6) AMOUNT OF GRANT; NUMBER OF GRANTS.—A grant under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year may not exceed \$100,000. A political subdivision may not receive more than one grant under such paragraph.

"(b) ASSESSMENT GRANTS TO POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, may make grants to political subdivisions of States to conduct the assessments and to develop the plans that are required in paragraph (3) of subsection (a) as a condition of receiving a grant under paragraph (1) of such subsection.

"(2) AMOUNT OF GRANT; NUMBER OF GRANTS.—A grant under paragraph (1) for a fiscal year may not exceed \$10,000. A political subdivision may not receive more than one grant under such paragraph.

##### "(c) COORDINATION GRANTS TO STATES.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, may make grants to States for the purpose of coordinating control programs in the State.

"(2) PREFERENCE IN MAKING GRANTS.—In making grants under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall give preference to States that have one or more political subdivisions with an incidence or prevalence of mosquito-borne disease, or a population of infected mosquitoes, that is substantial relative to political subdivisions in other States.

"(3) CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS.—A grant may be made under paragraph (1) only if—

"(A) the State involved has developed, or agrees to develop, a plan for coordinating control programs in the State, and the plan takes into account any assessments or plans described in subsection (a)(3) that have been