

(A) not to allow their government-controlled television stations to broadcast this program or any other racist and untrue material; and

(B) to speak out against such incitement by vigorously and publicly condemning anti-Semitism as a form of bigotry.

SENATE RESOLUTION 367—RECOGNIZING THE COMMUNITY SERVICES OF ARCHIE EDWARDS BLUES HERITAGE FOUNDATION, DESIGNATING THE FORTNIGHT BEGINNING NOVEMBER 29, 2002, AS THE “BLUES HERITAGE APPRECIATION FORTNIGHT”, AND DESIGNATING FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 2002, AS “BLUES FRIDAY”

Mr. HATCH (for himself and Mr. BARKLEY) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 367

Whereas Mr. Archie Edwards was a talented musician who devoted his life to playing the blues and inspiring others to learn and appreciate music;

Whereas Mr. Archie Edwards was a self-taught musician whose music was acclaimed throughout the United States, Canada, and Europe;

Whereas Mr. Archie Edwards, for 40 years, provided a haven in the District of Columbia for all those who loved the blues to play, listen, and socialize;

Whereas the Archie Edwards Blues Heritage Foundation is a nonprofit organization dedicated to preserving Mr. Edwards' memory and extending the positive influence of his music in the Washington, D.C. community;

Whereas the Archie Edwards Blues Heritage Foundation is committed to carrying on Mr. Edwards' legacy by maintaining an open forum for people in the community to meet, learn, and share the music he loved;

Whereas the Archie Edwards Blues Heritage Foundation supports and expands community outreach programs that provide entertainment and promote the blues to citizens in nursing homes, schools, hospitals, and other venues; and

Whereas the Archie Edwards Blues Heritage Foundation recognizes the importance that the blues has played in our country's heritage and has preserved and promoted the blues as a unique American art form: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) recognizes the community services of the Archie Edwards Blues Heritage Foundation;

(2) recognizes the importance of blues in the history of American culture;

(3) designates the fortnight beginning November 29, 2002, as the “Blues Heritage Appreciation Fortnight”; and

(4) designates Friday, November 29, 2002, as “Blues Friday”.

SENATE RESOLUTION 368—EXPRESSING THE SENSE OF THE SENATE CONCERNING THE DECLINE OF WORLD COFFEE PRICES AND ITS IMPACT ON DEVELOPING NATIONS

Mr. LEAHY (for himself, Mr. DODD, Mr. SPECTER, and Mrs. FEINSTEIN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 368

Whereas since 1997 the price of coffee has declined nearly 70 percent on the world mar-

ket and has recently reached its lowest level in a century;

Whereas the collapse of coffee prices has resulted in a widespread humanitarian crisis for 25,000,000 coffee growers and for more than 50 developing countries where coffee is a critical source of rural employment and foreign exchange earnings;

Whereas, according to a recent World Bank report, 600,000 permanent and temporary coffee workers in Central America have been left unemployed in the last two years;

Whereas the World Bank has referred to the coffee crisis as “the silent Mitch”, equating the impact of record-low coffee prices upon Central American countries with the damage done to such countries by Hurricane Mitch in 1998;

Whereas 6 of 14 immigrants who died in the Arizona desert in May 2001 were small coffee farmers from Veracruz, Mexico;

Whereas The Washington Post, The New York Times, and The Wall Street Journal report that cultivation of illicit crops such as coca and opium poppy is increasing in traditional coffee-growing countries, such as Colombia and Peru, which have been adversely affected by low international coffee prices;

Whereas the economies of some of the poorest countries in the world, particularly those in Africa, are highly dependent on trade in coffee;

Whereas coffee accounts for approximately 80 percent of export revenues for Burundi, 54 percent of export revenues for Ethiopia, 34 percent of export revenues for Uganda, and 31 percent of export revenues for Rwanda;

Whereas, according to the Oxfam International Report “Mugged: Poverty in your Coffee Cup”, in the Dak Lak province of Vietnam, one of the lowest-cost coffee producers in the world, the price farmers receive for their product covers as little as 60 percent of their costs of production;

Whereas on February 1, 2002, the International Coffee Organization (ICO) passed Resolution 407, which calls on exporting member countries to observe minimum standards for exportable coffee and to provide for the issuance of ICO certificates of origin according to those standards and also calls on importing member countries to “make their best endeavors to support the objectives of the programme”;

Whereas both the Speciality Coffee Association of America (SCAA) and the National Coffee Association (NCA) support ICO Resolution 407 and have publicly advocated for the United States to rejoin the International Coffee Organization;

Whereas the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) has already established coffee sector assistance programs for Colombia, Bolivia, the Dominican Republic, East Timor, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Rwanda, Tanzania, and Uganda; and

Whereas House Report 107-663, highlights the coffee price crisis as a global issue and “urges USAID to focus its rural development and relief programs on regions severely affected by the coffee crisis, especially in Colombia”: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That—

(1) it is the sense of the Senate that—

(A) the United States should adopt a global strategy to respond to the coffee crisis with coordinated activities in Latin America, Africa, and Asia to address the short-term humanitarian needs and long-term rural development needs of counties adversely affected by the collapse of coffee prices; and

(B) the President should explore measures to support and complement multilateral efforts to respond to the global coffee crisis; and

(2) the Senate urges private sector coffee buyers and roasters to work with the United

States Government to find a solution to the crisis which is economically, socially, and environmentally sustainable for all interested parties, and that will address the fundamental problem of oversupply in the world coffee market.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 160—PROVIDING FOR THE SINE DIE ADJOURNMENT OF THE ONE HUNDRED SEVENTH CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION

Mr. DASCHLE submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. CON. RES. 160

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That when the Senate adjourns at the close of business on any day from Wednesday, November 20, 2002 through Saturday, November 23, 2002, or from Monday, November 25, 2002 through Wednesday, November 27, 2002, or on a motion offered pursuant to this concurrent resolution by its Majority Leader, or his designee, it stand adjourned sine die, or until Members are notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this concurrent resolution, whichever occurs first; and that when the House of Representatives adjourns on any legislative day through the remainder of the second session of the One Hundred Seventh Congress on a motion offered pursuant to this concurrent resolution by its Majority Leader or his designee, it stand adjourned sine die, or until Members are notified to reassemble pursuant to section 2 of this concurrent resolution, whichever occurs first.

SEC. 2. The Majority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, or their respective designees, acting jointly after consultation with the Minority Leader of the Senate and the Minority Leader of the House, shall notify the Members of the Senate and the House, respectively, to reassemble at such place and time as they may designate whenever, in their opinion, the public interest shall warrant it.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 4979. Mr. REID (for Mr. BIDEN (for himself and Mr. SPECTER)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 3079, to authorize the issuance of immigrant visas to, and the admission to the United States for permanent residence of, certain scientists, engineers, and technicians who have worked in Iraqi weapons of mass destruction programs.

SA 4980. Mr. REID (for Mr. INOUE (for himself and Mr. CAMPBELL)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2711, to reauthorize and improve programs relating to Native Americans.

SA 4981. Mr. REID (for Mr. INOUE) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 4980 proposed by Mr. REID (for Mr. INOUE (for himself and Mr. CAMPBELL)) to the bill S. 2711, *supra*.

SA 4982. Mr. REID (for Mr. KERRY (for himself and Mr. HOLLINGS)) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 1989, to reauthorize various fishing conservation management programs, and for other purposes.

SA 4983. Mr. REID (for Mr. KERRY) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 1989, *supra*.

SA 4984. Mr. REID (for Mr. BINGAMAN) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 1606, to amend section 507 of the Omnibus Parks and Public Lands Management Act of 1996 to authorize additional appropriations for historically black colleges and universities, to decrease the matching requirement related to such appropriations, and for other purposes.