

trade employs the power of markets to meet the needs of the poor and has helped lift millions of people out of poverty by putting them on the path to prosperity. In the extended campaign against terrorism, free trade can be an economic ally. By helping to create opportunity and hope in poorer societies, open trade counters those who would destroy rather than create.

Securing open access to markets abroad is vital to the strength and continued growth of the U.S. economy. In the previous decade, exports accounted for 25 percent of our economic growth. They currently support the jobs of more than 12 million Americans.

Singapore is our 11th largest trading partner with total two-way trade in goods and services valued at \$38.8 billion in 2001. This FTA will improve opportunities for U.S. exports, growth, and investment, while also providing increased opportunities for the people of Singapore. This Agreement provides for substantial market access across the entire services sector and locks in Singapore's zero tariff rates on goods, including agriculture.

Fair treatment of U.S. goods and services is important to increasing market access. This Agreement has, among other provisions, specific and groundbreaking customs procedures and transparency requirements that will promote efficiency and fairness. It also establishes a secure and predictable legal framework for U.S. investors operating in Singapore.

This is an agreement for the economy of the 21st century. Inventors, performers, authors, and creative enterprises in the United States and Singapore will benefit from enhanced copyright, patent, trademark, trade secret, and other intellectual property rights protection. The Agreement also contains state-of-the-art protections for digital products and electronic commerce.

My Administration is committed to moving forward on multiple fronts to advance environmental protection and worker rights in a credible and responsible manner. This Agreement meets the labor and environmental objectives provided by the Congress in the Trade Act.

In sum, free trade is a fundamental source of America's economic vitality. This Agreement will benefit the U.S. economy through both higher-paying jobs created by exports and lower prices paid by consumers. It will strengthen U.S. ties with a valued economic partner and promote America's political and security interests in an important region.

As called for by the Trade Act, I am sending this notification at least 90 days in advance of signing the U.S.-Singapore FTA. My Administration looks forward to working with the Congress to develop appropriate legislation to approve and implement this Free Trade Agreement.

GEORGE W. BUSH,  
THE WHITE HOUSE, January 29, 2003.

#### REPORT ON THE INTENT TO ENTER INTO A FREE TRADE AGREEMENT (FTA) WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF CHILE—PM 6

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with an accompanying report; which was referred to the Committee on Finance:

*To the Congress of the United States:*

In accordance with sections 2103(a)(1) and 2105(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 2002 (the "Trade Act"), I am pleased to notify the Congress of my intent to enter into a Free Trade Agreement (FTA) with the Government of Chile.

The Agreement we have negotiated promotes our commitment to secure a level playing field and to open new opportunities for America's workers, farmers, businesses, and consumers in global trade. The United States is a party to only three out of more than 200 existing FTAs, leaving Americans at a competitive disadvantage in many markets. With the enactment of Trade Promotion Authority; the completion of this Agreement; ongoing global, regional, and bilateral trade negotiations; and the continued support of the Congress, the United States is re-asserting leadership in world trade.

United States leadership in promoting trade liberalization advances our national interests. Free trade promotes our values by encouraging openness, the rule of law, and respect for private property. It builds global prosperity and strengthens security. Free trade employs the power of markets to meet the needs of the poor and has helped lift millions of people out of poverty by putting them on the path to prosperity. In the extended campaign against terrorism, free trade can be an economic ally. By helping to create opportunity and hope in poorer societies, open trade counters those who would destroy rather than create.

Securing open access to markets abroad is vital to the strength and continued growth of the U.S. economy. In the previous decade, exports accounted for 25 percent of our growth and currently support the jobs of more than 12 million Americans. In 2001, two-way trade of all goods and services between the United States and Chile totaled \$8.5 billion. This Agreement will improve opportunities for U.S. exports, growth, and investment, while also providing increased opportunities for the people of Chile.

In this Agreement, the vast majority of U.S. and Chilean goods will become duty-free immediately. Most remaining tariffs will be eliminated within 4 years and all tariffs and quotas will be eliminated over a 12-year period. Over three-quarters of U.S. farm goods will enter Chile duty-free within 4 years.

The United States is a global leader in services. This Agreement locks in substantial market access across the entire services sector.

Fair treatment of U.S. goods and services is important to increasing

market access. The Agreement has, among other provisions, specific and groundbreaking customs procedures and transparency requirements that will promote efficiency and fairness. It also establishes a secure and predictable legal framework for U.S. investors operating in Chile.

This is an agreement for the economy of the 21st century. Inventors, performers, authors, and creative enterprises in the United States and Chile will benefit from enhanced copyright, patent, trademark, trade secret, and other intellectual property rights protection. The Agreement also contains state-of-the-art protections for digital products and electronic commerce.

My Administration is committed to moving forward on multiple fronts to advance environmental protection and worker rights in a credible and responsible manner. This Agreement meets the labor and environmental objectives provided by the Congress in the Trade Act.

In sum, free trade is a fundamental source of America's economic vitality. This Agreement will benefit the U.S. economy through both higher-paying jobs created by exporters and lower prices paid by consumers. It will strengthen U.S. ties with a valued economic partner and promote America's political and security interests in an important region.

As called for by the Trade Act, I am sending this notification at least 90 days in advance of signing the U.S.-Chile FTA. My Administration looks forward to working with the Congress to develop appropriate legislation to approve and implement this Free Trade Agreement.

GEORGE W. BUSH,  
THE WHITE HOUSE, January 29, 2003.

#### TRANSMITTING PRESIDENTIAL DETERMINATION NO. 2002-30, RELATIVE TO THE AIR FORCE'S OPERATING LOCATION NEAR GROOM LAKE, NEVADA—PM 7

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with accompanying papers; which was referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works:

*To the Congress of the United States:*

Consistent with section 6001(a) of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) (the "Act"), as amended, 42 U.S.C. 6961(a), notification is hereby given that on September 13, 2002, I issued Presidential Determination 2002-30 (copy enclosed) and thereby exercised the authority to grant certain exemptions under section 6001(a) of the Act.

Presidential Determination 2002-30 exempted the United States Air Force's operating location near Groom Lake, Nevada, from any Federal, State, interstate, or local hazardous or solid waste laws that might require the disclosure

of classified information concerning that operating location to unauthorized persons. Information concerning activities at the operating location near Groom Lake has been properly determined to be classified, and its disclosure would be harmful to national security. Continued protection of this information is, therefore, in the paramount interest of the United States.

The determination was not intended to imply that, in the absence of a Presidential exemption, RCRA or any other provision of law permits or requires the disclosure of classified information to unauthorized persons. The determination also was not intended to limit the applicability or enforcement of any requirement of law applicable to the Air Force's operating location near Groom Lake except those provisions, if any, that might require the disclosure of classified information.

GEORGE W. BUSH,  
THE WHITE HOUSE, *January 29, 2003.*

#### MEASURES PLACED ON THE CALENDAR

The following bill was read the second time, and placed on the calendar:

S. 241. A bill to amend the Coastal Zone Management Act.

#### EXECUTIVE AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications were laid before the Senate, together with accompanying papers, reports, and documents, which were referred as indicated:

EC-838. A communication from the Deputy Secretary, Investment Management Office of Regulatory Policy, Securities and Exchange Commission, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Transactions of Investment Companies With Portfolio and Subadviser Affiliates. (17CFR sections 270.10f-3, 270.12d3-1, 270.17a-6, 270.17a-10, 270.17d-1, and 270.17e-1) (3235-AI28)" received on January 15, 2003; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-839. A communication from the Deputy Secretary, Investment Management Office of Regulatory Policy, Securities and Exchange Commission, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Condition for Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" received on January 23, 2003; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-840. A communication from the Deputy Congressional Liaison, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Regulations H—Reporting and Disclosure Requirements for State Member Banks With Securities Registered Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Doc. No. R-1129)" received on January 23, 2003; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-841. A communication from the Secretary of Commerce, transmitting, pursuant to law, the 2003 Report on Foreign Policy-Based Export Controls, received on January 21, 2003; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-842. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting, pursuant to law, the Periodic Report on the National Emergency With Respect to Terrorist Who Threaten to Disrupt the Middle East

Peace Process that was declared in Executive Order 12947 of January 23, 1996; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-843. A communication from the President of the United States, transmitting, pursuant to law, a report relative to the continuation of the national emergency with respect to terrorist who threaten to disrupt the Middle East peace process; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-844. A communication from the Chief Counsel, Office of Foreign Assets Control, Department of the Treasury, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Reporting and Procedures Regulations; Cuban Assets Control Regulations; Publication of Economic Sanctions Enforcement Guidelines" received on January 23, 2003; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-845. A communication from the Deputy Secretary, Division of Corporate Finance, Securities and Exchange Commission, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of rule entitled "Insider Trades During Pension Fund Blackout Periods (RIN 3235-AI71)" received on January 23, 2003; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-846. A communication from the Assistant General Counsel for Regulations, Office of Public and Indian Housing, Department of Housing and Urban Development "Public Housing Total Development Cost (RIN2577-AC05)" received on January 21, 2003; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

EC-847. A communication from the Assistant Secretary Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report relative to waiving the restrictions of the Cooperative Threat Reduction Act of 1993 subsection (d) of section 1203 with respect to the Russian Federation; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

EC-848. A communication from the Assistant Secretary Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of the proposed certification of a proposed license for export of defense articles of defense services sold commercially under a contract in the amount of \$50,000 or more to Russia, Ukraine and Norway"; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

EC-849. A communication from the Congressional Review Coordinator, Policy and Program Development, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Department of Agriculture, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Exotic Newcastle Disease; Addition to Quarantined Area and Applicability of Regulations (Doc. No. 02-1117-2)" received on January 15, 2003; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

EC-850. A communication from the Congressional Review Coordinator, Policy and Program Development, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, Department of Agriculture, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Oriental Fruit Fly, Designation of Quarantined Area (Doc. No. 02-130-1)" received on January 15, 2003; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

EC-851. A communication from the Secretary, Judicial Conference of the United States, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report relative to the Biennially report to congress on the continuing need for existing bankruptcy judgeships; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

EC-852. A communication from the Secretary, Judicial Conference of the United States, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report relative to the authorization of additional bankruptcy judgeships; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

EC-853. A communication from the Chairman, Nuclear Regulatory Commission, transmitting, pursuant to law, the Annual Report of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, received on January 23, 2003; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

EC-854. A communication from the Archivist of the United States, National Archives and Records Administration, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of Commercial Activities Inventory and Inherently Governmental Inventory, received on January 21, 2003; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

EC-855. A communication from the Independent Counsel, Office of Independent Counsel, transmitting, pursuant to law, the Annual Report (Year 2002) for the Office of Independent Counsel-Barrett; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

EC-856. A communication from the Office of Personnel Management, The President's Pay Agent, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report relative to justifying the reasons for the extension of locality-based comparability payments to categories of positions that are in more than one executive agency, received on January 21, 2003; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

EC-857. A communication from the Chief of Staff, Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service under the Federal Managers' Financial Integrity Act (FMFIA) for Fiscal Year 2002; to the Committee on Governmental Affairs.

EC-858. A communication from the Assistant Secretary, Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Final Rule Relating to Adjustment of Civil Monetary Penalties (RIN1210-AA95)" received on January 23, 2003; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

EC-859. A communication from the Acting Assistant General Counsel for Regulations, Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services, Department of Education, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Disability and Rehabilitation Research Projects Program, Capacity Building, Coordination, & Collaboration Projects" received on January 22, 2003; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

EC-860. A communication from the Director, Regulations Policy and Management, Department of Health and Human Services, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Uniform Compliance Date for Food Labeling Regulations (Doc. No. 00N-1596)" received on January 21, 2003; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

EC-861. A communication from the Acting Assistant Secretary of the Army, Civil Works, Department of the Army, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report relative to the Tres Rios, Arizona, ecosystem restoration, flood damage reduction, and recreation project, received on January 27, 2003; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-862. A communication from the Chairman, Nuclear Regulatory Commission, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission's Monthly report on the Status of its licensing and regulatory duties; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-863. A communication from the Assistant Secretary for Fish and Wildlife and Parks, Office of Law Enforcement, Fish and Wildlife Service, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Address Change for Submission of Reports"