

Doggett	Levin	Reyes
Doyle	Lewis (GA)	Rodriguez
Edwards	Lipinski	Ross
Emanuel	Lofgren	Rothman
Engel	Lowe	Roybal-Allard
Eshoo	Lucas (KY)	Ruppersberger
Etheridge	Lynch	Rush
Evans	Majette	Ryan (OH)
Farr	Maloney	Sabo
Fattah	Markey	Sanchez, Linda
Filner	Marshall	T.
Frank (MA)	Matheson	Sanchez, Loretta
Frost	Matsui	Sanders
Gonzalez	McCarthy (MO)	Sandlin
Gordon	McCarthy (NY)	Schakowsky
Green (TX)	McCollum	Schiff
Grijalva	McDermott	Scott (GA)
Gutierrez	McGovern	Scott (VA)
Harman	McIntyre	Serrano
Hastings (FL)	McNulty	Sherman
Hill	Meehan	Skelton
Hinche	Meek (FL)	Slaughter
Hinojosa	Meeks (NY)	Smith (WA)
Hoefel	Menendez	Snyder
Holden	Michaud	Solis
Holt	Millender-	Spratt
Honda	McDonald	Stark
Hooley (OR)	Miller (NC)	Strickland
Hoyer	Miller, George	Stupak
Inslee	Mollohan	Tanner
Israel	Moore	Tauscher
Jackson (IL)	Moran (VA)	Taylor (MS)
Jackson-Lee	Murtha	Thompson (CA)
(TX)	Nadler	Thompson (MS)
Jefferson	Napolitano	Tierney
Johnson, E. B.	Neal (MA)	Towns
Jones (OH)	Oberstar	Turner (TX)
Kanjorski	Obey	Udall (CO)
Kaptur	Olver	Udall (NM)
Kennedy (RI)	Ortiz	Van Hollen
Kildee	Owens	Velazquez
Kilpatrick	Pallone	Visclosky
Kind	Pascrell	Waters
Klecza	Pastor	Watson
Kucinich	Payne	Watt
Lampson	Pelosi	Waxman
Langevin	Peterson (MN)	Weiner
Lantos	Pomeroy	Wexler
Larsen (WA)	Price (NC)	Woolsey
Larson (CT)	Rahall	Wu
Lee	Rangel	Wynn

NOT VOTING—5

Berkley	Ferguson	Gephardt
Bishop (UT)	Ford	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE CHAIRMAN

The CHAIRMAN (during the vote). Members are reminded there are 2 minutes remaining in this vote.

□ 1127

So the decision of the Chair stands as the judgment of the Committee.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Mr. WOLF. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. QUINN) having assumed the chair, Mr. HASTINGS of Washington, Chairman of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 2799) making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2004, and for other purposes, had come to no resolution thereon.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 1582

Mr. LAMPSON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to have my name removed as a cosponsor of H.R. 1582.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

PROVIDING FOR CONSIDERATION OF H.R. 2738, UNITED STATES-CHILE FREE TRADE AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION ACT, AND H.R. 2739, UNITED STATES-SINGAPORE FREE TRADE AGREEMENT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

Mr. DREIER. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up House Resolution 329 and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. RES. 329

Resolved, That upon the adoption of this resolution it shall be in order without intervention of any point of order to consider in the House the bill (H.R. 2738) to implement the United States-Chile Free Trade Agreement. The bill shall be considered as read for amendment. The bill shall be debatable for two hours, with one hour and forty minutes equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Ways and Means and twenty minutes equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Judiciary. Pursuant to section 151(f)(2) of the Trade Act of 1974, the previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill to final passage without intervening motion.

SEC. 2. Upon the adoption of this resolution it shall be in order without intervention of any point of order to consider in the House the bill (H.R. 2739) to implement the United States-Singapore Free Trade Agreement. The bill shall be considered as read for amendment. The bill shall be debatable for two hours, with one hour and forty minutes equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on Ways and Means and twenty minutes equally divided and controlled by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Judiciary. Pursuant to section 151(f)(2) of the Trade Act of 1974, the previous question shall be considered as ordered on the bill to final passage without intervening motion.

SEC. 3. During consideration of H.R. 2738 or H.R. 2739 pursuant to this resolution, notwithstanding the operation of the previous question, the Chair may postpone further consideration of the bill to a time designated by the Speaker.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from California (Mr. DREIER) is recognized for 1 hour.

Mr. DREIER. Mr. Speaker, for the purpose of debate only, I yield the customary 30 minutes to my very able colleague on the Committee on Rules, the gentleman from Florida (Mr. HASTINGS), pending which I yield myself such time as I may consume. During consideration of this resolution, all time yielded is for the purpose of debate only.

(Mr. DREIER asked and was given permission to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. DREIER. Mr. Speaker, at this moment, we begin debate on the first two measures that will propel our Nation's economy into the 21st century

and secure America's economic future. The free trade agreements with Chile and Singapore that we will be debating today are important in and of themselves. But more important, they are the first steps in completing a global economic and trade agenda that seeks to grow our economy by opening up markets overseas and establishing the United States as the leader in the international trade arena.

□ 1130

When Trade Promotion Authority lapsed back in 1994, the executive branch's ability to negotiate meaningful trade agreements was severely impaired. Our efforts to position the United States as the global leader in international trade were stalled. As recently as last year, there were nearly 150 regional free trade and customs agreements put into place worldwide and the United States, the greatest economic power on the face of the Earth, was party to only three of those agreements.

Mr. Speaker, we were losing market share, we were losing tariff battles, and most important, we were losing opportunities for U.S. workers and U.S. producers, opportunity to grow our economy, opportunity to increase the incomes of millions of American families and the opportunity to lead once again in the global marketplace. All of this was being lost as we went through that nearly decade long period, Mr. Speaker, when we did not have that authority in place for the executive branch.

So it was to my great satisfaction last year that we were able to enact into law a renewal of that Trade Promotion Authority. I am also pleased that the Bush administration has responded to Congressional reauthorization of the Trade Promotion Authority with great enthusiasm.

Our terrific Ambassador, U.S. Trade Representative Bob Zoellick, in particular, has been the driving force behind an ambitious and far-reaching trade agenda that will open up markets and raise standards of living both here and abroad, throughout the world. It is very clear that trade is a win-win. We will see benefits on both sides.

So, Mr. Speaker, as I mentioned earlier, the free trade agreements that we consider here today are of great importance. But I am gratified to see that many more trade agreements are on the horizon. Once we get beyond the Singapore and Chile agreements we will have a wide range of other great opportunities for U.S. workers and U.S. producers. We will soon see those benefits come to us and we will see the multilateral agreements as we proceed with Central America, South America, Africa, the Middle East and Australia.

Now, Mr. Speaker, I recognize that many in this body are opposed to some or possibly all of the free trade agreements that I have just mentioned. And I recognize, Mr. Speaker, that Congressional renewal of Trade Promotion Authority last year was very contentious