

that if I talk much longer, they are going to fall asleep, they are so tired. We all very much appreciate, deeply appreciate what they do.

I have often said that the most noble human endeavor is service—service to church, to community, to mankind, service to whatever makes the most sense to us as human beings. A lot of us who run for public office get some of the psychic rewards of service. We see our names in newspapers and on TV. Usually that is good, not always but usually.

However, the folks who work in the Senate, on Joint Tax and elsewhere, work harder. And they don't get public recognition for what they do. They are the real servants. They are the ones who really provide the most noble kind of service. I know I speak for everyone listening, for everyone else who stops and thinks about these things if only for a nanosecond, when I say how true that last statement is. They are the most wonderful folks. I take my hat off to all of them.

I yield the floor.

Mr. GRASSLEY. I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. MCCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. MCCONNELL. Mr. President, I, too, congratulate Chairman GRASSLEY and Senator BAUCUS for their great work in moving this JOBS bill to completion. I certainly express the hope that once the House acts, we will be able to go to conference in the normal way that legislation is handled and get this important piece of legislation on the President's desk at the earliest possible time to prevent further penalties from being levied against our companies here in the United States.

AMENDMENT NO. 3143, AS MODIFIED

Mr. GRASSLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent, notwithstanding the adoption of amendment No. 3143, that the modification which is at the desk be agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The amendment (No. 3143), as modified, was agreed to, as follows:

“(ii) there shall be disregarded any item of income or gain from a transaction or series of transactions a principal purpose of which is the qualification of a person as a person described in this paragraph.

“(C) RELATED PERSON.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term ‘related person’ has the meaning given such term by section 954(d)(3).”

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

On page 335, strike lines 4 through 10, and insert the following:

(2) LEASES TO FOREIGN ENTITIES.—In the case of tax-exempt use property leased to a tax-exempt entity which is a foreign person

or entity, the amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after January 31, 2004, with respect to leases entered into on or before November 18, 2003.

Mr. SMITH. Mr. President, I rise today to praise the Senate for its passage of S. 1637, the Jumpstart Our Business Strength Act, which includes my provision lowering the corporate tax rate on repatriated profits. In one short year, this provision will bring \$400 billion into our economy. This money is going to create over 650,000 new jobs and get our economy moving again. At the same time, it's going to help reduce the federal deficit.

I believe this is one of the most important provisions of the JOBS Act regarding job growth and strengthening our economy. This provision would require that repatriated funds be reinvested in the United States for hiring workers and worker training, infrastructure, R&D, capital investment, or financial stabilization for the purposes of job retention or creation. It is my understanding that the concept of financial stabilization, for this purpose, encompasses use of the repatriated funds to repay debt of the U.S. parent corporation. Use of these funds to pay down debt is a qualified use for purposes of the provision. In fact, debt repayment will strengthen U.S. corporate balance sheets, which will improve a company's ability to employ and hire workers.

I thank the chairman for his strong support of this repatriation provision and look forward to swift action by the House.

MORNING BUSINESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Virginia is recognized.

IRAQI PRISONERS

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, the distinguished majority leader, Senator DASCHLE, Senator LEVIN, and I have been working with the Department of Defense regarding additional photos relative to the tragic case of the treatment of Iraqi prisoners by U.S. personnel, military and otherwise. We have reached a decision with the total cooperation of the Department of Defense whereby those pictures will be brought to Senate S-407 tomorrow. There will be a representative from the Department there to help Members work their way through such pictures as they wish to examine from 2 to 5, at which time the pictures and everything will be returned to the Department since the Department will maintain constant custody of those, that evidentiary material throughout the time.

I ask unanimous consent the letter Senator LEVIN and I have sent to the Department regarding viewing and inspection of this material—all Senators are eligible, no staff—be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

U.S. SENATE
COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES,
Washington, DC, May 11, 2004.

Hon. DONALD H. RUMSFELD,
Secretary of Defense, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SECRETARY: We request the Department of Defense provide the Committee on Armed Services an opportunity to review the photos and videos regarding the abuse of prisoners at Abu Ghraib prison in Iraq. Further, it is our intent to extend this opportunity to all Members of the United States Senate.

These materials should be brought to the Senate for review, but will remain under the control of the Defense Department. At no time will the Committee, the Senate, or any Member or employee thereof, take custody of, or assume responsibility for, these materials. A Defense Department official will return these materials to the Pentagon after the materials have been reviewed by Members, subject to our subsequent recall if necessary.

Committee staff will coordinate the details of this request directly with your office.

Sincerely,

CARL LEVIN,
Ranking Member
JOHN W. WARNER,
Chairman.

TRIBUTE TO RICHARD C.
CRAWFORD

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, I rise today to pay tribute to Richard C. Crawford who retires June 1 following a career devoted to public power, in the Tennessee Valley, that spans four decades. Mr. Crawford's retirement as president and chief executive officer of the Tennessee Valley Public Power Association, and before that as a vice president for the Tennessee Valley Authority, brings to a close a distinguished career of advocacy for public power.

Dick Crawford's contributions to public power are recognized not only in Tennessee and in the Tennessee Valley region, but across the entire country. While at TVA he was responsible for technological improvements to the utility's transmission system that resulted in enhanced electric reliability. He was also a leader in the development TVA's highly acclaimed energy conservation and efficiency programs, which were modeled by other electric utilities around the Nation. He worked with distributors of TVA power to overhaul the power contracts and helped introduce innovative pricing and economic development products, including one of the first and largest real-time pricing programs, and incentive rates to help attract industry to the Tennessee Valley.

Mr. Crawford's contributions to public power continued when he joined the staff of TVPPA in 1994. Initially, he served as director of power supply services before becoming acting executive director, and later president and chief executive officer. The knowledge he gained at TVA about the Valley's unique power supply needs and the distributors who deliver the power to the Valley's 8.3 million consumers made him a perfect choice to head TVPPA during a critical time in its history.

With a strong belief in public power, Mr. Crawford worked tirelessly to re-establish critical relationships and reopen communication doors. Under his leadership, TVPPA embarked on aggressive programs in governmental relations, communication, and education and training. In addition, he has spearheaded efforts to secure additional power supply options for distributors. Working with his board of directors, he successfully revamped TVPPA's dues structure and established additional levels of membership that expand the reach of public power.

Throughout his career, he has received the support of his family, including wife, Lane, daughter, Angela, and grandson, Blake.

Honoring Dick Crawford in this way serves as a lasting tribute, just as his engineering and technical skills are a lasting gift to power consumers in the Tennessee Valley. I thank him for his service, and I wish him all the best in his retirement.

60TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE USS "YF-415" TRAGEDY

Mr. KENNEDY. Mr. President, as the official dedication of the world War II Memorial approaches, I welcome this opportunity to honor the sacrifice of the courageous men who lost their lives close to home in a tragic accident in 1944, fourteen miles off the coast of Massachusetts during the war.

Sixty years ago today, the 9-member crew of the Navy ship USS *YF-415* and 21 men from the Hingham Ammunition Depot were disposing of condemned ammunition and explosives off the coast. Tragically, while performing their mission, the ordnance on the ship caught fire, setting off the ammunition for nearly 40 minutes. The ship and 17 lives were lost.

The vessel lay on the ocean floor until the summer of 2003, when amateur divers discovered its remnants. They informed the Navy of the location, but too many years has passed, and the Navy salvage team was unable to find any trace of the missing men.

Now as the Nation prepares to honor all who served our country so bravely during World War II, it is fitting on this day to remember the men who lost their lives in that tragedy 60 years ago. I express my deepest condolences to the family members who have suffered so long because of that tragedy so close to home and to all of us in Massachusetts.

I would like to add the names of these men to the RECORD so that all may recognize their sacrifice: William J. Bradley, Adell Braxton, Joseph F. Burke, Raymond N. Carr, Truman S. Chittick, George M. Cook, James Cox, Jr., Freddie Edwards, Jr., F. E. Federle, James S. Griffin, Charles R. Harris, Raymond L. Henry, Julian Jackson, Yee M. Jin, Mike Peschunka, Vernon Smith, and James B. Turner.

LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 2003

Mr. SMITH. Mr. President, I rise today to speak about the need for hate

crimes legislation. On May 1, 2003, Senator KENNEDY and I introduced the Local Law Enforcement Enhancement Act, a bill that would add new categories to current hate crimes law, sending a signal that violence of any kind is unacceptable in our society.

In Montgomery County, MD, in 2001, Robert Lucas alleged that he killed Monsignor Thomas Wells, a local priest, after the victim was sexually aggressive toward him. Lucas contends that his "killing rage" resulted from feelings of "anger, shame and humiliation." The victim bled to death as a result of stab wounds.

I believe that Government's first duty is to defend its citizens, to defend them against the harms that come out of hate. The Local Law Enforcement Enhancement Act is a symbol that can become substance. I believe that by passing this legislation and changing current law, we can change hearts and minds as well.

EXPLANATION OF ABSENCE

Mr. BAYH. Mr. President, I was not present for the rollcall vote No. 87 on the motion to invoke cloture on S. 1637 today because of my participation in the Senate Armed Services Committee hearing on the mistreatment of Iraqi detainees. However, I wish to state for the record that I would have voted in favor of the motion to invoke cloture had I been present.

DEDICATION OF THE PYRAMID OF REMEMBRANCE

Mr. VOINOVICH. Mr. President, this morning, at Arlington National Cemetery, I was honored to join Congressman STEVE LATOURETTE, LTG Richard A. Cody, Superintendent of Arlington Cemetery John Metzler and students and faculty from Painesville High School for the dedication of the Pyramid of Remembrance, a living memorial paying tribute to American soldiers who have lost their lives during peacekeeping operations, humanitarian efforts, training, terrorist attacks, or covert operations.

The unveiling of this historic memorial today came as a result of the dedication and hard work of motivated young people at Riverside High School in Painesville, OH and their teacher, Dr. Mary Porter. More than one decade ago, in October 1993, these high school students watched in horror as a U.S. soldier in Somalia was dragged through the streets of Mogadishu. The students—concerned that there was not a memorial in our Nation's Capital to honor members of the Armed Forces who lost their lives during peacekeeping missions such as the one in Somalia—felt compelled to take action.

These students spearheaded a campaign to establish a Pyramid of Remembrance in Washington, DC. The students not only proposed the memorial, they also created a private non-profit foundation to raise the money to construct the memorial. The community in Painesville pulled together,

providing legal counsel for the students and private donations to help fund the project. Due in part to the strong support of this Ohio community, the proposed national Pyramid of Remembrance has been erected at no cost to U.S. taxpayers.

There has been considerable discussion regarding the Pyramid of Remembrance since it was first proposed by the students of Riverside High School and introduced in the House of Representatives in 1996.

On October 17, 2002, Senator MIKE DEWINE joined me in introducing legislation in the Senate for the first time to authorize the creation of the Pyramid of Remembrance. We re-introduced this legislation on January 30, 2003, taking into account recommendations made by the National Park Service, and the Senate Subcommittee on National Parks conducted a hearing to examine the legislation on June 3, 2003.

In addition to consideration in the United States Congress, the National Capital Memorial Commission which is charged with overseeing monument construction in Washington, DC, conducted hearings about the proposed Pyramid of Remembrance in April 2001. The Commission recommended that the memorial be constructed on Defense Department land, possibly at Fort McNair. The commissioners also noted that such a memorial would indeed fill a void in our Nation's military monuments.

I agree with the commissioners' findings. I, too, believe that this memorial is a fitting addition to our Nation's Capital to honor those who have lost their lives while serving in the United States military, and I am proud that it has now come to fruition.

On May 6, 1999, I spoke on the Senate floor in honor of two brave American soldiers—CWO Kevin L. Reichert and CWO David A. Gibbs—who lost their lives when their Apache helicopter crashed into the Albanian mountains during a training exercise on May 5, 1999, as U.S. troops joined with our NATO allies in a military campaign against Slobodan Milosevic. As I remarked at the time, the United States owes Kevin, David and so many other service members a debt of gratitude that we will never be able to repay, for they have paid the ultimate sacrifice. As the Bible says in John, chapter 15:13:

Greater love has no man than this, that a man lay down his own life for his friends.

The Pyramid of Remembrance honors individuals such as David Gibbs and Kevin Reichert. It also honors the memory of the 17 service members who lost their lives when the USS *Cole* was attacked on October 12, 2000, and the American soldiers who lost their lives during the terrorist attacks against the Pentagon and the World Trade Center on September 11, 2001.