marks help consumers identify goods and consumers are the same as trademarks. Certification marks guard the public from deception and are the same as trademarks. Certification marks have none of the competitive effects of certification marks or agreements are to be accorded the same respect and treatment, and are accorded the same principles of equity, as like provisions in trademark licenses and agreements. While nothing in this revision to the Lanham Act should be read as impairing a court’s ability to apply existing principles of equity, where their application is appropriate, such licensing provisions are essential to preserving the public benefits of such marks without increasing the litigation and other transactional costs for certification mark owners. Similarly, certification and collective marks are accorded the same rights and protections except as specifically provided by statute.

HONORING WORLD WAR II VETERANS

Mr. BAYH. Mr. President, throughout my service to the State of Indiana, I have been honored to represent thousands of Hoosier veterans who have fought bravely for our country. It is with great honor that I recognize the sacrifices of these three courageous men, Private First Class Leo Wilson Landless, Private First Class Robert Conover, and Private First Class John Lee Reynolds, who were called to service in World War II to safeguard American freedom. These valiant young men defended our Nation and our liberty in the face of evil, before they had a chance to receive a high school diploma. It was more than 60 years ago that these three men left Governor I.P. Gray High School and were inducted into the Army. I applaud the Jay County High School Corporation for honoring these World War II veterans on June 12, 2004. Their effort and unwavering commitment along with 120,000 other Hoosier World War II veterans, played a vital role in the long and difficult process of helping others enjoy freedom and democracy. By the end of the war, almost 13,000 Hoosier soldiers lost their lives. I am reminded by a quote by Douglas MacArthur, “The soldier, above all other people, prays for peace, for he must suffer and bear ‘the deepest wounds and scars of war.’ I would like to express my appreciation for their dedicated service and the many sacrifices they made on behalf of our Nation.

JUMPSTART OUR BUSINESS STRENGTH ACT

Mr. SMITH. Mr. President, I rise to speak about a bill that I have been working on and which I think has broad bipartisan support. The Jumpstart Our Business Strength Act was first introduced in the House last year by Representatives G. K. Butterfield, John Mica, and I. It would provide a much-needed boost to our small businesses and entrepreneurs, helping them to compete against larger corporations and to create jobs for American workers. The bill has been endorsed by a number of organizations, including the National Federation of Small Business, the Chamber of Commerce, and the U.S. Chamber of Commerce. It is a bipartisan bill that has support from both sides of the aisle. I hope that we can move quickly to pass this important legislation.
I look forward to working with my Senate and House colleagues towards enactment of the FSC/ETI tax legislation and to ensure that these critical maritime provisions are included in the final version of the bill.

ROBERTO CLEMENTE DAY
Mr. SANTORUM. Mr. President, today I rise to speak about a topic that holds a special place in my life and the lives of many Pennsylvanians—baseball. Like our Nation’s democracy, baseball is a part of our country’s collective definition of community, history, and heroism.

The Pittsburgh Pirates and Philadelphia Phillies are recognized by fans for their hometown affiliation but more for their heroes. In Pennsylvania, we have plenty of players to boast about, but one in particular comes to mind, Roberto Clemente. Clemente is Pittsburgh’s own. He was the first Latin-American to be inducted into the Hall of Fame and the first player for whom the Hall’s required 5-year waiting period was waived. In honor of the humanitarian work in which he was so involved, the Roberto Clemente Foundation serves Pittsburgh’s inner-city through programs to instill responsible community behavior in disadvantaged youth, and to provide them with organized recreation. Clemente’s example is an amazing illustration of how powerful professional sports heroes can be as role models.

Roberto Clemente Day was established in 2002 to increase awareness of the Roberto Clemente Award and the amount of time and effort its recipients dedicate towards community and charitable endeavors. Since 1971, Major League Baseball has annually presented an award that recognizes a player who best exemplifies the game of baseball through sportsmanship, community involvement, charitable endeavors, and positive contributions to his team. The award was named in honor of Clemente in 1973. The national recipient of the 2004 Roberto Clemente Award will be announced during the 2004 World Series. This Year, September 22 has been designated as 2004 Roberto Clemente Day.

PNC Park in Pittsburgh will be among the many ballparks around the country that will hold a ceremony commemorating Roberto Clemente Day. As residents of Pittsburgh cross the Roberto Clemente Bridge, which spans the Allegheny River, may they remember the example that Roberto Clemente set for us all.

Roberto Clemente Walker was born in Barrio San Anton in Carolina, Puerto Rico, August 18, 1934. Roberto always excelled at track and field; however, his real love was baseball.

Clemente joined the Pittsburgh Pirates in 1955, where he played his entire 18-year Major League Baseball career from 1955 to 1972. Clemente is considered one of the finest outfielders to ever play professional baseball, amassing over 3,000 hits, 12 Golden Glove Awards, a league MVP Award, and leading the Pittsburgh Pirates to World Series victories in 1960 and 1971. Clemente was also a devoted father. With his wife Vera Cristina, he raised three sons: Roberto Jr., Luis Roberto, and Roberto Enrique. Proud of his heritage Roberto insisted that Vera give birth to all three sons in Puerto Rico.

I will always remember feeling deeply saddened upon hearing the news, on December 31, 1972, that Clemente had died in a tragic plane crash off the coast of Puerto Rico. The plane was taking medical, food, and clothing supplies to earthquake stricken Nicaragua. Clemente will always be remembered as one of the greatest humanitarians of all time.

Aside from playing baseball myself over the years, the culture of identifying with star baseball players and my hometown team is an inextricable part of who I am. God bless a State playing and watching baseball. I learned the value of hard work, the importance of teamwork, how to deal with success and failure, how to concentrate and stay focused on a goal, and how to look before personal accomplishments to something bigger than oneself. Roberto Clemente embodied all of these virtues.

As our Nation recognizes Hispanic Heritage Month during the month of September, this is an ideal time to honor this exceptional person and personal hero and his legacy that lives on through the recipients of the Roberto Clemente Award.

IN MEMORIAM TO STATE SENATOR HENRY J. MELLO
Mrs. BOXER. Mr. President, I take this opportunity to honor the memory of one of California’s dedicated public servants, California State Senator Henry Mello. Senator Mello passed away on September 4, 2004. He was 80 years old.

Senator Mello was first elected to the Santa Cruz County Board of Supervisors in 1966, where he served for 8 years. In 1976, he was elected to the California State Assembly. After serving for two terms in the assembly, Senator Mello was elected to the California State Senate, where he spent the majority of his career in public service. During his tenure as a member of the California State Legislature, Senator Mello carried a record number of bills and resolutions—727—of which 456 were signed into law. Because of his successful leadership skills and his ability to work across partisan lines, Senator Mello served as the Senate’s majority whip from 1981 to 1992, and as the majority leader from 1992 to 1996.

He was a strong advocate of children’s rights or seniors’ rights, environmental issues or public education, residents of the central coast knew they had an advocate in Senator Mello. Among his many accomplishments in the Senate, Senator Mello advocated for the establishment of the Monterey Bay National Marine Sanctuary; the creation of the California