I look forward to working with my Senate and House colleagues towards enactment of the FSC/ETI tax legislation and to ensure that these critical maritime provisions are included in the final version of the bill.

ROBERTO CLEMENTE DAY

Mr. SANTORUM. Mr. President, today I rise to speak about a topic that holds a special place in my life and the lives of Pennsylvania—baseball. Like our Nation's democracy, baseball is a part of our country's collective definition of community, history, and heroism.

The Pittsburgh Pirates and Philadelphia Phillies are recognized by fans for their hometown affiliation but more for their heroes. In Pennsylvania, we have plenty of players to boast about, but one in particular comes to mind. Roberto Clemente. Clemente is Pittsburgh's own. He was the first Latin-American to be inducted into the Hall of Fame and the first player for whom the Hall's required 5-year waiting period was waived. In honor of the humanitarian work in which he was so involved, the Roberto Clemente Foundation serves Pittsburgh's inner-city through programs to instill responsible community behavior in disadvantaged youth, and to provide them with organized recreation. Clemente's example is an amazing illustration of how powerful professional sports heroes can be as role models.

Roberto Clemente Day was established in 2002 to increase awareness of the Roberto Clemente Award and the amount of time and effort its recipients dedicate towards community and charitable endeavors. Since 1971, Major League Baseball has annually presented an award that recognizes a player who best exemplifies the game of baseball through sportsmanship, community involvement, and charitable contributions to his team. The award was named in honor of Clemente in 1973. The national recipient of the 2004 Roberto Clemente Award will be announced during the 2004 World Series. This year, September 22 has been designated as 2004 Roberto Clemente Day.

PNC Park in Pittsburgh will be among the many ballparks around the country that will hold a ceremony commemorating Roberto Clemente Day. As readers of Pittsburgh cross the Roberto Clemente Bridge, which spans the Allegheny River, may they remember the example that Roberto Clemente set for us all.

Roberto Clemente Walker was born in Barrio San Anton in Carolina, Puerto Rico, August 18, 1934. Roberto always excelled at track and field; however, his real love was baseball.

Clemente joined the Pittsburgh Pirates in 1955, where he played his entire 18-year Major League Baseball career from 1955 to 1972. Clemente is considered one of the finest outfielders to ever play professional baseball, amassing over 3,000 hits, 12 Golden Glove Awards, a league MVP Award, and leading the Pittsburgh Pirates to World Series victories in 1960 and 1971. Clemente was also a devoted father. With his wife Vera Cristina, he raised three sons: Roberto Jr., Luis Roberto, and Roberto Enrique. Proud of his heritage Roberto insisted that Vera give birth to all three sons in Puerto Rico. I will always remember feeling deeply saddened upon hearing the news, on December 31, 1972, that Clemente had died in a tragic plane crash off the coast of Puerto Rico. The plane was taking medical, food, and clothing supplies to earthquake stricken Nicaragua. Clemente will always be remembered as one of the greatest humanitarians of all time.

Aside from playing baseball myself over the years, the culture of identifying with star baseball players and my hometown team is an inextricable part of who I am. As a child playing and watching baseball, I learned the value of hard work, the importance of teamwork, how to deal with success and failure, how to concentrate and stay focused on a goal, and how to look beyond personal achievements to something bigger than oneself. Roberto Clemente embodied all of these virtues.

As our Nation recognizes Hispanic Heritage Month during the month of September, this is an ideal time to honor this exceptional person and personal hero and his legacy that lives on through the recipients of the Roberto Clemente Award.

IN MEMORIAM TO STATE SENATOR HENRY J. MELLO

Mrs. BOXER. Mr. President, I take this opportunity to honor the memory of one of California's dedicated public servants, California State Senator Henry Mello. Senator Mello passed away on September 4, 2004. He was 80 years old.

Senator Mello was first elected to the California State Senate in 1980, to the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors in 1966, where he served for 8 years. In 1976, he was elected to the California State Assembly. After serving for two terms in the assembly, Senator Mello was elected to the California State Senate, where he spent the majority of his career in public service. During his tenure as a member of the California State Legislature, Senator Mello carried a record number of bills and resolutions—727—of which 456 were signed into law. Because of his successful leadership skills and his ability to work across partisan lines, Senator Mello served as the State Senate's majority whip from 1981 to 1992, and as the majority leader from 1992 to 1996.

While he was dedicated to children's rights or seniors' rights, environmental issues or public education, residents of the central coast knew they had an advocate in Senator Mello. Among his many accomplishments in the halls of the Capitol, Senator Mello advocated for the establishment of the Monterey Bay National Marine Sanctuary; the creation of the California...
Senior Legislature, and the conversion of Fort Ord Army Base into California State University Monterey Bay. A particular highlight in his career, Senator Mello cosponsored the Mello-Roos Act, which established tax-exempt bonds and special districts for school construction and other public improvements.

Senator Mello was proud of his Portuguese heritage, and regularly traveled to Washington, DC to advocate for increased foreign aid to Portugal. The King of Portugal knighted Senator Mello for his efforts. In his spare time, Senator Mello was also an avid deep-sea fisherman and jazz pianist. In 2002, Senator Mello played with the Jimmy Dorsey Orchestra at the performing arts center in Watsonville that is named after him—the Henry J. Mello Center for the Performing Arts.

Senator Mello was a deeply loved member of both the California State legislature and the central coast community, and a strong, tenacious man who championed the causes of those he represented. He will be missed by all who knew him. We take comfort in knowing that future generations will benefit from his spirit, his vision, and his leadership.

HONORING THE ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF DISHA PANCHOLI

Mr. BUNNING. Mr. President, I wish to pay tribute to and congratulate Disha Pancholi of Louisville, KY, on being selected as a 2004 Undergraduate Scholarship from the David L. Boren National Security Education Program,NSEP.

Ms. Pancholi was one of 181 applicants nationwide to receive one of these scholarships. NSEP administered within the National Defense University in the Department of Defense. It funds outstanding U.S. students to study critical languages and world regions in exchange for a commitment to seek employment with the Federal Government in the arena of national security.

Ms. Pancholi has been studying Arabic and will spend her fall term in Egypt. She attends the University of Louisville and is majoring in biology and political science.

The people of Jefferson County should be proud to have a woman such as Disha Pancholi in their community. Her example of dedication and hard work should be an inspiration to the entire Commonwealth. She has my most sincere admiration for this work and I look forward to her continued service to the United States.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

At 2:18 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Mr. Hays, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House agrees to the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 1658) to amend the Railroad Right-of-Way Conveyance Validation Act to validate additional conveyances of certain lands in the State of California that form part of the right-of-way granted by the United States to facilitate the construction of the transcontinental railway, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the House has passed the following bill and joint resolution, without amendment:

S. 1301. An act to amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit video voyeurism in a maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States, and for other purposes.

S.J. Res. 41. Joint resolution commending the opening of the National Museum of the American Indian.

The message further announced that the House has passed the following bills in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 2966. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to study the suitability and feasibility of designating Castle Nugent Farms located on St. Croix, Virgin Islands, as a unit of the National Park System and for other purposes.

H.R. 2966. An act to preserve the use and access of pack and saddle stock animals on...