

NOES—205

Abercrombie	Frank (MA)	Napolitano
Ackerman	Frelinghuysen	Neal (MA)
Allen	Gerlach	Oberstar
Andrews	Gilchrest	Obey
Baca	Gonzalez	Olver
Baird	Green, Al	Owens
Baldwin	Green, Gene	Pallone
Barrow	Grijalva	Pascarell
Bass	Gutierrez	Pastor
Bean	Harman	Paul
Becerra	Hastings (FL)	Payne
Berkley	Herseth	Pelosi
Berman	Higgins	Pomeroy
Biggert	Hinchev	Price (NC)
Bishop (GA)	Holt	Pryce (OH)
Bishop (NY)	Honda	Ramstad
Blumenauer	Hookey	Rangel
Boehlert	Hoyer	Ross
Bono	Inslee	Rothman
Boswell	Israel	Roybal-Allard
Boucher	Jackson (IL)	Ruppersberger
Boyd	Jackson-Lee	Rush
Bradley (NH)	(TX)	Ryan (OH)
Brady (PA)	Jefferson	Sabo
Brown (OH)	Johnson (CT)	Salazar
Brown, Corrine	Johnson, E. B.	Sánchez, Linda
Brown-Waite,	Jones (OH)	T.
Ginny	Kanjorski	Sanchez, Loretta
Butterfield	Kelly	Sanders
Capps	Kennedy (RI)	Schakowsky
Capuano	Kilpatrick (MI)	Schiff
Cardin	Kind	Schwartz (PA)
Cardoza	Kirk	Schwarz (MI)
Carahan	Kolbe	Scott (GA)
Carson	Kucinich	Scott (VA)
Case	Langevin	Serrano
Castle	Lantos	Shays
Chandler	Larsen (WA)	Sherman
Clay	Larson (CT)	Simmons
Cleaver	Leach	Slaughter
Clyburn	Lee	Smith (WA)
Conyers	Levin	Snyder
Cooper	Lewis (GA)	Solis
Costa	Lofgren, Zoe	Spratt
Crowley	Lowe	Stark
Cummings	Lynch	Strickland
Davis (AL)	Maloney	Tanner
Davis (CA)	Markey	Tauscher
Davis (FL)	Matheson	Thomas
Davis (IL)	Matsui	Thompson (CA)
DeFazio	McCarthy	Thompson (MS)
DeGette	McCollum (MN)	Tierney
Delahunt	McDermott	Towns
DeLauro	McGovern	Udall (CO)
Dent	McKinney	Udall (NM)
Dicks	McNulty	Van Hollen
Dingell	Meehan	Velázquez
Doggett	Meek (FL)	Visclosky
Doyle	Meeks (NY)	Walden (OR)
Edwards	Melancon	Wasserman
Emanuel	Menendez	Schultz
Engel	Michaud	Waters
Eshoo	Millender-	Watson
Etheridge	McDonald	Watt
Evans	Miller (NC)	Waxman
Farr	Miller, George	Weiner
Fattah	Moore (KS)	Wexler
Filner	Moore (WI)	Woolsey
Foley	Moran (VA)	Wu
Ford	Nadler	Wynn

NOT VOTING—5

Brown (SC)	Reyes	Tancredo
Hinojosa	Sweeney	

□ 1744

Messrs. THOMAS, FORD and OBEY changed their vote from "aye" to "no." So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Mr. HYDE. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. SIMPSON) having assumed the chair, Mr. CULBERSON, Acting Chairman of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 2601) to authorize appropriations for the Depart-

ment of State for the fiscal years 2006 and 2007, and for other purposes, had come to no resolution thereon.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Monahan, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate has passed with an amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested, a bill of the House of the following title:

H.R. 2360. An act making appropriations for the Department of Homeland Security for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2006, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate has passed without amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested, a joint resolution of the House of the following title:

H.J. Res. 52. Joint resolution approving the renewal of import restrictions contained in the Burmese Freedom and Democracy Act of 2003.

The message also announced that the Senate has passed bills and a concurrent resolution of the following titles in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 335. An act to reauthorize the Congressional Award Act.

S. 1413. An act to redesignate the Crowne Plaza in Kingston, Jamaica as the Colin L. Powell Residential Plaza.

S. Con. Res. 26. Concurrent resolution honoring and memorializing the passengers and crew of United Airlines Flight 93.

The message also announced that the Senate insists upon its amendment to the bill (H.R. 2360), "An Act making appropriations for the Department of Homeland Security for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2006, and for other purposes," requests a conference with the House on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon, and appoints Mr. GREGG, Mr. COCHRAN, Mr. STEVENS, Mr. SPECTER, Mr. DOMENICI, Mr. SHELBY, Mr. CRAIG, Mr. BENNETT, Mr. ALLARD, Mr. BYRD, Mr. INOUE, Mr. LEAHY, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mr. KOHL, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. REID, and Mrs. FEINSTEIN to be the conferees on the part of the Senate.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA'S FISCAL YEAR 2006 BUDGET REQUEST ACT—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 109-47)

The Speaker pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, without objection, referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Pursuant to my constitutional authority and consistent with section 446 of The District of Columbia Self-Governmental Reorganizational Act as amended in 1989, I am transmitting the District of Columbia's Fiscal Year 2006 Budget Request Act.

The proposed FY 2006 Budget Request Act reflects the major programmatic

objectives of the Mayor and the Council of the District of Columbia. For FY 2006, the District estimates total revenues and expenditures of \$7.35 billion.

GEORGE W. BUSH.
THE WHITE HOUSE, July 18, 2005.

CONTINUATION OF NATIONAL EMERGENCY WITH RESPECT TO LIBERIA—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 109-48)

The Speaker pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, without objection, referred to the Committee on International Relations and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Section 202(d) of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1622(d)) provides for the automatic termination of a national emergency unless, prior to the anniversary date of its declaration, the President publishes in the *Federal Register* and transmits to the Congress a notice stating that the emergency is to continue in effect beyond the anniversary date.

In accordance with the provision, I have sent the enclosed notice to the *Federal Register* for publication stating that the national emergency and related measures blocking the property of certain persons and prohibiting the importation of certain goods from Liberia are to continue in effect beyond July 22, 2005.

The actions and policies of former Liberian President Charles Taylor and other persons, in particular their unlawful depletion of Liberian resources and their removal from Liberia and sequestering of Liberian funds and property, continue to undermine Liberia's transition to democracy and the orderly development of its political, administrative, and economic institutions and resources. These actions and policies pose a continuing unusual and extraordinary threat to the foreign policy of the United States. For these reasons, I have determined that it is necessary to continue the national emergency and related measures blocking the property of certain persons and prohibiting the importation of certain goods from Liberia.

GEORGE W. BUSH.
THE WHITE HOUSE, July 19, 2005.

APPOINTMENT OF MEMBER TO BENJAMIN FRANKLIN TERCENTENARY COMMISSION

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to section 5(a)(2) of the Benjamin Franklin Tercentenary Commission Act (36 U.S.C. 101 note), and the order of the House of January 4, 2005, the Chair announces the Speaker's appointment of the following Member of the House to the Benjamin Franklin Tercentenary Commission:

Mr. CASTLE, Delaware.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER
PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair will entertain Special Order speeches without prejudice to the possible resumption of business.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. CROWLEY. Mr. Speaker, on Monday, July 18, 2005, I was not in Washington due to weather delays that stranded my flight and therefore I was unable to vote. If I were here, I would like the RECORD to reflect I would have voted "yes" on rollcall vote 380, "yes" on rollcall vote 381, and "yes" on rollcall vote 382.

SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 4, 2005, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

BIDDING A FOND FAREWELL TO
ANITA AND TOMMY MAGGIO

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Florida (Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN. Mr. Speaker, I would like to take this opportunity to recognize someone who is very dear to me, a member of my staff who has been with me since I was elected to Congress almost 16 years ago.

While Ms. Anita Maggio has been part of my office family since 1989, she has actually dutifully served Capitol Hill for 34 years. She has always been a dear friend to me and to the people of south Florida. Anita is a steadfast, loyal and dedicated member of my staff.

While other young staffers have come and gone, Anita has been the unwavering anchor in my office. Not only does Anita's mere presence boost morale in our office, but also she is a clearinghouse for information and contacts. Anita knows just about everybody on Capitol Hill, and everyone knows her. She has built a network of friends that is unequalled anywhere on the Hill. Everyone she meets is touched by her kindness and by her warmth.

Even though she does not have any children of her own, she has adopted all of us, including the staffers from other offices. She has the uncanny ability to make everyone feel loved and comfortable.

Anita Maggio is a very special soul. Her sensitivity and compassion touch all those who are blessed to know her.

Before joining my team, Anita was employed by my predecessor, the late Congressman Claude Pepper. Over the years, she has developed an intimate knowledge of the district and of the residents of south Florida.

When Anita retires, she will leave a void in my office that no other indi-

vidual will ever be able to fill. She will be retiring with her husband of 42 years, Tommy Maggio. Over the years, all of us have come to know Tommy Maggio. If you are lucky enough to know Tommy, you will know that he will be retiring from the Rayburn House garage after working there for an amazing 32 years.

It is with great sadness that I bid a fond farewell to one of the most special women I have ever met, a trusted friend and a member of the Ros-Lehtinen and Capitol Hill family, Anita Maggio. Anita will be forever remembered in our hearts.

We love you, Anita; and we love you, Tommy. Please do not make her cook for you every single night. Anita deserves a rest. Be good to her.

KEEPING JOBS IN AMERICA BY
VOTING "NO" ON CAFTA

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Oregon (Mr. DEFAZIO) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. DEFAZIO. Mr. Speaker, as we approach the prospect of a vote on yet another free trade agreement, putting a stamp of approval potentially on the failures of U.S. trade policy and the \$2 billion-a-day deficit that we are running, Members should approach this vote with caution.

First, they should be concerned about this bait-and-switch, the idea that we will before that vote have a vote to get tough with China, to begin to actually use our existing laws and authority to deal with the counterfeiting and the theft and the unfair trade practices of China.

We do not need to pass a bill to do that. The administration should just do it. Use the laws. Use the trade agreements. They told us that is why they wanted China in the WTO, that they were going to enforce sanctions against China. They are not filing complaints against China under the existing laws.

They do not need new authority; they just need to use their existing powers. So that is an attempt to give some cover to some of the weak-kneed around here who want to stick with the President who is saying it is his highest priority to extend the failed trade policies of the United States to another five nations in Latin America.

The President was, unfortunately, sadly in error last weekend when he went down to the south and said to the textile workers who have been devastated by these free trade policies that this would be good for them and the American economy.

All the President has to do, and he probably has not had a chance to read it yet, but the United States International Trade Commission issued a report a year ago, 11 months ago, on CAFTA; and they said that in fact it is likely to have minimal impact on production, employment or prices in the United States. They went on to say

that, yes, it would cause a tiny bump up in exports, but guess what? Like every other trade agreement the U.S. has ever entered into, it would be a much bigger bump up in imports.

More lost jobs here at home will result from CAFTA. Do not be fooled. Think back to the predictions about the wonderful results that we were going to see from NAFTA and the fact that it was going to create 400,000 jobs in the United States. It actually logs 800,000. They were off by 1.2 million jobs. CAFTA will have the same net result.

We need a new trade policy, a trade policy that brings and keeps jobs that pay decent wages and provides benefits home here to the United States of America. We do not need to accelerate the race to the bottom. We do not need to ask the few remaining textile workers we have in this country to compete with people down in Central America who earn 50 cents an hour. And then to say that those people who earn 50 cents an hour are going to provide a tremendous boon to the U.S. economy because they will be buying luxury SUVs made in America and all sorts of other products manufactured here on that 50 cent an hour salary is so absurd that it is hard to believe that any thinking Member will swallow that argument.

If you just want to rubber-stamp, if you just want to follow the President and support the continued bipartisan failures of trade, Bill Clinton was a disaster on these issues, too, if you want to march down that path, then you can vote for CAFTA. But if you want to benefit the American people, manufacturing in the United States of America, our standard of living, our national security, if you want to see a turnaround in the \$2 billion a day we are borrowing from the rest of the world to finance our overseas manufacturing, then you will vote "no" on CAFTA, and a new day will dawn where we bring and keep jobs home to America.

VOTE "NO" ON CAFTA

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. JONES) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. JONES of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I am back on the floor again tonight, just like the gentleman that just spoke. I am from North Carolina, a State I am greatly proud of; but I am so concerned about this CAFTA bill.

I want to just go back to 1992, to the Presidential debates of that year, 1992. I want to quote one of the candidates for the United States Presidency, Ross Perot: "You implement that NAFTA, the Mexican Trade Agreement, where they pay people a dollar an hour, have no health care, no retirement, no pollution controls, and you are going to hear a giant sucking sound of jobs being pulled out of this country, right at a time when we need the tax base to pay the debt of this Nation."