

research, and addressing systemic problems within the health care system are essential to consider. Reducing cancer in minority and underserved populations is facilitated by the mobilization of professional and lay leaders in the community to address the specific cancer needs of that community as well as through coalition building among health-related, academic, and community organizations.

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H. Res. 444, Gynecological Resolution for Advancement of Ovarian Cancer Education. Unfortunately, ovarian cancer is a serious and under-recognized threat to women's health. According to recent studies: Ovarian cancer, the deadliest of the gynecologic cancers, is the fourth leading cause of cancer death among women living in the U.S. Ovarian cancer occurs in 1 out of 57 women. It is expected that 22,220 women will be diagnosed with the disease in 2005. An estimated 16,210 American women will die from ovarian cancer in 2005. All females are at risk for ovarian cancer.

Fortunately, ovarian cancer is very treatable when it is detected early, but the vast majority of cases are not diagnosed until the cancer has spread beyond the ovaries. Ovarian cancer may be difficult to diagnose because symptoms are sometimes subtle and may be easily confused with those of other diseases. In cases where ovarian cancer is detected before it has spread beyond the ovaries, more than 94 percent of women will survive longer than five years. Only 19 percent of ovarian cancer cases in the U.S. are diagnosed in the early stages. The chances for five-year survival for an advanced stage diagnosis is approximately 29 percent. The overall 5-year survival rate for all stages is 44 percent.

It is important that we create additional public awareness of ovarian cancer by educating doctors and women about the disease. By doing this we can save lives. Currently, studies show that most people do not know the symptoms of ovarian cancer. Many include, abdominal pressure, bloating, or discomfort; nausea, indigestion, or gas; constipation, diarrhea, or frequent urination; abnormal bleeding; unusual fatigue; unexplained weight loss or gain; shortness of breath. Symptoms are subtle, persistent, and usually increase over time. Early recognition of symptoms is the best way to save women's lives. Without increased education about ovarian cancer, many women and their doctors will continue to ignore or misinterpret the symptoms of the disease. Recognition of women who are at higher risk for developing ovarian cancer is also important. Risk factors include: increasing age, personal or family history of ovarian, breast, or colon cancer, and not bearing a child. Ninety percent of women diagnosed do not have a family history that puts them at a higher risk for ovarian cancer.

In closing let say that research on ovarian cancer is drastically under-funded relative to its high mortality rate. In 2002, the NCI allocated only about one-fifth as much money to ovarian cancer research (\$93.5 million) as to breast cancer research (\$522.6 million), and one-third as much as to prostate cancer research (\$278.4 million), two diseases whose mortality rates are proportionally extremely lower than ovarian cancer.

Early detection of ovarian cancer is possible. In a national study done by Dr. Barbara

Goff of ovarian cancer patients, 95 percent of women had experienced symptoms prior to their diagnosis. We need national awareness among the medical community and among women themselves that ovarian cancer is not a "silent disease" the label it was given years ago—there are symptoms that can lead to early diagnosis when the disease is beatable and treatable. Yet, each and every day women with this disease are treated for incorrect conditions in the pelvic and abdominal region, with a full 30 percent being treated for the incorrect condition before receiving the eventual diagnosis of ovarian cancer

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. STEARNS). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. UPTON) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 444, as amended.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds of those present have voted in the affirmative.

Mr. UPTON. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this question will be postponed.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 3 o'clock and 22 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m.

□ 1832

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mrs. BIGGERT) at 6 o'clock and 32 minutes p.m.

CONFERENCE REPORT ON H.R. 2862, SCIENCE, STATE, JUSTICE, COMMERCE, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2006

Mr. WOLF submitted the following conference report and statement on the bill (H.R. 2862) making appropriations for Science, the Departments of State, Justice, and Commerce, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2006, and for other purposes:

CONFERENCE REPORT (H. REPT. 109-272)

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 2862) "making appropriations for Science, the Departments of State, Justice, and Commerce, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2006, and for other purposes", having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate to the text, and agree to the same with an amendment, as follows:

In lieu of the matter stricken and inserted by said amendment, insert:

That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2006, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For expenses necessary for the administration of the Department of Justice, \$124,456,000, of which not to exceed \$3,317,000 is for the Facilities Program 2000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That not to exceed 45 permanent positions and 46 full-time equivalent workyears and \$11,821,000 shall be expended for the Department Leadership Program exclusive of augmentation that occurred in these offices in fiscal year 2005: Provided further, That not to exceed 26 permanent positions, 21 full-time equivalent workyears and \$3,480,000 shall be expended for the Office of Legislative Affairs: Provided further, That not to exceed 17 permanent positions, 22 full-time equivalent workyears and \$2,764,000 shall be expended for the Office of Public Affairs: Provided further, That the Offices of Legislative Affairs and Public Affairs may utilize, on a non-reimbursable basis details of career employees within the ceilings provided for the Office of Legislative Affairs and the Office of Public Affairs: Provided further, That not less than \$500,000 shall be used to contract with an independent party to carry out a privacy assessment.

JUSTICE INFORMATION SHARING TECHNOLOGY

For necessary expenses for information sharing technology, including planning, development, deployment and Departmental direction, \$125,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That, of the funds available \$10,000,000 is for the unified financial management system to be administered by the Unified Financial Management System Executive Council: Provided further, That of the funds provided, \$20,000,000 is unavailable for obligation until the Department Chief Information Officer submits the plan described in section 110 of this title.

NARROWBAND COMMUNICATIONS/INTEGRATED WIRELESS NETWORK

For the costs of conversion to narrowband communications, including the cost for operation and maintenance of Land Mobile Radio legacy systems, \$90,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2007: Provided, That the Attorney General shall transfer to this account all funds made available to the Department of Justice for the purchase of portable and mobile radios: Provided further, That any transfer made under the preceding proviso shall be subject to section 605 of this Act.

ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW AND APPEALS

For expenses necessary for the administration of pardon and clemency petitions and immigration-related activities, \$215,685,000.

DETENTION TRUSTEE

For necessary expenses of the Federal Detention Trustee, \$1,222,000,000, of which \$45,000,000 shall be derived from prior year unobligated balances from funds previously appropriated, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the Trustee shall be responsible for managing the Justice Prisoner and Alien Transportation System and for overseeing housing related to such detention: Provided further, That any unobligated balances available in prior years from the funds appropriated under the heading "Federal Prisoner Detention" shall be transferred to and merged with the appropriation under the heading "Detention Trustee" and shall be available until expended.