

EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

RECOGNIZING HAZEL HARVEY PEACE

HON. MICHAEL C. BURGESS

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, March 2, 2006

Mr. BURGESS. Mr. Speaker, I am honored to rise today to recognize Hazel Harvey Peace for her commitment to the people and City of Fort Worth, Texas. Mrs. Peace is a pillar of her community through various volunteer works and a career as a devout educator.

As a Fort Worth native, Mrs. Peace began her profession as a teacher at I.M. Terrell High School. During her tenure as a teacher, she partook in several duties including service as a Counselor, Dean of Girls, and as a Vice Principal. She was a strict advocate of literacy and reading to young children which is among Mrs. Peace's many other charitable works.

For Mrs. Peace's continued efforts, she was honored in 2004 with the presentation of a professorship in Children's Library Science. In addition, Mrs. Peace was also the first African American woman to be named to a professorship at a 4-year Texas State-funded institution.

She has touched the lives of so many and which we are truly thankful. It is the servant leadership of Mrs. Peace, and those like her, which truly makes our Nation great. Once again, Mr. Speaker, it is my honor to recognize Mrs. Hazel Harvey Peace.

TRIBUTE TO HOWARD W. "HODDY" HANNA III

HON. MELISSA A. HART

OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, March 2, 2006

Ms. HART. Mr. Speaker, I would like to take this opportunity to congratulate the 2006 recipient of the National American Heritage Award, Howard W. "Hoddy" Hanna III, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

The National American Heritage Award is given by the Anti-Defamation League (ADL). The ADL is the nation's preeminent human rights organization. The organization was founded in 1913 and is dedicated in purpose and in program to defending democratic ideals, safeguarding civil rights and combating anti-Semitism, prejudice, discrimination and bigotry of all kinds. The National American Heritage Award is presented to an individual or company whose leadership and character is demonstrated both in work and in deed. It recognizes individuals who embody what is best in America—justice, freedom equality and fellowship.

Mr. Hanna will be presented with the National American Heritage Award on Thursday, March 16, 2006 at a dinner in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

I ask my colleagues in the United States House of Representatives to join me in con-

gratulating Howard W. Hanna III, the 2006 recipient of the National American Heritage Award. It is an honor to represent the Fourth Congressional District of Pennsylvania and a pleasure to salute such a determined individual like Howard W. Hanna.

RECOGNIZING MS. ARLENE KAPLAN

HON. DEBBIE WASSERMAN SCHULTZ

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, March 2, 2006

Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ. Mr. Speaker, Arlene Kaplan, a resident of Randolph, Massachusetts, was elected president of the National Ladies Auxiliary, Jewish War Veterans of the United States of America on August 19, 2005 in San Diego, California, during the organization's 77th Annual National Convention.

Born in Boston, Massachusetts, Ms. Kaplan was the eldest of the late Sally and Larry Tattlebaum's four children. After graduating from high school, she attended Hickox School for Business Skills and Quincy College for Business Courses. At age 19, she married Sumner "Sunny" Kaplan, a Navy veteran of World War II. Together, they raised three children, and are the proud grandparents of six grandchildren.

Once her children were in school, Ms. Kaplan began working for the Esselte Pendaflex Corporation, a Fortune 500 company. When her husband was elected JWV Department of Massachusetts Commander, Ms. Kaplan played a vital role in reorganizing Auxiliary 302, and served as president for its first 2 crucial years. She continues to be active in her auxiliary today.

She has served the JWV Department of Massachusetts in various capacities over the years, including as its president from 1996 to 1997. She has been a member of the JWV National Ladies Auxiliary Advisory Board and has chaired several of the organization's committees. Arlene and Sunny Kaplan have been members of Temple Beth Am in Randolph for more than 50 years.

COMMEMORATING NATIONAL BLACK HIV/AIDS AWARENESS DAY

HON. ELIJAH E. CUMMINGS

OF MARYLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, March 2, 2006

Mr. CUMMINGS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commemorate National Black HIV/AIDS Awareness Day, which occurred on February 7, 2006. In its sixth year of observation, the event promotes the mobilization of the black community in an effort to educate and increase community awareness and participation about HIV/AIDS.

The event was created in February 2001 by the Community Capacity Building Coalition, a

group of national non-profit organizations whose mission is to assist in creating HIV/AIDS prevention capacity building among community organizations in the black community. The coalition was funded and formulated by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention.

The annual event emphasizes the importance of testing, education, and awareness through a unified community construct. Additionally, the day is used to remember all those who are infected as well as those who have lost their battle with the disease since its onset in the United States in 1981.

Mr. Speaker, National Black HIV/AIDS Awareness Day is a powerful combating mechanism. However, based on the current state of the disease in the African-American community as revealed by the following startling statistics and research, much more work needs to be done to halt the spread of this devastating disease.

According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention:

Although African-Americans comprise only 13 percent of the population, they account for 49 percent of all new AIDS cases in the nation. This is an alarming increase from the startling account of 25 percent of AIDS cases in 1985.

Results from a large study of African-American homosexual and bisexual men in five studies found 46 percent of the men to be HIV positive and 67 percent of them unaware of their status.

African-American women account for 67 percent of all newly diagnosed female AIDS cases.

Although African-American youth comprise only 15 percent of U.S. teenagers, they accounted for 66 percent of new AIDS cases reported among teens in 2003. A similar picture is found among African-American children.

Over a third of African Americans with HIV diagnoses (39 percent) were tested for HIV late in their illness and subsequently diagnosed with AIDS within one year of testing positive.

Additionally, in a report recently released by the Maryland AIDS Administration, the Baltimore-Towson metropolitan area, which houses my district in its entirety, is classified as having "the fifth highest AIDS case report rate of any major metropolitan area in the United States (32.8 cases per 100,000) . . . 2.2 times higher than the national average of 15.0 cases per 100,000." Within these reported cases, 89 percent are African-Americans, 62 percent are male and 65 percent are between the ages of 30–49.

These statistics are mind boggling. However, one thing remains consistent and clear. If not mitigated, the disease will continue to wreak devastation. HIV/AIDS is a pandemic that belongs to each and everyone of us and we must address it societally and holistically.

In his 2006 State of the Union address, President Bush did in fact acknowledge and address the state of HIV/AIDS in the African-American community. Specifically, he stated

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