

TABLE 2.—SUPPORTING DETAIL FOR THE SENATE CURRENT-LEVEL REPORT FOR ON-BUDGET SPENDING AND REVENUES OF FISCAL YEAR 2006, AS OF JUNE 30, 2006—Continued
 (In millions of dollars)

	Budget authority	Outlays	Revenues
Appropriation legislation	1,333,823	1,323,802	n.a.
Offsetting receipts	-479,868	-479,828	n.a.
Total, enacted in previous sessions:	2,150,089	2,092,891	1,607,180
Enacted This Session:			
Katrina Emergency Assistance Act of 2005 (P.L. 109-176)	250	250	0
An act to make available funds included in the Deficit Reduction Act for the Low-income Energy Assistance Program for 2006 (P.L. 109-204)	1,000	750	0
Native American Corrections Act of 2006 (P.L. 109-221)	23	23	3
Tax Increase Prevention and Reconciliation Act of 2006 (P.L. 109-222)	0	0	-10,757
Heroes Earned Retirement Opportunities Act (P.L. 109-227)	0	0	-1
Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act for Defense, the Global War on Terror, and Hurricane Recovery, 2006 (P.L. 109-234)	-111	143	55
Mine Improvement and New Emergency Response Act of 2006 (P.L. 109-236)	0	0	1
Total, enacted this session:	1,162	1,166	-10,699
Entitlements and mandates:			
Difference between enacted levels and budget resolution estimates for appropriated entitlements and other mandatory programs	-68,740	879	n.a.
Total Current Level, ^{1,2,3,4}	2,082,511	2,909,436	1,596,481
Total Budget Resolution	2,144,384	2,161,420	1,589,892
Adjustment to budget resolution for emergency requirement ⁴	-50,000	-62,424	n.a.
Adjusted Budget Resolution	2,909,384	1,098,996	n.a.
Current Level Over Adjusted Budget Resolution	n.a.	n.a.	6,589
Current Level Under Adjusted Budget Resolution	11,873	4,060	n.a.

Notes: n.a. = not applicable; P.L. = Public Law.
¹ P.L. 109-171 was enacted early in this session of Congress, but is shown under "enacted in previous sessions" as requested by the Committee on the Budget. Included in current-level totals for P.L. 109-171 are \$980 million in budget authority and -\$4,847 million in outlays.
² Pursuant to section 402 of H. Con. Res. 95, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2006, provisions designated as emergency requirements are exempt from enforcement of the budget resolution. As a result, the current-level totals exclude the following amounts:

	Budget authority	Outlays	Revenues
Emergency requirements enacted in previous session	74,981	112,423	-7,111
Katrina Emergency Assistance Act of 2006 (P.L. 109-1 E6)	-250	0	0
National Flood Insurance Enhanced Borrowing Authority Act of 2006 (P.L. 109-208)	2,275	2,275	0
Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act for Defense, the Global War on Terror, and Hurricane Recovery, 2006 (P.L. 109-2B4)	94,541	24,184	0
Total, enacted emergency requirements	174,547	138,882	-7,111

³ Excludes administrative expenses of the Social Security Administration, which are off-budget.
⁴ H. Con. Res. 95, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2006, assumed \$50,000 million in budget authority and \$62,424 million in outlays in fiscal year 2006 from emergency supplemental appropriations. Such emergency amounts are exempt from the enforcement of the budget resolution. Since current-level totals exclude the emergency requirements enacted in the previous session and the emergency requirements in Public Law 109-176, Public Law 109-208, and Public Law 109-234 (see footnote 2 above) budget authority and outlay totals specified in the budget resolution have also been reduced (by the amounts assumed for emergency supplemental appropriations) for purposes of comparison.
 Source: Congressional Budget Office.

THE HIGHWAY WATCH® PROGRAM

Mr. ISAKSON. Mr. President, I rise today to offer my strong support for the Highway Watch® program.

Highway Watch® is a national program to enhance the security and overall preparedness on our Nation's highways through training highway professionals to be the "eyes and ears" of our highways. The Highway Watch® program, managed by the American Trucking Associations, recruits and trains professional truck drivers to identify and report security and safety situations on our Nation's roads.

Highway Watch® has enrolled more than 330,000 highway professionals and expects to enroll more than 1,000,000 by March, 2007. In my State of Georgia, the training is mandatory for the more than 300,000 commercial drivers licensed in Georgia. To date, the State of Georgia has enrolled more than 18,000 participants.

I share with you two of the successes of the program. An instructor at a Michigan truck-driving school grew suspicious when ten students showed up to verify their safety and driving skills. The individuals had little knowledge about driving a commercial vehicle and could not verify their commercial driver's licenses. It turned out that the individuals were illegal immigrants and some were on a terrorist watch list.

In another example, Highway Watch® members reported a man photographing and videotaping fuel tanker trucks and asking questions. Forty-eight hours after a "Be On the

Look Out" (BOLO) notice was issued by Highway Watch®, the man was in custody.

This program has fostered a good working relationship between the public and private sector, and is a model for how corporations can teach vigilance to their employees. I encourage the Department of Homeland Security to place the requisite monies for this important program in the Department of Homeland Security annual budget, and encourage the appropriators to continue their commitment to the program.

I look forward to working with my colleagues and ask for continued support of the Highway Watch® program to help ensure that our Nation's highways are safe and secure.

ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

125TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE FOUNDING OF MITCHELL, SOUTH DAKOTA

• Mr. JOHNSON. Mr. President, today I wish to recognize the 125th anniversary of the founding of one of South Dakota's great cities, Mitchell. Located along I-90, Mitchell serves as the county seat of Davison County and is one of the State's most thriving communities. Mitchell is home to a strong economy, first-rate hospital, a 4-year university and a technical institute, as well as numerous tourist destinations, art, culture, shopping, and outdoor recreation.

The site of Mitchell was originally platted in 1879 and then incorporated in 1881. Mitchell may be best known as the home of the Corn Palace. Build in 1897 to showcase South Dakota's healthy agriculture climate, the Corn Palace attracts over a half million visitors annually. Each year a new theme and new murals are chosen and the Corn Palace is redecorated with corn, other grains, and native grasses. It is a great venue for displaying the variety of South Dakota agriculture. Additionally, the Corn Palace is more than a visitor's attraction; it serves as a host for state basketball tournaments, dances, meetings, banquets, and other civic events.

Also in Mitchell are historical and cultural attractions such as the Pre-historic Indian Village, Enchanted Doll Museum, and the Dakota Discovery Museum. Mitchell's economy is also boosted by the hunting and fishing industries. The community is served by the Mitchell Republic newspaper. Perhaps Mitchell's most famous resident is George McGovern, former Representative and Senator of South Dakota and 1972 Democratic nominee for President.

Mitchell boasts one of South Dakota's oldest and finest educational institutions, Dakota Wesleyan University. DWU is a 4-year university with 26 majors and 30 minors available. The latest addition to the campus, the George and Eleanor McGovern Library and Center for Leadership and Public Service, is expected to be completed in August of 2006. Mitchell is also home to Mitchell Technical Institute, a post-secondary

technical school employing cutting edge technology in five occupational areas.

The Avera Queen of Peace Hospital, one of the most advanced medical centers in the region, is also located in Mitchell. Especially noteworthy is the recently finished Avera Queen of Peace Cancer Center. The hospital employs over 700 people from the Mitchell area.

Even 125 years after its founding Mitchell remains a vital community and a great asset to South Dakota. I am pleased to honor this progressive city and offer my congratulations to the residents of the city on this historic milestone.●

60TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE PHOENIX SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

● Mr. McCAIN. Mr. President, I am pleased to congratulate the Phoenix Symphony Orchestra, which will launch the celebration of its diamond jubilee for the 2007/2008 season on December 30, 2006.

The Phoenix Symphony Orchestra is embarking on its 60th year of having a profound cultural and educational effect in the State of Arizona. Founded in 1947, the Phoenix Symphony proudly serves Phoenix and the surrounding metropolitan area, the State of Arizona, and the southwestern United States. What began as an occasional group of musicians performing a handful of concerts each year—in a city of fewer than 100,000 people—today serves more than 300,000 people annually, with 275 concerts and presentations throughout the greater Phoenix area and beyond.

Under the artistic leadership of Michael Christie as the Virginia G. Piper Music Director and administrative leadership of President Maryellen H. Gleason, the orchestra is overseen by the nonprofit Phoenix Symphony Association under Board Chairman Gerald W. Murphy.

The 76-member Phoenix Symphony presents an annual season from September through the beginning of June, featuring full-length classical and pops concerts at Symphony Hall in downtown Phoenix, in Scottsdale, in Prescott, in several Native American communities and throughout central Arizona. The symphony performs for more than 50,000 students and children, representing over 260 different schools, helping to introduce music to new generations through a variety of education and youth-engagement programs including programs at the Salt River Pima Indian Nation, Chicanos por la Causa, and Phoenix Elementary School District No. 1.

Again, I congratulate the Phoenix Symphony Orchestra for its remarkable achievements and contributions to Arizona.●

RETIREMENT OF GEORGE GULSON

● Mr. JOHNSON. Mr. President, today I wish to recognize the achievements of

Mr. George Gulson, who spent 43 years working in the Brandon Valley School System, including 13 years as superintendent. Throughout his career, Mr. Gulson has exhibited a true commitment to excellence in education by creating positive learning environments for his students.

Mr. Gulson started with Brandon Valley as the band director, a position he held for 11 years. Though he has always loved music, Mr. Gulson did not originally plan on being a teacher. Initially, he had planned on going into pharmacy, but found that his lab classes at South Dakota State University conflicted with the band schedule. Rather than stop playing in the band, he decided to go into education instead. He had several options following his graduation, but after seeing the Brandon Valley band perform at a contest, he was so impressed that he contacted the superintendent. He signed a teaching contract a few weeks later.

In 1974, Mr. Gulson accepted a position as a junior high school principal in Brandon Valley. Though being an administrator was quite different from teaching, it was a job he came to appreciate. He found that he was able to influence youth at a time in their lives when they were still learning who they are and how to interact with the world. In addition to helping students find themselves, the post also put Mr. Gulson in a position to start thinking about ways to change the school. He spent his last 3 years as principal readying the school to change from the junior high to the middle school philosophy.

Then in late 1993 came the call from the Brandon Valley School Board asking him to become superintendent. It was a job Mr. Gulson would excel at for 13 years. Among the issues Mr. Gulson faced during his tenure were a growing student population, building projects, No Child Left Behind provisions, curriculum, and funding. Brandon Valley's Performing Arts Center was built on his watch, a particularly impressive accomplishment.

George Gulson has shown unequivocal dedication to quality education throughout his stellar career. As a teacher, principal, and superintendent Mr. Gulson has helped generations of students to become lifelong learners. It is my pleasure to publicly recognize such a tireless advocate of education as Mr. Gulson. Though Mr. Gulson's day to day presence will be missed by students, parents, and the community at large, I congratulate him on his years of service and wish him the best in his retirement.●

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

At 12:32 p.m., a message from the House of Representatives, delivered by Ms. Niland, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House has passed the following bills, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 122. An act to amend the Reclamation Wastewater and Groundwater Study and Fa-

cilities Act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to participate in the Eastern Municipal Water District Recycled Water System Pressurization and Expansion Project.

H.R. 2563. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to conduct feasibility studies to address certain water shortages within the Snake, Boise, and Payette River systems in Idaho, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3462. An act to provide for the conveyance of the Bureau of Land Management parcels known as the White Acre and Gambel Oak properties and related real property to Park City, Utah, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3897. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Bureau of Reclamation to enter into a cooperative agreement with the Madera Irrigation District for purposes of supporting the Madera Water Supply Enhancement Project.

H.R. 5061. An act to direct the Secretary of the Interior to convey Paint Bank National Fish Hatchery and Wytheville National Fish Hatchery to the State of Virginia.

H.R. 5232. An act to direct the Secretary of the Interior to initiate and complete an evaluation of lands and waters located in Northeastern Pennsylvania for their potential acquisition and inclusion in a future Cherry Valley National Wildlife Refuge, and for other purposes.

H.R. 5589. An act to direct the Secretary of Homeland Security to transfer to United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement all functions of the Customs Patrol Officers unit operating on the Tohono O'odham Indian reservation.

The message also announced that the House has agreed to the following concurrent resolution, in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H. Con. Res. 427. Concurrent resolution permitting the use of the rotunda of the Capitol for a ceremony to commemorate the 75th anniversary of the establishment of the Department of Veterans Affairs.

MEASURES REFERRED

The following bills were read the first and the second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

H.R. 122. An act to amend the Reclamation Wastewater and Groundwater Study and Facilities Act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to participate in the Eastern Municipal Water District Recycled Water System Pressurization and Expansion Project; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

H.R. 2563. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to conduct feasibility studies to address certain water shortages within the Snake, Boise, and Payette River systems in Idaho, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

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