

less safe, it has ruined our Nation's credibility in the eyes of the world, and it has made us worse off economically and militarily as well.

On Tuesday we will hear from experts, including Lieutenant General William Odem and former CIA employee and Georgetown professor Dr. Paul Pillar. Additional testimony will come from experts from Save the Children, the National Priorities Project, and a representative from the Iraq and Afghanistan Veterans of America.

This war, Mr. Speaker, has many unseen costs: the costs to our military and diplomatic standing in the region; the cost to the Iraqi civilians, especially the most innocent victims, the children; the cost to America's working families who see funds being diverted away from important domestic programs to fund the ongoing occupation; and the cost to our brave men and women in service to our country. Almost 2,700 troops have given their lives for this misguided cause.

And the costs to our veterans, which may be the most heartbreaking of all: the underfunding of veterans clinics, the lack of support for those dealing with posttraumatic stress, the families left behind with little benefits or support from the Department of Defense. Veterans have sacrificed for our country. They deserve to receive our Nation's support. We have a responsibility, Mr. Speaker, a responsibility to take care of those who sacrifice and defend us during times of war.

Mr. Speaker, I voted against this war. Some of my colleagues voted for it. We disagreed then, but I think we can all agree now our troops need our support, and the best way to support the troops is to bring them home.

Earlier this year I introduced H.R. 5875, a bill to repeal the President's Iraq war powers, because Congress needs to stand up. Congress needs to take back its constitutional responsibilities. And Congress needs to insist that the President, the Commander in Chief, stop this misguided occupation of Iraq.

I urge my colleagues to join me at the forum on Tuesday from 2 to 4 p.m., and I urge you to cosponsor the Iraq War Powers Repeal Act. I also urge you to stand up for our troops by standing up for peace.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Nebraska (Mr. OSBORNE) is recognized for 5 minutes.

(Mr. OSBORNE addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.)

COMMEMORATING THE 1-YEAR ANNIVERSARY OF HURRICANE RITA

Mr. BOUSTANY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to speak out of turn.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the gentleman from Louisiana is recognized for 5 minutes.

There was no objection.

Mr. BOUSTANY. Mr. Speaker, this week southwest Louisiana will pause to commemorate the 1-year anniversary of Hurricane Rita, the third most expensive natural disaster in U.S. history.

Rita was as equally devastating as Hurricane Katrina, causing widespread destruction to our communities and our Nation's critical energy infrastructure. Since then there has been a palpable view among many of my constituents that their story has been forgotten and their needs unknown.

Throughout the past year, I have worked hard to ensure that Rita does not become "the forgotten storm" among Members of this body, and to date Congress has approved unprecedented Federal funding for our recovery. And for this the people of southwest Louisiana are grateful.

But not until you visit the coastal parishes of southwest Louisiana, Vermilion Parish, Calcasieu Parish, and Cameron Parish, can you understand the scope and magnitude of the destruction of Rita and the long road we have to protect our coast and our energy infrastructure from future disaster.

In the year since Rita, I have brought 19 House Members, including Speaker HASTERT, to southwest Louisiana to see these towns and communities and to meet the great residents of my district who were able to ensure a safe and thorough evacuation that did not result in the loss of life as we saw in New Orleans.

All of my colleagues who have joined me in visiting the communities hit hardest by Rita have come away with an increased awareness of the importance of southwest Louisiana to the energy infrastructure of the United States, as well as the need to protect our coastal wetlands and provide a continuous stream of funding to protect our communities.

The eye of Hurricane Rita made landfall in Cameron Parish, Louisiana, bringing with it a storm surge over 15 feet. In the coastal parishes of Vermilion, Cameron, and Calcasieu, the destruction was undescrivable, but no lives were lost. Local officials in southwest Louisiana were commended for managing an orderly evacuation of residents and offering a detailed plan for recovery and rebuilding. In short, the people of southwest Louisiana did, and are doing, everything right.

Amidst the ruin, the one constant was the spirit and determination of the people of southwest Louisiana. The common question from local residents was not, "Where do we go from here?" but rather, "When can we rebuild our homes, our businesses, and our way of life?"

More than any other storm, Rita exposed the critical state of our coastal wetlands and the role they play in supporting the energy infrastructure of the United States. These wetlands serve as a critical buffer against ocean

storms as well as protect industries and cities further inland. Before Rita, the projected land loss in Louisiana was approximately 24 square miles per year, the equivalent of two football fields an hour. After Rita, our coast is even more vulnerable, and some worry a modest category one hurricane could deal an even more destructive blow to our coastal parishes and the energy infrastructure that they support.

During Rita, oil platforms and drilling rigs in the storm's path were forced to shut down and evacuate their workers. This led to the halting of 98 percent of oil and natural gas production in the Gulf of Mexico.

And when the Nation's 12th largest port in Lake Charles was forced to shut down, energy production and distribution were brought a virtual standstill.

Protecting and strengthening our coasts is not only a Louisiana problem, it is an American problem. And it is one that affects American families and businesses that rely on energy we produce in Louisiana and transport throughout this country.

Thousands of oil and gas facilities are concentrated throughout the gulf coast and in southwest Louisiana, meaning that any future storm could have a crippling effect on our Nation's domestic energy production. Over one-third of the U.S. Strategic Petroleum Reserve is stockpiled in Cameron Parish in my district, and soon over 25 percent of our Nation's natural gas supply will run through that parish as well.

Mr. Speaker, often in the past year I am stopped by my colleagues here in the body who ask, how can I help? My answer to them now is very clear. Help us to protect ourselves. This year the House and Senate have already responded to this request by approving legislation that would give Louisiana its fair share of oil and gas revenues produced off our shores. This solution will provide our State with the necessary funding to protect our coastal wetlands and, in turn, the critical energy infrastructure that is so important to our U.S. economy.

The Louisiana congressional delegation is working to ensure a final compromise is presented to President Bush before the end of the this year. Now, it is up to the leadership in this body and in the Senate to bring the bill to conference and to get a compromise to President Bush. The sooner Congress acts, the sooner southwest Louisiana can protect itself from the devastation we saw from Hurricane Rita 1 year ago.

Mr. Speaker, in closing, the people of southwest Louisiana never asked for a Federal handout, but rather for a helping hand. For many Americans last year's hurricane season will be remembered by the images of chaos and confusion. For those of us who were there to witness the devastation in southwest Louisiana, the recovery of the people whose lives it forever changed, we come away with a much different story, one that gives us hope, one that shows the resiliency of the people of southwest Louisiana.