

building would become a trademark design of Claude and Stark, the architects of the EFPL.

One hundred years later, the library still stands tall, in large part thanks to the vision of Almeron Eager. As a communitarian, Mr. Eager knew that free public libraries are the cornerstone of our democracy. A library brings hope and knowledge to our children, fosters intellectual freedom, and makes important information readily available to all citizens. The mission of EFPL, and so many others, to provide equal access to resources makes free public libraries critical to fulfilling the promise of a democratic society.

Not only do our free public libraries provide intellectual enrichment but they also serve as an important community gathering place. Through a wide range of programs including discussion groups, computer classes, and family events, EFPL has worked tirelessly to give every citizen the opportunity to fulfill their potential and become an active participant in our democracy.

For the past 100 years, these overarching goals have been the foundation of the library's distinguished reputation and unwavering commitment to equality and education. I am proud to join the residents of Evansville in honoring the family of Mr. Almeron Eager and celebrating the 100th anniversary of the Eager Free Public Library.

HOLDING NORTH KOREA
ACCOUNTABLE

HON. CLIFF STEARNS

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 24, 2008

Mr. STEARNS. Madam Speaker, in 2006 the world was alarmed when North Korea tested a nuclear device. Since then, North Korea has been pressured to reveal details about its nuclear program, but it has blatantly defied transparency deadlines and Six-Party talks have yielded few results.

North Korea has recently re-declared its intent to provide a "complete and correct" declaration of all its nuclear programs, but while the U.S. awaits this declaration, we shouldn't reduce the necessary pressure required to hold North Korea accountable to its promises.

The U.S. should not ease sanctions on North Korea until we have sufficient verification measures in place. Specifically, North Korea should not be removed from the list of state sponsors of terrorism until it accurately declares the number of nuclear weapons and the amount of fissile material it has. We must continue to insist on full transparency and not acquiesce to deceitful North Korean rhetoric.

HAPPY BIRTHDAY FOR DR.
RONALD NUTT

HON. JOHN J. DUNCAN, JR.

OF TENNESSEE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 24, 2008

Mr. DUNCAN. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor a Tennessean on his 70th birthday whose scientific accomplishments have had an incalculable impact on the medical community and our Nation.

In 1969, Dr. Ronald Nutt received a PhD in Electrical Engineering at the University of Tennessee. In the nearly 40 years which followed, he pioneered technology which has saved countless lives and brought distinction to East Tennessee and the University of Tennessee.

Even those who have never heard of Positron Emission Tomography (PET) probably know someone who has been helped by it. PET is a non-invasive technique which can map the entire body with molecular imaging.

Pioneered and internationally marketed by Dr. Nutt, PET is a critical tool today in medicine, and the method is widely used in the fields of oncology, cardiology, and neurology. PET has saved countless lives by innovatively detecting tumors, improving biopsies, and helping to determine the stage of a disease. The effect of PET scanning was so extraordinary, Dr. Nutt was named Distinguished Scientist of the Year in 1999 and received the TIME Magazine Medical Innovation of the Year honor in December 2000.

Dr. Nutt's lifetime of developing this technology has led to many other discoveries. He is the holder of dozens of patents in the field of electrical engineering, with many more still pending. Prior to his work on PET technology, Dr. Nutt took a products business from a single employee to a \$10 million a year business in the 1980s. Today, he sits on the board of directors of several companies and continues to be a leader his field.

Dr. Nutt is not only an example of American ingenuity, but his work is also the benchmark for success in his field. His professional accomplishments are equal in scope only with his personal character and continued devotion to family, community, and many worthy causes.

Madam Speaker, in closing, I urge my colleagues to join me in celebrating the career of Dr. Ronald Nutt on the occasion of his 70th birthday. His work is far from over, but his impact is already certain.

INTRODUCTION OF A RESOLUTION
TO OPPOSE THE IJC'S PROPOSED
WATER LEVEL MANAGEMENT
PLAN

HON. JOHN M. MCHUGH

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 24, 2008

Mr. MCHUGH. Madam Speaker, I rise today to introduce a resolution concerning the International Joint Commission, IJC, and water level management on Lake Ontario and the St. Lawrence River. I am deeply disappointed that it has come to the point where such action by Congress is necessary.

I have the distinct privilege of representing the entirety of the American span of the St. Lawrence River, as well as a significant portion of Lake Ontario. As a native of the area, I cannot emphasize enough the importance of the selection of an appropriate water level management plan to my constituents who live, work, and vacation along Lake Ontario and the St. Lawrence River.

The Great Lakes represent the largest supply of fresh water on the planet and this vast supply of fresh water flows out to the saltwater of the Atlantic Ocean via the St. Lawrence River. However, following the completion of

the St. Lawrence Seaway and the Moses-Saunders Power Project in the 1950's, there was no choice but to come up with a plan for "artificially" regulating this outflow. Unfortunately, the current water level regulation plan, known as "1958 D with Deviations," has resulted in significant negative environmental impacts on fisheries and wildlife throughout the region I represent in Congress. For example, the current regime has resulted in the substantial derogation of at least 33,000 acres of wetlands, allowing a thick cattail monoculture to expand and replace large areas of bio-diverse meadow marsh, resulting in the loss of habitat for a wide range of aquatic, avian, and upland species.

Since 2000, the IJC's International Lake Ontario St. Lawrence River, LOSL, study has spent more than \$20 million in taxpayer money to develop an approach to water level regulation that would best suit the environmental and economic needs of this vital natural resource. And, over the years, the IJC has devised plan after plan to achieve that goal—soliciting extensive public comment to fully vet these proposals with the residents who are most affected. Yet, for all of that effort, the IJC has chosen to waste years of research and millions of dollars in taxpayer money, in addition to ignoring significant amounts of public comment, by proposing a brand new water levels regime "Plan 2007." Moreover, I am very concerned that the lack of transparency in the IJC final development of "Plan 2007" was created in the shadows and with little or no outside input.

It is clear to anyone living in this region that the wrong approach to water level regulation can have significant negative impacts. We have all seen firsthand the devastating consequences that the existing regime has had on the environment. The status quo is simply unacceptable. We need a comprehensive and effective approach to regulate the water levels of both Lake Ontario and the St. Lawrence River. Thus, like many residents along the lake and river, I invested time and effort to support the approach I believed best met the environmental and economic requirements of the region—Plan B+. I believe B+ appropriately balances sound environmental principles with the needs of both residents and recreational boaters, while, at the same time, providing benefits for the Moses-Saunders Power Project.

Virtually every regional and environmental organization that has examined this process agree that Plan B+ is based on sound scientific principles and is the one approach that best meets all the needs of the various stakeholders. Unfortunately, despite the public vetting of three proposed plans, on March 28, 2008, the IJC released "Plan 2007," which had not previously been submitted to the public for comment or fully evaluated by the scientific community and the State of New York, as the proposed water level management plan for Lake Ontario and the St. Lawrence River.

Plan 2007 does little to improve the existing water level management plan, both in terms of environmental protection and hydropower generation. Further, lessons learned from the LOSL Study will be used for the Upper Great Lakes Study to examine water levels on the St. Claire River and Lakes Ontario and Huron.

Therefore, today, along with the Gentlewoman from Western New York, Mrs. SLAUGHTER, a co-chair of the Great Lakes Task Force

and trained biologist, I am introducing a resolution which calls on the Secretary of State to not approve Plan 2007. It further asks that the Secretary ensure that any plan which is adopted provide adequate environmental protection, maximize hydropower generation, and fully considers the views of the public and affected state governments.

For the record, I am including letters of support for this resolution from Alcoa-Massena Operations; Alliance for the Great Lakes; American Rivers; Audubon; Audubon New York; Buffalo Niagara Riverkeeper; Citizens Campaign for the Environment; Ducks Unlimited—Great Lakes Region; Environmental Advocates of New York; Freshwater Future; Georgian Baykeeper for Georgian Bay Association and Foundation; Great Lakes Sport Fishing Council; Great Lakes United; International Association for Great Lakes Research; International Water Level Coalition; Izaak Walton League—New York Division; Michigan United Conservation Clubs; Midwest Environmental Advocates; National Wildlife Federation—Great Lakes; Save the River/Upper St. Lawrence Riverkeeper; The Nature Conservancy—New York; The New York State Conservation Council; Thousand Islands Land Trust; and Wisconsin Council of Trout Unlimited.

I urge my colleagues to join with Mrs. SLAUGHTER and me as cosponsors of this resolution. I will continue to work with my colleagues and my constituents by using every legislative tool at my disposal to ensure that the St. Lawrence River and Lake Ontario continue to be vibrant natural resources for future generations.

ALCOA PRIMARY METALS/
GLOBAL HARD ALLOY EXTRUSIONS,
Massena, NY, April 22, 2008.

Congressman JOHN M. MCHUGH,
Rayburn Office Building,
Washington, DC.

DEAR CONGRESSMAN MCHUGH: As a major North Country employer dependent upon hydropower for our production operations, we have a strong interest in the future of the St. Lawrence River and have closely followed the debate over various water level regulation plans.

We concur with you that it is imperative a plan be adopted by the International Joint Commission that takes into account environmental considerations and the concerns of the public, while at the same time maximizing hydropower production. As you recognize, all three of these issues—environmental considerations, public concerns regarding recreational uses and hydropower—are closely linked to the economy of this region. A St. Lawrence River water level management plan should clearly address these concerns in consideration of the economic future of the North Country.

We fully support your resolution regarding a water levels management plan that takes these three issues into account.

Sincerely,

WESLEY OBERHOLZER,
Primary Location Manager,
Alcoa Massena Operations.

AMERICAN RIVERS,
Washington, DC, April 22, 2008.

Hon. JOHN M. MCHUGH,
House of Representatives, Rayburn House Office
Building, Washington, DC.

Hon. LOUISE MCINTOSH SLAUGHTER,
House of Representatives, Rayburn House Office
Building, Washington, DC.

DEAR REPRESENTATIVES MCHUGH AND
SLAUGHTER: On behalf of our 65,000 members

and supporters, I am writing in support of your resolution expressing the sense of the U.S. House of Representatives that the International Joint Commission (IJC) should adopt an appropriate water level management plan for Lake Ontario and the St. Lawrence River.

On April 17th, American Rivers named the St. Lawrence River as one of our Most Endangered Rivers of 2008. This annual report highlights the rivers of our nation that are facing the most uncertain futures. This year, the International Joint Commission has an opportunity to revise the deleterious 50-year-old water management plan for the Moses-Saunders Dam. The current plan has severely degraded river health and is threatening the river's lucrative tourism and recreation economy, and quality of life. The IJC must adopt a plan that provides 21st century solutions that benefit the millions of people who depend upon the river.

Research conducted by more than 180 scientists from the U.S. and Canada discovered that the current plan, which severely limits natural water level fluctuations, has significantly impacted the river environment. These conditions can be reversed by allowing the river to have a more natural flow as is proposed by Plan B+, a plan currently before the IJC. Plan B+ is widely supported by federal and state agencies, including the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environment Canada and the New York Departments of Environmental Conservation and State, as well as numerous scientists, environmental groups, and federal, state and local lawmakers.

Thank you for introducing this resolution and for your leadership in ensuring that the most appropriate water level management plan is chosen for the Lake Ontario-St. Lawrence system.

Sincerely,

REBECCA R. WODDER,
President.

THE NATURE CONSERVANCY,
Albany, NY, April 21, 2008.

Congressman JOHN MCHUGH,
House of Representatives, Rayburn HOB, Wash-
ington, DC.

Congresswoman LOUISE SLAUGHTER,
House of Representatives, Rayburn HOB, Wash-
ington, DC.

DEAR CONGRESSMAN MCHUGH AND CON-
GRESSWOMAN SLAUGHTER: On behalf of the
65,000 members of The Nature Conservancy
in New York, I write in strong support of
your resolution on an environmentally sound
and economically beneficial regulation plan
for Lake Ontario and the St. Lawrence
River.

The 650-mile coastline of Lake Ontario and
the upper St. Lawrence River constitutes the
largest coastal environment in New York
State. Lake Ontario and the upper River har-
bor more than 64,000 acres of coastal wet-
lands, extensive barrier beaches, and other
coastal habitats that have been shaped over
thousands of years by the ebb and flow of the
lake and river.

Sound water management is an essential
step in preserving the ecological health of
freshwater ecosystems like Lake Ontario.
Healthy ecosystems enhance our quality of
life, and provide the foundation for a healthy
economy.

After six years of study, with stakeholder
consultation and exemplary science, the
International Joint Commission (IJC) has an
historic opportunity to exercise principles of
sound water management in the regulation
of Lake Ontario/St. Lawrence.

However, the proposed new regulation plan
released for public comment by the IJC—
Plan 2007—does not restore the 30-year cycles

that maintained the wetlands and dunes of
Lake Ontario's coast prior to advent of
water level regulation 50 years ago. The
IJC's own 6-year study demonstrated that
restoration of these age-old cycles could pro-
vide clear ecosystem benefits, and also eco-
nomic benefits to the people of the basin.

An alternative regulation plan that
achieves these benefits—Plan B+—was devel-
oped by the IJC study. The approach to
water management of Plan B+ is to mimic
Lake Ontario's natural hydrologic rhythm
while dampening the extremes of high and
low levels that can lead to economic dam-
ages.

By suggesting a pathway toward the much
greater environmental improvements of Plan
B+, the IJC recognizes the scientific basis for
the broad support this plan has received
from the State of New York and from federal
and state/provincial agencies and NGOs in
the U.S. and Canada.

Your resolution takes an important step
toward adoption of a regulation plan that
provides ecosystem benefits, addresses the
concerns of the public and the State of New
York, and increases the economic benefits
from hydropower production for all New
Yorkers. The Nature Conservancy thanks
you for your initiative in developing this
resolution, and we will join with partner orga-
nizations to bring concerned citizens to the
public hearings in support of your efforts.

Sincerely,

KATHLEEN MOSER,
Acting State Director.

AUDUBON NEW YORK,
Albany, NY, April 21, 2008.

Hon. LOUISE SLAUGHTER,
House of Representatives, Rayburn House Office
Building, Washington, DC.

Hon. JOHN MCHUGH,
House of Representatives, Rayburn House Office
Building, Washington, DC.

DEAR CONGRESSWOMAN SLAUGHTER AND
CONGRESSMAN MCHUGH: On behalf of Audu-
bon New York and the National Audubon So-
ciety, we write to you today in strong sup-
port of your resolution calling for a strong,
environmentally sustainable water level
management regulation to be developed for
Lake Ontario and the St. Lawrence River.
This strong and timely resolution sends a
clear message that the environmental needs
of the Great Lakes Ecosystem must be ade-
quately addressed and protected before any
such regulation developed by the Inter-
national Joint Commission (IJC) is ap-
proved.

As you are aware, the Great Lakes are an
amazing natural resources that is critical
not only to the region's birds and other wild-
life, but to the economy and quality of life of
the 42 million people that live within its wa-
tershed. More than 300 different bird species
call the Great Lakes their home, but due to
a host of factors, especially the loss of coast-
al wetland habitat, the populations of many
of these species are in serious decline.

Specifically in the Lake Ontario/St. Law-
rence River ecosystem, as your resolution
points out, over the last fifty years since the
IJC began regulating water levels we have
observed a fifty percent loss of coastal wet-
lands in the region. The loss of these impor-
tant habitats not only reduces nesting avail-
ability for many species of birds, but also re-
duces food availability through the loss of
important fish spawning grounds.

It is very unfortunate that the IJC has
missed this important opportunity to reverse
the decades of decline, and develop a regula-
tion that restores a more natural flow and
fluctuation of water levels in Lake Ontario
and the St. Lawrence River, which is needed
to sustain these important coastal eco-
systems. By ignoring the findings of their six

year, \$20 million study and proposing "Plan 2007", the IJC is proposing to maintain the status quo and change little from the current management plan. "Plan 2007" will not restore the natural cyclical rhythms of Lake Ontario and the St. Lawrence River as was proposed in "Plan B+", the widely supported management proposal developed in the IJC Study that would provide significant environmental improvements to the region.

Audubon New York and the National Audubon Society applauds your attention to the need to restore the coastal ecosystems of Lake Ontario and the St. Lawrence River, and strongly supports your resolution calling for the adoption of a regulation that provides ecosystem benefits, and addresses the concerns of the public and the State of New York. We thank you for your strong efforts on this critical issue, and look forward to working with you and our partners throughout the region to ensure a sound environmental plan is implemented.

Sincerely,

ALBERT E. CACCесе,
Executive Director.
JOHN FLICKER,
President.

DUCKS UNLIMITED,
Ann Arbor, MI, April 17, 2008.

Congressman JOHN MCHUGH,
House of Representatives, Rayburn HOB, Wash-
ington, DC.

Congresswoman LOUISE SLAUGHTER,
House of Representatives, Rayburn HOB, Wash-
ington, DC.

DEAR CONGRESSMAN MCHUGH AND CONGRESSWOMAN SLAUGHTER: On behalf of the 16,000 Ducks Unlimited members in New York, I would like to thank you for your initiative on developing the resolution regarding the water level management plan for Lake Ontario and the St. Lawrence River. As you know, DU has been engaged in this issue for many years, and strongly encouraged the International Joint Commission to adopt Plan B+ for future water level management of the Lake Ontario/St. Lawrence system. In our scientific opinion, Plan B+ delivered the best overall environmental, economic and social benefits to all affected interests.

In our opinion, Plan 2007 as presented by the IJC does not go far enough to remedy the past management regime, nor look forward enough to ensure multiple future benefits for the majority of affected people and resources. DU is mobilizing our membership to be present at the public information sessions and public hearings scheduled by the IJC so that our voice will be heard.

Therefore, Ducks Unlimited supports your bi-partisan House Resolution calling for the IJC to increase the level of environmental protections and benefits, fully consider the views of the public and State of New York when selecting the new plan, and maximize hydropower production (in line with Plan B+). Again, thank you for your leadership on this issue, and rest assured that Ducks Unlimited will be following this important environmental issue very closely.

Sincerely,

RAY WHITTEMORE,
Director of Conservation Programs.

APRIL 22, 2008.

Hon. JOHN MCHUGH,
House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

Hon. LOUISE M. SLAUGHTER,
House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR CONGRESSMAN MCHUGH AND CONGRESSWOMAN SLAUGHTER, We, the undersigned organizations, are writing to express our support for the house resolution you've developed that urges the International Joint

Commission to adopt a water management plan for the St. Lawrence River and Lake Ontario that takes into consideration environmental needs and the concerns of the public and affected States and urges the Secretary of State to reject any plan that does not do so.

Since the completion of the Moses-Saunders hydropower dam 50 years ago, the Lake Ontario and St. Lawrence River ecosystems have suffered consistent losses to their globally significant biodiversity due to unnatural and damaging water levels regulation. The current, 50 year-old regulation scheme has artificially constrained water levels, resulting in considerable damage to more than 50% of the region's coastal wetlands and significant impacts to many fish species and nesting water birds.

After more than five years of study funded by \$20-million taxpayer dollars, the IJC has the information necessary to select a scientifically-based and publicly supported management plan that would deliver significant environmental improvements to the region. Instead, the IJC has turned its back on the Lake and River environment by proposing a plan—Plan 2007—that continues, and perhaps even worsens, the environmental destruction of the Lake and River.

In a time of unprecedented momentum towards restoring the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence system, the actions by the IJC that would reverse restoration programs are unacceptable.

We applaud your efforts to ensure that the environment of the St. Lawrence River and Lake Ontario are protected from further damage. By introducing and supporting this resolution, you are sending a strong signal to the International Joint Commission that the status quo, which has resulted in the significant losses of wetlands throughout the River and Lake ecosystem, is not acceptable.

Sincerely,

Jennifer Caddick, Executive Director, Save The River/Upper St. Lawrence Riverkeeper; Joel Brammeier, Vice President for Policy, Alliance for the Great Lakes; April H. Gromnicki, Esq., Director, Ecosystem Restoration, Audubon; Albert E. Caccese, Executive Director, Audubon New York; Julie M. Barrett O'Neill, Esq., Riverkeeper and Executive Director, Buffalo Niagara Riverkeeper; Dereth Glance, Executive Program Director, Citizens Campaign for the Environment; Gildo M. Tori, Director of Public Policy, Ducks Unlimited; Katherine Nadeau, Water & Natural Resources Program Associate, Environmental Advocates of New York; Jill Ryan, Executive Director, Freshwater Future; Mary Muter, Vice President, Environment, Georgian Baykeeper for Georgian Bay Association and Foundation; Thomas Marks, NY Director, Great Lakes Sport Fishing Council.

John Jackson, Director, Clean Production, Great Lakes United; Robert A. Sweeney, PhD, Executive Director, International Association for Great Lakes Research; Nancy Foster, Secretary, International Water Levels Coalition; Les Monostory, President, New York Division, Izaak Walton League; Robert M. Borchak, Director at Large, Michigan United Conservation Clubs; Karen M. Schapiro, Executive Director, Midwest Environmental Advocates; Andy Buchsbaum, Regional Executive Director, National Wildlife Federation; Harold L. Palmer, President, New York State Conservation Council; Aaron R. Vogel, Executive Director, Thousand Islands Land Trust; Bill Pielsticker, Legislative Chair, Wisconsin Council of Trout Unlimited.

TAXPAYER ASSISTANCE AND SIMPLIFICATION ACT (H.R. 5719)

HON. BETTY MCCOLLUM

OF MINNESOTA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 24, 2008

Ms. MCCOLLUM of Minnesota. Madam Speaker, I rise in strong support of the Taxpayer Assistance and Simplification Act (H.R. 5719). I want to thank Chairman RANGEL and Subcommittee Chairman LEWIS for bringing this legislation to the floor which modernizes IRS functions by responding to recommendations by the Taxpayer Advocate.

The Taxpayer Assistance and Simplification Act helps to simplify the tax process and protect taxpayers from abuses. It strengthens protection from identity theft and tax fraud by requiring the IRS to notify taxpayers if it suspects identity theft. H.R. 5719 also makes the tax process simpler by eliminating an outdated requirement for detailed records of calls made on employer-provided cell phones. It strengthens outreach to ensure that working families entitled to the Earned Income Tax Credit receive the refund they have earned and provides protections from predators.

H.R. 5719 helps to ensure tax fairness by closing an offshore loophole that allows government contractors, who receive millions or billions in taxpayers' dollars, to set up companies in foreign countries to avoid paying Social Security and Medicare taxes. For example, defense contractor KBR, has reportedly avoided paying over \$100 million in Social Security and Medicare taxes by creating shell companies in the Cayman Islands.

This important bill also puts an end to the use of private debt collection agencies to collect Federal income taxes and ensure that this critical government function is performed by public servants on behalf of American taxpayers. Despite aggressive tactics, contractors only brought in a little more than half of what it cost the IRS to implement the program. IRS agents can do this more efficiently and ending this program prevents the possible misuse of confidential taxpayer information. Our constituents deserve to know that the person contacting them on behalf of the Federal Government is a public-servant, who is held to the highest standards of accountability and confidentiality, not a person whose paycheck depends solely on the number of collections they make.

I urge my colleagues to support the Taxpayer Assistance and Simplification Act.

IN RECOGNITION OF THE GRAND OPENING OF THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS COMMUNITY-BASED OUTPATIENT CLINIC IN OKALOOSA COUNTY, FLORIDA

HON. JEFF MILLER

OF FLORIDA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, April 24, 2008

Mr. MILLER of Florida. Madam Speaker, it is a great honor for me to rise today to recognize the grand opening on April 25, 2008, of the Department of Veterans Affairs Community-Based Outpatient Clinic (CBOC) in Okaloosa County, located in the First Congressional District in Northwest Florida.