

2007, but a recent shift from calendar year reporting to fiscal year reporting makes comparisons with data from previous years much more difficult.

The Pentagon has made some efforts to manage this epidemic—most notably in 2005, after the media received anonymous e-mail messages about sexual assaults at the Air Force Academy. The press scrutiny and congressional attention that followed led DOD to create the Sexual Assault and Response Office. Since its inception, SAPRO has initiated training and improved reporting of rapes and sexual assaults but has inexplicably failed to track prosecution rates or how victims are faring within the military structure.

At the heart of this crisis is an apparent inability or unwillingness to prosecute rapists in the ranks. According to the DOD's own statistics, a mere 181 out of 2,212 subjects—or 8 percent—investigated for sexual assault in 2007 (including 1,259 reports of rape) were referred to courts martial. In nearly half of the cases investigated, the chain of command took no action and in the majority of those that were acted upon, the offenders were assigned administrative or non-judicial punishment. In other words, slaps on the wrist. In more than one-third of the cases that were not pursued, the commander took no action because of “insufficient evidence.”

This is in stark contrast to the civil justice system, where 40 percent of those arrested for rape are prosecuted, according to the Department of Justice and FBI.

The DOD must close this gap and remove the obstacles to effective investigation and prosecution. Failure to draw bright red lines produces two harmful consequences: it deters victims from reporting rapes and it fails to deter offenders. The absence of rigorous prosecution perpetuates a culture tolerant of sexual assault and rape—an attitude that says “boys will be boys.”

The legislation that Mr. TURNER and I introduce today calls on the Secretary of Defense to develop and implement a comprehensive strategy to end assault and rape in the military—to encourage and increase investigations and prosecutions.

I have raised the issue personally with Defense Secretary Gates, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs Admiral Mullen, and Army Secretary Geren, among others. While they express real concern, thus far the military's response has been underwhelming. The apparent lack of urgency is inexcusable.

Congress can do better too. While these sexual assault statistics are readily available, our oversight has failed to come to grips with the magnitude of the crisis. No doubt the abhorrent and graphic nature of the reports makes people uncomfortable. But this is no excuse for inaction. I applaud the National Security and Foreign Affairs Subcommittee of the Oversight and Government Reform Committee for holding hearings later this week to shine a light on the failure of existing policies.

Madam Speaker, most of our service women and men are patriotic, courageous and hard-working people who embody the best of what it means to be an American. The failure to stem sexual assault and rape in the military runs counter to those ideals and shames us all.

#### INTRODUCTION ON THE CONNELL LAKE WATERSHED PROTECTION AND RECREATION ACT

### HON. DON YOUNG

OF ALASKA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 29, 2008*

Mr. YOUNG of Alaska. Madam Speaker, today I introduce a really simple bill which will help one of the towns in my home State of Alaska. This bill will fix a problem which cannot be solved without this legislation. The bill, entitled the Connell Lake Watershed Protection bill, will allow the Forest Service to apply the Recreation and Public Purposes Act to a vital watershed in the Ketchikan Gateway Borough.

By doing this, the local government, the Borough, can manage and protect the watershed which is now owned by the Forest Service. While the Forest Service can manage this area, it is better that the local government has control of its own watershed since that watershed is located within the Borough's boundaries.

This is a small area—just 880 acres consisting of a natural lake which was enlarged by a dam constructed in the 1950s when the area was used by the now defunct Ketchikan Pulp Company. The company needed a water source and constructed a small dam to enlarge the already existing, natural Connell Lake. That lake has since served as a water source for the Ketchikan area and the Borough wishes to own and maintain the lake and the surrounding area.

If Ketchikan were not completely contained within the Tongass National Forest, there would be an easy solution, the Recreation and Public Purposes Act, which is specifically designed to solve problems like these. If these lands were in the public domain in the lower 48 States, the Bureau of Land Management would simply process a deed under that Act to allow the Borough obtain ownership of the land subject to a reverter if the land is not used for either recreation or public purposes.

However, the Recreation and Public Purposes Act does not apply to the National Forest System. So, Congress must approve the use of the act for this purpose. This is not an unprecedented situation, and Congress has passed similar legislation in the past. For example, in The Southern Nevada Public Land Management act of 1998, P. L. 105–263, Congress approved a bill to allow this Act to be used in both Southern Nevada and in the Tahoe Basin, which lands became part of the National Forest System.

So, Madam Speaker, I ask only that this bill be passed to allow local government to use the Act just as it would in Nevada or any other western state. The Borough is well able to handle this management and will maintain the current management which is as a recreational site and for water source and watershed protection. The full terms and conditions of the Recreation and Public Purposes Act would apply—no exceptions are being asked.

I look forward to rapid consideration and passage of this bill.

#### PERSONAL EXPLANATION

### HON. TED POE

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 29, 2008*

Mr. POE. Madam Speaker, on H. Res. 1311—National Gear Up Day, H. Res. 1202—National Guard Youth Challenge Day, H.R. 6493—Aviation Safety Enhancement Act of 2008, I was not able to return to the House because myself and 6 other Members of Congress from Texas had to make an emergency plane landing due to mechanical problems on CO flight 458. Thus this emergency prevented a timely return to Washington, DC.

Had I been present, I would have voted “yea” on all three of these measures.

#### TRIBUTE TO DALE MORSE

### HON. TOM LATHAM

OF IOWA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 29, 2008*

Mr. LATHAM. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize Dale Morse for his longtime service to the International Lions Club.

Dale has been a member of the Rippey, Iowa Lions Club for 40 years. The International Lions Club is a volunteer organization which works together to answer the needs that challenge communities around the world, including an end to preventable blindness, cleaning local parks and providing essential supplies to victims of natural disasters. Dale's dedication to his community and fulfilling the objectives of the Iowa Lions Club has made a lasting impact on those around him.

Although Dale is no longer able to regularly attend meetings, his Lions Club membership remains active, and his community remains grateful for his service and continued participation. I consider it an honor to represent Dale Morse in the United States Congress, and I wish him the very best in his future.

#### EARMARK DECLARATION

### HON. JIM SAXTON

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 29, 2008*

Mr. SAXTON. Madam Speaker, pursuant to House Republican Earmark Guidance, I am including the following projects I supported that were included in the 2008 President's Budget and subsequently received funding in H.R. 6599:

Project: Modified Record Range  
 Cost: \$3,825,000  
 Account: Military Construction—Army  
 Legal Name of Requesting Entity: McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst Joint Base  
 Address of Requesting Entity: Command Headquarters, Building 5417, Fort Dix, NJ 08640.

Description of Request: Range will train and test individual soldiers on the skills necessary to identify, engage and defeat stationary infantry targets for day/night qualification requirements with the M16 and M4 rifles. Range improves the capability of Fort Dix, which supports the Army Reserve and National Guard

forces as one of the four main power projection platforms

Project: Advanced Arresting Gear Test Site  
Cost: \$15,440,000

Account: Military Construction—Navy

Legal Name of Requesting Entity: McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst Joint Base

Address of Requesting Entity: Naval Air Engineering Station, Hwy 547 Building 150-3, Lakehurst, NJ 08733.

Description of Request: Project provides permanent facilities that will be part of the recovery test sites, which will support the new CVN 78 carriers. Advanced Arresting Gear will provide a reliable aircraft recovery system consistent with current technology for controlled deceleration of landing aircraft. The Advanced Arresting Gear will initially serve as the forerunner for ship installations and eventually serve as the land-based testing facility.

#### EARMARK DECLARATION

**HON. JAMES T. WALSH**

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 29, 2008*

Mr. WALSH of New York. Madam Speaker, consistent with Republican transparency standards, the following is a disclosure for each of my requested projects in H.R. 6599, the FY 2009 Military Construction-VA Appropriations Bill:

Requesting Member: Rep. JAMES T. WALSH.  
Bill Number: H.R. 6599.

Account: Military Construction—Air National Guard.

Legal Name of Representing Entity: Hancock Field, Air National Guard, Syracuse, NY.

Address of Requesting Entity: 6001 East Malloy Road, Syracuse, NY 13211.

Description of Request: (1) Include \$5 million for Hancock Field—TFI—Predator IOC/FOC Beddown. This is included in the President's FY 2009 Budget Request. Funding will be used for conversion and upgrade of the Squadron Operations Facility to bed down Predator Operations Center (POC), Ground Control Station (GOC) and squadron operation functions. Rearrange and extend interior walls and utilities. Provide secure areas and Sensitive Compartmentalized Information Facility (SCIF) and alarm systems. Provide sustain-

able design elements and high efficiency energy-saving features/materials. Provide standby power with uninterruptible power capability. Exterior work includes: utility support, pavements, site improvements, fire protection, and antiterrorism force protection measures. See DD Form 1391 for project details.

(2) Include \$5.4 million for Hancock Field—Upgrade ASOS Facilities (Included in FYDP); Funding will be used for an addition: metal framed, masonry slab-on-grade facility with standing seam metal roof, architecturally compatible to existing facility. Rearrange and extend interior walls and utilities. Provide interior walls, ceilings, and floor coverings and finishes as well as plumbing, electrical, heating, ventilation, air conditioning, alarms, and fire detection and suppression functions. Provide exterior support such as pavements, utilities, site improvements, fire protection and all other necessary work as required. Install utility metering and connect to Direct Digital Control System. See DD Form 1391 for project details.

#### EARMARK DECLARATION

**HON. MIKE ROGERS**

OF ALABAMA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 29, 2008*

Mr. ROGERS of Alabama. Madam Speaker, in accordance with the Republican Conference standards regarding Member initiatives, I am submitting the following information for publication in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD regarding the earmark I received as part of the Military Construction and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year 2009.

Requesting Member: Congressman MIKE ROGERS (Alabama).

Bill Number: H.R. 6599, Military Construction—Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act for FY 2009.

Account: MILCON, Army.

Legal Name of Entity: Anniston Army Depot.

Address of Requesting Entity: 7 Frankford Avenue, Anniston, AL 36201.

Description of Request: This earmark provides \$1,400,000 for the Lake Yard Interchange. The funding will be used to construct an interchange and inspection building in the ammunition and explosives classification (Lake

Yard) area of the Anniston Army Depot. This includes the move of ammunition classification from Turner Yard to the Lake Yard. Additionally, the site utilities will include electrical power, information technology, water, septic tank/field lines. The railroad track work will include new track for the interchange and spur.

#### EARMARK DECLARATION

**HON. JOE KNOLLENBERG**

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Tuesday, July 29, 2008*

Mr. KNOLLENBERG. Madam Speaker, consistent with New Republican Earmark Disclosure Requirements, I hereby submit the following information regarding earmarks listed in the Fiscal Year 2009 Military Construction and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, which to my knowledge, have my name listed as a sponsor of the given earmark. The information provided for each earmark consists of the name of the project, account, funding level, and the justification for the use of taxpayer dollars.

Requesting Member: Representative JOE KNOLLENBERG (R-MI).

Bill Number: H.R. 6599.

Account Information: Army National Guard, Military Construction.

Name of Earmark and Amount Listed in the Report: Urban Assault Course.

Legal Name and Address of Receiving Entity: Michigan National Guard, Camp Grayling.

Earmark Description: The funding will be used for combat leaders to train and evaluate their unit during urban assault practice scenarios.

Requesting Member: Representative JOE KNOLLENBERG (R-MI).

Bill Number: H.R. 6599.

Account Information: Army National Guard, Military Construction.

Name of Earmark and Amount Listed in the Report: Live Fire Shoot House.

Legal Name and Address of Receiving Entity: Michigan National Guard, Camp Grayling.

Earmark Description: The funding will be used for combat leaders to train and evaluate their unit during live fire practice scenarios.