When the school opened its doors on September 14, 1906, it became the world’s first school of journalism. The University Missourian published its first issue that day, exemplifying the school’s “Missouri Method” of hands-on training at multiple professional media facilities affiliated with the school. In fact, the school still operates the only network-affiliated television newsroom in the country designed as a teaching facility.

The school’s pioneering endeavors continued in 1921 and 1934 with the awarding of the first master’s and doctoral degrees in journalism. And now more than 20,000 alumni from all over the world have become leaders in journalism, mass communication, and academia.

The free press plays an integral role in our society, as a champion of freedom and watchdog of liberty. The achievements of this school are a mark of pride for its students and faculty, for Missourians, and the Nation. I congratulate the school on the celebration of its 100th anniversary and look forward to future groundbreaking endeavors from the school’s leadership, faculty, alumni, and students.

TRIBUTE TO THE MALCOLM GROW MEDICAL CENTER

Ms. MIKULSKI. Mr. President, today I wish to recognize the great services that the Malcolm Grow Medical Center has done for this country. Malcolm Grow celebrated its 50th anniversary on July 31, 2008, and in those 50 years, it has provided medical care for those serving in the U.S. Air Force as well as their families. They follow in the proud tradition of medicine which their namesake developed.

MG Malcolm C. Grow was the first surgeon general of the U.S. Air Force, serving from July 1 to November 30, 1949. In 1943, General Grow received the Legion of Merit for developing body armor to protect combat crews. His research led the way in developing a light body armor and steel helmet that saved many lives and improved our fighters’ morale.

Today there are 372,200 eligible beneficiaries within 40 miles of the Malcolm Grow Medical Center. On a typical day, Malcolm Grow provides see 930 outpatients, 30 dental patients, 72 emergency room patients and has 150 inpatients. Staff complete seven surgical procedures and perform two deliveries. The Aeromedical Staging Flight takes care of 30 patients transitioning through the National Capital Region and carries 1,963 pharmacy procedures. In 2007, Malcolm Grow oversaw over 10,400 patient and attendant movements alone.

General Grow’s innovative spirit has lived on at the Malcolm Grow Medical Center as it celebrates its 50th birthday. There are the East Coast hub for aeromedical evacuation and provide health care services to our Nation’s top leaders. I am proud to honor the great contribution which this facility has made to our service members, our Armed Forces, and our Nation.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Mrs. Neiman, one of his secretaries.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the President laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations and a treaty referred to the appropriate committees. (The nominations received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

MESSAGE STATING THAT THE STATUTORY PREREQUISITE TO BECOME EFFECTIVE IS NOT LONGER REQUIRED BY SECTION 123 B. OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY ACT OF 1946, FOR THE PROPOSED AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION FOR COOPERATION IN THE FIELD OF PEACEFUL USES OF NUCLEAR ENERGY TRANSMITTED TO THE SENATE ON MAY 13, 2008—FM 64

The PRESIDENT-OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

To the Congress of the United States:

On May 13, 2008, I transmitted a message to the Congress transmitting the text of a proposed Agreement for Cooperation Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Russian Federation for Cooperation in the Field of Peaceful Uses of Nuclear Energy (the “Proposed Agreement”), pursuant to sections 123 b. and 123 d. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1946, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2153 (b), (d)) (the “Act”).

In view of recent actions by the Government of the Russian Federation incompatible with peaceful relations with its neighbors and democratic neighbor Georgia, I have determined that the determination regarding the proposed Agreement in Presidential Determination 2008-19 is no longer effective. Accordingly, a statutory prerequisite for the proposed Agreement to become effective, as required by section 123 b. of the Act, is no longer satisfied. If circumstances should permit future reconsideration of the proposed Agreement, a new determination will be made and the proposed Agreement will be submitted for congressional review pursuant to section 123 of the Act.

GEORGE W. BUSH

The WHITE HOUSE, September 8, 2008.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE RECEIVED DURING RECESS

ENROLLED BILL SIGNED

Under the authority of the order of the Senate of January 4, 2007, the Secretary of the Senate, on August 4, 2008, during the recess of the Senate, received a message from the House of Representatives announcing that the Speaker has signed the following enrolled bill:

S. 373. An act to provide pending claims against Libya by United States nationals, and for other purposes.

Under the authority of the order of the Senate of January 4, 2007, the enrolled bill was signed on August 1, 2008, during the recess of the Senate by the President pro tempore (Mr. Byrd).

ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

Under the authority of the order of the Senate of January 4, 2007, the Secretary of the Senate, on August 4, 2008, during the recess of the Senate, received a message from the House of Representatives announcing that the Speaker has signed the following enrolled bills:

H.R. 2260. An act to designate the Department of Veterans Affairs outpatient clinic in Wenatchee, Washington, as the Elwood ‘Bud’ Link Department of Veterans Affairs Outpatient Clinic.

H.R. 4137. An act to amend and extend the Higher Education Act of 1965, and for other purposes.

H.R. 5210. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 401 Washington Avenue in Weldon, North Carolina, as the “Dock M. Brown Post Office Building”.

H.R. 4918. An act to name the Department of Veterans Affairs medical center in Miami, Florida, as the “Bruce W. Carter Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center”.

H.R. 5477. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 128 South Del Mar Avenue in San Gabriel, California, as the “Chi Mui Post Office Building”.

H.R. 5483. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 14494 White Granite Drive in Oakton, Virginia, as the “Private First Class David H. Sharrett II Post Office Building”.

H.R. 5631. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 1155 Seminole Trail in Charlottesville, Virginia, as the “Corporal Bradley T. Arms Post Office Building”.

H.R. 6063. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 219 East Main Street in West Frankfort, Illinois, as the “Kenneth James Gray Post Office Building”.

H.R. 6085. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 42222 Rancho Las Palmas Drive in Rancho Mirage, California, as the “Gerald R. Ford Post Office Building”.

H.R. 6150. An act to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 1450 Loring Avenue in Cleveland, Ohio, as the “John P. Gallagher Post Office Building”.

H.R. 6380. An act to designate the Federal building and United States courthouse located at 300 Quarropas Street in White Plains, New York, as the “Charles L.