

Capitol Power Plant. I would appreciate your further response to these two additional questions:

1. You indicated that “in a series of projects starting in 1989, individual boilers within the plant have been modified to be capable of burning natural gas.” What was the total capital cost (or your best estimate) of those modifications?

2. In my previous letter I asked where the coal is produced that is burned in the plant, and you responded that the coal is purchased through GSA and the Defense Energy Support Center. Can you tell me which state(s) the coal comes from?

I appreciate your attention to this request, and look forward to your response.

Sincerely,

ED WHITFIELD,
Member of Congress.

THE ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL,
Washington, DC, April 2, 2009.

Hon. ED WHITFIELD,
House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR CONGRESSMAN WHITFIELD: Thank you for your letter of March 25, 2009 regarding the Capitol Power Plant. I appreciate your continued leadership on energy issues and your support of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol (AOC). Your letter contained two questions addressed below.

You asked for an estimate of the total capital investment made in recent years for modifying boilers at the Capitol Power Plant to burn natural gas. We have completed several projects stretching over the past twelve years to convert individual boilers to burn natural gas. The capital investment for these projects was approximately \$1.5 million.

You also asked which state supplies coal used at the Capitol Power Plant. The AOC purchases coal through the Government Services Agency (GSA) and the Defense Energy Support Center. These entities are responsible for determining the source of coal supplied under their contract. It is our understanding, based on information from the GSA, that the most recent supplier of coal for the plant is located in West Virginia.

Should you have further questions about the Capitol Power Plant, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

STEPHEN T. AYERS, AIA,
Acting Architect of the Capitol.

MILANA ATENCIO

HON. ED PERLMUTTER

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 25, 2010

Mr. PERLMUTTER. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize and applaud Milana Atencio who has received the Arvada Wheat Ridge Service Ambassadors for Youth award. Milana Atencio is a 12th grader at Arvada High School and received this award because her determination and hard work have allowed her to overcome adversities.

The dedication demonstrated by Milana Atencio is exemplary of the type of achievement that can be attained with hard work and perseverance. It is essential students at all levels strive to make the most of their education and develop a work ethic which will guide them for the rest of their lives.

I extend my deepest congratulations once again to Milana Atencio for winning the Arvada Wheat Ridge Service Ambassadors for Youth award. I have no doubt she will exhibit the

same dedication and character to all her future accomplishments.

CAREGIVERS AND VETERANS
OMNIBUS HEALTH SERVICES ACT

HON. C.A. DUTCH RUPPERSBERGER

OF MARYLAND

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 25, 2010

Mr. RUPPERSBERGER. Madam Speaker, I rise in support of S. 1963, the “Caregivers and Veterans Omnibus Health Services Act.” I voted for components of this bill and would have voted in favor of this bill if not home recovering from surgery. This important legislation will help us to meet the needs of the men and women who have courageously sacrificed for our country and those that now care for them.

This bill ensures that veterans and their families get the care and support they need after they have put their lives on the line defending our great country. We in Congress made a promise not to leave our veterans behind and this bill renews that promise. This bill addresses the unique needs of the families and caregivers of our wounded warriors, of returning women soldiers and those veterans who are catastrophically disabled.

This bill provides support services to family and other caregivers of veterans, including education on how to give better care, counseling and mental health services, and respite care for family and other caregivers of all veterans. It also provides health care and a stipend for caregivers living with severely wounded veterans of Iraq and Afghanistan, many of whom have had to leave a job to care for their veteran full-time.

This bill improves health services for nearly 2 million female veterans. The VA will be able to provide care for female veterans’ newborns for up to seven days for the first time in history and improve treatment for sexual trauma victims. It requires the VA to conduct a study of barriers to female veterans seeking health care and implement a reintegration pilot program.

This law ensures the VA can better treat veterans suffering from mental health issues and provides the VA with resources to learn more about the tragically high suicide rate among veterans. This bill also prohibits copayments for veterans who are catastrophically disabled and creates a pilot program to provide certain dental services to veterans, survivors and their dependents. It also expands grants that fund critical organizations offering transitional housing and other support for homeless veterans.

I believe this legislation offers comprehensive solutions to major, high-priority challenges facing veterans and their families. It brings hope to the men and women in uniform who have dedicated their lives to our country, and their families who have in turn dedicated their lives to caring for their wounded warriors at home.

TRIBUTE AND CONGRATULATIONS
TO MRS. EMMA ALLEN ON THE
OCCASION OF HER 100TH BIRTH-
DAY

HON. DANNY K. DAVIS

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 25, 2010

Mr. DAVIS of Illinois. Madam Speaker, I take this opportunity to congratulate Mrs. Emma Allen who was born on June 2, in Bessemer, Alabama and now resides at Lexington Healthcare of Elmhurst, IL.

Mrs. Allen has lived a long and fruitful life; she is the last of twelve siblings, was married to her late husband Mr. John Allen for 68 years and has one (1) daughter, three (3) grandchildren, six (6) great grandchildren, and three (3) great-great grandchildren.

I also commend Lexington Healthcare of Elmhurst, IL for providing excellent care for individuals like Mrs. Allen so that they may be able to live and enjoy life even though they may have reached the age of 100.

I also commend and thank granddaughter Ms. Janice Meeks for bringing Mrs. Allen to our attention and I wish and hope that all grandparents would have grandchildren like her.

PERMANENTLY EXTENDING THE
FIRST-TIME HOMEBUYER TAX
CREDIT

HON. RON PAUL

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 25, 2010

Mr. PAUL. Madam Speaker, today I introduce legislation to permanently extend the first-time homebuyer tax credit and to make the credit available to people whose homes have been destroyed by a natural disaster, such as a hurricane. The legislation also makes a number of changes to existing tax credits in order to enhance their usefulness to victims of natural disasters. Specifically, this bill makes the casualty loss deductions available to taxpayers who do not itemize and it makes the casualty loss provision available for five years after the disaster. This legislation also helps people who have lost their jobs because of a natural disaster by making unemployment payments provided under the Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act tax free.

Renewing the first-time home buyer’s credit will help Americans purchase a first home with their own money, instead of having to rely on government-funded or backed programs. The other sections of this legislation were inspired by conversations my staff and I had with constituents who had to purchase new homes because Hurricane Ike destroyed their prior homes. The first-time homebuyer’s tax credit could be of tremendous value to these people, yet the law denies them the credit because they are replacing destroyed homes. My bill not only reinstates that first-time homebuyer’s credit, it also corrects that oversight.

It is hard to think of a more beneficial or compassionate expansion of the first-time homebuyer tax credit than to make the credit available to those whose homes have been destroyed or damaged by natural disasters. In