

more American-born workers in the U.S.” What is wrong with that?

In an August 7, 2010, Economic Times article, Jeya Kumar, a CEO of a top IT company, said this bill would “erode cost arbitrage and cause a change in the operational model of Indian offshore providers.” Exactly. That is what we want.

The leaders of this business model are agreeing that our bill will make it more expensive to bring in foreign tech workers to compete with American tech workers for jobs in America. That means these companies are going to have to start to hire U.S. tech workers again.

This bill is not only a responsible border security bill, it has the dual advantage of creating more high-paying American jobs.

Finally, I want to be clear about one other thing. Even though passing this bill will secure our borders, I again say the only way to fully restore the rule of law to our entire immigration system is by passing comprehensive immigration reform.

In my many meetings with folks on the other side of the aisle to try to gain their support for comprehensive reform, I repeatedly heard them say that once we show we are serious about passing border security legislation, they would be able to begin working with us to fix all of the other aspects of our broken immigration system.

Make no mistake about it, our entire immigration system is broken. It is a patient that needs quadruple bypass surgery. A single bypass surgery of border security alone is important but not enough to cure the patient of its ailment. We also need to enact tough and smart immigration reform that will, A, end the jobs magnet to the United States by requiring that all legal workers show a secure Social Security card prior to obtaining a job; B, end visa overstays through robust interior enforcement; and, C, require that all persons here unlawfully make their presence known to us by registering with the Federal Government and then either getting right with the law or leaving the country.

It is my hope that the bill we are passing today will break the deadlock that has existed in Congress and will clear the path for us to finally resume bipartisan negotiations in good faith on reforming our broken immigration system. I intend to do everything I can to make that happen.

But negotiations cannot happen out of thin air. It will take serious Republicans working with serious Democrats to get this done. I urge my colleagues on both sides of the aisle to join in this very important task.

With this bill’s passage today, we will clearly show we are serious about securing our Nation’s borders. It is time for our colleagues on both sides of the aisle to join in fixing our entire broken immigration system.

The urgency for immigration reform cannot be overstated because it is so

overdue. The time for excuses is now over. The time to get to work is now.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be read three times, passed, the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, and that any statements relating to the bill be printed in the RECORD.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The bill (H.R. 6080) was ordered to a third reading, was read the third time, and passed.

#### MORNING BUSINESS

##### TRIBUTE TO JACK KEENEY

• Mr. LEAHY. Mr. President, I would like to mark the coming retirement of a legend in the Department of Justice—John C. “Jack” Keeney.

As a former prosecutor, and through decades of oversight of the Department of Justice on the Judiciary Committee, I have developed an immense appreciation for the dedication and skill of the Department’s career prosecutors and attorneys. When politics have threatened to infect the good work of the Department in the past, I have emphasized the importance of the Department’s career professionals. I know Attorney General Holder shares my regard for the Department’s hardworking career prosecutors. With more than 6 decades of Federal Government service and well over a half century of pioneering work in the Department’s Criminal Division, Jack Keeney has come to embody the ideal of a career Justice Department attorney.

Jack Keeney served in the Army Air Corps in World War II, during which his plane was shot down. He survived a Nazi POW camp. He went to college and law school under the GI Bill and joined the Justice Department in 1951. He has diligently served every administration since President Truman.

At the Justice Department, Jack Keeney worked on internal security matters in the 1950s, prosecuted organized crime in the 1960s under Attorney General Robert Kennedy, and helped to expand the Department’s white collar prosecutions as Chief of the Criminal Division’s Fraud Section beginning in 1969.

In 1973, he was appointed Deputy Assistant Attorney General of the Criminal Division, a position he has now held for close to 4 decades. He has on numerous occasions served as Acting Assistant Attorney General and has long been the senior career official supervising some of the Justice Department’s most important and most sensitive matters, including organized crime, public corruption, and electronic surveillance.

Jack Keeney has received almost every conceivable honor for exceptional government legal work, including the Attorney General’s Award for Exceptional Service, the District of Columbia Bar’s Beatrice Rosenberg Award for Outstanding Government

Service, and the Presidential Rank Award for Distinguished Service.

The Department of Justice is defined by the career professionals who, day in and day out, exemplify dedication, integrity, and a commitment to justice. Jack Keeney has personified these qualities for the past 6 decades. The Department and the country are better for his exceptional service. I thank him for his service and wish him well in his well-deserved retirement. I hope that generations of lawyers at the Justice Department will be inspired by his example and seek to follow in his footsteps.●

#### AUTHORIZING SIGNING OF DULY ENROLLED BILLS AND/OR JOINT RESOLUTIONS

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that after today, Thursday, August 12, Senator LANDRIEU be authorized to sign any duly enrolled bills and/or joint resolutions on any day until Friday, August 20, 2010.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE RECEIVED DURING ADJOURNMENT

##### ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

Under the authority of the order of the Senate of January 6, 2009, the Secretary of the Senate, on August 10, 2010, during the adjournment of the Senate, received a message from the House announcing that the House agree to the amendment of the Senate to the amendment of the House to the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 1586) to modernize the air traffic control system, improve the safety, reliability, and availability of transportation by air in the United States, provide for modernization of the air traffic control system, reauthorize the Federal Aviation Administration, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Speaker has signed the following enrolled bills:

H.R. 511. An act to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to terminate certain easements held by the Secretary on land owned by the Village of Caseyville, Illinois, and to terminate associated contractual arrangements with the Village.

H.R. 1586. An act to modernize the air traffic control system, improve the safety, reliability, and availability of transportation by air in the United States, provide for modernization of the air traffic control system, reauthorize the Federal Aviation Administration, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2097. An act to require the Secretary of the Treasury to mint coins in commemoration of the bicentennial of the writing of the Star-Spangled Banner, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3509. An act to reauthorize State agricultural mediation programs under title V of the Agricultural Credit Act of 1987.

H.R. 4275. An act to designate the annex building under construction for the Elbert P. Tuttle United States Court of Appeals Building in Atlanta, Georgia, as the “John C. Godbold Federal Building”.