

By Mr. STEARNS:

H.R. 171.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. STEARNS:

H.R. 172.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Article I, Section 5, Clause 2 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. STEARNS:

H.R. 173.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
Article I, Section 8, Clause 3 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi:

H.R. 174.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
The U.S. Constitution including Article 1, Section 8.

By Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi:

H.R. 175.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
The U.S. Constitution including Article 1, Section 8.

By Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi:

H.R. 176.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
The U.S. Constitution including Article I, Section 8.

By Mr. THORNBERRY:

H.R. 177.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:
This bill is enacted pursuant to Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. WILSON of South Carolina:

H.R. 178.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, section 8 of the United States Constitution (clauses 12, 13, 14, and 16), which grants Congress the power to raise and support an Army; to provide and maintain a Navy; to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; and to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States.

By Mr. WILSON of South Carolina:

H.R. 179.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, section 8 of the United States Constitution (clauses 12, 13, 14, and 16), which grants Congress the power to raise and support an Army; to provide and maintain a Navy; to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; and to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States.

By Mr. WILSON of South Carolina:

H.R. 180.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, section 8 of the United States Constitution (clauses 12, 13, 14, and 16), which grants Congress the power to raise and support an Army; to provide and maintain a Navy; to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; and to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States, reserving to the States, respectively, the appointment of officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress.

By Mr. WILSON of South Carolina:

H.R. 181.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, section 8 of the United States Constitution (clauses 12, 13, 14, and 16), which grants Congress the power to raise and support an Army; to provide and maintain a Navy; to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; and to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States.

By Mr. WILSON of South Carolina:

H.R. 182.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 9, Clause 7 of the United States Constitution, which states no money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in consequence of appropriation made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

By Mr. WILSON of South Carolina:

H.R. 183.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 16 of the United States Constitution, which grants Congress the power to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States.

By Mr. WILSON of South Carolina:

H.R. 184.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Amendment XVI to the Constitution which gives Congress the power to lay and collect taxes on incomes.

By Mr. WILSON of South Carolina:

H.R. 185.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Amendment XVI to the Constitution which gives Congress the power to lay and collect taxes on incomes.

By Mr. WILSON of South Carolina:

H.R. 186.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, section 8 of the United States Constitution (clauses 12, 13, 14, and 16), which grants Congress the power to raise and support an Army; to provide and maintain a Navy; to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; and to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the Service of the United States.

By Mr. WILSON of South Carolina:

H.R. 187.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 9, Clause 7 which states that no money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law; and a regular Statement and Account of the Receipts and Expenditures of all public Money shall be published from time to time. The Appropriations Clause provides Congress with a mechanism to control or to limit spending by the federal government.

By Mr. WOODALL:

H.R. 188.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the procedural power granted to the House of Representatives pursuant to Article I, Section 7, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution.

This bill is enacted pursuant to the appropriations powers enumerated to Congress in Article I, Section 9, Clause 7 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. WOODALL:

H.R. 189.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted in fidelity to the powers vested in Congress in Article I, Section 1 of the United States Constitution and to prohibit encroachment of individual rights granted in Amendment IX and state's rights granted in Amendment X of the United States Constitution.

By Ms. WOOLSEY:

H.R. 190.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is introduced under the powers granted to Congress under Article 1 of the Constitution.

By Ms. WOOLSEY:

H.R. 191.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is introduced under the powers granted to Congress under Article 1 of the Constitution.

By Ms. WOOLSEY:

H.R. 192.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1.

By Mr. LATOURETTE:

H.R. 193.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, section 8, clause 4 of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. PASTOR of Arizona:

H.R. 194.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 4 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. PASTOR of Arizona:

H.R. 195.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 4 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. GOODLATTE:

H.J. Res. 1.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article V of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. GOODLATTE:

H.J. Res. 2.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article V of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. FLEMING:

H.J. Res. 3.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article V—The Congress, whenever two thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose Amendments to this Constitution, or, on the Application of the Legislatures of two thirds of the several States, shall call a Convention for proposing Amendments, which, in either Case, shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three fourths of the several States, or by Conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other Mode of Ratification may be proposed by the Congress; Provided that no Amendment which may be made prior to the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any Manner affect the first and fourth Clauses in the Ninth Section of the first Article; and that no State, without its Consent, shall be deprived of its equal Suffrage in the Senate.

By Mr. BUCHANAN:

H.J. Res. 4.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: