

them to market, it creates jobs not only for researchers and inventors, but also for factory workers, distributors, sales associates, and marketing teams to name a few.

This bill will ensure that newly-issued patents will be strong, high-quality patents that have gone through rigorous review. It will modernize the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office to reduce the current backlog of more than 700,000 patent applications, and it will ensure that the PTO, with proper congressional oversight, is able to retain the fees it collects to fund its operations. Finally, this patent reform bill will go a long way towards eliminating the lawsuit abuse that has become so prevalent in recent years.

Of personal interest to me, I am pleased that the bill before us incorporates the changes to best mode that I obtained during the 2007 patent reform debate and floor vote.

American patent law currently requires that a patent application "set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention" at the time the application is filed. But providing the best mode is not a requirement in Europe, Japan or the rest of the world and it has become a vehicle for lawsuit abuse.

In my view, the best mode requirement of American law imposes extraordinary and unnecessary costs on inventors. I have maintained since 2007 that best mode should be repealed in full, and I would continue to support a full repeal if possible today.

But, at the very least, I am pleased that the bill before us, like my amendments from 2007, only retains best mode as a specifications requirement for obtaining a patent. Once the examiner is satisfied that the best mode has been disclosed, the issue is settled forever. Going forward, best mode cannot be used as a legal defense to infringement in patent litigation or a basis for a post-grant review proceeding.

The America Invents Act will enable America to continue to be the world's leader in innovation. It will lay the groundwork for intellectual property protection that will help grow our economy and create jobs both in the Hoosier state and across the nation.

After so many years, I am encouraged that we are on the cusp of passing this bill out of the Congress and sending it to the president. I urge my colleagues to support the America Invents Act today.

HONORING PROFESSOR MEL BARON ON THE OCCASION OF HIS RECEIPT OF THE PINNACLE AWARD FROM THE AMERICAN PHARMACISTS ASSOCIATION FOUNDATION IN RECOGNITION OF HIS PIONEERING WORK TO ADDRESS THE PHARMACY NEEDS OF UNDERSERVED COMMUNITIES

### HON. LUCILLE ROYBAL-ALLARD

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Thursday, June 23, 2011*

Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Professor Mel Baron of the University of Southern California School of Pharmacy upon his receipt of the Pinnacle Award for Individual Achievement by the

American Pharmacists Association Foundation (APhA).

Dr. Baron, who is now celebrating his 52nd year in the pharmacy profession, ranks as a practice pioneer, an educational futurist and a regional force in meeting the pharmacy needs of our community. He has been a visionary in establishing pharmacy as part of the solution in meeting the health-care needs of Southern California's 2.7 million uninsured residents. Dr. Baron is a recognized leader in providing expanded pharmacy services in safety-net clinics that increase the number of patients served while also providing better and more cost-efficient care. His pioneering effort to secure USC's first funding grant for clinical pharmacy practice in safety-net clinics earned the School of Pharmacy the APhA Pinnacle Award for Group Practice, the American Society of Health-System Pharmacists' (ASHP) Best Practices Award and the American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy's (AACCP) Transformative Community Service Award over the past few years.

Furthering his efforts to address the needs of underserved populations in Southern California, Dr. Baron has produced a series of Spanish and English fotonovelas (comic book-like pamphlets) on medication compliance, diabetes, folic acid, depression, dementia, pediatric asthma and childhood obesity. Recognizing the lack of culturally sensitive health information on these topics, Dr. Baron obtained grant funding to produce them. Through these materials, he has extended the reach of pharmacy expertise tremendously and offered vital information to the residents I represent in East Los Angeles. These fotonovelas have now been distributed across the country. In addition to the print versions, local actors have done theatrical readings of them at health fairs in Los Angeles. Currently, he is also leading an effort to produce a DVD series for prospective transplant patients and their families.

Earlier in his career, Dr. Baron worked in his own medical-building pharmacy. In the 1970s, he grew his business into a vibrant home-care pharmacy that met the pressing needs of patients struggling to live in a health-care environment with limited resources. At a time when home-care pharmacy services were in their infancy, Dr. Baron had the vision to use pharmacist expertise in the home-care setting to meet the needs of these patients.

Dr. Baron also approaches his teaching with excellence in mind. He originated externships for USC pharmacy students back in the 1980s—long before most pharmacy students were doing any clinical work in the early years of their curriculum. Dr. Baron recognized the wisdom of exposing pharmacy students to clinical settings early and often in their educational careers. Dr. Baron also has made it a priority to teach an annual course on leadership to pharmacy students.

Clearly, Dr. Baron has been at the forefront of the most pressing issues of pharmacy today. Through hard work, Dr. Baron's long and vibrant career has been marked by pioneering foresight and vision. In addition, his work has inspired students and served those in our community who are most vulnerable and in need.

Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to please join me in congratulating Dr. Baron on his receipt of the Pinnacle Award and in thanking him for his half-century of exceptional service to our community. His tireless leadership, in-

novation and inspiration have made a tremendous contribution to our community and to the nation, and I extend to him my best wishes for many more successful years ahead.

### YORK RIVER WILD AND SCENIC RIVER STUDY ACT OF 2011

### HON. CHELLIE PINGREE

OF MAINE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

*Thursday, June 23, 2011*

Ms. PINGREE of Maine. Mr. Speaker, the York River in Maine is the cultural and economic heart of the York River watershed community. Standing on the banks of the river, I heard from community members about what the river means to them and how they have pulled together to protect this waterway. I also heard from the community about how the York River needs additional protections from increasing development pressures. The bill that I am introducing today commissions a feasibility study which will provide a comprehensive overview of the river and will evaluate whether the York River qualifies as a Wild and Scenic Partnership River within the National Park Service's Wild and Scenic Rivers System.

Watching two York River lobstermen tie up their boat, I wouldn't have guessed that the York River area is on the northern fringe of the Boston megalopolis in terms of population and development pressures. The towns of York, Eliot, Kittery, and South Berwick recognize that without additional knowledge and management tools, the river's unique cultural, recreational, commercial, and natural resources will be threatened. Support for the York River Study Bill was the result of a partnership between the local environmental community, a local land trust, support from the state, and, most importantly, support from an entire community of Mainers with the foresight to recognize the value of the river to the business community.

The York River is located in southern Maine and runs 11.25 miles from the York Pond in Eliot to the mouth of the river harbor in the town of York. On its way from the land to the sea, this river passes by farms, old mills that date back to the 1600s, wharves and warehouses from the 1700s that tell the story of Maine's rich fishing heritage, public boat launches, working waterfronts, and recreational spots for lunching, fishing and kayaking. There have been concerted and successful efforts over the past ten years by the York Land Trust and the Mount Agamenticus to the Sea Conservation Initiative to protect land in the watershed. These efforts have included preserving historic waterfront access, preventing the subdivision of farms, and restoring habitat.

Listed as a Priority Coastal Watershed by the Maine Department of Environmental Protection, the York River watershed encompasses a wide diversity of habitats and ecological communities that support species including the wild brook trout, the Atlantic Salmon, the New England Cottontail, and Maine endangered species, such as the Eastern Box Turtle. Birders come to the York River to see exceptional varieties of birds including the threatened Harlequin Duck, which is seldom seen from shore anywhere in Maine except York County, as well as other species that call