

Act of 2011, a State has already received approval from the Secretary to use an accountability model, the Secretary may allow such State a period of not more than 2 years from the date of enactment of such Act to transition to the use of the accountability model described in this paragraph.

“(13) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

“(A) COLLEGE AND CAREER READY.—The term ‘college and career ready’ when used with respect to a student means that the student meets the requirements necessary to be admitted into credit-bearing, nonremedial, entry level coursework at a State public institution of higher education.

“(B) COLLEGE AND CAREER READY ACADEMIC CONTENT STANDARDS.—The term ‘college and career ready academic content standards’ means challenging academic content standards (as required under paragraph (1)) that are—

“(i) developed based on evidence that mastery of such standards corresponds to being college and career ready without the need for remediation; and

“(ii)(I) common to a significant number of States; or

“(II) approved by a system of public 4-year institutions of higher education in the State, such that mastery of such standards leads to placement into credit-bearing, nonremedial, first-year coursework for a student admitted to an institution of higher education that is part of such system.

“(C) COLLEGE AND CAREER READY ASSESSMENTS.—The term ‘college and career ready assessments’ means an assessment for mathematics and an assessment for reading or language arts that—

“(i) measures the annual academic growth of individual students;

“(ii) is aligned with the college and career ready academic content standards described in this paragraph; and

“(iii) meets the requirements under paragraph (3).

“(D) ON TRACK TO BEING COLLEGE AND CAREER READY.—The term ‘on track to being college and career ready’ in a subject means that a student is performing at or above grade level, such that the student will be college and career ready in the subject before graduation from secondary school, as measured by the State assessment system.”.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 670. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, to provide for identification of misaligned currency, require action to correct the misalignment, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 671. Mr. BARRASSO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 672. Mr. BARRASSO (for himself, Mr. MANCHIN, and Mr. BLUNT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 673. Ms. MURKOWSKI (for herself and Mr. HELLER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 674. Mr. HELLER (for himself and Mr. VITTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 675. Mr. MENENDEZ (for himself and Mr. CARDIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 676. Mr. CORNYN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 677. Mr. CORNYN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 678. Mr. PAUL (for himself, Mr. VITTER, Mr. DEMINT, and Mr. LEE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 679. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 680. Mr. HATCH (for himself and Mr. BLUNT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 681. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 682. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 683. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 684. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 685. Mr. CRAPO (for himself, Mr. JOHANNIS, Mr. SHELBY, Mr. VITTER, Mr. TOOMEY, Mr. MORAN, and Mr. KIRK) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 686. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 687. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 688. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 689. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 690. Mr. DEMINT submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 691. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 692. Mr. JOHANNIS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 693. Mr. WEBB submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 694. Mr. REID proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1619, supra.

SA 695. Mr. REID proposed an amendment to amendment SA 694 proposed by Mr. REID to the bill S. 1619, supra.

SA 696. Mr. REID proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1619, supra.

SA 697. Mr. REID proposed an amendment to amendment SA 696 proposed by Mr. REID to the bill S. 1619, supra.

SA 698. Mr. REID proposed an amendment to amendment SA 697 proposed by Mr. REID to the amendment SA 696 proposed by Mr. REID to the bill S. 1619, supra.

SA 699. Mr. CORKER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 700. Ms. SNOWE (for herself and Mr. COBURN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 701. Mr. ROBERTS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 702. Mr. ROBERTS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 703. Mr. BROWN, of Massachusetts submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 704. Ms. STABENOW (for herself and Mr. GRAHAM) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 705. Mr. UDALL, of Colorado submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 706. Mr. BROWN, of Massachusetts submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 707. Mr. BROWN, of Massachusetts submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 708. Mr. BROWN, of Massachusetts submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 709. Mr. BROWN, of Massachusetts submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 710. Mr. BROWN, of Massachusetts submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 711. Mr. BROWN, of Massachusetts submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 712. Mr. SHELBY (for himself, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. CORKER, Mr. DEMINT, Mr. VITTER, Mr. JOHANNIS, Mr. TOOMEY, Mr. KIRK, Mr. MORAN, and Mr. WICKER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 713. Mr. WHITEHOUSE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 714. Mr. WYDEN (for himself and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 715. Mr. WYDEN (for himself, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. PORTMAN, Mr. BLUNT, and Mrs. MCCASKILL) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 716. Mr. HATCH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 717. Ms. COLLINS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 718. Mr. INHOFE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 719. Mr. THUNE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the

bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 720. Mr. ROBERTS (for himself and Mr. JOHANNIS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 721. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 670. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, to provide for identification of misaligned currency, require action to correct the misalignment, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 33, after line 5, add the following:

SEC. 16. PROHIBITION ON FOREIGN AID TO COUNTRIES HOLDING MORE THAN \$10,000,000,000 IN UNITED STATES DEBT.

(a) **PROHIBITION ON FUNDING.**—Except as provided in subsection (c), no funds may be appropriated or otherwise made available to provide assistance to the people or government of a country that is listed by the United States Treasury as owning more than \$10,000,000,000 in United States debt. This prohibition includes both direct bilateral assistance and assistance provided by the United States Agency for International Development to nongovernmental organizations and multilateral organizations, including the United Nations and affiliated organizations, for programs designed to assist the residents of any country that owns more than \$10,000,000,000 in United States debt.

(b) **RESCISSION OF FISCAL YEAR 2012 FUNDS.**—Any funds appropriated or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2012 for assistance prohibited under subsection (a) and available for obligation as of the date of the enactment of this Act are hereby rescinded.

(c) **EXCEPTIONS.**—

(1) **EXEMPTED ASSISTANCE.**—The prohibition under subsection (a) does not apply to—

- (A) Foreign Military Financing assistance;
- (B) assistance for programs to strengthen the rule of law and good governance; and
- (C) assistance for programs to promote religious liberty and freedom.

(2) **PRESIDENTIAL WAIVER.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—The President may waive the prohibition on assistance under subsection (a) if the President determines that providing such assistance is necessary to respond to an emergency requirement.

(B) **EMERGENCY REQUIREMENT DEFINED.**—

(i) **DEFINITION.**—For purposes of this paragraph, an emergency requirement is—

- (I) necessary, essential, or vital (not merely useful or beneficial);
- (II) sudden, quickly coming into being, and not building up over time;
- (III) an urgent, pressing, and compelling need requiring immediate action;
- (IV) subject to clause (ii), unforeseen, unpredictable, and unanticipated; and
- (V) not permanent in nature.

(ii) **MEANING OF UNFORESEEN.**—For purposes of this subparagraph, an emergency that is part of an aggregate level of anticipated emergencies, particularly when normally estimated in advance, is not unforeseen.

(C) **CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.**—The President shall notify the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of

Representatives not later than 15 days after exercising a waiver under this paragraph.

SA 671. Mr. BARRASSO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, to provide for identification of misaligned currency, require action to correct the misalignment, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . ASSESSMENTS OF EMPLOYMENT IMPACT.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “Employment Impact Act of 2011”.

(b) **PURPOSE.**—The purposes of this section are the following:

(1) To declare that the impact of Federal regulations on jobs and job prospects in the United States is a significant and relevant consideration to all Federal regulatory policy actions and henceforth should be taken into account by Federal regulators when they decide to take actions under their respective statutory authorities.

(2) To express the concern of Congress that Federal regulators consider the cumulative impact of multiple proposed Federal regulations on jobs and jobs prospects in the United States and that the cumulative impact of such regulations should be given all due consideration and weighed in the balance with the other purposes sought to be achieved by such regulatory measures.

(c) **DUTY TO ASSESS THE IMPACT OF FEDERAL ACTION ON JOBS AND JOB OPPORTUNITIES.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Congress authorizes and directs, to the fullest extent possible, that all agencies of the Federal Government shall—

(A) utilize a systematic, interdisciplinary approach which shall insure the integrated use of the relevant fields of research and learning in planning and decisionmaking which may have an impact on jobs and job opportunities;

(B) identify and develop methods and procedures, in consultation with the Council on Economic Advisors, Office of the President, which will insure that presently unquantified impacts on job and job opportunities may be given appropriate consideration in decisionmaking along with environmental and other considerations; and

(C) include in every recommendation or report on proposals for legislation and other major Federal actions with potentially significant effects on jobs and job opportunities, a jobs impact statement as described in paragraph (2).

(2) **JOBS IMPACT STATEMENT.**—

(A) **CONTENTS.**—A jobs impact statement required under paragraph (1) shall include a detailed statement by the responsible official on—

- (i) the impact of the proposed action on jobs and job opportunities, including an assessment of the jobs that would be lost, gained, or sent overseas as a result of the proposed action;
- (ii) any adverse effect on jobs and job opportunities which could not be avoided should the proposal be implemented;
- (iii) alternatives and modifications to the proposed action that could avoid negative impacts on jobs and job opportunities; and
- (iv) the relationship between any local short-term impacts on jobs and job opportunities and the maintenance and enhancements of long-term productivity and environmental values.

(B) **CONSULTATION WITH RELEVANT FEDERAL AGENCIES.**—Prior to preparing a jobs impact

statement, the responsible Federal official shall consult with and obtain the comments of any Federal agency which has jurisdiction by law or special expertise with respect to any jobs or job opportunities impacts involved. Copies of such statement and the comments and views of the appropriate Federal, State, and local agencies that are authorized to develop and enforce policies and programs relevant to jobs and job opportunities, shall be made available to the Council of Economic Advisors and to the public as provided by section 552 of title 5, United States Code, and shall accompany the proposal through the existing agency review process.

(C) **CUMULATIVE IMPACT OF PROPOSED ACTIONS.**—In determining the impact of a proposed action on jobs and job opportunities, the responsible Federal official shall take into account the cumulative impact on jobs and job opportunities of concurrently pending proposals affecting a particular industry or sector of the economy, and shall not make a finding of no significant impact solely on the basis of examining the impacts of a single proposal in isolation from other pending proposals.

(D) **COMBINING ENVIRONMENTAL AND JOB IMPACT STATEMENTS.**—A jobs impact statement required under this section may be combined with a detailed statement of environmental impacts required to be prepared under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), if both statements are required with respect to the same proposed action.

(e) **CONFORMITY OF ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES.**—All agencies of the Federal Government shall review their present statutory authority, administrative regulations, and current policies and procedures for the purpose of determining whether there are any deficiencies or inconsistencies therein which prohibit full compliance with the purposes and provisions of this section, and shall propose to the President not later than one year after enactment of this Act, such measures as may be necessary to bring their authority and policies into conformity with the intent, purposes, and procedures set forth in this section.

(e) **NO JUDICIAL REVIEW OF JOBS IMPACT STATEMENTS.**—Implementation of this section, including a jobs impact statement prepared in accordance with this section, shall not be subject to judicial review.

SA 672. Mr. BARRASSO (for himself, Mr. MANCHIN, and Mr. BLUNT) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 1619, to provide for identification of misaligned currency, require action to correct the misalignment, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

TITLE XX—STANDARDS FOR CEMENT MANUFACTURING

SEC. ____ 01. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Cement Sector Regulatory Relief Act of 2011”.

SEC. ____ 02. LEGISLATIVE STAY.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT OF STANDARDS.**—In lieu of the rules specified in subsection (b), and notwithstanding the date by which those rules would otherwise be required to be promulgated, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (referred to in this title as the “Administrator”) shall—

(1) propose regulations for the Portland cement manufacturing industry and Portland cement plants that are subject to any of the rules specified in subsection (b) that—