

TRIBUTE TO DR. KAY  
SCHALLENKAMP

• Mr. THUNE. Madam President, today I honor Dr. Kay Schallenkamp on her many accomplishments and upcoming retirement.

Dr. Kay Schallenkamp was born in Salem, SD. Her background includes three degrees in communication disorders; a bachelor's degree from Northern State University, a master's degree from the University of South Dakota, and a doctorate from the University of Colorado. Her career has spanned for over 40 years, and her dedication to education and the well-being of her students is unmatched.

Dr. Schallenkamp's career in higher education originated as a professor of communication disorders at Northern State University in Aberdeen, SD, in 1973. She served as department chair from 1982 to 1984, followed by an appointment as dean of graduate studies and research in 1984. Dr. Schallenkamp was named provost of Chadron State College in 1988, and in 1992 she was named provost of the University of Wisconsin-Whitewater. Before making her way back to South Dakota, Dr. Schallenkamp served as the president of Emporia State University in Kansas from 1997 to 2006.

Since her arrival at Black Hills State University, BHSU, in 2006, Dr. Schallenkamp has placed the needs of BHSU ahead of her own. Due to her diligent work, BHSU is the State of South Dakota's third-largest university. She has been vital in physical renovations across campus, including a key transformation and addition to the Student Union, the construction of the Life Sciences Laboratory, and updates to the campus residence halls. Preparations are also being made for the addition of a new residence hall and a remodel of Jonas Science Hall in partnership with the Sanford Underground Research Facility in Lead, SD. Dr. Schallenkamp has served as the president for the last 8 years and in that time BHSU has significantly grown.

Dr. Schallenkamp is retiring after a long and successful career to spend more time with her family. She and her husband Ken have two daughters: Heather (Shad) in Kansas have two children, Alyssa and Tyler. Jenni (Danny) Simon in North Carolina have two sons, Keenan and Reece.

I am honored to recognize Dr. Schallenkamp for her accomplishments and wish her a happy retirement.●

RECOGNIZING SALVE REGINA  
UNIVERSITY

• Mr. WHITEHOUSE. Madam President, in 1874, a financier named William Watts Sherman and his wife Annie Wetmore decided to build a house on a plot of land Wetmore had inherited from her father in Newport, RI, just a few blocks from Sheep Point Cove. The couple hired the respected architects H.H. Richardson and Stan-

ford White, and chose the popular Queen Anne's style, which employed steeply sloping rooflines, gables, broad porches, and deep entranceways. But, as is the case with many in Rhode Island, they also wanted to put their own mark on the property—something that would set it apart from their neighbors. So they added new materials, like stucco, shingles, stained glass windows, and an asymmetrical layout to draw the eye in unexpected directions.

The house was both fashionable and altogether different, and a new style was born. So it is that "Shingle Style," as it came to be known, is traced back to Rhode Island and the William Watts Sherman House.

Today the home is one of more than 21 historic buildings on the campus of Salve Regina University, which has sought to maintain the structures and commission new buildings that complement Newport's distinct architectural tradition. That is why Salve Regina University has been selected for the Institute of Classical Architecture & Art's prestigious Arthur Ross Award for Stewardship. It joins previous recipients that include the New York Botanical Garden in New York, Monticello, the Thomas Jefferson Foundation in Virginia, and the U.S. Commission of Fine Arts in Washington, D.C. The award recognizes the university's "astute and indefatigable effort" to preserve its legacy for future generations and expand upon the defining aesthetic of its campus and surrounding neighborhood. I could not imagine a more worthy recipient.

The story of William Watts Sherman House is one of many examples of architectural innovation in the Ocean State, from "stone-ender" farmhouses in Lincoln, to vast industrial spaces like Slater Mill in Pawtucket, and to Gilded Age mansions like The Breakers in Newport. We see our own history reflected back to us through these structures, and by preserving them we see more clearly how much has changed and why.

I am proud to see an institution that cares deeply about preserving Newport's architectural heritage receive worthy recognition. I applaud Salve Regina's dedication to Rhode Island's rich cultural history and congratulate them on this prestigious honor.●

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Mr. Pate, one of his secretaries.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(The messages received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

PROPOSED AGREEMENT FOR COOPERATION BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM CONCERNING PEACEFUL USES OF NUCLEAR ENERGY—PM 42

The PRESIDING OFFICER laid before the Senate the following message from the President of the United States, together with an accompanying report; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

*To the Congress of the United States:*

I am pleased to transmit to the Congress, pursuant to sections 123 b. and 123 d. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2153(b), (d)) (the "Act"), the text of a proposed Agreement for Cooperation between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam Concerning Peaceful Uses of Nuclear Energy (the "Agreement"). I am also pleased to transmit my written approval, authorization, and determination concerning the Agreement, and an unclassified Nuclear Proliferation Assessment Statement (NPAS) concerning the Agreement. (In accordance with section 123 of the Act, as amended by title XII of the Foreign Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998 (Public Law 105-277), a classified annex to the NPAS, prepared by the Secretary of State in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence, summarizing relevant classified information, will be submitted to the Congress separately.) The joint memorandum submitted to me by the Secretaries of State and Energy and a letter from the Chairman of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission stating the views of the Commission are also enclosed. An addendum to the NPAS containing a comprehensive analysis of Vietnam's export control system with respect to nuclear-related matters, including interactions with other countries of proliferation concern and the actual or suspected nuclear, dual-use, or missile-related transfers to such countries, pursuant to section 102A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 403-1), as amended, is being submitted separately by the Director of National Intelligence.

The proposed Agreement has been negotiated in accordance with the Act and other applicable law. In my judgment, it meets all applicable statutory requirements and will advance the nonproliferation and other foreign policy interests of the United States.

The proposed Agreement provides a comprehensive framework for peaceful nuclear cooperation with Vietnam based on a mutual commitment to nuclear nonproliferation. Vietnam has affirmed that it does not intend to seek to acquire sensitive fuel cycle capabilities, but instead will rely upon the international market in order to ensure a reliable nuclear fuel supply for