SA 4079. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4080. Mr. COOPER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4081. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4082. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4083. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4084. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4085. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4086. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4087. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4088. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4089. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4090. Mr. SCHUMACHER, Mr. HUNTER, Mr. ROYBAL-CASTRO, Mr. GILLIBRAND, and Mr. BEGICH submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 3996. Mrs. FEINSTEIN (for herself, Mr. LEE, Mr. PAUL, Mr. UDALL of New Mexico, Mr. CRUZ, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. COONS, Mr. ROBERTS, Mr. FRANKEN, Mr. ENZI, Mr. HINICH, Mr. KIRK, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. MARKY, Mr. NELSON, and Mr. MERKLEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not subject to income tax, and to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to provide tax credits to eligible organizations for the costs of providing emergency services volunteer programs.

SEC. 3. Definition of "emergency services." (1) for purposes of this section, the term "emergency services" means any program, service, or activity, conducted by a voluntary organization or entity, that provides, directly or indirectly, any emergency services.

SEC. 5. Authorization of appropriations. The Secretary of the Treasury shall make available to qualified charitable organizations, from funds made available to the Secretary by the provisions of this section, such funds as are necessary to provide tax credits to eligible organizations for the costs of providing emergency services volunteer programs.

SEC. 6. Reporting requirement. The Secretary of the Treasury shall submit to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate a report on the tax credits provided under this section.

SEC. 7. Effective date. This section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.
(1) For the operation and maintenance of the Coast Guard, $5,981,036,000.

(2) For the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, and improvement of aids to navigation, aids to navigation and marine safety services, port and terminal facilities, vessels, and aircraft, including equipment related thereto, $1,546,48,000, to remain available until expended.

(3) For the Coast Guard Reserve program, including personnel and training costs, equipment, and services, $140,018,000.

(4) For environmental compliance and restoration of Coast Guard vessels, aircraft, and facilities (other than parts and equipment associated with operation and maintenance), $18,703,000, to remain available until expended.

(5) To the Commandant of the Coast Guard for research, development, test, and evaluation of technologies, materials, and human factors directly related to improving the performance of the Coast Guard’s mission with respect to search and rescue, aids to navigation, environmental safety, environmental protection, enforcement of laws and treaties, ice operations, oceanographic research, and defense readiness, $19,890,000.

(6) For alteration or removal of bridges over navigable waters of the United States constituting obstructions to navigation, and for personnel and administrative costs associated with the Alteration of Bridges Program, $16,000,000.

SEC. 102. AUTHORIZED LEVELS OF MILITARY TRAINING AND TRAINEES.

(a) ACTIVE DUTY TRAINING.—The Coast Guard is authorized an end-of-year strength for active duty personnel of 43,000 for fiscal year 2015.

(b) MILITARY TRAINING STUDENT LOADS.—The Coast Guard is authorized average military training student loads for fiscal year 2015 as follows:

(1) For recruit and special training, 2,500 student years.

(2) For flight training, 165 student years.

(3) For professional training in military and civilian institutions, 350 student years.

(4) For officer acquisition, 1,200 student years.

SEC. 201. COMMISSIONED OFFICERS.

Section 42(a) of title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking "7,200" and inserting "6,900".

SEC. 202. COMMANDANT; APPOINTMENT.

Section 44 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the first sentence the following: "The term of an appointment, and any reappointment, shall begin on June 1 of the appropriate year and end on May 31 of the appropriate year, except that, in the event of death, retirement, resignation, or reassignment, or when the needs of the Service demand, the Secretary may alter the date on which a term begins or ends if the alteration does not result in the term exceeding a period of 4 years."

SEC. 203. PREVENTION AND RESPONSE DECISION MAKING.

Section 57 of title 14, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)—

(A) in paragraph (2) by striking "or" at the end;

(B) in paragraph (3) by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

"(4) port and facility safety and security specialist shall have knowledge, skill, and practical experience with respect to the safety, security, and environmental protection responsibilities associated with maritime ports and facilities;"

(2) in subsection (c) by striking "or marine safety engineer" and inserting "marine safety engineer, waterways operations manager, or port and facility safety and security specialist;"

(3) in subsection (f)(2) by striking "investigator, marine safety engineer," and inserting "investigator, marine safety engineer, waterways operations manager, or port and facility safety and security specialist;"

SEC. 204. CENTERS OF EXPERTISE.

Section 56(b) of title 14, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Missions established under subsection (a) shall—

(1) promote, facilitate, and conduct—

(A) education;

(B) training; and

(C) activities authorized under section 93(a)(4); or

(2) be a repository of information on operations, practices, and resources related to the mission for which the center was established; and

(3) perform and support the mission for which the center was established.".

SEC. 205. PENALTIES.

(a) AIDS TO NAVIGATION AND FALSE DISTRESS MESSAGES.—Chapter 5 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking "$1,000" and inserting "$1,500".

(b) M ISSIONS.—Any center established under this section shall include—

"(1) promote, facilitate, and conduct—

(A) education;

(B) training; and

(C) activities authorized under section 93(a)(4); or

(2) be a repository of information on operations, practices, and resources related to the mission for which the center was established; and

(3) perform and support the mission for which the center was established.".

SEC. 206. AGREEMENTS.

(a) I N GENERAL.—Chapter 5 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"§ 102. Agreements

(a) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out section 93(a)(4), the Commandant may—

(1) enter into cooperative agreements, contracts, and other agreements with—

(A) Federal entities;

(B) other public or private entities in the United States, including academic entities; and

(C) foreign governments with the concurrence of the Secretary of State; and

(b) CONTENT REQUIREMENT.—Each notification provided under subsection (a) to an entity specified in paragraph (3) of that subsection shall include—

"(i) the Governor of each State in which such waterway, or portion thereof, is located;

(ii) the public; and

(iii) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 210. NOTIFICATION OF CERTAIN DETERMINATIONS.

(a) I N GENERAL.—Chapter 5 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"§ 103. Notification of certain determinations

(a) IN GENERAL.—At least 90 days prior to making a final determination that a waterway, or portion thereof, is navigable for purposes of the jurisdiction of the Coast Guard, the Commandant shall provide notification regarding the proposed determination to—

(1) the Governor of each State in which such waterway, or portion thereof, is located;

(2) the public; and

(3) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives.

(b) CONTENT REQUIREMENT.—Each notification provided under subsection (a) to an entity specified in paragraph (3) of that subsection shall include—

"(1) an analysis of whether vessels operating on the waterway, or portion thereof, subject to the proposed determination are engaged in inspection or similar regulation by State or local officials;

(2) an analysis of whether operators of commercial vessels on such waterway, or portion thereof, are subject to similar regulation by State or local officials; and

(3) an analysis of whether operators of commercial vessels on such waterway, or portion thereof, are subject to similar regulation by State or local officials; and

(4) an analysis of whether operators of commercial vessels on such waterway, or portion thereof, are subject to similar regulation by State or local officials; and
“(3) an estimate of the annual costs that the Coast Guard may incur in conducting operations on such waterway, or portion thereof.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for such chapter, as amended by this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“193. Notification of certain determinations.”.

SEC. 211. ANNUAL BOARD OF VISITORS.

Section 194 of title 14, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“§ 194. Annual Board of Visitors

(a) In General.—A Board of Visitors to the Coast Guard Academy is established to review the operations of the Academy.

(b) Membership.—

(1) In General. —The membership of the Board shall consist of the following:

(A) The chairman of the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, or the chairman’s designated designee.

(B) The chairman of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, or the chairman’s designated designee.

(C) 3 Members of the Senate designated by the Vice President.

(D) 4 Members of the House of Representatives designated by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

(E) 6 individuals designated by the President.

(2) Length of Service.—

(A) Members of Congress.—A Member of Congress designated under subparagraph (C) or (D) of paragraph (1) as a member of the Board shall be designated as a member in the First Session of a Congress and serve for the duration of that Congress.

(B) Individuals Designated by the President.—Each individual designated by the President under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (1) shall serve as a member of the Board for 3 years, except that any such member whose term of office has expired shall continue to serve until a successor is appointed.

(3) Death or Resignation of a Member.—If a member of the Board dies or resigns, a successor shall be designated for any unexpired portion of the term of the member by the official who designated the member.

(4) Tenth Day.—

(1) Annual Visit.—The Board shall visit the Academy annually to review the operation of the Academy.

(2) Additional Visits.—With the approval of the Secretary, the Board or individual members of the Board may make other visits to the Academy in connection with the duties of the Board or to consult with the Superintendent of the Academy.

(d) Scope of Review.—The Board shall review, with respect to the Academy—

(1) the state of morale and discipline;

(2) the curriculum;

(3) instruction;

(4) physical equipment;

(5) financial affairs; and

(6) other matters relating to the Academy that the Board determines appropriate.

(e) Report.—Not later than 40 days after the date of an annual visit of the Board under subsection (c)(1), the Board shall submit to the Secretary, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the actions of the Board during such visit and the recommendations of the Board pertaining to the Academy.

(f) Advisors.—If approved by the Secretary, the Board may consult with advisors in carrying out this section.

“§ 196. Flag officers

“During any period in which the Coast Guard is not operating as a service in the Navy, section 1059 of title 10 does not apply with respect to flag officers of the Coast Guard.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 11 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 295 the following:

“296. Flag officers.”.

SEC. 212. REPEAL OF LIMITATION ON MEDALS OF HONOR.

Section 949 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking “medal of honor,” each place it appears.

SEC. 213. COAST GUARD FAMILY SUPPORT AND CHILD CARE.

(a) In General.—Title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 534 the following:

“CHAPTER 14—COAST GUARD FAMILY SUPPORT AND CHILD CARE

SUBCHAPTER I—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 531. Work-life policies and programs.

Sec. 532. Surveys of Coast Guard families.

SUBCHAPTER II—COAST GUARD FAMILY SUPPORT

Sec. 533. Child development center standards and inspections.

Sec. 534. Child development center employees.

Sec. 535. Parent partnerships with child development centers.

SUBCHAPTER III—COAST GUARD CHILD CARE

Sec. 536. Education and training opportunities for Coast Guard spouses.

Sec. 537. Youth sponsorship initiatives.

Sec. 538. Subchapter III—Coast Guard child care

Sec. 539. Definitions.

Sec. 540. Child development center standards and inspections.

Sec. 541. Parent partnerships with child development centers.

Sec. 542. Education and training opportunities for Coast Guard spouses.

Sec. 543. Youth sponsorship initiatives.

Sec. 544. Subchapter III—Coast Guard child care

Sec. 545. Definitions.

Sec. 546. Subchapter I—General provisions

Sec. 547. Work-life policies and programs

Sec. 548. Subchapter II—Coast Guard family support

Sec. 549. Subchapter III—Coast Guard child care

Sec. 550. Definitions

Sec. 551. Subchapter II—Coast Guard family support

“§ 542. Education and training opportunities for Coast Guard spouses

(a) Tuition Assistance.—The Commandant may provide, subject to the availability of appropriated funds, tuition assistance to an eligible spouse for the purpose of—

(1) education and training required for a degree or credential at an accredited college, university, or technical school in the United States that expands employment and portable career opportunities for the spouse; or

(2) education prerequisites and a professional license or credential required, by a government or government-sanctioned licensing body, for an occupation that expands employment and portable career opportunities for the spouse.

(b) Definitions.—In this section, the following definitions apply:

(1) Eligible Spouse.—

(A) In General.—The term ‘eligible spouse’ means the spouse of a member of the Coast Guard who is serving on active duty and includes a spouse who receives transitional compensation under section 1059 of title 10.

(B) Exclusion.—The term ‘eligible spouse’ does not include a person who—

(i) is married to, but legally separated from, a member of the Coast Guard under a court order or statute of any State or territorial possession of the United States; or

(ii) is eligible for tuition assistance as a member of the Armed Forces.

(2) Portable Career.—The term ‘portable career’ includes an occupation that requires education, training, or both that results in a credential that is recognized by an industry, profession, or specific type of business.

(3) Youth Sponsorship Initiative.—An initiative established under subsection (a) shall—

(A) provide for the involvement of a dependent child of a member of the Coast Guard in the dependent child’s new Coast Guard community; and

(B) focus primarily on preteen and teen- aged children.

(c) Authority.—In carrying out an initiative under subsection (a), the Commandant may—

(1) provide to a dependent child of a member of the Coast Guard information on youth programs and activities available in the dependent child’s new Coast Guard community; and

(2) enter into agreements with nonprofit entities to provide youth programs and activities to such child.

“SUBCHAPTER III—COAST GUARD CHILD CARE

“§ 551. Definitions

In this subchapter, the following definitions apply:

(1) Child Abuse and Neglect.—The term ‘child abuse and neglect’ means the physical or emotional injury or threat of injury that results in a reasonable belief that the child is a victim of child abuse prevention and treatment act (42 U.S.C. 5101 note).

(2) Child Development Center.—The term ‘child development center’ means a civilian employee of the Coast Guard who is employed to work in a Coast Guard child development center under the general supervision of the Commandant regardless of whether the employee is paid from appropriated or nonappropriated funds.
§553. Child development center standards and inspections

(a) STANDARDS.—The Commandant shall require each Coast Guard child development center to meet standards that the Commandant considers appropriate to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the children and employees of the center.

(b) INSPECTIONS.—The Commandant shall provide for regular and unannounced inspections of Coast Guard child development center to ensure compliance with this section.

(c) NATIONAL REPORTING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant shall maintain and publicize a means by which an individual can report, with respect to a Coast Guard child development center or a family home daycare—

(A) any suspected violation of—

(i) standards established under subsection (a); or

(ii) any other applicable law or standard;

(B) suspected child abuse or neglect; or

(C) any other deficiency.

(2) ANONYMOUS REPORTING.—The Commandant shall ensure that an individual making a report pursuant to paragraph (1) may do so anonymously if so desired by the individual.

(3) PROCEDURES.—The Commandant shall establish procedures for investigating reports made pursuant to paragraph (1).

§554. Child development center employees

(a) TRAINING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant shall establish a training program for Coast Guard child development center employees and satisfy the conditions of the training program shall be a condition of employment for each employee of a Coast Guard child development center.

(2) TIMING FOR NEW HIRES.—The Commandant shall require each employee of a Coast Guard child development center to complete the training program established under paragraph (1) not later than 6 months after the date on which the employee is hired.

(b) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—The training program established under paragraph (1) shall include, at a minimum, instruction with respect to—

(A) early childhood development;

(B) activities and disciplinary techniques appropriate to children of different ages;

(C) child abuse and neglect prevention and detection; and

(D) cardiopulmonary resuscitation and other emergency medical procedures.

(4) USE OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PROGRANS.—The Commandant may use Department of Defense training programs, on a reimbursable or nonreimbursable basis, for purposes of this subsection.

(b) TRAINING AND CURRICULUM SPECIALISTS.—

(1) SPECIALIST REQUIRED.—The Commandant shall require that at least one employee at each Coast Guard child development center be a specialist in training and curriculum development with appropriate credentials and experience.

(2) DUTIES.—The duties of the specialist described in paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) the selection, development, and use of curricula appropriate to the child development center;

(B) daily oversight and instruction of other child care employees;

(C) daily assistance in the preparation of lesson plans;

(D) assisting with child abuse and neglect prevention and detection; and

(E) advising the director of the center on the performance of the other child care employees.

(3) COMPETITIVE SERVICE.—Each specialist described in paragraph (1) shall be an employee in a competitive service position.

§555. Parent partnerships with child development centers

(a) PARENT BOARDS.—The Commandant shall establish a parent participation initiative at each Coast Guard child development center to encourage and facilitate parent participation in educational and related activities at the center.

(b) TRANSFER OF PROVISIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—

(A) REIMBURSEMENT FOR ADOPTION EXPENSES.—Section 657 of title 14, United States Code, is redesignated as section 541 and transferred to appear before section 542 of such title, as added by subsection (a) of this section.

(B) CHILD DEVELOPMENT SERVICES.—Section 515 of title 14, United States Code, is redesignated in section 552 and transferred to appear after section 551 of such title, as added by subsection (a) of this section; and

(ii) is amended—

(I) in subsection (b)(2)(B) by inserting ‘‘and whether a family is participating in an initiative established under section 555(b)’’ after ‘‘family income’’;

(II) by striking subsections (c) and (e); and

(III) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (c).

(C) DEPENDENT SCHOOL CHILDREN.—Section 657 of title 14, United States Code—

(i) is redesignated as section 548 and transferred to appear after section 547 of such title, as added by subsection (a) of this section; and

(ii) is amended in subsection (b) by striking ‘‘515’’ and all that follows through ‘‘Secretary may’’ and inserting ‘‘The Secretary may’’.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(A) PART I.—The analysis for part 1 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 13 the following:

‘‘14. Coast Guard Family Support and Child Care ...................... 531’’.

(B) PART II.—The analysis for part II of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 514 the following:

‘‘514. Reimbursement for adoption expenses.’’

(C) PART III.—The analysis for part III of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 515 the following:

‘‘515. Child development services.’’

(D) PART IV.—The analysis for part IV of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 516 the following:

‘‘516. Parent partnerships with child development centers.’’

§559. Mission need statement

(a) IN GENERAL.—On the date on which the President submits to Congress a budget for fiscal year 2016 under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the President submits to Congress a budget for fiscal year 2016 under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, as amended by this Act, that identifies current and projected gaps in Coast Guard mission capabilities using mission hour targets;

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the following definitions apply:

(1) INTEGRATED MAJOR ACQUISITION MISSION NEED STATEMENT.—The term ‘‘integrated major acquisition mission need statement’’ means a document that—

(A) identifies current and projected gaps in Coast Guard mission capabilities using mission hour targets;

(B) explains how each major acquisition program addresses gaps identified under subparagraph (A) if funded at the levels provided for such program in the most recently submitted capital investment plan; and

(C) describes the missions the Coast Guard will not be able to achieve, by fiscal year, for each gap identified under subparagraph (A).

(MAJOR ACQUISITION PROGRAM.—The term ‘‘major acquisition program’’ has the meaning given that term in section 569(a)(e).
transmission of annual Coast Guard authorization request 

(a) In General.—Title 14, United States Code, as amended by this Act, is further amended by inserting after section 662 the following: 

"§ 662a. Transmission of annual Coast Guard authorization request. 

(a) In General.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the President submits a budget for a fiscal year pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a Coast Guard authorization request with respect to such fiscal year. 

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The analysis for such chapter, as amended by this Act, is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 679 the following: 

"§ 679. Inventory of real property. 

SEC. 218. RETIRED SERVICE MEMBERS AND DEPENDENTS SERVING ON ADVISORY COMMITTEES. 

(a) In General.—Chapter 17 of title 14, United States Code, as amended by this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following: 

"§ 680. Retired service members and dependents serving on advisory committees. 

"(a) Committee that— 

(1) advises or assists the Coast Guard with respect to a function that affects a member of the Coast Guard or a dependent of such a member; or 

(2) includes in its membership a retired Coast Guard member or a dependent of such a retired member; 

shall not be considered an advisory committee under this Act (5 U.S.C. App.) solely because of such membership. 

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The analysis for such chapter, as amended by this Act, is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 679 the following: 

"§ 680. Retired service members and dependents serving on advisory committees. 

SEC. 219. ACTIVE DUTY FOR EMERGENCY AUGMENTATION OF REGULAR FORCES. 

Section 712(a) of title 14, United States Code, as amended by this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following: 

"not more than 60 days in any 4-month period and 

"(3) CAPITAL INVESTMENT PLAN.—The term ‘capital investment plan’ means the plan required under section 658a(a)(1). 

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The analysis for such chapter, as amended by this Act, is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 569 and inserting the following: 

"§ 569. Mission need statement. 

SEC. 216. TRANSMISSION OF ANNUAL COAST GUARD AUTHORIZATION REQUEST. 

(a) In General.—Title 14, United States Code, as amended by this Act, is further amended by inserting after section 662 the following: 

"§ 662a. Transmission of annual Coast Guard authorization request. 

(a) In General.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the President submits a budget for a fiscal year pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a Coast Guard authorization request with respect to such fiscal year. 

(b) Clerical Amendment.—The analysis for such chapter, as amended by this Act, is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 662 the following: 

"§ 662a. Transmission of annual Coast Guard authorization request. 

SEC. 215. INVENTORY OF REAL PROPERTY. 

(a) In General.—Chapter 17 of title 14, United States Code, as amended by this Act, is further amended by inserting at the end the following: 

"§ 679. Inventory of real property. 

SEC. 222. TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO TITLE 14. 

Title 14, United States Code, as amended by this Act, is further amended— 

(1) in section 93(b)(1) by striking ‘‘Notwithstanding subsection (a)’’ and inserting ‘‘Notwithstanding subsection (a) and subsection (b),’’; and 

(2) in section 197(b) by striking ‘‘of Home- 

LAND SECURITY’’.

SEC. 221. COAST GUARD ADMINISTRATIVE SAVINGS. 

(a) Elimination of Outdated and Dupli- 

cative Reports.— 

(1) Marine Industry. —Section 59 of title 14, United States Code, is amended— 

(A) by striking ‘‘(a) In General.—The Commandant shall— 

The Commandant shall— 

1. maintain the inventory required under subsection (a) on an on-going basis; and 

2. update information on each unit of real property included in such inventory not later than 30 days after any change relating to the unit;’’; 

(b) by striking subsection (b), 

(2) Operations and Expenditures.—Section 651 of title 14, United States Code, and the item relating to such section in the analysis for chapter 17 of such title, are repealed. 

(3) Drug Interdiction.—Section 103 of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 1996 (14 U.S.C. App. note), and the item relating to such section in the table of contents in section 2 of that Act, are repealed. 

(4) National Defense.—Section 425 of the Maritime Transportation Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. note), and the item relating to that section in the table of contents in section 1(b) of that Act, are repealed. 

(5) Research and Development.—Section 4(h) of the Cruise Vessel Security and Safety Act of 2010 (16 U.S.C. 1238 note) is amended by adding at the end the following: ‘‘Not later than 2017, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report that includes— 

 najczęściej używane wyrażenia: 

- Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2006, for fiscal years beginning after fiscal year 2014; 


- the Maritime Transportation Act of 2004 or section 804 of the Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation Act of 2006, for fiscal years beginning after fiscal year 2014; 

- the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report describing each project carried out under paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) in the most recently completed fiscal year, for which the amount expended under such paragraph for such project was more than $1,000,000. If no such project was carried out during a fiscal year, no report under this paragraph shall be required with respect to that fiscal year.’’.
operated by the Coast Guard on the date of enactment of this Act—
(A) to maintain the capability of the Coast Guard to carry out sea-going missions with respect to migrant interdiction, defense readiness, living marine resources, and ports, waterways, and coastal security;
(B) to the extent that differences determined pursuant to paragraph (1) are the result of inherent differences between—
(1) the Coast Guard and the Navy; and
(2) the extent to which differences determined pursuant to paragraph (1) are the result of inherent differences between—
(A) the Coast Guard and the Navy; and
(B) the Commander of the Coast Guard and other branches of the Armed Forces; and
(3) the feasibility of more closely aligning and conforming the Coast Guard's officer fitness reports to the Department of Defense official fitness reports of the Navy and other branches of the Armed Forces; and
(4) the costs and benefits of the alignment and conformance described in paragraph (3), including with respect to—
(A) Coast Guard administrative efficiency; (B) fairness and equity for Coast Guard officers; and
(C) carrying out the Coast Guard's statutory mission of defense readiness, including when operating as a service in the Navy.
SEC. 228. IMPROVED SAFETY INFORMATION FOR VESSELS. Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall establish a process that allows an operator of a marine exchange or other non-Federal vessel traffic service to use the automatic identification system to transmit weather, ice, and other important navigation safety information to vessels.
SEC. 229. E-LORAN EFFICIENCY.
(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall—
(1) provide redundant capability in the event GPS signals are disrupted;
(2) ensure that all ships in the national defense fleet that are required to maintain LORAN C or D capability in areas specified in subsection (a), including ships operated by the Coast Guard, are equipped with an LORAN C or D receiver and the necessary navigation safety information to vessels.
(b) EXCEPT.—Subparagraph (a) does not apply to vessels of the Armed Forces.
(c) AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary may enter into cooperative agreements, contracts, and other agreements with Federal entities and other public or private entities, including States, to develop a position- ing, navigation, and timing system, including an enhanced LORAN system, to provide redundant capability in the event GPS signals are disrupted.
SEC. 230. ANALYSIS OF RESOURCE DEFICIENCIES WITH RESPECT TO MARITIME BORDER SECURITY.
(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant of the Coast Guard shall provide to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on any gaps that exist in writings on the history of the Coast Guard. The report shall address, at a minimum, operations, broad topics, and biographies with respect to the Coast Guard.
SEC. 225. AVIATION CAPABILITY.
(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating—
(1) request and accept through a direct military-to-military transfer under section 2571 of title 10, United States Code, such H-60 helicopters as may be necessary to establish a year-round operational capability in the Coast Guard's Ninth District; and
(2) use funds provided under section 101 of this Act to retrofit such helicopters to Coast Guard MH-60T configuration.
(b) PROHIBITION.—(1) IN GENERAL.—The Coast Guard may not—
(A) close a Coast Guard air facility that was in operation on November 30, 2014; or
(B) re-locate, re-allocate, or deploy an aviation asset from an air facility that was in operation on November 30, 2014, as described in subparagraph (A) for the purpose of closing such facility.
(2) SUNSET.—This subsection is repealed effective December 31, 2015.
SEC. 226. GAPS IN WRITINGS ON COAST GUARD HISTORY.
Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant of the Coast Guard shall provide to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on any gaps that exist in writings on the history of the Coast Guard. The report shall address, at a minimum, operations, broad topics, and biographies with respect to the Coast Guard.
SEC. 227. OFFICER EVALUATION REPORTS.
(a) ASSESSMENT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant of the Coast Guard shall provide to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a written assessment of the Coast Guard's officer evaluation reporting system.
(b) CONTENTS OF ASSESSMENT.—The assessment required under subsection (a) shall include, at a minimum, an analysis of—
(1) the extent to which the Coast Guard's officer evaluation reports differ in length, form, content, and details from the officer fitness reports used by the Navy and other branches of the Armed Forces;
(1) the extent to which Coast Guard search and rescue coordinators have entered into domestic search and rescue agreements with State and local responders under the National Search and Rescue Plan and the Secretary;

(2) whether the domestic search and rescue agreements include the Maritime Search and Rescue Assistance Policy; and

(3) whether the Mediterranean Basin, including the High Risk Waters, the regional search and rescue plans, and the Coast Guard’s responsibilities under them are adequate.

SEC. 204. DRUG TESTING REPORTING.

Section 7206 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by inserting “an applicant for employment by a Federal agency,” after “Federal agency,”; and

(2) in subsection (c), by—

(A) inserting “or an applicant for employment by a Federal agency” after “an employee”; and

(B) striking “the employee,” and inserting “the employee of the applicant.”

SEC. 205. OPPORTUNITIES FOR SEA SERVICE VETERANS.

(a) ENDORSEMENTS FOR VETERANS.—Section 701(1) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(1) agrees that when the recipient no longer requires the property, the recipient shall notify the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives;

(b) DONATION FOR HISTORICAL PURPOSES.—Section 51103 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) DONATION OF HISTORICAL PROPERTY.—Section 51103 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 1702. Sea service letters

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall provide a sea service letter to a member or former member of the Coast Guard or a vessel document authority if such member or former member satisfies the requirement under subsection (a)(1).''.

(b) DEADLINE.—Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall notify the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives on the steps taken to implement this subsection.

(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 11 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 427 the following:

“(i) 428. Sea service letters.

(c) CREDITING OF UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES SERVICE, TRAINING, AND QUALIFICATIONS.—

(1) MAXIMIZING CREDITIBILITY.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operated shall provide a United States merchant mariner license, certification, and document laws and the International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping for Seafarers, 1978, shall maximize the extent to which United States Armed Forces service, training, and qualifications are creditable toward meeting the requirements of such laws and such Convention.

(2) NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on the steps taken to implement this subsection.

(d) MERCHANT MARINE POST-SERVICE CAREER OPPORTUNITIES.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant of the Coast Guard shall take steps to promote better awareness, on an ongoing basis, among Coast Guard personnel regarding post-service use of Coast Guard training, education, and practical experience in satisfaction of requirements for merchant mariner credentials. In making such report under section 11.213 of title 46, Code of Federal Regulations.
"(1) shall act solely in an advisory capacity to the Secretary through the Commandant of the Coast Guard on matters relating to personnel in the United States merchant marine, including training, qualifications, certification, documentation, and fitness standards, and other matters as assigned by the Commandant;"

"(2) shall advise on proposed Coast Guard regulations and policies relating to personnel in the United States merchant marine, including training, qualifications, certification, documentation, and fitness standards;"

"(3) may be given special assignments by the Secretary and may conduct studies, inquiries, workshops, and fact finding in consultation with individuals and groups in the private sector and with State or local governments;"

"(4) shall advise, consult with, and make recommendations reflecting its independent judgment to the Secretary;"

"(5) shall meet not less than twice each year; and"

"(6) may make available to Congress recommendations that the Committee makes to the Secretary.

"(b) MEMBERSHIP.—"

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Committee shall consist of not more than 19 members who are appointed by and serve terms of a duration determined by the Secretary. Before filling a position on the Committee, the Secretary shall publish a notice in the Federal Register soliciting nominations for membership on the Committee.

"(2) REQUIRED MEMBERS.—Subject to paragraph (3), the Secretary shall appoint as members of the Committee—"

"(A) persons with active licenses or certificates issued under chapter 71 or merchant mariner documents issued under chapter 73, including—"

"(i) 2 masters who represent the viewpoint of merchant marine deck officers, of whom—"

"(I) 1 shall be licensed for oceans any gross tonnage;"

"(II) 1 shall be licensed as either a limited or unlimited tonnage;" and"

"(ii) 2 chief engineers who represent the viewpoint of chief engineers or a designated duty engineer;"

"(i) 1 shall be licensed as chief engineer or a designated duty engineer;"

"(ii) 1 shall have a master’s license or a master’s license for towing vessels;"

"(I) 1 shall have significant tanker experience; and"

"(II) 2 shall be licensed for oceans any gross tonnage;" and"

"(v) to the extent practicable—"

"(aa) 1 shall represent the viewpoint of merchant marine deck officers, of whom—"

"(I) 1 shall be licensed for inland river route with a limited or unlimited tonnage;"

"(ii) 2 shall have a master’s license or a master’s license for towing vessels;"

"(I) 1 shall have significant tanker experience; and"

"(II) 2 shall be licensed for oceans any gross tonnage;" and"

"(bb) another shall represent a management perspective;"

"(ii) 3 engineering officers who represent the viewpoint of merchant marine engineering officers, of whom—"

"(I) 2 shall be licensed as chief engineer any horsepower;"

"(II) 1 shall be licensed as either a limited chief engineer or a designated duty engineer; and"

"(iii) to the extent practicable—"

"(aa) 1 shall represent a labor viewpoint; and"

"(bb) another shall represent a management perspective;"

"(iii) 2 unlicensed seamen, of whom—"

"(I) 1 shall represent the viewpoint of able-bodied seamen; and"

"(ii) another shall represent the viewpoint of qualified members of the engine department; and"

"(iv) 1 pilot who represents the viewpoint of master mariners and master pilots;"

"(B) 6 marine educators, including—"

"(i) 3 marine educators who represent the viewpoint of maritime academies, including—"

"(I) 2 who represent the viewpoint of State maritime academies and are jointly recommended by such State maritime academies; and"

"(II) 1 who represents either the viewpoint of the State maritime academies or the United States Merchant Marine Academy; and"

"(ii) 3 marine educators who represent the viewpoint of other maritime training institutions, 1 to represent the viewpoint of the small vessel industry;"

"(C) 2 individuals who represent the viewpoint of shipping companies employed in ship operation management and"

"(D) 2 members who are appointed from the general public.

"(3) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Transportation in making an appointment under paragraph (2)(B)(ii)(I).

"(c) CHAIRMAN AND VICE CHAIRMAN.—The Secretary shall designate one member of the Committee as the Chairman and one member of the Committee as the Vice Chairman. The Vice Chairman shall act as Chairman in the absence or incapacity of the Chairman, or in the event of a vacancy in the office of the Chairman.

"(d) SUBCOMMITTEES.—The Committee may establish and disestablish subcommittees and working groups for any purpose consistent with this section, subject to conditions imposed. Members of the Committee and additional persons drawn from the general public may be assigned to such subcommittees and working groups. Only Committee members may chair subcommittees or working groups.

"(e) TERMINATION.—The Committee shall terminate on September 30, 2026.

"(f) Technical Amendment.—The analysis for such chapter is amended by adding at the end the following:

"8106. Merchant Marine Personnel Advisory Committee."

"SEC. 311. TRAVEL AND SUBSISTENCE.

(a) TITLE 46, UNITED STATES CODE.—Section 2119 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—"

"(1) by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

"(b) 1 In addition to the collection of fees and charges established under subsection (a), in providing a service or thing of value under this subtitle the Secretary may accept in-kind transportation, travel, and subsistence.

"(2) The value of in-kind transportation, travel, and subsistence accepted under this paragraph may not exceed applicable per diem rates set forth in regulations prescribed under section 464 of title 37; and"

"(2) in subsection (c), by striking ""subsections (a) and (b),"" and inserting ""subsections (a), (b), and (c),"" and"

"(a) Title 46, United States Code.—Section 664 of title 14, United States Code, concerning—"

"(1) the provision of a service or thing of value under section 464 of title 37; and"

"(2) the closing and reopening of fishing areas following a discharge;'';

"(3) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) through (D) as paragraphs (1) through (4); and"

"(3) by redesignating the last subsection as subsection (j).

"SEC. 313. AREA CONTINGENCY PLANS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 803 of title 46, United States Code, concerning—"

"(1) the appropriation for operating expenses of the Coast Guard for expenses of the Coast Guard in the provision of a service or thing of value under section 464 of title 37, and charges established under this section, (2) in subparagraph (b), by striking ''wildlife;'' and inserting ""wildlife, including advance planning with respect to the closing and reopening of fishing areas following a discharge;'';

"(3) by redesigning clauses (vi) and (vii) as clauses (viii) and (ix), respectively; and"

"(C) by inserting after clause (vi) the following:

"(vii) include a framework for advance planning and decisionmaking with respect to the closing and reopening of fishing areas following a discharge including protocols and standards for the closing and reopening of fishing areas;";

"SEC. 314. INTERNATIONAL ICE PATROL REFORM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 211 of title 46, United States Code, concerning—"

"(1) amends the Standards of Ethical Conduct for members and employees of the Coast Guard to include regulations governing the acceptance of in-kind reimbursements; and"

"(2) certified the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives of the amendments made under paragraph (1)."

"SEC. 312. PROMPT INTERGOVERNMENTAL NOTICE OF MARINE CASUALTIES.

Section 601 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—"

"(1) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:

"(b) NOTICE TO STATE AND TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS.—Not later than 24 hours after receiving a notice of a major marine casualty under this section, the Secretary shall notify each State or federally recognized Indian tribe that is, or may reasonably be expected to be, affected by such marine casualty;";

"(2) in subsection (b)—"

"(A) by striking ""(1)""; and"

"(B) by redesigning subsection (h) as subsection (i) of section 601, and in such subsection—"

"(1) by striking ""paragraph, and inserting ""paragraph;"" and inserting ""section, and""; and"

"(2) by redesigning subparagraphs (A) through (D) as paragraphs (1) through (4); and"

"(3) by redesigning the last subsection as subsection (j)."

"SEC. 315. AREA CONTINGENCY PLANS.

Section 311(j)(4) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1321(j)(4)) is amended—"

"(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking ""qualified personnel of Federal, State, and local agencies."" and inserting ""qualified—"

"(i) personnel of Federal, State, and local agencies; and"

"(ii) members of federally recognized Indian tribes, where applicable.";"

"(2) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by striking ""and local"" and inserting ""local, tribal; and"

"(3) in subparagraph (C)—"

"(A) in clause (iv), by striking ""and Federal, State, and local agencies"" and inserting ""Federal, State, and local agencies, and tribal governments;"

"(B) by redesigning clauses (vii) and (viii) as clauses (viii) and (ix), respectively; and"

"(C) by inserting after clause (vi) the following:

"(vii) include a framework for advance planning and decisionmaking with respect to the closing and reopening of fishing areas following a discharge including protocols and standards for the closing and reopening of fishing areas;";"
SEC. 318. UNINSPECTED PASSENGER VESSELS IN THE UNITED STATES VIRGIN ISLANDS.

(a) In General.—Section 4105 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the following:

"(b) In applying this title with respect to a uninspected vessel of less than 24 meters overall in length that carries passengers to or from a port in the United States Virgin Islands, the Secretary shall authorize '6 passengers' each place it appears in section 2101(42) if the Secretary determines that the vessel complies with, as applicable to the vessel—"

"(A) the Code of Practice for the Safety of Small Commercial Motor Vessels (commonly referred to as the 'Yellow Code'), as published by the U.K. Maritime and Coastguard Agency and in effect on January 1, 2014; or

(B) the Code of Practice for the Safety of Small Commercial Sailing Vessels (commonly referred to as the 'Blue Code'), as published by such agency and in effect on such date."

"(2) If the Secretary establishes standards to carry out this subsection—"

"(A) such standards shall be identical to those established in the Codes of Practice referred to in paragraph (1); and

"(B) on any dates before the date on which such standards are in effect, the Codes of Practice referred to in paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to the vessels referred to in paragraph (1)."

"(c) Technical Correction.—Section 4105(c) of title 46, United States Code, as redesignated by subsection (a) of this section, is amended by striking ‘Within twenty-four months of the date of enactment of this subsection, the’ and inserting ‘The’."

SEC. 319. TREATMENT OF ABANDONED SEAFARERS.

(a) In General.—Chapter 111 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the following:

"§ 11113. Treatment of abandoned seafarers

(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Treasury a separate account to be known as the Abandoned Seafarers Fund.

(2) AUTHORIZED USES.—Amounts in the Fund may be appropriated to the Secretary for—"

"(A) to pay necessary support of a seafarer—"

"(i) who—"

"(I) was paroled into the United States under section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(d)(5)), or for whom the Secretary has requested parole under such section; or

"(II) is convicted of a criminal offense related to such matter; or

"(iii) in the Treasury a separate account to be known as the Abandoned Seafarers Fund, and is less than $5,000,000.

(b) Reimbursement; Recovery.—

(A) The Secretary shall reimburse the Fund an amount equal to the total amount paid from the Fund for necessary support of a seafarer, if—"

"(1) the vessel owner or operator is not convicted of a criminal offense related to such matter; or

"(ii) the Secretary determines that reimbursement is appropriate.

(3) Amounts reimbursed or recovered under subsection (c) may only be credited to the Fund under paragraph (A) if the obligating balance of the Fund is less than $5,000,000.

(c) Report Required.—On the date on which the President submits each budget for a fiscal year pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report describing—"

"(A) the amounts credited to the Fund under paragraph (2) for the preceding fiscal year; and

"(B) the amounts in the Fund that were expended for the preceding fiscal year.

(d) Limitation.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to—"

"(1) to create a private right of action or any other right, benefit, or entitlement to necessary support for any person; or

"(2) to compel the Secretary to pay or reimburse the cost of necessary support.

(e) Discharge.—

(1) In General.—A vessel owner or operator shall reimburse the amount equal to the total amount paid from the Fund for necessary support of a seafarer, if—"

"(A) the vessel owner or operator—"

"(i) during the course of an investigation, reporting, documentation, or adjudication of any matter under this Act that the Coast Guard referred to a United States attorney or the Attorney General, fails to provide necessary support of a seafarer who was paroled into the United States to facilitate an investigation, reporting, documentation, or adjudication of any matter that is related to the administration or enforcement of law by the Coast Guard; or

"(ii) the Secretary determines was abandoned in the United States; and

"(ii) the Secretary determined was abandoned in the United States; and

"(III) has not applied for asylum under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.); and

"(B) to reimburse a vessel owner or operator for the costs of necessary support of a seafarer who has been paroled into the United States to facilitate an investigation, reporting, documentation, or adjudication of any matter that is related to the administration or enforcement of law by the Coast Guard, if—"

"(i) the vessel owner or operator is not convicted of a criminal offense related to such matter; or

"(ii) the Secretary determines that reimbursement is appropriate.

(f) Crediting of Amounts to Fund.—

(A) In General.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), there shall be credited to the Fund the following:

"(i) Penalties deposited in the Fund under section 9 of the Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships (33 U.S.C. 1224).

"(ii) Amounts reimbursed or recovered under subsection (c).

(B) Limitation.—Amounts may be credited to the Fund under subparagraph (A) only if the unobligated balance of the Fund is less than $5,000,000.

SEC. 320. TREATMENT OF ABANDONED SEAFARERS.

(a) In General.—Chapter 111 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c); and

(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the following:

"(A) the Code of Practice for the Safety of Small Commercial Motor Vessels (commonly referred to as the 'Yellow Code'), as published by the U.K. Maritime and Coastguard Agency and in effect on January 1, 2014; or

"(B) the Code of Practice for the Safety of Small Commercial Sailing Vessels (commonly referred to as the 'Blue Code'), as published by such agency and in effect on such date."

"(2) If the Secretary establishes standards to carry out this subsection—"

"(A) such standards shall be identical to those established in the Codes of Practice referred to in paragraph (1); and

"(B) on any dates before the date on which such standards are in effect, the Codes of Practice referred to in paragraph (1) shall apply with respect to the vessels referred to in paragraph (1)."

"(c) Technical Correction.—Section 4105(c) of title 46, United States Code, as redesignated by subsection (a) of this section, is amended by striking ‘Within twenty-four months of the date of enactment of this subsection, the’ and inserting ‘The’.
“(B) the vessel owner or operator abandons a seafarer in the United States, as determined by the Secretary based on substantial evidence.

(2) ENFORCEMENT.—If a vessel owner or operator fails to reimburse the Fund under paragraph (1) within 60 days after receiving a written, itemized description of reimbursable expenses and a demand for payment, the Secretary may—

(A) proceed in rem against the vessel on which the seafarer served in the Federal district court for the district in which the vessel is found; and

(B) withhold or revoke the clearance required under section 60105 for the vessel and any vessel operated by the same operator (as that term is defined in section 2(9)(a) of the Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships (33 U.S.C. 1901(9)(a)) as the vessel on which the seafarer served.

(3) OBTAINING CLEARANCE.—A vessel may obtain clearance from the Secretary after it is withheld or revoked under paragraph (2)(B) if the vessel owner or operator—

(A) reimburses the Fund the amount required under paragraph (1); or

(B) provides a bond, or other evidence of financial responsibility, sufficient to meet the amount required to be reimbursed under paragraph (1).

(4) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.—The Secretary shall notify the vessel at least 72 hours before taking any action under paragraph (2)(B).

(D) LIMITATIONS.—In this section:

(1) ABANDONED.—Abandoned. —Each of the terms ‘abandoned’ and ‘abandonment’ means—

(A) a vessel owner’s or operator’s unilateral severance of ties with a seafarer; or

(B) a vessel owner’s or operator’s failure to provide necessary support of a seafarer.

(2) FUND.—The term ‘Fund’ means the Abandoned Seafarers Fund established under this section.

(3) NECESSARY SUPPORT.—The term ‘necessary support’ means normal wages and expenses the Secretary considers reasonable to provide necessary support of a seafarer.

(4) FUND.—The term ‘Fund’ means the Abandoned Seafarers Fund established under this section.

(5) VESSEL SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF THE UNITED STATES.—The term ‘vessel subject to the jurisdiction of the United States’ has the meaning given that term in section 70502(c), except that it does not include a vessel that is—

(A) owned, or operated under a bareboat charter, by the United States, a State or political subdivision thereof, or a foreign nation; and

(B) not engaged in commerce.

(6) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for this chapter is amended by adding at the end the following:

‘‘1113. Treatment of abandoned seafarers.’’

(7) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 9 of the Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships (33 U.S.C. 1901) is amended by adding at the end the following:

‘‘(g) Any penalty collected under subsection (a) or (b) that is not paid under that subsection to the person giving information leading to the citation or assessment of such penalties shall be deposited in the Abandoned Seafarers Fund established under section 11113 of title 46, United States Code.’’

SEC. 321. WEBSITE.  
(a) REPORTS TO SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION: INCIDENTS AND DETAILS.—Section 3507(g)(3)(A) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in clause (ii) by striking “the incident to an Internet based portal maintained by the Secretary. Incident data specified in clause (i) to the Internet website maintained by the Secretary of Transportation under paragraph (4)(A);” and

(2) in clause (iii) by striking “the incident to an Internet website maintained by the Secretary” and inserting “website maintained by the Secretary of Transportation under paragraph (4)(A);”

(b) AVAILABILITY DATA ON INTERNET.—Section 3507(g)(4) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking subparagraph (A) and inserting the following:

‘‘(A) WEBSITE.—

‘‘(i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Transportation shall maintain a statistical compilation of all incidents on board a cruise vessel specified in paragraph (3)(A)(i) on an Internet website that provides a numerical accounting of the missing persons and alleged crimes reported under that paragraph without regard to the investigative status of the incident.

‘‘(ii) UPDATES AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS.—The compilation under paragraph (i) shall—

(I) be updated not less frequently than quarterly;

(II) be able to be sorted by cruise line;

(III) identify each cruise line by name;

(IV) identify the number of individuals alleged overboard; and

(VI) include the approximate number of passengers and crew carried by each cruise line during any one cruise line reporting period.

‘‘(ii) USER-FRIENDLY FORMAT.—The Secretary of Transportation shall ensure that the compilation, data, and any other information maintained under paragraph (i) are in a user-friendly format. The Secretary shall, to the greatest extent practicable, use existing commercial or off the shelf technology to transfer and establish the website, and shall not independently develop software, or acquire new hardware in operating the site.’’;

(2) in subsection (b) by striking “Secretary” and inserting “Secretary of Transportation.”

SEC. 322. COAST GUARD REGULATIONS.  
(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report to the following:

(1) a discussion of any new operational, indirect operational, management, personnel, training, vessel design and construction, record keeping, and other costs;

(2) an identification and justification of any of such proposed requirements that are based upon vessel classification, tonnage, offshore activity or function, alternative certifications, or any other appropriate criteria.

(b) LIMITATION.—The Secretary may not issue proposed regulations relating to safety and environmental management system requirements for vessels on the United States Outer Continental Shelf for which notice was published on September 25, 2013 (78 Fed. Reg. 55230) earlier than 6 months after the submittal of the analysis required by subsection (a).

TITLE IV—FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

SEC. 401. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.  
There is authorized to be appropriated to the Federal Maritime Commission $24,700,000 for fiscal year 2015.

SEC. 402. AWARD OF REPARATIONS.  
Section 41305 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (b), by striking “, plus reasonable attorney fees” for the unexpired term of the individual being succeeded.

SEC. 403. TERMS OF COMMISSIONERS.  
(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 301(b) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by adding at the end the following:

‘‘(2) TERMS.—The term of each Commissioner is 5 years. When the term of a Commissioner ends, the Commissioner may continue to serve until a successor is appointed and qualified, but for a period not to exceed one year. Except as provided in paragraph (3), an individual may serve more than 2 terms.’’; and

(2) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (5), and inserting after paragraph (2) the following:

‘‘(3) VACANCIES.—A vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment. An individual appointed to fill a vacancy may serve 2 terms in addition to the remainder of the term for which the predecessor of that individual was appointed.’’

(4) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—

(A) LIMITATION ON RELATIONSHIPS WITH REGULATED ENTITIES.—An individual may not have a pecuniary interest in, hold an officer or function, alternative certifications, or any other appropriate criteria.

(B) LIMITATION ON OTHER ACTIVITIES.—A Commissioner may not engage in another business, vocation, or employment.

(c) AWARD OF REPARATIONS.—The amendment made by subsection (a)(1) does not apply with respect to a Commissioner of the Federal Maritime Commission appointed and confirmed by the Senate before the date of the enactment of this Act.

TITLE V—ARCTIC MARITIME TRANSPORTATION

SEC. 501. ARCTIC MARITIME TRANSPORTATION.

(a) ARCTIC MARITIME TRANSPORTATION.—Chapter 5 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 89 the following:

‘‘ § 90. Arctic maritime transportation

(A) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to ensure safe and secure maritime shipping in the Arctic including the availability of aids to navigation, vessel escorts, spill response capability, and maritime search and rescue in the Arctic.

(b) INTERNATIONAL MARITIME ORGANIZATION AGREEMENTS.—To carry out the purpose
of this section, the Secretary is encouraged to enter into negotiations through the International Maritime Organization to conclude and execute agreements to promote coordinated action among the United States, Russia, Canada, Iceland, Norway, and Denmark and other seafaring and Arctic nations to ensure, in the Arctic—

(1) improvement and maintenance of aids to navigation;
(2) appropriate marine safety, tug, and salvage capabilities;
(3) spill prevention and response capability;
(4) maritime domain awareness, including long-range vessel tracking; and
(5) analysis and coordination.

(c) COORDINATION BY COMMITTEE ON THE MARITIME TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM.—The Committee on the Maritime Transportation System established under section 5503 of title 46, United States Code, shall coordinate the establishment of domestic transportation policies in the Arctic necessary to carry out the purpose of this section.

(d) AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTS.—The Secretary may, subject to the availability of appropriations, enter into cooperative agreements, contracts, or other agreements with, or make grants to, individuals and governments to carry out the purpose of this section or any agreements established under subsection (b).

(e) ICEBREAKING.—The Secretary shall promote safe maritime navigation by means of icebreaking where necessary, feasible, and effective to carry out the purposes of this section.

(f) ARCTIC DEFINITION.—In this section, the term ‘Arctic’ has the meaning given such term in section 112 of the Arctic Research and Policy Act of 1984 (15 U.S.C. 4111).

(g) CEREMONIAL.—The analysis for such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 89 the following:

90. Arctic maritime transportation.

(h) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 307 of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–281; 14 U.S.C. 92 note) is repealed.

SEC. 502. ARCTIC MARITIME DOMAIN AWARENESS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 7 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

§ 154. Arctic maritime domain awareness

‘‘(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant shall improve maritime domain awareness in the Arctic—

(1) by promoting interagency cooperation and coordination;
(2) by employing joint, interagency, and international capabilities; and
(3) by facilitating the sharing of information, intelligence, and data related to the Arctic maritime domain between the Coast Guard and the agencies listed in subsection (b).

‘‘(b) COORDINATION.—The Commandant shall seek to coordinate the collection, sharing, use of information, intelligence, and data related to the Arctic maritime domain between the Coast Guard and the following:

(2) The Department of Defense.
(3) The Department of Transportation.
(4) The Department of State.
(5) The Department of the Interior.
(6) The National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
(7) The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.
(8) The Environmental Protection Agency.
(9) The National Science Foundation.
(10) The Arctic Research Commission.

(11) Any Federal agency or commission or State the Commandant determines is appropriate.

‘‘(c) COOPERATION.—The Commandant and the head of a department or agency listed in subsection (b) may by agreement, on a reimbursable, share-striking, or otherwise, service personnel, equipment, and facilities to carry out the requirements of this section.

‘‘(d) 5-YEAR STRATEGIC PLAN.—Not later than January 1, 2015, and every 5 years thereafter, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Commandant of the Coast Guard a 5-year strategic plan to guide interagency and international intergovernmental cooperation and coordination for the purpose of improving maritime domain awareness in the Arctic.

‘‘(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section the term ‘Arctic’ has the meaning given such term in section 112 of the Arctic Research and Policy Act of 1984 (15 U.S.C. 4111).’’.

(b) CEREMONIAL.—The analysis for such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 131 the following:

‘‘154. Arctic maritime domain awareness.‘’

SEC. 503. IMPOlar CODE NEgotiations.

Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and thereafter with the submission of the budget proposal submitted for each of fiscal years 2016, 2017, and 2018 under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives the following:

(1) a statement of the needs and services described in that section that it is cost effective to reactivate the Polar Sea, a bridging strategy for maintaining the Coast Guard’s polar icebreaking services until at least September 30, 2024;
(2) a strategy to meet the Coast Guard’s Arctic ice operations needs through September 30, 2025, and
(3) as subsections (f), (g), and (h) as subsections (f), (g), and (h), respectively.

SEC. 504. FORWARD OPERATING FACILITIES.

The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating may construct facilities in the Arctic (as that term is defined in section 112 of the Arctic Research and Policy Act of 1984 (15 U.S.C. 4111)) of such a code or such amendments, on—

(A) the costs of delivering fuel and freight; and
(B) the safety of maritime transportation; and

(4) actions the Secretary must take to implement the requirements of such a code and such amendments.

SEC. 505. ICEBREAKERS.

(a) COAST GUARD POLAR ICEBREAKERS.—Section 222 of the Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation Act of 2012 (Public Law 112–215; 126 Stat. 1560) is amended—

(1) in subsection (d)(2)—

(A) in the paragraph heading by striking ‘‘;’’;

(B) redesignating subsection (g) as subsection (f), redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (g), and redesignating subsection (i) as subsection (h); and

(2) by adding at the end of subsection (d) the following:

‘‘(5) RESULT OF NO DETERMINATION.—If in the analysis submitted under subsection (a)(5) regarding whether it is cost effective to reactivate the Polar Sea, then—

(A) the Commandant of the Coast Guard may decommission the Polar Sea; or

(B) the Secretary may make such determination, not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of Howard Coble Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation Act of 2014, and take actions in accordance with the action as such determination was made in the analysis previously submitted;’’.

(c) by redesignating subsections (f), (g), and (h) as subsections (f), (g), and (h), respectively; and

(4) by inserting after subsection (d) the following:

‘‘(g) STRATEGIES.—

‘‘(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which the analysis required under subsection (a) is submitted, the Commandant of the Coast Guard shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate—

(A) unless the Secretary makes a determination under this section that it is cost effective to reactivate the Polar Sea, a bridging strategy for maintaining the Coast Guard’s polar icebreaking services until at least September 30, 2024;

(B) a strategy to meet the Coast Guard’s Arctic ice operations needs through September 30, 2025, and

(C) a strategy to meet the Coast Guard’s Antarctic ice operations needs through September 30, 2030.

‘‘(2) REQUIREMENT.—The strategies required under paragraph (1) shall include a business case analysis comparing the leasing and purchasing of icebreakers to maintain the needs and services described in that paragraph.

‘‘(b) CUTTER ‘POLAR SEA’.—Upon the submission of a service life extension plan in accordance with section 222(d)(1)(C) of the Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation Act of 2012 (Public Law 112-215; 126 Stat. 1560), the Secretary in which the Coast Guard is operating may use funds authorized under section 101 of this Act to conduct a service life extension of 7 to 10 years for the Coast Guard Cutter Polar Sea (WAGB 11) in accordance with such plan.

SEC. 506. LIMITATION.—

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating may not expend amounts appropriated for the Coast Guard for any fiscal years 2015 through 2024, for—

(1) activities related to a capability of a Polar-Class Icebreaker that is based solely on an operational requirement of any other Federal department or agency, except that the Secretary may acquire new design activities for a fiscal year before fiscal year 2016; or
SEC. 506. ICEBREAKING IN POLAR REGIONS.
(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 5 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after subsection (a), the following:

"87. Icebreaking in polar regions."

TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS
SEC. 601. DISTANT WATER TUNA FLEET.
Section 421 of the Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation Act of 2006 (46 U.S.C. 8103 note) is amended—

(1) by striking subsections (c) and (e); and
(2) by redesignating subsections (d) and (f) as subsections (c) and (f), respectively.

SEC. 602. EXTENSION OF MORATORIUM.
Section 2(a) of Public Law 110–299 (33 U.S.C. 1342 note) is amended by striking "2014" and inserting "2017."

SEC. 603. NATIONAL MARITIME STRATEGY.
(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation, in consultation with the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a national maritime strategy.

(b) CONTENTS.—The strategy required under subsection (a) shall—

(1) identify—

(A) Federal regulations and policies that reduce the efficiency of United States flag vessels in international transportation markets; and

(B) the impact of reduced cargo flow due to reductions in the number of members of the United States Armed Forces stationed or deployed outside of the United States; and

(2) include recommendations to—

(A) increase the use of United States flag vessels in international transportation,

(B) increase the use of United States flag vessels in domestic and coastwise trade, and

(C) ensure compliance by Federal agencies with chapter 553 of title 46, United States Code.

SEC. 604. WAIVERS.
(a) "JOHN CRAIG".—(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 8902 of title 46, United States Code, shall not apply to the vessel F/V John Craig (IMO number D1110613) when such vessel is operating on the portion of the Kentucky River, Kentucky, located at approximately mile point 429.6, between Lock Number 9 and Dam Number 9 and Lock and Dam Number 10.

(2) APPLICATION.—Paragraph (1) shall apply on and after the date on which the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating determines that a licensing requirement has been established under section 86 of title 46, United States Code, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating may issue a certificate of documentation with a coastwise endorsement for the F/V Western Challenger (IMO number 5388108).

(b) "F/V WESTERN CHALLENGER".—Notwithstanding section 12132(b) of title 46, United States Code, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating may issue a certificate of documentation with a coastwise endorsement for the F/V Western Challenger (IMO number 5388108).

SEC. 605. COMPETITION BY UNITED STATES FLAG VESSELS.
(a) In General.—The Commandant of the Coast Guard shall enter into an arrangement with the National Academy of Sciences to conduct an assessment of authorizations under subtitle II of title 46, United States Code, that have been delegated to the Coast Guard and that impact the ability of vessels documented under the laws of the United States to effectively compete in international transportation markets.

(b) REVIEW OF DIFFERENCES WITH IMO STANDARDS.—The assessment under subsection (a) shall include a review of differences between United States laws, policies, regulations, and guidance governing the inspection of vessels documented under the laws of the United States and international standards set by the International Maritime Organization governing the inspection of vessels.

(c) DURATION.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which the Commandant enters into an arrangement with the National Academy of Sciences under subsection (a), the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives an assessment required under such subsection.

SEC. 606. VESSEL REQUIREMENTS FOR NOTICES OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE AND AUTOMATIC IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM.
Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating relinquishes the reservation of the Property for lighthouse purposes, at the request of the City and subject to the requirements of this section, the Secretary shall convey to the City of Gig Harbor, Washington, and the interest of the United States in and to the Property, notwithstanding the land use planning requirements of sections 202 and 203 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1712, 1713).

SEC. 607. CONVEYANCE OF CERTAIN PROPERTY.
(a) CONVEYANCE AUTHORIZED.—The Commandant of the Coast Guard is authorized to convey, at fair market value, the real property described in subsection (a).

(b) FAIR MARKET VALUE.—The fair market value of the property described in subsection (a) shall—

(1) be determined by appraisal; and

(2) be subject to the approval of the Commandant.

(c) COSTS OF CONVEYANCE.—The responsibility for all reasonable and necessary costs, including any real estate transaction and environmental documentation costs, associated with a conveyance under subsection (a) shall be determined by the Commandant and the purchaser.

(d) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The Commandant may require such additional terms and conditions in connection with a conveyance under subsection (a) as the Commandant considers appropriate and reasonable to protect the interests of the United States.

(e) DISPOSIT OF PROCEEDS.—Any proceeds from a conveyance under subsection (a) shall be deposited in the fund established under section 897 of title 14, United States Code.

SEC. 608. CONVEYANCE OF CERTAIN PROPERTY IN GIG HARBOR, WASHINGTON.
(a) DETERMINATION.—This section, the following definitions apply:

(1) CITY.—The term "City" means the city of Gig Harbor, Washington.

(2) PROPERTY.—The term "Property" means the parcel of real property, together with any improvements thereon, consisting of approximately 0.86 acres of land located identified as tract 35 of lot 1 of section 8, township 21 north, range 2 east, Wil-lamette Meridian, on the north side of the entrance of Gig Harbor, narrows of Puget Sound, Washington.

(3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.

(b) APPLICATION.—This section applies to—

(1) AUTHORITY TO CONVEY.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating relinquishes the reservation of the Property for lighthouse purposes, at the request of the City and subject to the requirements of this section, the Secretary shall convey to the City the Property, and the interest of the United States in and to the Property, notwithstanding the land use planning requirements of sections 202 and 203 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1712, 1713).

(2) TERMS OF CONVEYANCE.—A conveyance made under paragraph (1) shall be made—

(A) subject to valid existing rights;

(B) at the fair market value as described in subsection (c); and

(C) subject to any other condition that the Secretary may consider appropriate to protect the interests of the United States.

(3) COSTS.—The City shall pay any transaction and administrative costs associated with a conveyance under paragraph (1), including the costs of the appraisal, title searches, maps, and boundary and cadastral surveys.

(4) CONVEYANCE IS NOT A MAJOR FEDERAL ACTION.—A conveyance under paragraph (1) shall not be considered a major Federal action for purposes of section 102(2) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)).

(c) FAIR MARKET VALUE.—The fair market value of the Property shall be—

(1) DETERMINATION.—The fair market value of the Property shall be—

(A) determined by an appraisal conducted by an independent appraiser selected by the Secretary; and

(B) approved by the Secretary in accordance with paragraph (3).
SEC. 509. VESSEL DETERMINATION.

The vessel assigned United States official number 1205868 is deemed a new vessel effective on the date of delivery of the vessel after January 1, 2012, from a privately owned United States shipyard, if no encumbrances are on record with the Coast Guard at the time of the issuance of the new certificate of documentation for the vessel.

SEC. 610. SAFE VESSEL OPERATION IN THUNDER BAY.

The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency may not prohibit a vessel operating within the existing boundaries and any future expanded boundaries of the Thunder Bay National Marine Sanctuary and Underwater Preserve from taking up or discharging ballast water to allow for safe and efficient vessel operation if the uptake or discharge may have an impact on the Federal and State ballast water management requirements that would apply if the area were not a marine sanctuary.

SEC. 611. PARKING FACILITIES.

(a) ALLOCATION AND ASSIGNMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the requirements of this section, the Administrator of General Services, in coordination with the Commandant of the Coast Guard, shall allocate and assign the spaces in parking facilities at the Department of Homeland Security National Marine Sanctuary and Underwater Preserve to any member or employee of the Coast Guard, who is assigned to the Campus, to use such spaces.

(2) TIMING.—In carrying out paragraph (1), and in addition to the parking spaces allocated and assigned to Coast Guard members and employees in fiscal year 2014, the Administrator shall allocate and assign not less than—

(A) 300 parking spaces not later than September 30, 2015;

(B) 750 parking spaces not later than September 30, 2016; and

(C) 1,024 parking spaces not later than September 30, 2017.

(b) COAST GUARD, TELECOMMUNICATIONS, AND TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and each fiscal year thereafter in which spaces are allocated and assigned under subsection (a)(2), the Administrator shall provide to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committees on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on—

(1) the impact of assigning and allocating parking spaces to Coast Guard property, any maintenance or improvements by the City to the Property, and such other factors as the Secretary considers appropriate.

(c) REVOCATION. REVERSION.—Effective on and after the date on which a conveyance of the Property is made under subsection (b)(1)—

(1) Executive Order 3528, dated August 9, 1921, is revoked; and

(2) the use of the tide and shore lands belonging to the State of Washington and adjoining the Property, that longing to the State of Washington and adjacent and assigned to Coast Guard members and in addition to the parking spaces allocated and assigned under subsection (a)(2), the Administrator may revise the allocation and assignment of spaces to members and employees of the Coast Guard made under subsection (a) as necessary to accommodate employees of the Department of Homeland Security, other than the Coast Guard, when such employees are assigned to the St. Elizabeths Campus.

SA 3998. Mrs. BOXER (for Mr. ROCKEBY) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2444, to authorize appropriations for the Coast Guard for fiscal year 2015, and for other purposes; as follows:

Amend the title so as to read: “A bill to authorize appropriations for the United States shipyard, if no encumbrances are on record with the Coast Guard at the time of the issuance of the new certificate of documentation for the vessel.”

SEC. 3. NATIONAL CYBERSECURITY AND COMMUNICATIONS INTEGRATION CENTER.

In this Act—

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

(1) the term ‘cybersecurity risk’ means threats to and vulnerabilities of information and information systems and any related consequences caused by or resulting from unauthorized access, use, disclosure, degradation, disruption, modification, or destruction of information or information systems, including such related consequences caused by an act of terrorism;

(2) the term ‘incident’ means an occurrence that—

(A) actually or imminently jeopardizes, without lawful authority, the integrity, confidentiality, or availability of information on an information system or network; or

(B) constitutes a violation or imminent threat of violation of law, security policies, or security procedures, or acceptable use policies; and

(3) the term ‘information sharing and analysis organization’ means the term in section 212(5) of title 44, United States Code.

(b) CENTER.—There is in the Department of Homeland Security a national cybersecurity and communications integration center (referred to in this section as the ‘Center’) to carry out certain responsibilities of the Under Secretary appointed under section 103(a)(1)(H).

(c) FUNCTIONS.—The cybersecurity functions of the Center shall include—

(1) being a Federal civilian interface for the multi-directional and cross-sector sharing of information related to cybersecurity risks, incidents, analysis, and warnings for Federal and non-Federal entities;

(2) providing shared situational awareness to enable real-time, collaborative, and coordinated operational actions across the Federal Government and non-Federal entities to address cybersecurity risks and incidents to Federal and non-Federal entities;

(3) coordinating the sharing of information related to cybersecurity risks and incidents across the Federal Government, facilitating cross-sector coordination to address cybersecurity risks and incidents, including cybersecurity risks and incidents that may be related or could have consequential impacts across multiple sectors;

(4) conducting and analyzing, including cross-sector integration and analysis, of cybersecurity risks and incidents; and

(5) providing information and recommendations on security and resilience measures to Federal and non-Federal entities, including information and recommendations to—

(A) facilitate information security; and

(B) strengthen information systems against cybersecurity risks and incidents.

(d) CENTER.—The Center shall be composed of—

(A) appropriate representatives of Federal entities, such as—

(i) sector-specific agencies;

(ii) civilian and law enforcement agencies; and

(iii) operators of critical information systems;

(B) appropriate representatives of non-Federal entities, such as—

(i) State and local governments;

(ii) information sharing and analysis organizations; and

(iii) owners and operators of critical information systems;
“(C) components within the Center that carry out cybersecurity and communications activities;

“(D) a designated Federal official for operational coordination with and across each sector; and

“(E) other appropriate representatives or entities, as determined by the Secretary.

“(2) The Secretary shall submit recommendations on the event of an incident, during exigent circumstances the Secretary may grant a Federal or non-Federal entity immediate temporary access to the Center.

“(e) PRINCIPLES.—In carrying out the functions under subsection (c), the Center shall ensure—

“(1) to the extent practicable, that—

“(A) timely, actionable, and relevant information related to cybersecurity risks, incidents, and analysis is shared;

“(B) when appropriate, information related to cybersecurity risks, incidents, and analysis is integrated with other relevant information and tailored to the specific characteristics of a sector;

“(C) activities are prioritized and conducted based on the level of risk;

“(D) industry sector-specific, academic, and industry expertise is sought and receives appropriate consideration;

“(E) continuous, collaborative, and inclusive coordination occurs—

“(i) across sectors; and

“(ii) with—

“(I) sector coordinating councils;

“(II) information sharing and analysis organizations; and

“(III) other appropriate non-Federal partners;

“(F) as appropriate, the Center works to develop and use mechanisms for sharing information related to cybersecurity risks and incidents that are technology-neutral, interoperable, real-time, cost-effective, and resilient; and

“(G) the Center works with other agencies to reduce unnecessarily duplicative sharing of information related to cybersecurity risks and incidents;

“(2) that information related to cybersecurity risks and incidents is appropriately safeguarded against unauthorized access; and

“(3) activities conducted by the Center comply with all policies, regulations, and laws that protect the privacy and civil liberties of United States persons.

“(f) NO RIGHT ON BENEFIT.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The provision of assistance or information to, and inclusion in the Center of or private entities under this section shall be at the sole and unre revie wable discretion of the Under Secretary appointed under section 103a(1)(H).

“(2) CERTAIN ASSISTANCE OR INFORMATION.—The provision of certain assistance or information to, or inclusion in the Center of, one governmental or private entity pursuant to this section shall not create a right or benefit, substantive or procedural, to similar assistance or information for any other governmental or private entity.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101 note) is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 225 the following:


(c) RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING NEW AGREEMENTS.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit recommendations on how to expedite the implementation of information-sharing agreements for cybersecurity purposes between the Center and non-Federal entities (referred to in this section as ‘‘cybersecurity information-sharing agreements’’) to—

“(1) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate; and

“(2) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives.

“(b) CONTENTS.—In submitting recommendations under subsection (a), the Secretary shall—

“(1) address the development and utilization of a scalable form that retains all privacy and other protections in cybersecurity information-sharing agreements in effect as of the date on which the Secretary submits the recommendations, including Cooperative Research and Development Agreements; and

“(2) include in the recommendations any additional authorities or resources that may be needed to carry out the implementation of any new cybersecurity information-sharing agreements.

SEC. 4. RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING NEW AGREEMENTS.

“(a) CYBER INCIDENT RESPONSE PLAN; CLEARANCES; BREACHES.

“(a) CYBER INCIDENT RESPONSE PLAN; CLEARANCES.—Subtitle C of title II of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 141 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“SEC. 227. CYBER INCIDENT RESPONSE PLAN.

“The Under Secretary appointed under section 188a(1)(H) shall, in coordination with appropriate Federal departments and agencies, State and local governments, sector coordinating councils, information sharing and analysis organizations, and any successor Executive Order 13549 (75 Fed. Reg. 162; as defined in section 226) to critical infrastructure, and other appropriate entities and individuals, develop, regularly update, maintain, and exercise adaptable cyber incident response plans to address cybersecurity risks (as defined in section 226) to critical infrastructure.

“SEC. 228. CLEARANCES.

“The Secretary shall make available the process of application for security clearances under Executive Order 13549 (75 Fed. Reg. 162; relating to a classified national security information program) and Executive Order 13549 (75 Fed. Reg. 162; relating to a classified national security information program) to critical infrastructure, and other appropriate entities and individuals, develop, regularly update, maintain, and exercise adaptable cyber incident response plans to address cybersecurity risks (as defined in section 226) to critical infrastructure.

“SEC. 229. BREACHES.

“(a) REQUIREMENTS.—The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall ensure that the breach notification policies and guidelines are updated periodically and require—

“(1) except as provided in paragraph (4), notice by the affected agency of publication by the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives, which shall—

“(i) be provided expeditiously and not later than 30 days after the date on which the agency discovered the unauthorized acquisition or access; and

“(ii) include—

“(I) an assessment of the extent to which the agency knows on the date on which notice is provided, including an estimate of whether and when the agency discovered the unauthorized acquisition or access;

“(II) an estimate of the number of individuals affected by the breach, based on information that the agency knows on the date on which notification is provided, including an assessment of the risk of harm to affected individuals;

“(III) a description of any circumstances necessitating or delaying the notification or access; and

“(IV) an estimate of whether and when the agency will provide notice to affected individuals.

“(b) NOTICE TO CONGRESS.—Any successor Executive Order 13549 (75 Fed. Reg. 162; relating to a classified national security information program) to critical infrastructure, and other appropriate entities and individuals, develop, regularly update, maintain, and exercise adaptable cyber incident response plans to address cybersecurity risks (as defined in section 226) to critical infrastructure.

“SEC. 226. NATIONAL SECURITY; LAW ENFORCEMENT; REMEDIATION.—The Attorney General, the head of an element of the intelligence community (as such term is defined under section 3003(4), or the Secretary may delay the notice to affected individuals.
under paragraph (1)(B) if the notice would disrupt a law enforcement investigation, endanger national security, or hamper security remediation actions.

(3) OMB REPORT.—During the first 2 years beginning after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall, on an annual basis—

(A) report the implementation of data breach notification policies and guidelines in aggregate; and

(B) include the assessment described in clause (1) in the annual report required under section 3543(a)(8) of title 44, United States Code.

(4) EXCEPTION.—Any element of the intelligence community (as such term is defined under section 521(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(4))) that is required to provide notice under paragraph (1)(A) shall only provide such notice to appropriate committees of Congress.

(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in the amendment made by subsection (a) or in subsection (b)(1) shall be construed to alter any authority of a Federal agency or department.

(d) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101 note), as amended by section 3, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 226 the following:


Sec. 228. Clearances.”

SEC. 8. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

(a) PROHIBITION ON NEW REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this Act or the amendments made by this Act shall be construed to grant the Secretary any authority to promulgate regulations or set standards relating to the cybersecurity of private sector critical infrastructure that was not in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this Act.

(b) PRIVATE ENTITIES.—Nothing in this Act or the amendments made by this Act shall be construed to require any private entity—

(1) to request assistance from the Secretary; or

(2) that requested such assistance from the Secretary to implement any measure or recommendation suggested by the Secretary.

SA 4000. Mrs. Boxer (for Mr. Carper (for himself and Mr. Coburn)) proposed an amendment to the bill H.R. 4007, to recodify and reauthorize the Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards Program; as follows:

In line 348 of the matter proposed to be inserted, insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Protecting and Securing Chemical Facilities from Terrorist Attacks Act of 2014”.

SEC. 2. CHEMICAL FACILITY ANTI-TERRORISM STANDARDS PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“TITLE XXI—CHEMICAL FACILITY ANTI-TERRORISM STANDARDS

SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.

“In this title—

(1) the term ‘CFATS regulation’ means—

(A) an existing CFATS regulation; and

(B) any regulation or amendment to an existing CFATS regulation issued pursuant to the authority under section 2107;

(2) the term ‘chemical facility of interest’ means a facility that—

(A) holds, or that the Secretary has a reasonable basis to believe holds, a chemical of interest, as designated under Appendix A to part 27 of title 6, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor thereto;

(b) the term ‘tier’ and ‘tiering methodology’ mean the procedure by which the Secretary assigns a tier to each covered chemical facility based on the risk assessment that covered chemical facility; and

(c) the term ‘vulnerability’ means the identification of weaknesses in the security of a chemical facility of interest.

SEC. 2102. CHEMICAL FACILITY ANTI-TERRORISM STANDARDS PROGRAM.

(a) PROGRAM ESTABLISHED.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—There is in the Department a Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards Program.

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards Program, the Secretary shall—

(1) identify—

(i) chemical facilities of interest; and

(ii) covered chemical facilities;

(2) require each chemical facility of interest to submit a Top-Screen and any other information the Secretary determines necessary to enable the Department to assess the security risks associated with the facility;

(3) establish risk-based performance standards designed to address high levels of security risk at covered chemical facilities; and

(4) require each covered chemical facility to—

(i) submit a security vulnerability assessment; and

(ii) develop, submit, and implement a site security plan.

(5) SECURITY MEASURES.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A facility, in developing a site security plan as required under subsection (a), shall include security measures that, in combination, appropriately address the security vulnerability assessment and the risk-based performance standards for security for the facility.

(B) EMPLOYEE INPUT.—To the greatest extent practicable, a facility’s security vulnerability assessment and site security plan shall include input from at least 1 facility employee and, where applicable, 1 employee representing a labor organization at the facility, or the employee of the local sitting agent at that facility, each of whom possesses, in the opinion of the Secretary, relevant knowledge, experience, training, or education as pertains to matters of site security.

(c) APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL OF SITE SECURITY PLANS.

(1) IN GENERAL.—

(A) REVIEW.—Except as provided in paragraph (4), the Secretary shall review and approve or disapprove each site security plan submitted pursuant to subsection (a).

(B) BASES FOR DISAPPROVAL.—The Secretary—

(i) may not disapprove a site security plan based on the presence or absence of a particular security measure; and

(ii) shall disapprove a site security plan if the plan fails to satisfy the risk-based performance standards established pursuant to subsection (a)(2)(C).

(2) ALTERNATIVE SECURITY PROGRAMS.—

(A) AUTHORITY TO APPROVE.—

(I) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may approve an alternative security program established by a private sector entity or a Federal, State, or local agency or other applicable laws, if the Secretary determines that the requirements of the program meet the requirements under this section.

(II) EXCLUSION OF TOOLS.—If the requirements of an alternative security program do not meet the requirements under

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this section, the Secretary may recommend additional security measures to the program that will enable the Secretary to approve the program.

"(B) SATISFACTION OF SITE SECURITY PLAN REQUIREMENT.—A covered chemical facility may satisfy the site security plan requirement under subsection (a) by adopting an alternative security program that the Secretary has—

"(i) reviewed and approved under subparagraph (A); and

"(ii) determined to be appropriate for the operations and security concerns of the covered chemical facility.

"(2) SITE SECURITY PLAN ASSESSMENTS.—

"(A) RISK ASSESSMENT POLICIES AND PROCEDURES.—In approving or disapproving a site security plan under this subsection, the Secretary shall adopt risk assessment policies and procedures developed under title I.

"(B) PREVIOUSLY APPROVED PLANS.—In the case of a covered chemical facility for which the Secretary approved a site security plan before the date of enactment of the Protecting and Securing Chemical Facilities from Terrorism Act of 2014, the Secretary may not require the facility to resubmit the site security plan solely by reason of the enactment of this title.

"(C) SITE SECURITY PLAN IMPLEMENTATION.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—A covered chemical facility assigned to tier 3 or 4 may not implement a plan under subsection (a)(2)(D) by developing and submitting to the Secretary—

"(I) a site security plan and the certification described in subparagraph (C); or

"(II) a site security plan in conformance with a template authorized under subparagraph (H).

"(ii) DATE GUIDANCE FOR EXPEDITED APPROVAL FACILITIES.—

"(I) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the Protecting and Securing Chemical Facilities from Terrorism Act of 2014, the Secretary shall issue guidance for expedited approval facilities that identifies specific security measures that are sufficient to meet the risk-based performance standards.

"(II) MATERIAL DEVIATION FROM GUIDANCE.—If a security measure in the site security plan materially deviates from a security measure in the guidance for expedited approval facilities, the plan shall include an explanation of how such security measure meets the risk-based performance standards.

"(III) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAWS TO DEVELOPMENT OF INITIAL POLICY AND PRACTICE.—During the period before the Secretary has met the deadline under clause (i), in developing and issuing, or amending, the guidance for expedited approval facilities under this subparagraph and in collecting information from expedited approval facilities, the Secretary shall not be subject to—

"(a) section 553 of title 5, United States Code;

"(b) subsection (I) of chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code; or

"(c) certification.—The owner or operator of an expedited approval facility shall submit to the Secretary a certification, signed under penalty of perjury, that—

"(I) the owner or operator is familiar with the requirements of this title and part 27 of title 6, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor regulations, and the site security plan being submitted;

"(II) the site security plan includes the security measures required by subsection (b); and

"(III) the security measures in the site security plan do not materially deviate from the guidance for expedited approval facilities except where indicated in the site security plan;

"(III) SITE SECURITY PLAN ASSESSMENTS.—

"(A) SITE SECURITY PLAN ASSESSMENTS.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—For an expedited approval facility that was assigned to tier 3 or 4 under existing CPAATS regulations before the site security plan was submitted, the Secretary shall examine, document, and verify that the site security plan is in compliance, or, in the case of planned measures, the site security plan has been implemented within a reasonable time period stated in the site security plan;

"(ii) each individual responsible for implementing the site security plan has been made aware of the requirements relevant to the individual’s responsibility contained in the site security plan and has demonstrated competency to carry out those requirements; and

"(III) SITE SECURITY PLAN IMPLEMENTATION.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—For an expedited approval facility that was assigned to tier 3 or 4 under existing CPAATS regulations before the site security plan was submitted, the Secretary—

"(I) may not require the facility to resubmit the site security plan solely by reason of the enactment of this title; and

"(II) may not require the facility to resubmit the site security plan solely by reason of the enactment of this title.

"(B) SATISFACTION OF SITE SECURITY PLAN REQUIREMENT.—

"(I) in the case of a change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance of the expedited approval facility that affects the site security plan, not later than 120 days after the date on which the change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance occurred;

"(II) in the case of the Secretary requiring additional security measures or suspending a certification and recommending additional security measures under paragraph (G); or

"(III) in the case of a change in tiering, not later than 120 days after the date on which the owner or operator receives notice under subsection (e)(3).

"(C) FACIALLY DEFICIENT SITE SECURITY PLANS.—

"(I) PROHIBITION.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) or (B), the Secretary may suspend the authority of a covered chemical facility to certify a site security plan if the Secretary determines that—

"(i) the site security plan or an amended site security plan is facially deficient; and

"(ii) not later than 100 days after the date on which the Secretary receives the site security plan and certification, provides the covered chemical facility with written notification that the site security plan is facially deficient, including a clear explanation of each deficiency in the site security plan.

"(II) ADDITIONAL SECURITY MEASURES.—

"(I) IN GENERAL.—If, during or after a compliance inspection of an expedited approval facility, the Secretary determines that planned or implemented security measures contained in the site security plan that the Secretary determined to be insufficient to meet the risk-based performance standards based on misrepresentation, omission, or an inadequate description of the site security plan, the Secretary may require—

"(a) additional security measures; or

"(b) the site security plan or an amended site security plan is facially deficient; and

"(III) in the case of a change in tiering, not later than 120 days after the date on which the owner or operator receives notice under subsection (e)(3).

"(D) DEADLINE.—An amended site security plan and certification shall be submitted under clause (i) if—

"(I) in general.—Not later than 120 days after the date described in clause (i), the owner or operator of an expedited approval facility shall submit to the Secretary the site security plan and the certification described in subparagraph (C).

"(II) DATE.—The date described in this clause is—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—For an expedited approval facility that was assigned to tier 3 or 4 under existing CPAATS regulations before the site security plan was submitted, the Secretary shall examine, document, and verify that the site security plan is in compliance, or, in the case of planned measures, the site security plan has been implemented within a reasonable time period stated in the site security plan;

"(B) SATISFACTION OF SITE SECURITY PLAN REQUIREMENT.—

"(I) in the case of a change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance of the expedited approval facility that affects the site security plan, not later than 120 days after the date on which the change in design, construction, operation, or maintenance occurred;

"(II) in the case of the Secretary requiring additional security measures or suspending a certification and recommending additional security measures under paragraph (G); or

"(III) in the case of a change in tiering, not later than 120 days after the date on which the owner or operator receives notice under subsection (e)(3).

"(E) COMPLIANCE.—

"(I) IN GENERAL.—For an expedited approval facility submitting a site security plan and certification in accordance with subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D)—

"(a) the planned measures of the site security plan shall comply with all of the requirements of its site security plan; and

"(II) the Secretary—

"(a) may not disapprove the site security plan; and

"(b) may audit and inspect the expedited approval facility under subsection (d) to verify compliance with its site security plan.

"(F) NONCOMPLIANCE.—If the Secretary determines an expedited approval facility is not in compliance with the requirements of the site security plan or is otherwise in violation of this title, the Secretary may enforce compliance in accordance with section 2104.

"(G) AMENDMENTS TO SITE SECURITY PLAN.—

"(I) REQUIREMENT.—

"(a) The owner or operator of an expedited approval facility amends a site security plan submitted under subparagraph (A), the owner or operator shall submit an amended site security plan and certification relating to the amended site security plan that contains the information described in subparagraph (C).

"(II) T ECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—For purposes of this clause, an amendment to a site security plan includes any technical amendment to the site security plan.

"(H) AMENDMENT HURDLE.—The owner or operator of an expedited approval facility shall amend the site security plan if—

"(i) there is a change in the design, construction, operation, or maintenance of the expedited approval facility that affects the site security plan;

"(ii) the Secretary requires additional security measures or suspends a certification and recommends additional security measures under subparagraph (G); or

"(iii) the owner or operator receives notice from the Secretary of a change in tiering under subsection (e)(3).

"(I) DEADLINE.—An amended site security plan and certification shall be submitted under clause (i) if—

"(I) in the case of a change in tiering, not later than 120 days after the date on which the owner or operator receives notice under subsection (e)(3).
the certification of an expedited approval facility under subclause (I), the Secretary shall—

(aa) recommend specific additional security measures that, if made part of the site security plan by the facility, would enable the Secretary to approve the site security plan; and

(bb) provide the facility an opportunity to submit a new or modified site security plan and certification under subparagraph (A).

(III) SUBMISSION; REVIEW.—If an expedited approval facility determines to submit a new or modified site security plan and certification as authorized under subclause (II)(bb)—

(aa) not later than 90 days after the date on which the facility receives recommendations under subclause (II)(aa), the facility shall submit the new or modified plan and certification; and

(bb) not later than 45 days after the date on which the Secretary receives the new or modified plan under item (aa), the Secretary shall review the plan and determine whether the plan is facially deficient.

(IV) DETERMINATION NOT TO INCLUDE ADDITIONAL SECURITY MEASURES.—

(aa) REVOCATION OF CERTIFICATION.—If an expedited approval facility does not agree to include in its site security plan specific additional security measures recommended by the Secretary under clause (ii)(aa), or does not submit a new or modified site security plan in accordance with subclause (III), the Secretary may revoke the certification of the facility by issuing an order under section 2104(a)(1)(B).

(bb) EFFECT OF REVOCATION.—If the Secretary revokes the certification of an expedited approval facility under item (aa) by issuing an order under section 2104(a)(1)(B)—

(AA) the order shall require the owner or operator of the facility to submit a site security plan or alternative security program for review by the Secretary under subsection (c)(1); and

(BB) the facility shall no longer be eligible to certify a site security plan under this paragraph.

(V) FACIAL DEFICIENCY.—If the Secretary determines that a new or modified site security plan submitted under an expedited approval facility under subclause (III) is facially deficient—

(aa) not later than 120 days after the date of the order, the owner or operator of the facility shall submit a site security plan or alternative security program for review by the Secretary under subsection (c)(1); and

(bb) the facility shall no longer be eligible to certify a site security plan under this paragraph.

(IV) TEMPLATES.—

(I) IN GENERAL.—The Department may develop prescriptive site security plan templates with specific security measures to meet the risk-based performance standards under subsection (a)(2)(C) for adoption and certification by a covered chemical facility assigned to tier 3 or 4 in lieu of developing and completing a site security plan.

(II) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAWS TO DEVELOPMENT AND ISSUANCE OF INITIAL SITE SECURITY PLAN TEMPLATES AND RELATED GUIDANCE.—Before the Secretary issues the templates under paragraph (I), in issuing guidance for implementation of the templates, and in collecting information from expedited approval facilities, the Secretary shall not be subject to the requirements of—

(A) section 553 of title 5, United States Code; or

(B) subchapter I of chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code; or

(C) section 2107(b) of this title.

(III) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prevent a covered chemical facility from developing and certifying its own site security plan in accordance with subparagraph (A).

(IV) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of the Protecting and Securing Chemical Facilities from Terrorist Attacks Act of 2014, the Secretary shall take any appropriate action necessary for a full evaluation of the expedited approval program authorized under this paragraph, including conducting an appropriate number of inspections, as authorized under subsection (d), of expedited approval facilities.

(V) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of the Protecting and Securing Chemical Facilities from Terrorist Attacks Act of 2014, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the House of Representatives a report that contains—

(A) the number of eligible facilities using the expedited approval program authorized under this paragraph; and

(B) the number of facilities that are eligible for the expedited approval program but are using the standard process for developing and submitting a site security plan under subsection (a)(2)(D).

(VI) any communications between the Department and the affected parties, including any other communications necessary to handle chemical-terrorism vulnerability information (as defined in section 27105 of title 6, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor thereto); and

(VII) the reporting of any issue of non-compliance with this section to the Secretary within 24 hours; and

(VIII) any additional qualifications for fitness of duty as the Secretary may require.

(E) STANDARDS FOR AUDITORS AND INSPECTORS.—The Secretary shall prescribe standards for the training and retraining of each individual employed by the Department as an auditor or inspector who is an individual employed by the Department and all nondepartmental or nongovernmental personnel, including—

(A) standards for training requirements for new auditors and inspectors;

(B) retraining requirements;

(C) minimum education and experience levels; and

(D) any other qualifications or any additional qualifications for fitness of duty as the Secretary may require.

(F) CONDITIONS FOR NONGOVERNMENTAL AUDITORS AND INSPECTORS.—If the Secretary arranges for an audit or inspection under subparagraph (B) to be carried out by a nongovernmental entity, the Secretary shall—

(i) prescribe standards for the qualification of the individuals who carry out such auditors and inspectors that are commensurate with the standards for similar Government auditors or inspectors; and

(ii) ensure that any duties carried out by a nongovernmental entity are not inherently governmental functions.

(G) PERSONNEL SECURITY.—

(A) PERSONNEL SECURITY PROGRAM.—For purposes of this title, the Secretary shall establish and carry out a Personnel Security Program that—

(i) does not require an owner or operator of a covered chemical facility to conduct a background check or voluntarily participate in the program to submit information about an individual more than 1 time; and

(ii) provides a participating owner or operator of a covered chemical facility with relevant information about an individual based on vetting the individual against the terrorism screening database to the extent that such feedback is necessary for the facility to be in compliance with regulations promulgated under this title; and

(iii) provides redress to an individual—

(A) whose information was vetted against the terrorism screening database under the program; and

(B) who believes that the personally identifiable information submitted to the Department for such vetting by a covered chemical-terrorist attacks...
chemical facility, or its designated representative, was inaccurate.

"(B) PERSONNEL SURETY PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION.—To the extent that a risk-based performance standard established under subsection (a) requires identifying individuals with ties to terrorism—

"(i) a covered chemical facility—

"(I) its obligation under the standard by using any Federal screening program that periodically vets individuals against the terrorist screening database, or any successor program, including the Personnel Surety Program, established under subparagraph (A); and

"(II) shall—

"(aa) accept a credential from a Federal screening program described in clause (i) if an individual who is required to be screened presents such a credential; and

"(bb) address in its site security plan or alternative security program the measures it will take to verify that a credential or documentation from a Federal screening program described in clause (I) is current; and

"(ii) visual inspection shall be sufficient to meet the requirement under clause (I)(II)(bb), but the facility should consider other means of verification, consistent with the facility's assessment of the threat posed by acceptance of such credentials; and

"(iii) the Secretary may not require a covered chemical facility to submit any information about an individual unless the individual—

"(I) is to be vetted under the Personnel Surety Program; or

"(II) has been identified as presenting a terrorism security risk.

"(C) RIGHTS UNAFFECTED.—Nothing in this section shall supersede the ability—

"(i) to maintain its own policies regarding the access of individuals to restricted areas or critical assets; or

"(ii) of an employing facility and a bargaining agent, where applicable, to negotiate as to how the results of a background check may be used by the facility with respect to employment status.

"(3) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—The Secretary shall share with the owner or operator of a covered chemical facility any information that the owner or operator needs to comply with this section.

"(e) RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE SECRETARY.—

"(1) IDENTIFICATION OF CHEMICAL FACILITIES OF INTEREST.—In carrying out this title, the Secretary shall consult with the heads of other Federal agencies, States and political subdivisions, the relevant business associations, and public and private labor organizations to identify all chemical facilities of interest.

"(2) RISK ASSESSMENT.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this title, the Secretary shall develop a security risk assessment approach and corresponding tiering process for covered chemical facilities that incorporates the relevant elements of risk, including threat, vulnerability, and consequence.

"(B) CRITERIA FOR DETERMINING SECURITY RISK.—The criteria for determining the security risk of terrorism associated with a covered chemical facility shall take into account—

"(i) relevant threat information;

"(ii) potential severe economic consequences and the potential loss of human life in the event of the facility being subject to attack, compromise, infiltration, or exploitation by terrorists; and

"(iii) vulnerability of the facility to attack, compromise, infiltration, or exploitation by terrorists.

"(3) CHANGES IN TIERING.—

"(A) MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS.—The Secretary shall document the basis for each instance in which—

"(i) tiering for a covered chemical facility is changed; or

"(ii) a covered chemical facility is determined to no longer be subject to the requirements under this title.

"(B) REPORTING OF INFORMATION.—The records maintained under subparagraph (A) shall include information on whether and how the Secretary confirmed the information that was the basis for any change or determination described in subparagraph (A).

"(C) SEMIANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORTING.—Not later than 6 months after the date a covered chemical facility was determined to be in a lower risk tier; or

"(D) determined that a facility that had previously met the criteria for a covered chemical facility under section 2101(3) no longer met the criteria; and

"(II) the basis, in summary form, for each action or determination under subclause (I); and

"(E) the average number of covered chemical facilities in the United States; and

"(F) other information about a covered chemical facility prior to approval.

"(D) the number of covered chemical facilities inspected;

"(E) the average number of covered chemical facilities that accepted a surety bond or other guarantee;

"(F) any other information that the Secretary determines will be helpful to Congress in evaluating the performance of the Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards Program.

"(2) DISSEMINATION.—The Secretary shall disseminate information under subsection (a) through a medium or system determined by the Secretary to be appropriate to ensure the secure and expeditious dissemination of such information to necessary selected individuals.

"(d) ENFORCEMENT PROCEEDINGS.—In any proceeding to enforce this section, vulnerability assessments, site security plans, and other information submitted to or obtained by the Secretary under this title that relates to vulnerability or security information, shall be treated as if the information were classified.

"(e) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law (including section 552(b)(3) of title 5, United States Code), the Secretary shall be authorized to disseminate information developed under this title to a Member of Congress in response to a request by a Member of Congress.

"SEC. 2104. CIVIL ENFORCEMENT.

"(a) NOTICE OF NONCOMPLIANCE.—

"(1) NOTICE.—If the Secretary determines that a covered chemical facility is not in compliance with this title, the Secretary shall—

"(A) provide the owner or operator of the facility with—

"(i) not later than 14 days after date on which the Secretary makes the determination, a written notice of noncompliance that includes a clear explanation of any deficiency in the security vulnerability assessment or site security plan; and

"(ii) an opportunity for consultation with the Secretary or the Secretary's designee; and

"(B) issue to the owner or operator of the facility an order to comply with this title by a date specified by the Secretary in the order, which date shall be not later than 180 days after the date on which the Secretary issues the order.

"(2) CONTINUED NONCOMPLIANCE.—If an owner or operator remains noncompliant after the procedures outlined in paragraph (1) have been executed, or demonstrates repeated violations of this title, the Secretary may enter an order in accordance with this section assessing a civil penalty, an order to cease operations, or both.

"(b) CIVIL PENALTIES.—

"(1) PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF ORDERS.—Any person who violates an order issued under this title shall be liable for a civil penalty under section 70119(a) of title 46, United States Code.

"(2) NON-REPORTING CHEMICAL FACILITIES OF INTEREST.—Any owner of a chemical facility of interest who fails to comply with, or knowingly submits false information under, any provision of any law, regulation, or order shall be liable for a civil penalty under section 70119(a) of title 46, United States Code.

"(c) EMERGENCY ORDERS.—

"(1) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary shall provide to State, local, and regional fusion centers (as that term is defined in section 210A(j)(1)) and State and local government officials, as the Secretary determines appropriate, such information as is necessary to secure and expedite the coordination of such information to necessary selected individuals.

"(2) DISSEMINATION.—The Secretary shall disseminate information under paragraph (1) through a medium or system determined by the Secretary to be appropriate to ensure the secure and expeditious dissemination of such information to necessary selected individuals.

"(3) SHARING OF INFORMATION WITH MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.—Nothing in this section shall prohibit the Secretary from disclosing information developed under this title to a Member of Congress in response to a request by a Member of Congress.

"SEC. 2105. PROTECTION AND SHARING OF INFORMATION.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, information developed under this title, including vulnerability assessments, site security plans, and other security-related information, records, and documents shall be given protections from public disclosure consistent with the protections of similar information under section 70030(d) of title 46, United States Code.

"(b) SHARING OF INFORMATION WITH STATES AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the sharing of information developed under this title, as the Secretary determines appropriate, with State and local government officials possessing a need to know and the necessary security clearances, including law enforcement officials and first responders, for the purpose of carrying out this title, provided that such information may not be disclosed pursuant to any State or local law.

"(c) SHARING OF INFORMATION WITH FIRST RESPONDERS.—

"(1) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary shall provide to State, local, and regional fusion centers (as that term is defined in section 210A(j)(1)) and State and local government officials, as the Secretary determines appropriate, such information as is necessary to secure and expedite the coordination of such information to necessary selected individuals.
incident that may affect a chemical facility of interest, the Secretary—

(A) shall consult with the facility, if practicable, on steps to mitigate the risk; and

(B) shall recommend the facility, without notice or opportunity for a hearing, effective immediately or as soon as practicable, to—

(i) implement appropriate emergency security measures; or

(ii) cease or reduce some or all operations, in accordance with safe shutdown procedures, if the Secretary determines that such a cessation or reduction of operations is the most appropriate means to address the risk.

(2) LIMITATION ON DELEGATION.—The Secretary may delegate to the Under Secretary appointed under section 102(a)(1)(H) the authority, under paragraph (1) to any other than the Under Secretary responsible for overseeing critical infrastructure protection, cybersecurity, and other related programs of the Department.

(3) LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may exercise the authority under this subsection only to the extent necessary to abate the imminent threat determination under paragraph (1).

(4) DUE PROCESS FOR FACILITY OWNER OR OPERATOR.—

(A) WRITTEN ORDERS.—An order issued by the Secretary under paragraph (1) shall be in the form of a written order.

(i) describes the violation or risk that creates the imminent threat; and

(ii) states the security measures or order issued and imposed; and

(iii) describes the standards and procedures for obtaining relief from the order.

(B) OPPORTUNITY FOR REVIEW.—After issuing an order under paragraph (1) with respect to a chemical facility of interest, the Secretary shall provide for review of the order under section 554 of title 5 if a petition for relief is filed not later than 20 days after the date on which the Secretary issues the order.

(C) EXPIRATION OF EFFECTIVENESS OF ORDER.—If a petition for review of an order is filed under subparagraph (B) and the review under that paragraph is not completed by the last day of the 30-day period beginning on the date the petition is filed, the order shall vacate automatically at the end of that period unless the Secretary determines, in writing, that the imminent threat providing a basis for the order continues to exist.

(d) RIGHT OF ACTION.—Nothing in this title confers upon any person except the Secretary the right to institute a right of action against an owner or operator of a covered chemical facility to enforce any provision of this title.

SEC. 2105. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS.

(a) PROCEDURE FOR REPORTING PROBLEMS.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF A REPORTING PROCEDURE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the Protecting and Securing Chemical Facilities from Terrorist Attacks Act of 2014, the Secretary shall establish, and provide information to the public regarding, a procedure under which any employee or contractor of a chemical facility of interest may submit a report to the Secretary regarding a violation of a requirement under this title.

(2) CONFIDENTIALITY.—The Secretary shall keep confidential the identity of an individual who submits a report under paragraph (1) and any such report shall be treated as a record containing protected information to the extent that the report does not contain publicly available information, including security-sensitive information, regarding problems, deficiencies, or vulnerabilities at a covered chemical facility.

(3) ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT.—If a report submitted under paragraph (1) identifies the individual making the report, the Secretary shall promptly respond to the individual directly and shall promptly acknowledge receipt of the report.

(b) REGULATIONS TO ADDRESS PROBLEMS.—The Secretary—

(A) shall review and consider the information provided in any report submitted under paragraph (1); and

(B) may take action under section 2104 of this title if necessary to address any substantiated violation of a requirement under this title identified in the report.

(c) DUE PROCESS FOR FACILITY OWNER OR OPERATOR.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF A REPORTING PROCEDURE.—The Secretary may exercise the authority under this section in—

(i) institute a civil enforcement under section 2104(a) of this title; or

(ii) if the Secretary makes the determination under section 2104(c), issue an emergency order.

(B) WRITTEN ORDERS.—The action of the Secretary under paragraph (4) shall be in a written form that—

(i) describes the violation;

(ii) states the authority under which the Secretary is proceeding; and

(iii) describes the standards and procedures for obtaining relief from the order.

(C) OPPORTUNITY FOR REVIEW.—After taking action under paragraph (4), the Secretary shall provide for review of the order if a petition for review is filed within 20 calendar days of the date of issuance of the order for the action.

(D) EXPIRATION OF EFFECTIVENESS OF ORDER.—If a petition for review of an order is filed under subparagraph (C) and the review under that subparagraph is not completed by the end of the 30-day period beginning on the date the petition is filed, the action shall cease to be effective at the end of such period unless the Secretary determines, in writing, that the violation providing a basis for the action continues to exist.

(b) INITIAL REPORTS.—The protected individual who submits a report under paragraph (1) may provide to the Secretary at the time of the report—

(i) knowingly and willfully makes any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or representation; or

(ii) uses any false writing or document knowing the writing or document contains any false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or entry.

(c) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary shall exclusively rely upon authority provided under this title in—

(i) determining compliance with this title;

(ii) identifying chemicals of interest; and

(iii) determining security risk associated with a chemical facility.

SEC. 2106. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.

(b) OTHER FEDERAL LAWS.—Nothing in this title shall be construed to supersede, amend, alter, or affect any Federal law that—

(1) regulates (including by requiring information to be submitted or made available) the manufacture, distribution in commerce, use, handling, sale, other treatment, or disposal of chemical substances or mixtures; or

(2) authorizes or requires the disclosure of any record or information obtained from a chemical facility under any law other than this title.

(c) STATES AND POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS.—This title shall not preclude or deny any right of any State or any political subdivision thereof to adopt or enforce any regulation, requirement, or standard of performance with respect to chemical facility security or otherwise improve the safety or security of any person or property, or require or standardize of performance issued under this section, or otherwise impair any right or jurisdiction of any State or political subdivision with respect to chemical facilities within that State, unless there is an actual conflict between this section and the law of that State.

SEC. 2107. CFATS REGULATIONS.

(a) GENERAL AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may, in accordance with chapter 5 of title 5, United States Code, promulgate regulations or amend existing CFATS regulations to implement the provisions under this title.

(b) EXISTING CFATS REGULATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 4(b) of the Protecting and Securing Chemical Facilities from Terrorist Attacks Act of 2014, each existing CFATS regulation shall remain in effect unless the Secretary amends, alters, or affects the existing CFATS regulation.

(2) REVOCATION.—Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of the Protecting and Securing Chemical Facilities from Terrorist Attacks Act of 2014, the Secretary shall repeal any existing CFATS regulation that the Secretary determines is duplicative of, or conflicts with, this title.

(c) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary shall exclusively rely upon authority provided under this title in—

(i) determining compliance with this title;

(ii) identifying chemicals of interest; and

(iii) determining security risk associated with a chemical facility.

SEC. 2108. SMALL COVERED CHEMICAL FACILITIES.

(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term ‘small covered chemical facility’ means a covered chemical facility that—

(i) has fewer than 100 employees employed at the covered chemical facility; and

(ii) is owned and operated by a small business concern (as defined in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632)).

(b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may provide guidance and, as appropriate, tools, methodologies, or computer software, to assist small covered chemical facilities in developing the physical security, cybersecurity, recordkeeping, and reporting procedures required under this title.
"(c) REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives a report on best practices that may assist small covered chemical facilities in development of physical security.

SEC. 2109. OUTREACH TO CHEMICAL FACILITIES OF INTEREST.

"Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Protecting and Securing Chemical Facilities from Terrorist Attacks Act of 2014, the Secretary shall establish an outreach implementation plan, in coordination with the heads of other appropriate Federal and State agencies, relevant business associations, and public and private labor organizations, to—

(1) identify chemical facilities of interest; and
(2) make available compliance assistance materials and information on education and training.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–186; 116 Stat. 317; amended by adding at the end the following:

'‘TITLE XXI—CHEMICAL FACILITY ANTI–TERRORISM STANDARDS

'Sec. 2101. Definitions.
'Sec. 2102. Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards Program.
'Sec. 2103. Protection and sharing of information.
'Sec. 2104. Civil enforcement.
'Sec. 2105. Whistleblower protections.
'Sec. 2106. Relationship to other laws.
'Sec. 2107. In this Act.
'Sec. 2108. Small covered chemical facilities.
'Sec. 2109. Outreach to chemical facilities of interest.

SEC. 3. ASSESSMENT; REPORTS.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

(1) the term ‘‘Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards Program’’ means—

(A) the Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards program initially authorized under section 550 of the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2007 (Public Law 109–295; 120 Stat. 1338); and
(B) the Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards Program subsequently authorized under section 2105 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added by section 2;

(2) the term ‘‘Department’’ means the Department of Homeland Security;

(c) REPORTS.—

(1) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives a report on the Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards Program.

(A) a certification by the Secretary that the Secretary has made significant progress in the identification of all chemical facilities of interest under section 2102(e)(1) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added by section 2, including—

(i) a description of the steps taken to achieve that progress and the metrics used to measure the progress;
(ii) information on whether facilities that submitted the result of the identification of chemical facilities of interest were tiered and in what tiers those facilities were placed; and
(iii) an action plan to better identify chemical facilities of interest and bring those facilities into compliance with title XXI of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added by section 2;

(B) a certification by the Secretary that the Secretary has developed a risk assessment approach and corresponding tiering methodology in accordance with section 2106 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added by section 2;

(C) an assessment by the Secretary of the implementation by the Department of the recommendations made by the Homeland Security Studies and Analysis Institute as outlined in the Institute’s Tiering Methodology Peer Review (Publication Number: RP12–22–02); and

(D) a description of best practices that may assist small covered chemical facilities, a description of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added by section 2, in the development of physical security best practices.

(2) ANNUAL GAO REPORT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—During the 3-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate a report that assesses the implementation of this Act and the amendments made by this Act.

(B) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress the first report under subparagraph (A).

(C) SECOND ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the initial report required under subparagraph (B), the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress the second report under subparagraph (A), which shall include an assessment of the whistleblower protections provided under section 2106 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added by section 2, and—

(i) describes the number and type of problems, deficiencies, and vulnerabilities with respect to which reports have been submitted under such section 2105;

(ii) evaluates the efforts of the Secretary in addressing the problems, deficiencies, and vulnerabilities described in subsection (a)(1) of such section 2105; and

(iii) evaluates the efforts of the Secretary to inform individuals of their rights, as required under subsection (c) of such section 2105.

(D) THIRD ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which the Comptroller General submits the second report required under subparagraph (B), the Comptroller General shall submit to Congress the third report under subparagraph (A), which shall include an assessment of—

(i) the expedited approval program authorized under section 2102(c)(4) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added by section 2; and

(ii) the report on the expedited approval program submitted by the Secretary under subparagraph (A); and

SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE; CONFORMING REPEAL

(a) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This Act, and the amendments made by this Act, shall take effect on the date that is 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

(b) CONFORMING REPEAL.—Section 505 of the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2007 (Public Law 109–295; 120 Stat. 1388), is repealed as of the effective date of this Act.

SEC. 5. TERMINATION.

"The Secretary provided under title XXI of the Homeland Security Act of 2002, as added by section 2(a), shall terminate on the date that is 4 years after the effective date of this Act.

SA 4001. Mrs. BOXER (for Mr. CARPER) proposed an amendment to the Protecting and Securing Chemical Facilities from Terrorist Attacks Act of 2014, as added by section 2(a), to require the Secretary of Homeland Security to assess the cybersecurity workforce of the Department of Homeland Security and develop a comprehensive workforce strategy for other purposes; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the ‘‘Cybersecurity Workforce Assessment Act’’.

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act—

(1) the term ‘‘Cybersecurity Category’’ means a position’s or incumbent’s primary work function involving cybersecurity, which is further defined by Specialty Area;

(2) the term ‘‘Department’’ means the Department of Homeland Security;

(3) the term ‘‘Secretary’’ means the Secretary of Homeland Security; and

(4) the term ‘‘Specialty Area’’ means any of the common types of cybersecurity work as recognized by the National Initiative for Cybersecurity Education’s National Cybersecurity Workforce Framework report.

SEC. 3. CYBERSECURITY WORKFORCE ASSESSMENT AND STRATEGY.

(a) WORKFORCE ASSESSMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 3 years, the Secretary shall assess the cybersecurity workforce of the Department.

(2) CONTENTS.—The assessment required under paragraph (1) shall include, at a minimum—

(A) an assessment of the readiness and capacity of the workforce of the Department to meet its cybersecurity mission;

(B) information on where cybersecurity workforce positions are located within the Department;

(C) information on which cybersecurity workforce positions are—

(i) performed by—

(I) permanent full-time equivalent employees of the Department, including, to the greatest extent practicable, demographic information about such employees;

(II) independent contractors; and

(III) individuals employed by other Federal agencies, including the National Security Agency; or

(ii) vacant; and

(D) information on—

(i) the percentage of individuals within each Cybersecurity Category and Specialty Area who received essential training to perform their jobs; and

(ii) cases in which such essential training was not received, what challenges, if any, were encountered with respect to the provision of such essential training.

(b) WORKFORCE STRATEGY.

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall—

(A) not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, develop a comprehensive workforce strategy to enhance the readiness, capacity, training, recruitment, and retention of the cybersecurity workforce of the Department; and

(B) maintain and, as necessary, update the comprehensive workforce strategy developed under subparagraph (A).
(2) CONTENTS.—The comprehensive workforce strategy developed under paragraph (1) shall include a description of—
(A) a multi-phased recruitment plan, including, with respect to experienced professionals, members of disadvantaged or under-served communities, the unemployed, and veterans;
(B) a 5-year implementation plan;
(C) a 10-year projection of the cybersecurity workforce needs of the Department; and
(D) any obstacle impeding the hiring and development of a cybersecurity workforce in the Department; and
(E) any gap in the existing cybersecurity workforce of the Department and a plan to fill any such gap.

SEC. 30. ELIGIBILITY FOR PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES.
Any land designated as a unit of the National Park System or a component of the National Wilderness Preservation System under this title shall not be subject to chapter 69 of title 31, United States Code.

SA 4005. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:
SEC. 30. PROHIBITION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR FEDERAL LAND ACQUISITION.
None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act (or an amendment made by this Act) may be obligated or expended to establish a new unit of the National Park System or to acquire Federal land until the date on which the Secretary of the Interior certifies that the maintenance backlog on Federal land has declined for at least 2 consecutive years.

SEC. 5005. HINCHLIFE STADIUM ADDITION TO PATERSO N GREAT FALLS NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3037 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5006. MANHATTAN PROJECT NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3039 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5007. VALLES CALDERA NATIONAL PRESERVE, NEW MEXICO.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3043 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5008. VICKSBURG NATIONAL MILITARY PARK.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3044 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5009. REVOLUTIONARY WAR AND WAR OF 1812 AMERICAN BATTLEFIELD PROTECTION PROGRAM.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3050 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5010. SPECIAL RESOURCE STUDIES.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3051 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5011. NATIONAL HERITAGE AREAS AND CORRIDORS.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3052 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5012. COMMISSION TO STUDY THE POTENTIAL CREATION OF A NATIONAL WOMEN’S HISTORY MUSEUM.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3056 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5013. ALPINE LAKES WILDERNESS ADDITIONS, AND PRATT AND MIDDLE FORK SNOQUIALMIE RIVERS PROTECTION.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3060 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5014. COLUMBINE-HONDO WILDERNESS.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3061 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5015. HORMOSA CREEK WATERSHED PROTECTION.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3065 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5016. NORTH FORK FEDERAL LANDS WITHDRAWAL AREA.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3066 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5017. PINK FOREST RANGE WILDERNESS.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3067 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5018. ROCKY MOUNTAIN FRONT CONSERVATION MANAGEMENT AREA AND WILDERNESS ADDITIONS.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3068 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5019. WOVOKA WILDERNESS.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3069 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5020. WITHDRAWAL AREA RELATED TO WOVOKA WILDERNESS.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3071 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5021. ILLABOT CREEK, WASHINGTON, WILD AND SCENIC RIVER.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3072 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5022. MISSISSOQUI AND TROUT WILD AND SCENIC RIVERS, VERMONT.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3072 shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 5023. WHITE CLAY CREEK WILD AND SCENIC RIVER EXPANSION.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3073 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4004. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:
SEC. 30. DEFERRED MAINTENANCE BACKLOG ON FEDERAL LAND.
Section 7(a) of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C. 460l-9a) is amended by adding at the end the following:
"(4) To address the maintenance backlog on Federal land."
Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; for which funds are so appropriated as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 4. CRITERIA FOR OCO FUNDING REQUESTS.

(a) Certification by Director of OMB.

(I) In general.—Any request for the President for funds for overseas contingency operations to be carried out by the Armed Forces (including any request for supplemental funding for a fiscal year for such purpose) shall include, for each program, project, activity, or item for which funds are so requested, a certification by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget whether such program, project, activity, or item meets one or more of the criteria specified in paragraph (3).

(2) Scope of certification.—Each certification under paragraph (1) for a program, project, activity, or item that meets more than one of the criteria specified in paragraph (3) shall specify each of the criteria which such program, project, activity, or item meets.

(b) Criteria. —The criteria specified in this paragraph are as follows:

(A) Major equipment.—That the program, project, activity, or item is for major equipment as follows:

(i) Replacement of losses that have occurred, other than—

(ii) Replacement or repair to original capability (to upgraded capability if currently available) of equipment returning from a theater operations—

(iii) Procurement of specialized, theater-specific equipment.

(B) Ground equipment replacement.—That the program, project, activity, or item is for replacement of ground equipment as follows:

(i) Replacement of combat losses and returning equipment that is not economical to repair, including replacement of equipment to be given to coalition partners.

(ii) Replacement of in-theater stocks above customary处于将军级别，如果联合国家的需要，可以由责任部门和兵员，以符合财政部的指示。

(iii) Replenishment of munitions expended in combat operations in a theater of operations.

(ii) Procurement of training ammunition for training events unique to a theater of operations.

(3) MUNITIONS.—That the program, project, activity, or item is for munitions as follows:

(i) Replenishment of munitions expended in combat operations in a theater of operations.

(ii) Replacement of combat losses by enemy action that occur in a theater of operations.

(iii) Anticipated procurement of munitions where existing stocks are insufficient to sustain combat operations in a theater of operations, if jointly determined by the Director and the Secretary to be consistent with the purposes of certification under paragraph (1).

(G) Research and Development.—That the program, project, activity, or item is for research and development as follows:

(i) Construction of facilities and infrastructure in a theater of operations in direct support of combat operations.

(ii) Construction at non-enduring locations of facilities, and infrastructure for temporary use.

(iii) Construction at enduring locations of facilities and infrastructure for temporary use.

(iv) Construction an enduring locations for surge operations or major changes in operational requirements, if jointly determined by the Director and the Secretary to be consistent with the purposes of certification under paragraph (1).

(H) Operations.—That the item is for operations as follows:

(i) Direct war costs, including the following:

(ii) Transportation of personnel, equipment, and supplies to, from, and within a theater of operations.

(iii) Deployment-specific training and preparation for units and personnel (whether military or civilian) to assume their directed missions as directed by the Secretary.

(iv) Within a theater of operations, incremental costs for purposes as follows:

(i) To support commanders in the conduct of their directed missions (including Emergency Response Programs).

(ii) To build and maintain temporary facilities.

(iii) To provide food, fuel, supplies, contracted services and other support.

(iv) To cover the operational costs of coalition partners supporting military missions of the United States Armed Forces.

(iii) Indirect war costs incurred outside a theater of operations, if jointly determined by the Director and the Secretary to be consistent with the purposes of certification under paragraph (1).

(I) Health care.—That the program, project, activity, or item is for health care as follows:

(i) Provision of short-term care directly related to combat.

(ii) Procurement of infrastructure that is only to be used during the current conflict.

(J) Personnel.—That the item is for pay and allowances for members of the Armed Forces as follows:

(i) Payment of incremental special pays and allowances for members of the Armed Forces and civilians deployed to a combat zone.

(ii) Payment of incremental pay, special pays, and allowances for members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces who are mobilized to support war missions.

(K) Special Operations Command.—That the program, project, activity, or item is for the United States Special Operations Command as follows:

(i) Operations certifiable under another subparagraph of this paragraph.

(ii) Equipment certifiable under another subparagraph of this paragraph.

(L) Prepositioned supplied and equipment.—That the program, project, activity, or item is for procurement of prepositioned supplies and equipment for resetting in-theater stocks of supplies and equipment to pre-deployment levels.

(M) Security forces.—That the program, project, activity, or item is for training, equipping, and sustaining military and police forces of countries in a theater of operations.

(N) Fuel.—That the program, project, activity, or item is for fuel as follows:

(i) Procurement of diesel for logistical support for combat operations.

(ii) Maintenance of Defense Working Capital Funds to cover seven-day disbursements for diesel fuel shortfalls attributable to fuel price increases.

(b) Senate Point of Order.—

(1) In general.—In the Senate, it shall not be in order to consider any appropriations legislation, including any amendment thereto, motion in relation thereto, or conference report thereon, that includes amounts designated for overseas contingency operations unless such amounts are for a program, project, activity, or other item that meets one or more of the criteria specified in subsection (a)(3).

(2) Waiver and appeal.—

(A) Waiver.—In the Senate, paragraph (1) may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and sworn.

(B) Appeal.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under paragraph (1).

(c) Adjustments to discretionary spending limits.—Notwithstanding section 251(b)(2)(A) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)(2)(A)), if applicable, appropriations for discretionary accounts are enacted that the Congress designates for Overseas Contingency Operations/Global War on Terrorism, the adjustment to discretionary spending limits under such section 251(b)(2)(A) for Overseas Contingency Operations/Global War on Terrorism shall be the total of only such appropriations in discretionary accounts that are certified by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget as being for a program, project, activity, or other item that meets one or more criteria specified in subsection (a)(3).

SA 4008. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the
Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title III, insert the following:

SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Audit the Pentagon Act of 2014”.

SEC. 102. CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Section 9 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States requires all agencies and departments of the Federal Government, including the Department of Defense, to provide Congress with a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of the Federal Government, including each of the military departments and the other reporting entities defined by the Office of Management and Budget.

(2) Department of Defense.—The reporting requirements specified in subsection (b) shall cease to be effective when the Department of Defense has been on the “High-Risk” list of the Office of Management and Budget for 3 fiscal years in a row.

(3) The requirement for annual reports in section 892(b) of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004 (Public Law 108–183) shall cease to be effective when the Department of Defense has been on the “High-Risk” list of the Office of Management and Budget for 3 fiscal years in a row.

(4) The requirement for annual reports in section 892(b) of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004 (Public Law 108–183) shall cease to be effective when the Department of Defense has been on the “High-Risk” list of the Office of Management and Budget for 3 fiscal years in a row.

(5) The requirement for annual reports in section 892(b) of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004 (Public Law 108–183) shall cease to be effective when the Department of Defense has been on the “High-Risk” list of the Office of Management and Budget for 3 fiscal years in a row.

(6) In 2005, the Department of Defense created a Financial Improvement and Audit Readiness (PIAR) Plan, overseen by a directorate within the office of the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller), to improve Department business processes with the goal of producing timely, reliable, and accurate financial information that could generate an audit-ready annual financial statement. In December 2005, that directorate, known as the Financial Improvement and Readiness Plan (FIRP), oversaw the first of a series of semiannual reports on the status of the Financial Improvement and Audit Readiness Plan.

(7) The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–381) requires regular status reports on the Financial Improvement and Audit Readiness Plan described in paragraph (6), and codified as a statutory requirement the goal of the Plan in ensuring that Department of Defense financial statements are audit-ready no later than September 30, 2017. In addition, the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 113–239) requires that the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of the Treasury report to the Senate Committee on Armed Services and the Senate Committee on Appropriations in writing that contains financial information as described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of section 2490a(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code or section 4705(b) of title 41, United States Code, to officials described in such sections:.

(2) EXECUTIVE AGENCY DEFINED.—The term “executive agency” shall be defined as the term in section 133 of title 41, United States Code.

SA 4010. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

TITLES — AUDIT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “Audit the Pentagon Act of 2014”.

SEC. 102. CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) Section 9 of Article I of the Constitution of the United States requires all agencies and departments of the Federal Government, including the Department of Defense, to provide Congress with a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of the public money.

(2) Section 3515 of title 31, United States Code, requires the agencies of the Federal Government, including the Department of Defense, to present auditable financial statements beginning not later than March 1, 1997. The Department has not complied with this law.

(3) The Financial Management Improvement Act of 1990 (31 U.S.C. 3512 note) requires systems acquired by the Federal Government, including the Department of Defense, to be able to provide information to leaders to manage and control the costs of Government. The Department has not complied with this law.

(4) The financial management of the Department of Defense has been on the “High-Risk” list of the General Accounting Office, which means that the Department is not consistently able to “control costs; ensure accurate and complete financial statements; ensure timely submission of financial statements; improve fund performance; maintain funds control; [and] prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse”.

(5) The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2002 (Public Law 107–107) requires the Secretary of Defense to report to Congress annually on the reliability of the financial statements of the Department of Defense, to minimize resources spent on producing unreliable financial statements, and to use resources saved to improve financial management policies, procedures, and internal controls.

(6) In 2005, the Department of Defense created a Financial Improvement and Audit Readiness (PIAR) Plan, overseen by a directorate within the office of the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller), to improve Department business processes with the goal of producing timely, reliable, and accurate financial information that could generate an audit-ready annual financial statement. In December 2005, that directorate, known as the Financial Improvement and Readiness Plan (FIRP), oversaw the first of a series of semiannual reports on the status of the Financial Improvement and Audit Readiness Plan.

(7) The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84) requires regular status reports on the Financial Improvement and Audit Readiness Plan described in paragraph (6), and codified as a statutory requirement the goal of the Plan in ensuring that Department of Defense financial statements are audit-ready no later than September 30, 2017. In addition, the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 113–239) requires that the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of the Treasury report to the Senate Committee on Armed Services and the Senate Committee on Appropriations in writing that contains financial information as described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of section 2490a(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, to officials described in such sections:.

(a) PROHIBITION ON PREVENTION OF WHISTLEBLOWER DISCLOSURES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 2490a(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting “may not be discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for, disclosing” and inserting “may not be prohibited in any way from, or discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for, disclosing”.

(2) CIVILIAN CONTRACTS.—Section 4705(b) of title 41, United States Code, is amended by striking “may not be discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for, disclosing” and inserting “may not be prohibited in any way from, or discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for, disclosing”.

(b) CONTRACT CLAIMS REQUIREMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Federal Acquisition Regulation and the Fiscal Supplement to the Federal Acquisition Regulation shall be amended to require that any contract entered into after such date by an executive agency, and any subcontract under such contract, include the following clause: “The contractor shall not enter into any agreement with an employee performing work under this contract that would prohibit that employee from disclosing information as described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of section 2490a(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code or section 4705(b) of title 41, United States Code, to officials described in such sections:.

SEC. 201. ENHANCED WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS FOR CONTRACTOR EMPLOYEES.

(a) PROHIBITION ON PREVENTION OF WHISTLEBLOWER DISCLOSURES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 2490a(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting “may not be discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for, disclosing” and inserting “may not be prohibited in any way from, or discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for, disclosing”.

(b) CONTRACT CLAIMS REQUIREMENT.—Section 4705(b) of title 41, United States Code, is amended by striking “may not be discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for, disclosing” and inserting “may not be prohibited in any way from, or discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for, disclosing”.

SEC. 301. CESSION OF APPLICABILITY OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS REGARDING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) CESSION OF APPLICABILITY.—

(1) MILITARY DEPARTMENTS.—The financial statements of a military department shall cease to be covered by the reporting requirements specified in subsection (b) upon the issuance of an unqualified audit opinion on such financial statements.

(2) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.—The reporting requirements specified in subsection (b) shall cease to be effective when an unqualified audit opinion on such financial statements is issued by the Department of Defense.

(b) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—The reporting requirements specified in this subsection are the following:


the amount for a budget activity for
the program base amount for a research pro-
gram, $60,000,000.

(2) M I L I T A R Y D E P A R T M E N T S, D E F E N S E
A G E N C I E S, A N D D E F E N S E F I E L D A C T I V I T I E S.

(b) D U T I E S A N D P O W E R S.—T h e d u t i e s a n d
powers of the individual serving as Under
Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) shall in-
clude, in addition to the duties and powers
specified in section 8016 of title 10, United
States Code, such duties and powers with re-
spect to the financial management of the
Department of Defense as the Deputy Secretary
of the Army (acting in the capacity of Chief
Management Officer of the Department of Defense)
or a successor official in the De-
partment of Defense (acting in such capac-
ity).

(b) POWERS AND DUTIES.—The Chief Man-
agement Officer of the Department of De-
fense shall include, in addition to the re-
 sponsibilities specified in section 8016(b)(4)
of title 10, United States Code, such respon-
sibilities as the Deputy Secretary of Defense
(acting in the capacity of Chief Management
Officer of the Department of Defense) or a
successor official in the Department of De-
fense (acting in such capacity) may pre-
scribe.

SECTION 26. FAILURE TO OBTAIN AUDITS WITH
UNQUALIFIED OPINION OF FISCAL YEAR 2018 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

If the Department of Defense fails to ob-
tain an audit with an unqualified opinion on
its general fund statement of budgetary re-
sources for fiscal year 2018 by December 31,
2018:

(1) REORGANIZATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES
OF CHIEF MANAGEMENT OFFICER.—Effective as
of January 1, 2019, the authority in section
7(a)(5) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15
U.S.C. 7201(a)(7)) shall cease to be available to
the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2018
and any fiscal year thereafter.

(2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Chief Man-
agement Officer shall perform such duties and
exercise such powers as the Secretary of Defense may prescribe.

(3) POWER AND DUTY.—The Chief Man-
agement Officer shall perform such duties and
exercice such powers as the Secretary of De-
fense may prescribe.

SECTION 27. THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO OBTAIN AUDITS WITH
UNQUALIFIED OPINION OF FISCAL YEAR 2018 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

SEC. 60. FAILURE TO OBTAIN AUDITS WITH
UNQUALIFIED OPINION OF FISCAL
YEAR 2015 GENERAL FUND STATE-
MENT OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES
OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

NEEDED DEFENSE FUNDING FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018;

3) FAILURE TO OBTAIN AUDITS WITH
UNQUALIFIED OPINION OF FISCAL
YEAR 2018 GENERAL FUND STATE-
MENT OF BUDGETARY RESOURCES
OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(2) REORGANIZATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES
OF CHIEF MANAGEMENT OFFICER.—Effective as
of January 1, 2019, the authority in section
7(a)(5) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15
U.S.C. 7201(a)(7)) shall cease to be available to
the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2018
and any fiscal year thereafter.

(2) ADDITIONAL QUALIFICATIONS AND RES-
ONSIBILITIES OF CHIEF MANAGEMENT
OFFICER.—Effective as of
January 1, 2019, the authority in section
7(a)(5) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15
U.S.C. 7201(a)(7)) shall cease to be available to
the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2018
and any fiscal year thereafter.

(a) IN GENERAL.—If the Department of
Defense fails to obtain an audit with an un-
qualified opinion on its general fund state-
ment of budgetary resources for fiscal year
2015 by December 31, 2015, the following shall
take effect:

(1) ADDITIONAL QUALIFICATIONS AND DUTIES
OF USD (COMPTROLLER).—

(A) QUALIFICATIONS.—Any individual nomi-
nated for appointment to the position of
Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)
under section 135 of title 10, United States
Code, shall be an individual who has served—
(i) as the chief financial officer or genera-
lent position of a Federal or State agency
that has received an audit with an unquali-
fied opinion on such agency’s financial state-
ments during the time of such individual’s service;
or
(ii) as the chief financial officer or equiva-
 lent position of a public company that has
received an audit with an unqualified opin-
ion on such company’s financial statements
during the time of such individual’s service.

(B) DUTIES AND POWERS.—The duties and
powers of the individual serving as Under
Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) shall in-
clude, in addition to the duties and powers
specified in section 8016 of title 10, United
States Code, such duties and powers with re-
spect to the financial management of the
Department of Defense as the Deputy Secretary
of the Army (acting in the capacity of Chief
Management Officer of the Department of Defense)
or a successor official in the De-
partment of Defense (acting in such capac-
ity).

(B) ADDITIONAL QUALIFICATIONS AND DUTIES
OF USD (COMPTROLLER).—

(A) QUALIFICATIONS.—Any individual nomi-
nated for appointment to the position of
Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)
under section 135 of title 10, United States
Code, shall be an individual who has served—
(i) as the chief financial officer or genera-
lent position of a Federal or State agency
that has received an audit with an unquali-
fied opinion on such agency’s financial state-
ments during the time of such individual’s service;
or
(ii) as the chief financial officer or equiva-
 lent position of a public company that has
received an audit with an unqualified opin-
ion on such company’s financial statements
during the time of such individual’s service.

(B) DUTIES AND POWERS.—The duties and
powers of the individual serving as Under
Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) shall in-
clude, in addition to the duties and powers
specified in section 8016 of title 10, United
States Code, such duties and powers with re-
spect to the financial management of the
Department of Defense as the Deputy Secretary
of the Army (acting in the capacity of Chief
Management Officer of the Department of Defense)
or a successor official in the Department of De-
fense (acting in such capacity).

(3) ADDITIONAL QUALIFICATIONS AND RES-
ONSIBILITIES OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY
OF THE NAVY FOR FINANCIAL MANAGE-
MENT.—

(A) QUALIFICATIONS.—Any individual nomi-
nated for appointment to the position as
Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Financial
Management under section 3016 of title 10,
United States Code, shall be an individual who
has served—
(i) as the chief financial officer or equiva-
 lent position of a Federal or State agency
that has received an audit with an unquali-
fied opinion on such agency’s financial state-
ments during the time of such individual’s service;
or
(ii) as the chief financial officer or equiva-
 lent position of a public company that has
received an audit with an unqualified opin-
ion on such company’s financial statements
during the time of such individual’s service.

(B) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The responsibilities
of the individual serving as Assistant Sec-
tary of the Air Force for Financial Man-
agement shall include, in addition to the respon-
sibilities specified in section 3016(b)(4) of
title 10, United States Code, such respon-
sibilities as the Deputy Secretary of Defense
(acting in the capacity of Chief Management
Officer of the Department of Defense) or a
successor official in the Department of De-
fense (acting in such capacity) may pre-
scribe.

(2) ADDITIONAL QUALIFICATIONS AND RES-
ONSIBILITIES OF ASA FOR FINANCIAL
MANAGEMENT.—

(A) QUALIFICATIONS.—Any individual nomi-
nated for appointment to the position of As-
sistant Secretary for Financial Mgmt.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

(A) QUALIFICATIONS.—Any individual nomi-
nated for appointment to the position of As-
sistant Secretary of the Army for Financial
Management shall include, in addition to the respon-
sibilities specified in section 3016(b)(4) of
title 10, United States Code, such respon-
sibilities as the Deputy Secretary of Defense
(acting in the capacity of Chief Management
Officer of the Department of Defense) or a
successor official in the Department of De-
fense (acting in such capacity) may pre-
scribe.
“(D) Strategic planning, annual performance planning, and identification and tracking of performance measures.

(E) Internal audits and management analyses of the programs and activities of the Department, including the Defense Contract Audit Agency.

(F) Such other areas or matters as the Secretary may designate.

“(3) The head of the Defense Contract Audit Agency shall be under the supervision of, and shall report directly to, the Chief Management Officer of the Department of Defense.

“(d) PRECEDENCE.—The Chief Management Officer takes precedence in the Department of Defense over each Secretaries of Defense, and the Under Secretary of Defense, and the Deputy Secretary of Defense.”

(B) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(i) Section 131(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by:

(I) by striking paragraph (3);

(II) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and

(III) by inserting after paragraph (1) of the following new paragraph (2):

“(2) The Chief Management Officer of the Department of Defense.

(ii) Section 132(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by:

(I) by striking subsection (c); and

(II) by redesigning subsections (d) and (e) as subsections (c) and (d), respectively.

(iii) by striking paragraph (3); and

(iv) such title is further amended by inserting “the Secretaries of the military departments,” and all that follows and inserting “the Chief Management Officer of the Department of Defense, the Secretary of Defense, and the Under Secretary of Defense.”

(iii) Section 138(d) of such title is amended by striking “‘the Secretaries of the military departments,’” and all that follows through the period and inserting “‘the Chief Management Officer of the Department of Defense, the Secretary of Defense, the Under Secretary of Defense, and the Director of Defense Research and Engineering.”

(C) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 4 of such title is amended by striking the item relating to section 132a and inserting the following new item:

“132a. Chief Management Officer.”

(D) EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE.—Section 5313 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“Chief Management Officer of the Department of Defense.”

(E) REFERENCE IN LAW.—Any reference in any provision of law to the Chief Management Officer of the Department of Defense shall be deemed to refer to the Chief Management Officer of the Department of Defense under section 132a of title 10, United States Code, as amended by this paragraph.

(F) JURISDICTION OF DFAS.—Effective as of April 1, 2013:

(A) TRANSFER TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.—The acquisition guidance of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service (DFAS) is transferred from the Department of Defense to the Department of the Treasury.

(B) ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall administer the Defense Finance and Accounting Service following transfer under this paragraph through the Financial Management Service of the Department of the Treasury.

(C) MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall jointly enter into a memorandum of understanding regarding the transfer of jurisdiction of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service to the Department of the Treasury and for the assumption of responsibility for such personnel and resources by the Department of the Treasury.

(D) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as terminating, altering, or revising any responsibilities or authorities of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service or other agencies and authorities in connection with the exercise of jurisdiction of the Service following transfer under this paragraph.

SEC. 57. FAILURE OF THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT TO OBTAIN AUDITS WITH UNQUALIFIED OPINIONS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FISCAL YEARS AFTER FISCAL YEAR 2018.

(a) PERMANENT CESSION OF AUTHORITY ON REPURPOSING OF FUNDS.—If a military department fails to obtain an audit with an unqualified opinion on its financial statements for fiscal year 2018 by December 31, 2018, effective as of January 1, 2019, the authorities in section 132a of title 10 may not be appointed to, or continue serving in, a position within or funded by the Department of Defense.

(b) ANNUAL PROHIBITION ON EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR CERTAIN MDAPS PAST MILESTONE B IN CONNECTION WITH FAILURE.—

(i) The Secretary of Defense, after the Secretary of Defense and the Deputy Secretary of Defense, may not be appointed to, or continue serving in, a position within or funded by the Department of Defense or another department or agency of the Federal Government (whether with the Department of Defense or another department or agency of the Federal Government), including meeting cost and schedule goals.

SEC. 58. PROHIBITION ON EMPLOYMENT BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE OF INDIVIDUALS AND CONTRACTORS WITH SERIOUSLY DELINQUENT TAX DEBTS.

(a) PROHIBITION.—An individual or contractor with a seriously delinquent tax debt may not be appointed to, or continue serving in, a position within or funded by the Department of Defense.

(b) SERIOUSLY DELINQUENT TAX DEBT DEFINED.—In this section, the term “seriously delinquent tax debt” means an outstanding Federal tax debt for which a notice of lien has been filed in public records pursuant to section 6323 of such Code, except that such term does not include—

(1) a debt that is being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement under section 6159 or section 7122 of such Code; and

(2) a debt with respect to which a collection due process hearing under section 6330 of such Code, or relief under subsection (a), (b), or (f) of section 6632 of such Code, is requested or pending.

SEC. 4011. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 101. PROHIBITION ON EMPLOYMENT BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE OF INDIVIDUALS AND CONTRACTORS WITH SERIOUSLY DELINQUENT TAX DEBTS.

(a) PROHIBITION.—An individual or contractor with a seriously delinquent tax debt may not be appointed to, or continue serving in, a position within or funded by the Department of Defense.

(b) SERIOUSLY DELINQUENT TAX DEBT DEFINED.—In this section, the term “seriously delinquent tax debt” means an outstanding Federal tax debt for which a notice of lien has been filed in public records pursuant to section 6323 of such Code, except that such term does not include—

(1) a debt that is being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement under section 6159 or section 7122 of such Code; and

(2) a debt with respect to which a collection due process hearing under section 6330 of such Code, or relief under subsection (a), (b), or (f) of section 6632 of such Code, is requested or pending.

SEC. 4012. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:
Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the heads of other departments and agencies of the Federal Government—
(1) use available administrative authority to eliminate, consolidate, or streamline Government agencies, programs, and activities with duplicative and overlapping missions as identified in Government Accountability Office reports on duplication and overlap in Government programs;
(2) identify and submit to Congress a report setting the legislative action required to fund, consolidate, streamline Government agencies, programs, and activities with duplicative and overlapping missions as identified in the reports referred to in paragraph (1); and
(3) determine the total cost savings that—
(A) will accrue to each department, agency, and office affected by an action under paragraph (1) as a result of the actions taken under that paragraph; and
(B) could accrue to each department, agency, and office affected by an action under paragraph (2) as a result of the actions proposed to be taken under that paragraph using the legislative authority set forth under that paragraph.

SA 4013. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 3. CONSENT TO AMENDMENT OF DUPLICATIVE AND OVERLAPPING AGENCIES, PROGRAMS, AND ACTIVITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

The Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the heads of other departments and agencies of the Federal Government—
(1) use available administrative authority to eliminate, consolidate, or streamline Government agencies, programs, and activities with duplicative and overlapping missions as identified in Government Accountability Office reports on duplication and overlap in Government programs;
(2) identify and submit to Congress a report setting the legislative action required to fund, consolidate, streamline Government agencies, programs, and activities with duplicative and overlapping missions as identified in the reports referred to in paragraph (1); and
(3) determine the total cost savings that—
(A) will accrue to each department, agency, and office affected by an action under paragraph (1) as a result of the actions taken under that paragraph; and
(B) could accrue to each department, agency, and office affected by an action under paragraph (2) as a result of the actions proposed to be taken under that paragraph using the legislative authority set forth under that paragraph.

SEC. 4. NON-FEDERAL SOURCE FOR CONFERENCES.

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

(a) CONFERENCE LIMITATIONS.—
(1) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT EXPENDED ON A CONFERENCE.—
(A) IN GENERAL.—No agency may expend more than $500,000 to support a single conference, unless the head of the agency and the Chief Financial Officer of the agency submits to Congress before the conference a written certification that the conference is in the national interest, which shall include—
(i) an estimate of the total cost of the conference;
(ii) the dates of the conference;
(iii) an estimate of the number of full-time equivalent employees attending the conference;
(iv) any costs associated with planning for the conference; and
(v) an explanation of how the conference advances the mission of the agency.
(B) LIMITATION ON CONFERENCE POLICIES.—An agency may not establish or implement a policy that discourages or prohibits the selection of a location for travel, an event, a meeting, or a conference because the location is perceived to be a resort or vacation destination.
(c) TERMINATION OF US FAMILY HEALTH PLAN.

Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 3. TERMINATION OF US FAMILY HEALTH PLAN.

(a) TERMINATION.—The US Family Health Plan (USFHP) is hereby terminated.

(b) WIND-UP OF ACTIVITIES.—The Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the heads of other departments and agencies of the Federal Government, and in coordination with the head of the Health and Human Services Department as the Secretary of Health and Human Services, adopt a wind-up plan for the activities of USFHP as soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 4. AMENDMENT OF DUPLICATIVE AND OVERLAPPING AGENCIES, PROGRAMS, AND ACTIVITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the heads of other departments and agencies of the Federal Government—
(1) use available administrative authority to eliminate, consolidate, or streamline Government agencies, programs, and activities with duplicative and overlapping missions as identified in Government Accountability Office reports on duplication and overlap in Government programs;
(2) identify and submit to Congress a report setting the legislative action required to fund, consolidate, streamline Government agencies, programs, and activities with duplicative and overlapping missions as identified in the reports referred to in paragraph (1); and
(3) determine the total cost savings that—
(A) will accrue to each department, agency, and office affected by an action under paragraph (1) as a result of the actions taken under that paragraph; and
(B) could accrue to each department, agency, and office affected by an action under paragraph (2) as a result of the actions proposed to be taken under that paragraph using the legislative authority set forth under that paragraph.

Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 4. LIMITATION ON GOVERNMENT AGENCY EXPENDITURES ON CONFERENCES.

(a) CONFERENCE LIMITATIONS.—
(1) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT EXPENDED ON A CONFERENCE.—
(A) IN GENERAL.—No agency may expend more than $500,000 to support a single conference, unless the head of the agency and the Chief Financial Officer of the agency submits to Congress before the conference a written certification that the conference is in the national interest, which shall include—
(i) an estimate of the total cost of the conference;
(ii) the dates of the conference;
(iii) an estimate of the number of full-time equivalent employees attending the conference;
(iv) any costs associated with planning for the conference; and
(v) an explanation of how the conference advances the mission of the agency.
(B) LIMITATION ON CONFERENCE POLICIES.—An agency may not establish or implement a policy that discourages or prohibits the selection of a location for travel, an event, a meeting, or a conference because the location is perceived to be a resort or vacation destination.

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 4. LIMITATION ON GOVERNMENT AGENCY EXPENDITURES ON CONFERENCES.

(a) CONFERENCE LIMITATIONS.—
(1) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT EXPENDED ON A CONFERENCE.—
(A) IN GENERAL.—No agency may expend more than $500,000 to support a single conference, unless the head of the agency and the Chief Financial Officer of the agency submits to Congress before the conference a written certification that the conference is in the national interest, which shall include—
(i) an estimate of the total cost of the conference;
(ii) the dates of the conference;
(iii) an estimate of the number of full-time equivalent employees attending the conference;
(iv) any costs associated with planning for the conference; and
(v) an explanation of how the conference advances the mission of the agency.
(B) LIMITATION ON CONFERENCE POLICIES.—An agency may not establish or implement a policy that discourages or prohibits the selection of a location for travel, an event, a meeting, or a conference because the location is perceived to be a resort or vacation destination.

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. 4. LIMITATION ON GOVERNMENT AGENCY EXPENDITURES ON CONFERENCES.

(a) CONFERENCE LIMITATIONS.—
(1) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT EXPENDED ON A CONFERENCE.—
(A) IN GENERAL.—No agency may expend more than $500,000 to support a single conference, unless the head of the agency and the Chief Financial Officer of the agency submits to Congress before the conference a written certification that the conference is in the national interest, which shall include—
(i) an estimate of the total cost of the conference;
(ii) the dates of the conference;
(iii) an estimate of the number of full-time equivalent employees attending the conference;
(iv) any costs associated with planning for the conference; and
(v) an explanation of how the conference advances the mission of the agency.
(B) LIMITATION ON CONFERENCE POLICIES.—An agency may not establish or implement a policy that discourages or prohibits the selection of a location for travel, an event, a meeting, or a conference because the location is perceived to be a resort or vacation destination.
(as enacted into law by Public Law 106-398; 10 U.S.C. 503 note), for the purposes of branding and anti-terrorism public relations, and for the purpose of countering offensive weapons and reestablishing the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Ukraine, including anti-tank and anti-armor weapons, crew weapons and ammunition, counter-artillery radars to identify and target artillery batteries, fire control, range finder, and optical and guidance and control equipment, tactical troop-operated surveillance drones, and secure command and communications equipment, pursuant to the provisions of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2794). Under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, which was ordered to lie on the table, as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title XII, add the following:

SEC. 1212. INCREASED MILITARY ASSISTANCE FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF UKRAINE.

(a) In General.—The President is authorized to provide defense articles, defense services, and training to the Government of Ukraine for the purpose of countering offensive weapons and reestablishing the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Ukraine, including anti-tank and anti-armor weapons, crew weapons and ammunition, counter-artillery radars to identify and target artillery batteries, fire control, range finder, and optical and guidance and control equipment, tactical troop-operated surveillance drones, and secure command and communications equipment, pursuant to the provisions of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2794). (b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1) shall remain available for obligation and expenditure through the end of fiscal year 2017.

(d) Authority for the Use of Funds.—The funds made available pursuant to subsection (c) may be used to procure such articles, services, and training from the United States Government or other appropriate sources.

SEC. 1283. DECLARATION OF POLICY.

It shall be the policy of the United States—

(1) to deny United States assistance to any entity or international organization that harbors or collaborates with Hamas, a designated terrorist organization; and

(2) to seek a negotiated settlement of this conflict only under the condition that Hamas agrees to recognize Israel, renounces violence, disarms, and accepts Israel-Palestinian agreements.

SEC. 1284. RESTRICTIONS ON AID TO THE PALESTINIAN AUTHORITY.

For purposes of section 628K of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2378b), any power-sharing government, including the current government, formed in connection with the agreement signed on April 23, 2014, between the Palestinian Authority and Hamas Organization and Hamas is considered a “Hamas-controlled Palestinian Authority”.

SEC. 1285. REFORM OF UNITED NATIONS HUMAN RIGHTS COUNCIL.

(a) In General.—Until the Secretary of State submits to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes—

(1) a detailed description of the anticipated defense articles, defense services, and training to be provided pursuant to this section;

(2) a timeline for the provision of such defense articles, defense services, and training; and

(3) a list of defense articles, defense services, and training authorized to be provided by subsection (a) that have been requested by the Government of Ukraine but are not being provided and an explanation with respect to why such defense articles, defense services, and training are not being provided.

(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of State $350,000,000 for fiscal year 2015 to carry out activities under this section.

SEC. 1286. UNITED STATES CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE UNITED NATIONS RELIEF AND WORKS AGENCY FOR PALESTINE REFUGEES IN THE NEAR EAST (UNRWA).

(3) to continue to provide security assistance to the Government of Israel to assist its efforts to defend its territory and people from rockets, missiles, and other threats.

SEC. 1284. RESTRICTIONS ON AID TO THE PALESTINIAN AUTHORITY.

For purposes of section 628K of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2378b), any power-sharing government, including the current government, formed in connection with the agreement signed on April 23, 2014, between the Palestinian Authority and Hamas Organization and Hamas is considered a “Hamas-controlled Palestinian Authority”.

SEC. 1285. REFORM OF UNITED NATIONS HUMAN RIGHTS COUNCIL.

(a) In General.—Until the Secretary of State submits to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes—

(1) a detailed description of the anticipated defense articles, defense services, and training to be provided pursuant to this section;

(2) a timeline for the provision of such defense articles, defense services, and training; and

(3) a list of defense articles, defense services, and training authorized to be provided by subsection (a) that have been requested by the Government of Ukraine but are not being provided and an explanation with respect to why such defense articles, defense services, and training are not being provided.

(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of State $350,000,000 for fiscal year 2015 to carry out activities under this section.

SEC. 1286. UNITED STATES CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE UNITED NATIONS RELIEF AND WORKS AGENCY FOR PALESTINE REFUGEES IN THE NEAR EAST (UNRWA).

(3) to continue to provide security assistance to the Government of Israel to assist its efforts to defend its territory and people from rockets, missiles, and other threats.

SEC. 1284. RESTRICTIONS ON AID TO THE PALESTINIAN AUTHORITY.
UNRWA or a successor entity for programs in the West Bank and Gaza, may be provided until the Secretary certifies to the appropriate congressional committees that—
(1) a member of Hamas or any United States-designated terrorist group;
(2) it has propagated, disseminated, or incited anti-Israel, or anti-Semitic rhetoric or propaganda;
(3) UNRWA is subject to comprehensive financial audits by an internationally recognized third party independent auditing firm and has implemented an effective system of vetting and oversight to prevent the use, receipt, or diversion of any UNRWA resources by Hamas or any United States-designated terrorist group, or their members; and
(4) the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

SEC. 1006. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON BENEFITS USING SIMULATORS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The use of technologies such as virtual reality and modeling and simulation tools provides cutting-edge, cost-effective training and technology development for members of the Armed Forces.

(2) Leveraging such technologies is especially relevant to live training given the future of declining defense budgets.

(3) The implementation by the Air Force Agency for Modeling and Simulation of virtual reality tools is a coordinated effort to broaden the use of virtual training methods.

(4) Those centers use a variety of training tools that of the Armed Forces and developers alike a realistic training experience that contributes to improved readiness and system effectiveness.

(5) Organizations like the United States Army Program Executive Office for Simulation, Training, and Instrumentation would benefit from increased utilization of virtual reality and modeling and simulations tools.

(6) Modeling and simulation tools can provide powerful planning and training capabilities to expose a member of the Armed Forces to the combat environment before leaving the member’s home station. For example, the Naval Air Warfare Center Training Systems Division integrates the science of learning with performance-based training focused on improving the performance of members of the Army and Marine Corps and measures the effectiveness of such training. The Naval Air Warfare Center Training Systems Division continually engages members of the Army and Marine Corps to understand challenges, solve problems with new capabilities, and provide essential support.

(7) The use of simulation training has yielded military units that are more capable, and more confident when compared to units that do not have access to modern simulation training devices.

(b) INCREASE IN AMOUNT FOR MILITARY PERSONNEL.—The amount authorized to be appropriated for military personnel is hereby increased by $600,000,000.

SEC. 30. PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES REFORM.

(a) AMENDMENTS TO FIII.

1. DESCRIPTION OF ENTITLEMENT LAND.—Section 6001(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

SA 4021. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 601 and insert the following:

SEC. 601. FISCAL YEAR 2015 INCREASE IN MILITARY BASIC PAY.

(a) WAIVER OF SECTION 1009 ADJUSTMENT.—

The adjustment to become effective during fiscal year 2015 required by section 1009 of title 37, United States Code, in the rates of monthly basic pay authorized members of the uniformed services shall not be made.

(b) INCREASE IN BASIC PAY.—Effective on January 1, 2015, the rates of monthly basic pay for members of the uniformed services are increased by 1.8 percent for enlisted member pay grades, warrant officer pay grades, and commissioned officer pay grades below pay grade O-7.

(c) APPLICATION OF EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE LEVEL II CEILING ON PAYABLE RATES FOR GENERAL AND Flag OFFICERS.—Section 203(a)(2) of title 37, United States Code, shall be applied for rates of basic pay payable for commissioned officers in pay grades O-7 through O-10 during fiscal year 2015 by using the rate of pay for level II of the Executive Schedule in effect during 2014.

(d) INCREASE IN AMOUNT FOR MILITARY PERSONNEL.—The amount authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2015 by section 421 for military personnel is hereby increased by $600,000,000.
A. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. TOLEDO BEND HYDROELECTRIC PROJECT.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3097 shall have no force or effect.

B. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. NATIONAL DESERT STORM AND DESERT SHIELD MEMORIAL.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3097 shall have no force or effect.

C. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. COMMEMORATION OF CENTENNIAL OF WORLD WAR I.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3097 shall have no force or effect.
SEC. 3097. REFINANCING OF PACIFIC COAST GROUNDFISH FISHING CAPACITY REDUCTION LOAN.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3095 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4034. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3096 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4035. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. ILLABOT CREEK, WASHINGTON, WILD AND SCENIC RIVER.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3091 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4036. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. MISSISSOQUI AND TROUT WILD AND SCENIC RIVERS, VERMONT.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3072 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4037. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. WHITE CLAY CREEK WILD AND SCENIC RIVER EXPANSION.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3073 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4038. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. WHITE CLAY CREEK WILD AND SCENIC RIVER EXPANSION.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3073 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4039. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. WOVOKA WILDERNESS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3074 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4040. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. TRANSFER OF ADMINISTRATIVE JURISDICTION, RADGER ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT, BARABOO, WISCONSIN.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3075 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4041. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. TRANSFER OF ADMINISTRATIVE JURISDICTION, RADGER ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT, BARABOO, WISCONSIN.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3075 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4042. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. TRANSFER OF ADMINISTRATIVE JURISDICTION, RADGER ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT, BARABOO, WISCONSIN.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3075 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4043. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. NORTH FORK FEDERAL LANDS WITHDRAWAL AREA.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3063 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4044. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. PINE FOREST RANGE WILDERNESS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3064 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4045. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. ROCKY MOUNTAIN FRONT CONSERVATION MANAGEMENT AREA AND WILDERNESS ADDITIONS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3065 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4046. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. WOVOKA WILDERNESS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3066 shall have no force or effect.
SEC. 5038. NATIONAL PARK SYSTEM DONOR ACKNOWLEDGMENT.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3054 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4051. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

SEC. 5039. COIN TO COMMEMORATE THE 100TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE NATIONAL PARK SERVICE.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3055 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4052. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

SEC. 5040. COMMISSION TO STUDY THE POTENTIAL CREATION OF A NATIONAL HISTORY MUSEUM.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3056 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4053. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

SEC. 5041. COLUMBINE-HONDO WILDERNESS.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3057 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4054. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

SEC. 5042. ALPINE LAKES WILDERNESS ADDITIONS AND PRATT AND MIDDLE FORK SNOQUIALMIE RIVERS PROTECTION.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3058 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4055. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

SA 4056. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

SA 4057. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

SA 4058. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
SA 4059. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3035. SPECIAL RESOURCE STUDIES.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3051 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4060. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3036. NATIONAL HERITAGE AREAS AND CORRIDORS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3052 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4061. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3037. OREGON CAVES NATIONAL MONUMENT AND PRESERVE.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3053 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4062. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3038. INTERNET-BASED ONSHORE OIL AND GAS LEASE SALES.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3052 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4063. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3039. ADDITION OF ASHLAND BREAKWATER LIGHT TO THE APOTLE ISLANDS NATIONAL SEASHORE.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3054 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4064. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3040. WAUKINDOSK RAILROAD NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3055 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4065. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3041. HARRIET TUBMAN UNDERGROUND RAILROAD NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK, MARYLAND.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3056 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4066. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3042. BLACKSTONE RIVER VALLEY NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3057 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4067. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3043. HARRIET TUBMAN NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK, AUBURN, NEW YORK.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3058 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4068. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3044. COLTSVILLE NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3059 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4069. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3045. FIRST STATE NATIONAL HISTORICAL PARK.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3060 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4070. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3046. GETTYSBURG NATIONAL MILITARY PARK.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3061 shall have no force or effect.
Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. LAND CONVEYANCE, WAINRIGHT, ALASKA.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3001 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4077. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. TRANSPORTATION SERVICE.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3001 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4078. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. SOUTHEAST ARIZONA LAND EXCHANGE AND CONSERVATION.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3003 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4079. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. SOUTHWEST ARIZONA LAND EXCHANGE AND CONSERVATION.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3003 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4080. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. SPECIAL RULES FOR INYO NATIONAL FOREST, CALIFORNIA, LAND EXCHANGE.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3005 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4081. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. LAND EXCHANGE, TRINITY PUBLIC UTILITIES DISTRICT, TRINITY COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, THE BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT, AND THE FOREST SERVICE.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3006 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4082. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. IDAHO COUNTY, IDAHO, SHOOTING RANGE LAND CONVEYANCE.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3007 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4083. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. SCHOOL DISTRICT 318, MINNESOTA, LAND EXCHANGE.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3008 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4084. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees...
under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. NORTHERN NEVADA LAND CONVEYANCES.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3009 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4085. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. SAN JUAN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FEDERAL LAND CONVEYANCE.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3010 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4086. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. LAND CONVEYANCE, UINTA-WASATCH-CACHE NATIONAL FOREST, UTAH.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3011 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4087. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. CONVEYANCE OF CERTAIN LAND TO THE CITY OF FRUIT HEIGHTS, UTAH.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3012 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4088. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. LAND CONVEYANCE, HANFORD SITE, WASHINGTON.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3013 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4089. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT PERMIT PROCESSING.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3021 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4090. Mr. COBURN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

SEC. 3097. RANCH A WYOMING CONSOLIDATION AND MANAGEMENT IMPROVEMENT.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, section 3014 shall have no force or effect.

SA 4091. Mr. SCHUM (for himself, Mr. MURPHY, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. BOOKER, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, and Mr. BEGICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 3979, to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to ensure that emergency services volunteers are not taken into account as employees under the shared responsibility requirements contained in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 1209.

SEC. 3097. AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET.

At the end of subtitle J of title XXX of division B, add the following:

COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION.

Mrs. BOXER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on December 10, 2014, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing entitled ‘‘Cybersecurity: Enhancing Coordination To Protect the Financial Sector.’’

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS.

Mrs. BOXER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Foreign Relations be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on December 10, 2014, at 10 a.m., to hold a Subcommittee on African Affairs hearing entitled, ‘‘The Ebola Epidemic: The Keys to Success for the International Response.’’

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON RURAL ELECTRIC ISSUES.

Mrs. BOXER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Rural Electric Issues be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on December 10, 2014, at 10 a.m., in room SD–203 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building, to conduct a hearing entitled ‘‘Passenger Rail: Investing in Our Nation’s Future.’’

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY.

Mrs. BOXER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on December 10, 2014, at 10:30 a.m., to hold a Subcommittee on African Affairs hearing entitled, ‘‘The President’s Executive Action On Immigration And The Need To Pass Comprehensive Reform.’’

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN AFFAIRS.

Mrs. BOXER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on December 10, 2014, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing entitled ‘‘Keeping Families Together: The President’s Executive Action On Immigration And The Need To Pass Comprehensive Reform.’’

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.