

FATTAH, Ms. LEE, Mr. ISRAEL, Ms. FRANKEL of Florida, Mr. HONDA, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mr. HIGGINS, Mr. YOHO, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. CONNOLLY, Ms. MATSUI, Mr. JONES, Ms.

ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. McDERMOTT, Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN, Mr. LANGEVIN, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. HASTINGS, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Mr. RANGEL, Ms. MICHELLE LUJAN GRISHAM of New Mexico, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. LOBIONDO, Mr. ASHFORD, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Mr. BYRNE, Mr. RYAN of Ohio, Ms. KUSTER, Mr. SEN-SENRENNER, Mr. WESTERMAN, Mr. YARMUTH, Ms. JUDY CHU of California, Mr. SIREN, Mr. VALADAO, Mr. BRENDAN F. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Ms. KAPTUR, Ms. BROWNLEY of California, Mr. MCCLINTOCK, Mr. SERRANO, Mrs. BUSTOS, Mr. GIBBS, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. COHEN, Mr. KING of New York, and Mrs. LOWEY):

H.R. 456. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to include the cost of applying to an institution of higher learning as part of the benefits provided under the Post-9/11 Educational Assistance Program; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. PALLONE (for himself and Mr. LOBIONDO):

H.R. 457. A bill to amend title 28 of the United States Code to exclude the State of New Jersey from the prohibition on professional and amateur sports gambling to the extent approved by the legislature of the State; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SESSIONS (for himself and Mr. PASCRELL):

H.R. 458. A bill to amend the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to permit multiemployer plans in critical status to modify plan rules relating to withdrawal liability, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. TIPTON (for himself, Mr. DUNCAN of South Carolina, Mr. MEADOWS, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. ROE of Tennessee, Mr. MCCLINTOCK, Mr. PEARCE, and Mr. PITTENGER):

H.R. 459. A bill to direct the Secretary of the Interior to establish goals for an all-of-the-above energy production plan strategy on a 4-year basis on all onshore Federal lands managed by the Department of the Interior and the Forest Service; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. WALKER (for himself, Mr. MCCAUL, Ms. LORETTA SANCHEZ of California, Mr. MEADOWS, Mr. HUDSON, Mr. KATKO, Mrs. WAGNER, Mrs. WALORSKI, Mr. ADERHOLT, and Mr. PITTENGER):

H.R. 460. A bill to direct the Secretary of Homeland Security to train Department of Homeland Security personnel how to effectively deter, detect, disrupt, and prevent human trafficking during the course of their primary roles and responsibilities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Homeland Security, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. YOUNG of Alaska (for himself, Ms. KUSTER, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Mr. COOK, Mr. HANNA, Mr. NEUGEBAUER, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. WELCH, Mr. LOEBSACK, Mr. BENISHEK, Mr. JONES, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. COLE, Mr. WESTERMAN, Mr. NOLAN, Mr. MARINO, Mr. FARENTHOLD, Mr. NUNNELEE, Mr.

WALZ, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. FINCHER, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. CARTER of Texas, Ms. DELBENE, Mr. PEARCE, Mr. HUDSON, Mr. PETERSON, and Mr. NUGENT):

H.R. 461. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax incentives for the donation of wild game meat; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MCGOVERN (for himself, Mr. LYNCH, Mr. ELLISON, Mr. CAPUANO, Mr. COOPER, Mr. WELCH, Mr. DEFazio, Ms. PINGREE, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. COHEN, Ms. LEE, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Mr. FARR, and Mr. GRIJALVA):

H.J. Res. 23. A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to clarify the authority of Congress and the States to regulate corporations, limited liability companies or other corporate entities established by the laws of any State, the United States, or any foreign state; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. CARNEY:

H.J. Res. 24. A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relating to the authority of Congress and the States to regulate political campaign contributions and expenditures, including independent expenditures; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. POCAN (for himself, Mr. ELLISON, Mr. CUMMINGS, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Ms. NORTON, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. CONYERS, Ms. BROWN of Florida, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. COHEN, Ms. EDWARDS, Mr. MCGOVERN, Ms. JUDY CHU of California, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Mr. HASTINGS, Ms. BASS, Ms. KAPTUR, Ms. MOORE, Mr. SERRANO, and Mr. HONDA):

H.J. Res. 25. A joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States regarding the right to vote; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN (for herself, Mr. HONDA, Mrs. CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Ms. NORTON, Mr. POCAN, Ms. SPEIER, Ms. LORETTA SANCHEZ of California, Mr. LOWENTHAL, Ms. TITUS, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. CICILLINE, Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Ms. LEE, Ms. DELBENE, Mr. SIREN, Mr. ELLISON, Mrs. DAVIS of California, Mr. TAKANO, and Ms. LINDA T. SANCHEZ of California):

H. Con. Res. 8. Concurrent resolution supporting the goals and ideals of No Name-Calling Week in bringing attention to name-calling of all kinds and providing schools with the tools and inspiration to launch an on-going dialogue about ways to eliminate name-calling and bullying in their communities; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

By Ms. FOX:

H. Res. 39. A resolution electing Members to certain standing committees of the House of Representatives; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. BECERRA:

H. Res. 40. A resolution electing Members to certain standing committees of the House of Representatives; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. CHAFFETZ:

H. Res. 41. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the Federal Government should not bail out State and local government employee pension plans or other plans that provide post-employment benefits to State and local government retirees; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. CROWLEY (for himself, Ms. MENG, Mr. NADLER, Mr. TONKO, Mrs.

CAROLYN B. MALONEY of New York, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. ISRAEL, Mr. ENGEL, Mrs. LOWEY, Mr. SEAN PATRICK MALONEY of New York, Mr. ZELDIN, Mr. JEFFRIES, Mr. RANGEL, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Miss RICE of New York, and Ms. CLARKE of New York):

H. Res. 43. A resolution expressing the sense of the sense of the House recognizing and honoring the Fire Department of New York; to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform.

## PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 3 of rule XII,

Mr. KING of New York introduced a bill (H.R. 462) for the relief of Alemsehged Mussie Tesfamical; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

## CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to clause 7 of rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted regarding the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution.

By Mr. SMITH of New Jersey:

H.R. 7.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Congress's Power under the Spending Clause in Article I, Section 8, of the Constitution.

By Mr. SARBANES:

H.R. 20.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the U.S. Constitution under the General Welfare Clause.

By Mr. COLLINS of Georgia:

H.R. 423.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 14: To make Rules for the Government and Regulation of our Land and Naval Forces.

By Mr. PRICE of North Carolina:

H.R. 424.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Congressional power to provide for public financing of campaigns arises under the General Welfare Clause, Art. I, Sec. 8, of the Constitution.

In *Buckley v. Valeo*, 424 U.S. 1, 91 (1976), the Supreme Court upheld the congressional power to enact public financing of presidential elections under this Clause. The Supreme Court stated with regard to the provisions in the Federal Election Campaign Act Amendments of 1974 establishing a presidential public financing system, "In this case, Congress was legislating for the 'general welfare'—to reduce the deleterious influence of large contributions on our political process, to facilitate communication by candidates with the electorate, and to free candidates from the rigors of fundraising."

By Mr. PRICE of North Carolina:

H.R. 425.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Art. I, Sec. 8, of the U.S. Constitution.

By Mr. JODY B. HICE of Georgia:

H.R. 426.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 that states that Congress shall have the Power “To make all Laws which shall be necessary for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States or in any Department or Officer thereof.”

Additionally, Section 1 of the XIV Amendment states, “. . . nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law. . .” and under Section 5 of the XIV Amendment, “The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.”

By Mr. YOUNG of Indiana:

H.R. 427.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution, including the power granted Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 18, of the United States Constitution, and the power granted to each House of Congress under Article I, Section 5, Clause 2, of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. POE of Texas:

H.R. 428.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3

By Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia:

H.R. 429.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to:

Clause 1 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution of the United States.

By Mr. VAN HOLLEN:

H.R. 430.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Constitutional authority for this bill is Section 4 of Article I, which gives Congress the power to make laws governing the time, place, and manner of Federal elections.

By Ms. SEWELL of Alabama:

H.R. 431.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I Section 8

By Mr. LUETKEMEYER:

H.R. 432.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the explicit power of Congress to regulate commerce in and among the states, as enumerate in Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3, the Commerce Clause, of the United States Constitution.

Additionally, Article 1, Section 7, Clause 2 of the Constitution allows for every bill passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate and signed by the President to be codified into law; and therefore implicitly allows Congress to amend any bill that has been passed by both chambers and signed into law by the President.

By Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania:

H.R. 433.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I, Section 8, Clause 7 of the United States Constitution which gives Congress the power “To establish Post Offices and post Roads.”

By Mr. BURGESS:

H.R. 434.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The attached legislation falls under Congress’ enumerated constitutional authority to regulate interstate commerce pursuant to Article I, Section 8, clause 3.

By Mr. CHAFFETZ:

H.R. 435.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2: relating to the power of Congress to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States.

By Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ:

H.R. 436.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Constitutional authority on which this bill rests is the power of Congress to provide for the general welfare of the United States, as enumerated in Article 1, Section 8, Clause 1 of the United States Constitution, and to regulate commerce as enumerated in Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3.

By Mr. GIBBS:

H.R. 437.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2 of the Constitution provides that “The Congress shall have Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States.”

By Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas:

H.R. 438.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

By Mr. WEBER of Texas:

H.R. 439.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article 1, Section 1 and Article 1, Section 9.

“All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.”

“No money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in Consequence of Appropriations made by Law; and a regular Statement and Account of the Receipts and Expenditures of all public Money shall be published from time to time.”

By Mr. BOUSTANY:

H.R. 440.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

By Mr. BOUSTANY:

H.R. 441.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1

By Mr. BRADY of Pennsylvania:

H.R. 442.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Clause 8, Section 18.

By Mr. BRIDENSTINE:

H.R. 443.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 gives Congress the power to make all laws necessary and proper to carry into execution the preceding enumerated powers. It is necessary and proper for Congress to eliminate the National Technical Information Service in the Department of Commerce.

By Ms. BROWNLEY of California:

H.R. 444.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

By Mr. BUCSHON:

H.R. 445.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18; Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2.

By Mr. CAPUANO:

H.R. 446.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Sec. 8, Clause 3: “The Congress shall have Power . . . To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.”

By Mr. CAPUANO:

H.R. 447.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I Sec. 8, Clause 3: “The Congress shall have Power . . . To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes.”

By Ms. JUDY CHU of California:

H.R. 448.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Pursuant to Article 1, Section 8, Clause 3 and Section 5 of the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution.

By Mr. DELANEY:

H.R. 449.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

By Mr. ELLISON:

H.R. 450.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The Principal constitutional authority for this legislation is clause 18 in section 7 of section of article 1 of the Constitution of the United States, which states: The Congress shall have the power to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

By Mr. FLEISCHMANN:

H.R. 451.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18, which states the Congress shall have the power “to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof”

By Mr. GIBSON:

H.R. 452.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution of the United States

By Mr. HULTGREN:

H.R. 453.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Sec. 8—to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers and all other powers vested by this Constitution.

Article I, Sec. 9—no money shall be drawn from the Treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law.

By Mr. JONES:

H.R. 454.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority of Congress to enact this legislation is provided by Article 1, section 8 of the United States Constitution (clauses 12, 13, 14, and 16), which grants Congress the power to raise and support an Army; to provide and maintain a Navy; to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; and to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia.