

Butterfield	Higgins (NY)	Panetta	Brooks (IN)	Hill	Reed	Hoyer	Maloney,	Ryan (OH)
Capuano	Himes	Pascrell	Buchanan	Holding	Reichert	Huffman	Carolyn B.	Sánchez
Carbajal	Hoyer	Payne	Buck	Hollingsworth	Renacci	Jackson Lee	Maloney, Sean	Sarbanes
Cárdenas	Huffman	Pelosi	Bucshon	Hudson	Rice (SC)	Jayapal	Massie	Schakowsky
Carden (IN)	Jackson Lee	Perlmutter	Budd	Huizenga	Roby	Jeffries	Matsui	Schiff
Cartwright	Jayapal	Peters	Burgess	Hultgren	Roe (TN)	Johnson (GA)	McCollum	Schrader
Castor (FL)	Jeffries	Peterson	Byrne	Hunter	Rogers (AL)	Johnson, E. B.	McEachin	Scott (VA)
Castro (TX)	Johnson (GA)	Pingree	Calvert	Hurd	Rogers (KY)	Jones	McGovern	Scott, David
Chu, Judy	Johnson, E. B.	Pocan	Carter (GA)	Issa	Rohrabacher	Kaptur	McNerney	Serrano
Cicilline	Kaptur	Polis	Carter (TX)	Jenkins (KS)	Rokita	Keating	Meeks	Sewell (AL)
Clark (MA)	Keating	Price (NC)	Chabot	Jenkins (WV)	Rooney, Francis	Kelly (IL)	Meng	Shea-Porter
Clarke (NY)	Kelly (IL)	Quigley	Cheney	Johnson (LA)	Rooney, Thomas	Kennedy	Moore	Sherman
Clay	Kennedy	Raskin	Coffman	Johnson (OH)	J.	Khanna	Moulton	Sires
Cleaver	Khanna	Rice (NY)	Cole	Johnson, Sam	Ros-Lehtinen	Kihuen	Nadler	Smith (WA)
Clyburn	Kihuen	Richmond	Collins (GA)	Jordan	Roskam	Kildee	Napolitano	Soto
Cohen	Kildee	Rosen	Collins (NY)	Joyce (OH)	Ross	Kilmer	Neal	Speier
Connolly	Kilmer	Roybal-Allard	Comer	Katko	Rothfus	Kind	Nolan	Suozi
Cooper	Kind	Ruiz	Comstock	Kelly (MS)	Rouzer	Krishnamoorthi	Norcross	Swalwell (CA)
Correa	Krishnamoorthi	Ruppersberger	Conaway	Kelly (PA)	Royce (CA)	Kuster (NH)	O'Rourke	Takano
Costa	Kuster (NH)	Cook	Costello (PA)	King (IA)	Russell	Lamb	Pallone	Thompson (CA)
Courtney	Lamb	Costello (PA)	Cramer	King (NY)	Rutherford	Langevin	Panetta	Titus
Crist	Langevin	Crawford	Sarbanes	Kinzinger	Sanford	Larsen (WA)	Pascrell	Tonko
Cuellar	Larsen (WA)	Culberson	Schakowsky	Knight	Scalise	Larson (CT)	Payne	Torres
Cummings	Larson (CT)	Curbelo (FL)	Schiff	Kustoff (TN)	Schneider	Lawrence	Pelosi	Tsongas
Davis (CA)	Lawrence	Curtis	Schneider	Labrador	Schweikert	Lawson (FL)	Perlmutter	Vargas
Davis, Danny	Lawson (FL)	Davidson	Schrader	LaHood	Scott, Austin	Lee	Peters	Veasey
DeFazio	Lee	Davis, Rodney	Scott (VA)	LaMalfa	Sensenbrenner	Levin	Peterson	Veasey
Delaney	Levin	Denham	Scott, David	Lamborn	Sessions	Lewis (GA)	Pingree	Vela
DeLauro	Lewis (GA)	Latta	Serrano	Lesko	Shimkus	Lieu, Ted	Pocan	Velázquez
DelBene	Lieu, Ted	DesJarlais	Sewell (AL)	Lewis (MN)	Shuster	Lipinski	Polis	Visclosky
Demings	Lipinski	Diaz-Balart	Shea-Porter	LoBiondo	Simpson	Loeb sack	Price (NC)	Walz
DeSaulnier	Loeb sack	Donovan	Sherman	Duffy	Sinema	Lofgren	Quigley	Wasserman
Deutch	Lofgren	Duffy	Sinema	Duncan (SC)	Long	Lowenthal	Raskin	Schultz
Dingell	Lowenthal	Duncan (TN)	Sires	Dunn	Loudermilk	Lowe y	Rice (NY)	Waters, Maxine
Doggett	Lowe y	Emmer	Smith (WA)	Dunham	Love	Doyle, Michael	Rosen	Watson Coleman
F.	Lujan Grisham,	Estes (KS)	Soto	Lucas	Smith (NJ)	F.	Roybal-Allard	Welch
Ellison	M.	Faso	Speier	Luetkemeyer	Smith (TX)	Ellison	Ruiz	Wilson (FL)
Engel	Luján, Ben Ray	Marino	Suozi	MacArthur	Smucker	Engel	Ruppersberger	Yarmuth
Eshoo	Lynch	Marchant	Swalwell (CA)	Stefanik	Stewart	Eshoo		
Espallat	Maloney,	Marino	Takano	Stivers	Stewart	Espallat		
Esty (CT)	Carolyn B.	Marchant	Takano	Taylor	Stewart	Esty (CT)		
Evans	Maloney, Sean	Marshall	Thompson (CA)	Tenney	Stewart	Evans		
Foster	Matsui	Mast	Titus	Thompson (PA)	Stewart	Foster		
Frankel (FL)	McCormack	McCarthy	Tonko	Thornberry	Stewart	Frankel (FL)		
Fudge	McEachin	McCaul	Torres	Tipton	Stewart	Fudge		
Gabbard	McGovern	Fox	Tsongas	Trott	Stewart	Gabbard		
Galleo	McNerney	McHenry	Vargas	Turner	Stewart	Galleo		
Garamendi	Meeks	McKinley	Veasey	Upton	Stewart	Garamendi		
Gomez	Meng	McMorris	Vela	Valadao	Stewart	Gomez		
Gonzalez (TX)	Moore	McSally	Velázquez	Wagner	Stewart	Gonzalez (TX)		
Gottheimer	Moulton	Mitchell	Visclosky	Walberg	Stewart	Gottheimer		
Green, Al	Murphy (FL)	Moorenaar	Walz	Walden	Stewart	Green, Al		
Green, Gene	Nadler	Mooney (WV)	Wasserman	Walker	Stewart	Green, Gene		
Grijalva	Napolitano	Mullin	Schultz	Walorski	Stewart	Grijalva		
Gutiérrez	Neal	Murphy (FL)	Waters, Maxine	Walters, Mimi	Stewart	Gutiérrez		
Hanabusa	Nolan	Newhouse	Watson Coleman	Weber (TX)	Stewart	Hanabusa		
Hastings	O'Halleran	Noem	Welch	Webster (FL)	Stewart	Hastings		
Heck	O'Rourke	Norman	Wilson (FL)	Wenstrup	Stewart	Heck		
	Pallone	Nunes	Yarmuth	Westerman	Stewart			
		Griffith		Williams	Stewart			
		Grothman		Wilson (SC)	Stewart			
		Guthrie		Wittman	Stewart			
		Handel		Womack	Stewart			
		Harper		Woodall	Stewart			
		Harris		Yoder	Stewart			
		Hartzler		Yoho	Stewart			
		Hensarling		Young (AK)	Stewart			
		Herrera Beutler		Young (IA)	Stewart			
		Hice, Jody B.		Zeldin	Stewart			
		Higgins (LA)			Stewart			

## NOT VOTING—8

Black Marchant Rush  
Crowley Messer Thompson (MS)  
DeGette Norcross

## □ 1358

So the previous question was ordered. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the resolution.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

## RECORDED VOTE

Mrs. TORRES. Mr. Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 230, noes 185, not voting 12, as follows:

[Roll No. 299]

## AYES—230

Abraham	Banks (IN)	Bishop (UT)
Aderholt	Barletta	Blackburn
Allen	Barr	Blum
Amodei	Barton	Bost
Arrington	Bergman	Brady (TX)
Babin	Biggs	Brat
Bacon	Bilirakis	Brooks (AL)

Adams	Chu, Judy	Doggett
Aguilar	Cicilline	Doyle, Michael
Amash	Clark (MA)	F.
Barragán	Clarke (NY)	Ellison
Bass	Clay	Engel
Beatty	Cleaver	Eshoo
Bera	Clyburn	Espallat
Beyer	Cohen	Esty (CT)
Bishop (GA)	Connolly	Evans
Blumenauer	Cooper	Foster
Blunt Rochester	Correa	Frankel (FL)
Bonamici	Costa	Fudge
Boyle, Brendan	Courtney	Gabbard
F.	Crist	Galleo
Brady (PA)	Cuellar	Garamendi
Brown (MD)	Cummings	Gomez
Brownley (CA)	Davis (CA)	Gonzalez (TX)
Bustos	Davis, Danny	Green, Al
Butterfield	DeFazio	Green, Gene
Capuano	Delaney	Grijalva
Carbajal	DeLauro	Gutiérrez
Carbajal	DelBene	Hanabusa
Cárdenas	Demings	Hastings
Cartwright	DeSaulnier	Heck
Castor (FL)	Deutch	Higgins (NY)
Castro (TX)	Dingell	Himes

## NOES—185

Doggett	Doyle, Michael	F.
Ellison	Engel	Eshoo
Espallat	Esty (CT)	Evans
Foster	Frankel (FL)	Fudge
Gabbard	Galleo	Garamendi
Gomez	Gonzalez (TX)	Green, Al
Green, Al	Green, Gene	Grijalva
Gutiérrez	Hanabusa	Hastings
Heck	Higgins (NY)	Himes

## NOT VOTING—12

Bishop (MI)	Garrett	Olson
Black	Lynch	Richmond
Crowley	Meadows	Rush
DeGette	Messer	Thompson (MS)

## □ 1409

So the resolution was agreed to. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. WEBER of Texas) laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,  
Washington, DC, June 27, 2018.

Hon. PAUL D. RYAN,  
*The Speaker, House of Representatives,*  
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, the Clerk received the following message from the Secretary of the Senate on June 27, 2018, at 11:38 a.m.:

That the Senate passed S. 2385.

That the Senate passed with an amendment H.R. 5895.

With best wishes, I am,

Sincerely,

KAREN L. HAAS.

## ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will postpone further proceedings today on motions to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the ayes and nays are ordered, or votes objected to under clause 6 of rule XX.

The House will resume proceedings on postponed questions at a later time.

**AMERICAN LEADERSHIP IN SPACE TECHNOLOGY AND ADVANCED ROCKETRY ACT**

Mr. BROOKS of Alabama. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 5345) to designate the Marshall Space Flight Center of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to provide leadership for the U.S. rocket propulsion industrial base, and for other purposes, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 5345

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

This Act may be cited as the “American Leadership in Space Technology and Advanced Rocketry Act” or the “ALSTAR Act”.

**SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

Congress finds the following:

(1) Non-military rocket propulsion is an enabling technology for our Nation’s future prosperous way of life.

(2) Non-military rocket propulsion technologies are critical to national security, intelligence gathering, communications, weather forecasting, navigation, communications, entertainment, land use, Earth observation, and scientific exploration.

(3) The non-military rocket propulsion industry is a source of high-quality jobs.

(4) Multiple Federal agencies and companies are involved in non-military rocket propulsion research, development, and manufacturing.

(5) Integration, coordination, and cooperation would strengthen the United States non-military rocket propulsion industrial base.

(6) Erosion of the non-military rocket propulsion industrial base would seriously impact national security, space exploration potential, and economic growth.

(7) The Marshall Space Flight Center has decades of experience working with other Government agencies and industry partners to study and coordinate these capabilities.

(8) The Marshall Space Flight Center has made historic and unique contributions—

(A) by bringing stakeholders together to work on non-military rocket propulsion industrial base sustainment;

(B) of technical expertise to key studies and review boards; and

(C) by consistently participating in interagency working groups to address non-military rocket propulsion issues.

**SEC. 3. NON-MILITARY ROCKET PROPULSION LEADERSHIP.**

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Marshall Space Flight Center is the National Aeronautics and Space Administration’s lead center for non-military rocket propulsion and is essential to sustaining and promoting U.S. leadership in non-military rocket propulsion and developing the next generation of non-military rocket propulsion capabilities.

(b) LEADERSHIP IN NON-MILITARY ROCKET PROPULSION.—The Marshall Space Flight Center shall provide national leadership in NASA in non-military rocket propulsion by—

(1) contributing to interagency coordination for the preservation of critical national non-military rocket propulsion capabilities;

(2) collaborating with industry, academia, and professional organizations to most effectively use national capabilities and resources;

(3) monitoring public- and private-sector non-military rocket propulsion activities to develop and promote a strong, healthy non-military rocket propulsion industrial base;

(4) facilitating technical solutions for existing and emerging non-military rocket propulsion challenges;

(5) supporting the development and refinement of non-military rocket propulsion for small satellites;

(6) evaluating and recommending, as appropriate, new non-military rocket propulsion technologies for further development; and

(7) providing information required by national decisionmakers so that policies and other instruments of the Government support the development and strengthening of the Nation’s non-military rocket propulsion capabilities throughout the 21st century.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from Alabama (Mr. BROOKS) and the gentleman from Texas (Mr. VEASEY) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Alabama.

**GENERAL LEAVE**

Mr. BROOKS of Alabama. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and to include extraneous material on H.R. 5345, the bill now under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Alabama?

There was no objection.

Mr. BROOKS of Alabama. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, as the Congressman for the Tennessee Valley of the State of Alabama, I am uniquely situated to appreciate the valuable contribution the Marshall Space Flight Center has made and continues to make to America’s rocket propulsion capabilities.

As a child growing up in Huntsville, Alabama, I well remember the 1960s as nearby Saturn V rocket engine tests shook the ground and rattled the windows. I also remember the great pride in America I felt the moment Neil Armstrong stepped on the Moon after leaving the Earth on one of our Saturn V rockets.

No doubt about it, developing and improving rocket propulsion is essential to America’s leadership in space exploration and national security.

It has been the Marshall Space Flight Center that has provided and continues to provide the cutting-edge expertise America needs in both solid and liquid rocket propulsion.

□ 1415

Over the last several years, Americans have witnessed a resurgence in the rocket propulsion industry. As traditional and emerging actors move forward, it is important that the Federal Government minimize expensive duplication and support healthy cooperation and communication between the private sector and the Federal Government to promote America’s robust rocket propulsion industry.

With President Trump’s establishment of Space Force as an independent

branch of the military, rocket propulsion is recognized as even more important to securing America’s future than ever before because America’s military relies heavily on its space assets—global positioning satellites being but one example—to protect our national security.

As Congress guides America’s national space policy, we must promote the robust rocket propulsion industrial base that is essential to our space presence.

My bill, H.R. 5345, the American Leadership in Space Technology and Advanced Rocketry Act of 2018, commonly known as the ALSTAR Act, helps ensure the long-term stability of the rocket propulsion industry through better coordination and collaboration between all relevant stakeholders, public and private.

Specifically, the ALSTAR Act formally designates Marshall Space Flight Center as NASA’s current and future lead center for rocket propulsion.

In addition, the ALSTAR Act directs Marshall to explore, develop, and mature new rocket propulsion technology in cooperation with partners across and outside of government. This new emphasis, while building on a strong foundation, helps to ensure that America remains at the forefront of space exploration.

Mr. Speaker, in the 1940s and 1950s, voyages to the Moon were thought impossible, but America rose to the challenge and overcame the impossible. Today, America must, once again, challenge itself to reach far beyond its limits.

Through our increased attention, focus, and support of utilization of space and the exploration of deep space, we too can overcome the impossible and help inspire the next generation of Americans to look to the stars and go where no one has gone before.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. VEASEY. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I support a robust and innovative space industry. I also believe that it is very important that we leverage the investment taxpayers have allowed the Nation to make in its facilities and workforce.

The bill before us today that is known as H.R. 5345, also known as the American Leadership in Space Technology and Advanced Rocketry Act, recognizes the rocket propulsion work of the Marshall Space Flight Center and that center’s role in helping to develop the next generation of rocket propulsion capabilities. The Marshall Space Flight Center has a long and storied history in rocket development dating back to the huge Saturn V rockets that powered our astronauts to the Moon. That tradition continues to this day.

Mr. Speaker, I support moving this bill out of the House floor, and I reserve the balance of my time.